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The New York Call

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THEATER STRIKE

POOR SHOWS ARE RESULT OF FOX'S FIGHT WITH UNION

Inquiry Probable in Matter of Storing Scenery on Crowded Stage—Scabs Unable to Handle It.

PUBLIC STANDS WITH STRIKING OPERATORS

New House Not Opened—Politicians Figure Largely in Attempt to Starve Out Striking Men, "Big Tim" Aiding Bosses.

Mr. Fox, he's tryin' to lay low. He doesn't know just what his little game is in the strike of the theatrical employees, including the moving picture operators, musicians, electricians and stage hands.

The Fox Amusement Company, which is a combination of moving picture film trust, political side show and theater owners, has steadfastly refused to treat its employees in any manner decent manner. Matters steadily went from bad to worse and finally a strike was inevitable.

Now the company, which conducts a string of moving picture houses, has put inexperienced men in charge of the machines, and as the operation "requires" great skill, steadiness and coolness, such an action on the part of the company adds a great element of danger to the patrons of the houses.

The houses in which the men are setting for decent conditions, and which also to have experienced operators so that the theaters will be safe for the many women and children who patronize them, are as follows:

The Dewey, City Theater and Academy of Music, all on 14th street; the Nemo, 110th street; Washington, 107th street; New York Roof Garden, 44th street and Broadway; the Gotham and Family theaters on 10th street, the Star, on 107th street and the following Brooklyn theaters:

Edna, Graham avenue and Broadway; Grand Opera House, Elm place and Fulton street, and the Brooklyn Grand on Grand street.

Johnny White, politician and theater proprietor, is trying to open still another house, the Riverside, at 86th street and Broadway. But competent men are not to be had, and even the incompetent ones are scarce.

So he will have to wait a while. Things have developed here even to the point of importing Harry Head from Newark. He is known throughout the profession as a man who has "been" rather than a job during a "heat" at other times. As he is utterly irresponsible, the employment of him at this time shows to desperate moves the managers resort.

Are Angered.

Yesterday Billy Bock, of the City Theater, 14th street, was in a towering rage because of the effect the newsboys were having on the show. "I put a stop to that," he said, "and that no more copies of that are sold on this block."

The boys continued to sell the show and patrons continued to find out what the reasons are for the really poor show. That are now given.

Many of them have found out that the audiences are dwindling. Fox is trying to feel the effects in that some feeling, his pockets. As managers and other workers are all skilled men, they were very responsible for the excellent shows formerly given. The fact at present is so great that it is a general topic of conversation in the vicinity of all the struck theaters.

Law Violated?

The Academy, where formerly a dancing assembly, there it is being used as a dancing place. According to the regulations, it is the law to store scenery on

P. O. AUTHORITIES WILL HEAD PROBE

Three Hundred Men Busy in Widespread Dynamite Investigation.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 6.—There is an ugly rumor here that is steadily growing in volume that one of the reasons, and perhaps the main reason, why the McNamara confessions were extorted is that certain business concerns did not wish to have the case go to trial.

Whether or not some firms engaged in the structural iron business engaged the McNamara to damage the work of rival concerns, or whether the wrecking was done with a view to collecting insurance, is not known. But there is growing a well defined belief that the McNamara did not act simply as self-constituted agents of labor violence.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 6.—Postoffice inspectors are to take charge of the probing of charges of dynamiting, according to information received tonight. The reason for this is the fact it is said, that the postal laws make possible the preparation of a stronger case than those governing interstate commerce. The use of the mails in plotting crime, which is a violation of the postal laws, will lay the foundation for the proceedings planned. It is probable, therefore, that several hundred postoffice inspectors will take up the investigation initiated by scores of Federal Secret Service agents.

Andrew J. Gallagher arrived here today from San Francisco. He is here to confer with Clarence Darrow regarding the report to be made on the disposition of the defense fund raised by labor unions to aid the McNamaras. It is possible he will be summoned before the Federal Grand Jury.

J. B. McNamara, confessed murderer, will not be required to tell his story of his dynamiting operations before the Federal Grand Jury, which assembles here tomorrow to probe violations of the law in transporting dynamite about the country. His brother, J. J. McNamara, may be called as a witness, although that is still doubtful.

Doubts as to McNamara.

Oscar Lawler, placed in charge of the Grand Jury investigation here, was still debating today whether J. J. McNamara's testimony, even if it were given willingly, could be used. Until he decides, the two brothers will be kept in their cells in the county jail.

Ortie E. McManigal is to testify. That has been determined, but whether he will tell his story Thursday, or at a similar date, has not been decided.

The Grand Jury will not be hurried. It will take up first the interstate transportation of explosives to be used for committing felonies, then it will take up the transportation of them on the inland waters and finally it will take up the interstate transportation on trains used in interstate trade.

J. B. McNamara, having acknowledged an infamous crime, as murder is characterized under the common law, cannot be qualified as a witness. There is grave doubt whether John J.'s testimony either would be legal, but that is to be settled later. If called it is asserted J. J. McNamara will refuse to tell anything more than his counsel wants him to. It is plain that suggestions of punishment for contempt can have little effect on a man confronted with a fifteen-year sentence to penal servitude.

Rumors in Plenty.

Rumor of further arrests in the bribery developments of the McNamara's trial were circulated, the rumors going so far as to name specifically three men who have been connected with the defense against whom, it is rumored, the District Attorney had compiled information.

The federal probe into the dynamiting outrages which are alleged by the National Erectors' Association and the National Manufacturers' Association to have been the result of an "inner circle" within the ranks of organized labor, promises to overshadow even the original McNamara cases within a few days. There is also a rumor that the unions will demand the investigation of the Erectors' and Manufacturers' associations. When the Federal Grand Jury meets about the first witness to go before it, it will be Ortie McManigal, self-confessed dynamiter, who will tell his complete story.

McManigal Will Talk.

This has been very carefully guarded by the Burns men, but is declared to be a chronological story of travel from one side of the country to another, leaving behind a trail of explosions. While some of McManigal's story has been told, the details, the Burns and federal detectives say, will electrify the public when made known.

Meanwhile 300 secret service men have been placed at the disposal of Oscar Lawler, special Deputy Attorney General, named to have direct charge of the probe here. It is intimated by persons close to him that the first indictments in the investigation will come here and not at Indianapolis. The proceedings will be pushed before those in the East. It is also asserted, in order that some may be enticed who might otherwise have been lost.

BIG VOTE POLLED BY HARRIMAN

Defeated by Mayor Alexander by 36,000 Majority.

SOCIALIST GAINS

Women Roll Up Heavy Totals for Both Party Candidates.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 6.—Belated returns today added greatly to the majority of Mayor George Alexander and the other candidates on the Good Government ticket.

At 8 o'clock tonight, with two precincts missing, the total vote for Mayor stands:

Alexander, "Good Government," 87,165; Harriman, Socialist, 50,877; Mayor Alexander's majority being 36,338.

The entire ticket is carried through with him by majorities almost as large.

The people of the city declared for the publication of a municipal newspaper, provision for which was made in a charter amendment recently adopted. It is to be published weekly, and recount municipal progress.

Its space for political matters is to be equally divided between the various parties.

The city also adopted the ordinance requiring grooved-girder, or "Tribby," rails for car lines.

The initiative ordinance providing for prohibition was defeated by an overwhelming vote.

The Socialist organization expressed satisfaction today over the vote it polled, declared its intention of initiating a campaign at once to capture the State Legislature.

Credit for the defeat of the Socialists in Los Angeles is given to the McNamara and the women voters—approximately 75,000 in number—who, for the first time, exercised their right of suffrage. That the women defeated Socialism is admitted by every political organization which had a part in the election.

On one side the organizations allied in working for Mayor Alexander and his associates on the Good Government ticket give the women full credit and are thankful. The Socialists admit the women defeated their candidates, and are regretful.

Ninety per cent of the women registered voted, and they did it without confusion or disorder. Doubtless one reason for this was the schools of instruction started as soon as it was definitely known the men of California had conferred suffrage upon the women of the State. Various women's organizations opened these schools giving instructions day and night to women voters.

The women voters were strong for prohibition, although the ordinance providing for a "dry" Los Angeles was defeated. It was backed by an organization known as the Taxpayers' League.

The ordinance was purposely made so drastic that it antagonized thousands of voters. It provided liquor could not even be kept in homes or given away.

