

PECT SPANISH CRISIS TODAY

Government Fears That Workers Will Call Nationwide General Strike.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The government has adopted the most rigorous precautions against the general strike at which the workmen's organizations threaten to inaugurate tomorrow.

Government Silent. The government's silence as to the new of life at Barcelona is still unbroken, and no statement is vouchsafed giving an exact and adequate account of the bloody incidents attending the alleged repression of the revolution.

More Than 3,000 Fetched. SEBASTIAN, Spain, by way of the French frontier, Aug. 1.—An authoritative personage declares that the courts martial set continuously throughout Thursday and Friday, and the number of revolutionists condemned and shot is estimated at 120,000.

Barcelona dispatch says: "Yesterday afternoon new collisions occurred and the soldiers were repulsed. Assaults were directed against the convents of the Conceptionists and the Daughters of Mary. Many were wounded in the lower quarters of the city. A fusillade was commenced and the rioters shooting from the roofs of houses."

Revolt Not Yet Over. All is not yet over in Catalonia, in view of the reported executions, though the impression in Madrid is that the calm exists. The fear lives there nevertheless that the revolutionary movement will possibly extend to Valencia in new centers.

General Burgos and an army corps have arrived at Bilbao, capital of the province of Biscay, to suppress the general strike which has been announced for tomorrow. There is much excitement in the Basque provinces, where many hope the revolution will succeed.

The Minister of the Interior's admission that the Barcelona situation had been the most serious of the kind since the Paris Commune was inferentially regarded as proof that when the story of repression comes to be told it is likely to be as gruesome as any could be expected from any despotism.

Reports which reach here of over a hundred executions in one day do not sound exaggerated in view of the President's declarations that the disorders were to be repressed without mercy.

Movement Well Organized. In the tales brought out from reports which remain obscure, but all reports agree that the movement at Barcelona was skillfully organized and broke like a bolt from a clear sky. Three facts stand out prominently.

First, the troops in the earliest stages refused to fire upon the people because they were numerically inferior or because they were in sympathy with the strikers; second, the movement was distinctly revolutionary and anti-clerical; and, third, the cry of the crowds was vented almost entirely against the church and its representatives, priests and nuns being ruthlessly slaughtered and convents and churches burned, but private property being generally respected.

Witnesses saw the populace everywhere acclaiming the troops.

COURT AGAINST LABOR

Judge Refuses to Authorize Receivers to Sign Union Agreement.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 1.—In his decision in the Yonkers railroad case filed yesterday, Judge Morchauser applied the Federal rule and refuses to authorize the receivers of the Yonkers surface railroads to employ only union men.

The court recently held conferences with the receivers of the Yonkers Railroad Company, and the Westchester Railroad Company, and the Association of Employees of these roads, at which the subject of an increase of wages was discussed.

Judge Morchauser was also asked to approve an agreement submitted by the association by which the receivers were bound to employ only union men, reserving simply the right to employ and discharge them.

The point which was urged upon the court was that an order be entered authorizing the receivers to sign a contract agreeing to employ only union labor. Judge Morchauser holds emphatically that the court has no right to make such an authorization.

LOST BROOCH HE FOUND

That's Trolley Conductor's Excuse for Not Returning It.

A passenger on a Columbus avenue car Friday afternoon found a diamond brooch. For a moment the finder was at a loss to know what to do with the jewel, but at the suggestion of a woman passenger he gave it to the conductor, with the understanding that he would turn it in at the company's office.

For the purpose of finding out if the conductor had been true to his word the finder went to the office six hours later. The brooch had not been turned in. The officials at once communicated with Joseph Ahern, the conductor, who lives at 209 East 66th street. Ahern said he had not turned the pin over to the company because he had lost it. He was arrested.

At the West Side Court yesterday Ahern was arraigned on the charge of grand larceny, with Mrs. Arthur Hosten, who lives at the Endicott Hotel, as complainant. The hearing was adjourned until today. The prisoner was held in \$1,000 bail.

BIG TIE-UP IN NEWARK

Strike on the Prudential Building May Stop All Iron Work.

NEWARK, Aug. 1.—The ironworkers employed on the \$2,000,000 building being erected by the Prudential Insurance Company in Newark are out on strike, and it was announced Saturday that the bosses will declare for an open shop today. This will probably mean a complete tieup of building operations in Essex County.

The ironwork contractors are members of the National Erectors' Association, and it is said that they intend to offer the union men a chance to go back to work, but in case they do not return, non-union men will be employed. This will lead to a complete tieup, as the other union men will refuse to work with scabs. There are several large buildings being erected, and if the contractors declare for an open shop they will all be tied up.

LABOR SWINDLER AT WORK

Bunco Man Soliciting Money in Name of State Federation.

UTICA, N. Y., Aug. 1.—During the past few weeks a man who says his name is Kelly, has been soliciting money from architects and dealers in building supplies in this city as contributions to the expenses of the convention of the Workmen's State Federation, to be held in Troy on September 21. He had a letter of commendation purporting to be signed by Commissioner of Labor John Williams.

Kelly collected from ten or fifteen men \$5 each in Utica. Commissioner Williams states that he has never written such a letter and that the holder is an impostor.

HELD FOR BURGLARY

Baker Says Hillman Almost Frightened Wife Into Fits.

William L. Hillman, who left San Francisco two months ago and has been in this city only three days, was arrested Saturday night on a charge of burglary and was arraigned yesterday in the Yorkville police court. Otto Loeschner, a baker of 302 Avenue A, said the man got into his home through an open window and scared his wife almost into fits.

CITY RAIDS OWN PLACE AS DIVE

Hotel Useful to Tammany Preserved By Bridge Dept., Although Said To Be "Disorderly."

Whether the city of New York is the landlord of a disorderly house is a question which will be decided in the Court of Special Sessions during the next ten days. The Kenwood Hotel, at 31 Bowery, which is rented from the city, has been twice raided by the police at the instigation of the Committee of Fourteen for the Suppression of Rained Law Hotels. Frank Hughes, the room clerk, is out on bail, as a result of the latest raid.

Hughes pleaded not guilty to the charge of being keeper of a disorderly house in Special Sessions last week, and his trial will be called the present fortnight.

Fifty-one men voted from the Kenwood Hotel, which is on the northeast corner of Bowery and Bayard street, at the last election. The place is notorious, having the reputation of being one of the barracks where the Sullivan forces quarter their army of fraudulent voters before each election. The value of the Kenwood as a fortress of Sullivan strength is assigned as the reason why the place has not been torn down to make way for the Manhattan Bridge approach.

The Kenwood Hotel and the other lodging houses on the block bounded by Chrystie, Bayard, Canal streets and the Bowery were acquired by the city in condemnation proceedings, for the approach to Manhattan Bridge. The contractors who have the responsibility for preparing the approach have from time to time requested the city authorities to have these buildings torn down. The responsibility rests jointly on the Bridge Department and the Comptroller's office.

CONTRACTORS THREATEN SUIT

Suit against the city has been threatened by the contractors who are entitled to have the ground cleared so that they may begin work on time. The Comptroller's office has been anxious that the buildings be torn down, but the Bridge Department, of which Commissioner Stevenson is the head, has opposed this action. The reason alleged is that the Bridge Department does not wish to lose any of the possible rentals from the condemned structures. The city may take possession at five days' notice according to the terms of the leases. Neither the first nor the more recent raid on the hotel, because of its appearance of being a disorderly house, has moved the Bridge Department to action.

The status of the Kenwood Hotel as a Sullivan repeater's stronghold is of little interest to Comptroller Metz, whose political affiliations are with State Senator "Pat" McCarrren, of Brooklyn. McCarrren has been in open war with Tammany and the Comptroller's Department has had no motive for losing an opportunity to make a show of acting in the interest of the taxpayers by seeking to avoid a suit against the city by the bridge approach contractors.

Frederic Whitin, secretary of the Committee of Fourteen, has been active against the Kenwood Hotel for many months. The section of the Bowery from Chatham Square to Canal street and above has been infested with women of the street, who crowd the sidewalks especially on Saturday evenings. Reports of Whitin's agents made him anxious to have it determined whether or not the Kenwood Hotel was or was not of a disorderly character, and the police raids followed. The first raid resulted in the capture of two couples, one couple partially disrobed in a room of the hotel. This evidence failed to result in a conviction, because it could not be proved that the room clerk knew the couple were unmarried. The second raid was made Saturday, July 17. The conviction of Hughes in this case, depends on whether or not it can be shown that he knew a couple found in one of the rooms were not man and wife.

