

# THE NEW YORK EVENING CALL

A NEWSPAPER FOR THE WORKERS

NEW YORK, MONDAY, AUGUST 3, 1908.

Downtown Final

PRICE ONE CENT

ALL THE NEWS  
ALL THE TIME

PAGE 1, NO. 56.

## 100,000 FRENCH WORKERS ON STRIKE TO-DAY

### Government to Suppress General Labor Federation.

New Officers Elected to Succeed the Men Arrested Saturday and Sunday—Program Announced by Posting Bills and Distributing Circulars—Patrons First to Go on Strike.

PARIS, Aug. 2.—The general strike with which the city is threatened today is the sole topic of conversation in Paris. The press, almost without exception, denounces the militant behavior of the General Labor Federation and urges on the Government its suppression as the only means of preventing what it declares is a growing menace to society.

The authorities are confident they have the situation well in hand. In addition to the large police force of Paris, the regular garrison numbers 25,000 men, and this force, it is believed, is ample to assure order. The troops all have been confined to barracks, so as to be available at a moment's notice.

#### Workers Are Confident.

The labor element is convinced that it is about to treat the nation to a demonstration of its power such as has never before been seen. It is stated that the General Labor Federation has received the adhesion of workers affiliated with it, affecting, it is estimated, 100,000 workers, including the car men, commercial travelers, silversmiths, electricians, printers, day laborers, butchers, bakers, hotel employees, etc. Practically all the unions have issued a strike order for to-day in compliance with the Federation's instructions.

The headquarters of the Federation of Labor yesterday was surrounded by heavy cordons of police. Inside the building lengthy meetings were held, but the results were kept secret. The only announcement made was that the strike was certain of success, and that substitutes had been elected to replace all the officers of the Federation in case of their arrest.

#### A Call to Action.

Early yesterday morning bill stickers began to placard walls with a most violent program which explained that to-day's strike is in protest against the action of the government in "preparing an ambush and turning loose the soldiery, who, by charging and sabering, had stung the manifestants into replying, thus giving the troops an excuse to massacre. The authorities do not dare to announce the real number of workers assassinated at Vigneux. This crime cannot pass unnoticed, and the only reply possible is a twenty-four-hour strike."

The police arrested the bill stickers, and the manifesto then was distributed in the form of handbills. The first signs of the strike was when a number of printers did not put in an appearance at the newspaper offices last night, and it is feared that half the journals will be unable to print.

These offices where work is proceeding are surrounded by police in order to ward off attacks by militant laborers. The electric power company has sent a circular to the hotels, restaurants and other places, giving warning that its employees are likely to cease work to-night or to-morrow and advising that precautions be taken to protect themselves.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—Despite the absence of a number of their composers, who are participating in the general twenty-four-hour strike ordered by the General Federation of Labor, the evening papers are appearing as usual to-day. The city bears its normal aspect, save for the presence of numerous municipal guards outside the printing shops and the river yards. Search warrants were executed this morning at the houses of three prominent members of the Labor Federation.

## REIGN OF TERROR

### Colorado Tactics Duplicated in Ala. by Lawless Sheriff.

Correspondence to The Call.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 30.—In spite of the desperate efforts being made by the mine owners and the State and local authorities to break it, the miners' strike, which is now in its third week, is moving on very satisfactorily to the miners. They have added over 8,000 new members since the first of July, which makes the organization stronger to-day in Alabama than ever before, and new members and new locals are being added hourly. Eight small companies have signed contracts with the miners.

#### Sheriff Sets Labor at Revolver Mouth.

The biggest drawback the miners have is the little czar who presides over the sheriff's office and his deputies. They are in the different camps violating the law, trying to force the ignorant miners back to work by discharging their pistols and heaping all kinds of indignities upon the man who is trying to take care of himself and his family. It is high time that the people of Jefferson county were looking into the sheriff's office and see what kind of a man they have for sheriff.

#### Anarchistic Contempt for Law.

He is an anarchist for the reason that he and his deputies are to-day violating the laws of this State. Scarcely a deputy has complied with the twenty-four inch pistol law, and then the negro pimps picked up from the very worst dives are given deputy sheriff's badges.

A few years ago we read with horror the outrages perpetrated on the people of Colorado and Idaho. The same outrages are being perpetrated to-day on the citizens of Alabama in the name of enforcing the law.

#### Arrests Without Warrants.

In an interview Mr. W. R. Fairley, the miners' leader, said: "Deputies and guards are arresting men without warrants. They are breaking up meetings and taking our men by force, under threats of shooting them, to force them to go to work. One deputy sheriff is now in jail for shooting a Mr. Merriweather on his own property simply because the miners had been holding their meetings on his land. Mr. Merriweather was shot through the neck, but is still living.

"There has been no violation of the law by the miners since this strike began. Their conduct has been equally as law-abiding as during the last strike of over two years ago. "Brutality is the order of things at Yalande and Acton basin. Men have been deprived of their shelter, among them some who were sick. They are cut off from communications. They cannot get their mail and if the situation is not relieved I shall appeal to the Postmaster General. "Thirteen of our men were driven into the city by deputies without warrants. We have always understood that men, unless caught doing unlawful acts, could not be arrested unless a warrant was issued. It is quite clear to us that the deputies and guards are acting from instructions issued by the coal companies to their officials. "The conditions here now are equal to those prevailing in the Colorado and West Virginia troubles. We, as American citizens, do not propose to tamely submit to this treatment."

#### RUNAWAY MACHINE ADDS INTEREST.

While shooting around the track of the Clifton Stadium yesterday at the rate of a mile in 58 seconds, trying out his motor cycle, Edmund Shotwell, an amateur racer from Brooklyn, lost control of his machine. He created a panic as he zigzagged back and forth across the track for a half lap. Every second the spectators expected to see him dashed to death or hurled into their midst. He finally stopped the machine, however.

## WHOLE HOG OR NONE



## GOLD BRICK MOLDED FOR THIRD AVE. MEN

"Asked" for \$.50 a Month for "Provident" Fund.

3  
"Thou Shalt Not Steal" Receiver Has Great Idea for Extracting Tribute From Employees — "Permanent" Employees to Receive "Benefits"—Lost Interest If Discharged.

Frederick W. Whitridge, receiver of the Third Avenue Railroad, whose sublime audacity lead him to perpetrate the gross insult upon the public by hanging the "Thou Shalt Not Steal" signs in the cars of the company instead of in its offices, has another striking idea.

It is a scheme to get a rake-off of the pay of employees, thereby disguised as a "provident association" for "permanent employees."

A circular which amounts practically to a mandate, has been issued to the employees telling them that they have until October to decide whether they wish to contribute 50 cents per month as "permanent employees" toward the support of the "association," the object of which, according to the originator of the "Thou shalt not steal" sign is: "All the money contributed will be used: "First, to compensate men when they are ill at the rate of \$1.50 a day. In the case of serious illness or accident this payment will begin at once. For slight illness or indisposition only after the lapse of five days. "Second, To provide for a payment to the family of a man who dies in the employ of the company. "Third, For the establishment of a pension fund."

The insurance and pension features of the association cannot be expressly defined until it is known how many men will join and what the demands on the association are likely to be. The association will also employ a physician and the members will be furnished with a clubroom in the new office building at 129th street.

The "association" is to be managed by a board of seven, consisting of General Manager Maher, Assistant Gen-

## C. L. U. HELPS THE CALL

Brooklyn Labor Delegates Out in Force.

Yesterday's session of the Brooklyn Central Labor Union was well attended and the progressive spirit of the delegates was clearly shown by the favorable manner in which a motion to authorize the purchase of fifty dollars' worth of Call bonds was received. This motion was made shortly after Mr. J. A. Behringer, of The Call, had made a brief speech emphasizing the necessity of support being given to labor's newspaper, and was passed by a unanimous vote.

The more important business transacted during the afternoon may be summarized as follows: P. Anderson, E. Gallenger, S. J. Hickey and A. C. Bundy were seated as new delegates from International Steam Engineers' Union No. 55. Notice received from national officers of the A. F. of L. saying that Egg-O-See is on the unfair list. Communication received from National Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butchers' Workmen's Union saying that the present exorbitant meat prices were not caused by the scarcity of live beef, but by the rapacity of the Beef Trust. It was therefore resolved that every delegate try to locate whatever independent butcher shops may be found in Brooklyn and endeavor to help them fight the trust.

A communication from the board of delegates of the Brooklyn Building Trades stated that the trouble was still on with the Steeplechase Park people.

The institution of postal savings banks was endorsed and action taken to inform the proper parties concerning said endorsement. The Marble Workers' Union reported that the Broadway Theatre Company was employing non-union men on their new building.

## LABOR IN POLITICS

Chicago F. of L. Sanctions Political Indorsement.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—By unanimous vote the Chicago Federation of Labor last night decided to allow politics to be discussed in the meetings of local unions affiliated with the Central body. The action was taken on a verbal resolution introduced by Delegate Grant, of the Carpenters' Union, calling for volunteer speakers to visit every local union in Cook County this week and speak in the interest of the candidates endorsed by the Labor Federation.

Nearly 300 local union meetings will be held in Chicago and Cook County this week, and the action taken means that the labor political speakers will reach and speak to from 30,000 to 50,000 trades unionists, prior to the primaries next Saturday.

It was one of the most radical steps ever taken by the Federation. Some of the delegates recognized that the action played direct into the hands of the Socialists, who for years have demanded that politics be discussed at union meetings, but in their anxiety for the success of the labor slate all other considerations were brushed aside and the old-time policy of "no politics in the unions" was smashed.

#### WILL SPEAK FOR BRYAN TO TAMMANYTES

Former Coroner Jacob Bausch will address Tammanyites of the Tenth Assembly District at 42 Second avenue to-morrow night, and tell why he thinks labor ought to support Bryan. Bausch was formerly secretary of the Central Federated Union. He says labor should stand by Samuel Gompers, and inasmuch as he has decided for the Democratic ticket, organized labor should be with him.

#### WOMAN DIES FROM BURN.

Mary Donlin, 36 years old, died in City Hospital in Jersey City early to-day, following a fire in her home at 320 Summit street, Jersey City, yesterday morning. Her dress caught fire from burning paper in the kitchen stove. Her husband was severely burned trying to save her life.

## "GRAFT" STILL FEATURE OF C. F. U. SESSION

### RED SPECIAL NEEDS FUEL

\$15,000 Needed Before She Starts on 11,000 Mile Trip.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—The national office of the Socialist party has issued the following communication, that should touch the forty thousand organized Socialists and their hosts of sympathizers:

"Comrades, Greeting: "Sure, certainly, the Socialists may give pennies for firecrackers, but will give dollars for Krupp guns," was Eugene V. Debs' reply to a question as to the practicability of the plan to run a 'Socialist Special Train.' "That is what the members of the National Executive Committee thought also, although they did not put in such a striking form. They believed that a special train, which would carry the Presidential candidates into nearly ten times as many cities as they could make in any other way, with all the features accompanying such a train, would be the biggest Krupp gun ever fired by the Socialists of this country. "The 'Special Train,' starting August 31 and continuing until Election Day, will consist of one combined sleeper, diner and observation car, with platform for speaking, a day coach and a baggage car. This train will carry the Presidential candidates, a band of music, literature and other materials for making a rousing campaign. "Already arrangements have been made for nearly 500 meetings, whereas under previous plans but sixty could have been held. "The cost of such a train, making a trip across the continent, will be about \$20,000. Some of this will be raised by the meetings along the route, by the sale of literature on the train, and carrying excursions between meetings. But \$15,000 must be raised before the train starts. If the sum is raised or pledged promptly, the 'Red Special' is assured. "This is a special feature, and must detract in no wise from the regular campaign, or the uniform subscription lists whereby each division of the party is financed. "Indeed, this special feature should increase the general activity in every direction all along the line. "We have 40,000 party members. Fifty cents from each in the average will meet the expense. Less will not do. Those who can must give more, for those who cannot, regardless of their wishes, cannot give at all. "Enclosed find printed copy of the minutes of the National Executive Committee containing a more complete explanation. "Comrades, there is no time to lose. One schedule is ready to make up the funds must come, or this opportunity is lost and the train stands still. "Take this letter, use it as a subscription blank to gather funds for the 'Socialist Special,' and return it with the collection to the national office on or before August 8. "Comrades, your response will decide the issue. Ring the bell, blow the whistle, clear the track. They're off! 'The Red Special!' Ho, for education! Ho, for class emancipation! Eleven thousand miles in time and the night time, spreading light and hope and joy! Fraternally your comrades, "A. M. SIMONS, "J. MAHLON BARNES, "Committee."

All contributions to this fund should be sent to the national secretary of the Socialist party, 180 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

#### RELIGIOUS MAGAZINE IS UNORTHODOX

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—Higher critics of the Bible and disbelievers in the orthodox teachings of the Christian Church receive full credit and defense of their views in an editorial on "The Religious Value of the Scientific Spirit" in the current number of the Biblical World, a magazine edited by religious professors of the Chicago University School and printed on the university press. The magazine sets forth startling views in two other articles besides the editorial, the whole being calculated to dispose of non-progressive views on Biblical subjects. Professor Gerald B. Smith, of the University of Chicago, urges a "sane expression of religious convictions" in distinction from the present popular attitude in an article on "The Field of Systematic Theology To-day," while the miracles of Christ's temptation in the New Testament are attacked as fanciful by Professor J. Dick Fleming, of Winnipeg, Can.

The editorial is to be regarded as an expression of all the editors rather than as the work of one man, according to the statement made by Professor Theodore C. Soars.

### Stormy Talk Prolongs Sunday's Meeting.

Final Vote Postponed Until Sunday, Aug. 16—Will Not Endorse Political Candidates—Building Trades Want to Investigate C. F. U.—Twenty-six Coopers Displaced by Machinery.

The hearing on the graft charges that has been the leading feature of the sessions of the Central Federated Union for the last few weeks did not end yesterday, as was previously announced, but was again continued. It is expected, however, that this time final disposition will be made of the case, and the C. F. U. will resume its normal temperature.

On account of the new testimony introduced by the investigating committee on the previous Sunday the whole graft case, which implicates several delegates in holding a fake labor mass meeting three years ago in the interest of the Republican party, was reopened and both sides made speeches which prolonged the session forty minutes past adjourning time.

Delegate Thomas Rock of the Pavers' and Rammermen's Union denied that he received the Republican nomination for the Assembly as a reward for his alleged connection with the Murray Hill Lyceum meeting. He again stated that he was not in any way implicated with that meeting.

