

The emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves



The Weather. FAIR AND WARMER.

Devoted to the Interests of the Working People.

TELEPHONE 3000 HERRMAN.

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ASZYNSKI JAMS COOPER UNION

Socialist Member of Austrian Parliament Greeted by Thousands of His Countrymen.

WINS HIS AMERICAN TOUR

Morris Hillquit, Alexander Jonas and S. Feigenbaum Welcome Noted Agitator.

Cooper Union was crowded to the door last night by a meeting unparalleled in the history of the Polish working people in New York, at which Ignace Daszynski, Socialist member of the Austrian parliament, fired the first gun in a two months' campaign to convert the Polish workmen of the United States to the principles of International Socialism.

Daszynski's Appearance.

Ignace Daszynski is a veteran in the Socialist movement. He has plied in the prisons of Russia and of Austria for his championship of the working people. He has pleaded their cause in parliament as well as through the Polish newspaper, "The Cracow Forward," with which he is connected. And his yeoman service in the cause of the people has left its impress on Daszynski's face. His hair and mustache are iron gray. Altogether he looks a man well along in the fifties, although he is only forty-four years old.

When he first steps upon the platform, his tall, lean form has something severe about it. He reminds you of a Prussian officer, for, in spite of his weathered features, his back is as straight as a lance. But when he begins to speak Daszynski becomes a different man—a man of the people, a man who knows their suffering and knows the solution for this suffering. In the years of imprisonment and exile in Siberia have left severe and tragic lines, but his heart is young, younger and more enthusiastic than the hearts of thousands of young men just beginning their career in life. This youth and enthusiasm of Daszynski came strongly to light in a brief interview which The Call reporter had with him just after he finished speaking.

"New York an Inferno."

"It is an inferno," said Daszynski, "Your East Side, especially, is so depressing in the extreme to a European visitor, although it is not to me. I am neither surprised nor astonished at your East Side with its unparalleled tenements and poverty. I am not disappointed by it as the average European traveler would be because I am not the average traveler. I am a Socialist and know that before ten years elapse the East Side will have Socialist representatives in Congress. It will have Socialists in office and then you will see how quickly the sanitary laws which are now so grossly neglected will be enforced. Yes, the East Side is more than an inferno, but this is the sign in a way. It shows that capitalism has just about reached its limit in the United States and that Socialism is the next step."

ATTACK CLAUSE IN WOMEN'S COURT LAW

Constitutionality of the new Women's Court law, relating to the compulsory physical examination of women arrested for crimes in the social evil category, was brought into dispute yesterday before Justice Gavegan, of the Supreme Court in connection with a writ of habeas corpus by which counsel for Lilly Hastings is trying to secure her release from the workhouse. The woman was convicted in the Women's Court and sentenced to four months in the workhouse by Magistrate Herbert, after she had been examined by a physician as the law provides.

SAY POLICE PROTECT WHITE SLAVE DEALERS

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 30.—Additional confessions by three girls alleged by the police to be "white slaves" is booked to result in wholesale arrests in New York. At the order of United States District Attorney James H. Jordan, the girls were subjected to rigid examination by Agent H. M. O'Brien, Federal Prosecutor Jordan and Police Inspector Lawrence Bartley most of today.

Girl Won't Disclose Identity.

Besides the Brown girl and Maria Antonette Petros, aged seventeen years, two more New York women are held by the local police. One of them, so the police say, is implicated in the traffic of women, for which Tufaro is held.

DEMOCRATS NOMINATE DIX FOR GOVERNOR

ROCHESTER, Sept. 30.—The state convention of the Democratic party today nominated the following ticket: Governor, John A. Dix, of Albany; lieutenant governor, William Sulzer, of New York; secretary of state, Edward Laszansky, of Kings; comptroller, William Somner, of New York; state engineer, John A. Bensen, of New York; treasurer, John J. Kennedy, of Erie; attorney general, Thomas P. Carmody, of Yates; associate justice of the Court of Appeals, Fred K. Collins, of Chemung.

SOCIALISM ALSO A BOGEY TO DEMOCRATS

ROCHESTER, Sept. 30.—There is nothing for Big Business to fear in the Democratic platform adopted here today. Capital is assured it may proceed without interruption, but precious little is said about labor. After the usual guff about "the welfare of the workingman," who seldom gets much notice from the old parties till election time, and a meaningless recommendation about "the right of laboring men in case of injury to indemnity out of the fruits of their own industry," and a call to the people to elect "a virtuous Democratic legislature" to uphold a Democratic government, and so on and so on, the platform finally comes to this remarkable and humorous declaration:

Lastly, we solemnly declare our inflexible opposition to the so-called "new nationalism," as it is investors put this forward as if it were progress while in reality it is sheer reaction to tyrannical methods long ago shaken off by the free peoples of the world, oftentimes at cruel cost in treasure and blood. The settlers of our country fled from Europe to escape it. Whatever advance this adoption would bring is advance toward Socialism.

MAY AVOID LOCKOUT OF ENGLISH WORKERS

MANCHESTER, England, Sept. 30.—Hope for a settlement of the dispute between the Master Cotton Spinners and their employees and an avoidance of the threatened lockout of 150,000 workmen, was received today by the news that the spinners and representatives of the cotton unions are to hold a conference either tonight or tomorrow. If the conference fails, the lockout will become effective Monday.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. FIGHTS SAFETY LAW

Thousands of Brakemen Suffer Mutilation and Death Because Railroads Are Not Standardized.

(By Pan-American Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 30.—The hearing on standardizing of railroad equipments, before the interstate commerce commission, produced evidence that the Pennsylvania Railroad has all of its brakeshafes on the right-hand side of the cars, whereas 85 per cent of the total rolling stock in the United States has its brakeshafes on the left-hand side. The consequence is mutilation and death for thousands of brakemen who, on a dark night, fall to find the brake on its accustomed place.

REPORT TAMPA CIGAR STRIKE

Will Petition President and Italian Consul to Investigate Lynching.

After listening to an address made by Robert W. Bruere, of the Socialist party, in behalf of starting a movement for the establishment of municipal milk depots, the Central Federated Union at its meeting at the Labor Temple last night, decided to join in the movement and Delegates Edward Hannah, Thomas Curtiss, James Holland, Leonora O'Reilly, Alexander Block and M. A. McCouville, were elected to the conference called by the Socialist party for that purpose. Bruere spoke on the recent announcement that Strauss intends to close up his milk depots, and said that there are 17,000 children, under one year, dying on annually, for the lack of proper food. Strauss, he said, had supplied milk for only 2,000 children, and there were 12,000 children who have not had, and who were starving for the lack of proper nourishment. He urged the delegates that a fight be started and a demand be made on the Mayor, Board of Aldermen, and all other bodies for the establishment of municipal milk depots. Delegate Cunningham, of the Steamfitters, suggested that a demand for more milk inspectors also be made.

LORIMER SUPPLIED "CAMPAIGN MONEY"

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 30.—State Senator John Broderick, who is badly wanted by the Lorimer investigating committee, cannot be located by the officers who have been endeavoring to apprehend him. Drafts with a large roll of bills in June and July at which time he paid her \$50.50 he owed her.

Two Men Lynched by Mob.

From there they were removed to the Tampa city jail, and while on the way to the jail a mob of sixty with revolvers pointing at the sheriffs made the prisoners go. While the sheriffs left them the two men were lynched by the mob. "It is a shame that in a civilized and free country such cases should happen, and the authorities not even attempt to arrest the mob leaders. We should not only go on record as protesting against the action of the Tampa and Florida authorities, but we should condemn them."

People Must Own the Trusts.

"You turn to the Democrats and ask them what they are going to do to make it easier for you to pay your bills, and they have nothing to say that the Republicans have not already said. There is one Democrat who has a remedy all his own. This is old Dr. Bryan. Bryan wants to abolish the trusts, and go back to one-horse competition. Bryan has not the slightest notion of the evolution of society, or of any other kind of evolution. He would pass a law prohibiting the gradual period of geology, and another one to enjoin the formation of sandstone. He is a kind-hearted old crank man, who thinks he is a great statesman. Peace to his ashes."

Photo-engravers in Fight.

Albert Abrahams was unanimously elected to represent the C. F. U. at the convention of the American Federation of Photo-engravers in Chicago.

MUNICIPAL AID FOR POOR BABIES

Central Federated Union Sends Delegates to Conference Concerning Milk Stations.

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DISCUSS CIGAR STRIKE

The question of the strike of the cigarmakers in Tampa, Fla., took up considerable time at the meeting. Morris Braun depicted the conditions that exist in Tampa.

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STRANGE SILENCE OF THE OLD PARTIES

Political Hypocrites Flayed by Socialist Candidates at Fine Meeting in Brooklyn.

Fifteen hundred persons filled Congress Hall, Atlantic and Vermont avenues, Brooklyn, last night and heard Charles Edward Russell, candidate for governor of New York; Dr. C. L. Furman, candidate for assembly; G. S. Gelder, and others, expound the truths of Socialism at a meeting held under the auspices of the 22d Assembly District, Socialist party.

Old Party Slap-Stickers.

Russell began his address with a vigorous attack on the comedy provided at the state conventions of the Republican and Democratic parties in New York.

Horrid Terms Fired at the Insurgents

The convention of the National Republican League was called to order at Carnegie Hall yesterday by John Hays Hammond, the millionaire pal of President Taft, who said in part: "We may divide the mountains into four classes: First, the Calamity Howlers. These are simon-pure Socialists and demagogues. They have no standing in the Republican party, but masquerade under the respectable name of Republican."

TO GIVE LECTURES ON SOCIAL EVIL

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—Lessons on purity and the social evil should be taught in the public schools, according to letters from Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard University, and John D. Rockefeller, Jr., which were read at a conference held here yesterday by members of the Illinois vigilance committee, the Midway Mission, of Chicago, and the American Purity Federation.

PRINTERS HAVE CLOSE SHAVE IN BLAZE

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 30.—Fire broke out in the plant of the Times-Democrat Publishing Company early yesterday morning. The same started in the paper warehouse on the first floor of the building. It was only a few moments before the entire building was in flames. Several employees on upper floors had narrow escapes.

MAINE SOCIALIST VOTE GAINED 10%

(Special to The Call.)

AUGUSTA, Maine, Sept. 30.—With four small towns yet to be heard from, the Socialist vote for governor was 1,588 at the recent election, State Secretary Leonard reports. From reading the capitalist press it would appear that there were any Socialists in this state, but the vote shows a gain of 10 per cent over 1908.

WORKERS TO RATIFY SOCIALIST TICKET

PROTEST AGAINST ATTACK BY BERLIN POLICE

BERLIN, Sept. 30.—In conformity with instructions received from the American State Department, United States Ambassador Hill today protested to the German government against the unprovoked assault by the police upon Frederic Wile, the correspondent of the New York Times.

Tens of Thousands of Men and Women to March to Union Square Tonight.

Three Socialist candidates for governor will speak at Union Square tonight.

TRI-STATE GATHERING

Three gubernatorial candidates and a score of well known orators will address through.

TO GIVE LECTURES ON SOCIAL EVIL

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Wass & Miller
"THE FURNITURE CENTER."
Broadway, London and Quincy Streets,
BROOKLYN.

**DO YOU HAVE ?
AN OFFICE ?**

If so, you want it to look prosperous and up-to-date. Our Office Furniture is all selected high-grade and reliable, the prices within reason.

**Solid Oak
Roll Top Desk
\$13.75**

This is a typical value of many in our store. It is a favorite. Has three large drawers—one with double compartment for books. One drawer with compartments in top, 24 inches wide.

Complete Stocks of Desks, Chairs, Tables and Filing Devices of Every Description.

Send for our Contract Manager and let him figure with you.

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings.

Division, Band, Bohemian and Slavok Branches, S. F.; Bohemian Butchers' Union, Bohemian Typographical Union, several other unions.

The parade will then be complete and will proceed as follows:

Leaving East 54th street will swing into Second avenue; south to 82d street; east on 82d street to First avenue; south on First avenue to 57th street; west on 57th street to Eighth avenue; south on Eighth avenue to 26th street; east on 26th street to Broadway; south on Broadway to the Plaza in Union Square; east through the northern end of the Plaza to Fourth avenue and disband.

Brooklyn Parade.

Assembly on Court street, opposite Borough Hall, at 7 p.m. Order of march will be given at 7:30. Police Marshal and assistants, Band, Central Committee of the Socialist party, Brooklyn Federation of Labor, Butcher Union, No. 211, Carpenters Union, No. 22, Bakers' Union, No. 3, Beer Drivers' Union, No. 24, Coopers Union, No. 14, Brotherhood of Machinists, No. 5, Bushwick Lodge, Brotherhood of Machinists, United Garment Workers, No. 54, Ironworkers, 14, 17, 68, 75, 87, 102, 135, 224, 245 of the Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Fund, Branches of the Workmen's Circle, Italian Socialist Federation, Drum and Pipe Corps, Subdivisions of Local Kinize County, Socialist party, twenty-nine in all.

Parade will start at 7:30 p.m., marching down Court street to Fulton street, Fulton street to Sands street, Sands street to entrance of Brooklyn bridge, and across the bridge along the footpath in crossing. On the New York side the parade will turn south on Park row to Mail street, west on Mail street to Broadway, and up Broadway to Canal street. At Canal street, facing Broadway, the New Jersey Division will be in waiting, and will fall in as Brooklyn passes. At Canal street the parade will turn east to the Bowery, north on the Bowery and Third avenue to 14th street, west on 14th street to Broadway, north on Broadway to the Plaza of Union Square, east through the northern end of the Plaza to Fourth avenue and disband.

New Jersey Parade.

Will assemble on Murray street, New York, facing Broadway, at 8 o'clock. Grand Marshal, Max Fackert; Socialist Drum and Pipe Corps, of Hudson County, Joseph Gilliam, Drum Major; Socialist Party Branches, Bakers' Union No. 192, Bakers' Union No. 15, United Singing Societies of Hudson County, with all banners. Other labor organizations of Hudson County.