NEEDED TILL AFTER ELECTION

Some five hundred voters were registered from the lodging houses on the condemned block. The need of these votes in the coming municipal election, which will decide whether or not Tammany influences shall control the finance and the offices of the greatest city in America, is a most pressing one to the Sullivan, "Big Tim" and "Little Tim," who are the leaders of the Tammany forces in the Bowery district.

It cannot be legally proved that the Bridge Department has been under Sullivan influence in protecting these lodging houses from the work of demolition until after the election. No action has been taken by the Bridge Department which shows any intention of proceeding to the work before election despite the contractor's threat to sue the city.

There are not at present five hundred lodgers in the lodging houses on the condemned block, nor even fifty-one in the Kenwood Hotel. According to the state election law, lodgers must be in these places thirty days before election in order to be eligible to vote. These places are being watched with a view to seeing whether colonization in these houses is started the first of October next.

ITALIANS ATTACK DIAZ

Socialist Workers Hold Meeting in Favor of Mexican Revolutionists.

An enthusiastic crowd of 350 Italian workers gathered in Manhattan Lyceum yesterday afternoon to show their solidarity with the Mexican revolutionists, who are making such a brave fight against the despotism of Porfirio Diaz and his American capitalist accomplices.

The meeting, which was held under the auspices of the Italian Socialists of this city, was presided over by Signora Ingrata, and among the speakers were the well-known Socialist, Arturo Carroli, and the militant working class orator, Luigi Galliani, whose brilliant addresses were greeted with rounds of applause.

Carroli drew a graphic picture of the horrible conditions under which the Mexican working class suffered, and his descriptions of the prison hell of the so-called republic sent cold chills down the backbones of his hearers, as did his account of the terrible massacre of the strikers of the Rio Blanco cotton mills three years ago.

Resolutions denouncing the Mexican despot and calling upon the proletarians of the United States to help in the work of freeing their brothers of Mexico were adopted, and a collection of \$29.24 was forwarded to the committee in Chicago which has charge of the work of defending the Mexican refugees who are being persecuted by the United States government at the behest of Diaz.

DIABLO BLOCKS REYES

Mexican Despot Appoints Gen. Trevino to Important Military Post.

MONTEREY, Mexico, Aug. 1.—A sensation has been caused in military and political circles by the announcement that the War Department has issued an order appointing General Trevino, of Monterey, commander of the military zone of Northern Mexico, and that the headquarters of the zone is to be removed immediately from Matamoros to Monterey.

General Trevino is not in sympathy with the popular movement to elevate General Bernardo Reyes to the vice presidency, and his appointment is looked upon as a move to prevent any possible revolutionary uprising on the part of the troops in behalf of General Reyes. General Trevino has not been in active military service for many years.

The report that General Reyes has resigned his position as Governor of Nuevo Leon is officially denied.

ANOTHER MEXICAN GRAB

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 1.—An American syndicate represented by J. F. Dickinson, of Boston, has purchased the Tula iron mines and steel works, including 150,000 acres of timber land, upon which the ore deposits are situated. Daniel Ochoa received one million dollars for the property. The purchasers will organize the Mexican Iron and Steel Company, with \$5,000,000 capital stock, to operate the property. A modern steel plant will be erected.

ARMY MAY TURN AGAINST DIAZ

EL PASO, Tex., Aug. 1.—According to O. J. Traynor, a passenger conductor on the Mexican Central, the Mexican troops are divided between President Diaz and General Reyes in the present trouble. He declares that many of the troops in the recent Guadalajara rioting refused absolutely to shoot or attack the people. He was present during the trouble, and he also says that from what he hears in Mexico the troops are well divided between the Diaz and anti-Diaz parties.

MAY SETTLE STRIKE

Pressed Steel Car Company Bosses Now Willing to Meet Men.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 1.—It is the belief that the strike at the plant of the Pressed Steel Car Company, at McKees Rocks, will soon be settled. A committee representing the striking men called on President Hoffstot and was referred to General Manager Rider, who now has the strike in charge, and another meeting will be held tomorrow. President Hoffstot has said ever since the strike began that he would not deal with the strikers or any committee.

MINERS NOT TO STRIKE

Lewis Says Truce Was Reached at Conference He Attended.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 1.—There will be no further suspension of work in the mines of the Pittsburgh Coal Company. This positive statement was made by Thomas L. Lewis, national president of the United Mine Workers of America, yesterday.

TO WASHINGTON READERS

The New York Call containing this series of articles is on sale at every news stand in Washington. Your dealer can get all he wants at a very reasonable rate by sending his order to the office of the National Socialist Press Bureau. The August Bebel, 11 B Street N. W., Washington, D. C.

Government employees in all government departments are invited to give or send suggestions and information in our campaign against the "factory" system. All communications will be held in absolute confidence, and where it is thought advisable the writer need not sign any name. Address same as above.

GENERAL STRIKE OF COAT TAILORS

10,000 Workers Now Out Expect Their Number to Be Doubled Today.

Ten thousand coat tailors are out on strike in Manhattan and Brooklyn against miserable shop conditions, long hours and starvation wages. The tailors of the entire greater city are aroused, and many more of them will undoubtedly follow their fellows on strike against intolerable conditions.

The Brooklyn tailors, Locals 73 and 215, have been out since the early part of last week, and every day their number has been increased until now 5,000 of them are out. They demand an increase of 10 per cent in their wages, a nine-hour workday, instead of the twelve-hour day they have been working, the abolition of task work and the establishment of time work. They also demand payment regularly on a fixed day.

Locals 3 and 211, of New York, held a mass meeting at 206 East Broadway, on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and discussed the question of going on strike. They were in favor of going out. At a meeting of the joint executive board, held at 265 Broome street, Saturday night, it was unanimously decided to issue a call for a general strike of the coat tailors.

When the news that a general strike had been called spread over the East Side yesterday many shop meetings were held and many tailors walked out without waiting for official notice to do so. No argument was needed to get the men out, as they were really anxious to go out as the conditions under which they were working were unbearable. Many tailors did not go to work at all, but instead went direct to strike headquarters at 98 Forsyth street. At 6 o'clock last night it was reported at strike headquarters that 3,000 men were out in Manhattan making a total of 10,000 out in the greater city.

When asked by a reporter of The Call what the general office of the United Garment Workers of America would do about the strike, H. Waxman, national treasurer, replied: "The general office will do everything in its power to help the strikers and all locals will take up the fight and make it their own, and the strikers will be given moral and financial support. Men were never more justified in making demands than these strikers, as the conditions under which they work are unbearable, and during the industrial depression the bosses made continuous cuts in their wages and the men not being able to pay dues dropped out of the union. This gave the employers a chance to exploit them and cut their wages. We are confident that the men will win and after their victory the union will be stronger than ever."

The strike is to be extended all over the city and it is expected that 25,000 men will be out by the middle of the week.

MASS MEETING TODAY

There will be a mass meeting at 2 o'clock today at 131 Clinton street, at which the strike will be officially indorsed by all locals. Herman Robinson, organizer of the American Federation of Labor, Max Pine, S. Shindler, B. Weinstein, organizer of the United Hebrew Trades; I. Goldstein and J. Miller will speak.

The Brooklyn strikers will hold a mass meeting at 143 McKibben street at 2 o'clock today at which J. Solatovsky, H. Waxman and other well known speakers will make addresses. Unbounded enthusiasm prevails among the tailors all over the greater city and there is no doubt that the men will win.

FANATIC FACES JAIL

MORILE, Ala., Aug. 1.—A special telegraph from Meridian, Miss., says Joseph Klein, who exhorted at a number of religious meetings held in this city last fall and later robbed the house where he boarded of money and clothing, will be sentenced at this term of the Circuit Court. Yesterday Judge Buckley received a letter from the boy's mother, who lives in Brooklyn, N. Y., appealing for the mercy of the court. Klein was arraigned this week and pleaded guilty.

DO UNCLE SAM'S WORK IN FOUL FIRE TRAP

Wage-Slaves at Washington Toil in a Press Room Uncleaned For Twenty Years.

LIES ONLY REPLY OF RALPH Exploited, Locked In, Their Time Wasted, Their Clothes Ruined, Their Lives Endangered, Girls Realize Strike Is Only Remedy.

(National Socialist Press Bureau.) WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—When the ladies of the Civic Federation first took an interest in the girls of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing they were astounded to learn how poor the accommodations were in this bureau.

There is a beautiful lawn surrounding the bureau and the unsophisticated female delegation from Fifth avenue supposed such a benevolent old gentleman as Uncle Sam allowed his employees to enjoy its beauties. Much astonished were they when they found that instead of being allowed to come from the building and sit on the grass to eat their lunch, where they might get a little sunshine and fresh air and commune a while with nature, the government officials do not propose that ordinary working people should enjoy the privileges denied the other members of their class by private corporations.