U. S. Genthien, delegate from the Actors' Union, made an eloquent plea in behalf of the defendants, claiming that the investigating committee was unfair and that its testimony was weak.

Committeemen Defend Committee. Delegates Ephraim Kauffman of the Clothing Cutters', M. D. Fanchost of the Paper Hangers', William A. Caskley of the Lithographers' Apprentices and Helpers and Dan Harris of the Cigar Makers', all members of the investigating committee, each in turn defended that committee. They all claimed that their recommendations to expel the accused from the C. F. U. was based solely on the testimony they had rendered.

Delegate Harry De Veaux of the Actors' Union, one of the accused, summed up his defense, which was a complete denial of any connection with that fake meeting. When Mr. De Veaux concluded it was thirty minutes past the time of adjournment, which is 6 o'clock. On motion it was decided to postpone further discussion and the final balloting until Sunday, August 16. The above date was chosen in order that the delegates from the Stationery Firemen's Union may be present, as next Sunday they will all attend their international convention in Detroit.

#### No Political Endorsements.

By a decisive majority the C. F. U. went on record yesterday as being opposed to any endorsement of any political candidate. The executive board recommended the endorsement of James B. Ganley as leader of the Democratic party in the Twenty-sixth district, as James J. Frawley, his opponent, is on the unfair list of the Housewives' and Bridgemen's Union. Delegate Morris Braun of the Cigar Makers' Union opposed the recommendation, and pointed out that the C. F. U. was an economic organization and not a political party. He said that it would establish a bad precedent, as delegates would want other candidates endorsed and would thereby embroil the Central Labor body in political affairs instead of attending to industrial matters.

Mr. Braun declared that the C. F. U. has had plenty of politics and graft and the present graft hearing was caused by the eagerness of delegates to get endorsements for political candidates. He then offered an amendment to simply condemn the candidacy of Senator Frawley, which was carried by a big majority.

#### Building Trades to Investigate.

The District Councils of the Building Trades of Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn each sent a similarly worded communication notifying the C. F. U. that they all have appointed committees to investigate its alleged crookedness. The communications said that graft permeated the C. F. U. and that the committees would investigate and cleanse the labor movement of this pestilence.

The reading of these letters caused much amusement to the delegates, as the investigators are not from any chartered body affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, nor has it any jurisdiction over the C. F. U. It was decided, by an almost unan-



...not to place them on file.

**Machines Displace Workmen.**  
Deputy John Murray of the Comptroller's office reported that J. B. King & Co. of Staten Island discharged twenty-two workmen out of the fifty employed, on account of the installation of labor displacing machinery. Some of those discharged have worked for the firm for over twelve years.

The matter was referred to the Executive Board for investigation with full power to act.

The trouble between the Brooklyn Building Trades and George C. Tilghman's Brooklyn Park was also referred to the Executive Board.

# ONE DEAD, THREE HURT

**BACKENSBACK, N. J., Aug. 2.**

At the Delaware, Susquehanna and Western Railroad crossing at Bogota, N. J., after 8 o'clock last night, a touring automobile owned by Dr. James Curtis, of Church street, Paterson, was struck by a local train westbound.

Donald Holmes, a lawyer, of Paterson, was instantly killed, the top of his head being crushed in. Dr. Curtis's leg was broken between the hip and the knee, his head was cut and bruised, and he was injured internally.

Wallace C. Paul, of Ellison street, Paterson, secretary to the receivers of the Metropolitan Railway Company, was cut about head and body and is suffering from shock. James Shaw, the chauffeur, has a fractured skull, is injured internally and likely to die.

W. H. Turner, of 294 Fifteenth avenue, Paterson, had his shoulder crushed and head severely cut and bruised.

The auto was squarely on the west-bound track when the locomotive, then almost stopped, hit it and crushed it to pieces. Had the train been going fast several if not all of those in the auto undoubtedly would have been killed.

The accident was witnessed by a number of persons who said the warning bell was ringing but that those in the auto had paid no attention either to the bell or the warning shouts of the bystanders.

# CARPENTERS' UNION SUED BY BOSSES

As a result of the active campaign carried on by Carpenters' Union No. 209 against the unfair action of the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company, this firm has brought suit for \$50,000 damages against No. 209 and also applied for a blanket injunction restraining the union from interfering with the company's business or carrying on a boycott of its billiard tables and bar furniture.

This action was brought before the Supreme Court on Saturday by Smith & Hulte, the law firm that handles practically all the business of the Building Trades Employers' Association, which would indicate that this association is behind the effort now being made to disrupt the carpenters' organization. The officers of No. 209 were served with copies of the complaint and notified that if they did not hand in an answer to the charges within twenty days the full amount of damages would be asked for.

# TO INVADE ATLANTIC AVENUE AGAIN

Now that the tracks of its steam railroad, which has recently been electrified, have been placed under ground and overhead along Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn, the Long Island Railroad Company wants to build a surface line on the surface of the street and has made application to the Public Service Commission without mentioning expressly the matter of compensation, obviously promising that its id fragment gives it the right to build the line proposed, and that the granting of the permission asked for will be more or less a formality.

Continuing, the Long Island Railroad Company in its application recites at considerable length the history of the old franchise. It is claimed that this grant gave the company "the perpetual use for railroad purposes of the three-foot strip in the centre of this portion of said avenue," the portion referred to being the greater length of the proposed route, and that, for the rest, a similar provision was made in the "tripartite agreement of 1853."

# TRUST OPENS UP MILLS.

**PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 3.**—After being idle for about nine months the Leachburg plant of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company will resume operations to-morrow and about 400 men will return to work. The company's mines at West Leachburg are also announced to open.

# VIOLATES STATE LAW

## Boy Switchmen Hired by Tom Johnson's Road.

Correspondence to The Call.

**CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 1.**—When President Du Pont of the Municipal Traction Company was asked yesterday what he intended to do about the complaints made regarding the company's violation of the State Child Labor law, he said that he would continue to employ boys to switch cars downtown, but would have them of the age required by law.

Charles Martens, district inspector of workshops, had complained that the Municipal Company was hiring boys under 16 years of age, which is forbidden by law. The company is liable to a fine of \$15 to \$50 for each offense.

Martens took up the subject with the officers and an agreement was reached that beginning Aug. 1 the boys under the required age should be laid off.

Du Pont will hire older boys, he says. The lads are employed during the rush hours in the square. Protest has been made on the ground the boys are not sufficiently capable to avoid danger to the public.

# WORK TO ABOLISH DEATH AVENUE

The Eleventh Avenue Track Removal Association is indignant over the unfair treatment and the misleading statements of the New York Central's "witnesses" at the hearing before the Public Service Commission, which was called last Wednesday to ascertain the extent of the damage to life resulting from the obnoxious Eleventh avenue tracks.

The association declares that hearing farcial and calls for a mass meeting to take place to-night at Killeher's Hall, Eleventh avenue and Forty-seventh street.

A handbill scattered by the association asks "Do you want death avenue made safe for your wives and children on their way to the Recreation Pier and De Witt Clinton Park?"

The Public Service Commission has set another hearing for Wednesday, August 5, at 11 A. M., at 154 Nassau street.

# C. L. U. HELPS THE CALL

(Continued from page 1.)

The regular order of business was varied by an intermission of about an hour during which the delegates listened approvingly to an address delivered by Dr. John A. Ryan, professor of ethics and economics in a Catholic seminary in St. Paul, Minn. Dr. Ryan's talk was a very good exposition of the ideas held by the more advanced friends of labor among the clergy.

The reverend doctor said, in part: "On the one hand, the minister of religion is obliged to apply the principles of Christian morality to the industrial as well as to other sides of life; on the other hand, his mission is primarily spiritual, and the Church is not obliged to do more than lay down and apply general principles which, if followed, would obtain for the working classes the largest attainable measure of social justice."

"Our Socialist friends do not let us forget that the early fathers of the Church denounced the rich men of that time in no gentle terms. All through the Middle Ages the Church insisted that the price of labor should be fixed in accordance with the best social estimate of justice and fairness. Thus sprang up those agencies for the regulation of prices and wages which made mediaeval town-industry the embodiment of the nearest approach to industrial justice that the world has ever seen. Chief among those agencies were, of course, the Guilds, and the Guilds enforced the policy of the 'closed' or union shop. The workers of that period received a larger share of the wealth then produced than present workers receive of the wealth produced to-day."

"The policy of unlimited freedom of contract and of competition is as contrary to the teaching of the Catholic Church as it is to the program of the labor unions. Against it Pope Leo XIII. enunciated the doctrine of a living wage, when he declared that, while in general masters and men should determine wages by free contract, there is a dictate of nature more ancient and more honorable than any bargain between man and man; that is, that the remuneration of the worker should always be sufficient to maintain him in reasonable and frugal comfort."

"The Socialists do indeed condemn the Catholic Church for failing to adopt their particular social scheme, but until they have demonstrated that Socialism is workable, the Church will very properly confine her attention to the evils and abuses of the present order."

"I also want the workman to remember that whatever advantages they gain are the results of their own efforts and, as different classes in society have different interests, consequently these classes are more or less engaged in a struggle with each other."

# THE "PEERLESS ONE" FOLLOWS TAFT'S LEAD.

**LINCOLN, Aug. 2.**—William Jennings Bryan is now a theoretical union printer. At the regular meeting of Lincoln Typographical Union No. 209 yesterday Mr. Bryan was elected an honorary member.

Honorary membership was voted at the same time to Gov. George Lawson Sheldon of Nebraska, a return for his treatment of union labor.

It developed after the union meeting that there was considerable friction. A number of members objected very strongly to Bryan, as the "omnioner does not carry the union label, and in order to carry the point it was necessary to make Sheldon an honorary member at the same time.

# TO STRIKE TO-DAY

## 30,000 Paper Trust Employees Refuse to Accept Cut.

**BUFFALO, Aug. 3.**—To-day 30,000 men employed in the mills of the International Paper Company in Niagara Falls, Watertown, Palmer Falls and in New England towns will go on strike. The order to strike was received at Niagara Falls last night. It is the direct result of a 10 per cent cut in wages ordered by the trust a fortnight ago, affecting the pay of workmen receiving \$2.25, \$3 and \$3.75 for an eight-hour day.

When the cut was announced the union sent a committee to the directors of the trust, who replied that the men could accept the cut or quit. The company alleges that the men demanded an increase of pay, but this the men deny. They say they are willing to work at the present scale.

The union men say the trust has been paying \$10,000 a year storage in New York on its surplus stock, so they know the trust has a big supply on hand, but they declare that the problem before them narrows down to a strike now or a strike in February.

The International Paper Company plant at the Falls supplies Pittsburg, Chicago and Cleveland. It is seldom called upon to supply Buffalo. There are two other mills in Niagara Falls, but they are independent and will not be affected by the strike unless they attempt to fill orders of the trust or order a decrease in wages.

Watertown will feel the effect of the strike far more than Niagara Falls, as the trust has four mills there, employing some 4,000 men.

# LACKAWANNA FIRES UNION WORKERS

**SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 3.**—Five hundred men at the Keyser Valley car shops of the Lackawanna Company have been notified that their services are no longer required, and the workmen claim that they were discharged because they were forming a union.

The men who were discharged at the car shops were paid off and told that so far as the company is concerned they are free to seek employment elsewhere.

They had a meeting at once and organized a Brotherhood of Car Handlers and Repairers. Unless they are reinstated a strike will be declared, and the workmen who are still in the shops will be called out. Replying to a statement by Superintendent Clark, "that work is slack in the shops," the men assert that work in the shops was never busier than now, and pointed to the fact that the six hundred heavy cars are in the yard awaiting repairs. The discharged workmen were permitted one at a time to enter and carry off their tools, and from a scene of activity the place suddenly came to a virtual standstill. The men after perfecting their organization will make a demand for recognition to-day, and say that if they are refused they will tie up the shops completely.

# UNION MEN, ATTENTION

CLARENCE S. DARROW  
LABOR DAY  
Grand Central Palace  
DETAILS NEXT WEEK

# SOCIALISTS OPEN THE CAMPAIGN IN QUEENS

Local Queens County of the Socialist party fired the first gun of the national campaign in Greater New York Saturday evening, thus getting the start of Manhattan and Brooklyn. The speaker of the evening was Joshua Wanhope, gubernatorial candidate of the Socialist party, and Kreuscher's Hall at Ridgewood was densely packed with an enthusiastic audience.

Shortly after 8 o'clock William Burkle opened the meeting with a statement of the object of the gathering and the duties incumbent upon the working class during the present campaign, and after an inspiring rendering of the International Socialist march, by the Young Socialist String Orchestra, Chairman Mark Pelsler presented Mr. Wanhope.

In a speech of about an hour Mr. Wanhope described the existing social conditions and showed that the entire development of present society was toward a realization of the Socialist ideal. The one effective way to hasten this realization and bring about the freedom of the working class was to join the Socialist party, and thus work for complete emancipation.

# FUGITIVE MADE A CANDIDATE.

**PARMA, Italy, Aug. 3.**—As a protest against the arbitrary action of the government during the agricultural strike, the local Socialists have nominated Ambris, the strike leader, who is now a fugitive in Switzerland, as a candidate for the city council in the coming election.

# HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—Men for farm work. Come between 1 and 3 P. M., with grip and clothes. J. E. How, 20 Duane St.

# BOOTS AND SHOES.

**N. LEFKOWITZ, DEALER IN UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES FOR Men, Woman and Children. Repairs Neatly and Quickly Done. 965 COLUMBUS AVENUE, Bet. 107th and 108th Sts.**

# TRIAL SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

To introduce the Evening Call to new readers Special Trial Subscription Rates have been made as follows:

Three Months, 50c  
in clubs of FIVE.

One Month, 15c  
in clubs of TEN.

Trial readers NOW mean PERMANENT readers later on. This is a good opportunity to get your friends to reading The Call. When their Trial Subscriptions Expire, they will be eager to renew at the regular rates.

Special Rates Do Not Apply to New York County.

Subscription blanks and books sent on application. Address all communications to

Subscription Department

# THE EVENING CALL

6 Park Place, New York City

# VEGETABLE SILK

What is it? A new material for hosiery and underwear. THE CALL SUSTAINING FUND DEPARTMENT has secured the local agency. Send your orders. ALL PROFITS TO THE CALL. Men's, Women's and Children's Hosiery, 50c. Place your first order to help the Fund. You will place your second because you like the goods. For description of full line of hosiery and underwear, send for catalog. Address

ANNA A. MALEY, General Collector, The Call Sustaining Fund, 6 Park Place, New York City.

