

The emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.

The Call

The Weather.

RAINY AND COLDER.

600 FRANK STREET, NEW YORK.

Devoted to the Interests of the Working People.

ESTABLISHED 1890 WEEKLY

4.—No. 17.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JANUARY 17, 1911.

Price, Two Cents.

MOST OUTRAGEOUS CHARGES MAKE AN ADMIRAL QUIT NAVY

Commander Barry Pleads With His Officers for Silence.

TALE OF CABIN BOY

Washington Grants His Telegraphed Request for Immediate Retirement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—A scandal such as official Washington has seldom known, and one that has no duplicate in the history of the United States navy, threatened to be exposed today as the result of the hurried retirement of Rear Admiral E. B. Barry, commander of the Pacific fleet, following the filing against him by his officers of personal charges of a nature which decency demands shall only be hinted at.

The fact that Barry applied for retirement by wire and succeeded in gaining action from the Secretary of the Navy and President Taft, before the arrival here of charges mailed from San Francisco, is not expected to end the affair.

Retired a Week Ago.

When President Taft ordered Barry retired last week, nothing was known of the circumstances of the case, further than the fact that Barry, having served forty-five years, had urgently asked for immediate retirement.

Barry is still an officer of the navy, though retired, and it is believed here that his accusers will not be satisfied with the situation. Hints of a possible court-martial as a result of efforts of Barry's accusers to force him entirely out of the navy, were heard here today. It was declared unlikely, however, that anything would be done until the charges, said to have been mailed from San Francisco, are received at the Navy Department.

A court-martial or inquiry of such a nature as to bring out the details of the charges will be opposed, if possible, on the ground that it would not be good policy for the navy, but if the circumstances seem to demand such action, it is declared today that the department will not hesitate to compel a thorough airing of the whole affair.

Boy at Admiral's Door.

EXPLODING DYNAMITE INJURES 26 WORKERS

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Twenty-six men were injured, two fatally, by the explosion of a stick of dynamite in the Southwest land tunnel early today. A workman who hit the dynamite with a pick caused the explosion.

HURT JUMPING FROM BURNING SCHOOL

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 16.—Fire which broke out in the basement of the public school building at Niantic today caused a panic among the children in which Ethel Stinnett, sixteen years old, was probably fatally hurt.

ITALY EXPECTS TROUBLE, SENDS SHIP TO LISBON

ROME, Jan. 16.—The battleship *Torino* has sailed under sealed orders for an unannounced destination. It is known, however, that she is bound for Portugal. The cruiser *Liguria* is being held in readiness to follow her.

MINE FOREMAN KILLED BY BELT

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Jan. 16.—In trying to replace a belt on the machinery in the Maxwell breaker here today, Frank Osborne, foreman and one of the best known mine officials in this part of the state, was killed.

LORIMER BRIBERY CASE COMES UP WEDNESDAY

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The first word in the senate in behalf of the report of the senate committee on privileges and elections exonerating Senator Lorimer of Illinois of the charge of bribery will come from Senator Burrows, chairman of the committee, who has given notice that he will speak either Wednesday or Thursday. There will be speeches from other members of the committee in behalf of Senator Lorimer and the report of the committee.

OFFICIALS HUSTLE TO PROTECT MORGAN

Will Enforce Peace in Honduras to Insure His Dividends.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—That J. P. Morgan has made his proposed loan of \$10,000,000 to Honduras conditional upon the restoration of order in that country, is the belief here today.

Redoubled activity of the state department, through which arrangements for the loan were made last week, in regard to Honduras, immediately followed the arrival of Morgan in this city Saturday night.

The gunboat *Topeka*, detached a week ago from the Honduras patrol, was ordered to return to that coast. She will join the *Marietta*, which relieved her, in watching the movements of the Hornet, the revolutionists' warship. This vessel sailed from New Orleans before Christmas. She is now equipped with guns, and is the chief strength of Manuel Bonilla, the revolutionary leader.

The state department has again vigorously warned President Cabrera, of Guatemala, that he will be called to account for any breach of the Washington neutrality.

NEGRO CRIMINAL IS SENTENCED TO DEATH

OXFORD, N. C., Jan. 16.—In a special term before Judge C. W. Ward today Nathan Montague, charged with the murder of J. Laton Saunders, his niece, Irene Overton and his daughter, Millie Saunders, criminally assaulting the latter and setting fire to the house over the dead bodies, was tried, convicted, and sentenced to die on February 15. The courtroom was packed and the negro was protected by a military guard and a gatling gun placed at the door of the room, for fear that attempts at lynching, which had been formerly tried, might be repeated. The murder was committed December 19, at the Saunders' home, near Hester. When the dead bodies were found in the burning house a knife, which is alleged to have been the property of Montague, was also found covered with blood. It was known that the negro had assisted at a hog-killing, at which Miss Saunders was present, and a posse was immediately sent for him.

MINE FIRE WHICH KILLED TWO LOCATED

BUTTE, Mont., Jan. 16.—The fire which broke out in the Anaconda group of mines Saturday night, causing the death of two men by gas suffocation, has been definitely located today and Manager Gillie believes it will be under control in a few days.

\$7,500 VERDICT FOR WOMAN HIT BY TROLLEY

A jury in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, yesterday awarded Mrs. Sadie Glusbiner a verdict for \$7,500 in her suit against the Brooklyn, Queens County and Suburban Railroad Company for personal injuries, in December, 1907, while crossing the roadway at Broadway and Keop street.

CHICAGO TAILORS WINNING BIG FIGHT

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Concede Union Demands, 10,000 Return to Work.

(Special to The Call.) CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 16.—A partial settlement in the garment strike, by which 10,000 strikers will return to work during the week, has been reached. The firm of Hart, Schaffner & Marx, which was the cause of the present struggle, settled its differences with its employees.

The settlement reached provides the following measures of relief to the workers:

An arbitration committee to settle all differences between the firm and its employees in the future.

FATHER 101, WORRYING OVER HIS BOY OF 76

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Jan. 16.—John M. Butler, of 32 Main street, Ocean Grove, celebrated his 101st birthday today. Lemonade and cake were served to the callers, and there were many of them. Mr. Butler was feeling poorly on account of the aches in which his boy Tom, seventy-six years old, was placed in Plainfield.

3 HURT WHEN LOAD OF COAL FALLS ON THEM

Three shovellers were badly hurt at the Wallabout canal, Brooklyn, yesterday, when a cable attached to a derrick which was hoisting coal into a car parted, and the entire load was precipitated on the heads of those below.

WHITLOCK STRICKEN WITH APPENDICITIS

TOLEDO, Ohio, Jan. 16.—Stricken with appendicitis, Mayor Brand Whitlock is being treated at his home, 629 Winthrop street. His physicians say that no operation will be necessary at this time, but that he must remain in bed several days.

CANADA PASSING EIGHT-HOUR LAW

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 16.—The eight hour bill introduced in parliament by the Laurier government was tonight passed in the committee of the whole. This means that it will be advanced to a third reading in the house of commons and passed promptly.

CALLS STANDARD OIL A THIEF AND A THUG

Some Facts the Supreme Court Will Ignore in Decision.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Extortionate profits squeezed out of the consumer, market manipulating, and oppression of competitors, were the misdeeds vigorously charged against the Standard Oil Company before the Supreme Court of the United States today by Government Counsel Frank B. Kellogg, in his second day of argument in the famous dissolution suit.

"Do you refer to the present trust or the old one?" asked Justice McKenna.

POSTAL BANK HIT NEBRASKA FINANCIERS

NEBRASKA CITY, Jan. 16.—The government postal saving bank established in Nebraska City has forced the local banking institutions to increase their interest paying rate in order to hold their time deposits.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS NOMINATES SHEEHAN

ALBANY, Jan. 16.—The Democratic joint caucus of senators and assemblymen unanimously selected William F. Sheehan tonight to be the Democratic candidate for United States senator to succeed Chauncey M. Depew on March 4 next.

TRAIN JUMPS TRACK NEAR LONG TRESTLE

The Long Island railroad electric train which left Rockaway Beach at 4:25 o'clock yesterday afternoon for the Atlantic avenue station, Brooklyn, had crossed the six mile trestle over Jamaica bay and come a hundred yards further when the first two cars jumped the track at the Rambleville station.

TOUCHED A LIVE WIRE AND DROPPED DEAD

BUFFALO, Jan. 16.—Stephen Smareck, an employe at the Lockawanna Steel Company's plant in this city, made a practice of hiding his time slip in an electric switch box at the plant.

GOLDSMITH'S TRAINING IS HELD RESPONSIBLE

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Jan. 16.—Samuel Goldsmith, traveling representative of the International Carpet Mills of New York city, was arrested here this afternoon charged with horse stealing.

INJUNCTION OUT FOR GIRL STRIKERS

300 Shirtwaist Makers Will Feel the Weight of Class Justice.

The hand of the law will be felt some time today by 300 shirtwaist makers who have been on strike at the Horowitz & Horowitz shop at 47 Mercer street for five weeks.

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FRENCH SCIENTIST FINDS NEW ELEMENT

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Addressing the Academy of Science today, M. Urbain announced the discovery of a new element which he calls actinium. He told the members of the academy that he was seeking to increase the supply of lutecium, an element which he first found two years ago.

ESCAPES PENALTY FOR KILLING GIRL

Judge Crain Dismisses Second Indictment Against Edward T. Rosenheimer.

In a lengthy decision handed down yesterday afternoon, Judge Crain, in Part II. of the Court of General Sessions, sustained the demurrer to the indictment found against Edward T. Rosenheimer, who was accused of failure to comply with the requirements of the Callan automobile law last August, when a car he was driving ran down and killed Grace Hough on the Pelham Parkway.

WENT TO KILL DUCKS

It began to look yesterday as if the troubles of Charles H. Hyde, City Chamberlain, who for several weeks stayed away from New York while graft investigators and others interested in having certain questions as to city finances, corrupt race track legislation, etc., answered, clamored for him to show up are just beginning.

WENT TO KILL DUCKS

Says There Never Was a Chamberlain Who Worked Half as Hard.

CITY TO GET HALF MILLION BACK TAXES

George W. Lynch, receiver of the Second Avenue Railroad Company, asked Supreme Court Justice O'Gorman yesterday for instructions as to the payment of the road's special franchise taxes.

