

MISMANAGEMENT OF THE CALL.

By BEN HANFORD.

"MISMANAGEMENT (OF THE CALL) CAN WASTE MORE MONEY THAN YOU CAN BEG."

That is the answer I received from a man I asked to contribute to The Call Wage Fund. He kept his money. I suppose he has it yet.

The Call has suffered from mismanagement in its business department. There can be no doubt or question about that. From the first issue to this present writing there has been mismanagement, bad management and no management. The mismanagement has been of all kinds, and present at all times and under all Boards and all Business Managers.

MISMANAGEMENT (OF THE CALL) CAN WASTE MORE MONEY THAN YOU CAN BEG.

There are many causes for The Call mismanagement. But the fundamental and primary cause is one which could be easily removed by The Call's readers. Want of Money has been and is now the cause of 99 per cent of The Call mismanagement.

A printer who does not know whether he will get his week's wages in money or in promises will not do good work. A stereotypist who does not know whether he will get money or get a stand-off when pay day comes around will not do good work. An office boy who has not been paid last week's wages will not do good work this week. (Send such a boy on an errand and tell him to hurry back and see what you get.) Conceivably an editor might do good work though uncertain as to his own wage on pay day. But no editor can do good work this week when in doubt if there will be money enough to get out the paper next week. Stenographers and typewriters will not do their best work for the poorest pay—especially if they don't get their wages on pay day, and then part of it is borrowed back from them to pay the wages of some one else who cannot possibly wait another hour.

A business manager cannot do good work if he has to spend all his time begging money to meet checks dated ahead to pay debts to-day that were due a month ago to creditors who were then met with promises based on expectations that might have materialized if the man who wrote me that "MISMANAGEMENT (OF THE CALL) CAN WASTE MORE MONEY THAN I CAN BEG" had sent money instead of a grouch and had got others to help (as he had promised to do) The Call with money instead of a hammer.

"MISMANAGEMENT (OF THE CALL) CAN WASTE MORE MONEY THAN YOU CAN BEG."

That is true. I see Call mismanagement with both eyes shut. I see more kinds of Call mismanagement than there are words and letters on page. They ALL begin with lack of money. They can ALL be remedied by money.

You can furnish the money. Not a lot of money. But enough. You can furnish it easily. You need not go hungry to furnish it. You need not furnish it at the expense of other necessary Socialist activities. You need not starve yourself, your wife, or have your family evicted to furnish The Call with ALL the money needed to enable it to do away with ALL mismanagement and start on the road to become the most widely circulated and most influential paper in America. Now, if you are scared, just lay this paper down, put your money in your wife's pocket, put your property in your wife's name, and go to—the place you like best.

But if you think The Call is worth while, if you want The Call to live, if you want the working class to be free, if you want the world to be the beautiful place that human Brotherhood and Comradship would make it—

If such an idea appeals to you, then sit down and study how you can help The Call financially and how much. If you can provide the means, The Call mismanagement will cease. You c-a-n provide the means. You can provide it now. Y-o-u can n-o-w at this late hour make The Call that POWER which you have hoped for. It is for y-o-u to do n-o-w what others have left undone.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER THIRTEEN (13), THE ONE DAY'S WAGE FUND CLOSES.

So far the Wage Fund has not been a Success. Y-o-u can make it a Success n-o-w. Reach into y-o-u-r pocket, take out a dollar, place the dollar in an envelope, direct the envelope to The Call, 442 Pearl street, New York City. Mark it Wage Fund, and The Call is saved. The Call mismanagement is eliminated. The Call starts anew its battles for the New World. Y-o-u will do this. Y-o-u-r dollar is on the way to The Call office n-o-w. There are over THIRTY-NINE THOUSAND members of the Socialist Party who have NOT contributed to the Wage Fund. Y-o-u will not be one of them after today. Here at the last moment we will snatch Victory from Defeat and make sure the glorious future of The Daily Call. Y-o-u and y-o-u-r d-o-l-l-a-r will do that n-o-w.

The last day for which I printed the Wage Fund receipts was Thursday, September 30. Friday's receipts were larger than Thursday's. Saturday's were larger than Friday's. And Monday's receipts were larger than Saturday's, and included a GREATER NUMBER of individual contributions than for any day but one since the Wage Fund started. That is encouraging. It is that which makes me hope for Success after defeat.

The THIRTY-NINE THOUSAND Socialist Party members who have NOT given a cent to the Wage Fund. If they would come to life, the life of The Call would not be in question for an hour. Reader, if you are one of them, do not delay the matter for another moment. Send something to The Call now. If you are not one of those thirty-nine thousand delinquents, if you have done your best for The Call and have made your contribution, then make it your business to arouse those who have failed. And remember, reader, this is not written to you who are unable to give.

The Dollar or The Call? The one you want most you can have. You thirty-nine thousand. What if a thousand of you should send a dollar to The Call today. And another thousand each day till the Wage Fund closes. You will. You will. If the others do, you will? If y-o-u do, the others will. If y-o-u do, it is done.

Today (Monday) a GREATER NUMBER of contributors gave to The Call One Day's Wage Fund than on any day but one. But that record will be passed. Truly, a thousand of you must give in a single day. That would be Success. It depends on you. It does not depend on others. It depends on you. It does not depend on me. It depends on you. Y-o-u will make good—n-o-w. Tomorrow I will print receipts and publish letters.

NECKWEAR WORKERS WIN MANY VICTORIES

Eight Bosses Surrender to Valiant Strikers—300 Return to Work Today.

The neckwear makers engaged in a general strike were elated yesterday by a number of victories. Long before the office of the union opened fifty bosses were lined up waiting for an opportunity to sign agreements settling the strike of their employees. The strike committee had not yet formulated all of the shop demands of the various groups of workers, so only eight of the bosses were given an opportunity to settle.

Three hundred strikers were affected by these settlements, and they will return to work today, having obtained all of their demands. Each of the bosses was forced to put up a bond or a chattel mortgage as a guarantee that he would keep the agreement and observe union rules in his shop.

While some of the workers were celebrating their victories, other workers marched into the hall after having just left their shops to join the strike, and they were roundly cheered.

No settlements will be made with the bosses running sweatshops, as the union is determined to abolish the sweatshop system, one of the chief demands of many of the workers being that they shall be given clean, sanitary workrooms.

About 3,000 of the strikers packed Clinton Hall yesterday at a mass meeting, and enthusiastically applauded the speeches of A. Miller, B. Weinstein, and others. The People's Theater was jammed last night at the benefit arranged for the strikers. Madame Thomashefsky, playing the leading role in "Rachel Goldstein," received much applause from the audience of strikers and their sympathizers.

A mass meeting will be held by the strikers at 1 o'clock this afternoon in Clinton Hall to hear the reports of the strike committee. Well known unionists will deliver addresses.

JURY GETS BUSY

Many Sensations Promised in Nelson Murder Case.

A subpoena was issued yesterday for a prominent resident of Riverhead, L. I., to appear before the grand jury and give testimony concerning a plot to kill Irving A. Nelson, a Central Islip politician, who was shot to death near his home three weeks ago.

A short time before his death, Nelson told a friend he feared poisoning on the day of the night he was killed, and had decided to stay out of town. The friend says he will tell other interesting facts when he faces the grand jury.

Tomorrow the grand jury will also quiz Gustave Schwartz, the boarder in the Nelson home who is being held by Coroner Savage on the charge of murder; the widow of Nelson and Gertrude Lipke, who accompanied Nelson to a dance on the night of the shooting. It is expected that former Commissioner of Excise George Hilliard will also testify. The buckboard in which Nelson drove Miss Lipka home belonged to Hilliard.

TO RATIFY TONIGHT

Essex County to Hold a Great Meeting at Wevers' Colosseum.

The Socialist party of Essex County will hold a grand ratification meeting at Wevers' Colosseum, 457 Springfield avenue, Newark, tonight at 8 o'clock sharp.

The speaker of the evening will be Carl D. Thompson, Socialist Senator of Wisconsin, who will speak on the subject of "What Has Wisconsin Gained Through Socialist Legislation?" The various candidates of the county will also make addresses.

The speeches will be interspersed with musical selections by Professor Blythe and his orchestra. Admission will be 10 cents.

ANOTHER FLOATER PICKED UP.

Timothy Brosnan, an employe of the Union Ferry Company, found the body of an unidentified man floating in the East River at the foot of Wall street yesterday. The man was about thirty-five years old, five feet seven inches tall and weighed 175 pounds. He wore a pair of blue overalls, white shirt, black shoes, blue socks and white underwear.

TRACTION UNION GAINS

Street Railway Employees' Contention Shows Much Progress.

(Special to The Call.)

TORONTO, Ont., Oct. 4.—The annual convention of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees of America was opened at 10 o'clock this morning by President W. D. Mahon, the day being devoted principally to the accepting of credentials and the reading of officers' reports.

According to President Mahon's report the purpose of the convention is "not only to hear and pass upon the reports of the past two years, but to consider and legislate for the future success of the association." President Mahon further reports that, despite the industrial depression, the standard of wages has been maintained with but few exceptions, and in some instances even increased; that the nine-hour day has been brought about wherever possible; that whereas, at the last convention there were 114 districts working under written contracts, there are now 125; and that, in cases of dispute, arbitration was resorted to when it was possible to settle through mediation and conciliation.

Financial reports of the organization show over \$11,000 in the treasury at the present time; and including automobiles owned by the association, the assets approach \$50,000.

Tomorrow a special train will carry the delegates to Niagara Falls and back. Wednesday night the city of Toronto will give a banquet to the convention and visiting members.

FORMULATE DEMANDS

Striking Shirt Makers Want Union Recognized and Better Treatment.

The strike committee of the 150 employes of Bernheim, Dreyfuss & Co., shirt makers, of 302 Monroe street, held a meeting yesterday afternoon and decided to submit the following demands to the firm:

Recognition of the union; the abolition of the pass system; more liberty and better treatment. In order to leave the shop at noon, or during the day at any time, we have had to get a card from one of the bosses. This card system became intolerable and many of the workers protested against it but in vain.

Four-fifths of the strikers are women and they are enthusiastically in favor of fighting until they have gained every demand made upon the firm.

The union requests shirt makers not to scab on the strikers. The Bernheim, Dreyfuss & Co. brands of shirts are "Lennox" and "Dauntless." This request is especially intended for workers in Elizabethport, N. J., and York, Pa. Representatives of the union will be sent to those towns in the hope of preventing the workers being used as scabs.

AUTO SLAYS BOY

Frederick Zittel's Chauffeur Rushes Victim to Hospital in Vain.

The big red touring automobile of Frederick Zittel, the millionaire real estate operator, whose office is at 79th street and Broadway, and who lives at 312 West End avenue, struck down and killed fourteen-year-old Joseph Cotter, a butcher's errand boy living at 371 West 46th street, who was walking across Eighth avenue at 146th street yesterday.

In the car were Miss Lina Colley, of 214 West 148th street; Arthur Greerbaum, of 544 West 106th street; and Mineford Bishop, of 66 St. Nicholas avenue, friends of Mrs. Zittel.

The chauffeur, Otto Nedell, of 109 Tenth avenue, Brooklyn, was arrested, but he had the policeman get into the car while he rushed the boy to the Harlem Hospital in a vain hope that the lad might be revived.

WESTINGHOUSE CO. LOSES.

Judge Ray Says It Infringed Corrington Co.'s Airbrake Patent.

Judge Ray in the United States Circuit Court yesterday sustained the claims of Murray Corrington and the Corrington Airbrake Company against the Westinghouse Airbrake Company for alleged infringement of a patent granted June 14, 1904, "for improvements in fluid-pressure brake mechanism for the better control of railway vehicles by the engineer in charge of a train." Upholding the Corrington complaint, Judge Ray says: "I am constrained to hold that the claims of the patent in suit are valid and infringed, and there will be a decree accordingly and for an accounting with costs."

C. F. U. COMMITTEE PROBES GRAFT CASE

Makes Thorough Investigation of Sensational Charge Against Delegates to Labor Body.

Important disclosures are expected to follow the meeting last night, in session at Beethoven Hall until a late hour, of the committee chosen by the Central Federated Union to investigate the charges of graft in connection with an attempt on the part of certain bosses to destroy the Cloth Spongers and Examiners' Union.

The charges, which resulted in the appointment of this committee, were that a person unnamed had been paid \$1,000 to get the cloth spongers put out of the Central Federated Union. It was said that this "man higher up" was not himself in the labor movement at the present time, but that he was expected to accomplish this purpose through the agency of two delegates in the central body.

Delegate Patrick, of Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers, No. 11, has just been removed by his union, under charges of being one of the two men referred to by the delegates of the Cloth Spongers in their denunciation of graft in the C. F. U.

Abner S. Werblin, of 115 Broadway, secretary of the Textile Examiners and Shrinkers' Employers, an association of the independent employers, is said by President Adolph Loewenthal, of the Cloth Spongers' Union, to be the go-between who brings together the "man higher up" and the employers who wish to have unions excluded from the C. F. U. or otherwise injured.

Werblin Denies Charges.

When interviewed yesterday by a reporter of The Call, Werblin denied the charges and said: "No money has been passed in connection with the fight of the independent employers on the Cloth Spongers' Union. The fact is that Dave Brayer, a brother of Michael Brayer, the president of the Cloth Spongers' Union, organized a new bakers' union under the auspices of the boss bakers and wished to have this union admitted to the Central Federated Union. He went to the man who is charged with accepting money to get his advice, as this man knows the labor movement very thoroughly."

"This man told him that in order for the new union to get into the Central Federated Union it would have to be admitted to the American Federation of Labor and that it could not get into the American Federation of Labor unless first reorganized by the national headquarters of the Bakers and Confectionery Workers. It would be necessary, he said, to make a trip to Chicago and convince the national officers of the bakers that the new union was bona fide and that the old one had violated union agreements."

\$1,000 for "Expenses."

"He was asked by Brayer to go to Chicago for this purpose, but replied that he could not, as it would take too much time and expense. Brayer then offered him \$1,000 for his time and expense, which was perfectly legitimate. He agreed to this and was willing to take a check and give a receipt stating what the money was paid for, as there was nothing wrong about it. This was not done, however, but he was persuaded to go down to Coney Island and accept the money in cash. Just as soon as he accepted the money, a number of cloth spongers, who had been in hiding in the room, flocked out and accused him of corruptly taking the money to destroy the Cloth Spongers."

"The whole thing was simply a frame-up in which the independent bakers' union was used to catch this man in a fake exposure. He is a citizen of standing, and was not guilty of any wrong act or purpose, and no money has ever been used by him to influence leaders in the Central Federated Union."

Loewenthal Replies.

When President Loewenthal of the Cloth Spongers was told Werblin's version of the affair by a reporter of The Call, he replied:

"It is true that the man who took the money was told that it was for the purpose of doing up the existing bakers' union. That plan was followed in order to expose the methods he had already used against the cloth spongers and to prove that he took graft. Of course, we could not have gone to

(Continued on page 3.)

