

The emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.

The Call

The Weather.

Generally fair today and Sunday colder Saturday; brisk westerly winds.

TELEPHONES 2271-2273 WORTH.

Devoted to the Interests of the Working People.

Vol. 2—No. 249.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1909.

Price Two Cents.

GIVE TODAY—SATURDAY. THE WAGE FUND CLOSES MONDAY

By BEN HANFORD.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED, TOTAL FOR FIFTY-FIVE DAYS, WITH ONE DAY INCOMPLETE \$1,440.98 RECEIVED MONDAY (ADDITIONAL) AND TUESDAY, OCTOBER 11 and 12 (INCOMPLETE) 162.92

TOTAL, FIFTY-SIX DAYS (ONE DAY INCOMPLETE) \$1,603.90

MONDAY, OCTOBER EIGHTEEN (18), The Call's One Day's Wage Fund Closes.

Saturday (Today) is Pay Day for many of you. Do not forget the Call. Not in themselves. Not for their name. But because the Wage Fund is to help the Call, and because the Call is to help YOU. To help YOU in your struggles against the Boss. To help YOU raise wages. To help YOU get a shorter Work Day. To help YOU to become Free Men and Free Women in a Free World.

Give yourself. Give NOW. This Day, Saturday. Then see that others give. Don't be afraid to ask them. If you know any Socialist who is able to give to the Wage Fund and who has not done so, make it your business to remind him.

Trade Unionists, The Call is the only sure friend you have in all the English Daily Papers in New York City. It is worth your while to see that it is supported. To help The Call is to help YOURSELF.

ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS—The mails from distant points are still being sent to the appeal for ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS to contribute to The Call Wage Fund in a single day. I cannot tell yet what the total amount will be, nor the total number of givers. But I know enough to know it is encouraging.

The Call has won its hardest battle. The Call is a Success.

Wage Fund Receipts for Monday and Tuesday, October 11 and 12—Incomplete.

J. E. New York	\$3.00	Ego Nyman	\$1.00
C. E. Baltimore, Md.	1.00	Albert Rehnman	.50
J. E. Union Course, L. I.	10.60	Isak Ransgan	1.00
Mrs. C. W. S. Springfield, Mass.	.25	Jacob Schuitler	1.00
Mrs. Edloff, Rochester, N. Y.	.50	Fingal Stening	1.00
A. E. of Thomas Boyce, Fall River, Mass.	1.00	Simon Taylor	1.00
Member of 26th A. D., New York	2.00	Anders Thoren	1.00
Hans Liber	.25	Union Man	1.00
Government Employee, Flinton, Pa.	1.30	Union Man	.50
Bagley Brothers, New York	1.00	Wm. Fruchtmann, New York	1.25
Thomas J. Boyce, Fall River, Mass.	1.00	George Glass, White Plains	3.00
Louis Brooks, New York	3.00	Armin H. Green, New York	.50
Wm. M. Brashman, New York	1.00	Wm. Greenfield, New York	1.00
B. Bucklewood, Elizabeth, N. J.	1.00	A. E. Hartig, Baltimore, Md.	1.00
R. Carson, Rochester, N. Y.	1.00	Bertha Hemberger, N. Y.	2.00
Mary E. Culver, Hastings-on-Hudson	1.00	John Hennessy, Schenectady	2.00
R. Cantor, Brooklyn	2.20	Max Herold, Brooklyn	2.00
Phillip Chor, New York	5.00	H. Jordan, Lynn, Mass.	1.00
Julius Chelidberg, New York	1.00	I. Klein, New York	1.00
Gerardo Chilton, Shenectady, N. Y.	2.50	Olaf Larsen, Alexandria Bay, N. Y.	2.00
A. Dietz, Washington, D. C.	2.00	L. Lawrence, New York	3.00
A. F. Dostrow, New York	2.00	M. Levine, New York	1.50
R. Dragan, New York	1.00	Chas. Lenker, Freeport, L. I.	5.00
Collected by MARTIN FALK, Bedford, Mass.	.50	S. Lustow, New York	1.00
L. Barrett	2.00	Joseph Michael, New York	5.00
Gustave Bloume	1.00	Sophie Mettzer, Brooklyn	2.00
Rudolph Bruckner	.50	Dr. M. Michalovsky	10.00
Alfred Carlson	.50	Moses Oppenheimer, N. Y.	10.00
Paul Cleuzo	.50	Robt. Otto, Westfield, N. J.	1.00
John Damenhoff	.50	Herman B. Pumphlin and Friend, New York	4.00
B. Donovan	1.00	Pogo Thomas and Oscar Thomas, Meriden, Conn.	1.70
Oscar Erickson	1.00	George Broder, Baltimore	.50
Elmer Falk	2.00	Dr. J. Rolnick, Bepoklya	4.00
Tomás Fogerty	.50	W. W. Ross, New York	8.17
A. Gundersen	.50	Theodore Rugl, New York	1.00
Hjalmar Gundersen	1.00	H. A. Simmons, Shenectady	2.50
William Hicks	1.00	A. Schlosser, New York	1.00
T. Frick	.50	M. Stein, New York	1.00
Carl Lett	1.00	Christen Weidner, N. Y.	1.00
David Liffjvest	.50	M. V. Woodmansee and Mrs. Sarah Lakon Woodmansee, 18th A. D., Brooklyn	3.50
John Lindom	.50	J. Worster, Hornell, N. Y.	1.00
Frank Lutz	.50	M. Zametkin, Brooklyn	1.00
Received Monday and Tuesday, Oct. 11 and 12 (incomplete)			\$ 162.92

These Workers Love The Call More Than They Love The Dollar

TWELVE WAITERS, New York—To be or not to be, that is the question. We decided that The Call has to be. The Call is the only English New York Socialist paper, the only paper that represents the working class. We are waiters by profession. We live among the capitalists, but we don't like them. While we serve dinners which cost \$20, and even more per head, we are satisfied to have a sausage for supper. While the guests in our hotels live in most luxurious rooms, we have to be contented with small beds in tenements and pay high prices for them. As long as our upper class spend hundreds of dollars daily in pleasure, but cannot afford to pay their workers decent wages so long will there be need for a fighting paper, a paper that knows that all workers are brothers with one common enemy, the capitalist. And such a paper is The Call. We waiters appeal to all other waiters and fellow-workers to send their dollar to strengthen the life of our paper. If The Call ceases to be published, all you who did not send your donation along are guilty of killing your truest friend. But if The Call lives without your help, and is successful in abolishing the evils so common in our present society, you will not be able to enjoy the better life and say, "This is the fruit of a united movement in which I also have done my share." And this shall be your punishment.

hope it will be able to go on in spite of the indifference manifested by those it seeks to benefit.

JOHN LYONS, Brooklyn—"Although I incise but \$1 to the Wage Fund, it by no means represents what I would like to do. Out of the meager wages of a workman, my wife and I have been able to scrape up something every week for three months up to October 1 to send to The Call and are sorry this is all we can send just now."

EDWARD J. DUTTON, New York—"You can't lose me on the Souvenir Edition, Old War Horse, so here's a plunk to pay for printing my name in this everlasting memorial and in order that no mistake is made, I will sign my name on the typewriter. Am I a revolutionist? Well, I guess yes, for I even use a red typewriter ribbon."

E. O. GAMEAU, Lowell, Mass.—"Have read your appeal, and want to be one of the thousand. Here is \$1. Wish it might be more, but have to deny myself of some of the necessities of life—not luxuries—to send this as my protest against this Damnable Capitalist system. What better argument could I offer?"

J. NATHANIEL ZALOWITZ, New York—"I am more than sorry to send so small a contribution to help so great an undertaking as The Call. But that's all that I can give at present to show that I, too, love the paper that stands unequivocally for the Working Class of America, ay, of the World."

THEO. RENDESSY, Johnstown, Pa.—"As a reader I have nothing to criticize about The Call. It is my gospel, evangel, complete articles of faith, holy scriptures, old, new and new."

(Continued on page 3.)

PINKERTONS USED IN PIEMAN STRIKE

Herman Woller Assaulted by Professional Thug and Then Fined in Court.

While Herman Woller, one of the strikers, was picketing the shop of the New York Pie Baking Company, of 82 Sullivan street, yesterday, he was set upon by a Pinkerton, who threatened to shoot him, and badly beaten, because he refused to leave the block, and then arrested and taken to Jefferson Market Court, charged with felonious assault, and fined \$10.

Louis Wisler, another picket, was arraigned in Yorkville Court yesterday morning, charged with disorderly conduct while watching the shop of the New England Pie Company, Thursday night, and fined \$2.

George Sparks, a restaurant keeper, of 142 East 7th street, was in court to pay the fines of both Woller and Wisler.

The sympathy of the public with the strikers was displayed yesterday in no uncertain manner when a boss named Keller, of Sullivan street, who was escorting a gang of New Jersey scabs, was set upon and the scabs driven off.

The New England Pie Company resumed work Thursday night with thirty scabs, but early yesterday morning they were forced to close up the shop and pay each of the scabs \$2 for having made no pies. The same thing happened in all the bakeries which tried to operate with scabs.

The scab wagons that went out with scab pies yesterday returned to the shops with their loads of scab goods. It was reported at the union headquarters, because restaurant keepers demanded the union display cards which the scabs, of course, could not supply.

The waiters in a number of restaurants threatened to walk out if the proprietors asked them to serve scab-made pies, and it is expected that this attitude of the waiters will hasten the settlement of the trouble.

The six wagons sent out by the union yesterday sold 3,000 20 cent pies, and wherever the drivers entered a restaurant or lunch room they received great applause.

Signs are being distributed by the union among restaurants that are handling union made pies and any restaurant that does not display a union sign does not deserve the patronage of union men. The signs read:

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC: This place handles strictly union made pies. ONLY. Kindly ignore others. Locals 112 and 113 B. and C. W. I. U.

The union will open two bakeries today, and place ten wagons in the field, and with the four bosses who gave in to the demands of the union, and are working with double force day and night, it is expected that the demand for the pies will be supplied.

The fight of the pie bakers has been taken up by all the unions in the city, and scab pies will be tabooed by organized labor and other pieaters.

The bakers' unions have issued 20,000 circulars appealing to the people on the East Side to demand union-made pies in all cafes and restaurants, and to refrain from patronizing those places that do not display union signs. Information about union display signs can be obtained from strike headquarters, 142 East 7th street, and also a list of places where restaurant keepers can get union-made pies.

BOHN ON BOSSISM

The Evolution of Politicians Subject at Lyric Hall Tomorrow.

The third lecture on the winter program of the Socialist Forum, which is under the auspices of Local New York of the Socialist party, will be delivered by Frank Bohn in Lyric Hall, tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. Because of the special interest in the campaign and the revelations of the power of the bosses of the capitalist parties, both conservative, reform and so-called radical, Bohn has deemed it wise to speak on that question.

The theme of the lecture will be "The Historical Development of the Politician," and it will deal with the career and record of some of the most widely known political bosses, beginning with Aaron Burr and concluding with William Randolph Hearst.

Questions will be entertained, and minute speeches on the question of the day allowed.

TWO DROWNED; 14 SAVED.

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 15.—Two laborers were drowned and fourteen narrowly escaped death early today when a bathtub swamped when crossing the St. Louis River Bay here today. There were sixteen Northern Pacific dock laborers on the boat when it swamped, but fourteen of them were rescued.

REVOLUTION SPREADS

General Estrada, Leader of Nicaragua Revolt, Gains Many Recruits.

COLON Oct. 15.—(By Wireless from Bluefield.)—General Estrada the Provisional President, is recruiting successfully during the journey toward the interior. Small towns in the vicinity of Rama have surrendered without opposition. The rebellion is gaining strength daily among the people. Thousands are flocking to the standard of the insurgents.

Steamers on Lake Nicaragua have landed insurgents under General Aurelio Estrada at towns on the shore of the lake and the inhabitants have joined the rebels. Serious fighting is likely to take place at Managua, the capital, shortly.

A number of Nicaraguan exiles under General Reyes are expected to arrive from Costa Rica tomorrow. Help is expected from Guatemala and Salvador.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The State Department has received advice that martial law has been declared in Managua, the capital of Nicaragua and that President Zelaya has declared the Atlantic coast ports closed as ports of entry. It is reported that the entire eastern coast of Nicaragua is in the possession of the revolutionists and that the revolt has extended to the western part of the country.

TO CRUSH FINLAND

Czar Will Organize Russian Army For That Especial Purpose.

HELSINKI, Oct. 15.—Determined to put an end to Finland's independent autonomous government, but weary of paying for the necessary military establishment to keep the country in subjection, the Russian government today served notice of its intention to organize a separate army of Russian soldiers for service among the Finns, to the support of which the Finns must contribute just double their present taxes.

The assessment for the current years remains at \$5,200,000. In the future, however, there will be an increase at the rate of \$520,000 annually until a total of \$10,400,000 is reached.

For so poor and small a population, the rate is enormous. What makes the situation most effective, however, is the fact that the army is admittedly to prevent Finnish insurrections. As it is beyond the bounds of possibility that the Finnish diet should approve any such arrangement, it has been put into effect by a ukase instead of by legislative enactment.

No doubt is felt here that the step is the last one, except the actual abolition of autonomous government, toward Finland's reduction to the rank of a mere Russian province.

WIND RAZES BARN

One Killed, Five Injured—Victims Dug Out of Debris.

NEWTON, N. J., Oct. 15.—One man was killed and five others badly injured today while they were at work building a barn on the property of Aaron Luse, two miles south of Johnsonburg.

The dead man is John Wilson, sixty-five years of age. The injured are John Kishpaugh and George Van Horn of Johnsonburg, Aaron Luse and George Wudrick of Johnsonburg township, and Charles Logan of Blairtown.

The framework for the barn was being put in place and there were ten men engaged in the work. Three beams were raised and while the fourth was being put in position a strong gust of wind blew it against the others and the whole thing crashed to the ground, burying the men with it. Those who were the least injured got out and set to work to aid the others, still pinned down. When they got to Wilson he was dead, his skull having been crushed in.

STRIKERS FINED

Magistrate O'Connor Metes Out Dollar 'Justice' to Girls.

Yesterday Magistrate O'Connor, in Jefferson Market Court, fined Sadie Hoffman, Fannie Rosenthal, Mary Starr, and Lena Waxman, who were arrested while picketing the shop of the Triangle Waist Company, and charged with disorderly conduct, each \$1.

Rosie Kavensky, one of the girls on strike against Louis Leiserson, waist manufacturer of 26-32 West 17th street, was arraigned on the charge of assaulting a scab, and fined \$2.

NEW BOOK SURPRISED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 15.—Pressure has been brought to bear upon the Federal authorities at Washington to suppress a volume just off the press that bears the title, "Chinese Immigration," and makes sensational charges against United States consular officers, Senators, Congressmen and persons who have been identified with the Chinese immigration bureau in San Francisco, and word comes from New York today that the book has been withdrawn from circulation by the publishers for correction.

CASSIDY FAVORED BY SUFFRAGISTS

Socialist Candidate for Mayor Answers All Questions Without Evasion or Evasion.

Edward F. Cassidy, the candidate of the Socialist party, was the only Majority nominee who unequivocally answered the series of questions framed up by Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont in the campaign for votes for women, and submitted to the various Majority candidates some time ago to learn what their attitude is toward woman suffrage.

The result of the canvass was announced yesterday, and Cassidy's statement follows in full:

"1. I stand on the platform of the Socialist party, which declares for equal suffrage regardless of sex. I personally advocate woman suffrage.

"2. Most certainly I believe that women wage-earners performing the same services as men are entitled to the same scale of wages.

"3. If I were Mayor I would sign a bill equalizing the pay of male and female teachers and principals in the public schools—similar, if not identical, to that vetoed by Mayor McClellan—if it were submitted to me for signature.

"4. Yes, I would appoint women on the Board of Education.

"5. Am in doubt as to whether I would appoint women as inspectors in the Street Cleaning Department.

"6. Yes, I would appoint women as inspectors in the Department of Health.

"7. You may be sure that I would appoint women as inspectors in the Tenement House Department.

"8. As to appointment inspectors, or attendants, in the Department of Correction and Charity where women and children are committed or admitted, I answer, yes, I would appoint women.

"9. Yes, I would exert my influence to bring about the employment of women physicians in all hospitals and institutions where women and children are either admitted or committed."

William Randolph Hearst did not answer the questions submitted, but instead sent a letter couched in his usual egotistic style, and, although expressing an opinion favorable to most, if not all, of the demands of the women's rights, he jested about his own age, his attitude toward suffrage, and suggested in closing that possibly he was patriarchal enough to ask the women a few questions as to their orthodoxy, but would refrain from doing so.

Bannard did not tie the scratch in his answers and Gaynor did not answer at all. The suffragists are divided, as some of them accept Hearst's position, others that of Manly, the prohibitionist candidate, and still others that of Edward F. Cassidy, the Socialist.

FALLS TO HIS DEATH

Subway Guard Takes Fatal Look From Car at Manhattan Street.

Passengers waiting on the platform at the Manhattan street station of the subway on the Broadway division last night saw a man lying across the southbound tracks about 500 feet below the station.

The man was identified as R. H. Parks, a guard, thirty-five years old, of 1517 Charlotte street, Bronx. He was dead and his body had been badly mangled.

The police learned that Parks was a guard on the third car of a southbound express and that he had fallen from his car in some way, while trying to look out after the train was started. His body was removed to the West 157th street station and a search made for the motorman of the train.

COURT-MARTIALS INCREASE.

5,530 United States Soldiers Handed Over the Coils Last Year.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The annual report of Brigadier General George B. Davis, judge advocate general of the army, which was made public at the War Department today, contained a table of statistics showing that during the last fiscal year there was a large increase in the number of trials by general court-martial.

