

WE ARE IN THIS FIGHT TO STAY

W EMANCIPATION W  
EDUCATION ORGANIZATION

LACK OF SUPPORT IS OUR ONLY FOE

# Industrial Worker

"AN INJURY TO ONE IS AN INJURY TO ALL!"

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## Do Not Ship to the Canadian Northern or to White Salmon, Wash.—Big Strikes On

### SCABS DESERT CONTRACTORS

C. N. WORKERS STILL PRESENT SOLID FRONT—SUPPORT COMES FROM MANY SOURCES—WHITEHEAD'S CASE TO BE APPEALED.

The Canadian Northern situation still has the bosses guessing and the determination of the men that the line shall be built by members of the ONE BIG UNION is as strong as ever.

Support is coming from many sources, both as to publicity and cash. There is still a great need for money, and locals should not neglect their duty in this matter. This is one of the most vital strikes ever pulled off in this section of the country and its success means the organization of railway construction labor by the hundred thousands.

The British Columbia Federationist, official paper of the Vancouver Trades and Labor Council and the B. C. Federation of Labor, is standing with the strikers in a most commendable spirit of solidarity. In their issue of June 8 they give a fine account of the strike and 5,500 copies were distributed. The Federationist has recently been made a weekly instead of semi-monthly.

Various other papers are taking up the fight and proving that the contractors are lying when they state that the strike is over.

Further solidarity is shown by the receipt of \$100 and \$26.45 from the Vancouver carpenters, \$3.20 from the lathers, sums of \$8 and \$1 from Atlantic City, \$13.00 from Victoria and \$300 from the Socialist party local at Portsmouth, Va. This within a few days. As there are more than 7,000 men out, and legal defence to be made for those in jail these amounts are insufficient to meet expenses. More money is needed.

Tom Whitehead is reported as looking well but is extremely anxious to learn more of the outside news. The strikers may make his release one of the terms of returning to work. Meanwhile his case and that of McGucken will be appealed to a higher court.

It is alleged that typhoid fever has broken out among the scabs at Geo. Chew's camp No. 3, but this has not yet been verified.

A few men are making a pretense at working along the line but no rock is being moved. Many of those who are at work seem to have strong I. W. W. sympathies.

Several strikes have occurred among the scabs themselves on account of bad camp conditions, and some of these strikers hire out in other camps, strikes seeming to follow their trail. Strange, isn't it.

Some of the cooks in the camps are said to be serving meals in two courses, one for the scabs and another for themselves. The scabs leave the job after a few feeds as the food seems to please them.

The I. W. W. boys are gathering complete descriptions of all detectives, fly bulls, spotters and the like, who are known to be in the employ of the C. N. contractors and these descriptions will be valuable to the organization in any future strike. It will not prevent new men from being hired for the bosses' dirty work but it will make a man think twice before he takes a chance on being advertised all over the country as a stool for the gunny sack contractors.

The Canadian Northern strike will be won, but don't forget the financial support. Send funds to Geo. Fenton, 34 Cordova St. W., Vancouver, B. C.

### CONSTRUCTION STRIKE AT WHITE SALMON, WASH.

Under the leadership of the I. W. W. a strike is being carried on at White Salmon, Wash., on the Northwestern Electric Co.'s power dam.

The demands of the men are for a 25c raise per day and better camp conditions. Stone and Webster are the contractors on the job.

Picket lines are established to meet all incoming persons and Portland, Spokane and other northwest shipping points for construction workers are being watched by the I. W. W.

The strike is expected to be short as there is danger of a rise in the White Salmon river from the recent rains. It will be cheaper for the contractors to settle than to risk a loss of all the work which has been accomplished.

The strikers are very hopeful of victory according to telegraphic reports received at this office. 242 men are out.

NEXT WEEK WE WILL HAVE A SPECIAL ETOR-GIOVANNITTI ISSUE, WITH A STENOGRAPHIC REPORT OF A SPEECH BY HAYWOOD AND ONE OF THE BEST CARTOONS YET. ORDER IMMEDIATELY.



THE MODERN DAVID AND GOLIATH

## Capitalist Dynamiter Gets Light Sentence

Lawrence, Mass., June 10, 1912.

