

HAVE YOU MADE YOUR DONATION TO THE WAR CHEST? [SEE PAGE 3]

WESTERN WORKER

WESTERN ORGAN OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY U.S.A.
[SECTION OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL]

Vol. 1, No. 27.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF., DECEMBER 5, 1932

Price Five Cents

JOBLESS TO MARCH ON SACRAMENTO

MASS PROTESTS FORCE GRAND JURY INQUIRY ON LONG BEACH KLAN BECOME POLICE PROBE

Demand Re-Arrest of 12 Klansmen Released by Long Beach Police

LONG BEACH, Calif., Nov. 27.—Five workers, Comrades Victor, Crockett, Morris, Limbaugh and Citron, one of the Klan victims, were arrested here yesterday distributing leaflets calling a mass meeting protesting the recent Klan raid. They were later released. Thousands of leaflets were confiscated. The City Council denied the Open Forum use of the council chamber for a meeting, featuring Judge Ben Lindsey, denouncing the Klan and police collusion.

Last night 1000 workers at International Labor Defense 6th Annual Concert sent resolutions to the Grand Jury and City Council protesting evasion, Klan raid and police cooperation. At the same meeting, Comrade Ida Rothstein exposed the Socialist Party for withdrawing from United Front Committee for meeting and campaign for Mooney's freedom.

LONG BEACH, Calif., Nov. 26.—Attempting to evade the issue, the City Council has postponed the public hearing of results of the Grand Jury investigation into the recent Klan raid and its known police collusion, and refused to hear Leo Gallagher, International Labor Defense attorney. Earlier today police entered, I. L. D. headquarters and confiscated leaflets announcing a protest meeting.

A delegation of thirty-five students presenting a resolution condemning the Klan raid and police assistance, was refused a hearing by the Council. The public hearing set for today was previously granted as a result of the protest of hundreds of workers immediately following the brutal action of the Klan thugs.

The International Labor Defense, together with the other organizations are calling for protests from all workers organizations throughout the state, to be sent to the Long Beach City Council.

LOS ANGELES, Calif., No. 25.—While the Los Angeles County Grand Jury was today finishing its investigation of the Ku Klux Klan raid in Long Beach November 16, a deluge of protest telegrams forced the inquiry to become a police probe. One capitalist daily states: "The Grand Jury indicated that they would ask for a broadening of the inquiry to ascertain why the Long Beach police released 12 men caught during the raid, four of (Continued on Page 3)

BIG GAIN IN UTAH; BOSS PAPERS LIE ON COMMUNIST VOTE

Partial Returns Already Give 66,693 From 19 States

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Nov. 28. Unofficial figures of the vote in only two thirds of the precincts in the state counted, give Foster 1,200 votes. This is a great increase in comparison with the last election when only 54 votes were given the Communist ticket for the entire state.

CALIFORNIA
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 28.—When the Western Worker goes to press the votes for Foster and Ford in the state are not yet available. They are still being counted in San Francisco and Alameda county (East Bay).

With only 70 precincts counted in Alameda out of a total of over 800, over 200 Communist write-ins have been given.

ASS. PRESS LIES
NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—The associated press dispatch printed in all papers gives the Communist vote for the entire country as 21,000, although in New York City alone there were over 24,000 Communist votes.

VACAVILLE STRIKERS BATTLE POLICE; TWO LEADERS JAILED

Some of Vacaville Pickets at Buck's Ranch



FRANK H. BUCK CONGRESS DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR THIRD DISTRICT, SACRAMENTO, SAN JOAQUIN, SOLANO AND YOLO COUNTIES

Immediate aid to jobless by public works program; permanent employment stabilization; creation of National Advisory Economic Council to help stabilize government business and labor conditions. Restoration of adequate National Defense on Pacific Coast especially by upbuilding of Benicia Arsenal, Mare Island Navy Yard and Mather Field. No meddling in foreign affairs; no foreign debt cancellations; farm relief by tariff adjustments and international reciprocal agreements. Maintenance of Sacramento and San Joaquin River and Stockton Deep Water Channel improvement programs and aggressive campaign to develop commerce therefor. Complete return of government to the people; economy by eliminating non-essential functions; control of speculation; restoration of credit by liberalizing federal reserve and farm loan acts. Repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment; immediate modification of Volstead Act without restoration of saloons.

MOONEY PLEA REFUSED

As we go to press, the report reaches us that a delegation organized by the Civil Liberties Union composed of 15 well known liberals, came before Governor Rolph, requesting that he reopen the hearing on the Mooney-Billings case. His answer is summarized in the following statement:

COMRADE ENGDHAL DEAD

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Nov. 21.—J. Louis Engdhal died at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the Kremlin Hospital, after several days illness of pneumonia.

A. F. L. CONVENTION FOR FAKE RELIEF INSURANCE PLAN

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 23.—Despite its admission that "at least sixty million persons are now living below minimum standards," the A. F. of L. Convention, still in session here, proposes to hinder any action for real relief. Green's handpicked officials and delegates, meeting in the seab Hotel Netherlands, called police to prevent entrance of the delegation from the Rank and File Convention with their resolutions demanding unemployment insurance at the expense of the bosses, the 5 day week and 6 hour day without reduction in pay, freedom for Mooney and the Scottsboro boys, endorsement of the National Hunger March and for recognition of the Soviet Union. The Rank and File Convention of 110 A. F. of L. members had previously held a three-day meeting in the A. F. of L. hall. Their delegation was finally admitted as individuals upon demands of workers from the floor. They threatened to picket the hotel if the delegation were excluded.

COMRADE ENGDHAL DEAD

His untiring devotion to the ranks of the working class was best exemplified in the last few months of intense work for the freedom of the Scottsboro boys. It was the rigors of this campaign that wore him out so that he was not able to withstand the severe attack of pneumonia.

MT. VIEW UNION DOUBLES MEMBERS

MOUNTAIN VIEW, Cal., Nov. 27.—Membership in the Cannery and Agricultural Workers Industrial Union, Mountain View local, has almost doubled in the last month and a half. Weekly meetings alternate on education and business. Union members collected \$38.90 for the delegates that have gone on the National Hunger March to Washington, D. C. Thirteen large boxes of food were also sent.

WESTERN CARAVANS REACH MIDDLE WEST STATES WITH RANKS GREATLY INCREASED

Northwest Contingent Reaches Chicago Increased to Over 300 Delegates, Despite Bitter Cold, Blizzards and Police

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 25.—The Northwest contingent of the Hunger March arrived in Chicago increased to over 300.

The big army of jobless now joined by the Chicago section and reorganized will proceed through Indiana stopping over at the many industrial points such as South Chicago, Gary, Hammond, etc. There delegates are waiting to further increase the long chain of trucks and automobile which will carry over three thousand by the time it reaches Washington.

Among those to join the march were a number of trained nurses equipped with all first aid medical supplies.

BATTLE MINNEAPOLIS POLICE
The delegates coming from the far west districts encountered bitter cold and blizzards all along the way, going through Idaho, Montana, North Dakota, Minnesota and Wisconsin. When Minneapolis was reached the marchers had the first serious skirmish with the police.

A demonstration in which thousands took part was arranged to greet the marchers. The police attempted to break it up and a battle took place in which there were scores injured and 18 reported arrested, among which were two of the marchers. Two of the police were sent to the hospital.

This however did not in any way deter the ardor of the delegates but rather raised the determination to go on. It gave the first experience of what they are to encounter on a far greater scale as they near Washington.

Running Out of Funds; Sending Appeal to Workers Home
DENVER, Colorado, Nov. 23.—Column 3 of the National Hunger March, with delegates from Southern California, Arizona and New Mexico, arrived here tonight after the most difficult stretch of the entire trip, in fine spirit, and right on time for the big mass meeting prepared at Carpenters Hall. More than 500 workers were present to greet them, and cheered speakers from the United Front, including A. F. of L. locals who endorsed the March and denounced Pres. Green and their local misleaders. The Oakland contingent had already arrived, but when the San Francisco comrades, who had met a blizzard at Laramie, got in the meeting was halted with prolonged applause.

After joining at Denver, Columns 2 and 3 will travel on to Washington together. No illness worse than a few colds has broken out among the Comrades. The delegate from New Mexico has lost contact, having been held up with motor trouble.

From here the caravan moves on to Kansas City, where on Nov. 26 they join with the Texas marchers.

CAPITAL POLICE SMASH CHILDREN'S HUNGER PARADE

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 24.—Carrying empty milk bottles several hundred Children Hunger Marchers paraded to the White House today to demand relief of the government. Pres. Hoover was too busy giving thanks for the turkey dinner he had just finished to see them. But he had a heavy cordon of police at hand who broke up the demonstration and arrested four of the leaders—Emil Conason, Gertrude Haessler, Theodore Richardson, a Negro and an aged white-haired comrade, Mrs. Pauline Gilneck, who was to have been one of the spokesmen. Six others of the children were arrested and held overnight.