Women voters of Watts, a small town south of Los Angeles, voted for a dry town, and two saloons and one wholesale liquor house must close within ninety days.

The women are credited with causing the city to go dry. More women are said to have voted than men, and the women voted solidly for prohibition.

Andrew Carnegie was among those who sent congratulations to Mayor Alexander today. His telegram sent from New York read:

"The household rejoicing this morning upon your deserved triumph. As the model Mayor, go up higher.—Carnegie."

John Hays Hammond also offered congratulations.

EQUAL PAY FIGHT COST BUT LITTLE

Women Waged Economical Battle for Their Salary Increase.

ALBANY, Dec. 6.—Experienced politicians grew pale today when they learned how little it cost the women teachers of New York to win their great equal pay bill. It was the most economically conducted battle ever waged, and if it establishes a precedent, it will scarcely be worth while for many noted politicians to come to Albany.

According to the statement of expenditures of the Interborough Association of Women Teachers in connection with equal pay legislation during the last session, as filed today with the Secretary of State, it is shown that the sum of \$1,488.83 was spent.

The sums of committees to Albany cost these sums: March 14, \$123.75; June 8, \$40; July 4-6, \$50.05; July 12-13, \$64.40; October 3-5, \$27.32; and October 25, \$13.50. This expenditure covered fares, transportation, restaurant and lodging charges.

Other expenditures were: June 20, printing circular letters to legislators, Benjamin H. Tyrrel and postage on same, \$13.20; August 23, printing circular letters sent to legislators in reply to Commissioner of Education by Benjamin H. Tyrrel and postage on same, \$21.04; October 18 and 20, printing postal and letter forms, Benjamin H. Tyrrel, \$482.70, and distribution to delegates by district messengers, \$72.80; September 29 and October 30, telegrams, \$123.75.

The certificate is sworn to by Marianna Dove, treasurer of the association. The Male High School Teachers' Association certifies that \$264.03 was spent by Robert Keener and Jacob Holman for disbursements in connection with the proposed New York Charter, and the men teachers in the elementary schools spent \$122 for expenditures incurred by Henry C. Moore and Mr. Holman in the same work.

WILL BLAME OWNERS OF ASCH BUILDING

Attorney for Harris and Blanck, Triangle Bosses, to Try to Shift Responsibility for Awful Tragedy.

TELL OF GIRL'S TRAGIC DEATH AFTER JUMP

Fear That Girls Might Take Some Lace Caused Locking of Doors That Had Piled Up Dead Behind Them—Jury is Now Full.

That the defense of Harris, and Blanck, charged with manslaughter in the first and second degrees, for the death of 145 girls and men, who lost their lives in the Triangle fire, will consist of a skillful shifting of the blame for the catastrophe from themselves to the owners of the Asch Building, where their shop was located, was made plain yesterday, the first day of the trial.

Attorney Steuer, for the indicted manufacturers, maneuvered the testimony of every one of the witnesses produced by the State to show that it was the construction of the Asch Building that was responsible for the catastrophe and not the negligence of his clients, Harris and Blanck.

The examination of witnesses began at noon after the last two jurors had been chosen. District Attorney Bestwick, in outlining the case, briefly stated that the employees in the place had access to but one exit—that on the Green street side, where there was the stairway and two freight elevators.

The stairway and passenger elevators on the Washington place side of the building, the District Attorney said, have been barred at all times to employees. These were the exits for the proprietors and strangers. Even when facing death by fire the strict rule that employees must leave by the Green street entrances instinctively drove the girls to that exit.

"We Are Lost"

"But the fire was on the girls and many rushed to the Washington street door," District Attorney Bestwick continued. "Among these girls was Margaret Schwartz, with whose death the defendants are charged. When she ran up to the door she cried out: 'That door is locked; my God, we are lost.'"

"They were lost. Margaret Schwartz fell choking to the floor. She was burned to a crisp."

"But even the Green street entrance was not obstructed. There was a partition there through which the workers had to pass before they could reach the door or the elevators. At the door of this partition, or cooped, stood a watchman. Every girl had to open her purse so that the watchman could make sure that she had not stolen a piece of goods or lace. It was this distrust of their employes that caused the Washington street exit to be locked, and it was because it was locked that a heap of thirty burned bodies were found in front of it."

"The Washington place exit was open occasionally in the hot summer days. But it was always closed before the time came for the workers to leave for home, so that they might have to go through the Green street door and show their purses to the watchman."

"The law says that all doors leading to a factory should be open during working hours."

This statement was challenged by Attorney Steuer, who said that if the law made such a provision that his clients stand convicted without further going on with the trial.

District Attorney Bestwick was about to produce the law on the matter, but Judge Crain advised the District Attorney to qualify his statement by saying that it was the "law" of the State that such was the law.

The first witness called was Charles D. Miller of South Newark, Conn., who is the present representative of the owner of the Asch Building.

Attorney Steuer asked Miller when he had been in the building. He said in 1910.

"Did you see any door locked while going through the Triangle shop?" Steuer asked.

"I don't know," said the witness. "Was Miller's reply."

There was a question with regard to the use of the passenger elevators by the owners of the Asch Building. Steuer again asked: "Did you see any door locked while going through the Triangle shop?"

"I don't know," said the witness. "Was Miller's reply."

The question between the State and the defense on this point was settled by the testimony of the witness.

Whiskeman was asked several questions by Juror No. 19, who was one of the foremen in a factory. This brought out the startling testimony that while there was a distance of three feet between the table and the Washington place wall on the eighth floor, three feet of space were occupied by pulleys and belts; so that the actual space between the table and the wall was limited only to ten inches.

Whiskeman's testimony showed that the long table upon which stood the operating machinery were 4 feet 3 inches apart. In this space two rows of operators sat working back and back. Juror No. 19 asked the witness if he had figured out what the space was between the backs of the two rows of chairs. The engineer said he had not figured it out. The audience in the courtroom gasped at this question by Juror No. 19, for it brought out the fact that after two chairs were placed back to back the space of 4 feet 3 inches there was but the narrowest of narrow passages was left.

The stairway, Whiskeman testified, was 7 feet 7 1/2 inches wide. The stairway on the Washington place side stopped at the tenth floor, so that there was no exit to the roof. Neither did it have windows. It was lit artificially day and night. The stairway on the Green street side had a window on every floor.

"Point" for Defense.

A point for the defense was strongly emphasized by Attorney Steuer. This was the statement by the engineer, Whiskeman, that the walls were so small that if the doors of the Triangle shop were made to open outwardly the doors would have knocked against the stairway.

Judge Crain suggested that there could be half doors and this would overcome even the want of space in the hall. But Attorney Steuer insisted that as the door is constructed at present it could not open outwardly because of the small size of the hall.

Another point which Steuer emphasized strongly was the statement by Whiskeman that a structure of the size of the Asch Building should have had three exits according to the Building Code. The Asch Building, Whiskeman said, had in its original plans substituted a fire escape in the back of the building for a third stairway. This change was approved by the Building Department, he said.

But the fact remains that the material which goes into the construction of a fire escape is not the material provided by the law for the construction of a safe stairway.

Contemplate Employee.

Attorney Steuer, for the defense, made another skillful move to influence the jury that the Triangle bosses were considerable employers. In fact, he was considerable than a good many others in the same building, by showing the jurors a photograph of the ninth floor of the Asch Building. The photograph showed that the tenth floor in addition to the regular door of the Washington street place entrance. He shows, Steuer pointed out, with a transparent air, had no such door open.

Defense in Forenoon.

District Attorney Bestwick, who was at the scene of the fire two minutes after the fire broke out, is now to describe the tragic affair of the people on the ninth floor in the building, and their final hurried movement to death in the street stairway below. Attorney Steuer is expected to describe the tragedy in the afternoon, and the testimony of the witnesses will be given.

The prosecution between the State and the defense on this point was settled by the testimony of the witness.

ITALIANS BURY 1,000 ARABS IN ONE TRENCH

TRIPOLI, Dec. 6.—The bodies of 1,000 Arabs, killed in the fierce fighting at Ain-Zara, when the Italians captured the Turkish military camp, were buried today in a huge trench. Large numbers of corpses litter the oasis some distance from Ain-Zara, and Italian soldiers are engaged in gathering them up for burial.

The Italians estimate that fully 1,500 Turks and Arabs were killed. The greatest number of casualties was among the Arabs, who fought with the utmost courage.