DOCTOR'S AUTO HURT COP.

Dr. Richard Blum, of 65 West 54th street, was fined \$10 yesterday in Jefferson Market Court for speeding his automobile down Fifth avenue, Thursday, Brooklyn. Blum was fined by the magistrate that he was following the doctor's machine, and that when the automobile turned out to avoid a taxi cab that swung in front of it at 10th street he was knocked from his bicycle and painfully hurt.

The Frank Department Store
Corner 100th St. and Columbus Ave.

We carry a complete line of Underwear, Hosiery, Suits, Hats, Footwear, etc. in fact, everything you need in the line of men's, ladies' and children's wear. We allow 4 per cent. on all purchases.

For SHOES OF QUALITY AND STYLE

GO TO
ARTHUR NEWMAN
510 WENDOVER AVENUE
Just a Whisper Off 3d Ave.
AGENCY FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES FOR MEN AND BOYS.

The Weekly Pledge Fund

Remember that the weekly amount pledged should be mailed to The Weekly Pledge Committee, P. O. Box 1664, New York City, or paid to the cashier in the Call office. In both cases payments or remittances should reach us on Fridays. Acknowledgments will be made on Mondays. When sending remittances, please use the following blank:

The Weekly Pledge Committee, New York City, P. O. Box 1664, New York City.

Dear Comrades: Enclosed herewith you will find \$..... in payment of my weekly pledge for..... weeks.

Yours faithfully,
.....

STRANGE SILENCE OF THE OLD PARTIES
(Continued from Page 1.)

over these transportation systems. They thereby own you and me. This ownership is part of the trust system. Bryan would abolish the trust. Socialists would own them. Trusts produce cheaper and distribute more perfectly than it was possible ever to do under the old systems of small competition. The only trouble is that these great organizations are owned by a few men and operated in their own benefit. What we want to do is to make the ownership public, instead of private, and operate the trusts for the benefit of the whole people.

It is time for you to enter the Socialist party if you think you ought to have some say about the things you must have to live.

Furman Makes Witty Speech.

Dr. Furman made a witty and telling speech before Russell took the platform. He outlined the chief characteristics of capitalism, and then asked his hearers to decide for themselves whether they belonged to the possessing or the dispossessed class. He sketched the plans and characteristics of Socialism, and asked his hearers if they were not willing to make the change.

"The government, under which you are living today, is owned by the men who employ you, and its run with a view to increasing the profits of these men. All laws are made to allow the master class to make more money, and to keep you from getting more of the wealth you create than is necessary to keep you alive. And it is not always desirable to keep you alive. It is sometimes cheaper to let you starve to death."

The speaker then told of a negro slave in Mississippi whose master had paid \$14,000 for an operating steam boiler to increase the profits of these men. All laws are made to allow the master class to make more money, and to keep you from getting more of the wealth you create than is necessary to keep you alive. And it is not always desirable to keep you alive. It is sometimes cheaper to let you starve to death."

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G. S. Gelder made an earnest plea to the workers to remember that when they went to the election booth they held in their hands. The means of their liberation from wage slavery. "The old parties have always sold you out, and must continue to sell you out," he said. "These parties do not want you to sell your labor power, and it is in the interest of your bosses that the old parties will always bend their efforts."

STRIKING TINSMITHS FOOLED BY BOSSES

In response to a telephone call received by the striking tinsmiths from the Empire Trust, a committee from the union being sent over to Nicholson's and Levy, tinware manufacturers, of 252 Java street, Brooklyn, to discuss a general settlement with all the bosses, a committee from the strikers yesterday went to the Brooklyn shop.

When the committee arrived at the Nicholson shop they were met by the boss, who asked them what they wanted. The committee explained that the Empire bosses had telephoned and asked for a committee to call at that shop for the purpose of settling the strike. Nicholson said that he did not want to have anything to do with the union, and that he did not call any committees.

The strikers then left, called up the Empire bosses and told them what Nicholson had said. The Empire people insisted that he did make the request.

The strikers' action last night condemned the action of the bosses and ridiculed the foolish way they had acted with the committee.

Secretary J. Teransky yesterday stated that the bosses are merely playing for time, and that it is only a question of days when all will sign up with the union. "They tried their utmost to break the strike," he said, "but they failed, and they will have to sign."

SCRANTON LABOR MEN ARE AROUSED, TOO

SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 30.—The Scranton Central Labor Union is assembling a convention of labor men to protest against the action of the railroad brotherhoods in helping railways to boost freight rates.

BRICKLAYERS' TIE-UP IS NOW COMPLETE

The tie-up in the building trades resulting from the strike of bricklayers, was tighter than ever yesterday.

The union bricklayers met yesterday morning at the Labor Temple. Reports received from other cities indicated that there was not a contract of a member of the Mason Builders' Association in any city in the United States which was not tied up.

The pickets reported that not a scab was secured by the Mason Builders' Association so far, in spite of the fact that the bosses boasted that strikebreakers were flocking to New York from other cities.

That the bosses are beginning to lose their equanimity and are getting nervous over the situation, was evident yesterday in the hurried conferences and special meetings which they held during the day. Members of the Mason Builders' Association did not even attempt to deny that the present tie-up is the most complete and widespread since the association was formed.

At the close of a large meeting held by bosses in the afternoon, President Conover issued the following hazy statement: "Through the action of the national officers of the bricklayers we find ourselves whether we will or not lined up against the bricklayers unions in a struggle that no one can foresee the end of. No matter how long the fight lasts we will not change our attitude an iota. We have given the bricklayers the fairest of treatment and have scrupulously kept our part in an agreement in which the bricklayers were principal beneficiaries until they forced the lockout by violating it."

Students and Friends Are Invited to Attend an Informal Social Gathering
AT THE
Rand School of Social Science
112 East Nineteenth Street.
Sunday, October 2, from 7 to 11 P. M.
Preliminary to the opening of the Fifth year's work.
Music and Refreshments. No Fee or Collection.

12,000 DISSATISFIED SAILOR BOYS NOW IN OUR HOSPITABLE PORT

Some of Them Tell of Their Glorious Life Aboard Ship Where They're Worked Till They're "Simple" and Fed Rotten Grub.

There is something like \$75,000,000 worth of great floating fighting machinery in port at present, composed of fifteen of the sixteen battleships in the North Atlantic fleet. In a few years all these ponderous and impressive machines, which men have built for the purpose of slaughtering their fellows, will be sold for junk. For nations in battleships change even more quickly than styles in millinery.

Directing the activities of these elaborate and expensive hulks of steel are about 12,000 men. The majority of these are workmen, young and old, who are willing to run the risk of being shot to pieces in battle or blown to atoms in "fortuitous" accidental explosions, for sums ranging between \$16 and \$75 per month.

A large section of these 12,000 men are now on shore leave and partaking of the hospitality of our celebrated city. Some hundreds of them were turned loose last night and the two nights before and could be found in straggling batches last night along the Brooklyn waterfront and the Bowery.

It has been a long time since most of them have had a chance to stretch their legs ashore, and the rasher ones hit the hard earth again with two or three months' pay in their port and aboard pockets. Some of the men who've been through the mill have turned up and shoved it well back under their blouses. Which is wise of them, for New York loves the sailor lad so much that it procures to trifling amounts to do it quick at every opportunity.

Every crook, tout, pimp, crimp and near-lady in town loves our valiant sailor boys to such an extent that they seldom allow him to set aboard ship without being hoisted to the masthead to do a little bit of show business.

The popular picture of the battle-ship seaman is a huge, brawny, two-fisted giant who spends his time ashore hunting for trouble. On the contrary, he is apt to be a slender, boyish young fellow, strange in city ways, peaceable in temper, and, except when filled with bad whiskey, rather avoiding than hunting for quarrels.

The brawling sailor is nowadays seldom found outside of popular fiction, and riotous life along the Bowery when on shore is largely a thing of the past. For instance, last night a Call reporter saw five sailors tramp boldly into a drug store on 14th street, sit down with their backs to the counter, order five chocolate ice cream sodas, which they absorbed with all the silent ecstasy of a Grand street girl on a Saturday night.

"Jack," as he declined to be called, in these days is inclined to scum as much of his meager wages as he can in the hope of some day getting out of the navy and becoming a civilized human being, with a job which will allow him to keep his self-respect.

Glorious Life in the Navy.

Now the United States government has spent in the last five years about \$240,000 in inducing young men to join the army and navy by means of advertising. Beautiful posters, widespread broadcast, expensive enlistment offices are kept open and smooth tongued and presentable men are kept on hand to talk to all inquirers. Reports from the government are that 80 per cent of the men who are recruited in advertisements in magazines, and magazine advertising is costly.

But what do the men actually in the service say about it? Last night a Call reporter talked with a little knot of five men, two of them being seamen and the other three marines. Though friendly in manner, they were a trifle suspicious of questions and at first said they liked the navy well enough, but as the conversation went on, they began to talk freely enough of life in the old navy.

"Would I enlist in the navy if I knew what I do know?" said one young seaman. "Well, I should say not! What do you think of a man—darn fool? Say, young fellow, if you're thinking of enlisting in the navy, take my advice and for God's sake stay out! It's hell, I tell you!"

Another young fellow, who said he was a first class fireman, leaned forward and said: "Say, have you got a job that gives you three square meals a day? You have? Then be thankful and stay where you are. Get some other kind of job if you don't like the one you've got, but don't let them fool you into enlisting."

"Don't you like the food you get?" asked the reporter, innocently.

"Like it? God-a-mighty, fellows, here's a man what wants to know if we like our grub!"

The gang charged the reporter simultaneously, and all began to talk at once.

"Hell!" said one. "I wouldn't feed

a dog what we get in the navy. Rotten meat, rotten beans, and bread so damned hard you can't bite it. It's black dirt, rotten. Say, do you know what the government feeds each man on? Nine cents a day! Nine cents! And say, we never get even 9 cents worth. Why not? Gruff, that's the answer. We're fed by contract, you see, and what the hell does the contractor care what we get on? He's only to make money. Take breakfast—for that we get some slabs they call flapjacks, molasses, and cold coffee. Ain't that a heluva meal to start an able-bodied man out to a day's work on?"

Desertions Explained.

You don't need to talk more than five minutes with "Uncle Sam's" jackies before you begin to understand why desertions in the navy have increased 50 per cent in the last five years.

When this matter of desertions was touched upon, one of the boys in blue burst out:

"Say, you don't know nothin'. There ain't a port we touch at that men don't drop over the side, or beat it when they get ashore leave. I know they've been making a fuss about desertions from the army lately—I read about it, but the desertions from the army ain't a circumstance to what they are in the navy. They keep it damned quiet, you see. They don't want anybody to find out why so many men beat it from the service the first chance they get."

The Call reporter talked last night, perhaps, to two dozen men in our boasted naval service. Only one out of the lot was going to reenlist, and he explained that by saying he was getting too old to learn any other trade. All told substantially the same story—the foul and scanty food, the hopeless outlook—the monotonous grind of hard muscle-tacking work aboard ship, day after day, and day after day, till a man's brain is affected, and he becomes what they call in the navy "simple."

The Navy Man's Mind.

"You see that crowd over there at the end of the bar?" said a sailor in a saloon, pointing to a knot of loud-talking seamen and marines. "Well, that's the way we got. That bunch is simple—nutty. Their upper works ain't any good. They don't know anything, and they can't talk anything but silliness. They're simple. You see, when a man goes to sea and stays two or three months, with nothing to occupy his mind but scrubbing the deck and polishing the brasses, he gets very dumb. He almost forgets he's alive. He loses all his ambition. He don't care about anything except getting out of the navy, and half the time he hasn't got energy or nerve enough to beat it when he gets a chance. I don't know how to tell it exactly, but his mind just gets simple."

So all the recruiting activities of the government amount to this—that the United States spends annually six million dollars to induce young men to join the navy, and another department that must be called beneficent or educational, and after enticing thousands of young workingmen into its naval service, treats them in such a manner that hordes of them drop out at every opportunity. And still the game goes on. More and costlier battleships are built every year. Each new battleship means that a force of American workmen must be caught, taught to man it, and trained to slaughter the workmen of England or Germany, or some other imaginary "enemy."

The United States pays an ordinary seaman \$21 for a whole month's hard labor. To fire one big gun one time may cost in the neighborhood of \$1,000. So every time a gun is fired, the power and labor of about fifty young workmen is blown into the air—wasted utterly. In time of war, that one explosion may mean the death of scores of other young workmen, and that means that scores of lives have been snuffed out—uselessly.

The government's annual bill for sustaining the navy runs into the millions and millions of dollars, and yearly it grows larger. Such huge sums, rightly used, would soon stamp out tuberculosis or provide work for the increasing army of unemployed, but the masters' view is that we need a big navy. "We," meaning the big business men like Schwab, with his armor factory and Senator Dupont with his powder works and the other capitalists who want bigger and wider foreign markets in which to sell their goods.

Now go out to look at the battleships in North river and thrill!

50 BOSS BUTCHERS SETTLE WITH UNION

Fifty retail butchers yesterday settled with the Hebrew Butchers' Union of Greater New York, and a hundred men will today return to work under union conditions. Although the bosses ignored the notices to renew the agreements sent by the union, there was a line of bosses from 3 o'clock in the afternoon until late in the evening waiting in line to get a chance to sign.

About 300 shops were yesterday tied up by the walkout and more than 600 men reported at the strike headquarters, 85 East 4th street, yesterday afternoon. Men employed in shops that the officers of the union did not expect to get out on strike, dropped their tools and reported at the strike headquarters.

Among those who signed up agreements are some of the biggest butchers. One of them is I. Brook, who owns two shops, one at 248 Madison street, and another at 18 Fourth street.