REGISTER TODAY.

Today is the second day of registration. No one who has not registered can vote for Mayor or candidates for other offices on November 2.

The registration booths will be open from 7 a. m. to 10 p. m. to suit the convenience of all classes of citizens. But the advice offered by experienced campaigners may be well followed.

It is this: Register at the earliest opportunity. Don't put it off, for something may happen to prevent you from doing it later, and cause you to lose your vote.

Every voter when registering receives a blue envelope containing a ballot to be used for enrolling for next year's primaries. Socialist voters should open this envelope when in the voting booth, make a cross in the circle under the Arm and Torch, the S. P. emblem, put the ballot back into the envelope, seal it and hand it to the election official. If this is not done the voter cannot participate in next year's primaries.

Register. Register today. Register early.

BARELY SAVE TOWN

Citizens of Hutton, Canada, Fighting Desperately Against Fire Fiend.

CALGARY, Alberta, Oct. 4.—One of the worst prairie fires in the history of Western Canada has been raging between here and Hutton for the past nine days and already has licked up property valued at over two million dollars on a conservative estimate and it is expected when full details have been received the damage will amount to double this amount.

Yane Yageron, a Swede, was one of the first to see the fire bearing down on Hutton this morning and he started out to give the alarm, but dropped dead immediately he had given the warning.

When he left on his trip he gave instructions to his niece, Mary Segelstad, to blow a fire guard around his farm buildings, and she was discovered later by Royal Northwest mounted police in an unconscious condition. She is now in the local hospital, where but small hopes are entertained for her recovery.

Tonight every settler for miles around, added by several detachments of mounted police, are fighting the flames. At noon it appeared as though the town of Hutton would go up in smoke, but the fire fighters were successful in warding off the flames. The district which has suffered most by the fire was settled almost entirely by new settlers who can little afford the loss, the fire having taken everything before it in a clean sweep, leaving nothing but ashes in its wake.

A. PULITZER DEAD

Former American Newspaper Man Shoots Self in Vienna.

VIENNA, Oct. 4.—Albert Pulitzer, a brother of Joseph Pulitzer, proprietor of the New York World and St. Louis Post-Dispatch, was found dead today in his apartment in the Grand Hotel in this city, a suicide from a revolver shot.

Pulitzer shot himself yesterday, though his death was not discovered until today. He was suffering from a nervous breakdown, for which he had sought vainly for relief.

Albert Pulitzer was born at Mako, Hungary, in 1851. He came to this country in 1867, and began work as a teacher of German in the Leavenworth (Kan.) High School.

Pulitzer entered the field of journalism in 1869, identifying himself with the Illinois Staats-Zeitung in Chicago. He came to New York in 1871 and worked on the Sun and Herald until 1882, when he founded the Morning Journal (now called the American).

He conducted this paper until 1895. Two years ago he returned to New York from Europe and announced his intention of starting a newspaper in this city. The project was not put into effect.

SCRAP OVER BIBLE

Reading of Ancient Book Threatens to Disrupt Keystone School.

MORRISTOWN, Pa., Oct. 4.—The reading of the Bible in public school classrooms by two of the fourteen teachers of Bridgeport today threatens the disruption of the Bridgeport School Board and hard fought legal complications.

The two teachers, Miss Lyle and Miss Duggan, read the Bible in obedience to orders from the Protestant members of the School Board, while the others refused in conformity to an order from the secretary of the board.

BEATIE CASE PUT OVER.

Eleanor Lorraine Beattie, who reached here on Sunday in charge of Lieutenant Flood, of the District Attorney's office, from London, to answer a charge of having stolen \$1,500 worth of silverware from the Gorman Manufacturing Company, was taken before Judge Crain in General Sessions yesterday to plead to the indictments against her.

Through arrangement with the District Attorney her case was put over until today in order that a bandman may be secured to offer ball when she pleads.

WILBUR WRIGHT FLIES UP HUDSON RIVER

Daring Aviator Travels 21 Miles in 33 Minutes—Accident Prevents Official Trial.

Over a tumbling sea of air waves that swept from the roofs of skyscrapers, Wilbur Wright yesterday morning made a sensational flight in his aeroplane from Governors Island, north above the Hudson River, around the British cruiser Drake, anchored 1,000 feet north of Grant's Tomb, and back to the starting point again without mishap.

The wind at this time was about ten miles an hour, and the daring aviator at once made ready to ascend again, this time under official auspices, to comply with the terms of his contract, which call for a continuous flight of an hour and the circling of Grant's Tomb.

On the trial flight Wright was in the air just 33 minutes and 33 seconds, and flew approximately twenty-one miles, including the turn over the warships. At no time was he more than 500 feet above the waters of the river. The average height at which the machine traveled was 200 feet. A part of the way it went as low as twenty feet.

"Rough, But Exhilarating."

To use the bird-man's own words: "It was a rough but exhilarating flight, and everything worked beautifully."

Hundreds of thousands of eager men and women, massed in the fore and on the roofs of all the tall buildings, crowded in the street close to the river and spread over the entire Riverside section, gazed in wonder at the flying man as he deftly manipulated his slender machine in the changing currents of the upper air. Cheering that he never heard greeted him throughout his majestic flight. But the aviator did hear the bedlam of whistles from all the river craft and the battle fleet.

"But it was not as terrific as you would suppose," said Wright, "because I was carrying considerable noise aboard my own craft. My machine was going like a young Gullwing sup, and I can tell you that it was sweet music."

Induction Coil Blown Out.

Almost at the moment that Wright was ready to leave the parade ground on Governors Island for his official flight late in the afternoon, an accident prevented the great effort. The induction coil of the machine exploded after the daring aviator was in his seat ready to go into the air. He was a disappointed man when he saw a cylinder head fly through one of the planes, and the great throng of spectators watching from the Battery to Grant's Tomb, were disappointed with him.

The machine was so badly wrecked that an official flight will be impossible. Wright will go to Washington today and his machine will go to the repair shop.

The bird man was robbed of the chance to show the eager thousands that his morning trip over a tumbling sea of air waves from the skyscrapers could easily be eclipsed at a time when air conditions were almost ideal. He had planned to fly up the East River, over Manhattan, and down the Hudson.

Not Satisfied With Curtiss.

Glenn H. Curtiss did not go to Governors Island yesterday. His assistants were busy in his aeroplane shed packing up the machine in preparation for its shipment to St. Louis. It had been reported that Curtiss would attempt a flight, but he did not make his appearance.

According to R. E. Scott, official timer of Wright's flight, at Grant's Tomb, the aeronautic commission is not at all pleased with Curtiss' action in leaving the city without attempting an extended flight.

Scott said that Curtiss had received a check for \$1,500 from the committee, and that he was to have received \$5,500 more if he made an ascent lasting an hour. Scott expressed the opinion that Curtiss had received much more than he deserved.

HURLED BEFORE TRAIN

Three Men Narrowly Escape Death When Auto Crashes Through Gate.

While running thirty miles an hour an automobile in which three men were riding crashed through a gate at the Staten Island Rapid Transit crossing, yesterday morning, at Adrietta street, in the path of an onrushing train, hit the gate on the other side and rebounded within a foot of the locomotive.

The men were tossed high in the air, landing in front of the train. They managed to drag themselves from the track as the train sped by.

The men—John P. Culling, of 29 West 29th street, owner of the machine; Frank Nelson, of 247 East 51st street, and Paul Sartori, of 532 West 25th street, who drove Alice Vanderbilt's automobile in one of the Vanderbilt cup races—declared that no lights were suspended from the gates and that neither they nor the tracks could be seen.

MAD COP JUMPS TO DEATH.

DETROIT, Oct. 4.—Dullifious forever from wounds received a week ago in a saloon fight, Policeman W. H. Irwin threw himself from a third floor window of Harper Hospital today and was killed.

HELP DISPLAY THE SUNDAY CALL

You can greatly help The Call by having the Sunday edition prominently displayed at the newsstand you buy from.

The first issue of the Sunday paper will appear on October 10 and will be sold at 5 cents a copy.

The rules of the News Company make it impossible to allow the newsdealer more than a 5 per cent return privilege.

That means that most dealers will only carry and display The Sunday Call if they have an order for it.

Order at once two copies from your dealer. One copy for you to read, the other one for the dealer to display on his stand. If the second copy remains unsold you can make good use of it by handing it to your neighbor or shopmate.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE SUNDAY CALL.

Our friends outside of the territories covered by the news companies are requested to send in their subscription for the Sunday paper. No papers will be mailed if no subscription has been received.

For our SPECIAL OFFER see page 3.

Send your subscription at once, if you don't want to miss the first issue.

GOMPERS OPTIMISTIC ABOUT IMMIGRATION

President of A. F. of L. Tells Call's Italian Correspondent He Thinks Italy's Officials Will Wake Up.

By M. P. PIERMATTIE. (Correspondence to The Call.)

ROME, Sept. 29.—Ever since the arrival here of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, the newspapers have been filled with articles about him, and he has been received by Mayor Nathan and attended two banquets given in his honor by the Mayor and the City Council.

Gompers has been interviewed by the Minister of Agriculture, the General Inspector of Immigration, the Mayor and many members of Parliament and the City Council, all of whom have shown great interest in regard to the problem of organizing the Italian emigrants going to the United States and thus freeing them from the horrible slavery of the "padrone" system.

Gompers justly attributed the present condition of the Italians in America to the representations of the Italian government and had no hesitancy in calling them down. He showed how and why the Italians live like beasts in the states, doing at the same time great harm to organized American labor.

Gompers also spoke to large crowds of workmen gathered at the Chamber of Labor and the Chamber of Labor organizations. All workers and progressive men here are enthusiastic over the good work which Gompers intends to start in co-operation with the Italian government.

Call Reporter on the Job.

This morning I called at the Palace Hotel and introduced myself as the Italian correspondent of the New York Call. Gompers was having his breakfast, but he at once asked me to take a seat at his table. As he had people already waiting for interviews I told him I would not keep him long talking, especially as to what regarded the Italians in the states.

I congratulate him for the strong words he had for the inaction of the government and he, trying to get nearer to me as no one else could hear, whispered: "Not only strong words; I gave them hell!"

"Asking him what he thought of the Italian organizations of labor he said that some of them appeared to him very good, while others were very poor, and particularly in their organized strength. What seems strange to him is what concerns labor organizations in the way of workers are divided into many different sub-sections with regard to political views.

"Even among the Socialists," he said, "you find four or five different opinions, such as the syndicalist revolutionists, integralists and so forth."

But if these differences of opinions appeared so harmful to Gompers, nevertheless they do not harm the organization in the least, for they are always united to fight for the betterment of their class.

Above all, Gompers is immensely pleased with the hearty reception he had here in Rome. He said he would never have expected one like it.

Talked With Everyone but the King.

"I have spoken with them all here," he said. "The Minister of Agriculture, Immigration Inspectors, Mayor, Deputy of Parliament, of the City Council, of all the workers' associations, and I can say that the King is the only one who hasn't spoken to me. It was just what I needed to make these people understand they have got to wake up and start to work for the good of their countrymen. And I knew they are all willing to work hard, I am sure, only they have got to shake up some of their consuls in the states."

Before leaving I asked him: "Do you think, Mr. Gompers, that things will be changed and the Italian immigration will no longer be such a weapon for the capitalist to use against organized American labor?"

"Yes," he answered, "I think so. If the government really gives this powerful help we'll be able to make things rather different from what they are now. You have here good, able people and I have no doubt my visit here and the long talking I did would be wasted. I may have been too severe against the government, but I am too American to say differently from what I think."

Italians Made Natural Mistake.

I called his attention to the fact that some papers described him as a Socialist, for here it is natural to be a Socialist to be a real representative of the working class.

"Oh, yes," he answered, "I noticed that in the Giornale d'Italia and I

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The KIND That Looks Best Wears Longest Costs Less McCann's Hats 210 BOWERY, Near Spring Street.

UP RIVER TOWNS STILL CELEBRATE

Yonkers, Poughkeepsie and Albany Do Honor to Memory of Hudson and Fulton.

YONKERS, N. Y., Oct. 4.—Governor Hughes and his staff were the guests of Yonkers today. It has been a decade since the city has entertained a Governor of the state, and thousands turned out to do him honor and to witness the parade of historical floats and military and civic organizations arranged as a part of the Hudson-Fulton celebration.

The procession, which was reviewed by Governor Hughes from a stand in front of the City Club, included a score of historical floats which were seen in the New York City parade, as well as a number contributed by local organizations.

After the parade Governor Hughes and staff left for Poughkeepsie.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 4.—Poughkeepsie did homage today to Hendrik Hudson and Robert Fulton. The feature of the day's celebration was the parade made up of marines and soldiers, fraternal, religious and various civic bodies.

Receptions were held in the various hotels in honor of the visiting naval officers and others attending the celebration, including many state officers.

There was a big meeting at Eastman Park this afternoon, at which Governor Hughes spoke. Five hundred sailors were the guests of the local committee tonight at the theater.

Military Tournament Opens.

ALBANY, Oct. 4.—With every branch of the regular army service represented, the United States military tournament, which is one of the features of the Hudson-Fulton celebration in this section, was formally opened today at Camp Robert Shaw Oliver on the outskirts of Albany.

The tournament will continue the entire week, with exhibitions afternoon and night.

With the departure of the battleships Mississippi, Montana, Idaho and North Carolina, for Norfolk yesterday, the American fleet which has spent nine days anchored in the Hudson River, began breaking up.

These four ships will be overhauled at the Norfolk navy yard and then will steam to New Orleans, where they will stay for the Mardi Gras carnival.

The Minnesota, New Hampshire, Louisiana, Georgia, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Virginia, Wisconsin, Missouri, Ohio and Nebraska will leave today.

The Connecticut, Kansas and Vermont will stay until the end of the week.

A NICKEL TO QUEENS

Board of Estimate Grants Temporary Permit; Cars Cross Bridge.

The citizens of Queens now have what they want, a five-cent fare to Manhattan Island over the new Queensboro Bridge. The service went into effect at noon yesterday, or hardly an hour after the Board of Estimate had adopted a resolution authorizing Bridge Commissioner Stevenson to grant a permit to the New York & Queens County Electric Railway Company to install a temporary service across the bridge, issuing transfers over all parts of their lines.

There must have been a complete understanding between the company and the Bridge Commissioner beforehand as to what the terms of the permit would be, for there was practically no delay in getting the fifteen steel cars that the company had in readiness running back and forth.

The cars are some of those originally intended for use in the Belmont tunnel. Although they were never put into commission running under the East River, they are now carrying passengers over it.

JURY INDICTS COPS

Racing War Carried Into Banks of Police and Jockey Clubs.