They were greatly shocked to learn that from the time they entered this building in the morning until they leave in the evening they are locked in. No employee may leave without a pass properly signed. Their time of rest at noon varies from ten to thirty minutes and their lunches are eaten for the most part in crowded dressing rooms.

About two hundred girls from each shift use a dressing room in the attic of the building. The room, immediately under an intolerably hot roof, is like an oven. Here most of the girls gather for their lunch, without a table or chair, sitting on wooden benches in this hot place. Much room for "ethical culture," the beautiful Potomac and the green grass there is for them.

With the one thought of making a living uppermost in their minds, there is no opportunity for them to develop as human beings. What the girls want is money enough to live like human beings after they have done their day's work. Since they make the money why they should not have some of it. As it is now, many of them do millinery work and dressmaking outside of working hours in order to make things meet.

Clothes Ruined by "Economy."

The dressing room referred to is provided with tall wooden lockers for the clothes of the girls. A girl on the day shift puts her street clothes in this locker when she goes to work. Her partner, a girl on the night shift, has left her working clothes in the locker. This working skirt and the shoes are nearly always covered with so much grease that if the skirt is wrapped in a newspaper it will stain through many thicknesses of paper. A girl who is going to work must place her good clothes alongside of the dirty clothes. As a result, many of the best clothes of the girls are ruined, particularly a skirt of woolen, which absorbs the grease more quickly. The lunches which the girls bring are placed in these lockers along with the clothes. There is no ventilation to the lockers and on hot days the clothes simply steam as well as the lunch. It is to this room that these girls come and hastily gulp down their lunch.

The girls, like the printers, on account of the nature of the work, have to take much time for washing and cleaning up. Ten to fifteen minutes is a reasonable length of time for a girl to spend at the wash bowl in order to make herself presentable. There are not nearly enough wash bowls for the girls, as two hundred girls come to this room at one time. The gas: ones must stand in line until the others are through and it often means a half hour to an hour more added to the day's work of those who have a long trip to take after quitting. It means about ten hours a day to hold a job in the bureau.

A Vermin Infested Hole.

The dressing room referred to is infested with mice and roaches. The roaches run through the lockers at will. Some time ago a girl placed her hat on her head, and while going to an automatic door at the foot of the escape which the feet of the first person down opens by striking—that is, carrying the live animal around as part of her headgear.

The condition of the main pressroom is one of the causes for serious complaint, and is a direct result of the false factory system of "economy" which has been in practice for a long time at the bureau. It is said on good authority that there has been no water for cleaning purposes on the floor of the main pressroom, where seven hundred human beings work on each shift, for twenty years. When the girls first formed their union and protest was made about the conditions at the bureau, Ralph insisted that everything in the pressroom was all right and that the floor was clean. Nevertheless, he had some cleaning up done at that time, and a newspaper was discovered in the debris which bore the date of twenty years back. During the day quantities of ink are spilled and scattered over the floor. This ink cures with the grease and makes a very disagreeable place in which to work, especially when it is allowed to remain for lengthy years. Steam-heat makes the floor highly inflammable. Under the stress of pressure, when the union was organized, Ralph suddenly found various ways to spend a little money, despite his "economy" plan which he held was imperative. The deep grooves in the floor which have been worn by years of standing by the girls, and which have added so much to the strain of their work, were hastily patched up at this time. The writer, upon a visit to the bureau, was able from the visitors' railing to see patches in the floor. This proves that the girls will get things only when they force Ralph to it through fear. He will never grant it as a favor. On the day before the visit of the ladies of the Civic Federation word was sent out through the building that the printers must put on clean aprons and the girls wear clean white shiftwaists the next day. There was much wonder as to why this special order was given out. The following day the Civic Federation ladies made a tour of inspection of the building—that is, as much of it as visitors are allowed to see, which is about one-fifth. They were absolutely refused admission to the lunchroom and the dressingroom. It is a custom in the bureau whenever Speaker Cannon or distinguished visitors in the form of a Congressional committee come to the bureau to require a cleaning up in advance, for which the bureau is always given ample notification. The Bureau a Fire Trap. The building, erected in 1879, was very substantial in its day, but it was never intended to accommodate as many persons as it now does. The immense quantities of ink, paper, grease, etc., make it a dangerous building no matter how well it was erected. The careless way in which the floors are kept in the pressroom adds to this danger. The worst feature, however, is that of a panic in case of a fire. The building was never intended to accommodate more than 40 per cent of its present occupancy. There are now about 2,000 persons working on each shift. Some of these work on the fourth floor. It requires the better part of an hour to empty the building of the workers belonging to one shift at the present time when they quit work. Allowing for reductions in this time in case of a fire, the reader will still realize that the loss of life would be something horrible if a real fire ever started. The point is that the bureau is now conducted from the standpoint of economy in dollars and cents, but at the expense of human life and happiness. The bureau's high officials have all the comforts they want. As we shall show later they do not economize along those lines. Does anyone suppose that if the workers in that building could vote on the subject and make proper appropriations they would permit these daily risks from fire to continue? They would take the view that it was more important to economize in human life. There are steel spiral fire escapes at the bureau. A person is supposed to jump into this without any question and plunge to the bottom. There is an automatic door at the foot of the escape which the feet of the first person down opens by striking—that is, carrying the live animal around as part of her headgear.

If the fire escape works. If it does you roll out in a heap on the ground. In an experiment employees have been badly bruised as a result of trying this method of leaving the building.

PORTLAND HAS WHITE SLAVERY

Traffic With Panama Uncovered, but Procurers Are Tipped Off Before Police Act.

(Special to The Call.) PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 1.—"White slavery" in this city and traffic in women between Portland, New York and Panama have been uncovered by a visitor to Portland, who wrote a letter to the Maine Civic League giving the details of his discovery.

Before the police took action, however, someone informed the proprietors, and the girl whom the police sought was spirited away before they descended on the place.

The letter to the Maine Civic League read as follows, barring one or two circumstantial details, and the names and addresses of persons which it is necessary to suppress because the charges have not been legally proven:

Dear Sir—For the past two weeks I have been a visitor to this city and I have traveled about it more or less. Last week I had occasion to go to the Maine Steamship Company's office on Commercial street. On my return I went into a store numbered _____ where I was waited upon by a young woman, possibly seventeen years of age, who appeared much distressed, and upon my making inquiries I was told an astounding story by her of being kept in the place against her will for immoral purposes.

Others Sent to Panama. "She also informed me that this man is already married, but has recently sent his wife to the straits of Panama with another woman, who, I was told, was purchased by him in Portland for \$30, and who was until recently an inmate of the premises at _____ These women were imported to Panama. I asked this young woman why she did not appeal to the police. She informed me that it was useless. I think that such a condition of things in a beautiful city like Portland is appalling and is well worth an investigation.

Girl Disappeared. Mr. Pringle, of the Maine Civic League, brought this letter to the attention of Chief of Police Dresser, but as soon as the chief began work he found that there was trouble. Evidently the visitor who wrote the letter to the Civic League had spoken of it to many others. Someone had warned the proprietors of the stories alluded to, for they seemed to be on their guard. A plan was made to get the girl "Clara" where she could be subjected to inquiry by officers and attorneys.

When this was developed—inside of two days after receipt of the letter—it was found that the girl had either gone or been spirited away, and it was learned that she had gone to Boston via Bath and the Kennebec-Boston boat, a route that suggests flight.

SHOOTS HUSBAND, HACKS HER RIVAL

Crazed by Jealousy, Woman Commits Double Murder, Then Surrenders to Police.

CANTON, Ohio, August 1.—With the revolver that he had placed on a chair at his side for self-defense, Tony Panilla, a wealthy Italian grocer, who came here from Deans, N. J., last February, was shot and killed today by his wife, Mrs. Louisa Panilla. The infuriated woman then dropped the revolver and seizing a butcher knife twelve inches long proceeded to carve to death Mrs. Clara Pizzani, who came here from 295 East 149th street, New York, last February.

Mrs. Pizzani gallantly fought her assailant and in the struggle was not laid cold in death until twenty-nine gashes had been received. Once she broke away from Mrs. Panilla and ran to a telephone in the house to call the police. All that Turnkey Andrew Wilhelm heard was screams and then the receiver went up.

Mrs. Panilla is locked up in the police station a self-confessed murderess. She calmly admits all and her story is that of a woman scorned. Sixteen years ago, she says, she was married to Panilla, living happily in Deans, N. J., where Panilla was a Pennsylvania Railroad foreman and had acquired considerable property.

In later years Panilla met Mrs. Pizzani, the wife of Peter Pizzani, a New York tailor, and the pair became infatuated. This friendship ripened. Mrs. Panilla says until Panilla all but cast her off, Mrs. Pizzani supplanting her almost entirely in her husband's affections. The crime today developed from their marital troubles.