During the year ending June 30 last, the total number of general court-martials was 5,530, or an increase of 1,444 as compared with the previous year. Of forty-three officers tried by general court-martial, thirty-five were convicted and eight acquitted. Of 5,535 enlisted men who were tried during the year, 5,176 were convicted, and 359 were acquitted.

EX-SENATOR LINDESEY DEAD.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Oct. 15.—Ex United States Senator William Lindsey died at 6 o'clock this morning, after an illness of several weeks. He was elected to the Senate to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of John G. Carlisle. He also served on the Interstate Commerce Commission, the World's Columbian Commission and filled other important posts.

AMERICA JOINS EUROPE IN MOURNING FERRER

OVERRULE GAYNOR

A. F. of L. Building Trades Dept. Opposes Judge's Decision.

TAMPA, Fla., Oct. 15.—By unanimous vote the Building Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor, now in session here, set aside the decision of Justice Gaynor, of New York, in the controversy between the Sheet Metal Workers and the Carpenters' Brotherhood. Justice Gaynor decided with the carpenters, but the convention yesterday decided with the metal workers.

The deadlock in New York, of which Justice Gaynor was named umpire, was as to whether the carpenters or the metal workers should manufacture and erect hollow metal doors and trimmings.

The Chicago elevator workers' controversy was referred back to the committee, and the Curtis Publishing Company was criticized for using material manufactured by a firm on the unfair list in the construction of its new \$4,000,000 building in Philadelphia. A strike may result.

SAUGERTIES FOLKS KICK.

Don't Want State Farm for Female Criminals Located There.

ALBANY, Oct. 15.—Property owners from Saugerties-on-the-Hudson appeared before the state commission to select a site for the new state farm for women misdemeanants today and objected to the institution being located in their locality.

The state appropriated \$100,000 for the site and the residents of Saugerties object to a penal institution being located near them on the ground that it will be a detriment to the village growth.

There was so much opposition from the Saugerties people that the commission decided that it would give no further consideration of a purchase of the Washburn farm. No decision was arrived at as to the other sites under consideration.

SCABS ON CITY JOB.

Retaining Wall at St. George Being Built by Strikebreakers.

Scabs to the number of 150 were put to work yesterday on the new mill-on-dollor retaining wall which is being built by the city of New York at St. George, Staten Island.

The scabs are being guarded by a dozen policemen, sent from the Staten Island precinct, and they have been put on duty with short beats, stretching from St. George to Tompkinsville.

Seres & Co., contractors for the city, put the scabs on the job after the iron workery had gone on strike. The strikers have made no effort to molest the men who took their places. The scabs are getting the same wages as were paid the union men.

NURSES STRIKE FOR CHIVALRY.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct. 15.—Innocent by the treatment accorded them by the new superintendent, a Northern man, according to their statements, all the nurses in a local hospital went on strike today. They declare that the Northerner's ideas of discipline do not agree with their own ideas of chivalry and dignity.

CHICAGO HOLDS BIG MEETING.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—Following the adoption of resolutions denouncing the government of Spain as an assassin, and King Alfonso as an imbecile, the Socialists of Chicago today prepared to hold further meetings to protest against the execution in Spain of Professor Francisco Ferrer.

A meeting of 1,000 citizens held here last night at the local headquarters, 180 Washington street, was declared today to have been the first of the kind in this country to protest against Ferrer's death. The resolutions adopted declared the Spanish government is a "relic of the fifteenth century civilization," that "the imbecile King and corrupt priesthood of Spain are enabled to rule and exploit the people only through the murder of those who seek to educate the workers and their children," and that "the shot which pierced the heart of Ferrer was aimed at the brain of the masses of Spain."

The wave of indignation is spreading throughout the West and tonight it was said at the Socialist headquarters that demonstrations would be held in every city where there was a Socialist organization.

In a ringing editorial the Daily Socialist says:

"Ferrer dared to teach the truths of modern science, the facts of modern life, the real conditions of modern society. The common people heard him gladly. They flocked to his schools, and these grew in number and in influence.

"The Spanish government saw these things and trembled. It saw an opportunity in the midst of the murderous reaction that now prevails to obtain his life.

"They took that life. They did not kill the truths he taught. They did not stifle the Sun-

EVERYBODY WANTS SOMETHING SOME TIME

Whenever you want anything and don't know how to get it—try a Want Ad in The Call. Small cost, but big results.

New York to Follow Chicago With Mighty Protest Demonstration.

CARNEGIE HALL ENGAGED

Expressions of Indignation Against Spanish Despot Continue in Every Land.

In order to give vent to the righteous indignation with which the Socialists, Unionists, Free Thinkers and Liberals of all kinds in this city have been boiling ever since the news of the brutal murder of Francisco Ferrer, the founder of the Modern School of Teaching in Spain, in a ditch of Mantolish, the Bagelle of Barcelona, reached this country, the International Labor Aid Conference has called a mighty mass meeting to be held in Carnegie Hall Tuesday evening, October 19.

Well known Socialist, union leaders and men of science and literature will address the meeting and will voice in no uncertain terms the horror with which the American people regard this latest act of Alfonso XIII, the "royal idiot" and servile tool of the modern edition of the Spanish Inquisition.

The Labor Aid Conference, which is composed of delegates from practically all the Socialist organizations in the city and of scores of local unions, calls upon every workman with a drop of red blood in his veins to attend this meeting and help make it a demonstration, the echo of which will reach to Madrid itself, carrying terror to the hearts of the Spanish rulers, and hope to the struggling proletarians of the Peninsula, who will then know that they may count upon substantial aid from their American brothers in the hour of need.

As the list of speakers was not fully made up at a late hour last night its publication today was impossible, but in tomorrow's Call the names of those who are to take part will be given as well as the exact hour at which the doors of Carnegie Hall will be opened.

As an illustration of the esteem in which Professor Ferrer was held by the progressive elements of the Latin race it may be noted that practically the entire front page of the Italian Evening Bulletin of yesterday was devoted to a description of the protest movement in Europe, under the caption, "The Civilized World in Mourning for Francisco Ferrer," and with the column rules turned.

ADVERTISING IN THE CALL. DOES IT PAY?

Our solicitors will be asked this question of you after business for future issues. And this question MUST be answered. If more advertisements are looked for. The answer must be given that HERE WORDS. This question must be answered by SHOWING PROOF, BLACK ON WHITE, that readers of this paper 10 PATRONIZE our advertisers.

Now is there any time to lose. Quick action is required. Advertisers must have their ads ready. Friends must have their ads ready. Friends must have their ads ready. Friends must have their ads ready. Friends must have their ads ready.

CONCENTRATE YOUR PURCHASING POWER for the benefit of YOUR PAPER. MAKE EVERY CENT YOU SPEND WORK FOR YOUR PAPER.

If you want this paper to SHOW, LEAD A HAND. Be practical. More ads are coming in. A larger variety of stores is already represented than last winter. Other merchants are watching—WATCHING YOU—and will come in if we can prove that THE CALL IS a good advertising medium.</

ger-for knowledge he aroused. They did not still the rebellion against tyranny that sprang into existence behind the spread of education.

Italians Bitter Against Church.

ROME, Oct. 15.—The feeling against the Catholic Church and its representatives, including the Pope, is so bitter today as a result of the continued anti-Spanish agitation, that the Pope instructed Merry Del Val, the papal secretary of state, and his subordinates not to leave their homes for a few days for fear that their appearance on the streets create fresh disorders.

The Pope was led to take this action as a result of the Labor Federation's adoption of a resolution to the effect that Merry Del Val's continued residence in Italy, as well as that of the other Spanish clergy, had become impossible as a result of Spain's course in Professor Ferrer's execution. Merry Del Val and the other Spanish clergy are requested to return to Spain.

The general strike continued unabated today, by the direction of Ferrer sympathizers. Even the Radical Republican and Socialist newspapers were unable to get out their editions. Nearly 20,000 workmen held a meeting which was presided over by Maura, a Republican deputy.

Speeches denouncing the execution of Ferrer were made, the speakers including a Republican deputy named Barrial and the Socialist deputy Moragal. The latter assailed Spanish reactionism and also attacked the Vatican, which he said "through its clergy throughout the world represents anti-liberalism and anti-progress."

Several Italians who have acted as Spanish consuls, have resigned, in sympathy with the Ferrer movement. Leaders of the extreme parties have earnestly condemned acts of vandalism and today are urging the people to maintain a dignified attitude, and to end the strike at midnight. Notwithstanding the extraordinary police and military measures to safeguard the Vatican and save the Pope from "harm," Cardinal Merry del Val today personally imparted imperative instructions to the gendarmes and the Swiss Guard to watch all entrances to the Vatican, and also the banisters of the Vatican gardens.

During a Ferrer demonstration last night in Florence a crowd gathered about the palace of the archbishop crying for vengeance. When driven back by the cavalry, the people erected barricades of wire netting across the street. Into this netting the horses galloped, many of them being thrown with their riders. Fourteen of the soldiers were wounded, four seriously, including the lieutenant commanding, and a number of the horses were killed.

Cortes Opens With Big Row.

MADRID, Oct. 15.—The opening of the Cortes was a noisy event and at one time it seemed that a fight between rival Deputies was inevitable, but hostilities did not materialize. There was much excitement while the Deputies were assembling and everybody was prepared for trouble. When Premier Maura entered the Chamber to read the decree appointing the representatives, Senor Aznati, a Republican, sprang to his feet and began a speech. The President called him to order, reminding him that the session had not yet opened.

This brought the whole Republican section up and a babel began. Shouts of protest against Ferrer's execution, denunciations of the government, and violent epithets directed against the Prime Minister and Senor Cleria, Minister of the Interior, filled the House. The ministerial deputies tried to



Fall and Winter Opening!

I take pleasure in announcing that I am now ready for the FALL AND WINTER SEASON. I am prepared to give you the best and latest up-to-date tailor-made garments at the very lowest prices. All work receives my personal attention and therefore I am fully confident that every order entrusted to me will be executed satisfactory in every respect.

I courteously extend to you an invitation to visit my establishment, where I shall be pleased to show you some of the latest Foreign and Domestic Wools, also latest and most correct ready-made clothing.

H. HELLER 271 Hamburg Avenue, Cor. Greene Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.

FOR BARGAINS IN Clothing and Furniture GO TO THE Chicago Credit Co. 3351 Third Avenue, where a full line of Furniture, Lamps, Men's and Children's Clothing is always kept on hand. CASH OR CREDIT. Open Evenings. Secure the permanency of this ad by buying here.

shout down the disturbers, crying "Long live the King," applauding the government, and abusing the Republicans. The President clanged his bell uselessly, and succeeding in making a metallic accompaniment to the din.

When the row was at its height a section of the conservative deputies rushed toward the Republicans with violent gestures. A clash was only prevented by the ushers and some of the calmer representatives throwing themselves between the rivals. The hubbub then slowly subsided.

Senor Maura read the decree, and then the customary cheers for King, country and the army were invited. A great majority responded heartily, and some others only shouted "Long live Spain." Amid a variety of Republican cries the most noteworthy was, "Yes, long live Spain, but Spain with honor."

Senor Dato was re-elected president of the chamber. Spanish Cabinet Tries to Explain. No better proof of the Spanish government's fright is needed than the unprecedented action of the Cabinet today in issuing a "defensive statement" in the form of an interview with Foreign Secretary Salazar. The "interview" was given to the official news agency for distribution abroad.

Salazar declares that foreigners do not realize that Ferrer was the most dangerous anarchist in Spain. He declares that the trial of Ferrer was conducted fairly, and that the evidence against him was overwhelming. He expresses the conviction that everyone, excepting anarchists, will ultimately admit the propriety of the execution.

The impartial today says that the country is on the verge of a precipice, and holds Premier Maura responsible for the present situation. It adds: "The patience of the country has reached an end. The protestations abroad prove that there is a common patrimony of liberty and democracy."

El Pais, a Republican organ, says that the contrast between the emotion expressed abroad and the tranquillity at home is explained by the lack of liberty in Spain. It lays the blame of the situation upon the government and clericals.

The Liberal says: "Parliament must vindicate the desire of the people to arrest the movement of retrogression which is annihilating them." The Herald today says that the present government has caused the world to point the finger of shame at Spain, and exhorts the Liberals of all shades of opinion to rise "against a government which treats as anarchists those who do not kneel before the clerical spectre."

The Official Gazette publishes a decree restoring the old system which permits a payment of money indemnity in lieu of military service. Socialists Attack Court-Martial. A noisy meeting of Socialists in the Town Hall today demanded the cessation of court-martial at Barcelona.

In the Cortes today, General Gonzalez announced that the expenses of the war in Morocco amounted thus far to 46,000,000 pesetas. He stated that if the present force remained in the field until the end of the year the total expenditure would be 68,000,000 pesetas, an appropriation of which amount General Gonzalez will move tomorrow.

Senor de la Cierva, Minister of the Interior, confirmed the report that three bombs were exploded in Barcelona yesterday. Two of the explosions were harmless, but the other injured three persons and destroyed much property.

Senator De Buan, who has arrived here from Barcelona, states that there were further bomb explosions in that city today.

Bombs Hurling in Barcelona. HENDAYE, France, Oct. 15.—Reports reached here today of five bomb explosions in Barcelona. A number of persons are said to have been injured in the explosions, which occurred during the almost continuous rioting of last night and early this morning.

Serious rioting is also said to have taken place in Madrid, but the government censor has cut off all means of learning the true state of affairs in the capital.

LISBON, Oct. 15.—Owing to the disorders in Spain, resulting from the execution of Francisco Ferrer, King Manuel's advisors today notified King Alfonso of the cancellation of Manuel's visit to Madrid on November 5. Manuel was to have stopped in Madrid five days, en route to England, but the Portuguese Cabinet believes that conditions in Spain are not particularly conducive to visits of royalty.

Alfonso is bringing pressure to bear on Manuel's advisors to reconsider their determination, indicating that the action borders close on to a snub. The Spanish Minister here says that, by the time Manuel starts on his visit, the last vestige of the present disturbance will have disappeared.

The police today frustrated an attack upon the Spanish embassy by Ferrer sympathizers. As they approached the officers charged upon the people and revolver shots were exchanged, though without serious injury to any one.

The Spanish consulates throughout Portugal are being guarded. At the headquarters of the Republican clubs flags are displayed at half-mast. May Arrest Herve and Jaures. PARIS, Oct. 15.—La Guerre Sociale (The Social War), which issued the call that resulted in Wednesday night's demonstration in which one person was killed and a number injured, announced today that its editor, Gustave Herve, is to be arrested on a charge of inciting "riots." The paper says it knows that this step has been decided upon.

If this is true, steps will probably be taken to arrest Jean Jaures, the Socialist deputy, whose paper, L'Humanite, joined in the call.

composed of Anatole France, Jean Jaures and hundreds of other leading literary and political personages has issued the following manifesto: "The crime has been committed; King Alfonso and his ministers are covered with ignominy. Monarchical, capitalist and clerical Spain has defied the conscience of the world. But the brigands have now fooled themselves, because Ferrer and the other noble victims of the Spanish repression shall be avenged. Down with Alfonso, the assassin!"

A crowded meeting to protest against Ferrer's execution was held at Montmartre this evening, after which the manifestos, instead of marching toward the Spanish Embassy, as the police anticipated, started for the Sacred Heart Cathedral, which crowns Montmartre Heights. A division of police dogs, succeeded in reaching the cathedral first, and drove the people down the staircase leading to the heights after some fighting.

Tears Off Spanish Decoration. CHERBOURG, Oct. 15.—The Mayor of Cherbourg has returned to the Spanish Embassy as a cross presented by King Alfonso as commander of the order of Isabella Catolica, as a mark of protest against the execution of Ferrer.

TOULON, Oct. 15.—During a Ferrer demonstration last night the people invaded the Cathedral and broke up the evening service. The police later drove the disturbers from the church, and arrested many of them.

CERBERE, Oct. 15.—Advices received here this morning say that Francisco Ferrer would be buried in the town cemetery at Barcelona.

LIMA, Peru, Oct. 15.—The United Societies of Workmen held a meeting today to protest against the execution of Ferrer at Barcelona.

England Fears General Revolt. LONDON, Oct. 15.—Fear is openly expressed in England today that the execution of Francisco Ferrer will inaugurate a period of the most serious social disturbances throughout the whole of Europe, in which England will herself become involved.

London newspapers, which yesterday voiced their horror at Spain's national blunder in wantonly throwing down the gauntlet to Europe's Socialists, anarchists and radicals of every sort, show their alarm today by pleading that Englishmen do all in their power to combat the revolutionary tendency and not to concern themselves with the disturbed conditions in other countries, growing out of the execution of Ferrer.

The Globe in epitomizing the situation, declares that "disturbances run in cycles. We appear now to be entering one. Almost every country seems to be infected. We expect further and more serious troubles, and unfortunately it is not impossible that England may become involved."

The general opinion is that the "Ferrer outbreak" is something far more portentous than a series of individual explosions, and that it will yet develop into a concerted revolutionary movement.

On every hand is heard the most violent denunciation of Spain's lack of tactfulness in dealing with a situation that is so prophetic of disaster. If Spain were alone involved, English diplomats, despite the friendly relations with Spain, would care but little what happened. It would be considered that she invited the trouble. But every gain made by the revolutionary element in Spain only quickens the movement in other countries, thus creating a European menace.

Embassy Smeared With Blood. The steps of the Spanish Embassy were found smeared with blood today, a note, pinned to one of the pillars, explaining that the blood was emblematic of Spanish cruelty.

London political exiles, of whom there is a large colony, joined in a heavy exodus today to the continent. The police say they are going to Paris to attend the demonstrations that are planned to take place there on Sunday.

Mme. Kropotkin, the wife of the Russian anarchist leader, is promoting a big demonstration to be held at Albert Hall at an early date, in protest against the execution of Ferrer.