A crowd of more than two thousand sympathizers who had gathered to support the children's demands, was driven away by the police with clubs, while the parade, was being assembled and the delegation chosen at a meeting a mile away.

Last night four comrades were arrested for "soliciting without a permit" when arranging food and shelter for the marchers.

STRIKE MILITANCY STOPS SCABS FROM GETTING THROUGH

One Thousand at Jail Demand Release of 2 Arrested

Judge Strikebreaker

Women Strikers Are Among the Best Fighters

VACAVILLE, Calif., Nov. 27.—A strike mass meeting with 500 attending elected a committee of four today to present demands to the bosses. The bosses at first refused to recognize the committee representing the Agricultural Workers Industrial Union.

However, in the evening the bosses agreed to discuss with a second committee, but a representative of the Frank Buck Co. was absent. The outcome is not yet known. The meeting was marked by the greatest enthusiasm and determination to fight.

BATTLE POLICE

VACAVILLE, Calif., Nov. 25.—The biggest battle since the strike started took place yesterday when scores of strikebreakers composed of ranchers and business men, together with deputy sheriffs and police of the neighboring towns, among whom was the district attorney, and Judge Dobbins, were brought into town to protect a truckload of scabs and started to beat workers.

COLUMNS 2 AND 3 UNITE AT DENVER; GREETED BY MANY

Proceed to Kansas City Together and Meet Texas Column

MEET BLIZZARDS

Running Out of Funds; Sending Appeal to Workers Home

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PUEBLO

PUEBLO, Colo., Nov. 22.—Nine delegates from this city were en-

SIX COLUMNS WILL REACH SACRAMENTO JAN. 10 FOR RELIEF

Conferences in Many Parts of State Will Mobilize Masses for Support

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., Nov. 26.—Six columns will march to Sacramento from all parts of California to demand relief on January 10 opening day of the State Legislature. This is the announcement of the committee elected at the State Hunger March last year.

The committee announces that conferences will be called throughout the state to formulate demands to be presented at Sacramento. A conference has been called in San Francisco for Sunday, December 11, 10:00 A. M. at 1223 Fillmore Street. Announcements of other conferences will be made in the Western Worker at notified by correspondents throughout the state.

The line of march includes stopovers in over 50 towns. Organizers have already been sent to establish committees in each town to support the marchers with meetings as they come through. Also to elect delegates to join the march.

The line of march, to date for each town follows (*means noon meetings, **means evening meetings and night stopovers):

Southern California, Col. 1
Jan. 2—Brawley and El Centro.
Jan. 3—San Diego.
Jan. 3—Long Beach.
Jan. 4—Los Angeles. (Joined by San Bernardino.)
Jan. 4—San Fernando.
Jan. 5—Bakersfield.
Jan. 5—Tulare.
Jan. 6—Fresno.
Jan. 6—Madera.
Jan. 7—Merced.
Jan. 7—Tuplock.
Jan. 8—Modesto.
Jan. 8—Manteca.
Jan. 9—Stockton.
Jan. 9—Lodi.
Jan. 9—Sacramento.

Southern Coast, Col. 2
Jan. 4—Ventura.
Jan. 4—Santa Barbara.
Jan. 5—San Luis Obispo.
Jan. 5—King City.
Jan. 6—Salinas.
Jan. 6—Gilroy.
Jan. 7—San Jose.
Jan. 7—Hayward.
Jan. 8—Livermore.
Jan. 8—Tracy.
Jan. 9—Stockton.
Jan. 9—Lodi.
Jan. 9—Sacramento.

No. Coast Delegation, Col. 3
Jan. 6—Eureka.
Jan. 6—Willits.
Jan. 7— Ukiah. (Joined by Fort Bragg.)
Jan. 7—Healdsburg.
Jan. 8—Santa Rosa. (Joined by Petaluma.)
Jan. 8—Napa.
Jan. 9—Vacaville.
Jan. 9—Sacramento.

(Continued on Page 3)

Women Active in Militant Picketing at Vacaville

SHERIFF ATTACKS AGED WOMAN AND RECEIVES A GOOD LICKING

Bosses Order Scab Trucks to Crash Way Over Defending Pickets

By A STRIKER

VACAVILLE, Calif., Nov. 23.—Men, women and children on strike through the streets very early every morning to discourage scabs from working for \$1.25. We are striking for \$1.50. The women and the children take the main part in the picketing.

Early Wednesday, November 23, we assembled on the picket line. Sheriff Alley and Stadfield and the land owners, Uhl and the Duck Company were booted as they were having a conference. The women on this line surrounded the conference and asked Uhl when he was going to give us our demands. He answered he would not recognize our Union.

Stadfield Starts Fight

Sheriff Stadfield got a wild impulse, and started shoving women and girls out of the way, saying they were infested by too many ants. Well, we may be ants, but we showed those bright stars that we can sure get up and fight for our rights. He sure got it!

In this mix-up it showed clearly that we are not trying to disturb the peace. But if it comes to blows it is because we are driven to it by the above mentioned who provoke us in many ways.

This happened on the main street in Vacaville. A second group of pickets were stationed three miles north of town. When the "officers," conducting a bunch of scabs, saw them they were surprised. They started their sirens so that the strikers would let them into a fruit

ranch. But the strikers kept their ground.

Women Stop Trucks

The women made the first line and "stopped" officers and scabs. Sheriff Stadfield drew out his revolver and club and made as if to strike one of the aged women. He succeeded only in pushing her as her daughter came to her rescue. At this the crowd could not be forced out of the way.

Acting for the Bosses

The "officers" commanded the truck driver to run right over the crowd. A young girl got her legs tangled under the truck and was nearly run over.

Seven Get Through

Because of the small number of pickets in this group, seven scabs were permitted to get through. There were shouts of "You Scab!" and many other things beside booing.

They wished to arrest six men, but the women were not shaken off and insisted that if one would be arrested they would all go to jail together.

Comrades, you all know that our demands are not so great. We only want 25c more because we realize a family can not live on \$1.25.

Saturday we plan a huge Hunger March at 2 o'clock. WE MUST WIN THIS STRIKE. We are receiving letters of encouragement and support from all over the country—even from the A. F. of L.

200 FORCE SANTA CLARA MAYOR TO ACT FOR JOBLESS

Mayor Admits Mrs. Drew Sends Starving Workers on "Wild Goose Chase"

SANTA CLARA, Cal., Nov. 21.—Two hundred hungry workers today forced the Mayor and the City Council to initiate an investigation of the County Board of Supervisors' relief activities. A committee from the City Council and from the Unemployed Council is to make an investigation.

The County Charity head, Mrs. Drew, prevents workers from getting relief by sending families from Santa Clara to San Jose and vice versa, and then seeing that they are refused for going to the wrong place. She also uses abusive language and attempts to bulldoze them out of relief. The Mayor admitted these charges.

After this the Unemployed Council through its block committees laid further plans to follow it up and get relief for all unemployed, and place the distribution of relief in the hands of an Unemployed Council committee elected from the ranks of the workers.

L. A. "NEWS" FINDS STARVING FAMILY!

190,000 Now Suffering in Los Angeles

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 28.—Our famous "Daily News," like the hero who visited the Zoo, saw many insects but failed to see the elephant.

They have discovered in Hollenbeck Heights (working class section of the city) a mother cooking her meager meal of miscellaneous scraps for eight children on an improvised stove in the back yard.

Due to her husband's sickness and longstanding unemployment, the lights and gas were shut off. Because they had title to a little shack, this family was not ready for help from the county charities. This in spite of the fact that the County Hospital, where the father, James Gearhart, lies ill, has a lien on the shack as security for hospital fees and expenses.

The publicity given this case prevented it from being concealed like hundreds of similar cases, and the "Daughters of America" rushed to the rescue—as though they were surprised to have missed this one. Here there are 190,000 suffering severely from unemployment. Hundreds of families live in Hoovervilles on refuse.

It is only through organization and everyday struggle that anything can be accomplished. Join the Unemployed Council at 6912 South Central Avenue. Fight for your rights. Don't starve!

Reward "Friends" with Election Job But Jobless Starve

Barnwell, Fresno County Clerk, in addition to, as he admitted, throwing out the Communist votes, was also responsible for the removal of the writer from the election board of her precinct. The explanation was made in the office of the county clerk that so many applications had been received from unemployed people, that they were forced to remove me from the board. Although on election day, I myself was unemployed when I went to vote, I found, on the election board the following: Judge: The usual woman. A woman whose only child is now married and being supported by her husband. The judge's husband is a railroad worker and has had a steady job for years. The woman works in the packing houses.