Answering to a charge of conspiracy and pleading not guilty, Police Inspector John J. O'Brien, in charge of the Twelfth Inspection District in Brooklyn, and his wardmen, Lieutenant Hugh Reynolds and Sergeant Hugh Meyers, together with five detectives from the Pinkerton Detective Agency, were arraigned in the Kings County Court yesterday and their cases set for trial on October 18.

The conspiracy charge covers the allegation that the policemen and the detectives aided and abetted in permitting gambling at the local race tracks.

Judge Dike, before whom the eight men were arraigned, allowed the inspector and the two policemen to go on parole. The five Pinkerton men were required to furnish \$1,500 bail each, which was promptly done.

Twenty-two other indictments were handed up at the same time by the grand jury. The Coney Island Jockey Club, which operates the Sheephead Bay track, and the Brooklyn Jockey Club, which controls the sport at Ravenswood, were indicted as corporations.

DUBROVIN LEAVING RUSSIA?

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 4.—Advices received here say that the Black Hundred leader, Dr. Dubrovin, is on his way to Southern France, by way of Constantinople. Dr. Dubrovin has been charged with complicity in the murder of Deputy Hertzstein in Finland three years ago.

UP RIVER TOWNS STILL CELEBRATE

Yonkers, Poughkeepsie and Albany Do Honor to Memory of Hudson and Fulton.

YONKERS, N. Y., Oct. 4.—Governor Hughes and his staff were the guests of Yonkers today. It has been a decade since the city has entertained a Governor of the state, and thousands turned out to do him honor and to witness the parade of historical floats and military and civic organizations arranged as a part of the Hudson-Fulton celebration.

The procession, which was reviewed by Governor Hughes from a stand in front of the City Club, included a score of historical floats which were seen in the New York City parade, as well as a number contributed by local organizations.

After the parade Governor Hughes and staff left for Poughkeepsie.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 4.—Poughkeepsie did homage today to Hendrik Hudson and Robert Fulton. The feature of the day's celebration was the parade made up of marines and soldiers, fraternal, religious and various civic bodies.

Receptions were held in the various hotels in honor of the visiting naval officers and others attending the celebration, including many state officers.

There was a big meeting at Eastman Park this afternoon, at which Governor Hughes spoke. Five hundred sailors were the guests of the local committee tonight at the theater.

Military Tournament Opens.

ALBANY, Oct. 4.—With every branch of the regular army service represented, the United States military tournament, which is one of the features of the Hudson-Fulton celebration in this section, was formally opened today at Camp Robert Shaw Oliver on the outskirts of Albany.

The tournament will continue the entire week, with exhibitions afternoon and night.

With the departure of the battleships Mississippi, Montana, Idaho and North Carolina, for Norfolk yesterday, the American fleet which has spent nine days anchored in the Hudson River, began breaking up.

These four ships will be overhauled at the Norfolk navy yard and then will steam to New Orleans, where they will stay for the Mardi Gras carnival.

The Minnesota, New Hampshire, Louisiana, Georgia, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Virginia, Wisconsin, Missouri, Ohio and Nebraska will leave today.

The Connecticut, Kansas and Vermont will stay until the end of the week.

STABER TRIAL ON

District Attorney Clarke Thinks Schlieman Is Already Convicted.

The trial of Frederick Schlieman, alias John Schmidt, one of the two burglars accused of causing the death of Mrs. Sophia Staber by shooting her in her Flatbush home on July 9, is moving swiftly before Justice Crane in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn. The jury was selected in an hour and thirty minutes yesterday, and a little before 5 o'clock in the afternoon the prosecution rested its case. District Attorney Clarke having practically established the charge that Schlieman fired the fatal shot.

Schlieman was in court looking much the worse for wear. He was pale, obviously ill at ease, and seemed to be in some little pain from the wounds that are still bandaged. His arm was in a sling. He never looked at the jury and seldom looked up from the floor. When he looked up his pale blue eyes wandered nervously about. He is colorless and looks entirely harmless.

The jurors are Joseph Gilbert, of 1452 Bedford avenue; William J. Gural, of 215 Lenox Road; Walter W. George, of 32 Pulaski street; Frank T. Gilbert, of 1332 Bushwick avenue; John Frazier, of 83 Evergreen avenue; James V. Galligan, of 186 Skillman street; Patrick F. Gaffney, of 174 Huron street; James O. Freeman, of 1044 Sterling place; John E. Fagan, of 470 1st street; and Paul S. Foster, of 71 Clinton place.

Lawyer Reolu, in his cross-examination, indicated that he would try to raise a reasonable doubt as to who shot Mrs. Staber. His efforts today will be directed probably toward showing that young Staber himself might have fired the fatal shot.

TO OUST HOMESTEADERS.

Government Will Throw Settlers Out of Uncompahgre Valley.

MONTREAL, Col., Oct. 4.—The government is seeking to regain control of more than 10,000 acres in the Uncompahgre valley. A special agent has been investigating homesteaders' rights, and has filed formal contests against 149 persons on the ground that they have not conformed to the homestead law.

It is said that many who have not lived on the ground will relinquish their rights without a contest. The land will be reopened for entry.

MAY PENSION U. S. CLERKS.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—Secretary MacVeagh, of the Treasury Department, is expected to recommend in his annual report that Congress enact the Gillett bill into law, a measure prepared by Representative Gillett, of Massachusetts, which provides for retirement and pensions for superannuated clerks. The bill has the approval of the government clerks' national civil service retirement association.

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EDMOND KELLY DEAD AT MOUNTAIN HOME Well Known Socialist Succumbs After Two Years' Battle With Rare Disease.

NYACK, N. Y., Oct. 4.—Edmond Kelly, the well-known sociologist and Socialist, died at the age of fifty-eight years, at North Mountain, early this morning. He was in declining health for two years, suffering from a rare disease—a gradual impoverishment of the blood. Interment is to be at Greenwood Cemetery.

Edmond Kelly was born at Toulouse, Haute-Garonne, France, May 28, 1851. He was a graduate of Columbia University, A. B. 1876. A. M. LL. B. 1878; Cambridge University, M. A. 1881; Ecole de Droit, Paris, and Licence en Droit, 1883.

He was married first in Paris, December 19, 1880, to Miss Frances Bartow. His children are Kathleen, born in 1882 (wife of F. J. Wylie, Oxford, England); Shaun, born 1883. He was married the second time on August 22, 1905, to Edith Thureson. He practiced law in New York City, 1877-79; in Paris, 1879-81; New York City, 1881-99; again in Paris, 1899-1907; since then in New York City, 1907.

He was the author of "Evolution and Effort," "Government, or Human Evolution," "French Law of Marriage," "The Elimination of the Tramp."

He was a member of the 25th and 27th Assembly District branch of Local New York Socialist party, American Socialist Society and the executive committee of the Intercollegiate Socialist Society.

Kelly was a contributor to The Call, his articles mostly championing the opportunistic view of Socialism. However, his last article, appearing in the issue of September 28, and the last one written by him for any publication, shows a marked conversion to the revolutionary standpoint.

Speaking of alliances with other political parties, he said: "I did once think this possible, but I then labored under the disadvantage of a long exile from this country, and now that I understand conditions here, I beg formally to repudiate this opinion. I cannot conceive of any alliance with any existing political party in America that would not involve a sacrifice of our essential principles."

OPENS WITH WRECKS

Twelve Persons Hurt in Car Crush at St. Louis Centennial Fete.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 4.—Two accidents marked the opening of the Centennial celebration here today. Two trains collided in the river fog on an elevated structure along the banks of the Mississippi and a number of people were shaken up. Twelve were hurt in the crash of cars in East St. Louis.

The trains that collided were filled with Centennial visitors. One was a Burlington passenger train and the other a Big Four train.

The Centennial celebration started on schedule time. A thousand Mayors from thirty-three states arrived today and were welcomed by Mayor Kreismann at the City Hall. A number of visiting Governors also arrived during the day.

Rand School Sunday Lectures

11 o'clock A. M. October 10—Mr. William M. Leiserson, "The Early American Labor Movement." October 17—Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Gilman, "Assorted Sins." October 24—Prof. William Noyes, "What's the Good of Manual Training?" October 31—Benjamin C. Gruenberg, "The Biological Foundations of Sociology."

HAFEN RUNS AGAIN.

Borough Pres. Removed on Graft Charges Wants Another Chance.

Louis F. Haffen, removed by Governor Hughes as President of the Borough of the Bronx on charges, came out yesterday for vindication at the hands of his constituents.

He caused surprise in Tammany circles by announcing himself as an independent candidate, with "home rule" as his platform. He began at once to gather signatures to an independent nominating petition.

ON TRIAL FOR MURDER.

NORWICH, N. Y., Oct. 4.—David H. Borst, of Oneonta, went on trial today for his life, charged with the murder in the first degree of Eldridge Davis in West Bainbridge in August, 1900. It is alleged Borst killed Davis in a hold-up. The week will probably be taken up in selecting a jury.

OPEN SCHOOLS FOR BLIND CHILDREN

Board of Education at Last Recognizes Necessity of Teaching Poor Unfortunates.

The Board of Education, after great care and deliberation, finally decided to allow the blind children of the city to share the advantages of public school instruction. Five classes were opened yesterday, three in Manhattan and two in Brooklyn, and for the first time in the history of this city's school system steps were taken to educate those whom Fate had deprived of sight. The innovation is regarded with significance by social reformers and Socialists, as it broadens the scope of activity for municipal or state departments, and teaches the people the lesson of caring collectively for the afflicted.

The classes are not large and just a few are as yet registered. The opening was not marked by any special arrangement, in fact, it was done quietly and without any unnecessary publicity, due to the fact, it was explained, that the blind children are very sensitive. The five schools which have classes for the blind are Nos. 20, 110 and 186 in Manhattan and Nos. 64 and 187 in Brooklyn.

Pathetic Introduction.

The blind children are only kept together in their own class during the period of physical training. After that they are sent back to their respective grades where they mingle with the normal children, listening to the lessons, and are brought back to their teacher only for the subjects in which sight is necessary to instruction.

The manner in which these children were introduced to their more fortunate colleagues yesterday was indeed touching. Here is an illustration: Miss Adeline E. Simpson, principal of Public School No. 110, took Harry by the hand and brought him over to a desk, directing his hands at each end of it. Then she took his hand and made him touch the boy on his right.

"Now, Harry, dar, there is a boy at the right of you whom you will call John, and here is another at the left whose name is Sam. Touch them whenever you want them; ask them questions and speak to them whenever you need some help or explanation. They will be very glad to help you."

Fifty little faces turned toward Miss Simpson and a hundred eyes met hers and responded to the expression of sympathy which she vainly tried to conceal.

In a classroom, at a table, with an abundance of amiability, and what seemed an inexhaustible supply of patience, sat Miss A. J. Cashman, the teacher for the blind of Miss Simpson's school, and instructed two pupils in the tedious art of "writing."

At one end of the table a delicate, cadaverous Italian boy of fifteen, and at the other an anemic little Jewish girl of ten, were laboring with "styluses" and "slates" over the dotted A B C of the Braille system.

Poverty Endangers Pupils.

Miss Simpson, speaking to a reporter of The Call, said it is imperative that the blind children should not be allowed to suffer privation and other forms of poverty.

"We make it our duty," she said, "to enter extensively into the conditions under which the children live, to see that they do not suffer distress. We are in a position to help, when necessary, by applying to the Society of Improving the Conditions of the Blind, which co-operates with other organizations in assisting the principals in such emergencies."

Speaking on the methods of education, both Miss Simpson and I. E. Goldwasser, principal of school No. 20, insisted that the blind should, as much as possible, mingle with the normal children, and be kept in seclusion only when studying their own system of writing.

"A broader environment for the child makes him less conscious and offers greater opportunities for development," said Miss Simpson. "These children suffer keenly from sensitiveness, as is the case with all who are afflicted. To have them come in contact with other happy children lifts in them the normal child instinct and brings sound moods and good health."

Mr. Goldwasser believes in much play and recreation for the blind child. "I bought various games," he said, "which can be played by touch. This will help them to recognize objects and will bring that sense in greater use. It also commands a mental application which effects favorably his intellectual development."

The teachers, it was explained, must have their regular teacher's qualifications in addition to the technical knowledge of the Braille system and in no case is it possible to attend to more than ten pupils.

BISHOP M'FAUL GETS RID OF MORE BILE

Trenton Talking Machine Makes Another Attack Upon Non-Catholic Institutions of Learning.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 4.—In announcing the annual collection for the benefit of the Catholic University of America, Bishop McFaul sent the following letter to all of the pastors of the diocese and it has been read in all the churches:

"In announcing the annual collection for the benefit of the Catholic University of America, let me draw the attention of the clergy and the laity to the danger of patronizing non-Catholic institutions of learning. Everyone knows that it has been repeatedly stated on the best of authority that certain professors in our great secular universities deliver lectures calculated to subvert Christian faith and Christian morality. They assert that there is no God, at least as men heretofore conceived of Him, no divinely-given Ten Commandments, no church, and as for the Bible, one must be freed from all slavery to the sacred myths which it contains.

"It is needless to say that the Christianity which these alleged scientific gentlemen attack is not Christianity as expounded by the Catholic Church. They build up a straw religion of their own and then take delight in knocking it down.

"When visiting our secular universities I have been amazed at the wealth they possess and the generosity of their friends. At the same time I have been saddened at the thought of how little Catholics do in comparison with their non-Catholic brethren for the building up and the maintenance of higher education in this country.

"It certainly is very provoking to learn of Catholic parents sending their sons and daughters for a year or two to Catholic institutions where the annual tuition is only between \$200 and \$300, then to hear them grumbling about the buildings, the food, the studies and the teachers, and the next year to observe that they have selected some high-priced non-Catholic college or seminary where the expenses range from \$500 up to thousands of dollars."

TAFT CRITICIZED

Westerners Oppose Government of Alaska by Commission.

By I. TYGEAR. (Staff Correspondent of The Call.)

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Oct. 4.—A thousand mile run of the Capital of Rockefeller, Morgan and Company's United States was ended when this city was reached.

The itinerary today included a stop at Redding, where a special car containing Governor Gillet and a committee of bay cities business men was attached to the train, a speech to school children, then the run to this city, and tonight a reception at the state capital.

The people on the Pacific have been angered by the President's sneers at the character of the population of Alaska, and his declaration that they are unfit for self-government. Many of the people here are interested in Alaska, some having business interests and others family ties as well as friends who have settled there. The general opinion on the coast is that the people of Alaska are no less fit for self-government than were the miners of California in the early days, or the population of any of the mineral sections of the West.

The President's declaration in favor of governing Alaska has provoked a storm of criticism. Many of the people along the coast assert that the commission game is being framed up in favor of a number of wealthy men in the territory. It will make it much easier for them to get favorable legislation. They will have to deal with fewer people under the government of

BEHEADED BY LOCOMOTIVE.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—Piling her head on the rails in front of a switch engine of the Calumet Terminal Transit Railroad in Blue Island, Mrs. Christian Comerfeld, seventy-five years old, committed suicide today by permitting the locomotive to behead her.

