

Association were concerned. Independent contractors on the other hand, were doing a rushing business, taking on new jobs and finishing jobs in those cases where the owners of property could not wait until contractors who are members of the builders' association, would be ready to settle their differences with the union and hired independent contractors to do the work for them.

JUDGE DISCHARGES STRIKING GLAZIERS

Magistrate Kernochan, in the Essex Market Court yesterday, discharged Al. Hurst, a striking glazier, who was arrested on Tuesday afternoon while on his way to strike headquarters, and charged with feloniously assaulting P. Goldman, a boss of the 98 Division street. Hurst was released from the street and taken to the shop, where the boss said that he was the man he wanted.

STRIKE OF KOSHER BUTCHERS TODAY

As a result of the failure of the retail kosher butchers of the East Side, Brooklyn and Brownsville to respond to the notice sent out by the union asking them to renew the agreements a general strike of all Hebrew butchers was ordered yesterday. The strike is to take effect at 3 o'clock this afternoon and the union expects to have about 400 men on strike.

ANOTHER RAILROAD MERGER

ALBANY, Sept. 29.—The Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburgh Railway Company today filed a certificate with the secretary of state of the merger of the Silver Lake Railroad Company. The certificate says that the former company owns all of the capital stock of the Silver Lake company.

The Frank Department Store
Corner 190th St. and Columbus Ave.
We carry a complete line of Undergarments, Hosiery, Corsets, Working Shoes, etc. Everything you need in the line of Men's, Ladies' and Children's Wear. We allow 4 per cent. on all purchases.

For SHOES of QUALITY and STYLE
GO TO **ARTHUR NEWMAN**
510 WENDOVER AVENUE
Just a Whimper Off 3d Ave.
AGENCY FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES FOR MEN AND BOYS

The Weekly Pledge Fund
Remember that the weekly amount pledged should be mailed to The Weekly Pledge Committee, P. O. Box 1624, New York City, or paid to the cashier in The Call office. In both cases payments or remittances should reach us on Fridays. Acknowledgments will be made on Mondays. When sending remittances by mail use the following blank:

Silverstone Bros.
744-746 Westchester Ave., near 156th St.
Agents for the **DANBURY HAT**
Genteel Furnishing—General Department Store.

VOTED FOR LORIMER, GOT \$1,000, HE SAYS

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—State Representative H. J. C. Beckmeyer, one of those who testified in the trial of Lee O'Neil Browne to having received \$1,000 for his vote for Lorimer for senator, took the witness stand before the senatorial investigation committee today. He testified that he voted for Lorimer on May 26, 1900, and that on the evening of May 24 he had been called to the room of the minority leader, Browne.

WOMAN TELLS STORY AND THEN FAINTS

Mrs. Martha Scanlon, of 552 Broome street, staggered into the Court of Domestic Relations yesterday morning with her four-year-old son, Steven. She said her husband Michael had beaten her until she was unconscious because he thought she made too much noise in dressing their four children.

THOUGHT OF WAR HURTS CARNEGIE

BOLTON, England, Sept. 29.—An Anglo-American treaty to guarantee world peace will be signed before long, according to the prediction made today by Andrew Carnegie in a speech accepting the freedom of Bolton.

FIFTEEN CAB DRIVERS STRIKE

Fifteen coach drivers, members of Cab and Coach Drivers' Union, Local 693, of Union Hill, N. J., are on strike against their employer, William Nickers, an undertaker and livery man.

BASEBALL SCORES

NATIONAL LEAGUE.		
At Philadelphia.—	R.H.E.	
St. Louis... 0 0 1 0 0 0 0— 1 3 1		
Philadelphia 0 2 0 0 0 2 0— 6 11 6		
Batteries—Harmon, Bresnahan and Phelps; Ewing and Moran.		
At Boston.—		
Chicago... 0 1 0 3 1 0 2— 8 14 2		
Boston... 1 1 0 0 1 1 0— 3 7 3		
Batteries—McIntyre and Klins; Frock, Burke and Rariden.		
At Brooklyn.—		
Pittsburgh... 0 0 2 0 0 4 0 0 0— 7 10 1		
Brooklyn... 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0— 3 4 0		
Batteries—Adams and Gibson; Burke, Dessau, Scanlon, Bergen and Miller.		
At New York.—		
Cincinnati... 0 1 1 0 0 0 2 0 6— 4 7 0		
New York... 0 0 0 0 4 0 1 0— 5 10 3		
Batteries—Suggs, Gasper, McLean and Clarke; Ames and Wilson.		
AMERICAN LEAGUE.		
At St. Louis.—		
Chicago... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 3 0— 4 7 3		
St. Louis... 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0— 1 4 3		
Batteries—Lange and Payne; Mitchell and Stelshens.		
At Chicago.—		
Boston... 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0— 3 7 0		
Chicago... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0— 1 3 3		
Batteries—Smith and Kleinow; Fanwell and Smith.		

RUSSELL FLAYS OLD GANGSTERS

(Continued from Page 1.)
us see. Under Cleveland's administration J. P. Morgan controlled everything as he does now. Have we short memories? In neither the Republican nor the Democratic party is there the least hope for the workers. If you maintain these parties, then you will have no honesty in government, and no comfort in your homes.

BIG SOCIALIST PARADE TOMORROW

(Continued from page 1.)
night. Every man—every brother is called to the charge! If you are a little lame or lazy, too short or too tall, too insignificant or too popular, too lean or too stout to report for duty, you will not be excused. You are drafted for the crisis!

\$34,000 IS BILL FROM GAYNOR'S DOCTORS

Dr. W. J. Arlitz, of Hoboken, says there is no foundation for a report that the doctors who attended Mayor Gaynor after his shooting to about \$34,000. A physician, who did not wish his name used, said yesterday that the services of the doctors would be estimated at that amount.

MAYOR MAY START WORK ON MONDAY

If the present plans of Mayor Gaynor hold good he will in all probability return to his office next Monday. It had been thought that the Mayor would be able to resume his duties some time this week, but it was considered best to postpone the date.

A BAKER COMMITS SUICIDE WITH GAS

CAMDEN, Sept. 29.—Henry Miller committed suicide by asphyxiation at his home, dying a few minutes after admission to the Cooper Hospital. He was a baker and worked at night.

Do Not Accept Lame Excuses.

Modern society is founded upon lies and swindles and trickery. Whatever you should not attempt to do, you are never sure that somebody is not spreading out a net for you, as it were, to deceive and swindle you. When you go in business, it takes you a long time to study and explore the nature of the business you are about to enter.

CASE AGAINST GOV. HASKELL DISMISSED

MALESTER, Okla., Sept. 29.—The trial of Governor C. H. Haskell, of Oklahoma, charged with fraud in the Muskogee town lot cases, came to a sudden end today when the government announced that under the restriction laid down by the court it would be unable to make out a case against Haskell or any of his co-defendants.

FUNERAL OF AVIATOR WHO FLEW OVER ALPS

DOMODOSSOLA, Sept. 29.—Services were held today in local church over the remains of George Chavez, the Peruvian aviator, who died Tuesday from the effects of injuries received by the falling of his aeroplane after he had flown across the Alps from Brigue to this place.

UNION BUSINESS AGENT HELD FOR EXTORTION

Daniel McDonald, business agent of Teamsters' Union 449; and Harry F. McCormack, a member of the same union, were arrested on a charge of extortion yesterday and were held in \$3,500 bail each by Magistrate Hermann in the Tombs Court.

HELD FOR BIGAMY

Two Women Join in Complaint Against Alexander Lang. Both Delighted.
Alexander Lang, forty-seven years old, of 11 Columbus place, an employee in a candy factory, was arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Harris in the Gates Avenue Court, Brooklyn, on a charge of bigamy and held for the grand jury.

FREE ON TRIAL
Mail us this Coupon and we will send you home a VICTOR Talking Machine or an EDISON PRONOGRAPH FREE ON TRIAL.
If machine in satisfactory condition you can keep the same for 30 days on easy weekly payments. After 30 days return to us.

SAY HINDUS HAVE HOOKWORM DISEASE

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29.—It leaked out today that immigration officials at this port have discovered that Hindus who have been flocking into this country from Hong Kong are afflicted with hookworm and that they can be excluded because they have this contagious disease.

ARRESTED HEAD OF MAIL ORDER HOUSE

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—Alfred H. Monroe, president of the Globe Association, 1241-1249 South State street, a \$300,000 mail order house, was arrested by federal authorities today and the charge of violating the postal laws by the operation of an alleged fraudulent mail order scheme.

CONCERT AND LITERARY EVENING

Given in the Reopening of the **YOUNG SOCIALIST LEAGUE** Tonight at Our Clubrooms, 81 Columbia Street, Second Floor, Manhattan. William Karlin, the Socialist Candidate of the 20th A. D., will address the youth.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT AT THE East Side Equal Rights League

225 Chrystie St. Saturday, Oct. 1, at 8 P. M. The League opens its club rooms freely to the public. Speeches by Prominent Speakers. Concert, Dancing, Refreshments. Admission Free. Beginning of our winter activity.