Inspector: A woman who owns two houses, of which I know. Who is collecting rent from one of them regularly, and whose husband is a painter and contractor for carpentering. Clerk: A woman whose husband is head cashier of the Standard Oil Company in Fresno. Rents a nice house, has paid for a car and a house full of new furniture. Clerk: One whom I do not know very well, but who made this very significant statement: "I am substituting for my husband, Andy didn't have to ask for the job. He's a friend of Barnwell's."

Anyhow, it's a pleasure to know that all the unemployed were working on the election board in that precinct!

ELENORA DEUBER.

R. F. C. KEEPS NEVADA BANKS STILL CLOSED BUT NO TAX HOLIDAY

Balzar Acted to Protect Bosses, Ruin Farmers, Says Correspondent

FALLON, Nev., Nov. 23.—This State has the smallest population of any State in the U. S., though it is sixth in area. There were 26 banks; 13 are now closed. On November 1st a sign appeared: "Bank Holiday for 12 days," so ordered by Governor Balzar. Since then the "Holiday" has been extended by the Governor 14 more days. Since then the Reconstruction Finance Corporation has raised the ante to 90 days more at least.

However, our (?) governor has not extended his moratorium on taxes.

Herein he shows his class interest and allegiance. The State Tax Commission of which the Governor is a member, told the representative of this county they could not give a tax moratorium. They would have to appeal to the Legislature.

What has really happened is this. Several years ago a bank official with State officials made some bad investments with State funds. They went to jail. Now the bank officials made bad investments with the depositors' money so the U. S. sends a representative of the R. F. C. and nobody goes to jail, the depositors are robbed, and the workers get it where the turkey got it.

C. M.

PHOENIX I. L. D. WINS CASE FOR EVICTED NEGRO

Militant Demand for Jury Trial Forces Case Dismissal

PHOENIX, Ariz., Nov. 23.—The International Labor Defense won a big victory in the local court today. The case was one of landlord intimidation against a Negro worker.

W. D. Northen, the landlord, had padlocked the door of this worker for non-payment of rent. A committee from the Unemployed Council removed the lock and put the family back into their home. The Negro worker was later arrested on the charge of "malicious destruction of property."

Judge McKee at the hearing, told the worker to move before the case came up. The court room was packed. Attorney Lynch of the International Labor Defense demanded a jury trial.

This morning we packed the court room again. The Judge immediately dismissed the case without questioning the defendant.

Lynch had prepared to expose the intimidation against Negroes in Phoenix particularly at the local relief stations.

The Judge asked Lynch where the Negro worker got the money to hire an attorney. Lynch explained that the worker did not have to have money, that there was a militant defense organization, the I. L. D. of white and Negro workers behind this man. Lynch also asked McKee if he had heard of the Scottsboro case. The Judge said yes. Lynch then told him we would take the case up in the same manner if necessary.

30 ARRESTED IN EVICTION FIGHT TO FACE COURT

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 23.—J. Feingold will be the first one tried of the twelve workers arrested several weeks ago when workers fought the eviction of M. Blank and his family. The trial coming up December 1st, 2:00 P. M. in Judge Fritz's court will be a test case for the rest. The cases of the eighteen comrades arrested November 18th at the Associated Charities when another eviction was fought by Fillmore Unemployed Council, is scheduled for November 30th, 10:00 A. M., also in Judge Fritz's court. All workers are called upon to fill the court room to capacity in support of their fellow workers.

The famous election gag of an attempt to dynamite Hoover's train is now admitted a hoax. The real explosion took place election day.

FOREIGN NEWS BRIEFS

Plan Invasion of Abyssinia

LONDON, England, Nov. 18.—British imperialism is seizing the raids by Abyssinian slave traders as a pretext for invading Abyssinia. The Abyssinian raiders are reported to be burning scores of Kenya villages killing many and carrying off many others as slaves. The natives are not allowed to carry firearms by the British and therefore not able to defend themselves. The British Government is contemplating the use of bombing planes against Abyssinian towns as the cheapest and most effective method for carrying out the land grabbing scheme.

1500 Killed in Gran Chaco

SAAVEDRA FRONT, Gran Chaco, Nov. 23.—Fifteen hundred from both sides were estimated killed in the battle around Fort Saavedra. This was the biggest battle waged since the beginning of the undeclared war.

Reinforcements were brought in from both sides and 20,000 are now engaged on the battle front. The Bolivians have called all reserves of the 1923-29 classes, by order of President Salamiñka, who are to report to the nearest garrison within three days.

15 New Furnaces

STALINSK, U. S. S. R., Nov. 23.—The first open hearth furnace started operation and the first steel ingot was presented by the workers to Comrade Stalin, with the pledge that many more thousands will follow.

Fourteen more open hearth furnaces with a total capacity of 1,450,000 tons are nearing completion.

Trotsky Jeered

ESJBERG, Denmark, Nov. 23.—A large crowd of workers greeted Leon Trotsky, renegade Communist, with jeers and catcalls when he arrived here en route to Copenhagen where he is scheduled to lecture.

Coffee Planting Forbidden

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil, Nov. 23.—President Vargas issued a decree forbidding the planting of new coffee trees anywhere in Brazil for a period of three years. The decree also prohibits replanting abandoned farms.

The law was issued on the theory that it will stop the already great overproduction. There are now 18 million sacks of coffee on hand which is far above anticipated exports.

Over a period of several months 10,000,000 sacks of coffee have been destroyed.

Japan Sticks to Policy

TOKYO, Japan, Nov. 20.—The Japanese reply to the Lytton report on the Manchurian question, sticks to the policy of making a colony of Manchuria under the guise of freeing it.

One of the interesting points in the reply is drawing attention to the fact that the United States "freed" Panama in the same manner that Manchuria is being "freed" now.

More Red Army Gains

HANKOW, China, Nov. 19.—The Red Army launched a surprise attack today upon Hwangang, in the Hupeh province, and are reported as victorious, despite the fact that General Chiang Kai Shek has sent a portion of the 10th Army and the 7th air squadron to aid in the defense.

As soon as the other portion of the 10th Army was withdrawn from the Tienmin District to assist in the defense of Hwangang, the Communists immediately launched an attack against Tienmin where the situation is considered very serious.

Japanese Budget Crisis

TOKYO, Japan, Nov. 22.—The Japanese budget for the year 1933-34 will be the biggest in its history, \$1,100,000,000. But so will the deficit which will amount to at least \$450,000,000.

Half of the budget will go directly for military expenses. The deficit is a staggering sum for Japan and the government has no definite solution for it.

World's Biggest Tractor Plant

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Nov. 22.—The Cheliabinsk Tractor Plant, estimated with an annual output of 40,000 sixty horsepower tractors per year will begin operation on January 1st. It will be the largest tractor plant in the world.

Phoenix Council Exposes False Relief Report

PHOENIX, Ariz., Nov. 22.—Today a committee from the Phoenix Unemployed Council and the Workers Ex-Servicemen's League investigated a case which the Social Service Center had reported as not being an emergency one.

They found a Mexican family of five: a sick father who had made repeated unsuccessful efforts to secure the County doctor, a pregnant mother, one child of school age and two younger, all badly undernourished.

The committee warned the County Physician's office and the County Supervisors to give the case immediate attention.

Phoenix Suicide

PHOENIX, Ariz., Nov. 15.—Dependancy over her inability to find employment so she could feed her son, 4, and daughter, 6, caused Mrs. Irma Leonard, 28, 1905 Adams St., to commit suicide by turning on the gas.

BRIEFS...

Fallon, Nev. News

Flour Gravy Diet Fatal
FALLON, Nev., Nov. 28.—A four year old child died here of what the lying officials called drowsy and Brights Disease. The girl had been living on gravy made out of Red Cross flour.

Dairy farmers owning 50 cows or so are losing from \$50 to \$100 a month.

A fur buyer put \$1,900 in a bank on Saturday. On Monday the bank closed. A farmer here recently failed to sell his alfalfa hay for \$3.00 a ton. It costs \$7.50 a ton to produce.

Patmont in L. A.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 28.—"Dr." Louis Patmont, who was driven out of the Northern California regions when the preachers, newspapers and "Reds" made it too hot for him, is reported as opening shop in Los Angeles as a free lance speaker.

This wretch, a "defrocked" preacher, makes a living by shocking church audiences with the "red bugaboo." When business is slack he has a side-line as a dry shrub. His specialty is "knocking" over small business men such as shoemakers, cleaners, etc., who have been forced to bootleg to keep alive.

More Red "Dynamite"

SPOKANE, Wash., Nov. 20.—Last night's issue of the Spokane Chronicle got hysterical and decided to pass on their fear. "Report Red Band Now in Spokane" was the head of an article calculated to terrify the populace with lying innuendoes. According to this anti-working class sheet a "Communist Destructive League" was plotting on the city water works and the Washington Water Power plants. However, the worker here are wise enough to pay little attention to this effort of the bosses to still peddle a lot of old time worn out bofooney.