Committees of the union will today start out to pull out on strike those who remained at work, and by tomorrow they expect to have every shop in Greater New York tied up.

It was reported yesterday that a number of members of the bosses' association are going to drop out of the association and sign agreements with the union. The Jewish holidays are coming, and the bosses cannot afford to have their men out.

The union requests all workmen to patronize only those restaurants that display red union signs in their windows, thus help the union in its fight.

New York's Choice

This great city, like Paris, is epicurean. Its taste is discriminating. Knowing and trying all teas, it selects for its own

White Rose

CEYLON TEA

One Quality Only—the Best.

MUNICIPAL AID FOR SICK BABIES
(Continued from Page 1.)

eration of Labor, to be held at St. Louis.

Ryan, of the Photo-engravers, reported about the fight the Boston photo-engravers are waging against the bosses. He said that his organization has sent \$1,000 and that they have also decided to send \$1,000 every month until a victory is won.

Thomas Curtis, of the Rock Drillers' Union, reported that his organization is going to be the first one to test the employers' liability law. Since the law was enacted they had 37 cases, including the killing of men, smashed heads and broken feet and hands. They are now trying a case where a man was killed. The New York Central, he said, refused to abide by the law, and the case is now being tried in court.

He appealed to all unions to get active and start a fight to force the bosses to establish such machinery as will avoid accidents.

The question of the Building Employees' Union again came up for discussion. On motion of Holland it was decided to ask the American Federation of Labor that when a charter for a federal union is received from New York city that they communicate with the C. F. U. and find out if there are no unions that may claim jurisdiction over them. A letter from Secretary Morrison, of the A. F. of L., was received telling the C. F. U. that the Carriage and Wagon Workers should be seated as they are a local of the international.

The photo-engravers' delegates protested against them being seated, and the question was postponed for one week to give them time to modify their jurisdiction. Alexander Schlegler's booklet entitled "The Abolition of Wage Slavery" was endorsed, and it was recommended to the delegates for study, as was Mrs. Malkiel's book entitled "A Diary of a Shirtwaist Maker."

TAMPA CIGAR MAKERS TO CONTINUE STRIKE

TAMPA, Fla., Sept. 30.—A vote of the Cigar Makers' Union was held today on the proposition of accepting the terms of the Manufacturers' Association and returning to work or continuing the strike.

The result was 3,446 votes against returning to work as against 15 to return. The manufacturers had refused recognition of the union.

The strike is in its twelfth week. Fully four thousand cigar makers have left the city and gone to other towns.

STRIKING GLAZIER SENT TO WORKHOUSE

Magistrate Herrman, in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday, sentenced Sam Geroffsky, a striking glazier, to five days in the workhouse on the charge of fighting with a scab at 20th street and Tenth avenue, where the Joseph Elias Glass Company was doing a job.

Geroffsky tried to persuade the scab to join the strike and a fight started, and, as usual, the striker was arrested. Geroffsky was not given a chance to get witnesses, but on the testimony of the scabs was sentenced to the workhouse.

Another striker, Sam Kirschner, was yesterday sentenced to two days in jail in the Second Precinct Court, Jersey City, on the charge of following up scabs of Louis Max, who is said to be a man "high up in politics."

Kirschner testified that he was simply going to his uncle to try to get work, but because he had a card of the Glaziers' Union, the judge found that sufficient evidence against him to send him up for two days.

Mrs. Silverstein, wife of a striker, was yesterday arrested at Sumner place and Broadway, Brooklyn, because she attempted to talk to scabs. But the charge against her was so ridiculous that the boss of the job, Warblowsky, hurried over to the station house and got her out.

Two bosses yesterday signed up with the union and about twenty men will today return to work under union conditions. A load of glass was smashed at the corner of 15th street and Seventh avenue after a row between scabs and strike sympathizers.

ALLEGED GRAFTERS NOT I. B. T. MEN

Joseph Forkey, president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters of New York and New Jersey (Inc.), said yesterday that Amos McDonald and Harry McCormick, alleged teamsters' "business agents," arrested on a charge of extorting money from William M. Davidson, a produce dealer, of 106 Murray street, were in no way connected with his union.

Henry Frank BERKELEY THEATRE

"The Will of God Versus the Rights of Man; or The Church and Human Progress." Music by Maurice Nitke, Violinist. Free Seats.

19 West 44th Street
Near Fifth Ave.
SUNDAY AT 11 A. M.

First Grand Annual Entertainment and Ball

GIVEN BY THE
Women's Trade Union League
Friday Eve'g, November 11, 1910
AT THE GRAND CENTRAL PALACE
Lexington Avenue and 45th St., New York City.
MUSIC BY UNION ORCHESTRA.
Tickets, 25 Cents. Hat Check, 25 Cents

Brooklyn Advertisers

The Berlin Store
Levi Bros & Co. PROPRIETORS
CORNER OF Broadway and Willoughby Ave. BROOKLYN

Have Your Furniture Made Like New Again NOW

FURNITURE STORED FREE UNTIL WANTED. THIS OFFER GOOD FOR A LIMITED TIME ONLY.

5 PIECES FURNITURE RE-UPHOLSTERED for 15.98

First-Class Workmanship Guaranteed. AT THIS PRICE we will recover any ordinary 5-Piece Frame Suit of Furniture in Damask or Tapestry of excellent quality, with trimming of best silk gimp and cord. We also agree to revarnish or polish your frames equal to new.

5-Piece Slip Covers to Order LOWEST PRICE EVER MADE

for this quality of Belgian Damask. 30 yards of the best Belgian Damask allowed **3.75**

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

EACH SLIP is bound with shrunk binding. A high quality of Belgian Damask is used. The price allows 20 yards of twenty-eight inch material. 30c a yard additional for larger suits.

Call if you can, 3d Floor Upholstery Dept., otherwise Phone 3000 Bushwick, or write and our Representative will call with samples.

New Fall Suits and Overcoats

IN EXCLUSIVE STYLES.

Men's Fall Suits, \$12.50
Complete assortment of fancy cassimeres, chevrot and worsted Fall Suits.

Men's Fall Overcoats, \$12.95
New 1910 Models—made of medium-weight chevrots in black, light and dark gray.

HENRY HELLER
Fashionable Tailor and Clothier
271 Hamburg Avenue, Corner Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Remember the Best Clothing and Hats You Get at The Reliable Clothing House

ALL KINDS OF UNION HATS.
1701 Pitkin Ave., nr. Rockaway Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.
CLOTHING FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN.

GET ACQUAINTED WITH
MAXLEIBOWITZ
Hatter, Men's Furnisher
1540 PITKIN AVENUE
Bet. Saratoga Ave. and Douglas St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Oldest and Most Reliable
SHOE STORE IN EAST N. Y.
EST. 1869.
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.
A. SONNENSCHNEIN
2680 ATLANTIC AVENUE.
Bet. Vermont Street and New Jersey Avenue, Brooklyn.

BEN'S DRY GOODS
Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings.
Sweater Coats a Specialty.
745 MYRTLE AVENUE
Near Nostrand Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Benj. Salkowitz, Proprietor.

RASKIN'S
HATS AND FURNISHINGS
GARNET DE BEAT
In Style, Quality and Price.
1758 Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn, E. T.

NO WORK; SICK CHILD; ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

Dependent over the illness of his only child and discouraged because of his inability to obtain employment, Frank Hagan, twenty-nine years old, a driver, attempted suicide at his home, 181 Eillery street, Brooklyn, yesterday, by swallowing a quantity of oxalic acid. After the poison had passed his lips he began to scream, and one of the other tenants in the house called a policeman.

Ambulance Surgeon Levine from the Eastern District Hospital, worked over Hagan for half an hour before he succeeded in reviving him. Then he took him to the hospital.

ALLEGED GRAFTERS NOT I. B. T. MEN

Henry Frank BERKELEY THEATRE
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CHOLERA EPIDEMIC IN SIBERIA

Deaths in Russia Since Outbreak—Due to Lack of Waterworks and Drainage Systems.

PETERSBURG, Sept. 30.—The cholera epidemic has taken a strong turn in Amur province, Siberia, twenty-two cases, with twelve deaths, being reported from that section in the week ending September 23. Of these cases and seven deaths were reported from the capital, Blagoveshchensk, in Turkestan, is also included in the cholera zone, and has reported six cases.

In the whole, however, the situation is improving. The totals made up of the sanitary bureau show 192 cases and 92,329 deaths since the outbreak of the epidemic.

In the week of September 17 to September 23, the cases and deaths numbered respectively, 3,038 and 1,074. These included deaths by province as follows: Samara, 248; Kiev, 111; Saratov, 111; Simbirsk, 101.

There has been a considerable falling off of cases in this city, today's report being fifteen, with five deaths. In the present week there were 215 cases and eighty deaths in the capital, and 393 patients in hospitals.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—From reports received from the cholera-infected districts of Russia, the public health and marine hospital service attributes the outbreak of the scourge to its dissemination there to the fact that few of the Russian cities have water works or drainage systems. Of 1,082 cities, 192 have water works, and only 88 drainage systems.

IMPASSO BETWEEN THE DEVIL AND DEEP SEA

MADRID, Sept. 30.—In order to have time to frame a program for the oncoming session of the cortes, Premier Canalejas today definitely decided not to reassemble parliament until October 6. The original date was October 3. Canalejas, though making no public explanation for the delay, has privately admitted that he desires a few more days in which to prepare for the struggle.

The premier also denied today the rumor that differences have sprung up between him and the king, and that the latter is wavering in his stand against the cortes. It is widely hinted that Premier Maura, a Conservative politician whose reinstatement in office the clericals are demanding, is soon to be named.

Alfonso is described as "born between faith in Canalejas' political sagacity and his loyalty to the church."

HARRY MARX SHOES

UNION MADE.
2695 Third Ave., near 143d St.
Branch at Yonkers, 19 Main St., Yonkers, N. Y.

Union Shoe Co.

52 Avenue B, cor. 4th Street
Our fall and winter shoes are ready for your inspection.
All velvet and velvet top shoes a specialty.
All our ladies' and gents' shoes are union made.

You are at home when dealing with FRANK'S DEPARTMENT STORE
W. E. Cor. 83d St. & Ave. A, N. Y.
ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW
We handle all union made merchandise.

SENDING MONEY TO EUROPE?

WE WILL SELL

Drafts in Amounts from \$5 Upward TODAY at approximately the following rates:
Great Britain and Ireland at 19 1/4 cts. per lira
Germany.....at 23 1/2 cts. per mark
Other Countries Proportionately. Our fees are very small.

THE NORTHERN BANK

Broadway, corner Astor Place,
505 East 177th St.,
128th St., nr. Willis Av.,
7th Av. & 135th St.,
194 White Plains Av.,

The United Hat Stores

ARE THE ONLY PLACES WHERE YOU CAN GET

Union Label Hats

FROM THE FINEST GRADE DOWN TO THE LOWEST.

HATS from \$8 to \$1.50

We manufacture all our Hats in our own factory.
We invite you all to call and see how hats are made.
NOW we do not need to go around begging among the manufacturers of high grade Hats to get the Union Label.
We simply manufacture them ourselves.
By buying from us you save the middle man's profit. We sell our Hats at manufacturer's cost.

UNITED HAT STORES

159 E. BROADWAY, COR. RUTGERS ST.
1 AVE. A, COR. HOUSTON ST.

Notice—We are opening a new Hat Store with a Hat factory.
125th street, cor. Essex street.

A BIGGER AND BETTER SHOE STORE.

The Star Shoe

1031-1033 BROADWAY
Corner Suydam Street.
Also 476 FULTON STREET,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Quality Footwear For the Whole Family

QUALITY is one of the chief superiorities in our Footwear; the leathers are scientifically selected and well seasoned, the making the best New England experts can produce. They wear much longer than average shoes because they are BETTER. One pair will convince you.

Women's \$3.00 New Star Stylish Autumn Shoes

1.98

In patent kid, gummetal and tan calf, lace, button or Blucher; plain or tip-top, actual \$3.00 values. Special.



Children's Reliable School Hosiery

10c pair and up

The most reliable mills furnish all our hosiery and making this line a specialty, we're able to quote unusually low prices.

CHOLERA SITUATION CAUSES NAPLES RIOTS

NAPLES, Sept. 30.—The cholera situation in Naples reached the riot stage today. Several hundred carabinieri, called into service to assist the health authorities in disinfecting houses in the affected districts and in isolating cholera patients, were compelled to fight the alarmed populace. Almost without exception the people resisted the efforts of the carabinieri and fought with knives, clubs and stones. The authorities, however, were unyielding and as a result of their rigorous methods, the various cholera spots of the city are today in a more hopeful condition than at any time since the disease reached the epidemic stage.

The government has ordered every house in the affected districts thoroughly disinfected.

There have been twelve cholera deaths in the city since Thursday noon, according to official figures.

The work of the port has been suspended practically in consequence of the cholera epidemic in the poorer quarters of the city. All foreign steamship lines refuse to take on either passengers or freight here.

STANDARD OIL CUTTING PRICES IN JAPAN

TOKIO, Sept. 30.—The Standard Oil Company and the Asiatic Petroleum Company, Ltd., have cancelled the agreement they had, thus ending the oil combination between Japanese and foreign companies. As a consequence a price war has been begun. As the Japanese companies supply the smaller part of the product they are likely to suffer severely, and are complaining of the situation in which they find themselves.

MURDERED FAMILY

Black Hand Member, Arrested. Admits He Hacked Seven to Pieces With Hatchet.

ROME, Sept. 30.—A man named Marchese, who is a member of the Black Hand Society, has been arrested at Pellaro for the murder of Giuseppe Rugolino, a forest guard, and his wife and six children. Marchese admits the crime and gives as his reason that Rugolino had betrayed the wife of the murderer.

