

# COAST SHIP OWNERS LOCK OUT DOCKERS

## Japanese Troops Cross Soviet Line in Three Border Raids

### PROVOCATIVE ACTS VERIFIED IN ALL CASES

#### Gunboats Enter USSR Internal Waterways in Siberia

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)  
**KHABAROVSK, U. S. S. R., June 30.**—A series of recent invasions of Soviet territory by Japanese troops, cavalry and gunboats, the most provocative in recent years, is recounted in carefully verified detail in dispatches forwarded to Moscow yesterday by Tass, Soviet News Agency.

Two of the raids were pushed more than three miles into Soviet territory, while the third advanced five miles by water. In all three instances Soviet frontier guards and motor boat crews were alert, noted down every feature of the invasions, but carefully avoided being led into a clash with the Japanese.

**Soldiers Invade Siberia**

On June 23, at 6 p. m., three miles from frontier post number 24 on the Grodokovsk Sector of the border a detachment of forty Japanese soldiers and two officers crossed the Soviet frontier.

The entire detachment climbed Beninyan Hill, from where they descended into the valley northeast of this hill, remaining there until dark when it returned to Manchurian territory.

The Japanese soldiers were part of the Third Battalion, 68th Infantry Regiment.

**Second Army Invasion**

On June 26 at 7 a. m., forty Japanese soldiers in battle formation again crossed the frontier in the same district, penetrating into Soviet territory and climbing the same hill. At 12:45 the Japanese groups withdrew to the frontier line, where they were joined by sixty cavalrymen, who were waiting on the west-ern slope of the hill beyond the frontier line. At 1 p. m. the entire Japanese detachment went into Manchurian territory in the direction of Bantseikh.

Verified information placed the detachment in the same 68th Infantry Regiment.

In both cases the violation of the frontier was observed by a Soviet frontier guard consisting of four persons, who, according to their instructions to avoid frontier clashes

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### Moscow Youth March In Sports Celebration

**MOSCOW, June 30 (UP).**—In the presence of Josef Stalin and other Soviet leaders, thousands of boys and girls, wearing sweaters and shorts, marched through Red Square today in celebration of Moscow's annual sports day. Highly trained athletes performed before the reviewing stand.

**Mine Locals Meet to Plan Strike Action**

**By Tom Keenan**  
 (Special to the Daily Worker)

**BROWNSVILLE, Pa., June 30.**—A joint strike against the third coal "truce" was being considered here this afternoon by a conference of twenty-eight local unions in sub-district four of District Five of the United Mine Workers of America. Sentiment which has been rising against Lewis' "truces" as they followed one upon another since April 1, has reached a high point.

An as yet unascertained number of local unions, including however, all Vesta and other key locals, are already on record for "no more work under the truce after June 30."

**Resentment Rising**

Much resentment is being evinced against Secretary of Labor Perkins as instigator of the latest "extension" miners declare. "What does Miss Perkins know about us miners or our conditions; where does she get off telling us to stay at work?"

Local union leaders feel that strikes will take place against the truce. Joint committees have already been set up in many locals, but there is general sentiment expressed that "individual strikes will not get us far," and that all must act together.

**Men Tired of Delays**

The position taken by Vesta Mines, including 3,000 miners in captive operations of Jones and Laughlin Steel, will greatly influence the decision as to whether this area strikes or not.

In the rank and file membership

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### 'Send Thaelmann to the U. S.,' Delegates of 3,000 Groups Demand at Anti-Nazi Parley

#### Group Will Ask Hull to Issue a Visa for Jailed Red Leader

**"Send Thaelmann to the United States" was the challenge hung to Hitler by the United Anti-Nazi Conference on Saturday, June 29th.** Four hundred and fifty delegates representing more than 3,000 organizations with a total membership of 139,000 were united on this among other specific plans of action.

A broad Anti-Nazi Commission was elected to co-ordinate the organizations represented in carrying through these plans.

A campaign was mapped out actually to bring Ernst Thaelmann, head of the German Communist Party and for twenty-seven months a Nazi prisoner, to this country.

**Nazis Stung by Campaign**

A Nazi official organ, Angrif, printed an article on June 29th, commenting satirically on the recent postcard campaign sponsored by the Anti-Nazi Federation. On this occasion 50,000 postcards were sent to Thaelmann on his birthday, as an expression of international solidarity in the determined fight for his release. The Angrif article, entitled "Teddy's Birthday," said that it was a pity the postcards had never come, for if they had, the Nazis "could have sent Teddy to the United States in a bright red coat as a delicate thank you for so much attentiveness."

Accepting this challenge, the Conference joined in deciding to send to Hitler before August 4 100,000 postcards, insisting upon Thaelmann's release and demanding that he be sent to this country. Ten thousand of these postcards were distributed at the conference. A delegation bearing the signatures of those sending the cards is to go to Secretary of State Cordell Hull, to secure a visa for Thaelmann.

The conference voted to send a cablegram to Adolf Hitler, denouncing his regime, demanding that "Ernst Thaelmann be released and sent to the United States" and warning that the delegates "will gather 100,000 signatures behind this demand."

**Urge Inquiry Group to Germany**

Other specific actions voted included support of International Solidarity Day, to be celebrated from July 31th to August 4th, and the inauguration of a mass campaign to send a delegation to Germany to investigate prisons, civil liberties, and trade union activities and freedom there. It was decided to set up a Women's Commission to organize round table discussion on the condition of women in Germany and to act for the release of women prisoners, and to set up a Boycott

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### 160 at Detroit Parley to Form Labor Ticket

#### 30 AFL Delegates Back Step—Sugar Gets Ovation

**By George Morris**  
 (Daily Worker Michigan Bureau)

**DETROIT, June 30.**—One hundred and sixty delegates, representing 38 local unions, 36 workers' fraternal and cultural organizations, the Socialist Party and the Communist Party met today at the Labor Temple at a conference called to nominate an independent labor slate at the coming city elections.

Of the representatives of unions, 30 A. F. of L. delegates expressed the overwhelming sentiment for immediate action on a labor slate as a step toward the formation of a Labor Party.

Maurice Sugar, noted labor attorney and union labor candidate for judge of Recorder's Court in the elections last spring, made the keynote speech and was greeted with a tremendous ovation. He called for immediate further action to develop the splendid beginning that was expressed in the 63,000 votes cast for him.

Following discussion, the platform, resolutions and nominations committees were named. The conference was to continue until later today.

**Did you obtain at least one new subscription for the Daily Worker last week? How many workers have you convinced to read the Daily Worker every day?**

Of the breakdown of the capitalist structure. Such jingoists should have no place in the government employ.

Joining in the nation-wide campaign for the dismissal of Stirling, the Central Federation of the Unemployed Citizens League declared in a formal statement that "there is only one interpretation we can place on the refusal of Senators Bone and Schwelmbach and Representative Zionschek of Washington to aid in the fight to remove Admiral Yates Stirling, Jr., for his war incitement against the Soviet Union, has been denounced in a statement by Howard Costigan, executive secretary of the Commonwealth Builders, Inc. The Commonwealth Builders, an organization based on Upton Sinclair's "Epic," endorsed and was instrumental in electing Schwelmbach and Zionschek, and supported Bone.

"I can say flatly," Costigan stated, "that the Commonwealth Builders do not concur in the refusal of Senators Bone and Schwelmbach and Representative Zionschek to cooperate in the Congressional action taken against Rear Admiral Stirling. We must regard Stirling in the same light as all other jingoists—part of the fascist forces that have sprung up in all countries because

### Senators Denounced on Stirling Issue by Aides in Their Election

**SEATTLE, Wash., June 30.**—The refusal of U. S. Senators Bone and Schwelmbach and Representative Zionschek of Washington to aid in the fight to remove Admiral Yates Stirling, Jr., for his war incitement against the Soviet Union, has been denounced in a statement by Howard Costigan, executive secretary of the Commonwealth Builders, Inc. The Commonwealth Builders, an organization based on Upton Sinclair's "Epic," endorsed and was instrumental in electing Schwelmbach and Zionschek, and supported Bone.

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### OHIO LABOR LEADERS FLAY ANTI-RED PLAN

#### Say Green's Edict Aims to Split Union Movement

**By Sandor Voros**  
 (Daily Worker Ohio Bureau)

**CLEVELAND, June 30.**—Further canvases of Cleveland's labor leaders definitely establishes that the majority of those approached either do not take much stock in William Green's recent anti-Red edict or are opposed to it.

A few leaders in official position, although they refused to be quoted, spoke freely on their opposition to Green on this question.

**Communists Firmly in Unions**

Their comment, boiled down, is based on the following points:

1.—The Communists are too much entrenched in the unions to be dislodged.

2.—Attempts to expel them would cause too much of a row, disturbing the harmony, in the unions.

3.—It doesn't make any difference what men's beliefs are as long as they pay their dues and conduct themselves as good union men.

4.—A drive against the Communist may cause a split in the trade union movement.

Martin Spiegel, business agent of the Cooks and Waiters Union, whose organization at one time went on record against the Communists, had the following to say:

**Unions Should Unite All Craftsmen**

"Everybody who works in a trade should belong to a union regardless of his political affiliation. It doesn't matter what a man thinks, if he works in the trade his place is in the union."

Harry Rothenberg, secretary of Local 86, International Fur Workers Union, was very bitter against Green. He declared:

"Until now I thought that Wm. Green, with his class collaboration policy is unconsciously drawing towards fascism. Now I am beginning to wonder whether this isn't a conscious policy on his part."

### Rank and File Chosen

#### Seattle Branch of the Ferryboatmen's Union has Elected Rank and File Delegates to Attend the Coming State Federation of Labor Convention at Port Angeles, July 8

**SEATTLE, Wash., June 30.**—The Seattle branch of the Ferryboatmen's Union has elected rank and file delegates to attend the coming State Federation of Labor convention at Port Angeles, July 8. Delegates elected were Charles McCarthy, Savidge and Gil Bryant.

**Audience-Less Fascist Orators Harangue Soldiers, Storm Troopers**

**BERLIN, June 30.**—Infantry regiments and companies of Storm Troopers formed the only audiences of week-end "mass" demonstrations here.

Dr. Paul Goebbels, Propaganda Minister and the only speaker, harked away for hours at all domestic and foreign opposition. He denounced foreign press correspondents for reporting the wave of mass struggle that has met the increased terrorism of the Nazi regime.

Goebbels then attacked Jews and Christians indiscriminately for resisting the setting up of a fascist state church.

"If I were God," the megalomaniac ventured modestly, "I would select other spokesmen than those who claim to speak for him."

### Aviation Heroes Honored in USSR; Many Get Awards

**(By Cable to the Daily Worker)**  
**MOSCOW, June 30.**—For their successful carrying out of the task set by the workers' and peasants' government in their ascent in the stratosphere "U. S. S. R. 1-Bis" to an altitude of 53,333 feet, and for their self-possession and courage displayed while landing under difficult conditions, the Central Executive Committee of the U. S. S. R. today awarded the Order of Lenin to Kristin Zille, commander of the stratosphere, Yuri Prilutski, Engineer, and Professor Verigo.

Also the Order of the Red Star was awarded to several young women parachuters, Nikolava and Babushkina, participants in the record jumps from a height of 25,450 feet without oxygen apparatus; to a young woman named Schmidt, who had made 109 jumps, including eighty experimental and sixteen at night; other participants in record jumps were given certificates of the Central Executive Committee.

### GEN. JOHNSON BEGINS DRIVE ON PAY SCALES

#### Removal in City Hall March on July 13

**"Wherever a worker gets a chance to take a private job, even if it pays less than he is getting on relief, he should be made to take the private job."**

Thus General Hugh S. Johnson, Federal Work Relief Administrator in New York, speaking in his home in Washington Saturday, proclaimed the wage-cutting, forced labor policy of the Roosevelt relief program.

"Yes, I said it," the swashbuckling general declared. "I think when there's a job a man should take it."

The general's statement, which has not been repudiated by President Roosevelt or the Federal Work Relief Administration, is considered in circles close to the White House as a declaration of the latest New Deal policy on relief.

**Man on White Horse**

Johnson, through his appointment to the New York relief job, becomes a veritable dictator of the lives and affairs of more than 2,000,000 people, unemployed persons and their families, in the country's largest city. The life of the "man on the white horse" has been bestowed upon him by the government of the United States.

The ukase asserting the Hitler-like policy was the general's reaction to the refusal of New Jersey and New York farm workers to take jobs at sub-standard wages in the South Jersey berry fields. The work would pay them less than the direct relief that they have been receiving.

Mayor LaGuardia and Oswald W. Knauth, director of the Emergency Relief Bureau, failed during the week-end to comment on the general's tyrannical forced labor edict. Subordinates, obviously embarrassed by Johnson's remarks, refused to talk to the press for publication.

**Mayor, Knauth Seen Agreeing**

Both the Mayor and Mr. Knauth, through their silence on the general's statement, are seen as being in agreement with the federal forced labor plan. Johnson's policies are obviously in line with those of the LaGuardia administration of slashing the relief budget for July.