R. S.

Officials of Port Angeles Frame Men to Balance Budget

TACOMA, Wash., Nov. 28.—Officials of Port Angeles, with the aid of grafting skippers of fishing boats, have a clever way of balancing their budget. The skippers purposely disregard the fish and game laws and the men have to take the rap.

Sixteen men from the boat "Flying Fish" and "Meridian" were arrested near Port Angeles for fishing salmon with a 2-inch net. They were fined \$25 each and given ten days in jail.

State Doubles Forced Labor Camps But No Relief

By GEORGE MORRIS

If one was to read the Report on the California State Labor Camps, by S. Rexford Black, recently made public, by the State publishing office, one would almost think it is an indictment to the workers in the soup lines to spend a fine winter vacation.

But if one reads it carefully, and analyzes it, the conclusion is drawn that the camps are a well worked-out scheme for forced labor for State work, to undermine the already low wage standards, and to combat the unemployed movement.

Last year there were over 3300 men in the 30 camps, who worked 244,531 man-days on forestry and highway work. The report is rendered as an analysis of this "first experiment" so that the recommendation for increasing the capacity of the camps to 7000 could be made. This is actually the decision made by the State government and \$500,000 has been made available for that purpose.

The same program is to remain this year, six hours work for meals, camp shelter, and perhaps work clothes. The camps are supposed to be a means of coping with the great mass of migratory-workers in California who are augmented by many coming in during the winter. Also to be able to enforce the rule that one must be a resident in California for three years and of the County for at least one year to be entitled to relief from the charities.

But point No. 7 in the summary of the report gives the basic reason. They say, "THE NUMBER OF

TRANSIENT JOBLESS ENTERING THE STATE DECREASED RAPIDLY AFTER WORD OF CALIFORNIA'S LABOR CAMPS PROJECT SPREAD EAST."

Let this is not quite clear we will also refer to page 33 which states:

"AT THE TIME THE LABOR CAMPS PROGRAM WAS STARTED THE COMMITTEE WAS INFORMED THAT TRANSIENT INDIGENTS ARE ENTERING THE STATE AT THE RATE OF 1200 PER DAY. The Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce HAD SENT A COMMITTEE TO ASK GOVERNOR ROLPH TO CALL OUT THE NATIONAL GUARD AND STATION IT AT THE STATE'S BORDER TO KEEP OUT THE INDIGENTS."

Then follows a table to show that the trick worked well without the guard.

The idea is simple. Spread the word that California is no escape from the hard winters and starvation in the East. On the contrary forced labor greets one at the border, and furthermore make the conditions in the camps so rotten that workers will endure anything to avoid them and the problem is "solved."

You may think that a special fund is appropriated for this "relief" from the state treasury. Oh, No! It is made from funds in Division of Forestry, Dept. of Natural Resources, Division of Highways and Division of Public Works, which would have been spent for labor paid at regular wages, \$4.00 to \$5.00 per day.

There should be no illusion that

Labor Camps Are Designed As Source of Cheap Labor For State Construction Work, Undermine Standards, and Degrade Further the Condition of the Unemployed

The work performed was merely to keep the men busy. A great deal was really accomplished. The camps were under the supervision of forestry officers who see to it that no time is wasted on the job. The following table gives an idea of the results in the Forestry division alone:

Miles	Fire trails constructed over	112
50 ft. wide	Fire trails less than 50 ft wide	56
50 ft. wide	Old fire trails recleared	43
43	Roadside cleared of inflammable material	256
256	Passable fire truck roads built	37
37	Fire control telephone line built	34
34	Trails built	22
22	Cleared of inflammable material	633
633	Total firebreak, roadside clearing and road construction	504
504	Miles	

This is not all. Much other work was carried through including the planting of 20,000 trees. All of this at the cost of \$110,000.

The big point in the report is to show that it pays to give such relief. It costs only 54.9c per man, per day. Don't imagine that this all goes for maintenance expenses. Not by a long shot. This includes expenses for equipment, the construction of camps, transportation, and salaries. Actually about half went

received a letter from the Negro couple. The following is part of the letter:

Dear Friend:
"Just a few lines to let yourself and wife know how myself and wife are making out. We stayed in Salt Lake 2 weeks. We had a hard time trying to get some place to live and food to eat. Myself and wife managed to live through 2 weeks of hell. In that city the only friends the colored people have is the Communist Party."

"Myself and wife thank yourself and wife for the kindness you done for us on the bus. Dear Comrade, myself and wife are sticking to Communists because it is the only salvation and true brotherhood to the colored people. We often speak of the kindness and true brotherhood and sisterhood you showed us on the trip. If all the white people in this country was like you people it would be a blessed world for the colored to live in."

—Worker Correspondent.

Workers Replace Evicted Family in Puyallup, Wash.

PUYALLUP, Wash., Nov. 18.—Workers of the Unemployed Council of Puyallup report that they have solved another eviction—the "workers' way."

An unemployed mother was found living in a tent with several of her children. There was no floor in the tent and recent heavy rains had so flooded the ground that the interior of the shelter had been soaked, wetting such bedding as the family possessed, and making their floor a mud puddle.

The workers found that she had been evicted from a nearby house. They also learned that she had been working for the local branch of the Salvation Army for three years, but that this organization not wanting her services longer had refused to help her find a house in which to live. She had been compelled to live in this tent, and to sleep with her children in a bed laid on the soaking wet ground.

The workers immediately moved her and the children back into the house from which she had been evicted, and from all reports she is still there.

Helps Hunger March

FERNLY, Nev., Nov. 20.—The Hunger March went through Fernly November 17th. It stopped just as school was letting out, and the children and teachers heard the speeches. They were short on cars and could not take all the breads we had for them, leaving three sacks. One Fernly delegate went with them. We sent about \$25.00 worth of food and about \$8.00 cash

Seeing Red

A recently established "brides school" teaches girls how to send hubby off to work all spick and span. But nothing is said as to how he is to get the job.

Or how to organize to cut down the cost of marriage licenses.

Or that the young bride, when dressing for a morning visit from an eviction officer, should wear a simple gingham dress, with a corsage of an Unemployed Council Card. Surrounded by members of the Council, the tout ensemble is most charmingly effective.

But capitalism offers one security for enduring marriages: Uncle Abie will no longer lend money on wedding rings.

Matsuoka, Japan's delegate to Geneva, calls the Tanaka memorandum a fake. He forgets the document itself includes that very act in its plan, saying "We shall always be able to mislead world public opinion."

A Mission comrade suggests the editor read the Daily Worker occasionally. Then he'd know the reason for scarcity of Salt Lake news is that the correspondent is in jail.

But the stubborn editor claims we've more than one comrade with the price of a postage stamp in Salt Lake City.

Now that last year's ice-embalmed turkeys are coming out again, restaurants gave free Thanksgiving dinners to the "poor unfortunate." Next day the survivors were left to starve again, no longer having any advertising value.

"Much Bogus Money Made in Rockies" says a paper from Denver. Just the thing for the R. F. C. plan for busted banks.

California state employment reports have always been a joke, but we are waiting to see if they will try to make an "increase" of the number now going into the forced labor camps.

"Want Farmers For Idaho Land," an Idaho Falls sheet declares adding "inexperienced city men will be discouraged." And then experienced men, they've all been foreclosed on.

California pays university teachers to find out for us that a certain species of rabbit has 46,400 hairs to the square inch. But it cannot give any accurate figures on the number of unemployed or formulate a plan for relief.

A Pittsburg minister boasts that Bibles are being smuggled into Russia at night. How times have changed! Not so long ago the clergy and police stayed up nights vainly trying to keep Pravda from crossing the border.

Heard from a soapbox last week: "and we told Rolph, we can't eat your promises. We want something specific, something concrete, to eat."

And later: "Roosevelt says he has a great heart, that will listen to our demands." Which is really about the only claim he didn't make for his abilities.