Events are transpiring in this city that afford an indication of the kind of justice that may be expected in the Etor-Giovanitti cases, if the working class of the country does not wake up to the dangers involved therein.

Last week the clergy of Lawrence, according to the reports of the local press, delivered sermons demanding the resignation of school committeeman John J. Breen, who was convicted and fined \$500 for "planting" dynamite during the recent great textile strike here.

The Rev. C. E. McColley, in what is described as "a stirring sermon" on "Public Conscience," said: "John Breen ought to resign, and there ought to be force enough in the aroused public conscience of this city to do it."

"Here we have the spectacle of a man convicted in the courts, yet holding a moral position over our children. The very fact that he seems to have no sense of the eternal fitness of things makes him morally unfit for this high position."

The Rev. E. M. Lake, addressing the lodges of the Knights of Pythias, as a special Sunday evening service, declared: "This public official has been adjudged guilty of a most contemptible misdemeanor, and paid a fine of \$500 with no defense or appeal. The whole infamous affair is in the open. His endeavors to implicate others and his guilty conspiracy in 'dynamite planting' is of public concern."

Accordingly, the Rev. Lake calls on the citizens of Lawrence to recall Breen or stand dishonored in the eyes of the nation, as a municipality that permits its public system to be a bulwark of wrong-doing.

While the clergy—and significantly enough, only the Protestant clergy—are thus demanding Breen's scalp, the impression prevails in other quarters that he is not the only official guilty of wrong-doing during the recent strike, and, therefore, also a fit subject for recall. "There are others," all faithful servants of the big mill corporations, whom the Ministerial Association shows no disposition to relieve of their offices. There is Cornelius F. Lynch, director of public safety, for instance. This worthy gentleman is responsible for the club-

bing of women and children at the North Station on February 24th. Lynch, on that occasion violated constitutional rights in a manner that shocked the entire country and brought forth a storm of protest such as has been seldom heard in a similar instance. Nevertheless, he, a far greater violator of the law than Breen, has not even been brought to trial, nor is it suggested, even by the zealous and conscientious Ministerial Association, that he be ousted out of office by means of the recall. As usual, they strain at gnats and swallow camels.

Among the intelligent members of the working class the outcry against Breen is regarded as a saw-dust throwing game, meant to blind the workers. It is pointed out that Breen, in "planting" the dynamite served two great interests, viz., the Boston press, which was looking for sensational "copy," and the mill owners, who wanted to discredit the strikers and thereby prevent the victory which followed.

It is not likely, according to the intelligent members of the working class, that these two powerful interests will stand by and see Breen sacrificed. Nor will the mill corporations, if possible, permit the decapitation of Lynch, who served them even better than did Breen. The mill corporations rule, in Lawrence, where 90 per cent of the mill operatives are without votes and the power of recall.

In the meantime Etor and Giovanitti are in jail, without the right to bail. They served the working class both wisely and well, as the Lawrence victory shows. Their only crime is successful devotion to their class, the working class. For this they are to be made the victims of a vicious legal fiction, which, if not successfully combated will be used to the further undoing of the socialist and labor movement of the land. As shown in the above instances of capitalist "justice" only an aroused working class can save Etor and Giovanitti and prevent the establishment of a very dangerous legal precedent.

Every working class body on the North American continent should arrange for protest meetings in every city, town and hamlet and show the Woolen Trust that the workers are

not slaves. The following resolutions or similar ones should be adopted:

Whereas, Jos. J. Etor and Arturo Giovanitti, charged with being accessories before the fact of murder in the first degree, are to be tried for their lives May 27th, and

Whereas, The arrest of these two members of the working class is but an attempt to intimidate the workers of the Textile industries of Massachusetts from organizing, and

Whereas, in pursuance of this conspiracy to intimidate, Wm. D. Haywood, Wm. E. Trautmann, Wm. Yates, Ettore Gianini, Wm. Halladay, Edmondo Rossoni, James P. Thompson, Guido Mazarelli, have been arrested or are threatened, with arrest upon trumped up charges fostered by the same interests, and

Whereas, the only offence committed by these men has been the assistance rendered the underpaid and overworked Textile slaves of the New England Textile mills in their struggle for better conditions; therefore be it

Resolved, that we, the wage workers of Lawrence, in mass meeting assembled, hereby declare that we recognize that the above cases are but an attempt to make on the part of workers for better conditions, a criminal offense, and be it further

Resolved, We demand the immediate liberation of these, our fellow workers before mentioned and, be it further

Resolved, That we call upon all wage workers in all industries of the State of Massachusetts and of the United States, to join with us in enforcing the demand for the liberation of these members of the working class, and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be given to the press, sent to the Governor of the State and to the District Attorney of Essex County.

