

The emancipation of the Working Class must be accomplished by the workers themselves.

The NEW YORK Call

The Weather. Fair today and Thursday; colder today, moderate to brisk West to Southwest winds.

442 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK. Devoted to the Interests of the Working People. Vol. 2—No. 246. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1909. Price Two Cents.

ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS WILL GIVE TO THE CALL ONE DAY'S WAGE FUND TODAY

By BEN HANFORD. THE ONE DAY'S WAGE FUND CLOSES WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER THIRTEEN (13)

Table with 2 columns: Date and Amount. Lists contributions from Monday, Aug. 9 to Wednesday, Oct. 13.

The Call One Day's Wage Fund, Saturday, October 9.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Lists names and addresses of contributors to the fund.

I have good news. We are doing better at the window than I expected. The number and amount of the contributions are both greater than I looked for. In tomorrow's Call I will announce some figures that will make you believe with me that we are going to ESTABLISH THE CALL ON A SELF-SUPPORTING BASIS.

ALFONSO DARES NOT SLAY PROF. FERRER

Mighty Demonstrations of European Proletariat Affects Even Spanish Official Murderers.

MADRID, Oct. 12.—Senor Cierva, Minister of the Interior, today declared to the United Press representative that the government would, under no condition, put Professor Francisco Ferrer to death before Monday.

STORM-LASHED CITY UNDER MARTIAL LAW

With Soldiers Patrolling Key West's Streets, Partial Order Is Restored. Hundreds Homeless.

KEY WEST, Fla., Oct. 12.—With martial law in force here and the streets constantly patrolled by soldiers who have been instructed to shoot persons caught looting, a semblance of order has been restored and the people are beginning to count up the losses inflicted by the West Indian hurricane, which hurried over the city for nearly a day at a velocity of 55 miles an hour.

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BOYCOTT CASE OPENS

Danbury Hatters Trial Now On In U. S. District Court.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 12.—The case of D. E. Lowe & Co., Martin Fuchs, Danbury hat manufacturers, against Martin Lower and 229 other defendants for \$250,000 damages, brought under the provisions of the Sherman anti-trust law, involving the boycott principle, was called before Judge James P. Platt in the United States District Court today.

JANITOR KILLED

Falls Five Stories While Cleaning Windows, Landing on Pavement.

In climbing from one window to another on the fifth floor of P. S. 121, at 227 East 102 street, John O'Connor, assistant janitor, slipped and fell to the courtyard yesterday. He suffered from a broken arm, fractured ribs, and internal injuries, and died shortly after being admitted to the Harlem Hospital.

TODAY IS THE LAST DAY.

to order next Sunday's Call from your newsdealer. On Wednesday the dealers have to place their Sunday orders with the News Companies and cannot increase after that day.

NECKWEAR MAKERS WIN, 5,000 STRONG

Battle of Youthful Slaves Against Low Wages and Bad Working Conditions Successful.

The general strike of the neckwear makers is practically over, 116 bosses having settled with the union and 5,000 strikers returned to work. The strikers were mostly girls, and a valiant, determined lot of girls. They were fighting not only for higher wages and a shorter work-day, but for the abolition of sweating.

ATTACK PIE BAKERS

Thugs Employed by Manufacturers Chase Strikers Away From Shop.

While some of the striking pie bakers were picking the shop of William Schmals, manufacturer of Boston pies, in Hoboken, they were driven away from the shop by thugs. The strike of the pie bakers started over the demand of the men that their wages be increased from \$15 to \$18 a week. About 500 men are now out, including the pie salesmen and drivers who are out in sympathy with the bakers.

WASHINGTON UNIONISTS PARADE IN HONOR OF RETURNED PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, was welcomed back from his European trip by a parade here tonight of seven or eight thousand members of local labor unions from Baltimore and other nearby cities.

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Big Increase in Vote in Coburg District Makes German Workers Happy.

BERLIN, Oct. 12.—The members of the Social Democratic party are jubilant today over the prospects of electing another Socialist to the Reichstag from the Coburg district, in the second ballot which will be held as the result of yesterday's election.

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BIG BROADWAY CROWD APPLAUDS GAYLORD

Socialist Senator of Wisconsin Tells New York Workers Cause of Graft and Remedy.

Winfield R. Gaylord, Socialist state senator, of Milwaukee, spoke to an enthusiastic audience at the corner of Broadway and 39th street last night. There were several hundred persons in the crowd and Gaylord caught their attention the moment he began to speak, and before he had spoken two minutes the crowd was applauding.

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What Do You Want?

A Position, or Help? Rent or Let a Room or Flat? Buy or Sell a House or Farm? Instruction, Musical or Technical? Rent or Let a Meeting Hall? Whatever it may be—"want ad" in The Call will bring it.

ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS WILL GIVE TO THE CALL WAGE FUND TODAY. ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS will give to The Call Wage Fund TODAY. This y-o-u must do. This y-o-u must do n-o-w. NOW. Not (Continued on page 2.)

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first third and the last third of their journey, and who said that the route for the remaining third, as shown by them, was as described to him by his son after his return with Dr. Cook.

Notes of their statements were taken by several of us, and no one of us has any doubt that they told the truth.

Their testimony was unshaken by cross-examination, was corroborated by other men in the tribe, and was elicited neither by threats nor promises, the two boys and their father talking of their journey and their experiences in the same way that they would talk of any hunting trip.

To go more into details: One of the boys was called in, and, with a chart on the table before him, was asked to show where he had gone with Dr. Cook. This he did, pointing out with his finger on the map, but not making any marks upon it.

As he went out the other boy came in and was asked to show where he had gone with Dr. Cook. This he did, also without making any marks, and indicated the same route and the same details as did the first boy.

When he was through, Panikpah, the father of I-too-a-shoo, a very intelligent man, who was in the party of Eskimos that came back from Dr. Cook from the northern end of Nansen's Strait, who is familiar as a hunter with the Jones Sound region, and who has been in Commander Peary's various expeditions for some fifteen years, came in and indicated the same localities and details as the two boys.

Then the first boy was brought in again, and with a pencil he traced on the map their route, members of our party writing upon the chart where, according to the boy's statement, they had killed deer, bear, some of their dogs, seal, walrus and musk-oxen.

The second boy was then called in and the two went over the chart together, the second boy suggesting some changes as noted hereafter.

Finally, Panikpah, the father, was again called in to verify details of the portions of the route with which he was personally familiar.

**Boys Not Awed by Peary.**  
The bulk of the boys' testimony was not taken by Commander Peary, nor in his presence, a fact that obviates any possible claim that they were awed by him.

Certain questions on independent lines from the direct narrative of the Eskimo boys were suggested by Commander Peary to some of us, and were put by us to the Eskimo boys.

Still later, Commander Peary asked the Eskimo boys two or three casual questions on minor points that had occurred to him.

During the taking of this testimony, it developed that Dr. Cook had told these boys, as he told Mr. Whitney and Billy Pritchard, the cabin boy that they must not tell Commander Peary, or any of us anything about their journey, and the boys stated Dr. Cook had threatened them if they should tell anything.

The narrative of these Eskimos is as follows:  
They, with Dr. Cook, Francke and nine other Eskimos, left Anorok, crossed Smith's Sound to Cape Sabine, slept in Payer Harbor, then went through Rice Strait to Buchanan Bay. After a few marches Francke and three Eskimos returned to Anorok.

Dr. Cook, with the others, then proceeded up Flager Bay, a branch of Buchanan Bay, indicated by Commander Peary in 1898, and utilized by Sverdrup in 1899, to the head of Sverdrup's "Bay Fjord" on the west side of Ellesmere Land.

Their route then lay out through this fjord, thence north through Sverdrup's "Heureka Sound" and Nansen Strait.

On their way they killed musk-oxen and bear, and made caches, arriving eventually at a point on the west side of Nansen Strait (shore of Axel Heberg Land of Sverdrup), south of Cape Thomas Hubbard.

A cache was formed here and the four Eskimos did not go beyond this point. Two others, Koolootingwah and Inughito, went on one more march with Dr. Cook and the two boys, helped to build the snow igloo, then returned without sleeping.

(These two Eskimos brought back a letter from Dr. Cook to Francke, dated the 11th of March. The two men rejoined the other four men who had been left behind, and the six returned to Anorok, arriving May 7. This information was obtained not from the two Eskimo boys, but from the six men who returned and from Francke himself, and was known to us in the summer of 1908, when the Roosevelt first arrived at Etah. The information is inserted here as supplementary to the narrative of the two boys.)

After sleeping at the camp where the last two Eskimos turned back, Dr. Cook and the two boys went in a northerly or northwesterly direction with two sledges and twenty odd dogs, one more march, when the encountered rough ice and a lead of open water. They did not enter this rough ice, nor cross the lead, but turned westward or southwestward a short distance and returned to Heberg Land at a point west of where they had left the cache and where the four men had turned back.

Here they remained four or five sleeps, and during that time I-too-a-shoo went back to the cache and got his gun which he had left there, and a few items of supplies.

When asked why only a few supplies were taken from the cache, the boys replied that only a small amount of provisions had been used in the few days since they left the cache, and that their sledges still had all they could carry, so that they could not take more.

After being informed of the boys' narrative thus far, Commander Peary suggested a series of questions to be put to the boys in regard to this trip from the land out and back to it.

These questions and answers were as follows:  
Did they cross many open leads or much open water during this time? Ans. None.

Did they make any caches out on the ice? Ans. No.

Did they kill any bear or seal while out on the ice north of Cape Thomas Hubbard? Ans. No.

Did they kill or lose any of their dogs while out on the ice? Ans. No.

With how many sledges did they start? Ans. Two.

How many dogs did they have? Ans. Did not remember exactly, but something over twenty.

How many sledges did they have when they got back to land? Ans. Two.

Did they have any provisions left on their sledges when they came back to land? Ans. Yes: the sledges still had about all they could carry, so they were able to take but a few things from the cache.

From here they then went south, west along the northwest coast of Heberg Land to a point indicated on the map (Sverdrup's Cape Northwest).

From here they went west across the ice, which was level and covered with snow, offering good going, to a low island which they had seen from the shore of Heberg Land at Cape Northwest. On this island they camped for one sleep.

The size and position of this island, as drawn by the first boy, was criticized by the second boy as being too large and too far to the west, the second boy calling the attention of the first to the fact that the position of the island was more nearly in line with the point where they had left Heberg Land (Cape Northwest) and the channel between Amund Ringnes Land and Ellef Ringnes Land.

This criticism and correction was accepted by the first boy, who started to change the position of the island, but was stopped, as Commander Peary had given instructions that no changes or erasures were to be made in the route as drawn by the Eskimos on the chart.