WENT TO KILL DUCKS

Hyde was shown a published statement saying he had neglected his duties. He answered hotly: "That is a damned lie. There never was a Chamberlain in the city who worked as hard as I did. I was at my desk constantly before I was taken ill. I have been at my law office only once since January, 1910. Went to shoot ducks."

WENT TO KILL DUCKS

Justice O'Gorman directed the receiver to pay the \$520,586 over to the city yesterday and ruled that this payment would not be binding upon him as to the taxes for subsequent years.

STATE TREASURY \$50,000 SHORT

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 16.—An investigation into the affairs of the state treasurer's office, where there seems to be a shortage of \$50,000, was provided for in a resolution adopted by the house today.

HYDE RETURNED IN GRIEVED, PEEVED AND PIQUED MOOD

Wouldn't for Worlds Do Anything to Hurt the Mayor.

WENT TO KILL DUCKS

Says There Never Was a Chamberlain Who Worked Half as Hard.

The only ones who showed no disposition to dodge the hiding Mr. Hyde (it has not yet been proven that he is also a Jekyll) were the newspaper photographers. And every time City Chamberlain Hyde met with the flashlight brigade he made a grimace as if ready to go into hiding again.

About noon Hyde took a little trip to Mayor Gaynor's office and walked around there for two hours, showing to all interested that he had grown thinner by twenty pounds, so that his prolonged absence from the city was not in vain.

It was while waiting for the Mayor that the much thinned Chamberlain was shown a statement by Controller Prendergast which reflected on his prolonged absence.

Attacks a Sick Man.

"I have been ill," Hyde commented peevishly, "and Mr. Prendergast attacks me. He does not remember that when he was ill last summer I advised him to go away for a rest, or that I arranged to take over some of the work of his office in order that he might go with a free mind."

To which Prendergast replied: "If Hyde said that he must have been reading Baron Munchausen, he had no more to do with the conduct of my office than the Sultan of Soudan."

Hyde then grew more peevish and began to lambast little Willie Hearst, and intimated that the real purpose of the agitation against him was to embarrass Mayor Gaynor.

"The whole matter is due to Hearst," he said. "They were not really after me, nor was it to get me that I was followed; it was to get the Mayor."

Earlier in the day, Hyde talked in the same peevish tone at the Hotel Knickerbocker. He said: "I am going to my office right away, and will be at my desk all day. My nerves are not quite right. I don't mean that I am nervous, I'm not; I'm not injured, but when a man goes away, and the whole city gets into a conversation about it, it is bound to affect one's nerves. I am here on the firing line and I can go through it all right. I will explain why I went away at the opportune time."

Wouldn't Hurt the Old Man.

"Don't you think you put the Mayor in a hole?" he was asked. "I trust not," was the reply. "I would not do anything to hurt that old man. He is the best old man that ever lived. He has been my friend for twenty-two years. He may be displeased, but he will understand that I have been sick. The sole reason for my going away was that I was a sick man."

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HOLZWASSER & CO.

WE PAY FREIGHT and R. R. FARE

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3 Rooms Furnished, \$65

5 Rooms Furnished, \$148

HOME COMPLETELY FURNISHED AT \$123

Grand Rapids Furniture

OUR LIBERAL CREDIT TERMS

\$50 worth	\$.75 weekly
\$75 " "	\$1.00 " "
\$100 " "	\$1.50 " "
\$150 " "	\$2.00 " "
\$200 " "	\$2.75 " "
\$300 " "	\$4.00 " "

Our Terms Apply Also to New York, N. Y., New Jersey, Connecticut, Massachusetts and Rhode Island.

Our New Apartment, consisting of Parlor, Library, Dining Room, Bed-Room, Kitchen, with Grand Rapids Furniture, value \$500

147-123 THIRD AVE AT 80TH ST

CHIHUAHUA REBELS KEEP UP THE FIGHT

Harass Diaz's Army at Many Points Near the Border.

EL PASO, Tex., Jan. 16.—Fighting has been resumed in Northern Mexico between the rebels and the federals, and reports of three fights came through to-day from different regions, one of them over in Coahuila, which has been comparatively quiet since the first few days of the trouble. James Sharpe, who arrived here from the Mormon colonies in Chihuahua with a train of cattle today, reported fighting not far from Casas Grandes. Sharpe says:

"When we arrived in Casas Grandes we heard of agitation. A troop of 125 soldiers started out toward Galeana to intercept a band of revolutionists reported in that section. Late in the afternoon a runner came in from the scene and reported that the soldiers had engaged the enemy, who were proving too strong for them. Immediately the rest of the garrison, with one machine gun, was sent out to reinforce the soldiers. At 7 o'clock Sunday night we received word that they were still fighting at Ponce's Pasture on the road to Galeana. About 150 citizens were arrayed to protect the town of Casas Grandes in the event that it should be attacked by the revolutionists."

Official report is made at Chihuahua that another battle between seventy government volunteers, so called, and 100 revolutionists occurred at the village of Coyome on Saturday. This report reached General Hernandez, commanding the Chihuahua military zone, to-day. No details were given, but from the duration of the engagement it is presumed that the losses were considerable. Coyome is about midway between this city and Ojinaga. From Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, opposite Eagle Pass, Texas, report comes that three Mexican soldiers and two rebels were killed in a street fight at Oheyo, south of there, yesterday, according to passengers arriving there this morning over the Mexican international line.

New Shorthand Class

THE RAND SCHOOL

112 East 10th Street.

The Shorthand and Typewriting class, under the direction of Mr. John L. Rand, will be started on the individual instruction plan. Students may register at any time. Weekly sessions are held every Wednesday at 7:45 p.m. The Rand system of shorthand is a complete system of shorthand, and is taught without the necessity of writing the typewriter keys. The shorthand experts of stenography and typewriting have been trained by the two above-mentioned systems.

Students are trained for commercial, legal and technical reporting, as well as to meet the civil service requirements. The fee of \$1.50 per month includes both courses, which is considerably less than the usual fee at any business school or Y. M. C. A. Enter now.

REACTIONARIES MEET AND PRAISE PLUTES

Servants of Wealth Banquet in Honor of the Constitution.

The bankers of the city—Group Eight of the State Association—gave a dinner at the Waldorf last night in honor of the Constitution of the United States. That "degenerated instrument," as Frank S. Black called it, was laid in neatly bound, at every plate, and the banquet was supposed to cover at least one clause while the courses were on.

Some time ago, when Francis L. Hine, president of the First National, and his associates on the dinner committee were considering whom or what to compliment at the fifteenth annual dinner, somebody suggested that it had been a long time since anybody had given a dinner for the Constitution, and that it might be a good idea for the bankers to do it and emphasize, at the same time, that business was still being done under the Constitution.

So they invited ex-Governor Frank S. Black and Representative Jacob Gould Schurman and Representative J. Adam Bede, of Minnesota, to talk about the Constitution and anything else they pleased. Black told them that it was their duty to speak out more when they saw wrongs about to be perpetrated, for that was the only way to head off demagogues. President Schurman said that politics ought to be kept out of business and business out of politics.

Bede made them laugh and gave his opinion, as a sworn enemy of pessimism, that the country is not going to the dogs even though there is a lot of foolish legislation. Also there were cheers for Speaker Cannon, Governor Dix, J. P. Morgan and Senator Aldrich. The governor and the senator were to have been there, but Senator Aldrich's illness kept him away and there was too much going on Albany for the governor to do anything.

Mr. Hine, as toastmaster, told them that New York banks and trust companies had never been in so prosperous a condition or on so solid a footing. Not so long ago, he said, business success and crime appeared to be synonymous in the minds of many people, but the last election showed that the people did not think a man was disqualified from high office because he was a successful business man. He hoped the time would come when every man would give unremitting attention to his own business and let politics take care of themselves. He was sorry that neither Governor Dix nor Senator Aldrich could be present and he proposed a toast to the governor. It was drunk with much cheering.

Warren Protest Meeting

TO BE HELD AT

Beckers' Hall, 639-647 Lewis Street

UNION HILL

Wednesday, January 18, 8 P. M.

George R. Kirkpatrick will speak in English and Fred Kraft will speak in English and German

ADMISSION 10 CENTS

"The Panama Canal"

Will be the Subject of a Lecture by

Daniel De Leon

TO BE DELIVERED

TONIGHT, at 8 o'clock

At Arlington Hall, 19-21 St. Marks Place

Under the Auspices of

Section New York, Socialist Labor Party

Admission Free. Questions and Discussion.

FRANCE WON'T ADOPT TAFT PEACE PLAN

Neither Will U. S. Senate, Says Foreign Minister.

Pichon—Only Taft Talk.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—President Taft's plan for universal arbitration and his proposed arbitration treaty with Great Britain were the subjects of a debate in the chamber of deputies today. Jean Jaures, the Socialist leader, talking on the plans of the American Executive, invited the French government to associate itself with the United States in the proposal for universal arbitration treaties.

M. Pichon, the foreign minister, in replying to the Socialist leader, opposed M. Jaures' invitation. He said that he believed the adoption of the motion would imperil the very principle of international arbitration. Such treaties, the foreign minister said, always excluded questions touching the vital interests of national honor.

Spoken by Taft Talk.

President Taft's proposal, continued M. Pichon, by which M. Jaures had been inspired, was not likely to be adopted by the United States senate. The American people, he said, did not seem to have great confidence in the efficacy of Mr. Taft's proposal for the first occupation of the Americans at present is the development of the army and navy for the protection of the Panama Canal.

The French government, the foreign minister concluded, was prepared to take up negotiations with the United States on the same lines as with Denmark.

M. Jaures, continuing, insisted that France must share in the new effort toward universal arbitration, which the United States wished to introduce by proposing to extend the system by beginning with Great Britain.

He did not press for a vote on his invitation to the government, but proposed to send the question to the foreign affairs commission. This was done.

SHOE WORKERS WIN ONE BROOKLYN SHOP

The first victory in the strike of the shoe workers in Brooklyn was won yesterday when the firm of J. Henne, DeKalb and Tenth avenues, granted all the demands of the strikers.