October 5, 1909. The 422d Day of The Call and our Ad CALL PURCHASERS' CARDS FREE CALL READERS SUPPLY PLACE FOR MEN'S FURNISHINGS LADIES' FURNISHINGS LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS ABSOLUTELY RELIABLE SIG. KLEIN 50 and 52 THIRD AVE. near 101st ST., N. Y., SINCE 1855. Telephone 4905 Stryker St.

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DR. COOK CAPTURES SOUTHERN CITIES

Baltimore and Washington Do Honor to Daring Polar Explorer. Cheered by Thousands.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 4.—Baltimore today surrendered to Dr. Frederick A. Cook.

The keys of the city were given to the famous Arctic explorer by Mayor Mahool. Long before the time set for Cook's arrival thousands of enthusiastic admirers of the Brooklyn doctor jammed the vicinity of Union station.

After a short stay at the Hotel Belvedere, Dr. Cook was driven in an automobile to the City Hall where he was received by Mayor Mahool, Governor Crothers, Dr. Ira Remsen, president of the American Academy of Science, and members of the faculty of Johns Hopkins University.

Here the enthusiasm of the populace was repeated. Following the reception at the City Hall, the explorer was returned to his hotel, where he rested until the hour for his lecture tonight, which he delivered to a large and enthusiastic audience.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—Dr. Frederick Cook, the Arctic explorer, was tendered a reception here this forenoon at the Municipal Building that was attended by several hundred persons.

In greeting Dr. Cook, Commissioner Macfarland, on behalf of the District of Columbia, said: "It is fitting that the entire national capital, through its executive government, should give you a hearty welcome and cordial congratulations, as this is the home of the American flag, which you carried to the North Pole, conquering the Arctic in the face of great difficulties and enlarging the map of the world, you have not only won the prize of exploration, but have borne yourself throughout with the modesty and courtesy, as well as the courage and intelligence, of the true American."

Dr. Cook replied briefly, expressing his gratitude for the enthusiastic welcome given him by the people of Washington. He left at 11 a. m. for Baltimore.

Both Good Fellows, Says Whitney. MANCHESTER, Mass., Oct. 4.—That Harry Whitney has said his last word, at least for the present, in the Cook-Peary controversy was evident when he was seen here today at the residence of Andrew Carnegie, 2d, where he has been a guest since his return from the Arctic.

"I know both Cook and Peary," said Whitney, smiling, "and they are both good fellows. I think I have talked all I care to about the affair. I am rather tired that when I return to New Haven I shall have something to say, but until then you must excuse me."

Whitney expects to remain in this vicinity during the present week. He would say nothing as to a probable meeting with Dr. Cook.

The officers of the Peary Arctic Club held a meeting yesterday to pass formally upon the proofs of Commander Robert E. Peary that Dr. Frederick Cook did not reach the pole. The statement will be made public in a few days.

The following resolution was passed by the officers of the club: "That the Peary Arctic Club cordially welcomes home Commander Robert E. Peary, C. E. U. S. N., and congratulates him upon the attainment, April 6, 1909, of the North Pole, crowning years of arduous Arctic work, of devotion to ideals, and of loyalty to country, and invites him to honor it with his company at dinner at a date convenient to him.

"That the club tenders to the officers, scientific staff, and men of the expedition its thanks and appreciation for zealous performance of duty, which, with superior discipline and complete team work, resulted in complete success."

The crew of the Arctic ship Roosevelt was paid off yesterday and given transportation home to New Foundland.

SPAIN MAY DECLARE WAR ON MOROCCO

After Having Fought for Three Months Alfonso's Cabinet is Ready for Formalities.

LISBON, Portugal, Oct. 4.—The Spanish cabinet is in session today considering the advisability of declaring war against Mulai Hafid, Sultan of Morocco, according to news smuggled over the border from Madrid. The Madrid police are having difficulty handling a mob, which, incited by the war party, for twenty-four hours has been attempting to sack the Moroccan Embassy. A strong guard has been placed around the embassy.

The Spanish cabinet is convinced that the latest increase of activity on the part of the Rif tribesmen is due to the reinforcements which they are sure are from Mulai Hafid. The general impression in Spain is that the Sultan is encouraging the tribes to declare a holy war and drive all Christians out of Africa. Large parties from several interior tribes have joined the Rifis under the native leader Harka, outside of Mellilla.

Harka and his tribesmen are closely pressing the Spaniards who are now in a position behind the hills that separate the Mellilla peninsula from the mainland.

The Spanish heavy artillery is keeping off the natives, who, despite the guns, are making hourly charges upon the ridge. The Spanish position is daily becoming more perilous and the 15,000 reinforcements now on their way from Spain are badly needed.

Spain is made doubly suspicious of the attitude of Mulai Hafid in the trouble by the apparently reliable reports to the effect that the Sultan is rushing heavy shipments of arms and ammunition from Germany. Several German steamers were reported to have landed cannon, guns and ammunition at ports consigned to the Moroccan government. These, it is believed, are for the Rifis.

More Revolutionists Butchered.

MADRID, via Frontier, Oct. 4.—A message today from Barcelona says that Ramon Clements, one of the leaders of the July revolt, was shot yesterday in Fort Mont Juich, and that many other prisoners are daily being executed by the military authorities, who have superseded the civil authorities.

The people of Madrid are clamoring for the removal of the censorship in order that the true condition in Barcelona and the Catalonian province may be learned. It is declared that the situation there is far more serious than authorities will admit, and the refusal to permit reports from there to become public adds color to the belief.

PARIS, Oct. 4.—France may take a hand to end the Moroccan fighting. It is reported in official circles today that the government is considering the advisability of mobilizing troops to check Spanish aggression there. The war office is alarmed over the enormous Spanish army that is being sent into Morocco and the tactics adopted by Spain in dealing with the Moors are being watched closely by French officials.

SLAIN BY FRIEND

Subway Mechanic Crushed by Train Guided by Old Acquaintance.

Joseph R. Wilson, forty-five years old, of 187 State street, Brooklyn, a mechanic in the subway, was caught between two cars of an empty train that was moving into the yards at 135th street and Broadway early yesterday and was crushed to death between a car and the subway pillars.

William Stone, the motorman of the train that killed Wilson, was arrested. He said that Wilson had displayed no lantern, as he should have done, and he didn't see the man at all.

Stone was put under \$2,000 bail to await an inquest. He and the dead man were intimate friends and the motorman cried like a child while telling Coroner Harburger about the accident.

LESS COTTON THIS YEAR.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—The Census Bureau reported today that 2,562,888 bales of cotton had been ginned from the growth of 1909 to September 25, as compared with 2,396,639 to the corresponding date last year.

JUDGE DISCHARGES TEN GIRL STRIKERS

Assailants of Arrested Waist Makers Still at Large—The Triangle Company Desperate.

Ten girl strikers who were picketing the shop of the Triangle Waist Company, of 23 Washington place, and a man who was passing by, charged with assaulting scabs employed by the Triangle Waist Company, were discharged by Magistrate Finn in Jefferson Market Court yesterday.

The girls were standing on the street near the shop of the Triangle Waist Company early yesterday morning when they were set upon and beaten by a crowd of "Bowers ladies" and their procurers who were acting as scab protectors. The girls who were beaten and then arrested were Ida Janowitz, Fannie Eisenstadt, Anna Heid, Rose Senerowitz, Ella Sigel, Lena Richmond, Mary Graff, Esther Garfin, Lena Zwick and Fannie Rosen. There were no cops in sight while the girls were being beaten, but after they had been brutally kicked and dragged around by their hair a number of cops appeared and arrested them. No effort was made to arrest their assailants.

When Ida Janowitz insisted on being told why she was being taken to the station house she was insulted by the bluecoats and told to keep her mouth shut or she would be clubbed. Anna Heid was arrested simply because she asked her striking sisters why they were being dragged to the police station.

Three hundred short waist makers employed in three shops in Washington place walked out on sympathetic strike with the employes of the Triangle Waist Company yesterday. These sympathetic strikers held a mass meeting in Hennington Hall, East 2d street, last night and outlined a systematic plan for carrying on the strike of solidarity.

The Triangle Waist Company is carrying on a desperate battle to defeat their overworked and underpaid slaves, but thus far have met with very little success. The workers are still determined and enthusiastic.

The officers of the union yesterday showed a reporter of The Call copies of letters which had been received by the Greater New York Detective Agency, Labor Adjustment Department, offering to furnish "trained detectives that guard life and property, and, if necessary, furnish help of all kinds, both male and female, for all trades." This concern, which is simply a strikebreaking agency licensed by the state, also offers to break the strike.

The strikers are confident of winning their struggle. They were highly elated yesterday by the sympathetic strikers started in the shops in the vicinity of the Triangle shop. They expect to be able to settle the strike within a short time.

DESERT TRUST MILLS

Scabs of Tin Plants at Elwood, Ind., Leave by the Wholesale.

ELWOOD, Ind., Oct. 4.—The tin strikers here who are out against the "open shop" order of the trust are greatly encouraged by the fact that last Saturday when the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company's hot mills paid off, many of the strikebreakers drew their pay and departed for the East to return no more to Elwood, because they were put on the tonnage basis.

They say their three months' contract expired on the last day of September and the management refused to renew it at \$7.50 a day. Twenty-five men in a body went to the train and left. It is said fifty more are getting their belongings and will leave directly.

A number of the men who came here and took the places of the strikers put in appearance at union headquarters and asked for assistance to get back home. They were given attention and will be taken care of.

Manager O'Brien, of the tin plate company, accompanied the twenty-five men on the train endeavoring to get them to return to work. The union men had two delegates on the train trying to keep them on their way.

There has been no trouble, but police are scattered all through the city in citizens' clothes as well as the uniformed men.

FLAMES DEVOUR FAMILY.

Woman and Two Children Burned to Death in Prairie Fire.

TORONTO, Ont., Oct. 4.—A dispatch from Stettler, Alberta, says: Wednesday the wife of a farmer named Grover, living near Leo, and her two children lost their lives in a prairie fire. The mother saw the fire approaching and set out to a neighbor's with the two children, Katherine and Dorothy; but was overtaken by the flames before reaching there. The children were burned to death, but Mrs. Grover lived a few hours after being found.

THE DRAMA

"A CITIZEN'S HOME." "A Citizen's Home," a melodrama in four acts, by H. H. Boyd, was produced at the Majestic Theater, Columbus Circle, last night.

The theme of the play is the white slave traffic. The place is given as any metropolitan city and the time as the present. The play reveals the dangers to which a capitalistic civilization and the corrupt administration of our great cities by the political jackals of great financial criminals subject the daughters of the working class.

The characters and incidents are such as might be found in New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Boston or San Francisco. The "Moriarty Ball" in the third act might just as well have been named the First Ward Ball in Chicago, run by the notorious Aldermen, Bathhouse, John and Hinky Dink, or the Mulligan Ball of New York, run by Lawrence Mulligan, the brother-in-law of "Big Tim" Sullivan. Fallen women and political heeled were graphically shown on the stage.

Thomas MacLarnie was an admirable characterization of the easy-going young Irish political leader with his winning personality, his friendship for the people of his district, his relations with criminals on whom he depends for votes and his philosophy of life "You don't get sumthin for nothin." Such as he gain political following, and are granted letters of marque to exact petty tribute, that their masters, the big capitalists, may steal franchises and get lucrative contracts. How this privilege to prey wrecks homes, and results in the white slave traffic and its attendant misery is vividly shown by the dramatist.

The play ends happily, with Lucia, the girl captured by the white slavers, returned to her foster father and fiancé after six weeks of degradation and the killing of the deputy leader by the real father of the girl, a criminal who had been a tool in her capture before he learned her identity.

The play offers no solution whatever of the evils which it portrays so vividly. It is an advantage, however, that a producer could be found for a play which so well exposes the political and economic aspects of white slavery.

LABOR UNION NOTES.

Secretaries and business agents of labor unions are requested to send in facts concerning the activities of their respective organizations, such as strikes, meetings, trade conditions, growth of organizations and other items of interest to the workers.

LOCAL BREWERS' UNION, NO. 1. At the meeting of the Brewers' Union, No. 1, last Sunday night, \$50 was donated for the Socialist party campaign fund, and \$25 to the Yorkville Agitation Committee. It was also decided to take part in the fiftieth anniversary celebration of the Carpenters' Union, No. 309, which will take place on October 16, and in the fortieth anniversary of the Typographical Union, No. 7, which will take place on October 10.

BOSTON CIGARMAKERS. The members of Boston Cigar-makers' Union, No. 87, voluntarily assessed themselves more than an aggregate of \$25,000 during the first six months of this year to assist, in addition to the international benefits, the members out of work during the dull times in the trade and for other purposes. It gave \$19,852.43 to out of work members.

MARYLAND FEDERATION. The fifth annual convention of the Maryland Federation of Labor closed a successful session in Baltimore last week. The most important work of the convention was the merging of Maryland and the District of Columbia under one charter, making one of the strongest branches in the jurisdiction of the A. F. of L. The District was represented by R. G. M. Ross, James J. McCracken, D. F. Manning and Webb Hancock, and the organization will now be known as the "Maryland-District of Columbia Federation of Labor."

BOSTON LADIES' TAILORS. Three hundred members of the Ladies' Tailors and Dressmakers' Union, of Boston, who have been fighting for union conditions since June 1, when the bosses locked them out, are receiving overtures every day, and a sweeping victory is expected by the officials of the union in the near future.

Besides the closed shop the strikers demand an eight-hour day, and the bosses themselves are beginning to see the justice of the demands.

ICE TRUST DODGES Wants Jerome to Prosecute—Doesn't Like Attorney General. The American Ice Company yesterday entered a determined fight to prevent a trial on four indictments charging the company as a corporation with misdemeanors in making contracts in restraint of trade. Since Justice Gott directed the grand jury to find indictments against the corporation, many obstacles have been thrown in the way of the prosecution, it is said. But Governor Hughes, two weeks ago, called an extraordinary term of the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court and sent Justice Charles B. Wheeler, of Buffalo, down here to try the case.

A formidable array of counsel appeared before Justice Wheeler when the case was called yesterday morning. The first gun in the fight by the Ice Company was fired by John B. Stanchfield. He declared that the Attorney General's office had no right to appear in the matter. He argued that the case ought to be prosecuted by the District Attorney.

Justice Wheeler denied Stanchfield's motion to adjourn the case out of the hands of the Attorney General, and directed that the corporator be called upon to plead the indictments. Stanchfield then pleaded not guilty to the indictments for the corporation, and stated that he would take the statutory two days in which to decide whether or not any further motions should be made in the case. The matter was adjourned until tomorrow.