The Italian losses are estimated at 100. The defeat is a heavy blow to the Turks, who are now driven inland a great distance from their base of supplies.

CONTEMPLATE MOVING LOCOMOTIVE WORKS

ROME, N. Y., Dec. 6.—It was stated in this city this afternoon that persons connected with the Schenectady Locomotive Works have been looking over property in the Eastern part of the city, and it is said that the company would like to move its big industry to Rome.

It is believed, however, that there is a big element of bluff in this move, and has for its object the frightening of the employes.

The owners of the Rome Merchant Iron Mill are also connected with the Schenectady works, which of late have been bothered with strikes. The report has gone out that the matter has developed so far as to close the deal for the property. Sidetracks could be constructed from the main line of the Central to the proposed site.

BIG AMALGAMATION IN MARBLE INDUSTRY

One of the most important consolidations in recent years in the Vermont marble industry was consummated today, when the Green Mountain Marble Company secured control of extensive quarries and finishing plants of the Columbian Marble Quarrying Company.

The consolidation brings under the control and management of the Green Mountain company numerous marble quarries scattered for miles through Central Vermont, together with a finishing plant at East Dorset, and the Columbian finishing plant, which covers nearly eleven acres.

The combined properties form one of the largest groups of developed marble quarries and finishing mills in the United States.

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DEMOCRATS WITHHOLD CAMPAIGN STATEMENT

BOSTON, Dec. 6.—Chairman John F. McDonald, of the Democratic State Committee, determined to test the effectiveness and validity of the so-called "Corrupt Practices Act," today declared that he would not file any statement with the Secretary of State's office of the contributions received and expenditures made by him for the Democratic State Committee in the last campaign.

The Corrupt Practices Law calls for the filing of such a statement.

There is a penalty of a fine of not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment for not more than one year for any failure to do so. McDonald says that he knows what the penalty is, and he is willing to take the consequences in his effort to "blow the bill up as a worthless measure."

GRAFT? PERISH THE THOUGHT!

ALBANY, Dec. 6.—In a statement issued today regarding the proceedings commenced to reorganize the State Board of Education, State Commissioner of Education Draper declares that the whole procedure has been "perfectly open."

"The statute gives me full authority in the matter," the statement continues, "but I want to proceed in ways beyond criticism. Nothing has been decided and nothing will be done until the next session."

GETS SENTENCE OF YEAR FOR EVERY TWO CENTS

Maurice McGrath was sentenced yesterday to serve ten years in Sing Sing Prison by Judge O'Sullivan, of General Sessions.

The charge was robbery, and the prisoner had stolen just 20 cents. He had served several terms in prison previously, and it was on account of his record that the severe penalty was imposed.

On October 21, Anthony Barrett, of 127 Perry street, was about to enter his home, when he was held up by McGrath. The robber took all he had and was about to make his escape when a policeman arrested him.

eight, nine or ten stories to the net we could have saved some of them if they had jumped singly. But they jumped themselves in twos and threes together. This the net could not stand.

Chief Worth was asked whether the first girl who fell into the net was alive. He said she was. He picked her up and told her to walk off quickly. She made six steps like an automaton and then fell to the ground dead.

Attorney Steuer, rather early in the game, took up the familiar gag that his clients were in danger. After court adjourned, but before the reporters left, he informed Judge Crain that Harris and Blanck were threatened at noon while they were going to the restaurant near the courtroom for luncheon.

Judge Crain, whose hair is as white as snow, and who is accustomed to these cheap ways of seeking sympathy for the defendants, smiled half contemptuously and said that while he was quite positive that no harm would befall the defendants, he would nevertheless grant the request of the attorneys for two guards to accompany the men home.

Murderers of Our Daughters: The reporters of the capitalist papers saw that the judge "threw cold water" on the whole affair. Nevertheless, they asked Max Blanck how he felt about these "threats" that are made against him. Blanck assumed a dignified air and said that he was not at all disturbed.

The basis of the whole bit of comedy was the fact that as Blanck and Harris left the courtroom to go to the restaurant there were a score or more of parents and relatives of the five victims standing outside, as they were not allowed in the courtroom. Having had insult heaped by court attendants on top of injury, several of them greeted the "murderers of our daughters" with their fingers up in the air.

Complete Jury. The jurors in the case are as follows: Leo Abraham, 164 West 147th street, real estate man and rent collector. Anton Schuermann, 233 West 115th street, cigar dealer.

William E. Ryan, 547 West 142d street, salesman. Harry B. Bender, 82 West 90th street, boss painter. Charles Wetber, 3485 Broadway, buyer.

Abraham Wechsler, Hotel Majestic, real estate dealer. Joseph Jacobson, of 605 West 151st street, a traveling salesman.

William Ackerstrom, a clerk of the Manhattan Storage and Warehouse Company, at 45d and Lexington avenue. A. S. Boyce, of 122 East 34th street, a bookkeeper.

Victor Steinman, of 723 East 160th street, shirt manufacturer. H. Euston Hiers, of 1328 Fulton avenue, the Bronx, a coffee importer.

Morris Baum, of 201 West 110th street, in the decorating business.

FEDERATION HEADS DISCUSS McNAMARAS

Darrow Fee Will Be Probed, Ryan in Bad With Gompers. WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Samuel Gompers today issued this formal statement at the office of the American Federation of Labor:

"Detective Burns evidently believes that if he repeats a falsehood often enough it may become truth. On no other theory would he repeat the falsehood that I knew the McNamaras were guilty. I have repeatedly emphasized the fact that I had every reason to believe the McNamaras were innocent. I had their assurances that they were innocent and no one was more astounded than I when I learned of their guilt Friday evening."

"Burns has no estimation of my life's work, with all that it involves and implies, or he would never have attempted to stigmatize me as a cur. I think that if it came to a showdown, the cur quality would be developed in him rather than in me."

"Burns tells another unqualified untruth when he says that I have in any way criticized the District Attorney in Los Angeles."

"Mr. Gompers issued this statement after he had been shown a statement alleged to have been made by Detective Burns that Gompers knew the McNamaras were guilty and characterizing Gompers as a 'cur.' Mr. Gompers was wrought up when he read the statement."

Mr. Gompers returned from New York this morning to attend the meetings of the Ways and Means Committee of the American Federation of Labor, which was appointed to obtain funds for the defense of the McNamaras. He was in a belligerent mood when he arrived at the headquarters of the federation this morning.

"The labor movement will live," he declared, "in spite of its enemies. We defy these enemies, whoever they are, and for my personal enemies I defy them, too."

Darrow's Big Retainer. The committee, of which Gompers is the chief member, held a conference in this city today, with a purpose of deciding what disposition shall be made of the McNamara defense fund, that is, if any remains, and to take steps to secure an accounting of the money which was sent to Clarence Darrow, chief counsel for the McNamaras in the past several months.

Rand School of Social Science Tomorrow Evening, December 8

112 EAST 19TH ST., NEW YORK CITY. FIRST LECTURE OF THE COURSE IN Socialism and the Labor Movement in Practice First Five Lectures by Dr. L. M. Rubinow. Subject: Workmen's Insurance. Following series in this course by Meyer London, Robert Bruere and Morris Hillquit. Fee for the entire course of 27 lectures, \$8.00 to Socialist Party members; \$5.00 to others. Admission to single lectures, 25 cents.

CLAMOR FOR FALL OF FRENCH PREMIER

PARIS, Dec. 6.—There is perturbation among politicians and diplomats over an alleged attempt by Premier Caillaux to bulldoze Spain in the matter of the latter's claim in Morocco, by threatening King Alfonso. The République Française reproduces and confirms from its own sources a story which originally appeared in a Geneva paper, according to which Caillaux, in an attempt to re-establish his own threatened political position, tried a coup to settle the Franco-Spanish difficulty. According to the story, the French Prime Minister notified Alfonso through an intermediary, that he had resolved on decisive action, and that if Spain resisted, the Spanish dynasty might be seriously endangered.

Alfonso Was Mad. Alfonso, on receiving this communication, retorted in a heated manner: "Spain is not Portugal." The Spanish King then informed Great Britain and other interested powers of Caillaux's amazing attitude. Just about this time Caillaux, in talking with Sir Francis L. Bertie, the British Ambassador to France, made some astonishing remarks about the entente cordiale between Great Britain and France. These remarks created such a painful impression in London that President Fallières was obliged to intervene and lessen their effect.