From this island they could see two lands beyond (Sverdrup's Ellef Ringnes and Amund Ringnes Lands). From the island they journeyed toward the left-hand one of these two

### Map of Arctic Region and Annotations Thereon Submitted by Peary, Concerning Cook's Route



(Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1909, by the Peary Arctic Club, in the office of the Librarian of Congress at Washington.)

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From this island they could see two lands beyond (Sverdrup's Ellef Ringnes and Amund Ringnes Lands). From the island they journeyed toward the left-hand one of these two

lands (Amund Ringnes Land), passing a small island which they did not visit.

Arriving at the shore of Amund Ringnes Land, the Eskimo killed a deer as indicated on the chart.

**Covers Entire Time of Trip.**  
The above portion of the statement of the Eskimo boys covers the period of time in which Dr. Cook claims to have gone to the Pole and back, and the entire time during which he could possibly have made any attempts to go to it.

The answers of the Eskimo boys to Commander Peary's series of independent questions, showing that they killed no game, made no caches, lost no dogs, and returned to the land with loaded sledges, makes their attainment of the Pole on the trip North of Cape Thomas Hubbard a physical and mathematical impossibility, as it would demand the subsistence of three men and over twenty dogs during a journey of ten hundred and forty geographical miles on less than two sledge loads of supplies.

If it is suggested that perhaps Dr. Cook got mixed and that he reached the Pole, or thought he did, between the time of leaving the northwest coast of Heberg Land at Cape Northwest, and his arrival at Ringnes Land, where they killed the deer, we must then add to the date of Dr. Cook's letter of March 17, at or near Cape Thomas Hubbard, the subsequent four or five sleeps at that point, and the number of days required to march from Cape Thomas Hubbard to Cape Northwest (a distance of some sixty nautical miles), which would advance his date of departure from the land to at least the 25th of March, and be prepared to accept the claim that Dr. Cook went from Cape Northwest (about latitude eighty and a half degrees north) to the Pole, a distance of five hundred and seventy geographical miles, in twenty-seven days.

After killing the deer they then traveled south along the east side of Ringnes Land to the point indicated on the chart, where they killed another deer.

They then went east across the south part of Crown Prince Gustav Sea to the south end of Heberg Land, then down through Norwegian Bay, where they secured some bears, but not until after they had killed some of their dogs, to the east side of Graham Island; then eastward to the little bay marked "Eid's Fjord" on Sverdrup's chart; then southwest to Hell's Gate and Simmon's Peninsula.

**Open Water at Last.**  
Here for the first time during the entire journey, except as already noted off Cape Thomas H. Hubbard, they encountered open water. On this point the boys were clear, emphatic, and unshakable. They spent a good deal of time in this region, and finally abandoned their dogs and one sledge, took to their boat, crossed Hell's Gate to North Kent, up into Norfolk Inlet, then back along the north coast of Collin Archer Peninsula to Cape Vera, where they obtained fresh elder duck eggs. Here they cut the remaining sledge off, that is, shortened it, as it was awkward to transport with the boat, and near here they killed a walrus.

The statement in regard to the fresh elder duck eggs permits the approximate determination of the date at this time as about the first of July. (This statement also serves, if indeed anything more than the inherent straightforwardness and detail of their narrative were needed, to substantiate the

accuracy and truthfulness of the boys' statement. This locality of Cape Vera is mentioned in Sverdrup's narrative as the place where during his stay in that region he obtained elder ducks' eggs.)

From Cape Vera they went on down into the southwest angle of Jones Sound, where they killed a seal; thence east along the south coast of the Sound, killing three bears at the point noted on the map, to the peninsula known as Cape Sparbo on the map, about midway on the south side of Jones Sound. Here they killed some musk-oxen and, continuing east, killed four more at the place indicated on the chart, and were finally stopped by the pack ice at the mouth of Jones Sound. From here they turned back to Cape Spargo, where they wintered and killed many musk-oxen.

After the sun returned in 1909 they started, pushing their sledge, across Jones Sound to Cape Tennyson; thence along the coast to Clarence Head (passing inside of two small islands not shown on the chart, but drawn on it by the boys), where they killed a bear; thence across the broad bight in the coast to Cadogan Fjord; thence around Cape Isabella and up to Commander Peary's old house in Payer Harbor near Cape Sabine, where they found a seal cache for them by Panikpah, I-too-a-shoo's father. From here they crossed Smith Sound on the ice, arriving at Anorok.

(Signed)  
R. E. PEARY, U. S. N.,  
ROBERT A. BARTLETT,  
Master U. S. S. Roosevelt.  
D. B. MILLAN,  
GEORGE BORUP,  
MATTHEW A. HENSON.

**DON'T WANT TO BUY COOK.**  
St. Paul Men Think \$6,000 a Trifle High for Two Lectures.  
ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 12.—John A. Cavanaugh and Henry B. Warner, of St. Paul, decided that Cook the explorer ought to lecture in St. Paul and Minneapolis, and telegraphed him today at Toledo, Ohio, for exclusive early dates for both cities.

They got this reply right away: "Can give you October 23 Minneapolis, 24 St. Paul. Will sell both for six thousand dollars if accepted today. Answer Hollenden, Cleveland. W. M. Gray, manager."

To which the St. Paul men replied, "Dear Gray—We don't want to buy Dr. Cook, we only want to rent the use of him for a night or two."

**BILLY BOY GETS HELP**  
With 600 Fresh Shells at Hand Indian Murderer Keeps Up Fight.  
SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Oct. 12.—It was learned today that Billy Boy, the Indian who is surrounded in the mountains by a posse who are trying to arrest him for the murder of a white man and a white girl, has been supplied with materials to reload 600 shells. It is believed that these were smuggled to him by squaws, and orders were issued today to remove all Indians from that vicinity.

Sheriff Ralph arrived here today and at once secured forty high power rifles with telescopic sights and will take forty men from here who are familiar with their use. The county board of supervisors have authorized the sheriff to spend any amount necessary to capture the murderer.

Once a Customer Always One  
**Grass & Miller**  
The Furniture Center  
Broadway, Linden and Quincy Streets, Brooklyn.

**Handsome Bedroom Furnishings**  
Suits and Single Pieces of Popular Design in all woods and finishes.

An excellent display of high-class, exclusive patterns, fit to grace the home of the most fastidious, at prices within reach of all.

Dressers, from \$9.75 upward.  
Chiffoniers, \$4.75 upward.

Princess Dresser, Dressing Tables, Bedroom Tables and Cheval Glasses help to complete our exhibit.

We have solved the problem of quick delivery to all points on Long Island. Our auto vans enable us to deliver all goods direct to the home.

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings.

### C. F. U. COMMITTEE AIDS WAIST STRIKE

Will Use All Possible Means to Stop Slugging of Strikers by Leiserson's Thugs.

The case of Bessie Lipstein and Beckie Keller, who claim to have been brutally assaulted by Barnett Zuckermann, foreman in Louis Leiserson's waist shop, and a notorious young scab known as "Dominick," has been taken up by the Central Federated Union, which has appointed a committee composed of Thomas J. Curtis, Ernest Bohm and William A. Coakley to assist them.

In an interview given to a reporter of "The Call" yesterday, Coakley said: "I have already spent several days on the case investigating, and we will continue the fight to find out whether it is possible for pickets to do their duty without molestation. The C. F. U. has instructed the committee to spare neither time nor effort on this case."

The Tombs Police Court was crowded with union men and women when the hearing of Zuckermann and "Dominick" was held before Magistrate Barlow on the charge of assaulting Miss Lipstein and Miss Keller. Both were held in \$500 bail to appear in Special Sessions for trial.

The case is being prosecuted by Assistant District Attorney Charles E. Rice, Jr., and promises to be of great interest to organized labor.

**Talk of Thug's Brutality.**  
Miss Lipstein, a pretty and intelligent girl, took the stand and testified:

"On September 29 I and several other girls were picking up the shop of Louis Leiserson, against whom we are on strike. 'Dominick' attacked me, knocked me down and pushed me into the building, 26-32 West 17th street. There he kicked me again several times, inflicting black and blue marks on my body."

"It was told," Miss Lipstein continued, "by several witnesses, who are here to confirm what they said, that 'Dominick' acted on a signal given by Zuckermann."

Miss Keller, when sworn, substantiated Miss Lipstein's story, and showed some bruises on her arms to prove that she, too, had been assaulted, and after examining the marks on her arms Magistrate Barlow held both men.

The strike of the employees of Louis Leiserson's has been on for six weeks and attracts great attention because Leiserson claims to be a radical and a friend of organized labor.

**THROWN OUT OF WORK**  
More Men Laid Off at Scranton Collieries—Miners Fear Hard Winter.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 12.—Forty men employed at the No. 1 collieries of the Delaware & Hudson Company have just been laid off for an indefinite period owing to the lack of work. The employees laid off consist largely of outside men, who up to this time have not been affected by the prolonged suspension at the two collieries.

Extensive improvements have been made during the past several months and it was expected that work would shortly be resumed, but the laying off of more men makes it appear that the suspension will be continued for some time to come.

All of the mines in this section have been operated very little since last spring, and both the employees and the merchants are feeling the effects. At this time of the year the mines are generally working on full time, and the fact that nearly all of the collieries in this section are idle gives rise to the belief that the miners will experience a very hard winter.

**Opera, Concert and Ball**  
Arranged by the N. Y. Call Conference.  
THE WEBSTER-POWELL OPERA COMPANY  
WILL PRESENT IN ENGLISH  
**IL MATREMONIO SECRETO (The Secret Marriage)**  
By Cimarosa.  
SIG. EUGENIO PIRANI, Director.  
Preceded by a CONCERT and followed by a BALL  
AT AMSTERDAM OPERA HOUSE,  
44th St. between 8th and 9th Aves.  
Thanksgiving Day, November 25, 1909, at 2.30 P. M.  
ADMISSION 50c. TO 75c.

**DOG FINDS TORSO OF MURDERED WOMAN**  
Head, Arms and Part of Right Leg of Victim of Human Brutes Still Missing.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 12.—The head and arms and the right leg from the knee down are needed now to complete the body of the woman who was either murdered in the Tiverton woods or in some nearby city and taken to the woods, dismembered and distributed around in the hopes of concealing the crime.

Today has been productive in the finding of the torso and the top of the telescope traveling bag in which it is believed that the legs, which were found on Monday, were carried to the woods.

Since the finding of the limbs Monday afternoon, the officers of Tiverton, assisted by men from Fall River, New Bedford and the sheriff's office in this city have conducted a systematic search of the vicinity where the first clue to the tragedy was found.