BURNED AT PLAY. Six-Year-Old Margaret Magner in Precarious Condition. Six-year-old Margaret Magner, of 4070 Third avenue, was severely burned about the face and shoulders yesterday after her dress caught fire while playing with some companions about a bonfire in a vacant lot at 175th street and Third avenue.

Policeman Murray, of the Tremont station, rolled his heavy coat about the child after she ran into his arms in Third avenue with her clothes ablaze. Dr. Kistler, of Fordham Hospital, said the child's condition is precarious.

LUSTANIA BREAKS RECORD. QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 4.—The Cunarder Lustania broke her own record for the eastbound transatlantic passage today when she arrived here two hours ahead of her best previous time. The time for the trip was 4 days 1 hour 52 minutes.

WATCH THE OPENING OF OUR NEW Harlem Clothing Store LEVY BROS. 53 Canal Street & 2260 3d Ave. NEAR 123D STREET, CITY.

C. F. U. COMMITTEE PROBES GRAFT CASE (Continued from page 1.) him under pretense of acting in behalf of cloth-sponsoring employers, because he was already attending to that himself. "The new bakers' union that he was told about, and that Werblin speaks of, had no existence. There is no such union. It was simply a trap to catch this grafter, and it succeeded. "Six witnesses saw him take the marked money, which he was forced to return, and which I shall exhibit to the committee tonight. "The man is an officer of a big corporation, and draws a salary of about \$15,000 a year. We took the precaution of notifying the authorities of our intention before we trapped him, so that he cannot charge us in return with being bribe-givers, as we can prove that the money was offered just to catch him. Will Prosecute Werblin. "He will be proceeded against at the proper time. Werblin will also be proceeded against on the charge of practicing law without a license. Werblin, as secretary of the Textile Examiners and Shrinkers Employers' Association, the organization of the "Independents," has filed a demurrer to a libel suit brought against him by Loewenthal and the Cloth Spongers' Union on account of statements made in a letter which he addressed to the Central Federated Union, in which he charged that the Cloth Spongers Employers' Association, the original organization of the older employers, to destroy the "Independents" by refusing them men, even if they ran union shops. The suit is not yet on the calendar. Loewenthal declares that Werblin's letter was a string of falsehoods and says: "Men were never taken out of the shops of the independent manufacturer except for good cause, such as the overworking, speeding up or insulting treatment of the men, and in one case they refused to pay wages in cash instead of in bad checks."

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. The Right Piano as the Right Fiddle. See the popular G. W. WUERTZ PIANOS. 1618 Third Ave., near 60th St., and 2920 Third Ave., near 181st St.

TRUSSMAKER. HENRY FRAHME TRUSSMAKER. 1499 2d Ave. Bet. 64th & 65th Sts. Trusses, Corsets, Bandages, Elastic Suspenders, Crutches, etc. All work guaranteed. Tel. 5233 70th St.

Grand Ratification Meeting OF Local Essex County, Socialist Party AT WEVERS' COLOSSEUM, 487 Springfield Avenue, Newark, N. J. TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 5, 8 P. M. HON. CARL D. THOMPSON, of Wisconsin, and JOSEPH W. WAINWRIGHT, Associate Editor of "Wisconsin," will speak. Music by Professor Blythe's Orchestra. ADMISSION, 10 CENTS.

BOOT & SHOE WORKERS UNION UNION STAND Factory No. NAME SHOES ARE FREQUENTLY MADE IN NON-UNION FACTORIES Do Not Buy ANY SHOE No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of the UNION STAMP. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp! BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS' UNION 246 SUMNER STREET, BOSTON John F. Tobin, President. Chas. L. Baine, Sec.-Treas.

IMPORTANT TO CALL READERS! M. & A. KATZ, Department Store 831-833 3d Avenue, Near 51st Street. A CALL AND PURCHASE AT OUR STORE WILL HELP THE CALL SAVE OUR COUPONS. THEY ARE EQUAL TO 4 P. C. DISCOUNT. THERE IS AN ORGANIZATION called "Call Conference" which meets every Wednesday night at the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum. Its purpose is to do work for this paper. Recent meetings have been a failure, due to the absence of delegates. Will members elected to represent their organizations kindly make it their business to attend regularly, so that the necessary work may be done and reports of the Call Conference be submitted at meetings of each organization that has elected a delegate.

A HOME COMPLETELY FURNISHED \$99.98 ON YOUR OWN TERMS 3 ROOMS AT 49.98 4 ROOMS AT 75.00 WRITE FOR CATALOGUE OPEN EVENINGS ROYAL FURNITURE CO. 188-90 3d Ave. Tel. 119-120

All Day Speed Ordinary heavy-action typewriters so draw upon the operator's energy that her speed diminishes as the day's work progresses. Monarch Light Touch conserves the operator's energy—leaves a balance at the day's end. Monarch all-day speed results in increased production, decreased cost of typewritten work, per folio. A Monarch equipment means economy. Let us give you a demonstration of Monarch Light Touch and other Monarch advancements. Write for Illustrated Descriptive Literature THE MONARCH TYPEWRITER COMPANY Monarch Typewriter Building, 300 Broadway, New York Canadian Offices: Toronto—Montreal Throughout the World

SPECIAL OFFER. To those of our subscribers who will send us Three Dollars BEFORE THE 20TH OF OCTOBER for a six months' subscription for the Sunday and week-day editions, we will send the Sunday paper free for the unexpired period of their present subscription. To those of our subscribers who send us Six Dollars for one year, we will give, in addition to the above offer, a copy of Volume 1 of Gustavus Myers' work, "THE HISTORY OF THE GREAT AMERICAN FORTUNES." This book premium will apply also to new subscribers. When remitting mention if premium is wanted or not. Please send us your order at once so as to make sure of getting the Sunday edition from the first issue. SUBSCRIPTION DEPARTMENT, THE NEW YORK CALL.

SPORTS

CORBETT FOR KETCHEL

Ex-Champion Would Like to See Cowboy Defeat Johnson.

"My sympathy is all with Ketchel. I sincerely hope he will defeat Johnson next week. But I'm afraid the negro is too big and clever for him. Still it's the wallop that counts and if Ketchel can get close enough to smash Johnson's head or stomach he may make a deep impression.

"I do not call Johnson a wonder by any means, but he knows how to box and that means a whole lot. He has never been extended and the fact that he handled a big fellow like Kauffman so easily makes me believe that he will at least stand Ketchel off.

ENDS WITH A ROW

National League Season Here Closes Under Unpleasant Circumstances.

The National League season in New York yesterday was to have ended with a double-header between New York and Philadelphia.

The locals won the first game, 6 to 5, the second being interrupted by a row between the Philadelphia players and Umpire Mullen in the fourth inning when the teams were on even terms, each having scored once.

Because the Quakers did not promptly send out substitutes to take the places of Knabe and Doolan, who had been ordered out of the game for kicking, the umpire awarded the game to New York by a score of 9 to 0.

The trouble started with the banishment of Pletcher Moren. He, like the rest of the Philadelphia players, had complained all afternoon about the umpiring. The spectators did not sympathize with the players and Mullen was cheered when he left the field.

In the first contest New York seemed to have a safe lead until the eighth inning, when Philadelphia went ahead by scoring five runs. The residents won out in the ninth on a hit batsman, Doyle's double and McCormick's single.

TO INVADE PITTSBURG

Baseball Fans From Far and Near Will See Championship Series.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 4.—With the first game of the world's championship series between the Pittsburgh and Detroit ball teams still three days away, hotel men and the baseball management are floundering in orders for accommodations and reserved seat tickets that they are unable to fill.

With the regular seating capacity at Forbes Field and the new seats that were put in the management was able to put 37,000 reserved seats on sale. Every one of these have been disposed of for Friday and Saturday and orders continue to pour in.

The city officials are planning for an extensive system of police protection at the ball park to handle the crowd that is certain to storm the gates in an effort to get in the unreserved sections.

At the hotels the managers are swamped with advance orders for accommodations from every city in the country.

CUBS WIN LAST GAME

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—The Cubs played their last game of the National League schedule in Chicago this afternoon, defeating the Pittsburgh champions, 8 to 3.

The Cubs made all of their runs in the eighth inning when eleven of the Chicagoans had a tussle with the bat.

HOW THEY STAND

Table with columns: National League, W., L., P.C. Rows for Pittsburgh, Chicago, New York, Cincinnati, Philadelphia, Brooklyn, St. Louis, Boston.

SOCIALIST BANNERS

2x3 1/2 inches, hand-painted on muslin, just the thing for speakers' stands, \$1.00 each. Address N. Y. Call.

Bread bearing this label is Union Made. Ask for the Label when buying bread.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

RATES UNDER THIS HEADING ARE: 1 Insertion... 2 Insertions... 3 Insertions...

UNION AND SOCIETY DIRECTORY

The regular meetings of your Union and Society should be announced here. It will assist in planning your membership. Bring this matter to your next meeting.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, Local Union 300, meets every Tuesday, 8 P. M., at the Labor Temple, Ludwig Becker, Fin. Sec., 1612 2d Ave., New York.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, Local Union 300, meets every Tuesday, 8 P. M., at the Labor Temple, Ludwig Becker, Fin. Sec., 1612 2d Ave., New York.

Wood Carvers and Modelers' Association meets every first and fifth Friday. Board of officers meets every second and fourth Friday at 8 P. M., at Labor Temple.

Silk Weavers' United Textile Workers' Local 689 meets every second and fourth Friday at 8 P. M., at the Labor Temple, 54th St.

Independent Machinists' Union of N. Y. meets every Monday at 230 East 40th St. Fin. Sec. JOHN PRAVICA, 237 East 24th St.

Cooks' Union, Local 110, meets every Friday, 8:30 P. M., at 12 St. Marks Place.

Co-operative League, meets every Thursday evening at University Settlement, Bridge Street, between E. 1st and E. 2nd Sts.

Amalgamated Waiters of N. Y., Local No. 5, B. R. Office, 123 W. 42nd St., New York. Members meet Fridays at 4 P. M.

N. Y. Wood Carvers and Modelers' Association meets every first and fifth Friday of the month at the Labor Temple.

Cement and Asphalt Laborers' Union, meets second and fourth Wednesday of the month at 514 East 7th St. Executive Board meets by call.

United Journeymen Pie Bakers of New York and vicinity, Local 112, B. & C. W. I. U. of A. Meeting every first and third Saturday of the month at 142 East 7th St. Executive Board meets by call.

Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union of America, Local No. 1, meets every Saturday at 10 A. M. at the Labor Temple. Employment office, 230 East 84th St.

Labor Secretariat, 320 Broadway, Manhattan. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Delegates meet last Saturday of the month at Labor Temple.

Eclectic Firemen's Union, Local 56—Meets every Saturday, 8 P. M., at Independence Hall, 175 East 27th St.

Building Employers' (Janitors) Union No. 15000, meets every third and fifth Monday, 9 P. M., at Moser's Hall, 119 Manhattan St.

United Journeymen Pie Bakers of N. Y. and vicinity, Meets first and third Saturday, 143 East 7th St.

Beer Drivers' Union No. 23, N. Y. and vicinity, Meets second and fourth Saturday of the month, 2 P. M., at Faulhaber's Hall, 1091 Second Ave.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, Local No. 437, meets every Monday, 8 P. M., at 321-323 2d Street, E. A. Frykman, Fin. Sec., 123 West 10th Street, Christian Temple, corner De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn.

Local Union No. 308, Carpenters and Joiners, Meets every Tuesday, 8 P. M., at the Labor Temple, Employment office, 142 East 60th St.

Local Union No. 457, Carpenters and Joiners, meets every Monday, 8 P. M., at 321-323 East 74th St.

Musicians' Greater N. Y. Musical Union, Local 743, Headquarters open daily, 12 to 2:30 p.m., meeting every Friday night, Palace Hotel, Broadway, corner De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn. Phone, 514 Bushwick.

Socialist Party, New York County, Headquarters 230 East 84th St., Manhattan. Office hours 9 A. M. to 10 P. M., 230 East 84th St. Organizer and Financial Secretary, O. Solomon.

Brooklyn Union No. 94, Meets every Monday at 8 P. M. at the Labor Temple.

Butchers' Union No. 114, Meets first and third Monday, 8 P. M., at the Labor Temple.

Butchers' Union No. 11 (Storekeepers), Meets every Monday, 8 P. M., at Meyerhoff's Hall, 216 East 120th St.

Cigar-makers' International Progressive Union No. 95, Office and employment office 241 East 84th St.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FLUSHING Opportunity to Buy Cheap

2 Lots on Golden Ave., one block from 2nd Ave. in Jamaica Avenue.

FULLY IMPROVED \$475 each.

Will sell on easy terms or make a substantial discount to cash buyer.

JOHN W. PARIS & SON, Marbridge Bldg., Herald Square.

STOP PAYING RENT.

It seems almost a crime against a workingman's family to continue the dreadful expense of rent when there is a way to avoid it. Why not investigate the brick houses I offer in East New York, Brooklyn, containing six light, airy rooms, bath and all improvements. Terms to suit purchaser, balance monthly payments. Price, \$250.00. Seven minutes walk to L. station, thirty minutes to Park Row. This position, thirty minutes to Park Row. This position, thirty minutes to Park Row.

NATIONALS GET STACK.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Oct. 4.—The National Baseball Commission, through Chairman Herrmann, today decided the case of Player W. F. Stack, claimed by both President Murphy, of the Chicago Nationals, and President Comiskey, of the Chicago Americans, in favor of the former. On account of Stack's contrary statements in the case the player was fined \$50. The player also was ordered to pay forthwith the \$100 which he is indebted to the Chicago American club.

JEFF FOR WHITE SUPREMACY.

Jeffries was asked recently what he thought would be the outcome of the Ketchel-Johnson mill. "I hope Ketchel wins," he replied, "but I fear that Johnson is too big for him."

FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET

Unfurnished. West side.

47th Av., 237 (12th) - 3 large, all light rooms; hot water supply; \$18. 148th, 200 W., near 8th ave. - 3-room flat; improved; hot water; \$18. 148th, 200 W. - 4 nice light rooms, newly painted; \$18-19. Janitor.

REAL ESTATE—Long Island.

BARGAIN Rockville Centre—6-room house cellar and attic. plot 30x130; 10 minutes to depot; restricted section; price \$2,300; good terms to quick buyer.

MISCELLANEOUS—REAL ESTATE.

\$90 down, \$7 monthly, buys 6-room cottage; price \$600; 25 minutes, 42d St. to car; title guaranteed; call HILTON, 25 W. 42d St. on any evening.

BUSINESS PROPERTY TO LET.

152d St., 250 W.—Stores to let; rent very moderate.

FOR SALE.

COMRADE FORCED TO LEAVE THE CITY, WILL SELL COMPLETE FURNISHINGS OF HIS HOME, RARE BARGAINS TO EARLY CALLERS, AT HOME EVERY EVENING AFTER 6 P. M. ROSCHACH, 1027 E. 125TH ST., C.T.Y.