The general is due back in New York today and is expected to com-

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### Gil Robles Threatens Court Martial as Spain Is Gripped by Strikes

#### MADRID, June 30—Minister of War and fascist leader Jose Maria Gil Robles today followed the declaration of martial law in Catalonia by threats of court-martialing workers' leaders for heading the strike movement throughout the province.

Barcelona, capital of the province, continues to be held up by the protest strike directed against the death sentences imposed upon revolutionists in Gijon, Asturias.

Robles admitted the local government forces were wholly alerted with the workers and had already refused to obey orders to shoot at them.

### Parties of Left Hold Anti-Fascist Meeting in Paris

**(By Special Cable to the Daily Worker)**  
**PARIS, June 30.**—The most impressive demonstration ever held by the People's Front Against War and Fascism took place here Saturday, uniting Communists, Socialists, Radical-Socialists and Republican-Socialists.

More than 8,000 crowded the indoor hall and several thousand held meetings in the street. Professor Rivet, anti-fascist municipal councillor, presided.

In his speech Leon Blum, Socialist leader, declared that it was necessary to extend the minimum program of the People's Front throughout the country.

The former Radical-Socialist Premier, Jacques Daladier, hailed the joint action of the proletarian parties.

Maurice Thorez, secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party, recalled the Communist Party's role in establishing the People's Front. He stressed the necessity of winning the broad masses by a defense of their conditions of existence and a struggle for their democratic liberties.

### Labor's Death Roll Shows 22 Murdered by Police, Boss Thugs In First Six Months of 1935

#### Youth Delegates Will Leave for Detroit By Busses Wednesday

The New York Continuations Committee of the American Youth Congress announced yesterday that the transportation arrangements have been changed. Instead of a special train, buses have been chartered to transport the delegates to Detroit.

The buses will leave Wednesday, one at 9 a. m. and the other at 9 p. m., from 112 East 19th Street. The round trip fare will be \$16.25. All delegates who wish to travel by bus must get their tickets in advance, not later than Wednesday afternoon, from either the World Tourist, 175 Fifth Avenue, or from the office of the American Youth Congress, 112 East 19th Street, Room 605.

**CHICAGO, Ill., June 30.**—Chicago youth will be represented at the Detroit Youth Congress, July 4, 5, 6 and 7 by a broad delegation.

The latest organizations to report the election of delegates include the Retail Clerks' Protective Association, Retail Butchers' Protective Association, Englewood Young Men's Christian Association and South Side Anti-War Club.

In Milwaukee, Wisconsin, the County Central Youth Peoples Socialist League elected two delegates to the congress.

### F. D. R. Plan Called Peril To U. S. Youth

#### Student L. I. D. Warns Against Government Supervision

In a statement issued by the National Executive Committee of the Student League for Industrial Democracy the "National Youth Administration was called a peril to the freedom of thought and action of American students, representing no solution of the problems of American youth."

It further called the National Youth Administration an attempt by shuffling administrative agencies to make youth feel on the eve of a Presidential election that it has a stake in the continuance of the Roosevelt Administration. Members of the Student L. I. D. were warned against a government-supervised youth and student movement. The statement said in part:

"President Roosevelt has announced an allotment of \$50,000,000 to 'aid youth.' A large proportion of this appropriation is to be awarded to needy students in work relief projects and direct aid. Federal aid is sorely needed in order to bring some degree of equality of opportunity in education to American youth."

**Called Dangerous**

"However, this Roosevelt plan, which purports to aid students, incorporates in its terms proposals dangerous in the extreme to the freedom of thought and action of American students. We are greatly disappointed at press reports that

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### Waterbury Walkout Spurs Unionization In Nearby Factories

**(Special to the Daily Worker)**  
**WATERBURY, Conn., June 30.**—The militancy of the 450 strikers at the Watertown Undergarment Company is having a strong effect upon workers in other plants here. Two hundred workers, aroused over sweatshop conditions in the Waterbury Apron Company, may walk out this week.

Meanwhile the picket line at the undergarment plant is growing as it is joined by workers from other shops, from the Dibner Dress union, for example.

Real united front support for the strikers is on the upgrade. A dance given for them on Saturday night was addressed by two members of the Socialist Party, by McGurk of the Central Labor Union, and by Charles Campbell, Communist Party organizer.

### Build Steel Union, Says Irwin, Welcoming Anti-Ouster Order

**(Special to the Daily Worker)**  
**YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, June 30.**—Calling for renewed vigor in the drive to build the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers union, and for unity, Clarence Irwin, chairman of the National Emergency Committee of the Pittsburgh Federal Court against the expulsion of lodges by Mike Tighe, reactionary president of the A. A.

Federal Judge McVicar ruled last week that the Riverside lodge of the A. A., which was expelled by Tighe in violation of the A. A. constitution, must be reinstated. The court ruling, forced by the pressure of the overwhelming sentiment of the steel workers against the expulsions, was a blow against Tighe's wrecking policies.

**Ousted Majority**

Tighe has declared the majority of the membership of the A. A. expelled because they want to build a

### MEN REFUSED TO UNLOAD SCAB CARGO

#### Employers Drive Fanned With Green-Well Ouster Edict

**(Special to the Daily Worker)**  
**SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 30.**—In their drive against the International Longshoremen's Union the Waterfront Employers' Association locked out 57 gangs of longshoremen here Friday. The attempt of the ship owners to smash the maritime unions on the Pacific Coast is centered against the San Francisco locals and their militant rank and file leadership.

The shipping bosses know that it was this leadership which won the gains embodied in the present Pacific Coast agreement. The reactionary machine of President Joe Ryan, led by Paddy Morris, William Lewis and Peter Peterson, are supporting the employers' attack on Harry Bridges and other militant leaders of the San Francisco longshoremen, as are the officials of the State Federation of Labor.

**In Solidarity Action**

The immediate drive of the bosses centers around the ultimatum of the Waterfront Employers' Association that the maritime unions must load and unload scab goods. The longshoremen and other maritime unions here and in other Pacific ports refused to touch scab lumber and scab goods loaded at Vancouver, B. C., where the longshoremen are striking.

The gangs which refused to work on scab ships were refused employment on any other docks. They picketed the scab ships.

The locals of both the I.L.A. and the International Seamen's Union are giving strong support to the lumber strikers and to the striking Vancouver longshoremen.

**Move to Rob Men of Gains**

The Pacific Coast agreement, growing out of last year's Pacific Coast longshore strike, expires on Sept. 30, at the same time that the East Coast agreements expire. During the Pacific Coast strike, Joseph Ryan, reactionary president of the I.L.A. ordered the men back to work without gains. But under the leadership of Harry Bridges and the rank and file of the I.L.A., the longshoremen refused to go back to work, and won considerable concessions in working conditions and wages at the end of the strike.

The Waterfront Employers' Association is attempting to rob the longshoremen of these gains. Their strategy is to begin the offensive against the union at once, before the agreement expires, and to weaken the union by attacking the rank and file leadership here. The ship owners feel that this will enable them to smash the agreement on September 30.

The rank and file program,

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### 11 Lumber Workers Held In Frame-Up

**EUREKA, Cal., June 30.**—Eleven lumber workers were held and only one released in the preliminary hearings in the frame-up proceedings now in progress following last week's murder of two strikers by police and vigilantes. Altogether seventy workers have been jailed as the contribution of the California authorities to the attempt to smash the general strike of 40,000 lumber workers with terror.

At the same time that protests are being sent from here to Governor Clarence D. Martin at Olympia, Wash., to demand the removal of troops from Tacoma, protests are pouring into this city to demand the release of the arrested workers. Judge Frazer has already issued an angry statement calling for the protests to stop. The I.L.D. is urging that they be increased.

Railroad tactics are still being continued in court, with officers being prompted in their testimony by District Attorney Bradford. A special grand jury has been called for Tuesday.

A last minute cancellation by the Knights of Columbus forced the protest and memorial meeting to be switched to the Labor Temple Friday night. A crowd of more than 500 overflowed the hall, with many staying in their cars on account of the rain. A collection of \$120 was taken up by Elaine Black, district secretary of the International Labor Defense and main speaker at the meeting. The money is to go for the defense of the arrested workers and for the funeral expenses of the two murdered workers. Funds should be sent to the Sawmill and Lumber Workers Local 253 (A. F. of L.), Eureka, Cal.

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# Anti-War Body Sets August 3 As Protest Day

## Demonstrations Will Mark Opening of Last World Slaughter

Observance of August 3 as the day on which workers, students and professionals are urged to voice their protest against war, was announced by the New York City Committee of the American League Against War and Fascism after a meeting of the committee attended by Dr. Tredwell Smith of Teachers College, Miss Eleanor Branson of the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom, Clara Bodian, Administration Secretary of the National Office and others.

Allan Tush, recently installed into office as Administration Secretary of the New York City Committee, voicing the opinion of those present, issued a statement warning of the imminence of war and urged the necessity of taking immediate steps in this city to prevent it.

"No one questions the immediate danger of war," he declared. "The daily press is replete with reports of all Europe feverishly at work preparing the ground for a violent re-division of boundaries."

Immediate Danger of War  
"August 4, 1914, was the beginning of a catastrophe from which the entire world has not yet recovered. Although at that time the scene of action was Sarajevo, we all know now that preparations for the World War had been long in the making."

"The inability of the League of Nations to cope with the present war danger is reflected in their impotence in the Japan-China dispute; in the attitude of Great Britain and France toward Ethiopia's plea for League intervention. Today we see England and France supporting Mussolini's announced invasion of a peaceful country. It is doubtful whether Italy's dictator will even go to the trouble of formally declaring war on Ethiopia. Open warfare is a matter of weeks. Ethiopia can well be the powder keg to explode. Our own two billion dollar war budget, and the recent naval maneuvers in the Pacific, is convincing testimony that plans are under way to invade the United States in the coming war," he continued.

### For Action

"Throughout the world, opponents of war are girding themselves against the destroyers of civilization. United Front action in France, Spain, Germany and other nations are becoming increasingly powerful as a bulwark against the present war danger." Our task here in the United States is to join hands with our brothers in foreign lands against the common enemy, fascism, breeder of war," he concluded. "By united action of pacifists, radical labor and religious bodies fighting along a single militant plan of action, we can raise a mighty threat to the plans of the war-makers in Wall Street and Washington."

Preparatory plans for August 3 will be taken up at an open membership meeting of the American League Against War and Fascism today, at 8 p. m. at Irving Plaza, Irving Place and Fifteenth Street. This meeting will take the place of the regular City Central Committee meeting. All delegates, members and supporters are urged to attend.

# Build Steel Union, Says A.A. Leader

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"We certainly don't expect the court to organize the steel workers. This is the task of the rank and file themselves which we squarely face."

### Renewing Proposal

"Today we are once again addressing both Tighe and William Green, renewing our proposals for a conference on the proper basis for establishing unity. However, without awaiting their reply, we intend to redouble our energies in the organizational drive and the preparation of broad struggles against the new offensive of the steel trust, which expresses itself in these victimizations as the preparation for a new wage cut."

"Every unionist should support our fight which is an integral part of the fight for unity and democracy in the whole American Federation of Labor. Every steel worker should immediately become an active member of the Amalgamated Association of Iron Steel and Tin Workers."

# Japanese Troops In Border Raids

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wherever possible, did not open fire upon the intruders.

### Gunboats Enter Siberia

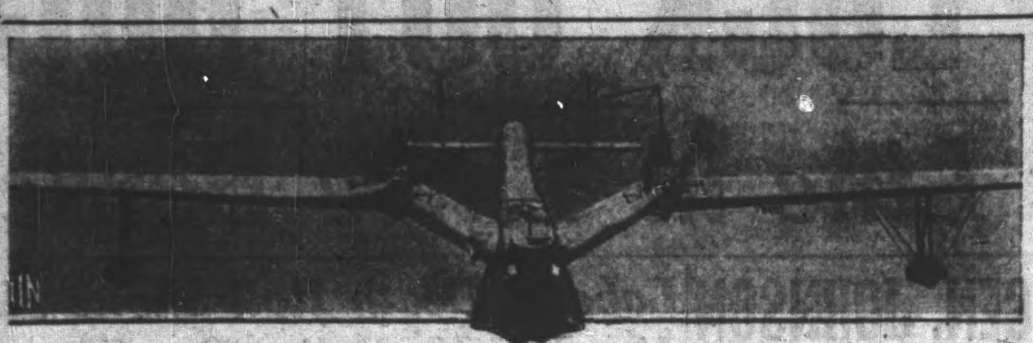
From Blagoveshchensk Tass reported that on June 27 at 5:05 p. m. two Japanese-Manchurian gunboats, the Suten and the Yamini, entered the Popovskoye River, a tributary of the Amur River which spills off at Poparkovo village. The gunboats entered the internal waterway system of the U. S. S. R., which is closed to foreign vessels.

Soviet coast guard motor boats met them at the entrance to the stream, giving the semaphore signal, "Entrance to the stream prohibited."