A meeting of citizens of Sheffield, where Ferrer had many friends, will be held on Monday, and the Sheffield trades councils are trying to institute a boycott against Spanish goods until the Spanish government removes the embargo on the administration of Ferrer's estate.

Several trade unions and Socialist societies in London, Birmingham and elsewhere have adopted resolutions denouncing the execution. Cuban Students Demonstrate. HAVANA, Oct. 15.—The students of the University and the Institute today made a joint demonstration against the Spanish government in executing Ferrer. Several hundred of them paraded with a black flag and a banner bearing the portraits of the King and Queen of Spain inverted. There were many cries directed against the King and Queen. The students intended to attack the Spanish legation but the police prevented them. Mounted police flanked the paraders throughout their march in order to prevent violence. No arrests were made.

Most of the newspapers protest against the execution of Ferrer. BRUSSELS, Oct. 15.—The government has apologized to the Papal Nuncio for a hostile demonstration made outside the nunciature. The manifestations continue here and in other cities. A boycott of Spanish products has been begun and threatens to become general.

BERLIN, Oct. 15.—At a largely attended Socialist meeting here today the speakers denounced the execution of Ferrer and clerical rule in Spain. BIG MEETING TONIGHT Workers of New York to Hold Open Air Ferrer Demonstration.

Determined to demonstrate their solidarity with the workers of Europe in the indignation roused by the assassination of Francisco Ferrer by the

Spanish government, the members of the Irish Socialist Federation have issued the following call for a mighty open air demonstration to be held tonight at 125th street and Seventh avenue.

"Ferrer's execution is a blow struck at all of us. Its significance is international, and it ought to call forth the strongest display of international solidarity—and without delay."

"In answer to this call the Irish Socialist Association, the Industrial Workers of the World, the Unity Club, the International Club, will hold a monster demonstration Saturday, October 16, at 125th street and Seventh avenue, and call upon all other lovers of liberty to join with them in making this meeting a success. The following speakers have been invited.

"Charles Edward Russell, Alden Freeman, Leonard D. Abbott, Alexander Irvine, Charles P. Fagnani, Patrick O'Donoghue, E. S. Egerton, Seumas O'Sheel, Ed F. Cassidy, James T. Hunter, and every lover of liberty to be present and say a word."

"The Irish Federation indorses the action of the Western Federation of Miners, condemning the action of the Mayor of Missoula for having jailed Miss Flynn and thirty-five members of the Industrial Workers of the World in Missoula—the same spirit that called for the murder of Ferrer."

"The Socialist party will meet on the northeast corner of 125th street, the Industrial Workers of the World at the northwest corner of 125th street, the Unity Club at the southeast corner of 125th street, and the Irish Federation at the southwest corner of 125th street. Yours truly, "JOHN COOKE, "Secretary."

FIVE GIVE SELVES UP

Only Three of Gang Indicted for Primary Frauds at Large.

Five of the eight Tammany men indicted on Thursday with Ross Williams leader of the Seventeenth Assembly District, for alleged frauds at the primaries of that district, gave themselves up yesterday to Deputy Attorney General Benjamin Reass.

They were at once taken before Justice Crain in General Sessions and held in \$2,000 bail each for trial. Bail was furnished by Rocco M. Marecco, of 57 East Houston street, Max D. Steuer attorney for the indicted men, promised to have the three others in court today.

The men who gave themselves up yesterday are Thomas J. O'Rourke, of 228 Amsterdam avenue, a deputy sheriff; Robert C. Quinn, of 731 Columbus avenue, an undertaker; Philip Donohue, of 791 Amsterdam avenue, an inspector of hides; John Bligham, of 120 West 97th street, a timekeeper in one of the city bureaus, and Peter J. Gulligan, of 20 West 104th street, a cashier in the Water Department.

STORM SLAYS 43

South Again Scourged by Hail and Wind—Heavy Property Loss.

ATLANTA Ga., Oct. 15.—The hail and wind storm which swept over Georgia, Tennessee and Alabama and touched parts of South Carolina took a known total of forty-three lives, while some twenty others are reported dead, in jured in the neighborhood of 200 killed hundreds of cattle, destroyed over \$2,000,000 worth of property and gave this section of the South, the most wonderful display of hail in its history.

In Georgia the damage centered around Atlanta and a radius of some one hundred miles wreaking destruction at Marietta, Ga., at Cartersville at Rome Athens Riverside and a large number of other persons.

DIES IN STATION

Young Woman Succumbs to Attack of Heart Failure.

Miss Margaret Muriel McCabe, twenty-one years old, of 236 East 87th street, died of heart failure yesterday morning in the Flatbush avenue depot of the Long Island Railroad in Brooklyn.

The young woman entering the station took a seat on one of the benches and after reading a letter, tearing it in pieces and throwing them on the floor, apparently fell asleep. The discovery that she was dead was made when a few minutes later an attendant tried to wake her up.

It was through the torn letter that the identification of the young woman was made. Her mother was communicated with, and she came to the morgue and identified the body.

CHILDREN NEARLY CREMATED.

The residence of W. R. Whitman, in Stephenson Park, New Rochelle, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The flames spread with such rapidity that it was with great difficulty that Mrs. Whitman's three small children were rescued. Clarence Hense a brother of Mrs. Whitman, had his wrist broken in jumping from a second story window.

"CALF LOVE" KILLS BOY.

Joseph Pulpe, sixteen years old, of 1445 Tenth avenue, shot himself last night while standing on the corner of 41st street and Eleventh avenue. He died in Bellevue Hospital. Pulpe is held to have become despondent because he was in love and was too young to marry.

—WE DO— LINO TYPE COMPOSITION AT LOWEST PRICES THE CALL 442 PEARL STREET

REVOLUTION SURE TO OVERTHROW ALFONSO

Spanish People, Tired of Blood-Sucking Clericalism, May Rise At Any Moment.

(By Charles P. Stewart, European Manager of the United Press.)

LONDON, Oct. 15.—King Alfonso's throne is tottering. Spain is a seething sea of intrigue and revolution, on which the royal ship of state, a battered and weakened hull, is being tossed about in a last struggle. Revolution is inevitable. The flash may not come within a week or a month. It may be stayed off for a year, but there is every reason to believe today, following the white heat engendered by the state murder of Francisco Ferrer, that the outbreak is very near at hand.

Moreover, developments of the last two days have indicated clearly that once the fires of revolution break out in Spain, there will be the gravest danger of the conflagration spreading to every Latin country of southern Europe.

I have just returned to London from a personal investigation of the conditions in the Spanish peninsula. The situation is a hundred per cent graver than I found it at Barcelona during the uprising last July.

"Evolution" Won't Do.

At the time the disorders were largely Socialistic and anti-military. Since then the anti-clerical factor has become vastly bigger and anarchistic propaganda has been spread throughout every district of the peninsula. So universal has become the dissatisfaction and spirit of revolution that in my opinion no scheme of evolution can be made to solve the problem.

The Spanish Cortes has been called to meet today at the instance of Premier Maura. The call was issued at a time when the government had by dint of special effort created a semblance of order and when it was possible to issue the call without appearing to do so under stress of public demand. At that time no member of the Spanish royal party was far-sighted enough to imagine the furor that was to be created by the execution of Ferrer. Today the alarm in the Spanish capital is so great that every government in Europe is on the anxious seat, less the opening of the parliament be characterized by a bomb outrage.

There is going to be trouble with the Cortes. The Liberals have long been in majority over the Conservatives, but the former have hitherto been split in so many factions that the conservatives have had a greater strength than any one branch of the Liberals, and Alfonso has been unable to have his own way. Since the suspension of the Constitution, however, the Liberal factions have united and agreed that their first action will be to demand anti-clerical legislation along lines similar to those enacted recently by the French Assembly. This demand is apt to be the one incident which will set the country aflame.

Church and King to Fall Together.

The Church, which has for generations been a rightful burden upon Spain, has recently become well nigh unbearable, not because it is the Roman Catholic Church, but because it is the state Church. It controls an immense unearned share of the country's wealth and pays no taxes. The people, however, are inhumanly taxed to support it. Industrially, it competes with the nation. Alfonso realizes that his hold on his people has been broken. He looks to the Church for support, and will never consent to its separation from the state. If he clings to his present course his overthrow is inevitable. The fall of the present dynasty will assuredly be followed by the establishment of a republic. The Pretender is little known and less liked. His party is small and the country is sick of monarchy.

Owing to the exercise of censorship, the rigidity of which has never been equalled even in Russia, it has been impossible to give an accurate detailed day by day account of the disorders in Spain. A brief size-up of the situation may not be amiss.

At the time of the Barcelona situation Spain was placed under martial law. This act instead of checking sedition, outside the Catalonian province, caused it to spread through all Spain. Premier Maura saw the necessity of restoring the Constitution and convening the Cortes. He must have some excuse other than a popular demand. He ordered General Marina, commander of the Spanish forces in Morocco, to furnish the government at once with a victory or something that looked like one.

"Mt. Gurga Victory" a Fake. A real victory was impossible. The Rifis insisted on a guerrilla campaign. An imitation victory was easier. General Marina began his widely advertised

BUY UNION MADE HATS OF THE

LENOX HAT STORE 220 EAST HOUSTON STREET.

Bring this ad and get 6 per cent off the regular price.

HOW TO INTRODUCE THE SUNDAY CALL. A good way to introduce the Sunday Call to the public is to order the newsdealer in your vicinity to deliver the paper for four weeks to the barber shops which he serves. Pay the dealer for these copies, and at the end of the four weeks canvass go to the barber shops and get them to order the paper if they wish it continued.

"HARLEM'S BUSIEST DRY GOODS SHOP."

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY, MONDAY AND TUESDAY.

Suits—Great sales of Worsteds, Broadcloths, wide pale Chevertons; 42 inch coat, full pleated skirt, lining guaranteed Satin. Value \$25.00. Sale... \$15.00 Alterations free of charge

Sweaters—Fine Worsteds, White, Gray, Cardinal and Black. Sale... \$2.98

Towels—500 dozen Imported German Huck Towels, assorted borders. Value 20c. Sale... 14c.

Comfortables—Figured Silk-line, cotton filled, tufted; exclusive designs. Value \$1.25. Sale... .98 cents

DOUBLE S. & H. GREEN STAMPS EVERY DAY UNTIL NOON.

Here Are Mentioned Some of Our Sixty Departments:

Leather Goods, Home Furnishings, Clocks and Suits, Gloves, Jewelry, Infants' Wear, Linens and Dress Goods, Millinery, Notions, Pictorial Patterns, Men's Furnishings, Hosiery and Underwear, Shoes, Toilet Articles, Upholstery and Bedding, Wallpapers and Sweeteners.

J.R. Senior, Inc. West 125th St., near Seventh Ave. ESTABLISHED 1858.

tised "forward movement" on Mt. Gurga. The Rifis saw no advantage in holding a worthless sand dune and retired. Only three rifle shots were fired by the Rifis during the engagement. Two days later a Spanish column under General Vicario ventured a few miles from the main body, was ambushed, and lost 200 men, including the commander. The following day 15,000 fresh soldiers from Spain were ordered to Morocco. That was the real story of the "Mt. Gurga victory."

Premier Maura made the most of it, however. Householders were ordered to decorate their homes under threat of punishment if they failed to do so and a fete day was declared. The government paid cafe proprietors to serve wine in which toasts were drunk to the King and army. Hundreds of men were hired to stir up "enthusiasm" and lend in the cheering for the government. The theatrical climax came when the Premier ordered the restoration of the Constitution in all provinces except Catalonia and ordered the summoning of the Cortes.

The act means nothing. The censorship continues and suppressed newspapers remain suppressed. The government prisons are crowded and executions are occurring daily. On the other side, bomb outrages and assassinations are a daily occurrence. The Spanish people are densely ignorant and uncomprehending, but even they see the injustice of dragging the breadwinners of thousands of families away to die in Morocco for the benefit of a small group of French capitalists, while the wives, mothers and children are starving at home.

SENATOR MCCARREN BETTER.

Brooklyn Politician Stands Chance to Win Battle for Life. Senator Patrick H. McCarren's condition last night was slightly improved over what it has been this afternoon, but Dr. Peter Hughes, his physician, would not venture to prophesy as to the ultimate outcome.

"He is getting along as well as possible," was Dr. Hughes' statement, but the crisis has not yet been passed.

During the evening the Rev. Father Henry A. Zimmer, a member of the clergy of Holy Trinity Church, and in charge of the chapel attached to St. Catherine's Hospital, went to Senator McCarren's room and administered extreme unction.

CIGAR STRIKERS' ARRESTED.

MANILA, Oct. 15.—Thirty-six leaders of the striking cigarmakers were arrested here today, charged with criminally conspiracy. The union cigarmakers struck for higher wages after the Payne tariff bill went into effect.

WOULD YOU THINK IT POSSIBLE?

Would you think it possible that some Call readers are neglectful of their duty to help their paper when it but requires a few words?

But this is so. We know it to be so. Here is what we experienced recently, and it is not the first time such facts came to our notice. Two Call readers met in a store and advertised in The Call, and both made a purchase. While one of them looked in his Call Purchasers' Card to have the purchase entered the other simply paid without saying a word. When asked why he did not carry a card nor mention The Call he had no other explanation but that it was simply a case of negligence.

How can The Call benefit by such indifference on the part of some readers?

Blum Clothing Meets Every Requirement

Our clothing meets every requirement which the best dresser could ask, as it is made only under the best conditions by skilled union tailors. There is nothing cheap or shoddy in the material, nothing grotesque in style and nothing lacking in fit and finish. The great majority of wage earners do not feel that they can afford to have suits made by exclusive tailors, and it is to such that we cater, for there is really little difference in clothing handled by us and the noblest suits made to measure except the price, which will average one-third less.

BLUM & CO. Clothiers and Merchant Tailors, 117 CANAL STREET, NEW YORK

FARTHER WE GO, DIRTIER IT GETS

Says One of C. F. U. Committeemen Appointed to Investigate Graft Charge.

At the meeting of the Central Federated Union in Bohemian Hall last night, a vague hint was given out by one of the delegates recently appointed on the committee to investigate the charges of graft in the Cloth Workers' case...

ELEVATOR KILLS LAD

Frank With Freight Lift Causes Death and Serious Injury.

While a seventeen-year-old boy was running an elevator in a loft building at 66 East Eighth street, yesterday, Joseph Warner, fourteen years old, tried to step from the car as it left the fifth floor on its upward trip...

DYNAMITE BANK: GET \$2,300.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, Oct. 15.—The vault of the Alpha Exchange Bank of Alpha, Ill., was dynamited early today by robbers, who escaped with \$2,300. There is no clue to the identity of the robbers...

Fall Is Here. Every Man Requires New Underwear, Pajamas, Hosiery, Gloves, Sweater Coats, Fancy Vests and other things.

ZIMMERMAN FURNISHER TO MEN 2 Park Place, New York One Door West of Broadway

Westchester Clothing Co. PURE WORSTED SUITS \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20

TAFT CLASPS DIAZ'S BLOODY PAW TODAY

President Will Pledge "National Good Will and Respect" to Mexico's Baucher.

(By I. TYGEAR.) (Staff correspondent of The Call.) ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Oct. 15.—Taft left here tonight after having spent a whole day in New Mexico and is now on his way to El Paso where he will spend the day tomorrow in exchanging visits and pledges of national good will with "Perfidio" Diaz, so-called President of Mexico.

BABY BLUFF WORKS

When Woman Leaves Two-Year-Old in Office Company Releases Father.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Oct. 15.—Mrs. William Gordon got her husband released from jail here today by a novel and heroic effort. He was arrested at the instance of the local traction company several days ago for throwing a stone into one of its cars.

WRIGHT FLIES TWICE.

Official Instructor of Army Aviators Takes Pupils Aloft.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Two morning flights were made by Wilbur Wright in his aeroplane over the government's aeronautical field at College Park Md., today. On the first he had with him Lieutenant Lahm, and on the second Lieutenant Humphreys.

MRS. SURRETT'S CAPTOR DEAD.

DOUGHERT, N. Y., Oct. 15.—William B. Ferrell, seventy, who arrested Mrs. Surrett, the woman hanged for being in the conspiracy with John Wilkes Booth to assassinate Abraham Lincoln, died in the Hudson River State Hospital here today.

MURDERER OF FAMILY HUNG.

AMITE, La., Oct. 15.—Avery Blount, who, with Ren Kinchen, murdered "Buzzy" Braland, Mrs. Braland and their daughter, Mrs. Joe Everett, on the night of January 23, was hanged here today. The triple murder was the result of a family feud which began the week previous, when Kinchen murdered Joe Everett over the grave of a relative. Kinchen has never been captured.

TWO CHARGED WITH TIVERTON MURDER

Fall River Police Sure They Have the Slayers of Unfortunate Mill Girl.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 15.—Wilfred Thibault and Frank Hill, both of Fall River, were arraigned in the Seventh District Court in this city today on a charge of murdering Amelia St. Jean, the missing Woonsocket girl, who has practically been identified as the victim of the Tiverton mystery.

DEFY A. F. L. EDICT

Ohio Federation of Labor Holds Convention Despite Morrison.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 15.—The annual convention of the Ohio Federation of Labor will continue despite the edict from Secretary Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor, revoking the charter of the state organization.

THREE CLAIM BODY

Women Dispute Over Corpse of Chicago Bank Robber.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—The police of Highland Park scented further trouble today over the suicide of Lamar A. Harris, after he had robbed the D. M. Erskine Bank when they were notified that three different women are claiming the body.

BOOKIES' CASE DELAYED.

The cases of the indicted bookmakers and the Coney Island and Brooklyn Jockey Clubs, which grew out of gambling at the local race tracks, will not be heard until October 23.