# IGNORANCE.

Teacher—! am surprised that you should have such a bad lesson. George. I expected better things of you.

Pupil—My pa says it is the unexpected that always happens. Funny a teacher didn't know that!—Boston Transcript.

# WE SELL, RENT, REPAIR, EXCHANGE TYPE-WRITERS



WE SELL Tabulating Attachments,

WE SELL Typewriter Supplies,

WE SELL Typewriter Furniture

WE FURNISH Stenographers and Operators

MAY WE SERVE YOU?

# REMINGTON TYPEWRITER COMPANY

(Incorporated) New York and Everywhere.

# SPECIAL CLUBBING OFFER.

Chicago Daily Socialist, 1 year, \$3.00  
The Evening Call, 1 year, 3.00

You may have both papers for \$5.00 by sending your order to The Call, 6 Park Place. No subscriptions taken for Manhattan or Bronx.

# FRIDAY, AUG. 21

IS THE DATE OF THE GREAT

# LABOR AND SOCIALIST DAY

—AT— LUNA PARK, Coney Island.

# WANHOPE TO ADDRESS PAINTERS' UNION TO-NIGHT.

Joshua Wanhope, Socialist candidate for Governor, will address an open meeting of the Painters and Decorators' Union No. 144 to-night at 8 o'clock. The meeting will be held in the large hall of the Labor Temple at 243 East Eighty-fourth street. Union men and women are invited.

TO THE READERS OF THE CALL.  
One of the most effective ways to help The Call is to patronize the advertisers. When making your purchases tell them you saw the ad in The Call.

# THEATRE BENEFIT FOR THE CALL SUSTAINING FUND,

# "The Traveling Salesman" LIBERTY THEATRE

W. 42nd Street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.  
By special arrangement THE CALL SUSTAINING FUND will receive ONE-HALF of the PROCEEDS from seats for "The Traveling Salesman" SOLD THROUGH THE CALL SUSTAINING FUND for all performances (except Aug. 14) during the thirty days from Monday, Aug. 10, to Saturday, Sept. 14.

All of the 50c, 75c and \$1 seats for the OPENING NIGHT, MONDAY, AUG. 10, have been reserved for THE CALL SUSTAINING FUND, and tickets for these seats are on sale at the office of

# THE EVENING CALL, 6 PARK PLACE.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED.

Tickets also on sale at Socialist Party headquarters, 329 E. 14th St.; the New York Volkshaus office, 15 Spruce St.; the Jewish Daily Forward office, 175 E. Broadway; West Side Headquarters, 585 Eighth Ave.; Harlem Socialist Headquarters, 250 W. 125th St.; Rand School, 112 E. 19th St.; Labor Lyceum, 995 Willoughby Ave., Brooklyn.

NOTE.—The Call Sustaining Fund gets no benefit from seats sold for "The Traveling Salesman," at the box office of the Liberty Theatre. Buy tickets at places named above.

# GET YOUR SEATS AT ONCE.

HENRY GREEN, UP-TO-DATE Hatter and Men's Furnisher. OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF MEN'S FURNISHINGS AND STRAW HATS AT REDUCED PRICES. H. GREEN 151 Springfield Ave., Newark, N. J.

# BEST ON EARTH BROTHERHOOD OVERALLS,

Union Made, by a Union Man, for Union Men. H. S. PETERS, Mfr., Dover, N. J. Established 1891. MEMBER OF B. L. F. & E. NO. 8 AND B. L. E. NO. 172. FOR SALE IN NEW YORK CITY: 149 WILLIS AVENUE, 2194 AMSTERDAM AVENUE. 1280 FIRST AVENUE, 109 GREENWICH STREET. FOR SALE IN HOBOKEN, N. J.: 302 WASHINGTON STREET, 450 FIFTH STREET. FOR SALE IN JERSEY CITY, N. J.: 175 PAVONIA AVENUE, 97 OCEAN AVENUE. 681 NEWARK AVENUE, 21-23 NEWARK AVENUE. FOR SALE IN NEWARK, N. J.: 214 MARKET STREET.

TO READERS OF THE CALL.  
To tell a merchant that you patronize him BECAUSE HE ADVERTISES IN THE CALL does the latter more good than the effort of a salaried advertisement solicitor. By doing it you are HANDING US MONEY. Keep this in mind.

Brooklyn Readers OF The Evening Call CAN HAVE THEIR PAPERS DELIVERED THROUGH THE MAIL BY FIVE OR SIX O'CLOCK ON THE DAY OF ISSUE.  
ONE YEAR, \$3.00  
SIX MONTHS, \$1.50  
THREE MONTHS, .75  
ONE MONTH, .25  
Subscribe Now!



# ARMY OF UNEMPLOYED CONTINUES TO GROW

## Three Times as Many Idle Now as in Crisis of 1904.

Lack of employment continues on the increase despite some false promises of the capitalistic papers who use figures to hide the seriousness of the situation. The Bureau of Statistics of the State of New York recently published a report of the labor conditions which existed during the first three months of the year, from Jan. 1 to March 1, throughout the state, showing that period the state's labor forces reported that over 26 per cent., or 301,466 of their membership of 1,142,000, could not find work.

Number and Percentage of Union Laborers Idle.

During First Quarter.	At End March.
No. P.C.	No. P.C.
18,362 24.8	43,054 36.9
18,362 24.8	37,857 31.6
22,858 18.3	31,751 26.5
22,858 18.3	44,238 37.6
26,841 11.2	42,244 35.5
16,778 13.5	36,710 30.6
18,210 14.6	41,043 34.2
21,628 17.6	34,916 29.0
24,746 19.9	37,237 31.0
22,858 18.3	31,751 26.5
101,466 26.3	301,466 26.3

Not only is there an increase of 27.2 per cent. in the crisis of 1904 to 25.7 in the present crisis, but there is a wide difference in the chief cause of idleness. In 1904, for example, the chief cause of lack of employment was the weather instead of shutting down or curtailment in the different industries throughout the state. The following table shows lack of work to be the main cause of idleness, especially this year:

Causes of Idleness at End of March.

Number of members idle for each cause.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.
Due to lack of work.	34,883	28,759	16,719	52,031	123,706
Due to lack of employment.	1,212	1,342	1,397	1,819	370
Due to lack of demand.	28,669	16,005	10,982	15,472	4,064
Due to lack of capital.	23,728	4,814	4,781	3,979	1,573
Due to lack of organization.	2,398	2,942	3,005	3,563	3,811
Due to lack of skill.	1,573	794	552	215	274
Due to lack of health.	362	259	85	100	172
Total.	108,905	54,016	37,237	77,270	138,131

Comparing the two periods it will be noted that out of the 103,995 unemployed in 1904, only 24,685 was due to lack of employment, while this year out of a total of 138,131 idle, 123,706 is due to lack of employment, or an increase of 59,621.

## SOCIALISTS OF KINGS AND QUEENS COUNTIES!

Do you want to increase the circulation of The Call in your counties? If you do, send us the names and addresses of friends whom you consider progressive and who are apt to subscribe to The Call.

We are going to make a thorough canvass of Kings and Queens counties for subscribers, and we want material to start with. If you can furnish us with a membership list of any progressive organization so much the better.

Comrade P. Vlag has been given charge of the canvassing in Kings and Queens. He will work under the direction of the Subscription Department of The Call. All those who wish to act as canvassers, either as volunteers or on commission, should communicate direct with the Subscription Department and their names will be turned over to Comrade Vlag.

Brooklyn readers of The Call can have their papers delivered through the mails by 5 or 6 o'clock on the day of issue. Help us pile up a big list of subscribers in your county.

## BECOMING FRIGHTENED.

Labor is to have a newspaper system covering the entire country. A syndicate has been formed and the enterprise organized. It is said, to the extent of issuing a paper in the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Chicago, St. Louis, Denver and San Francisco. A representative of the syndicate in this city said a few days ago that publication would begin September 1 and that the policy of the company would be one of ultra conservatism, the object being to restrain the labor movement from merging with the more radical socialist element that has been making great inroads on the membership of the unions composing the skilled workers—Washington Star.

## GOLD BRICK MOLDED

(Continued from page 1.)

eral Manager Roosevelt, Cashier Sage and a Mr. Snydstrup—who ever he may be—a majority—with three of the employees, longest in the company's service, who are to be elected by members of the association after the first year. No expense will be attached to the management of the association, and the company will contribute dollar for dollar with the employees.

In conclusion, the circular says: "It is my desire and that of the bondholders in instituting this association and in making the large contributions to the companies to its resources to treat the men as we should ourselves wish to be treated; and I hope that it will convince the men in the employ of the Third Avenue system that they now have a better job than they ever had, and that the men will consequently endeavor to convince us that we are getting better service than we have ever received."

## "THOU SHALT NOT STEAL" SIGNS.

"The signs in the Third Avenue cars—'Thou shalt not steal,' are an insult and a sacrilege," said the Rev. John S. Allen, of the Marble Collegiate Church, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth street, yesterday, in his study, after preaching a stirring sermon on the text, 'He paid the fare.' "I cannot see how any New Yorker with self-respect can stand the outrage. I am as much a law-abiding citizen as any one else; but I would not blame passengers or the men who looted the cars and hung them into the street. If I had them flogged daily in my face I think I should do so."

"New Yorkers are law-abiding. They will stand any amount of injustice. Every one knows the railroad companies have been looted."

"The history of the street railways has been scandalous. I know one man who made \$1,000,000 in a single night. He is a church member. What went into his pockets was taken out of the people, already having a hard struggle to get along."

## Paying for Steals.

"This abrogating of leases seems to be an ingenious device to add on an extra fare. We are paying for the gigantic steals perpetrated in the past."

"The courts have lent themselves to the desires of the railroad officials. The judges are complacent, the lawyers obsequious."

"Putting up these eighth commandment signs is merely adding insult to injury. It is making the divine command a mere joke. Conductors who are not indignant laugh and fold their hands in mock reverence and say that they are going to hold Gospel meetings next."

## Where Sign Should Go.

"I spoke to a number of conductors and passengers, and they all share the common conviction in New York that the principal stealing is not on the cars, but in the offices of the railroad. If the commandment should have been hung at all, its place was in these offices years ago, and not in our street cars."

If Mr. Allen will agree to tear down one sign, The Call believes it can find a volunteer to remove a second.

## MOCK TRIAL AT PARKSIDE TENT.

A mock trial of the capitalist class will be the feature of the Wednesday evening's program at the Parkside Tent of the Christian Socialist Fellowship at Brighton Beach.

Mr. Capitalist will be charged with all the crimes resulting from the rule of his class. Morris Hillquit will be the trial judge, Louis E. Boudin, prosecuting attorney, and Alexander Bacon, counsel for defense. The jury will be impaneled from the audience.

## SOMETHING DIFFERENT.

The Christian Socialist, 3422 Drexel Avenue, Chicago, Ill., is unique among Socialist papers. Thoroughly class-conscious and revolutionary, it is also religious and is making great inroads into the Sunday church. Every wide-awake Socialist and Socialist sympathizer needs it to keep up with the times. Fifty cents per year, three months for fifteen cents. The Christian Socialist and The Daily Call will be sent to any address in the United States (except Manhattan and Bronx Boroughs, New York City) for \$3.00.

# S. E. MOFFETT DROWNED

Samuel E. Moffett, the magazine writer and editor of a department of Collier's Weekly, died Saturday afternoon while bathing in the surf at Normandie-by-the-Sea, N. J., near Seabright. After his body had been recovered physicians agreed that death was caused by a hemorrhage of the brain.

Mr. Moffett, whose home was in Mount Vernon, went to the Normandie Hotel with his wife and two children, and his brother-in-law, Albert E. V. Tallman. He was eager to go in bathing and entered the sea immediately.

Mr. Tallman, who was watching him, saw him throw up his hands suddenly as if in distress. A life-guard plunged into his assistance.

The guard, who had taken a life-preserver along, had started back with Mr. Moffett's body when a big wave struck him and tore Mr. Moffett's body from his arms. Mr. Tallman then grasped a life preserver and swam out with his clothes on. He got Mr. Moffett's body and took it ashore.

Several doctors, who were at the hotel, were hurriedly summoned and decided that the shock of the buffeting waves had caused Mr. Moffett's death.

Mr. Moffett was born in St. Louis in 1860. He was educated at the University of California in 1881-85. He was Washington correspondent of the San Francisco Examiner for two years, and was editorial writer for the Examiner for four years.

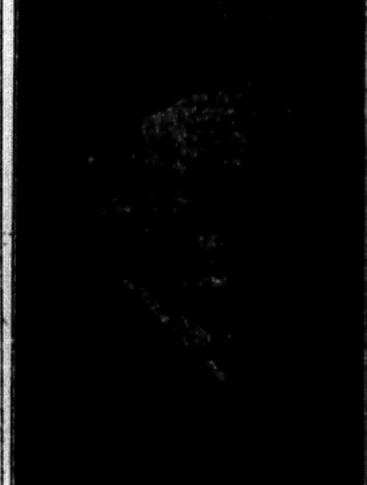
He wrote editorials for the New York Journal from 1897 to 1901 and was managing editor of the Cosmopolitan Magazine in 1902. He was then an editorial writer on the World for two years and since 1904 had been with Collier's Weekly. His specialty was political and social subjects.

The death of Mr. Moffett is a personal bereavement to every one who knew him. More than of other men can it be said of him that the list of his acquaintances was also the list of his friends. None named him but to praise. He was a man upright in character, of a happy temperament and kindly disposition. He was a studious man, with a wide range of knowledge and an exceptional soundness of judgment.

His death is more than a personal loss to his friends. It is a loss to the world which he strove to make better. He was deeply concerned with social questions, and his sympathies and his efforts were ever on the side of labor.

In the more formal acceptance of the word he was not a Socialist. But he was a Socialist in spirit, and the ideas which he held and the ends for which he labored, were identical with those of Socialists the world over.

W. J. G.



## ROBERT HUNTER.

Who Was Nominated for the Assembly from the Sixth District Last Friday.

## PLAYING WITH GUN TOP OF HEAD BLOWN OFF.

York, Pa., Aug. 2.—The seven-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Lord, of Murry Creek Forks, had the top of her head shot off yesterday by her younger brother while playing with an old gun. The parents were away at the time, and the children had been left in the custody of an older sister.

## HAT MAKING AND RESHAPING SHOP.

WALKER, 406 Eighth Avenue, NEW YORK CITY.

# THE WORLD OF LABOR.

The World-Wide Contest to Establish the Fundamental Principle "That Each Worker Has an Undeniable Right to Enjoy the Full Benefit of All That He or She Produces." (By Special Arrangement with the Cleveland Citizen.)