CRISIS IN CHICAGO Carmen and Traction Companies May Begin Fight Today. CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—The controversy between the Chicago City Railway Company and the South Side Street Car Men's Union over demands for a closed shop and an increase in wages in connection with the employees' request for a new contract, has become critical.

The non-union employees of the company, some of the union employees and officials of the concern, together with officers of the international body of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Elevated Railway Employees of America, are working hard to avert a strike.

NABBED FOR WRITING ON WALL. Schmall Is Alleged to Have Ruined Freshly Painted Lobby. Because he had written his name with a lead pencil on a wall of the lobby of 907 Broadway, Benjamin Schmall, a tailor, twenty-five years old, of 81 Columbia street, was yesterday held in default of \$500 bail for trial, on a charge of malicious mischief.

Once a Customer Always One Fraas & Miller Broadway, Linden & Quincy Sts

FOR THE DINING ROOM New designs in Buffets and China Closets exceptionally low in price. Here are a few quotations: BUFFETS, solid quartered oak, highly polished \$11.50 and upward. CHINA CLOSETS, solid quartered oak highly polished, some with mirror backs \$12.50 and upward.

C. L. U. FOR CITY TUBES Municipal Ownership and Employment of Union Labor Demanded.

At a special meeting of the Central Labor Union which was held at the Brooklyn Labor Lyceum yesterday afternoon, the subway recommendations which have been in dispute for some time were finally adopted after considerable debate.

The resolutions as adopted protest against permitting private individuals controlling the franchises without any compensation to the city. The recommendations favor the appropriation of funds by the city and that the work should commence immediately, so that the large number of unemployed that are now in the city could be given work at once.

Against Contract System. This request of Booher was granted and he then took exception to the statements contained in this paragraph. Booher declared that conditions were such that the abolition of contract work was imperative in the Butte mines, as contracts were let to the pits of the companies, and that the men hired in the drifts were driven like slaves in order to make money for the contractors.

FIRE UNDER CONTROL Japanese City Saved After Flames Cause Big Loss. OSAKA, Japan, Aug. 1.—This morning the terrible conflagration which has reduced to ashes a large portion of this city was under control.

FLOOD DROWNS 1,000. TOKIO, Aug. 1.—News has reached here of a terrible flood in the province of Chang Kiu, Manchuria. In the city of Kirin, situated at the head of steam navigation on the river Sungari, 225 miles from Moukdon, 1,000 people have been drowned and 1,000 houses submerged. The water is still rising.

NEWARK ADVERTISERS For Good and Neat Printing Go To BUSINESS PRINTING CO. Strictly Union Printing. 196 Springfield Ave., Newark, N. J.

UNION MEMBER HEADS MILITIA W. F. M. Convention Believes He Will Not Act Against Labor During Strikes.

By GEORGE EISLER. (Correspondence to The Call.) DENVER, July 28.—The militia was roundly denounced today at the convention of the Western Federation of Miners, in a debate on the case of Phillip Greenan, whom Governor Norris, of Montana, last week appointed Adjutant General of the state militia.

Greenan, who has never served in the state militia, is a member of the W. F. M., and, according to former Secretary Kirwin, has always been a good union man and a staunch supporter of the organization. His only previous military experience was when he served in the Spanish-American war.

The question was whether he could be allowed to retain his membership in the W. F. M. after receiving this appointment. The debate dealt with this case in a most earnest manner, and resolved itself into the conclusion that Greenan will be in a position to show his loyalty and solidarity to his brothers in case of trouble in the mining camps if the militia is ordered out to check strikes or take part in any troubles that may occur in the future.

Greenwood Strikers Win. A telegram from Greenwood, B. C., was received by the convention today which stated that the strikers won all they went out for. More than 400 men went on strike in Greenwood about four weeks ago, demanding full recognition of the union and proper installation of the mines. The delegates are jubilant over this latest victory.

Removed From Morgue. Relatives Will Bury Miss Sigrist—Not a Mysterious Woman. Maria C. Sigrist, whose body was found Saturday afternoon in her apartments at 426 West 47th street, was not a person of mystery. On the contrary, everything about her life was open and known by her relatives with whom she spent much time.

ROW OVER 61 CENTS Shooting Follows Quarrel Worked by Algeard Under Payment of Causor. Frank Dubowitz has a sweatshop on the top floor of 21 Bowerly. Sergius Zacharovich worked for him last week and got his envelope on Saturday night. He didn't count his money until he got to his home at 312 Cherry street. When he did he discovered, he says, that he had been underpaid by 61 cents.

MARKER'S STORY FALSE Was Not in Louisiana—Alleged Stolen Funds Being Sought. TIPTON, Ind., Aug. 1.—Dispatches received from Louisiana, Mo., where Noah R. Marker, alleged bank defaulter, claims to have spent his time fishing while absent from the city, says he was not there at all nor was anybody there who would answer to his description.

IMPORTANT TO CALL READERS! M. & A. KATZ, Department Store 831-833 3d Avenue, Near 51st Street. A CALL AND PURCHASE AT OUR STORE WILL HELP THE CAUSE. SAVE OUR COUPONS. THEY ARE EQUAL TO 4 P. C. DISCOUNT.

MEN'S AND LADIES' FURNISHINGS Union Label Shirts, Collars, Underwear, Neckties, Suspenders, Hosiery, Goggles, Caps. Litholin Collars, 25c. Cleaning Soap Free. Waiters' and Cooks' Outfits. Ladies' and Children's Hose and Underwear. C/B P/N and Nemo Corsets, Notions, Skirts and Muslin Underwear. The 367th Ed. - SIG. KLEIN 80 and 82 3d Avenue Near 10th Street, NEW YORK. Telephone 4095 Stuyvesant.

QUAKES KILLED HUNDREDS All Central and Southern Mexico Shaken. Much Damage in City. MEXICO CITY, Aug. 1.—Further details of the damage done by the earthquake and tidal wave that laid waste a large part of Central and Southern Mexico early Friday morning indicate that the loss of life and general devastation will be even greater than was at first supposed.

It is believed that the death list will run well up in the hundreds and that it will be impossible to correctly estimate the number of injured. Millions of dollars' worth of property is in ruins, scenes of the wildest disorder and confusion prevail on every hand and the suffering among the survivors in the devastated districts is intense.

Very few messages have been received owing to the complete disorganization of nearly every method of communication and those that are received are not calculated to inspire the belief that any great number of the inhabitants in the earthquake zone escaped death or serious injury.

Two houses were demolished in the city, one in Calle Moxtema and the other in Calle Mina, while the destruction of the Cathedral, which was damaged Friday, was complete. No loss of life is reported in the city.

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ART MASTERPIECES FOUND. ROME, Aug. 1.—The officials engaged in the work of restoring the Basilica of St. Mark, at Venice, discovered in the attic a large bundle covered with black dust. It was moved to a museum and was found to contain a number of art masterpieces, including a "Christ on the Cross" by Tintoretto; a "Resurrection" and an "Ecce Homo," by Palma, Jr.; a "Flagellation of Christ Before Caiaphas," and a "Christ Crowned with Thorns," by Corradini.

BERNHARD MERCHANT TAILOR 148 East 125th Street Between 8d and Lexington Aves. New York. ESTABLISHED 20 YEARS. CLOTHES MADE NOT MANUFACTURED. Fashionable Suits in handsome and exclusive patterns, made to order for \$15 up. Full of individuality and splendidly tailored. Call and convince yourself. Trousers to Order at \$2.00. Watch Our Announcements Monday and Wednesday's Call. Open Mon. and Sat. Even.

EXPECT SPANISH CRISIS (Continued from page 1.) while curing and fighting the plague and the civil guard. Crisis of "with the government!" "Down with the King!" "Long live the Republic!" went along with "Long live the army!"

Censored News Tells of Quakes. LONDON, Aug. 1.—A dispatch from the Daily Mail from Barcelona, Spain, was passed by the censor, stating that disturbances have ceased. On Sunday the street cars and trams were moving freely and shops were open and the streets were repairing their lines and re-establishing communication.

HENDAYE, Aug. 1.—A dispatch from San Sebastian states learned from private sources that King Alfonso has decided to visit San Sebastian with Prince and Princess Maura on Monday or Tuesday something serious occurred. In spite of martial law, the bull fight of the season attracted a crowd today at San Sebastian. Religious fetes in honor of natus Loyola, were celebrated without disturbance Saturday at San Sebastian, Bilbao, Hypoita and places.