Deputy Sheriff Frank L. Deblers, of this city, who played a prominent part in the finding of the limbs on Monday, is lending every effort to the Tiverton officials in the hopes of clearing up what is now a deep mystery.

He spent the greater part of today in the woods with the Tiverton officers, and through him it was learned here that late this afternoon the searchers had come across the trunk of the body about a quarter of a mile from the place where the legs were found.

The torso was found just off Bulgermarsh road in the underbrush. There was nothing found near the gruesome find that would give any new clues to the perpetrator of the deed.

A dog belonging to Charles Gray aided the officers greatly in the finding of this part of the body. Grey lives in the neighborhood, and his dog, while running around about four o'clock this afternoon went into the bush. He was heard barking furiously a short time after and on investigation it was found that he was barking at the nude, headless, armless and legless form of a woman.

**AGAINST NICKEL FARE**  
P. S. C. Sore Because Citizens May Go to Queens for Five Cents.

The Public Service Commission sprung a bomb yesterday in the camp of the advocates of a five-cent fare from the Borough of Queens to Manhattan when it ordered the New York and Queens County Electric Railway to appear at the office of the Commission today and show cause why it should not be fined \$5,000 for running cars across the new Queensboro Bridge without the permission of the Commission.

The fallway company controls all of the lines operated in Queens, and a week ago Monday started running cars over the bridge on a permit granted by the Mayor, the Board of Estimate and the Bridge Commissioner. In this manner the citizens of Queens were able to reach Manhattan for a five-cent fare, as the road operated the bridge cars on a system of transfers from all lines. There was a big celebration in Queens when the cars began running.

**AVIATORS IN ROW**  
French Fliers Prevented From Removing Machine From Juvisy.

PARIS, Oct. 12.—Fournier and Cobron, two of the leading aviators at the Juvisy meeting, had a serious clash with the aviation committee today when they attempted to remove their aeroplane from the field. Fournier and Cobron were disgusted with the conduct of the meeting and dismantled their machines, preparatory to going to Glasgow, where they have accepted agreements.

Gobron changed his mind at the last minute, unpacked his machine and made a short flight as did Godard. Koehlin's aeroplanes was badly damaged in a fall, the propeller and landing gear broken.

Buying of Call advertisements is a fine practice. It will build up your paper quickly.

**ESTABLISHED 1892.**  
**I. HAUSMAN & SONS**  
FINE FOOTWEAR

We can give you perfect fit and guarantee satisfaction.  
169-171 Springfield Ave.  
Cor. Broome St. Newark, N. J.  
Shoes Polished Free.

YOU SAVE 40 PER CENT WHEN BUYING AT  
**EXCELSIOR STATIONERY CO.**  
PRINTERS AND LAW BLANK PUBLISHERS.  
Typewriter Supplies a Specialty.  
MORTON BUILDING, 116 NASSAU STREET.  
Telephone 6124 Beckman. NEW YORK.

TO TEST THE ADVERTISING VALUE OF THE CALL WE OFFER THESE  
**FOUR SPECIALS for SATURDAY, SUNDAY and MONDAY Only:**  
\$1.25 Priced Shirts; coat style, fast color..... 1.00  
60c Ribbed Underwear; correct weight for now..... 50c

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THESE OFFERS.  
**GREEN & GOLDSTEIN**  
299 GRAND STREET, CITY.

**UNION HATS, TRUNKS, UMBRELLAS**  
**PH HERRSCHAFT**  
601 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.

**M. & A. KATZ**  
DEPARTMENT STORE  
601-633 Third Ave. nr. 51st St., N. Y.

We advertise every day in The Call. Why not come and patronize us!

**Men's Furnishings**  
Suits, Collars and Ties, Underwear, Gloves, and many other necessities that increase comfort and improve appearance of men.

**Ladies' Furnishings**  
Ladies will find here an endless assortment of furnishings that combine good quality and low price. Visit our department and supply your wants here. You will like what we sell and feel satisfied with it.

**Infants' Outfittings**  
Infants' Outfittings. Everything for little babies. The change of the seasons requires warmer things for the little ones. Here can be found whatever may be needed.

**Lace Curtains**  
New Lace Curtains for the windows! If you are thinking of getting them, let us show you our assortment. Inexpensive ones as well as elaborate Parisian Curtains.

**Save Our 4 Per Cent Discount Coupons**

# GAYNOR MAKES NO ANSWER TO IVINS

### Commonwealth Candidate Refuses to Reply to Charge Made By Supporter of Hearst.

Capitalist political camps were siz-  
gling yesterday with accusa-  
tions, counter-accusations, denials and  
various worded refusals to make de-  
clarations.

"Oh, no, I would not contradict  
any lie of that man. I do not need to.  
He is the elegant gentleman who  
called me a parasite the other day.  
Please do not come here asking me to  
contradict any hiring, no matter  
what I have been and trying to do  
my life."

This is Judge Gaynor's reply, made  
yesterday to the charge of William M.  
Ivins that the judge conspired with  
the track interests to nullify the  
gambling law.

The Ivins charges related to an al-  
leged midnight conference with "Long  
Pat" McCarren, "Gene" Wood and  
"Katzenjammer" Block on the race  
track gambling law.

Judge Gaynor would add nothing  
to his statement. Opportunity was  
given him to reply to Ivins' charges.  
A prepared list of questions was sub-  
mitted to him through his secretary,  
and he refused to answer them.

"Excuse me," was the word he sent  
back to the newspaper men.  
Among the queries put to Judge  
Gaynor were:

1. Do you know Eugene Wood?  
(No answer.)  
2. Did you meet Senator Patrick  
McCarren at the Hoffman house  
the day the Hart-Agnew racing bills  
were passed? (No answer.)  
3. What was your reason for sitting  
at a magistrate in the Sterling golf  
club case and why did you not refer  
the application for a warrant in that  
case to a local magistrate? (No  
answer.)

4. Is it true that you used your in-  
fluence with the judges of the Appel-  
late Division to refuse permission to  
the district attorney to go to the Court  
of Appeals with criminal cases? (No  
answer.)

5. Is it not a fact that since you  
have been on the Appellate Division  
that court has not affirmed a  
single conviction secured by the dis-  
trict attorney of this (Kings) county?  
(No answer.)

The only "neighbor" (it was his  
neighbors on whom the Justice relied  
to defend him) who spoke up in the  
Judge's behalf was Senator Patrick  
McCarren.

"Long Pat" denied the accusation  
involving himself, Gaynor, Gene Wood  
and "Katzenjammer" Block.

It is said that Judge Gaynor is  
appointed in Tammany Hall. He  
has not forced the fighting as was  
expected. He is already on the de-  
parture.

The seriousness of the situation is  
fully appreciated in the wigwam, and  
though Murphy appears confident as  
usual, many of his associates have  
about lost hope.

Murphy said he had read part of  
the Ivins' speech, but that Gaynor  
and McCarren were better able to an-  
swer it than he.

"Do you think the nine speeches  
in which Justice Gaynor states he will  
fight himself will elect him?"  
"I think he will be elected if he  
never made a speech."

Justice Gaynor, after three and a  
half hours' work yesterday morning  
in his chambers in Brooklyn, an-  
nounced that he had virtually finished  
all work before him in a judicial  
capacity and would tender his resig-  
nation tomorrow.

**BINGHAM DENIES SPYING.**  
Following the sensational charges  
against Justice Gaynor made by Wil-  
liam M. Ivins at the Carnegie Hall  
mass meeting Monday night, came the  
report that the information upon  
which the charges were based had  
been furnished by former Police Com-  
missioner Bingham. It was said that  
the Bingham "secret police bureau"  
reported to the Commissioner in June,  
1908, that Justice Gaynor had been  
confering at the Hoffman House with  
Senator McCarren and Gene Wood.

General Bingham was seen yester-  
day at the Hotel Troquois and asked  
about the rumor. He said that he had  
never known about the Hoffman  
House incident described by Mr. Ivins.  
When asked if he had gathered any  
secret information about the friend-  
ship between Justice Gaynor, Senator  
McCarren and Senator McCarren's  
close associate, Gene Wood, he said he  
had not.

**COLLISION KILLS FOUR**  
Light Engine Crashes Into Rear of  
Freight With Fatal Effect.  
DALLAS, Texas, Oct. 12.—As the  
result of a rear end collision between  
two south bound extra freight trains  
on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas  
Railway, about one mile north of  
Kingsport, at 4 o'clock this morning,  
four dead bodies and three injured men  
were brought to Dallas on the limited  
this afternoon.

Extra south engine No. 546 stopped  
north of Kingsport, according to the  
reports received, and the engine was  
cut off to run to Greenville for  
water. Extra engine 592, also south  
bound, crashed into the rear of the  
first train.

The men were all in a car which  
contained race horses for the state  
fair, to be opened on Saturday next.  
Frank Burk, of Shreveport, La., and  
Vic Kinney, of Danville, Ill., the white  
men, were in charge of the car which  
contained horses owned by L. Nelson,  
of Taylor, Texas, and Charles Web-  
ster, of Shreveport, La.

It is reported that two of the horses  
were killed and one so seriously in-  
jured that it will be necessary to kill  
the animal. The injured men were  
taken to St. Paul's Sanitarium in  
Dallas and the dead turned over to an  
undertaker.

The dead—Frank Burk, white;  
Mont Evans, negro; John Rolly, ne-  
gro; Steve Guthrie, negro.  
\* The injured—Vic Kinney, white, cut  
about the head; John Patterson, ne-  
gro, leg broken and otherwise injured;  
negro boy, about fifteen years old, in-  
jured about head and legs; name not  
given.

# WHAT CAPITALIST POLITICIANS SAY ABOUT EACH OTHER

### Gaynor on Ivins.

I would not contradict any lie of that man Ivins. I do not need to. He is the elegant gentleman who called me a parasite the other day. Please do not come here asking me to contradict any hiring, no matter what I have been and trying to do my life.

### Ivins on Gaynor.

Mr. Justice Gaynor is mentally cross-eyed and an intellectual hypocrite. He feels that he is the adju- tant general of the Almighty, but he will become in political history the symbol of everything that is hypocritical, indirect and dis- gusting, and his friend, Mirabeau L. Tows, is a poetic fraud.

### Towns on Ivins.

William M. Ivins is a miserable liar, a malicious, knowing liar, a low down slanderer, and a slinger of mendacious adjectives. He is a citizen without a country, a lawyer without a client, except when he may be hired by some corporation or investigating committee. Ivins is a lexicographical charlatan. He is a kind of ichneumon, a creature that stifles its prey with its breath. Ivins is all these and worse.

### Gaynor on Hearst.

He reminds me of the passage of Cicero when he spoke of the young man of vast wealth with an aspect "combining the face of the sheep and the eyes of a hog."