President.

Secretary

Number itself importeth not much in armies, where the people are of weak courage; for (as Virgil says) it never troubles a wolf how many the sheep be.—Bacon.

### SMALLPOX IN SAN DIEGO

SAN DIEGO INVADED BY SMALLPOX—WORKERS STILL CONTEST FOR STREETS—PROBE BECOMING NATION WIDE.

San Diego, Cal., June 11, 1912.

Some of the would-be authorities in San Diego say that the Free Speech Fight here is over. The local papers say it, the vigilantes claim it is proven by the fact that so many men have been driven from the town and treated in such a manner that they are not likely to return, the police try to help the case by turning out all the confined in the city jail, Assistant Attorney General Benjamin says that we are now just where we were when the fight began, and everything is lovely.

But there is no one who really believes that the fight is over. The police department has complete arrangements as ever for suppressing any one who says "Free Speech;" if a working man stops on a corner and says "Hello Jack," at once a score of the vigilantes are there; and wherever a few workers are gathered there is the ever present stoolpigeon to carry the tales of their talk to the police.

All of the men who have been confined in the city jail have been released on probation, and the police have intimated that it would be best for them to get out of town at once. Several of these who could not see it that way have been arrested again on vagrancy charges, regardless of the fact that work is very scarce here and a job can not be obtained on short notice.

All those confined in the county jail have been placed in quarantine for the smallpox as a direct result of the filthy, unsanitary condition of the jails here, combined with the fact that many refugees have recently been landed here from Mexico. The city authorities have been trying by every means possible to keep reports of smallpox from being sent out; as it will seriously hurt the crop of summer tourists that might net several million dollars. Spreckles and other business men hope to be able to control the smallpox as they do their press, but being compelled to place fifty-two men in quarantine is a poor showing at "control."

One day last week L. A. Shiffren tried to speak on the street, when he was at once surrounded by a mob of vigilantes. It seemed that he was to be roughly handled, but not that time. The police had learned of what was to take place, and arranged to make a grand-stand play for the benefit of Assistant Attorney General Benjamin. It was arranged that the vigilantes should be there and make some demonstration, but that the police should be there to give Shiffren protection. Mr. Benjamin was also properly placed to view the affair, and as a result he at once announced that the police could control affairs hereafter, and the militia would not be needed. But the next day when an attempt was made to speak on the street Benjamin was not present and the vigilantes handled the situation as on previous occasions.

On Sunday afternoon a street meeting was held without being interrupted, being the first that has been held since the latter part of March. How it escaped the action of the vigilantes is uncertain, but there are persistent rumors that it was but a part of the grand-stand play of the police.

It seems that the police authorities would like to quit the game of suppressing the I. W. W. but the M. & M. need to keep the fight going here to try to make the Pacific Coast a scab country. It has been pretty strongly intimated that most if not all those now held on all charges connected with the Free Speech Fight would be released on probation and allowed to go free if the fight would only be given up. Not one of the indicted men has taken advantage of the offer, and there is no chance that they will do so. The fight here is still for free speech, and no crimes have been committed by any of the Free Speech fighters.

The police and vigilantes have tried hard to find some kind of evidence that we are guilty of some kind of crimes, but aside from the "crime" of protesting against an unconstitutional ordinance there has been nothing whatever found against any person connected with the fight. There have been dynamite stories, gun men stories, invasion stories, and more stories of that nature than one can keep track of, but when run to their source they have always been found to have come from the police department or the San Diego Union.

A man named William Southerland was arrested yesterday, and as no story of gun men had been sprung for two days the police at once said that here was at last the leader of the I. W. W. gun men. Southerland had just come into town again after being run out on (Continued on page four.)