The firm employs 250 men and makes high-grade shoes. The men received an increase in wages and better shop conditions. The striking workers consider this a great victory. They are members of the Industrial Workers of the World.

Negotiations for a settlement with Griffin & White, another shoe firm, were called off because the firm insisted that the men drop their membership in the Industrial Workers.

In the shoe factory of Cousin & Co., the strikers learned yesterday, coats have been provided for the scabs. They also stated that the strikebreakers are being fined in the shops. The strikers contemplate notifying the Health Department to conduct an investigation into the sanitary conditions prevailing in the shop.

It was also said that the bosses are transferring what scabs they have from shop to shop, with a view to deceiving the strikers into the belief that they have many scabs.

The strikers are enthusiastic over their victory and are determined to keep up the struggle until all the employers grant their demands.

Word was received from the Shoe Workers' Protective Union of Haverhill, Mass., which also has branches in other parts of Massachusetts, that another donation to the strikers in New York will be sent shortly. So far the protective union has sent \$500. The United Shoe Workers of America are also taking up the fight and sending in donations.

GERMAN WHO TOOK AUTO TO BE DEPORTED

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Richard Kretschman, rosy cheeked and wearing a blond mustache, was turned over to the federal authorities yesterday by County Judge Taylor for deportation to Germany. He will be received on his arrival in the fatherland by several army officers, who will take him to the nearest enlistment station and make him one of the kaiser's soldiers.

The reason Kretschman must go back to Germany, however, is that he took an automobile from the Park garage last November and went for a joy ride. He and the machine were found in Erie, Pa., some days later. Both were brought back to Buffalo, where an indictment was found against Kretschman charging him with grand larceny in the first degree. He pleaded guilty, but when the time for his sentence came Judge Taylor deferred the case so that he could get some information about the man. Probation officer Cooley investigated the matter and learned that Kretschman had been in this country only a few months and he had never passed inspection through the usual channels by which immigrants are admitted.

Kretschman could not explain how he slipped in undiscovered, neither could the immigration authorities in New York, who wrote to Mr. Cooley. The probation officer learned that Kretschman, who is only twenty-two years of age, had worked over practically all of Europe as a chauffeur, that he had left his own country to avoid serving his time in the army and that he finally wound up in Buffalo and stole the auto because he had pressed for money. The federal authorities at New York offered to deport the man, relieving Erie county of any expense, so Judge Taylor suspended sentence and handed the man into the custody of the United States officers, who will take him to New York and ship him away to Frankfurt.

RECOMMENDS WEIGHT INSPECTION FOR R. R.'S

ALBANY, Jan. 16.—In his annual report, submitted to the legislature tonight by Fritz Reichmann, state superintendent of weights and measures, it is recommended that all railroads operating in this state should have a scale inspection service; that the coal law, which now applies to cities of the first and second class, should be extended over the entire state and that coal be sold only by weight, and that all manufacturers of scales who do business in this state be required to furnish a bond to the effect that their scales are not designed to facilitate fraud.

Superintendent Reichmann points out the necessity of regulating the scale of certain containers so that loose methods of weighing may be done away with. Attention is called to the fact that false weights are in use at certain charitable institutions, but points out that their existence is due to negligence. Emphasis is laid on the necessity of uniform specifications for supplies purchased by state institutions, particularly as to quantity.

MOST OUTRAGEOUS CHARGES MAKE AN ADMIRAL QUIT NAVY

(Continued from Page 1.)

ported on Barry's behalf, was the whole basis for the charges.

A very different story has reached here from officers of the West Virginia. It is said that four officers of the ship, having observed, without detection by the rear admiral, what they assert to be positive proof of their charges, openly demanded his immediate resignation.

Tore Up the Charges.

They made a report of the charges and placed it in his hands with a request that he forward it to Washington. Instead, it is said that he destroyed the document and at once applied by telegraph for retirement.

The officers then mailed a duplicate of the report to the Navy Department in Washington. In the meantime Barry, who is gaining his retirement, and Rear Admiral Chauncey M. Thomas, hastily summoned from shore leave at Santa Barbara, Cal., was ordered to take charge of the fleet today.

The West Virginia has been at sea for a two-day cruise, being expected in San Francisco Harbor today, when Barry will leave the ship and be succeeded by Thomas.

According to the account, matters came to a head Tuesday, when petty officers made a report in relation to the Admiral to the superior officers on the ship. A general meeting of the commissioned officers was held in the wardroom that night, it is said, and the charges were discussed.

Some of the young officers were urgent that a pistol be sent to the admiral with the suggestion that he use the weapon to end the scandal. Outcries of the older men prevailed, and it was decided to send the Admiral a note urging him to resign as the only honorable way to avoid a court-martial.

Admiral Barry pleaded with his subordinates to observe silence and show him mercy, pointing to his long record of service and age. The accusers remained obstinate.

"I'm Not Guilty, But—"

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—Rear Admiral Barry today turned over the command of the Pacific squadron to Rear Admiral Thomas.

Barry, after ceremony, went to his cabin. There was no lining up of officers, as usual, and no departure of retiring officer over side, which is usually an impressive ceremony. Instead the admiral stalked away to his cabin. There he met a delegation of newspaper men and gave them a remarkable interview.

He talked flippantly on general subjects, saying he was going ashore tonight to the Palace Hotel, but this must be kept secret. He also spoke of returning to New York, but he said first he would have to visit a very dear friend at Mare Island. When finally brought back to ugly charges of shameful vice he said:

"Well, gentlemen, my religious training has been against any such vice, but if given my choice between being burned at the stake and indulging in such practice, I would probably not choose the stake."

METAL POLISHERS MAKE SETTLEMENT

Timothy Daly, president of the Metal Polishers, Buffers and Platers' International Union, arrived in this city yesterday to look into the local strike situation. Daly reported that a compromise settlement had been reached with most of the Philadelphia chandelier manufacturers and that about 250 men, who have been out for the last fourteen weeks, returned to work yesterday.

There are still four firms holding out against the union, but it is expected that they will also fall in line and come to terms with the union shortly.

In some shops the men received an increase in wages of 20 per cent, but in most of them they returned to work pending an adjustment of their demands, said Daly. There are only twenty-one men left on strike, and it is expected that they will soon win their demands.

The men put up a very determined fight and there were very few breaks in the ranks of the strikers during the course of the struggle. Daly also stated that his organization succeeded in renewing the agreements for one year in Detroit, Mich., Hamilton, Ohio, and Elmira, N. Y.

By the amicable renewal of the agreement a strike has thus been averted. John J. Flynn, organizer of the metal polishers of this city, told a reporter that several thugs called at the headquarters and said that they were chauffeurs and that they wanted to help out the strikers to "do up" scabs. They further stated that as the polishers helped them in their strike they now wanted to help the polishers.

A committee of the polishers' union called on the chauffeurs' union to inquire if they sent anybody to do up scabs and it was denied that they sent any members for such a purpose. The bums again called yesterday and offered their services, but the union officials refused to have anything to do with them. It looks as if the union by hiring thugs to do up scabs, and it was the bosses who sent up the men, the strikers claim.

BARNEY ESTATE DROPS SUIT AGAINST DOCTOR

Supreme Court Justice Page signed yesterday an order of discontinuance in a suit brought by the executors of the will of Alexander T. Barney against Dr. George A. Dixon, who was Barney's personal physician and attended him the day he shot himself. The application to discontinue was made by counsel for the executors and was consented to by Dr. Dixon's attorneys.

The suit was for \$55,000 on an account with a brokerage firm which stood in Dr. Dixon's name, but which was charged up to the estate. In his answer Dr. Dixon declared that the account was Barney's, and he put in a counterclaim for thirteen years' medical services at \$2,000 a year and \$24,000 more "for personal and confidential services." The executors asked for a bill of particulars of the second counterclaim. Dr. Dixon was directed to furnish it. When this ruling was made Dr. Dixon's attorney said: "Dr. Dixon will forego his claim rather than reveal the nature of the services. There were things Dr. Dixon would not reveal because of his long friendship with Mr. Barney."

DRUNKEN DIAZ OFFICIAL

A fortnight ago Cavazos, while in a saloon, insisted with a drawn revolver that a number of strangers drink the health of Porfirio Diaz. The official became so violent that a number of police were required to remove him from the saloon. As a result of this Cavazos was summoned to the civic court and given a private arraignment before Mayor Portillo.

This brought a series of complaints from Cavazos against the mayor and police chief, which were sent to Mexico City and submitted to President Diaz. The irate customs official participated in another barroom scene today, and to verify an argument against the city officials he displayed a communication from President Diaz in which it was promised that the jefe politico would be removed.

Telegrams asking them to resign were received today by these officials.

Hot Street Fight

The revolutionists were gathering for a sortie when the troops charged and both sides disappeared after a few minutes' hot fighting. About a score were wounded. With the rebel leader, Paz, holding the attention of General Navarro in the western part of Chihuahua, foreigners look for interesting developments in the eastern part.

The fight at Coyome is taken as confirmation of the insurgents' reports that the revolution is being actively fostered east and northeast of Chihuahua.

It is doubtful if there are more than 500 federal troops in that section of the state. Orozco, in talking recently with a prominent railroad man who met him in the mountains, stated that all told since the revolution started the insurgents have lost 150 men in killed and those who died from their wounds. The federal loss was about the same, according to official admissions made in Chihuahua.

Francisco Portillo, mayor of Ciudad Juarez and jefe politico of the local district, has been asked to resign, and Antonio Ponce de Leon, commandant of Juarez police, will resign also, all as a result of the unprecedented activity of M. Cavazos, commandant of the inspectors of the Juarez customs department.

Cavazos was sent to Juarez a few months ago to fill the vacancy made when his predecessor was arrested in connection with a customs house scandal. The new chief was sent from the national capital and is said to be a whip for President Diaz himself.

BANKRUPTCY PETITION FILED AGAINST ROBIN

A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Joseph G. Robin by the Northern Bank of New York, a creditor, for \$75,000; the Washington Savings Bank as a creditor for \$400, and H. Gerald Chapin, an attorney of New Rochelle, who claims \$300 for his services.

The claim of the Northern Bank, as filed by Arba K. Alford, special deputy superintendent of banks, is for a balance due on a demand note made on June 24, 1907, for \$100,000, payable to the Hamilton Bank, which note was delivered to the Northern Bank on June 12, 1908.