BOSTON BUT PICTURES MADE FROM GROUPS

Extraordinary Offers for a Limited Time Only. (Copied from any picture, photograph, etc.) Bring in a photo of yourself or friends, in a group or otherwise, and I will copy it and make a best picture from it at the following low prices:

Call Book Department

442 PEARL STREET :: :: NEW YORK CITY

47,664 ON PART TIME

That Number of Children Are Denied Full Education.

That 47,664 children are denied full time instruction in the public schools of the richest city in the world is the official statement of Superintendent Maxwell, forwarded to the Board of Estimate yesterday.

MEXICAN WAR VETERAN DEAD.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Brigadier General Richard C. Brum, a veteran of the Mexican and Civil Wars, died at his country home at Bethesda, Md., today.

GIVE TODAY--SATURDAY.

THE WAGE FUND CLOSING MONDAY

(Continued from page 1)

future testament all in one. May it be to realize its hopes and never suffer a recall.

SAMUEL HARTELUS, Brooklyn—"When I think of such comrades as Ferrer of Spain and then try to think of the New York workman who does not know enough to do his utmost for the Call, words fall me with which to express my pity for the shirkers."

GEO. F. WENRICH, Malden, Mass.—"Circumstances are such that this collar could be used to great advantage; otherwise, but my conscience tells me I am indebted to the Call, which is at the greatest advantage."

ISAAC STERNBERG, New York—"I enclose please find check for \$5.85 and a list of contributors. We all wish the Call a long life to fight for the realization of the fourth ethical era, socialization."

ABRAHAM ZUCKER, 8th A. D. New York—"I enclose please find my donation for the Call. It is a little late, but the old saying, 'It is better late than never' will have to do this time."

N. E. MURDOCH, New York—"I enclose find a couple of plunks to help out on the Wage Fund list. If that other \$99 come to time you may have a good day's work accomplished."

JOE AND HARRY KRASSNOFF, Brooklyn—"We hope that one dollar will help the Call to the road of success. We say the Call must live, for we workers cannot live without the Call."

E. WYNN, Philadelphia, Pa.—"I think a lot of my dollar, but want The Call to help me fight for the right to all I produce. In short I love my dollar, but O You Call!"

RAYMOND GROSSER, Brooklyn—"My papa is sending 50 cents for me now to help the Call and when I grow to be a man and earn wages you can count on me to send more."

JOSEPH F. KAUBA, Philadelphia, Pa.—"I enclose find \$1. Only sorry that I cannot give more to help the Call weather the storm and safely make Port Success."

GEO. H. YORKE, West Somerville, Mass.—"I enclose find \$1 for the Call. May it always be a champion of the rights of the Wage Earners and the social revolution."

AUGUST RAMEAU, New York—"I enclose find \$1.00 for the Wage Fund. No complaint to make; if the Call was only as strong as it is food!"

A. SKONBERG, Brooklyn—"I sent my day's wages two weeks ago, but I like to be with you in the end, so here is my dollar."

A. POST, New York—"Kindly receive \$1 for Wage Fund from a waiter. Trusting the Call will be saved for the Workers."

P. B. Ball, North Attleboro, Mass.—"I enclose find \$3 for the Call Fund. Sorry I am late, also that it is not more."

E. LINDGREN, Brooklyn—"Enclosed find \$1. My second contribution for the last day of the Wage Fund."

LOUISE C. CROUSE, Auburn, N. Y.—"I enclose find \$2 for the Call, Liberty and Life."

F. HARTMEYER, Camden, N. J.—"One dollar from one of the one thousand."

SYLVIA GOLDENBERG, New York—"Long live the Call!"

Hurrah for the Harlem Union Man!



Levy Bros., the well known clothiers and merchant tailors, are today celebrating the Grand Opening of their new Harlem Store, 2260 Third Avenue, near 123d street, for the accommodation of Harlem progressive and trade union patronizers.

Levy Bros., have an extensive selection of Fall and Winter Suits and Overcoats, Made of the best material and perfect fit. Every suit bears the Union Label of the U. G. W. of A. Levy Bros. sell their clothing at very reasonable prices.

All progressive and union men are invited to the Grand Opening. Beautiful souvenirs will be given to each and every customer.

LEVY BROS., 2260 Third Avenue, Near 123d Street, N. Y.

P. S.—Our downtown store, at 53 Canal Street, will be open Sunday. Souvenirs will also be given to our customers.

BROOKLYN ADVERTISERS

CLEARFIELD BUTTER AND EGG COMPANY NEW LAID LONG ISLAND EGGS

We make a specialty of procuring strictly fresh Eggs for Invalids and Sick Children. We also handle extra fine Western Eggs of the ordinary household use.

1694 Broadway, Cor. Decatur St. WAGONS WILL CALL TWICE A WEEK AT YOUR HOUSE. TELEPHONE 419, EAST NEW YORK.

ALBERT ROSEN'S MARKET 3265 Fulton St. Cor. Euclid Ave. Tel. 2333 East N. Y.

For Saturday Any Cut of Steak or Prime Roast Beef 13 1-2c per lb. Roasting Lamb 6 1-2c per lb.

A. LEBEDOFF UNION MADE CIGARS 5c and 10c GRADES. Manufactured by I. H. LEFKOWITZ 851 Manhattan Ave., Brooklyn

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ARNOLD'S HATS UNION MADE. 680 BROADWAY, cor. Whippel Street. Umbrellas and Leather Goods.

MAYER'S RIDGEWOOD'S DRY GOODS STORE Largest Store at Ridgewood Heights 219 Onderdonk Ave., cor. H'ph St. Special Sale Days: Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

ARONSON BROS. & FIENST Dry and Dress Goods We Advertise No Special Bargains and Offer No Halt, but Guarantee Satisfaction. 61-63 BELMONT AVENUE, BROOKLYN.

For "Hands" with Brains! Hillquit "Socialism in Theory and Practice." Spargo "Socialism: A Summary and Interpretation of Socialist Principles." You Need both of these books. Together they constitute a library on Socialism. Special limited offer, both to one address; \$2.50, postpaid. Call Book Department 442 PEARL STREET :: :: NEW YORK CITY

SUBSCRIPTION DEPARTMENT THE NEW YORK CALL

SPORTS

NO HITCH IN FIGHT

Johnson and Ketchel Will Surely Slug Each Other Today.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 15.—"Coffroth's anxiety to get the crowd as caused him to make the mistake of insisting that we do not want to fight. He is wrong in his conclusions. Johnson will be on hand tomorrow and will knock Ketchel out before the end of the twentieth round. I think Jim got excited through worrying about the minor details and said what he did not mean. There will be a fight all right."

George Little, financial manager for the negro champion, Jack Johnson, with the above statement today effectively disposed of the rumors that a serious hitch has arisen in the arrangements for tomorrow's battle between Stanley Ketchel and Jack Johnson and that the big negro would not fight. His announcement cleared up the situation and made it certain that the original program would be carried through.

In explaining the conference between Coffroth and Johnson, which lasted most of the night and which resulted in Coffroth stating that there might be no fight, Little stated that there were a number of details upon which Johnson wanted to be informed and that he had insisted on Coffroth explaining them fully. He declared, however, that the negro fighter is now satisfied and that he will be on hand when time is called.

There is a great deal of Johnson money in sight today and the present indications are that he will enter the ring at odds of ten to three, although there were a few bets on offer today at ten to four. Most of the Ketchel money is up at even odds that the white boy will last fifteen rounds.

Fight fans were thrown into a flurry later in the day by a revival of a report that Ketchel and Johnson would both be arrested on a charge of violating the anti-betting law. The scappers have posted a side bet of \$5,000 each. Coffroth is undismayed by the prospect of legal intervention and announced positively that there would be no postponement.

CUBS WIN SERIES

White Sox Get Only One Game Out of Five Played.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—Exceptional pitching by Mordcaid Brown gave the Cubs their fourth victory over the White Sox in the series for the championship of Chicago today by a score of 1 to 0, clinching the honors to the West Side Club. Out of the five games played the White Sox won only one. Brown gave only one hit and two passes up to the ninth inning only Parent got to first for the Sox and he then stole his way to second. In the ninth inning with one down Brown walked White and Altshar, but neither Bell nor Cole could bring their teammates over the plate.

Doc White, who was opposed to Brown on the mound, pitched a great game barring the third inning, when the Cubs got four of their six hits and counted their one run.

The crowd today was the smallest of the series, the official total being but 145, with the receipts \$2,402. The totals for the series are: Attendance, 78,513; receipts, \$49,831; players' pool, \$23,810.85; players' share, winning club, \$4,346.29; players' share, losing club, \$9,564.56; each club owner's share, \$9,071.33; National Commission, \$4,958.98. There are twenty-five eligible in the Cub squad, with twenty to share in the White Sox winnings.

BRITONS DONT FLY

Bad Weather Interferes With First Aviation Meet in England.

DONCASTER, Oct. 15.—The first aviation meeting held in England opened today with weather anything but favorable. It was stormy and wet and the prospects were that the program would be postponed. The day ended as expected in general disappointment. The dismal weather kept spectators away and a comparative handful were in attendance instead of the expected thousands.

Nine machines arrived on the grounds during the day, but darkness was falling before any of them was ready for flight. It was then decided that the wind was too strong to make any attempt possible.

The British Aero Club's final effort to interfere with the meeting took the form of a telegram to all competitors which read: "Sorry to inform you Aero Club, representing National Federation, will disqualify you if you fly at Doncaster."

The aviators decided to ignore this warning.

TY COBB INDICTED.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 15.—Ty Cobb, "swat" artist and star of the Detroit baseball team, was today indicted by the County Grand Jury on a charge of "stabbing to wound" George Branchfield, a watchman at the Broad Hotel here, about a month ago. It is not known what steps the authorities will take to apprehend Cobb.

THE WORLD'S SERIES

Club. W. L. P. C.

Pittsburg..... 3 3 500

Detroit..... 3 3 500

No game scheduled for yesterday. The deciding game will be played today at Detroit. The probable pitchers are Donovan for the Tigers and Adams for the Pirates.

Bread bearing this label is Union Made. Ask for the Label when buying bread.

MINERAL POINT, Wis., Oct. 15.—

Phillip Allen, vice president of the defunct First National Bank, was arrested today, charged with forgery and the embezzlement of \$168,000. There was no charge in the warrant relating to any violation of the banking laws, and there were no special counts under the forgery charge, the warrant being a blanket document to cover both forgery and embezzlement charges.

BANKER ARRESTED.

REAL ESTATE—LONG ISLAND.

What \$10 Will Do for You AT ELMHURST.

Buy a home site right in the heart of this beautiful village; only 5 miles to city, with rapid transit via 5 trolley lines to all parts of Manhattan and Brooklyn every 8 minutes; balance can be paid for choice selection. Take Corona car from 34th or 52d st. ferry, also at entrance to new bridge, to my office.

A. BARRYMORE, 30 P. M., at 12 St. Marks Place.

Co-operative League, Meets every Wednesday at University Settlement, Hours 8:00 and 8:30 P. M., at 12 St. Marks Place.

Amalgamated Waiters of N. Y., Local No. 5, B. R. Office, 12 St. Marks Place, N. Y. City. Members meet Friday 21 & 4 P. M. at 12 St. Marks Place.

W. Wood Carvers and Modelers' Association, Meets first, third and fifth Friday of the month at the Labor Temple.

Cement and Asphalt Laborers' Union, Meets second and fourth Wednesday of the month at 12 St. Marks Place.

United Journeymen Pie Bakers of New York and vicinity, Local 112, B. C. W. L. U. of A. Meeting every first and third Saturday in the month at 142 East 7th St. Executive Board meets by call.

Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union of America, Local No. 12, Meets every Tuesday, 8 P. M., at the Labor Temple, Employment office, 220 East 84th St.

Labor Secretariat, 220 Broadway, Manhattan, Office hours, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., at the Labor Temple, 2nd Saturday in the month at Labor Temple.

Knickerbocker Club, Local 66—Meets every Saturday, 8 P. M., at Independence Hall, 120 West 27th St.

Brooklyn Employers' (Janitors) Union No. 150, Meets every first and third Monday, 9 P. M., at Moore's Hall, 119 Manhattan St.

United Journeymen Pie Bakers of N. Y. and vicinity, Meets first and third Saturday, 142 East 7th St.

Beer Drivers' Union No. 23, W. Y. and vicinity, Meets every second and fourth Saturday of the month, 2 P. M., at Paulsboro's Hall, 120 West 27th St.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, Local Union No. 487, Meets every Monday, 8 P. M., at 221-223 East 74th St. Tel. 2-2100. Small cash payment. Jobs & Co., 219 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.

Local Union No. 509, Carpenters and Joiners, Meets every Tuesday, 8 P. M., at the Labor Temple, 220 Broadway, Manhattan.

Local Union No. 457, Carpenters and Joiners, Meets every Monday, 8 P. M., at 221-223 East 74th St.

Musicians, Greater N. Y. Musical Union, Local 153, Meets every Friday night, Palace Hotel, Broadway, corner De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn. Phone, 811 Broadway.

Socialist Party, Greater New York County, Headquarters 220 East 84th St., Manhattan. Office hours 9 A. M. to 10 P. M., Tel. 2-2300 9th St. Organizer and Financial Secretary, U. S. G. Brown, 220 East 84th St., Manhattan.

Brooklyn Union No. 174, Meets first and third Monday, 8 P. M., at the Labor Temple, 220 Broadway, Manhattan.

Butchers' Union No. 11 (Butcher and Meat) Meets every Monday, 8 P. M., at Meyer's Hall, 220 East 84th St.

Cleaners' International Progressive Union No. 90, Office and employment office 241 East 84th St.

NEW JERSEY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

113 WEST—Little large monthly payment, 2 1/2 room house, some improvements; 18 miles out. Robison, 24 Vernon Ave., Lakewood, N. J.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE, BROOKLYN.

STOP PAYING RENT.

It seems almost a crime against a workingman's family to continue the feudal expense of rent—when there is a way to avoid it. Why not investigate the brick houses I offer in East New York, Brooklyn, containing 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

AMSTERDAM AV. 3030, near 100th st.—4, 5 rooms; steam heat; rent, \$18-22.

4TH AV. 370, near 30th—Floor, 4 large light rooms; improvements; \$16.

6TH AV. 325—Large, light rooms, bath; reduced rent; newly decorated. \$17.

6TH AV. 354, near 128th—Choice flat, 3 large, light rooms; \$17.

10TH, 417-419 W.—3 and 4 light rooms, improvements.

17TH, 410-412 W.—Three rooms; improvements; rent \$12-\$13. Janitor.

24TH, 425 W.—4 rooms, hot flat, private bath, improvements; reduced, \$19.

30TH, 140 W.—Elegant 3 rooms, improvements; perfect order; \$18 up; central location. C

35TH, 418-420 W.—4 and 5 large rooms, all improvements; rent \$17 and \$22. See listing.

50TH ST. 255 W.—Private house, top floor, 4 large, light rooms, \$24.

41ST ST. 205 W., near 7th av.—Floor of four bright rooms; reduced rent, \$18.

40TH, 634 W.—Floor, 3 rooms, large light, with improvements; rent \$12 to \$14.

51ST, 508 W.—3 elegant light rooms; improvements; \$11; half month free. C

57TH, 434 W.—8-room apartment; all improvements. C

60TH ST. 432 W.—One month free; 3 large, light rooms; improvements; reduced rent, apply Janitor. C

62ND, 120 W.—Large, light apartments; best order; quiet house; \$12-\$17. C

60TH, 130 W.—Apartments, 4 light rooms; improvements; hot water; \$20. C

60TH ST. 130 WEST—Apartments, 4 light rooms; all improvements; \$21.

100TH, 61 WEST—4 rooms; L. range; boiler; 2 weeks free; \$21.4.

101ST, 70 W.—4 large, light rooms; near Central Park; low rent.

124TH, 144 W.—3 1/2 rooms; quiet, clean house; low rent; \$13. \$15. C

128TH, 27 WEST—All light, four, five rooms; steam heat; hot water; \$16, \$12.

144TH, 207 W.—New house; finest apartments; hot water; \$13-\$15. C

146TH, 208 W.—New house; elegant apartments; steam, hot water; \$15. C

1534, 337 E.—Beautiful 6 rooms, bath; light, cheap rent; near 3d av. L.

154th, 623 E.—Near Cypress av.—Elegant 5 rooms, bath, fire through, \$14. ab

157TH, 411 E.—Single flat, 6 rooms; bath; hot water supply; halls heated. C

BROOK AV. 1372—5 rooms and bath; steam heat; hot water supply; \$17 and \$18. C

BRADLEY AVE. 107, opposite Columbia Park—Five large, light rooms; improvements; \$14 to \$16.

EAGLE AVE. 500 near East 140th St.—Five large, light rooms; hot water, bath. C

FOREST AVE. 1168, near 168th St.—Five large, light rooms in three-family house. C

HOME ST. 644 (near Prospect Ave.)—Four room, four large, essential light, fire and bath \$16. Apply Janitor.

TERONE AV. 2018, near Boreas—5 rooms, bath, steam, hot water; \$24; two lights. C

PLEASANT AV. 413—Single flat, 3 rooms; bath; \$21. C

STUBBINS AV. 1192, corner Home at—2 family house, 7 large rooms, bath; \$25. C

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD 176 (near 126th St.)—Light, clean, modern; rents \$12 to \$18. P

RATES UNDER \$1000 HEADING ARE: 1 Insertion, 7c per Line 2 Insertions, 15c per Line 3 Insertions, 25c per Line Seven Words to a Line.

FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET. Unfurnished. Bro-oklyn.

Seven light rooms and bath, all improvements; two block, from five car lines; fifteen minutes from New York by subway, thirty by elevated, forty-five by trolley; neighborhood excellent. Rent \$22. Call 223 above Sunday. Wm. B. Brown, 55 Brooklyn Av. between Pacific St. and Atlantic Av. 017.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET. Manhattan.