The murder was a most brutal one. Rugolino and all the members of his family were hacked to pieces with a hatchet. Rugolino spent a number of years in the United States, but returned to Pellaro some time ago and was appointed a forest guard. The murders were committed early on the morning of September 5.

GAMBLING HOUSES CLOSE IN NEVADA

CARSON CITY, Nev., Sept. 30.—For the first time in fifty years all the doors of the gambling houses in this city have been barred by the law. Under the recent action of the Nevada legislature, gambling will be prohibited on and after October 1. Despite traditions, influence, argument and politics, the law stands and the old line gamblers have bowed before it.

Although another day of grace remained to them the wheels that have spun since the days of the characters of Bret Harte and Mark Twain are still, and the faro tables have been stored away. Gambling is dead and Carson City, where fortunes have shifted on the turn of a card is "closed."

A decision rendered by Attorney General Stoddard today, which bridges his five hundred, solo, and all other card games played for money, property or the representative value under the ban. Slot machines are banished.

NEW REGISTER OF TREASURY.

Present Incumbent Resigns—Will Be Succeeded by J. C. Napier, of Tenn.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—There will shortly be a new name on the paper currency. William T. Vernon, of Kansas, register of the Treasury, called at the White House today and tendered his resignation.

He will be succeeded in office before long by J. C. Napier, of Nashville, Tenn. The prospective change in the office of the register of the Treasury was announced some time ago. The retiring register and his successor are colored men.

SHOT AT HAWK; KILLED SON.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Sept. 30.—James Harris accidentally shot and killed his five-year-old son, yesterday. In taking his shotgun out of the house to kill a chicken hawk that lighted in a tree nearby, it was discharged, and the boy, who was standing in the doorway, had his entire lower jaw blown away. The father of the boy is prostrated.

FALSE SCALES BRING SMALL DEALERS TROUBLE

Weights and Measures Commissioner Driscoll and his inspectors made the rounds yesterday of the stores and street stands in Greenwich village and tried a number of scales. They found twelve not working right and confiscated them. They arrested Frank Rossetti, 172 Thompson street, and Nofio Sabello, 95 Elizabeth street, on a charge of having false scales in their possession.

Rossetti had a four pound balance which weighed correctly when the counter weight was on to balance the scoop, but he was charged with taking off the counter weight when he made a sale. As there was no witness to testify that a pound had been asked for when a certain sale of grapes was made, Magistrate Corliss discharged him.

"Why didn't you bring the woman who bought the grapes?" the court asked the inspector who arrested Rossetti.

"She was going to come at first," answered the inspector, "but she said something to her in Italian and she wouldn't come after that."

The charge against Sabello was that his twenty-five pound spring scale he had in his fish stand was a pound shy. The inspector weighed it and found it a scale with standard weights and found it false.

"Ask him about it," the magistrate told the interpreter.

"He says," repeated the interpreter, "that he came to this county only yesterday and that someone gave him the scale."

"Tell him that means \$100 bail for trial."

When the prisoner understood this he dropped to his knees and then lay flat on the floor and howled. Efforts to make him get up were unavailing and he was carried to the prison still protesting at the top of his voice.

ROSENHEIMER HELD ON MURDER CHARGE

Edward T. Rosenheimer, the manufacturer whose automobile, according to the police charge, ran down and killed Grace Hough on the Pelham Parkway on the night of August 18, was indicted yesterday by the grand jury for murder in the first degree.

This is the first indictment of the sort found against a man for killing a person as the result of reckless auto driving.

When he received the indictment, Judge Rosalasky gave orders that Rosenheimer's counsel be notified to have him in court yesterday afternoon.

James W. Osborn, Rosenheimer's lawyer, was at once telephoned to and promised to bring his client to court. The millionaire was released by Coroner Schwaback in \$25,000 bail after a coroner's jury had declared him guilty of the slaying of Miss Hough.

The tragedy occurred on a dark night when Miss Hough was driving with a young man named George Vetter and chum, Miss Anna McCabe, both of the Bronx, in a light buggy. The Rosenheimer automobile came up from behind at high speed and crashed into the buggy, shattering the vehicle and hurling its occupants upon the road.

Miss Hough was killed instantly and Vetter and Miss McCabe were badly injured. Miss McCabe was released from the Lebanon Hospital only yesterday, when she came down to the district attorney's office on crutches and testified before the grand jury.

Miss Hough was a daughter of former Policeman George Hough, whose home is at 151st street and Bathgate avenue.

TWO INJURED WHEN ENGINES COLLIDE

WHEELING, W. Va., Sept. 30.—Two Pennsylvania railroad freight engines, running twenty miles an hour, met in a head-on collision in the lower end of the Bellaire, Ohio, yards, this morning, during a dense fog, and both engines were demolished, two employees being probably fatally hurt. The injured are Engineer William Howard Root, of Bellaire; back broken, internal injuries, and skull fractured, and brakeman John Weidman, of Shadyide, Ohio, legs broken and internally hurt; probably will die.

FOUR KILLED WHEN CAR TURNED OVER

BLUEFIELDS, W. Va., Sept. 30.—By the overturning of a car of steel rails which they were unloading at Beckley, W. Va., last night, four men were killed, and ten others were seriously injured, according to advices received here today. The victims were all badly crushed.

BURIED UNDER TONS OF GRANULATED SUGAR

Buried under tons of granulated sugar, David Delker, a sugar mixer, of 466 East 10th street, narrowly escaped death at the Williamsburg refinery of the American Sugar Refining Company yesterday.

Delker was crossing a platform over a pit containing tons of the sugar when the floor gave way and he was hurled into the white mass below. The sugar swallowed him like quicksand. In an instant he had passed out of sight.

When fellow workmen, attracted by his cry, looked into the pit there was no sign of Delker. It took twenty minutes of frantic shovelling by a large crew of men to find him. He was then unconscious. Dr. Rosenberg, of the Eastern District Hospital, revived him and took him to the hospital.

FIVE ALLEGED BLACK HANLERS CONVICTED

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Sept. 30.—After being on trial all week the five men from the Hazleton district who are charged with being members of a "Black Hand" gang, and were tried for conspiracy, were today convicted. They are Joseph and James Laross, Ramon and Luigi Belletrona, and Dominick Piccolo.

The evidence was to the effect that they sent threatening letters to a number of people demanding tribute for protection from the "Black Hand," and threatening death unless the tribute was paid.

They will be placed on trial on Monday on two more charges of conspiracy. The five were arrested eleven months ago, and have been in jail here since.

The conviction is the second one on the same charge, and the commonwealth expects two more, in which event the combined sentences will likely keep them in jail for some time.

JUSTICE OF PEACE MISSING.

NEWTON, N. J., Sept. 30.—Justice of the Peace John E. Whitney is missing. On Tuesday he went to Franklin Furnace on business. On the evening of that day he telegraphed to Mrs. Whitney from Jersey City that he had been killed there on business and would be home the next day. His daughter, Mrs. Daisy Hess, of Phillipsburg, went to New York today to look for him.

REISER

HATTER TO MEN.
122 DELANCEY ST.
Bro., Essex and North Sts.

COUSIN'S BIRD STORE

3316 Third Avenue, Bronx
Singing Canaries, \$1.75 up;
Goldfish, Pigeons, Rabbits, Cages,
Aquariums, Fishing Tackle.

THE POPULAR ONE PRICE Union Label Clothing Store

L. SEIGEL & CO.

47 Canal Street :: New York

WE are now ready with our Fall line of Clothing that has not its equal in prices and quality.

Our styles are the newest, our patterns the most modern and the quality unsurpassed.

Our Suits and Overcoats are of striped chevots, overplaids, striped and fancy worsteds.

L. SEIGEL & CO.

CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS
47 Canal Street :: New York

This Label Should Induce You to Patronize Our Establishment

DASZYNSKI JAMS COOPER UNION

(Continued from page 1)

Polish Socialists number more than 100,000, and have six representatives in parliament.

Hillquit then told the audience that while it is no more than right and proper that they should look back to their Fatherland, which is now doubly oppressed, they must not forget after all that Socialism is international. They must join the Socialist movement of America and help fight the economic slavery which exists in this land. They must walk shoulder to shoulder with their American comrades against the common enemy, the American exploiter in the industrial field, and the old party politician in the political field.

Feigenbaum spoke in Yiddish. For eight centuries, he said, the Jews and the Poles have been living side by side in Russia, and did not know each other. In fact, hated each other. Now the Jewish and the Polish workingmen extend fraternal greetings to each other. Socialism had taught them the principles of brotherhood and humanity.

Daszynski spoke for more than an hour, and kept the audience spellbound to the last. He told them of the stride which Socialism is making all over Europe. From the platform and the press Socialism was being discussed, he said, and feared and hated. It is the only issue with all the crown heads. It is the terror of Socialism that causes them to talk of divine rights of kings. It has them so that they don't know what they are talking of doing.

The workingmen of America, and particularly the Polish workingmen, must free themselves from the superstitions imposed upon them for centuries by priests who promised them everything—in the next world, and must join the Socialist movement and become active fighters for a new system of society. At the conclusion of his address Daszynski outlined the object of his visit to America in the following words:

"The object of my tour," he said, "is to propagate Socialism among the poorest strata of the Polish population, the same people I have been working for all my life.

"It is my aim to acquaint the Polish working people with Socialism and the Socialist movement, and to see that they become active fighters of the great international army. I do not intend to oppose the Socialist party in any manner.

"On the contrary I think that the Socialist party will gain new warriors from the Polish proletarians. I firmly believe that in the near future the Polish Socialist Alliance will affiliate itself with the Socialist party on the principles of international solidarity. I advise my Polish comrades to unite themselves with the Socialist party in such a manner that the cause of Socialism might profit by the union.

"All charges to the contrary, which have gained circulation in certain quarters, I prefer to leave unanswered. This is neither the time nor place for arguments. Instead of arguing, Socialists ought to come together and fight our mutual foe—capitalism."

THE WATER FAMINE STRIKES MAMARONECK

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Sept. 30.—Mamaroneck village has since Sunday been in the clutches of a water famine, the like of which has never been experienced in that village.

The Mamaroneck company derives its water from the Mamaroneck River, which has been practically exhausted for the past week. St. Marys Lake, at the head of this stream, was drained in a final effort to supply water to Mamaroneck and Mount Vernon.

By Sunday, however, the company found itself unable to provide for the demand and stopped pumping water into the mains, with the exception of an hour or two daily.

What little water trickles along the bed of the Mamaroneck River to the Mamaroneck pumping station is now augmented by a limited supply received from the reservoir of the Leicestershire Water Company, and arrangements are being made to connect at Scarsdale, or Ardsley with the Croton aqueduct.

But at the best, the supply is limited, and consumers were warned to economize today to the last degree in the use of water and to guard against fire.

The lack of rain is causing more uneasiness day by day in many Westchester County towns, because the shortage of water is becoming a serious matter to the residents.

Mount Vernon only has a supply, it is said, to last about thirty days, while White Plains will have to call upon New York city for water after the thirty day limit unless there is a downfall.

GREEN AND GOLDSTEIN

Men's Furnishers.
296 GRAND STREET
St. Allen and Edridge Streets.
NEW YORK.

CHINESE THREATEN GENERAL UPRISING

Aroused Over Entrance of Foreign Capitalists—Yuan Shi Kai Will Lead Revolt.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 30.—Yuan Shi Kai, recently deposed as commanding general of the Chinese imperial army, is preparing to head the revolt of the "patriots" against the Manchou dynasty, according to advices from China today.

Yuan is the foremost opponent of the regency of Prince Ching, who is held responsible for Yuan's summary dismissal by the imperial government. He is regarded as one of the ablest leaders in the empire, and an army headed by him, it is believed, would be a factor that the government would have difficulty in meeting.

Chinese all along the Pacific coast are greatly excited over the prospect of an armed clash in the empire. It is reported that American Chinese societies are actively co-operating with the "patriots," and have sent money and arms to the rebels.

Aside from the general feeling against foreigners, the Chinese rebels assert that the imperial government has allowed foreigners to build railways and to gain priceless concessions.

The government is also held responsible for last year's rice famine.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Ominous news from China, received recently at the State and War departments in private letters to officials, has been confirmed in secret dispatches here today, though no official statement has been made. The War Department denied that orders had been sent to Manila instructing that troops be held in readiness, but it was stated that there was always danger and in effect, that the troops were "always ready for such an emergency."

About 15,000 troops are now in the Philippines and could be brought into action. The Asiatic fleet, now in Chinese waters, could land Marines upon a moment's notice. It is freely admitted that both the navy and army are ready for an emergency, but the officials assert that this is nothing unusual.

Minister Calhoun, at Peking, has kept the State Department in close touch with the situation, and no effort is made to conceal the fact that there is constant danger of an uprising of similar character to the Boxer revolt of ten years ago.

That the United States believes the situation is critical is shown by the fact that Major John H. Russell, recently assigned to command of the Legation Guards at Peking, has been ordered to leave the War College at Newport, R. I., at once, proceed to San Francisco and sail October 6. It was originally intended that he should travel much more leisurely.

THREE IN AUTO WRECK.

Paul O'Brien, a lawyer and nephew of Morgan J. O'Brien, is in Fordham Hospital probably fatally hurt as the result of the collision of an auto with a pillar supporting the subway structure near 231st street on the Broadway line early yesterday morning.

With him were Thomas J. McLaughlin, a real estate dealer living at 296 Central Park West, who owned the car, and Robert C. Barnum, a lawyer. McLaughlin sustained severe internal injuries and his condition is said to be critical. Barnum, who lives at 70 West 58th street, had both his legs fractured.

PREACHER CAN'T BE PUT OUT OF CHURCH

Justice Garretson, in the Supreme Court, in Brooklyn, yesterday handed down a decision sustaining the Rev. William N. Aekley, rector of St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, in his controversy with the vestryman over their right to look him out of the church and prevent him conducting services while the question of his continued incumbency of the rectorship was under consideration.