THE RAND SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCE

112 EAST 19TH STREET
The fifth year's work of the Rand School will begin on Monday evening, October 3. Courses are offered in the following subjects:
I and II. Composition and Rhetoric, Mr. W. J. Ghent, Instructor.—Elementary Class, Mondays, 8 to 10 p.m. Advanced Class, Fridays, 7:45 to 10 p.m. Twelve lessons in each course in First Term.
III. Public Speaking, Mr. George R. Kirkpatrick, Instructor.—Sundays, 2:30 to 4:30 p.m. Eleven lessons in First Term. Open only to persons who are taking or have taken at least one course in Composition.
IV. Shorthand, Mr. John Lyons, Instructor.—Tuesday and Fridays, 8:15 to 10:15 p.m. Twenty-four lessons in each term.
V. English Literature, Dr. Henry Neumann, Instructor.—Wednesdays, 8:15 to 9:45 p.m. Twelve lectures.
VI. Organic Evolution, Mr. Benjamin C. Gruenberg, Instructor.—Wednesdays, 8:15 to 9:45 p.m. Twelve lessons in First Term.
VII. American History, Mr. Bartley J. Wright, Instructor.—Mondays, 8:15 to 9:45 p.m. Twelve lessons in First Term.
VIII. Economics, Miss Jessie Wallace Hughan, Instructor.—Thursdays, 8:15 to 9:45 p.m. Twelve lessons in First Term.
IX. Introduction to Socialism, Mr. George R. Kirkpatrick, Instructor.—Tuesdays, 8:15 to 9:45 p.m. Twelve lessons.
X. History of Socialism, Mr. Algernon Lee, Instructor.—Thursdays, 8:15 to 9:45 p.m. Twelve lessons in First Term.

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The Blyn Shoe
NOVELTIES IN FOOTWEAR
THE CALL OF THE HOUR!
The fall season opens with popular demand for new features more clamorous than ever—and this fall we are better than ever prepared to take care of the demand. We have anticipated Fashion by the gathering of great stocks that, in their entirety, are probably the most remarkable exhibition of our facilities ever shown by us in all our forty-odd years of shoemaking and retailing.
New Materials As Well As New Styles.
Coming into prominence are the elegant and rich effects obtained by materials that harmonize with our times. You will find in all our Ten Best Stores new designs in boots and slippers of satin, as well as velvet. Patent leather holds its place in popular esteem, and dull leathers as well as tans are among the favorites. We show hundreds of new designs in all the correct materials.
Style No. 890 Ladies' black satin walking boot. A convincing type of our exceptional value. High arch and Cuban heel. A very dressy boot that will please particular wearers.
Style No. 1134 Men's Russia tan lace and button shoe, with perforated vamp. Also in gun metal and patent leather. A strictly serviceable yet dressy shoe for Fall and Winter wear, and an excellent example of a standard Blyn value in men's shoes.
TEN BEST STORES—SHOES IN EVERY GRADE.
EAST SIDE: 84 Ave. & 123d St.
WEST SIDE: 6th Ave. and 27th St.
MIDWINTER STORES: Broadway, 1st, Park & 5th Streets.
Fulton St., opp. A. S. T. Store.
FERRY ST. STORE: 111 to 129 West 12th St.
\$3.00 \$3.50

WILD WEST DUEL ON NEW YORK STREETS

Chauffeur for Fighting Gamblers Tells of Pistol Battle on Fashionable Thoroughfare.

The Wild West has nothing on New York these days. Crime was never more widespread.

Residents of West 72nd street were still talking yesterday of the astonishing pistol battle that took place late Wednesday afternoon between two men in an automobile and a third in another. They fired freely at each other while the neighborhood went into a panic. Not a policeman showed up.

It is a fairly safe bet that if such a thing had taken place in a strike, there would be wild yells about "lawlessness," but as all persons seem to have been respectable gamblers, the population is only mildly interested. The police officers who are "investigating" say it was a gambler's duel.

That one of the two automobiles, the big dark-blue Packard, tagged No. 15,687, is owned by Joseph Calvin, once a night-hawk caddy but now a free lance chauffeur with his own car, was learned yesterday.

When found by detectives Calvin readily admitted having driven the car. Calvin was found at the garage of his employer, H. Bolton, at No. 251 West 46th street. All he could tell the detectives was that after the shooting the man in his car held a pistol to his head and cried: "Drive to the subway or I'll shoot you."

Calvin accordingly drove to the 72nd street subway entrance where his fare vanished. Calvin's lone passenger who started the duel is said to have been a gambler named or known by the name of Ellis, a big, dark-mustached man with shoulders as broad as Jeffries.

Way Declared. It was learned that the two slim men in the gray car were also gamblers, and big gamblers known all over the states.

The story goes that Ellis and the slim pair declared war, and Wednesday went on the warpath in the speediest automobiles they could hire along Broadway. While the gray car was looking for the blue Packard, the blue Packard overhauled the gray car on 72d street, almost midway between Columbus avenue and Broadway.

As soon as Ellis was sure of his men he ordered Calvin to stop in front of 150 West 72d street, and jumped out. The gray car was less than forty feet ahead as the gambler strode over to it.

Dodged Him to Draw. As he reached his side the slim man—understand man in a gray suit—jumped up and clapped his right hand on his hip. Ellis dodged him to draw and put his own right hand under his coat. The slim man sat back in his seat livid and trembling.

Then after a torrent of language Ellis wheeled and started back for his car in long jumps. As Ellis swung up into his car and set down his two enemies opened fire. Almost as the flame leapt from the muzzle of their weapons the big gambler had his gun out and was working the trigger. All three gun-fighters seemed oblivious of their surroundings and the panic that their first fire had created.

The two slim men retreated from Ellis' fire and dodged back to their car, firing as they ran. They gave their chauffeur the order to start before they clambered aboard again, and as the gray car moved toward Broadway they fired over the rear of the tonneau, ducking like sharpshooters in a pit as they saw the flame spit from the big gambler's gun.

"UPPER" CLASSES IN GAMBLING RAID. HOT SPRINGS, Va., Sept. 29.—There is fear and quaking in the colony of millionaire sojourners at this fashionable resort today as a result of a police raid on the exclusive "Woodland Club." The "raid" was a quiet affair, the alleged proprietor, Thomas O'Brien, being the only person arrested. Although the arrest took place on Tuesday night, the incident did not become public until last night.

The "Woodland Club" is said by the police to have been nothing more than a gambling house where rich guests of the local hotels were separated from their coin. As in the case of the "club" raided at Narragansett Pier recently, the play was not confined to men, many women having been among the patrons.

Today subpoenas servers are gumshoeing on the trail of some of the fashionables, men and women, who are reported to have gambled at the club. However, even though some of these are known to have been heavy losers, there has been a scramble to get out of the jurisdiction and thereby avoid unpleasant notoriety and possibly a worse scandal.

Contest Begins in Two Days

Today we say—GET READY! Tomorrow—AIM! Sunday—FIRE!

And then the contest for that \$100 VISIBLE-MONARCH TYPEWRITER opens.

TODAY is the day to get READY. Lay out your plans carefully. Mark down in your notebook the names of those whom you think you can get to take a subscription from you.

Mark down your friends, neighbors, shopmates and all the rest of the people you know. Get the prices of the subscriptions clear in your mind and also make sure to learn the conditions of the contest.

Don't wait until OCTOBER 1 to do all that. DO IT NOW! So that you will be ready to commence the fight on SUNDAY without anything to hinder you.

Who do you think was the first one to send in his name as one of the contestants for that \$100 TYPEWRITER? Well, it was ROBERT ENGLAND, of Schenectady, N. Y.

Comrade England was the winner in that last contest we held. We are glad to see him on the job and wish him good luck, but he had better remember that he is not going to have a cinch of it. He'll have to work pretty hard to win that machine, for if we're not mistaken he is going to have lots of competition.

If Bob wins that machine he will have to do some tall hustling. Brooklyn is going to be on the job, for that local is in need of a good typewriter. A good many of the locals upstate are going to get busy. Locals Auburn, Gloversville, Buffalo, Harrisburg, Lancaster, Trenton, Boston and Philadelphia are not going to stand aside and let Bob walk right in, grab that typewriter and walk right out again.

We haven't any favorite in this contest. Our only pet will be the Comrade or local that brings in the MOST SUBS. If it's YOU, or Comrade England, or Local Oshkosh, that's of small importance to us. All we say is: LET THE BEST MAN WIN, WHOEVER HE IS.

The first month of the contest—from October 1 to November 1—will be the PRELIMINARY.

During that preliminary you must get us 25 SUBS. That will qualify you for the final, which will take place during NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER.

If YOU get us less than 25 SUBS during the PRELIMINARY your name will have to be dropped from the list. But should you get more than 15 your efforts will not go unrewarded. We will present you with copies of SPARGO'S "KARL MARX" and LONDON'S "REVOLUTION."