MADRID, Aug. 1.—The Correos de Espana prints the first dispatch today from Barcelona, Spain, received from Barcelona. The censor, is open to a certain amount of question. The latest uncensored news is a patch to the Mail from Cerbera, which says the town is agitated by the presence of Spanish peasants, who in their country to escape military service. They confirm the rumor that the whole province is in revolt. The civil guard has "restored order" in Cerbera. Arrests continue at Gerona, which is otherwise peaceful.

Factories are closed and business at a standstill, but there is no order save in the villages. A dispatch from Gerona for Casa de Felou, where the revolutionists are active. Fugitives continue to escape at Cerbera by road and boat. One hundred and fifty civil guards have left Gerona to cooperate with force landing at San Xel in order to surround the revolutionists. Troops arriving at Cerbera Sunday report that fighting continues at Gerona and that the revolutionists were injured Saturday.

SOCIALIST NEWS OF THE DAY

All notices must be in this office by noon of the day previous to publication. All meetings begin at 8 P. M., unless otherwise specified.

Tonight's Meetings.

MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

City Executive Committee—239 East 44th street. 17th A. D.—Colonial Hall, 101st street and Columbus avenue. 23d A. D.—243 East 84th street.

Open Air. 2d A. D.—Henry and Clinton streets. J. Coronell, J. C. Frost. 5th A. D.—15th street and Eighth avenue. E. M. Martin, P. L. Quinlan.

BROOKLYN.

23d A. D.—23 Thurford avenue. Special meeting of both branches for the nomination of candidates and the transaction of other important business.

NEWARK.

Speakers Class—128 Market street. Members of the class are especially urged to attend now, as their services will soon be needed.

THE CITY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The first meeting of the new executive committee took place on Monday, July 26, at the headquarters, with Comrade Tim Murphy as chairman. The following members were present: M. Oppenheimer, B. Koerner, Victor Buhr, Wm. Mendelson, Dr. S. Peskin, Dr. L. Lichtschelm, Dr. E. P. Robinson, Tim P. Murphy, J. C. Frost, H. Mestemaker, U. Solomon, H. Orland, E. Wolf, Comrade Mestemaker was elected as recording secretary.

The organizer reported that twenty-two open air meetings have been arranged for the week, including two Italian meetings; that the necessary steps have been taken to have the literature printed as soon as possible; the work on the issuance of the appeals for funds and campaign lists is under way, and that within a few days all the lists will be in circulation.

LABOR UNION NOTES.

THE MOLDERS' JUBILEE.

July, 1908, marks the fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of the International Molders' Union of North America. The event is an important one, not only to the members of the craft immediately concerned, but to the labor movement, and, indeed, to the public at large.

WOMEN IN PITTSBURG.

Of 22,185 women employed in the various industries in Pittsburgh, less than one-fifth earn \$4 a week or more, one-fifth earn about \$7 and three-fifths of them receive less than \$7.

BOSTON CARPENTERS.

The 6,000 union carpenters of Boston have secured an advance in wages. The new scale is 47 1/2 cents an hour, an increase of 4 cents. The schedule calls for Saturday half holidays the year round.

PAPERMAKERS.

Next to textiles, the papermaking industry is manufacturing the greatest growth in Massachusetts. What is expected to be the largest factory in the world for making envelopes will be completed about November 1 in Springfield.

SUIT CASE MAKERS.

The Independent Suit Case Makers Union will hold an important meeting at 98 Clinton street tonight.

At the last meeting of the union president, organizer and treasurer of Local 77 of the International were present, and negotiations were made to unite with the independents.

As the question of uniting will be one of the orders of business it is expected that all members will be present.

CHORUS OF UNION WOMEN.

The union working women of Boston have organized a chorus to sing

garding special agitation in the unions. The organizer was instructed to secure some other date than March 6 for the purpose of holding a winter festival for the local. The organizer was instructed to attend the general party meeting of the East Side districts and make arrangements with reference to the holding of Jewish meetings.

It was decided that Mother Jones be communicated with and asked to come to New York for six weeks to help in the city campaign. On motion it was decided that Comrade Oppenheimer prepare a suitable propaganda leaflet dealing with the traction question.

The preparation of additional copy for leaflets was discussed, and the organizer was instructed to make arrangements for the preparation of a leaflet dealing with the school question. It was decided that a large hall be secured in the Labor Temple for Saturday, August 7, for the purpose of holding a general party meeting to discuss plans for an active campaign and nominate candidates for the county ticket.

OPEN-AIR MEETINGS

The City Executive Committee of the Socialist party has arranged the following meetings in the open air during the rest of the week:

Tuesday. Sixth A. D.—5th street and Avenue C. Louis Baum, J. C. Frost. Fourteenth A. D.—36th street and Third avenue. Andrew Sater, R. T. Paine.

Wednesday. Ninth A. D.—N. W. corner 41st street and Eighth avenue. George H. Goebel.

Tenth A. D.—7th street and Avenue A. J. Coronell, Victor Buhr. Seventeenth A. D.—101st street and Amsterdam avenue. W. G. Lightbown, P. L. Quinlan.

Twenty-third A. D.—146th street and Amsterdam avenue. J. C. Frost, Alb. Abrahams. Thursday. Fourth A. D.—Mittit and Grand streets. A. B. De Milt, J. C. Frost.

Eighth A. D.—10th street and Second avenue. George H. Goebel. Friday. Tenth A. D.—10th street and Second avenue. George H. Goebel.

Twentieth A. D.—75th street and First avenue. Louis Baum, R. T. Paine. Twenty-second A. D.—34th street and East End avenue. J. C. Frost, Victor Buhr.

Twenty-fourth A. D.—6th street and Second avenue. William Mendelson, P. L. Quinlan. Twenty-fifth A. D.—17th street and Broadway. J. T. Vaughn, H. T. Smith.

Twenty-sixth A. D.—115th street and Fifth avenue. J. Coronell, William Carlin. Saturday. Twenty-first A. D.—134th street and Lenox avenue. Warren Atkinson, A. B. De Milt.

Twenty-third A. D.—161st street and Amsterdam avenue. Alex. Rosen, J. C. Frost. Twenty-eighth A. D.—125th street between Lexington and Third avenues. Andrew Sater, Thomas Potter.

Thirty-first A. D.—125th street and Seventh avenue. George H. Goebel, Alb. Abrahams. Thirty-second A. D.—138th street and Willis avenue. W. G. Lightbown, Jack Britt Gearty.

Thirty-third A. D.—149th street, between Third and Bergen avenues. G. R. Sackman, P. L. Quinlan

the songs of labor. It has fifty members and is being constantly increased from the ranks of the women and girls who belong to the various trade unions of that city. Competent instructors are training the chorus.

LETTER CARRIERS.

The National Letter Carriers' Association has purchased 160 acres of land near Colorado Springs as the site for the proposed sanitarium. The ground adjoins the Union Printers' home and is picturesque.

CARPENTERS.

The Carpenters' Union reports a membership of 158,100. Eleven hundred new members were added in June.

LAUNDRY WORKERS.

The Laundry Workers' Union of Greater New York will hold a mass meeting at 66 Essex street at 2 P. M. today. Well known English and Jewish speakers will deliver addresses. At the meeting held last Sunday eighteen new members joined, and it is hoped that more will join today.

PRESSERS' UNION 186.

The Vest Pressers' Union, Local 186, will hold a meeting at 269 Broome street tonight. Installation of officers will take place and other important business will be transacted.

LEATHER GOODS WORKERS.

The United Leather Goods Workers Union will hold a special meeting at 56 Orchard street tonight. Pocket-book makers, non-union as well as union men, are specially invited.

JANITORS' UNION.

The Janitors' Union (Building Employees, 12965, A. F. L.) will meet tonight at Mosers' Hall, 19 Manhattan street, for the transaction of business and the initiation of new members. The membership is increasing rapidly owing largely to the success of the union's monthly publication, the Janitors' Journal.

SPORTING NEWS

JOHNSON IS CHAMP

Call Reader Claims That Jeff Has No Claim To the Title.

Regarding the statement of Jeffries that he is still the champion of the world and that he never gave his title away, a reader of The Call submits the following: "No champion can make a present of his title to any other fighter. When a champion retires he loses all right to his title and the only way he can regain said title is to beat the man who claims and successfully defends it."

"Jim Corbett tried to give his title to Peter Maher. Joe Gans tried to make a present of the lightweight championship to George Memsis. Terry McGovern attempted to hand the mantel title to Danny Dougherty. Tommy Ryan announced that he gave his title of middleweight champion to Hugo Kelly, and Jeff declared that he had given his crown to Marvin Hart."