Without replying to the signal, both gunboats entered the stream. At the gunboats passed the Soviet motor-boats their crews stood with machine guns trained on the Soviet ships. The Japanese photographed the motor-boats. Desiring to avoid an armed conflict and not having any special order to open fire on the intruders, the Soviet vessels informed the local authorities at Khabarovsk, who relayed the incidents to Moscow in order that necessary steps might be taken.

# British Imperialists Introduce New Plane for Next Slaughter

## THE 'UGLY DUCKLING' TYPE IS ADDED BY ENGLAND TO AIR FORCES AS WAR PREPARATIONS ARE SPEEDED



# Chicago Mayor Seeks to Hire 2,500 Police

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)

CHICAGO, Ill., June 30.—It is certainly more than a coincidence that with the removal of more than 6,000 jobs from families from the relief rolls within the past four weeks, Mayor Kelly, "friend of the poor," and author of the brilliant slogan, "Keep Chicago Aboard," has just announced that he will add 2,500 new policemen to the force.

Mayor Kelly has stated that the addition of the new policemen will be required by the passage of the bootleg law to legalize gambling. But since the gambling rackets are run in close cooperation with the police, this excuse has impressed no one at all.

With the eviction cases filling the rent courts, and starvation talking through all the working class wards of the city, the hiring of 2,500 new police is an ominous sign that the authorities are preparing to club the starting into submission if they can.

# F.D.R. Plan Called Peril to U.S. Youth

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the National Student Federation of America, the National Student League, and other student organizations have publicly endorsed or have offered their aid to the Administration in establishing this project.

"We now warn our student membership and all students throughout America that this Roosevelt plan calls for a government-supervised youth and student movement through youth centers to be established throughout the nation. It is patent in that set-up that our fight against war cannot be carried out through a government agency since we must primarily direct our fight against the unprecedented war appropriations of that same Administration. Our drive for understanding and equality between the Negro and white people cannot be freely pursued through an organization controlled by an Administration which has been as callous to America's chief minority group as has the Roosevelt regime."

### No Solution

"In the whole project there is obviously no solution to the problem of American youth. This consistently generous scheme to extend relief to needy students is so fraught with danger to the integrity of the growing student movement for a reorganized society, that we cannot endorse it."

"We urge the students of America to redouble their efforts to build their own organizations. We warn our fellow students not to be taken in, as have many American workers and farmers in the recent past, by the Greek gifts of the capitalist-dominated, military-minded Roosevelt Administration."

# Mine Locals Meet To Plan Strikes

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of nearly every local, feeling is bitter against the "trust," and miners are tired of the endless waiting. If the local leadership heads this, broad strike action is certain to result, at least in District Five. The Lewis forces in local unions are doing their utmost to sabotage the conference and meetings which are taking place this afternoon, stating that this is the wrong time for meetings. Thus they seek to prevent any concerted action by the locals.

# WASHINGTON, D. C., June 30.

John L. Lewis, at the last moment, for the third time agreed to the coal operators' proposals, and extended the present unsatisfactory agreement for the bituminous coal industry for another thirty days. Lewis, declared he agreed to the third "truce," for the president and not the operators."

Lewis, who had a few hours before telegraphed a strike call to six thousand United Mine Workers locals, representing 400,000 coal miners, sent wires last night rescinding the strike call and ordering the miners to go to work under the present agreement. This agreement has been in existence for over a year and a half. In that time, the cost of living has gone up 25 per cent in the mining fields, while wages remain at the five dollar a day level. The agreement has a number of objectionable features, including anti-strike and open shop clauses. The captive mines and commercial mines are separate in the agreement.

# Dissatisfied With Pact, Omaha Men Stop Cars

OMAHA, Neb., June 30.—Street car men and sympathizers stopped several street cars last night in North Omaha, as an expression of their dissatisfaction with the way the arbitration proceedings are being dragged out.

Arbitration was forced last week upon the street car strikers by martial law. Proceedings are being delayed, however, through court litigation.

Plans to broaden the consumers' struggle against the high price of meat, to declare one-day buying stoppages and organize a national conference against the high cost of living were worked out by 214 delegates at a conference of the City Action Committee Against the High Cost of Living in Webster Manor, Friday night.

The struggle against the high cost of meat must now be extended to a national scale," Mrs. Sarah Licht, secretary of the Action Committee, declared. "By our one-month strike we forced thousands of shops to reduce the price of meat. We must now strengthen our local action committees and build new ones. These action committees are the only real guarantee against high prices."

# Nation-Wide Fight Planned On Living Cost

Delegates at the conference represented 28,307 organized workers in New York City. Among the bodies represented were four trade unions, thirty Women's Circle Branches, thirty-six branches of the International Workers Order, forty-five Women's Councils, National War Veterans, twenty Unemployment Councils and a number of workers' clubs and fraternal organizations.

Among the resolutions adopted was one supporting the march of the unemployed to City Hall on July 13 where demands will be placed before Mayor LaGuardia for a 25 per cent increase in relief. The City Action Committee will organize a special contingent in the march which will present demands for action on the part of the city administration to reduce prices.

# Plan National Parley

The conference planned to work toward the calling of a national conference against the high cost of living some time in the Fall. A city-wide campaign to collect signatures on petitions against the high cost of meat was also launched by the delegates. Local action committees will prepare for one-day meat buying stoppages. The dates of the stoppages will be announced soon, the action committee declared. Delegates were unanimous in their decision for one-day strikes.

# Meeting Flays Trial of Rakosi

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)  
MOSCOW, June 30.—At a big meeting of the Hungarian workers living in Moscow, held yesterday in the International Emigrants' Club, the Budapest trial, now going on, of the Hungarian revolutionist, Matthias Rakosi, was sharply scored.

Many hundreds of workers, engineers, Communists and non-Party workers unanimously adopted a resolution of protest against the unexampled juridical crime which is now being committed against Rakosi. The audience greeted Rakosi's courageous stand before the fascist court and sent telegrams to the court demanding his immediate release.

# Jobless Draft Plans for July 13 Relief March

Final plans for the huge demonstration and march on City Hall, Saturday, July 13, were made by 200 leading members of Unemployment Council locals at a meeting Saturday noon at 11 West 18th Street.

The functionaries were urged to increase their efforts in order to insure the success of the demonstration and march, by Sam Wiseman, executive secretary of the Unemployment Councils.

Stressing the importance of the work of the individual locals in their neighborhoods, Wiseman said: "It is up to the locals to popularize the demonstration and march on City Hall. It is the task of each member of the local to approach the workers in his or her neighborhood and explain to them the importance of the march on July 13. The Unemployment Councils are arranging the demonstration and march for all the workers of the city to fight the

# St. Louis Rally Roars Support Of Gallup Ten

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 30.—The hundreds of workers who filled the municipal auditorium here Wednesday night, roared their support of the virtual united front in defense of the ten framed-up Gallup miners when speakers from many organizations took the stand with Robert Minor and Angelo Herndon to call for United action.

George Demler, state chairman of the Socialist Party, Dean William Fickens of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, Walter Meyer of the American Workers Union, Layton Weston, secretary of the Brotherhood of Pullman Car Porters, and Victor Harris of the American Civil Liberties Union were among the speakers who supported the defense of the Gallup Ten. These speakers were cheered time after time when they called for united action of the workers.

Robert Minor received a rising ovation as he took the platform to give a complete story of the Gallup frame-up which led to the kidnapping of himself and David Levinson.

# Young Worker To Popularize Youth Parley

The Young Worker scores again! The special edition for the Second American Youth Congress just off the press surpasses in format and content the United Youth Day edition which created quite a sensation a month ago.

The Congress is scheduled to take place in Detroit on July 4, and these two events form the axis around which the entire issue revolves.

Without any doubt, the highlight of the issue is the attractive middle spread of Earl Browder's brilliant articles on the revolutionary heritage of 78 Comrade Browder simply and lucidly recalls the revolutionary traditions of the first American revolution, and shows that the Communists are the sole and true heirs of those traditions.

In a similar vein, Lloyd Brown deals with the revolutionary traditions of the American Negro. Added light is shed on this question with the original out of Crispus Attucks, runaway Negro slave who led the first attack against the British troops in Boston.

Gill Green, National Secretary of the Young Communist League which publishes the Young Worker, presents the problems facing the Second American Youth Congress.

Every one of the other sixteen attractive pages, contains fine features and interesting new stories. No doubt, this edition, with its attractive green jacket, will be a real force in popularizing the Second American Youth Congress among the masses of toiling and student youth.

# I.L.D. Will Celebrate Anniversary on July 4

An open air celebration of the tenth anniversary of the International Labor Defense will be held Thursday, July 4, at Pleasant Bay Park, the New York office, 22 East 17th Street, announced yesterday.

"We wish to impress upon all workers, intellectuals and friends of the I.L.D., that their support of this affair will be a contribution to the further strengthening of this militant defense organization."

# Jobless Draft Plans for July 13 Relief March

miserable living standard of living for people on relief and to fight the evident attempt of LaGuardia and Roosevelt to break the trade union movement in New York by their low wage scale work relief program."

The Role of Jobless  
Asserting that General Johnson was brought into New York by LaGuardia and Roosevelt for the express purpose of "cracking down" on union labor and persons on relief, Wiseman said: "General Johnson gave a good indication of what he intends to do by his statement regarding the question of whether a person on relief should accept a job even if the wages of the job are lower than the miserable relief allocation. It is up to the workers of the city, employed and unemployed, to break through the crackdown tactics of strikebreaker Johnson."

Wiseman related the recent attempts of the city and relief authorities to cut the living standard of people on relief. "They have already discontinued the payment of rent for the remainder of June and the indications are that they will continue the same practice into July. No provisions have as yet been made to increase the money allowed for food," he asserted.

"Deutsch and Knauth carry on their cat fight about the July relief budget, while the people of the city are going without necessary food and being evicted from their homes. Both of them persist in contradicting each other: Knauth, submitted a larger budget for July than June, larger by a little over one million dollars, and Deutsch declares that the city will not be able to spend any more than three million for July relief and that the city will have to get a larger appropriation from the T.E.R.A. But both of them admit that the standard of living

# Odessa Hails Anniversary Of Ship Revolt

## Festive City Honors Men Who Mutinied on Czar's Cruiser Potemkin

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)  
MOSCOW, June 30.—The toilers of Odessa today were still celebrating the thirtieth anniversary of the armored cruiser Potemkin.

The entire city had a festive air. Red flags waved over houses and in the port. All vessels anchored at Odessa hung out international code signals.

The historical spot where the workers' demonstration was shot down by Cossacks—the stairway on the Potemkin Boulevard leading to the port—was today converted into a place of pilgrimage by thousands of Odessa workers.

A group of old Potemkinites arrived at Odessa to participate in the celebration. The participants in the mutiny received with great emotion the decision of the Soviet government to award them honorary certificates of the Central Executive Committee of the U.S.S.R.

"We who mutinied on the Potemkin and lived to see the present bright days of socialism are particularly joyful at seeing how our Soviet Union and the Red Fleet—the sentinel of its maritime frontiers—are growing and becoming immeasurably stronger," declared Peter Alexeev, former member of the revolutionary committee on the Potemkin.

# Rolland Meets Stalin, Begins Tour of USSR

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)  
MOSCOW, June 30.—Joseph Stalin, General-Secretary of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, yesterday had a friendly, heart-to-heart interview with the famous French writer, Romain Rolland.

Rolland is now making an exhaustive tour of the Soviet Union and studying Soviet culture. The meeting with Stalin lasted an hour and forty minutes. Rolland also had a two hour talk today with Maxim Gorki.

# Labor's Death Roll Shows 22 Killed

(Continued from Page 1)

Ignacio Velarde, Gallup, New Mexico.  
Solomon Esquivel, Gallup, New Mexico.  
Andy Laska, of Fort Arthur, Ohio, Toronto, Ohio.

Edris Hable, Springfield, Ill.  
Ray Morency, Stockton, Calif.  
Fonie Stephens, La Grange, Ga.  
John W. Duster, Omaha, Neb.  
George McElmer, Canton, Ohio.  
Dewey McCoy, Omaha, Neb.  
W. H. Kaurie, Eureka, Calif.  
Thomas Whitstrom, Negro, New York City.

Harold Edlund, Eureka, Calif.

# Mrs. Petrosky Sends Greeting To John Ujich

John Ujich, who is seriously ill on Ellis Island, was visited last Thursday by 17-year-old Genevieve Petrosky, oldest of the eight American-born children of Mrs. Stella Petrosky, who is held for deportation because she helped organize demonstrations for more adequate relief in Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Genevieve's visit to Ujich, with a message of solidarity from her militant mother, served to emphasize the many points of similarity between the two deportation cases.

Both Ujich and Mrs. Petrosky were ordered deported following their participation in the relief struggles of the American working class. Both have lived and labored in this country for long periods, Ujich for twenty years, Mrs. Petrosky for over twenty years. Both face deportation to countries of which they were never citizens, Mrs. Petrosky to fascist Poland, Ujich to fascist Italy, where imprisonment or death awaits them as anti-fascists.