If YOU manage to get us 25 SUBS during the first month of the contest you then can go ahead and hustle for two months, and then THE PERSON OR LOCAL THAT GETS US THE MOST SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL GET THAT \$100 VISIBLE-MONARCH TYPEWRITER FREE OF CHARGE.

And now we will tell you the prices of the subscriptions that will prevail during this contest. We might remind you that they have been lowered especially for this occasion.

For The Daily Call only: One year, \$3.00; six months, \$1.50; three months, \$1.00; one month, 40 cents.

For The Sunday Call: One year, \$2.00; six months, \$1.00; three months, 50 cents; one month, 20 cents.

For both The Sunday and daily: One year, \$4.50; six months, \$2.50; three months, \$1.50; one month, 50 cents.

Here is how we will count your subscriptions during this contest: Each 50 cents will be counted as a point. Thus a half-year contest subscription for the daily, which costs \$1.50, will entitle you to three points. This unit system will be used throughout this contest. Bear this fact in mind.

If you intend to join in this contest let us hear from you NOW. Fill out the coupon below and mail it in to us today.

CONTEST DEPARTMENT. New York Call, 409 Pearl Street, New York City.

Kindly enter the following name on your list. I intend to join in the subscription CONTEST for that \$100 TYPEWRITER.

Name _____ Address _____ Town _____

MAN SHOT FOR PIRATE. WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—William E. Raab, an engraver employed in the United States geological survey, while fishing from a boat on the Potomac river, near Colonial Beach, this morning, suddenly threw up his hands and sank to the bottom of the boat. Two of his friends who were in another boat hastened to his aid.

They found that he had been shot in the back and that the bullet had pierced his abdomen. The shot was fired by the Virginia state police, who were in a boat about a quarter of a mile away. It was intended to frighten a boat load of oyster pirates whom the police were pursuing. Raab is in a hospital here in a serious condition.

Don't forget to look up the particulars about that contest for a \$100 typewriter.

DENTISTS—Manhattan and Bronx. Established 1888. DR. JOHN MUTH DENTIST 61 Second Ave., Between 3d and 4th Sts. Reasonable and reliable; ask about my work. Cuts and bridge work a specialty. Tel. 509 Orchard.

DR. A. CARR SURGEON DENTIST. Special Liberal Prices for Comrades. 133 E. 84th St. Tel. 3967-Lenox. 477 Boulevard, Peckaway Beach.

DR. PR. LEWIN Surgeon Dentist 530 Brook Ave., Cor. 148th St., Bronx.

DR. A. GORDON SURGEON DENTIST. Special Liberal Prices for Comrades. 485 E. 173d St., Cor. Washington Ave., Bronx.

DENTISTS—Brooklyn. DR. A. RITT DENTIST 1621 Pitkin Ave., corner Hopkins, Brooklyn, N. Y.

DRS. L. & I. HERMANN SURGEON DENTISTS. New Utrecht Ave., cor. 49th St., Borough Park, Brooklyn. Phone 516-J., Bay Ridge.

REMOVAL NOTICE. Dr. S. Ingeman and Dr. Anna Ingeman have moved to 1843 Madison avenue, between 126th and 131st streets. Telephone call, 4245 Harlem.

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JAPAN AT WORK ON MANY NEW TREATIES. TOKIO, Sept. 14, via Victoria, B. C., Sept. 29.—With the close of the summer, work will begin in earnest on the new treaties Japan expects to conclude before the end of the year.

Every country except America is now engaged in the negotiation of these treaties, and in England there is much criticism because Japan's ally is given no advantage.

It is pointed out here that Japan must in self-protection care for her export trade, and that the greater part of that trade is with the United States and France. Hence it would be impossible to give any country an advantage because this at once would lay Japan's exports open to the maximum tariff, where now her exports enjoy a minimum, both in America and France. It is quite possible that in some cases no treaties will be made.

Some of those who have the matter in hand here appear not to attach great importance to the commercial treaty, and point out that both Great Britain and the United States are carrying on a business with a number of countries without any treaties. There is good reason to believe that when the turn of the United States comes, if a clause regulating Japanese immigration is insisted upon, Japan will decline to make a treaty, claiming that her immigration is now being satisfactorily regulated, and that so long as this exists, a treaty on the subject would be humiliating.

S. L. P. TICKET IS FILED. Frank E. Passano, of Troy, is Party's Candidate for Governor.

ALBANY, Sept. 29.—The state ticket of the Socialist Labor party was filed with the secretary of state today. The ticket is nominated by petition, and 7,000 names are reported to be on the lists that were handed in by L. Abelson, of New York. The party's candidate for governor is Frank E. Passano, of Troy.

REMOVAL NOTICE. Does your local need a typewriter? What's the matter with getting together and trying to win the machine? It's worth while.

THAT New Hat that is all the rage this fall season is being heavily displayed by our popular hatter.

BARDIN of 1008 Third Ave., cor. 105th St. Many other styles to suit your face and fancy are also being shown. Remember, we receive great assistance from The Call readers. Hence, it shows their appreciation for our hats.

PLUNGE WAS FATAL TO BOY LABORER

Workmen Find Body of 16-Year-Old Led in Apartment House Basement—Fell from Top Girder.

The body of William A. Bennett, sixteen years old, of 54 Elm avenue, Ridgewood, was found in the basement of the eight-story apartment house in course of construction at 72 Montague street, Brooklyn, yesterday, by Michael Venturo, of 233 Troutman street, a fireman, employed by the Peter Guthy Contracting Company, of 924 Broadway, the concern that is erecting the building.

Just how Bennett was killed is not known, but most of his fellow workmen believe he fell from one of the iron girders on the top floor just as they were leaving the structure in the evening.

Nobody saw him fall; nobody heard a crash or scream; but when Venturo went to work yesterday—the first man to put in his appearance—he saw the body lying in the basement at the foot of the elevator shaft.

The youth's left arm was stretched upwards as though he had tried to save himself from falling.

Had Been Dead Many Hours. His skull was fractured, several bones in his body broken, and death had undoubtedly been instantaneous. Dr. Mazilo, of the Long Island College Hospital, who was summoned immediately after the finding of the body, said the youth had been dead from 10 to 12 hours.

The night watchman, who went on duty at 5:30 o'clock, said he saw Bennett on the top floor at 5:40 o'clock. It was after 6 o'clock when the laborer quit work and it was quite dark in the building.

This, together with the fact there was no need of the men going down in the basement, probably accounts for the body not being found until yesterday. Once the workmen are out of the building the watchman never goes inside, but remains in the front of the building and sees that nobody enters. He is positive Bennett did not leave the building and return later.

FELL FROM TRUCK; BADLY HURT. John Walsh, forty years old, an employe of the Ansonia Clock Company, on Seventh avenue, between 12th and 13th streets, Brooklyn, fell from a truck in 13th street at noon yesterday and was badly injured. He sustained a dislocation of the right shoulder blade, contusions of the face and internal injuries. He was removed to the Norwegian.

SCHOOLS. HELP WANTED—FEMALE. WANTED—Girl or middle-aged woman for light housework; small family; references required. S. Berkman, 116 Forest ave., near Forest ave. "L" station, Brooklyn.

SITUATION WANTED—MALE. SHIPPING CLERK, 25 married, would consider anything; best of references. Rudolph Kinka, 816 Sixth avenue, city.

ERON PREP. SCHOOL 186-187 EAST BROADWAY. Commercial, Regents, College and Civil Service Courses. Day and Evening. J. E. ERON, PRINCIPAL.

PLATON BROUNOFF Lessons in English and French. Mondays and Tuesdays at 233 2d Ave., near 14th St., other days at 182d 7th Ave., near 11th St.

GUARDING AGAINST CHOLERA IN BOSTON. BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 29.—No fear of cholera entering this port by means of steamships arriving from southern Italian ports is expressed by the health officials here. Dr. Samuel H. Durbin, chairman of the Boston board of health, points out that arrangements already have been made whereby persons embarking at southern Italian ports for Boston are to be held under medical observation for a few days, considered to be about the limit for incubation of cholera germs in a person who has been exposed to the disease. The voyage from the Mediterranean to Boston requires more than ten days and all passengers arriving are subjected to a close inspection.

Frederick O. Houghton, agent of the White Star line, the only line operating regular steamships between Boston and Mediterranean ports, said today that the precautions taken on the other side appeared ample to prevent the importation of cholera here.

OWN LOCOMOTIVE KILLS ENGINEER. Bernard Farrington, a locomotive engineer of Easton, Pa., employed by the Lehigh Valley railroad, was killed by his own locomotive in the yards in Jersey City yesterday morning. His body was practically cut in two by the big wheels which passed over him. The body was removed to the morgue.

Farrington had brought in his milk train and was backing down on a siding near the Morris canal, at Grove street. The train was moving very slowly, and John Snyder, the fireman, was coaling up. In some manner the engineer must have fallen between the tender and the first car, and he was not missed by Snyder.

In the meantime the wheels of the locomotive had passed over him. Snyder jumped for the throttle and brought the train to a stop as soon as he discovered that Farrington was not in his usual place.

YOUNG AVIATOR HURT. His Biplane Wrecked at Atlantic City and He Fell. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 29.—Charles Dorian, the eighteen-year-old aviator who has been attempting to emulate the feats of Glenn Curtiss along the ocean front during the past few weeks, came to grief this morning after a short flight between the Million Dollar pier and Ocean pier. His biplane was smashed into almost total wreckage and the boy himself was painfully hurt.

ACQUED MURDERER RELEASED. SACRAMENTO, Cal., Sept. 29.—Paul Parker, kept under surveillance by the police since the finding of the mutilated body of Eva Swan, the Paso Robles school teacher, buried under a vacant house on Huron street, was released today, following the return by the coroner's jury of a verdict charging Dr. Robert Thompson, known here as "Dr. James Grant," with the murder of Miss Swan.

HOLY GHOST TO BE MAROONED IN PACIFIC. PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 29.—Satisfied that the faith of the Holy Ghost and his sect cannot be forwarded in the United States, the Rev. Frank W. Sandford, its Elijah, has decided to set Shiloh, the headquarters of the sect at Turham, Me., and set up his communicative colony on a lonely island in mid-ocean.

News of the latest Sandford scheme was brought here by Whappy Joseph, a Chicago Syrian, who recently induced his sister to leave the sect, after she had shared its fortunes for years. No statement is made as to where the happy island of the Holy Ghosters is located, but it is known as soon as the sale of Shiloh is made all the devotees will board a boat maintained by the colony and set sail for pastures new.

LEAPED OVERBOARD TO DEATH. BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 29.—Loading himself with lead, James Greene, the quartermaster of the White Star liner Cymric, leaped to death over the side of that vessel while it was passing the Grand Banks of Newfoundland, according to information from the ship's officers.

Greene has been quartermaster of the Cymric for thirteen years. He is thought to have gone insane.

WORKMEN'S CIRCLE DIRECTORY. Branch No. 4, Arthur Ring, of Brooklyn, meets every Friday evening in the hall, 225 Broadway, sec. 2, between 1st and 2d streets. John Baker, 85 Madison street, Brooklyn, sec. 3, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 4, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 5, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 6, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 7, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 8, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 9, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 10, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 11, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 12, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 13, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 14, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 15, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 16, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 17, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Sec. 18, meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. 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HARRY MARX SHOES UNION MADE. 2885 Third Ave., near 143d St. Branch at York Ave., 10th St., Yorkville, N. Y.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Small Ads That Will Bring Big Results. Try an insertion in The Call, the most closely read daily paper.

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UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—East Side. PARK AVE., 1888, 115TH ST.—3 large, light rooms; small families; \$18.

UNFURNISHED FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—BRONX. FREEMAN ST., 811 (east of Subway station)—4-family house; 500 5 rooms and bath; rent \$16.

FURNISHED ROOMS—TO LET. Manhattan. YOUNG LADY who wishes nice, quiet home, convenience; near Subway, 110th St., West Side; write to J. Flower, 987 Amsterdam Ave.

SICK AND DEATH BENEFIT FUND. MORRISANIA—Sec. C. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Phys. H. Wahn, 200 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. D. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. E. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. F. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. G. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. H. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. I. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. J. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. K. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. L. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. M. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. N. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. O. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. P. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. Q. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. R. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. S. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. T. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. U. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. V. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. W. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. X. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. Y. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York. Sec. Z. Holshauer, 408 E. 144th St., New York.

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Socialist News of the Day

Notice of meetings must be in this column by noon of the day previous to publication. All meetings begin at 8 unless otherwise ordered.

OPEN AIR MEETINGS

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

TONIGHT.
Branch 2—Truck 1. 8 to 9:15 o'clock. Montgomery and Madison streets; 9:20 to 10:20, Rutgers and Madison streets; 10:40 to 12, Pike and George streets. Speakers, Fishman, Ringer, M. Weinstein, and Max Meyell, candidate for Assembly.

Truck 2—8 to 9:20, Eldridge and Broome streets; 9:20 to 10:30, Rivington and Ludlow streets; 10:40 to 12, Ludlow and Grand streets. Speakers, F. Finkelstein, E. Feller, Sol Metz, William Karlin, and Dobson.

Truck 3—8 to 9:30, Division and Grand streets; 9:30 to 10:40, Skemmel and Madison streets; 10:40 to 12, Sheriff and Stanton streets. Speakers, A. H. Chess, M. Pitkofsky, Nathan Spinkner, and Samuel Epstein.

Branch 6—Southwest corner of 16th street and Third avenue. Bredin, Flynn, Quinlan and Raymond Nerney.

Distribution of Russell's Letter.
With the exception of Branch 2, all meetings for tonight are ordered suspended by the city executive committee, in order that the members may concentrate on the distribution of Comrade Russell's letter of acceptance, containing an announcement of the ratification parade and mass meeting in Union square.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1.

Irish Socialist Federation, 35th street and Broadway. Bredin, Flynn and Raymond Nerney.

The following speakers have been assigned to speak at the ratification meeting in Union square at the meetings which will be held from two decorated trucks which will be stationed at the east and west ends of the plaza in Union square. It is trusted that all will appear and aid in making the meeting a success.

Truck No. 1, east side of plaza, George S. Gelder, chairman. Speakers: J. C. Frost, Eugene Wood, Jacob Pankin, Emil Meyer, J. Phillips, Algenon Lee, Patrick Quinlan, William McKenzie and Fred Paulsch.

Truck No. 2, west side of plaza, August Claessens, chairman. Speakers: Robert Bruere, William Karlin, Henry T. Jones, T. Byard Collins, Warren Atkinson, Joseph Wanhope, William Mendelson, Emil Meyer, S. Schwartz and Bert Kirman.

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Ratification Parades and Mass Meetings. New York parade will start from Labor Temple at 7 p.m.; Local Kings County will start from Court street, Brooklyn. New Jersey parade will assemble on Murray street and await the arrival of the Kings County parade, when they will fall in line.

BROOKLYN.

TONIGHT.
6th A. D., Branch 2—Throop avenue and Stockton street. Morris Gold, A. L. Samuelson and Harry Slavin.

9th A. D., Branch 2—Fifth avenue and 49th street. William J. F. Hanemann and W. W. Passage.

13th A. D.—Bushwick avenue and Grand street. B. J. Riley and William Mackenzie.

14th A. D.—Grand and Rodney streets. Charles L. Furman.

18th A. D.—Nostrand avenue and Park place. B. C. Hammond and Jean Jacques Coroneil.

21st A. D.—Manhattan avenue and Varet street. D. Wolf, H. Rosenblum and D. Oshinsky.

21st A. D.—Manhattan avenue and Scholes street. B. Rabbiner and J. A. Dehringer.

23d A. D., Branch 1—Patchen avenue and Fulton street. J. A. Weil.

23d A. D., Branch 2—Stone and Pacific streets. Sam Ferro and H. Montalbo.

RIDGEWOOD.

Corner of Onderdonk and Greens avenues. Speakers, Sieburg, Froemlich and Morstad.

ORANGE, N. J.

Main and Day streets. G. Fitzgibbon.

PHILADELPHIA.

TONIGHT.
5th street and Lehigh avenue—Jos Domes and Beaumont Sykes.

Germantown and Indiana avenues—William Farran and Charles Sehl.

East Columbia and Girard avenues—Philip Hemmitar and Walter Krusen.

2d and Diamond streets—Tom Acker and M. Wait.

Ash and Thompson streets—E. H. Davies and Charles W. Ervin.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1.

42d street and Lancaster avenue—J. J. Miller and Charles W. Ervin.

Germantown and Mannheim street—Charles Taylor and M. Wait.

Germantown and Lehigh avenues—Hugh Kenny and John P. Clark.

street—R. Nicholson and Ed Moore. 4th street and Columbia avenue—R. Satin and Simon Knebel.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 2.

East Plaza, City Hall—Jos. Shapiro and Charles W. Ervin.

BUSINESS MEETINGS

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

Meeting of Branch 2 tonight at headquarters, 313 Grand street.

Branch 4, Attention!
All Comrades of Branch 4 who volunteered their services for the distribution of literature, living above 34th street, will kindly call this evening at 806 Sixth avenue, William Mendelson's store, and procure their leaflets. Those residing below 34th street will call at Comrade Spindler's store, 326 West 29th street.

WM. MENDELSON, E. SPINDLER, Committee.

Branch 5, Attention!
All Comrades who have participated in its distribution of literature and others who are willing to do so, will report at headquarters tonight at 7 o'clock to distribute at elevated and subway stations, as arranged by Local New York.

G. SUGELDER, Organizer.

This Is Distribution Day.
As has been stated before, this is the day selected by the city executive committee for a universal distribution of Comrade Russell's letter of acceptance at all the elevated and subway stations of Manhattan and Bronx. The hours for the distribution are between 5 and 5 o'clock.

Comrades, what are you going to do about it? Will you shirk or will you exhibit a little of that Milwaukee energy and spunk? Step out and do your share of the work this evening. It will only take an hour or two of your time and you will feel better and more pleased with yourself when you are through. This is the kind of work that made Milwaukee a Socialist city, and this is the kind of work that will have to be done here before the city of New York starts to march into the ranks of the Socialist party.

Remember, the wide distribution of Comrade Russell's leaflet serves a double purpose at this time, containing an announcement of the parades and ratification meeting in Union square. It will start tens of thousands of non-Socialists talking of our party.

Bronx Forum.
A general meeting of the Bronx Forum will be held tonight at the club house, 1563 Fulton avenue.

All radicals that have not joined the club should attend this meeting and learn of the work that has been accomplished. The membership has increased to about one hundred. In spite of large initial expenditures the treasurer has been able to meet all necessary bills. Classes in six subjects and two language circles have been arranged and will commence work early in October. A lecture course by members only is to be held every second and fourth Saturday night, and a regular lecturer will speak every Sunday night. A library of about fifteen hundred volumes will soon be opened.

Many important matters, in addition to consideration of the above activities, including the election of several members to the executive committee, consideration of a constitutional amendment and the election of a house committee, render it imperative that every member attend. All sympathizers and interested persons are invited to be present.

Young Socialist League.
The Young Socialist League will hold its Fourth Grand Reopening tonight at its clubrooms, 81 Columbia street. There will be an elaborate program and an address by a prominent Socialist. Admission is free.

The Young Socialist League is well known in radical circles and in the struggles of the working class it has helped with both financial and moral support.

The League appeals to all radical youths to join the organization. If any young man has not had an education, the lectures which are given on Economics, History, English and Literature by Socialist speakers, will be of great help to him.

Harlem Forum Meeting.
There will be a very important meeting of the Harlem Forum tonight at 8:15 o'clock, at 360 West 125th street. All members are urged to attend.

Young Socialist Organizations.
All young Socialist organizations that intended to participate in the parade, are requested to meet at 84th street and Second avenue, on Saturday night, at 6:30 o'clock. Don't forget to come!

No young Socialist organizations will start from Court street.

ALEXANDER S. COHEN.
Comrade Daszinski To Speak.

Ignaz Daszinski, a Polish Socialist member of the Austrian Reichsrath, will speak in German at a large mass meeting to be held Monday evening, October 3, under the auspices of the German Agitation Committee, in Sokol Hall, 525 East 72nd street.

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His subject will be "The Development of Socialism in Europe." Admission will be free.

Brooklyn Comrades should attend, as this is the only time Daszinski will speak in New York.

New York Chapter Intercollegiate Socialist Society.
The first meeting of the year will be held on next Monday evening, October, in the rooms of the Woman's Trade Union League, 43 East 22nd street, at 8:15.

Comrade Charles Edward Russell will address the meeting, and it is hoped that all who can will attend. The plans for the year will be outlined, and the presence of all the members of the Society is particularly requested.

BROOKLYN.
22nd A. D., Branch 44, VanBiclen and Sutter avenues.

Young Folks, Attention!
A regular business meeting of the Young Socialists of America will take place tonight at the 21st A. D. Socialist party headquarters, 181 McKibben street, Brooklyn.

The order of business will be very interesting and instructive. There will be an election of captain and assistants for the Union Square mass meeting of Saturday, October 1. The organization will march to Union Square with the 21st A. D.

All Comrades must attend this meeting.

Everybody, sixteen years old or more, are welcome to our meetings. All Comrades are asked to be present at the campaign meetings of the 21st A. D. on Sunday and receive literature from Organizer Shapiro. The literature is to be distributed in a systematic way.

MOE M. WEISS, Organizer.
Special Joint Meeting.
There will be a special joint meeting tonight of the Seventh, Eighth, Tenth and Twelfth avenues at Turr Hall, 16th street, near Fifth avenue, to complete arrangements for the Russell mass meeting, and establish a permanent lecture centre.

CONNECTICUT.
The Socialist party has nominated the following ticket for the town election in Groton:

Selectmen—Robert Holliday, Edward Perkins Clarke, Assessor—John Edwards, Board of Relief—William Inderelst, James E. F. Brown, Collector of Taxes—Walter F. Arnold.

Agents of Town Deposit Fund—John Edwards, Moses Craig, Mathew Morrow, Auditor of Town Accounts—John Edwards.

Constables—William Inderelst, James E. F. Brown, Robert Holliday, Edward P. Clarke.

Registrars of Voters—Edward P. Clarke, James E. F. Brown, John Edwards.

Town Treasurer—Moses Craig, School Visitor—Edward P. Clarke, Tree Warden—Robert Holliday, Representatives from Groton—Robert Holliday and William G. Chapman.

Judge of Probate—Walter F. Arnold.

Senator from 18th District—William Inderelst.

LABOR UNION NOTES

At the last meeting of Local Union No. 474, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, a long communication was drafted by the committee on injured members. The letter was ordered sent to the C. F. U. so that the committee in charge of the employers' liability law can bring the matter to the proper commission and have the "machines hand industry," on the extra hazardous list of dangerous occupations.

The union also sent affidavits of different members, who have met with accident, from time to time, to show proof to the commission that the said industry is an extra hazardous occupation.

The local also decided to call all those members who did not turn in the circular of injured members before the advisory board.

Circulars were received from the Labor Secretariat and distributed. The advisory board reported meeting with the executive committee of L. U. No. 309 in reference to the parade of October 1. They advised all members to participate in the parade, as it is going to be one of the largest gatherings of workmen ever held in the city.

One candidate was initiated, and two were accepted on clearance, one from L. U. No. 219, of Stamford, Conn., and the other from L. U. No. 196, of Greenwich, Conn.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The Newark branch of the United States Civil Service Retirement Association will hold a meeting at Kreuger Auditorium, Newark, on Saturday evening, October 1.

The object of the meeting is to try and interest the public on certain legislation which comes before Congress at the coming session, to wit: Shall the government take care of the superannuated employe, and shall there be a disability and liability clause placed upon the statute books. Meetings of this kind are to be held all over the United States.

SHIPPING NEWS

To Arrive.
TODAY.
El Norte, Galveston, Sept. 24. Marida, Vera Cruz, Sept. 23. Metapan, Colon, Sept. 23. Nueces, Galveston, Sept. 24. Seminole, Turk's Island, about Sept. 25.

To Sail.
TODAY.
Dunedin, Nontevideo, 6 a.m. Matanzas, Tampico, 12 m. Apache, Jacksonville, 1 p.m. Jamestown, Norfolk, 3 p.m.

GIRL APPLIES A BRAND TO CLOTHES

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 29.—Beeet by a belief that only self-immolation could atone for her sins, Miss Mamie McCarthy, thirty, today went to a shed in the rear of her home, drenched a pile of paper in kerosene, ignited it and knelt amid the flames in an attitude of prayer.

Not until she was fatally burned did she give way to her agony and scream, attracting Sam Hildebrand, a neighbor, who rushed to the shed, dragged her from the self-inflicted pyre and smothered the fire with a blanket.

"I did it for a religious purpose," she said to Patrolman Reynolds, who called an ambulance. "I wanted my sins to be forgiven."

The young woman died later in a hospital.

TEDDY, TEDDY, HERE'S A LIAR!

HAMMOND, Ind., Sept. 29.—Colonel Rogerell has been branded as a nature faker by William Thum, a big game hunter of Hammond. Thum asserts that in one of Roosevelt's magazine articles the colonel wrote that elephants used in Roman artillery campaigns were of the African variety. Thum has written the ex-President that African elephants cannot be tamed.

CLINTON HALL

151-153 CLINTON ST.
Large and small meeting rooms from May 1st, for unions, lodges and societies at reasonable terms.

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at the most reasonable prices. All our shoes bear the Union Stamp.

I. NATHAN
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Hippity-Hop-to-the-Barber-Shop Number of HOPE

Just Out



HOW THEY BARBER-US AMERICANS

16 Pink Pages of Peerless Propaganda!

Just the thing for Voters to Read while waiting their "turn"

ARE YOU NEXT?

HOW TO GET IT:

This issue of HOPE, the Clever Cartoon Magazine, edited by Ward Savage, will get people acquainted with Socialism, who have never heard of it before. If placed in barber shops and public places, it will, for the month of September, make the following special offer:

With each six months' subscription, or with each order for \$2.00 worth of sub cards we will give One Year's subscription to HOPE. Or for each three months' subscription to The Sunday Call we will send postpaid to one address a bundle of six copies of the Barber Shop number. Send all orders to:

The New York Call
409 Pearl Street New York City

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N. Y. HIPPODROME
Daily Mat. 2 to 5 P. M. 7 to 10 P. M.
SUNDAY—CIRCUS—BALLET.

RESTAURANTS.
LITTLE HUNGARY
237 E. Houston St.
Table d'Hôte, 47¢. Best wines; Hungarian and Italian Gypsy Band.
FIRST JEWISH VEGETARIAN RESTAURANT
163 HENRY STREET
SIDOR SLIPAK, Prop.

MANHATTAN.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
125 Madison St.
BAKERY AND COFFEE PARLOR.
Goldberg & Sals, 142-24 Ave., near 10th St.
BOOKS, STATIONERY, ETC.
302 E. 96th St.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
100 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
1. Nathan, 1708 Madison Ave., bet. 117th St. and 118th St.
2. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
3. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
4. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.

CLOTHING AND HATS.
1. Nathan, 1708 Madison Ave., bet. 117th St. and 118th St.
2. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
3. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
4. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.

BAIRY LUNCH ROOM.
1. Nathan, 1708 Madison Ave., bet. 117th St. and 118th St.
2. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
3. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
4. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.

DEPARTMENTS.
1. Nathan, 1708 Madison Ave., bet. 117th St. and 118th St.
2. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
3. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
4. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.

DRUGGISTS.
1. Nathan, 1708 Madison Ave., bet. 117th St. and 118th St.
2. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
3. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
4. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.

DOCTORS.
1. Nathan, 1708 Madison Ave., bet. 117th St. and 118th St.
2. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
3. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
4. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.

FINE PROVISIONS.
1. Nathan, 1708 Madison Ave., bet. 117th St. and 118th St.
2. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
3. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
4. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.

FURNITURE AND CARPETS.
1. Nathan, 1708 Madison Ave., bet. 117th St. and 118th St.
2. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
3. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
4. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.
1. Nathan, 1708 Madison Ave., bet. 117th St. and 118th St.
2. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.
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4. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.

INSURANCE.
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4. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.

BRONX.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
1. Nathan, 1708 Madison Ave., bet. 117th St. and 118th St.
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4. S. H. L. Schenfeld, 140 E. 12th St., bet. 1st and 2d Sts.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
1. Nathan, 1708 Madison Ave., bet. 117th St. and 118th St.
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4. S. H. L. Schenfeld,

The Call



Devoted to the interests of the Working People.

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AN IMPOTENT CANDIDATE.

The more Woodrow Wilson, Democratic candidate for governor of New Jersey and natural born labor hater, talks the more evident it becomes that he is unfitted for any office. He does not understand the times in which he lives. He does not understand what will be effective, decent conduct in office.

In his first speech he said that as he is a poor man he is naturally in "sympathy with the masses." So much sympathy of that kind has been handed out to the masses that this country is in a deplorable way. So Mr. Wilson's remark can be set down as an attempt to use an old, old platitude.

His second brilliant thought was that party ties no longer count for anything. The point now is "elect good men to office." That, too, is a political bromide. You can no more elect good men on a bad platform, no more get results from good men with erroneous ideas, than you can make a silk purse out of J. Ogden Armour's ear.

The third intellectual handout was the best. Mr. Wilson would like to shoot the heads of several trusts, because there is no law whereby he could get at them. Of course there isn't. Mr. Wilson would not get at them by process of law, neither would he shoot them. But in making such an absurd, fatuous remark, he confesses beforehand that he is impotent and helpless, and that the heads of the trust rule. They have made the laws, and the public cannot get at them because of these laws. It will take a Socialist administration to change that state of affairs.

THE PASSING OF THE OLD GUARD.

At Mr. Roosevelt's Saratoga convention, where Mr. Roosevelt nominated his man Stimson, the Old Guard did not die nor did it surrender. Somehow or other, when the little bosses saw they no longer controlled, there was no Old Guard. It had passed away. Its place was taken by a stalwart band of young "reformers."

Great! Among those present was Francis Hendricks, whose name will be recalled in connection with the crookedest era of the insurance business. He was one of the Old Guard, but, through a clever deal with Mr. Roosevelt he got his man in nomination for lieutenant governor. Lou Payne, also one of the Old Guard, has become a reformer, and thereby it is shown that the Old Guard is no more. So has Tim Woodruff, William Barnes, Chauncey M. Depew, Abe Gruber, Mike Dady, George Aldrich, J. Sloat Fassett and Jimmy Wadsworth. It is wonderful. Before the convention the Old Guard, the wicked, corrupt, grafting, traitorous Old Guard, had everything its own way. Mr. Roosevelt waves his magic big stick, says a few thousand choice words of incantation, and the Old Guard is no more.

That callow young reformer, Mr. Stimson, "my" candidate, is to be handled by the body that once was the Old Guard. Since the convention its members have cast off sin, and, instead, have sprouted wings. Where they were for spoils in office and all kinds of graft, they are now for reform and good government.

It is improbable that the game of reform was ever more brazenly and impudently played. Here is Mr. Roosevelt, after hours of fuss, turmoil and declamation, presenting his man on a platform whose weakness in real promise is equalled only by its matchless affrontery in claims made for the Republican party. It shows the absolute contempt in which he and his fellow workers—among whom the best are Barnes, Woodruff, Aldis and Aldrich—hold the voters of this state. It shows that they consider the voters so easily gullible that it is not necessary to make an effort to get them.

But the very climax of the farce is reached in the assertion that the Old Guard is defeated, that it has passed away, when the Old Guard controls the state committee, will run the campaign, and will work to elect an assembly that will have in its hands the election of a successor to Chauncey M. Depew! Maybe the successor will be Depew himself. He is of the true Old Guard stock. He never surrenders. He never dies. He is always on the job when any crooked, dirty work is to be done, or when any task that is to the detriment of the public is to be performed.

GERMAN OFFICIALDOM PANIC-STRICKEN.

That savage outburst on the part of the Berlin police is good evidence that the officials have lost their heads. It was, in part, intended as a demonstration to the working class of Germany of what they might expect if things do not go to suit the bureaucracy. Germany is on the verge of revolution. Every official act of the past year, and especially every police act, tends to show that the bureaucracy will make it a bloody revolution if necessary. But, better still in their opinion, is the crushing out of the spirit of the people. The police have figured disgracefully in several contests, but never more disgracefully than in the present instance.

But they have been urged on to their bloody work. They have been forced to do it. The Socialist Republic looms large, and the rulers of the state are in panic. Every act, however, tends to demonstrate the necessity of the republic, and it cannot be drowned out in blood.

THEY APPROVE.

When Abraham Gruber recalled Mr. Roosevelt's dastardly attempt to arouse the lynching spirit against Debs, Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, Mr. Roosevelt nodded emphatic approval of his quoted words. Mr. Roosevelt in the audience at Saratoga also nodded approval or applauded them. Roosevelt believes yet that he did right. In fact, he considers it one of the most remarkable and praiseworthy utterances of his administration. Probably the vast majority of the delegates to that convention believe the same.

The men concerned were workingmen and were not the kind of men who can be hitched to the Republican cart-tail. So any slander, or any provocation to violence against them, is right.

Colonel Gruber did not know his usual fine understanding of his audience when he used that despicable action of Roosevelt's as one of the counts against him. He did, however, manifest on his own part an unexpected fairness, and for that he should be given credit.

But Roosevelt and the others—why, they would have applauded had the four men been dragged out and strung up to the nearest tree. In fact, it was to such an action the words of Roosevelt incited.

General Fred Funston was quite right in indignantly leaving the hotel where a bellboy was dressed in the uniform of a captain of regulars. Any attempt to clothe a worker even in the trappings of a soldier is a gross insult—to which?

The Wisconsin G. O. P. convention mentioned the Taft administration only to criticize it. Evidently even the Republicans of the state realize that the old sops and old words and phrases no longer serve. Something real must be done. It is a lesson that the conditions which brought about the Socialist victory in Milwaukee have forced upon the party. But there will be no betterment of the conditions without state-wide Socialist victories.

THE FRIENDS OF THE WORKING CLASS

By ROBERT HUNTER.

Clarence Darrow once said: "I am not a working man, I am a friend of the working man."

Darrow has a delicious humor and he never said a better thing. The friends of the working class are very numerous indeed, but that would do no harm if the working class were self-reliant and independent.

But unfortunately the workers like friends better than they like themselves, from the Civic Federation down to every ward politician that wants their votes.

The workers of other countries have gotten tired of friends. When they want anything now, they go after it themselves. But the workers in America are still in the stage where they depend almost entirely upon friends.

Old Ben Franklin once said, "When you want anything done do it yourself," but Samuel Gompers says, "when you want anything done go and ask a friend."

And so in all the legislatures and in Congress and in the courts we see the Republican and Democratic friends of the working class.

I have seen these friends at work, but I have never known exactly how to describe their work until the other day I was re-reading "Gulliver's Travels."

You remember that Gulliver landed once in the land of the tiny Lilliputians.

These little folk were very much afraid of Gulliver at first, but through his kindness they became very warm friends indeed, and the big giant did much for his little neighbors.

At one time when his friends were at war with a neighboring country, he walked into the sea and captured the entire fleet of the enemy.

This so delighted the King of the Lilliputians that he wanted Gulliver to capture the entire country of the enemy and to make that country a province of Lilliput.

But Gulliver protested. He did not like to bring a free and brave people into slavery, he said, and so the Emperor of Lilliput was angry at this action of Gulliver.

He then considered Gulliver a traitor, and finally he called his ministers together to decide upon some way to punish Gulliver.

His Majesty wanted to put him to death, and several of his powerful ministers agreed to that, but the Secretary of Private Affairs was a friend of Gulliver.

He protested as best he could against this great wrong, but fearing that his protests would not avail, he suggested at last a compromise.

He agreed that if His Majesty would spare Gulliver's life he might execute justice by putting out both of his eyes.

This compromise roused the fury of some of the ministers and they accused the Secretary of trying to preserve the life of a traitor.

The Secretary, pushed to a great extreme, then suggested, as a friend of Gulliver, that they might allow him less and less food each day until the giant would grow weaker and weaker and finally die from hunger.

This plan was at last agreed upon, and it was commanded that the Secretary should enter on the books the sentence that in this manner the giant Gulliver should be disposed of.

Now that little story illustrates the usefulness of friends.

The giant Gulliver is very like the giant Labor, and the Secretary for Private Affairs is very like the Civic Federation and the various Republican and Democratic Senators, Representatives and Judges.

And so long as the giant Labor depends on friends to save him he will find those friends suggesting various compromises that will end by blinding him or humbly starving him to death.

And when Darrow urges the giant of Labor to action he gives some very wholesome advice, and when he satirically refers to the "friends of Labor" he probably is thinking of the poor little Secretary of Private Affairs who so bravely and unflinchingly fought the battles of the great giant.

PRIMITIVE WOMAN IN NEW YORK CITY

By MARY S. OPPENHEIMER.

Anybody who chooses may see her by going to the Museum of Natural History and looking up the Thompson River Indians and the Eskimo. She is here, in the heart of this swarming Borough of Manhattan, she and her primitive industries and her home, the Home with a capital of which our magazines and newspapers have so much to say in connection with Woman, also with a capital. She is not the primitive woman of the past; she is the primitive woman of today in the less civilized parts of the world.

Let us look closely at her and her surroundings for a few moments. In cold weather the Thompson Indian woman lives partly under the earth, her dwelling is dug deep down and roofed over and covered with animal till it is scarcely distinguishable from the ground around it. It is apparently the kind of dwelling to which the traveller gains access by clambering down, or, if unwary, is likely to fall down the opening in the roof which serves as the means of exit for the smoke as well as for the inhabitants. Still a certain degree of comfort is connected with the place, for at least it suggests warmth and shelter from the terrible winter winds of a bleak and inhospitable region.

Though the domestic hearth must be maintained with some difficulty when it can be reached only by climbing down a ladder, still the Thompson Indian woman is a homemaker and a housekeeper, all right, to judge by the exhibit in the museum. First she catches the fish and then she cooks it by that primitive method still in use over a large part of the world's surface; she heats stones red hot and then flings them into water, thus bringing it to the boiling point and cooking the food in this way. She weaves the baskets she uses for part of her culinary operations and for other household purposes. She weaves rugs, too, and busies herself in preparing the skins in which she and her family are clothed. Her industries are many and varied and her life must be an active and toilsome one.

The Eskimo woman lives above ground the year around, in summer in a tent of skins, in winter in a house built of the materials always at hand in those regions—blocks of snow. She, too, catches the fish for the family dinner, through the ice if need be, and then proceeds to cook it. Her method of cookery is a little more elaborate than her Indian sister's, for she has a soapstone lamp and kettle in her dwelling and does the cooking there, mostly crouching in front of the tiny flame with her babies rolling around on the skins spread out on the floor alongside. Anything greater or more horribly inconvenient than this mode of cooking is hard to imagine, and it is comforting to reflect that the Eskimo family has a hearty liking for eating food raw.

She sews, too, with a needle of ivory or steel and with thread made of sinew; her thimble is of leather. Her domestic industries, like those of the Indian woman, are varied. For instance, she is shown cutting a line of seal or walrus skin, seemingly an operation requiring much deftness of touch and considerable skill.

These museum figures, their surroundings, the models of their dwellings, preach strange lessons to us to whom the sewing machine, modern ranges and gas stoves, refrigerators, electric lights, sanitary plumbing, modern apartments and houses are so familiar, that we have long since ceased to realize what miracles of invention and skill they are and how dependent upon them we have become.

Yet with all these aids to comfort, with the banishment of industries from the home and their replacement by machine-made goods, it is doubtful whether the woman of the working class is today in a physical sense so much better off than the primitive woman of the North. The advance of civilization has been great, but except in limited measure she does not reap its benefits.

She does not catch the fish for her family, but she often has to turn to and either go out to work in a factory or to do day's work or take in washing at home to help her husband keep a roof over their heads. Her methods of cookery are comparatively easy, it is true, but much of the food she prepares is adulterated and all of it is poor in quality, for the best is out of her reach. Her family is apt to be badly nourished in consequence, and her children are forever being treated at the dispensaries for troubles which have come upon them simply because they are so ill fed that they are half-starved. If she lives in a New York tenement her dwelling is hardly better lighted and ventilated than are the dwellings of her primitive sisters, and all who know the dark rooms and hallways of most of these human hives will testify. Her clothing may be somewhat cleaner than the skin or furs of the Indian or the Eskimo, but it does not wear so long nor is it so well adapted to active exercise.

As a matter of fact, under the present system of private property, we are as yet only half civilized and much of the benefit of our boasted inventions and improvements is limited to the few who can afford to pay for them. The great mass of the population, the working people, the disinherited, must count their pennies and go without. Their actual scale of living is nearer the primitive life than those who know little about them would suppose. Moreover, much of that which lifts their homes above the level of those of the primitive people is due to the collective effort of society upon their surroundings, and not to themselves individually.

The working woman, the wife and daughter of the working man, has her full share of drudgery and trouble, differing in form, but scarcely less heavy than the burdens that hang upon the shoulders of her primitive sisters. Like the primitive women, too, the working women age early. At fifty they are often old and broken.

But though the working woman's mode of life is hardly more elaborate than that of her primitive sisters, she has a great advantage over them. One thing our boasted development has forced upon her in spite of her own resistance. It has brought her a wider intellectual life and a larger view. It is this which is proving her salvation and slowly bringing her to her own.

A WOMAN'S UNIVERSITY IN JAPAN

Some years ago two little Japanese scholars made a quiet tour through our country to find out, as they admitted, what was most significant about the woman's educational system of the West, says Robert Haven Schaffer in Success Magazine, and started a university, the aim of which, in the words of its founder, is "to impart higher education to the daughters of Japan with the object of enabling them satisfactorily to discharge their duties as women, wives and mothers, fully equipped with ideas and knowledge, in touch with the progress of the nation and the world."

That university today is the largest woman's college in the world, it includes the model schools. "In all the courses," quote from an article by Dr. Theodore Smith, of Clark University, "psychology, child study, ethics, hygiene, education and nursing of children, and history of the fine arts are required. . . . There is a dormitory system and the students share in the household work. Students in advanced classes hold in turn the position of head woman (shufu) and then learn the management of a home under the supervision of a matron appointed by the university."—New York Evening Post.

Letters to the Editor

AUGUST WILlich, SOCIALIST AND UNION GENERAL.

Editor of The Call:

The approaching hundredth anniversary of the birth of August Willich should not be allowed to pass without some kind of commemoration by the Socialists of this country. As the date, November 19, falls this year upon Saturday it affords an excellent opportunity to the Socialist organizations of our cities to hold commemorative meetings either on the evening of that date or upon the next day, Sunday, November 20. It will be a peculiarly appropriate occasion for a reunion of European-born and American-born comrades in honoring the memory of a pioneer who in his career distinguished himself on two continents.

August Willich was born November 19, 1810, in Braunsberg, Prussia, a town of some historic importance, situated about thirty-five miles southwest of Konigsberg. He received a military training and was commissioned as lieutenant at the early age of eighteen. Having become imbued with democratic convictions he gave up his commission in 1847, adopting the carpenter's trade, became a leader of the revolutionary workingmen who were at that period gaining some prominence in Germany.

In the uprising of 1848 he took an active part among the revolutionary forces, appearing first at Cologne as the leader of a large deputation, which forced its way into the hall of the city council, urging that the council present the demands of the people of Cologne to the King of Prussia.

Later on Willich was given command of all the revolutionary forces. After the last vestige of hope for the success of the revolution was gone, Willich and the remnant of his command made their way into Switzerland, and from there Willich passed into France. He lived in England for several years among the group of exiles who found there a friendly refuge.

Carl Schurz in his "Reminiscences" gives an interesting account of the life of the refugees in London as he found them in 1851. They were accustomed to meet in the evening in the hospitable drawing room of the Baroness von Bruning, in St. John's Wood Terrace. She was herself a voluntary exile from one of the German provinces of Russia, a born aristocrat, but devoted to democratic ideals and a bitter opponent of despotism and injustice. Willich was one of the circle which made the Bruning house its rendezvous. He was known at that time as a Socialist leader, and Schurz states that the Socialistic workingmen gathered partly around Karl Marx and partly around August Willich.

Willich remained in England until 1853, when he came to America. He found employment on the government's coast survey and later on edited the Cincinnati German Republic, an organ of the working class. On the outbreak of the civil war he joined the Union army and rendered distinguished service in the cause of human liberty and in the destruction of chattel slavery. The limits of this article will not permit a detailed account, but the record of his deeds forms a part of the history of the civil war and furnishes indisputable evidence of his courage and ability as a strategist and a leader of men.

After the war he retired with the rank of brevet major general and returned to private life, choosing St. Marys, Ohio, as his home. There he lived as an honored citizen until his death, which came January 22, 1878. He was buried at St. Marys and a monument was there erected to the memory of this grand old man.

The name of August Willich is one to be remembered with feelings of gratitude by the comrades of today, and we ought not to neglect the opportunity to honor his memory on the 100th anniversary of his birth.

E. S. SMITH.

Warren, Ohio, Sept. 13, 1910.

PROHIBITION AND DRUNKENNESS.

The wave of "prohibition" that has passed over the country has done nothing to restrict the sale of intoxicants. "Fighting Bob" Evans says his men never got so drunk as in Maine—not so much drunk as crazy, the admiral says, the whisky they got consisting mainly of wood alcohol. There has been an increase in the government receipts in 1910 from the tax on distilled spirits of about \$4,000,000 over the receipts in 1909, and of about \$8,000,000 over 1908. 33,000,000 more gallons of domestic spirits have been consumed in 1910 than in 1909, and over 2,000,000 more of imported spirits. The consumption of fermented liquors has increased 50 per cent in ten years. All of which must displease the W. C. T. U. mightily.

The increased sale of cigarettes is also noteworthy. As many cigarettes as cigars are now consumed. Three times as many cigarettes were smoked in 1910 as in 1906. We are certainly becoming a nation of cigarette smokers. Even as much snuff was consumed in 1910 as in 1909.

The use of chewing and pipe tobacco has nearly doubled in ten years. The total internal revenue receipts last year were \$29,725,914, of which \$57,349,551 was from tobacco alone. The revenue from the imported weed was \$25,000,000.

These figures may be correlated with the increase of conditions associated with arteriosclerosis.—Critic and Guide.

NEW YORK SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—CHARLES EDWARD RUSSELL, of New York.
- For Lieutenant-Governor—GUSTAV A. STREBEL, of Syracuse.
- For Secretary of State—BERTHA M. FRASER, of Brooklyn.
- For Attorney General—HENRY L. SLOBODIN, of New York.
- For State Treasurer—SYLVESTER BUTLER, of Schenectady.
- For State Controller—O. A. CURTISS, of Buffalo.
- For State Engineer—WILLIAM LIPPELT, of Rochester.
- For Associate Justice, Court of Appeals—MORRIS HILL, of New York.

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—John W. Slayton, of McKeesport.
- For Lieutenant Governor—Louis Cohen, of Meyersdale.
- For State Treasurer—Charles McKeever, of New Castle.
- For Secretary of Internal Affairs—Beaumont Sykes, of Philadelphia.

NEW JERSEY SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—Wilson B. Killingbeck, of Orange.

CONNECTICUT SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—Robert Hunter, of Noroton.
- For Lieutenant Governor—William Applegate, of New Haven.
- For Secretary of State—Ella Reeve Bloor, of Waterbury.
- For State Treasurer—James J. McIntyre, of Hartford.
- For State Controller—Emil Goris, of New Haven.
- For Congressman-at-Large—S. E. Beardley, of Shelton.

MASSACHUSETTS SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—Daniel A. White, of Brockton.
- For Lieutenant Governor—Patrick Mahoney, of Boston.
- For Attorney General—Harold Metcalf, of New Bedford.
- For State Secretary—Harriet D'Orsay, of Lynn.
- For Auditor—Ambrose Miles, of Lynn.
- For Treasurer—Sylvester J. McBride, of Watertown.

NEW HAMPSHIRE SOCIALIST TICKET.

- For Governor—Asa Warren Drew, of Ashland.

Potpourri

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN.

A POET'S SONG.

By W. R. Van Trenck.

When I step out on the smiling sea,
A lark wings up and sings for me,
The sun, he greets the mountain peak
And the wind he kisses my flaming cheek.

The clouds sail high in the tender sky,
And the echoes answer my ringing cry;

All nature takes up the joyful strain—
She knows who is prince of her wide domain.

GOOD OLD SCHOOL DAYS.

The conductor of a Western freight train saw a tramp stealing a ride on one of the forward cars. He told a brakeman in the caboose to go up and put the man off at the next stop. When the brakeman approached the tramp, the latter waved a big revolver and told him to keep away.

"Did you get rid of him?" the conductor asked the brakeman, when the train was under motion again.

"I hadn't the heart," was the reply. "He turned out to be an old school friend of mine."

"I'll take care of him," said the conductor as he started over the tops of the cars.

After the train had made another stop and gone on, the brakeman came into the caboose and said to the conductor:

"Well, is he off?"

"No; he turned out to be an old school friend of mine, too."—Everybody's Magazine.

A CORRECTION.

The habit of contradicting sometimes "overleaps itself" unwittingly.

"I've heard it said," remarked a loungee at the cross-roads store, "that John Henderson over by Woodville was one of eighteen sons."

"That's what ye heard wrong," contributed the chronic kicker. "Twaun't John Henderson at all. 'Twas a brother o' his'n."—Lippincott's Magazine.

TOO DANGEROUS.

Mr. Church—Whew! how it's raining. Lend me your umbrella, dear. I've got to run over to the vestry meeting.

Mr. Church—But why not use that umbrella you've been carrying all the week?

Mr. Church—What! to the vestry meeting? Why, that's where I got it.—Catholic Standard and Times.

EVERYTHING IN THE WASH.

"Family all back from the summer trip?"

"Yes."

"I hear your wife is confined to her room. What does the doctor say?"

"We haven't employed a doctor. The laundress promises to have her out in about four days."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

TRUE LIBERALITY.

"He was always thought," said Uncle Ethan, reflectively, "to be one of the charitablest men in the whole town, and I guess he was."

"He always owned a plug hat, for one thing, and I never knew him to refuse to lend it anybody."—Youth's Companion.

OF HIGH DEGREE.

"My ancestors came over in the Mayflower."

"That's nothing; my father descended from an aeroplane."—Life.

"Jinks told Bangs he was a harrp struck by lightning." "Where's the point?" "It took quite a using up of gray matter for Bangs to discover that Jinks had called him a blasted liar."—Baltimore American.

WOULD BE A SOCIALIST—IN ENGLAND.

During the latter part of the month the city was visited by Tim Healy, international president of the Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen with headquarters in New York.

Healy has been in all the important towns on the Pacific coast in the interests of his organization, and reports the organization of a number of locals in the state of Washington. Locally, the few white firemen employed makes it almost hopeless to anything in the way of organizing the entire field being filled with Asiatics, who, with white engineers, take care of most of the firing mills and factories.

Healy is quite an interesting personage, being one of the very few international officers who were induced to join the organization recently formed in New York for the purpose of destroying Socialism. As will be remembered, the organization is composed of Bishop Ireland and other Catholic prelates, and a number of millionaires and international officers.

Questioned as to the progress of the movement, Healy said: "The organization is growing fast, many localities are recognizing the necessity of fighting Socialism as it is in New York. Some unionists are becoming interested, and we hope finally put this pernicious movement out of existence, that is to say, a particular variety of Socialism, which have in the state of New York. I were in England," continued Healy.

"I would be a Socialist, because I have a kind over there that does not aim to overthrow the existing institutions, and that is the kind of Socialism I stand for and hope to progress rapidly."—Vancouver (B. C.) Wage Worker.

TIME ALONE WOULD TELL.

The father of four boys, discovered the eldest, aged thirteen, smoking cigarette, called the four together and lectured on the evils of narcotics.

"Now, Willie," he said, in conclusion, to his youngest, "are you going to use tobacco when you get to be a man?"

"I don't know," replied the thirteen-year-old, soberly. "I'm trying hard to quit."—Success Magazine.

IN LINE.

"Have you taken any steps to demonstrate that women are fitted for modern controversy?"

"Yes, indeed," replied Mrs. Voltaire. "We have already named a number of eligibles to a Sappho club."—Washington Star.

A SURE BARRICADE.

Ryan—For who 're ye putting up since, Doyle, after all th' years ye lived here widout?

Doyle—Well, th' fact is, Barney, doctor's bin at it 'tke prescriptions again thim microbes ye've bin of.—St. Louis Star.

GREATLY OVERRATED.

"Mrs. Gaiswell, while you were Venice did you see the Bridge Sighs?"

"Oh, yes, I saw what they call that, but, my land, I've seen better ten times its size, without ever getting out of Pennsylvania."—Chicago