The République Française says that these two incidents, in the unanimous opinion of diplomats, have shown that the leadership of Caillaux is dangerous. History of Trouble. The mix-up between France and Spain over Morocco is caused by the fact that the treaty between Germany and France specifically defines Morocco, over which the French Government is to have control, as the whole of the northwest corner of Africa, while a treaty between Spain and France gives to the former certain parts of this country.

Spain is now asking France what she is going to do about this, how Spain's interests and vested rights are to be treated. The French Government has been absolutely dumb on the subject, and the negotiations with Spain have not yet begun. Last week the Humanité, edited by Jaures, the Socialist leader, made the statement that Premier Caillaux had determined to compel Spain to abandon Morocco entirely.

The Figaro next day confirmed this statement, and added that there was a combination in the Cabinet between Caillaux, Delcasse, Cruppi, and others, by which an act had been decided upon, which would be gross in its dangers and gross in its consequences. It was added that De Selvas, the Foreign Minister, had threatened to resign because of the intention of the combine. The statement was officially denied.

Next the story came out that Caillaux had conveyed the intimation to Alfonso spoken of in the above paragraphs. It was said that an intimate of the Premier told the Spanish King in so many words that the safety of his throne depended on how he acted toward France in the Morocco matter. This was translated in some circles to mean that Caillaux referred to starting a revolution in Spain, instead of buying out the Spanish interests in Morocco, or going to war.

San Antonio, Tex., Dec. 6.—Federal officers today began a systematic search for General Reyes, the Mexican revolutionary leader, who is alleged to have "skipped his bond" and re-entered Mexico. It is probable that a search warrant will be issued this afternoon, and his home, where he is said to be ill, searched. Open revolt against the Madero government has broken out near Parral and at San Andreas, west of Chihuahua City in the State of Chihuahua. Advances of the outbreak were received from Acting Governor A. S. Gonzalez by the officials in Juarez this afternoon. Although the two movements are independent, they are expected to crystallize into a Revista movement.

DETECTIVES SCAN McNAMARA RECORDS

Hope From Fragments to Make Case Against Some Other Officials. INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 6.—The books, papers and letters, forming a part of the records of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, now in the hands of the Federal authorities, are giving up many important facts for the Grand Jury investigation, and the men in charge of the investigation claim that a complete chain is being woven out of the fragments, and that a case may be made out against some other men. While some of the papers are comparatively innocent on their face, it is now hoped by the authorities that they can catch up some sort of a case against some union men.

Among material in the possession of the Federal Government are letters and newspaper clippings concerning dynamite and nitroglycerin explosives which, it is said, bear out the confession of McNamara. The latter said that John J. McNamara had always required him to obtain paper clippings telling of the explosions, and that these had to be filed with the secretary-treasurer of the iron workers before McNamara would pay him for a "job."

In the materials seized when the offices and room of McNamara were raided are said to be such clippings and the letters in which they were contained. It is said, also, that McNamara was by no means the only person who was sending such clippings, but that in letters now in the possession of the government are clippings describing other explosions than those "pulled off" by McNamara and John B. McNamara, and that the letters refer to these.

The Matter of Jobs. It is said, also, that among these important letters are others from men in which "jobs" are referred to, and also in which requests are made to send a man to certain places to "do a job." The little word "job," it is believed, will be used for all it can stand.

A man who has seen a part of the evidence, said today: "I didn't see all of the correspondence, but I saw enough to convince any court that John J. McNamara and certain others ought to hang for the crimes therein discussed. Great care was exercised in each letter to protect the writer and the recipient from any possible implication in case the letter came into the hands of any official. But the careful ones overlooked one thing. They forgot that the entire series of letters might be taken, and the series of letters makes most damning cases against certain men of both national and international reputation."

One letter in particular was spoken of which was addressed to John J. McNamara at Indianapolis. This letter was from a man in a large Eastern city, in reply to a letter from the executive board of the union demanding an accounting for \$500 of the International Association's funds.

A Clipping as "Evidence." The man's reply contained simply a clipping from a paper telling of a mysterious explosion planned on a sheet of ordinary paper on which had been scrawled: "Ain't this enough? The money was used in fighting scab labor."

On orders from a secret service operative who was acting on instructions from Washington, the box in which 400 sticks of dynamite were found by William J. Burns, the detective, near Tiffin, Ohio, after McNamara and McManigal were arrested, was today shipped to this city to be submitted as evidence before the Federal Grand Jury here.

The dynamite found was restored to the manager of the Francis Stone Quarry, of Bloomville, nine miles east of here, who claimed it, and for whom Ortis McManigal worked as a blaster at the time the explosive disappeared.

GAYNOR DENOUNCES SCHOOL METHODS

Would Have Children Trained for Manual Labor, Not "Headwork." Mayor W. J. Gaynor, installing yesterday the eleven School Commissioners appointed by him last week, expressed in plainest language his opinion that the public, or, as he called them, "common" schools in New York were trying to do too much, to teach too many subjects, and failing to give the children of the city the kind of education needed.

He said it was his opinion that a large percentage of the school children were just "submerged," and that "this overeducating of them" made them disinclined to work with their hands. To which he added that the girls wanted "to sit on a high stool at books or at a typewriter," and "simply wouldn't work."

"I have a notion, which I have long entertained, that those in charge of the city's common schools here, and I suppose elsewhere to some extent, are trying to do too much," said the Mayor. "What I precisely mean is that there are too many subjects taught to the children, in my belief."

Children Become Disgusted. "When you overload children they get a disgust for the whole thing and they do not learn much. I know that was my experience when I was in the common schools myself. I began in the district school in the country, and afterwards went to the village school, where they had higher school, and I noticed it was easy to discourage children, although we were taught only the essentials—only a few things."

"You cannot teach children by applying a standard that only the brightest can conform to or keep pace with. I think a large percentage of the children in our schools are just submerged—they just about have their noses above water, struggling to breathe. They have more than they can do."

"We try to teach them too much, and the result is they come out with a superficial knowledge about a lot of things, but no accurate knowledge about anything. And another view of it is that this over-educating of them make them disinclined to work with their hands. That I am absolutely certain of. We are now bringing boys and girls out of the common schools who are taught so much that they won't work any longer with their hands. They simply say that they won't, that they have been educated. They say, 'Let other people work with their hands, and we will work with our heads.' And the girls refuse to do housework. That is all there is to it."

Shortage of Workers. "It is bad for the country. There is a shortage of workers all over the country. Those born here and brought up in the schools, won't work with their hands. At all events, they don't want to work. Now, I think a system of education that produces that result is a failure. And I think our system in the large cities is very largely producing that result. I feel certain of it from my experience."

"Now, I have said this to you more to have you think it over and see whether I am right or wrong about it. If I am right, why, it is a thing for mature deliberation. We all know people engaged in a particular thing, if they are good, zealous people, are prone all the time to overdo it, to keep adding to it, making it bigger. It is their hobby, so to speak. Therefore, all of us engaged in any particular thing ought to confer with others, and see whether we are going too far. We are reaching a lot of things here that are not necessary. I think, to make good citizens and citizens who will think intelligently to be able to vote well and at the same time be willing to work."

"Now, that is what I wanted to say to you. We are teaching languages in the schools. I would like to meet one child that has come out of the schools knowing a language from being taught it in our schools. I mention this as an instance. Could mention other things. They are refinements. If there are any who have ever learned German or French in these schools, even to read and understand it, I would like them to come in and talk to me."

READY TO TRY SANFORD. ALBANY, Dec. 6.—Governor Dix today appointed William B. Hornbourn, of New York City, a commissioner to hear the charges made against Rollin B. Sanford, District Attorney of Albany County, by the Civic League of Albany. The charges are based on Sanford's testimony before the Albany Probe Committee.

TRAINS PILE UP IN DOUBLE WRECK

Six Killed When P. R. R. Express Plows Into Derailed Freight. MANOR, Pa., Dec. 6.—In a double wreck, one following closely upon the other, at Devils Bend, about half a mile east of here, this morning, six men met death, and about half a dozen others were more or less seriously injured.

The second accident claimed all the lives, and it occurred as a direct result of the first.

Either a flagman blundered or speed limits were exceeded, causing one freight train to telescope another. The dead are: Frank Daly, engineer of the express train, and five unknown men who were in the express cars.