### Hearst on Gaynor.

We asked for bread and he gave us a stone. We expected a ringing declaration of uprightness and independence. We received a grudging, hedging, dodging expres- sion of opinion, or rather lack of opinion, and a squalid suggestion that we endorse his evil associates on the Tammany ticket.

### Hearst on Block.

As for Mr. Block, the "dis- tinguished editorial associate" to whom Judge Gaynor so respect- fully refers, he is the "editor" of the comic supplement of my Sun- day paper, the sponsor of Happy Hoolligan, the Katzenjammer Kids and Judge Gaynor. His interest evidenced so peculiarly in Judge Gaynor's candidacy merely goes further to prove that he has a sense of humor if not a sense of honor.

Following the sensational charges against Justice Gaynor made by Wil- liam M. Ivins at the Carnegie Hall mass meeting Monday night, came the report that the information upon which the charges were based had been furnished by former Police Com- missioner Bingham. It was said that the Bingham "secret police bureau" reported to the Commissioner in June, 1908, that Justice Gaynor had been confering at the Hoffman House with Senator McCarren and Gene Wood.

General Bingham was seen yester- day at the Hotel Troquois and asked about the rumor. He said that he had never known about the Hoffman House incident described by Mr. Ivins. When asked if he had gathered any secret information about the friend- ship between Justice Gaynor, Senator McCarren and Senator McCarren's close associate, Gene Wood, he said he had not.

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It is reported that two of the horses were killed and one so seriously in- jured that it will be necessary to kill the animal. The injured men were taken to St. Paul's Sanitarium in Dallas and the dead turned over to an undertaker.

The dead—Frank Burk, white; Mont Evans, negro; John Rolly, ne- gro; Steve Guthrie, negro.  
\* The injured—Vic Kinney, white, cut about the head; John Patterson, ne- gro, leg broken and otherwise injured; negro boy, about fifteen years old, in- jured about head and legs; name not given.

**Marcus Bros.**  
121-123 Canal St. Corner Chrystie St.

Two reasons bring a customer back. One, when he is very dissatisfied he comes to raise a row, and the second reason, when he is satisfied, comes to buy again. The customers who are buying from Marcus Bros. for the last 25 years are al- ways satisfied with the clothing and price. Not only do they come again, but recom- mend their friends. Our new fall and winter Suits and Over- coats from \$10 to \$25 cannot be equalled elsewhere. **GRATIS**—A beautiful fancy Clock is given away by us with every purchase of \$15.00—**GRATIS**.

# MAGISTRATE CORNELL FINES WAISTMAKERS

### Striking Girls Pay \$1 Each For Being Slugged—"Baitery Dan" Says Picketing is Legal.

Sam Tarbox was fined \$2 and Misses Rose Goldin and Anna Horvitz, strikers against the Triangle Waist Company, who were charged with as- saulting scabs, were fined \$1 each by Magistrate Cornell in Jefferson Mar- ket Court yesterday.

Misses Yetta Asefnantz and Anna Rosen, who were arraigned on the same charge, were discharged. Tabak was badly slugged by two thugs before he was arrested, and when he demanded that the cops arrest the thugs, he was threatened with more beating if he did not shut up. Tabak is under the care of Dr. Feld- man. The union will ask for warrants today for the arrest of these two thugs.

On Monday Ida Janovitz, Fannie Rosen and Ella Savetky were walk- ing around picketing the struck shop. They were arrested and taken to Mer- cer street station. In the afternoon they were arraigned in Jefferson Market Court before Magistrate Finn. The girls were charged with disorderly conduct and fined \$1 each.

### Girl Striker Defies Judge.

Miss Janovitz exclaimed that she and her striking sisters did not vio- late the law by walking around the struck shop. She then said: "It is now the third time that I am dragged to the police stations and courts with- out committing any crimes, but if I am arrested ten more times I will go around to picket the shop, as I do not think that picketing a shop is unlawful."

Baitery Dan then told the girls that they could keep on picketing the shop, but must see that the law should not be violated. The strikers held a shop meeting yesterday at Clinton Hall, where it was decided to continue the fight un- til victory is theirs.

### FEAR TROUBLE IN SWEDEN.

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 12.—Believing that the 153,000 men still on strike against the Swedish Employers' Asso- ciation may be driven to desperation by their suffering, many prominent citizens are importuning the govern- ment either to make the bosses yield to the strikers or else to furnish gov- ernment work for the idle men.

### ROUMANIANS INDIGNANT.

Bucharest, Oct. 12.—The organ- ized workers of Roumania are highly indignant over the fact that the so-called Liberal government re- fused to allow the Executive Com- mittee of the National Labor unions to transmit by telegraph a message to the striking workers of Sweden, and are preparing a big protest meet- ing over this affair.

It is reported that two of the horses were killed and one so seriously in- jured that it will be necessary to kill the animal. The injured men were taken to St. Paul's Sanitarium in Dallas and the dead turned over to an undertaker.

The dead—Frank Burk, white; Mont Evans, negro; John Rolly, ne- gro; Steve Guthrie, negro.  
\* The injured—Vic Kinney, white, cut about the head; John Patterson, ne- gro, leg broken and otherwise injured; negro boy, about fifteen years old, in- jured about head and legs; name not given.

**FURNITURE**  
That combine features of beauty and comfort is what our large stock consists of.

**OUR PRICES ARE LOWER THAN ELSEWHERE**

**GEORGE J. SCHWARZ**  
Largest Furniture and Carpet House in Ridgewood.  
1279-1281-1283 MYRTLE AVENUE  
Cor. Hart Street, Brooklyn.  
Open Saturday and Monday Evenings.

# ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS WILL GIVE TO THE CALL ONE DAY'S WAGE FUND TODAY

(Continued from page 1.)

tomorrow. Not next week. Not next year. **THIS YOU MUST DO THIS VERY DAY AND HOUR.** Y-o-u must give to The Call Wage Fund. **ONE THOUSAND** of y-o-u must give to The Call Wage Fund TODAY.

TODAY, Wednesday, October 13, 1909, **ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS MUST CONTRIBUTE TO THE CALL WAGE FUND.**

YOU are included. YOU are **ONE** of **ONE THOUSAND** SO- CIALISTS who will give to The Call Wage Fund TODAY.

YOU. TODAY. For The Call. YOU help the Wage Fund. **THIS DAY.**

**ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS** help The Call in **ONE DAY.** YOU are **ONE** of them.

Are you a Socialist? If you are, you will contribute to The Call Wage Fund TODAY. I mean y-o-u. I mean T-o-d-a-y. I do not mean some one else. I do not mean some other time. Y-o-u—if you are a Socialist—are the identical party to whom I refer. N-o-w is the time—whoever you are.

Y-o-u—if you want The Call to live, to grow, to prosper, to be the greatest paper in the world.

**ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS** will give to The Call Wage Fund TODAY. YOU are one of them. I am another. My wife is another.

**ONE THOUSAND** Socialists will give to The Call Wage Fund TODAY. Jimmie Higgins—YOU must give to The Call Wage Fund To- day.

Eugene V. Debs—YOU must give to the Call Wage Fund TO- DAY.

A. M. Simons—YOU must give to The Call Wage Fund TO- DAY.

William D. Haywood—YOU must give to The Call Wage Fund TODAY.

Algernon Lee—YOU must give to The Call Wage Fund TO- DAY.

**ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS** will give to The Call Wage Fund TODAY. YOU are one of them.

The editor who revises this copy, the linotype operator who sets it up, the bank man, the foreman, the proofreader, the steryotyper, the pressman, the mailer, the carrier, the newsdealer, the business man- ager, the clerks, the cashier, the errand boy—YOU, each and every one of you who want The Call to prosper, who want to prosper with The Call—YOU who want The Call to be at the head of American journalism as only a Socialist paper can be—YOU will give to The Call Wage Fund TODAY.

**ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS** will give to The Call Wage Fund TODAY. J. Mahlon Barnes—YOU will give to The Call Wage Fund To- day.

William Dean Howells—YOU will give to The Call Wage Fund Today.

William Mailly—YOU will give to The Call Wage Fund To- day.

Gertrude Breslau Hunt—YOU will give to The Call Wage Fund Today.

Winfield R. Gaylord—YOU will give to The Call Wage Fund Today.

Theresa and Leon Malkiel—YOU will give to The Call Wage Fund Today.

Josephine Conger Kanikow—YOU will give to The Call Wage Fund Today.

John W. Slayton—YOU will give to The Call Wage Fund To- day.

John C. Chase—YOU will give to The Call Wage Fund Today.

George R. Kirkpatrick—YOU will give to The Call Wage Fund Today.

Jack London—YOU will give to The Call Wage Fund Today.

**ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS** will contribute to The Call Wage Fund Today.

Success? The Call? You can't tell them apart. When will The Call be self-sustaining? You watch The Call after Today.

**ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS** will contribute to the Wage Fund Today.

Can you comprehend what that means? Or is that idea too big for you? **One thousand Socialists**, at the suggestion of a cripple, on less than twenty-four hours' notice, each make a donation for a So- cialist Daily Paper in a single day.

**ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS** will give to The Call Wage Fund Today. Can you understand it?

August Belmont can't understand it. But he'll TRY. President Nicholas Murray Butler, Andrew Carnegie, Theodore Roosevelt, Wil- liam H. Taft, John D. Rockefeller, J. Pierpont Morgan, Joseph H. Choate, Gaynor, Bannard and Hearst, judges, Judases and jingoes, bunco men, business men, politicians, parasites, and Pat McCarrens—none of these can understand it. But they'll TRY. They better TRY. And that's all the good it'll do them.

**ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS** will give to The Call Wage Fund Today. YOU will be one of them. The Boss will notice it. The Captains of Industry will pay attention. They'll be pretty well worried Then, to fight the Red Specter, they'll do some fool thing to aid the Socialist Movement. The Call. The Wage Fund. Success. You.

**ONE THOUSAND** Socialists will give to The Call Wage Fund Today. I don't know how much they will give. They will do their best. You will give all you can. I will give all I can. I gave \$5.17 when the Wage Fund started. Now I can only give \$1. But I'll give that. So will you. Or, if you must, 50 cents. Do you best. You who have not given—you must not fail on this last day.

**ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS** will give to The Call Wage Fund Today. Remember that. Do not let it fail because of y-o-u-r neglect. If you haven't a dollar, you can do as I must—borrow one. But, comrades, do not think I have a hard thought for you who just can't. It's you I love. It's for you that there is a Labor Movement. But for you who CAN give, and DON'T! For you who CALL your- selves Socialists, and—! Well, today—

**ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS** will give to The Call Wage Fund TODAY.

Do you know that that is the greatest thing yet attempted by the Socialist Movement in America. The Red Special was pretty big. But **ONE THOUSAND** contributions in **ONE DAY.** On **One**

**UNION LABEL GOODS** The 427th Day of The Call and our Ad  
**WAITERS' OUTFITS—EVERYTHING FOR WAITERS**  
Call Here For Call Purchasers' Cards Free

Also for your Underwear, Shirts, Collars, Ties, Pajamas, Hosiery, Gloves, Suspenders, Sweaters, Umbrellas, Handkerchiefs, Rubber Shoes and all Men's Furnishings.

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits \$11.50 to \$19.00. Skirts, \$2.35 to \$7.00. Corsets, Shirtrwaists, Sweaters, Underwear, Gloves, Hosiery and all Ladies' Fur- nishings.

Absolutely reliable Price and Quality or return.

**SIG. KLEIN** MISS ANN L. SHER, H. GOODMAN, Assistant, L. MARTZ.

19 AND 23 2D AVE., NE. 10TH ST. N. Y. TEL. 6063 STEUBENANT.

Day's Notice. It is the biggest thing we have ever tackled. We must **MAKE GOOD** on it. If we make good on this, it is nothing to what we will do in the future. **One Thousand Socialists** will give to the Wage Fund today. **THAT** will make The Call. Can you imagine The Call with a daily and Sunday circulation of a hundred thousand? A million? Do you know what we could do then? It wouldn't be begging for a handout. That would be the day of big things in the American Labor Movement. Think it over.

**One Thousand Socialists** will give to The Call Wage Fund To- day. Do you know that for **One Thousand Socialists** to give The Call **One Thousand Dollars** in **One Day** will do much more for Labor than for **One Man** to give The Call **One Million Dollars**?

**One Thousand Socialists** will give to The Wage Fund Today. First, y-o-u give. Then you see if the man or woman next you has given. Don't be bashful. This is a life and death matter. Its Success depends on y-o-u. It is the greatest thing we have ever under- taken. YOU will carry it through.

**ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS WILL GIVE TO THE CALL WAGE FUND TODAY.**

The Wage Fund Closes Today, Wednesday, October 13. Your money must reach The Call office, or your letter must bear a Post- mark showing that it was mailed at midnight of Today.

**OUT OF TOWN**—Every contributor who lives out of New York City must read the rules in the first column.

**ONE THOUSAND SOCIALISTS WILL CONTRIBUTE TO THE CALL WAGE FUND TODAY.**

That will be a demonstration of Socialist power greater than can be shown by an army of ten thousand policemen marching down Broadway.

It will show a greater power than the hundred thousand men in the Federal Army. It will be a Socialist reply to the Dick Military Bill. To President Taft and President Diaz and Czar Nicholas and every upholder of slavery and wrong the world over.

**IT ALL DEPENDS ON YOU.**  
That all may know the number, every contributor to The Call Wage Fund on the last day will be marked with a star (\*).

# ALFONSO DARES NOT SLAY PROF. FERRER

and the crowd's attempt to reach it were fruitless. The police used their fists freely and the soldiers charged, repulsing the attacks. The people made similar efforts to reach the Vatican, but they were frustrated in a like manner. Stones were thrown at the cavalry. A few shop windows were broken, but the dis- turbances were insignificant. The troops are still holding their posi- tions, but the danger of conflict is considered to be past.

# CZAR STARTS TODAY

Italian Police Assure Russian Butcher That He Will Be Safe.

ROME, Oct. 12.—It developed to- day that the Czar's reversal of his decision not to visit King Victor was due to assurances made to him by the Italian police that they have the "anarchists" of Italy well in check and have arrested the leaders of the plot to assassinate the Russian ruler. The police now say that the Czar can come to Italy with as much safety as surrounds him in his palace. The Czar starts from Livadia to- morrow. He will make the entire journey by land.

# BIG BANK STEAL

Wisconsin Financial Institution Loses \$210,000—Arrests Expected.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—The dis- covery of alleged forgeries and defal- cations aggregating, according to au- ditorial advice, approximately \$210,000, today resulted in closing the doors of the First National Bank of Mineral Point, Wis., and the appoint- ment of John W. Schofield of the of- fice of the Comptroller of the Cur- rency, as receiver of the Wisconsin institution.

# MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

The Right Piano at the Right Price. See the popular

**O. W. WUERTZ PIANOS,**  
1618 Third Ave., near 86th St., and  
2929 Third Ave., near 151st St.

# TRUNKS, LEATHER GOODS.

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# ARONSON BROS. & FIERST

Dry and Dress Goods

We Advertise No Special Bargains and Offer No Best, but Guarantee Satisfaction.

61-63 BELMONT AVENUE, BROOKLYN.

THERE IS AN ORGANIZATION called "Call Conference." It meets every Wednesday night at the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum. Its purpose is to do work for this paper.

Recent meetings have been a failure, due to the absence of dele- gates. Will members elected to represent their organizations kindly make it their business to attend regularly, so that the necessary work may be done and reports of the Call Conference be submitted at meetings of such organization that has elected a delegate.

# SPECIAL OFFER

To those of our subscribers who will send us a Dollar and a half **BEFORE THE 20th OF OCTOBER** for a three month's subscription for the Sunday and week-day editions we will give a copy of the latest work of Karl Kautsky, "The Road to Power." This is a book all should read.

To those of our subscribers who will send us Three Dollars **BEFORE THE 20th OF OCTOBER** for a six month's subscription for the Sunday and week-day editions, we will send the Sunday paper free for the unex- pired period of their present subscription, and a copy of the "Road to Power."

To those of our subscribers who send us Six Dollars before the 20th of October, for one year, we will give in addition to the above offers, a copy of Volume 1 of Gustavus Myers' work, "THE HISTORY OF THE GREAT AMERICAN FORTUNE."

This book premium will apply also to new subscri- ption. When remitting mention if premium is wanted or not. Please send your order at once.

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SPORTS

WORLD'S SERIES

Table with 3 columns: Team, Wins (W), Losses (L), Points (P.C.). Rows for Pittsburgh and Detroit.

Yesterday's Result. Detroit 5, Pittsburgh 0.

TIGERS EAT PIRATES

American League Champions White-wash Smoky City Batters.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 12.—The Tigers shut out the Pirates today in the fourth world's series game...

The day was impossible for comfort in even the protected stands...

The occasion on which Pittsburgh had a man on third base came through Byrne's double down the left field line...

RED SOX TRIUMPH

Boston Center Fielder Makes the Hit That Beats the Giants.

BOSTON, Oct. 12.—Tris Speaker, the Boston center fielder, made only one hit in the third game of the post-season series with the New York Giants...

The first two men to come up in the local half were quickly retired, McConnell on strikes and Lord on a fly to McCormick.

Speaker dashed around the bases, and as the ball was relayed toward the plate Schiel moved down toward third.

The Boston team outfit and outplayed the Giants, the latter being generally unable to connect with Hall's slow ones at the proper moment.

JOHNSON FLOORED

Husky Jackie Knocks Down Big Boxer in Friendly Bout.

Johnson was knocked down in a trial bout on Monday by "Gunboat" Smith, a seaman from one of the United States warships at the Golden Gate.

Smith, a husky slugger, was taken on for fun by Johnson and in a rough mixup he swung a right hanger to the point of the chin which dropped the big negro like a log.

At least this was the story related by persons who were at Johnson's training quarters during the alleged mix-up and as a result of the yarn Ketchel's stock received another boom yesterday.

GIANTS NEED THE COIN.

If the Giants decided to play the remaining games with the Red Sox in Boston, baseball men say it will be due to the fact that the gate receipts at the Polo Grounds last Friday and Saturday did not come up to expectations.

WISCONSIN WINS AGAIN.

TOKIO, Oct. 12.—The University of Wisconsin baseball team defeated the nine from Koto College today by the score of 8 to 0.

CZAR'S BUTCHERS KEEP BUSY.

BERLIN, Oct. 12.—A report from Vilna is to the effect that the four political prisoners who were captured last June after having broken jail have just been executed.

SMALL ADS THAT WILL BRING BIG RESULTS.

Try an insertion in The Call, the most closely read daily paper.

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Make sure of my office, which is only at 851 East 170th street. Ask for Mr. Warshawsky.

1010-1213

UNION AND SOCIETY DIRECTORY.

The regular meetings of your Union and Society should be announced here. It will assist you in winning new members.

UNITED JOURNEMEN TAILORS' LOCAL NO. 390.

Headquarters, Club and Reading Room, 109 W. 31st St. Free employment bureau. Hours 9 to 12 A. M. Delegate Body meets every 4th Monday, 8 P. M.

Kindly send us corrections and additions for this directory.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, Local Union 200.

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3 Insertions, 15c per Line

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BOOKS, STATIONERY, ETC. Progress Book Store, 232 E. 84th St.
BOOTS AND SHOES. Eagle Shoe Store, 848 Columbus Ave.
CIGAR MANUFACTURERS. Jahn & Brunhauer, 1604 Ave. A.
DAIRY RESTAURANT. A. Ratner, 147 E. Houston St.
DAIRY LUNCH ROOM. L. Schoenfeld, 39 Livingston St.
FAMILY WINE & LIQUOR STORE. L.M. Goldberg, 839 8th Ave., nr. 51st St.
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE. Meyer Davidoff, 225 E. 100th St.
FURNITURE, ETC. J. D. Flatman, 2264 8th Ave.
GENTS' FURNISHINGS. Teich & Alter, 33-35 Ave. C.

BOROUGH OF THE BRONX

- ATTORNEY AT LAW. Sam W. Elges, 465 E. 174th St.
BREAD AND CAKE BAKERY. F. Adolph Schaefer, 1483 Washington St.
BOOTS AND SHOES. The Bates Shoe, 144 St. Ann's Ave.
CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS. Travis, 3d Ave., opp. 101st St. Station.
CIGARS. S. Mondelcon, 1801 Boston and Union Ave.
DRUGGISTS. A. Allison, Brook Ave. & 171st St.
GENTS' FURNISHINGS. S. Bernstein, 6217 5th Ave.
HAIR DRESSING. Hair Dressing, Manicuring, Beauty Parlors.
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- BOOTS AND SHOES. M. Feldman, 28 Manhattan Ave.
BREAD AND CAKE BAKERY. L. Gussner, 424 7th Ave.
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DRUGGISTS. A

# Woman's Sphere

Edited by ANITA C. BLOCK

## MOTHER OF WOMEN'S CLUBS

In the Pictorial Review we read that the first president of the first woman's club in America still lives. She is Mrs. Caroline M. Seymour Severance, active and mentally vigorous, seventy-nine years old. The club—"The New England Woman's Club"—was organized in 1842. It was the first of the "sorosis clubs," of New York city by a few days. It was formed in Boston in the year 1842. Mrs. Severance, the promoter of the club, was made the first president and associated with her name on the first program were many others of his program value. It was on the 10th of March, 1861, that officers were elected, a constitution adopted and the real life of the body as a club begun. The first home of the organization was in Tremont place and the second in the first annual meeting was given at Chickering's Hall and was opened by an address in the first president's most concise and energetic style. By this address—"The New England Woman's Club. What It Has Done—What It Hopes To Do"—one learns that the scope and purpose of this first organization of women did not essentially differ from that of similar associations today. The list of committees is as follows: Committee on Hospitality, Committee on Work, Committee on Health, Committee on Art, Committee on Business. Subjects taken up were: A Loan Fund, a house for Members, Registry for Women, Washing Employment, Agricultural School, a Home for Children, Co-operative Kitchen, the Condition of Needle-women, Discipline in Public Schools. In a recent interview Mrs. Severance was asked:

"What, in your estimation, is the greatest thing the clubs have ever done?"