Aided by the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born Workers and the International Labor Defense, the two workers are conducting a fight for the right to remain in this country.

# TERRORE IN NAZI GERMANY

## Communist Defies Court

BERLIN, June 30.—The latest number of the illegal "Neue Gazette" publishes an account of the trial of Edwin Kaiser, a functionary of the Young Communist League of Germany. Kaiser was sentenced to ten years at hard labor.

Before leaving the dock, Kaiser hurled the following words at the judges:

"High treason? Am I accused of treason against the present rulers, against the National-Socialist state? I have committed no treason against the cause for which I have fought to the utmost of my power. My whole life belongs to the fight for Socialism; I have never betrayed the cause of the people and will never betray it. Whatever the sentence on me and my comrades may be, the great cause of Socialism will be victorious in spite of all!"

## Dresden Worker Murdered

BERLIN.—In Dresden a number of workers have been arrested in the works and factories. One of the arrested men, a metal worker, already been murdered by the State Secret Police.

Here in Berlin 59 Gestapo officials have been placed as workers in the various departments of Siemens works, at the request of the management, in order to keep a watch for anti-fascist agitation.

The management of the General Electric Company here has ten State Secret Police officials distributed among its departments. In view of the growing ferment in the works and factories, and with the example of the strike in the last attack on the Hitler Youth, the fascist employers deem it advisable to spy on their workers more closely than ever.

[At a meeting of the Amalgamated Engineers Union in London, the chairman, Little, declared that there are about 4,900 metal workers in Hitler's prisons. This estimate is certainly too low.

# Johnson Starts Drive on Wages

(Continued from Page 1)

mence putting his plans into operation Tuesday.

Labor, which has already denounced the \$19-304 wage scale on the relief projects as too low, is aroused against the new federal policy. The movement for union wages in the projects and a 25 per cent increase in relief gained new impetus during the week-end.

Sam Wiseman, secretary of the Unemployment Councils, declared yesterday that thousands of jobless workers who will march to City Hall on July 13 will demand that Johnson be removed from his position.

A storm of protest against the appointment of General Johnson to the relief post which broke loose in Harlem last week has continued to spread. T. Arnold Hill, head of the National Urban League, denounced the general for discriminating against Negroes when he was head of the N. R. A. The League of Struggle For Negro Rights has demanded the removal of Johnson.

# Chicago Using Johnson Plan

CHICAGO, June 30.—The General Johnson edict in New York City yesterday that jobless workers must accept employment at wages less than relief is being put into effect here, but in a less noisy fashion.

In Chicago, the average expenditure on work relief per man is to be cut from \$1,100 annually to \$800 by order of Federal Administrator Harry Hopkins.

With 60 per cent fixed for wages, it means that an unskilled worker on relief will receive \$540 a year, or \$45 a month—ten dollars below the cooie scale of \$55 fixed for cities like Chicago by Roosevelt's own executive order.

Plan to Smash Union Scales  
Worse than that in the eyes of unionists of Chicago is the effort of city and national administrations to get relief workers into private industry—at relief wages—particularly in preparation of asphalt, sand and crushed stone for street repaving. This would place relief men and union men—at relief wages—and would tend inevitably to smash union wage scales.

Only the organized resistance of Chicago organized labor and the fear of wide strikes has held up the execution of the scheme. In the meantime relief officials are casting about for some device by which to put the idea over on the labor movement.

# Seamen Aid Strike

SEATTLE, Wash., June 30.—Twenty-one union seamen from Tacoma-Oriental ship "Shelton" were shipped back to Seattle late Wednesday afternoon from Vancouver, B. C. where longshoremen are striking, after they had refused to furnish steam or work while scab longshoremen were left on the ship.

Three other American vessels in Vancouver harbor have refused to work with the scabs.

# New Floods Inundate Industrial Japan

TOKYO, June 30.—A devastating flood which struck industrial centers of Japan over a thousand mile length continued today to inundate new regions, following yesterday's torrent of rain.

All the working class districts of Osaka, the industrial heart of Japan, were flooded.

# Troops Called As Kansas Lead Miners Strike

## Gov. Marland Orders State Police Out in Tri-State Tie-Up

GALENA, Kan., June 30.—Two hundred national guard troops are patrolling the streets here, protecting company guards and scabs and breaking up picket lines of strikers of the Eagle-Picher Mining and Smelting Company.

Lead and zinc miners from fifteen mines of the Missouri-Kansas-Oklahoma mining field are on strike.

At Hockerville, Okla., state and local police raided workers' halls and homes. "New Deal" Gov. E. W. Marland, a wealthy oil operator, ordered state highway patrolmen into the Oklahoma strike area to act against the strikers.

# Urge Thaelmann Be Sent to America

(Continued from Page 1)

Commission to operate through the institution of a Court of Honor.

The conference, with Robert Gessner as chairman, opened with a plea for unity in the fight against Nazism here and in Germany. Hans Fleischer, a refugee from Germany, Dr. Kurt Rosenfeld, former Minister of Justice in Prussia, and James Waterman Wise, three speakers of the afternoon, stamped this plea with their approval, emphasizing the need for united action to prevent war and save the victims of Hitler.

Fleischer, active in the German underground movement, stated that the new wave of terror was an attempt to quell growing economic discontent, as manifested in scattered but determined strikes in Wuppertal, Chemnitz, and other localities. Whereas 12 per cent of the population were living on starvation wages in 1929, 33 per cent are subsisting on them now, he pointed out, as prices have risen.

Nazis Murdered 3,942  
He declared that 3,942 people have suffered death since 1933, 46 have been beheaded, and 42 are now under sentence of death. Over 22,000 years of prison terms have been inflicted, 300,000 sentenced to concentration camps, and the crippled and tortured total well over a million, he said. But the Germans are losing their illusions. Even S. A. men are expressing the developing dissatisfaction, and distributing anti-fascist literature, the refugee said.

"Law does not exist in Germany today," said Dr. Kurt Rosenfeld, one of the first defenders of Thaelmann, scoring Nazi legal procedure in his speech. "The Peoples Court is solely an instrument of the Nazi Party, and a judicial cloak for Hitler's arbitrary decrees. The law of vengeance has been substituted for the rights of man."

All lawyers willing to defend left-wing prisoners have either been murdered, arrested, exiled, or expelled from the bar. Dr. Kurt Rosenfeld cited Ernst Thaelmann as a case in point. He is being held on a charge of treason against the Weimar Republic, which the Nazis themselves have overthrown. His trial has been six times postponed for lack of sufficient evidence.

Wise Hits Anti-Semitism  
James Waterman Wise, reporting on National Minorities, showed how anti-Semitism has been a trick to channelize the misery of the German people, and turn their anger against the Jews.

He emphasized the danger of Fascism in this country, declaring that here the Negroes would be and are now the Nazi scapegoats.

June Croll, secretary of the Anti-Nazi Federation, again stressed the imperative need for unity, and outlined a plan of united action which was adopted by the Conference. Freedom for Ernst Thaelmann, Carl von Ossietzky, noted pacifist journalist now in a concentration camp, and other Nazi political prisoners was the first demand, along with the call to send Thaelmann to this country and to award Ossietzky the Nobel Peace Prize. In connection with International Solidarity Day telegrams and delegations are to be sent to the German Consulate, demonstrations are to be staged in Harlem, against Nazi hate activities, in Yorkville, and at the sailing of German boats.

Miss Croll also suggested the delegation to investigate German liberties, and the Woman's Commission.

She stressed the necessity for an intelligent boycott, one which did not attack German workers, but was conducted in a spirit of solidarity with German anti-fascists.

Resolution Backs Boycott  
The Resolutions Committee, of which Nathan Frankel was chairman, presented a general resolution, accepted by the Conference. It opposed militarization, demanding a halt to the new wave of terror, freedom for Nazi prisoners, the restoration of civil liberties, and the abolition of the Peoples Court.

The committee went on record as opposing the deportation of anti-Nazi refugees from this country, opposing Nazi activities here, and supporting the German boycott. It supported the boycott of Hearst and called for the dismissal of government officials in this country who sided with Nazism. Finally it called upon the Conference to resolve itself into an Anti-Nazi Alliance to carry out all these resolutions and decisions.

A United Anti-Nazi Commission was then set up, to consist of 60 members, organized for the purpose of guiding and unifying the anti-Nazi activities of all the 300 or more groups represented.

Prominent non-delegates included Dr. Franklin of the A. F. of L. Labor chest, and Mr. Hariman of the Undermyer Boycott Committee, the Non-Sectarian Anti-Nazi League.

# Cripple Beaten to Death

DUSSELDORF.—A railway shunter named Fritz Zabiensky, 32 years old, who comes from Duisberg, was recently murdered by the Gestapo.

After being arrested Zabiensky was dragged to the Duisberg police headquarters, frightfully maltreated for several days, and finally thrown out of a window.

The brutality of the Nazis has never been more crazily evidenced than in this case. Back in December, 1933, Zabiensky had both legs broken and lost an arm, being caught by a railway engine while running away from the Nazis. And now as a helpless cripple he was beaten to death, solely because he stood courageously for the cause of freedom to the end.

Young Catholics Jailed  
STUTTGART.—At Radolfzell, a small town with a predominantly Catholic population, three members of the Young Men's Catholic League have been arrested. They are charged with having "aroused hostile tendencies in the population." In addition they are alleged to have "insulted the state and the movement, and made physical attacks on the Hitler Youth."

Even the Hitler Youth in Radolfzell has become sullen and bitter. At a gathering of the Hitler Youth in Radolfzell the regional leader declared that the Nazi State stood behind every individual member of the Hitler Youth. He then followed this up with the announcement that the Catholic Youth Home in the town had been closed.

# WEAR EMPLOYERS IN U. S. STRECH HORNS WITHOUT RAISING PAY

### Union City Workers Put On 60-Hour Week in Spite of Contract

UNION CITY, June 30.—Knit-goods and dress goods employers in Hudson County are making a concerted drive to lengthen hours of work without pay increases. Weavers in the John Kiss and Sons, Inc., manufacturers of knitted blankets and infants' wear, have had their work week increased to sixty hours and more a week.

The whole plant has been working 58 hours during the past two weeks. The reason given was to make up time for the days off during the July 4 holiday. In reality, however, this is the beginning of a drive to put through the longer week in the whole plant.

The Peter Freund plant is conducting a similar drive to lengthen its hours of employees.

The John Kiss plant signed a contract with the United Textile Workers Union a year and a half ago. But when weavers bring complaints to Patrick Quinlan, U.T.W. organizer, he tells them he is interested in silk, not woolen plants, and can do nothing for them.

Unionists Seek Writ  
FORT WAYNE, Ind., June 30.—A complaint for a temporary order of injunction to prevent the Wayne Knitting Mills from entering into yellow dog contracts has been filed by Charles Butler and 1,100 other members of the American Federation of Hosiery Workers.

Hearing on the plea will take place Monday before Judge Charles J. Ryan.

Scale Drafted in Providence  
PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 30.—A revised price list for piece work and hourly scales for woolen and worsted workers was worked out at a conference yesterday between United Textile Workers officials and the Executive Council of the woolen and worsted division of the union.

The price list, which is to be submitted to the manufacturers, replaces the general 15 per cent wage increase that has originally been announced. Just how the revised list compares with the general 15 per cent demand, has not yet been made known.

A conference of woolen and worsted workers of the U. T. W. has been scheduled to take place in this city on July 7, to map the fight for the demands being placed before the manufacturers.

Gorman Talks Strike  
TAMMINGTON, Pa., June 30.—"We have instructed all our local unions to strike immediately if any attempt is made to reduce wages, increase hours or to violate the code provisions," Francis J. Gorman, vice-president of the United Textile Workers declared yesterday in an address before the National Labor Summer Conference.

At the same time, however, Gorman continued to uphold the terms by which the general textile strike was sold out last September. "We maintain, however," Gorman said, "that the proposals of President Roosevelt and upon which the strike was settled, should be worked out."

William Weinstein Will Speak at Chicago Rally

CHICAGO, Ill., June 30.—William Weinstein, Detroit organizer of the Communist Party, will be the principal speaker at the July 4 picnic, which will be held at Birutes Grove, Archer and 79th Streets. He will speak on the "Need for a Labor Party."

The picnic is to be a rallying point for the building of a mass Labor Party here.

## WHAT'S ON

**Philadelphia, Pa.**  
The Annual Picnic of the District of the Communist Party will be held this year on Thursday, July 4th at Schuylkill Park, 32nd and Tintin Ave. An elaborate program for the day has been prepared which includes a play by the New Theatre Studio, dance orchestra, sports, etc. Tickets to the picnic, 25c. Directions: Take No. 37 Subway Surface Car and get off at 32nd and Tintin Ave. Adm. at Park, 15c.

Mass Meeting in support of the Janney Cylinder strikers will take place on Monday, July 1st, 4 p.m., at the Convention Hall, Room 2019 N. 2nd St. Aup: Machine Tool and Foundry Workers Union.