19TH, 322 E.—Small and large rooms, with running water, bath; private house. C2

60TH ST. 48 W.—2 newly furnished rooms, bath, steam heat; running water in rooms; private bath; near all cars; moderate price. P2

FURNISHED ROOMS—WANTED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, with steam; bath; in private family; \$23 weekly. Address Italian Consulate, care Call. 018

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

FROM FACTORY DIRECT TO YOU. Consisting of brass beds, couches, parlor suits, in fact, everything for the home; all the newest patterns. By buying of us direct, you make from 20 to 40 per cent—the middleman's profit. BIG G FURNITURE WORKS, 251 E. 73rd St., Between 1st and 2d Aves. 018

WILL SELL the contents of my private house without reserve, together or separately; upright mahogany piano, parlor, dining, bed room, furniture, cut glass, china, crockery, clocks, rugs, etc. Everything must go at one price. Call at house, 106 E. 52d st. C

FURNITURE, of entire 4-story private house, with GRAND TURKISH PIANO, to be sacrificed this week; will sell separately to quick buyer. 116 E. 74th st. 0

SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

Tonight's Meetings. MANHATTAN AND BRONX. Business. A. D. (Branch 2, Williamsbridge) 2354 and 2356 Williamsbridge...

COOK GETS FREEDOM OF NEW YORK CITY

Arctic Explorer Honored by Official Reception at City Hall--Denies Barrill's Charges. Dr. Frederick A. Cook reached New York yesterday from Atlantic City...

LABOR UNION NOTES.

Secretaries and business agents of labor unions are requested to send in facts concerning the activities of their respective organizations...

LOCAL BEER DRIVERS UNION.

The Beer Drivers' Union, No. 24, of the United Brewery Workers, will hold their quarterly meeting at their headquarters, 1120 Willsborough avenue, Brooklyn, at 9:30 a. m. tomorrow.

INTERNATIONAL FOOTBALL PLAYERS' UNION.

The professional footballers of England have formed themselves into a Players' Union, and have become affiliated with the Federation of Trades Unions.

JERSEY CITY BAKERS.

The Jersey City Bakers' Union, No. 15, will move to their new headquarters, the Social Club House, 256 Central avenue, today. The bakers will march in a body with a band of music to the Socialist Club.

BROOKLYN BOLOGNA MAKERS.

At the last meeting of the Butchers' Union, No. 211, it was reported that all the bosses renewed agreements with the union.

INSIDE IRON WORKERS.

There will be a mass meeting of the Inside Iron and Bronze Workers' Union, No. 52, at the Labor Temple, 243 East 84th street, tomorrow.

TO HOLD MEETING.

Brooklyn Socialists Make Preparations for Cassidy and Wentworth. The Brooklyn Socialists are now sending all their efforts toward making their huge mass meeting to be held at the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum on Thursday evening, October 21.

AMBITION KILLS.

Desire for Money Leads Youth to Overwork and Suicide. The family of Charles Forrester, a young electrician, who shot and killed himself early yesterday in 16th street, just west of Fifth avenue, ascribe his act to ambition which prompted him to work day and night to the detriment of his health.

CURSES WITNESSES.

Murderer Would Like To Be Stoker in Hell to Get Even. AMITE CITY, La., Oct. 15--"I wish the world would sink around this place for five miles and that everything would disappear with it," is the statement issued by Aury Iouff, sentenced to be hanged today, for the murder of Mrs. Buzz Dreland and her daughter.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Henry Frank opened his meetings for the season last Sunday morning at Berkeley Theatre and addressed an audience that packed the theater to its capacity. Tomorrow morning Mr. Frank speaks on "What Science Has Done for Humanity," and for a prologue, "The Value of Your Vote," making reference to campaign issues. Everybody is welcome.

TO HELP DAILIES.

Bakers to Hold Ball for Benefit of The Call and Volkszeitung. The joint executive board of the Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union has arranged an entertainment and ball for the benefit of The New York Call and Volkszeitung.

FREE LECTURES.

The following free lectures have been arranged by the Board of Education for tonight: Public School 1, Henry and Catherine streets; "Songs of Shakespeare." Mrs. Henrietta Koch-Schley.

HENRY FRANK.

Will deliver the address of the Independent Liberal Congress. At Berkeley Theater, 19 West 64th St., N. Y., Sunday, Oct. 17, at 11 P. M.

The East Side Socialist Forum.

Clinton Hall, 151 Clinton Street. Sunday Afternoon Lectures Every Week at 2.30 sharp. Questions. Discussion. MUSICAL PROGRAM UNDER THE DIRECTION OF MAX DOLIN. Admission, 10c. Monthly Admission Cards, 25c THIS WEEK.

ARISON'S MUSIC STORE. 52 W. 116th St. Everything that is good in Music.

CLASSIC MUSIC. TALKING MACHINES. Well REGULATED Machines and the most perfect stock of Records in the City.

Get Your Eye Glasses Direct From the Factory. M. Singer. Factory--116 Fulton Street.

SCSHALIZM--JUSTIS. ATTENSHUN!! SSSS. Socialist Training Kolleg of Greater New York.

BUILD SANATORIUM. Workmen's Circle Will Erect Tuberculosis Hospital at Liberty.

CALL READERS. All profits we make on your trade we will invest in Call advertising.

INTERNATIONAL FERRER MEMORIAL MEETING. To protest against the foul murder of Spain's greatest educator and humanitarian, FRANCISCO FERRER.

CALIFORNIA BRANDY RYE WHISKY. I. GOLDBERG'S. ESTABL'D 1873. SOLD AT OUR 5 STORES.

B-Schellenberg & Sons. Men's Fall Suits, \$10.50. Young Men's Suits, \$8.00 and Up. Children's Suits, \$2.95. Complete Stocks of Underwear, Sweaters, Shirts, Neck Scarfs, Hosiery and Hats at Lowest Prices.

TO DISCUSS CAMPAIGN.

The Harlem Forum, a new Socialist organization which has been formed by members of most of the assembly districts of Harlem, will hold its first public meeting tomorrow evening.

CALL OFF MEETING.

There will be no meeting of the Irish Federation at 21st Street and Broadway tonight. They will meet in Harlem.

PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Jack Britt Greig will speak on the subject: "The Case for Socialism Briefly Stated," at the People's Forum, tomorrow at 3 p. m. sharp.

ED A. D. TO RALLY.

A ratification meeting will be held by the 22d Assembly District, Brooklyn, on Wednesday evening, October 27, at Congress Hall, corner Vermont street and Atlantic avenue.

AMHERST, MASS.

Dan A. White, of Brooklyn, candidate for Governor, will speak on Market Square, Monday, at 8 p. m.

NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

John Spargo, Miss Rose Pastor Stokes and Mary R. Sanford will speak in Grand Army Hall October 19, 1909, under the auspices of the P. Ryan will preside, and all are invited.

LA PAROLA DEI SOCIALISTI.

All Italian readers of The Call should not fail to read La Parola dei Socialisti, the weekly organ of the Italian Socialists. It is published at 874 Blue Island avenue, Chicago, and sells for 2 cents a copy, or 41 a year.

WANTS FIRST LOOK.

National Geographic Society Asks Copenhagen to Waive Cook Claims. WASHINGTON, Oct. 15--The executive committee of the National Geographic Society today called the University of Copenhagen requesting in view of the impatience of American scientists for a settlement of the rival Polar claims of Cook and Peary which should be settled in America.

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The following free lectures have been arranged by the Board of Education for tonight: Public School 1, Henry and Catherine streets; "Songs of Shakespeare." Mrs. Henrietta Koch-Schley.

HENRY FRANK.

Will deliver the address of the Independent Liberal Congress. At Berkeley Theater, 19 West 64th St., N. Y., Sunday, Oct. 17, at 11 P. M.

The East Side Socialist Forum.

Clinton Hall, 151 Clinton Street. Sunday Afternoon Lectures Every Week at 2.30 sharp. Questions. Discussion. MUSICAL PROGRAM UNDER THE DIRECTION OF MAX DOLIN. Admission, 10c. Monthly Admission Cards, 25c THIS WEEK.

TRUE ACCOUNT OF HOW MORGAN "SAVED THE NATION" IN THE PANIC OF 1907--A VARIATION FROM USUAL ROMANCE

HISTORY OF THE GREAT AMERICAN FORTUNES

By Gustavus Myers.

Author of "The History of Tammany Hall," "History of Public Franchises in New York City," Etc.

PART III.

The Great Fortunes from Railroads.

Copyright, 1909, by Gustavus Myers.

CHAPTER XXIII (Continued). MORGAN AS "THE SAVIOR OF THE NATION."

The panic of 1907, like previous panics, supplied the propitious opportunity to the great magnates to crush out lesser magnates and seize the control of their property.

The requirements of industrial centralization demanded the effacement of certain minor magnate groups which, from the point of view of the great magnates, had possessed themselves of a rather dangerous degree of industrial and financial power.

How the Little Magnates Get Their Millions.

One of these minor capitalist cliques was what was called the "Heinze-Morse-Thomas Group." Its control comprised twelve banks and two trust companies; a coastwise steamship company, consolidated by the inclusion of a number of steamship companies; large copper mines, a trust in ice, and various other properties.

Before organizing the Ice Trust, Morse had been an inconspicuous

banker. In the course of this business, he had dealings in discounting the notes of various individuals and firms engaged in the selling of ice. Conceiving the idea of forming a trust in that necessary, he set about to crush out the small dealers. One of his first steps was to assure himself of the collusion of powerful politicians ruling the government of New York City.

Purchase of Politicians and Officials.

In its investigation of the administration of New York City, the "Mazzet Committee"—an investigating body appointed by the Legislature in 1899—exposed the conspiracy between the Ice Trust, on the one hand, and, on the other, the Dock and other municipal departments, to create and maintain a monopoly of New York's ice supply. Mayor Van Wyck, a puppet of the big Tammany leaders, subsequently admitted in his testimony before Judge Gaynor, of the New York Supreme Court, that he had obtained 5,000 shares, worth \$500,000, of Ice Trust stock. He alleged that he had paid \$37,000 in cash for them. Pressed for proof to substantiate his statement, he failed to prove that he had actually paid anything. The testimony before the "Mazzet Committee" conclusively showed that the corrupt arrangement between the Ice Trust and the city officials was such as to compel the people to pay 60 cents a hundred pounds, and that the trust had stopped the sale of five-cent pieces of ice, practically cutting off the supply of the very poor. (2)

Millions From Suffering, Disease and Death.

The result was a noticeably great increase in the rate of mortality among the children of the poor. Large numbers of families, living on the most precarious edge of destitution, could not afford to pay the extra five

(2) See "The History of Tammany Hall."

cents demanded for a piece of ice. The milk soured and acted like poison on the children. The increasing number of deaths, in successive summers when the terrific heat made ice an absolute necessity, especially in the congested tenements, could be traced, in large part, to the methods of the Ice Trust. Millions of other people who could ill afford to pay the exactions demanded were compelled to give up extra tribute or go without ice.

This was not a temporary condition; it has continued so ever since the organization of the Ice Trust; the methods then adopted prevail now. Neither were the methods any different from those of capitalism in every field. The invariable principle upon which capitalists acted, and by which they tremendously augmented their profits, was to sell necessities at the very highest price when the people needed them most. In the depths of winter the price of coal was always raised to an exorbitant point. While giving his bits of donations for the founding of hospitals, the successful capitalist reaped his millions from conditions productive of vast suffering and disease on every side.

What Contributes to Success.

The more profits that he made, the more of a financial genius he was accounted by his class, and by all who were influenced by the standards of that class. As soon as Morse proved that he could exact immense profits, he was hailed as a very foremost and successful capitalist. The newspapers began giving extended notices of him, the price of Ice Trust stock went up in Wall Street, and fine men and women in elegant society were only too eager to get hold of stock paying such rich dividends. True, charges of violating the law were made against Morse and his associates, but those charges were not based upon any concern for the mass of people, nor upon indignation at the privations, suffering and deaths caused by the methods of the Ice Trust; they were made solely on behalf of the smaller frauds whom Morse had forced out of business. Jerome, for some years District Attorney for New York County, could discover no criminality in any of Morse's methods, and caused criminal proceedings brought against the Ice Trust officials to be dismissed. A suit, however, brought by the Attorney General of New York State against the Ice Trust for violation of the state anti-monopoly act is now pending.

From this process of exaction and indirect murder on a great scale, the Ice Trust's profits became very great. The money thus taken in, Morse used to finance other enterprises. Buying up the control of a number of coastwise steamship lines, he consolidated them into one corporation, with the

similar accompaniments of stock watering and juggling. He allied himself with the Heinzes who owned large copper mines in Montana, and whose manipulation of the politics and politicians of that state was somewhat similar to that Morse used in New York City. Also, he made a coalition with Thomas, who controlled some New York banks.

The Great Magnates Lie in Ambush.

These men made much noise in the financial world, and dashed around with prodigious belief in their invincibility. They were vaunted as great financiers; doubtless inflated themselves so, and judged themselves fully able to cope with the great magnates. In the meantime, the Morgan and Rockefeller group was carefully observing their operations, and awaiting the ripe time when they could be crushed out at one blow. The Standard Oil Company wanted those copper mines, and the steamship company, organized by Morse, was considered a competitive menace to railroad lines controlled by the Morgan and Rockefeller interests.

Senator La Follette's account of events that followed was accurate as to the facts. In his speech in the United States Senate he gave this narrative: "Suddenly, in the first days of Oc-



GUSTAVUS MYERS.

tober, somebody (to use a Wall street phrase) began to 'smash United Copper on the curb.' The stock began to fall. Standard Oil was getting under way. Doubtless, never suspecting the source, Heinze, through his brother, a member of the Stock Exchange, and through brokers, bought and bought until United Copper went out of sight, carrying down Heinze's brother, one firm of his brokers, and involving the Morse-Heinze banks in the crash.

"Up to this point the panic had been well in hand, but with the revelations following hard upon clearing house investigations, it slipped its bridle, and the situation assumed a serious aspect. But not for one moment did Morgan or Standard Oil miss the opportunity offered. Morse and Heinze were forced out. They were compelled to reorganize their directorships, and substitute semi-independent Standard Oil men as their successors. They were forced to sell their stocks for what they could get. Morgan attacked Morse's Consolidated Steamship Company stocks and bonds, and Morse was ultimately forced to surrender his steamship company combine, which he did.

"They went after the Knickerbocker Trust Company, Charles T. Barney, president, and close ally of Morse's. It was charged in New York that the interests deliberately started a run on the Knickerbocker. Morgan was appealed to for aid. Morgan, whose plaudits have been sounded right here in this Chamber, was in a position to follow carefully every step and phase of this proceeding. In the first place, Morgan gave out, as reported in Wall Street, that the Knickerbocker would be supported if it met the demands of the depositors who had started a run upon it. There was nothing in subsequent events to indicate that there was any sincerity in that promise, but an analysis of every step is convincing to the contrary. Support was not given; it was withheld. After the company, relying upon that pledge, had paid out millions, it was forced to close its doors, and Barney went to a suicide's grave.

"Barney was likewise a director in the Trust Company of America, a comparatively new institution, with a few System directors, giving the great group a semi-interest in the institution, though they have not yet taken it over. The raid of Heinze, Morse, Barney, et al., and the latter's directorate connections with the Trust Company of America, caused public suspicion to fall upon it. A strong run was started. This was not on the program, but as the Vanderbilts, allies of the Standard Oil, were repre-

prosecution, Heinze was indicted. Morse brought to trial, convicted, sentenced to fifteen years in prison, a verdict from which he appealed. The United States Circuit Court of then affirmed the verdict. (3) Morse and Heinze learned, valuable lessons which all small magnates might well take to heart: First, that it is extremely wise to cross the interests of the big magnates; and, second, that the magnates can use the criminal machinery of the courts against opponents of their own class, not less against labor leaders, labor unions and the proprietors in general.

(3) During his commitment in New York City prison the United States judges allowed him to go every day in order "that he might tend to necessary business." Of vast number of persons convicted of crime, not a single instance has been known of a poor prisoner being allowed to leave prison during the day so that he might work for his family. The Court decided later that Morse could go free under bail pending the decision of his appeal. A poor prisoner was allowed this privilege.

(To Be Continued.)

EDITORIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

The readers of The Call who have been following Mr. Myers' "History of the Great American Fortunes," and the Socialist movement in general will be interested in the following announcement by Charles H. Kerr & Company:

"This remarkable work, which has attracted widespread attention in the course of its serial publication in The Worker and The Call, will shortly be brought out in three handsome volumes. From the beginning of the serial publication of this work, an immense stream of inquiries has poured in as to when it would appear in book form. The first volume will be issued in September, 1909, and two other volumes will appear as rapidly as they can be published.

"The author has given the publication of this book to our co-operative association of working people, because he has good reason to believe that almost any capitalist house would soon be induced to suppress the book when its revolutionary importance once came to the attention of the great capitalists of industry. We have little working capital, but our publishing house is owned by over two thousand Socialists who can not be bought off.

"We shall publish the book, so far as the author has completed it, in three handsome volumes, printed on fine book paper, with elegant engravings in each volume. The first, dealing with conditions in settlement and Colonial Times and with the Great Land Fortunes, will be ready in September. Volumes II and III, will deal with the Great Railroad Fortunes, and we hope to publish both of these by the end of 1909. The price of the work will be \$1.50 a volume, but to those who remit \$3.50 in advance, we will mail each of the three volumes promptly upon publication. You can save a dollar on the price of this book, and also help us to hasten the publication of all three volumes, by sending \$3.50 at once.