Justice Garretson grants the injunction against the vestry for which the Rev. Aekley applied and \$10 cost pending the trial of the matter at the trial term.

FALL SUITS NOW READY

\$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20

ESTABLISHED 1874

Westchester Co. Co.

3rd Av. & 144th St.

BOYS' SUITS \$1.00 to \$2.00
NEW YORK'S BEST VALUE.

LEVY BROTHERS

Conduct a Strictly Union Shop and Are now Ready with a Full Line of Clothing.

THE BEST IN QUALITY AT LOWEST PRICES.

Our patterns and styles in Suits and Overcoats are the smartest of this season. Our striped chevots, overplaid, cashmere and striped fancy worsteds are the latest patterns. We also carry a full line of Black Dress Suits.

LEVY BROTHERS

MERCHANT TAILORS AND CLOTHIERS.

Every Garment Made in Our Own Factory by Strictly Union Help.

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EASY PAYMENT PLAN

OUR NEW BRONX STORE

149th St. & 3d Ave., 1 door West of 3d Ave.
NEXT DOOR TO POSTOFFICE.

Delivers This Beautiful Sideboard to Your Home

This is the most attractive and durable sideboard ever sold in this city at such a low price. It is made of solid oak, golden finished in high polish, has handsomely carved standard top and base, large French bevel plate mirror, large wide base containing 1 silver drawer, 1 linen drawer, 3 cupboards and 1 large linen drawer.

This board was made to sell at \$25; we offer it for this week at..... 15.98

Credit to All

50 Dollars' Worth of Merchandise \$1.00 Weekly \$4.00 Monthly

Larger Amounts in Proportion.

53rd St. & 3d Ave.

The KIND That Looks Best

Wears Longest Costs Less

McCann's Hats

210 BOWERY
Near Spring Street

UNION LABEL GOODS

CALL PURCHASER'S CARD FREE.

SIG. KLEIN and Assistants

20-22 THIRD AVE. (BETH ST.)
N. Y. TEL., 6025 STEWART.

The 710th Day of The Call and Our Ad

FALL SUITS NOW READY

\$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20

ESTABLISHED 1874

Westchester Co. Co.

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BOYS' SUITS \$1.00 to \$2.00
NEW YORK'S BEST VALUE.

Silverstone Bros.

744-746 Westchester Ave., near 150th St.
Agents for DANBURY HAT Union Made
Gents' Furnishing—General Department Store.

BRAINS OF GAMBLERS GIVES HIMSELF UP

Rice Who Escaped by Back Door During Raid Held in \$15,000 Bail—Miss Quinn a Witness.

George Graham Rice, whose real name is Jacob Simon Herzig, said to be the brains behind B. H. Scheffels & Co. mining sharks, at 44 Broad street, yesterday surrendered himself to the United States authorities.

Rice voluntarily surrenders himself, said Grossman. "We are on our way to the office of United States Commissioner Shields, who issued the warrant. Rice has no cause to run away."

Scheffels & Co. is the concern which was raided here and in six other cities by a force of agents from the Department of Justice at Washington under the direction of George Scarborough.

Rice was held in \$15,000 bail for further examination October 5, the day when his seven associates will be examined. Grossman said Rice would give surety for his appearance.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Scheffels & Co. Three creditors are named, their claims aggregating \$2,250.

Miss Esther Quinn, who came into the limelight a few months ago by suing Professor Harry T. Peck, of Columbia, for breach of promise, is one of the witnesses whom Agent Scarborough has called before the grand jury.

Miss Quinn, he alleges, was at the home of the Boston branch of Scheffels. She has already been subpoenaed and will appear here some time today.

A number of employees were brought to the Federal building from Philadelphia.

Fifteen alleged associates of Rice were taken into custody, seven of them being concerned in the New York office of the concern at 44 Broad street.

For Constipation TRY EX-LAX A Delicious Laxative Chocolate in Metal Boxes. 10 and 25 Cents.

delphia and Boston, and others were said to be en route to this city from Detroit and Milwaukee.

The general charge against Scheffels & Co. is that they have used the mails in a scheme to defraud the United States Attorney Smith examined these witnesses upon their arrival.

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ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 30.—The State Court of Claims today decided against the claim of the Ontario Knitting Mill (company of Oswego for \$1,019,051, asked for on a contract entered into with the company in 1908 by former State Engineer Skene to buy the company's property and rights.

ALBANY, Sept. 30.—The last legislature required candidates for nomination to public office to file expense statements, the same as are required for candidates for public office after election.

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BREAD SOLD BY WEIGHT TODAY New Low Compels Baker to Tell the Weight of Each Loaf Under Penalty of \$100 Fine.

Beginning today your baker must inform you of the weight of each loaf of bread you buy from him. That information must be imparted either by word of mouth, the weighing of the loaf in your presence or by a label attached to the loaf indicating the weight in plain figures.

Furthermore, the baker may charge whatever price he desires for his bread. The price, so far as the officials are concerned, does not matter. There could be no regulation of price, they declare.

For the purpose of making it more possible to detect violators of the new ordinance Commissioner Driscoll has employed a number of women inspectors. He believes that they will prove more efficient in the new field than the men inspectors.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—Assistant Secretary of the Treasury James Burton Reynolds, who is a member of the American tariff board, and who has just concluded his investigations into the workings of the Payne-Aldrich tariff law in foreign countries, will sail tomorrow on the steamship Rotterdam for New York.

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WASSER Open Evenings Until 9 o'clock. 10% allowed on all cash sales. We pay freight and U. S. tax. All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

WRITE FOR OUR 1910 CATALOGUE—MAILED FREE. GRAND RAPIDS FURNITURE LIBERAL CREDIT TERMS

SMALL STOCKHOLDERS WERE BADLY STUNG CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—The little "frogs in the Illinois Central graft puddle" were denied even a 2 per cent dividend on their Ostermann's Manufacturing company's stocks, while the "large frogs," Illinois Central officials, who were "in on" the graft, were kicking with cash amounting to a 64 per cent dividend.

JUDGE GIVES YOUTH A TEN-YEAR SENTENCE Judge Malone, in pronouncing an unusually severe sentence on a young man convicted of robbery in the Court of General Sessions yesterday, delivered a scathing arraignment of such criminals.

SCHWAB TRYING TO GET CRAMP'S SHIPYARD PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 30.—Industrial circles were stirred today by the report that Charles M. Schwab is endeavoring to secure a controlling interest in the big shipbuilding concern of William Cramp & Sons' Ship and Engine Building Company.

EXPLOSION DESTROYS AUTOS. UTICA, Sept. 30.—A blaze resulting from an explosion of gasoline wrecked the Ledgerman garage in this city today. Seven automobiles, including four taxicabs belonging to the Utica Taxicab Company, were destroyed.

STRANGER IN TOWN BEATEN AND ROBBED Charles Reu, a driver of Syracuse, came to town with \$130 in his pocket and the determination to have an "all-round good time" in his mind.

WAIT FOR THE OPENING Next Week MEN'S & BOYS OUTFITTERS THE WEST FARMS CLOTHING CO. COR. TREMONT AVE. & BOSTON ROAD.

LEADERS: \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20 SUITS. \$1.50, \$2.00 HATS. \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 SHOES. BEST POSSIBLE VALUES

M. & A. KATZ DEPARTMENT STORE We carry a complete line of Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings at popular prices.

M. & A. KATZ 831-833 Third Ave., nr. 51st St., N. Y.

Dr. J. Goldenberg 150 Clinton Street, near Grand Street, N. Y.

DR. J. GOLDENBERG 150 Clinton St.

WESTERN MINER WAS BEATEN AND SHOT

John McDaide Killed in Lair of "Forty Thieves," Carried Card in "Moyle Miners' Union No. 71."

John McDaide, a Western miner, in whose pocket were found a membership book of the Western Federation of Miners and also a card of the "Moyle Miners' Union No. 71," was beaten and then shot and killed at First avenue and 24th street early yesterday morning.

Thomas Seery, better known as "Kid" Seery, formerly, ex-convict, leader of the "Forty Thieves" of the Gas House district was arraigned in the Yorkville Police Court yesterday for the murder of McDaide.

It is believed that the murdered man was lured to the thieves' lair for the purpose of robbery. Had Woman's Photograph. Among the dead man's effects were many papers and cards which will be used in communicating with his people.

Policeman Drolezky was at 23d street and First avenue at 2 o'clock yesterday morning when he heard sounds of a fight in the direction of 24th street. He started up First avenue as a revolver shot rang out, and the next instant a man staggered across the corner and fell to the sidewalk with blood gushing from a wound in his left side.

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I. KUPFERSHMID 118 Delancey St., New York Furnisher to Men Headquarters for the Cluett and Earl & Wilson Shirts A Full Line of Root's and Glastenbury Underwear. Gents' Furnishings In Short, Everything for a Correct Dresser At Popular Prices.

INJUNCTION AGAINST "BIG TIM" SULLIVAN William R. Rose, of counsel for Charles Frohman, Rich and Harris and Frank McKee, the theatrical managers, secured a temporary injunction from Justice Gavegan in the Supreme Court yesterday to restrain Senator "Big Tim" Sullivan and Frank J. Farrell from interfering with their occupancy of the Savoy Theater under a lease which Mr. Rose said would not expire until October 11, 1911.

LA FOLLETTE WILL UNDERGO OPERATION ROCHESTER, Minn., Sept. 30.—Despite his weakened condition, Senator Robert M. La Follette delivered a brief address late this afternoon at the Olmsted county fair. Later he was again examined by the Mayo brothers, the surgeons here, and possibly will be operated on for gall stones tomorrow.

B.N. LEFKOWITZ Two Stores 110 Delancey Street 2 Ave. C. car. Houston St.

HENRY WITTY Phone 3275 Orchard SAMUEL WITTY WITTY BROTHERS THE ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS 54-56-58 ELDRIDGE STREET We guarantee perfect fitting, the best quality of strictly woolen goods.

WITTY BROTHERS CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS EVERYTHING MADE BEARS THE UNION LABEL. 54-56-58 Eldridge Street, bet. Hester and Canal Sts., New York

Thinkers Read The SUNDAY CALL Do You Think? It Contains the Best Socialist and Radical Literature Published in America. THE NEXT ISSUE WILL CONTAIN: The Anti-Socialists. By Edmund Deyreine. Wall Street Conditions. By John D. Government by Commission. By Louis Duchez. The Drama. By Courtenay Lemon. A Soap-Boxer's Speech. By James Nolan. Catholicism and Socialism. By E. W. Herbert. Canned Corn. By George Allan England. Woman's Sphere will contain two letters: 1. An open letter to John D. Rockefeller, Jr. 2. A plea for a co-operative-homes' movement. PLACE YOUR ORDERS TODAY FOR NEXT SUNDAY'S CALL "Not the Biggest Sunday Paper, But the Best."

THAT New Hat that is all the rage this fall season is being heavily displayed by our popular hatter, BARDIN of 1000 Third Ave., cor. 105th St.

STEAMSHIPS. LONDON PARIS BREMEN North TUESDAYS 10 A. M. Express Sailings.

LONDON PARIS BREMEN German THURSDAYS 10 A. M. Twin Screw Sailings.

BRITISH NARVES SINGAPORE Lloyd SATURDAYS 11 A. M.

BERNHEIMER & SCHWARTZ Brewers of Pilsener Export Pilsener Wuraburger Beers Ales and Porter.

THE INTERNATIONAL SOCIALIST REVIEW is now the largest and best Socialist magazine in any language or country. It is the only illustrated magazine that is of, by and for the working class.

SHOES OF QUALITY at the most reasonable prices. All our shoes bear the Union Stamp. I. NATHAN 1705 Madison Ave., near 117th St., N. Y.

NEWARK ADVERTISERS ESTABLISHED 1892. I. HAUSMAN & SONS Agent for Union Shoes for the Whole Family Shoemaker Always at Hand. 169-171 Springfield Ave. Newark, N. J.

GO FOR YOUR UNION HATS, GENTS' FURNISHINGS AND SHOES TO M. LITTMAN 247 Springfield Ave., Newark, N. J.

HENRY GREEN UP-TO-DATE HATTER AND GENTS' FURNISHER 151 Springfield Avenue, NEWARK, N. J. 875 Main St., East Orange, N. J.

HENRY FRAHME TRUSSMAKER 1400 3d Ave. bet. 64th & 65th Sts.

BASEBALL SCORES National League. At Boston—R. H. E. New York, 13 0 0 6 10 2 3—17 10 3 Boston ... 3 0 2 2 0 0 0 1—8 18 2 Batteries—Wiltse, Crandall, Rudolph and Wilson; Brown, Curtis, Mattern and Rariden.

American League. At St. Louis—R. H. E. Chicago, ... 0 0 0 1 4 2 10—9 9 2 St. Louis, ... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1 1 2 Batteries—Olmstead and Block; Malloy, Boyd and Stephens.

GIANTS SWAMP THE DOVES. BOSTON, Sept. 30.—There was a terrific slugfest between the Giants and the Doves at the South End grounds this afternoon when the Giants won the final series of the year.

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Socialist News of the Day

Book of meetings must be in this by noon of the day previous to... unless otherwise ordered.

OPEN AIR MEETINGS

MANHATTAN AND BRONX. TONIGHT.

Irish Socialist Federation, 25th Street and Broadway. Bredin, Flynn and Raymond Narney.

Open-air meeting of the Socialist Organization, Postle-Zion, in Rutgers Square, to ratify the nomination of William Karlin, candidate for assembly. Speakers: B. Zuckerman, assistant editor of Yiddisher Kaempfer, William Karlin, H. Ehrenfeld and M. Schoss.

The following speakers have been assigned to speak at the ratification meeting in Union Square at the meeting which will be held from two decorated trucks which will be stationed at the east and west ends of the plaza in Union Square. It is expected that all will appear and aid in making the meeting a success.