FARMS FOR SALE.

2-acre fruit and poultry farm; 8-room house; new buildings; fine location; price, \$2,300. G. F. HILF, Vineland, N. J.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.

FROM FACTORY DIRECT TO YOU. Consisting of brass beds, couches, parlor suits, in fact, everything for the home; all the newest patterns. By buying of us direct, you save from 20 to 40 per cent—the middleman's profit.

WILL SELL THE contents of my private house without reserve, together or separately; upright mahogany piano, parlor, dining, bed-room, furniture, glass, china, clocks, tapestries, etc.; in fact, everything must go at any price. Call at house, 100 E. 92d St. all

FIRE INSURANCE.

PATRONIZE "CALL" ADVERTISERS—Insurance placed anywhere; write for rates. Edward J. Dutton, 77 William St.

FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished. East Side.

3D AVE., 207-3 large, light rooms; elegant location; rent \$9. 107th, 427 E.—2 1/2 rooms; \$7 to \$12; improvements. Inquire Janitor.

107th, 235 E.—Floor of 6 rooms; private house; all large, light; improvements. C. 107th, 235 E.—Through floor, 4 large rooms; \$10; references. C.

107th, 235 E.—3 rooms, front; toilets in hall; \$11 per month. Janitor. C.

107th, 235 E.—Elegant large 4 and 5 room flats; rents \$16-20. Janitor. C.

107th, 235 E.—Large, light apartments; heat; gas; clean house; \$12-14. Inquire Janitor. C.

107th, 235 E.—Floor, 4 rooms through; \$15-18. Inquire Janitor. C.

42d, 401 E.—3 large, light, clean rooms; no change; quiet house. C.

107th, 235 E.—3 large, light rooms; range; boiler; \$20 to \$22. C.

107th, 408-412 E.—4 1/2 large, light rooms; bath and hot water; reasonable rent. C.

107th, 408-412 E.—Four large, light rooms; bath; hot water; reasonable rent. C.

107th, 235 E.—Five large, light rooms; improvements; \$21. C.

107th, 454 E.—Corner house, 4 1/2 rooms; \$14-16; private bath; select neighborhood. C.

71st St., 326 E.—Between First and Second aves.; five fine large rooms, \$17. C.

107th, 207 E.—3 1/2 large, light rooms; hot water; \$10-12. Janitor. C.

107th, 235 E.—Five large, light rooms; range; boiler; bath; rents cheap. Janitor. C.

107th, 235 E.—5 large rooms; bath; improvements; \$18-19. C.

107th, 235 E.—One month free; 5 large, light rooms; range; \$15-16. C.

107th, 235 E.—Elegant 6 room apartment; newly renovated; cheap. Inquire on premises. C.

107th, 235 E.—Three large rooms; improvements; hot water supply; \$16-20. C.

107th, 110 E.—4 light rooms; bath; hot water; \$12. C.

107th, 235 E.—Elegant 3 and 4 room apartments; cheap rent; one-half month free. C.

107th, 235 E.—Bath, 4 large rooms; steam heat; hot water; \$16. C.

107th, 235 E.—Four steam heated rooms; front apartment; nice neighborhood; \$16. C.

Ketchel is still a mere boy and lacks experience, but he is willing, game and can hit like Fitzsimmons. If Ketchel wins I'll retire, but if Johnson turns the trick I'll have to fight the negro to win back the title for the white race.

PICTURE MEN POSE

No Injunctions Issued Against Police Closing Sunday Shows.

FLATS AND APARTMENTS TO LET

Unfurnished. West side.

47th Av., 237 (12th) - 3 large, all light rooms; hot water supply; \$18. 148th, 200 W., near 8th ave. - 3-room flat; improved; hot water; \$18. 148th, 200 W. - 4 nice light rooms, newly painted; \$18-19. Janitor.

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107th, 235 E.—Elegant large 4 and 5 room flats; rents \$16-20. Janitor. C.

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42d, 401 E.—3 large, light, clean rooms; no change; quiet house. C.

107th, 235 E.—3 large, light rooms; range; boiler; \$20 to \$22. C.

107th, 408-412 E.—4 1/2 large, light rooms; bath and hot water; reasonable rent. C.

107th, 408-412 E.—Four large, light rooms; bath; hot water; reasonable rent. C.

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107th, 235 E.—Four steam heated rooms; front apartment; nice neighborhood; \$16. C.

ANTHRAX KILLS BUTCHER.

Quaker City Worker Falls Victim to Dread Cattle Disease.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 4.—The verdict by Coroner Ford that the death of Carleton E. Baker, thirty-seven years old, a butcher, was due to anthrax, the dread hoof and mouth disease found among cattle, today caused a stir among the officials of the local Health Board and a thorough investigation is under way.

TRAIN KILLS SWITCHMAN.

James McGuire, of 524 West 44th street, a New York Central switchman, was killed by a train at 31st street and Eleventh avenue yesterday. The conductor and engineer of the train were arrested.

POLE FALLS TO DEATH.

John Mikulski, formerly and found dead yesterday in the arms of a tenement at 184 7th street by janitors, and the police think he fell from the roof during the night.

He had been in this country twenty years, and was accustomed to work as a janitor and doing carpentering.

You want The Call to grow, don't you? Why, then, don't you make it by buying of our advertisers?

CONVENIENT FOR THE READER. PROFITABLE FOR THE ADVERTISER.

CALL ADVERTISERS' DIRECTORY

READ IT DAILY—BEFORE YOU SPEND YOUR MONEY.

Rates for The Call Advertisers' Directory—One line for three consecutive months, \$7.50; each additional line at the same rate. If paid in advance the price will only be \$6.00. Make payments directly to The New York Call, 442 Pearl Street, New York.

BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN

BADGES AND BANNERS. I. Kraus, 125 Clinton St. Branch, 2263 3d Ave.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, ETC. Progress Book Store, 233 E. 84th St.

BOOTS AND SHOES. Eagle Shoe Store, 848 Columbus Ave. B. Hahn, 2649 8th Ave. M. Seigelman, 49 Av. B, bet. 3d & 4th Sts. Fair, the Sabel Shoes, 84 Livingston St. Union Shoe Store, 1110 Second Ave. Weingarten, Mr. 118th St., 1780 Madison Ave. Weingarten, Mrs. Sp'ls, 112 Livingston.

CIGAR MANUFACTURERS. John & Brunner, 1004 Ave. A. Raphael De Nat., 1590 Madison Ave.

CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS. The F. & S. New Store, 84th St. & 2d Av. Rickards Co., cor. 26th St. & 6th Av.

DELICATESSEN AND GROCERIES. Ch. Grabo, 304 W. 147th St.

DAIRY RESTAURANT. A. Rainer, 147 E. Houston St.

DAIRY LUNCH ROOM. L. Schoenfeld, 30, Rivington St.

DRY GOODS, LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS. David Grossman, 1474 Ave. A, at 74th.

FAMILY WINE & LIQUOR STORE. L.M. Goldberg, 839 8th Av., nr. 51st St.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE. Meyer Davidson, 225 E. 105th St.

FURNITURE, ETC. J. D. Flattau, 2264 8th Ave.

BOROUGH OF THE BRONX

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Sam W. Elges, 465 E. 174th St.

BREAD AND CAKE BAKERY. F. Adolph Scheffer, 148 W. Washington Av. Bakery and Lunch Room.

BOOTS AND SHOES. The Bates Shoe, 144 St. Ann's Av. Comrade J. Cohn, 420 E. 138th St. Levin's Smart Footwear, 3291 3d Av.

CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS. Travis, 3d Ave., opp. 161st St. Station. Westchester Clothing Co., 3d Av., 144th St.

LADIES' TAILOR & DRESSMAKER. Kramer Co., 1748

Woman's Sphere

Edited by ANITA C. BLOCK

A Study in Values.

By MARGARETH ARNOLD PITMAN

So it was. When you entered the room you seemed to make patent to me its gloom.

There's a four-pane window over the vat.

Or barrel, that holds the dye; by that. Those four bright panes of outside light.

You saw my face, and size, and might. Prancing machine-like with my hoe. The slow green snake to the barrow below.

Dull green are the rollers overhead; Thick green slime on the floor is spread;

Green blots are the walls and tanks and we;

What light there is falls just on me. I am stained by my hoeing and raking, too.

Is not everything smeared that is here, but you?

So we dye shades your eyes to screen. Thus it is done.

You say you have seen

No composition, all in all go good. One monotone of wall; Myself, as Labor; the copper lining Of oak and rick and my red beard shining

With common glint.

By the mint

Of toll fast stamped; mere type; mere print;

Have ears that can hear and understand.

Were chances exchanged and other planned.

You, with my chance, would you find Only a picture? I'm inclined To think I should not have spoken so While you were listening—I do not know.

"Only One."

By MARION CRAIG WENTWORTH.

Ye are only one! Why take the world so seriously?

No wrote one friend to another, adding to her protest, "Have faith."

Did ever a man since the world began strive, to right a wrong but some friend interposed, "You are only one!"

Why be so concerned?—Invariably urging that somehow things will right themselves and that such concern is a lack of faith in the goodness of the universe?

These well-meaning friends do not see that there is no greater expression of un-faith than the all too common phrase, "You are only one!"

It means un-faith in the integrity of the individual, un-faith in the human will, un-faith in the heart of things. It makes of the human being a slave; it leaves the construction of society to some mysterious power outside human life and allows man no part in the evolution of his world. Such a philosophy utterly denies individual initiative, blights the conscience and precludes all hope or possibility of human effort.

"You are only one!" is a weak and

GRACE'S LUNCH ROOM.
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SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

Tonight's Meetings.

MANHATTAN AND BROOK.

Business.
New York State Executive Committee—230 East 84th street.
1st and 2nd A. D.—106 Waverly place.
13th and 14th A. D.—305 West 54th street.
22d A. D.—A joint meeting between the English and German branches will be held Tuesday night in room 17 of the Labor Temple, 243 East 84th street. Plans for agitation during the rest of the campaign will be discussed. It is necessary that members of both branches attend this meeting.
34th A. D.—3203 Third avenue.

Open Air.

5th A. D.—Forsyth and Grand streets. Metz, Kleinberg, Finkler, Chasman, Elzer.
6th A. D.—Chrystie and Livingston streets. Kahan and Streeter, Chairman. Zinker.
8th A. D.—Southwest corner Eldridge and Grand streets. Samuel Edelstein, Andrew B. DeMitt.
11th A. D.—Northwest corner 46th street and Avenue A. D. Korn in English and B. Wasser in German.
11th A. D.—Northwest corner 46th street and Eighth avenue. Jos. C. Frost, J. J. Corcoran.
12th A. D.—Northwest corner 29th street and Third avenue. P. L. Quinlan, G. M. Fitzgibbon.
21st A. D.—Southwest corner 125th street and St. Nicholas avenue. Louis Baum, Vice-President.
24th A. D.—106th street and Madison avenue. Sol Feldman.

BROOKLYN.

Business.
11th A. D.—508 Franklin avenue.
17th A. D.—670 Grand avenue.

Open Air.
1st A. D.—Atlantic avenue and Nevins street. Alex. Fraser, Mrs. E. M. Fraser.
4th A. D.—Broadway and Rodney street. L. Baker, C. L. Purman.
6th A. D.—Tompkins avenue and Hopkins street. J. T. Hill, Leonard Davidson.
10th A. D.—Graham avenue and First street. M. Abramson, John Roberts.
12th A. D.—Manhattan and Norman avenue. B. J. Riley, Sol. S. Schwartz.
18th A. D.—Bedford avenue and Prospect place.
20th A. D.—(Branch 1)—Evergreen and Gates avenues. William Harbers, William Mackenzie.
21st A. D.—Moore and Humboldt streets. Cohen, Gold, Sussman.
21st A. D.—Debevoise and Moore streets. J. Finkelshteyn, J. Botwinick.
Woodhull—Inter-city place and Ferry street. Timothy Walsh, John V. Stock.

DUTCH KILLS, LONG ISLAND CITY.

Academy street and Beebe avenue—G. M. Fitzgibbon, L. Roper.

NORTEFIELD.

Local Northfield will hold a business meeting tonight.

HOBOKEN.

A business meeting of Branch 1, Local Hoboken, will take place at 223 Jefferson street tonight.

JERSEY CITY.

Communipaw and Monticello avenues—Henry B. Koeris.

ORANGE.

Valley and Forest street—Rev. John D. Long.

UNION HILL, N. J.

Bergenville avenue, corner Blum street—Robert Patino, Open air.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Broad and South streets—W. G. Gilbert, Herman Anders.

YORKVILLE AGITATION COMMITTEE.

Secretary S. Solomon reports that at the last meeting presented from the 22d Assembly District Socialist party sending as follows: English, 2,000 in German; to the 24th and 25th Assembly District 5,000, and to the 20th Assembly District 3,000 copies of the municipal platform. The treasurer was instructed to pay for same as soon as he will have cash on hand.

THE CALL PATTERN



GIRLS' DRESS WITH GIMPE.
Paris Pattern No. 3030
All Seams Allowed.

An unusually pretty little model in light dove challis worn over a gimp of dotted Swiss is here illustrated. The one-piece blouse is attached to the full, straight skirt under a belt of the material. Groups of tuks over the shoulders contribute to the fullness. The short sleeves are caught up by bands of the material fastened to the dress by large pearl buttons. The pattern is in 4 sizes—8 to 12 years. For a girl of 8 years the dress will require 2 1/2 yards of material 2 1/2 inches wide, 3 yards 2 1/2 inches wide, 2 1/2 yards 3 inches wide or 2 1/2 yards 3 1/2 inches wide. The gimp will require 3 1/2 yards of material 13 inches wide, 1 1/2 yards 27 inches wide, 1 1/2 yards 26 inches wide or 1 yard 42 inches wide, with 2 yards of insertion and 1/4 yard edging.

Price of pattern, 10 cents.

CALL PATTERN COUPON.

No. 3030, Oct. 5.

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Street.....

City..... State.....

Size Desired.....

Fill out this coupon and inclose ten cents in stamps or coin. Address Pattern Department, N. Y. Call, 442 Pearl St., New York City.

THE SUSTAINING FUND.

To Our Readers:

A few comrades have given \$1 regularly every week of the year. They WANT THE CALL. Quite a few have banded together and given regularly weekly. We wish to express our appreciation of the spirit that prompts these donations. We want all our readers to know that a little given regularly by all will obtain the result that all are striving for.

The Sustaining Fund acknowledged the receipt of the following contributions. Please report errors to the Secretary of the Sustaining Fund, 442 Pearl street, New York City.