"Address Charles H. Kerr & Company, 153 East Kinzie Street, Chicago, Ill.

sent on the directorate of the Trust Company of America, Standard Oil was bound to offer some assistance. Though gold and bank notes were ostentatiously piled on the counters to impress depositors, and young Vanderbilt offered as an exhibit of resources and placed at the teller's window, the excited depositors persisted in demanding their money."

Morse Goes to Prison.

In a day, as it were, the Morse-Heinze-Thomas group was smashed into nothingness, and its properties seized. If the experience of those venturesome little magnates had ended there, they would have had cause to rejoice over their good fortune. But their rout had to be made complete. The federal authorities began to take a sudden interest in their operations. Where previously the government's prosecuting officials had been wholly unaware that Morse, Heinze and Thomas had been committing fraud in their financial methods, they now spied out the fullest evidences. From certain quarters proofs were offered of violations of the law by the fallen trio. The United States District Attorney's office in New York City became alive with energy. It caused grand jurors to investigate, and showed striking official zeal in the

The Comedy of Capitalism. A Continuation Performance.

By C. W. ERVIN

There is published in New York a daily newspaper called the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin. It is the most frankly capitalistic sheet in the United States. It is published for and read almost entirely by the members of the capitalist class. By reason of this fact it contains matter which no other daily would dare print.

There is being presented in New York at the present time a play called "The Master Key," in which the plutocrat is idealized. In reviewing this play the dramatic critic of this sheet of the Golden Call revalues himself of the following paragraphs:

"While the author has chosen the very best sort of representative for the symbolic class commonly designated as Capital, it must be said that he has not been so particular in his choice of those portraying Labor. Perhaps they typified the large majority of their class."

We of the working class are such a hard lot that the author was not able to find one of the "best sort" among us. Cheer up, the worst is yet to come. The above is a compliment to our class compared with what follows:

"As is usual in real life, and as seemed proper in the play, capital, culture and control triumphed over ignorance, in consideration and irrationalism." Isn't that a gem of plutocratic alliteration?

And then this capitalist retainer proceeds to relate the story told by the play in these words, "Chard finds himself suddenly possessed, by his father's death, of a fabulous fortune, which is centred in a great foundry

WE CARRY A GREAT VARIETY OF FOOTWEAR

We reduce our profit to a minimum, and give you the benefit in price.

D. MOSKOWITZ, 50 Ave. C, cor. 4th St., N. Y.

Are You Interested Enough to Do This?

It Will Only Cost You a Stamp, But Means Many Dollars to The Call. Show The Call to the man whose ad you would like to see in your paper. Explain to him that Call Readers are interested in their paper and that advertising therein is profitable. Then request the merchant that he advertise in The Call and send us his name and address on the blank printed below or on a postal.

Call Advertising Department Information Blank

I have shown The Call to Mr. _____ and at the same time recommended that he advertise. Kindly send your representative to explain further. The best time to see Mr. _____ is _____ You may mention my name. Name and Address of Sender: _____ Date: _____

THE MASSACHUSETTS POLITICAL SITUATION.

By BARRY BOYLE.

The old adage "Of two evils choose the least," will fall of application in Massachusetts this year, so far as concerns a choice between the Republican and Democratic parties. Both wings of the capitalistic political culture are labeled "National Association of Manufacturers." The Republican wing being personified by Eben S. Draper, candidate for Governor, and the Democratic wing personified by Eugene N. Foss, candidate for Lieutenant Governor, both being members of the aforesaid industrial organization of the capitalist class, which has for its avowed object the waging of an incessant war against organized labor, and the defeat of all legislation favorable to labor's interests.

Having perfected its industrial organization, the National Association of Manufacturers is now seeking to perfect its political control of the state. Hence, the selection of Draper, a Republican, and Foss, a Democrat, as fitting representatives.

Foss was a former Republican convert to Congress and spent vast sums politically fighting opposing capitalist interests. This year he "accepted" the Democratic nomination for Lieutenant Governor after seeing to it that the so-called platform (of usual canting phraseology) was submitted to him for revision in accordance with his views. Foss constitutes the Democratic party of Massachusetts this year; that is, Foss's money and its potent influence. Vahey, the Democratic candidate for Governor, is merely a figurehead, whose platform is "I have six children," yet whose acceptance of Foss as his running mate shows but scant regard for the welfare of the ordinary worker's children, upon whose behalf it is being continually waged that brutalizing strife between the capitalist and his wage slave struggling for better economic and social conditions.

The cloven hoof of the labor-fakir is also manifest in the conduct of the Democratic ex-Alderman, Fred Kneeland, so-called labor leader, and delegate to the Democratic Convention that nominated a member of the National Association of Manufacturers for Lieutenant Governor. It is said that Kneeland squeaked a mild objection at the proposed nomination of Foss, and, as stated in the Boston papers the following day, might have protested in the convention had it not been for "heroic work." Upon the part of whom? At any rate Kneeland's voice was not raised in protest during or after the convention, notwithstanding his obvious duty as a representative of the state branch of the A. F. L. If organized labor in Massachusetts suffer such a gross betrayal of unionism by one of its members, as marked Kneeland's conduct in the Democratic convention, without administering summary punishment to the offender, then the standard of its unionism must be low indeed.

The Republican and Democratic parties have respectively nominated members of the National Association of Manufacturers as candidates soliciting the votes of workingmen, to whose right to organize and seek a redress of grievances the said asso-

If You Suffer From Headaches and Nervousness

If the print blurs when reading it is certain that Eyestrain is present. Call and let me make a scientific examination and advise you as to your care. I also STRAIGHTEN CROSS EYES without any surgical operation. CAREFUL ATTENTION GIVEN TO CHILDREN'S EYES. My prices are very reasonable. CONSULTATION FREE.

Dr. M. Harrison OPTOMETRIST.

101 AVENUE B, Bet. 6th & 7th Sts., New York. Telephone 6567 Orchard.

TO MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN OF FASHION.

We advise you to buy your shoes at the Biggest ONE PRICE Store on the East Side, where you will find a large selection of up-to-date Footwear.

WILDFEUER BROS., STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

67-69 Ave. B, near 6th St., N. Y. Call in and give us a chance to enlarge this advertisement.

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1409 Second Ave., bet. 73d & 74th Sts. We give trading stamps.

THE BROOKLYN CALL CONFERENCE

meets every WEDNESDAY, 8 P. M. at the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum.

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We advertise every day in The Call. Why not come and patronize us?

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Including the cheaper kind that are good in their most essential qualities, at prices that mean great savings.

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Shirts, Collars and Ties, Underwear, Gloves, and many other necessities that increase comfort and improve appearance of men.

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Ladies will find here an endless assortment of furnishings that combine good quality and low price. Visit our department and see what you want here. You will like what we sell; you feel satisfied with it.

Infants' Outfittings

Infants' Outfittings. Everything for little folks. The change of the season requires warmer things for the little ones. Here can be found whatever may be needed.

Lace Curtains

New Lace Curtains for the windows? If you are thinking of getting them, let us show you our assortment. Inexpensive ones as well as elaborate Parlor Curtains.

Save Our 4 Per Cent Discount Coupons

Save Our 4 Per Cent Discount Coupons

1859 U. B. of Carpenters and Joiners of America. LOCAL UNION 309. Former Furniture Workers' Union No. 7. 1909

Saturday, October 16, 1909

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY And Dedication of a New Flag.

TO BE HELD AT GRAND CENTRAL PALACE, LEXINGTON AVE. Between 43d and 44th streets.

TICKETS, IN ADVANCE, Inc. Hat Check 25 CENTS A PERSON. Tickets at Door, 35 Cents. Commencing at 8 p. m.

Tickets can be had at Brooklyn Labor Lyceum, 949 Willoughby avenue; Bronx Club House, 145th Street and Third Avenue; Oertel Cafe, 101 East 50th Street; Labor Temple, 243 East 84th Street; Chris Schmidt, 407 East 6th Street; Chas. Breisfelden Hall, 1705 Second Avenue; Heinrich Book Store, 82 Avenue A; August Reiser, 182 Brook Avenue; Brosi Bros., West Side Cafe, 568 Eighth Avenue.

Entertainment and Ball For the Benefit of THE NEW YORK CALL and NEW YORKER VOLKSZEITUNG

By the Joint Executive Board of the Bakers and Confectionery Workers' International Union on Saturday, November 13, 1909, at NEW SOKOL HALL, East 72d Street.

TICKETS, 15c. HAT CHECKS, 10c.

TO TEST THE ADVERTISING VALUE OF THE CALL WE OFFER THESE FOUR SPECIALS for SATURDAY, SUNDAY and MONDAY Only:

\$1.25 Pleated Shirts; coat style, fast color, 1.00 \$1.25 Meyers' Kid Gloves; every pair guaranteed, 1.00 60c Ribbed Underwear; 50c 35c Silk Neckwear; newest Fall styles, 1.00

GREEN & GOLDSTEIN 298 GRAND STREET, CITY.

ASK FOR THE LABEL OF THE CAPMAKERS' UNION

WHEN BUYING CAPS FOR YOURSELVES AND CHILDREN.

THE NUMBER ACROSS THE LABEL IS PRINTED IN RED.

BARBERS!!

Your attention is called to our prices and also ask you to inspect our merchandise. Call to see us and convince yourself. We carry a full line of Barbers' Supplies and perfumery. Bargains in Hair Brushes and Razors.

WORKINGMEN!

If you are your own barber, we ask you to give us a call, as we carry a full line of Barbers' Supplies.

FIEBERT BROS. 100 RIVINGTON STREET, Cor. Ludlow St., New York.

Woman's Sphere

Edited by ANITA C. BLOCK

A CRY FROM THE GHETTO.

From the Jewish of Morris Rosenfeld.

The roaring of the wheels has filled my ears. The clashing and the clamor—shut me in! In my soul, in chaos disappears. I cannot think or feel amid the din. The clashing and the tolling—endless. For whom? For what? Why should the work be done? I do not ask, or know. I only toll. I work until the day and night are one.

The clock above me ticks away the day. My hands are spinning, spinning, like the wheels. I cannot sleep for a moment stay. It is a thing like me, and does not feel.

My heart as tho' my heart were beating there—My heart? I know not what it means. The clock ticks, and below I strive and stare. And so we lose the hour. We are machines.

She calls a truce, an ending to the sound. As if a battle had one moment stayed—A bloody field! The dead lie all around; Their wounds cry out until I grow afraid. It comes—the signal! See, the dead men rise. They fight again, amid the roar they fight. Mindfully and knowing not for whom, why. They fight, they fall, they sink into the night.

MISS MACARTHUR IN NEW YORK

Miss Mary R. MacArthur on her return home from the Convention of the National Women's Trade Union League will make a short stop over in New York. She will reach here Sunday morning on Wednesday. Cards for a reception to her have been sent for Monday evening by the Women's Trade Union League, 43 West 112th St. Invitations can be had at the office of the League. Miss MacArthur will address the guests Sunday evening. This will be her only speech while in New York extending one which she will make at a private meeting on suffrage. Miss MacArthur represents officially the one hundred thousand organized working women of Great Britain; she is the only woman member of the Executive Board of the Independent Labor Party; her most recent triumph was the passage of an Act fixing a minimum wage in certain sweated trades. She has taken an important part in the passage of the Act.

WHY WOMEN ARE CHEAP

By Francis Squire Potter.

The reason women are cheaper than men is because they are more helpless. The reason that children are cheaper than women is because they are still more helpless. Only the animals are more so, and it is because they are the most helpless of all that they are the cheapest of all. It has become self-evident in this country that the people who have the ballot get more consideration than those who do not. They have a weapon with which to defend themselves against oppression. It is known that in the four equal suffrage States the

NOTICE

All Women Suffragists

All women suffragists living in the 3d Assembly District are invited to a meeting:

399 HENRY STREET

On Monday, Oct. 18, at 8 P. M.

Women in the 4th Assembly District please come to 260 Livingston st., on Thursday, Oct. 21, at 8 P. M., and those in the 5th Assembly District to 200 Livingston st., on Thursday, Oct. 21, at 8 P. M. At these three meetings delegates to the Women's Convention at Carnegie Hall on Oct. 22 will be elected.

L. L. DOCK, 265 Henry St., Chairman.

MEETING HALLS

LABOR TEMPLE 243-247 E. 84th St., New York

Women's Educational Association. Meetings for Meetings, Entertainments and Ball. Telephone, 1960 79th. Free Library open from 2 to 10 P. M.

TYROLER CONCERT HALL William Meyer, Prop., Cor. Cypress Ave. and Norman St., Evergreen.

Special Concert every Sunday afternoon and evening. Admission Free.

LABOR LYCEUM 449 Wintonway Ave., Brooklyn.

Home for the Brooklyn Labor Organizations. Owned and Controlled by the Labor Lyceum Association. Telephone.

KREUSCHER'S HALL Myrtle Ave., Cor. Cypress Ave. BROOKLYN.

Best accommodations for balls, parties and weddings. Headquarters of Branch 59, W. S. and D. B. Society.

CLINTON HALL 151-153 Clinton Street.

Large and small meeting rooms from May 1st, for unions, lodges and societies at reasonable terms.

laws protecting women and children, regulating wages and hours, are more favorable than anywhere else in this country. It is equally obvious that women are more careful of the interests of children than men are, and that woman's economic object in demanding the ballot is fortified by a natural instinct and that she is acting for the good of the race. The primal instinct to protect her young is quite as powerful as the determination to free herself in this present worldwide movement for political equality. In most of the states of the Union women are obliged to struggle for their economic ends indirectly. If they are wage-earners they have to influence the conditions under which they earn, conditions sometimes which kill, maim, and undermine health—they have to influence these conditions, indirectly. If they are not wage-earners or otherwise financially independent, then their economic survival is still more indirect. And in directness is the unhappiest development in woman's situation and in woman's nature.

DANGEROUS WOMEN

When the Czar of Russia recently visited England—or rather an island off the English coast—people read, with feelings commingled of contempt, pity and amusement, about the preparations made to secure the potentate's safety. He was guarded and watched so closely that a sparrow or a spider would have found it impossible to approach him unobserved. During the better part of the past year Ministers of the British Crown have addressed public meetings under the circumstances of the Czar's daily life. Whenever any member of the Government sought to address his own constituents, or any other person's constituents, "elaborate precautions" were taken to secure the speaker's safety from the hands and voices of the Suffragettes; and these precautions were often ineffectual. "Free speech" has become a mockery in Great Britain. The unhappy Liberals can talk about politics only within doors closed, barred, and guarded, even then they are "interrupted" by missiles deftly flung through windows or glass roofs. Very shrewd and capable women lead the fierce Suffragette battalions in England.

SOME OPINIONS ON WOMAN SUFFRAGE

To the bread-winning portion of the sex (female) the ballot is a boon. She is a factor whose power must be respected. Like her brother she must be reckoned with at the polls. Hence it is her buckler against industrial wrong, her protection against the constant tendency to reduce her wages because of helplessness. If no other reason existed for conferring this right upon womankind, this, to the man of justice, should be all sufficient.—C. S. Thomas, ex-Governor of Colorado.

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

I think that woman suffrage will come as a result of the increasing economic independence of women which will in turn sharpen her intellect, force upon her an interest in the social and economic conditions which are determining her own destiny in so great a measure, and finally, give her that self-respect and self-sufficiency which prevent her from being content with the alternate adoration and contempt of the opposite sex.—Dr. Charles A. Beard, Columbia University.

I have been asked why I believe in woman's suffrage. One might as well ask why I believe in the sun or the stars or the ocean. I believe that women should vote because they are women, just as I believe that men should vote because they are men.—Brand Whitlock.

Because women consider the Government men's affair, they have become so confused in regard to their traditional business in life, the rearing of children, that they bear with complacency a statement made by the Nestor of sanitary reformers that one-half of the tiny lives which make up the city's death-rate each year might be saved by a more thorough application of sanitary science. Because it implies the use of the suffrage, they do not consider it women's business to save these lives.—Jane Addams.

A Reader—U. S. Solomon is organizer of Local New York Socialist party. Certainly, you may send money for Swedish strikers to him.

I. R.—The Chicago Daily Socialist was established about three years ago.

E. M. B.—Write to Women's Trade Union League, 43 East 22d Street, New York, for a list of union label goods.

M. J.—We do not know of any free medical colleges. Alfred Ayres' little book, "The Mentor," will serve your purpose.

J. De P.—Write to J. Mahlon Barnes, National Secretary of the Socialist party, 180 Washington street, Chicago, inclosing a dime and he will send you a copy of the pamphlet, "How to Become a Citizen."

L. M.—You might get the words of "The International" from Les Union des Travailleurs, Charleroi, La.

S. R.—The only way in which a non-Socialist syndicate could gain control of The Call and change its policy would be for a majority of the Socialist party members who constitute the Workingmen's Co-operative Publishing Association, which publishes this paper, to betray the Cause and sell out, and that, surely, is out of the question. It is too absurd a proposition to think of it or waste time discussing it. The City Record for the various assembly districts will give you a list of the registered voters, which is the nearest approach to a complete list of citizens that we know.

W.—The Appeal to Reason is published in Girard, Kansas.

L. G.—Apply to U. S. Solomon, 229 East 84th street. He may be found in his office until about 8 o'clock any evening.

P. La P.—Local T. of the United Hatters of North America, meets at the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum, 949 W. 10th Street, on the second Thursday of each month. Local 689, of the United Textile Workers, meets at the Labor Temple, 243 East 84th street, Manhattan, on the second and fourth Friday of each month.

Miss V. L.—The address of Rose Pastor Stokes is Caritas Island, Stamford, Conn.

W. F.—The Volkzeitung was joking.

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

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W.—The Appeal to Reason is published in Girard, Kansas.