Truck No. 1, east side of plaza, George E. Gelder, chairman. Speakers: J. C. Frost, Eugene Wood, Jacob Peckin, Emil Meyer, I. Phillips, Alphonso Lee, Patrick Quinlan, William McKenize and Fred Paulitsch.

Truck No. 2, west side of plaza, August Claessens, chairman. Speakers: Robert Bruere, William Karlin, Henry T. Jones, T. Byard Collins, Warren Atkinson, Joseph Wainope, William Mendelson, Emil Meyer, S. Schwartz and Bert Kirkman.

Young Socialist Federation—North-east corner of 15th Street and Union Square. Speakers: Lichtblow and Berger. Chairman, H. Rappaport.

Ratification Parades and Mass Meetings. New York parade will start from Labor Temple at 7 p.m.; Local Kings County will start from Court Street, Brooklyn. New Jersey Division will assemble on Murray Street and await the arrival of the Kings County parade, when they will fall in line.

LONG ISLAND CITY.

Washington Avenue and Hamilton Street—Speakers: Caisca, Cosimo and T. Arnone.

NEWARK, N. J.

Market and Washington Streets—George R. Kirkpatrick.

PHILADELPHIA.

42d Street and Lancaster Avenue—J. J. Miller and Charles W. Ervin.

DENTISTS—Manhattan and Bronx.

DR. JOHN MUTH DENTIST
61 Second Ave.,
Between 3d and 4th Sts.
Reasonable and reliable; ask about my work, crown and bridge work a specialty. Tel. 650 Orchard.

DR. A. CARR SURGEON DENTIST
Special Liberal Prices for Comrades.
123 E. 8th St. Tel. 2967-Lenox.
477 Boulevard, Parkway Beach.

DR. PH. LEWIN
Surgeon Dentist
530 Brook Ave.,
Cor. 14th St.,
Bronx.

Dr. A. Gordon Surgeon Dentist
483 E. 178d St.
Cor. Washington Ave., Bronx.

THE DAY AND NIGHT DENTIST
Dr. Maxwell H. Lanes
85 Second Ave., Cor. 5th St.
36 Stanton St., Cor. Chrystie St.
High Class Dentistry at the lowest prices.
Sets of Teeth \$5 up.

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SURGEON DENTIST.
28 East 108th St., Cor. Madison Ave.
Tel. 540-L Harlem.

DR. MATILDA SINAI LEE
SURGEON DENTIST.
1286 Madison Ave., Corner 87th St.
Telephone 2984 Lenox.

DR. A. RITT DENTIST
1621 Pitkin Ave., corner Hopkinson,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

DRS. L. & I. HERMANN
SURGEON DENTISTS.
New Utrecht Ave., cor. 49th St.,
Borough Park, Brooklyn.
Phone 516-J, Bay Ridge.

DR. M. ROTHENBERG DENTIST
108 OSBORN ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Good Teeth Are Important

for your health. We will put your mouth in proper shape at the lowest prices.
A Crown or Bridge ONLY \$3
ALL WORK GUARANTEED FOR 10 YEARS
Our Surgeon Dentists are experts in the profession and fully experienced.

PARIS DENTAL PARLORS CO.
22 SIXTH AVENUE, Near 14th Street.
1216 MADISON AVENUE, Corner 118th Street.
20 DELANCEY STREET, Corner Orchard.
Brooklyn Office—715 BROADWAY, near
Flushing Avenue "L" Station.

To Plow the Field for Socialism

There are no better leaflets than those entitled:
How long can you stand it?..... 4 pages \$1.50 per 1,000
What do you think of this?..... 2 " 1.50 " "
Is this common sense?..... 2 " 1.00 " "
Think this over!..... 2 " 1.00 " "
Not a prohibitionist at all!..... 2 " 1.00 " "
Heat is Life!..... 2 " 1.00 " "

Assorted in 1,000 lots at \$1.50 per 1,000.

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The largest assortment of radical literature on all subjects in the country.

Germantown and Manheim Street—Charles Taylor and M. Wait.
Germantown and Lehigh Avenues—Hugh Kenny and John P. Clark.
Frankford Avenue and Cambria Street—R. Nicholson and Ed Moore.
4th Street and Columbia Avenue—R. Sain and Simon Knebel.
Front and Dauphin Streets—James McDermott and James Maurer.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 2.
East Plaza, City Hall—Jos. Shaplen and Charles W. Ervin.

BUSINESS MEETINGS

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Branch 7, Attention:
Branch 7, Socialist party, will assemble for the parade at headquarters, 112 East 104th Street.

At 6 o'clock the branch will be joined by Branch 2, Workmen's Circle, and together, with other organizations in the territory, will march down to the music of a strong band to 85th Street and First Avenue, where the Finnish Branch of the 28th and 30th Assembly districts will join forces with Branch 7.

At 7 o'clock sharp, Branch 7 will leave 85th Street and First Avenue to take the place in the parade assigned to it by the grand marshal.
All members should appear in time.
M. CHARIFF, Organizer.
Y. P. S. F., Circle 24.

It was decided at the last meeting of the Young People's Socialist Federation, Circle 24, that the meetings hereafter will be held Sunday afternoons.

The first meeting will take place tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, at the Yorkville Socialist party, 1461 Third Avenue. Comrade August Claessens will give his first lecture of the course, which will be followed by a literary program. The subject is: "What is Socialism: an Introduction." Comrades, you are requested to attend this meeting, as the progress of this organization depends upon your presence. Young people are invited.

Young Socialist Organizations.

All young Socialist organizations that intended to participate in the parade, are requested to meet at 84th Street and Second Avenue tonight at 6:30 o'clock. Don't forget to come! No young Socialist organizations will start from Court Street.

ALEXANDER S. COHEN.

Irish Socialist Federation.
The members of the Irish Socialist Federation are requested to assemble at the corner of 16th Street and Eighth Avenue at 7 o'clock sharp for the parade.

Call to Socialist Women.

We need at least thirty women comrades to help as ushers, etc., at the Carnegie Hall meeting for Comrade Russell on October 15. Will any one willing to assist in this meeting kindly send her name and address to me at the address given below? As promptly as possible, please, as we must have a meeting of workers early next week.
JESSIE ASHLEY,
5 Nassau Street.

BROOKLYN.

All Out for the Parade.

Delegates to the central committee of Kings County are requested to be present without fail this evening at 6:30 o'clock, at Remsen and Court Streets.

Members of the Socialist party and sympathizers are requested to form in line with their respective assembly district organizations at Court and State Streets, not later than 7 o'clock. The success of the parade is assured.

DENTISTS—Brooklyn.

DR. A. RITT DENTIST
1621 Pitkin Ave., corner Hopkinson,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

DRS. L. & I. HERMANN
SURGEON DENTISTS.
New Utrecht Ave., cor. 49th St.,
Borough Park, Brooklyn.
Phone 516-J, Bay Ridge.

DR. M. ROTHENBERG DENTIST
108 OSBORN ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

If the members of the party will turn out in force with the labor and fraternal organizations who have decided to take part. Every Socialist party member and sympathizer should consider it their duty to the Socialist movement of this city to turn out.

Rand School Notes.

The opening of the Rand School for the fall term, Monday, October 3, will be preceded on Sunday night, October 2, by an informal social evening at the school, 112 East 19th Street. All interested are invited to attend.

Because of the ratification parade and meeting at Union Square this evening, the school will close at 7 o'clock.

Branch 3.

The Comrades of Branch 3 will assemble at the clubrooms, 272 East 10th Street, between 5 and 6 o'clock tonight. From there they will go in a body to 84th Street, between Second and Third Avenues.

Branch 3 will march with the Butchers' Union.
Those who cannot be at the clubrooms should meet the others at 84th Street, between Second and Third Avenues. All the Comrades should help make the parade a great success.

9th A. D., Branch 2.

All Comrades, who can do so, are requested to assemble at 492 Fifth Avenue at 8 o'clock before going to the parade.

16th A. D., Attention:

The members of the 16th A. D. will meet at Court and State Streets at 7:30 p.m., for the parade, and not as previously announced. Wagon torches and decorations are all prepared.

Evergreen.

There will be a big ratification meeting tonight in Meyer's Tyroler Hall, Cypress Avenue, Evergreen. The speakers will be Timothy Walsh and L. Lore.

Music will be furnished by the Young Men's String Orchestra. All welcome.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

Saturday, September 24, was a busy day for the Westchester county Socialists. Representatives of all local gatherings at the headquarters of Local Tarrytown to hold the various conventions scheduled for that day.

Promptly at 4 County Secretary L. A. Malkiel called to order the assembly convention for the 3d district comprising Locals Tarrytown and Peekskill. The convention quickly organized, and after nominating Comrade Oliver Carruth for assemblyman adjourned.

The county, congressional, senatorial and 8th judicial conventions were then held in due order.
The ticket as now made up is as follows:
Justice of the Supreme Court—Alexander Irvine, of Putnam county.
Representative—Thomas Maguire of New Rochelle.
Senator—William A. Hallenbeck, of Port Chester.
County Clerk—Hayden Carruth, of Tarrytown.

Register of Deeds—Louis Uffner, of New Rochelle.
Superintendent of the Poor—Percy R. Irvine, of Port Chester.
Coroner—Joseph Sokol, of Elmira.

District Attorney—Leon A. Malkiel, of Yonkers.

On Tuesday, September 27, the assembly convention held in Yonkers nominated Comrade Emile Nappel for assemblyman.

The assembly convention held at White Plains nominated Comrade John Peterson, of Port Chester.

HUDSON COUNTY, ATTENTION!

Hudson County Comrades are urged to march in the big parade in New York tonight. Hudson County Division will assemble at Murray Street and Broadway, right resting on Broadway, at 7:15 p. m.

Comrade Max F. Fackert will be marshal of the Hudson County Division. It is expected that party members and sympathizers will attend in goodly numbers and do their share to make the demonstration a success.

GERMAN SOCIALIST WOMEN'S DAY.

To the Women's branches of the Socialist party of New York and vicinity:

In accordance with decision arrived at on May 1, during the conference held in the New York Labor Temple, the first German Socialist Women's Day is to take place in West Hoboken, at Liberty Hall, Spring and Shippen Streets, on the 9th of October.

It will be the purpose of this meeting to take note of the general standing of the separate branches, whether consolidation with the Socialist party has resulted in their favor or to their detriment.
Secretaries of all German-speaking branches are requested to mention the above to their members, discuss the matter relative thereto and formulate any motions contemplated.

A temporary program has been arranged as follows:
1. Election of committees.
2. Address of greeting.
3. Minutes of previous conference.
4. Branch reports.
5. Woman suffrage.
6. German agitation.
7. The press.
8. Motions and resolutions.
9. Place of next conference.
10. Good and welfare and closing address.

Conference begins at 7 p. m. CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.
Socialist Women's Branches, Hudson County, N. J.

HARTFORD, CONN.

Comrade Leo Weinstein writes: "The Central Labor Union has ar-

anged a state political convention for next Monday morning at Hartford, at which delegates from labor organizations throughout the state will formulate a number of labor measures to bring before the next General Assembly. They propose to put them up to the various political nominees for a declaration of their attitude toward these measures in advance of election. We are making arrangements to be represented at this convention and have Comrade Hunter address the convention in behalf of the Socialist party in support of all real labor measures."

Hunter will speak on the issues of the campaign and give labor records of Congressmen, at Socialist Party Hall, 235 Asylum Street, on Monday evening, October 3.

CONNECTICUT.

Mrs. Bloor has organized a local in East Berlin, Hartford County, with twelve members. There are five married couples in the charter membership and two single men. This record is unique. There were no Socialist votes in Berlin in 1908, but now the men and women are going to nominate a candidate for representative and prospects are bright for an excellent showing in November. Mrs. Bloor spoke twice at the Berlin fair, Thursday and Friday, September 29 and 30.

A local of twelve members was organized also at Windsor, Hartford County, by Mrs. Bloor in the Windsor Town Hall, to which those interested were invited by the Windsor town clerk at the conclusion of Mrs. Bloor's address, given from the steps of the Town Hall. Although it is customary for a charge to be made for the use of the Town Hall, the town clerk very generously offered to defray whatever expense was connected with it, and he afforded every courtesy to the new organization.

Windsor had fifteen Socialist votes in 1908. In all probability the vote will be doubled this year and a local ticket nominated for the first time. South Windsor, with only two Socialist votes in 1908, has already nominated a Socialist candidate for representative this year.

Thompson, Windham County; Ledyard, New London County, and Meriden, New Haven County, have nominated for representative this year, but did not do so in 1908.

At Mrs. Bloor's meeting in Pawcatuck in the town of Stonington, on the Rhode Island line, the local policeman, who is deputy sheriff of the town, volunteered to find a suitable box for the stand and then went to a store and borrowed a hammer and nails to hang up the gasoline torch, and assisted in returning the box to its place after the meeting, keeping the best of order in the crowd in the meantime. It seemed as if the meeting was being held in Milwaukee instead of Connecticut.

The state secretary wishes to acknowledge the receipt of \$5 from the Rockville Geanogs and Declaration "lub. \$2 from the Hartford Arbeiter Lodge, and \$40 from the New Haven Arbeiter-Mannerchor for the state campaign fund. The Mannerchor has also given \$30 to the national campaign fund.

The state committee will meet at New Haven Sunday afternoon. Comrade Hunter opens his campaign in New Haven October 2, speaking at Music Hall, Court Street, at 8 p. m.

He will expose the records of the Connecticut Congressmen at his meetings in New Haven, Hartford, Norwich and Norwich, the homes of Connecticut's five representatives. Advance sheets of his speech have been sent to over sixty newspapers in the state, which will be released on October 3 and 4.

The labor record of Connecticut's Congressmen and "Remember Danbury" besides Gaylord's "Socialism and Trades Unionism" and "What the Socialists Have Done in the Wisconsin Legislature," have been sent to every union official in the state.