## INDUSTRIAL.

Candidate Taft, in his letter of acceptance, bluntly informs the working people that he will not concede the justice of a jury trial in contempt cases, despite the constitutional provision that no citizen shall be robbed of his liberty without a trial by a jury of his peers. Taft is to be commended for his frankness. He realizes that his class has an advantage over the workers and he intends to hold the vantage point no matter what the constitution says. At the same time his charge that the Democratic anti-injunction plank is a straddle is correct. It is worse—it is a surrender.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' International Union makes claim that its system of 25 cents per week dues saves it from the fear of strikes and in such emergency does away with the necessity of calling upon sister crafts for financial aid. High dues also enable the union to prosecute more successfully its campaign for the union stamp. The boot and shoe workers have \$100,000 in bank.

Labor unions not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor have a membership of about 500,000, making the membership of all the labor unions in the United States about 3,000,000.

Ship carpenters at Aberdeen, Wash., have gone on strike against the open shop.

Billy Stiff, ex-prizefighter and right-hand man of Curry, the "hero" of Chicago strikes, has turned evangelist and is preaching the gospel on the streets of Chicago. Most of the strike-breakers in Chicago are sleeping in the Illinois Central and other railroad yards, with no job in sight. Some of them are in the breadline for vagrancy. The kind 'open shop' masters having 'used' them don't care whether they are dead or alive. And who will say that they are not treated as they deserve?

Acting upon the advice of Secretary Edward A. Moseley, the Interstate Commerce Commission has issued a rule to the effect that none but union men shall receive appointments as inspectors under the safety appliance act.

According to a German physician, Dr. Horn, miners age so rapidly because of their unhygienic surroundings, that they present all the aspects of senile decay at the age of 50, beyond which few are able to ply their vocation.

## POLITICAL.

The Toledo Union Leader gives a tabulated statement of the referendum vote taken by the unions in that city upon the political proposition. There were two questions submitted. One read: "Shall the unions nominate a state legislative ticket only? The vote was 563 yes and 380 no. The second question read: "Shall the unions endorse the Socialist state legislative ticket?" Result was 1,070 yes and 310 no. The unions followed up their action by appointing a committee to work with the Socialist party committee to elect the ticket.

At the recent general synod of the Reformed Church, which is said to have nearly 1,000,000 adherents, held at York, Pa., a committee of five was appointed to make a thorough investigation of Socialism and the Christian Socialist Fellowship during the coming year and make a detailed report at the next conference.

Municipal elections were held in some of the cities in Italy, which the Associated Press overlooked to report as "Socialist defeats," probably for the reason that in Turin the Socialists won 14 out of 27 seats and gains in many other smaller. When the Associated

## Press does not report at least once a week that Socialism is smashed somewhere something's wrong.

The official returns of the recent election in Finland have just been made public and show that the total Socialist vote reaches 231,072. The next largest party is that of the Old Finns, casting 156,805 votes. The Young Finns have 82,700 votes to their credit and the Swedes received 80,008. As the Socialists will largely control the new Parliament, it is believed the Czar will apply the iron heel by abolishing that body, as he will have no Socialism in his—just like many other workmen in this country.

The labor press is teeming with articles on Socialism in every issue. The Locomotive Firemen's Magazine, the Switchmen's Journal, the Metal Polishers' Journal, the Amalgamated (iron and steel workers) Journal, Pattern-makers' Journal, Machinists' Journal, Bakers' Journal, Brewers' Journal, Painters' Journal and many other publications of international unions are giving considerable space to articles on various phases of the Socialist movement, while scores of the weekly papers are devoting regular departments to the same cause. The rank and file are beginning to demand a hearing for the working class movement that is sweeping around the world and which has been neglected too long in this country.

Recently the trade unions and Socialist organizations of South Africa held a convention at Johannesburg and decided to take political action along British lines. The workers already have three representatives in the Transvaal Parliament and the indications are that the number will be largely increased at the next general elections. Now here in America only the old parties know what to do—and how to do—the working class.

## MR. DOOLEY ON FAME.

"Mr. Dooley," who is writing exclusively for the American Magazine, is in the August number of that periodical with an article on "General Grant and the Facts of History." After dealing humorously with Taft's speech about Grant as a drinker, Mr. Dooley continues: "I put down in that by these great men with principal facts about them: "Alexander the Great: drunk an' disorderly. "Julius Caesar: gambling; women; he put perfume on his hair. "Saint Augustine: disreputable youth. "Napoleon Bonaparte: he had epileptic fits. "William Pitt: drunkard; highway robber. "Lord Byron (if I have the name right): drunkard; women; gambling; prize-fighting; chicken-fights; dog-fights; had a game leg. "Tommy Moore, author iv 'Let Erin Remember: toady. "George Washington: 'How did he catch th' cold that kilt him?' says Logan. 'Tell me that.' "Benjamin Franklin: Whisper! So-an'-so-an'-so. "Andrew Jackson: he eident spell, an' his wife smook a corncob pipe. "Abraham Lincoln: — "Stop there," says I. "Ye've gone far enough," says I. "I have not a personal acquaintance with any iv th' gentlemen ye've mentioned, but I'll bet ye're wrong. Ye can't tell me that anybody who was full iv rum ever conkered th' world, or that a man that had so many other in-thrustin' pursuits as Lord Byron wud ever have time to write poetry. Any more insinuations against George Wash'n'ton or Andrew Jackson I'll take as personal. Ye can gossip about th' living as much as ye want, say I. "Say what ye please about Hinkley or Donahue an' I'll agree with ye an' take ye down to their houses to repeat it, an' I'll stand by to give ye th' first aid to th' injured. Ye can gossip here, ye can swear an' tell tough stories. But I've got to draw th' line somewhere. This is a respectable saloon, an' I'll not have history or biography repeated in this place," says I. "Th' th' penalty iv fame," said Mr. Hennessy. "Th' th' ye," said Mr. Dooley. "Fame is always playin' April Fool tricks with th' great. It pins a gold medal on th' chest iv th' hero, an' as he struts down th' street he little knows that it has hung a sign on his coat tails sayin': 'Please kick me.'"

# Picnic and Summer Nights Festival OF THE ARBEITER TURNER BUND OF THE N.O.ST.OF.N.A.

TO BE HELD AT H. Krobel's Boulevard Park WEST HOBOKEN, N. J. ON SUNDAY, AUGUST 9, 1908 Gymnastic Exhibition and Athletic Games. Prize Bowling, Dancing, Commencing at 2 P. M. Tickets in Advance, 10c.; at the Gate, 25c.

## Underwear to Fit

Fat, Short or any Size Man

### Men's and Ladies' Furnishings, Waiters' Outfit and Overalls

UNION MADE

AT GUARANTEED LOWEST PRICES. Any Goods Not Right or Don't Fit, Please Bring Back.

**SIG. KLEIN**, 50 Third Avenue, 20th St. And Amsterdam. YE OLDE RELIABLE STORE.

REGISTERED TRADE MARK

## GENUINE Waterproof LITHOLIN

Collars, 25c. each. Cuffs, 50c. pair.

MOST SENSIBLE COLLAR TO WEAR, DON'T WILT, LOOKS LIKE LINEN, WEARS BETTER, AND YOU CLEAN IT IN A MINUTE.

CLEANING SOAP FREE WITH IT

Front 1 1/2 Back 1 1/2

Front 2 1/2 Back 2 1/2

Front 3 1/2 Back 3 1/2

Front 4 1/2 Back 4 1/2

Front 5 1/2 Back 5 1/2

Front 6 1/2 Back 6 1/2

Front 7 1/2 Back 7 1/2

Front 8 1/2 Back 8 1/2

Front 9 1/2 Back 9 1/2

Front 10 1/2 Back 10 1/2

Front 11 1/2 Back 11 1/2

Front 12 1/2 Back 12 1/2

Front 13 1/2 Back 13 1/2

Front 14 1/2 Back 14 1/2

Front 15 1/2 Back 15 1/2

Front 16 1/2 Back 16 1/2

Front 17 1/2 Back 17 1/2

Front 18 1/2 Back 18 1/2

Front 19 1/2 Back 19 1/2

Front 20 1/2 Back 20 1/2

Front 21 1/2 Back 21 1/2

Front 22 1/2 Back 22 1/2

Front 23 1/2 Back 23 1/2

Front 24 1/2 Back 24 1/2

Front 25 1/2 Back 25 1/2

Front 26 1/2 Back 26 1/2

Front 27 1/2 Back 27 1/2

Front 28 1/2 Back 28 1/2

Front 29 1/2 Back 29 1/2

Front 30 1/2 Back 30 1/2

Front 31 1/2 Back 31 1/2

Front 32 1/2 Back 32 1/2

Front 33 1/2 Back 33 1/2

Front 34 1/2 Back 34 1/2

Front 35 1/2 Back 35 1/2

Front 36 1/2 Back 36 1/2

Front 37 1/2 Back 37 1/2

Front 38 1/2 Back 38 1/2

Front 39 1/2 Back 39 1/2

Front 40 1/2 Back 40 1/2

Front 41 1/2 Back 41 1/2

Front 42 1/2 Back 42 1/2

Front 43 1/2 Back 43 1/2

Front 44 1/2 Back 44 1/2

Front 45 1/2 Back 45 1/2

Front 46 1/2 Back 46 1/2

Front 47 1/2 Back 47 1/2

Front 48 1/2 Back 48 1/2

Front 49 1/2 Back 49 1/2

Front 50 1/2 Back 50 1/2

Front 51 1/2 Back 51 1/2

Front 52 1/2 Back 52 1/2

Front 53 1/2 Back 53 1/2

Front 54 1/2 Back 54 1/2

Front 55 1/2 Back 55 1/2

Front 56 1/2 Back 56 1/2

Front 57 1/2 Back 57 1/2

Front 58 1/2 Back 58 1/2

Front 59 1/2 Back 59 1/2

Front 60 1/2 Back 60 1/2

Front 61 1/2 Back 61 1/2

Front 62 1/2 Back 62 1/2

Front 63 1/2 Back 63 1/2

Front 64 1/2 Back 64 1/2

Front 65 1/2 Back 65 1/2

Front 66 1/2 Back 66 1/2

Front 67 1/2 Back 67 1/2

Front 68 1/2 Back 68 1/2

Front 69 1/2 Back 69 1/2

Front 70 1/2 Back 70 1/2

Front 71 1/2 Back 71 1/2

Front 72 1/2 Back 72 1/2

Front 73 1/2 Back 73 1/2

Front 74 1/2 Back 74 1/2

Front 75 1/2 Back 75 1/2

Front 76 1/2 Back 76 1/2

Front 77 1/2 Back 77 1/2

Front 78 1/2 Back 78 1/2

Front 79 1/2 Back 79 1/2

Front 80 1/2 Back 80 1/2

Front 81 1/2 Back 81 1/2

Front 82 1/2 Back 82 1/2

Front 83 1/2 Back 83 1/2

Front 84 1/2 Back 84 1/2

Front 85 1/2 Back 85 1/2

Front 86 1/2 Back 86 1/2

Front 87 1/2 Back 87 1/2

Front 88 1/2 Back 88 1/2

Front 89 1/2 Back 89 1/2

Front 90 1/2 Back 90 1/2

Front 91 1/2 Back 91 1/2

Front 92 1/2 Back 92 1/2

Front 93 1/2 Back 93 1/2

Front 94 1/2 Back 94 1/2

Front 95 1/2 Back 95 1/2

Front 96 1/2 Back 96 1/2

Front 97 1/2 Back 97 1/2

Front 98 1/2 Back 98 1/2

Front 99 1/2 Back 99 1/2

Front 100 1/2 Back 100 1/2

SIG. KLEIN, 50 THIRD AVE., near 10th St., NEW YORK.

"Ye Olde Reliable Store"

ORDERS BY MAIL SENT ALL OVER U. S. SEND STAMPS OR CHANGE.

## "WHO IS GOING TO ANSWER THIS MAN?"

The editorial bearing this title which appeared in The Call of Saturday, July 25, has awakened such widespread comment and occasioned such a demand for that issue that we have decided to publish the editorial in leaflet form.

An editorial in the Evening Journal asked a question. The Call answered it—in the only way it could logically be answered. The result was a clear, forceful and illuminating dissection of the Unemployed situation—THE MOST ACUTE SOCIAL PROBLEM CONFRONTING THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Everybody is interested in the Unemployed question, because EVERYBODY IS AFFECTED BY IT. In that question is involved the whole issue of SOCIALISM versus CAPITALISM.

The Call editorial makes this so clear that no one can fail to understand it. ITS ARGUMENT IS IREFUTABLE—ITS APPEAL IRRESISTIBLE.

This leaflet should be circulated by the million. It will convince because its presentation of facts cannot be escaped from. Nothing better could be circulated on behalf of the cause of Socialism in this momentous campaign year.

Sent Postpaid to any Address for  
\$1.50 for 1,000  
\$7.00 for 5,000  
\$4.50 for 3,000  
\$12.00 for 10,000

NOTE CHANGE OF PRICES.

ORDER AT ONCE FROM

THE EVENING CALL,

SIX PARK PLACE, NEW YORK CITY.

To whom all remittances should be made payable.

## Our Daily Puzzle.



This is the year for candidates On which conventions thrive, But fixed remain this candy date, December twenty-five, Find his father.

Solution to Thursday's puzzle.

Solution to Friday's puzzle.

2%	4%	8%	7%
4%	8%	4%	8%
7%	2%	7%	2%
8%	7%	2%	4%



BUSINESS CHATS WITH OUR READERS NO. 1. LOOK HERE

THIS SPACE FOR SALE

The Call is a very good advertising medium because it has a large circulation in this city and the suburbs. Besides, it is read from the first page to the last with greater care and interest than any other daily paper.

We want more advertising and you are going to get it. Will you help us? If you are engaged in business, or any occupation that requires publicity, use The Call to promote your business.

SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY RATE For August and September.

Table with 2 columns: Quantity of ads, Price per line. Includes rates for 1 line, 2 lines, 3 lines, 4 lines, 5 lines, 6 lines, 7 lines, 8 lines, 9 lines, 10 lines.

SOCIALIST SPEAKER AGAIN ANNOYED

It is very evident that the "powers that be" are well aware of the rapid progress that the teachings of Socialism are making among the working people, and are determined to annul the preachers of discontent as much as possible without actually rendering themselves liable for damages.