All working class organizations are urged to cooperate with the Daily Worker by not planning any other affair on Sunday, August 11th, when the Daily Worker will hold its picnic. Further details will follow.

## Rochester, N. Y.

Anti-War Rally and Picnic, Thursday, July 4th, at Birutes Grove, Archer and 79th St. Free showing "Waiting for Lefty" by New Theatre League, singing, dancing, games, sports, refreshments, etc. Adm. 10c. Gates open 10 a.m. Take any street car to 63rd St., 63rd car West to Arch St. Free to street.

Aup: C. P. District 8.

Reserve Sunday, July 21st. All leagues and mass organizations. All Party Sections are urged to reserve Sunday, July 21st for the Daily Worker Picnic, Silver Leaf Grove, Milwaukee St.

## Chicago, Ill.

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## Detroit, Mich.

Don't forget the big Workers' July 4th Picnic at Workers' Camp, 12 Mile and Mack. See the Communist Party in action on the ball field playing the Y.C.L. League with the Theatre Club at Theatre Guild Annex "Parade." Res: 30c. Minor describe the Gallup terror. Program begins at 2 p.m.

# Noted Lawyer Urges Parole For Krumbein

### Letter from Fraenkel Is One of Many Now Flooding Capitol

"I trust that you see your way to giving favorable consideration to Charles Krumbein's application for parole when he is eligible for it in August," Osmond K. Fraenkel, well-known attorney who has been in charge of the appeal work on the Scottsboro case, wrote in a letter mailed yesterday to Arthur B. Wood, Federal Board of Parole, in Washington. Krumbein, a leading Communist, was New York District Organizer of the Communist Party.

Mr. Fraenkel calls attention to the fact that Krumbein, convicted to one and one-half years and four years on probation on a passport technically charge, "used a passport bearing a name other than his own only because he thought it would facilitate his political activities."

The full text of the letter, one of many which are being sent to the Capitol, follows:

Arthur B. Wood, Federal Board of Parole, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir,

"My attention has been called to the case of Charles Krumbein, who is now in Northeastern Penitentiary at Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, under a sentence of eighteen months for use of a passport obtained by false statements. I understand further that the sentence includes a period of four years' probation. This prisoner will be eligible for parole in August. I believe his case merits your careful attention. He is a native-born American citizen; he used the false passport not for any fraudulent or criminal purposes, but because he thought it would facilitate his political activities, having been for many years a leader of the Communist Party. Whatever one's opinion may be about the soundness of his political principles there can be no doubt of the sincerity and devotion of the members of the organization. The sentence itself was, I understand, heavier than is ordinarily imposed in cases involving passport offenses. I trust, therefore, that you can see your way to giving favorable consideration to his application for parole when the time comes for you to act upon it."

"Very truly yours,  
OSMOND K. FRAENKEL  
(Signed)

# Only Continued Struggle Will Wring Any Concessions For Youth from Government

### STATEMENT OF NATIONAL COMMITTEE, YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE

With his latest edict on the development of the National Youth Administration as a trumpet, Roosevelt is now publicly heralding his new role, as the "champion" of the downtrodden, exploited youth of America. What is the meaning of Roosevelt's sudden recognition of the existence of special youth problems in America today? It is precisely the rising activity of the young generation in America during the last year, as shown in the numerous youth struggles for relief and for better conditions, and more especially, in the creation and development of the American Youth Congress which has forced Roosevelt to make this latest gesture. This is the real meaning of the latest step of the Roosevelt administration.

The announcement of a youth relief project was so timed as to make the best impression on the coming American Youth Congress in Detroit, July 4. By this gesture, and by a few high sounding words Roosevelt hopes to win support for his program at this Congress. It is, therefore, clear that the motive force behind the latest act of Roosevelt is a genuine fear that the masses of youth are becoming more and more disgusted with his policy of discrimination against the youth, of completely ignoring their special problems.

Completely Inadequate Program  
But despite the importance of this concession, a simple examination of his program shows that Mr. Roosevelt is again trying to palm off something completely inadequate on the youth. The 7,000,000 unemployed youth in America can never be satisfied with a plan which involves only \$20,000,000. They can never be satisfied with the fact that the \$50,000,000 allocated for this project is taken from the general \$4,000,000 appropriation for relief, thereby cutting off great sections of adult workers from relief. Nor can they see anything but a gesture in the fact that less than \$100 is appropriated for the whole year for each of over three million youth. They cannot but see in the wage of \$15 per month for work relief a further continuation of the Roosevelt policy of lowering the living standards of the masses down to less than coolie levels.

The students of America know that the \$6 per month is scarcely a solution to their problems, and that even this meagre sum will only be given to 220,000 of them. Certainly this latest scheme of Roosevelt's does not bring any betterment of conditions to the millions of youth who toil in the factories and farms. Nor do the apprenticeship schemes of the Roosevelt administration affect any but a small insignificant portion of the masses of youth without any jobs, and even then, at the lowest rates, under the guise of a "minimum allowance."

Must Struggle Further  
It is clear that the National Youth Administration is being set up by Roosevelt as a further step in his program of working to coordinate the various youth organizations on the basis of support for his policies of preparations for war, of wage-cutting, and an attack against the masses. It is also clear that a great percentage of the \$50,000,000 allocated for this "youth program" will be used in building up a bureaucratic apparatus for the purpose of carrying out this policy. It is obvious that Roosevelt is today afraid of giving the youth themselves the right to supervise even this project; but has, instead, put in his own faithful henchmen because the youth themselves will not support such a plan.

The concessions wrung from the Roosevelt government can be made yet larger. This can be accomplished only by struggle, only by the development of the widest possible front of the younger generation for its rights. The Young Communist League is pledged to such a course. It will work with all its power to see that this front is achieved and solidified. Only such a course can lead toward the solution of the problems of unemployment, of the future of the youth in this country.

The Roosevelt government can be made yet larger. This can be accomplished only by struggle, only by the development of the widest possible front of the younger generation for its rights. The Young Communist League is pledged to such a course. It will work with all its power to see that this front is achieved and solidified. Only such a course can lead toward the solution of the problems of unemployment, of the future of the youth in this country.

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# Charge Postal Chief Abetted Anti-Semitism

### C. L. U. Finds Farley Shares Responsibility in St. Louis Case

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Charges of anti-labor, anti-Jewish discrimination by Post Office authorities against members of the St. Louis Branch of the National Association of Substitute Post Office Employees were made today by the American Civil Liberties Union.

The Union called on Postmaster General Farley to submit the cases to arbitration by some body, such as the Labor Board to be created under the Wagner-Connelly Labor Disputes Act.

Charging that Acting-Postmaster W. R. Jackson at St. Louis had forced the dismissal of three substitutes, Theodore Bronstein, Samuel Raban and Samuel L. Rosen, who had been active in the substitutes' organization, the Union declared that the efforts of its attorney, Frederick A. Ballard, Washington, D. C. to secure arbitration had been unsuccessful.

"These three cases," the Union said, "grew out of an utterly inoffensive letter written last summer by William F. Hill, President of Local No. 9 of the N. A. S. P. O. E. to St. Louis newspapers criticizing the Farley program of economy and the failure to appoint substitutes to vacancies. Charges of 'disloyalty' were promptly filed against Mr. Hill. When substitutes rallied to his support, the three men now involved were particularly active."

"At a conference called in September which all substitutes were compelled to attend, Postmaster Jackson is alleged to have cast aspersions on the Jewish race and to have called active members of the N. A. S. P. O. E. 'rats.'"

"Meanwhile in October Mr. Ballard appeared in behalf of Mr. Hill. While no official decision was ever announced, the charges were dropped and Mr. Hill received an appointment as a regular worker."

"However, badgering of Jewish members of the Substitutes' Association continued. Finally, in November, charges were made against Mr. Bronstein, in December against Mr. Raban, and in March against Mr. Rosen. All three have been removed from the service."

"It is our conviction that the wage accusations against the men such as 'conduct unbecoming a postal employee' would not stand up in a fair and open hearing. Their dismissal has been justified on the ground dear to union-smashing reactionary private employers, that they were trouble-makers. However, we are convinced that these men were dismissed because they were Jews and were active organizers for the N. A. S. P. O. E."

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# ILLINOIS SENATE BODY AIDS HEARST'S DRIVE ON COLLEGE STUDENTS

### Rank and File in Lynn Fights Shoe Wage Cut

### Leaders of Union Accept Slash, Refuse to Lead Struggle

LYNN, Mass., June 30.—The United Shoe and Leather Workers Union leaders have accepted a wage cut of from 7 1/2 to 12 1/2 per cent which was demanded by the manufacturers. The bosses put over the wage cut by threatening to move out if it was not accepted. The wage cut takes effect Monday. The manufacturers previously cut wages 12 1/2 per cent in Haverhill and 13 per cent in Boston. The United Shoe Workers' leaders accepted the wage cut without putting up any fight against it.

The rank and file in the United union had called for a vote against wage cuts, for committees to visit other centers and mobilize the shoe workers for a fight and for resolutions demanding a special convention of the union to organize the district for a united fight against wage cuts.

The national leadership of the United Shoe Workers, which includes I. Zimmerman, Lovestonette, an organizer for the national office, cooperated with the shoe employers, and refused to organize a fight against the wage cuts.

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### Gives University Clean Slate But Attacks Professors

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau)  
CHICAGO, Ill., June 30.—Unable to make anything of the stupidities and fantastic charges of the professional "red baiters" who testified before it, a State Senate investigating committee here concluded its hearings by giving the University of Chicago a clean slate as far as "teaching Communism" is concerned.

But the committee proceeded at once, in the same report, to feed the fires of reaction and Hearstian fascism by calling "in the most friendly way" for the removal of Professor Robert Morss Lovett, noted authority on English literature and famous liberal. The committee urges his "honorable retirement" for his anti-war activities.

At the same time, Senator Charles W. Baker, leading reactionary on the committee, who declared himself "dissatisfied" with the majority report sent an urgent wire to Congressman Samuel Dickstein of New York calling for a Congressional investigation into "radical" activities in the schools.

The main attack against Professor Lovett is on the grounds of his membership in the American League against War and Fascism and Civil Liberties Union.

The committee report continued to encourage the suppression of all student clubs and activities that might be labeled "radical" by stating that, "We urge all educators to maintain stricter supervision and control of student activities, particularly as to student news publications and student organizations to the end that propaganda or invidious indoctrination shall not be encouraged."

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HOME LIFE

By Ann Barton

RITA COATES is twenty-four and a school teacher in Lynn, Mass. Rita is the sole support of her mother and father. She wanted to get married. She was very anxious to continue teaching, since that was the only way the two young people would be able to make enough money to support Rita's parents.

But the school committee stepped in between Rita and her plans. The school committee announced that she cannot marry and keep her job. Now Rita has broken of the proposed marriage.

"This definitely condemns me to the life of a spinster," she says. "I have no choice now except to remain single the rest of my life, unless I wish to desert my father and mother."

TALK about "breaking up the family!" Under this capitalist system, women are even prevented from marrying, under the threat of hunger for themselves and their families!

RITA COATES is feeling the effects of one of the schemes devised to put the burden of the crisis upon the backs of the working class. The ruling class pulls one trick out of the bag after another to save itself from disaster. The one that has affected Rita Coates is by this time an old one.

Propagandists of the ruling class, during the first crisis years, attempted to whip up scorn for the married woman who kept her job. They said these women were taking the bread out of the mouths of the jobless. They said they were working either "just for a lark," or for "pin money." Many rules were made in various companies that married women must give up their jobs.

JUST as the Nazis have made a wide propaganda that the aim of women must be "kitchen, the church, children"—just as Mussolini has taken measures to replace women in industry with jobless men—the same Fascist measures are becoming widespread here.

Forty per cent of all women in industry in this country are married women. The Women's Bureau, of the Department of Labor admits that 90 per cent of these women work in order for their families to eat and live. They must add to the small earnings of their husbands. They must support other relatives. They must support entire families, when their husbands are jobless. In these days of "staggered" time, of lowered wages, what family can live, pay rent, and eat on the wages of one of its members?

JUST stop to think a minute what it means when woman eager and willing to work are actually prohibited to do so if they marry! It is the denial of the right to marry! It is the infringement of a fundamental liberty. It is the echo of Fascism.

It is the attempt of the ruling class to solve the crisis, which was of their own making, by putting it upon the shoulders of the working class, and thus freeing itself of any responsibility. It is the attempt of the ruling class to get the many to share what is now insufficient. Rita Coates, the married woman, working class men must not let all working class women and all them get away with it.

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From Factory, Mine, Farm and Office

Boss Union Aims o Stem Grocery Clerks' Militancy

By a Worker Correspondent NEW YORK.—Phil Rothberg, a former member of the Retail Dairy, Grocery and Fruit Clerks Union, Local 338, is now trying to form a scabby company union. He claims the reason he is trying to organize the union is that he wants to keep the workers out of the hands of the "reds."