John Myers, fireman, was injured, perhaps fatally. Twenty-six out of twenty-seven valuable horses, which were being carried in one of the express cars, were killed. The wreck was due, primarily, to the stalling of an extra westbound freight. A second extra freight, which followed, ran into the rear of the first. Both trains left the tracks.

Before flagmen could be hurried back to give warning, the fast Chicago express, No. 17, carrying nothing but express, rushed along the westbound passenger track into the wreckage of the freights. The express train was thrown from the rails and went over a twenty-foot embankment.

REYES SOURCE OF ALARM TO MADERO

U. S. Secret Service Continues to Balk Revolutionists—Arrest Vaquero. MEXICO CITY, Dec. 6.—General Bernardo Reyes is today believed to be in the north of Mexico, fomenting revolution. Reports from San Antonio state that he has not been seen there for some days, and it is stated at his home that he is "not well." This is believed here to be a subterfuge to conceal the fact that he has already crossed the border.

The government is also exercised over the lynching of "Che" Gomez, a former rebel, and eight of his followers at Rincon Antonio, Oaxaca. The former revolutionist was on his way here, supposedly under safe conduct from Madero, when he was taken from a train and hanged by a number of the men who had formerly been in his command. They claimed he had betrayed them to Madero. The mob then paraded the streets crying "Viva Oaxaca Libre" and "Death to Madero."

People Angered at Madero. There is much excitement locally as well as indignation because of the alleged suspension of guarantees in time of peace.

Special dispatches from Merida appear to confirm the shooting without process at Helacho in the State of Yucatan of thirteen rebels captured by State troops from Campeche, who had crossed into Yucatan to put down an uprising there. Uprisings are also reported at Hootan and in the district of Texas, east and south of Merida.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Dec. 6.—Federal officers today began a systematic search for General Reyes, the Mexican revolutionary leader, who is alleged to have "skipped his bond" and re-entered Mexico. It is probable that a search warrant will be issued this afternoon, and his home, where he is said to be ill, searched.

Open revolt against the Madero government has broken out near Parral and at San Andreas, west of Chihuahua City in the State of Chihuahua. Advances of the outbreak were received from Acting Governor A. S. Gonzalez by the officials in Juarez this afternoon. Although the two movements are independent, they are expected to crystallize into a Revista movement.

Jose Chavira in Lead. Jose Chavira, right bower to Gen. Pancho Villa in the Madero revolution, is leading the "An Andressa" outbreak. The leader of the Parral outbreak is not known, but it is reported from Chihuahua that there are forty armed men in the field near the mining town.

The revolutionaries are raiding cattle ranches, killing bees for food and taking whatever they wish from the ranch and haciendas. They do not claim to be especially for Reyes, but demand that the debts due the people of Chihuahua, unpaid by the Madero government, be paid, or they will continue their activities. The broken promises of Madero and his revolutionary leaders have been the principal cause of the independent outbreaks.

REFLECT COM. GOVERNMENT. OLYMPIA, Wash., Dec. 6.—The complete Republican ticket was elected here yesterday. Among the Socialist candidates were two women. The commission form of government was rejected by 85 votes.

EXPECT TROUBLE IN INDIA FOR GEORGE V. Carefully Guard Their Majesties Against Chance of Damage. BOMBAY, Dec. 6.—George V and Mary, his wife, accompanied by the white staff and a host of princelings, left today for Delhi, the spectacular Durbar will be held next Tuesday. As the monarchs train left the station, the monarchs a royal salute and hundreds of natives and Englishmen bade rulers a noisy farewell.

The railroad officials have taken every precaution to insure the safety of the royal train during its journey northward, and the government has informed the local princes through whose states it will pass, that they personally will be held responsible for untoward incidents.

A pilot engine preceded the train and soldiers were stationed at frequent intervals along the route. The rousing send-off which the monarchs gave the King and Queen at the station today was due largely, doubt, to the hope of early news from the attentions of the police, who have been driving the inhabitants of the Indian quarter to distraction by their continual inspections and searches.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—English officers fear that the burning of the King's reception tent at Delhi yesterday casts an outbreak before the Durbar ceremony is completed. Hourly bulletins of the royal train progress between Bombay and Delhi are being received at the home office.

FORM FEDERATION TO RECLAIM SWAMP LANDS. CHICAGO, Dec. 6.—Separation of drainage from irrigation and the creation of a separate national commission to consider reclamation of swamps was decided upon by the National Reclamation Congress here today. It was decided that delegates invited in drainage should affiliate with American Reclamation Federation. A special meeting of this organization will be held tomorrow.

President Edmund T. Perkins of the federation, asserted today that there are approximately 79,000,000 acres of swamp land in the United States which are reclaimed at an enormous gain in national wealth.

FOR PRINTING CITY RECORD. Bills for printing the City Record for 1912 were opened by the Board of City Record this morning. The Board of City Record, which is headed by Mayor John B. Brown, Company was the highest bidder on the various items, figures being about 6 per cent above those of the Lecocover Press, which is printing the City Record, and William Bratter & Co. also submitted a bid.

It is estimated that the cost of printing the City Record next year will be about \$145,000, against \$130,000 this year.

EARLY ANNOUNCEMENT. MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 6.—G. A. Bading, former Milwaukee Health Commissioner, this afternoon formally announced his candidacy for Mayor at the spring election as a nonpartisan or citizens' ticket. Bading, who is now in Cuba, dedicating himself in a cablegram. The result at Los Angeles is supposed to have caused the announcement at this time.

COOPER UNION. Thursday Eve., Dec. 7, 1911. First Course of Popular Lectures by Marum Quartet. Assisted by PAOLO GALLES, Pianist.

P. G. AUTHORITIES WILL HEAD PROBE

(Continued from page 1.) wise escape if they were indicted in Indiana. It is not likely that there will be any further criminal proceedings in Los Angeles County, so far as the dynamiting cases are concerned, with the exception of the so-called Hall of Records cases. They are to be called next Monday and will probably be quickly disposed of.

Lawyer to Head Work. In addition to saving some money, District Attorney Fredericks and his assistants are convinced the federal courts can do quicker work, so all of the evidence gathered by the county and the Burns people for use in the McNamara cases has been turned over to Oscar Lawler and his picked men. It will all be taken up by the federal officials, and there is no attempt made to hide the fact that Lawler expects the indictment of at least a dozen San Francisco labor leaders.

Behind the entire probe is the hope of framing the men who among the labor leaders of the country favor "direct action" and who are pledged to "passive resistance." Names of international chiefs were freely bandied about in the Government Building today, and it was prophesied that some at least will be under indictment here within a week.

This will reopen the whole controversy, whether labor chiefs as a body have advocated and condoned violence, and it is already being charged here that the big business interests of the country plan to take advantage of the government's activity to try to break up the American Federation of Labor.

J. B. Gets Summons. Late this afternoon Deputy Sheriff Dan Crowley served on J. B. McNamara, in the county jail, a summons as a "John Doe" defendant in the case of "John D. Sawyer, John S. M. Sawyer, and Marjorie Sawyer, against the Western Union Telegraph Company, the Times Mirror Printing and Publishing Company, and the Los Angeles Gas and Electric Company, in which \$80,000 damages are alleged for the death of B. L. Sawyer, a Western Union telegraph operator, in the building at 21st street and Broadway, which was blown up on October 1, 1910.

When the suit was filed there were a number of "John Does" and "Mary Dues" defendants, and the service today on J. B. McNamara serves to take the place of one of these fictitious defendants. When the papers were served, John J. and J. B. McNamara were sitting in their cells smoking. J. B.'s only reply to the service was: "Good: fine business; let them go to it."

The move on the part of the plaintiffs in this case will have no effect whatever on the McNamara being taken North to serve their sentence.

PHILIPPINES UNPAID. MANILA, Dec. 6.—Running fights between American troops continue in the vicinity of Jolo. The Moros lost twenty killed in the recent battles and many of their guns were captured. There were a few casualties, but no fatalities, among the Americans.

TEA. When going shopping and when you return home try the wholesome stimulus of the pure White Rose CEYLON TEA. One Quality—the Best.

The English Branch of the Ladies' Waist and Dress Makers' Union will hold its second meeting at the sub-office of the union, 6 East 17th street, at 8:30 o'clock Thursday evening. Thirty charter members, enrolled at the first meeting, and all English speaking waist makers are asked to attend Thursday's meeting.