Robin in writing guaranteed the bank against any loss on the annual interest then due, \$75,000. Payment was demanded on January 1 last and refused. The Northern Bank holds as collateral security for the note, stocks and bonds valued at \$151,500.

The petitioners estimate Robin's "gross assets" as approximately \$1,000,000, but do not venture an estimate of the net value. Judge Holt appointed Peter Alexander receiver with a bond of \$100,000. He is also the receiver of the Bankers' Realty and Security Company.

ATTEMPT TO TRANSLATE TARIFF INTO ENGLISH

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Following the advice of President Taft, the tariff board is attempting to "translate the tariff into English." Some of the experts in the employ of the board are engaged in making a glossary of all the terms used in the tariff. They are taking each subject and defining it, showing how much is imported and exported; the cost of production and all other interesting facts about it. When the work is completed a layman will be able to take the glossary and in some measure understand the tariff, which few people are credited with comprehending at present.

PHIPPS SUED AS EMPLOYER

A suit for \$25,000 for personal damages against Henry Phipps has been filed in the Supreme Court by Annie M. Ryan, employed as a cleaner in the Phipps residence, at 162 1/2 Fifth avenue. She says she fell over a plank stretched across the gateway on the 87th street side of the Phipps residence and hasn't been able to use her right arm since.

MEADE'S SHOES

BROOKLYN'S BEST KNOWN SHOE HOUSE

102-104 MYRTLE AVE. COR. BRIDGE ST.

WE don't care how "fussy" you are about your feet, there is a pair of three-dollar shoes somewhere in our store that were literally built for your feet, and once you get into them you'll feel the double satisfaction of having easy feet and a dollar saved.

Shall we count on your coming?

You are at home when dealing with FRANK'S DEPARTMENT STORE

N. E. Cor. 83d St. & Ave. A, N. Y.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW

We handle all union made merchandise.

MASQUERADE COSTUMER.

J. STROPNICKY & SONS

(Successors to BREDA'S)

1460 SECOND AVENUE

bet. 14th and 17th Sts.

Largest Masquerade Costumer in Yorkville.

TRUSSMAKER.

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TRUSSMAKER

480 2d Ave. bet. 64th & 65th Sts.

Trusses, Bras, Bandages, Elastic Stockings, Crutches, Suspensories. All stock guaranteed. Comrades are allowed 10 per cent on all purchases.

MIZZEN RIGGING GONE

Mr. Sinclair Flabbergasted After Collision With Automobile.

Joseph Sinclair, who lives at 422 Amsterdam avenue, eschews suspenders. Yesterday afternoon just as he was trying to board a Broadway car at 17th street an automobile swooped upon him, and the lamp bracket raked him fore and aft.

Sinclair found himself sitting on the street unhurt but peculiarly sensitive to the wind that was blowing straight from Hattin's bay. He rose and fled to a drug store.

Meanwhile, the automobile, which was being driven by John Moore, who lives at 55th street and Broadway, has paused. Moore has discovered that his lamp bracket was doing service as a trousers hanger, and he suspects that there might be somebody around who needed those trousers more than he did. He found Sinclair, wrapped him about with rugs, and took him home.

PENSION SYSTEM FOR ARMOUR EMPLOYEES

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—A pension system for all employes over sixty years of age is soon to be adopted by Armour & Company. A committee appointed by the company several months ago has practically all details of the plan worked out and will be ready to make its report very soon, it was learned today. The main lines of the committee's recommendations already have been approved by the company, it was learned, and announcement of the full details is expected within a few days. The company issued the following brief statement today:

"A committee was appointed some months ago to work out the details for retiring on pension all employes who had grown old in the service of the company. This committee is now almost ready to make its report. The full details as to its application will be made public as soon as possible after this report is presented."

Employes of the Armour company in all departments and in all the cities where the establishment has branches are, it is understood, included in the pension plans. It is expected that several hundred employes of the company in Chicago and other cities will be affected at once.

ITALIAN'S SENTENCE COMMUTED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—President Taft today commuted to expire immediately the sentence of Michele Delino, an Italian convicted at Ossining, N. Y., of perjury in naturalization proceedings. Delino was convicted last April and sentenced to serve one year in the prison at Blackwell's Island.

UNION PANTS MAKERS TAKE TWO MORE SHOPS

Another victory was scored by the Knee Pants Makers' Union yesterday, when Samuel Peck, 8 Forrest street, Brooklyn, and Schwartz & Jaffe, Broadway and Prince street, Manhattan, signed an agreement granting all the demands made by the workers.

These two are the biggest firms in the knee pants business, and since they have reached an agreement with the knee pants makers the strikers are confident that all the other firms will follow suit. Schwartz & Jaffe employ ten contractors and make high grade pants. This is the first time in the last ten years that the union has organized these shops. All attempts made heretofore to organize have failed.

Altogether about 3,500 men are already back at work under union conditions and there are only 500 men still on strike.

David Weisenfeld, organizer of the knee pants makers, told a Call reporter yesterday that he expects the strike will be over by the end of the week and that all the men will be back at work under union conditions.

"The present strike was the most successful fight we have waged in the last few years," said Weisenfeld, "and the organization is now in a better condition than ever before. There are only a few shops left that are not under the control of the union, but we expect to get them, too, within two or three months."

UNION LABELS

The above is a true fac-simile of the "Union Workers' Label." It is the only guarantee that the product is made by Union Labor. Therefore, always look for the Label.

Broad bearing this label is Union Made. Ask for the Label when buying bread.

UNION PANTS MAKERS TAKE TWO MORE SHOPS

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION

UNION STAMP

FACTORY NO.

NAME SHOES ARE FREQUENTLY MADE IN NON-UNION FACTORIES

Do Not Buy ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of the UNION STAMP.

All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union.

Do not accept any excuse for the absence of the Union Stamp!

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS' UNION

200 SUMNER STREET, BOSTON

John F. Tobin, President

Chas. L. Baines, Sec.

WHICH TRUST SENATOR WILL BOSTON ELECT?

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—There is a strong probability that the legislature will be deadlocked on the United States senators when it begins taking ballots upon electing one to that office tomorrow afternoon. Both the Republicans and Democrats caucused this afternoon.

The Republican named Senator Lodge by acclamation to succeed himself, while the Democrats were in session for two and a half hours before they fixed upon Sherman L. Whipple, of Brookline, a prominent lawyer and friend of President Taft, as their candidate. Mr. Whipple's nomination was made unanimous after friends of John R. Thayer, of Worcester, and Congressman Joseph F. O'Connell, of Boston, had announced their willingness to abide by majority rule.

Appreciated Flavor

Even among Ceylon teas there are certain differences in taste. Now this tea is remarkable for its full and superior flavor. Those who try it once continue using

White Rose CEYLON TEA.

One Quality Only—the Best.

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CHANGE IN LIABILITY LAW

J. Commissioners Favor Compulsory Compensation for Injured Workers.

TRENTON, Jan. 16.—Expressing the unanimous belief that compensation to injured workmen is a legitimate charge against the cost of manufacture and that the victim of an industrial accident, or his dependents, should receive compensation, not as a matter of grace on the part of his employer, but as a matter of justice, the commission to investigate the question of employers' liability has filed its report with Governor Fort.

After its exhaustive investigation of the question of compensation the commission says that under present law the burden of industrial accidents falls in the most haphazard and unscientific manner on the victim himself and his dependents, the innocent employer, the sympathizer, fellow workmen or the public authorities, or on all of these. Continuing the commission says:

"The theories of contributory negligence, assumption of risk and fellow servant are discussed by the commission. Taking up contributory negligence, the commission says that it believes that the theory of this defense is founded on principles of justice, but that a change has been suggested to the so-called doctrine of comparative negligence which involves on the part of the court or jury a balancing of the relative amount of fault or negligence as between employer and employee.

"While this doctrine is theoretically sound," the commission says, "we are advised that in those states where it has been adopted in practice it has resulted in substantially a complete abrogation of the defense by the employer of negligence by the employee. We are unable, therefore, to recommend the complete abrogation of this defense until constitutional barriers are removed which now prevent the adoption of a comprehensive scheme of compulsory compensation which shall distribute the burden of industrial accidents fairly among all employers and through them on the purchasers of their product and the 'fellow servants' we believe that, however just these may have been at the time of their adoption, they are unjust as applied to modern conditions of employment."

Risk or No Work.

The commission takes this stand on the assumption of risk, it says, for the reason that while theoretically a workman may be presumed to have a choice in the selection of his employment, as a matter of fact in the vast majority of cases the choice is narrowed down to the acceptance of such risk or no work. On the question of fellow servant, the commission maintains that the great majority of cases the employer has no voice in the selection of his fellow servants, and the mere fact of having the same employer should not in itself release the employer from a liability which he would otherwise incur.

The report outlines the extensive work done in the investigation. Public hearings were held in Newark, Jersey City, Paterson and Camden, at which employers and labor representatives presented their views. The president and secretary of the commission also participated in a conference of commissioners on compensation for industrial accidents from ten states held in Chicago last November. Letters were sent to prominent lawyers and leading judges of the states asking their opinion on various questions relating to the employers' liability.

Good for Both Sides.

The commission states that, while it is unable to recommend the passage of a compulsory compensation act, it recommends the elective act which is included in the bill. This is done with the expectation that such an elective act will be generally accepted by both employers and employees for the following reasons:

First—Because his liability is limited, and he is thus relieved of the danger of harassing lawsuits for excessive damages.

Second—By reason of the abrogation of the defenses of "assumption of risk" and "fellow servant" the position of the employer who refuses to accept the elective law will be less tenable.

Third—Because he can, in a large measure, add the expense to the cost of manufacture and recover it in his selling price.

Fourth—Because he can readily insure his liability.

By the employer: First—The practical certainty of settlement in accordance with the schedule as against the uncertainty of an appeal to common law rights.

Second—Promptness in settlement, as against the "law's delay."

Third—All of the money is paid to the injured person or his dependents, as against the heavy attorney fees and court expenses of the suit at law.

Make-up of Commission.