This Phil Rothberg was business agent, and while holding that position he was arrested on the charge of accepting a bribe. (The union got him out of trouble at that time.) He is believed to be backed by several large chain grocery owners; Junior Dairy stores, Waldbaum, Einhorn and Epstein, who own a chain of dairy stores in Brooklyn.

'Red Baiter's' Lies Disproved by Miner

By a Miner Correspondent ALLEGHENY VALLEY, Pa.—Not long ago Joe Cernick, the red baiter, made insinuating remarks that the Communist Party was receiving pay from the capitalist class to break the unions. This lie must be checked by informing people of the truth.

If the Communist Party is in the pay of the capitalist class then Dirty Willie Hearst would not attack the Party, and the capitalists and their agents would not advise hanging anyone who has Communist leanings.

The Communists want the complete overthrow of capitalism, and its extermination in order to free the masses of the people from the exploitation of the capitalist class. The Communists believe, and have proven, that a country can be run without a small group of capitalists living in luxury, while millions starve. This they have proven in Soviet Russia, where the workers and farmers rule.

The lie that the Communist Party is a union wrecker is very easily proven by the proposal of the Communist Party that the N. M. U. merge with the U. M. W. of A. The Communists in the Progressive Miners of America, the United Anthracite miners and all other unions, want to unite the miners into one union of the coal miners; but not under the leadership of Lewis. Lewis must go, and someone put in his place who belongs to the working class and will fight the capitalist class—the enemy of the workers and farmers. The U. M. W. A. must be controlled by the members themselves.

Communist Unit in Provincetown Aids in Blocking Scab Shipment

By a Worker Correspondent BOSTON, Mass.—I want to tell you how the Communist Party Unit in Provincetown was able to react to the Cities Service Oil Company's attempt to get scabs for the struck tankers lying out in the stream, in Boston and Provincetown.

Two crimps from the Cities Service were overheard here in Provincetown negotiating with A. Avellar to hire seventeen scabs to be shipped to Boston. Avellar agreed and was to be paid \$5 per scab. The unit was mobilized (and motorized). Potential scabs were contacted and dissuaded from scabbing. They were to have left town at 4:30 in a cab, but did not, due to the efforts of the comrades. The shipment was cancelled, we were informed.

Later, however, Avellar reached one of the scabs (Red Perry, who had expressed his willingness to ship even when the others had agreed not to) and through him, probably recruited others. They left for Boston about seven-thirty in a cab. From those who were approached to scab it was learned that they were promised complete police protection, except that they were told that they would not be able to go ashore in Port Arthur. During the afternoon, it was learned, ten of the original seventeen necessary scabs had been recruited from other parts of New England, reducing the number needed from here to seven.

The scabs were also told to bring

no clothing since it would be furnished them aboard ship.

RED PERRY, 35 years, about 5 feet, one inch, 140 pounds; usually goes hatless, light red hair, has a slight stammer in speech, greenish eyes. Former Coast Guardsman. Has no AB ticket.

JOE TAVES, 25 years, about five feet, 140 pounds; dark brown eyes, black hair, sharp nose (Portuguese).

CHARLES COOK, 25 years, five feet, three inches; stocky, black hair, pimples, face round.

JIMMIE WILSON, boyish, slender, five feet, four inches; 125 pounds, 24 years old, timid.

The last three of these Provincetown scabs have never been to sea, but no doubt it won't be long before they get a taste of seamen's scab medicine a la West Coast.

With the backing of William Randolph Hearst, Congressman Martin Dies has launched a movement to deport foreign-born workers. What lies behind this campaign? Read the Daily Worker if you want to know why native workers should stand united with their foreign-born brothers against the Hearst-Dies program! Fifty thousand new readers for the Daily Worker means fifty thousand more fighters against Hearst and his fascist program!

Relief Heads Spur Spying in Union

(Daily Worker Midwest Bureau) WEST FRANKFORT, Ill., June 30.—In this county, not only do the authorities starve the jobless miners, but they use their starvation as a club in an attempt to make stool-pigeons out of the Progressive and United Mine Workers members.

The tricks of the relief officials here is to urge the U. M. W. A. miners to "get information" on the P. M. A. miners so these P. M. A. miners can be cut off relief. The miners in both unions are aware of this attempt to split their ranks. A particularly revolting case of brutality has come to light here in the relief offices. Criminal and cynical delay in the case of 19-year-old Steve Kovach, who now lies dead of a burst appendix because the order had gone out from the offices of the Illinois Emergency Relief Commission to cut off 10 percent of the relief cases. Steve applied for help and attention because of acute pain in the abdomen. He was turned down several times. Finally, he was given some pills by a Dr. Evans. Shortly afterward Steve had to be rushed to the hospital for an operation. His poor parents having to beg for the surgery. But it was too late, his appendix had ruptured, and he died, a young worker's life snuffed out, to save a few dollars on the relief rolls. The Doctor? He knew he said, that the boy needed attention and that he had appendicitis. The funeral and hospital bill? The relief workers informed the grief-stricken father that he had reported the case too late to have them paid by the government.

All young workers are being torn from their homes for the C. C. C. camps whenever their families apply for relief.

The Ruling Class

by Redfield



15. THE PEOPLE'S FRIENDS "The fall guy," General Hugh Johnson on the throne as King Hunger. To show that he learned something as N.R.A. chief, his first pronouncement as "relief job czar" in New York was that he was going to donate some more money to the manufacturers under the guise of creating jobs. Recent news reels of the General show that in addition to all his other virtues he's quite a clown.

I. W. O. Recruiting Over the Top For the First 6 Months in 1935

Monday, June 24, concluded the last recruiting week in the first six months of the year 1935. The figures for these six months permit a partial review of the work. A final review will be possible only within a few weeks after the actual membership figures will be ascertained as per dues payments for the month of June.

The recruiting figures of the International Workers Order are very important. This is so not because the recruiting is the sole activity of the Order. It is not. The activities of the Order consist in the participation either of the members of the Order or of the Order as an organization, or of its branches, in various activities of the working class. But since the Order is a fraternal organization and the relationship of the members and the branches to the national office is based upon the mutual transactions for fraternal help, the national office has only one means of check-up on the activities of the city organizations and branches of the Order; that is, to check up on the recruiting activities.

Activities mean organized life. Life in the organization means to attract the workers and to keep those that have been attracted. That is why the general activities of the Order are clearly reflected in the movement of the membership figures. Life in the Order to the satisfaction of the proletarian membership increases the loyalty of the members toward the organization. Their pride in their membership in the Order becomes intensified. This again manifests itself in their desire to bring other workers into the organization. A member of the organization will proselyte others to join his organization only if he is proud of his membership, if he feels that membership in the organization is worthy of himself and every one like him. Here again this movement of the membership figures are an indicator of the effectiveness of the proletarian fraternalism practiced by the Order. Membership figures cannot be produced by abstract recruiting. This can be clearly seen by the effort of some fraternal organizations to intensify recruiting by paying premiums of from three to five dollars per new member. Yet these organizations do not grow. There are only few occasions for anyone to claim the promised premium.

In the beginning of the year the National Executive Committee worked out quotas for the recruitment by the various sections. These quotas were based upon the fact that our Third Convention was to take place in May and that the period before the Convention would give an opportunity to intensify recruiting activities. These quotas were also based upon the fact that in the States of Massachusetts and Pennsylvania we were unable to recruit new members. This latter situation was changed in the month of May. This, however, was too late appreciably to influence the recruitment figures. The weight of this change will be felt only in the 5th Anniversary drive which is now being prepared for October, November and December.

Recruitment Figures from January to June

Table with columns: Section, Quota, Recruited, Percent of Quota. Rows include Miscellaneous, Jewish, English, Polish, Italian, Rumanian, Slovak, Youth, Juniors, Croatian-Serbian, Hungarian, Ukrainian, Grand Total, Total without Juniors, and Total.

As may be seen from this table, the total quota was achieved 100.5 per cent. This means that in the assignment the total quota was based on a concrete analysis of the possibilities. It also means that there was a more or less systematic

Finds Scabbing Doesn't Pay As Gas Company Docks Him

By a Worker Correspondent ST. LOUIS, Mo.—According to the popular story, country boys always make good in the big city. Dow Manlove of Salem, Mo., is one country boy that did not do so well when he hit the big town seeking fame and wealth.

Dow's first job happened to be scabbing for the Laclede Gas Company of St. Louis, Mo. After dodging bricks for a week or two, Manlove became sick and unable to continue faking. The Gas Company had agreed to pay him straight time. When he received his check he found that he had been docked for the time he was off.

Manlove discovered that ratting does not pay, morally or financially. Not only do decent men shun him like a leper, but the Gas Company, after taking the only thing of value that he possessed, his good name, refused to pay him for incurring this dishonor and disgrace.

Scabs take notice.—The Gas Company will exploit you just as harshly as it attempted to exploit members of the Gas House Workers Union Local 18799.

Gas Company Graveyard One of the newer sights in the 3,500 block on Labadie St. in St. Louis, Mo., is a mound of earth

check-up on the work to assure the execution of the general plans. A closer scrutiny of the figures, however, shows some very weak spots. While the final analysis must be left to a time when we compare the recruitment figures with the actual membership figures, we can even now point to the extreme weakness of the Ukrainian and Hungarian sections and the relative weakness of recruiting into the Youth Section. On the whole there is no reason whatever why any of the sections failed to achieve 100 per cent of the quota. The quotas were conservative. They were not imposed upon the sections. The sections themselves proposed and accepted them.

The figures of the first six months will have to be used as a guide in the work for the second six months. Of course, they cannot be used as arguments for a downward revision of the quotas already agreed upon for the 5th Anniversary drive. They must be used to find the weak spots and to assure the finding of a remedy for these weaknesses for our future work.

How to Activate I.W.O. Members in the I.L.D. The 3rd Convention of our Order decided upon collective affiliation of the Order with the International Labor Defense. It was the intention of the Convention by this action to emphasize the collective desire of the Order for all members to be active in the I. L. D. The activity of the membership, of course, must be organized by the I. L. D. locally.

The members of our branches everywhere should make themselves an active part in the local activities of the I.L.D. The method and particular field of work has to be selected by them. This selection is completely within the jurisdiction of the membership everywhere. This activity is a purely voluntary action on the part of the members, and the members have therefore the right to select their own method and field of activity.

It would be very much in harmony with the general functions of our Order as a fraternal mutual aid organization if our membership everywhere, under leadership and initiative of the local I.L.D., would organize themselves especially for participation in the prisoners relief work. The adoption of families or dependents of class war prisoners would fit excellently into the activities of City Central Committees, section city committees or larger branches of the Order. The adoption of prisoners for direct prisoners' relief likewise would fit admirably into the activities of our organization. The numerical strength of the membership of our Order, if concentrated on some such specific help in the work of the I.L.D., certainly assures a most welcome help for those workers who in the present period of struggle for decent wages, hours and working conditions come into conflict with the powers that be. These powers are always found on the side of the defense of the constitutional right of the bosses to pay miserable wages and force upon the workers miserable

working conditions. When the bosses shut down shops because they do not make enough profits, then the police and military prevent the workers from opening them. When the workers shut down a shop by means of a strike to enforce decent working conditions, then the police and military are there to keep the shop open. They are always there to do what the boss wants. They can never be found helping the worker. Under these conditions and with the officially admitted deterioration of wages and working conditions, the victimization of worker: fighting for decent wages becomes an increasing daily occurrence. These workers must know when they enter the struggle for existence and for the existence of their families, that if they fall foul of any rules and regulations drafted to help the boss and to go against the worker, at least their beloved ones, their dependents, are taken care of by the working class. The working class hasn't yet the power to keep such workers out of prison; but it surely has the power to assure those that have to go to prison for activities on behalf of the working class that the whole working class considers their beloved ones as their wards.

The City Central Committees, section committees in the cities, as well as the branches, should discuss the role that our members want to and can play in these activities.

I.W.O. to Inaugurate Educational Campaign With Lecture Series

The International Workers Order will begin a nation-wide educational campaign on the "Role of the I. W. O. in the Struggles of the Working Class," on July 1, it was announced yesterday. The campaign will be opened in New York by a series of Monday evening lectures on the roof terrace at 80 Fifth Avenue, at 7 p.m. Louise Thompson, national organizer of the I. W. O., will speak on the "Struggle for Negro Rights." Other lectures on "Insurance Rates, General, Fraternal and I. W. O." by N. Falk; "Trade Unions, Shop Work and the I. W. O." by George E. Powers; and the "Importance of Concentration" by Max Bedacht will follow. Admission to the lectures will be free.

Messrs. William Green and Matthew Well are on a rampage against the Communists. It seems the Communists are interested in uniting the workers against their exploiters. Larger and larger grows the number of A. F. of L. unions which are learning this. Messrs. Green and Well are finding the way hard indeed in their expulsion calls. Read the Daily Worker for news of the movement for trade union unity. The Daily Worker is the union man's newspaper! See that the members of your local all read the Daily Worker every day! Make the drive for 50,000 new readers a success!