Town elections are October 3. Groton and Stonington have full tickets in the field. Local Mystic has already turned in over \$25 on the campaign lists.

Returns from the sale of state campaign assessment stamps have been received from Locals Bridgeport, Rockville, Mystic, Bristol, Waterbury, New Haven, Willimantic, Middletown and Danbury. Seventeen locals are yet to be heard from.

Comrade Hunter offered to supply a series of articles for the Ansonia Sentinel, and they wrote to him saying they would publish the articles at advertising rates only. Comrade Hunter wrote the publishers a stinging reply entitled "Should Only the Grifters' Side Be Heard?" This will be printed and 5,000 of them circulated in the cities of Ansonia, Derby, Shelton and Seymour.

MOTHER GIVES UP THE STRUGGLE TO LIVE

Too Poor to Have Baby Meddled With

Woman Hurts Herself From 7-Story Building to Instant Death.

"We poor folks have no right to have children. What chance is there for them? They only make things worse," said Mrs. Tillie Kahlinan, who, driven desperate by the struggle for existence, which, since the arrival of her baby boy, had become more intense, hurled herself from the roof of the seven-story tenement at 310 East Houston Street, yesterday, and met instant death.

"We have all we can do to feed ourselves, and every little mouth that comes into the world only makes it harder for those who are here already."
"My Harry"—meaning her husband—"works all day long, and sometimes far into the night, and what has he at the end of the week? It's all he can do to provide for the needs of us," and she broke into hysterical weeping.

Prayed Baby Would Be Born Dead.

Neighbors recalled how when little David arrived five weeks ago, the woman prayed the child should be born dead.

She already was the mother of a fifteen-month-old girl. The husband, Harry Kahlinan, works in a sweatshop on the East Side, and earns not enough to keep the clay on their souls.

It was Mrs. Kahlinan's custom to rise at 5:30 to go out to purchase her husband's breakfast. Yesterday morning she fastened the couch coverlet to make it appear she was still asleep. Then she put on a light wrapper and ran upstairs to the roof.

Mrs. Greenstein, the landlady, hearing footsteps on the roof sprang out of bed in time to see Mrs. Kahlinan poised on the metallic cornice. The latter turned to wave her hand to her, then with a piercing shriek hurled herself headlong.

HELD FOR KILLING MAN IN SUBWAY EXPRESS

Taken to the Jefferson Market Court Yesterday for the Shooting and Killing of Louis Bruno, Twenty-Two Years Old, of 411 East 118th Street.

In a crowded subway express train as it sped down past 23d Street, early yesterday morning, Charles H. Wright, of Elizabeth, N. J., was remanded to the coroner's office by Magistrate Corrigan. He made no statement in court. He is thirty years old, and an employee of the New York and New Jersey Railroad Company. He lives at 103 Sayre Street, Elizabeth, where he is well known.

According to friends of young Bruno who were with him at the time, the row that ended in the murder had been started by Wright, and Bruno got the bullet intended for his chum, Salvatore Ladoro, of 327 East 117th Street. Salvatore Ladoro, his brother Joe and Joseph Romeo of Pleasant Avenue and 117th Street, all declare that Wright was intoxicated and in an ugly mood when he boarded the train at 42d Street.

Wright's bullet penetrated Bruno's temple and he pitched over the floor under a charge of assault placed against them and were held in \$500 bonds for sentence Monday.

The two women prisoners were captured after an attack in a Mansfield, Mass., factory upon two sisters, Solroed and Angello Ladio, whose lives they sought armed with a revolver, a razor and an ice pick. They had also with them a wine glass in which, they declare, they intended to drink the blood of their victims.

The two women declared the Ladio girls had displaced them from positions in the Manchester factory, and they had determined on revenge.

TO KILL WOMEN AND DRINK BLOOD FOR JOB

ATTLEBORO, Mass., Sept. 30.—Declaring to Judge Byram in open court here today that they intended to kill two women foes and drink their life blood, Celina Guisepa and Santa Mangano admitted a charge of assault placed against them and were held in \$500 bonds for sentence Monday.

The two women prisoners were captured after an attack in a Mansfield, Mass., factory upon two sisters, Solroed and Angello Ladio, whose lives they sought armed with a revolver, a razor and an ice pick. They had also with them a wine glass in which, they declare, they intended to drink the blood of their victims.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Henry Frank lectures begin for the Independent Liberal Church at Berkeley Theater, 19 West 44th Street, tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. Mr. Frank presents an interesting series of subjects for the first quarter, which are of an educational character. Tomorrow morning he speaks on "The Will of God Versus the Rights of Men: The Church and Human Progress."

The following Sundays he will speak on "The Humbug of Religion and the Religion of Humbugs;" "The Surrender of Orthodoxy to the Claims of Rationalism;" "The Criterion of Truth, or a Challenge to Deity;" "The Triumph of Science Over the Mysteries of Faith;" "The New Rationalism and the New Religion;" "Shakespeare: The Shining Light in the Religious Night;" "Hamlet, the Skeptic, and Prospero the Magician;" "Symbolism and Meaning of Masterlink's 'Blue Bird'"; "Rostand's 'Chanticleer'"; "Who Wrote the Old Testament?"; "Who Wrote the New Testament?"; "Fads, Fancies and Follies of the Age of New Thought"; "Twentieth Century Outlook for Higher Humanity."

Come early, as all last season the house was so crowded that many were forced to stand during the exercises.
Music will be furnished during the season by Maurice Nitke, the violinist, assisted by other artists.

POPULATION OF MISSOURI.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The census bureau this afternoon announced an increase of 186,978 or 6 per cent, since 1905. The increase is not sufficient to give the state an additional Congressman.

FURNITURE FROM FACTORY DIRECT TO YOU
Don't pay retail prices. Buy of the manufacturer and save the retailer's profit—the advantage being passed on to you. Fully finished merchandise and the positive knowledge that you are getting the best.
BUY OF THE MAKERS
To convince you we offer this square high-pitched oak dining room chair, leather upholstered, best seat, very strong frame, which retails for \$2.50; our wholesale factory price, \$1.50. Only six to a customer.
THE BIG "G" FURNITURE WORKS
E. GREENBERGER & CO., OWNERS
203-205 E. 76th STREET
EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME. Just a step from 84 Avenue "L" station, New York. Unless Workers will be entitled to the wholesale discount of 5 per cent.
Open daily to 7 p.m. Monday, Wednesday, Saturday till 10 p.m.

SHOWN INDUSTRY IN OBTAINING EVIDENCE
WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Charged with disturbing the peace of mind of clerks in the general land office by leaving their dressing room windows open when they put on their tight, six members of Al Reeves' Big Beauty Show were fined in Police Court today.

The testimony showed that the clerks used opera glasses and telescopes in getting evidence against the show girls, but Judge Mulloy found that the defendants were to blame. "I found that half the clerks were unable to work while this display was going on," testified the chief clerk, who filed the complaint. Two of the girls were fined \$10 each and four were fined \$20.

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Harlem Credit Company
7227 3d Ave., near 123d St.
Open evenings, one night up.

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When you are troubled with your eyes, have your eyes examined a n. d. if glasses are necessary, have them made at
DR. B. L. BECKER'S OPTICAL PLACE,
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No Other Branches.
I am with The Call since The Call started.
I. M. Kurtis, Glasses, \$1 & up.
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\$1 GLASSES \$1
Your Eyes Examined and treated by
DR. L. H. KRAMEK,
From The Peoples Opt. Co., 179 Grand St.
Opp. State Bank.

DR. M. SOLOT,
Ophthalmologist,
1790 Pitkin Ave., near
Beno Ave., Brooklyn,
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18 Kt. Gold Filled, on and off with one hand. WE GRIND ALL LENSES ourselves and guarantee to save you 10c to 50 per cent on doctors' prescriptions and broken lenses.
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The Call



Devoted to the interests of the Working People.

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TONIGHT'S PARADE.

From the enthusiasm existing at present it is evident that tonight's parade will be one of the biggest, if not the very biggest, ever held by a Socialist organization in New York, if not in this country. Union Square will be jammed with Socialists and with people drawn there by the parade and the speeches.

The great utility of such a demonstration lies in the people who are not Socialists and who know nothing about Socialists being brought to a place where Socialism can be talked to them. But at an out-of-door meeting the voice of the most capable speaker can reach only a little ways, and the really effective work is done through the sale and distribution of literature. The more pamphlets and leaflets are given out the more certain the meeting is of being a success.

Formerly the big rallies and ratification meetings were held in halls. It was pointed out that these drew Socialists together, and however much they might stimulate enthusiasm and devotion they made few converts. The big open air rally, it is hoped, will reach the non-Socialist and open the way to make a Socialist of him.

The call to march, to help make this the greatest parade and the greatest demonstration by the Socialists ever seen in New York, is well given in the "War Message," written by John Wall, and from which the following is an extract:

"Comrades, members of 'the Old Guard' and of the rising generation, let not yours be the missing link in the long blazing line on Saturday night. Every man—every brother is called to the charge! If you are a little lame or lazy, too short or too tall, too insignificant or too popular, too lean or too stout to report for duty, you will not be excused. You are drafted for the crisis!

"We are surrounded by the enemy. The long columns of capitalism are seen encircling in the distance. We must dig and fight our way out and keep on digging and fighting until on that glad day when the sun of Socialism shall shine in all its glory for every race, creed and color, and the black flags of the capitalist money kings shall be hauled down forever. Soldiers of a thousand battles, Socialist discipline calls you to the front! You are under no circumstances allowed to engage a substitute. If you cannot join the parade at its beginning you should fall in at the point nearest your address. Stand six abreast and keep step, and keep your space like troops in a conquering cause."

No real Socialist will be absent from the ranks. The occasion will be an inspiration such as few have ever experienced.

OUR SAILOR LADDIES.

The average amount of money brought on shore by the sailors now in port is about \$30. As there are 12,000 of the sailors, the total is the tidy sum of \$360,000. It will all be taken away from them before they leave port, and a good part of it has already been taken away.

Of course, all our better people dearly love the sailors, and encourage young men to enlist. But our better people will not associate with them. They are not wanted in the more fashionable theaters and restaurants. In fact, in most places they are treated like suspects. Their place is on the water, and our better people who are so persistent in demanding a larger navy would like to see them kept there.

But even a sailor has to come on shore sometimes, and when he does there is a choice aggregation of sharks waiting to welcome him and take his money away. It seems to be the recognized thing to take a sailor's money in the quickest possible manner.

TAKING IN A NEW DEPARTMENT.

The report that Charles M. Schwab is negotiating for the purchase of the Cramps' shipyard probably is well founded. Shipbuilding and the steel business go together, and it would be more economical for the manufacturer of steel to be also the builder of ships. Mr. Schwab's concern is not part of the Steel Trust, but it undoubtedly soon will be. The consolidation, moreover, would be hastened if Schwab got control of the shipbuilding industry.

There is one part of the business that could be run with special economy, and that is the legislative. At present the steel kings and the battleship kings maintain two sets of lobbyists at Washington to look after their affairs. Both are naturally interested in making the navy larger and ever larger. Five or six million dollars spent for a battleship means that there is a fine profit for steel makers and shipbuilders. The work of pushing through such an appropriation is naturally rather great. But there is no necessity of both branches retaining men to do it. One set of men would be equally effective and there would be a saving in all directions.

At present the world is navy mad, and that leads inevitably to war madness. Huge profits are now made, though we live in times of peace. With a good, brisk war on the profits would be monumental. Mr. Schwab is a very wise individual, and he knows the trend of affairs. His wish to get into the shipbuilding business is natural and is founded in his desire for increased profits. He wants all there is to be made, and as he knows the business is certain to grow continually greater he is anxious to be in a position to round up the greatest possible profit.

Roosevelt picks the candidate of one party. Murphy picks the candidate of the other. Such a thing as allowing the voters of the parties to have a say in the selection of candidates is not to be thought of.

Willing Willie Hearst has not yet definitely decided whom he is to support. But it is certain he will work for his country's good in the direction he sees most for himself.

As the baseball season draws to a close there are unpleasant rumors afloat concerning crooked deals and crooked work. Commercialism is putting the kibosh on the national game the same as it has on all other professional sports.

The Berlin German capitalist papers are howling for bullets for strikers. It sounds almost American.

This past year gifts to educational and charitable institutions have been unusually large. There would be no necessity for gifts of such a character if capitalism did not rob the larger portion of society so outrageously.

Mr. Roosevelt is to make a whirlwind auto tour. In view of his dealings with railroads the question arises—who will pay for it? He

IT SEEMS ODD—

Collective Ownership.

By W. E. P. FRENCH.

It seems odd that Uncle Sam could hire ABRAHAM LINCOLN as chief executive, Admiral Farragut to command his men-of-war, and General Grant to lead his men-at-arms in the greatest war the world has ever seen for a few thousand dollars a year; but that if he wanted to run an insurance company, a steel plant or a bank, he would have to pay from forty to eighty times as much for a competent "business man" or "captain of industry" to manage one of these industries. The inference is, that these financial and commercial giants of gray matter are "worth" forty times as much as the great commoner, eighty times as much as famous leaders, and heaven only knows how many times as much as a plain citizen. Verily, "it is to laugh."

It seems odd that the officers, soldiers and sailors of the United States army have laid deep-sea cables, built and run railroads and telegraph lines, managed both passenger and war vessels, and taken a hand in almost every profession, trade and business under the sun; but the oddest part of it is that they have done these things honestly, faithfully and well, without one cent of extra pay—and they can do them again, on the same terms, whenever the nation is tired of being humbugged. Incidentally, everybody knows, of course, that our government manages the greatest business enterprise in the world with rationally paid civil servants.