The commission was appointed by Governor Fort, pursuant to a senate resolution passed last year, and is composed of William R. Dickson, of Montclair; J. William Clark, of Newark; John T. Cosgrove, of Elizabeth; Samuel Botterill, of East Orange; Colonel Walter E. Edge, of Atlantic City, and E. K. Mills, of Morristown. Commissioners Cosgrove and Botterill concurred in the report and approved the bill recommended, with the exception of the maximum compensation provided for the elective compensation feature in case of death, which they say is a minority statement they believe should be extended to equal the compensation provided for total disability, that is, a maximum of \$10 per week during 40 weeks, or \$4,000.

ROCKEFELLER FURNITURE CO. Furniture, Oilcloths and Bedding. 100 Rockefeller Avenue, Brooklyn. Telephone 2-1000. Made to Order.

ACCUSED LIEUTENANT OFFERS QUEER DEFENSE

Police Lieutenant Robert E. Mills, of Harbor Squad A, the same precinct where Deputy Commissioner Driscoll caught a lieutenant asleep on New Year's day, was on trial at Police Headquarters yesterday before Commissioner Cropsey. Commissioner Driscoll said that when he entered the station house on the afternoon of January 8 the office was deserted. He walked behind the desk, looked in vain for the lieutenant and finally saw a pair of feet resting on a chair near the door of the rear room. He went in and found Lieutenant Mills leaning back in a chair reading a newspaper. Lieutenant Mills began his defense by announcing that he was prepared to defend himself "and his family" from what he considered an improper complaint. "I fell into a trap," said the lieutenant.

"When the Commissioner first saw me that day he asked if I were not the lieutenant he had transferred from Harbor B. I had been transferred from that precinct to Harbor A, a precinct that is known to be under the ban."

Commissioner Cropsey asked Lieutenant Mills what he meant by falling into a trap, and who had set the trap. The lieutenant decided that he meant he was the victim of circumstances. As to who set the trap, he said he thought "conditions" had laid a trap for him.

He said that he was not reading a paper when the commissioner came in. He was studying a map of the precinct which showed the location of the posts. There was a newspaper on the chair beside him, he said, but he was not reading it. He had put his feet on a chair because a police surgeon had advised him to do so in order to stimulate his circulation. Commissioner Cropsey reserved decision.

TO PUNISH ZELAYA FOR KILLING AMERICANS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The constitutional assembly of Nicaragua will shortly take up the question of punishing former President Jose Santos Zelaya, of Nicaragua, for his alleged criminal actions while serving as president of Nicaragua. Dr. Salvador Castillo, the minister here of the Nicaraguan government, received a cablegram from his government today saying the legislature will probably be unanimous. Zelaya is now in exile in Belgium and if he is indicted in Nicaragua for his alleged misdeeds it is probable that he will be extradited to Nicaragua for trial.

Secretary of State Knox is anxious to have Zelaya punished for the illegal manner in which he ordered the execution of Leroy Cannon and Leonard Groce, two Americans who were captured and shot after a so-called courtmartial for participation in the revolution against the Zelaya government. The State Department takes the position that Cannon and Groce were not treated as prisoners of war and that their summary execution was irregular and criminal.

It is likely that the question of indemnifying their families will be taken up shortly.

EXTRADITED BROKER MAY NOT BE TRIED

Alexander Hollander, the customs broker who fled abroad in January, 1909, when the government was about to lodge a charge against him of making a false entry at the Custom House, was extradited from Italy for trial here on the charge of forgery, and he filed a special plea in the United States Circuit Court yesterday afternoon denying that the federal courts had any jurisdiction to try him for anything but forgery.

He says that the indictments against him do not charge forgery as it is known in the United States statutes. He is in the Tombs in default of \$1,000 bail.

GERMAN AERONAUTS DEAD IN A SWAMP

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—The balloon Hildebrandt, missing since November, was found today almost buried in a bog a few miles from Berlin. Close by were the bodies of the two aeronauts that sailed in the Hildebrandt on its ill-fated voyage.

The men had evidently struggled valiantly to escape from the morass into which they fell.

PETROSINO MURDER

The detectives in the Italian branch of the detective bureau at Police Headquarters were interested yesterday—in discussing a report which was printed in a local Italian newspaper on Saturday that Vincenzo Morello had consented to tell what he knew of the killing of Lieutenant Petrosino in Palermo, Italy, on March 12, 1909. Morello was sentenced to twenty-five years for counterfeiting at the same time that Ignazio Lupo, "The Wolf," was sentenced to thirty years. Both of them are now in the federal prison at Atlanta, Ga. Deputy Commissioner Flynn said that he had heard nothing of the report.

The opinion of the Italian detectives was that if Morello should tell all he knew there would be little doubt as to how Petrosino met his death. They pointed out that just before he sailed for Italy Lieutenant Petrosino had discovered a business swindle perpetrated by Lupo, who had a show on Elizabeth street, and that following this discovery Carlo Constanti and Antonio Passananti, two Italians who frequented the shop, sailed for Italy. These men, the detectives said, were friends of Lupo and Morello. When Petrosino landed in Italy they saw him and thought that he was after them on the swindling charge.

A few days after that Petrosino, leaving his revolver in his satchel at the hotel, went to the Plaza Marina to meet one Vito Casanferro, a friend to meet one Vito Casanferro, a friend of Constanti and Passananti whom he had known in New York as a stool pigeon. It was while keeping that appointment that he was shot. The detectives are of the opinion that even though Morello was not at the plaza that night, he must have known from his friends what was to happen there.

SEAMEN TO OUST TAMMANY AGENTS

Sailors Rebel Against Advocates of No Strike and Misery.

Tammany Hall must withdraw its hands from the management of the International Seamen's Union of America and the Atlantic Coast Seamen's Union.

The membership of the union has decided on that much and it can be stated positively that unless the representatives of Tammany who have attempted to guide the policies of the union subside before the majority, which is opposing them, there will be an open fight and somebody will be kicked forth into the chilling cold of West and South streets.

It has not been and it is not now the desire of any one connected with the union to make public the disagreement which has arisen within the organization, but conflicting statements by labor leaders regarding the report from Europe that a world-wide seamen's strike will be called in May has brought the trouble to a head and some drastic action is expected at union headquarters within a short time.

"The time has come when the men who compose the seamen's union must assert themselves in the management of their own affairs or surrender completely to an influence which is not concerned in the welfare of the men," said a prominent unionist who will probably make a statement over his name in a day or two.

Men Ready to Fight.

"The influence I refer to is backed by Tammany politicians and has succeeded so far in having its own way. These Tammany men have never made or advocated a single move toward the betterment of the condition of the seamen; they have been interested solely in keeping the men contented with their present deplorable lot and sidetracking all strike talk. These seamen are organized for the purpose of bettering their conditions, but through the activities of Tammany the union has never been any more than a dues paying concern which benefits no one but them who spend the dues."

"But the time has come for action. The men are clamoring for action and they are sure to get it. It is easy enough for skillful politicians to mislead the members of a union before such members become fully aroused to their injustices and determined to combat them."

"Let me say finally that there are two or three men now in the councils of the seamen's union who will not be there a fortnight hence if they continue their attempts to thwart the wishes of the rank and file."

Tillet Predicts Tieup.

A cablegram from London yesterday stated that Joseph Havelock Wilcox, M. P., general secretary of the National Seamen's Union, is communicating on the subject of a general strike of seamen at all British ports, and possibly of those engaged in the American-Atlantic coastwise service. He refuses to confirm or deny the report that coronation week has been fixed upon as the time when the men will go out.

Benjamin Tillet, secretary of the Dock, Wharf, Riverside and General Workers' Union of Great Britain and Ireland, however, insists that undoubtedly the strike will be declared, and that all American and German as well as British ports will be involved. Tillet threatens that when the plans are complete no time will be given to the shipowners in which to prepare for the emergency; complete tieup will be effected within twenty-four hours, he says.

DEBTS OF EX-ALDERMAN BRING DAMAGE SUITS

Moritz Folk, manager of a liquor saloon at 288 Grand street, who has been in the liquor business for more than fifteen years, and was an alderman in bankruptcy, with liabilities \$19,988 and nominal assets \$4,911, consisting of outstanding accounts, \$4,900, and cash in bank, \$11. A large part of the debts are for money borrowed from thirty creditors. There are two damage suits against him pending in court, one by George Grice for \$5,000 for false imprisonment and the other by Barnett Kleinberg for \$2,000 for assault. Among the creditors are Adolph Burgenstein and Samuel Harkavy, \$2,000; Isaac and Ida Goldberg, \$1,850; Morris and Nellie Goldman, \$1,400; Isaac Blumberg, \$800; William and Fannie Rosenthal, \$650; M. Sommer, \$450; G. and S. Kupflil, \$400; Jacob Aach, \$300; H. Katz Nelson, \$350; B. Schor, \$300; Thomas H. Elison, \$300; A. Sokoloff, \$250; Samuel Goldman, \$250; Mrs. Einhorn, \$200, and Max Schur, \$100. Mr. Folk carries \$5,000 life insurance. This is his second time in bankruptcy. He filed a petition on October 31, 1899, and received a discharge on February 1, 1900.

STUBBORN FIRE IN WAREHOUSE.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 16.—All hopes of saving the big new warehouse of the George Irish Paper Company, on River street, were abandoned this afternoon. Chief McConnell said it would require at least twenty-four hours to extinguish the fire, which broke out early this morning. The loss is estimated at about \$200,000.

The second floor of the building collapsed this afternoon, but no one was injured. Houses in the vicinity, which is an Italian section, were ordered vacated early in the day. The intense cold has made the work of the firemen especially difficult and a new relay of companies from the outlying districts went on duty this afternoon.

LEGAL NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the SILVERDIP CO. will be held at the Company, 21-22 Park Row, New York City, on Tuesday, January 24, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing directors, adopting by-laws and transacting such other business as may come before the meeting. O. H. TAYLOR, Secretary.

WOMAN AMBULANCE DR. HAS BUSY FIRST DAY

Elizabeth Bruyn is the second woman ambulance surgeon in the Williamsburg Hospital, Brooklyn, and yesterday afternoon she began her work on the ambulance. She is a graduate of the Cornell Medical College of 1910, and for several months was connected with the house staff of the Women's and Children's Hospital in Boston.