Six Columns Will Reach Sacramento Jan. 10 for Relief

- (Continued from Page 1)
- Northern Inland, Col. 4
- Jan. 7—Redding
- Jan. 7—Red Bluff
- Jan. 8—Chico
- Jan. 8—Richvale
- Jan. 9—Marysville
- Jan. 9—Roseville
- Jan. 9—Sacramento

- Col. 5, East Bay
- Jan. 7—Oakland
- Jan. 7—Berkeley
- Jan. 7—Albany
- Jan. 7—Richmond
- Jan. 8—Martinez
- Jan. 8—Pittsburg
- Jan. 8—Antioch
- Jan. 8—Walnut Grove
- Jan. 9—Colt
- Jan. 9—Sacramento

- Col. 6, San Francisco
- Jan. 7—San Francisco
- Jan. 7—South San Francisco
- Jan. 7—Redwood City
- Jan. 7—Santa Clara
- Jan. 8—San Jose
- Jan. 8—Hayward
- Jan. 8—Livermore
- Jan. 8—Tracy
- Jan. 8—Stockton
- Jan. 9—Lodi
- Jan. 9—Sacramento

BEND UNEMPLOYED ORGANIZE, EXPOSE CHARITIES BOARD

Judge De Armand Quits Meeting When Workers Tell Truth

BEND, Ore., Nov. 22.—The Unemployed Council of Bend called an open meeting of workers and farmers at Sathers Hall on Sunday, November 20. County Judge H. H. DeArmand, the head of the county relief board, was challenged to be present and explain to the starving workers why they were not being given adequate relief. De Armand appeared and spoke for an hour, shedding crocodile tears over the plight of the workers and telling that they should not form their own committees of action but should be "good citizens" and take what the good kind relief board gives them. He also hoped that the Unemployed Council would "cooperate" with the relief board and not cause them any trouble.

However, when worker after worker took the floor and exposed the grafting and discrimination in the relief office as well as bringing out cases where the stores filling the already inadequate grocery orders had overcharged and short-weighted the workers, DeArmond began to get nervous. The workers raised militant demands for the abolition of the highly paid special workers in the relief office and for a commissary to be established to be administered by the unemployed themselves. When Comrade Hogan, organizer of the Unemployed Council, called on the workers and farmers to organize their committees of action and make a struggle for immediate relief and for their own demands, the judge left in a hurry, seeing that he was unable to deceive the workers with his demagoguery.

The city was then divided in zones according to the working class districts and committees of action were elected from the workers living in these zones. Most of these workers had had no previous contact with the Unemployed Council but declared themselves ready for immediate action.

Several farmers from the Arnold Irrigation District reported that the Arnold Company had threatened to cut off their water because they were unable to pay. The meeting voted unanimously to help these farmers, to open headgates if their water was shut off. A committee was also elected to go to the Arnold Co. and demand the free use of the water for those unable to pay.

Comrade Wells, a representative from the Unemployed Council of Portland, spoke on the necessity of the workers organizing a fight against the bosses' hunger offensive.

Protests Force Hearing on Klan

(Continued from Page 1)

whom carried guns, but were ostensibly released because they were reported to be Orange County peace officers. Developing a united front protest, the National Students League, John Reed Club, I. L. D. branches, Communist Youth branches, and various liberal organizations including the American Civil Liberties Union, L. A. Bar Association members, etc., are working for rearrest of the 12 released felons and discharge of Dungan, Wishon, Murphy and Yancey, police officials, guilty of collusion with the mob.

Efforts to obtain the Long Beach Civic Auditorium for mass meeting were denied with the evasion that the matter was not important enough. The magnificent fight of Leo Gallagher, International Labor Defense attorney, to expose the police collusion was carried to the municipal and superior courts Wednesday, November 23, when Deputy District Attorney Braydon refused to sign warrants for the rearrest of the released raiders. Before three courts, Gallagher showed the district attorney's was suppressing evidence in the manner of the police and that their charges against the raiders of "conspiracy to commit felonious assault" was ridiculously inadequate. Hundreds of citizens followed the tireless Gallagher from court to court through the entire day.

Boss court hypocrisy was further exposed by the turn of the Grand Jury toward a probe of the police and District Attorney's office. Braydon, representative of the District Attorney, whose official conduct is "under fire," sat in of the Grand Jury investigation, where his intimidation of witnesses was unquestionable. Preparations for a protest meeting under the auspices of the International Labor Defense are advancing.

JOIN THE WESTERN WORKER ARMY!

BUILD THE WAR CHEST!

WORKERS! FARMERS! THINKING INTELLECTUALS! MIDDLE CLASS PAUPERS!

The capitalist press says the situation is improving. If so, then we'll all die of improvement. Many people are already bumping themselves off. Do you want? Neither do we!

And it is nothing to laugh at. You would know that if you were homeless, foodless, and with a family. Maybe you do know it. Someone's got to do something about it. The bosses, bankers, landlords, and their politicians won't. Except to make it easier for themselves and worse for us. It's up to us to do something ourselves.

How much did you lose in the last 3 1/2 years of the crisis? Here are some items for you to fill in: (1) Earnings; (2) Savings; (3) Ill Health; (4) Food; (5) Small Comforts; (6) Home, Car; (7) Wearing Inadequate Clothing; (8) Other Items. TOTAL

Figured it out? What? Too much to figure? We thought so. Ad to that hardship, unhappiness, humiliation, and worry, and you know what you have contributed to the capitalists' efforts to save the capitalist system. Maybe you gave your contribution unwillingly. But you gave it just the same.

Now how about contributing something to yourself and your class? To help tear the lid off this degrading system. To help organize for bettering conditions. We ask only a small percentage of what you gave capitalism.

The WESTERN WORKER has made a splendid fight in the first year of its existence. But the fight is spreading. The battle is more severe. We need a bigger army. WE WANT YOU TO ENLIST! It doesn't take much. Just contribute a small part of what you gave to capitalism.

We need \$4500.00 to insure the WESTERN WORKER for 1933. Put yourself down for a good donation, get your friends to join you and rush us a check or money order. Don't postpone! Be a charter member in the WESTERN WORKER ARMY!

Honor Roll—First Two Weeks

Mrs. B., Los Angeles	\$ 5.00
San Francisco, Russian Revolution Meet	31.71
Los Angeles, Russian Revolution Meet	20.30
Comrade D'O, San Francisco	5.00
San Diego, Russian Revolution Meet	14.00
Petaluma, Russian Revolution Meet	6.50
Eureka, Russian Revolution Meet	4.00
Watsonville, Russian Revolution Meet	5.50
Stockton, Russian Revolution Meet	1.86
TOTAL	93.87
Amount To Be Raised	\$4406.13

Vacaville Strikers Battle Police

(Continued from Page 1)

The report in the capitalist press that the scabs were Filipino is not true. The battle lasted for an hour and a quarter. The militancy of the men and women strikers overwhelmed the thugs who were compelled to retreat in face of a barrage of stones. The lines were scattered only after reinforcements arrived and the police used all the terror methods possible. There were many injured and a number of the police were sent to the hospital. Scabs used pruning knives against the strikers. During the clash, Constable Stadfield of Vacaville was going to strike a woman with his club, and Donald Bingham, a young strike leader, seeing this, stepped between. He was clubbed into unconsciousness and placed under arrest. Although only a misdemeanor charge, bail was placed at \$5,000. Later in the day John Lopez, another one of the active strikers, was arrested and placed under \$1,000 bail by Judge Dobbins.

MARCH ON JAIL
That same afternoon, the determination of the strikers was shown in a mass meeting which marched thru the town of Vacaville in protest of the arrests and police terror. The mass of workers marched to the City Hall and demanded the release of the workers. The mayor, Uhl, happens to be one of the ranchers whom the strikers are fighting. The march grew to about

Hunger Columns Unite at Denver

(Continued from Page 1)

dorsed and joined the National Hunger March at a mass meeting in the Civic Auditorium here tonight, held by the Unemployed Council.

TRINIDAD
TRINIDAD, Colo., Nov. 22.—A well attended meeting greeted the Hunger Marchers this afternoon. No delegates joined, there being no Unemployed Council here, but a contact was made who pledged himself to organize a Council as quickly as possible.

SANTA FE
SANTA FE, N. Mex., Nov. 19.—After a cold drive from Socorro, the Column arrived late tonight. A committee succeeded in getting free use of auto cabs from the police department.

PHOENIX
PHOENIX, Ariz., Nov. 17.—Repudiating the fascist Bonus Expeditionary Force, eight veterans today joined the Phoenix Workers Ex-Servicemen's League, and procuring a truck left to overtake the California-Arizona marchers who passed through here two days ago.

Denver Strikers Battle Police

(Continued from Page 1)

500 and assembling a caravan of 35 cars all carrying strikers to capacity proceeded to Fairfield, the county seat, and reinforced by hundreds of workers there staged a demonstration in front of the Jail where Bingham and Lopez were confined. This demonstration of about 1,000 was the biggest ever seen in these parts. Speakers from the ranks of the strikers, including Filipinos, addressed the crowds during the demonstrations. "There were no scabs going to work on Saturday. To date only six scabs have been able to get through. The strike committee today issued a statement in answer to the item appearing in the Sacramento Bee, that strikers set fire to one of Frank Buck ranches here. The statement follows: "The tactics and methods of us strikers are those of the Agricultural Workers Industrial Union who neither advocate nor permit sabotage on the part of any striker. Our tactics are that of mass picketing, demonstrations, and open air meetings under Rank and File leadership. All the strike meetings have shown the splendid determination of the strikers, to carry the fight to victory. The International Labor Defense is taking steps to defend the arrested strikers. Lopez is already released.