"NEVER SAY DIE!" IS MOTTO OF DR. DOTY

Health Officer, as Ax Is Poisoned, Answers Bulger Recommendation.

Dr. Alvah H. Doty, Health Officer of the port, whose dismissal has been recommended by Commissioner Charles N. Bulger...

In the statement, given out by his counsel, George Gordon Battle, Dr. Doty says that in view of the publicity given to Commissioner Bulger's report, he believes that justice to himself requires that an answer be made.

Dr. Doty reviews his work as Health Officer since 1909, when the office of Quarantine Commissioner was abolished and he became responsible for the business details of the service as well as the medical work.

He has made, he says, other changes and improvements which have placed the work of quarantine on a high plane of scientific efficiency.

This work as well as the medical administration of the office has been carried on, he says, with the advice and consultation of the Advisory Board and with the approval of the board.

There is not the scintilla of evidence to support Commissioner Bulger's extraordinary statement, said Mr. Battle. The Commissioner never requested Dr. Doty to appear.

BERLIN LOCKOUT ENDED

BERLIN, Dec. 6.—The lockout of metal workers which began on November 30 and affected between 50,000 and 60,000 men ceased today.

McCann's Hats

Advertisement for McCann's Hats, featuring the text 'Always the best and cheapest. HIS BOWLEY' and 'UNION LABELS'.

Advertisement for Workingmen, Do Your Duty, with the text 'This is the Label of the United Hatters of North America.'

COLD STORE TRUST BOOSTING PRICES

Speculation in Foodstuffs Adds Greatly to Increased Cost of Living.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—That cold storage has increased the cost of living and is conducive to speculating in foodstuffs are conclusions reached by Secretary of Agriculture Wilson...

Secretary Wilson reports his investigation established the fact that 71.2 per cent of the fresh beef received into cold storage in the year 1909-10 was delivered within three months—"delivered" being the technical word for taking out of storage—28.8 per cent of the fresh mutton; 95.2 per cent of the fresh pork; 75.7 per cent of the poultry; 40.2 per cent of the butter; 14.3 per cent of the eggs; and 35.5 per cent of the fish.

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At a time when there was a plenty of eggs in storage the wholesale price of eggs soared to 46 cents in November and December and to 45½ cents in New York for nearby State eggs.

There was an apparent mistake of the storage men in overestimating the consumption of the public at exorbitant prices, because so large was the unsold quantity at the beginning of the next egg year in the spring of 1911 that the wholesale price of eggs fell in April to 18½ cents in Boston and New York, and the storage men dumped on the foreign market the greatest quantity of eggs ever exported from this country in a year.

Enormous Figures. The report says from the returns made by cold storage warehouses, it is inferable that the fresh beef, fresh mutton, fresh pork, poultry, butter, eggs and fish received into cold storage in a year amounts to a weight of at least 1,000,000,000 pounds, and very likely to 250,000,000 more.

Farm Prices Decline. For the first time in many years, the total value of farm products has declined from that of the preceding year. The estimate for 1911 is based on the census items and is \$8,417,000,000, or \$277,000,000 under the total for 1910.

Insurance. All companies. Write for rates. Edward J. Dutton, 17 William St.

Fire Insurance. THE HATTERS. Write for rates. Edward J. Dutton, 17 William St.

Advertisement for Callahan, featuring the text 'THE HATTERS. Write for rates. Edward J. Dutton, 17 William St.'

Advertisement for Workingmen, Do Your Duty, with the text 'This is the Label of the United Hatters of North America.'

UNION WORKERS! DON'T OVERLOOK THIS!

Our Mid Season Clearance Sale! Owing to the fact that we have an unusually large stock of desirable goods to dispose of we are offering...

Advertisement for Suits and Overcoats for \$17, featuring the text 'Suits and Overcoats \$17 in every shade and weave, to order.'

Jacobs & Harris 77-79 Tailor St., New York City. Near 2nd and 3rd Ave. L. Station. Five per cent discount to Union Workers.

price, and this general fact, notwithstanding the other general fact that production was low, makes about ten crops of 1911 the most valuable ones of the same kind that the farms of this country have ever produced.

Concluding his statement on the subject of cold storage, Secretary Wilson says: "This is no indictment of the men who keep foods in cold storage, except in so far as they sometimes speculate, nor need they be indicted for offenses in order that the public economic interest in their business may be made to appear."

FIND JOKER IN TAFT ESTIMATE DECREASE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Characterizing the annual book of estimates submitted to Congress on Monday by the Taft Administration as "misleading" and "shocking," and as indicating increases in desired appropriations rather than economies, Representative Fitzgerald...

On the face of the estimates submitted to Congress on Monday, there was an apparent saving of about \$21,000,000. But Mr. Fitzgerald says that instead of a saving, there is an actual increase of nearly \$21,000,000.

ASK DOLLAR A DAY FOR WAR VETERANS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The Sherwood bill, granting pensions of \$1 a day to veterans of the Civil War, will be passed in the House before the holidays. A statement to this effect was made today by Representative Underwood.

MARBLE STRIKE MAKES TWO FIRMS BANKRUPT

The Robert C. Fisher Company, of Locust avenue, between 138th and 140th streets, one of the best known concerns in the marble business, and the Manhattan Marble Company, at the same address, of which Robert C. Fisher is president, were put into bankruptcy yesterday as a result of the strike of the marble setters which has been going on four months.

TURKS ATTACK BULGARIANS

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 6.—Serious rioting has taken place at Istib, a town in European Turkey, about ninety miles north of Saloniki, in consequence of a bomb outrage in a mosque there on December 4, when twelve persons were killed and twenty wounded.

CLASSY PROTEST 'GAINST NICHOLAS

Representative Gathering in Carnegie Hall Demands Action by Congress.

Carnegie Hall was packed to its utmost capacity with men and women of all classes, creeds and nationalities to protest against Russia's persistent discrimination against the American citizens of Jewish and other faiths and practically all the speakers of the evening were unanimous for the abrogation of the treaty with Russia.

Andrew D. White, former Ambassador to Russia, made a lengthy address, telling of his relations with the rulers and the great men of that country and counseled caution. To abrogate the treaty before trying to adjust it seemed to him a grave error.

Gov. Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey, said he did not see why Russia should respect this country, which for forty years permitted Russia to go on discriminating against American citizens without any serious steps being taken to protest.

William G. McAdoo, chairman of the Executive Committee of the National Citizens' Committee, which arranged the meeting, before introducing former Ambassador White, read the following manifesto: "The great seal of the United States of America attached to a passport ought to be honored by every friendly civilized government, regardless of the creed or race of the holder."

Shanghai, Dec. 6.—Dr. Wu Tingfang, former Minister to Washington, who has allied himself with the revolutionists, in an interview today stated that the dynasty is doomed.

London, Dec. 6.—Five thousand rebel troops from the province of Kiangsu are marching toward Peking, according to dispatches received here late today.

LADIES' TAILORS HOLD GOOD MASS MEETING

The Ladies' Tailors and Dressmakers' Union, Local 88, held a successful mass meeting at Cooper Union on Monday night to discuss plans of carrying on the fight against the several concerns who violated the union agreements and to outline plans for the work for the next season.

UNEARTH SKELETONS OF WARRIORS ON FARM

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 6.—Two hundred human skeletons were discovered today on the farm of Enoch Hayes, near this city. It is believed the place was an Indian burying ground or the scene of a battle between the Indians and white men in pioneer days.

REGENT DEPOSED BY CHINESE PREMIER

Banishment of Prince Chun Follows Demand of the Revolutionists.

PEKING, Dec. 6.—Prince Chun has been deposed as Regent by order of Premier Yuan Shi Kai. The removal of the Regent has been demanded repeatedly by the revolutionists.

PEKING, Dec. 6.—No tears are shed here, even by the Manchus, over the downfall of the Regent, Prince Chun, who abdicated today, but it is yet too early to gauge the effect on the revolutionists or to say how they will interpret it.

The edict fixes the allowance of Prince Chun at 50,000 taels, or about \$30,000 a year. HONGKONG, Dec. 6.—A detachment of French troops consisting of 200 men of the Colonial Infantry and a battery of four guns arrived here today and afterward sailed for Peking.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 6.—Dr. Wu Tingfang, former Minister to Washington, who has allied himself with the revolutionists, in an interview today stated that the dynasty is doomed.