NOT ALWAYS

The feathers do not always make the bird. Sometimes they make a little goose.—Dallas News.



A WARM MEMBER

Mr. Pepper—Yes, I was the mustard. Mr. Pennington—Geo. but he's hot.

Socialist Meetings for This Week.

- Monday Night. 4th A. D.—N. E. cor. Jackson and Monroe streets. Speakers: M. Price, Tim Murphy. Tuesday Night. 1st A. D.—N. W. cor. Leroy and Hudson streets. Speakers: Jack Britt Gearty, Thomas Potter. Wednesday Night. 2d A. D.—N. W. cor. Market and Monroe streets. Speakers: Wm. Karlin, J. J. Balam.

HALLS.

Notice to Unions and Progressive Organizations.

NEW LEUTONIA HALL AND ANNEX, COR. HARRISON AVE., ARTIE T AND GERRY STS., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

A. ROSENBERG, Prop. Tel. 1233-Williamsburg. A. Zarichison S. Grotzky Telephone 4715 Orchard

Grand Palace Hall

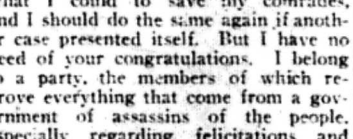
LARGE HALL For Balls, Weddings, Parties, Societies, Receptions, and Large Meeting Rooms. 302-304-306 GRAND ST. Cor. Entrance 73 Allen St., New York. Fine Catering.

PHILADELPHIANS HAVE SUCCESSFUL PICNIC

On Saturday afternoon, August 1, the Socialists of Philadelphia and their friends, turned out in force to attend the second annual picnic held by Local Philadelphia, Socialist party.

WORKINGMAN REJECTS GOVERNMENT HONOR.

The spirit of defiance which animates many French union men in their relations with the Clemenceau Ministry is well illustrated by the following incident: Simon Pierris, a union miner and a Socialist, was employed at Courrières in March, 1906, when the awful catastrophe took place which cost nearly a thousand lives.



AN EARTHLY PARADISE.

Morocco, we learned from a consular report, has a choice climate, fine scenery, great wealth of earth and sea and sky, vast supplies of precious metals, and the soil has never been more than scratched by the crude wooden plows of the people.

AMUSEMENTS.

- GRAND STREET THEATRE. Cor. Grand and Christie sts. Matinee Mon., Wed. and Sat. A. H. Woods presents the Big Show, CONVICT 999. Popular prices, 15 to 30 cents. LIBERTY THEATRE. 432 St., bet 7th & 8th Aves. Management Henry B. Harris. Opens August 10th. THE TRAVELING SALESMAN. By James Forbes.



LONG TO BE REMEMBERED. Ethel—How did you like the new minister, Maud? Maud—He made an indelible impression on me. Ethel—How so? Maud—He emptied a cup of tea on to my new white silk dress.

ADVERTISING RATES

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING, except Situations Wanted (no display type), 3 cents per line. Six words to the line. DISPLAY ADVERTISING, 10 cents per square line (14 lines to the inch). Discounts for time and space.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

\$ EARN MONEY \$ While learning to be an Advertising Solicitor, I will give you points and chance to earn while learning by commissions on this and other publications. Cost of instruction \$5. Address: J. F. FAIRMAN, THE AD. MAN, 311 Chauncey St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

HARRY THE COUPON KING. I pay a high price for all kinds of coupons and trading stamps; cigar store certificates bought and sold; stamps and coupons given for old rubber shoes. 45 Willoughby St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

I WANT YOU TO KNOW ABOUT AN invention which I have made and which is worth millions. Send me six cents and I will tell you about it. A. G. Baker, Albion, Mich.

BARBERS. NOTICE!

Co-operative Union Barber Shops of the Striking Barber Workers are in 17 Avenue C, corner Second street, and 126 Ludlow street. No tips are taken there. Comrades patronize all the union shops.

Office of the Barbers' Union, 151 Clinton St. Telephone 1933 Orchard.

COMRADES! COMRADES! PATRONIZE S. SONNENSCHEIN'S Union Barber Shop (in the basement), 84 E. Fourth street, near 2d ave. Call always on hand.

INSURANCE.

If you want to secure any form of Life Insurance, write or consult Comrade J. A. WEIL, 89 Hiram St., Brooklyn.

WANTED

TWO SOCIALISTS

A Socialist mail-order house wants two energetic young comrades with from \$500 to \$2,000 each, to assist in the incorporation and management of a growing mail-order business: a liberal salary to the right parties; you can handle your own money and have equal share in the profits. We have the best mail-order plan that has been originated in years, perfectly legitimate, and every dollar spent with our house aids the Socialist movement. We need more capital to advertise our goods and enlarge our line, and offer this opportunity for you to become actively interested in a business that has for a prospective customer every Socialist in the United States. Write for our catalogue and proposition.

OFFICE SUPPLY CO., 60 WAB... A E. C. HICAGO, ROOM 601.

FOR LADIES ONLY \$1.00 "Bellin's Wonderstone"

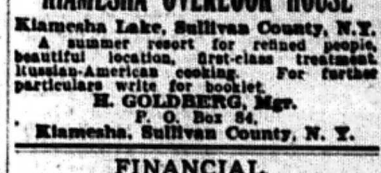
Before Using For the removal of superfluous hair from the face or lips, causing no irritation or inflammation to the skin. Leaves no trace; very simple to apply; results are seen immediately. If not as represented money returned without a question. PRICE, \$1.00. City or Country. For Sale by CHAS. H. BELLIN, Reliable Druggist, 161 East Broadway Cor. Rutgers St., New York.

LEGAL NOTICE.

CITY COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK. Mary Solari, plaintiff, vs. Charles Abrenfeld Estate, of the City of New York, et al., defendants. In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date June 15, 1908, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will set at public auction, at the Exchange Sale Rooms, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on August 12, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon, by heretofore as known, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All the right, title and interest which the defendants Albert V. Wuytsack, John Duda, and their or either of their assigns, and Bohemian United Society, and its successors, have or had since March 26, 1908, in all that certain lot of land, with the improvements thereon, situated in Bronx Borough, New York City, described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of 166th Street, distant 97 and 59-100 feet from the corner of said street, and southerly side of 166th Street, and easterly side of Park avenue; running thence southerly, at right angles to 166th Street, 228 and 24-100 feet; thence northerly 263 and 165-100 feet to southerly side of 166th Street; and thence westerly, along southerly side of 166th Street, 50 feet to place of beginning, and known as Nos. 428 and 430 East 166th Street. Dated New York, July 17, 1908. ALFRED H. TOWNLEY, Referee. BERNARD K. KELLY, Attorney for Plaintiff, 915 Brook Avenue, Bronx Borough, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



SUMMER BOARD.

KIAMESHA OVERLOOK HOUSE Kiamesha Lake, Sullivan County, N. Y. A summer resort for refined people, beautiful location, first-class treatment, luxurious dining, and a large and comfortable garage. For further particulars write for booklet. H. GOLDBERG, Mgr., Kiamesha, Sullivan County, N. Y.

FINANCIAL.

BISHOP CREEK GOLD.

We make a specialty of the BISHOP CREEK STAMPS and offer at a bargain BISHOP CREEK GOLD, BISHOP CREEK GOLD POOLED, BISHOP CREEK EXTENSION, BRITISH GUAYANA GOLD.

STATIONERS.

Socialist motto envelopes, 25¢ for 15¢ postpaid. Address West, 204 W. 114th St.

PROGRESSIVE BOOK STORE.

Stationery For Organizations Supplied in Order.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

A man to call upon doctors and medical students, steady or as a side line. Salary, 125 Grand St.

Manager wanted for the Labor Temple, 243-247 East 84th street; must be thoroughly experienced and reliable, and also speak and write German. Send application, including references, writing before August 10 to W. Kandler, Secretary.

Sell campaign and buggy whips and badges; 100 per cent profit; samples free. H. Brigham, Westfield, Mass.

Energetic men to devote part or all of their time to the real estate business; experience unnecessary. Call mornings, Room 504, August F. Wegener, 122 Nassau St.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Salesman—Young man (21) having few years' experience as salesman, traveling and in store, desires position at samples good references. Walter Gutman, 133 West 116th St.

Painter and paperhanger, reliable, sober mechanic, with large family, would like to get work on estate or as janitor, or would take flat in exchange for good work. Address B. V. E., Box 101, The Call.

Boy, 16, German-American, ambitious, honest, would like to run errands; butcher, grocery, taker, etc.; would like to learn trade, baker preferred. Chas. Schaefer, 165 E. 166th St., care V. Eschenbach.

Driver, strong, wishes work, anything, city or Brooklyn. Anthony Massoni, 22 Mulberry street.

A well educated, neat appearing, intelligent, temperate and active young man, 25, wishes clerical or outdoor position; can typewrite; have first-class references. Box 8, Call office.

Young man, 26, wishes position at anything; four years' experience as machinist; first-class on sewing machines; understands electrical work; best of references. H. Moeser, 242 Nassau Avenue, Brooklyn.

Druggist, Junior, 7 years experience, first-class prescriptionist, wishes position for any salary, best reference. Address H. Cooper, 163 Allen st.

Young man, party member, wants work of any kind; handy man; good driver. Address HANDY, Care Evening Call.

Boy 17, wishes position at anything; can draw. Apply Max Franklin, 94 Ludlow Street, New York City.

Young man, 19, wishes position at anything; can furnish very best of references. S. care The Call.

Brick layer and mason, first-class mechanic, can take charge and lay out work, desires any kind of work; city or out of town. Address M. Margolen, 1773 Prospect place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Carpet layer wants job; first class all around. Address Union, The Call.

UNION GOODS DIRECTORY

- BOOTS AND SHOES. The Bates Shoe... 176 Duane St. Menic Shoe Co... 129 Myrtle av. Wm. Davis... Fulton & Washington P. McDonough... 149 Myrtle ave. CIGARS. Manhatan. Johns & Brunhober, 1604 Ave. A. bet. 84th & 85th Sts. CLOTHING. Manhatan. Blum & Co... 117 Canal st. Richards Co... 422 6th Ave. HATS. Manhatan. Hawes Hat Co... 633 Broadway. MEN'S FURNISHINGS. Manhatan. Sig. Klein... 86 3d ave. RESTAURANTS. Manhatan. Klein's (Hungarian), 86th St & 86 Ave. Manhattan Lunch... 2918 8th ave. BARBERS. Manhatan. R. Schramm (German-American), Third Ave., bet. 7th & 76th St. Chas. F. Kreisel... 405 East 73d St. Joseph Quartararo... 3046 Fulton st.

Walters' Union

Branch "A" of Local 8, 85 East 4th St., New York City, Telephone 3884.

When Purchasing Tobacco or Cigarettes ALWAYS DEMAND



This Label of the T. W. I. U.

DENTISTS.

The Houston Dentists

249 Eldridge Street, Cor. E. Houston. Painless Extraction Only 25c. FINEST CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK. Partial Payments Taken.

ESTABLISHED, 1868. Dr. JOHN MUTH, DENTIST,

61 2D AVE., Bet. 3D AND 4TH STS. Bridgework, Fillings, as well as all operations painlessly performed. Telephone 3967-79th.

DR. A. CARR, Dentist.

123 E. 84th St., near Lexington Ave. Tel. 540-L Harlem.

Dr. S. BERLIN, DENTIST.

22 East 106th St., New York.

DR. CHARLES CHESB, Surgeon Dentist,

23 Avenue C, New York City.

DR. ELIZABETH S. HORWITZ, DENTIST.

1420 Fifth Avenue, Cor. 116th St. NEW YORK.

BRONX, ATTENTION! DR. PH. LEWIN, SURGEON DENTIST,

Address: 511 EAST 145TH STREET, BRONX.

DENTISTS—Brooklyn.

DR. A. RITT, Dentist,

1621 Pitkin Ave., corner Hopkinoos, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dr. L. LEVITT, Surgeon Dentist, 66-68 Graham Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone 897-J Williamsburg.

Dr. JACOB F. LIEF, Dental Surgeon, 99 McKibben St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Dr. J. ROLNICK, Surgeon Dentist, 18 Varet St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

Large, elegant front room; suitable for two; all conveniences; \$4.50; references. 127 West Ninety-seventh st. Gentlemen, Ladies or Married Couple. Mrs. Werner, 216 East 126th street, ground flat. 470 Second St., Brooklyn.—Large and small furnished rooms; Park slope, between Sixth and Seventh Aves.; good neighborhood; prices reasonable. Extra large front parlor, suitable for dentist; 100 feet east of Williamsburg Bridge Plaza, 273 E 8th st., Brooklyn. Large, light commodious rooms with all improvements. Two in family. Carr, 153 E 84th St., City. Furnished room, light bath; reasonable rent. 9 W. 157th. L. Lipschitz



# THE HEARST CONVENTION.

THE HEARST CONVENTION. MEMBER OF INDEPENDENCE PARTY.

In telling the story of the Hearst convention, logic and justice alike demand that we first tell you why Willie Hearst selected Chicago as his Convention City. You see, in the Chicago election, which came off in the fall of 1907, there was nothing else than of independence—polled a vote of 40,000 in the election which came off in the same city last April the league polled 12,000 votes. That's why our great nation and statesman "Joves" Chicago and selected that city as the fit place to launch and give to the nation his new Independence party. The convention began without wasting time. The temporary chairman, Willie Hearst, made the "keynote" speech, and the different committees were appointed. Loyal and inspiring enthusiasm marked the proceedings from the hour the doors were thrown open until the gavel fell at the close of the two-day session of the historic assemblage.

**Mr. Hearst's Speech.**  
The two minutes the hall rocked with the plaudits of the throng, and then Willie Hearst delivered a speech that pretty nearly lifts the lion of the clothes line. Mr. Hearst's speech, which he modestly calls the "keynote" of the Independence party, had the tone of self-re-

ism on the one hand and Sansculottism on the other.