Telegrams of protest are pouring into the Mayor's office from many parts of the state. This together with considerable amount of relief already given the strikers is keeping the strikers in high spirit.

COLUMN 2
The Denver delegation drove out 25 miles to meet the comrades of Column 2, providing relief drivers and escorting them into the meet-

Western Worker
PUBLISHED WEEKLY
BY THE COMMUNIST PARTY, U. S. A.
Editorial and business offices:
1164 MARKET STREET - SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
Subscription Rates:
52 issues \$2.00
26 issues 1.00
13 issues50

WHERE TO GO

SAN FRANCISCO NOTICE
WORKERS ORGANIZATIONS are asked to keep New Years Eve open. The First Anniversary of the Western Worker will be celebrated on that evening. Preparations are being made to make it the Grandest Affair of the Year.

ADVANCE NOTICE
ALL COMRADES and organizations are requested to keep December 17th open when the International Labor Defense is arranging an Entertainment and Dance for the Benefit of the Winter Relief Fund for Political Prisoners.

ATTENTION! VETS!
FIRST ANNUAL FROLIC—1223 Fillmore, S. F., Dec. 24, 2 P. M. to midnight. Entertainment: Homemade Eats. DANCING. Admission 25c. Unemployed with Council card 5c. Benefit Workers Ex-Servicemen's League.

Entertainment for the Benefit of the WESTERN WORKER SUNDAY, DEC. 4, 1932, 8 P. M. at 1223 Fillmore St., San Francisco. Play by John Reed Club. "Suppressed News." Sport Exhibition. Interpretative Dancer. Vocal Solos. Speakers.

Dancing Refreshments Admission 15c. Unemployed with U. C. Card 5c. Ausp. Fillmore Section Communist Party.

Japanese Students Tour U.S. in Anti-Soviet War Appeal

(Continued from Page 1)
These students spoke in the Reed College in Portland, where they tried to unite the U. S. and Japan economically, and pleaded especially with the youth of America to join with the Japanese youth for a united front against the red menace of the Soviet Union. They tried to prove that the planned economy was a failure and impossible, stating that the capitalist system was still the best ever known. The tour will extend throughout the entire country, covering the principal cities and will end next March. They will speak before Chambers of Commerce, universities, Japanese societies and liberal groups.

This tour is part of a campaign for a common front against the Soviet Union is particularly made clear by the fact that prior to the departure of the students from Japan a similar American students delegation was making a "good will" tour in Japan. Members of the delegation are T. R. Makiyama, Chuo University, Tokyo; Tad Yamada, Medji University, Tottori; and K. Sumomogi, Doshisha University, Kyoto.

From Portland they left for Idaho. While the American bosses are preparing them a cordial welcome everywhere, the workers organizations and the National Students League are preparing to meet them with demonstrations.

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Editorial Column

GET BEHIND THE VACAVILLE STRIKE!

That the strike of the 400 Vacaville agricultural workers against a wage cut is of even greater significance than the number would indicate, is quite obvious, even if we are to judge by the prominence given in the capitalist press.

The bosses do not take it as mere local struggle. The police and deputy sheriffs of all the towns in the vicinity have been mobilized to crush the strike.

The National Guard is likewise held in readiness.

But the struggle is also significant for other reasons. In the first place most of the strikers are of the "home guard" element. This refutes the idea among many that only migratory workers can be counted upon for militant struggle. In fact we have already seen examples of the finest courage and militancy in struggles of agricultural workers in recent years. Of special significance is the fighting spirit displayed by the women strikers.

Despite the efforts of the bosses to pit one race against the other, splendid solidarity has been displayed by the American, Spanish, Filipino and Japanese workers.

Secondly, we have a clear demonstration that here where the workers have a union, the wage cut was stopped at least temporarily. The bosses already offered some concessions which, however, are far from satisfactory, and other ranches in the vicinity which would naturally follow suit with a wage cut, continue paying the old rate.

Thirdly, the strike follows immediately after the election, and is chiefly against Frank H. Buck, Congressman-elect on the Democratic ticket. The millionaire ranch owner illustrated to the workers what could be expected from the Roosevelt administration on a national scale. Before the election he promised the workers \$2.25 per day, but three days after the election, announces a cut from \$1.50 to \$1.25 and an increase of one hour per day in the bargain. Most of the workers on strike probably voted for Frank H. Buck, the Democrat, but in experience they are now finding that it's the Communist Party and the Agricultural Workers Industrial Union that lead them in the fight for an existence wage.

The strike also gives a splendid example how the struggle for relief lays the basis for a union. It was only since August that the workers heard of the Agricultural Workers Industrial Union, when four of the organizers leading hungry families to Winters for relief were arrested. Two of the same organizers have now been arrested as strike leaders.

The fight of the Vacaville strikers is the fight of all workers. They are now on the firing line, making a stand against the wage cuts which are reducing the standards of the workers virtually to boxes of groceries and carfare.

Workers get behind the strikers!

Demand the release of the strike leaders!

A. F. of L. locals! Workers Organizations! Send in your protest to Mayor Uhl of Vacaville, demand the right for the workers to picket!

Send funds, and food for the strikers!

GREEN'S FAKE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

The American Federation of Labor convention at Cincinnati after refusing admission to the rank and file delegates who demand Unemployment Insurance is proceeding to adopt a fake unemployment insurance scheme.

The last Executive Committee session of the A. F. of L. for the first time went on record for Unemployment Insurance.

We Communists, however, immediately pointed out that this was not a serious proposal, that it was only an effort to stem the movement for Unemployment Insurance among the A. F. of L. membership and to divert them from supporting the Unemployment Insurance bill, proposed by the Unemployed Council and the Communist Party.

We are told that the federal courts ruled that Federal Unemployment Insurance would be unconstitutional, therefore the policy must be carried out on a state scale. The model plan offered is the one proposed in Ohio. The employers are to pay 3% of the total weekly pay roll for a fund out of which the Unemployed would receive benefits for a maximum of sixteen weeks per year of an amount equal to one half of the weekly wages, but not to exceed \$15 per week.

In the first place the amount provided in total is hardly more than that obtained through charity channels in many cities now. Half the normal wages, in most cases will amount to between \$5.00 and \$8.00. And don't forget Green makes no provisions for rent, gas or light, and what you get is for only 16 weeks out of a year.

Now, Fellow Worker, you may be living in a section of the country, where the Unemployed Council it not in existence, or is inactive, or weak, and therefore your lot may be little more than Red Cross flour? You may consider this something anyway?

Don't get so jubilant. It must become a law first, and you have a long wait coming! It took about 25 years to enact in a few states compensation and old age pension laws, that allow a miserable pittance.

All the A. F. of L. leadership will do in practice is to increase its network of lobbyists around the State Legislatures. Holding forth something in the distant future, Green and the A. F. of L. in the meantime keep the workers from fighting. Furthermore, granted that the laws pass, if it is considered that many factories have no pay rolls, now, and most of the rest work part time, with greatly reduced wages, it will take years before enough of a fund accumulates from which payments could begin.

The line of the Unemployed Council was proven the only correct one. It is the line for mass struggle to force Unemployment Insurance, side by side with the fight for every advantage that will better the lot of the unemployed.

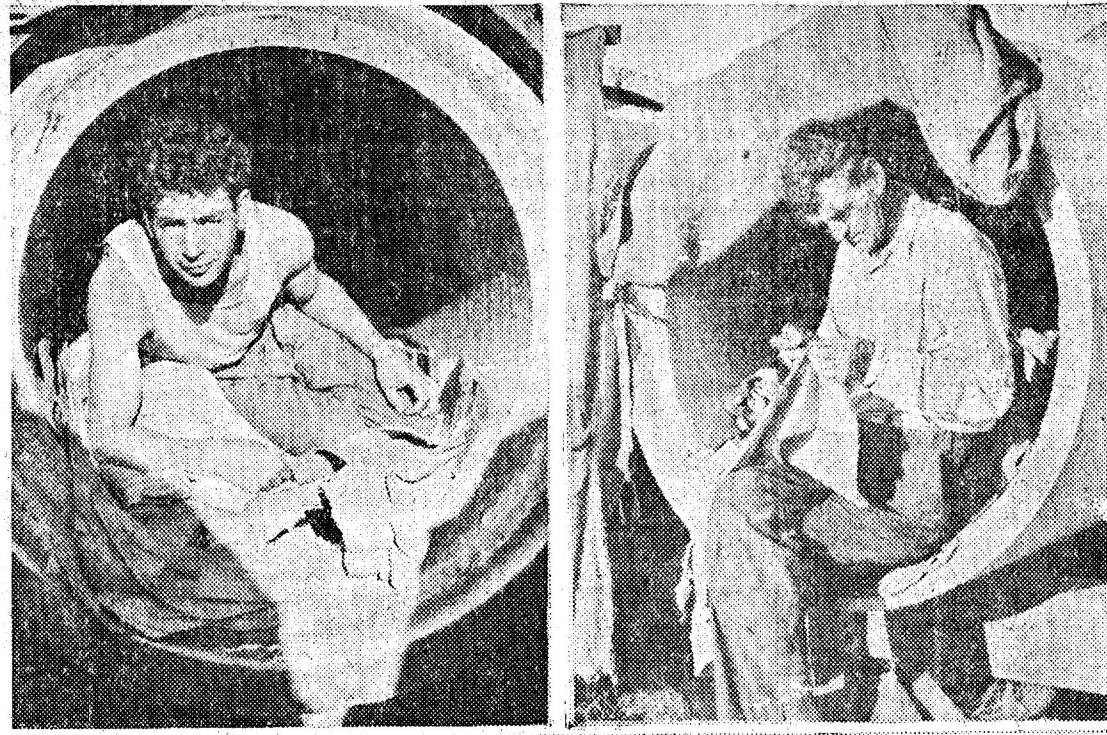
It is the national, state, and county Hunger Marches, the fights against gas and water shut-offs, evictions, the mass delegation to the charities, and such struggles that forced from the government what little they give.