London, Dec. 6.—The sale of the library of the Rev. Augustus Jessop, D. D., was continued at Sotheby's. A copy of the "Poems by John Keats," the first edition of his first book in the original boards, uncut, with the paper label, but slightly injured, published in 1817, sold for \$895.

EVERY BONE BROKEN WHEN TRAIN HIT HIM

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 6.—Nourse was killed by the Twentieth Century Limited in front of the station this morning.

TO SHOW AMERICAN PAINTINGS

At the MacDowell Club, 108 West 56th street, beginning next week, an exhibition of paintings by prominent young American artists will be held, to last until the day after Christmas.

TO DECIDE BARNES CASE

ALBANY, Dec. 6.—December 15 has been decided upon by the Court of Appeals as the day when it will hear arguments on the question as to whether or not William Barnes, Jr., chairman of the Republican State Committee must answer certain questions of the Hayes Legislative Investigating Committee.

UNKNOWN MURDERER SHOOT 3 NEGROES

Father and Two Children Found by Wife Dead in Field.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Dec. 6.—Dan Pettibone, a negro farmer, living near Savannah, Tenn., his son and daughter were found murdered in their cotton field Sunday last, and the fact that a load of newly picked cotton, upon which Pettibone had evidently just climbed, was partly burned, gave a star to the rumor that the three had been done to death and burned by a mob.

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AGED GEM VENDER SLAIN IN LOFT

Isaac S. Vogel Murdered in Canal St. Building and Engineer and Elevator Boy Arrested.

Some one with a hammer beat in the head of Isaac S. Vogel, an elderly jewelry dealer, in the empty, locked six-story loft building at 125 Canal street during the still hours of the night.

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DRINKS FIGURE IN LORIMER INQUIRY

Senator Wants to Know Probable Effect of Rather Long Drink.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Four witnesses were heard before the select committee of the Senate investigating Committee charges of corruption in connection with the election of Senator Lorimer. The investigation was delivered at the outset today by a discussion as to highballs, the formula for making them and as to the size of the drink and how many drinks are necessary to make a man drunk.

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LEGAL NOTICE

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK. In presence of a Judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and returned against the estate of William B. Gresham, deceased, by the Mortgagee, J. B. O'Brien & Co., in and to the effect that the said estate of said William B. Gresham, deceased, is liable to pay to the said J. B. O'Brien & Co., the sum of \$10,000 and interest thereon, and that the said J. B. O'Brien & Co., are entitled to have the said estate of said William B. Gresham, deceased, sold and the proceeds thereof applied to the payment of the said debt, and that the said J. B. O'Brien & Co., are entitled to have the said estate of said William B. Gresham, deceased, sold and the proceeds thereof applied to the payment of the said debt, and that the said J. B. O'Brien & Co., are entitled to have the said estate of said William B. Gresham, deceased, sold and the proceeds thereof applied to the payment of the said debt.

Advertisement for Every Bone Broken When Train Hit Him, featuring the text 'TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 6.—Nourse was killed by the Twentieth Century Limited in front of the station this morning.'

Advertisement for To Show American Paintings, featuring the text 'At the MacDowell Club, 108 West 56th street, beginning next week, an exhibition of paintings by prominent young American artists will be held, to last until the day after Christmas.'

LOYD GEORGE BILL TO PASS COMMONS

Industrial Insurance Expected to Have Majority, Then Go to Lords.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—David Lloyd George's industrial insurance bill is expected to pass the House of Commons tonight by a comfortable majority.

Workers and Bosses Taxed.

For the health insurance, every male laborer whose wages exceed 50 cents a day is subject to a compulsory contribution of 8 cents a week, which is deducted from his pay.

Wives Get \$15 at Childbirth.

The wives of insured workmen are to receive \$15 at childbirth, and an additional benefit of \$15 if she herself is insured.

HENRY FRAHME TRUSSMAKER

1000 84 Ave. Bet. 84th & 85th Sts.

George Oberdorfer

3393 EIGHTH AVENUE Near 128th Street

FRANK'S Department Store

100 COR. 83D ST. & AVE. A, N. Y.

Thomas G. Hunt

MARGARET H. SANGER

WORLD CREATION SHOWS DESIGN

Father Vaughan Says Philosophers Alone Explain Divine Scheme and Admonish Science.

TORONTO, Ontario, Dec. 6.—Father Bernard Vaughan, the London Jesuit who remarks on Protestantism being a soulless religion stirred up trouble, was the guest of the Canadian Club at dinner at noon today.

"What has science to tell us? She says that this puny, petty intellect, set in the vast archipelago, on whose surface man finds his temporary dwelling place, was once a ball of fire, thrown off from a ball still bigger, which gradually, as it rotated on its axis and swept around the sun, began to cool, till there was spun and woven its present coat of many colors."

GAYNOR'S UNHAPPY MUNICIPAL FAMILY

As an aftermath of the street cleaners' strike, there is an enormous dissatisfaction among the employees of the department, especially the sweepers.

DECLARE OFF STRIKE OF SNOW HAULERS

The strike of the snow haulers, which was called last Tuesday as a protest against Mayor Gaynor's stand in breaking the strike of the street cleaners, was declared off yesterday.

WON'T JAIL IMPORTER

Judge Holt Refuses to Imprison Him for Undervaluation of Furs.

M. & A. KATZ DEPARTMENT STORE

631-633 Third Ave., near 51st St. NEW YORK.

Bronx Preparatory School

1611 WASHINGTON AVENUE, Near Webster.

Gustav Stiglitz

WASHERS, DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY.

COURT STRIKES AT SOCIALISTS

Attempts to Block Reforms Recently Introduced in City of Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 6.—The Wisconsin Supreme Court has rushed to the defense of the present order of society, and has attempted to block the Socialists in their attempts to introduce decent municipal government.

The court in decisions declared the best idea of the administration illegal, threw several officers out of office and decided against the administration's efforts to collect \$15 a car license fee for ten years, with which the administration expected to bring in nearly \$200,000 from the traction company.

MEETINGS TODAY

MANHATTAN AND BRONX. Business Meetings. Branch 2 Executive Committee—22 Rutgers street.

ERON PREP. SCHOOL

185-187 EAST BROADWAY. Commercial, Regents, College and Civil Service Courses. Day and Evening.

MEETINGS TODAY

MANHATTAN AND BRONX. Business Meetings. Branch 2 Executive Committee—22 Rutgers street.

SOCIALISTS ELECT TWO COUNCILMEN

BREMERTON, Wash., Dec. 6.—The Socialists elected two Councilmen in yesterday's election and narrowly missed carrying into office their entire city ticket.

MEAT CUTTERS' LOCAL 11

Local 11 will hold its regular meeting tonight at headquarters, Walling Hall, 408 West 41st street.

DRINK "PETER BREW"

The Wm. Peter Brewing Co. BREWERY HILL, N. Y.

OUR QUALITY LATEST BEST PRICES LOWEST Complete House Furnishers M. SIDELNIK & CO. 45-47 Avenue A, Near 3d Street, New York

BRIDGE CROWDS SEE MAN KILLED BY FALL

Crowds of persons around the Brooklyn Bridge terminal and City Hall Park were shocked yesterday afternoon when an unidentified man was seen falling from the dome of the World Building.

The force of the fall killed the man instantly. He struck on his head and shoulders breaking in the heavy metal hood of the automobile. The motor under the hood was put out of commission.

BUTCHERS' UNION NO. 211

Louis Mayer, 374 Flushing avenue, Louis Stutz & Son, Broadway and E. 11th street, and Henry Lotz, 9-11 Chauncey street, refuse to sign agreements with their organization.

CUSTOMS POWERLESS BEFORE BIG CROWDS

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 6.—Complete reorganization of the custom service in this city was urged this afternoon in the reports of the two Federal Grand Jurors which have been investigating alleged sugar frauds here.

"We recommend," says the report, "that the Department of Justice reorganize the custom service here and the bringing of civil action to recover losses to the government, if possible."

RAND SCHOOL NEWS.

Tonight begins the next course in the new curriculum, "Theory of Socialism and the Labor Movement."

Classified Advertisements SMALL ADS THAT BRING RESULTS. Try an insertion in The Call, the most closely read daily paper.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—West Side.

AMSTERDAM AVE. 1743-4 rooms, clean, light, airy; polished floors; \$22.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—East Side.