"No one thing is the greatest," replied the organizer, "they have done so much in so many ways. But the really vital thing is that the movement has placed woman in her proper position to the world of action and of intellectual endeavor."

"This is your view of the past," ventured the scribe, "and what is your prophecy for the future?"

A look of animation lighted the face to an almost youthful vigor. "Nothing is impossible to organized womanhood," she said. "The best is yet to come."

## OUR "PILLARS OF SOCIETY."

The Berlin Vorwarts tells of an interesting case, the result of the kind of advertisement that the New York Herald derived such splendid revenues from several years ago.

In the Hamburger Fremdenblatt appeared an advertisement for a lady traveling companion. A young girl of twenty offered herself for the post, and received an anonymous answer telling her to apply to a certain address in Hamburg. There she found a married couple, who, to her surprise, did not tell her their name and said several things that she did not understand. After this interview she received a letter couched in somewhat erotic terms and signed "Trilole." The girl's parents gave the letter to the police, thinking it was a case of

"white slave" traffic. The police watched for the person calling for the answer at the Poste Restante, and discovered the Reichstag deputy, W. Schack, chairman of the German National Shop Assistants' Union, a rival organization to the trade union, and a pillar of support to the German Anti-Socialist League. He is, it appears, in the habit of drawing attention to the moral dangers to which young women engaged in commerce are exposed, and singing the praises of the "pure German home." The public will have to decide whether this man shall remain a member of the Reichstag.

## TRAINING SUPFRAGETTE SPEAKERS.

The most hopeful sign of success for the English Suffragettes is the training of 500 women by the Tories to go on the stump at the next general election. These 500 women are being schooled by men who have made their mark as Conservative spellbinders. They will be heard all over the country, and as a natural precaution the Liberals now are planning to put another army of women orators in the field. In the circumstances, the suffragettes will ask if it is equitable or within reason to refuse these women speakers the right to vote? They are on the stump to win votes, yet they are denied a vote themselves. It seems the two great British parties are putting their foot in it. The suffragettes are being equipped with the strongest possible argument for surely if a woman knows how to tell others how to vote she knows how to vote herself.

Three women have been nominated for Parliament in Norway, one by the Liberals and two by the Socialists.

## THE SICK TREE.

Pestalozzi, the great educator and humanitarian, wrote the following fable many years ago. Today it still serves well to illustrate how, if society is to be saved, the trouble that lies at its roots must be removed, which is what the Socialists are constantly demanding:

"A child had a little tree which his father had planted for him. It grew as he grew; and he loved it as he loved his pet rabbits and lambs. But the tree grew sick. Daily its leaves withered. The good child lamented, and daily plucked the withered leaves from the branches and watered its roots. But one day the tree leaned toward the child and said to him: 'The troubles lie in my roots. If you can remove that, my leaves will become green again, without any other remedy.' So the child dug at the roots of the tree and found a nest of mice there. The fool who sees the suffering of humanity, seeks to relieve it by removing the outward symptoms of misery from the eyes of the superficial observer. He who is wise, will, when he sees the misery of humanity, seek for the mice which gnaw at the tender roots from which come all humanity's blessings."

# SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

## Tonight's Meetings.

### MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

**Business.**  
5th and 7th A. D.—585 Eighth avenue.  
21st A. D.—360 West 125th street.  
23d A. D.—243 East 84th street.  
18th A. D. (Slovak)—322 East 73d street.  
Bronx Agitation Committee—3209 Third avenue.  
National Woman's Committee—Labor Temple, 243 East 84th street. Very important business.

### Open Air.

6th A. D.—Northwest corner 5th street and Avenue C. A. Kell, J. C. Frost, A. B. DeMill.  
8th A. D.—Southwest corner Eldridge and Grand streets. Samuel Edelstein; J. J. Coronel.  
9th A. D.—Northwest corner 41st street and Eighth avenue. P. L. Quinlan, W. R. Gaylord.  
17th A. D.—Northeast corner 101st street and Amsterdam avenue. Carrie W. Allen, Fred Paulfacht.  
23d A. D.—Southwest corner 146th street and Amsterdam avenue. August Klenke, Alex. Rosen.  
The following meetings are under the auspices of the Assembly Districts:  
2d A. D.—Southeast corner Market and Monroe streets. Meyser, Weisenberg, Ringer Goldofsky; chairman, Pearson.  
4th A. D.—Henry and Grand streets.  
4th A. D. (truck) 8 to 9 p. m.—Atorney and Grand streets; 9 to 10, Pitt and Broome; 10 to 11:30, Rivington and Columbia. Edelstein, Dr. Feldman, David, Rosenwald, Stupniker, Berlan.  
26th A. D.—Southeast corner Fifth avenue and 117th street. E. M. Martin, H. Hanedon, Wm. Karlin, Lexington avenue and 92d street—Sol. Fieldman.

### BROOKLYN.

**Business.**  
3d A. D.—64 Woodhull street.  
6th A. D. (Branch 1)—223 Stockton street.  
13th A. D.—137 Montrose street.  
15th A. D.—535 Graham avenue.  
22d A. D. (Branch 1)—Halsey street and Central avenue.

### Open Air.

5th A. D.—Greene avenue and Broadway. J. A. Well, B. Wolff.  
11th A. D.—Bedford avenue and Monroe street. Alex. Trope, John Roberts.  
18th A. D.—Rogers and Tilden avenues. Alvin S. Brown, Sol. S. Schwartz, M. S. Kerrigan.  
21st A. D.—Morrill and Moore streets. O. Oshinsky, Schick.  
22d A. D.—Ashford and Sutter avenues. J. Chant Lipas.  
22d A. D.—Pennsylvania and Sutter avenues. Alex. Fraser, Mrs. B. M. Fraser.  
23d A. D. (Italian)—Stone avenue and Pacific street. Geo. Cosenza, F. Belloncus.  
19th A. D.—(Indoor meeting)—Huhlbauer's Hall, Irving avenue and Standhope street. C. L. Furman.

### Noonday.

Sand street entrance, Navy Yard—John D. Long.

### Indoor.

Edward F. Cassidy, Leonard Davidson, W. W. Passage and others will

speaking at a ratification meeting under the auspices of the Workingmen's Educational Club, 477 Atlantic avenue, tonight.

### LONG ISLAND CITY.

Steinway and Flushing avenues. G. M. Fitzgibbon, Hugo Schwabe.

### JERSEY CITY.

Communipaw and Pacific avenues—Isaac Phillips. (Open air.)  
2d Ward—Butler's Hall, Grove and 2d streets (Business.)

### NEWARK.

Roseville avenue and Orange street—George R. Kirkpatrick, M. Korshet.

### PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The following open air meetings have been arranged by the campaign committee for tonight:  
Warnock and Girard avenue—Andrew S. Hall, Daniel K. Young.  
Broad and Fairmount avenue—V. L. Gulbert, Chas. Sehl.  
13th and Filbert streets—John J. Miller, H. C. Parker.  
2d and Christian streets—Charles Orfe, J. Ed. Singer.

### BUHR AT HART'S HALL.

At Hart's Hall, Broadway and Gates avenue, Brooklyn, Victor Buhr, the Socialist nominee for President of the Board of Aldermen, gave a stirring speech on Municipal Problems last Sunday.

"The old party candidates are not bad men," he said, "Bannard was never arrested; Gaynor never gets drunk, and Hearst is simply 'dead,' but the Socialist attitude is based on principles, not men."

"We want the city to supply the people with coal and ice, as well as water; we want the poor and the rich man treated equally in the hospitals; we want the courts freed from the control of the party leader. When, on November 2, the votes are counted, it will be determined how many men want liberty and natural conditions, and how many are still in favor of misery and city corruption."

A general discussion followed Buhr's speech.

### 22D A. D. HOLDS MEETING.

At the last meeting of the 22d A. D. it was decided to purchase ten copies of The Sunday Call each week. A call is also to be placed on every news stand where it is not kept for sale.

Organizer William Dietrich reported that the "Municipal Platform" had been distributed from house to house throughout the district.

The organizer also reported that he had decided on several more distributions with different leaflets. These distributions to take place on October 17 and 24.

A large mass meeting has been arranged to be held in the main hall of the Labor Temple on Sunday afternoon, October 31. The speakers secured are Algernon Lee, Sol. Fieldman, Mrs. P. Stokes, Fred Paulfacht, candidate for Assembly, and Edward F. Cassidy, and Ludwig Lora to speak in German. Music will be supplied by the Socialist Band.

### HARLEM FORUM.

A meeting of the Harlem Forum was held at the new club rooms, 360 West 125th street, corner St. Nicholas avenue, last Friday evening, at which the following officers were elected: President, John Shanahan; vice president, Warren Atkinson; recording and corresponding secretary, Miss Mabel E. Marsh; financial secretary and treasurer, John Wilkins. An executive committee consisting of the foregoing and Chas. E. Hedding, Karl Heidemann, H. Kemp and Mrs. Rosa Gelder. The organization has been formed for the purpose of providing a suit-

## THE CALL PATTERN



3004

### GIRLS TWO-PIECE SUIT.

Paris Pattern No. 3064

All Seams Allowed.

These little two-piece suits are considered very smart for girls this season. This stylish little model consists of a three-quarter length coat and a one-piece plaited skirt, having suspenders attached. The checked materials and fancy woolen mixtures, as well as broadcloth and serge, are all effective. The pattern is in 5 sizes—6 to 14 years. For a girl of 10 years the suit will require 7 yards of material 27 inches wide, 34 yards 36 inches wide, 44 yards 42 inches wide or 5 1/2 yards 54 inches wide. Price of pattern, 10 cents.