This is the kind of a fight that will also force Unemployment Insurance. This is the struggle that even forced the A. F. of L. to consider new tactics. Now that they recognize Unemployment Insurance in principle, it will be much easier for the Rank and File movement to penetrate into the A. F. of L. locals with the issue.

Therefore repudiate the treacherous policy of the A. F. of L. fakers. Support the National Hunger March to Washington.

Support the Rank and File movement in the A. F. of L.

Two Hundred in Oakland Pipes Claim Fastest Growing City.



The great benefits of capitalism are shown in the fact that in Victor Hugo's day unemployed lived in Paris Sewers. Nowadays, in Oakland, they live in sewer pipes open at both ends to the fresh wintry air. At present more than two hundred are sleeping in a pipe stockyard on the mud-flats. The number is increasing daily.

"Relief" Cry Is Latest Type of War Screen

By E. KIRBY

With two large construction contracts signed last Wednesday for the bridge across the Golden Gate, to connect Northern California coast military highways and the enlarged Marin Airbase with San Francisco, war preparations along the Pacific continued with the same "full speed ahead" order that has characterized their activity of the past year. These contracts for steel cables, anchorages and approach spans, totaling \$7,714,000, are a fair exposure of the false means used to put over these appropriations. The \$65,000,000 job, ballyhooed as unemployment relief, was supposed to give work to 12,000 men, but few men will be hired on these two contracts for several months. The total can never exceed 4000 men.

In the same way, the shoal off Buena Vista Island, the naval station and link of the impending San Francisco-Oakland Bridge, is to be filled in and turned into a gigantic airport when a bill framed this week by local legislators and the Chamber of Commerce is put through the State legislature. Conservative estimates place the appropriation far in excess of \$1,000,000. Possibly one hundred and twenty men would be needed. At present there are 174 airports in California.

TO "GIVE WORK"

Other contracts being rushed "to give work" by preparing for mass murder are \$93,871 for the final work on the dirigible base at Sunnyvale, just south of San Francisco, \$200,000 for sixty thousand bombs for naval practice awarded Williams-Wallace Co. of S. F., with a special speedup proviso, and \$4,000,000 for three destroyers to become a part of the Pacific fleet. All these, as well as the recently completed cruiser "Indianapolis," were ordered "to aid unemployment." In the Northwest, \$44,255 will be spent on strengthening the Bremerton Navy Yard. "Unemployment relief," however, does not explain the sailing of the

army transport "Chaumont" from S. F. November 17th for Manila with reinforcements for the Philippine station, the fleet maneuvers soon to begin and the long air fleet practices recently finished at North Island, San Diego and vicinity.

JAPAN AT GENEVA

Determined in the seizure of Manchuria (though one quarter of the area is now in the hands of the Chinese and Korean insurgents), Japan has returned to the Lytton Commission of the League of Nations that "the question of Manchukuo is not, and cannot be, a matter for discussion." In face of this stand, "the League of Nations has shown its inability to cope with the situation," the League being French-controlled and the Japanese-French alliance being still in force. Japanese imperialism's attempt to get out of her crisis, like that of her main Pacific rival, the United States, is war preparations, called "defense," being pushed forward at feverish pace.



BLACK ON WHITE and WHAT TIME IS IT?—by M. Hin. Illustrated by N. Lapshin. On Sale at F. S. U. and Workers Bookstore. \$1.50 each.

That social conditions and struggles, economic and cultural, determine art forms, was never better proven than in these two works of the author of "New Russia's Primer." Out of the tremendous struggle to erase illiteracy from the Soviet Union a new type of book was born, exciting not merely for children but precisely suited to stimulate the mental processes of millions of adults peasants and workers suddenly given education and eager for the printed pages, so long a mystery to them. To meet, in what elsewhere would be dry and "schoolbookish," old proverbies they had used all their lives, would make wrinkled old men and women nod their heads and understand that learning is a pleasure. In "Black and White," which is a tale of the steps of Man's long struggle to make his thoughts endure on stone, papyrus and paper, such an item as:

"The book is done! 'Tis time I think To give the scribe some cash for drink!"

when describing medieval copying of manuscripts, gives a vivid complete picture of that man's life, class and exploitation, which makes the reader fill in the details he un-

derstands from his own life. That is the key, as well, to the style of "What Time Is It?", a story of clocks and their importance.

"Hieroglyphics" ceases to be a fearsome, academic word when made modern with present examples such as the skull-and-crossbones for "poison." China's picture alphabet, and the development of paper are the successful end of a long struggle that you feel you have taken part in. Just as when you've finished "What Time Is It?" you have not only lived through the various phases of sun clocks, water clocks and the inventions which made possible mechanical clocks, but you could make any of them. And that challenge to the hands of a worker or a child is exactly the appeal these books had to make to reach both ages. Him did it in a way that never was done before.

A working-class children's library of four books is now available—these two, "New Russia's Primer," and "Battle In The Barnyard"—make it possible for those who still continue the practice of giving Xmas presents to give really valuable ones.

The gentlemen bull breeders having gone broke, Spanish bullfighting is dying for lack of bulls. If it were bullthrowers they lacked we could recommend the recent capitalist candidates, but since it's bulls we suggest they buy up all the Red Squads.

Movie Review

"I'm A Fugitive From A Chain Gang"

Paramount Production

By ROBT. BURNS

"I'm A Fugitive" purports to be an autobiography. True or not, this picture should be of deep interest to American workers.

A returned American soldier, forced by unemployment and a country-wide search for a job, into circumstances where he is arrested for complicity in a holdup in a southern state, is sentenced to a chain gang.

We are given a picture of the ruthless exploitation of prisoners, black and white, as cheap labor in road work. Only in degree is this murderous exploitation different from the exploitation of "free" workers under capitalism. In the chain gang the prisoners are forced to grinding labor under terror of the lash, the sweat box and rifles of inhuman jailors—death is the usual penalty for attempted escape or protest.

The "free" worker must grind at his task of creating profits for the bosses under penalty of discharge and the resulting agony of job hunting, hunger and eviction. If unable to find work, he risks death from starvation and has the added anguish of watching his wife and children wither under the same conditions. Under capitalism there is one iron law—produce profits or die!

"I'm A Fugitive" is splendidly directed and ably and convincingly acted. There are no players miscast and the performance of Paul Muni is one of the best that has appeared on the American screen. A. W.

International Events and Western Workers

Result of the Five-Year Plan Summed Up

Soviet Union Becomes Country of Heavy Industry: Economically Independent; Agriculture Being Mechanized; Living Standards Greatly Improved; Decisive Victory of Socialism; Communist Party Leads in Socialist Construction.

By D. S. MANUILSKI
(Chairman of Communist International)

We reprint below a part of the report given by Comrade Manuilski to the 12th Plenary Session of the Executive Committee of the Communist International. We will print other parts of the report in future issues.

All our tremendous achievements in the economic and social and political fields may be summed up as follows:

As the result of fulfilling in the main, the first Five Year Plan, a powerful industrial basis for socialism has been laid in the U. S. S. R. Not only have we ceased to be an agrarian country, we have ceased to be a land of small industry, which is a characteristic feature of all the backward colonial and semi-colonial countries. The share that large industries contributes to the national income has increased during the last four years from 27 per cent, to 35 per cent. We have now our engineering industry (machine building), the output of which in 1931 amounted to almost 5,000 million rubles. The output of iron and steel has almost doubled compared with pre-war output. We have created a second metallurgical base in the East (Urals-Kuzbas). We have re-equipped all our industries on the most up-to-date technical basis. Moreover 75 per cent of the equipment of our industries has been renewed during the period of the first Five Year Plan. We have set up a number of new branches of industry which never before existed in this country. We are becoming a land of tractors, a land of automobile transport, a land of chemistry, a land that can build blooming mills, powerful turbine-generators, diesel, oil cracking plants, etc. We are changing the energetic base of our national economy, and we are uniting this base both for industry and agriculture.