"Not one of these gift championships" stuck to the recipient. After Jeff retired he had no more claim to the heavyweight title than One-eyed Connolly. Burns claimed the championship and by beating a majority of the other champions, including the recognized champions of Australia and England, he made good. He was beaten by Johnson and the latter has an undeniably good claim to the title. In order to get it back Jeff must beat Johnson. Will he do it? I don't think so. It is time that the men Burns defeated were not to be classed with Jeff, Fitz and Corbett, but the question of relative ability does not decide titles in pugilism. It is battles in the ring. Jeff had retired and Fitz and Corbett were out of it."

MONUMENT FOR PULLIAM.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 1.—A meeting will be held in Cincinnati on Monday, at which a proposition to build a monument at the grave of President Harry Pulliam will be made. This meeting was announced today by Acting President John Heydler, and the league officials will come to Cincinnati direct from Louisville. President Ebbetts of the Brooklyn team, said today that he will make the motion for the monument and that he thinks it will pass.

BURKE AND LUCAS AT BEDFORD.

The star attraction at the Bedford Athletic Club tonight will be a scrap between Sailor Burke and Fred Lucas and it is expected that the followers of both fighters will crowd the club house. Besides this attraction Jim Shorrell has arranged a crackerjack semi-final in a hot bout between Chester Bernard and Knockout Jack O'Donnell. Both events are scheduled for ten rounds.

BASEBALL GOSSIP

Dope for the Fans About the Gotham Teams.

This will be a busy week for the Highlanders on the Hilltop. There will be no game today because of H. C. Pulliam's funeral. Tomorrow there will be a double header with the St. Louis Browns, with a single game on Wednesday and perhaps another double bill on Thursday. Friday and Saturday the Cleveland will be here to provide more red hot baseball.

As the Highlanders have won three out of four games from the champion Detroit and are playing better ball than at any previous time this year, the fans expect them to make rapid strides toward the first division. Manager Stallings says he has hit upon a winning combination at last and that he does not look for another slump. The Giant will also remain idle today, but will resume operations in Cincinnati tomorrow, playing there on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, too. Then they jump to St. Louis for a stay of five days, after which they visit Chicago for a hard series. They stop at Pittsburg on August 16 for two games and then wind up their long trip in Philadelphia. According to McGraw, the Donlin-Magee deal will go through and the Giants will have Magee before the week ends.

AHEARN MAKES RECORD

Bettors Own Mark in Hop, Skip and Jump at Celtic Park.

The Chan-na-Gael Association of New York held its annual games at Celtic Park yesterday, and the most notable event on the card was the running two hops and a jump. Dan Ahearn, the scratch man, cleared a distance of 50 feet 6 1/2 inches, which is 4 inches better than the world's record of a board takeoff, and made by himself a couple of weeks ago. It is unknown yet whether the conditions necessary for a record performance were observed. Ahearn took but one trial, a fact which renders the leap still more meritorious.

Of the track events, the mile handicap turned out to be the best. With a handicap of 25 yards, D. V. Noble, of the New York Athletic Club, was the winner, and he crossed the line with something to spare. James J. Archer captured the honors in the 100 yards. From the back mark of 3 yards he collared J. Waldman, unattached, who had 9 yards, the Irish runner winning by a yard. John Finagan did the trick again in the 16-pound hammer, which he bent the fine distance of 173 feet 5 1/2 inches.

NO FIGHTS FOR INDIANA.

LA PORTE, Ind., Aug. 1.—Acting under instructions received from Governor Marshall, the sheriffs in all northern Indiana counties, within the confines of which several fights have been pulled off recently, notified athletic clubs that further fighting would not be permitted and that criminal prosecution would follow violations of the Governor's orders. The sheriffs also were instructed to prohibit pool selling.

NEW FACES ON ST. LOUIS TEAM.

It has been currently reported that O'Connor will occupy an executive position with St. Louis. Manager Finn's left fielder, Montgomery, recently released, will join the team in New Orleans Sunday. Finn does not announce who will be captain of the Travelers. It has been rumored for some time that O'Connor is to succeed James McAleer as manager of the St. Louis Browns.

AUTO TURNS TURTLE

Wells Johnson Caught Under Machine and Seriously Hurt in Mishap.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Wells Johnson, of this city, while conveying an automobile party in the vicinity of Broadalbin late yesterday afternoon sustained serious and perhaps fatal injuries, as the result of his car turning turtle as he made a sharp turn in the road to avoid a rut. Four passengers in the car were thrown out, but Mr. Johnson was caught under the car. With the aid of farm hands, who were summoned by one of the party, they rescued Mr. Johnson, who was unconscious. He was taken to the Kennebec Inn Hotel at Broadalbin.

His injuries consist of right collarbone broken, broken shoulder on the right side, two ribs broken, both vertebrae badly torn and concussion of the brain. Mrs. Joseph Cassidy and her daughter each sustained a broken rib and Miss De La Toohy and James Smith was badly bruised. Johnson's condition is critical tonight. He is about fifty years of age and a member of the firm of W. Johnson & Son, liverymen.

VOTES FOR WOMEN.

New York University Announces Meeting for Wednesday.

The New York University will hold an equal suffrage meeting in the auditorium on University Heights on Wednesday next at 8 P. M. for the special benefit of the students at the summer session, under the auspices of the William Lloyd Garrison Equal Rights Association.

The speakers will be Mrs. Henry Villard, daughter of William Lloyd Garrison; Mr. Slosson of the Independent, John H. Lary, a constitutional lawyer, and Harriet May Mills of the New York State Suffrage Association.

DANISH CABINET QUILTS.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 1.—The cabinet, headed by Premier Neergaard, resigned yesterday in consequence of its failure to secure the support of Parliament in its military defence scheme. King Frederick accepted the resignations, but asked M. Neergaard to act as Premier pending the appointment of his successor.

Do You Think?

Gustav Myers' great work, "The History of the Great American Fortunes," is arousing widespread discussion. Already it is being translated into many tongues. The only work of its kind. Masterly treatment of a big subject. A comprehensive, detailed history of the industrial development of the United States. The facts are unearthen, massed together, and indisputable conclusions drawn. Mr. Myers has not received any pay, nor does he desire any, for the years of labor spent in the production of this work, but he does desire that it shall have a wide circulation. This is the biggest work ever done by an American Socialist. The subscription price for the first three parts will be \$1.50, and those desiring the work should write to Gustav Myers, Care of The Call, 642 Pearl Street, New York.

ARCH CAFE AND RESTAURANT

E. MENKE Proprietor, 217 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK. Fhret's Extra Drawn from the Wood.

Bread bearing this label is Union Made. Ask for the Label when buying bread.

FATALLY STABS RIVAL

Man Who Found His Affections Supplanted Attacks Stranger. POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 1.—An Enoch Arden romance at Wappingers Falls had a tragic sequel today, when Rafael Turko, the returned husband of the belle of the Italian colony, was stabbed thirteen times by his wife's lover, Tommaso Markjohn, and is now in a dying condition. Turko returned recently, after a year's absence from his home, and found that while he was away Markjohn had supplanted him in his wife's affections. The two men met early this morning and a quarrel resulted. Markjohn stabbed Turko repeatedly in the body and left him for dead. Markjohn was pursued by a posse and captured. He is now in the county jail.

UNIONISTS STILL KICK

Porto Rican Politicians Would Enjoin Government in Budget Case. SAN JUAN, Aug. 1.—Attorney General Hoyt, of Porto Rico, has rendered an opinion on the Olmstead act, which was passed by Congress to provide funds for the support of the insular administration. He holds that it means that a lump sum is appropriated and that the intent of the act is not to re-enact last year's budget. The Unionist party has petitioned the San Juan District Court for an injunction against Governor Post, Auditor Ward and Treasurer Gromer restraining them from disposing of funds in accordance with the Attorney General's opinion. The court has fixed August 8 for a hearing of the case.

MONKEY WAS THE THIEF

When Caught Stealing Apple Gives Farmer a Black Eye. WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Aug. 1.—Jacob Smith, of this city, thought along that some of the boys were robbing his apple tree, and fruit was disappearing rapidly. He decided to keep watch on the tree and was surprised early this morning to find a monkey owned by an Italian organ grinder, living in the vicinity, at the top of the tree helping himself. When the owner remonstrated with the monkey in a playful mood the apple at Smith, striking him in the face and giving him a black eye. The owner of the apple tree consulted Mayor Kliffen, who asked him to bring action against the owner of the monkey.