L. G.—Apply to U. S. Solomon, 229 East 84th street. He may be found in his office until about 8 o'clock any evening.

P. La P.—Local T. of the United Hatters of North America, meets at the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum, 949 W. 10th Street, on the second Thursday of each month. Local 689, of the United Textile Workers, meets at the Labor Temple, 243 East 84th street, Manhattan, on the second and fourth Friday of each month.

Miss V. L.—The address of Rose Pastor Stokes is Caritas Island, Stamford, Conn.

W. F.—The Volkzeitung was joking.

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THE FORM OF THE TRADE UNION LABEL.

By E. R. SPEDDEN.

There are three forms in which the trade union label is used: (a) A mark attached to a product, (b) a shop card to distinguish a place of business, and (c) a button to distinguish a workman. The majority of trade unions use the label only as a mark placed on an article and ordinarily the term "Union Label" indicates this form of label.

In 1907 the membership of the trade unions using the labels attached to the product was 458,500, or approximately 27.9 per cent of the entire membership of the American Federation of Labor. Those unions which use cards and buttons embraced approximately 309,600, or 18.8 per cent of the number of workmen affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. There are still other trade unions which use the label of the American Federation of Labor, either because of the weakness of their organization or because their products are "subsidiary" to a complete product. Such unions are the Artificial Limb Makers, Badge and Lodge Paraphernalia Workers, Soda and Mineral Water Bottlers, Cloth Spongers and Finishers, Makers of Cigar Makers' Tools, Horseshoe Nail Makers, Neckwear Cutters and Makers, Suspender Workers and Steel Case Makers.

Some trade unions are precluded from the adoption of a label because of the nature of the craft. The Granite Cutters and Stone Masons, for example, cannot use a label upon the stone because it could be readily removed and the employer refuse to allow any design to be cut in the stone. The Glass Bottle Blowers have the same difficulty. The only way in which bottles could be effectively labeled would be to have a fac-simile of the label blown in the mold. The employers are unwilling to have this done, not because of any particular feeling of hostility toward the union, but because the molds are usually the property of those who have given the contract for the bottles. Though the employers may be willing to use the label, the firms who have given the contract for the bottles may be unwilling to have the label appear upon the goods or on the molds.

The wording of the union label is in a few cases significant. With the majority of trade unions, however, it is of no special import. The Bakery and Confectionery Workers' label bears this legend: "A guarantee of living wages, wholesome and clean bakeries and factories and good workmanship." The label of the Bootmakers and Iron Shipbuilders states that the product is made by union labor. The legend on the Cigar Makers' label reads as follows: "The cigars contained in this box have been made by a first class workman, a member of the Cigar Makers' International Union of America, an organization devoted to the advancement of the moral, material and intellectual welfare of the craft." The Iron Molders' label reads: "This certifies that these castings have been made by competent, first class workmen who are members of the Iron Molders' Union of North America, an organization opposed to inferior and prison made goods." The Paper Makers' label indicates that the purpose of the organization is to demand "a living wage, reasonable and fair conditions for its members." The Upholsterers' label carries this sentence: "The upholstering upon which this label appears was done by a competent workman, a member of the Upholsterers' International Union of North America."

Three factors enter into the determination of the efficacy of any form of trade union label—publicity of the label, the nature of the material of which the label is made, and the desires of the purchasers. The label must be sufficiently prominent to be readily observed, yet the character of the product to which the label is attached influences the method of attachment to be adopted. Cigars might have the label on the box or even upon the individual cigars, if the cost were not too great. But hats and clothing must have an attachment of the label which preserves reasonable publicity without giving offense to the form of propriety. The form of label adopted by the Hatters illustrates the influence of these factors very well. It is attached to the inside of the hat under the bow of the ribbon on the outside band; and is stitched in such a way that the thread of the label must pass through the bow. The label is concealed, and at the same time it may be readily found by anyone desirous of having the label on the product. The clothing trades are governed by the same considerations in their choice of a mode of attaching the label. The United Garment Workers use a linen label attached to overalls and jumpers in the right-hand pocket, on coats in the right-hand inside pocket, on vests on the back strap and to the waist band of trousers. Similarly the Tailors require the label to be attached "on coats in the inside of the breast pocket. On vests in the middle of the back strap, or the inside of the waist band or on the inside of the watch pocket. The label shall have sharp edges turned in and shall be stitched in by machine." The Bakery and Confectionery Workers find great opposition to the label pasted directly on the bread. On the other hand, the label affixed to wrapped packages of bread, cakes, candies and crackers meets with favor among the consumers. In general, it may be said that in case of articles of food the label may be conspicuously displayed, whereas in the case of articles of clothing, such as hats, caps, shoes, etc., the label must be less conspicuously attached.

The Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen use three forms of label; a label pasted on the carcass in the slaughter house, another burned in boxes containing pork products packed by union workmen, and a placard to indicate a "Union Market." The Boot and Shoe Workers attach or rather imprint their label upon the sole, the insole, or, since 1902, the lining of the boots and shoes made whole by members of the union. The label of the Typographical Union provides sufficient publicity and causes little offense because of its mode of attachment. Many suggestions have appeared for a general label of the American Federation of Labor to be used by all affiliated trade unions. The Hatters, United Garment Workers, Shirt, Waist and Laundry Workers, Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen, Iron Molders, Upholsterers, Retail Clerks, Barbers and Tailors have taken the lead in advocating the adoption of one form of label for all crafts. The Cigar Makers and the Boot and Shoe Workers have opposed any such proposal. Their arguments are: (1) That the distinctiveness of the label of each trade would be lost, and since the needs of each craft are different, the principles upon which any demand for the label in a particular trade might be created would thus be destroyed; and (2) that the American Federation of Labor under such a system would of necessity control the label and the propaedeutic for it. The policy of the American Federation of Labor would thus be abandoned and the industrial form of organization would of necessity replace the existing form of trade affiliation.—From the Economic Seminary, Johns Hopkins University.

NEWARK ADVERTISERS

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AS TO VENEZUELA.

What is the truth about President Castro? No man has been more vigorously denounced than the ex-President of Venezuela. Recently an American paper published some remarkable statements which make one wonder whether Castro is another victim of the financial "rings" which are gradually throttling the press. It is said that Castro, when President, was a steady opponent of the American and European capitalists who were exploiting Venezuela. These men were persistently intriguing against him and stirring up the European and American press against his government. Graver still, these financiers are said to have expended thousands of pounds in bribing the American, English and French press. Unhappily for himself, Castro was attacked by a serious disease, which necessitated a journey to Europe. In his absence, the European and American asphalt interests bribed Gomez and some other Venezuelians (as was done in the case of Panama) to seize the Presidency, and declare Castro to be a criminal, who had fled from justice. Upon hearing this Castro returned to Venezuela, but was forbidden to land by the European and American governments, as a popular rising in his favor was feared. This is an important matter, and we hope that some M. P. will elicit from Sir E. Grey whether Great Britain has been diplomatically concerned in these discreditable transactions. The South American mail brings news of a reconstruction of the Venezuelan constitution. One feature of this reconstruction is very interesting to Europeans, as it involves the re-establishment of one of the most famous instruments of government known to European political science, namely, the Council of Ten, which ruled the fortunes of Venice from 1310 to 1797. In place of a Federal Council of Nineteen, out of whose members the President was chosen, there is to be a Council of Ten, which, apparently, is to combine the functions of a Ministry and a Council. It is not very clear how the arrangement will really be accepted by the Senate and House of Representatives; but the combination of a constitution, founded on that of the United States, with a Council of Ten, which terrorized Venice and Italy, is certainly a political experiment.—The New Age, London, England.

GUIDE TO THEATERS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, 14th St. and Irving Pl., N.Y. Wed. and Sat., 8:15. "The Girl and the Wizard." Musical comedy with Cleo Lanning and Harry Leon Wilson.

ALHAMBRA, Seventh Ave. and 126th St., 1st. every day. Vaudeville.

AMERICAN MUSIC HALL, 45d St., near Bway—Mat. every day. Vaudeville.

BOJOU, 20th St. and Bway—8:30. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Doctors," dramatization by Margaret Mays of Dickens' "Little Dorrit."

BROADWAY, 41st St. and Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Midnight Song," musical comedy.

CIRCLE, 60th St. and Bway, 8:15—Mat. Thurs. and Sat., 2:15. "Hayti," with McIntyre and Heath. Musical comedy by John T. McNeil, William Jerome and Jean Schwartz.

COLONIAL, 42d St. and Bway—Mats. daily. Vaudeville. Yvette Guilbert.

COMEDY, 41st St. between Bway and Sixth Ave.—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Melting Pot," by Israel Zangwill.

CARNOY, 26th St. and Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Girl and the Wizard." Musical comedy with Ben Bernard.

CRITERION, 44th St. and Bway—8:20. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:20. "The Noble Savage," farce comedy by W. Somerset Maugham, with Robert Edson.

DALY'S, 20th St. and Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The White Sister," by F. Marion Crawford and Walter Hackett, with V. A. Price.

EMPIRE THEATRE, 40th St. and Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "Innocent George," comedy by G. De Caillavet and R. De Fiers, with John Drew.

FIFTH AVENUE, KEITH & PROCTOR, 28th St. and Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Girl and the Wizard." Musical comedy with Ben Bernard.

GALETTY, 40th St. and Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Fortune Hunter," Comedy by Winchell Smith.

GARIBOLDI, 26th St. and Bway—8:30. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Girl and the Wizard." Musical comedy with Michael Morton. Last week.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, 23d St. and Eighth Ave.—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "A Fool There Was," by Porter Emerson Brown. This week only.

Hudson 44th St., east of Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Rose of Algiers." Musical comedy, by Marthe Morlier from the German of Leopold Kämpf, with Hedwig Reicher.

HAMBURSTEIN'S VICTORIA, 42d St. and Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Girl and the Wizard." Musical comedy with Ben Bernard.

HACKETT, 42d St. and Bway—8:20. Mat. Thurs. and Sat., 2:20. "Such a Little Queen," charming comedy by Channing Pollock.

HERALD SQUARE, 35th St. and Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Rose of Algiers." Musical comedy.

HEWLETT, 42d St. and Bway—8:15. Mat. Thurs. and Sat., 2:15. "The Girl and the Wizard." Musical comedy with Ben Bernard.

JOB WEBER'S 26th St. and Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Girl and the Wizard." Musical comedy with Ben Bernard.

KNICKERBOCKER, 38th St. and Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Girl and the Wizard." Musical comedy with Ben Bernard.

LIBERTY, 43d St. west of Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Widow's Light," comedy by Edmund Dugan. Lillian Russell.

LINCOLN SQUARE, 66th St. and Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "Billy," by Joseph Storer. This week only.

LYCETHE 40th St. near Bway—8:15. Mat. Thurs. and Sat., 2:15. "Arsene Lupin." Detective play by G. Croisset and Leblanc.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S, 25th St. and Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Chocolate Soldier," musical comedy adapted by Stanislaus Stranzone from George Bernard Shaw's "Arms and the Man."

METROPOLIS, 142d St. and Third Ave.—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The World and His Wife," adaptation by Charles F. Nirdlinger of Schegers' important drama, "If Girls Go West." This week only.

NEW YORK, 45th St. and Bway—10. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Man Who Owns Broadway," by Geo. M. Cohen, with Raymond Hitchcock.

NEW AMSTERDAM, 45d St. west of Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Love Cure," farce adapted by Oliver Herford from the German of Edmund Eysler.

PLAZA MUSIC HALL, 26th St. and Madison Ave.—Mat. daily. 300 Seats.

STUYVESANT, 35th St. near Bway—8:15. Mat. Thurs. and Sat., 2:15. "The Rastrel Way," social drama by Eugene Walters, with Francis X. Bushy.

TAVOY, 54th St. and Bway—8:30. Mat. daily. "The Awakening of Helena Ritchie." Adapted by Charlotte Thompson, with Margaret Anglin. First time here.

THEATRE EDU. 136th St. and Eighth Ave.—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Dawn of Tomorrow." This week only.

WALLACE'S, 26th St. and Bway—8:15. Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Fourth Deadly Sin." Powerful and original play of newspaper life, by Joseph Medill Patterson and Harold M. Shaw.

YORKVILLE, 56th St. between Lexington and Third Ave.—Mat. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. "The Wife of the Cabbage Patch." This week only.

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Devoted to the interests of the Working People.

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VOL. 2. SATURDAY, OCT. 16, 1909. NO. 249.

CANDIDATES OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY



- For Mayor: Edward F. Cassidy
- For Comptroller: W. W. Passage
- For President of Board of Aldermen: Victor Buhr

HALF A CENTURY IN THE FIELD.

Tonight at Grand Central Palace, Carpenters' Union No. 309 will celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of its existence. It will be a modest celebration by a body of honest, hard-working men. Neither the Governor of the state nor the Mayor of our city will be there. Nor any of the glib politicians eager to flatter the horny-handed sons of toil to their faces in order the easier to betray them when their backs are turned.

The politicians will not be there for the reason that nobody has invited them. They are not wanted on any such occasion among self-respecting workmen conscious of their own interests and their own position in present day society.

But there will be present and rejoicing with the honest carpenters thousands of good men and women of the working class, imbued with the same ideas and the same hopes that have guided the brave carpenters through numerous hard-fought battles.

For it must be said to the eternal glory of our comrades of Battling 309 that the sun never shone on more courageous, more steadfast, more persevering fighters than they have been all through the half century of their union's glorious existence. Always alert, always in the front ranks, in the thick of the fight they could be found, neither slow with their persons nor their money for the common cause.

We salute you, grizzled veterans, as well as young enlisted soldiers in the great contest we are engaged in together. And the best wish we can offer you on this great day of honor is that you and your successors may ever remain true to the spirit that has animated you so nobly during the past half century, until wage-slavery shall be no more.

PROTEST AGAINST MURDER; SAVE THE LIVING!

The murder of Ferrer was but a part of the entire scheme of vengeance planned by the Spanish reactionists in power—the mining speculators who brought on the war with the Morocco tribesmen—the speculators in the blood of the Spanish people who bombarded the most populous and enlightened city in Spain.

After the uprising in Barcelona the speculators' government was compelled to abolish the system of conscription which permitted the payment of a sum of money in lieu of military service.

After the murder of Ferrer the Official Gazette published a decree restoring the old system.

Thus in the future, as in the past, it will be the exclusive privilege of the Spanish peasantry and working people to fight and bleed and die for the exclusive profit of king and church and capitalists.

The murder of Ferrer and the restoration of the old system of conscription indicate clearly the impending fate of the more than 10,000 prisoners now incarcerated in Montjuich and other prisons.

Reports are abroad that these prisoners are subjected to cruel tortures. From the facts established in 1896, when the torture and mutilation of prisoners were indulged in on a large scale, the present reports may well be credited.

Every demonstration undertaken by friends of liberty in protest against the murder of Ferrer should also ring with denunciation of the barbarous treatment of the prisoners, and the demand for their liberation should be made so loud and emphatic that it will resound throughout the stricken country and the world.

TWO CAMPAIGNS.

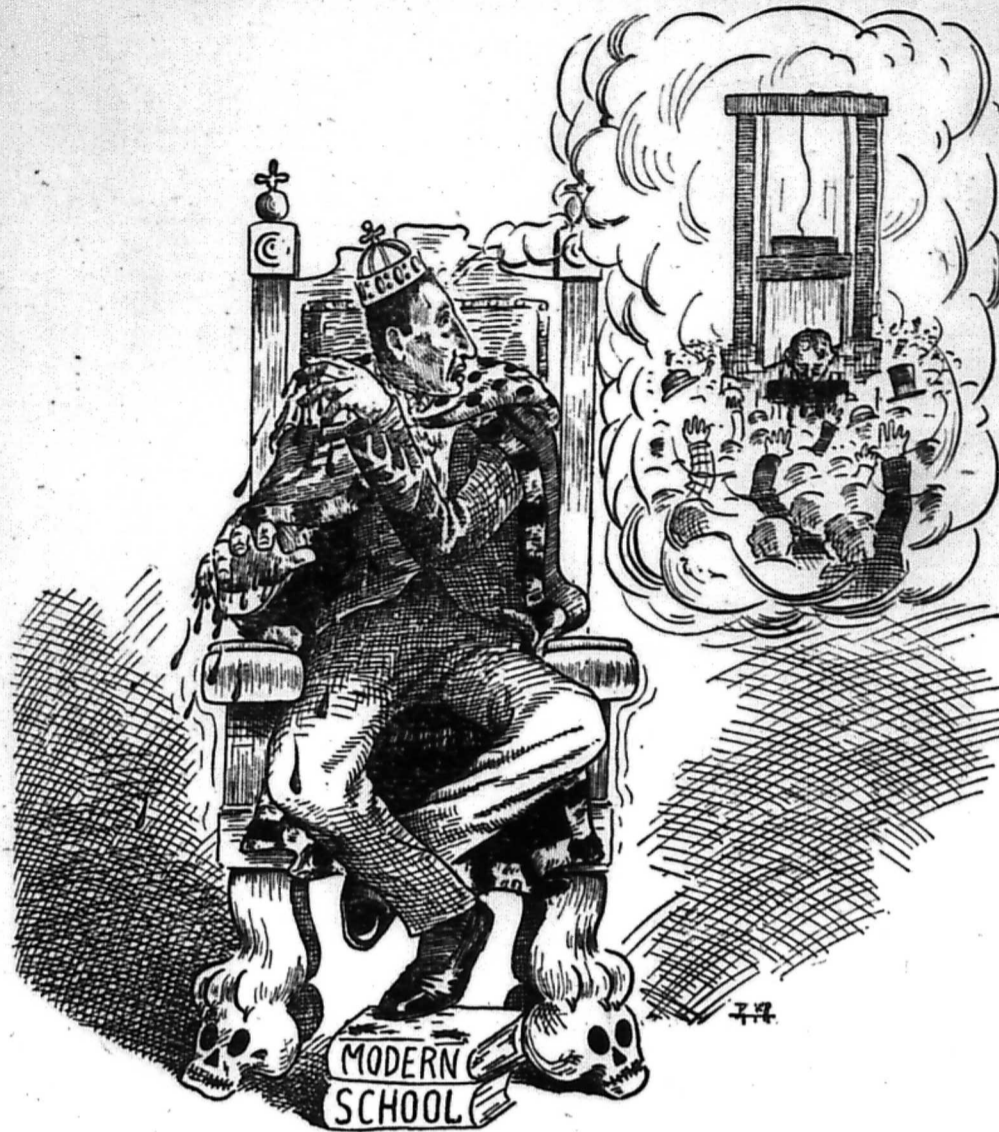
Four years ago when Hearst was candidate for Mayor on his own Independence League ticket he was assailed by every newspaper in this city, except his own, as an extreme radical, a demagogue, a dangerous character, whose election was a menace to private property and social order. The Republicans rushed to the rescue of Tammany and McClellan was elected by a narrow majority.