Her first case after beginning work yesterday afternoon called her to 335 Marcy avenue, where she attended Fannie Stark, an eighteen-month-old child, who had been overcome by illuminating gas in the absence of her mother.

Dr. Bruyn had been back in the hospital only a few minutes when she was called out in a hurry again to 100 Division avenue, where she found Mrs. Florence Van Buren, aged fifty, dying from the effects of carbolic acid. The new ambulance surgeon tried in vain to restore Mrs. Van Buren to consciousness and then removed her to the hospital. The police learned that Mrs. Van Buren had been despondent. She will probably die.

Dr. Mary Crawford was an ambulance surgeon in the same hospital. She retired about a year ago.

QUAKING BURGLAR HELPED FROM WINDOW

Mrs. Margaret Whittaker who lives in a furnished room on the second floor at 222 East 26th street, was awakened at 2 o'clock yesterday morning by a noise at a rear window. She got out of bed to close the window and heard a voice say: "If you put your head outside I'll shoot."

She saw a man outside clinging to one of the blinds. The noise she made woke up the house. Several men went to the yard. The man was twenty feet above the ground. One of the men shook a ladder to which the man clung.

"Don't do that or I'll fall down and break a leg," the man cried.

Policeman Carey and two men pulled the man in through a window. "What were you doing there?" the policeman demanded.

"I'm a burglar, a second story man," responded the climber.

The policeman found no weapon on him. The prisoner said he was Joseph Joseph, a cigar maker with no home. He was taken to police headquarters. It was learned he had escaped from the House of Refuge on Randall's Island eleven months ago.

Masterstrat Kerochman sent him to the workhouse for six months.

JUDGE UPHOLDS COLOR LINE IN THEATRE

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 16.—The drawing of the color line by the new Academy Theater here was sustained by Justice Brown in the Supreme Court this afternoon, when he granted the theater's motion for a nonsuit in the case of George H. Thompson, a negro, who asked \$500 damages for being refused admission to the lower floor of the Academy last summer.

Thompson said he was advised by the door tender to find a seat in the nigger heaven of the theater. The attorney for the company said Thompson was told the lower floor was reserved for women and children on that occasion.

TO LAUNCH WARSHIP EVERY NINE DAYS

Succession of Big Splashes Shows Fine Prospect for Carnegie Peace Plan.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—While the press of the world is shouting for peace and Senator Root and his colleagues are working out a plan to spend Andrew Carnegie's \$10,000,000 peace fund, figures obtained from the British naval authorities today show that 1911 will break all records for battleship launchings and naval activities.

These figures show that every nine days, from February 1 to December 31, a new Dreadnought will take the water in some part of the globe. In other words, thirty-six Dreadnoughts will be launched this year, or only two less than the total number already afloat, as the result of five years' building.

In addition to this innumerable small cruisers, torpedo boats, destroyers, submarines, etc., will be launched by all the big powers. Great Britain alone will send sixty-one of such smaller war craft into the water.

Great Britain Leads.

Of the Dreadnoughts, Great Britain easily leads the list with eleven to be launched this year. February 1 the 32,500-ton Thunderer will leave the slips at Blackwall, just outside London, and from then on there will be a regular succession of big splashes.

Germany comes second in naval activity and will launch seven Dreadnoughts during the year. The United States will launch three, in addition to the Arkansas, which slipped down the ways Saturday; Russia four, France two, Argentine two, Chile two, Japan two, and Italy, Austria, Brazil and Spain one each.

Altogether, it is stated, seventy Dreadnoughts and cruisers, with a tonnage of over 1,500,000 and valued at more than \$700,000,000, are now under construction throughout the world. Great Britain has 250,000 tons on the builders' stocks and a tonnage of 128,000 launched and nearing completion. Germany has 150,000 tons building and 120,000 tons fitting out. France is building 46,000 tons and fitting out 110,000, and the United States is building 80,000 tons and fitting out 70,000 tons.

PALMIST TESTS LAW.

His Counsel Doesn't Believe Fortune Tellers Can Be Punished.

Proceedings to test the section of the code of criminal procedure under which the police have been arresting fortune tellers as disorderly persons were heard yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Goff on a writ of habeas corpus brought by John W. Fletcher, palmist. The court adjourned the argument and admitted Fletcher to bail in \$1,000 cash.

Fletcher's counsel, George Gordon Battle, says that there is no provision in the code of criminal procedure or elsewhere for the punishment of persons pretending to tell fortunes or where lost or stolen goods may be found and that accordingly the statute under which fortune tellers have been arrested and which mentions those pretending to tell fortunes as disorderly persons is of no effect.

WHAT LOCAL LABOR BODIES ARE DOING

CANVAS MAKERS WIN.

The Canvas Makers' Union has signed an agreement with Berrin Bros., 243 Lafayette street, and all the workers who were out on strike for the last three days returned to work yesterday. The strike was declared because the firm discharged several men because of their union affiliations. When the men struck for the reinstatement of the discharged workers they also presented demands for the abolition of a 25-cent assessment for power, payment in cash instead of checks, and recognition of the union. The firm granted all the demands made by the workers and discharged all the scabs they secured through a scab employment agency.

LEATHER GOODS WORKERS.

The Fancy Leather Goods Workers' Union is now considering the question of affiliating with the Travelers' Goods and Leather Novelty Workers' International Union of America. The question will be discussed. It is expected that one of the officers of the International Union will be present at the meeting Thursday night and deliver an address.

BAKERS' UNION, NO. 164.

Bakers' Union, Local 164, will hold their annual ball at Ebling's Casino, 156th street and St. Anna avenue, on Saturday night, January 21. The committee is now busy making the arrangements for the ball, and it is expected that it will be a great success. A number of progressive unions and Socialist organizations will be represented by committees at the ball.

LITHOGRAPHERS' BALL.

The Lithographers' Subordinate Association, No. 1, held a very successful entertainment and ball at the New Amsterdam Opera House last Saturday night. The entertainment was furnished by the White Rats Actors' Union and it was very well performed. The affair continued until early Sunday morning, and it was the general opinion of all present that it was the most successful justification ever held by the organization.

FARMER TAKEN FOR SPY.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Taken into custody and handed over to the police, Dr. Champlain, of Kansas City, Mo., proprietor of the Agricultural Journal, was mistaken for a spy by sentries toay at Guernsey. He was released when he convinced the authorities of his identity and the innocence of his mission. He had visited Fort Docke carrying a camera.

M. & A. KATZ

Department Store

631-633 Third Ave., near 51st St.

NEW YORK

We are offering extra great bargains in our Ladies' Goods Dept.

The 814th Day of The Call and Our Ad. UNION LABEL GOODS. SIG. KLEIN and Assistants. 80 AND 82 THIRD AVE. NEAR 10TH ST. NEW YORK. Tel. 6000 Broadway.

QUEER DROP IN THE PRICE OF PRODUCE

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 16.—Prices on butter, eggs and poultry have all taken drops on the Omaha market within the past week, and still further declines are looked for by the Omaha commission houses. Omaha manufactures more butter than any city in the world and the effect of a falling market is felt here more than by the manufacturers of any other city.

The big cold storage warehouses of Omaha and South Omaha are all filled to capacity with butter, eggs and poultry, all purchased at high prices. Because of the open winter, there has been no curtailment in the supply and far more eggs and butter are now coming to market than in usual.

Last week one of the largest concerns in the city disposed of its holdings at a heavy loss, after paying storage charges for many months. Omaha commission men predict storage eggs will go to 25 cents per dozen within a month and storage butter to a correspondingly low price.

O. W. Wuertz PIANOS

1518 THIRD AVENUE, near 84th Street (Manhattan).

2929 THIRD AVENUE, near 151st Street (Bronx).

1706 PITKIN AVENUE, near Stone Avenue (Brooklyn).

A Live Socialist Hustler can clear \$2.00 in One Hour

ON OUR NEW SPECIAL OFFER. We want a representative in every city in the U. S. and we are going to put out the first lot of literature at less than cost in order to get in touch with the right men. Here is what we will send postpaid for \$1.00.

5 Women's Suffrage Information, at 10c each. 5 Red Women's Challenge, at 10c each. 5 Communist's Program Made Easy, at 10c each. 5 Women's Testimony, at 10c each. 5 Socialist's Testimony, at 10c each. 5 Socialist's Testimony, at 10c each.

We will mail this entire lot on receipt of \$1.00, but only one lot to one address at this price. A second lot of the same kind, 1 cent you \$1.00, a price which just pays the cost of printing and advertising. We give you the first lot before you, so as to show you at our expense how easy it is to find new readers for socialist literature. Ask for Hustler's Combination, and mention this advertisement. Address: Charles H. Kerr & Company.

Bully! Mammoth Masquerade and Civic Ball Arranged by the Forward Association Jewish Daily Forward Saturday, Jan. 28, 1911 AT Madison Square Garden 26TH STREET AND MADISON AVENUE. The proceeds of this Ball will be distributed to the following organizations: 50 per cent to THE NEW YORK CALL. 20 per cent to Branch 2, Local New York. 10 per cent to the Jewish Weekly, "The Labor World." 10 per cent to the Jewish Monthly, "Zukunft." 10 per cent to the Jewish Agitation Bureau. The Forward masquerades in the past were the most inspiring international events in this city. This year's ball will surpass all other carnivals, and efforts are being made to make this affair the grandest show ever conducted by a Socialist organization. \$1,500 In Prizes \$1,500 Music by Union Brass Band of Forty. It is none too early for friends of The Call to begin buying their tickets and show their appreciation to our Jewish Daily for this generous assistance. Remember that 50 per cent of the profits of the ball will go to The Call. Ticket, Admitting One Fifty Cents. On sale at The Call Office, 403 Pearl Street; Rand School, 115 East 14th Street; Socialist Headquarters, 239 East 84th Street; Brooklyn Party Office, 949 Willoughby Avenue, Brooklyn, and at all Socialist Clubs.

SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

Announcements and other notices intended for publication in this office by noon of the day preceding that on which it is to appear.

The Call is compelled to exact the requirement because of the increasing size of this department and the growing difficulty of publishing news of this character at short notice. The publication of notices telephoned in cannot be guaranteed. Comrades are advised to send in their notices as far ahead of the date for publication as possible.