### CALL PATTERN COUPON.

No. 3064. Oct. 13.

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Size Desired.....

Fill out this coupon and inclose ten cents in stamps or coin. Address Pattern Department, N. Y. Call, 442 Pearl St., New York City.

## If You Suffer From Headaches and Nervousness

If the print blurs when reading it is certain that Eyestrain is present. Call and let me make a scientific examination and advise you as to their care. I also STRAIGHTEN CROSS EYES without any surgical operation, CAREFUL ATTENTION GIVEN TO CHILDREN'S EYES. My prices are very reasonable. CONSULTATION FREE.

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26x36 inches, hand-painted on muslin, just the thing for speakers' stands, \$1.00 each. Address N. Y. Call.

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When you are troubled with your eyes, have your eyes examined at

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Best accommodations for balls, parties and weddings.  
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OUR REMOVAL SALE STILL ON--AT A THIRD UNDER REGULAR PRICES  
OUR FURNITURE IS ALL FIRST CLASS, AND EVERY PIECE GUARANTEED. HERE IS WHERE YOU WILL BE TREATED COURTEOUSLY, HONESTLY AND FAIRLY. OUR FURNITURE IS NOT THE SHODDY KIND, BUT FROM THE BEST FACTORIES IN THE COUNTRY AND AT PRICES MUCH LESS THAN ANY OTHER STORE.  
NOTE SOME OF OUR PRICES.

This 6-foot Polished Oak Table, pedestal extension, exactly like this cut, with heavy carved claw feet..... **7.50**  
\$18 Extension Table, \$9.50

**SPECIAL This \$16 Polished Oak Couch,**  
6 ft. 6 in. x 2 ft. 6 in.; spring edge and open copper spring work. **8.98**  
Sideboard with French bevel plate mirror, value \$45 (like cut) **27.50**

**Carpets**  
VELVET, formerly \$1.00 **79c**  
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E-piece Parlor Suits, mahogany finished frames, upholstered in velour, like cut. **26.50**

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**\$3.98**  
Iron Bed, with brass trimmings; value \$6 (like cut) **3.98**

**Coupon for Call Readers**  
This coupon, if presented during our Removal Sale, will entitle purchasers to a handsome present in our furniture or carpet department.

**\$7.98**  
Brass Bed, with two-high posts; all sizes; like cut; value \$18.00 **7.98**

## LABOR UNION NOTES.

### LOCAL PAINTERS AND DECORATORS.

A communication of recent date from the secretary of the Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers at Denver, Col., to Secretary Connell, of the New York District Council, reads in part as follows:

"Your honorable body is requested to try and prevent the importation of painters and paperhangers to this city for a short time, as we think it advisable for the welfare of all the brothers concerned to stay away from Denver. We are having some trouble, and we have more men than we want."

### MOUNT VERNON CARPENTERS.

At the last meeting of the Mount Vernon Carpenters' Union No. 498 of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, it was decided to donate \$100 for the fund of the Swedish strikers.

### BAKERS' ENGLISH BRANCH.

The Bakers' Union No. 261, English branch, held a successful meeting and rally on 44th street and Third avenue last Saturday night. Twenty-two new members joined. Speeches were made by Charles H. H. and John Templeton, George Steadman and A. Valentine. The union will hold its next meeting on Saturday, October 23.

### PAPER BOX MAKERS.

There will be a mass meeting of the Paper Box Makers' Union at Apollo Hall, 128 Clinton street, tonight.

### TEAMSTERS' JOINT MEETING.

There will be a joint meeting of the Teamsters' Unions, Nos. 325, 493, 713

### INTERNATIONAL CHICAGO BILLPOSTERS' STRIKE.

Theatrical and commercial bill posting, window billing and "sniping" arrested in Chicago by a strike of 300 bill posters against the theaters and the American Posting service. Many of the theaters of the city, with large stocks of bills on hand ready for new attractions, are hit by the walkout.

### TERRA COTTA WORKERS.

A tenfold growth in membership during the last year is the record established by the International Brick, Tile and Terra Cotta Workers' Alliance. For the coming year special work will be carried on in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Texas and the Pacific coast.

### THE BROOKLYN CALL CONFERENCE.

meets every WEDNESDAY, 8 P. M. at the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum.

THE NEW YORK CALL

A Newspaper for the Workers.

Published daily and Sunday by the Workingmen's Co-operative Publishing Association, 442 Pearl Street, New York.

Subscription rates table with columns for Sunday Issue Only, Week-Day Issue Only, and Day Issue.

In addition to the above rates subscribers in New York City and the Bronx must pay a cent a day to cover postage.

Entered at the New York Postoffice as second-class mail matter.

CANDIDATES OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY

For Mayor: Edward F. Cassidy

For Comptroller: W. W. Passage

For President of Board of Aldermen: Victor Buhr

IN THE MIRE ALTOGETHER.

That the capitalist parties are rotten to the core needs no further proof. The capitalist shining lights themselves have again and again confessed to this fact.

And now, just look at these men of established probity and honesty, these white sheep among the capitalist political goats, watch them resorting to all the methods of trickery and cajolery perfected by the political bosses.

There is Gaynor. A month ago he looked placidly forward to receiving the nomination of every capitalist party in the city. He found himself fooled. And now with what bitterness he assails the characters of the men by whom he was fooled.

There also is Ivin. As slippery a customer as there ever was in politics. Four years ago he gladly went to electoral slaughter in the interest of McClellan and Tammany Hall and the Republican party and the "big interests" behind all of these.

And there is our old friend Hearst. How indignant he grows at Gaynor's acceptance of a nomination at the hands of the most corrupt political ring in existence. As if Hearst had never in his life thought of such a thing as political dicking.

There are also the one-step-at-a-time Socialists, those who pose as Socialists all the year round, who are always ready to instruct the Socialist party as to the course it should pursue.

There are also the labor misleaders, who shout all the year round that there must be no politics in the unions, in order to shut the door against the enlightenment of the rank and file of the trade unions by the Socialist propaganda.

SAVING THE BRAT



WILLIE TO THE RESCUE, AGAIN PLAYS THE ROLE OF ELIZA.

GOMPERS AND ENGLISH LABOR.

By ROBERT HUNTER.

I read in the Labor Leader of England a report of the British Trade Union Congress.

Presently my eye fell on these lines: "Fraternal greetings constituted a special feature of Wednesday's proceedings. Messrs. Gompers, Largent and Frey spoke for America."

"Gompers' speech was disappointing. It had no message for English labor and it was characterized by a strongly aggressive note of individualism. It seemed like the orations we used to hear from Liberal-Labor men twenty years ago."

Twenty years ago! And this from English labor! Mr. Gompers has, I fear, not overly enjoyed his tour of Europe. He has been met everywhere with labor in politics.

Like many Americans he has gone abroad with the idea that he could teach Europe a few things. He has been disappointed. The workers of Europe have had no time to listen when he spoke of policies which they had abandoned as useless "twenty years ago."

His talk simply would not go down. They tried to treat him with courtesy because he was a distinguished representative of labor, but they could not, they simply could not, applaud a Rip Van Winkle of twenty years ago.

When Mr. Gompers arrived in Europe three months ago he was given a dinner by the Labor party at the House of Commons. But they extended to him the hand of fellowship and welcomed him with honor. But they had fought too hard against the Liberal-Labor leaders of twenty

years ago to applaud his reappearance on the stage.

"Mr. Gompers had no message," the Labor Leader says. We expected that comment from labor in France, Germany, Italy, Austria, Belgium, Holland, Sweden, Denmark, Norway Finland. But in England?

England is the birthplace of trade unionism. The workers of that country have literally been driven to political action. The Liberal-Labor leaders of twenty years ago were like the Democratic labor politicians of today.

The Liberal-Labor leaders were the Dan Keefes, Frank Sargents and John McMackins of England. They were proud of being toddlers and wore frock coats and silk hats.

Nothing compared with the exquisite pleasure to them of sitting down at dinner with a coal baron or a railway magnate. It was as sweet to them as it is to some of our own leaders when they actually grasp the hand and drink the champagne of August Belmont or Andrew Carnegie.

But those old exquisite days are past for English labor. Today they cringe and grovel to no man, but stand up, prouder of being labor leaders than of being a friend of him who shot and murdered their brothers at Homestead.

English labor is today standing on its own feet, fighting its own battles, paying its own bills, providing its own dinners.

And that's why there's something of pathos in seeing Samuel Gompers rise, like one of their own leaders from the grave, and speak to them in the voice of "twenty years ago," without message and without hope.

ON THE FIRING LINE.

By MONOSABIO.

New York is about to replay the farce of the Old Republican Lady or the Tiger.

Mr. Average Citizen: Yes, you have liberty to do—as the bosses want you to.

The Tammany nominations are so bad that they ought easily to shine at "monster" mass meetings.

"Save the workers!" is the cry of capitalist philanthropy. What for? So that there shall be no diminution of the supply of willing hands to compete with each other for the honor of acting as door mats to the captains of industry.

Life, our sprightly comic contemporary, does not find it difficult at all to raise six or seven thousand dollars a season for its Fresh Air Fund for poor children. If it needed fresh air for itself, to save its very existence, like the Socialist paper, how its supporters would roll in the dollars!

The Hudson-Fulton celebration proved that the New York traction thieves have the equipment to handle a vast increase in the number of passengers. If the extra fare put on during the past few weeks were continued, the ordinary daily traffic could be carried on in comfort. But we know that nothing of this kind happened. The minimum of equipment loaded to suffocation is what is most profitable, and a million dollar Public Service Commission looks on approvingly with fat pocketbooks and a public-be-damned twinkle in his eyes.

Charles W. Morse, out of "a" purchases a steamship line for \$2,000.

pockets, never thinking of their duties to the working class in its struggles for better conditions of existence.

The only ones who retain their sphynx-like silence are the political bosses and the big business interests behind these bosses. How they laugh with glee at the general turmoil and confusion, out of which they are sure to come out victorious whichever candidate wins—Gaynor, Hearst, or Bannard. Having brought out all their star performers and having set in motion all their manikins and puppets, they look forward with confidence to another four years of undisturbed looting of the richest city in America.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

THE SUNDAY CALL

Editor of The Call:

Judging from the way our esteemed paper was distributed yesterday, there arises the question. How can we expect an increase in circulation when, after the experience the management of The Call went through since its establishment, it did not grasp the idea of arranging for special delivery of The Sunday Call to fill at least the greater part of the demand for the first issue.

It seems that the management is beginning with the last stage of the co-operative commonwealth order of doing business, where the supply and demand will more or less balance each other, and gradually will proceed to the present capitalist method, where want must be stimulated and demand created, instead of waiting for them to arise spontaneously.