**Gloats Over His Victims.**  
Gloating over his fallen foe, the "cockroaches," the "hermit crabs," and the political "jackdaws," Willie looked like David, who so greatly achieved the over-confident Goliath—as he squeaked, look at me and my achievements. He told in the most thrilling manner of his great battles with the Captain Kidds and highway-men of high finance, and of his glorious victories over the rapacious plutocrats. Said Willie, "when I sounded the 'Clarion Call' in 1907, what happened? Didn't I relegate to the rear the political ringsters? The Pat McCarrons, Bill Sheehans, Tom Taggart, Belmonts, Murphys, Ryans are myths." Willie Hearst not only exterminated them, but relegated to the rear. These men are not alive. They are dead and don't know it. Willie exterminated them, and it must be so—for Hearst "is an honorable man." Said Willie, "when I was running for Governor of New York I was bad man from Wall Street called upon me and offered to contribute \$100,000 to my campaign fund. I told that bad, bad man, 'take back your gold, for gold can never buy me'—that I would not enter office pledged to bring about great reforms, as many

of the platform amid continual billows of noise. There was absolute harmony, and not a jarring note was heard throughout the many hours the convention was in session. Of course, when Delegate Brown, of Oregon, rose and offered the following resolution. "Resolved, That this is to be a free convention, unbound by any authority but its own. Any delegate has the right to offer the name of any candidate whom he may see fit without let or hindrance for the consideration of the convention." Mr. Howard ruled Delegate Brown out of order. Then, again, when Delegate Sheppard, from Kansas, tried to nominate a candidate without Willie's O. K. he was plied from the platform and expelled from the national committee of the Independence party. Judge Seabury, of New York City, was also cast out with the traitor's brand upon his forehead—the judge, poor man, thought delegates ought to have the right to express their preference for a candidate. This, you see, was an independent convention, and fools with old-fogy ideas like that had to be thrown out. Our platform adopted at Chicago covers the whole field of human activity, and we hope to rally around our standard the man in the moon, as well as 10,000,000 Martians. P. S.—The office boys formed a union and passed resolutions to support the Willie Hearst ticket.



straint and calm. The great patriot and statesman managed to say, first and last, that he does want a considerable amount of revolution, but he is careful to say that he is in no hurry. He is willing to move along at all ways that will not alarm anybody, and upon the whole, prefers reason to blood, and will take his omelette without the breaking of eggs, if the thing can possibly be managed. Willie paraded before us in review the great men—the Immortals—great in thought, or speech, or action. We once more saw mighty movements of great people. We could again see the revolutionary patriots meet at Independence Hall in Philadelphia and declare to all the world that all men are created equal." We saw the country Jefferson, the resourceful Lincoln and the great Lincoln. We saw the nation in its birth-struggle and pain in the times of these great men. Yes, my son, it was a great speech. It was a success. It thrilled me like Shelley's rhapsody on "The Clouds," like Coleridge lifting his voice in the Hymn in the "Vale of Chamouni." It was Burns wringing his hands in grief for "Mary in Heaven," oh, it was—like Mirabeau in the Assembly, denouncing Bourbon-

office-seeking demagogues nowadays do. No, not I! Not all the money in Wall Street would influence my attitude towards it." Truly, these are the words of a patriot. Willie says all this in so—and Hearst "is an honorable man." Suddenly Willie's face took on a sublime look, his body grew heroic in size as he squealed "A man is known by the company he keeps." Ah, the electrical effect those thrilling words had upon us delegates, who were squatted patiently as the dog in the advertisements of phonographs, was wonderful.

**Hearst Always a Patriot.**  
As we heard our master's voice we knew he never had been guilty of keeping company with Ryan, Belmont, Murphy, McCarran and Conners. We knew he never had taken to his bosom and heart Odell, Woodruff, Parsons and Harriman. Willie concluded his speech by favoring the Fresh Air fund, liberal contributions to Home and Foreign Missions, larger circulation of Hearst newspapers and more advertising at \$7 an inch. He opposed Vivisection, Race Suicide and the Yellow Peril. As the great patriot and statesman finished he left

## THE NEW THEATRE.

The New Theatre, which has been moving along quietly for some time now with a full quota of founders and officers, but no executive staff, has supplied that deficiency. The staff consists of Winthrop Ames, director; Lee Shubert, business manager, and John Corbin, literary manager. Mr. Ames is a Bostonian, a graduate of Harvard, and a student of dramatic literature, acting and stagecraft. In conjunction with Lorin F. Deland he leased and conducted for four years the Castle Square Theatre in Boston. During this period the Castle Square was occupied by a stock company and weekly changes of bill were offered. An attempt was

made to bring this "popular" form of entertainment to a higher intellectual level and to enlist the interest of cultivated people. At the close of the four-year term opera of the kind that has made the name of Castle Square famous succeeded the spoken drama at that playhouse.

Mr. Shubert is the senior member of one of the best known firms of theatrical managers in the country. His connection with the New Theatre, it is stated, is entirely separate from the enterprises of his firm, but he will give the New Theatre the benefit of his acknowledged business ability and wide experience in theatrical affairs.

Mr. Corbin, a native of Chicago, graduated from Harvard and then pursued studies in the English drama at Balliol College, Oxford. His English

experiences bore fruit in a number of plays, among them "An American at Oxford," in which the life of the venerable English university is described and explained from the point of view of an American college man. Later Mr. Corbin taught English at Harvard, but in time gave up an academic career to enter magazine work in New York. He is widely known as a dramatic critic and has also written novels. The policy of the New Theatre as now set forth, does not differ materially from the policy frequently outlined in the past. The theatre is to be devoted to the production of dramas—not musical comedies, spectacles, or the like—varied by a performance or two a week of the lighter operas from the repertory of the Metropolitan Opera House, given by the company from that house. The

## The Changing Style.



WHITE LINGERIE FROCKS FOR SMALL MAIDENS.

When the little maiden of high society accepts an invitation to an afternoon party, or even to a very small and very early evening dance, she knows that the question of what frock shall be worn is readily decided. In fact, most of her elaborate costumes are of white embroidery. These are composed of extremely wide floun-

ings of narrow ruffles joined to form both skirt and blouse, of allovers or of bandings. Sometimes applications, frillings and insertions of valenciennes or chunx are added. These frocks are worn over white, pale rose, blue or maize taffeta or lawn slips, and they always match the shade of the party wash, shoulder knots and hair ribbons.

novel features of "Three Twins," at the Herald Square Theatre, are forcing big laughter and applause from large audiences. On account of the unusual success of this production, it will continue indefinitely at that house.

Joseph Brooks arrived Friday on the Baltic after an absence of three months in Europe, looking over the theatrical field and taking the waters at Carlsbad. He was accompanied by Mrs. Brooks and his daughter, Miss Virginia Brooks, who has been taking an art course in Paris. Mr. Brooks' most important capture abroad was the engagement of Joseph O'Mara, the great Irish tenor and dramatic singer, who will tour America in "Peggy Machree," an Irish comedy with music, under the direction of Brooks & Dingwall.

The "Yama Yama Girls," and other

theatre. It goes to Weber's Theatre August 17.

Donald Gallaher has been engaged by Klaw & Erlanger to play the leading role, that of the boy, in "A Mountain Boy," the new play by Pauline Phelps and Marion Short, which is to have an early fall production. Master Gallaher, he is only nine years old, will be the youngest "leading man" on the American stage next season. He made his first success in this city in "The Little Princess." He was then only five years old. The next season he played in the company headed by Eleanor Robson, remaining in the support of that charming star until the close of last season.

But a fortnight more remains of the record-breaking engagement of "Paid in Full" at Wagenhals & Kemper's Astor

## INSTRUCTION.

**BRONX PREPARATORY SCHOOL,**  
480 East 112nd Street.  
Heidemann-Bryan-Southern's COLLEGE PREPARATORY, 157 West 97th Street.  
Preparatory Class (English, Latin, Mathematics), six weekly evening lessons, begins September 10; \$5 monthly.

**PIANO LESSONS**  
TUNING  
By Professional Teacher  
And Expert Tuner.  
Address  
**PROF. J. CHANT LIPES,**  
880 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

**THE RAND SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCE**  
112 EAST 10TH STREET.  
Telephone: 778 Gramercy.

**AN INSTITUTION FOR THE TEACHING OF SOCIAL SCIENCE FROM THE STANDPOINT OF SOCIALISM.**

**CLASSES (EVENINGS AND SUNDAY AFTERNOONS) AND FREE LECTURES (SUNDAY MORNINGS AT 11 O'CLOCK) FROM SEPTEMBER TO MAY.**

**NEW TERM BEGINS LAST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER.**

**THE RAND SCHOOL LIBRARY IS OPEN FROM 9 A. M. TO 7 P. M. (SUNDAYS INCLUDED). AFTER AUGUST 15, OPEN UNTIL 10 P. M.**

**VISITORS ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO CALL.**  
The new bulletin will be out about September 1. For printed matter and other information address  
**W. J. GHENT, Secretary.**

**PUBLICATIONS.**  
**Books of MARXIAN SOCIALISM**

It is a waste of time to read or to circulate books that give confused ideas of socialism, so that the reader is obliged later to unlearn much of what he has learned. Our books are published in English, but having to pay profits on its capital, can offer the best socialist books at prices lower than are asked for the poorest. Here are a few of the best:  
**The Socialists, Who They Are and What They Stand For,** by John Spargo.  
**Socialism, Utopian and Scientific,** by Frederick Engels.  
**Value, Price and Profit,** by Karl Marx.  
**The Communist Manifesto,** by Marx and Engels.  
**Class Struggles in America,** by A. M. Simons.

**Charles H. Kerr & Company**  
153 East Kinzie Street, Chicago.

Do you wish to make Irishmen Socialists? Then Give Them **THE HARP**  
Let Irishmen speak to Irishmen through its columns and you will see their prejudices melt away. **THE HARP** is now eagerly looked for by Irishmen and women, to whom all other papers have hitherto appeared in vain.  
50 CENTS PER YEAR.  
740 Third Avenue, New York.

## United States History

From 1492 to 1907—Condensed form important events easy to memorize. An Aid to school children and adults. Containing a list of the Presidents, Washington to Roosevelt. Names of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence. The Story of the Panama Canal. The History of the American Flag.

Can be carried in the pocket to read daily and memorize. Sent by mail on receipt of TEN CENTS. Address  
**JOHN F. KELLY,**  
Box 21, Station V, Brooklyn, N. Y.

**WORKADAY POEMS**  
20 POEMS OF LABOR.  
By JAS. ACKLAND,  
286 Harmony St., Philadelphia, Pa.  
(40c Including Postage.)

**MEN'S FURNISHINGS.**  
SALE! SALE! SALE!  
MEN'S FURNISHINGS.  
Shirts reduced from \$1 to 50 cents, from \$1.50 to 90 cents.  
Workingmen's Shirts, strong and durable, reduced from 75 cents to 25 cents.

**GENERAL STOCK OF DRY GOODS.**  
Special Sale in Ladies' Waists.  
**L. HIRSCH, 1499 AVENUE A.,**  
Bet. 79th and 80th Streets.

**PHYSICIANS.**  
**DR. M. GIRSDANSKY,**  
237 East Broadway,  
Near Clinton. Tel. 555 Orchard.  
OFFICE HOURS:  
8-10 A. M. 1-2 P. M. 6-8 P. M.  
Sundays, 8-10 A. M., 1-2 P. M.

**DON'T LOOK FOR BARGAINS**  
When you are troubled with your eyes. Have your eyes examined at **COMRADE B. L. BECKER'S OPTICAL PLACE,**  
203 East Broadway.  
(2 doors from Educational.)

**TRUSSMAKER.**

**HENRY FRAHME TRUSSMAKER**  
1499 3d Ave.,  
Bet. 54th & 55th Sts.  
Trusses, Braces, Bandages, Elastic Stockings, Crutches, Suspensories. All stock guaranteed. Tel. 2333 79th St.

## REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

**Build Your Home**  
on one of the choice lots we are selling in the most beautiful section of the Bronx, fronting on Boston road, within 1 minute of station of four-track electric subway extension NOW being completed by the New Haven R. R.; prices \$300 up; easy terms call and see  
**WEBER & HILL**  
368 East 149th St., N. Y.  
(Open also Sundays.)  
31 acres, good buildings, water, orchard; Soil, Co.; \$1,000. Wheat, 204 W. 114th St.

**Nice little cottage, two-story; garden 13x108 feet; one hour out on Long Island; price \$600. Apply Box 55, The Call.**

**Widow, leaving the country, will sell five full city lots at Babylon—largest town on Long Island—with all city improvements, that cost \$300, for \$50 cash and \$200 on easy payments; title guaranteed. Widow, 121 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn.**

**MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.**  
Speaking of good Pianos see the popular  
**O. W. WERTZ PIANOS,**  
1518 Third Ave., near 16th St. and 2229 Third Ave., near 151st St.

**PRINTING.**  
**SAMUEL ISAACSON**  
Electric Power Union Printer  
25 Delancey Street,  
Cor. Chrystie Street, New York.

**S. SCHREIBER,**  
Union Power Printer. Best facilities for finest work.  
161-63 Broome St. Tel. 528 Orchard.

**SACHS & STEINFELD, Union Power Printers, 12 Jefferson St., New York. Telephone 1250 Orchard.**

**UNION PRINTER.**  
**ELMER LIFENHITZ,**  
UNION PRINTER,  
40 Canal St. Phone 2122 Orchard

**CO-OPERATIVE PRESS**  
15 BRUCE ST.  
NEW YORK  
Branch: 21 E. 94th St., Room 11, 4-10 P. M.

**TEA AND COFFEES.**  
**TEA AND COFFEE**  
At Wholesale Prices for Workingmen.  
5 lbs. 25c coffee at 15c per lb. .... 75c  
5 lbs. 25c Tea at 13c per lb. .... 65c  
5 lbs. 25c Tea at 15c per lb. .... 75c  
**NO OTHER WHOLESALE HOUSE CAN MAKE SO ATTRACTIVE AN OFFER.**  
New York, China & Japan Tea Co.,  
200 Hudson St., near Canal St., N. Y.

**FRED'K T. JACKSON,**  
Importers and Jobbers in COFFEES AND TEAS.  
111 Water Street, New York.  
**FAMILY TRADE.**  
5 lb. lots at wholesale rates, and postal card and we will call for order and deliver free of charge.

**CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.**  
EVERYBODY SMOKES  
**5th Ave. Cigarettes**  
For Sale At All Stands and Cigar Stores Or By Manufacturer.  
**Y. B. KRINSKY, 227 Bowery, N. Y.**

**PHARMACISTS.**  
**George Oberdorfer**  
PHARMACIST.  
Prescriptions a Specialty.  
2392 5th Ave., near 189th St.

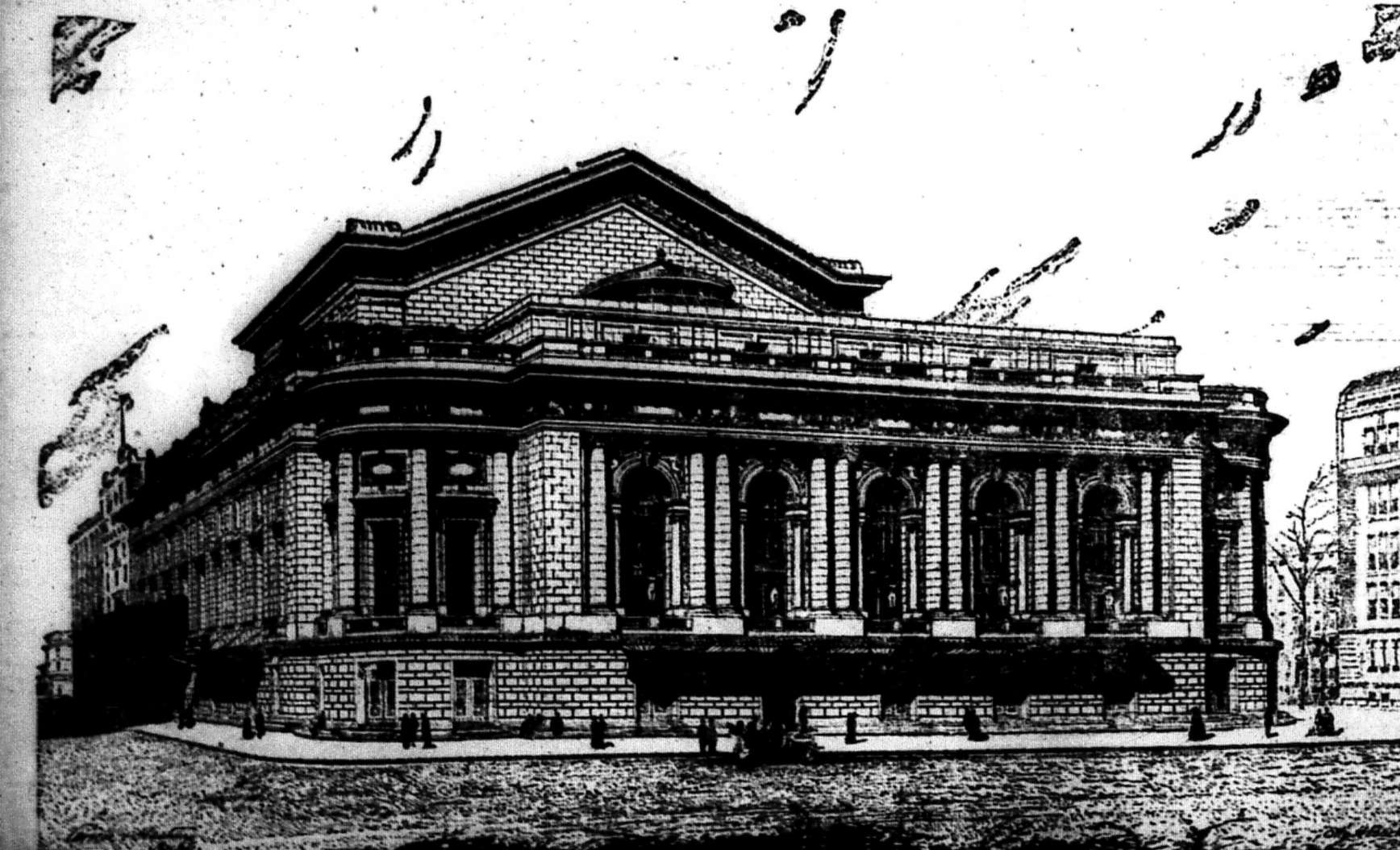
**PHARMACISTS—Brooklyn.**  
The Purest and Best Drugs Only Used In Our Prescription Department.  
**A. KATZ, Ph. G.,**  
APOTHECARY,  
74 Graham Ave., cor. Moore St.  
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

**LOUIS BLUM,**  
Pharmacist,  
50 Leonard Street, Brooklyn.  
Official druggist to the Brooklyn branch of the Workmen's Circle. Liberal treatment guaranteed to all.

**SANITARIUM.**  
"Columbia" Naturopathic Sanitarium is a Heaven of Relief for sufferers from Rheumatism, Malaria, Neuralgia, in its various forms, Blood Poison, etc.; terms moderate.  
Address Butler, N. J., Box 319.

**SHOES.**  
**SCHLESINGER'S**  
Big Shoe Store  
112 Perry Street,  
Newark, N. J.  
Union Shoes a Specialty.

**LIGHORS.**  
THE NEW BEST **CALIFORNIA BRAND RYE WHISKY**  
FOR PALE AND MILD USE IN I. GOLDBERG'S  
SOLD AT OUR 4 STORES  
WHERE EVER YOU GO, ONE OF THEM MUST BE WITHIN WALKING DISTANCE FROM YOU  
17 EAST BROADWAY - 57th STREET  
HOUSTON COR. CLINTON ST.  
PITTSBURGH COR. BOCKWINE ST.





THE NEW YORK EVENING CALL

This newspaper is owned and published by the Workingmen's Co-operative Publishing Association, a New York corporation. Published daily except Sunday. Office and place of business, 6 Park Place, New York.

Office of Publication, 6 Park Place. Telephone 2947 and 2948 Cortlandt.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

ONE YEAR \$3.00 THREE MONTHS \$1.25 SIX MONTHS \$1.50 ONE MONTH .25

Entered at the New York Post Office as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, AUGUST 3, 1908.

President Gompers indignantly protests that he has not tried to "deliver the labor vote" to the Democratic party. 'Tis well, for he could not have done so if he had tried. We fully recognize that a good deal of the criticism of Gompers' action in this matter has come from labor "leaders" for whom we have even less respect than for his... from men who, for an expected consideration in cash or appointive office, are trying to "swing" some part of the labor vote to Taft.

It is utterly inconsistent with his old position. And it is not an advance on his old position. Instead of advising the workingmen to divide their votes among the different parties of the master class, he now advises them to concentrate their votes in support of one of the parties of the master class.

THIS MAY SHOCK YOU, BUT THINK IT OVER. If any self-styled respectable, full-fed, high-hatted, capitalist patriot reproaches you for that saying of Ben Hanford's, "The working class, may it ever be right! But, right or wrong, the working class!"

just remind him that it is but a paraphrase of a famous patriotic toast which he has probably often drunk in good champagne. The original version was, "Our country, right or wrong!" There was a time when that sentiment was justified, because the country was, on the whole, essentially right, and stood for the interest of all its citizens and for the highest interests of humanity.

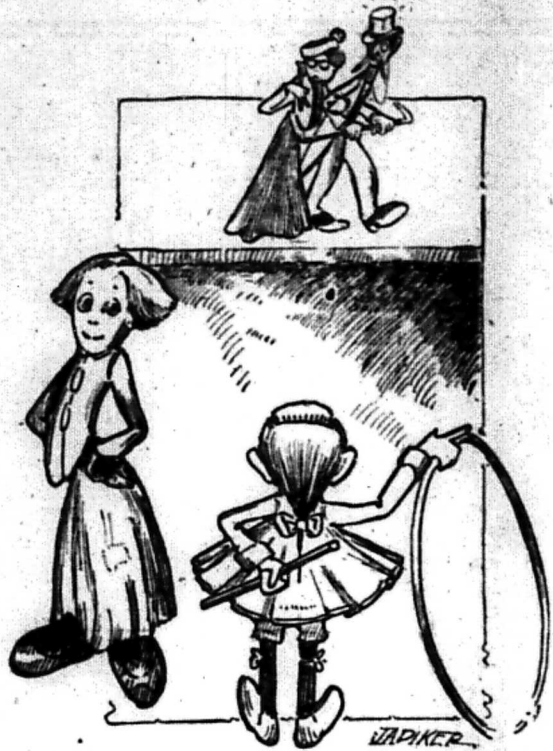
These candidates are of the best types of our people," says Mr. Hearst's "American," speaking of Thomas L. Higen and John Temple Graves, the candidates of Mr. Hearst's Dependence party. Mr. Higen, Mr. Hearst carefully explains, is not a lawyer; "he has acquired a close knowledge of the law, but he is a business man."

Now against these men, the prosperous oil dealer and the fire-eating editor, the Socialist party sets up its candidates—Eugene V. Debs, who got his education in the locomotive cab, and Benjamin Hanford, who got his in the printing office.

The only way to guard against throwing your vote away is to vote for the party that stands for what you stand for. To vote for something that you don't want in order to avoid something else that you don't want is to do worse than throw your vote away.

Almost as bad as the "scab," in the eyes of a loyal workingman, is the "sucker"—the man who is always trying to "make himself solid" with the boss, even at the expense of his fellow workmen.

By Our Amateurs.



Arabel! de man what I marries kin wear one er dem high hats 'n er long blond mustache, but he must nt be one er dem woifless dookses, by no means."

THE CALL SUSTAINING FUND.