PARK AVE. 1884—Large single floor, 7 light rooms, bath, steam heat, \$18.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

221 ST. 221 E.—Large, sunny room, with complete furniture, all conveniences.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—Bronx.

TAKENNA AVE. 1200—Four light rooms, bath, steam heat, \$12-16.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

221 ST. 221 E.—Large, sunny room, with complete furniture, all conveniences.

UNDERTAKERS.

Dockrell's Funerals No Funeral \$35 Up No One Too Poor To Suffer.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Mrs. Ida Husted Harper will give an informal talk on woman suffrage this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Wear the TRIEBITZ SHOE The Home of Satisfaction. 1734 Pitkin Ave. Opp. Postoffice.

C. O. LOEBEL UP-TO-DATE Union Hatter and Men's Furnisher, 1205 WYKIN AVENUE, BROOKLYN.

CO-OPERATIVE PRESS GEO. J. SPEYER, Printer

Call Advertisers' Directory Physical Culture Restaurants MACFADDEN'S NEW YORK CITY.



All announcements and other matter intended for publication in this department must positively be in this office by noon of the day preceding that on which it is to appear.

Y. P. Socialist Federation. The Educational Organization Committee of the Young People's Socialist Federation will meet tonight at 7:30 o'clock at 112 East 19th street.

Brooklyn. Business Meetings. 2d A. D. Branch 2—257 High street.

New Jersey. Jersey City. The 5th Ward Branch meets tonight at 169 Monticello avenue.

PHILA. CAMPAIGN FUND. The following donations have been made to the Socialist party campaign funds since the list sent on November 29, 1911:

Barbers Journeymen's Union, No. 104 \$3.00 Brewery Firemen's Union, No. 255 10.00 Total \$13.00

THE TWO "GREATEST JURISTS"

In the annals of capitalist judgements in the United States, the two greatest authorities are Marshall and Story. Volumes have been written of their profound learning and their great integrity.

The Call

Devoted to the interests of the Working People. Published daily and Sunday by the Workingmen's Co-operative Publishing Association...

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, No. 341.

LEST WE FORGET

For the last year or two we have been hearing a good deal of "How They Do It in Milwaukee," and now it seems that a new chapter is opening...

For a power greater than that wielded by the municipality of Milwaukee has intervened to undo as far as possible what the Socialists have already done...

That power, needless to say, is the State government, and that it would exercise its power was by no means unexpected by the Milwaukee Socialists...

The State Supreme Court, therefore—a body essentially devoted to capitalist interests—has decided that the Socialists had no power to engage a paving expert from New York...

The suit of the city for back taxes amounting to \$187,000 against the local traction company has been dismissed by the same body. They have also decided that the reduction of the salary of the chiefs of the police and fire departments...

Thus, as the press dispatch exultingly states, "The pet projects of the Socialists have been turned to ashes."

This notification that we have to capture the powers of the State is timely, not that we are in danger of forgetting it, but that it might be temporarily lost sight of in municipal activities.

We need such reminders from time to time, and our enemies will be always ready to jog our memories on such matters.

We are fighting the battle upon the rules they have laid down. First the city, then the State, and finally the nation.

Thus, as the press dispatch exultingly states, "The pet projects of the Socialists have been turned to ashes." But out of the ashes the Socialist phoenix will arise more powerful than before.

This notification that we have to capture the powers of the State is timely, not that we are in danger of forgetting it, but that it might be temporarily lost sight of in municipal activities.

Our enemies taunted us years ago that we could not even capture the "villages"; that we had no show. We have shown them some already; we shall show them some more.

Our "village" projects may be reduced to "ashes" again and again, and probably will. But that does not mean that the struggle is over, but that it is only really commencing.

THE SPOILS OF VICTORY

It is evident that the employers look upon the conviction of the McNamaras as only the beginning of certain work they desire to do. At present, there is a lot of vague talk about arresting other men, and rumors of investigations are thick everywhere.

Not only do men of the stamp of Parry, Post and Kirby desire to destroy the unions, but there are thousands of others who would be as outspoken if they deemed it politic. Now, under cover of the recent conviction of two union labor men, these persons are coming forward with their little programs.

"Trade unions must purge themselves of vicious and incompetent leaders." "Violence must be abandoned." "Between capital and labor, there must be harmony."

So, in order to get harmony, after the unions are purged of incompetent and vicious leaders, the employers are going to smash the unions themselves.

Of course, at this point, it would be perfectly justifiable for the unions to demand that the employers purge their ranks of incompetent, vicious and criminal members. The proportion of such is enormous, and it is through their vicious and criminal methods that they grow rich.

But union workers can scarcely make such a demand as this, as it is these very men who are now clamorously shrieking out against organized labor and anticipating the time when they will be able to wipe the unions out of existence.

The unions themselves, so long as they hold to their present policy, are crippled, and if they stand by that policy much longer, they are going to be killed.

This conviction of the McNamaras is not a calamity. There is nothing could have been more timely and fortunate. It is a warning, it is a chance to get on the right road, and it comes at the very period when the unions are in desperate need of understanding what is the right road.

They have tried to compromise and tried to terrorize. They have failed in both. Individual leaders have been successful, through the friendship of capital and labor. But the more they succeed, the more detrimental they become to the working class.

They are going to be hammered. That is certain. But no one can destroy the unions except the workers themselves, and the workers can destroy them only if they hold to their present vacillating, half-hearted, cowardly course.



Letters to the Editor

SHALL WE BE LAW ABIDING? Editor of The Call: In a letter in the Milwaukee Social Democratic Herald, for November 25, one of the members of our National Executive Committee, who is also our senior representative on the International Socialist Bureau...

We have reason to know that Comrade Hillquit is entirely right when he tells us: "There are numbers of capitalist agencies in this country steadily and closely watching the utterances of our party as well as those of its writers and speakers."

Assuming that Comrade Hillquit is correct in his startling discovery that non-resistance is a cardinal Socialist doctrine, we cannot quarrel with his conclusion: "If Comrades of the prominence of William D. Haywood and Frank Bohn publicly proclaim a doctrine so indefensible and so much at variance with the accepted Socialist position, it should be disavowed in our party lines, promptly and emphatically."

But it appears there is a limit to the patience and submissiveness of this Apostle of Passive Obedience. There is one thing that will raise him to the fighting point, and that is the attempt to rob him of the spoils of political office.

As a matter of hard fact, barricade fighting in the streets is as much of a back number as would be using stone hatchets against machine guns on a modern battlefield.

Consistency, then, are a jewel! Our present laws are class laws. "Capitalist laws made to enslave the workers" and yet these same laws have established regular and lawful methods for the purpose of overthrowing class rule!

Comrade Hillquit continues his eloquent inculcation of the Tolstoin gospel of non-resistance as follows: "To preach to the workers law-breaking and violence is ethically unjustifiable and tactically suicidal."

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is a monstrosity from a Socialist point of view, and I challenge him to name a single Socialist of standing who has ever advocated it. His invocation of the names of Marx and Engels and his references to the history of the Socialist movement can be the result only of insufficient knowledge...

There are two facts that I think are worth while to bear in mind in continuing the discussion. One is, that in citing the experiences of Russia and Ireland to bolster up on arguments for violence that they resorted to violence because they had no other weapon...

The other fact is that when talking about Socialists and non-Socialists we should not consider the terms synonymous with working class and capitalist class.

There are quite goodly numbers of the working class yet who are not Socialists, and I do not think that Comrade Hillquit had his eye upon the bourgeois near-Socialist when he said "beware."

Her words imply that she would like to add them to violence and then run them into the Socialist camp. I wonder what, at this stage of organization, we should do with them if such a stampede occurred.

I think there might be something to say about the "torture wheels" of Socialism, if such a thing should happen. But it will not happen, and nothing will happen unless we stop centering our minds and actions on others of thinking only of a little bunch of people styled "bourgeois near-Socialists."

Comrade Hillquit's appeal to "democracy" is entirely out of place. So far law has very seldom been the result of "democracy."

OUR LITERATURE Editor of The Call: The publication of the views of the candidates for the National Executive Committee was a new departure in our methods of doing business.

Each candidate should state his or her views on party tactics and then trust to the wisdom of the membership to select the best and wisest men to carry on the administration of the party.

It was unfortunate that the matter of the pamphlets and books was injected into the discussion and while giving due credit to Morris Hillquit for his great services to the Socialist movement in the past...

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