I walked a circumference of five miles, lasting two hours, and with a rare exception almost every stationery store and standkeeper complained, having ordered a certain number of copies and got either nothing or a few. Many had telephoned for the paper and could not get any up to noon. Wherever I went I met people, old and young, asking for The Sunday Call.

A remarkable incident was the following: On my way home, after hunting in vain for more than an hour to get a paper, I was met by an elderly man, leading a youngster of about five at his side, inquiring at the several stands situated around Rockaway and Liberty avenues, but he could get none. We walked down Broadway, stopping at each and every stand. Nearing Gates avenue, my companion, who proved to be merely a sympathizer of our movement, and not a party member, pointed to one stand, saying, "Here's The Call," but before we reached the place the man who we left a while ago ran ahead of us and got the only number procurable to fill his own want.

I don't think that those who spent their half a Sunday in a vain search for a paper would complain for tearing their shoes or tiring their feet, but a great many copies will probably be left unsold, while a more efficient and practical management could make these now back numbers satisfy the intellectual wants of many, and perhaps save a great portion of the deficit.

Hoping to see The Call improved technically and financially, and wishing the paper to have as great a demand as I saw it have yesterday, I remain,

L. OBLINGER.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 11, 1909. [The Business Manager has again and again published notices in The Call to the effect that the Sunday issue must be ordered in time from the newsdealers, as the news companies refuse to accept returns exceeding 5 per cent.—Ed. The Call.]

NOTICE.

COMMENT AND DISCUSSION IN THE SUNDAY CALL.

The Sunday Call will be able to give considerable space for a forum in which the comrades shall have the widest possible latitude in the discussion of party affairs. This department will have a highly educational value, and, though no doubt at times it will contain some communications imbued with strong feeling, it will in the long run be a powerful instrument for achieving clearness as well as party unity and solidarity.

Letters intended for this department should be addressed to Sunday Editor of The Call, and should reach the editor on the Wednesday preceding the Sunday on which they are intended to appear.

IN REGARD TO SOCIALIST TRAINING SCHOOL.

Editor of The Call: The Children's Socialist School committee takes this opportunity to explain the article published in The Sunday Call, under Socialist News, in reference to its training school. The article was published without the sanction of the committee, and least an erroneous idea be gathered therefrom, I, secretary of this committee, thought it best to explain and repudiate it.

When this committee formed the training school for teachers we put Comrade Lips at the head, thinking that he was perhaps as well qualified as any other member that we could obtain for this work. We did not imagine that Comrade Lips would use this as a vehicle for his personal gain. We did not think that from the training school instituted by this committee would evolve the LIPES SCHOOL for such training and be run in conjunction with our school.

We wish to inform the comrades that the training school of the C. S. S. C. is an independent and free institution. It is not in any way connected with any other school and no charge is made for whatever instruction may be given. It would be ridiculous to assume that after asking the comrades to give up their valuable time and energy for the schools we would

SURPASSING CIVILIZATION

By Brigid Stanton.

The human race has advanced through three great ethnical periods: savagery, barbarism and civilization.

We are now entering a new phase of culture, a phase so radically different from any of the three great eras of the past that it deserves to rank as a new ethnical epoch, and should be given a new name.

Let us call this era Socialization. For centuries the word "civilization" has stood for the last and highest phase of human progress. But it has stood for much besides—for war-civilized war—and slavery and prostitution and almost every known form of oppression and cruelty.

The immense, world-wide movement which is now upon us may well leave to the past a word which describes so many inconsistencies and forge a distinct, characteristic name for the new culture of which it is the first powerful wave.

The new culture will be more unlike civilization than civilization is unlike savagery. Let us just glance about us.

The Hudson-Fulton celebration is a phenomenon of civilization. So is this great, brutal play-boy of a city, too ignorant and too incapable to put its own children to school.

Our Congress, with its chaplains and its daily prayers, is a phenomenon of civilization. So are the manoeuvres of our troops and ships that are trained under the broad light of heaven for the tearing and wounding of human flesh.

A president of the republic who from his high place speaks not one brave, noble or generous word, but looks down on the proletarians with the cold eye of an executioner, who takes every year from the workers as much as two or three hundred of them will receive for the same time, and the half-starved strikers with his underlings for a little better place

in which to slave: These are phenomena of civilization.

A republic ruled by a small minority that leads millions of voting men by the nose, that steals from them the dark by means of cuprous taxes and cheats them at every turn by intricate sharp practice which they cannot understand, that buys and subjugates foreign peoples, that sends a bear hunter to the highest of the nation: This is a phenomenon of civilization.

Ages hence, when men speak of our era, they will say of it: Civilization differed from savagery and barbarism chiefly in its refinement of cruelty. For, while the two older cultures were democratic, civilization stood mainly for a stratified social life, riches at the top and starvation at the bottom.

Science, chief disintegrating principle of the highly unstable and feroceously ordered, played, in the hands of aristocracy, a most fiendish role. Let us cease to reproach the representative men of the period who now passing away, by calling them savage or barbarous or uncivilized. They resent our language, and are justly. They realize that they with the times, and they know they think themselves highly civilized. Very well, then let them be civilized. But let the word stand for the Our Presidents, judges, law-men, bankers and magnates are all men. And are they not for the part selfish, insensitive, crude, social and rough at heart?

In the time to come, if a socialist man should have cause to regret a brother with any of those unwholesome qualities, he may call him civilized.

Man's new ideal, his steady, his sharpened sight, in a world-world-embracing impulse toward peace, peace and co-operation, call something vaster than a doctrine program—that is, for a universal in the level of human culture—ethnical era.

FERRER AND THE MODERN SCHOOL

By ARISTIDES PRATELLE.

(Translated from the French by Ben Lichtenberg.)

When eight years ago, Ferrer and his friends opened the Modern School of Barcelona, their first care was to advise the public that, reason and science being the true antidotes for all dogma, no religion would be taught in their school. They knew in advance that this declaration would bring on their heads the hatred of the clericals and that swords would be drawn in the army of bigots and hypocrites. The counsels of prudence given them by the timid ones had no other effect than to exalt their combative ardor, to intensify their desire to attain their end. The greater the evil to be fought, thought Ferrer, the more formidable the tyranny, the more vigorous must be our attack.

It will perhaps be of some use to remind those who may have forgotten them, of the real purposes of the rationalist instruction given at the Modern School. Certain it is that religious prejudice is one of the strongest barriers obstructing the intellectual emancipation of the human race. But to battle against dogma only would not suffice to develop a happy and free people. A people without religion and yet without liberty can well be conceived. So long as the producers of social wealth do not rid their minds of the belief in the sanctity of private property as it now exists, so long as they will accept as an article of faith that ridiculous fable that "the poor and the rich ye shall always have with ye until the end of time"; so long as the new education is limited to the vulgarization of notions of hygiene and practical knowledge; so long as they will apply themselves only to the production of good employees—specialists in their respective lines of industry, but who, continuously enmeshed in the same work, acquire with difficulty a broad view of contemporaneous society and remain proof against all those liberal ideas which are indispensable to conscious being; so long the new generations may perhaps be able to live more or less rationally from the material standpoint; but they will be unable, say what you may, to throw off the yoke of capitalist tyranny.

The chief merit of the Modern School consists precisely in that it fights in the mind of the child all the prejudices which retard the emancipation of the individual. Ferrer's

humanitarian rationalism consisted in creating in the child the desire to know the origin of all social institutions, so that, knowing the cause, he might combat it. An enemy of fratricidal wars, an enemy of the social inferiority of women and children, an enemy of all malevolent forces—ignorance, pride, malice, hypocrisy—which still delay the rival of universal harmony, the rationalist and scientific instruction of the Modern School included a study of all that which is favorable to the liberty of the individual, to the record of the collectivity. His ideal was a reign of peace, well-being and for all men, without distinction of class or sex.

The noble man who initiated this beautiful method of rational pedagogy—assuredly the best of all new methods which have been developed before or since; the man who has published so long a number of remarkable works appropriate for use in the new schools; the man who, on one occasion, under very tragic circumstances, faced death with a courage and serene dignity worthy of the heroes of antiquity; the man who hardly had he left prison, strove for the union of all the elements in the vanguard of the pedagogic world of all countries into a single body of active workers; the man who has brought light to the soul of the Spanish people by making available to them the great work of Elisee Reclus, and who was preparing to publish that of Kropotkin; that man is at this moment in the clutches of the inquisitors. Languishing in prison with him are his collaborators, his friends all those who, to a greater or less extent, have contributed to the spreading of light among a benighted people. Alas! to see that the diverse elements of the International League for the Rational Education of the Child, which, for a moment, were divided and dispersed because of divergence of aims and methods, have come together again and united to save the common cause. Let us not forget that on the very day of the defense committee, dependent on the future of the coming humanity, the future of a people rid forever of prejudices, evil, the falsehood and incumbrances which still retard the forward march of mankind.

ask them to pay a tuition fee in the training school.

Such is not the case. We want as many comrades as we can get to work with us to instruct the younger set. We want good conscientious workers. Remember, all tuition is free. All we ask for is your co-operation to make a success of the greatest work ever begun by the Socialist party.

Address all communications to the undersigned.

EDWARD H. SOBOL, 267 Central Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 12, 1909.

"ON THE EVE"

Editor of The Call:

In company with a friend, who did not have the slightest realization of the struggle for liberty in Russia, the writer went to see "On the Eve," now being produced at the Hudson Theatre. Although the English adaptation is not considered equal to the original, I realize the potent force of such plays in this country—particularly when visualized by such capable actors. It seems to me that plays of this character should be encouraged by radicals, and I, therefore, could not understand the adverse criticism of Comrade Lemon in The Call.

My friend, who is by no means a radical, was powerfully impressed with the sincerity of the revolutionists and the heartlessness of the Czars government. Just one scene—the suggesting bloody Sunday, when the babes with their defenceless mothers and fathers were mowed down by machine guns and Cossacks—is in itself sufficient to give prestige and force to the entire play. That scene is worth a ton of books on Russian freedom; the absolute cleavage between the government and the people cannot be more strongly impressed upon the mind of an American.

There are other scenes that are volumes, as for instance the one depicting the debauchery of the aristocracy and officials, and the same time, showing that the people is affecting the great minds.

The play should be supported by liberty-loving men and women, who encourage managers to produce such plays, plays that—even if not perfect—nevertheless are far superior to most of the current productions. At the same time help to permeate the public with revolutionary ideas.

Fraternally yours, JOHN LYONS, Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 11, 1909.

Hard Featured Woman—had money; once, had "out" ask you how you made your thousand dollars? Tufford twiping his eye with a coat—"Ma'am, I dreamt it!" Tribune.