- The Call Sustaining Fund acknowledges the following contributions for the week ending August 1. Kindly report errors and omissions to Anna A. Maley, General Collector, care of The Call. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 229, Danbury, Conn., donation, 10.00. Ginsberg & Levy, on pledge, 1.00. Workmen's Circle, Br. 42, bond, 5.00. Miss Susan Robinson, bond, 2.00. J. Abeles, Sea Cliff, N. Y., donation, 2.00. Baitch Socialist Society, Br. 103, New York, donation, 10.00. N. Nickelsberg, 1.00. Arnold Wolf, Jersey City, shares, 10.00. Daniel J. Sullivan, Jersey City, shares, 10.00. Local Hudson Co., 2d Ward, Br. Jersey, stamps, D. J. Sullivan, collector, 1.00. D. J. S. Jersey City, donation, 10.00. Local Hoboken, stamps, Gus Daubeneck, collector, 4.00. Clear Makers' Prog. Int'l. Union No. 90, N. Y. C., donation, 500.00. Andrew Moeller, on "Century Club" W. S. & D. B. Fund No. 91, on Louis Selzman, donation, 3.00. Geo. H. Strobel, donation, 3.00. Alwin A. Hafner, bond, 3.00. Richard Hafner, bond, 2.00. Alex. Hardeas, pledge, 1.00. Antonio, Texas, donation, 3.00. Emma Engler, bond, 3.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 71, St. Louis, Mo., donation, 10.00. Harry Goldblatt, Philadelphia, Pa., coin card, 90.00. M. Bonapart, balance on pledge, 2.00. Alex. Hardeas, Philadelphia, coin card, 22.81. Cal Booth Ulmer Park Picnic, J. Waldbauer, Lancaster, Pa., donation, 5.00. G. Robinson, "Century Club", 10.00. C. Friedman, donation, 3.00. Fred. Sautter, pledge, B. L. coin card, 1.00. L. Bachmann, pledge, B. L. collector, 50.00. Otto Becker, Wood Cliff on Hudson, donation, 3.00. Jacob Hilliguit, "Century Club", 10.00. Globe Chapel, stamps, H. A. Guerth, collector, 2.00. Ind. Persian Makers' Union of New York, bond, 10.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 24, Elizabeth, N. J., bonds, 25.00. P. Maraglio, on pledge, 10.00. J. Behringer, instant, 2.50. "Century Club", 1.00. Wm. Edlin, on pledge, 1.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 54, Staten Island, donation, 10.00. John Sieber, share, 1.00. Ed. H. Hagen, collector, 1.00. A. Raetsch, on list 153, 75.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 173, Westchester, donation, 20.00. Mrs. Patience W. Kent, donation, 1.00. German Br., S. P. Lawrence, Mass., bond, donation, 1.00. B. Thorne, donation, 1.00. Workmen's Circle, Br. 122, Albany, N. Y., bond, 5.00. Peter Peck, Somerville, Mass., coin card, 25.00. Workmen's Circle, Br. 121, Paterson, N. J., donation, 2.00. Br. of Painters and Decorators, No. 848, bond, 25.00. Workmen's Circle, Br. 16, Paterson, N. J., bond, 3.00. Oth. A. D., Br. 2, Kings, stamps, Alex. Vanderwood, collector, 7.30. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 70, Mount Morris, bond, 10.00. C. R. Bean, donation, 1.00. Richard Miller, bond, 5.00. Workmen's Circle, Br. 95, Perth Amboy, N. J., bond, 10.00. Workmen's Circle, Br. 2, Brooklyn, donation, 5.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 106, 26th Ward, Brooklyn, bond, 15.00. G. A. Elsmann, E. Springfield, Pa., coin card, 25.00. B. Bondin, on pledge, 5.00. Franz Gross, Manchester, Brooklyn, donation, 15.00. Heran B. Pulpian, donation, 1.00. George Kantor, donation, 5.00. B. Levitz, donation, 5.00. Max Ruben, donation, 5.00. James J. McVey, Haverhill, Mass., pledge, 1.00. Br. of Carpenters and Joiners No. 464, bond, 10.00. T. F. Brough, Amesbury, Mass., bond, 5.00. N. Fraser, Newark, on pledge, 20.00. Z. Felgestein, coin card, 35.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 37, Springfield, Mass., bond, 10.00. John H. Fry, on pledge, 10.00. Dr. M. Aronson, balance on pledge Br. of Carpenters and Joiners No. 1008, Brooklyn, bond, 5.00. Samuel Abrin, pledge, 2.00. John D. Long, balance on stock, 4.00. Collected by Samuel M. Snyder, Philadelphia, 50.00. Myer B. Frank, 50.00. Louis Brody, 50.00. Wm. Hregan, 25.00. Myer Snyder, 25.00. Samuel M. Snyder, 1.00. United Trades Assn., Phila., Pa., bond, 10.00. Collected by Philip DoK, Bayonne, N. J., 1.30. S. Halpern, pledge, 10.00. Olga Long, bond, 5.00. Workmen's Circle, Br. 73, N. Tarrytown, donation, 1.85. G. F. Sawicki, donation, 2.00. Saml Berkman, on "Century Club" 34th A. D., stamps, Harry Lichtenberg, collector, 5.00. United Journeymen Tailors of Greater New York, bond, 10.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 229, Danbury, Conn., 10.00. Ginsberg & Levy, on pledge, 1.00. Workmen's Circle, Br. 42, bond, 5.00. Miss Susan Robinson, bond, 2.00. J. Abeles, Sea Cliff, N. Y., donation, 2.00. Baitch Socialist Society, Br. 103, New York, donation, 10.00. N. Nickelsberg, 1.00. Arnold Wolf, Jersey City, shares, 10.00. Daniel J. Sullivan, Jersey City, shares, 10.00. Local Hudson Co., 2d Ward, Br. Jersey, stamps, D. J. Sullivan, collector, 1.00. D. J. S. Jersey City, donation, 10.00. Local Hoboken, stamps, Gus Daubeneck, collector, 4.00. Clear Makers' Prog. Int'l. Union No. 90, N. Y. C., donation, 500.00. Andrew Moeller, on "Century Club" W. S. & D. B. Fund No. 91, on Louis Selzman, donation, 3.00. Geo. H. Strobel, donation, 3.00. Alwin A. Hafner, bond, 3.00. Richard Hafner, bond, 2.00. Alex. Hardeas, pledge, 1.00. Antonio, Texas, donation, 3.00. Emma Engler, bond, 3.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 71, St. Louis, Mo., donation, 10.00. Harry Goldblatt, Philadelphia, Pa., coin card, 90.00. M. Bonapart, balance on pledge, 2.00. Alex. Hardeas, Philadelphia, coin card, 22.81. Cal Booth Ulmer Park Picnic, J. Waldbauer, Lancaster, Pa., donation, 5.00. G. Robinson, "Century Club", 10.00. C. Friedman, donation, 3.00. Fred. Sautter, pledge, B. L. coin card, 1.00. L. Bachmann, pledge, B. L. collector, 50.00. Otto Becker, Wood Cliff on Hudson, donation, 3.00. Jacob Hilliguit, "Century Club", 10.00. Globe Chapel, stamps, H. A. Guerth, collector, 2.00. Ind. Persian Makers' Union of New York, bond, 10.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 24, Elizabeth, N. J., bonds, 25.00. P. Maraglio, on pledge, 10.00. J. Behringer, instant, 2.50. "Century Club", 1.00. Wm. Edlin, on pledge, 1.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 54, Staten Island, donation, 10.00. John Sieber, share, 1.00. Ed. H. Hagen, collector, 1.00. A. Raetsch, on list 153, 75.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 173, Westchester, donation, 20.00. Mrs. Patience W. Kent, donation, 1.00. German Br., S. P. Lawrence, Mass., bond, donation, 1.00. B. Thorne, donation, 1.00. Workmen's Circle, Br. 122, Albany, N. Y., bond, 5.00. Peter Peck, Somerville, Mass., coin card, 25.00. Workmen's Circle, Br. 121, Paterson, N. J., donation, 2.00. Br. of Painters and Decorators, No. 848, bond, 25.00. Workmen's Circle, Br. 16, Paterson, N. J., bond, 3.00. Oth. A. D., Br. 2, Kings, stamps, Alex. Vanderwood, collector, 7.30. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 70, Mount Morris, bond, 10.00. C. R. Bean, donation, 1.00. Richard Miller, bond, 5.00. Workmen's Circle, Br. 95, Perth Amboy, N. J., bond, 10.00. Workmen's Circle, Br. 2, Brooklyn, donation, 5.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 106, 26th Ward, Brooklyn, bond, 15.00. G. A. Elsmann, E. Springfield, Pa., coin card, 25.00. B. Bondin, on pledge, 5.00. Franz Gross, Manchester, Brooklyn, donation, 15.00. Heran B. Pulpian, donation, 1.00. George Kantor, donation, 5.00. B. Levitz, donation, 5.00. Max Ruben, donation, 5.00. James J. McVey, Haverhill, Mass., pledge, 1.00. Br. of Carpenters and Joiners No. 464, bond, 10.00. T. F. Brough, Amesbury, Mass., bond, 5.00. N. Fraser, Newark, on pledge, 20.00. Z. Felgestein, coin card, 35.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 37, Springfield, Mass., bond, 10.00. John H. Fry, on pledge, 10.00. Dr. M. Aronson, balance on pledge Br. of Carpenters and Joiners No. 1008, Brooklyn, bond, 5.00. Samuel Abrin, pledge, 2.00. John D. Long, balance on stock, 4.00. Collected by Samuel M. Snyder, Philadelphia, 50.00. Myer B. Frank, 50.00. Louis Brody, 50.00. Wm. Hregan, 25.00. Myer Snyder, 25.00. Samuel M. Snyder, 1.00. United Trades Assn., Phila., Pa., bond, 10.00. Collected by Philip DoK, Bayonne, N. J., 1.30. S. Halpern, pledge, 10.00. Olga Long, bond, 5.00. Workmen's Circle, Br. 73, N. Tarrytown, donation, 1.85. G. F. Sawicki, donation, 2.00. Saml Berkman, on "Century Club" 34th A. D., stamps, Harry Lichtenberg, collector, 5.00. United Journeymen Tailors of Greater New York, bond, 10.00. Dr. Sophia G. Kiern, coin card, 90.00. Herman Engel, coin card, 15.00. Old Daily Globe List, collected by J. K. Behringer, 1.00. National Brotherhood of Painters No. 942, 10.00. Dr. A. M. Goffen, donation, 2.00. J. K. Behringer, collector, 2.00. Ed. A. D., Manhattan, stamps, 2.00. Otto Krauth, collector, 2.00. J. C. Connor, coin card, 2.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 92 Winfield, L. I., bonds, 10.00. Thomas Locker, share, 3.00. Received in coin cards distributed by M. Ingberman, 1.00. R. Block, coin card, 1.00. Chas. Williamson, Frankfurt, N. Y., coin card, 1.00. M. Resly, coin card, 1.00. The Forward Club of Boston, bond, 3.00. Mark E. Swan, bond, 3.00. J. A. Morgan, Yonkers, donation, 1.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 17, East New York, bond, 50.00. Collected, Real Estate Agents, Erie Ferry, 2.50. M. M. Lini, on pledge, 1.00. D. B. Fund, Br. 100, Manhattan, share, 5.00. W. D. donation, 1.00. S. Shagerson, donation, 3.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 103, Brooklyn, bond, 30.00. United Brooklyn Branches, W. S. & D. B. Fund, donation, 21.50. Collected at shop of Franks & Barsha, City, 1.00. W. S. & D. B. Fund, Br. 14, Green St., bond, 10.00. Collected on List No. 100, by Sam Riggs, 1.30. Chas. Koehn, Sr. and Jr., bonds, 10.00. Chas. Koehn, Sr. and Jr., donation, 3.00. G. S. Gelder, on share, 1.00. Workmen's Circle No. 92, Washington, D. C., donation, 2.50. Collected by Mr. Etkin, 1.00. J. Rosenblatt, 50.00. Smulansky, 1.00. A. Conston, 1.00. M. Pitton, 1.00. Kushner, 1.00. Smith, 5.00. Stamps, sold by Mr. Etkin, 5.00. Morris Herpson, donation, 50.00. 1321 A. D., Kings, stamps, A. Schlosberg, collector, 7.30. Jake Hilburger's donation, 3.50. "Calls" sold by Jake Hilburger, 43.00. J. Epstein, donation, 50.00. Julius Rubenstein, no address given, donation, 2.00. 12th A. D., Kings, stamps, M. Slavitt, collector, 2.75. Call "Claps" and Office, stamps, B. L. collector, 8.55. 14th A. D., stamps, John Mullen, collector, 3.50. "Agitor", donation, 1.00. Agitor Schulman, coin card, 25.00. 25th and 27th A. D., stamps, Robert Bruer, collector, 3.00. Sara I. Gordon, stamps, 2.00. Sara I. Gordon, on share, 1.00. R. L. collector, 1.25. B. L. on share, 1.00. Chas. Rosenthal, donation, 5.00. Merchandise Commission, 5.05. Employees, Editorial and Office Forces, 9.10. Employes, Co-operative Press, 1.00. Total, 16,355.70. Previously acknowledged, 5,201.20. Total to date, \$6,837.01. Corrections on last week's acknowledgments, \$300, credited to E. H. Jesurun should have been credited to the Cherikov Miscellaneous Society. LETTERS TO THE EDITOR Editor of The Call: Upon comparing the platform of the Independence League with that of the Socialist party, I find that they both have some plank practically the same—abolition of child labor, municipalization of public utilities, and such legislation as will tend to improve the conditions of the working class, etc. These principles, I have heard Socialists say, would be among the first to be upheld under Socialistic government. I fully understand that ideal Socialism would never come about under the Independence League platform, since it does not contain the very first principles which would bring labor and capital on one basis. But, since even a Socialist administration could only start to reorganize society by degrees, improving conditions of the poor, in the first instance, decreasing working hours, etc. Why can they not support the Independence League, as they would then see their principles realized at an earlier date than if they remain independent, the former party having a large membership and better means to make a propaganda. Although not Socialists, they have Socialist principles, and since the Socialist party is fighting for principles and not for the word "Socialism," I would be glad to have you explain why the Socialist party remains independent and against the Independence League? ALEX VANDERWOOD. Brooklyn, July 31. (Note.—We shall take up your question editorially, probably more than once. For the present, suffice it to say that your argument in favor of Socialists supporting Hearst's candidate because he is "radical" and has—as you mistakenly think—a better chance of election than Debs, will work just as well as an argument to persuade Hearst men to support Bryan and just as well to persuade Bryan to support Taft. All three of the capitalist candidates claim to be radical, and with about equal right. We may add that it is the fact of the Socialist party standing squarely for Socialism and increasing its vote year by year that has compelled the Republican party to put on a mask of radicalism under the Roosevelt administration, has compelled the Democracy to adopt a labor plank—a very unsatisfactory one—at Denver, and has compelled Hearst to break his Republican-Democratic affiliations and come out in the open so far as he has done.—Ed.) QUESTIONS and ANSWERS K. S.—We do not understand that the passing inspection at the Immigration Bureau has anything to do with the immigrant's subsequent admission to the rights of citizenship. If under the terms of the Immigration Law your friend is not admissible as an immigrant he is liable to be seized and deported; that is, if he came since that law went into effect and somehow succeeded in getting into this country without passing inspection. But if no legal ground for deportation exists, he may become a citizen the same as anyone else. If he can prove his five years' residence, his character, knowledge of the Constitution, etc., as required by the Naturalization Law, the question of the inspection at the Immigration Bureau is not likely to be raised. P. D. Troubleum—Probably Swinton's "Outlines of Universal History" will serve your purpose as well as any accessible book. It is small, well arranged, and very fairly accurate. After you have read it, we hope you will desire to read other books treating of certain countries or certain periods. "Humanity"—Certainly Mr. Mackay must have made a slip of the pen when he spoke of Mexico as "a nation of Dreyfusses." He probably meant just the opposite—that the conduct of the Diaz government is as shameful as that of the French government which persecuted Dreyfus. At that, the phrase is not strong enough. The rulers of France made themselves infamous indeed in the Dreyfus case, but their atrocities were not so great as those which the rulers of Mexico have perpetrated again and again. VACATION FOR HORSES. Several days ago officials of the Post Office Department decided that every horse owned and used by the department in this city would receive hereafter thirty day vacation and be sent to a fine pasture. Nearby rural carriers are making applications requesting that their horses be allowed thirty days' annual leave, the same as the Washington horses. There are 30,000 rural carriers, and each one has a horse. S. R.—This is not the only instance that tells how much better care we take of our animals than of our workmen. ARRANGMENT. "No work, no home, no money. Nothing to eat, worn out in shoes and clothing and sick in soul and body. It is more than I can stand and I'll make an end of it. Good-by to all. God bless my little son Charlie."—From The Call. By D. SANIAL GILL. The panic's knife is piercing deep. The vitals of the poor; They who only liv'd to bear More keenly must endure. Now, while Death's forerunner, Want Slowly sucks their breath, And the underbrothers greet as friend, The hollow eye of Death. Could the cars of overmen be rent, By the ragged roar of pain, So closely lock'd in tortur'd breasts, Ne'er could they sleep again. Think! five million men who beg To exchange their brain and skill For life—refus'd! Yet an honor'd law Commands, "Thou shalt not kill!" It's more than inhumanity, It's kin unto non-sanity, This lawless waste of souls; This shameful crime of Greed That causes dire need And throws men like rats in holes. A day ago the wood was stark, Its hollows held the snow, Though warmth and light in mellow flood, From a quick'ning sun did flow. To-day the wood is alive with a burst Of vivid, gladsome green, And the wood's brown cups that held the snow For leaf can scarce be seen. Ah! for a feel of the coming weel, When the light and warmth of though Shall have quicken'd the dormant sheathed souls, And the outburst shall be wrought. Meanwhile grim Want is sucking the breath Of th' abandon'd, starving slave; And the lean, grey wolf is gnawing his fill, And none but Death to save! TAFT and "HE." Unlike his mentor bold, Taft seems Most diffident and shy, For in his modest message he Puts blinkers on his "I." At times the timid candidate With Roosevelt's name makes free, But evidently thinks there is Much virtue in a "he." "He demonstrated," "He has said," "He set the standard high," "He pressed the passage," "He was cured"— All this without an "I." When Taft finds out the public says "Ha-Ha! to his He-he!" Perhaps he then will substitute "The editorial "We." T. E. C. A LONG FELI WANT. Illustration of a man in a top hat and a woman in a long dress, possibly a scene from a play or a social gathering.

THE SOCIALIST PARTY.

National Secretary, J. Mahlon Barnes, 180 Washington Street, Chicago.

OUR CANDIDATES:

For President EUGENE V. DEBS For Vice-President BENJAMIN HANFORD For Governor of New York, JOSHUA WANHOPE

GROWTH OF THE SOCIALIST VOTE.

Table showing growth of Socialist vote from 1888 to 1904. 1888: 2,000; 1896: 28,564; 1904: 21,157; 1908: 60,230.

be glad to have you explain why the Socialist party remains independent and against the Independence League? ALEX VANDERWOOD. Brooklyn, July 31.

(Note.—We shall take up your question editorially, probably more than once. For the present, suffice it to say that your argument in favor of Socialists supporting Hearst's candidate because he is "radical" and has—as you mistakenly think—a better chance of election than Debs, will work just as well as an argument to persuade Hearst men to support Bryan and just as well to persuade Bryan to support Taft.

QUESTIONS and ANSWERS

K. S.—We do not understand that the passing inspection at the Immigration Bureau has anything to do with the immigrant's subsequent admission to the rights of citizenship. If under the terms of the Immigration Law your friend is not admissible as an immigrant he is liable to be seized and deported; that is, if he came since that law went into effect and somehow succeeded in getting into this country without passing inspection.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Editor of The Call: Upon comparing the platform of the Independence League with that of the Socialist party, I find that they both have some plank practically the same—abolition of child labor, municipalization of public utilities, and such legislation as will tend to improve the conditions of the working class, etc.

VACATION FOR HORSES.

Several days ago officials of the Post Office Department decided that every horse owned and used by the department in this city would receive hereafter thirty day vacation and be sent to a fine pasture.

A LONG FELI WANT.

