

Demonstrate Before German Consulate Today at 12 Noon!

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

America's Only Working Class Daily Newspaper

WEATHER
Eastern New York:—Generally fair,
cooler Thursday.

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1933

(Six Pages)

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Stop the Axe-Blow!

TODAY at Leipzig, four of our leading revolutionary comrades face the executioner's axe.

The International Commission of Jurists at London, after examining every shred of evidence, has proclaimed to the world the innocence of these men, charged with the firing of the Reichstag.

It has gone further. It has flung into the faces of the Hitler judges the direct charge that the Nazis themselves planned this hideous frame-up to provide the pretext for the unleashing of the Fascist murder gangs.

Our German comrades are not daunted by the insane cruelties of the Fascist butchers. Through every prison-wall, through every Fascist frenzy, our German comrades break with the message of Communism.

The Fascist comrades cannot conceal their deadly fear of our German Communist Party.

That is why they lust for the blood of our heroic comrades.

Today, throughout the world, the working class gathers in the streets to give its answer to the ferocity of the Fascist judges.

Before the assembled strength of the workers of the world, the Fascist executioners tremble. It is the fear of the anger of the workers that alone will force them to release our revolutionary comrades.

Let them hear our challenge!

Workers! Join the demonstration today at 12 noon before the German Consulate, 17 Battery Place!

Discussion and Action

OVER two months have passed since the Open Letter was passed and sent to the Party membership. Since that time tremendous struggles have developed in the basic industries; the capitalists moved to sharper attack on the workers through the N.R.A.

Every factor favorable to the carrying out of the Open Letter, to the rooting of the Party in the basic industries has been magnified.

But not sufficient attention has been paid to the execution of the correct policies laid down.

There are two points in the Open Letter that need to be stressed at this time.

The Open Letter says: "Every Party member must now understand that it depends on correct policy and, above all, the execution of the correct policy whether we will be able to mobilize the masses of workers for struggle and whether our Party, in this historically favorable situation, will become the decisive mass Party of the American proletariat, or whether the bourgeoisie with the help of its social-fascist and fascist agents will succeed in disorganizing the mass movement and keeping it down."

The question of execution means in the present struggles through the activity of every Party member, through increasing the initiative of every Party member, to apply the Open Letter now.

To do this, of course, the Open Letter must be studied and understood. But the Open Letter itself provides how this shall be done in connection with the execution of the correct policies in the day to day growing struggles.

"The discussion of this letter must not take place merely in a general way. Every nucleus, every organization, every Party fraction must link this discussion up with concrete tasks, working out ways and means how to bring about immediately a real turn in the entire work of each individual organization, for the carrying out of this turn."

THIS means the execution is not carried out by fits and spurts, or waits for a generalized understanding of the Open Letter.

The discussion of the Open Letter must be carried out concretely, connected with the practical every day concrete tasks.

In studying the Open Letter now the units must establish and determine how far the Open Letter has been carried out in strike struggles, in unemployed work, and in actually building and recruiting for the Party.

Developing the initiative of every Party member means first of all building the Party units as mass leaders in the present strike struggles.

The Pope, Hitler and Trotsky

WITH every passing historic event the counter-revolutionary role of Trotskyism becomes clearer.

When the Soviet Union was menaced by the advancing imperialist armies of Japan, Trotsky hastened to disarm the international working class, rushed to cripple its vigilance, by declaring that no war danger existed.

As the German Communist Party presents an unbreakable, indomitable, incessant revolutionary resistance to Fascism, Trotsky hastens to spread panic and despair among the workers by hysterically proclaiming the "collapse" of the revolutionary movement in Germany.

And, now as the chorus of insane capitalist lies about the "famine" in the Soviet Union rises to a scream of hatred, who, if not the Trotskyist paper, the "Militant" joins in the chorus.

In the September 8th issue, it replies to one of its readers who had protested against the "Militant" stories about "poverty" in the Soviet Union.

All the while proclaiming its "support" of the Soviet Union, the "Militant" defends its statements about the "prevailing poverty in the Soviet Union" as being "true to the actual facts." The "Militant" proclaims that:

"The outstanding impression in the Soviet Union is the poverty of the people and the long queues."

At this time, when the plotters of intervention are trying to decoy the international working class into a bloody imperialist war of intervention against the Soviet Union by spreading stories, emanating from the Pope and Hitler, of the "tyranny and starvation" and "cannibalism" in the Soviet Union, the Trotskyist paper aids and strengthens this intervention propaganda by adding its confirming voice to the slanders of the intervention plotters!