It seems monstrously odd, in this same connection, that if our revered Uncle Sam wished to go into the oil trade (wished to take light, heat and lubricant from Nature's storehouse and distribute the oil among his eighty-odd million nieces and nephews, whose heritage it originally was, and who still have an equity in the property) he would have to pay for a strictly first-class, god-fearing, philanthropic, self-made, oily Christian "gentleman" to manage the oleaginous trade about a billion dollars every thirty years. The modern Dives is a luxury! By the way, let us make a table of equivalents, to the end that we may be able to tell at a glance the relative values (or "worth") of the various kinds (we have no "classes" in this country—

God be praised!) of citizens from the mere common worker up to the perfect flower of plutocracy. Here it is, and we will call it:

OLYMPIC MEASURE.

Ten laborers equal one salaried man.

Two salaried men equal one Congressman.

Two and one-sixth Congressmen equal one general or admiral.

Four generals or admirals equal one President.

Ten Presidents equal one magnate.

Ten magnates equal one multi-millionaire.

Ten multi-millionaires equal one high financier.

Three and one-seventh high financiers equal one kerosene king.

Just think! We could have 1,000 presidents, 4,000 assorted generals and admirals, 8,666 2-3 Congressmen, 17,333 1-3 government clerks, 170,000 plus hewers of wood and drawers of water and about a million and a half of soldiers for what our one billion-dollar costs us; for (it may seem odd, but it is true) we pay him his little income, and the trifling sum would do away with the national disgrace of child labor and feed, clothe and educate a quarter of a million children every year. And when Presidents, politicians and fighting men were less expensive we could have had twice or three times as many public servants—or no national debt. It does seem odd (almost sacrilegious in fact) that, measured by the gold standard, or the plutocratic yardstick, several thousand Lincolns, Jeffersons or Washingtons would hardly equal in market value one John D. Rockefeller; but "figures never lie." And it seems odd, and almost wrong, that patriots, statesmen, scientists, philosophers, surgeons, inventors, poets, playwrights, artists, composers and the rest of the big-hearted, big-brained women and men that are working to help uplift mankind, should be plentiful and cheap, and money-grubbers, promoters, railroad wreckers, franchise stealers, usurers, speculators, monopolists and founders of trusts, pools and similar charitable institutions so scarce and dear.

It seems odd that most of us are not drowned when it rains.

A WORKING GIRL

BEFORE THE COURTS

Mary Miller is a working girl who lives in St. Louis. Her life has not much of sunshine nor of joy. Her lot, in this respect, is like that of unnumbered thousands of other working girls.

Mary was employed by the St. Louis Cordage Company, a wealthy corporation, which numbers among its stockholders some of the most highly respectable and representative men of the Missouri metropolis.

It was Mary's work among her other duties, to look after a machine into which she fed slimp, oily sisal, from which rope is made. The lever that stopped and started the machine was dangerously near some whirling cog, whose iron teeth menaced life and limb every minute of the day.

The Missouri legislature had wisely enacted a law requiring corporations to place guards over flying cogs, to protect girls like Mary Miller from losing a finger or a hand. It is a serious matter when a working girl loses a finger or a hand. These deft fingers are needed in the fierce struggle for bread, and when has all one's fingers and good health to back one, the bread, and when one has all one's fingers and good health to back one, the struggle is unequal and disheartening.

But when a twenty-year-old girl is handicapped by the loss of fingers, the struggle becomes more intense and desperate.

Mary instinctively felt the danger. Perhaps she knew the company was violating the law in refusing to guard the cogs, but there was no other alternative. She must use the tools, dangerous as they were, which the wealthy cordage company furnished her or quit her job. One unlucky February 13th, Mary's hand slipped and her fingers were entangled in the swiftly moving cogs. There was a cry of pain and then a smothered moan and the poor mutilated hand, with its stumps of fingers, was held up to the view of the horror-stricken companions, who gathered around in sympathy. Mary was hurried home to the poorer quarters of the city. Here she suffered in silence—the mental anguish exceeding the physical pain. What was she to do when her crippled hand healed? How was she to support those dependent on her, now that she could not operate the machine? It was a dismal outlook for this twenty-year-old heroine. There was a family council and it was decided that the company should pay damages for the mutilated hand. Yes, that was it. Mary would go to the great American courts and there recover money enough to keep the little family until the hand healed and Mary was able to go to work, provided she could find someone willing to hire her in her crippled condition.

A lawyer was consulted and after hearing the details of the case stated that Mary had a good cause for action, as the law provided she should have been protected and compensation could be secured in any fair court.

After vexatious delays the case was set for trial and Mary told her story to the twelve jurors and showed them her poor, mutilated fingers. It was shown at the trial that the cordage company had violated the Missouri law, which provided that all exposed cogs should be properly covered to prevent just such accidents. The jury decided that Mary was entitled to damages and a sum assessed against the wealthy corporation that seemed fabulous in her eyes, but which, after all, was paltry and insignificant when compared to the loss she had sustained. Mary, in her innocence, supposed that the check which would bring happiness and joy to the little household would be forthcoming. But Mary had another guess coming, and she knows now something of the law's delays.

The case was taken to the United States Court of Appeals by the cordage company—though just how it got to that august tribunal no one but the attorneys for the corporation knows. It was a civil damage suit, instituted in the state courts of Missouri against a Missouri corporation. Here is what happened to Mary Miller, a crippled industrial slave, when her case was taken before Justice Sanborn's court: That distinguished jurist, who is being prominently mentioned for a place on the Supreme Bench, looked over the records in the case and decided that Mary was not entitled to damages from the corporation, because, in the language of the court, "the danger was apparent and she could have quit her job," and thus saved her hand, and perhaps lost her soul. Because there is but one alternative for a working girl who cannot find work for her hands: It's the street and the red light district!

It did not matter to Judge Sanborn, sitting secure in his well-appointed apartments, that the corporation had violated the Missouri law! It did not count with this federal judicial autocrat, with a life tenure job, that twelve men, after hearing the evidence had decided that Mary was entitled to damages. Nothing counted with this gentleman of the bench but the fact that a corporation, composed of his friends, was being mulcted by a poor working girl and he did not propose to stand for any such foolishness. So his court, or a majority of its members, decided that Mary should get nothing. There was one judge, however, on the bench (but who is not there now), who did not take this view of the case and in the following emphatic words rebuked his corporation-collared colleagues:

"The majority opinion of this court is that she could have quit her job. Experience shows, however, that when forced to the alternative of losing his job, or working with defective tools, most employes will choose the latter. Besides, many servants, especially those who are most worthy, will hesitate to make a demand for better and safer implements when they ought to be supplied, for fear of falling into disfavor with their employers and being classed as malcontents and grumblers. The questions involved are important and will affect the rights of very many litigants, and on that account I desire to place on record a plain statement of the reasons why I dissent from doctrines which seem to me to have been formulated with an eye mainly to the protection of employers and with too little regard for the situation and rights of employes."

But this dissenting opinion did not help Mary in her struggle for bread—nor will it help any other unfortunate.—San Francisco Star.

NEW YORK SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—CHARLES EDWARD RUSSELL, of New York.
- For Lieutenant-Governor—GUSTAV A. STREBEL, of Syracuse.
- For Secretary of State—BERTHA M. FRASER, of Brooklyn.
- For Attorney General—HENRY L. SLOBODIN, of New York.
- For State Treasurer—SYLVESTER BUTLER, of Schoenectady.
- For State Controller—O. A. CURTIS, of Buffalo.
- For State Engineer—WILLIAM LIPPELT, of Rochester.
- For Associate Justice, Court of Appeals—MORRIS HILL-QUIT, of New York.

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—John W. Clayton, of McKeesport.
- For Lieutenant Governor—Louis Cohen, of Meyersdale.
- For State Treasurer—Charles McKeever, of New Castle.
- For Secretary of Internal Affairs—Beaumont Sykes, of Philadelphia.

NEW JERSEY SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—Wilson B. Killingbeck, of Orange.

CONNECTICUT SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—Robert Hunter, of Noroton.
- For Lieutenant Governor—William Applegate, of New Haven.
- For Secretary of State—Ella Reeve Bloor, of Waterbury.
- For State Treasurer—James J. McIntyre, of Hartford.
- For State Controller—Emil Goris, of New Haven.
- For Congressman-at-Large—S. E. Beardsley, of Shelton.

MASSACHUSETTS SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—Daniel A. White, of Brockton.
- For Lieutenant Governor—Patrick Mahoney, of Boston.
- For Attorney General—Harold Metcalf, of New Bedford.
- For State Secretary—Harriet D'Orsay, of Lynn.
- For Auditor—Ambrose Miles, of Lynn.
- For Treasurer—Sylvester J. McBride, of Watertown.

NEW HAMPSHIRE SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—Asa Warren Drew, of Ashland.

Potpourri

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN.

THE DAWN AND I.

By W. R. Van Trenck.

The wonder and the morning melody Of earth's reflected in the lightning skies, As the dawn advances hesitatingly And looks with hint of laughter in mine eyes.

And we, the dawn and I, go hand in hand, Expectantly, with joyous steps, and O The wonder and the beauties of the land Where, pure as children, hand in hand we go.

MNEMONICA.

"Why do you always put a pitcher of water and a glass on the table before an orator?"

"That," said the chairman of many reception committees, "is to give him something to do in case he forgets his piece and has to stop and think."—Washington Evening Star.

DEMONSTRATIVE.

Old Lady (speaking of her late husband)—I mind the last time we was out together, and he turns round and sez, so kind-like, "Come along, old draggletail!" he sez.—Tit-Bits.

DOING HIS BEST.

Joiner (to his apprentice)—Well, Willie, have you sharpened all the tools?

Willie—Yus—all but the 'and-saw, and I haven't quite got all the gaps out of it.—Sketch.

Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis described Mr. Roosevelt as "the only man on earth who can throw double sixes every time." While we do not understand these ecclesiastical references, the remark sounds good.—Haverhill Gazette.

Senator Burrows said in one of his speeches, "If I am re-elected, I shall be chairman of the committee which has charge of all tariff and financial legislation." This seems to have been what the people of Michigan were afraid of.—Minneapolis Journal.

The Japanese have kindly allowed Korea to retain the ancient title "Land of the Morning Calm." But the degree of silence and subservience that will be expected of Koreans will entitle it to the designation "Land of the Mourning Clam."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Limp Bill—I had to split up twice as much wood as usual afore the old lady would gimme a handout.

Blinky Bob—What's th' cause of it, Limpy?

Limpy—Th' increased cost of livin', I s'pose.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"He seems to lack the sense of humor." "Why do you think so?"

"I pulled his chair away when he was about to sit down and he treated me as if I had been totally unworthy of respect."—Chicago Record-Herald.

"Honesty, my son," said the millionaire, "is the best policy."

"Well, perhaps it is, dad," rejoined the youthful philosopher, "but it strikes me you have done pretty well, nevertheless."—St. Louis Star.

"How did that shoplifting suit case come out?"

"The man was acquitted." "Why, how could he after all the articles he took? The suit case was packed." "So was the jury."—Baltimore American.

The Admiral—How many couples have you spilled an occasion?

The Bishop—Oh, as many as twenty in two hours.

THE TIP TRUST.

If you have ever been a visitor to the dining room of a large city hotel you have been impressed with the eagerness with which a uniformed attendant relieves you of your hat and coat at the entrance. Your personal wishes are never consulted in this matter; the uniformed attendant always wears an expression which says: "You carry your hat into that dining room at your peril!"—and so you give it up. When you escape from the clutches of a mercenary waiter and return to the door you are met by the attendant wearing the same uniform, but a wholly different expression. Now it says: "I have seen your hat safely through this crisis. I have a widowed mother to support, and you look like a generous person." So you pay him for doing something for you that you didn't want done.

We are told now that all these boys wearing blackmail expressions are only menials of the hat tip trust, that their uniforms do not contain pockets, that the tip-company pays the hotel large sums for the coat room privilege and makes a neat profit anyway. If you feel peevish about paying tribute to the hat tip trust just reflect that maybe the trust magnates have widowed mothers, too.—From Success Magazine.

MODERN POETS.

Poetry and mathematics are closely allied. To the mathematical mind a butcher's bill is an epic.—A University of Chicago Professor.

My butcher's bill I love to read (I did not say I love to pay) Because it suits me more, indeed, Than anything by Rudyard K. More poet he of knife and cleaver Than bard who dashed off "Daisy Deever."

My grocer's bill no Tennyson Could ever hope to match in style! Please mark the grace with which 'tis done— The virtues of his flowing style; How pale the laureate's pomp and splendor! Beside the flour and sugar vender.

But when my tailor's bills come through Then Dante takes a distant seat; Quite mild the pictures that he drew— Oh tailor poet, thee I greet! Take it from me in Esperanto You beat "Inferno" by a canto.

And so my shelf of poetry Is gaining yearly yard by yard; My poets flourish merrily And send me verse on sheet and card; And not to keep the muse from straying My bills I'm never, never paying.—Denver Republican.

Up in Minnesota Mr. Olsen had a cow killed by a railroad train. In due season the claim agent for the railroad called.

"We understand, of course, that the deceased was a very docile and valuable animal," said the claim agent in his most persuasive claim-agent manner, "and we sympathize with you and your family in your loss. But, Mr. Olsen, you must remember this: Your cow had no business being upon our tracks. Those tracks are our private property and when she invaded them she became a trespasser. Technically speaking, you, as her owner, became a trespasser also. But we have no desire to carry the issue into court and possibly give you trouble. Now then, what would you regard as a fair settlement between you and the railroad company?"

"Well," said Mr. Olsen slowly, "As I have paid for the cow, and as you have no desire to carry the issue into court and possibly give you trouble, I would like to see what you would regard as a fair settlement between you and the railroad company?"

"Territorial (his first experience in entry, going over his instructions) says one comes along I say, 'Hello, who goes there?' Then he says, 'Friend, and I say, 'Papa, friend, all's well.' And some ally will say 'Dumey,' and then I don't know what to do. Return, oh, call it—Pack."