Previously acknowledged	\$1,787.32
Omitted in the last report:	
Jacob Berman, stamps	\$3
W. S. D. B. F. Br. 245, \$3	
R. Miller, L. Lunn, J. Lorig, S. Weaver, G. Fisher, J. Hoffstad, weekly pledge	1.00
20 member of the Times Chapel, weekly pledge	1.00
4th A. D. City, pledge	1.00
F. E. Washburn, one bond for sustainer's card	1.00
Local Mount Vernon, pledge W. C. No. 87, pledge	2.00
Wyckoff Heights, pledge W. C. 181, pledge	1.00
34th, 44th, 46th Ward Branch, Local Phila. pledge	6.00
Bunker Hill Lodge, Machinists, No. 624	2.00
Sara Volovick	2.00
34th A. D. City, pledge	1.00
John Libsike and Clarence Rolfe, pledge	1.00
23d A. D., Branch 11, pledge	2.00
Employes of Walt & Bond Clear Factory, pledge	2.00
J. Klein, pledge	1.00
I. Lavin, pledge	1.00
18th and 18th A. D. pledge	4.00
34th A. D. City, pledge	4.00
W. S. D. B. F. No. 17, pledge	4.00
Machinists, No. 402, pledge	2.00
32d A. D. City	2.00
Steam Engineers, No. 56, Brooklyn, pledge	3.00
Brewers, No. 2, Newark	2.00
Leonard Abbott, pledge	1.00
W. S. D. B. F. No. 4, pledge	4.00
Kings County, act. of Call Union Club	20.00
S. Zechnowitz, pledge	.50
R. M. Lackey, pledge	2.00
F. W. Ziegler, stamps	1.00
Boot and Shoe Workers, No. 69, Whitman, Mass., pledge	4.00
H. Slavim, act. bond	1.25
S. Behrman, stamps	2.00
W. C. No. 275, pledge	5.00
Bakery and Confectionery Workers, No. 201, pledge	2.00
20 members of The Times Chapel, pledge	1.00
Local Springfield, pledge	5.00
N. T. Herbst, act. stock	1.00
WAGE FUND, seventh week and balance of Sept.	461.86
Total for September	\$2,270.13
Rent of Pineslawn Cottage, per T. N. Fall	7.00
Prudent Club, pledge	5.00
14th A. D. D. pledge	1.00
Suspender Makers' Union, pledge	1.00
Bertha Eger, bond	5.00

ELECT NEW OFFICERS.
At the last meeting of the Inter-High School Socialist League held Saturday, October 2, the following officers were elected: President, Miss Fannie Goldin; vice president, Alexander Gitter; secretary, Henry C. Seligson; treasurer, M. Schneider; editor, Louis Phillips; with Frank Schulman and Leon Foster as assistants. On Saturday, October 10, at 2 P. M. installation of officers will take place. All high school students are cordially invited.

VOLUNTEERING FAIR.
The fair to be held for the benefit of the New York Volkshaus, from October 9 to 12, in the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum, promises to be a great success. The Volkshaus has suffered greatly under the industrial depression, and its supporters are working hard to bring their paper, which is fighting the battle for Socialism more than the other papers, up to old paying basis. They are positive of success in their undertaking for all the German Progressive organizations are taking an active part in the work. Many of them have elected large committees to help gather prizes for the fair, and all of them are giving donations in the shape of furniture sets, jewelry and useful household utensils.

Untried stagers and other noted comedians, United German Singing Societies, Turn Verein societies, etc., are to be featured. A \$1000 will furnish a continuous change in the program.

HEWLETT IS HUELING.
Morris Kerkotz, organizer of Essex County reports that thirty meetings were held within his jurisdiction during the month of September. The total average attendance for the entire county was 1112; the total collections, \$20.87; the total literature, \$22.51. Great interest is manifested at the meetings, and a substantial increase at the coming election.

A grand ratification meeting under the auspices of Essex County will be held at the "Vesper" Coliseum, 437 Springfield avenue, to-night at 8 o'clock.

The speaker of the evening will be Carl D. Thompson, Socialist Senator of Wisconsin, who will speak on "What Has Wisconsin Done?"

Music will be furnished by Professor Blythe's orchestra, and an admission fee of 10 cents will be charged.

All who have been assigned work or wish to volunteer their services for the big meeting should report for duty promptly at 7 P. M.

NEBEN CHALLENGES POLITICIANS.
E. T. Neben, of East Orange, N. J., candidate for the Socialists for the Legislature, is issuing a challenge to the Republican and Democratic candidates for the Assembly at a public meeting to be held at the Hotel East Orange, which was held Friday evening, October 1, at Main and Day streets. Over five hundred stood and listened to E. T. Neben read out his challenge to the Republican and Democratic candidates and how the Socialist candidates going to better the conditions of the working class. The following is the challenge:

"To the Republican and Democratic Assemblies—

"Gentlemen—When two great political parties have in turn governed a country, and have been twice brought about a condition of poverty and starvation, and when the working men and women begging for work, and the capitalists of our country have denied them the right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. It is but natural that a third party should arise, fighting for the very lives of the producing class and not of Chairman Taft, of all who have been assigned work or wish to volunteer their services for the big meeting should report for duty promptly at 7 P. M.

"If you persist in the race for honors from the workmen of Essex County N. J., I hereby challenge you to a public meeting at any time before election at a hall agreed upon by you for the following questions:

"1. What the Republican and Democratic parties in power and in opposition must do for its own preservation, antagonistic to labor's interests.

"2. Second—That the interests of the workers and producing classes can only be advanced by opposing both the Republican and Democratic parties politically by a political organization of their own.

"I take the affirmative side on these questions.

"—Trusting to hear from you, I am sincerely yours,

"E. T. NEBEN.

"Socialist Candidate for Assembly, East Orange, N. J."

Up to the present the challenged have not answered.

NAPOLEON, OHIO.
The Socialists of Napoleon, Ohio, have nominated their Socialist municipal ticket for the coming municipal campaign and school election in November. The candidates and their occupations are: A. A. Ferguson, mayor; Humbert J. Heller, clerk; Joseph Heller, Boulton, treasurer; William H. Walters, marshal; William Strickland, assessor of realty; S. F. Deborn, assessor of personal property; insurance agent; board of public affairs; C. C. Harper, railroad engineer; George A. Knapp, carpenter, and J. W. Barrows, brick maker; H. H. Heller, barkeeper; Professor A. Walther, instructor of music; E. I. R. Richter, sign painter; and William G. Schultz, barber.

VIRGINIA STATE CONVENTION.
As a result of the state convention held in Richmond, Va., and the pending campaign for which a full Socialist ticket has been nominated, a provincial state conference has been called for the 15th and 16th inst. at Newport News, Va. G. G. Gaff acting as secretary. The provisional committee is doing an extraordinary amount of work, which is being conducted by Gaff. The locals are active and have earnestly entered into the work, as shown by the following contributions to the state campaign fund: Hancock, \$2; Newport News, \$20; Norfolk, \$12; Richmond, \$36; Riverfront, \$4; Germantown, \$2; East Radford, \$4; collection at state convention, \$25; total, \$107.70.

George H. Goebel, national organizer, is at the service of the committee, and he reports splendid interest shown all along the line, good prospects for election day and especially good prospects for further organization work.

NATIONAL.
During the month of September 1909, 213 was remitted from the national office to the strike headquarters at Stockholm, Sweden. According to the latest cable from Sweden, the peace negotiations conducted by the government at the instance of the employers have been accepted by the strikers. The new situation may mean the end of the strike. E. Tholin, Swedish delegate now in this country, desires to have it announced that the instructions of the home office is for the delegates to accept the offer of the employers, but that all money should be sent direct, addressed to the Swedish Legation, Stockholm, Sweden, or to the Socialist party, 180 Washington street, Chicago, Ill. from which office drafts are forwarded every second day directly to the Legation.

With the September issue of the Socialist party official Monthly Bulletin it enters upon its sixth year of its publication with No. 1, Vol. 6.

The national executive committee is now voting to divide between two claimants for the postoffice state secretary of Montana.

UNDERTAKERS.

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GUIDE TO THEATERS

ASTOR. 41st street and Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The Mas From Home" with William C. Cressley by Booth Tarkington and Henry Leo Wilson.

ALHAMBRA. Seventh avenue and 130th street, mat. every day—Vanderbilt.

AMERICAN MUSIC HALL. 42d street, near Broadway. Mat. every day—Vanderbilt.

BROADWAY. 20th street and Broadway. 8:30 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:30—"The Master Key" by Cosmo Hamilton.

RELAICO. 42d street, west of Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Sat. at 2:15—"The Matrimonial" by F. M. C. Cressley adapted from Germain by Leo Dietrichstein.

BROADWAY. 41st street and Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The Midnight" musical comedy.

CIRCLE. 60th street and Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Thurs. and Sat. 8:15—"Haley" with McClure and Heath. Musical comedy, by John J. McNally, William Jerome and Jean Schwarz.

COLONIAL. 42d street and Broadway. Mat. daily—Vanderbilt.

CORNER. 41st street, between Broadway and 4th avenue. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The Melting Pot" by Israel Bangwill.

CARINO. 20th street and Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The Girl and the Wizard" musical comedy with Sam Bernard.

CRITERION. 46th street and Broadway. 8:30 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:30—"The Noble Spangler" farce comedy by W. Somerset Maugham, with Robert Edwards and "The Wizard" musical comedy with Sam Bernard.

DAILY. 20th street and Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The White Sister" by F. Marion Crawford and Walter Hackett, with Viola Allen.

EMPIRE THEATRE. 40th street and Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"Theatrical" Comedy by G. De Callaert and E. De Fiers, with John Drew.

FIFTH AVENUE, KEITH & PROCTOR. 20th street, east of Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The Fortune Hunter" Comedy by Winchell Smith.

GAIETY. 46th street and Broadway—The Fortune Hunter. Comedy by Winchell Smith.

GARRICK. 43d street, near Broadway. 8:30 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:30—"Detective" Spangled, with Hattie Williams. Comedy by Michael Morton.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE. 20th street and Eighth avenue. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"Kitty O'Kee" This week only.

HUDSON. 44th street, east of Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"On the Beach" by Martha Morton, from the German of Leopold Kampa, with Hedwig Reicher.

HAMMERSTEIN'S VICTORIA. 42d street and Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The Clime" Comedy by Edward Dyer.

KNICKERBOCKER. 50th street and Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The Dollar Princess" Musical comedy.

LYRIC. 48d street, west of Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The Operetta" Musical comedy with George Bernard Shaw's "Arms and the Man." Music by Strauss.

LIBERTY. 48d street, west of Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The Widow's Tears" comedy by Edmund D. Lillan Russell.

LINCOLN SQUARE. 60th street and Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The Revue" musical comedy. This week only.

LYCEUM. 48th street, near Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Thurs. and Sat. 8:15—"Arms and the Man" Detective play by De Croisset and Lobanov.

MAJESTIC. 50th street and Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The Operetta" Musical comedy with George Bernard Shaw's "Arms and the Man." Music by Strauss.

METROPOLITAN. 146th street and 8d avenue. Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The Battle" by Cleveland Moffett, with Wilton Lackaye. This week only.

NEW AMSTERDAM. 48d street, west of Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The Love Cure" Operetta adapted by Oliver Herford from the German of Leo Stein. Harry Linden and Charles Elyon.

NEW YORK. 41st street and Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"Miss Innocence" musical comedy with Anna Held. Last week.

PLAZA MUSIC HALL. 50th street and Madison avenue—Vanderbilt.

ST. MARKS. 50th street, near Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Thurs. and Sat. 8:15—"The Rarest Way" Social drama by Eugene Walter, with Frances Starr.

SAVOY. 34th street and Broadway. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"The Awakening of Helena Ritchie." Adapted by Charlotte Thompson, with Margaret Anglin.

WEST END. 125th street, west of Eighth avenue. 8:15 Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"Billy." by George Cameron. This week only.

YORKVILLE. 86th street, between Lexington and Third avenues. Mat. Wed. and Sat. 8:15—"Wings of the Cabbage Patch." This week only.

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Telephone, 2271 Worth.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Table with 4 columns: Issue Only, Week-Day, Sunday and Week-End, and Price. Rows include For One Year, For Six Months, For Three Months, and For One Month.

In addition to the above rates subscribers in New York City and the Bronx must pay a cent a day to cover postage.

Entered at the New York Postoffice as second-class mail matter.

CANDIDATES OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY

For Mayor: Edward F. Cassidy

For Comptroller: W. W. Passage

For President of Board of Aldermen: Victor Buhr

REGISTER AND ENROLL!

This is the second day of registration. There are only two more registration days. To make sure that no capitalist party heeler will register in your name, register today, if you did not register yesterday.

Make sure that you register. Do not allow yourself to be intimidated. If any difficulties are put in the way of your being properly registered, call up the Socialist party organizer, U. Solomon, 239 East 84th street.

Also enroll! If you wish to make impossible the "benevolent assimilation" of the Socialist party primaries by Tammany Hall, you have got to enroll as a Socialist voter. You have read of the capture of the Independence League primaries by Tammany Hall. It would disgrace the Socialists of New York before the whole country, before the Socialists of the whole world, if we ever allowed Tammany to play us that kind of trick.

TWO IN ONE.

For several weeks past there was a rumor afloat to the effect that Speaker Cannon obtained the support of Democratic Congressmen from this city for his machine in the House on the condition that the Republicans of this city would not enter into any fusion against Tammany in this campaign.

The results of the fusion conferences and the practical failure of fusion apparently confirmed this rumor. Then came the nomination of Gaynor by Tammany—a nomination that at the present moment seems equivalent to an election. The capitalist "reformers," the men of "decency and respectability," became incensed at the Republican party. In this "political exigency," Congressman Parsons, the chairman of the Republican County Committee, announced the existence of a bargain between Tammany and the up-state Republicans.

This announcement is obviously more in the nature of an admission than of a charge. Parsons admits the guilty implication of up-state Republicans in a Tammany bargain, in order to clear the city Republicans from the suspicion justly attaching to them. It is not for us to affirm or deny the guilt of the city Republicans. The admission of the existence of a bargain between Tammany and the up-state Republicans does not exclude the existence of a similar bargain between Tammany and the city Republicans.

The essential unity of the Republican and Democratic parties has never been a secret to those who have been following up the doings of the two capitalist parties. But the great task is to make this known to the masses of the people. The admission of the chairman of the Republican County Committee should help to make this fact known and understood of all men.

EQUALITY BEFORE THE LAW.

Mr. C. W. Morse, millionaire Wall street operator and trust promoter, has again had his "bail extended." This act of charity has not been performed by a Tammany judge for campaign purposes. Morse was convicted and then liberated by a Circuit Court of the United States. He is now regularly engaged at his old vocation of getting millions of dollars without producing anything, except havoc among his rivals.