BUSINESS MEETINGS

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Branch 3.

The August Bebel Club meets tonight. The readings from "Woman" and the discussion following make it an enjoyable and instructive evening. Ladies and critics are August Claessens. All are welcome. Admission free. 23 East 10th street.

Branch 9.

The regular meeting of Branch 9 takes place this evening at the headquarters, 1363 Fulton avenue.

As very important business will come up for consideration at this meeting every member is urged to be present. Delegates to the central committee convention will render their reports, which deal with matters of vital interest to the entire organization.

Mr. Anita C. Block to Speak.

The Socialist Suffrage Club, of the 25th and 27th Assembly districts, will hold a regular meeting this evening at the Liberal Club, 44 East 29th street, at 8:15 o'clock punctually. All enrolled members are urged to attend, as there is much important business to be decided. After the business meeting Mrs. Anita C. Block will speak on "Suffrage from the Socialist Point of View." All interested are cordially invited.

Yorkville English Class, Tonight.

The Rand School Extension Class in English composition, of Yorkville, meets tonight at Branch 6 headquarters, 1461 Third avenue, under the supervision of William I. Sackheim.

The last two sessions were not as well attended as the preceding ones, and the students who have absented themselves are earnestly requested to be present this evening. Come, one and all, prepared to criticize and to be criticized.

Notice to Branch Organizers.

The lists of enrolled voters who registered at the last election can be had at the organizer's office for the following Assembly districts: 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th. It is expected that the Assembly districts not mentioned in the above lists will be ready in about a week.

Branch organizers should come to headquarters without delay, secure the lists of enrolled voters within their jurisdiction and mail all the Independence League enrolled voters copies of Comrade Wanhope's "A Backward Glance at the Recent Election." A few thousand copies of this leaflet remain at headquarters.

The Harlem Forum.

Bolton Hall, well-known Single Taxer and author of several books on the land question, delivered a highly interesting lecture entitled, "Land and a Living as a Socialist Program," at the Harlem Forum, 360 West 125th street, Sunday evening, in which he aimed to emphasize the points of agreement between the theories of Socialism and the Single Tax.

Speaking of his writings, Mr. Hall said his aim was not to get the people "back to the land," but the land back to the people.

SHAINESS BROTHERS

Popular Men's Furnishers. Standard up-to-date reliable goods.

1325 WILKINS AVENUE.

In Center of Block, bet. Freeman St. Subway Station and Jennings St., Bronx.

INSURANCE.

EDWARD J. DUTTON

FIRE INSURANCE.

Write for Rates. 77 William St.

to the people. The lecturer pointed out, by arguments and illustrations, the fallacy and injustice of the present system of taxation, which discourages development of land and fosters speculation in land values.

Mr. Hall sees in land monopoly the crux of the entire problem of living, and endeavored in his talk to present the Single Tax program as a fit one for Socialists to seek to achieve.

The speaker told of the experience of a benevolent lady who established a free nursing institution and carried on settlement work, improving the condition of a slum so much that rents were greatly increased, and the adjoining site, originally offered them for \$16,000, they found increased to exactly double by the time their funds warranted the purchase. So that the benevolent lady came to realize that "instead of serving the good Lord, she had only served the landlord."

An animated discussion followed the lecture and Mr. Hall was kept busy answering questions from the audience, which filled the hall to overflowing, and most of which remained until 11 p.m., the hour for closing the discussion. The Socialists endeavored to show the Single Taxers the shortcomings of their program and to emphasize the fact that, as the Socialist party is the only one whose platform contains a clause stipulating that the land shall be owned by the people, as well as all railroads and public utilities, the Single Taxers could best attain their ends by simply joining the Socialist party.

Minutes of Central Committee, January 14, 1911.

Comrade Halpern elected temporary chairman and Kirkman vice chairman. Comrades King, S. Solomon and Ellers elected committee on credentials. Committee recommended seating of all delegates having credentials and where financial reports had been filed, and the temporary seating of other delegates, which recommendation was accepted. Temporary chairman and vice chairman made permanent. Minutes of previous meeting read and approved. Moved to dispense with order of business and proceed with report of organizer and financial secretary and nomination of officers. Carried.

21th and 17th A. D.'s Lecture.

Miss Jessie W. Hughan will lecture on "The Cost of Industrial Accidents" under the auspices of the 11th and 17th A. D.'s, at 499 Lexington avenue, at 8:15 this evening. Admission is 10 cents.

23d A. D. Naturalization Bureau.

The naturalization bureau of the 23d Assembly district, Brooklyn, located in the headquarters of the Socialist party, at 1776 Pitkin avenue, will be open tonight from 7 to 9 o'clock. Comrades desiring assistance will receive same free of charge.

Minutes of Central Committee.

The first meeting of Local King's new central committee was held January 14 with Comrade Selbert temporary chairman and Comrade H. Uawald temporary secretary. Comrades Weis, Shapiro, Hurrick, Bergman, were a temporary credentials committee.

The following are the delegates branches are entitled to and delegates seated: 4th A. D., entitled to 3, seated 3; 5th and 23d, Branch 1, entitled to 1, seated 1; 6th, entitled to 1, seated 1; 10th, entitled to 1, seated 1; 11th and 17th, entitled to 3, seated 3; 12th, entitled to 4, seated 4; 13th, entitled to 3, seated 3; 14th, entitled to 3, seated 3; 15th, entitled to 4, seated 4; 16th, entitled to 4, seated 4; 18th, entitled to 3, seated 3; 19th, entitled to 3, seated 3; 20th, Branch 1, entitled to 3, seated 3; 20th, Branch 2, entitled to 4, seated 4; 21st, entitled to 4, seated 4; 22d, Branch 1, entitled to 3, seated 3; 23d, Branch 2, entitled to 3, seated 3.

NEW JERSEY.

West Hoboken.

Branch Ward 2 will discuss "Co-operatives" this evening at Silk Weavers' Hall, 347 West street. Everybody invited.

Union Hill.

A Warren protest meeting will be held under the auspices of Branch Union Hill Socialist party, tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock at Becker's Hall, 539 Lewis street, Union Hill. George R. Kirkpatrick will speak in English and Fred Krafft in English and German. Call readers should attend and bring their friends. Admission is 10 cents.

Elizabeth.

The lecture held Sunday night at the Socialist headquarters, Proctor's Broad Street Theater, by Professor Gruenberg, was listened to by about 100 men and women, who seemed to enjoy the biograph treatise on hygiene very much. The speaker, who bears many titles of honor and distinction of the various colleges, high schools and universities, entitled this, his second lecture, "The Cost of Health."

Each of the many points touched upon contained a wealth of information in an interesting and amusing and instructive. Following were a few of the points touched upon in the lecture: Speaking of what health really means, the professor explained that normal activity in the parts of the organic machine, nutrition, circulation, respiration, excretion, play a most important factor upon the nervous and muscular systems.

Of the obstacles to health found in our modes of living, he mentioned house construction as to light, air and temperature, nutrition, temptations to overeating and intemperance, artificial stimulation, drugs, pressure by worry, lack of sleep, bathing facilities and time.

The literature committee was instructed to get out a leaflet on the Warren case as early as possible, the leaflets to have the date of the protest meeting on them. Thirty-five applications for membership were received and favorably acted upon.

Financial secretary reported income, \$269.43; expenses, \$192; on hand, \$77.43. A delegate reported that S. M. White was offering tickets for sale and soliciting ads for a Frankin Day entertainment, which he claims was backed by the Socialist party of Kings. Motion was passed that Local Kings have nothing whatever to do with the Frankin Day entertainment arranged by S. M. White.

The following resolution was adopted: "The central committee of Local Kings County Socialist party protests against, and condemns as barbarous, the action of the Japanese government in placing on trial behind closed

doors, charged with high treason, twenty-six brave champions of the working class of Japan, for no other crime but that of striving to enlighten and educate the downtrodden working class of Japan."

Nominations for officers and committees resulted as follows: Organizer and financial secretary, Lindgren; recording secretary, H. Uawald; treasurer, Hopkins; executive committee, Shapiro, Compton, Pauly, Weil, Fineburg, Frank Smith, Furman, Lewis, Rumber; credentials committee, Barnard, Weil, Dinger, Jr., Shapiro; auditing committee, Simson, Effros, Battell; literature committee (which will consist of three instead of seven members), Furman, Schwartz, Lindgren, Fraser, and all committee renominated.

Nominations for school committee was laid over to the first meeting in February. Nominations for other committees was laid over to next meeting.

GEORGE H. LEWIS.

Recording Secretary. Local Kings County.

QUEENS COUNTY.

The women's mass meeting which was held under the auspices of Local Queens County Socialist party, at the Queens County Labor Lyceum, 457 Greene street, Sunday afternoon, January 15, was a great success.

The hall was filled long before the time for the speakers to begin. There were a number of men in the audience.

Comrade Halpern called the meeting to order at 3:30 o'clock, and after giving the audience a short talk, he introduced the first speaker, Comrade Carrie W. Allen. She made a long and interesting speech and was heartily applauded.

The next speaker was Comrade Lilly Lore, who spoke in German. She was also heartily applauded.

And last, but not least, came our Comrade Bertha M. Fraser. She told the women how necessary their assistance was in the Socialist movement. She impressed this so hard that the majority of the women gave their names and addresses, and promised to be at the Queens County Labor Lyceum this Friday night, January 20, to attend the meeting of Branch Ridgewood No. 2. They will then decide whether to organize a separate women's organization or join the branches of the men.

Comrade Bertha M. Fraser was so delighted over this successful women's meeting that she promised to again give her services for another meeting of this kind some Sunday in March. Comrade Miss Sophie Lehman, who is a very active member of Branch Ridgewood No. 2, also spoke, and urged the women to come along and fall in line and assist in this grand movement.

The meeting was then adjourned.

Women who haven't left their names and addresses with the committee are hereby requested to be present on Friday night at the meeting of Branch Ridgewood No. 1.

F. STEHLE.

to the health of the nation than to the wealth of the nation, for greater health means greater wealth.

GUSTAVE THEIMER.

NATIONAL NOTES

At the city election held the 10th inst. in Medford, Ore., Comrade C. H. Miller was elected councilman of the 3d Ward by a plurality of 29 votes. E. E. Wolter, Socialist candidate for mayor, received 238 votes. Two years ago our candidate received but 24 votes.