Of course there was no warrant whatsoever for the concerted attack of the plutocratic interests upon this man. And in fact the attack was made not so much against the man or his opinions and platform as against his following, which consisted very largely of radicals and workmen. It was not Hearst whom the plutocrats dreaded, but the masses whom for the time being he symbolized.

Four years have passed and Hearst is again a candidate for the same office. But what a change in the attitude of the entire capitalist press of this city! Nearly every newspaper is favorable to Hearst, or if not favorable, at any rate respectful. From an "enemy of society" he has become one of its very pillars. He is to save the city from the rule of the hordes of loot. The Republicans enter into alliance with him. His Republican opponent of four years ago becomes his foremost champion and vouches for his "safety and sanity." Hearst is no longer the extreme radical, but the Tammanyized Gaynor is "MR. GAYNOR MAY DRAW A FEW RADICAL VOTES TOO EXTREME FOR MR. HEARST," says Ivins.

How many progressive men and Socialists can be deceived this year by Hearst?

"UNEASY LIES THE HEAD THAT WEARS A CROWN!"



THE VISION OF THE FATE OF LOUIS XVI. HAUNTS ALFONSO.

AN ABYSS OF INFAMY.

By Robert Hunter.

There has never been perhaps a more bold-faced, shameless disgusting political campaign!

The lowest barroom in New York, filled with drunken, insolent thieves could hardly present a spectacle more revolting than recent events of this campaign.

Love for money and power make men do many dirty deeds. But has ever that love carried men farther than now?

Hinsley once asked Mr. Dooley: to tell him the cause of bad times. Mr. Dooley laughed and said, "Ha, Hinsley, if ye knew that, wouldn't ye be mad!"

I think if the secrets of this political campaign were known, pretty nearly half a million voters would want to storm the houses of all the candidates and all the bosses and lynch them.

Judge Gaynor, posing as the wrath of God and proclaiming himself independent, is fighting to give the city a plunder to the most desperate gang of Tammany thieves that ever comprised a political ticket. If ever man was magnificent as a gorgeous, sublime hypocrite, that man is Gaynor.

The job was all fixed last May by Tammany Hall. It was not forced to take Gaynor. It wanted him. The papers try to make it appear that Tammany Hall, on its last legs and bowing to the will of the people, took as candidate an honest and fearless jurist.

But the whole thing was faked from start to finish. Tammany planned the game and manufactured the sentiment that made Gaynor the hero of the hour.

The Republicans then put up a ticket headed by a genial Wall street magnate, who talks charity and is really disposed to look upon those outside of his social circle as worthy mendicants. He is honestly desirous of giving them a handout.

In return for the privilege of controlling a sum of wealth which makes the Standard Oil look small, Mr. Bannard would actually, I believe, be willing to give the citizens of New York the price of a drink and a bed.

He knows money. He thinks in terms of business and dividends. He believes the Mayor should help the poor and he is willing to do that. He aspires to be a kind, Christian, charity organization Mayor.

Hearst is in politics once again "to help others." Four years ago he seemed to be fighting for the rabble

and he probably was. But the rabble was a rabble and that pretty thoroughly disgusted Hearst.

He is now in politics because Paul Cravath, Ryan's attorney; Ben Odell, Harriman's jackal; Herbert Parsons, son of a sugar king, and Depew, son of a gun, require his aid.

Depew is glad Hearst is in the race. He tells Wall street not to fear Hearst. And informs us that Hearst "has grown wonderfully," has developed into a safe, clean-cut, high-minded, up-to-date patriot. "He believes," says Senator Depew, "in the things I believe in."

Mr. Hearst is running to assist a candidate for District Attorney, that Mr. William M. Ivins says Paul Cravath, and Henry Stimson and Cravath Ivins knows that Stimson and Cravath want what Ryan and Belmont want.

Of course, if the voters of New York city had any intelligence whatsoever, they would hardly be so foolish as to grow enthusiastic over this political frame up.

The people must lose no matter where the wheel turns. No combination whatever will give them a city administration that will help them or disappoint the bosses or the owners of the bosses.

If I were a non-Socialist and wished generously to hand a certain gang the right to rob me and squander millions of plunder, I would vote for Bannard for Mayor and then for Tammany.

Tammany candidates are frank, open-handed thieves. There is no hypocrisy about them. They don't pretend to be in politics to uplift the people. They are not Pecksniffs weeping over the misery of the people in order to rob the people. They are good, strong, honest, burly thieves. They don't deny it.

Bannard and his crowd will give aims to the people and millions to the interests. Hearst, who believes in what Depew believes in will probably do as Depew has done.

But Tammany will get you out of 'all, pay your fines, give you rent money, help anybody, especially Ryan, with the best of feeling, asking only the privilege to pocket a part of the plunder.

And so we say to our non-Socialist friends, for heaven's sake, vote. You are citizens and have a right to decide whether you shall be robbed by good hearted bullies or false, hearted hypocrites.

FERRER AND OUR PRESS.

By PAUL WALLACE HANNA.

Whatever faith anyone may have had left in the democracy and "patriotism" of American rich men. American newspapers and the American government, must surely be destroyed by the attitude of all three during the arrest, trial and conviction of Francisco Ferrer, the Spanish Republican.

King Alfonso and the other monarchs of the earth have now a motto of proven efficiency: "If you desire to murder a man seeking to establish a republic in place of a despotism and still retain the support of the American public, call him an anarchist."

Call him an anarchist, though not a whit of evidence is offered to prove it, and the American newspapers, hypocritical mouthpieces of love of freedom, will repeat the lie and praise the puppet King at Madrid for his firmness in punishing the traitor.

Call him a violent enemy of the King and the sickening sheets that laud the memories of Washington and Franklin will acclaim the execution of the disturber. Nathan Hale was an enemy of the King, and we build him a statue. Ferrer was an enemy of the King, and Americans applaud his murder. Jefferson found a re-

public and the world honors his name. Ferrer dies to set Spain free and he degenerate countrymen of Jefferson approve of his end.

With the spirit of liberty and fair play animating it the American press could lead the world in a ringing protest against the murder of Ferrer that would bring the Spanish throne tumbling at the feet of a new-born republic.

Liberty and fair play have fled before the advance of greed. The rich owners of America have joined hands with the rich and crowned owners of Europe. The degenerate daughters of America have been bartered to the degenerate sons of Europe and the parents of both must stand or fall together.

Liberty, scourged from the heights, has taken refuge with the lowly, from which she springs forever. The working people of Paris, Rome, Berlin and Vienna dodge the clubs of capitalist hirelings and shut out in angry protest against the murder of Ferrer.

America has eaten from the flesh pots of wealth and its ears are filled against the cry of freedom. The heart that once inspired a hemisphere to holy war has turned to gold. The people are bound by the cords of false teaching and avarice and the men

LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE

By Louis B. Boudin.

OF HIS NOMINATION BY THE SOCIALIST PARTY TO THE OFFICE OF SUPREME COURT JUSTICE IN THE SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Mr. E. Lindgren, Organizer Socialist Party, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dear Comrade: In accepting the nomination of the Socialist party in the Second Judicial District to the office of Justice of the Supreme Court of this state, I desire to call the attention of Socialists and the voters at large to the importance of the office and the great stake that is involved in the filling thereof. Owing to the bustle of a Mayoralty election, with the large amount of pelf which it involves to the professional politicians and others, the importance of this nomination and of the three Supreme Court judgeships in the First Judicial District, being the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, is likely to be overlooked and neglected. This would be a great mistake. For, important as undoubtedly is the election of a Mayor and other city officers who are to run our municipal government during the next four years, it is of less importance to the working class and all true friends of democracy than the filling of our places on the Supreme Court bench of this state for the next fourteen years. It is true they will probably not have the immediate disposal of some eight hundred millions or so of the people's money during their term of office, which accounts for the comparative lack of interest in their election on the part of the professional politicians and the professional "reformers." But they will be for the next fourteen years a part of that oligarchy which actually rules this country, and will thus have a hand in the shaping of the destinies of this nation at a period which bids fair to be the most critical in its history.

Of late there has been a concerted effort on behalf of the capitalist class to virtually do away with the election of judges by popular vote in those states where such elections are prescribed by the Constitution. This is sought to be effected by the organs of "public opinion" striving to create a sentiment that the Judiciary ought to be "taken out of politics," and that judges ought therefore to be elected on "non-partisan tickets." The belief in the non-partisanship of the Judiciary is sought to be instilled into the minds of the people as a fitting complement to that other stupendous fraud which is dinned into the ears of every American citizen from the cradle to the grave, that ours is a government "of the people, by the people, for the people." If this effort should succeed the last vestiges of popular government in this country would disappear.

By a long series of usurpation, the Judiciary of this country have arrogated to themselves all powers of government, thereby overturning the system of government devised by the framers of our Constitution. The fears of Thomas Jefferson that the usurpation of the judiciary will put an end to popular government have come only too true. The representatives of the people, in Congress and State Legislatures, have been stripped of the law-making power which is now almost completely vested in the hands of the judiciary, and is becoming more so from day to day. The exercise of the suffrage by the people is becoming nothing more than the empty shell of democracy as in the Rome of Caesar or in the France of Napoleon the Third, when the forms of democracy were preserved in order to facilitate the transition from freedom to slavery.

In this crisis democracy's only reliance is the Socialist party. The two old parties have bartered away the people's political rights as they have betrayed its economic interests. The party of Thomas Jefferson vies with the party of Abraham Lincoln in advocating the people's governmental powers to the Judiciary, and in abjectly eulogizing the usurpers as the saviors of the people's liberties, thus repudiating that great leader as emphatically as Abraham Lincoln is repudiated by the party which still hypocritically professes to follow him. The Socialist party is the only party which dares to boldly take up the fight for the people's liberties, and does not shrink the odium which an open fight on the usurpation of the courts may bring upon it; particularly during its early stages before the people have emancipated themselves from the thralldom of reverence with which the capitalistic lackeys have attempted to surround the courts. The working class, whom the Socialist party represents primarily, in its fight for its own emancipation from wage slavery, is compelled by the historical conditions of the struggle to strive to abolish all forms and manner of economic exploitation. And it is also compelled by the same causes to strive for the establishment and maintenance of political democracy. True political democracy is the condition

which makes the fight of the working class for economic freedom possible. The party of the working class, therefore, destined to lead the fight for the political rights of the people.

At the present juncture the fight for democracy in this country is a fight against the political power of the courts. In taking up this fight the Socialist party does not intend merely to fight the so-called "abuses" of their powers by the courts, but to fight against such "abuses," particularly as the same is conducted by Messrs. Gompers et al. in their fight against the "abuse" of the injunction with a recognition of the legitimacy of the powers now exercised by courts of annulling the will of the people as expressed in legislative enactments, is a snare and a delusion. The root of the evil is not the abuse of their power by the courts, but their use of political powers which were never granted to them by the Constitution, and which are absolutely incompatible with democratic principles of government. As long as the Judiciary retains the political power of declaring legislation enacted by the people's representatives "unconstitutional," so long will the fight against the "abuses" of the injunction remain futile. And so long also will the efforts of organized labor to prevent the decision of the courts tending the Sherman anti-trust law—that is, against—labor unions amending that act remain abortive. President Taft has already indicated what would happen in case the people's representatives should pass a law seriously interfering with the operation of the injunction by the courts—a law would be declared "unconstitutional." And it is equally certain that these who have read carefully these decisions of our courts, and amendment to the anti-trust law exempting trade unions from its operation would also be declared "unconstitutional."

There is, therefore, only one way of doing away with the "abuses," well as "misuse" or other use, of the courts of their powers to the detriment of the working class or other part of the community, making them subject to the will of the people, by depriving them of right to declare legislation "unconstitutional." This the Socialist party proposes to do. And, like everything else on its program, it proposes to do it peacefully, unless the courts should block the way with an undred Scott decision. For the present the way is yet open. The same course that was used in transferring the sovereign powers of legislation from the people's accredited representatives to the courts, may be used to retransfer the same to the people. Judges placed in office by the political agencies of the propertied classes have arrogated to the courts the right to null the will of the people, and judges placed in office by the working class through the Socialist party may renounce the same, thus restoring to the people its sovereign powers.

To this, if elected, I herewith pledge myself.

If elected a Justice of the Supreme Court of this state, I shall not merely refrain from "abusing" the powers of such Justice to issue injunctions, in order to help the individual capitalists against the particular working man with whom he may be engaged in an industrial dispute. Nor merely refrain from "extending" against workmen in general laws which were never intended, or at least not avowedly intended against them, by the legislators who enacted them. Not merely refrain from so "interpreting" the laws as to favor the capitalist class generally. All this goes, of course, without saying in a man placed in office by the political organization of the working class. But I shall also hold as a member of that court that the Judiciary has no right under our Constitution, which was intended by its framers to create a government in which the three departments of government—legislative, executive and judicial—should be strictly separate, to assume legislative powers by vetoing legislation solemnly enacted by the chosen representatives of the people.

By such action I shall again create that doubt as to the right of the courts to declare legislation "unconstitutional" of which Mr. Justice Moody, of the United States Supreme Court, has recently spoken as never existed, but existing no more. And all doubt will be removed, the question finally settled against the courts, and in favor of the people when the majority of our courts consist of men pledged to follow the program of the Socialist party.

LOUIS B. BOUDIN.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

FOR PROTEST MEETING.

Editor of The Call:

The provisional committee chosen by the various free organizations of the Italian citizens of New York hereby invites all the political and labor associations, Masonic lodges and all fraternal societies of Greater New York to send each one delegate to the international meeting which will take place on Sunday, the 17th inst., at 2 p. m., at 310 East 26th street to agree on a great international demonstration of protest against the assassination of Francisco Ferrer by the Spanish authorities.

The manifestation will take place not later than the 24th inst. In the ways, forms and place decided by this meeting.

For the Prov. Protest Committee, RAIMOND FAZIS, 235 East 29th Street, New York, Oct. 14, 1909.

WHAT WILL NEW YORK DO?

Editor of The Call:

With twenty meetings held simultaneously in Paris, with student demonstrations and strikes throughout Italy, for New York City to lag much further behind in the universal expression of horror at the dastardly deed committed in Barcelona should bring the blush of shame to the faces of all those with the least spark of manhood in their breasts! Comrades, workers, militants, you radicals of all shades, let us organize so mighty a protest as will be heard the world over! Do not allow Ferrer's martyrdom to have been in vain. Now is the time to give a practical demonstration of that internationalism we Socialists boast of. It behooves the Socialist party to at once arrange for an immediate monster mass meeting, outdoor demonstrations, expressions of protest from the various locals, and contributions of money to the Socialist party of Spain, which, as you learned from Iglesias' letter, is in dire distress. To the rescue, comrades! Up and at them!

BEN LICHTENBERG, New York, Oct. 15, 1909.

NOTICE.

COMMENT AND DISCUSSION IN THE SUNDAY CALL.

The Sunday Call will be able to give considerable space for a forum in which the comrades shall have the widest possible latitude in the discussion of party affairs. This department will have a high educational value, and, though no doubt at times it will contain some communications imbued with strong feeling, it will in the long run be a powerful instrument for achieving clearness as well as party unity and solidarity.

Letters intended for this department should be addressed to Sunday Editor of The Call, and should reach the editor on the Wednesday preceding the Sunday on which they are intended to appear.

TO EDUCATE FILIPINO NURSES.

Mrs. Malvina M. McKeever, of Roxbury, Mass., has been selected to establish a school for nurses in Manila. The school will be under the control of the Board of Education, and will be exclusively for Filipino girls. Mrs. McKeever was a nurse during the Spanish War, and afterward was matron in a civil hospital in Manila. She is confident the Filipino girls will make excellent nurses.

who rule them are drunk with the fumes of success.

Let Ferrer die. Let hope die. Let liberty flee into the wilderness and vanish from off the earth. America is secure. While the rain falls and the sun shines and the slaves of toil plod on before the lash of necessity, our profits will roll in as before. America means business. What has business to do with liberty?

Next Sunday's Issue

Will Contain, Among Many Other Good Things

- STUDENTS AND THE SOCIAL PROBLEM, By Edmund Amicla.
- PETER'S VACATION, A Story by Leonid Andreoff.
- ALEXANDER JONAS, A PEN PICTURE, by "Hebe."
- WASTE AND GRAFT IN CITY ADVERTISING, by Moses Oppenheimer.
- SPANISH STRUGGLES FOR PEACE (Concluded).
- EMILY HUNT, A Story, by Israel Orlando.
- A BUST OF LAUGHTER, by an American student in Switzerland.
- THE SPECULATION IN STEEL SHARES, by John D.
- THE PROBLEM AND ITS SOLUTION, by Jules Guesde.
- SCHOOL MATES, by C. F. Quinn, secretary-treasurer of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor.
- SOCIALIST AND LABOR NEWS—COMMENT AND DISCUSSION.