Economically Independent

Secondly, having become a land of heavy industry and heavy engineering, putting into operation the first blast furnaces and Magnitogorsk and Stalinsk, such enormous enterprises as the Sverdlovsk Engineering Works, our gigantic automobile and tractor plants at Nizhni-Novgorod, Stalingrad, Khar'kov, and the Amo Works in Moscow, the ball-bearing plant, having built the Dnieper Dam and having laid the basis for providing our industries with raw materials (cotton in Central Asia, Azerbaidjan and Ukraine, synthetic rubber, etc.) we, as a result of the first Five Year Plan, have taken a decisive step towards attaining our economic independence. The Leninist Electrification Plan now as going, the plan to which Lenin attached particular importance, was fulfilled and surpassed as early as 1931.

Thirdly, by carrying out the first Five-Year Plan, we have solved the problem of the reconstruction of the basic funds of our industry, and yet the whole capitalist world prophesied that we would break down in solving this task, that we can only live as a spendrift inheritor, at the expense of the resources left us by the old order.

Mechanize Agriculture

Fourthly, as regards agriculture, we have laid an unshakable foundation for the mechanization of agriculture. By 1934-35 the existing productive possibilities guarantee the completion of the mechanization of agriculture, which is the

Negro Workers Join I. L. D.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 28.—A new Branch of the International Labor Defense has been formed on the initiative of nine negro workers of whom five are members of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People in San Francisco.

This is the manner in which these workers are demonstrating their confidence in the I. L. D. for the fight put forth for the Scottsboro boys.

CORRECTION

In the November 1st issue of the Western Worker the item entitled "Scottsboro Victory Celebrations Being Held Throughout State," states that Comrade Ruffins reported that Walter Gordon of the N. A. A. C. P. pledged support to the work of the I. L. D. Comrade Ruffins called our attention to the fact that Gordon was present at the conference and that it was he himself that had made the pledge at the meeting.

technical-economic basis for consolidating the old and securing further success in collectivization of agriculture in the U. S. S. R. We have created the largest scale agricultural industry in the world, and we are therefore able not only to mechanize as in America, but also to apply chemistry to agriculture as in Germany. We have carried out the agrarian revolution, in the possibility of which, not only the capitalist world and its social-fascist hangers-on, but also the panic-mongers and opportunists in our midst did not believe. Having organized more than 60 per cent of the peasant farms in collective farms, having now whole regions completely collectivized, having put an end to the class differentiation in the countryside, we have abolished the age-long scourge of agrarian over-population, which in the past, under tsarism, created a vast army of unemployed, and enabled the capitalists to keep the standards of life of the working class in old Russia down to the verge of starvation and extinction.

Living Standards Improved

But, comrades, our achievements are not merely confined simply to the growth of industry and agriculture. Among our achievements we must mention firstly, the raising of the material and cultural standard of the toiling masses. I am not speaking only of the fact that wages here are continually rising, that from 1928 to 1932 wages in all branches of national economy have risen on the average by 62 per cent. The general budget of our national economy increased from 11,000 million rubles in 1928 to 26,000 million rubles in 1932. I am speaking of the fact that we have no unemployment, that the number of factory and office workers from 1928 to 1932 has almost doubled, reaching a total of 21 millions, that the material and cultural requirements of the masses are constantly rising, that the outlay for social insurance, for cultural services, education, medical services, etc. has doubled during these four years, reaching an average of 200 rubles per worker in 1932. House building is developing in our industrial districts (from 1928 to 1931 we provided houses for 3 million workers, and in 1932 alone a further 3 million workers will be provided with house accommodation). New industrial centres are being built, public dining rooms are being developed and already provide for 35 per cent of the population. Opportunities have been created for every worker to improve his qualification, the doors of our universities are wide open for the children of workers and peasants. There is a great increase in the number of clubs, reading rooms, parks of culture and rest. Feverish work is going on for the improvement of working class districts and suburbs where the working class population predominates. Sanitary conditions are continually improving, rest homes and workers' sanatoriums are increasing in numbers.

Broad Proletarian Democracy

Secondly, there is the development of the broadest proletarian democracy which is the very spirit of the regime of the proletarian dictatorship. Through the Soviets, through the trade unions and the factory committees, millions of our toiling population have been drawn into the administration of the country, of industry and agriculture.

Thirdly, we have consolidated our achievements in the sphere of national policy, in the matter of establishing equality and the brotherhood of the nations inhabiting the U. S. S. R., by fully carrying out the policy of the Soviet Government to provide a material and economic basis for the socialist industrialization of the remote regions of the country and provide such a planned distribution of the development of productive forces that will enable the nation that has been most backward in the past to overtake economically and culturally the foremost industrial districts in the country in the shortest possible time.

Further, as a result of the first Five-Year Plan, enormous social and political changes have taken place in the country, which have enormously strengthened the proletarian dictatorship in the U. S. S. R. and which are laying a granite social-class foundation for the edifice of socialism which is being built. During the past Five-Year Plan (carried out in four years), we have continued the work al-

ready started by the October Revolution. We have liquidated the kulaks as a class and in the districts of complete collectivization we have caused the middle peasants (now collective farmers) to take an irrevocable stand on the side of socialism, and become a firm bulwark of the Soviet State. We have enlarged the proletarian base of the Soviet state by drawing millions of new proletarians into the industry, especially in the formerly backward regions.

Socialism Wins

All these achievements have enabled us to solve irrevocably the question of "who will conquer" in the eternal arena in favor of socialism. Having entered upon the period of socialism, having completed the foundation of socialist economy and having firmly entrenched ourselves on the socialist path, we are able by the living experience of our great work to prove to the millions of toilers in the capitalist countries the advantage of the socialist system of economy compared with the capitalist system.

The significance of the fulfillment of the first Five-Year Plan, comrades, lies in that we have provided a powerful material base for the world proletarian revolution, that the relative strength of even the smallest of our Communist Parties increases tremendously as a result of the victory of the proletariat in the U. S. S. R., that the proletariat in the capitalist countries, relying on this firm rock, will be able more easily to defeat their bourgeoisie, to overthrow capitalism and establish the dictatorship of the proletariat as the condition for winning socialism.

Finally, we have achieved these decisive successes of world historical importance in the course of a tireless struggle within the Communist Party against the Right deviation as the chief danger and against the "Left" deviation, which fosters it, on the basis of carrying out the correct general line of the Party.

The role of our Party and its Leninist Central Committee in attaining all these successes has been tremendous. Our Party, led by the Leninist Central Committee, was the initiator of the first Five-Year Plan, the inspirer of the high socialist tempo and rejected the proposal of the right wingers for a "two year plan," ruthlessly crushed the theory advanced by the opportunist faint hearts about the "declining curve." The Party and its Leninist Central Committee roused millions of toilers to action, for the struggle to fulfill the Five-Year Plan, acted everywhere as agitators, propagandists and organizers for the fulfillment of the Five-Year Plan. In the struggle for the Five-Year Plan our Party and its Leninist Central Committee still further extended and strengthened its deep rooted connections with the broad masses of toilers, who, on their own initiative, and under the leadership of the Party, put forward and in the main have carried out, the slogan of "The Five-Year Plan in Four Years." Historical truth obliges us to mention here the role of the man, under whose firm and tried leadership the Party and its Central Committee marched through the difficult mountain pass after the death of Comrade Lenin. (Loud applause). It is all the more necessary to mention this for the reason that soon we will celebrate the Fifteenth Anniversary of the October Revolution and a little later the Tenth Anniversary of the death of Comrade Lenin which was a severe and irreplaceable loss for us, for the working class of our country and for the proletariat and toilers of the whole world.

Comrade Stalin, the true-comrade-in-arms and best disciple of Comrade Lenin, led the Party, the working class and the entire country over all the dangers that we encountered during the past decade, to surmount all the difficulties which stood in our way. (Loud Applause). Never yet has our Party been so firmly consolidated and united as it is now under the leadership of Comrade Stalin. The entire work of strengthening the internal and international position of the U. S. S. R., the whole of the stupendous work of socialist construction carried out during the past ten years in the condition of capitalist encirclement which demanded the greatest Leninist firmness and flexibility combined with steel like determination, bears the direct impress of the mind, the will and the action of Stalin.