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BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN. BARBERS. Union Co-Op. Barber, 143 Attorney St. BOOKS, STATIONERY, ETC. Progress Book Store, 233 E. 84th St. BOOTS AND SHOES. The Bates Shoes, 94 Rivington St. Eagle Shoe Store, 548 Columbus Ave. B. Hahn, 2049 8th Ave. M. Seligman, 49 Av. B. bet. 244th St. I. Nathan, 118th St. 178 Madison Ave. Weingarten, Men's Sp'rs 112 Rivington CIGAR MANUFACTURERS. Jain & Brunhofer, 1604 Ave. A. Raphael De Nat., 1590 Madison Ave. CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS. The F. & S. New Store, 84th St. 23d Av. Richards Co., cor. 26th St. & 5th Ave. DELICATESSEN. Eugene Edel, 1489 Avenue A. DELICATESSEN AND GROCERIES. Ch. Grube, 304 W. 147th St. DAIRY RESTAURANT. A. Ratner, 147 E. Houston St. DAIRY LUNCH ROOM. L. Schonfeld, 50 Rivington St. DRY GOODS, LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS. David Grossman, 1474 Ave. A, at 78th FAMILY WINE & LIQUOR STORE. L. M. Goldberg, 859 8th Ave., n. 51st St. FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE. Meyer Davidson, 325 E. 103th St. FURNITURE, ETC. J. D. Plattau, 2264 8th Ave. GENTS' FURNISHINGS. Teich & Alter, 35-35 Ave. C. Rubin & Hoffman, 33 Pike St. David Rosenfeld, 2106 3d Ave., near 115th St. GROCERIES. F. C. Smith, 2491 8th Ave. HATS. Union Made Hats, near Houston. American Mfg. Co., 3 Avenue C. Brothaupt, 475 8th Av. & 651 3d Av. Callahan, The Hatter, 140 Bowery; 45 years' reputation. HARDWARE, SPORTING GOODS AND PHONOGRAPHS. Enterprise Hardware & Spg. Goods Co., 802 3d Ave., near 49th St. LUNCH ROOM. William G. Stocker, 87 2d Ave. LAUNDRIES. The Globe Hand L'dry, 259 W. 14th St. Precove Hand L'dry, 263 W. 134th St. LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S TAILORING. F. Friedman, Established 1890. Suits Made to Order. 480 West 46th St. Branch 373 W. 48th St., cor. 9th Ave. MEN'S FURNISHINGS. Shapiro & Tunnan, 92 Clinton St. OPTICIAN. M. Eising, 1323 3d Ave., near 76th St. PRINTING INKS. J. M. Huber, 150 Worth St. and 3, 4, 5, 6 Mission Pl. IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THE CALL.

BOROUGH OF THE BRONX. ATTORNEY AT LAW. Sam W. Elges, 465 E. 174th St. BREAD AND CAKE BAKERY. F. Adolf Scheffer, 1483 Washington Av. Bakery and Lunch Room. BOOTS AND SHOES. The Bates Shoe, 144 St. Ann's Av. Lewtas' Smart Footwear, 3291 3d Av. CIGARS. S. Mendelson, 1241 Boston St. Union Av. Mendelson Cigars at The Pioneer, 735 East 166th St. CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS. Travis, 3d Av., opp. 161st St. L. Station. Westchester Clo'ng Co., 3d Av., 144th St. DRUGGISTS. Theo. A. M. Hartung, 774 E. 169th St. Katz's Drug Store, 174th St. & 3d Av. D. W. Shochat, 161th and Jackson Av. Tobias & Warlin, 3d Av., cor. 167th St. FURNISHINGS AND HATS. The Toggery Shop, 3d Av., below 166th St. L. Station. LADIES' TAILOR & DRESSMAKER. Kramer Co., 1746 Washington Ave. JEWELRY. L. Glitsman, 503 E. 174th St. J. McKibbin, 3245 3d Av., nr. 174th. INSTRUCTION. The Bronx Preparatory School, 480 E. 172d St., cor. Washington. MEAT MARKET. Edward Kell, 3719 5th Av. RESTAURANT. Homelike Restaurant, 3216 Third St. SILKS AND DRESS GOODS. Ghindin, 1525 Washington Ave.

BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN. DRUGGISTS AND PHARMACISTS. Aaron Jaspco, 444 Howard Ave. Boland Drug Co., Inc. 96 Graham Av. L. Schloesser, 322 Knickerbocker Av. M. Chauvin, New Utrecht Av. and 39th St. Epstein's Pharmacy, 5th Av. & 49th St. Friedland Bros., 515 6th Ave. H. Rubin, 184 Columbus St. DRESS GOODS, TRIMMINGS, ETC. I. Friedrich, 444 Knickerbocker Ave. DRY GOODS. C. A. Werner, 128 3d Ave. DRY GOODS AND FURNISHINGS. Smith & Auersbacher, 277 Central Av. McVey & Miller, 233 Cover Av. Aronson Bros. & First, 61 Belmont Av. Louis Berger, 2825 Atlantic Ave. DRY AND FANCY GOODS AND SHOES. At Silberstein's, 3280 Fulton St. FLORIST AND DECORATOR. Wacker's, 1244 Myrtle Ave. FURNITURE, ETC. Smith & Director, Pitkin & Rockaway. Frays & Miller, B'way & Quincy St. FURNITURE AND CARPETS. Bay Ridge Furniture Co., 5219 5d Ave. FURNITURE AND BEDDING. Zanit & Kahn, 435 Knickerbocker Ave. GENTS' FURNISHINGS. Martin Derr, 695 B'way. H. Goodwin, 435 Knickerbocker Ave. GROCERIES. E. Deiventhal, Flatbush, cor. Ave. C. Select Fruits & Groceries, Tel. 58 Flat. L. Postanias, 3210 5th Ave. J. E. Schierenbeck, 19 Broadway. F. W. Schroeder, 107 Evergreen Av. CROCHETS AND GLOVES. 1755 Pitkin Ave. and 79 Graham Ave. CIGAR MANUFACTURERS. Seiffert Bros., cor. Wyckoff Av. & Bleeker. Henry Heller, 271 Hamburg Ave. CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS. Harry Goodman, 2641 Atlantic Ave. CLOTHES AND TAILORS. Seiffert Bros., cor. Wyckoff Av. & Bleeker. Henry Heller, 271 Hamburg Ave. CUSTOM TAILORS. S. Bernstein, 5217 5th Ave. CUTLERY DEALER AND GRINDER. M. Jung, Jr., 120 Graham Ave. DELICATESSEN. I. Rock, 610 Hart, cor. Myrtle Ave. F. J. Theuer, 392 Knickerbocker Ave. BOOTS AND SHOES.—Newark. The Bates Shoe, 178 Ferry St. Schloesser's Shoe Store, 174 Ferry St. BOOTS AND SHOES.—Irvington, N. J. Edw. Haa, 721 Springfield Ave. CUSTOM TAILOR.—Jersey City, N. J. H. Mark, 716 Grand St. Levis Tailoring Co., 131 Montgomery St. SHOE STORE.—Jersey City. The Bates Shoe, 640 Newark Ave. The Bates Shoe, 174 Newark Ave. TAILOR.—New Haven, Conn. Emil Goris, 271 Washington Ave. CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS.—Brookton, Mass. Kennedy, Centre St. GENTS' FURNISHINGS.—Lynn, Mass. Roberts, Cor. Munroe & Wash. Sts. BOOTS AND SHOES.—Lynn, Mass. Hagan, 100 Munroe St. COAL AND WOOD.—Lynn, Mass. Conroy, Conroy's Co. CIGARS & TOBACCO.—Lynn, Mass. Carlson, "Regular" Cigars, 146

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THE NEW YORK CALL
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WHAT IS THEIR PURPOSE?

In this city it has become almost impossible for a workingman to become naturalized.

Men who apply for their citizens' papers are obliged to stand in line hour after hour, day after day, and even whole nights in succession, only to be turned away worn out and disgusted.

If our government wished to exclude working people from naturalization, it could not have attained its object more effectively by directly and explicitly excluding them under the law.

Aside from the exclusion of workingmen, the only possible object which the present cumbersome and difficult methods of naturalization serve is to throw the man who desires to become a citizen upon the mercy of the politicians with pull, particularly the Tammany district leaders.

WOE TO THE VANQUISHED.

Colonial adventure, with its accompanying phenomena of imperialism and militarism, has of late years become the dominant impulse of the capitalistic nations.

The terrible defeat at Adowa hurled the Italians back from Abyssinia. The war against the little Boer republics brought the British Empire almost to the brink of ruin.

According to the latest information the Spanish expedition into the Riff territory was called forth by as disgraceful a piece of political-commercial corruption as was the scheme of timber exploitation in the Yalu Valley.

Two years ago a Spanish company obtained from one of the Moroccan pretenders a concession to work the mines in the Riff territory. The head of the company was Villanueva, a former minister of agriculture.