The Polish section of the Socialist party respectfully requests state secretaries and organizers to inform it of places or localities where Polish locals may be organized. Two Polish organizers will shortly be routed by the section. Information as above requested should be addressed to H. Ciezewski, 1023 Milwaukee avenue, Chicago, Ill.

The Appeal to Reason has received the following letter:

"22 Arica Road, Brockley, London, S. E.

"To the Editor of the Appeal.—At a meeting of my branch held last evening, the following resolution was moved and carried unanimously:

"The Deptford (London) branch of the Social Democratic party sends fraternal greetings to the American Socialist party and desires to express its sympathy with Comrade Fred Warren in having been the victim of such gross injustice at the hands of capitalist agents, but heartily congratulates him and all connected upon the courageous self-sacrificing battle they are putting up against the forces of capitalism, and sincerely hopes that their efforts will arouse in the proletariat of America a recognition of its interest and succeed in inducing it to range itself on the side of Socialism, by which alone it can gain its emancipation."

"This resolution I was instructed to forward you and I shall be glad if you will see that it reaches our Comrade Warren and the headquarters of the Socialist party."

"FRED C. POPE, Secretary."

The state convention of the Socialist party of Indiana will be held in Kokomo Saturday and Sunday, January 28 and 29, 1911.

By a recent referendum in North Dakota, Comrade Arthur Le Sueur, Minot, was elected a member of the national committee for two years.

Comrade Branstetter, state secretary of Oklahoma, reports: "The annual state convention of the Socialist party of Oklahoma was held in Oklahoma City, December 29, 30 and 31. It was the most enthusiastic and successful convention ever held in this state. A feature of the convention was a monster meeting addressed by Comrade Berger, at which we filled the largest auditorium in the town with paid admissions, something which has seldom been accomplished by either of the old parties with their most distinguished representatives when admission was free. The convention initiated a constitutional amendment re-establishing the dues system, which was abolished last year, made arrangements for a systematic, state-wide distribution of literature, and for a great improvement in the system of effectiveness of our entire work of organization."

Comrade Branstetter further reports that the convention suspended J. H. Holcomb, reported to be a railroad detective, and indorsed the action of Local Oklahoma City in the expulsion of C. H. Armstrong, Marvin Brown and G. W. (Papp) Davis.

National Secretary Barnes has received the following letter:

"Dear Comrade Barnes: A great European movement has been organized in favor of our Japanese friends against the prosecution of Socialists by the government in Tokio. If you read European papers, you will see meetings took place in nearly all great towns. I shall transmit notwithstanding, your resolution to all affiliated parties."

"I draw your attention to the new situation of the American delegation in the International Socialist Bureau by the nomination (election) of Comrade Berger as a member of our central parliament (Congress). According to Article IV of our regulations, the parliamentary members have the right to nominate a special secretary in the bureau."

"The composition of the American delegation will be: 1. Morris Hillquit; 2. Daniel De Leon; 3. Victor L. Berger (interparliamentary commission delegate)."

"Fraternally yours,"

"CAMILLE HUYSMANS."

A special propaganda edition of the Progressive Woman will be prepared for Women's Day, February 25. The locals of the party are requested to take advantage of this splendid opportunity to interest the women Comrades and workers. Special bundle prices for this edition are: 25 copies for 50 cents; 75 copies for \$1. In lots of 100 or more 1 cent each. Orders should be filed as early as possible. Address the Progressive Woman, "Special Edition," Girard, Kan.

James H. Maurer, Socialist member of the state legislature of Pennsylvania, is going after the state constabulary, better known as the Cosacks. Ex-Governor Pennypacker, the father of this law, regarding the same wrote to the American Federation of Labor convention in Pittsburgh in 1905 the following: "That is a satisfaction to me . . . that at my own suggestion a law was passed creating the constabulary, which was, in time, it is hoped, make the coal and iron police unnecessary."

Certainly the capitalists were relieved of the expense of maintaining private police, and at state expenses have the services of Cosacks free. This is the great service rendered by a capitalist government to the working class of Pennsylvania. The advocates of the Cosacks now justify their existence on the plea of the protection given to the farmer's hen coop.

Comrade Maurer has circulated among trade unions and all radical

organizations a form blank containing questions as to the value of the services rendered by the constabulary and will have some rockbottom facts to present for the consideration of the members of the legislature.

LIST OF PUBLIC LECTURES TODAY

Wadleigh High School, 118th street and Seventh avenue: "Raphael," Dr. George Kriehn.

Public School 4, Rivington and Ridge streets: "Much Ado About Nothing," Mrs. Frances Carter.

Public School 12, Madison and Jackson streets: "Benjamin Franklin," Edwin Feltner.

Public School 62, 4th street, east of First avenue: "New Zealand," Dr. Charles N. Thomas.

Public School 66, 8th street, east of First avenue: "Shock, Wounds, Etc.," Dr. Charles E. S. Webster.

Public School 159, Audubon avenue and 169th street: "Songs of Burns," Mrs. Henrietta Speke-Seely.

Museum of Natural History, 77th street and Central Park West: "The Russo-Japanese War" Edwin Emerson.

Public Library, 103 West 135th street: "Charlotte Bronte and the Novel of Emotion," Dr. William Bradley Otis.

St. Cornelius Church, 423 West 46th street: "The Pacific Northwest," Edward Russell Perry.

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"Resolved, That the Socialist party, in national convention assembled, pledges its executive nominees when elected to office in national, state and municipality, invariably to the use of the police power of government for two purposes in all industrial disputes. First—There shall be a thorough patrol of all property involved in a strike, outside and in, by the legalized authorities, and that absolute order shall be preserved in the community with the end to prevent violence and anarchy. Second—That strikebreakers and all persons used for the purpose of taking the place of formerly employed workmen during an industrial dispute shall be defined as citizens, to the end that the strikers may have a reasonable opportunity to secure their demands."

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Real Estate Brokers and Builders.

24 West 10th Street, New York.

Have now for sale or to let very neat 5 and 6 room cottages. It is willing to meet reasonable financial conditions.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—West Side.

COLUMBIA AVE., 1922 near 168th—3-4 room modern flat, \$12.50.

8TH AVE., 2813, bet. 150th and 151st—5 light rooms, bath, hot water, \$17.

23D ST., 141 W.—Four rooms, toilet, pulley; new Pennsylvania deposit, \$18.50.

114TH ST., 208 W.—Six large light rooms, bath, hot water, \$22; inducements.

145TH ST., 312 W.—Six large rooms and bath; hot water; \$22; near subway, L.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—East Side.

5TH AVE., 2187 (121st)—5 rooms and bath; \$18.50; hot water supply.

58TH ST., 160 E.—Top, 8 rooms and bath; \$25.

88TH ST., 211 E.—5 rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water; \$23.

101ST ST., 178 E.—Four large rooms, bath, hot water; inducements \$14.00.

123D ST., 152 E.—6 large, light rooms, bath, hot water; \$20-\$22; month free.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—Brook.

JACKSON AVE., 748, one block subway—6 large, light rooms, bath, hot water, \$18.

ST. ANNE AVE., 364, near 145th st.—4 large rooms, bath, steam heat, near L, schools; \$18.

156TH ST., 401 E., corner Willis ave.—Five large rooms, bath; \$17. Inquire janitor.

148TH ST., 510 E., corner Willis ave.—Four large rooms, bath; \$14-\$16. Inquire janitor.

UNFURNISHED FLATS TO LET—East Orange, N. J.

9TH AVE., 6 (East Orange, N. J.)—6 large rooms, bath; corner house; \$20.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—Manhattan.

106TH ST., 22 E. (bet. Madison ave.)—One or two rooms, perfect light, steam heat, private entrance and bath; telephone. Dr. S. Berlin.

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Special rates upon application to The New York Call, 400 Pearl St., New York.

Write and send corrections and additions for this directory.

UNITED JOURNEMEN TAILORS LOCAL No. 299.

Headquarters, Club and Reading Room, 102 W. 12th St. Meetings every 2nd and 4th Monday, 8 p.m.

Socialist Party, New York County, Headquarters, 220 West 94th St., Manhattan, New York, 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tel. 2395 Lenox Co. Building, 2nd Floor.

Co-operative League, Meets every Thursday evening at University Settlement, 22nd and Hinton streets, N. Y. City, 8 o'clock.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, L. U. No. 627, meets every Monday at 8 o'clock, 60 West 12th St., New York City.

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ST. ANNE AVE., 364, near 145th st.—4 large rooms, bath, steam heat, near L, schools; \$18.

156TH ST., 401 E., corner Willis ave.—Five large rooms, bath; \$17. Inquire janitor.

148TH ST., 510 E., corner Willis ave.—Four large rooms, bath; \$14-\$16. Inquire janitor.

UNFURNISHED FLATS TO LET—East Orange, N. J.

9TH AVE., 6 (East Orange, N. J.)—6 large rooms, bath; corner house; \$20.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—Manhattan.

106TH ST., 22 E. (bet. Madison ave.)—One or two rooms, perfect light, steam heat, private entrance and bath; telephone. Dr. S. Berlin.

SCHOOLS.

MENDEL SCHOOL, 117 SECOND AVE. Preparing for entrance, colleges, Cooper Union, Civil Service, engineering, surveying, drafting, mathematics, typewriting, stenography; etc.; evening.

UNION AND SOCIETY DIRECTORY.

The regular meeting of your Union and Society should be announced here. It will assist you in winning new members. Bring this matter up at your next meeting.

Special rates upon application to The New York Call, 400 Pearl St., New York.

Write and send corrections and additions for this directory.

UNITED JOURNEMEN TAILORS LOCAL No. 299.

Headquarters, Club and Reading Room, 102 W. 12th St. Meetings every 2nd and 4th Monday, 8 p.m.

Socialist Party, New York County, Headquarters, 220 West 94th St., Manhattan, New York, 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. Tel. 2395 Lenox Co. Building, 2nd Floor.

Co-operative League, Meets every Thursday evening at University Settlement, 22nd and Hinton streets, N. Y. City, 8 o'clock.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, L. U. No. 627, meets every Monday at 8 o'clock, 60