What is your organization doing in the drive to secure 50,000 new readers for the Daily Worker?

"FRESH AIR FUND" of the MEDICAL ADVISORY BOARD 50 East 13th St., New York City. I enclose \$... as my contribution towards sending children of unemployed workers to Camp Wo-chi-ca. Name Address City and State

SUBSCRIPTION BLANK HEALTH and HYGIENE Medical Advisory Board Magazine 35 East 13th Street, N. Y. C. I wish to subscribe to Health and Hygiene. Enclosed please find \$1.50 for a year's subscription. Name Address City State

YOUR HEALTH

By Medical Advisory Board

(Doctors of the Medical Advisory Board do not advertise)

Because of the volume of letters received by this department, we can print only those that are of general interest. All letters are answered directly and are held confidential.

Worrying Over Constipation

A. J. of Chicago, Ill., writes:—"My boy, who is stubbornly constipated, refuses to cooperate with me, no matter how I entreat, command or deplore. His appetite is excellent, but not wholesome. He refuses to eat vegetables, such as carrots, spinach, beans, cabbage, cauliflower, etc. He eats some lettuce and celery, and likes tomatoes. He eats fruit, but we cannot afford to buy enough fruit to make up for the lack of vegetables. He is like his dad, whose appetite I term perverted, because he also has the same dislikes and in the same stubborn degree. Needless to say, both he and his dad indulge heavily in starchy food, such as pastry, crackers, sweets, bread, and to this my son adds his desire for candy. He drinks about one quart of milk daily, but less than two glasses of water."

"I was anemic most of my childhood and ate very little of anything, but since I have grown stronger, I have learned to eat practically everything in moderation. I am not fanatic about any one subject, and do not fall prey to the various food fads that are only for the benefit of the food manufacturers. What I cannot understand is how any fairly intelligent person can allow himself to make such childish discriminations about his food, and I hold to the opinion that one's appetite in the form of a like or dislike for food is a matter of the mind. In other words, a person's dislike for carrots is mental and not the reaction of his stomach to this particular food. Am I right?"

WE REPRODUCE this letter in full because we believe that despite its reasonableness of tone, there are many misconceptions there that call for explanation. Mrs. A. J.'s appetite for every variety of food, excluding vegetables and including fruit and milk. This is not surprising for he has his father's example in food tastes to go by and this example is probably more impressive than any number of lectures on the good points of vegetables. Vegetables can only be given to the child provided they are made as palatable as the sweets, and the heavier foods which all children like and which they need to a greater degree than is often realized. Especially since the boy is evidently more robust than was his mother as a child and has a lustier appetite.

True, the reaction to different foods may be mental, but this does not mean that the reaction can be changed at will. It may be so much harder to do this. Nor is a desire for fancy morsels to be condemned. Pleasure from food is a feature of most of us; and nothing is gained by denying it. This scorn for food and pleasures really conceals intellectual superiority over the grosser appetites of other people. This attitude is not justified.

We can say that Mrs. A. J. worries unnecessarily. Her boy is healthy, active and bright. His constipation seems, therefore, relative. After all, there is no commandment concerning how often to move one's bowels; some people go to stool two to three times daily; some once or two or three days; and both may be equally healthy and without symptoms. Only people have gotten used to accepting constipation as a disease. Let us repeat that constipation that is habitual and not a recent symptom, where it is combined with good health and no difficulties, is not a disease and is as much a personal trait as other habits (say, of eating, urinating, etc.). If combined with this type of normal constipation there is some slight difficulty due to hardness of the stool, etc., this can be corrected by alterations in diet, drinking of more fluids and taking of mineral oil. Contrary to what has been so effectively impressed on us, there are no poisons absorbed into the body from failure to have a stool passage.

Hands Off Ethiopia! Defeat Imperialist War!

Appeal of the International Trade Union Committee of Negro Workers

To the Toilers of the Metropolis and the Colonies:

To the Workers of All Races and Nationalities! The menace of a war against the Ethiopian people becomes daily more actual. Fascist Italy has practically completed technical preparations for its robber war against Ethiopia. At the same time that the Italian imperialists were signing the resolutions of arbitration adopted by the League of Nations Council, they were giving mobilization orders for three more military divisions together with hundreds of workers in the "Labor Battalions" and technical experts to be dispatched to East Africa.

Il Duce Wants War

Mussolini does not want arbitration or a settlement of the frontier questions. What Mussolini wants is a war to subordinate Ethiopia in the interest of the Italian capitalist exploiters. He hopes, by this means, to overcome the desperate economic and financial crisis of Italy; to secure a source of raw material for

Italian industry, a sales market for her industrial products and to divert attention from the rising discontent at home to adventures abroad.

This sabre-rattling war-monger expressed this aim quite clearly when he stated that he had "hoped that the Treaty of 1923 would provide opportunities for Italy to participate in the commercial development of a rich but underdeveloped country to the mutual benefit of Italy and Ethiopia." And since Ethiopia, which has assumed a conciliatory but firm position, is unwilling to submit to "peaceful" economic penetration and political domination, Mussolini in his belated speech of June 8, has reaffirmed Italy's intention of making war on Ethiopia to obtain this end when he said: "We have old and new accounts to settle, we will settle them. We shall take no account of them. We shall be said beyond our frontiers, because the judges of our interests and the guarantees of our future are we, only we, exclusively we, and nobody else."

Sharp Conflict

The sharpness of these conflicting interests finds its expression not only in the violent press campaign conducted in Italy and England. Mussolini threatens to scuttle the Stresa front, by settling his differences with fascist Germany and

arbitration, the League of Nations has not prevented a war. It has not compelled Italy to refrain from using force in settling the disputed questions. The Geneva agreement has only provided a respite to the Italian General Staff, who is preparing to launch its war of conquest at a suitable moment when the rains are over about September.

A temporary obstacle in the execution of Italy's war plans is the conflict in East Africa between Great Britain and Italy. The British imperialists, who are now pretending to assume the role of defenders of Ethiopian independence, are not ready to submit to the threat of fascist Italy to British interests and domination in East Africa. They do not want any rivals who may threaten their hegemony.

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hints at leaving the League of Nations if he is not allowed a free hand in Ethiopia.

On the other hand, the Anglo-Egyptian ruling class, with the consent of Ethiopia have suddenly decided to start construction of the long planned dam at Lake Tzana in Northern Ethiopia. Through this move, Britain will not only gain control of the Ethiopian waters to safeguard the irrigation of her Egyptian-Sudanese cotton plantations, but will be in a position to deal a blow to Italy by drying up the plains in the south if the occasion arises.

Concrete Measures

In all working class organizations, the trade unions, workers' clubs, fraternal organizations, co-operatives, churches, etc., work must at once be started to organize and build up "HANDS OFF ETHIOPIA COMMITTEES." The central task of these Committees must be to raise the issue of

Italian toilers, through strikes, anti-war demonstrations, disobedience to mobilization orders, rebellions, etc., continue. This heroic resistance and struggle of the Italian workers carried on under extremely difficult conditions of terror must find its echo among the workers in the other capitalist countries and in the colonies, who must intensify the movement of protest and action already begun.

The independence of Ethiopia is at stake! Only the mass protest action of the workers and intellectuals can prevent this predatory war!

The Ethiopia toilers stand ready to defend their country. But in this they must be aided by the toilers of the world-over. The working class must be roused into action.

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# Workers, Unite in Defense of Strikers Faced by Troops!

## PROTEST TO GREEN, PROTEST TO GOVERNORS! DEMAND THAT TROOPS BE WITHDRAWN! BACK UP OUR BROTHERS FACING BULLETS AND BAYONETS!

**TROOPS** in Tacoma, Wash. Troops in Portland, Ore. Troops in Galena, Kan. Troops in Omaha, Neb. In city after city the iron fist of military terror is swung against striking workers.

Workers are being shot down in cold blood, murdered—two in Omaha, two in Eureka, Cal.; dozens more are wounded.

Workers are being court-martialed, or thrown into jail and framed-up—70 have been imprisoned in the Eureka lumber strike.

In "free and democratic" America, under the New Deal, it is a crime for workers to demand and fight for higher wages, to refuse to allow milk to be snatched from the mouths of their children, to seek to obtain that

right of collective bargaining which Roosevelt promised them.

*Wasn't this what Roosevelt himself threatened several weeks ago when he declared that Congress must either pass the Wagner Bill or martial law would be used against strikers? What Roosevelt did not say was that the passing of the Wagner Bill will not do away with martial law. On the contrary, troops will be sent to enforce the strikebreaking decisions of the National Labor Relations Board created by the Wagner Bill.*

The increased use of government terror to break strikes is a challenge to labor all over the country. Today it is Tacoma, Portland, Eureka, Galena. Tomorrow it may be any American city.

*It can be met and defeated only by the united action of labor.*

Our brothers who are facing bullets and bayonets

are fighting with magnificent courage. Toledo, 1934, lives anew in the struggles of today. They must not be left to fight alone.

Why is the top leadership of the A. F. of L. silent in this situation? Why has it taken no steps to support the heroic strikers who are risking their lives for the cause of labor? WHY HAS IT UTTERED NO WORD OF PROTEST AT THE SENDING OF THE NATIONAL GUARD?

*Green and Wolf are trying to expel Communists from the unions. WHY HAVE THEY DONE NOTHING TO EXPEL THE STRIKEBREAKING TROOPS?*

The rank and file want action. Their sentiment is expressed by the spread of sympathetic strike movements.

In Tacoma the longshoremen, teamsters and street-car workers have walked out in solidarity with

the striking lumber workers, while the Unemployment Councils are rallying the unemployed. In Everett the Central Labor Council has voted to call a general strike if troops are sent against the lumber strikers.

*No reliance on the Wagner Bill—another and more treacherous Section 7-A—but sympathetic strikes—this must be labor's answer to the New Deal terror.*

Workers in all parts of the country must rally to the support of our gallant brothers. Send protests to the governors of Washington, Oregon and Kansas, demanding immediate withdrawals of the troops.

And send protests to William Green and the Executive Council in Washington, demanding that they stop playing 'possum, that they join in forcing the withdrawal of troops and in swinging the entire labor movement behind the strikers in Tacoma, Portland, Eureka, Galena and elsewhere.

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MONDAY, JULY 1, 1935

### Miners or Operators?

THE nation-wide strike of 400,000 coal miners, scheduled to begin at midnight last night, was again "postponed" by John L. Lewis at the request of the Roosevelt administration.

This is the third postponement. The strike was first set for April 1. It was put off to June 30. Now it is delayed to July 31. The workers have received no concessions.

Lewis, in a statement to the press, explained his action with the statement: "We are doing this FOR THE PRESIDENT and not for the operators; we are conceding again to the public interest."

This raises the question: For whom is Lewis working?—Does he represent the coal miners?—Does he serve their interests?—or, is he Roosevelt's agent among the miners to prevent strikes?

The operators promised nothing. Negotiations are broken off. Huge piles of coal are stocked up in anticipation of a strike. They make further negotiations dependent on the enactment by Congress of the Guffey Coal Control Bill—their bill!

Lewis supports this operator-dictated bill, and uses the resentment of the miners and the threat of strike to put pressure on Congress—to force adoption of the operators' bill. Lewis thus serves the interests of the operators, covering up his acts with the claim, "we are doing this for the President."

The coal miners will get nowhere with such policies and with such leadership. Only rank and file control and strike action will bring the \$6.00 day, the 30-hour week, union recognition and the end of discrimination.

Miners! Adopt resolutions against Lewis's "postponements." Prepare to strike for your demands.

### We're Exposed

THE Red plot thickens. Yesterday's instalment of the series by Hearst's new storm-trooper, Rev. George Donald Pierce, on the Red conspiracy to foment revolution through the churches, makes additional "startling revelations." Such as:

1. The World Tomorrow, Christian pacifist magazine (which, by the way, is no longer in existence) is practically an organ of the Communist International.

2. Its editor, Kirby Page (who happens to be a well-known enemy of Communism) is actually a "Moscow agent."

If further proof is wanted, Rev. Pierce records the fact that of some 20,000 ministers who replied to a World Tomorrow questionnaire, 62 per cent recorded themselves as pacifists, with no less than 10,101 favoring—believe it or not—entrance of the United States into the League of Nations!

And to confound the diabolical Reds, Rev. Pierce concludes his article with a triumphant quotation from a fellow Brown-Shirter to the effect that George

Washington warred against King George and Lincoln against slavery.

What he fails to say is that Washington and Lincoln fought REVOLUTIONARY wars against oppression. And that today the slaveholding Hearsts and the Tory Pierces are trying to destroy the rights and liberties of those who carry on the revolutionary traditions of Washington and Lincoln.

Ministers throughout the country should follow the example of their colleagues who already have protested the lying Pierce articles, and show in unmistakable terms that this man, who is trying to foist on this country the gospel according to St. Adolph, is not going to get away with it.

### A Challenge

S-S-SH! Be more careful! The American Legion's anti-red "secret service" is right at your heels.