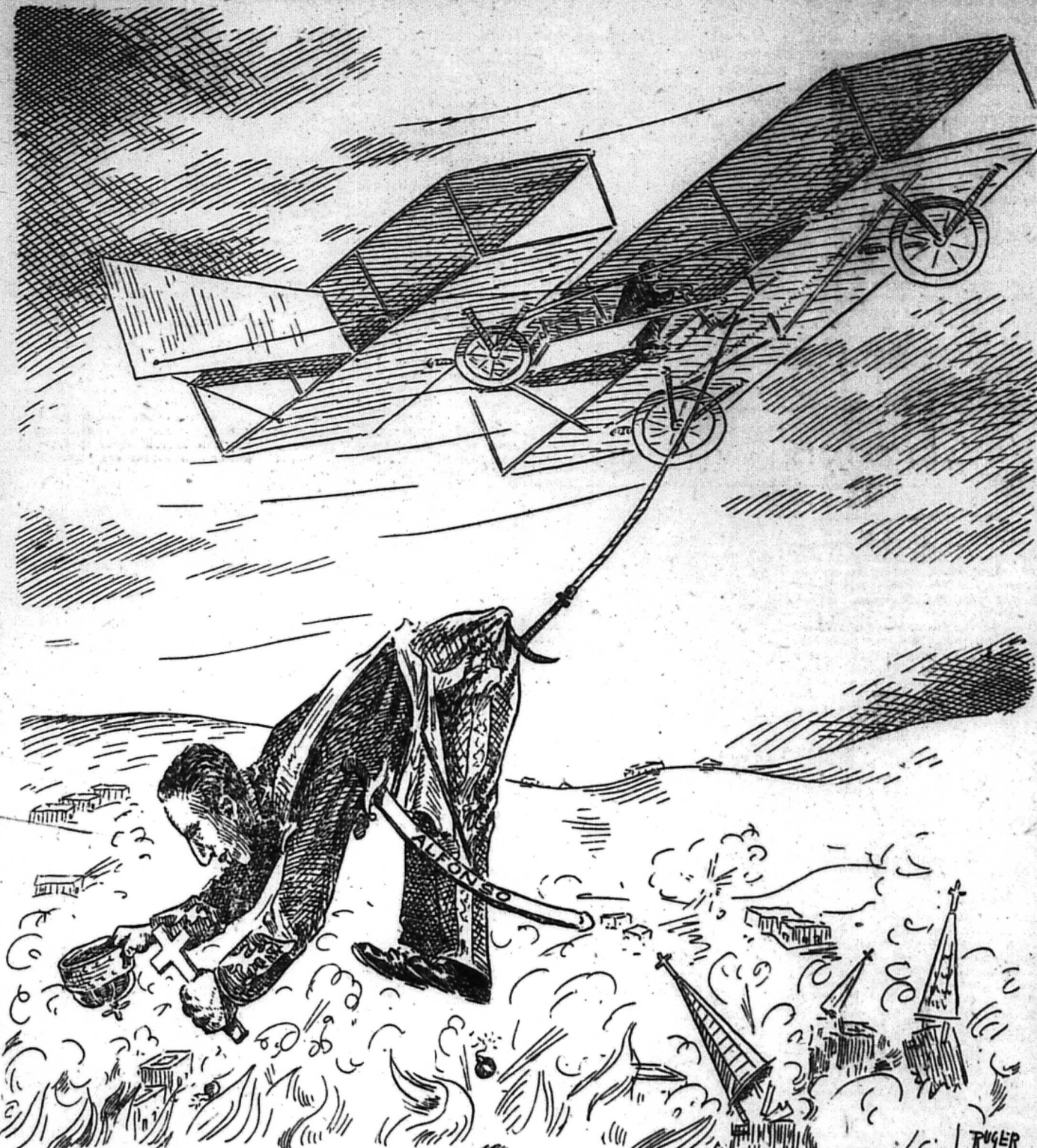
When, in our own country, capitalists wish to obtain the intervention of the government against strikers, their well approved mode of procedure is to cause some of their property to be destroyed.

According to Villanueva, who resigned the presidency of the Spanish-Moroccan mining company a few months ago, this was also the method adopted by the company of which he was formerly the head.

Is it any wonder that the masses of the Spanish people refuse to join in such a war, that their anger is directed against a king who is a friend of the speculators in the blood of the nation, and against a church whose leaders are implicated in the adventure?

The revolt may have been put down—although at the present moment this is by no means certain. Barcelona has been subjected to artillery fire, and King Bomba seems to have been victorious.

Woe to the vanquished! The reaction demands not only their lives, but also their name and honor. Let us not forget the mass of vile calumny with which the government of Thiers and the entire capitalist press in chorus thought to smother the honored name of the Paris Commune of 1871.



HIS ONLY CHANCE.

A DOUBLE DEMONSTRATION

Peter E Burrowes.

Mr. Gompers was asked in France the other day whether or not he believed in the perpetuation of the wage system. This question, as to the intent of the questioner, he sidestepped.

The men and organizations which fight the present and impending growth of poverty and riches in the labor and capitalist classes are doing well for the world; even though they still indulge in the vain hope of the wage earners' class.

Capitalism has succeeded nature. That old rude rocky mother was hard and barren, but this step-mother has the genius of war and we must fight her. Nature we could cultivate. This we must destroy.

Do you believe in the perpetuation of the wage system, Mr. Unionist? What sincere unionist who thinks at all can answer otherwise than NO?

There is no doubt but that capitalism will be the first to prove its mortality. The blind and ferocity of a doomed class has already stricken its great leaders.

ORGANIZED CHARITY.

By Brigid Stanton.

Mr. Bigheart—An impressive, well-dressed, middle-aged man, sits astride a bony, half-starved, tottering horse, which refuses to go forward.

Mr. Bigheart (leaving forward and patting the horse's neck)—Courage, my good fellow, courage! You're in the hands of your friends.

Mr. Bigheart (taking something from his pockets)—Here's some good horse tonic, and a nice wisp of straw. You certainly don't need anything more for the present.

Mr. Bigheart—I know—of course—it's discouraging and demoralizing to you fellows not to have ten hours of work a day for six days in the week.

Mr. Bigheart—Oh, Mr. Bigheart, isn't it discouraging. Those good people paying thousands of dollars every year to support a herd of worthless creatures!

ON THE FIRING LINE.

By MONOSABIO.

Strikebreakers are an invading army of industrial Hessians. They should be prohibited by law the same as aliens under contract.

Over three and a half million dollars has been spent in "city advertising" since McClellan became Mayor. How many newspapers has this muzzled?

The Sun speaks of "M. Pelletan's Socialistic experiments with the navy," in trying to account for the fall of Clemenceau.

Four hundred physicians have reported 814 cases of poisoning and twenty-eight deaths from "headache powders" from 1884 to 1907, and this is only a small portion of the appalling record which all the physicians of the United States could disclose.

SPAIN.

"Que era, decidme, la nacion de la Reina del mundo proclamo tino?"

By GEORGE ALLAN ENGLISH. Where now that Nation proud, Destiny? Once crowned, imperially, a conquering queen? Where now that scepter, that blazon seen? What mark'd her mistress over and sea? A lost empire, a shattered she. Sails rent and hull agape, that have been World powerful. Her rotting careen With each dark surge of looting enmity.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE R. HOE & CO. STRIKE.

Editor of The Call: As a former apprentice in R. & Co.'s foundry, I am more than to note that the boys of this on strike and mean to stay if they win.

On one night a week the thropic Hoes sent us to night (so that we would turn up man's work at boy's pay, and these nights gave us a supper of sandwiches and coffee. They have informed anyone except the client employer that we were of us—literally starving.

I would respectfully suggest to Hoes that their apprentices were raised above the hunger line, then any further demands should be stayed off by hiring a bishop, a professor and a Civic Federation lecture the boys on the religious, economic and practical limitations of subsistence wage.

Fraternally yours, JOHN R. McMAHON, New York, July 30, 1909.

SENATORIAL BUNCOMB.

The heat wave which has swept over the country during the past days would be unbearable were it not for the distraction afforded by the United States Senate in framing a tariff schedule that will abundantly fix the treasury of the trusts and the same-time fool the people.

To those who understand the Washington game with its wind-jamming, its sham battles and the fierce slaughter of certain Senators, probably upon the thieving trusts, the reality to make the record "good" when another election is around, the scene is sufficient to evoke roars of laughter.

These senatorial stunts generally catch the unthinking. The measure that will be adopted, an Appeal has stated, was written by trusts and presented by their representative, Senator Aldrich. It makes a few nominal reforms which are conceded only after conflict, in which such horrors as "ungentlemanly" "back and forth" "courts" "handed back and forth" "grave solemnity" to make the bugs shake—with laughter.