Of course we care not which Wall street thief, or set of thieves, gets the wealth of the land after it has been stolen from the workers who produced it. Morse is but a fair sample of the type which conducts great financial operations. Were the laws which these pirates command their political hirelings to make enforced against themselves, the whole crowd would go to jail. Morse was simply a scapegoat. He was used to cover up the crimes of his class, which the

A HARD PROPOSITION TO TACKLE



—Chicago Daily Socialist.

HOW MURPHY MAKES A MAYOR.

By ROBERT HUNTER.

It has been as pretty a show a man could wish for—gone off like a charm. The actors have spoken their lines nobly—done their parts without a fault. The hero is beyond praise, the stage managing perfect. It's all over now and we can settle down to four more years of Tammany rule.

The show began, you remember, with Mr. Justice St. George Gaynor attacking in single-handed combat that fearless desperado, Bill Sikes Bingham. Bingham wanted a candidate. With no real hero in sight it decided to make one.

A poor Irish lad was being oppressed and ruined. To save him from disgrace was sure to win the hearts of the poor and oppressed. Gaynor, mighty in his wrath, voice trembling with emotion, bounded to the center of the stage and faced that scoundrel, Bill Sikes Bingham.

At the sight of this superb heroism women broke down in tears. The mighty heart of the people throbbed and sobbed and great cheers arose from the populace.

At this moment there appeared upon the stage a little man strutting with the energy of a cockroach. Grasping one of the coat-tails of Mr. Justice he faced Bill Sikes, the villain. "You're discharged!" he shouted. "Infamous scoundrel, assassin of this poor lad's reputation! Be gone, be gone!"

Turning to Mr. Justice he shouted amidst the wild outburst of cheers: "You're a great man, a brave man, a fearless man that has saved our city from this turrible criminal. You must come and be our Mayor."

The curtain drops. The first act is over. The hero is made! Newspaper men beseech him for interviews. He waves them aside and quietly sails for Europe.

Scene-shifter Murphy gets busy preparing the stage for his return. He calls up Morgan J. O'Brien, Edward M. Shepard, and other white shirt bosoms of the Democratic party. "Mac the cockroach," says he, "and Pat of Brooklyn, has been hurtin' our business," says he. "But I think," says he, "everything would be all right," says he. "If a few gentlemen of Wall street could be gathered at Saratoga to make us respectable again. Could you be after," says he, "gathering together all our friends of Wall street who haven't been to jail to a meetin' in the grand stand

at Saratoga. Reorganize the party, revive old Jeffrey's principles" ("you mean Jefferson's," says Morgan over the phone). "Sure, and you know well enough what I mane," says Murphy. "Call me any names you like, and Mac, too, especially Mac, but be ready at the proper moment to hand the finest bouquet you ever saw to Gaynor."

Mr. Justice St. George Gaynor returns from Europe very quiet; retires to his humble home in Brooklyn. As the curtain rises he stands talking with several gentlemen.

"Mr. Justice," says the spokesman, "we gentlemen were dinin' last night at the club and we thought we'd like to have somebody run as our candidate for Mayor. Everybody's gettin' somebody to run for Mayor and as the time is near we thought we'd hurry up and find a candidate. Will you take the nomination?" says he.

Mr. Justice arouses himself from profound absorption in thought to ask: "Who are ye, and who do you represent?" he says. "Not that it makes any difference," he says.

"Well," says the spokesman, "Mr. Wall here deals in bonds and city securities. Mr. Belding is president of a trust company and my friend Higgins here sells ink. Here's Abrams, the bonnet man, McMahon, the trust man, and Jimmy Creelman, anybody's man. We represent independence in politics and will only be for Murphy if Murphy is for us."

"Friends," says Mr. Justice, "my heart is touched. I'm overwhelmed by actually seein' seven independent voters urgin' me to be dooty. I put myself in your hands, but I want ye to understand that I'll make no vile promises. What I shall do as Mayor must remain an utter mystery to ye. I pledge myself only to do me dooty. I'm against the machine. I loathe corruption. If I thought I could win I would run alone. But as I think I can't, Tammany must nominate me. But, mind ye, I'm against vice and corruption; against Wall street and Murphy; against tyranny and injustice. The curtain falls amidst thunderous applause from the multitude.

Scene-shifter Murphy arranges a labor demonstration in Cooper Union. Bondholders, contractors, trust magnates, hold mass meetings demanding Gaynor for Mayor. Petitions are circulated and all is made ready for the great Tammany convention.

The convention day arrives. Pat McCarren, Tim Sullivan, Battery Dan,

stormy days of the panic exposed to public view. When he was sentenced to fifteen years' penal servitude capitalist mouthpieces on one hand and all the Rip Van Winkles on the other shouted in unison: "We are still in America;" "The guilty rich are punished with the guilty poor;" "Long live equal rights, justice and liberty."

Socialists may now be pardoned for saying "We told you so." The idea that Morse, the millionaire member of half a dozen fashionable clubs, was really to become an inmate of Sing Sing was preposterous.

Some of our straight capitalist contemporaries, which knew better, pretended to believe that he would "stay put." Some of our radical and "reform" magazines which didn't, don't and never will know better, now have another opportunity to lament the "frequent miscarriage of justice."

The hundred and thirty-four unemployed men who were lately arrested without cause, tried without jury, convicted without a word of legal defense, and thrown into prison for six months, all in a day, are still behind the bars. Morse is at large. Will the workers show their appreciation of these facts at the coming election?

labor leaders, contractors, saloonkeepers, gamblers, stock brokers, reformers assemble to carry out the will of the people.

Someone accidentally mentions the name of Gaynor. The whole audience rises as one man and shouts for twenty-three hours. The white-shirt bosoms from Saratoga, the mugs of Cheery Hill, the gents of the Bowery, the stockbrokers of Wall street and the incorruptible leaders of labor, fall on each other's necks hugging and kissing each other like long lost brothers.

It was the most magnificent sight you ever saw. Mr. Justice St. George stood in the center of the stage the hero of the hour. He expanded his fine heavy chest. He stroked his short, silken, stubby, horse-hair beard, when at the word of Murphy the calcium lights were turned his way.

Pat McCarren came forward to grasp his rugged hand. Morgan O'Brien and Edward Shepard stepped from amongst the delegation from Wall street to hand him a simple floral offering weighing ninety-seven pounds.

James Creelman assured him to the support of all those looking to positions of independence, and even dear old Tim, of the Bowery, shed tears of joy.

It was a fine sight. We can only wonder how any citizen of New York can be so base as to raise his voice or deposit his ballot against the noblest hero the sun ever set upon, or Murphy ever made.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

MENTION AT BOX OFFICE.

Editor of The Call:

Being a Russian-born and taking a great interest in the Russian revolution I was at near terms with every one of the types of Dr. Kamp's play "On the Eve." I was very surprised to learn how beautifully he described the life of the Russian revolutionists, not being a Russian himself. Two years ago I saw the play in German, but did not like the way the actors played it. Now for the sake of The Call I will certainly go to see the play in English and take my friends along with me. Please let me know whether I must mention The Call when going to the theater. Very truly yours, ROSE BARON. New York, Oct. 1, 1909.

Young Socialist Organizations.

Editor of The Call:

There is an important phase of the young Socialist movement in New York City that seems to have escaped the attention of Edwin James Ross. Judging by his letter on "Young Socialist Organizations" in yesterday's issue of The Call.

About a year ago eleven high school students, representing three high schools in Manhattan, met at the Rand School and organized the Inter-High School Socialist League. Since then it has grown and expanded until now among its thirty members eight high schools in Manhattan, Brooklyn and the Bronx are represented. A branch of the league is now being formed in New Jersey.

On November 20 there will be a small social gathering commemorating the birthday of the Inter-High School Socialist League. We also hope to issue on that date the first annual journal.

ALEXANDER GITTES. New York, Oct. 1, 1909.

FRANCISCO FERRER.

(Translated by Ben Lichtenberg from L'Independence Belge of Brussels.)

Francisco Ferrer, who is at present in prison awaiting judgment on his alleged participation in the Barcelona riots, is well known as one of the pioneers in the movement for secular schools in Spain.

Several years ago he undertook this work, devoting his fortune and his time to the creation of rationalist schools in Spain.

The Spanish authorities did everything possible to crush this movement. A splendid opportunity to completely suppress Ferrer offered itself the day Morral, who was employed by Ferrer, hurled a bomb at the nuptial carriage of King Alfonso. Ferrer was arrested, his property confiscated, and he was to be surrendered to a military tribunal, which, of course, would have condemned him to death. But thanks to the agitation carried on in all civilized countries, the Spanish government was compelled to turn Ferrer over to the civil courts. Despite the strong pressure exercised by officialdom, the accused was acquitted; they were unable to discover the slightest proof of his guilt.

Now they are beginning the same game over again. The clerical government of Madrid seized on the riots in Barcelona as a pretext for prosecuting Ferrer. Now the riots were nothing but a spontaneous protest of the Spanish masses against the Moroccan war, carried on for the protection of private interests, and it would be easy for Ferrer to prove, before a civil tribunal, that he had nothing to do with these uprisings. On the contrary, Ferrer was as much surprised as anybody by the events, and this can be proved by letters which he and his friends wrote at that time.

The best proof that so-called military justice is more desirous of punishing those who strive for the education of the Spanish people than those responsible for the riots is the following: In those provinces most distant from the center of trouble—Galicia, Biscay, Asturias and Andalusia—all the rationalist schools have been closed and their teachers arrested, although none of them were in Catalonia at the time of the riots.

In the beginning Ferrer was accused, first, of giving financial assistance to the revolution, and, secondly, of having prepared it. These accusations are based on a receipt for 800 pesetas (\$152) loaned by Ferrer to the Trade Council of Barcelona several months before the riots; and on the fact that in his private letters Ferrer frequently wrote of the "great revolution."

Now, Ferrer, who is very generous, has already been ready to lend, and even to give, money to labor unions whenever they were in need of it. Besides it is childish to suppose that the thousands of persons who took part in the uprisings could have been armed with the 800 pesetas. As regards the receipt...

regards the "great revolution" it is easy to prove that Ferrer only had in his mind the book recently published in Paris bearing that title, by Prince Peter Kropotkin, which he (Ferrer) was to translate into Spanish. He had even decided to publish a de luxe edition of this work, as he did in his translation of Reclus' "Homme et la Terre."

As soon as the Spanish authorities learned that a new movement was being organized to protest against the injustice which was going to be committed, they immediately saw through their ridiculous accusations, were utterly inadequate. Hence we are now apprised of new "proofs" of Ferrer's guilt having been discovered. They speak of checks which were given by Ferrer to Morral, but everybody knows that Morral was employed by Ferrer and that the latter paid his employees in checks on the Credit Foncier. There is therefore, nothing surprising in Morral's having collected his salary from that bank through checks signed by Ferrer.

They have still better proof. The Spanish authorities have now discovered two very important documents—a letter written to Deputy Lerroux by Ferrer and a manifesto from Ferrer to the Spanish people. These two documents preach destruction and anarchy—but they are certainly forgeries. Lerroux has nothing to fear just now, as he is in England and will not return to Spain until the convening of the Cortes will guarantee to him the benefit of Parliamentary immunity. Now, Lerroux formally denies ever having written such a letter to Ferrer.

The second document is an instance of a forgery as the first. Besides, even though the "experts" of the government may affirm the authenticity of these documents we will still be justified in suspecting their authenticity for during the Montjuich affair there were proofs without number that the government can always find "experts" ready to pronounce an authentic document that are subsequently recognized as forgeries.

If Ferrer is not tried by a jury, he will be justified in saying that the Spanish authorities have executed innocent people in order to satisfy their thirst for vengeance and simply because of the desire to suppress foreign secular schools, which they hate more than anything else. If the government thinks that the civil tribunals are capable of rendering justice, what has it to fear in satisfying the public conscience and in placing the Ferrer case in the hands of a jury?

One may well doubt whether the Madrid government is ignorant of the fact that injustice is easily committed by a military tribunal sitting under martial law—which Wellington clearly acted as the very negation of law.

ON THE FIRING LINE.

By MONOGABO.

Baer claims that there is no coal trust. He probably also claims to tell the truth.

Poor Evelyn Thaw has had to pawn her engagement ring, and there are worse things in store in this hard, capitalistic world.

I sympathize with the many earnest men in the old parties who still believe that honest men can be found in them "to purify politics." I thought so once, too.

I have it upon the authority of a leading settlement worker, that more than half of those engaged in work among the poor have already become Socialists. The heaven is working.

Arthur L. Chapman, of Watertown, N. Y., is agitating the passage of a law to make voting compulsory. Fine idea, and be sure to make them, as far as possible, vote the capitalist ticket.

A cablegram announces that the Pope is to "make war on Socialism." That is natural; whenever you see something that you cannot control for your own benefit, you make war on it.

There are, in round numbers, a million officially acknowledged paupers in England and Wales. These are the barnacles clinging to the under side of the workers while their backs bend under the burden of the idle rich.

Labor, represented by William Coakley and others, at the New York Fusion conference, acted like a Peril before a Rogues' Paradise, beating its wings against the bars and trying to get in. It should be thankful that it was not "recognized."

Were you at the Business Show in Madison Square Garden last week, and did you see the cute little machine with which to lock up and paste on postage stamps as they are wanted? The argument is that in this way you will be sure where your stamps go. Everybody is supposed to steal.

The New York American is quite hysterical over the brutal manner in which the police clubbed and choked the sight-seers at the Hudson-Fulton show. When they assault and ride down a Socialist parade, however, it is in the interest of law and order.

A Brooklyn judge wept over the story of a young girl who had attempted suicide because the burden of caring for a family of six was more than she could bear. If every judge should weep over similar cases brought before him, all the tear-bottles used in Persian funerals could be easily filled.

The Springfield Republican is another paper which does not mind matters when speaking of Harriman's infamous Alton deal. It says: "The sinister episode of the Chicago and Alton marks the depths of Mr. Harriman's iniquity." And what of Roosevelt, who made that iniquitous deal, and who received his reward from Harriman in the shape of a huge campaign contribution?

NOTICE

COMMENT AND DISCUSSION OF THE SUNDAY CALL.

The Sunday Call will be able to give considerable space for a forum in which the comrades shall have the widest possible latitude in the discussion of party affairs. This department will have a highly educational value, and, though no doubt at times it will contain some communications imbued with strong feeling, it will in the long run be a powerful instrument for achieving clearness as well as party unity and solidarity. Letters intended for this department should be addressed to Sunday Editor of The Call, and should reach the editor on the Wednesday preceding the Sunday on which they are intended to appear.

The first issue of The Sunday Call, October 10, will contain among a host of good things:

THE FIRST TRUE STORY IN ENGLISH OF THE WORKERS' REVOLT IN SPAIN.

"THE LITTLE ANGEL." One of the greatest short stories ever written—a masterpiece—by Leonid Andreiev, the Russian genius.

"The Evolution of the Scientific Point of View," by Thorstein Veblen.

"Emily Hunt," a short story, by Israel Orlando. Place your orders early.