And what discoveries? What an exposure?

This time they really have us against the wall.

They have discovered that Communists play baseball! That we hold picnics! That we go to summer camps! And, above all, that we are attracting the youth of the country!

In short, after months of strenuous labor and hair-raising escapes, the Legion's "secret service" has discovered that Communists are quite normal human beings interested in the same sports and social activities as the masses generally.

And they don't like it. They have decided to go in for baseball themselves to win the youth away from us.

Good! We challenge them to a game—the best team of Young Communists against the best of the Legion sponsored teams. The Daily Worker will gladly sponsor the match.

Young Communists! Get in trim for the great event!

### More Evidence

"Labor is now looking to the President for leadership. If in the near future the conservatives in both old parties will not permit the President to carry through the New Deal program, it is my judgment that labor, farmers and others who make up 90 per cent of the population of this country will turn to a new political party."

THUS spoke Sidney Hillman, president of the Amalgamated clothing Workers, at the Camp Tamiment conference on labor problems Saturday.

More clearly than any of his colleagues, Hillman has here confirmed 100 per cent the charge in Saturday's Daily Worker that the Old Guard of the Socialist Party and the top bureaucracy of the American Federation of Labor are planning a Labor Party in name only—actually a third capitalist party under middle-class leadership.

Hillman here calls for a "Labor" Party that will carry through the program of the New Deal. In other words, a party that will carry through the policies of strikebreaking and betrayal such as the auto, steel, textile and tens of thousands of other workers experienced, that will establish \$19 a month coolie wage scales on public works, that will enormously increase corporation profits while cutting real wages through raising prices, that will deny the veterans the bonus, that will pour billions into war preparations and speed fascist developments from coast to coast.

Labor must reject such a party. Labor must everywhere unite its forces to build a party of the very opposite kind, a party that will fight against the treacherous program of the New Deal—a united anti-capitalist Labor Party which will lead all the toiling masses in the struggle for their most vital immediate needs.

### Party Life

By CENTRAL ORGANIZATION DEPARTMENT  
 Captain System Established  
 Looseness Eliminated

A FEW months ago the section decided to help build Unit 2, Section 1. A report stated that the Bureau hadn't met for weeks, the unit hadn't met for two weeks. We got all the members together and discussed what it was that kept the unit from functioning as it should. The reasons were:

- 1) No mass activity in the unit.
- 2) No struggles in unit's territory. (on evictions, welfare, etc.) No recruiting of new members.
- 3) No sale of the Daily Worker. This is what we did:

- 1) Called a meeting for the Scottsboro boys in a neighborhood church. The meeting was successful.
- 2) At the meeting we elected a continuations committee to carry on the Scottsboro work in the neighborhood.
- 3) At the meetings of the Continuations Committee, we found out that a unit member was refused relief. We asked him to come to our unit meeting; we elected a committee, we put up a struggle at the welfare and succeeded in putting him on welfare. After we explained the Communist position to this worker and his wife, two Negro workers joined the Party.
- 4) We held open educational meetings where their friends and two more Negro workers were taken into the Party. The discussion was on the Communist position on the Negro question. Also through the continuation of the Scottsboro meetings, two more Negro workers were recruited.

We carried on other fights against discrimination and for Negro rights. A struggle in one of the theatres, where one comrade was not permitted to sit where he wanted resulted in our electing a committee and going to the manager where we secured a promise that he would change his attitude. In this way we succeeded in getting eight Negro members into the unit and getting old members back.

We now have nineteen members, eleven of whom are Negro. The Unit Bureau is functioning. The sale of the Daily Worker on Saturday resulted in selling 30 copies. Three of the new Negro comrades attend section classes. One is a prospect for unit organizer.

By RIFKA,  
 —From the Michigan Organizer.

AT THE time of the Section Convention in April, Unit 913 had 18 members. From eight to twelve comrades attended meetings regularly. The meetings were dull, never started on time and few of the older Party members attended meetings regularly or participated in the discussion.

The new Bureau took as its first task the establishing of a functioning captain system. The unit organizer made it his business to visit the captains every day and inquire, "Have you visited this or that comrade?" At the unit meeting each week the captains made their report as follows: Dues payments of his squad, activity in mass organization and unit territory, Daily Worker.

One comrade, active in the trade union very seldom attended the unit meeting. His captain visited his home every day. When not at home he left a note—unit meeting, such and such a place, 8 p.m. sharp. It was not long until his wife and boy insisted he attend his meeting. Another comrade, active in mass work, had not attended a unit meeting for months. He was three months behind in dues. This comrade was sent to the Section Disciplinary Committee. He now attends every unit meeting on time and he does unit work.

The last three meetings we have had 100 per cent attendance with the meeting starting promptly at 8 p.m. and adjourning at 10:15. Over one hour of each meeting is given to political discussion. Dues are collected by the captains and no member is over three weeks in arrears. This was accomplished by paying more attention to little details at the beginning, showing comrades that the unit bureau is interested in every comrade and keeps a check-up on the activity of each member. Every week a different comrade is called into the unit bureau where he or she reports on their activity.

By eliminating looseness, by having a live discussion at each unit meeting with no time taken up by dues collecting, assignments (captains are given assignments of all comrades), our unit meetings have become a school and a means of giving the comrades guidance and Party education.  
 —From Monthly Recruiting Bulletin District 8.

### BUT WHAT KIND OF A LABOR PARTY, MR. WALDMAN? By Burck



### Letters From Our Readers

#### Science Can Benefit Masses Only Under Socialism

Little Falls, N. J.  
 Comrade Editor:

In considering the news of the Carrel-Lindbergh discovery of an apparatus in which organs and glands removed from the body, may be kept alive indefinitely, the main question is whether American capitalism can make any sort of adequate use of such a discovery. On the basis of general record and recent past performance, the answer is no. A system that destroys food, starves people, builds for war and not for peace, naturally does not care much about the promotion of health and longevity, at least of the masses. Of course medical science will learn a few things from the Carrel-Lindbergh apparatus, and there will be benefits, first to the wealthy and then remotely and sparsely trickling down to the masses.

Only under the rational system of the Soviet Union can the discovery at the Rockefeller Institute, freed from the handcuffs of superstition and property notions, find adequate development and application for the benefit of all. The writer speaks with some confidence on this point, having visited the Moscow hospital, where Professor Sergius Judin has for the past five years used the preserved blood of the dead to give life to the living. A pioneer in the field, Judin has made hundreds of such blood transfusions with entire success, saving scores of lives that would have been lost by the old donor method.

If Soviet scientists should take up the Carrel-Lindbergh research (and if they are not at something similar already), they will not stop at "fowl or cats," but will speedily extend the work to the human organism and will apply the benefits to the masses. One may visualize a future Laboratory of Spare Parts, where people with defective or missing kidneys or other organs may be fitted up out of stock. But this can happen, if at all, in a land of socialism.

JOHN R. McMAHON,  
 THE ANTI-FASCIST ASSN.

#### Members of C.C.N.Y. Staffs Act Against War Menace

New York, N. Y.  
 Comrade Editor:

My attention has been called to an error in your news story on Admiral Stirling in the June 22 issue of the Daily Worker. There it is said that the Anti-Fascist Association of the City College staff passed a resolution demanding the ousting of Admiral Stirling. That is incorrect. Our resolution contained two parts: the first condemned Admiral Stirling's article in the Hearst press as a menace to peace; the second called upon the Department of State to offer a non-aggression pact to all the countries of the world, and now, in view of Admiral Stirling's attack on the Soviet Union, particularly to the Soviet Union.

This is the second time the Anti-Fascist Association has requested the Department of State to take such action. The Anti-Fascist Association believes that the United States could help maintain peace in no better way than by entering into such non-aggression pacts with other countries; it also believes that the best answer to Admiral Stirling would be a non-aggression pact with the Soviet Union. We urge you to print this correction for the sake of accuracy, and also in the hope that other organizations will also bring pressure to bear upon the Department of State to institute a series of such pacts.

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE,  
 THE ANTI-FASCIST ASSN.

#### Condemns 'Playing Up' to Fascist Propaganda

New York, N. Y.  
 Comrade Editor:

I am a steady reader of the Daily Worker, but once in a while you have to turn your eyes on the rotten capitalist press to see what they are doing. Today I read a letter in the Daily News "Voice of the People," which reads:

"The Nazis have as much right to organize and parade in this country as any other organization. I am an American first. But I must say I prefer a colorful Fascist meeting or parade to the drab, nauseating and loud-mouthed rallies of the Red mischief-makers."

I have met people who spoke that way myself, who knew nothing about Communism except through the red scare. I found I could win their sympathy. They did not talk that way once they knew what they were talking about.

But the Daily News knows what it is doing. By playing up this sort of thing, they are making Fascist propaganda.

S. R.

#### Wants More News of USSR—Contrast with Nazi Terror

New York, N. Y.  
 Comrade Editor:

It seems to me that not sufficient news is printed in the Daily Worker about the Soviet Union. The capitalist press suppresses much of the news coming out of Russia. Compared to the publicity given other much less important countries, the U.S.S.R. is woefully neglected.

I would like to suggest a daily column, parallel to "Terror in Nazi Germany," headed: "Socialist Construction in the U.S.S.R." or "News from the Workers' Fatherland."

Such a column, giving a bird's eye view of the achievements of the Soviet Union would be a welcome contrast to the news of Hitler Germany.

P. E.

### World Front

BY HARRY GANNES  
 Why Britain Was Silent  
 Shinto Gods Capricious

MANY people have wondered why the British were so silent when the Japanese militarists invaded Hopei province, China, where English capitalists own the Kailan mines, largest mining enterprise in all China. Now we get some penetrating light on the subject. As the Japanese armies moved southward in China, they did not for a moment forget the northern border of Manchukuo which touches on the Soviet Union.

Two Japanese gunboats, the Sungeung and Yuongming last Thursday went up the Amur River into Soviet territory. The British correspondent for the Associated Press in Tientsin, China, explains the drive in North China and the Japanese excursions to the Soviet border as part of one definite objective: "Hearst, giving prominence to this very dispatch, headlines it as follows:

"Tokio girding for Soviet war, experts aver."  
 The story itself goes on to explain:

"Foreign military observers here, watching the Japanese army clutch North China even tighter in its mailed fist, said today (June 29) they believed Japan's leading motive was preparation for possible war with Soviet Russia."

"They credited the army's insistence on the demilitarization of Hopei Province to its desire for absolute control of lines of communication in North China, as well as the desire to avoid trouble with Chinese troops."

"With the army's protectorate over North China virtually established, military sources pointed out, Japan can count on non-interference on her left if she has to push troops out into Mongolia to fight the Russian bear."

NOT much ambiguity here. The relentless aim of the Japanese militarists is war against the Soviet Union! No matter what gains they make in China, they feel they build their colonial empire on quicksand if the Soviet Union is left intact to build Socialism which speeds the day of imperialist doom in North China and elsewhere.

The Japanese "incidents" on the Soviet border took place, also, very soon after the report of 75 Japanese officers arriving in Berlin to "observe" the military developments of the Nazi army. This is fulfillment of part of the secret treaty between Germany, Poland and Japan for war against the Soviet Union.

Usually Japanese incidents are timed at critical moments to test Soviet resistance. They are, furthermore, set off to convince the perspective allies of Japan in the anti-Soviet front that the issue of war against the workers' fatherland is not being lost in the maze of imperialist adventures into China.

BUT we must say the Shinto gods are playing dirty tricks on the Japanese trusts and their military specialists. But these gentlemen's careful plans often gang aglee due to natural catastrophes.

Coincidental with the report of the Japanese gunboats running into the terrific flood in the Osaka district inundated, for the second time, the entire industrial district of this Ruhr and Chicago of Japan.

Last year a similar flood set the Japanese war plans backward at least a year. The present disaster, costing (as officially reported) 75 lives, has again played havoc with chemical, steel, and other munitions industries.

Such natural disasters play an important role in Japan, because they are so frequent. And two such tremendous blows at the heart of industrial Japan within nine months will not exactly help the plans of the Japanese imperialists.

The Soviet Union, however, is not relying on the caprices of the Shinto gods, who are notoriously unreliable. Greater calamities are mastering for Japan of man-made qualities. The financial crisis will soon break with the fury of a Japanese earthquake. The war cost is eating at the heart of Japanese economy with frightful ravaging results. Peasant struggles and strikes are increasing.

Municipal elections are soon to take place in Japan, and despite Fascist terrorism we will surely hear the cry of starvation and the growing anti-war sentiment expressed in these elections as they are being recorded in the rest of the world.

### Lincoln and Webster on Labor

"Labor is prior to and independent of capital. Capital is only the fruit of labor, could never have existed if labor had not first existed. Labor is the superior of capital, and deserves much the higher consideration."—ABRAHAM LINCOLN

"The freest government cannot long endure when the tendency of the law is to create a rapid accumulation of property in the hands of a few, and to render the masses poor and dependent."—DANIEL WEBSTER.