STALIN's description of Trotskyism as the "advance troops of counter-revolution" is literally true. The Trotskyist echo of the "famine" stories originating in the mind of the Catholic Pope at the Vatican is nothing more nor less than preparation of intervention.

But the Soviet Union goes forward to ever greater Socialist victories. Even the very same capitalist papers that spread the "famine" lies are now admitting the colossal victories of the Soviet Union in collectivizing agriculture, in achieving the largest harvest in its history.

It is these Socialist victories that confirm the counter-revolutionary purposes of the Trotskyist theory that it would be impossible to build Socialism in one country. The Socialist victories in the Soviet Union have forever buried these Trotskyist theories.

As the working class prepares to defend its fatherland, the Soviet Union, it will drive from its ranks these Trotskyist spreaders of the "famine" lies coming from Hitler, the Pope and Mr. Trotsky.

REICHSTAG ARSON FRAME-UP TRIAL OPENS TODAY

Release New Mexico Coal Strike Leaders

WIN GAINS IN 2 MINES; NEED RELIEF

Strike of 200 School Children Helps Free Men

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Sept. 20.—All of the strike leaders in jail were released and the cases against 500 striking miners dropped in Gallup, New Mexico, today. Outside of the court hundreds of miners were massed. Cavalry was used to drive them away.

Marital law still remains. Only mass pressure and a flood of protests will win another victory of forcing the troops out of the strike area.

The New Mexico miners also won some victories in their strike demands. The Mutual and Southwestern locals of the National Miners Union have signed a contract winning 15 of 16 demands. Among these are recognition of the mine committee, the right of the miners to belong to a union of their own choosing, time and a half for overtime, election of their own checkweighmen, and the right to select their own company doctor. Other concessions were won on wages and the hiring of workers.

In Helper, Utah, preliminary hearings were held in the cases of Charles Gwynn and Charles Wetherbee, leaders of the National Miners Union.

Over 200 school children in Gallup, N. M., went on strike demanding release of the arrested strike leaders. The city authorities stated that if the children did not return to school on Monday they would be fined \$5 for each day they stayed out on strike. But the children continued their strike.

Attorney Edward Titman, of Hillsboro, N. M., defended the strike leaders.

The picket lines are the greatest since the strike. Women and children taking the lead in the absence of the men in jail.

Attorney LaFollette, defending the strikers, obtained a Federal writ of habeas corpus returnable Wednesday morning at Santa Fe.

The American Civil Liberties Union has filed an injunction suit to test martial law in the strike.

The National Miners Union Board of the Western District wired Governor Seligman, giving him 48 hours unconditionally to free leaders, or they would call a general strike in Raton, Dawson, Pecos and the Madrid field.

The relief committee has declared the situation here is acute. Only one day's supplies are available. All workers are urged to rush funds for food and defense to Box 218, Gallup, N. M.

The Colorado and New Mexico Farmers' Holiday movement has maintained strike relief to date by sending trucks four 400 to 800 miles up to Gallup, but they have no money for gas now.

The strikers' ranks are unyielding, but the relief situation is desperate. Very little relief funds are coming in. There should be no delay in sending aid to the strikers. Send funds to Box 218, Gallup, New Mexico.

The International Labor Defense urges all organizations and individuals to wire protests to Governor Seligman demanding the release of the strike leaders and the withdrawal of troops.

UMWA Heads Admit Miners Favor Strike to Win Own Demands

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 20.—Whether the 40,000 striking miners return to work now that the coal code has been signed remains to be seen. All U.M.W.A. officials admit there is a big sentiment among the men to stay out on strike until they win definite agreements with the coal operators for higher wages, union recognition and other demands.

Though admitting that the sentiment of the majority of the men is to remain out on strike until they win their demands, U.M.W.A. officials of District 5 in Allegheny, Washington and Butler counties have ordered the men back to the mines.

William Feeney, of District No. 4, has not even issued an order for return to work because he fears the men will disobey it as they have all previous orders since the N.R.A. was passed.

Hargest of District No. 5 said, "Maybe the men would return by Thursday or Friday."

Workers Hail 14 Years of C.P., U.S.A.

NEW YORK, N. Y.—Workers will rally to the St. Nicholas Arena, 69 W. 66th St., where the 14th Anniversary of the Communist Party of U. S. A. will be celebrated tomorrow night.

Earl Browder, secretary of the Communist Party, U. S. A.; Robert Minor, Party candidate for Mayor; William Burroughs, