

The emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.



The Weather.

Fair and cooler today; Saturday fair; moderate northwesterly winds.

TELEPHONES 2271-2272 WORTH.

442 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

Devoted to the Interests of the Working People.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1909.

Price Two Cents

CHURCH ORGAN TRIES TO DEFILE FERRER

Demonstrations Against Alfonso's Crime Make Catholic Newspaper Froth at the Mouth.

(Special to the Call.)

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Throwing up a violent storm of indignation and all the denunciations and bitings which it could command to its aid, the New World, an organ of the Catholic Church, sets out in its issue of today to whitewash the Roman Catholic Church and the part it took in the cruel assassination of Francisco Ferrer at Barcelona on October 11.

It is the characteristic backbiting of a vicious beast driven into a corner by its own deeds. The vocabulary of wrath such as is only resorted to on special occasions by Catholicism is poured forth to the point of exhaustion. By such means the Catholic press seeks to restore its prestige lost by the Catholic Church when Ferrer was shot to death in the shadow of the walls of Montjuich prison.

The New World condemns the protest meetings that have been held in every corner of the world and puts its own constructions on Ferrer's teachings. The Socialists alone are given credit for the protest meetings, not a word being said about the many meetings held by trade unions throughout the United States, and above all the scathing resolutions passed by the national executive committee of the American Federation of Labor, representing several millions of America's toilers.

New World Throws a Fit.

Then the New World goes on, by way of emphasis, referring to Maywood and Melrose Park because of the protest meeting held there:

"This ghastly declaration of infamous principles was hung on all the walls of all the modern schools conducted by Ferrer. They could not be hung in any Socialist hall in Maywood. They could not be hung in any school in Melrose Park. The Daily Socialist cannot dare to hang them on its editorial staff, here in Chicago, and the last sentence inevitably would debar them from being hung on the walls of Hell."

The "great dailies" of Chicago are not spared, with the exception of the Inter-Ocean, which is graciously patting on the back for its goodness in sparingly dealing with Catholic infamy.

"The execution of Francisco Ferrer in Barcelona, Spain, a fortnight ago, continues to excite the wrath of the God-hating radicals of Europe and America," says the paper. "Even here in Chicago the Red Beast yells its rancor from its lair. The great dailies (Inter-Ocean excepted), probably convinced that they were misled by their lying cable correspondents, have backed down as gracefully as possible, but not so the official organs of world-wide temper and black disorder. The Tribune Transatlantica is shouting to the blue wild in flaming Italian, Editor J. J. Kral is attempting by mouth and pen to rouse the Polish comrades, and the Daily Socialist is shrieking vengeance on Spain, the church and the uplying heavens.

"Even the alleged Irish Socialists, who know about as much regarding Ferrer as monkeys in a bag know about bull-bats in Borneo, are spreading their mouths in a melancholy squeak."

Seattle Socialists Protest.

(Special to the Call.)

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 4.—An enthusiastic meeting of protest and indignation over the brutal murder of Francisco Ferrer by the clerical and military government of Spain has been held by the Socialists of Seattle. The case of L. Gutierrez de Lara, the Mexican Socialist arrested at Los Angeles, was also taken up and a fund to aid in his defense was started with a \$6 collection. The newspapers of Seattle carried notices of the meeting seeking to condemn the righteous indignation of the Socialists.

SEIZE 500 OVERCOATS.

Deputy Sheriff Porges yesterday received a writ of replevin against Thomas Cole, doing business as Cole & Co., clothing contractors, at 91 Cross street, to recover 500 overcoats valued at \$5,000, owned by Rogers & Co., which were being made there.

When Assistant Deputy Metzger arrived at the shop with the writ, the workmen claimed a lien on the overcoats for wages, saying that they had not received any pay for three weeks. Five policemen were summoned from Mulberry street station to enforce the removal of the goods. The writ finally got the 500 overcoats. There was not there, and the sheriff had informed he had not been there for some days past.

COP BROKE BOY'S JAW

Lad Arrested, But Magistrate Discharges Victim of Police.

Magistrate Dooley, sitting in the Adams street court, yesterday morning, dismissed charges of disorderly conduct and assault against James and Archie Johnson, two negroes, who were arrested on the morning of September 12, by Policeman Strickland, of the Adams street precinct. The matter would have been up before the magistrate before had it not been that James was spending his time in the Brooklyn Hospital waiting until a splintered jaw could get itself together and a dental surgeon could make a foundation for some new gold teeth.

James was twenty-eight days in the hospital altogether, and the doctors found that the fracture of the jawbone was a serious one, and they had to use sutures of silver to keep the broken parts in place. Even yesterday on the witness stand, telling what the two young men and their friends was a brutal police outrage, he could barely enunciate clearly.

The police story was that James had been a most disorderly person and had thumped the policeman with his own club which, Strickland asserted, had been taken from him by the dusky rioters. The complainant got other policemen to testify on his side of the case, and a citizen. Then James told his story. He was at that time the chief bellboy in a fashionable hotel and apartment house on the heights; had been employed there ever since the place opened, five years ago, and before that had been eight years in the service of a son-in-law of S. V. White.

Archie, the brother, and the other negro who was in the party, testified to the facts and the Chinaman who keeps the restaurant also testified that the officer had clubbed James. Arthur H. Myers, the manager of the hotel where the two brothers are employed, testified that James was well behaved, and that Archie was still employed at the hotel running one of the elevators.

Magistrate Dooley dismissed the case against the two young colored men.

COMMISSIONIZE TOWN

Mt. Vernon Turns Itself Over to Committee of Five.

MOUNT VERNON, Nov. 4.—Mount Vernon will be the first city in this state to try government by commission, including their call. The commission proposition was carried at Tuesday's election by 73 majority and the recall by 141.

The plan submitted to the voters of Mount Vernon calls for the election of five commissioners, of whom the Mayor shall be one. The entire city government is to be consolidated into three bureaus. The Mayor is to be the head of the finance bureau, which will take over the duties of the comptroller, treasurer, receiver of taxes, assessors and city clerk. The commissioner of public safety will have charge of the police and fire departments, board of health and department of charities. The duties of the commissioner of public works cover everything which now comes under the street and sewer departments.

The two other members are to be known as commissioners at large. They will attend all meetings and have a vote, but they will not be directly responsible for any of the departments. The salaries of the three executive commissioners are \$4,500 a year, and the commissioners at large will get \$1,500 each.

The commissioners are elected for five years, but under the recall plan if any commissioner is guilty of official misconduct, upon a petition of 25 per cent of the voters a recall election may be held and he may be removed from office.

GAS WORKERS STRIKE

Northern Italian Cities in Darkness—English Refuse to Scab.

MILAN, Nov. 4.—The employees of the gas works in the cities throughout northern Italy have called a strike.

Milan and Genoa, as well as the smaller cities, were in darkness last evening. Soldiers carrying lanterns were called upon to patrol the streets and protect property and persons from hoodlums.

All the gas works have been occupied, and the workers are vigilantly picketed by the strikers. The municipal employees are showing their solidarity with the gas workers by contributing liberally to the strike fund.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—An attempt to recruit 1,000 strike-breakers to replace the striking gas works employees in Milan is meeting with little success.

THIEF GETS \$8,965.

It was discovered yesterday morning aboard the Hamburg-American liner Prince Joachim, moored at the foot of West 26th street, that during the night thieves had invaded the purser's office and taken from the safe \$8,965.

BERLIN SOCIALISTS SWEEP THE CAPITAL

Workers Elect 14 Out of 16 Council Men and Gain 17,200 Votes—Two Seats in Altona.

BERLIN, Nov. 4.—Socialism continues its triumphant march in Germany.

Of all the recent success of the Socialists none is more notable than the victory in the municipal elections here yesterday, when they captured fourteen of the sixteen seats contested, compared with eleven seats at the last election.

The significance of this result is less visible from a comparison of these numbers than from a comparison of the total vote.

The Socialist poll at the last election was 26,940, while yesterday it was 44,100, while the united poll of all their opponents fell from 8,600 to 8,100.

The Socialists scored triumphs in municipal elections elsewhere, and the party is jubilant.

At Altona, for instance, they captured two seats in the Municipal Council, which heretofore has never had a Socialist member.

PICKET LOSES FINGER

Meat Cleaver Used By Boss in Butcher Strike Yesterday.

The strike of the butchers on the East Side is notable for the regularity with which the bosses resort to brutality, using thugs and bums to defeat their rebellious workers, but yesterday a climax was reached which overshadows anything done before now in this strike, when Sam Fine, one of the strikers, had a finger chopped off during a clash between the strikers and one of the bosses aided by thugs.

The strikers charged yesterday that Fine's fingers was chopped off with a meat cleaver by N. Miller, a boss butcher, of 20 Suffolk street, and union officials to aid a reporter of The Call that Magistrate O'Connor would issue a warrant for Miller's arrest today.

The strikers were thoroughly incensed over this act of brutality against Fine.

The strikers state that the shop of L. Ratkoffky, opposite Miller's shop at 22 Suffolk street, is also surrounded with bums, who beat up the pickets when they stand near his shop.

Louis Becker and Sam Shapiro were badly beaten up there yesterday and Dr. Feldman was called upon to dress their wounds.

Joe Liberman, Harry Jacobs and Julius Green, who were arrested while on picket duty yesterday and arraigned before Magistrate O'Connor in Essex Market Court, were discharged.

REBATING CHARGED

Judge Hand Holds Steamship Line Official in \$10,000 Bail.

The first of what is declared to be a series of indictments for rebating, directed against prominent steamboat and railroad men, was made public yesterday when Adrian Gips, general agent for the Holland American Steamship Company, was arraigned before Judge Hand in the United States District Court and pleaded not guilty to two indictments containing thirty-two counts charging him with giving and receiving rebates. He was admitted to bail in \$10,000. Conviction and the maximum penalty would result in fines of \$150,000.

It is understood that other indictments have been returned, but all are under seal of the court. The investigation into the alleged rebating was commenced last September by District Attorney Wise through agents of the Interstate Commerce Commission. It is alleged that there was a combination between the steamship companies and all of the big railroad companies whereby rebating had been reduced to a science. It is declared by officials that the government has possession of letters taken from the files of the Holland-American Line which absolutely proves its case.

LAD STARTS FIRE.

Policeman Finds Boy Under Bed in Room Above.

Before Mrs. Ricardo Tiano, who lives on the third floor of the tenement at 186 Forsyth street, went out shopping yesterday, she locked her three-year-old son, Tony, in a bedroom.

Tony began playing with matches. It is believed for half an hour later fire was discovered in the flat, and other tenants rushed out into the street.

Learning that the boy was in the flat, Policeman Whiteman broke in the door and found the rooms filled with smoke from fire in the bedroom. Under the bed, he found Tony.

DELEGATES ARRIVE

British Labor Men, En Route to A. F. of L. Convention, Here.

A. H. Hill and J. R. Clyne, the fraternal delegates from the British Trades Union Congress to the convention of the American Federation of Labor, arrived in New York yesterday and registered at the Glissey House. Both are labor members of the English Parliament.

Mr. Clyne said that the labor unions in England are taking a great interest in the outcome of the appeal to the United States Supreme Court on behalf of Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison from the decision sentencing them to imprisonment. He would not comment on the legal aspect of the case as far as this country is concerned, but said:

"The unions in this country are going through the same stages that the English unions have gone through. When we hear all the details of the case at the convention we will advise the unions here, our advice being based on the experiences of the English unions. Mr. Gompers and his colleagues have not received nearly such a knockout blow as the English trades unions have experienced in the past. Their treasuries have been exhausted in legal fights over just such decisions and they have been threatened with disruption. After many fights we accomplished a good deal in the way of establishing less drastic laws. We have now 240 labor exchanges or employment agencies under the supervision of the government and an old age pension system. The government is also going to make an experiment by raising a compulsory fund with the co-operation of the building trades unions and other organizations to provide work for unemployed people."

New York will send no less than sixty delegates to the A. F. of L. convention in Toronto next week.

AID FOR STRIKERS

Scranton Miners Help Silk Mill Girls in Battle With Bosses.

SCRANTON, Pa., Nov. 4.—Great enthusiasm was aroused at a mass meeting of the girls on strike at the Simpson silk mill, Minooka, when Chairman Daniel J. Hartnett announced that the locals of the miners' union at Taylor and Minooka had taken up the cause of the girls and that they had pledged themselves to give the strikers their moral and financial support.

After a brief discussion of the best way of providing the girls who need assistance. It was resolved to issue 500 circulars which will be sent to every local union in Lackawanna county soliciting financial aid for the strikers.

At the meeting of the Central Labor Union, which will be held next Sunday a resolution will be introduced requesting that organization to recognize the strike.

It was said by one of the speakers at the meeting that there were only ten or twelve girls at work in the mill, and that it was expected that the majority of these would quit soon. It was also asserted that some girls who went to work in the mill, who had not worked there before, had thrown up their jobs within the past few days.

NO STRIKE AS YET

But New Haven R. R. Clerks Are Solid for Wage Increase.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 4.—While there are no actual developments in the threatened strike of the clerks of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, for which 95 per cent of the clerks voted, it is rumored that the General Clerks' Committee has about come to a compromise agreement with General Manager Samuel Higgins and General Superintendent Pollock. A long conference was held today, but neither side would talk. The clerks' committee refuses to say when the strike will be called, if at all.

There were 2,200 who voted to strike and only 150 who voted against it.

The situation is serious, because if the clerks go out there will result a large consequent loss to the road. Instance is cited of a strike of a similar character having been made on a Western road, where the financial complications resulting ran into many thousands of dollars from the claims of shippers of freight.

Consequently it is generally believed that the road will grant the clerks' demand for a minimum daily wage of \$2, rather than have a strike.

BOYS HELD WITHOUT BAIL.

Lads Accused of Criminal Assault Jailed for Trial.

Four boys were held without bail in Essex Market Police Court yesterday morning for the assault Wednesday night on Harry Furst, eighteen years old, of 58 Sheriff street, who is in a dangerous condition in Gouverneur Hospital suffering from a stab wound in his back, which is said to have penetrated his lung.

The arrests are: Charles Sobel, seventeen years old, of 46 Sheriff street; Louis Deutch, seventeen years old, of 419 East Houston street; Henry Kaufman, seventeen years old, of 129 Cannon street, and Isadore Abrams, seventeen years old, of 27 Mangin street. It is charged that they assaulted Furst, knocking him down, brutally kicking him and then stabbing him. The cause of the assault is not known.

CUSTOMS WEAVER HELD.

Joseph Donnell Under \$2,000 Bail for Sugar Fraud.

For admitting a cargo of raw sugar into the United States at less than the full rate of duty Joseph Donnell, an assistant weigher in the customs service, will have to stand trial in the United States District Court. He was indicted yesterday by the federal grand jury and was released by Judge Hand in the United States Circuit Court upon furnishing bail in the sum of \$2,000.

CANCER VICTIM KILLS SELF.

A victim of cancer, Henry Eastern, seventy-two years old, a retired engineer, in a fit of despondency yesterday killed himself by inhaling illuminating gas.

SOCIALIST PARTY VOTE LOOKS BETTER

Reports From Out of Town Continue to Show General Gain Throughout the Country.

Reports of the Socialist vote cast at Tuesday's election continue to be received at this office and on the whole show a gratifying increase over the Debs vote of last year. In some instances the gain in straight votes has been very large, while in others the vote for certain local candidates was a decided tribute to the personality of the Socialist leaders. A notable case was that of Omaha, where the Socialist candidate for sheriff, was beaten by only a thousand votes.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 4.—The Socialists of this city are jubilant over the great progress made by their party in the county, as shown in Tuesday's election for sheriff, when Teddy Morrow, Socialist candidate, polled 5,000 votes as against 798 for Debs last year. The successful candidate for sheriff received but 6,000 votes.

BINGHAMPTON, N. Y., Nov. 4.—

At Tuesday's election the Socialist candidate for Mayor, A. G. Brockbridge, received 178 votes. This was the first municipal election in this city in which there was a Socialist ticket. The vote for Debs a year ago in Binghampton was 68.

MEYERDALE, Pa., Nov. 4.—

The Socialist vote in this village Tuesday was 45, out of a total of 183. The Socialist vote in 1908 was 37.

MILFORD, Mass., Nov. 4.—

The vote of this town for White, Socialist candidate for Governor, this year was 45, as against 48 last year. George E. Harr's Socialist candidate for County Commissioner, polled 75 votes.

UTICA, N. Y., Nov. 4.—

This city cast 230 votes for the head of the Socialist municipal ticket Tuesday. The straight vote was 200, a gain of 100 over last year. The vote for Debs last year in the entire county was only 250. The local organization is in fine shape, and expects to do good work during the coming winter.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Nov. 4.—

The vote Tuesday for the candidates of the Socialist party was as follows: Silverstein, Assembly, 52; Gruber, Sheriff, 45; Hall, County Clerk, 44; Craig, District Attorney, 51; Dobbins, Coroner, 45; Franck, Coroner, 49. The vote for Debs and Hanford last year was 51, and for Wanhope 42.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Nov. 4.—

The Socialist party polled 63 votes in the town of Courtland, Westchester County, last Tuesday, which is one more than last year's Debs vote.

ATTEMPT SUICIDE

Despondent Laborer Endangers Many Lives in Bowery Lodging House.

David Nelson, thirty-five years old, a laborer, tried to kill himself by inhaling illuminating gas yesterday morning. He was discovered in the attempt and was sent to the Hudson Street Hospital under arrest.

Nelson, who was homeless, went to Crook's hotel, at 114 Park Row, a lodging house of the kind in which the rooms are made of partitions reaching only part way to the ceiling, and the gas jets built at intervals above the partition tops. The situation, even with the gas tube that Nelson had provided for himself, was complicated, and so he waited until early yesterday morning before venturing to turn out one of the gas jets that threw a gentle glow over other sleepers than himself.

Some time after midnight he figured every one was asleep, and he snuffed out the nearest light above his head. Then he ran the tube he had brought with him down to his bunk, and packed it into his mouth with cotton. Somebody missed the gaslight and called the watchman.

DEATH AT ROPE'S END

Union Hill Man Finds Baby Boy Dangling Over Bluff.

As Claudius Rydzinski, of 121 New York avenue, Union Hill, was trudging along a short cut path up the Palisades at Highwood Park, Weehawken Heights, yesterday afternoon with a lot of firewood on his back he saw a clothesline dangling down the face of the bluff. He concluded that the rope was worth having and proceeded to appropriate it when he reached the top of the cliff. The clothesline was sixty feet long and to the swaying end was attached a dead boy baby wrapped in a gingham apron.

Rydzinski opened the bundle and started on a run for Union Hill, leaving the body on the edge of the bluff. He didn't stop until he reached the police station, where he excitedly told his story of the find. The Weehawken police were notified and the body was sent to Yorks morgue in Hoboken.

LABOR LEADER WHO WAS ARRESTED AND INSULTED BY POLICE



MISS MARY E. DREIER.

TELLS OF DIAZ "LAW"

Mexican Despot's Cruelty Worse Than Stated, Says Railroad Man.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 4.—When asked today what he thought about the stories of peonage and cruelty in Mexico now being exploited in the American liberal press and magazines, L. P. Maynard, a railroad conductor in Mexico for thirty years, who has just returned to Cleveland, said: "Printed accounts of the cruelty of Diaz fall short of telling how great a despot he is."

Maynard left Mexico shortly after he lost an arm in the service of the railroad.

"A young fellow, a friend of mine, was walking about the streets of Juarez looking for work," said Maynard. "He was arrested and put in prison without trial. A year and a half later he was released after an investigation by women connected with the Y. M. C. A. there. It was found that no record had been kept of him or his offense."

"While working on a freight train I saw a Mexican killed. The crew were arrested and were only saved from prison by the superintendent, who gave the district judge \$50 to let us go. Then he and the judge had a drink together."

"The peons work from daylight to dark. If one attempts to run away from a farm he is pursued, brought back to the farm and horsewhipped. "Slavery exists to such an extent that a poor man cannot own property."

"American representatives are afraid to do anything for fear of an international war."

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MARY E. DREIER SUFFERS ARREST

President of Women's Trade Union League Insulted by Ref-fian Cop.

POLICE OUTRAGES CONTINUE

Brooklyn C. L. U. Puts Treatment on Striking Waist Makers Up to Commissioner Baker.

Mary E. Dreier, president of the Women's Trade Union League, was covered with insults and arrested without cause yesterday while doing picket duty in the strike of the Ladies' Waistmakers against the Triangle Waist Company, 23 Washington place.

A member of the Triangle heard her speak to one of the girls and she came from work and in the presence of an officer he turned to Miss Dreier and shouted "You are a liar. You are a dirty liar." Miss Dreier turned to the officer and said "You heard the language that was addressed to me? Am I not entitled to your protection? The officer replied, "How do I know that you are not a dirty liar?"

The police then got Anna Wallace, scab girl, of 437 East 12th street, to make a complaint against Miss Dreier and she was arrested by Policemen Joseph D. Cantillon, one of "the best" who was reduced from the Triangle, but brought his manners with him to his new precinct.

At the Mercer Street Station, Miss Dreier was discharged by Lieutenant Von der Zalesky, who saw that the charge made against her of threatening assault was so obviously preposterous and without evidence, that it would be useless to send her to court.

Police Outrages Up to Baker. Following an undignified hearing given a committee of the Women's Trade Union League by Inspector Daley, to whom complaints about the illegal actions of the police in the strike of the Ladies' Waistmakers Union against the Triangle Waist Company were referred by Police Commissioner Baker, the Brooklyn Central Labor Union, through a committee appointed to assist the waistmakers, has addressed a second communication to Commissioner Baker, reading as follows:

"Hon. William F. Baker, "Commissioner of Police, "300 Mulberry St., New York City. "Dear Sir—The enclosed is a copy of a letter sent you October 26. The complaints in the letter were taken up at your direction by Inspector Daley. On Saturday, the 30th, a hearing was given Miss Marot and her committee. They reported that the hearing was a full one and ample opportunity was given them to set into the complaints; in fact, the hearing was terminated at their request, after we have no right in the streets and that the officers are acting up to their duty when they arrest them, as well as other complaints made against the plain clothes men.

Police Helping Employers. "The purpose in citing the case was to show that the officers were on duty to impartially preserve peace, but were protecting the employers' interests by making picketing impossible. Inspector Daley asserts that the strikers have no right in the streets and that the officers are acting up to their duty when they arrest them, as well as other complaints made against the plain clothes men.

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Police Helping Employers. "The purpose in citing the

case of arrests for legal picketing would hereafter be appealed.

"We want to call your attention to the fact that your Inspector Daley is interpreting law in a manner altogether different from the courts. The unions have spent thousands of dollars to maintain their legal right to picket. Not only have we established our rights before the courts but the stronger and older unions of men such as printers, hatters and building trades mechanics are allowed by the police without hindrance and unlawful arrest to exercise their rights in the matter of picketing. There is no different law for the Ladies' Waist Makers, and we hope that you will so instruct your subordinates.

"The law governing picketing in this state was stated concisely by Mr. Justice Blanchard in the case of the Butterick Publishing Company vs. Typographical Union, No. 6, 50 Misc. 1. The right of the defendant to maintain picket is well established, provided, however, that such picketing is not accomplished by acts expressing or implying threats, intimidation, coercion or force.

"Trusting that we may have a reply before Sunday's meeting, we are, very truly yours,

JAMES P. BOYLE, Chairman. THEODORE BILLINGHEIMER, JOHN P. COUGHLIN, MISS HELEN MAROT.

Committee to assist Ladies' Waist Makers' Union.

Ninety-Eight Arrested.

When interviewed yesterday, Elsie Cole, a graduate of Vassar and a member of the Woman's Trade Union League, who has been helping the striking girls by doing picket duty.

"About six weeks ago 150 of the girls in the shop organized into a union and they were informed that there would be no more work for four weeks. The next morning they saw an advertisement for girls to take their places. It was a plain case of lockout and that is what aroused my special sympathy in the case. Not a girl who has been on picket duty has been violent or threatening at any time. We have all warned them not to be. Yet ninety-eight of those girls have been arrested and only eighteen of them discharged without punishment. Magistrates Cornell and Steiner, sitting in the Jefferson Market Court, have been most severe, beginning with fines of 50 cents and running up in cases of repeated charges to as high as \$10. That soon exhausted the fund the girls had, but they are now receiving assistance from local electricians, carpenters and others.

Detectives the Worst.

"We also are helping them. I and some other women interested in such matters have gone down there in the evening and done picket work. At first we had to deal only with uniformed officers. Generally they were polite and neither rough with the girls or with us, nor abusive. Then the firm appealed to Commissioner Baker for plain clothes men and our troubles began. The plain clothes men used rough and abusive language, which in many cases frightened the girls, or if that did not succeed, they were jostled off the sidewalk. Then if the girls persisted they were arrested.

"If it were not such a real tragedy this abuse of their power by the police, some of our experiences would read like a comedy. One of the league's volunteers was Miss Marjorie Johnson. She was down there doing picket work when an officer ordered her away, but she persisted and was arrested. On their way to the night court the officer said to Miss Johnson:

"What do you educated women trouble yourself with this affair for, anyway?"

"Miss Johnson replied: 'If some people were better educated, they would understand.' The officer explained over that for a time and then said: 'You mean that I am not an educated policeman?' Miss Johnson said, 'Well, and then she didn't say anything more. In the police court, however, the officer not only charged her with disorderly conduct, but with calling him an ignorant policeman. Magistrate Cornell fined her \$10, al-

though our lawyers were in court and read him decisions of higher courts that peaceful picketing was not illegal. That was why we have appealed.

Overwing an Officer.

"Have you been arrested, Miss Cole?" the reporter asked.

"No, I have not been, but I would endure arrest, I would go to prison if necessary to bring about a reform in this manner of police treatment in such a case as this. Last night, it was after dark, I was on picket duty there and I had one of the locked out girls on either side of me. A uniformed officer came up, raised his hat and said: 'Not three abreast, please. It's against the law.' I said: 'Very well, officer, and we walked along single file until we met some of the girls we wanted to talk with. I told my companions to speak to the girls, but the officer's head was right over my shoulder and they were afraid. One of them did whisper: 'Say, girls, but it did not attract their attention, so I said distinctly: 'Girls, may I speak to you a moment?'

"Hold on there," said the officer, with his head over my shoulder, 'none of that, you know.' 'Oh, I'm not doing anything unlawful,' I replied. 'I am not attempting to influence these girls by acts expressing or implying threats, intimidations, coercion or force.' That must have had a sort of court room sound to the officer, for he backed off a little, muttering: 'Well, you know me, none of that, young lady.'

Helen Marot, of the Women's Trade Union League, was on picket duty in the neighborhood of Washington Square when she was spoken to by a plain clothes man. She says that the plain clothes officer said to her: 'You uptown scum, keep out of this, or you'll find yourself in jail.'

CLEMINSONS FOUGHT

Chicago Doctor Accused of Murder, Wanted to Operate on Wife.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—That two lives were snuffed out when Mrs. Nora Jane Cleminson died was revealed during today's session of the trial of Dr. Cleminson on the charge of murdering his wife. Dr. Henry C. W. Rheinhardt, coroner's physician, testified he had made a postmortem examination of the body of Mrs. Cleminson, and he had found that she would have become a mother within three weeks had she lived.

The witness also testified that when he was called to Cleminson's house early on the morning of May 30—the day of the alleged murder—Mrs. Cleminson had been dead for hours and that rigor mortis had set in. He declared his postmortem examination had revealed clearly that the woman died from some unnatural cause, though he did not state what he believed the cause was. The state charges Dr. Cleminson poisoned his wife.

Immediately following Dr. Rheinhardt's testimony Attorney Joseph Burrows, for the defense, sprung a sensation by demanding the immediate exhumation of Mrs. Cleminson's body. He charged that Dr. Rheinhardt's postmortem examination had been made solely in the interests of the prosecution and he asked for the appointment of a board of physicians to hold another autopsy.

The relatives of Mrs. Cleminson are expected to take the stand later in the trial. It is said that John Morgan, Jr., brother of Mrs. Cleminson, will be called to testify that the accused man and his wife had quarrelled frequently for months prior to her death and that the desire of the physician to perform an operation on his wife had caused the trouble.

MEN OR MULES?

EAST LIVERPOOL, Ohio, Nov. 4.—Seventy-five to 100 miners employed by the Ohio and Pennsylvania Coal Company at Salineville have gone on a strike. The men refuse to boost coal cars from the entries to the face of the rooms, claiming mules should be employed to do so.

FORNARO SENTENCE AGAIN POSTPONED

Owing to Condemnation of Criminals Courts Building, Author Remains Imprisoned.

Carlo De Fornaro, the author and cartoonist, who a week ago was found guilty of "libeling" Reyes Rafael Espindola, Diaz's tool and head of the Mexican government press, will have to continue his stay in the Tombs several more days before sentence will be pronounced. Just when that will be is not known.

Judge Malone, before whom Fornaro was to appear for sentence yesterday, has, together with the other judges of the Courts of General Sessions, adjourned until next Monday, pending Superintendent Murphy's report on the safety of the Criminal Courts building, which was promised for tomorrow.

The building was besieged by anxious relatives and friends of prisoners yesterday, among them friends of Fornaro, who had come to attend his case. But they found the place in charge of the police, who had strict orders not to admit any one who was not an official or newspaper man. While the crowd was outside the judges met and decided to abandon the building until Monday.

Friends Active.

While Fornaro is in prison his friends are active and are gathering material for a successful appeal should the sentence prove severe.

Judge Malone is receiving numerous letters, protesting against the verdict and asking for clemency. Some of the letters, it is said, are written by literary men and are powerful arraignment of the Mexican government. They justify Fornaro's attack on Diaz and Espindola and give information, based on personal experience, on the methods and tactics of the old despot.

Gaylord Wilshire, secretary of the defense fund, yesterday that he had received several contributions, and some interesting letters with promises of more money. He hoped, he said, that enough would be contributed to carry the case to the highest courts, if necessary.

Leonard D. Abbott, chairman of the Free Speech Committee, when seen by a reporter of The Call, said that a special meeting will be called soon to consider the Fornaro case.

"We are heartily in sympathy with Fornaro," he said, "in his stand against Diaz and his associates. Should the sentence be severe we will take such measures as will guarantee the right of free press and free speech in this country."

Fornaro Busy.

Contrary to expectation, Fornaro finds his experience extremely interesting, and he spends his time in writing and drawing.

His friends expect that during his confinement he will turn out much work and will contribute many cartoons and articles on his imprisonment.

Though bitter against the prosecution, he nevertheless has his cheerful moments, in which his talents are used with characteristic ingenuity. In those moments the pen turns out picturesque figures of Mexican despots, and round American gentlemen. Smiling amiably, in a revelry of "friendly relations." Also, there are a number of sketches of Espindola and several Americans trying to serve him by sagging his political enemies.

PRINCE ITO BURIED.

TOKIO, Nov. 4.—The funeral today of Prince Ito, who was assassinated at Harbin, was a great state ceremony, magnificent in point of display. The popular demonstration of sympathy was the most widespread ever seen in Japan.

Once a Customer Always One Fraas & Miller The Furniture Center. Roadway, Linn and Quincy Streets, Brooklyn.

Furniture for Thanksgiving

An attractive and artistic dining room is a great satisfaction on the day of the Thanksgiving feast. How about yours? Here is a range of prices that affords you economical selections:

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Leather Uph. Chairs \$2.50 and Up
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Crystal Cases \$21.50 and Up

Dining room pieces in golden oak, mahogany, weathered oak, early English and Christian walnut; styles of newest design; extensive assortments.

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings.

KEYSTONE COSSACKS GUILTY OF ASSAULT

Pittsburg Judge Tries to Save Men Who Invaded Striker's Home at McKees Rocks.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 4.—George Davis and Oscar W. Wolfe, members of the state constabulary, charged by Mike Karyl, one of the Pressed Steel Car Company strikers, with assault and battery, were convicted in the Criminal Court this morning. Judge Josiah Cohen, who presided at the trial, said that if he were a jurymen he would not hesitate a moment to return a verdict of not guilty. Despite this assertion, the jury was out only about an hour before it returned with a verdict of guilty.

When this return was made, Judge Cohen said: "I am surprised. Send for the attorney for these men and I will grant them a new trial without his making a motion."

In the testimony presented this morning was that of a number of witnesses who said the two state constables had entered the prosecutor's home at McKees Rocks, and after some trouble with the wife and daughter of the prosecutor, had assaulted Karyl when they attempted to put him under arrest for an offense alleged to have been committed at some previous time.

LAWYERS FLY COURTS

Appeal of Imprisoned Anarchists on Before New Jersey Supreme Court.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 4.—Charging that John Schreiber and John Adams were railroaded to state prison upon the strength of their reputations as anarchists rather than because of any crime actually proved against them, counsel for the two men made a remarkable attack upon the administration of justice in the Essex court of Oyer and Terminer before the Supreme Court today.

The defendants were convicted last June for conspiracy to commit highway robbery upon Mrs. Laura V. Ross, in Irvington. They were sentenced to three years in state prison and to pay a fine of \$1,000 each, the sentences being put into execution before the writs of error were issued, carrying the case to the Supreme Court for review. The argument was to have their conviction set aside.

The funds for the appeal of the case were raised by the Machinists' Union, of which Schreiber is a member, as his fellow unionists say that he was convicted on very flimsy evidence, that of a couple of so-called detectives. They insist that because a man is an anarchist is no reason why he should be railroaded to jail.

BUDGET GOES THROUGH HOUSE.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—A motion made by the Opposition in the House of Commons tonight to reject the Budget bill was defeated by a vote of 379 to 149, and the bill was then passed on its third reading.

HURLED DOWN BANK

Two Western Union Men Fatally Injured by Train's Sudden Stop.

YONKERS, N. Y., Nov. 4.—Patrick McCarthy, twenty-seven, of Chatham, N. Y., and Francis J. Kellahan, twenty-two, of Fort Edward, were thrown over a twenty-foot embankment and fatally injured this afternoon, when a hand car attached to a passenger train on the Putnam Railroad was derailed near Nepperham Station.

The men, who are both in the employ of the Western Union Telegraph Company, were being conveyed from Nepperham to Ardsley. The train, after pulling out of Nepperham, stopped abruptly after proceeding several hundred yards and the hand car was jarred off the rails.

McCarthy and Kellahan were hurled over the embankment and landed on a large rock. They were taken to St. John's Hospital, where it was found they were suffering from internal injuries. Each man had several bones broken. Neither is expected to live.

TYPALDOS CAPTURED.

ATHENS, Nov. 4.—Lieutenant Typaldos, the naval officer who led the recent revolt against the government, and a companion, Lieutenant Dimoulis, were arrested today. All the principals in the mutiny are now in custody.

PARISIAN RED WIDOW WITHSTANDS BAITING

Madame Steinhell Makes No Admission of Murder Charge, Despite Prosecutor's Skill.

PARIS, Nov. 4.—Mme. Steinhell, who is on trial for the murder of her husband and mother, again today withstood the torturing inquisition and relentless baiting of Judge Valles without being driven to make any damning admissions or any modification of the crime of which she is accused. Her references to her mother won much ground for her among those present in the court room. Even Henri Rochefort, who is convinced of her guilt, said afterwards that he was deeply touched more than once by her testimony.

The words uttered by Judge Valles yesterday: "Like everybody else, I tremble at the notion of a possible judicial error," have been much commented upon. The name of the late President Faure was introduced today by the judge. Referring to two cards found on the Metropolitan Railway, one for an exhibition of M. Steinhell's pictures, and the other a visiting card of Mme. Maseline, who, the judge said, "painted a portrait of M. Faure, and in whose house you first met the President." To this Mme. Steinhell replied: "No. I met the President in the Alps."

The interrogation covered every point connected with the crime. Madame Steinhell's one line of defence was to repeat her version. When confronted with statements she had made not agreeing with this version, she invariably averred that she had not been reported correctly by the police.

Fake Confession by Lunatic.

During the trial today a man who gave his name as Jean Lefevre got into the court room and accused himself of complicity in the crime. He was brought before the judges and told his story of the crime. He confessed that he had committed both murders. He said his object was robbery.

Presiding Judge Valles questioned Lefevre closely and came to the conclusion that the man was trying to hoax the court.

The general impression in the court room was that Lefevre is either crazy or a notoriety hunter. A policeman took him away and the defendant's examination was continued.

Mme. Severine, an experienced journalist, writing her impressions of yesterday's hearing, says: "Judge Valles did well to keep women from the trial. They would have hooted the prisoner. They would not have been impressed by her theatrical postures, artificial accent and prepared effects, the less so because sometimes under the influence of anger the mask fell, the voice got out of control, and another woman appeared, white lined forehead, pugnazion jaw, cruel eyes, and hoarse, aggressive, vulgar accents. Then, by force of will, her looks become languishing and her voice plaintive."

Men's Suits and Overcoats From Manufacturer Direct to YOU This Label is in every Garment.



We're the manufacturing end of our own three large retail clothing houses—but we'll retail any one of the hundreds of Fall and Winter Suits you'll find in our lines at prices many a clothing merchant has to pay the trade! In plain words, we're wholesaling to you, even tho' you buy but a single garment. Savings are BIG, as you'll see at a glance! Glad to have you call any day or hour.

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Is near you—near enough to invite your interest in Blyn Shoes. Once you have investigated you will understand the great strength that underlies this big business—the strength of popular confidence and approval. Our reputation is old—nearly a half century—and it gains every year with thousands more learning the marvel of Blyn VALUES and STYLE.

Advertisement for Blyn Shoes showing two styles: Style No. 888 1/2 (Ladies' patent leather) and Style No. 310 (Men's Storm Bluchers). Prices are \$3.00 and \$2.60 respectively.

NINE BEST STORES—SHOES IN EVERY GRADE. EAST SIDE: 24 Ave. & 122d St. WEST SIDE: 6th Ave. & 27th St. BROOKLYN STORES: Broadway, bet. Park & Ely St.

WOMAN KILLED BY ELEVATOR. Operator of Car at Breakfast When Accident Occurred—Jailed.

ALBERT ROSEN'S MARKET 3285 Fulton Street, Brooklyn Cor. Euclid Ave. Tel. 2553 East N. Y.

EJECT SMOKERS FROM TRAIN. CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Following failure to abolish smoking on the Chicago & Oak Park Elevated Railroad by popular vote, the Chicago Board of Public Works today ordered the smoking of cigars and pipes prohibited on the elevated.

CLOTHIERS—Brooklyn. CLOTHIERS—Brooklyn.

Sterling's Clothing Parlor 428 5th Ave., Brooklyn. Call Readers will get good value here.

UNION LABEL GOODS The 446th Day of The Call and our Ad WAITERS' OUTFITS—EVERYTHING FOR WAITERS Call Here For Call Purchasers' Cards Free Also for your Underwear, Shirts, Collars, Ties, Pajamas, Hose, Gloves, Suspenders, Sweaters, Umbrellas, Handkerchiefs, Rubber Shoes and all Men's Furnishings. Ladies Tailor-Made Suits \$11.50 to \$19.00. Skirts, \$2.25 to \$7.00. Corsets, Shirts, Sweaters, Underwear, Gloves, Hose and all Ladies' Furnishings. Absolutely reliable Price and Quality or return. SIG. KLEIN 50 AND 52 10th Ave., N.Y. TEL. 6065 STUYVESANT.

1884 GREAT CELEBRATION 1909 OF THE 25th Anniversary of the Workmen's Sick & Death Benefit Fund OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—BROOKLYN BRANCHES. Sunday, November 7, 1909 In the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum, 949 Willoughby Ave. Grand Concert and Ball. PROGRAMME PART I. 1. March—Unter dem Frelheitsbanner. Blon 2. Chorus—Battle Hymn from "Rienzi". R. Wagner (Tenor solo and orchestra. Sung by Workmen's Singing League of Brooklyn.) 2. Overture—Triumphale. Suppe 4. Solo—Der Himmel in Thale. Marschner Sung by Miss Martha Zschaebitz. 5. Concert Waltz—Lufschwärmer. Weiss 6. Quartet—Rose Frelheit. Koellner Manhattan Quartet: H. Weimann, first tenor; G. Walden, second tenor; W. Janson, baritone; F. Schwarzkopf, basso. 7. Selection—Faust. Gounod 8. Cornet solo—Dreams of Love. Schneider August Schneider. 9. Festgesang. Uthmann Arbeiter Maennscher. PART II. 1. Overture—Robespierre. Litolff 2. Chorus—Mein jauchzend Lied. Uthmann Workmen's Singing League of Brooklyn. 3. Oration. Stephen Bacher 4. Caprice—Goldblondchen. Ellenburg 5. Solo—Sunlight. Harriet Ware Miss Martha Zschaebitz. 6. Selection—Martha. Flotow 7. Quartet—Night Breezes. Macy Manhattan Quartet. 8. Characteristique—La Poloma. Yradler 9. Divertissement—Lieerkranz. Tobani During the concert the children will be amused by moving pictures in the Turn Hall. In the two upper halls comical songs will be presented. No smoking during the concert. Tickets, including Hat Check, if bought in advance 15c. At the door, 25c. Children less than 15 years of age, accompanied by their parents, free. Concert Begins at 3 P. M.

You are at home when dealing at FRANK'S DEPARTMENT STORE N. E. Cor. 52d St. & Ave. A, N. Y. ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW. We handle all union made merchandise.

M. & A. KATZ DEPARTMENT STORE 631-633 Third Ave. nr. 51st St., N. Y. We advertise in The Call. Why not come and patronize us?

Blankets Large Variety. Prices range from 15c to \$14.00. Underwear For Men, Women and Children. All the well known brands.

Ladies' Shirt Waists All in the latest styles, and made of excellent material.

Linen Table Cloth and Napkins in the most attractive designs, at low prices. Save Our 4 Per Cent Discount Coupons

RUBBER TRUST FORMALLY EFFECTED

Aldrich, Ryan, Morton and the Rest Hungry for Kongo's Bloody Profits.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 4.—By a certificate of merger, filed today in the office of the Secretary of State, the Intercontinental Rubber Company, capital \$40,000,000, and the Continental Rubber Company of America, capital \$30,000,000, have been consolidated.

The name of the new company is the International Rubber Company, capital \$70,000,000, and the directors are Edward B. Aldrich, Senator Nelson B. Aldrich, of Rhode Island; Herman B. Baruch, Henry A. Blingman, Daniel Guggenheim, S. B. Guggenheim, Paul Morton, Allen E. Ryan and William Sproule.

The announcement of the merger of the Intercontinental Rubber Company and the Continental Rubber Company, created some stir in Wall Street on account of the fact that it was a merger of the great Guggenheim and Ryan interests, one of the merging companies having heretofore been controlled by the Guggenheims and the other by Ryan.

Gossip of such an approaching merger was current in the street a few days ago, but was denied by the Guggenheims when brought to their attention. The combination of the two big companies and the concentration of interest by the Guggenheims and Ryan makes the strongest rubber concern in the United States and is expected by Wall Street to have an appreciable effect on the business in general.

The new concern will control a large part of the rubber industry in the Kongo region, where the Ryans and King Leopold are already terribly exploiting the unfortunate natives.

PAINTS KONGO CRIME

Returned Baptist Missionary Tells Awful Tale of Brutality.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 4.—Rev. J. C. Hyde, 2040 East 69th street, assistant pastor of the Euclid Avenue Baptist Church, and his wife, have witnessed tortures of Kongo Free State natives by agents of Leopold, the Belgian king.

Rev. Hyde was a missionary in the Kongo for three years. He saw Leopold's troops drive the people from their villages. He saw men and women driven to the rubber forests to fill two large baskets in fifteen days. He saw them return to find their homes destroyed, their children eaten by cannibal warriors and to find their villages planted in rubber trees.

He has cared for bleeding backs, lashed raw by the hippopotamus twisted lash, that cuts wounds an inch deep. He and his wife have bound the stumps of footless legs and handled arms.

"Only the man who lives among the Kongoese knows their hardships," said Rev. Hyde today. "The people are Leopold's slaves. He sends Belgian officers to Kongo, who take charge of cannibal troops. The warriors are given cartridges and are supposed to shoot natives who do not bring back two baskets of rubber in fifteen days. Instead, they use the cartridges to shoot game and bring back hands from a living man instead of dead ones.

"Flesh of the slain is eaten by the warriors, who do not relish it, but eat from the bones of a strong man, woman or child, believing that the strength of the victim will be imparted to them.

"Blood, sin and rubber are synonymous terms to the slaves of the Kongo. When we pray and say 'Lord, deliver us from our sins,' they say, 'deliver us from rubber.'"

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LADIES', GENTS' & CHILDREN'S SHOES.
1584 AVENUE A.
Bet. 33d & 34th Sts.
Prices Lower Than Anywhere Else.

The KIND That Looks Best
Wears Longest Costs Less
McCann's Hats
200 BOWERY, near Spring Street.

TWELFTH ANNIVERSARY Concert and Ball
SOCIALIST BAND, N. Y.
TO BE HELD
Saturday, November 6, 1909
At N. Y. LABOR TEMPLE, Large Hall,
AT 8 P. M.
Excellent Program. Addresses by Comrades Edward F. Cassidy and Victor Buhr.
Friends and Comrades! Help us to make this a successful festival.
THE COMMITTEE.

MOTHER DIES ALONE

Babies Cry Because She Doesn't Answer Their Appeals.

Central office detectives yesterday unearthed one of the most heartrending stories of tragedy in the life of the poor on the East Side, while investigating the mystery surrounding the death of Mrs. Marie Fancovilla, of 186 Avenue A, who died suddenly Tuesday night. The investigation disclosed the fact that a doctor and a priest knew of the woman's dangerous condition, but neither of them aided her.

Giovanni Fancovilla, husband of Marie, is employed as a laborer over in Oyster Bay, and he is able to come home only once a week. He gave his earnings to his wife each Saturday night.

Last Sunday Mrs. Fancovilla scratched a pimple on her cheek with her finger nails, and an abscess formed quickly. Monday her face was so badly swollen that she could not swallow. Her little daughter, Ida, went to a doctor, and it is said he called and left a prescription.

The woman became steadily worse, being unable to swallow the medicine, and Tuesday night little Ida got a priest, who administered the last rites of the church.

The woman's two children, Ida, eight years of age, and Tony, six, were alone with her, and stood helpless at their mother's bedside while she died. The children cried because their mother did not answer them.

The little girl had heard of the usages of the church. She got a cross and a rosary and placed them between the lifeless hands of her mother, and then she and little Tony cried themselves to sleep.

They passed the night alone in the house with their dead mother. Late Wednesday afternoon somebody notified a policeman. The coroner's office was told of the woman's death and a telegram was sent to the husband at Oyster Bay.

Whoever made the report to the coroner's office said that Mrs. Fancovilla had died from natural causes. But later somebody told the police that a cut had been found on the woman's cheek, and Detective Carroll was sent to the house yesterday in time to meet Giovanna, the husband, up from Oyster Bay.

Carroll called an ambulance surgeon who discovered the cause of Mrs. Fancovilla's death.

So the police withdrew and left Giovanni and the children alone with their grief.

FIGHT PRISON LABOR

Handkerchief Manufacturers of Newark Fight Against It.

Acting in behalf of several manufacturers of handkerchiefs in Newark, Michael T. Barrett, a lawyer of this city, yesterday sent a letter to Director Wallace M. Gughelthree of the Essex County Board of Freeholders protesting against the way the contract for handkerchiefs made in the penitentiary is carried out.

The lawyer wrote that the prices at which the handkerchiefs are sold make it impossible for an honest manufacturer employing honest labor to compete. He stated that when it costs from three-quarters of a cent to a cent a dozen to make the articles in the prison the outside maker must pay four and five cents.

Barrett also wrote that he was informed that the material that is used is injurious to the eyes and that he learned on good authority that the eyes of most of the prison workers have been affected by the work. He wrote further that, according to law, each article made by prison labor must be stamped in such a way that there can be no mistaking it for the product of outside work. He claims that the articles are not stamped and that the cards placed on the boxes are removed as soon as they reach the retailer.

Director Gughelthree notified Barrett that he would take the matter up at the meeting of the board next Thursday.

NECKTIE MAKERS FIRM

Gain a Point in Battle With Isaacs, of Union Square.

The necktie makers, who are on strike against I. Isaacs, neckwear manufacturer, of 11 Union Square, who were joined by the cutters Wednesday, succeeding in getting H. Goldstein, a contractor, of 174 Lewis street, to make scab goods for Isaacs yesterday.

Goldstein was notified by the Necktie Makers' Union that members of the union would not be permitted to make goods for a struck shop, and if he had refused to stop making such goods his workers would have been called out on strike.

The strikers are firm and they hope to win their fight soon as Isaacs has been unable to secure competent scabs.

The strike situation will be discussed tonight at a general meeting of the union in Clinton Hall.

ORVILLE WRIGHT HERE.

After having been delayed for several hours by the White Star liner steamer Adriatic running aground at the entrance to the Ambrose Channel, Orville Wright arrived in this city yesterday after having spent three months in Europe. He was accompanied by his sister, Miss Katherine Wright.

FLEE FROM CRIMINAL COURTS BUILDING

Judges and City Officials Vacate Tammany Built Edifice Declared to Be Unsafe.

If London bridge were really falling down, as affirmed in the refrain of the song, it wouldn't cause half the trouble that the possible tumble of the Criminal Courts building is giving the judges, district attorney and city officials.

The judges of General Sessions, Special Sessions and the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court together with District Attorney Jerome worked their way early yesterday through the police lines which had been drawn around the threatened structure on Wednesday night, and after finding that the cracks had widened during the last twelve hours, called up Commissioner Murphy, of the building department, and demanded an official pronouncement upon the situation.

A committee of the judges yesterday secured quarters for three parts of General Sessions in rooms in the City Court building in City Hall park, and the library on the top floor of the same building was set aside for the two grand juries. The parts of General Sessions meeting in the City Court building today will attempt to take care of the most pressing cases. A place for the Special Sessions Court was found in the Merchants' Association Building, at 66 Lafayette street, where that court will meet today.

Justice Wheeler, who is trying the case against the American Ice Company in a special term of the criminal branch of the Supreme Court, will be accommodated in the County Court House, where Justice Vernon M. Davis, who is sitting in the regular term of the criminal branch, has also found quarters. Justice Davis has a number of murder trials on his calendar. He has notified his panel of fifty jurors by mail of the change and will not convene court in his new quarters until Monday.

A conference with Comptroller Metz yesterday resulted in the following housing of the courts and District Attorney: Special Sessions to meet in the 71st Regiment Armory beginning on Monday; General Sessions in the City Court; District Attorney's office on second floor of building at southeast corner of Broadway and Franklin streets; the Police Court at Jefferson Market, grand juries to City Court and the Coroners to Police Headquarters.

BEATEN BY COP, FINED

Printer Demanded Arrest of Assailant, But Cop Jailed Him.

Bernard McLaughlin, of 220 McDougal street, a printer, was arraigned in Adams Street Police Court, Brooklyn, yesterday, charged with disorderly conduct and fined \$5 by Magistrate Dooley.

The complaining witness against him was a barber named Molinari, whose shop is in Sands street, and he testified that McLaughlin rushed into his shop on Sunday with a stick in his hands and ordered "hands up." He testified that he ordered McLaughlin out of the shop, and when he refused to do so he pushed him out. McLaughlin told a different story. He testified that he had been working during the early part of Sunday morning, then had stopped for a short time at the Printers' Club on Williams street, Manhattan, and from there had accompanied a friend who lives at 44 High street, Brooklyn, home. After leaving his friend, he testified that he was standing for a moment in Sands street, when he became aware that some one was approaching him. He turned just in time to see a big, burly fellow aim a blow at his head which knocked him down.

He arose and struggled with the fellow, who was thrown twenty feet. He got up again in time to see his assailant disappear in Molinari's barber shop. When he attempted to enter the shop, he declared, as he wanted to have his assailant arrested, he was met by Molinari, who swung a razor. He picked up a stick, he said, to protect himself and backed out of the shop, but near the door some one struck the stick from his hands.

He then set out for a cop and walked several blocks, but the cop he first met told him to get the policeman on the beat. He returned to Molinari's shop, and when Policeman Steubenscher came along he asked him to arrest his assailant, but he alleged the officer refused to do so. McLaughlin insisted, he testified, that his assailant or he himself should be arrested, and the cop arrested him. He charged that the cop beat him up on the way to the station house, so that his clothes were covered with blood. Steubenscher denied that he had struck McLaughlin, and said he had locked him up because he saw him raising a disturbance in Molinari's shop.

McLaughlin, who is thoroughly incensed over his treatment by the cop, declares that he will prefer a charge of assault against him, and press it.

KNOCKS DOWN LAWYER

Standard Oil Attorney Lays Out Opponent in Court Room.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—Former Federal Judge Henry S. Priest, who was the Waters-Pierce Oil Company's attorney in Missouri's ouster suit against it, and is chief counsel of the United Street Railway Company of this city, struck three times with his fist and knocked down in Judge Muench's court here today John A. Gilliam, attorney for J. Brooks Johnson, who represents many persons suing the company for damages. Priest, arguing for an injunction to restrain certain holders of the railway claims from suing the railway separately, asserted that Gilliam at a former hearing testified that Johnson had bought three judgments against the railway for one-third their face value by advertising for them.

Gilliam arose, saying: "The records show nothing of the kind."

"You're a liar," shouted Priest, as he struck Gilliam in the face. Ere witnesses say he struck Gilliam again as he lay on the floor. Other lawyers interfered. The court rebuked Priest and ordered him into custody until he apologized.

Priest advanced to the bar, and said: "I humbly apologize, but I was tired of being insulted by that man."

Priest was released, but is constructively under arrest until the court reopens the matter tomorrow. Priest is a gigantic golf player, and Gilliam is sixty years old and frail.

CITY CHAMBERLAIN RESIGNS.

Sends Premature Letter to Mayor-Elect Gaynor.

City Chamberlain James J. Martin sent this letter yesterday to Mayor-Elect Gaynor:

"I hereby resign as Chamberlain of the city of New York, to take effect when you appoint my successor and he enters on the performance of his duties."

Judge Gaynor cannot, of course, accept the resignation, if it is one, or appoint a successor. The reason Martin gives for sending the resignation to a private citizen is that he wanted to facilitate the work of releasing his bondsmen and of arranging for the bonding of his successor. Martin is anxious to be relieved of his responsibilities on the last day of the year. As City Chamberlain he is bonded for \$225,000 and it is a work of two or three weeks for the bonding companies to make the audit which leads to the cancelling of the bonds. Similarly it takes some time for the execution of the bonds of his successor.

PUPILS STRIKE FOR TEACHER.

Because their teacher, Miss Kate Drumgold, was on Friday last transferred to School No. 139, in Flatbush, the thirty-three pupils of the graduating class of Public School No. 98 in East 27th street, Sheepshead Bay, went on strike yesterday and refused to go to school. Unless they get their teacher back, they say, they will have their parents transfer them to No. 139, where they can once more be under her instruction. Miss Drumgold had been the teacher of the graduating class of No. 98 for eight years.

Only by patronizing advertisers can we expect to retain them and get new ones. What ever you need today may be advertised in The Call. Read the ads every day.

BERNHARD
MERCHANT TAILOR
148 East 125th Street,
Between 3d and Lexington Av.,
New York.
ESTABLISHED 20 YEARS.

Fall and Winter

We've shown many a skeptic that we can make a **SUIT or OVER-COAT**, the quality of most \$30 clothes, for **\$15**.

Trousers to Order at \$4.00.

Open Every Evening.

HUNDREDS SLAIN IN NICARAGUAN BATTLE

Zelaya and Estrada Both Claim Victory in Bloody Encounter at Paso de Lagos.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 4.—A cable message from San Juan del Sur, Nicaragua, says that the revolutionists met Zelaya's army in a terrific battle today. Hundreds of lives were lost on both sides.

The rebels, the dispatch says, captured Paso de Lagos. This opens the way for Estrada to the capital. The fact that the message comes from San Juan del Sur indicates that the rebels have reached the west coast.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Senor Rodriguez, Charge d'Affaires of Nicaragua, in this city, received a dispatch from President Zelaya today saying that the government forces defeated the revolutionists in a battle at Paso de Lagos. The revolutionists, he added, were routed and fled in panic under the artillery fire of the government troops.

Other reports at the State Department tend to show that the revolutionists under Estrada are daily gaining in men, arms and ammunition. The provisional government has practical control over all territory east of the 85th degree west longitude.

It is said that pacific and orderly conditions prevail in this zone and that there is no evidence that President Zelaya of Nicaragua is making any effort to regain this territory. The territory in control of the provisional government includes all the Atlantic coast and a considerable portion of the interior.

The Zelaya contingent in this city received yesterday the following cable message:

"Managua, Nicaragua, Nov. 4, 1909. 'After a hard battle lasting two hours our forces defeated the rebels at Paso de Lagos near Chile.'

"The Maxim rapid fire guns were very effective, and the enemy are now fleeing in utter confusion."

"ZELAYA."

Chile is a point very near to Rama City and only about fifty-five miles from Bluefields.

Senor Pio Bolanes, Nicaraguan consul in this city, said last evening that he had received a similar cable dispatch from President Zelaya.

ROW IN INVESTIGATION

Byk, Accuser of Brooklyn Disciplinary School Officers, Resigns.

Ephraim Byk, chairman of the board of managers of the Brooklyn Disciplinary Training School, whose testimony before the grand jury was chiefly instrumental in leading the State Board of Charities to investigate charges of brutality in that institution, resigned his place yesterday at a meeting of the board.

A series of incidents led to Byk's resignation. There was a row between B. W. Wardell and Byk, in which the former accused Byk of trying to make it appear that the board was shielding the suspended superintendent, P. J. Carlin, and others interposed remarks of a nature that Byk thought tended to belittle the seriousness of evidence of cruelty offered by boys who professed that they had been badly handled. Byk rose and said:

"I herewith tender my resignation as a member of this committee, and refuse absolutely to have anything further to do with this investigation on account of the unfair and unjust attitude of the members toward me."

"Statements have been made insinuating against me by Mr. Carlin," he continued, "and at the last session Mr. Wardell accused an honest witness, the teacher, Farrell, of having struck a boy here."

The investigation yesterday included the testimony of a boy named Chadwick, who claimed to have been beaten with a heavy wire and sent to the hospital—both at the order of the superintendent—and that the house mother, Miss Hutchinson, had ordered him out of the hospital, saying that he was not in need of treatment. Carlin seemed to think that the boy had been told to say these things by Byk, but the lad denied this.

Fred Fahette, a colored boy, said that he was beaten by a caretaker named Burke, who had been previously let into the dining room by the superintendent and pointed out to the boys as the man who would have charge of punishing them.

WALSH WANTS REHEARING.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—A petition for a rehearing in the case of John R. Walsh, the convicted Chicago banker, was filed today in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

The petition says the court's decision upholding the conviction of Walsh was based "upon a misconception of the case and the rules of law applicable." It points out errors of the trial court, which it asks to have reconsidered.

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JAMES KEANE & CO.
Exceptional Thanksgiving Sale,
High-Grade Dining Room Furniture

Don't be mistaken when you buy furniture. Buy where QUALITY is considered first. Our standard of goods guarantees satisfaction. And notwithstanding an unmistakable superiority in our goods, our prices afford a considerable saving.

China Closets. Side-boards. Tables. Chairs. Serving Tables.

Rugs. Carpets. Pictures. China-ware. Draperies. Curtains, Etc.

1/3 off. 1/3 off.

\$1.00 Weekly Opens An Account.
5-ROOM OUTFIT COMPLETE, \$122.50.

SEND FOR OUR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET—C.

3513 57 THIRD AVE. (BETWEEN 77th & 78th STREETS)

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 9 P. M.

MAX N. MAISEL
422 GRAND STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
A SELECT STOCK OF ENGLISH, GERMAN, FRENCH, AND RUSSIAN BOOKS.

I have just secured from the Macmillan Co. the last few sets of George Brandes' Main Currents in Nineteenth Century Literature. Published by them in 6 vols. for \$16.00 net.

The set comprises: Vol. I. The Emigrant Literature. II. The Romantic School in Germany. III. The Reaction in France. IV. Naturalism in England. V. The Romantic School in France. VI. Young Germany.

Bound in fine silk cloth, octavo, gilt tops, fully illustrated, and has a 47-page index. This is the same set which Macmillan formerly listed at \$17.00 net. I am now closing them out at \$6.75 net, expressage extra.

CORN "LICKER" BAD
Moonshine Juice Helps Spread Pellagra, Say Noted Physicians.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 4.—Not alone corn and the ordinary products of food made of that cereal, but the distilled spirits of that grain, corn "licker," plays an important part in the cause of the dread disease pellagra, was declared here today at the second day's session of the National Conference on Pellagra by more than one of the distinguished physicians in attendance.

There is a growing conviction, according to several of the speakers, that pellagra already is ravaging horses, cows, hogs, etc., as well as human beings.

ZIMMERMAN
FURNISHER TO MEN
2 Park Place, New York
One Door West of Broadway.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION
UNION STAMP
Factory No.

MARY GARDEN NOT A NUN.
Mary Garden, Oscar Hammerstein's interesting Scotch-American prima donna, arrived yesterday morning aboard the Adriatic from her dear Paris with a chaplet blessed by the Pope on her wrist and several trunk loads of cloths for the coming production of "Sapho." Miss Garden says that the reports to the effect that she is to become a Catholic nun are erroneous, but said that she soon intends to become a Roman Catholic in faith and reside permanently in France.

The Call needs support more than any other paper. Its readers must be instrumental in securing it. This can best be done by patronizing Call advertisers. Do it every day.

A. LEBEDOFF
UNION BADGE MAKER
(Local 12,260, A. F. of L.)
306 BUREWICK AVENUE,
Corner Moore Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Call and see Sample Badges, or send Postal and Representative will call on you.

UNION MADE SHOES. UNION MADE SHOES.

CALL READERS TAKE NOTICE

WHAT YOU'RE LOOKING FOR WE HAVE

MEADE SHOE COMPANY
102-104 Myrtle Ave., Cor. Bridge St., BROOKLYN
BROOKLYN'S BEST KNOWN SHOE HOUSE.

Next Sunday's Call

Will Contain Lots of Good Things.

AMONG THEM WILL BE:

CHILDREN OF REVOLUTIONS, a vivid picture of French Socialism, by Arthur Bullard.

The Second Installment of Gorky's Great Story.

An Essay by Karl Kautsky on CLASS INTERESTS. This essay has never been printed in English before.

FERRER'S EXECUTION, with a picture of Ferrer on his way to jail.

PURE AND SIMPLE LABOR POLITICS, by William English Walling.

POVERTY, CHASTITY, and OBEDIENCE, a conversation reported by Brigit Stanton.

An Illustrated Art Review by Bruno Louis Zimm.

THE VAGABOND, a story by Guy De Maupassant.

COMMENT AND DISCUSSION, a Free Forum.

WOMAN'S SPHERE.

FOR YOUNG FOLKS.

SOCIALIST AND LABOR NEWS.

CLOTHING
Let Us Save You Money.

Come to us and we will show you an immense assortment of high grade clothing at surprising low prices. Investigation will convince you that we will save you time and money.

JULIUS BANNER SONS
MOST RELIABLE MERCHANT TAILORS AND CLOTHIERS
160-162 PARK ROW Near Pearl Street
Phone 4523 Worth.

SPORTS

KETCHEL WILL REST

Middleweight Champion in No Hurry to Secure a Manager.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—For several months Stanley Ketchel will rest and not think of a fight. When he does prepare for the ring, according to his own statements, he will meet men in his own class—middleweight division—and again seek to displace the champion heavyweight of the world.

As regards a manager to replace Willis Britt, Ketchel intimates that unless he can secure an exceptionally good manager he will be better off without one.

"I have had dozens of telegrams," said the middleweight champion, "from all over the country, from men who would like to manage me, but after Britt, they all look like a poor lot."

It has been whispered that Joe O'Connor, Ketchel's manager up to the time the Michigan Lion elected to go with Willis Britt, might be the man. Ketchel was asked about this. "O'Connor hasn't said a word to me," he declared. "Joe is a fine fellow, however, and I think the world of him."

Ketchel plans to remain in San Francisco for two or three weeks longer. Then he will go to New York for a visit and spend the remainder of the winter in Florida. In the spring he will go to a ranch he purchased for his father near Grand Rapids, Mich., and remain there until he wants to fight.

"I am still a middleweight," he said. "I can make 155 pounds without trouble, and I am not afraid but that I can lick any chap in my class. When the time comes I am sure that I can beat Papke. He is a tough boy, but if my hands hadn't gone back on me I would have whipped him the last time we met."

TO CUT OUT SPIKES

President Johnson Would Bar Them From the Diamond.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—The elimination of steel spikes from the baseball diamond will be discussed at the annual meeting of the American League to be held in New York in December. This was the statement made today by President Ban Johnson. If a suitable substitute for the spikes can be found, Johnson believes they will be barred from the game.

The large number of injuries sustained by players during the past season, he said, has created a feeling that the long sharp steel spikes mar the game and should be eliminated. It is expected that a number of club owners who have players whose success on the diamond depends largely on the sharpness of their spikes, may make strenuous objection.

WOLGAST-POWELL MATCH

Good Lightweights Will Meet in Princeton, Nov. 22.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—Ad Wolgast, the Milwaukee lightweight, who put up a good ten-round fight with Battling Nelson in Los Angeles some months ago, and Lew Powell, who last week knocked out Johnny Fragna, have been matched by the Mission Athletic Club of San Francisco to fight twenty rounds on Tuesday night, November 23. The winner will undoubtedly secure a match with Battling Nelson for the title.

There was considerable of a squabble over the weight, as Wolgast wanted 133 at the ringside. He finally agreed to 133 at 6 o'clock on the night of the fight. Eddie Smith, of Oakland, will referee the match. Powell will go into training at once, and Wolgast is due to arrive here with manager Tom Jones from Chicago next Monday.

MURPHY AND M'GRAW BLUFF

"I would not trade Kling and Reulbach for the entire New York team," says Charles Webb Murphy of the Chicago Cubs, who is in town. But McGraw, of the Giants, still insists that the deal is on. Baseball deals usually involve much bluffing so that Murphy's statement is not regarded as final. The Cubs will never have the services of Kling again and nobody knows this better than Murphy.

TO START BOUTS AGAIN.

A local boxing club, protected by an injunction against the police department, announces several bouts for next week. If there is no interference it is said other clubs in this city will resume operations. Boxing bouts are being pulled off in Albany, Troy, Newburgh, Cohoes and other cities up the state, so that the clubs in Greater New York cannot see why they should not proceed on a moderate scale.

RAFFLES' FACE BETRAYS HIM.

Arrested While Drinking, Charged With Stealing Theatrical Costumes.

Telephone Orchard 3295. Harry Harvey, known as "mysterious Raffles," because he offered a reward of \$50 to any one who would identify him in the street, was held in the West Side Court yesterday for trial on a charge of stealing theatrical costumes from the home of Herman Levine, of 40 West 31st street, a comedy acrobat, who had befriended him.

Levine said he recognized Harvey in a 34th street saloon by the fact that when Harvey drank beer a certain expression came over his face as he smacked his lips.

Harvey told Magistrate Krotel he committed the theft because he needed money to appease his hunger.

ICE TRIAL TO GO ON.

The trial of the American Ice Company on an indictment charging a violation of the Donnelly Anti-Monopoly law, which was under way in the condemned Criminal Courts but was resumed today in Part VII, Supreme Court, County Court House.

You buy many things every day. You don't get along without doing so. Why not mix your money with a little brain and buy of Call advertisers?

SMALL ADS THAT WILL BRING BIG RESULTS. Try an insertion in The Call, the most closely read daily paper.

Classified Advertisements

RATES UNDER THIS HEADING ARE: 1 Insertion, 7c per Line; 3 Insertions, 15c per Line; 7 Insertions, 25c per Line; Seven Words to a Line.

MEETINGS. Comrade Alden Freeman

the great fighter for Free Speech in America, will deliver a lecture on "THOMAS PAINE, the Chief Agitator of the American Revolution"

NEXT SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 8 P. M. At Michaels Hall, 1 Broome St., cor. S. Orange Ave., Newark, N. J.

All the readers of The Call are invited to attend the lecture and bring their friends.

W.M. KARLIN WILL SPEAK ON "The Lesson of the Campaign"

On Friday Evening, November 5, '09, at 8 o'clock AT 112 EAST 104TH STREET Admission Free.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—NEW JERSEY.

"GO ON" LIKE A PROCESSION SOMEONE MUST LEAD

We are not the "whole thing," but we're right in FRONT with another good Real Estate Bargain, consisting of

ONE-ACRE BUNGALOW SITES right in the Mountains, on the D. L. & W. R. R. near Lake Hopatcong, Cranberry Lake and Budd's Lake, covered with magnificent trees.

LAKE MUSCONETONG GROVE, PRICE \$100 ON THE EASY PAYMENT PLAN. FREE SPECIAL TRAIN SUNDAY, NOV. 7TH.

Everybody invited to spend the day in the Mountains of Northern New Jersey.

For FREE TICKETS meet our Representatives at Barclay, Christopher or 23rd Street Ferries, N. Y. side, D. L. & W. R. R., at 10:15 A. M.; Hoboken, Track 8, 11 A. M.; Newark, D. L. & W. Station, 11:15 A. M.

W. C. REEVES & CO., 124 E. 23d St., N. Y. C. Hello, 1839 Gramercy.

UNION AND SOCIETY DIRECTORY.

The regular meetings of your Union and Society should be announced here. It will assist you in locating new members. Bring this matter up at your next meeting. Special rates upon application to The New York Call, 442 Pearl St., New York. Kindly send us corrections and additions to this directory.

UNITED JOURNEMEN TAILORS' LOCAL NO. 390.

Headquarters, Club and Reading Room, 109 W. 51st St. Free employment bureau. Meetings 8 to 12 A. M. Delegate Body meets every 4th Monday, 5 P. M.

Beer Drivers' Union, No. 1, Local Union, No. 25, regular meeting second Sunday; shop day every meeting fourth and sixth months; 1801 Second Ave., Manhattan. George G. Tottler, Sec'y.

HABLER LOCAL 300 W. 125th Street, meets last day of each month at 8 P. M. Local Union, Local 112, No. 12, meets every Friday, 8:30 P. M., at 12 St. Marine Place.

Co-operative League. Meets every Thursday evening at University Settlement, Bridge and Irving Sts., E. L. Cohen, Organizing Sec'y.

Amalgamated Workers of N. Y., Local No. 5, Dr. B. Office, 12 St. Mark's Place, Manhattan. Members meet Fridays at 4 P. M.

N. Y. Wood Carvers and Woodturners' Association. Meets first, third and fifth Friday of the month at the Labor Temple.

United Journeymen Fire Barbers of N. Y. and vicinity. Local 118, B. & C. W. L. U. of a meeting every first and third Saturday in the month at 143 East 7th St. Executive Board meets by call.

Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union of America, Local No. 1. Meets every Saturday at 10 A. M. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 230 East 84th St.

Labor Secretary, 230 Broadway, Manhattan. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Delegates meet last Saturday in the month at Labor Temple, 310 Broadway.

Electric Powermen's Union, Local 56—Meets every Saturday, 9 P. M., at Independence Hall, 180 East 27th St.

Building Employes' (Ginitie) Union No. 1, Meets first, third and fifth Monday, 9 P. M., at Moore's Hall, 19 Manhattan St.

United Journeymen Fire Barbers of N. Y. and vicinity. Meets first and third Saturday, 10 P. M., at Moore's Hall, 19 Manhattan St.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, Local Union No. 607, meets every Monday, 8 P. M., at 321-323 East 74th St. N. Y. P. M., at 321-323 East 74th St.

Local Union No. 457, Carpenters and Joiners, meets every Monday, 8 P. M., at 321-323 East 74th St.

FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

132d, 207 E.—Beautiful 6 room, bath; light; cheap rent; near 2d Ave. \$14.

134th, 622 E.—Near Cypress Ave.—Elegant 5 room bath, four through, \$14.

137th, 431 E.—Single flat, 6 rooms and bath; hot water supply; halls heated. \$9.

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JEROME AV., 2016, near Burnside—5 rooms, bath, steam, hot water; \$24; two flights.

PLEASANT AV., 413—Single flat, 5 rooms; bath; \$21.

STUBBINS AV., 1182, corner Home st.—5 family house, 7 large rooms, bath; \$22.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD 175 (near 130th) Light, clean, modern rooms; rents \$12 to \$18.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

19TH ST., 222 E.—Large room for 2, running water, bath; private home.

11TH ST., 116 E.—Parlor and bedroom to let; furnished or unfurnished; respectable party.

GREENWOOD AVE., 206—Furnished room to let; \$1.50; private bath; near Prospect Park; G. F.

FURNISHED ROOM WANTED.

A YOUNG man desires a furnished room with a private family only, from 4th to 80th st., East. Address C. P., care Call.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

BOY—One who is willing to learn corset business. Call 407 W. 28th st.

TAILOR wanted on new and old work; \$25 weekly to start; must be ready to work; 212 Broadway, near 162d st.

TYPEWRITER—Young man, Reliance operator, to do Milling in wholesale book store; must be rapid and accurate; pay \$12 to start. Address R. Y. Call.

WANTED—Janitor. Apply Salsburg's Drug Store, 29-41 Manhattan ave., Brooklyn. 021

WANTED—One or two advertising salesmen to work for The Call. Apply to the manager of The Call, 442 Pearl St., New York.

SITUATION WANTED—MALE.

YOUNG COMRADE, 19, seeks employment with chance for advancement; 3 years' general office experience; ambitious, energetic and will; best references furnished. Address A. E. R., 205 Floyd st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

COMRADE desires work in office or shop; can fill position as interpreter or agent; speaks in English, French and Italian; Andrew Boggs, 790 8th Ave., New York.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—For general household, middle-aged woman, who prefers a good home to high wages. Call Stadel, 1311 43d st., Brooklyn.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS for coal and wood made good wages; all parts of New York. Call morning and evening, 228 E. 76th st.

AGENTS—Make 50 daily selling metal water strips; 250 per cent profit; easy sale. A. C. Woodruff, Manhattan, Ohio.

PIANOS.

Marschneider Pianos 15 East 14th Street, Ret. E-way & 5th Av. Special sale of high-grade pianos; factory prices; cash or easy terms. Price marked on every piano.

CARPETS.

CARPETS, Linoleum, etc. fitted and laid; rugs repaired. P. O. Box 100, Westchester, N. J.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

FROM FACTORY DIRECT TO YOU. Consisting of brass beds, couches, parlor suits; in fact, everything; desire to form a new pattern. By buying of us direct, you save from 20 to 40 per cent—the middleman's profit. BIG FURNITURE WORKS, 251 E. 75th St., between 1st and 2d Aves.

FIRE INSURANCE.

PATRONIZE CALL ADVERTISERS—Insurance placed anywhere; write for rates. 56 Ward J. Dutton, 77 William st.

INSTRUCTION.

EXPERIENCED instructor, graduate of a prominent university, desires to form a class of five to ten earnest students in mathematics, algebra to calculus; reasonable terms. Instructor F. The Call.

INSTRUCTORS WANTED.

WANTED—A young man to instruct evenings in English. B. 506 CALL OFFICE.

PATENTS.

INVENTORS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION. PATENT BUREAU, 3 W. 20TH ST., N. Y. Regular Meetings, Friday, 8 P. M., 71st St. Hall, 641 Lexington Ave. Guests Welcome.

TYPEWRITING, ETC., DONE.

MANUSCRIPT copying and shorthand reporting solicited by expert stenographer and typewriter. Frances M. Gill, Call Office.

COAL AND WOOD.

Promptly delivered, at prevailing market prices. Address or phone your orders to Coal, care Call.

BLANKETS AND SADDLERY.

HORSE BLANKET SALE—Truck or farm blankets, 8 lbs., \$2, 10 lbs., \$3; red and black carriage blankets, \$3; lined stable blankets, \$1.25; oil storm covers, \$2.50. PETERS, 88 West Broadway, near Chambers st., upstairs.

UNION CUSTOM TAILORS.

PATRONIZE THE ONLY UNION Custom Tailors.

MEYER & COMPANY

96 FULTON STREET, NEW YORK. Suits or Overcoats to Order \$15.00 up. Members of Local 28. Call and give us a trial. All our garments are Union Tailored with 100% label.

Bread bearing this label is Union Made. Ask for the Label when buying bread.

LADS TRY TO ESCAPE JAIL.

Had Sawed Half Way to Freedom When Discovered.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 4.—After they had locked Keeper Fred Spindler in a cell in the Passaic County jail this morning, two boys, Percy and Harry Veerland, fourteen and sixteen years old, respectively, residing at 119 Water street, attempted to escape by sawing their way through the bars

of the door leading to the street. They were discovered when half way through with their work by Keeper Steele.

The Veerlands told the police, who were called, they had thrown money over the jail to Alexander Matheza, thirteen years old, of 19 Marshall street, to buy the saw for them and that yesterday L'ville and Matheza climbed to the top of the wall, which is thirty feet high, and threw the saws in the jail window.

IRON WORKER FALLS TO DEATH.

In a fall of eleven stories from a building in course of construction on Broadway and 47th street early yesterday Salvatore Gambetta, of No. 13 Prince street, an iron worker, noted among his fellows for his daring feats in midair, had nearly every bone in his body broken. He was taken, partly breathing to the Flower Hospital by Dr. Rockwood, where he died later.

Convenient for the Reader. Profitable for the Advertiser. Call Advertisers' Directory. READ IT DAILY—BEFORE YOU SPEND YOUR MONEY. Rates for The Call Advertisers' Directory—One line for three consecutive months, daily and Sunday, \$9; each additional line at the same rate. Payable in advance. Make payments directly to The New York Call, 442 Pearl street, New York.

BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN. BADGES AND BANNERS. L. Kraus, 125 Clinton St., Branch, 2235 2d Ave. BOOKS, STATIONERY, ETC. Progress Book Store, 233 E. 94th St. BOOTS AND SHOES. Eagle Shoe Store, 648 Columbus Ave. B. Hahn, 2609 8th Ave. F. Tevinsten, 18-20 Jefferson St. L. Kaufman, 118th St., 178th St., 180th St. M. Seigerman, 49 Av. B, bet. 52d & 54th Sts. F. J. Sobel Shoes, 84 Irvington St. Weigarten Men's Sp'rs, 112 Irvington St. CIGAR MANUFACTURERS. John & Brunscher, 1604 Ave. A. Raphael De Nat., 1590 Madison Ave. CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS. The F. & S. New Store, 64th St. 34-35th Sts. Richards Co., cor. 29th St. & 6th Av. DAIRY RESTAURANT. A. Raizer, 147 E. Houston St. DAIRY LUNCH ROOM. L. Schonfeld, 30 Irvington St. DIAMONDS, WATCHES & JEWELRY. Casperfeld & Cleveland, 144 Bovey, Est'd 1837. FAMILY WINE & LIQUOR STORE. L.M. Goldberg, 529 8th Av., bet. 51st St. FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE. Meyer Davidoff, 225 E. 108th St. FURNISHINGS AND HATS. Lowenthal, 1910 2d Av., bet. 105 & 106

BOROUGH OF THE BRONX. ATTORNEY AT LAW. Sam W. Eigel, 465 E. 174th St. BREAD AND CAKE BAKERY. F. Adolph Scheller, 1488 Washington Av. Bakery and Lunch Room. BOOTS AND SHOES. The Bates Shoe, 144 St. Ann's Av. Goldberger's, 3291 2d Av., So. of 164th Conrado J. Osh, 420 E. 128th St. Lewis' Smart Footwear, 3291 2d Av. Barman Shoe, 140 Westchester Av. CIGARS. S. Mendicino, 1561 Boston & Union Av. Union Made Cigars at The Pioneer, 725 East 166th St. CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS. Travis, 2d Av., opp. 161st St. Liggett. Westchester Clo'ng Co., 3d Av., 164th St. DRUGGISTS. A. Allison, Brook Ave. & 171st St. Theo. A. Hartung, 774 W. 160th St. Katz's Drug Store, 174th St. 2d Av. O. W. Shuchat, 166th & Jackson Av. Tobin & Warin, 2d Av., cor. 167th St. FURNISHINGS AND HATS. The Toggery Shop, 2d Av., near 166th St. INSTRUCTION. The Bronx Preparatory School, 450 E. 172d St., cor. Washington Av. JEWELRY. L. Gittelman, 563 Brook Av. LAUNDRY. 1754 Washington Av., near 174th St. LADIES TAILOR & DRESSMAKER. Emma Co., 1748 Washington Av. LADIES & GENTS' FURNISHINGS. Bronx Bargain Store, 720 Westchester Av. MERCHANT TAILOR. A. Supraner, 301 E. 174th St. and 403d 2d Av. U. Umansky, 508 East 174th St. SHIRTS AND DRESS GOODS. Ghindin, 1523 Washington Av.

BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN. CUSTOM TAILORS. S. Bernstein, 1217 5th Av. Levin the Tailor, 1761 Pitkin Av. DELICATESSEN. F. J. Thoner, 392 Knickerbocker Av. DENTIST. Dr. Isidor Rusanoff, 462 Stone Av. DRUGGISTS AND PHARMACISTS. The Star Pharmacy, Plaza, cor. Osborn Aaron Jaume, 444 Howard Av. I. Schouberg, 322 Knickerbocker Av. M. Chausvin, New Utrecht Av. and 20th St. Epstein's Pharmacy, 5th Av. & 48th St. Friedman Bros., 545 6th Av. H. Rubin, 184 Columbus St. DRY GOODS. C. A. Werner, 123 2d Av. DRESS GOODS, TRIMMINGS, ETC. I. Friedrich, 444 Knickerbocker Av. DRY GOODS AND FURNISHINGS. Smith & Auerbach, 371 Central Av. Frank R. Miller, 558 Covert Av. Aronson Bros. & Floral, 41 Belmont Av. Louis Berger, 383 Atlantic Av. FURNITURE, ETC. Smith & Director Pitkin & Rockaway, Fraas & Miller, B'way & Quincy St. FURNITURE AND CARPETS. Bay Ridge Furniture Co., 5218 3d Av. FURNITURE AND BEDDING. Sant & Kahn, 329 Knickerbocker Av. GROCERIES. H. Delventhal, Flatbush, cor. Ave. C. Select Fruits & Groceries, Tel. 58 Flat. L. Fontannas, 8210 5th Av. J. B. Schreeder, 409 Breman St. F. W. Schroeder, 407 Evergreen Av. Feigelson Bros., 435 Sutter Av. GROCERIES AND DELICATESSEN. C. H. Grau, 4811 and 5810 5th Av. HATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS. D. Schwiber & Co., 5218 5th Av. C. O. Loebel, 1805 Pitkin Av. Jos. Berg, 1925 Flushing Av. HATS, CAPS & LEATHER GOODS. At Arnold's, 680 Broadway. INFANTS AND CHILDREN'S WEAR. Baby Wear Store, 389 Knickerbocker Av. PAPER, TWINE AND SUNDRIES. Harrington, 353 Bay Ridge Av. PICTURE AND FRAMES. C. A. Hansan & Bro., 4711 5th Av. Advertisers in The Call means guaranteed results. Ask any one, or all, our advertisers.

OUT OF TOWN. CUSTOM TAILOR—Jersey City, N. J. E. Mark, 716 Grand St. Levine Tailoring Co., 121 Montgomery St. TAILOR—New Haven, Conn. Emil Goris, 271 Washington Av. GIGARS & TOBACCO—Lynn, Mass. Carlson, "Regular" Cigar, 108 Market

WITTY BROTHERS THE ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS 54-56 ELDRIDGE STREET, cor. Hester and Canal Sts. NEW YORK. Excellent Tailoring Perfect Fitting Reasonable Prices Satisfaction Guaranteed Fall and Winter Styles are ready for your inspection.

Woman's Sphere

Edited by ANITA C. BLOCK

WHISTLED ON THE ROAD.

He wasn't very happy—
Had trouble—quite a load.
But he fooled himself forever
By whistling on the road:

He wasn't sure he'd reach it—
The happiness abode,
But he had his hallooah
By whistling on the road.

And so he passed forever
Along the way content;
He fooled himself, I tell you,
By whistling as he went!—EX.

IMPORTANT STEP IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION.

The following resolution was recently passed, with only six dissenting votes, by the New York City Federation of Women's Clubs (representing approximately 50,000 women), at its annual convention.

Whereas, There is abundant statistical evidence to show that 50 per cent of the deaths from inflammatory diseases peculiar to women, 75 per cent of all special surgical, and over 90 per cent of all the work done by specialists in diseases of women, are the result of a specific infection. In addition, 50 per cent or more of these infected women are rendered absolutely and irremediably sterile, and many are condemned to life-long invalidism. Every year in this country thousands of pure young women are started in the rplation of marriage, with conceptual capacity destroyed, aspirations which center in motherhood and children swept away, or the holy office of maternity desecrated by the bringing forth of tainted, diseased, or dead children, and the women themselves often ruined in health or condemned to mutilation of their maternal organs to save their lives; and

Whereas, The effects of these diseases introduced into marriage are still further manifest in the offspring. From 70 to 80 per cent of the ophthalmic which blots out the eyes of babies and 15 to 20 per cent of all blindness are due to gonococcal infection. The conception is simply murderous. From 60 per cent to 80 per cent of all infected children die before being born, or come into the world with the mark of death upon them. Those that really survive—one in four or five—become the subjects of degenerative changes and organic defects which may be transmitted to the third generation. Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we recommend to the legislature the passage of the following amendment:

Section 15 of the Domestic Relations Law is hereby amended by inserting the following provision:

Section 15. Duty of Town and City Clerks. It shall be the duty of the town or city clerk, when an application for a marriage license is made to him, to require each of the contracting parties to furnish a certificate from a duly licensed physician, certifying that such applicant is free from the following ailments: Dysmenstrua, true insanity, hereditary insanity, or insanity resulting from vice; primary, secondary or tertiary syphilis, gonorrhoea, tuberculosis, or consumption. Be it further

Resolved, That the legislative committee be authorized to present to the legislature the above amendment.

The state of Washington lately adopted a law requiring a health certificate as a condition for the issuing of a marriage license. This law is strongly approved by physicians

WE CARRY A GREAT VARIETY OF FOOTWEAR

We reduce our profit to a minimum, and give you the benefit in price.

D. MOSKOWITZ,

30 Ave. C, cor. 4th St., N. Y.

CALL READERS,

we profit we make on your trade we will invest in Call advertising.

HARLEM SHOE CO.,

1066 Third Ave., Cor. 103d Street.

Entertainment and Ball

For the Benefit of

THE NEW YORK CALL and NEW YORKER VOLKSZEITUNG

The Joint Executive Board of the Bakers and Confectionery Workers' International Union on Saturday, November 13, 1909, at

NEW SOKOL HALL, East 72d Street.

TICKETS, 15c. HAT CHECKS, 10c.

Opera, Concert and Ball

Arranged by the N. Y. Call Conference.

THE WEBSTER-POWELL OPERA COMPANY

WILL PRESENT IN ENGLISH

MATREMONIO SECRETO (The Secret Marriage)

By Cimarosa.

SIG. EUGENIO PIRANI, Director.

CONCERT BY THE

Norma Ladies' Trio and Aida Ladies' Quartette

AT AMSTERDAM OPERA HOUSE,

44th St. between 8th and 9th Aves.

Thanksgiving Day, November 25, 1909, at 2.30 P. M.

BALL AFTER THE BALL

Admission, 35 Cents Reserved Box Seats, 75 Cents.

SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

Tonight's Meetings.

MANHATTAN AND BROOKLYN.

Business.

4th A. D.—108 1/2 Broadway street.
6th A. D.—265 East 34 street.
8th A. D.—311 Grand street.
14th A. D.—Broadway—112 East 10th street.

19th A. D.—(Branch 1)—419 First avenue, between 24th and 25th streets.
21st A. D.—580 West 125th street.
21st and 23rd A. D. (German)—19 Manhattan street.
21st A. D.—287 St. Nicholas avenue.
23rd, 24th and 25th A. D. (German)—380 Third avenue.

TEXTILE WORKERS.

"She seeketh wool and flax and worketh willingly with her hands. She layeth her hands to the spindle and her hands hold the distaff. She is not afraid of the snow. She is not for all her household are clothed with scarlet. She maketh fine linen and selmeth it." Thus the story and the picture of women making cloth and fine linen comes to us from renaissance to generation; and this woman's work, this art taught by mother to daughter, has seemed to defy all change of time and peoples. But the close of the eighteenth century witnessed an unheralded and momentous revolution—the introduction of machinery. The first power loom reached New England in 1814, and the first power loom weaver was Deborah Skinner, of Lowell. When in 1817 Fall River introduced three new power looms, the three pioneers who ventured forth to do the old work in a new way were women, Sallie Winters, Mary Healy, Hannah Borden. Today there are over 600,000 textile workers in America, cotton, woolen, silk and jute workers, 60 per cent of whom are women and children. Hannah Borden ran just one loom, but the girl-weaver of today runs six, ten and twenty-four looms; and as you look through the cotton haze of a weave room you see rows and rows and endless rows of looms, and the noise is actually terrifying. Is it strange that weavers become deaf? Do you know how many girls pay that price? And I wonder if you know of the shuttle which the weaver threads with her mouth and which passes from mouth to mouth? Standing in thick cotton dust in the card room the speeder-tender may have 1,000 bobbins in the upper part of her machine and 500 in the lower part, and William Hard tells us that "each bobbin, in each machine, in each alley, is whirling like a dervish at almost unimaginable speed, and screaming like the whistle on a peanut-stand." And the weavers, the ring-spinners, the speeder-tenders, work in heat which is like the intense heat of the tropics, and at the end of the day's work face the bitter cold nights of our northern winters. What a price we are paying for our cotton sheets and our calico! Let us count the cost! In one year, out of every thousand babies, 147 died in Chicago, 189 in New York, 194 in Boston, and 136 in Fall River.

TO CELEBRATE ANNIVERSARY.

Tomorrow, at Grand Manhattan Hall, 300 Grand street, the Socialist Youth of Russia will celebrate their anniversary with a grand concert and ball. An excellent program has been arranged and a good time is assured. Tickets on sale at the office of The Call and Forward.

TO OPEN HEADQUARTERS.

Tomorrow evening, at 1461 Third avenue, between 52d and 53d streets, the Socialists of the 20th Assembly District will hold an entertainment to celebrate the opening of their new headquarters. This is the first time Yorkville has made an effort to entertain and Socialist sympathizers of that section should help make this undertaking a success.

PEOPLE'S FORUM.

The lecture next Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock, at the People's Forum, Hart Hall, Gates avenue, near Broadway, Brooklyn, arranged by Local Clubs, will be one of the most important of the series. Frank Bohn will speak on "The Economic Basis of the American Revolution." This lecture, together with Professor Beard's lecture on November 29, on "The Economic Interpretation of the American Revolution," and Robert Trust's lecture on December 26, on "The Real Spirit of the American Revolution," these three lectures are of vital importance to Socialists, and all who can attend should not fail to do so.

BROOKLYN CALL CONFERENCE.

Meeting of the Brooklyn Call Conference was held in the Labor Lyceum, October 27. C. G. Geyser acted as chairman and the following delegates were seated: John, of the 22d A. D.; Harold, of the 2d A. D.; Carl, of the 15th A. D.; Carl, of the 21st A. D.; Guggenheimer volunteered to go before some of the local organizations and urge them to accept socialist tickets.

BROOKLYN.

The Socialist School of Williamsburg has reorganized under the name "Socialist Students of Williamsburg." A meeting was held Sunday, and it being so near election, one of the members proposed having a straw vote for Mayor. Everyone present was in favor of this, and as a result there was some electioneering, and as is usual in the case, some very good things were said about each of the candidates, especially Bannard, Gaylor and Hearst.

QUEENS.

All the lumber to be used in making alterations to the Socialist Educational Club's building has been delivered. Every Socialist and sympathizer in Kings and Queens counties who is a carpenter, cabinet maker or painter is urged to volunteer his services for tomorrow afternoon. Report to A. Steinhafer, the architect, at 457 Greene street, near Cypress avenue, Evergreen, where the clubhouse is located.

Public Lectures

The following free lectures are arranged under the auspices of the Board of Education for the following schools:

Dr. Witt Clinton High School, 50th street and Tenth avenue. "Strange Rights in Ceylon." Dr. Rosalie H. Moore.

Wadleigh High School, 115th street and Seventh avenue. "Shakespeare and His Times." Dr. A. Y. Williams.

Public School 14, 225 East 27th street. "Brittany, the Summerland of France." Mrs. Agnes H. Matheis.

Public School 28, Duane street and Clark street. "Garibaldi, the Crusader." Ripert S. Holland.

Public School 40, 320 East 30th street. "How Shall a Girl Earn Her Living." Mrs. Rheta Childs Dorr.

Public School 62, Broadway and Academy street. Inwood. "Through the Kaiser's Domain." Dr. James W. Hogan.

Public School 90, 14th street and Eighth avenue. "Patriotic Songs and War Songs." Miss Kate S. Chittenden.

Public School 127, St. Nicholas avenue and 127th street. "Capital Employed in the Packing Business." Professor James Walter Crook.

Public School 138, Avenue C and 77th street. "Phases of Parsian Life." Miss Katherine D. Groth.

Public School 160, Suffolk and Brinton streets. "The French Alliance of 1778." Harry Crane.

West Side Neighborhood House, 511 West 50th street. "Among the Indians of Central America." John H. Geare.

V. M. B. A. Hall, 311 East Broadway. "Gonard's Opera, Faust." Mrs. Frankie Hoff.

LABOR UNION NOTES

Secretaries and business agents of labor unions are requested to send in facts concerning the activities of their respective organizations, such as strikes, meetings, trade conditions, growth of organizations and other items of interest to the workers.

LOCAL.

ANTIQUE COOPERSMITHS.

There will be a mass meeting at 414 Grand street tonight for the purpose of reorganizing the Antique Coopersmiths and Brass Workers' Union. A committee of the United Hebrew Trades will be present. Addresses will be made by prominent East Side trades unionists.

TILE LAYERS' UNION.

There will be a meeting of the Tile Layers' Union next Monday night, November 8, at 201 East 67th street.

BROOKLYN PANTS MAKERS.

The Brooklyn Pants Makers' Union, Non. 42, will hold a mass meeting tonight at 71 Cook street, Brooklyn. J. Goldstein and B. Weinstein will address the meeting.

INTERNATIONAL SEAMEN'S UNION.

The call for the fourteenth annual convention of the International Seamen's Union of America, which is to be called to order in New York, November 29, has been sent out to all affiliated unions.

GARMENT WORKERS OF ST. LOUIS.

From St. Louis comes the news that the lock-out against the Garment Workers of the Marks & Haas Clothing Company, is still in force. The injunction against the local unions and members of the United Garment Workers was denied by Judge Hitchcock in the Circuit Court.

"UNFAIR LIST" SCHEME.

Portland (Oregon) unionists are contemplating a change in the by-laws of their central body that will revolutionize the workings of the "unfair list" as applied to business firms and individuals who are unfair to organized labor. The Portland Labor Press describes the proposed change in the following article:

INTERNATIONAL.

A BIG UNION.

The contemplated organization of the International Brotherhood of

GUIDE TO THEATERS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, 14th st. and Irving pl. 8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat. 2. "The Return of the Hero" by Leo Wilson. Dodo. Wm. Bertha Golland. This week only.

ASTOR, 42nd st. and Broadway. 8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat. 2:15. "The Man from Home" with William Hodge. Comedy by Booth Tarkenton and Harry Leon Wilson. Last week.

ALHAMBRA, Seventh ave. and 139 st. Mat. every day. Vaudeville. Kettie Gilbert.

AMERICAN MUSIC HALL, 42d st. near Broadway. Mat. every day. Vaudeville. Daily. Albert Chevalier. Vaudeville.

BROADWAY, 41st st. and Broadway. 8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat. 2:15. "The Midnight Song" musical comedy.

CRITERION, 44th st. and Broadway. 8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat. 2:15. "Israel" by Henri Bernstein.

CIRCLE, 60th st. and Broadway. 8:15. Mat. daily. Vaudeville.

COLONIAL, 62d st. and Broadway. Mat. daily. Vaudeville.

COMEDY, 41st st. between Broadway and Sixth ave. 8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat. 2:15. "The Melting Pot" musical comedy.

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GENERAL RESULTS.

The capitalist fraud-reformers have been beaten in almost every contest from New York to San Francisco. Heney as well as Giboney, Johnson as well as Hearst went down in defeat.

The victory of fusion in New York is a matter of pure accident, due to the sudden diversion by Hearst. Tammany was taken by surprise. The inevitable sins of commission and omission by the fusionist officials and better preparation on the part of Tammany are pretty sure to result in the return of the latter to power at the next opportunity.

The re-election of Brand, Whitlock in Toledo, Ohio, can hardly be registered to the credit of the capitalist reformers, for Whitlock is a man of advanced views and enjoys considerable working class support.

In Massachusetts the usually large Republican plurality was greatly reduced, owing to dissatisfaction with the Payne tariff. But that this dissatisfaction will lead to a permanent change in party alignment is not likely, for every manufacturer who demands that the tariff on the other fellow's products be reduced objects most strenuously to tariff reduction on his own products.

The best news comes from Maryland, where the assault on the franchise of negroes was repulsed for the second time by a decisive majority.

LESSONS OF THE ELECTION.

Organization.

We do not pretend to know the specific reasons of our very serious setback.

But we do know that our setback was a very serious one.

It was not an accident, a surprise.

It occurred before and will occur again unless there is a change in our methods.

It was stated yesterday that in order to go to the root of the matter, committees, or a joint committee, of competent men must be appointed to make a thorough investigation into party conditions.

But the Socialist press may give considerable help to the party in the determination of our shortcomings.

These manifest themselves in different directions. Let us first take up, in however cursory and superficial a manner, the question of organization.

We are informed that the membership of the party in this city is larger now than it ever was before.

How many of the new members are going to remain in the party and become useful workers? We know from past experience that the party membership is subject to constant fluctuations and changes.

True, the places of those that leave are filled by newcomers. It is likewise true that the changes in personnel are largely due to the very conditions of working class life, particularly its insecurity and mobility.

Nevertheless we dare make the assertion that many members leave the party for the reason that they find it difficult to remain in it owing to the endless demands upon their time and their scant income.

The party is of necessity subdivided into a large number of organizations, first according to Assembly districts, and secondly according to languages and nationalities.

But the number of subdivisions should be reduced to the very minimum commanded by necessity. Every superfluous organization means a waste of time, energy and money.

The number of business meetings held by organizations should be reduced to the unavoidable minimum. Much, perhaps the greater part, of the routine business transacted in open meetings might just as well, if not better, be attended to by a small standing committee. The time thus saved by the bulk of the members could then be employed in reading or in useful party work.

The constant calls upon the members for money contributions for every conceivable object must cease. They drive away the members and they leave no money for absolute necessities, for example, campaign funds. The district organizations and other subdivisions are in the habit of arranging little entertainments and calling upon all other organizations to help them. This vicious habit should be given up. No organization should embark upon enterprises so large that the support for them cannot be drawn from its own locality. And no general call for money contributions or support of festivals and other enterprises should be made except through the authorized central party authority. A mere announcement in the press is, of course, not an appeal. But the appeals of the party papers themselves ought in our opinion to be made to conform to the general rule—authorization by the central party authority. The husbanding of our small resources must be enforced.

The central committee of the party should be made more effective than it is. The making of lengthy speeches and the repetition of arguments advanced by others should be discouraged as much as possible. The transaction of business should be the sole end and aim of all meetings. Whatever can be done by permanent special committees should be done by them and not by the central committee as a whole. Much time may thus be saved for proper work.

The vicious habit of accepting the first man who volunteers to go for a particular committee should be eradicated. No one should be proposed for committee work and no one should accept committee work unless he is able and willing to do the work of that committee. And in choosing delegates to the central committee the organizations should look not for glib talkers, but for intelligent, able and willing workers.

THANKS, WE WIN!



THE REAL VICTORS IN TUESDAY'S ELECTION.

A CHALLENGE TO LABOR.

By Robert Hunter.

President Taft, on his recent tour of the West, spoke at the City Hall in Phoenix, Ariz.

His words had a curious imperial sound, such as one would expect Edward to use to the people of Egypt or of India.

He spoke as "the little father" of Russia might speak to the peasants and workmen of his vast dominions.

The President instructed the Filipinos in the Philippine government.

Speaking as a father to his children, he told them that they might have statehood on one condition: "You have GOT," he said, "to formulate a constitution AFTER Congress says you shall come in."

He then warned them against preparing a constitution similar to that of Oklahoma which he called a "zoological garden."

Perhaps our readers have not a very clear idea of the "zoological garden" in Oklahoma's "zoological garden." Well, here are a few:

The railroads are forced to give two-cent passenger fares.

The initiative and referendum is established as a part of the legislative system.

The state is expressly given the right to engage in any business or occupation for public purposes.

Trial by jury is granted in contempt cases for violation of injunctions or orders of restraint. No one can be punished for contempt of court before trial.

Records, books and films of all corporations shall be subject to full visitation and inspection.

The railroads are declared public highways.

Campaign contributions from corporations are forbidden.

Watered stock is prohibited.

Constitutional protection is given to workingmen to women and to children.

That list includes the chief freaks in Oklahoma's "zoological garden." The trouble with Oklahoma is that human beings are given some protection. Labor is granted some rights and capital, the God of Mr. Taft, is hampered and hobbled a little.

Mr. Taft was once a Judge. He was trained in our school of Czarism.

He believes that judicial cars should have the right to abolish trial by jury, cast men in prison and smash unions of workmen at pleasure.

He does not like restrictions on railroads. He does not like the state to have the power to do business and compete with John Rockefeller, John Hays Hammond or Pierpont Morgan.

Such ideas belong to the manager, and children of Arizona, New Mexico, Honolulu and Manila. If you want statehood, drop such freak ideas.

I know something of the people of New Mexico and Arizona. I have lived on their broad mesas, slept in their canyons and tramped over their mountain peaks.

They are rough, thoughtful, independent, fearless men. They cannot

be driven, but they may be outwitted and allow Mr. Taft, Senator Root or Speaker Cannon to write them a constitution that will bind them hand and foot.

They may be hoodwinked by these smooth gentlemen and establish courts with power to declare anything and everything the people want unconstitutional.

They may, through ignorance, accept a constitution creating judicial cars who can hold in contempt every man who fights the battles of his fellows.

They may, through ignorance, barter away their freedom for two new stars on the American flag.

Our comrades of the West should make their fight NOW. The American Federation of Labor, the Western Miners and the Socialist party should take up this challenge of Mr. Taft and fight with every democratic element in Arizona and New Mexico that desires constitutional freedom and an approach to political democracy.

The Socialists of Europe have always fought with any party or class to obtain measures extending the suffrage, extending democracy and granting to the people greater constitutional freedom.

The trade unionists and Socialists of Arizona and New Mexico should do likewise. They should do all in their power NOW to persuade the people of these Western territories not to barter away freedom for the sake of statehood.

WAKE UP, COMRADES!

By P. Vlag.

Good for you, Comrade Editor. It requires courage to express sentiments such as you did in your editorial.

I, too, have endeavored recently to induce the comrades to change their old methods to more practical ones. The results of my endeavors were not very encouraging and it looked as if some of the comrades had a good mind to have me tried for insanity.

We have for the last eight years talked Socialism to the people as an abstract question. Very much like the Christians for the last twenty centuries have been telling the people to be good.

We Socialists claim to understand that a man cannot be good unless his condition permits him to be good. Then why do we not concentrate our efforts on the immediate change of the economic conditions of the working class?

Tammany Hall does not talk about economic determinism, but makes it work by controlling the economic interest of a large number of voters.

The workmen in this country are no longer in any large degree hostile toward the Socialist movement.

Then why do we not get their votes? Because we do not appeal to their immediate economic interest. Someone will say, "But how can we appeal to their economic interest?" This question may appear not to be very easy to answer, and still it does not seem so very difficult to me. In the first place, as far as a few

general methods are concerned we can look to the example of our comrades in European countries.

For example, why do we not pay more attention to the organizing of co-operative societies? It has been proven beyond a doubt that they are an excellent method through which to appeal to the people's economic interest.

Why do we not make a grand, concentrated, national effort to get into the labor unions?

Then again, we can look to Europe, and see how the party there utilizes every opportunity in local issues to appeal to the immediate economic interest of the workers.

To do this successfully, however, we need the help of every Socialist. Therefore, if you have the good of the party at heart forget all petty differences, and not only welcome, but also appeal to all who are willing to assist in the work for the cause.

Let us no longer allow ANYBODY, whoever he may be, to use some mistake of some comrade, to divide us into factions. If we had any agents of the Civic Federation within our ranks, they certainly could not desire to have us act differently from what we have done in the past.

Comrades, let us down ANYBODY, whoever he may be, who is not big and broad enough to forget personal difference when for the good of the party at large is concerned.

Let us have democratic management, by all means, but let us use a little common sense about it. Many workmen with their first realiza-

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

LOMBROSO.

Editor of The Call:

I wish to protest, and vigorously, against the mischievous editorial on Lombroso, appearing in to-day's issue of The Call.

I can explain this editorial only by one of two reasons. Either it is written in utter ignorance of the fact that Lombroso was a criminologist not in the legal, but in the medical sense, so that the "crimes" which he made his study are not those defined by pathologists—not the breaking of man-made "laws," but aberrations from the normal physiological, psychological reactions which suggest the natural law working in healthy individuals. Or, knowing this fact, you are willfully blind to it, because, forsooth, in your opinion it "is in direct conflict with the fundamental teachings of Marx," to which you carelessly, and presumably ignorantly, add "as well as with the established facts of history and ethnology." The established facts of these two studies point to the immensely differing estimates placed by public opinion upon one and the same act, in different communities and at different stages of the same community; they say nothing whatever about the physiological causes which impel an individual into acts, whether acceptable or the reverse to his time and circle, which the scientific psychologist and physiologist recognize as pathological in their nature. The known facts of science in this field are the remarkable results obtained in various laboratories—notably in Paris—by simple surgical operations upon children showing tendencies to abnormal reactions, such as excessive dullness of apprehension, inattentiveness, restlessness and idleness; and various forms of sex perversion. Every modern authority in human pathology recognizes the intimate relation between crime and organic disease, which, notoriously in the case of syphilis and alcoholism, have an immediate effect upon the offspring. (Cf. the report recently completed by a royal commission on the causes of degeneracy in Great Britain.)

Thus your statement concerning history and ethnology is wholly irrelevant; it is also misleading, and in so far extremely mischievous. No less so is your assumption that Marx is any authority in this matter. While Marx presumably discusses the legal definition of crime and so conforms to the facts of history and ethnology, you falsify his statement by applying it to a set of facts other than those he has in mind. And who is Marx, that his name should be used to contradict the results of modern scientific research? He is great enough, by his genuine contribution, not to be made laughable in the eyes of all independent thinkers by the foolish pretensions of lesser than he on his behalf.

This appeal to Marx, how, pray, does it differ in essence from the priest's appeal to the Pope, from the bureaucrat's appeal to the government? In these days, when we are stirred by a judicial murder, there is a great outcry against kings and popes. Let us not be short-sighted in this great matter. Kings and popes are but symbols of two deep-lying qualities in the mass of men—physical and intellectual cowardice and sloth. The tendency to let others do our thinking and discover our facts for us—this is the tendency that must be rooted out of the majority before we may hope to see disappear the minority that believes or pretends to believe itself supernaturally appointed to do our thinking and our doing for us.

Ignorance and willful wrestling of facts to one's own end, are the weapons of that minority. Let them never be met with in the hands of the soldiers of progress. To acknowledge our ignorance and be silent, or to admit readily and gladly every error in our conclusions, if such be proved—this should be the standard set in your editorials, let us hope more in the future than it has been in the past.

Such a paragraph as this on Lombroso awakens only contempt among the enemies of your paper, as well as among those indifferent as yet to the cause of economic justice, whom you may hope to arouse only by commanding their respect for all our utterances. Moreover, it creates a profound distrust in those who are supporting you in the interests of that intellectual enlightenment and honesty that alone shall achieve and confirm a genuine democracy. F. V. KEYS, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Oct. 21, 1909.

II.

Editor of The Call:

Socialism is so strong in its proper arguments, has so splendid an array of scientific weapons in its war against established wrong, that any mistake in the attitude or logic of its chief adherents becomes particularly deplorable. It is with the friendly spirit of a life-long Socialist that I beg the favor of your space to point out the error in viewpoint in Lombroso and his work that struck me in your editorial of October 21.

What Lombroso pointed out, and with a wealth of measurements of anatomic structures, such as shape and size of head, and an intensive and comprehensive analysis of the psychological reactions of criminals to give scientific value to his results, was that the criminal was in a large proportion of cases a victim of his constitution. That is, his skull was either abnormally shaped, eccentric, unsymmetrical or in some combination of these departments from the normal bearings congenital malformations, for it is inconceivable that these changes are caused by the life after birth. Moreover, all these changes, while occurring among non-criminal, were present among criminals so many times more frequently as to give them a peculiar importance as the stamp of congenital and therefore hereditary defectiveness.

Lombroso was far from believing that crime was an entity of fixed character, a body that was handed down like the shape of one's head from progenitor to descendant, but he did believe that certain people through their limited mental capacity (and therefore limited moral outlook) yielded very rapidly, and in very early youth as a rule, to the pressure of temptation imposed by need and passion. Society placed a burden on them which they could not carry, and which most of their neigh-

bors of the same social stratum despite their natural grumbling, male, such people when very young commenced to steal, murder and commit gross sexual crimes; if fewer they became victims before public or as soon as they are sexually mature to the treachery of men and bear legitimate children or become prostitutes. Moreover criminals have an alarming number of epileptics among them, and it is, conversely, a well-recognized fact amongst alienists that epileptic seizure may take the form of anti-social crime instead of the common convulsion.

All this does not neglect the fact that a normal person often does yield to temptation, the pressure of the burning sense of wrong and the conventional morality. It may be that the greater number of criminals, and surely the greater number of prostitutes, is recruited from a class of normal persons, anthropologically and psychologically, that find and order the remorseless degradation of their lives. Yet side by side with these victims of society, whose criminality is really a normal psychological action, is a large class whose brains and bodies bear the stamp of a congenital, a hereditary inferiority, whose criminal acts are the expression of a distorted, atavistic, or warped personality. Mankind range in mental capacity from the idiot to the Newton and Shakespeare, and are its boast, but all along that range the various intermediate stages stand out from the man who yields once to his anti-social needs and sins to the one whom no force can make a criminal.

It is the glory of Lombroso, I believe was a Socialist, like so many of the Jewish race, to have pointed this out and to have proved it. It is true that he exaggerated the number of such criminals; it is true that he went to extremes in the number of signs he believed denoted abnormality but in the main his contention is merely that heredity and environment ruled here as elsewhere. The difficulty to Socialists in the acceptance of his view is that they believe somehow that it is an aristocratic belief, one that insists too strongly on the natural inequality of men, that it is an argument both against the justice and the possibility of Socialist commonwealth. But Lombroso has no more to fear from truth than he has from any other. Surely are born weak mentally, as surely as they are born weak physically. Sincerely yours,

ABRAHAM MYERSON, M. D., Roxbury, Mass., Oct. 21, 1909.

[These two rather lengthy communications are in criticism of a long editorial paragraph on Lombroso's general theoretical standpoint. Lack of space prevented earlier appearance during the municipal campaign. Their length prevents us from a detailed examination, even of the most important points advanced by the writers.]

In the above-mentioned editorial paragraph we stated that crime was a social concept, that is, a variable and that, therefore, it cannot be caused by a constant—a physical trait as Lombroso contended. Have our critics advanced anything in refutation of this position? F. V. KEYS' assertion that Lombroso spoke of physiological aberrations, and of crimes in the accepted sense, is simply not true. It will be noticed that our other critic, Dr. Myerson, makes so much pretension. The latter accepts Lombroso's theory with certain modifications and restrictions reducing in fact only to this, that under unfavorable social conditions those who suffer from physiological or psychological defects will more readily yield to temptation and will commit crime. This may be so or may not be so, but this is not Lombroso's theory.

We ask Dr. Myerson, Has Lombroso ever attempted a study, by his method, of the criminals out of prison—insurance swindlers, railroad grabbers, land thieves, adulterators of food and poisoners of nations, the murderers of their working people in mine factories and railroads? May not the physiological traits he discovered in the prison population be due to the and their parents' mode of life in and out of jail?

As to the offensive tone of E. V. Keys, who no doubt plumes himself on his good breeding, it is simply an exhibition of rabid anti-Marxism. Ed. The Call.]

AN IDEAL LABOR COMMITTEE

Some capitalists are perfectly willing to deal with their employes through committees, provided such committees are made up of the right kind of material. An English concern operating gas works in Mariendorf, not very far from Berlin, deserves the great credit for the make-up of a committee of workers. The selection of the members was as follows: One man was stunted so he could not talk with anybody looked straight at him, a Polish underdog no German, and deaf mute.

And it was stated that this committee did its work to the entire satisfaction of the boss.

The Taft junket through the southwest incidental to his meeting in Mexican tyrant Diaz, left a trail of anarchy and misadministration in the part of government officials heretofore unknown in this country. The effect there was a cessation of citizenship as in the presence of king. Some persons were warned from homes and city, and others were arrested without charge, detained several days and released without explanation in the Mexican border towns. Among the latter was John Murray, recently of Chicago, who he acted as secretary of the Political Refugee Defense League. He was arrested in San Antonio and denied communication with his friends during his incarceration. Spanish National Organizer L. Gutierrez de Lara was arrested in Los Angeles, charged with being in alien and "an anarchist" and is being held under a writ of habeas corpus pending trial by the federal immigration authorities.

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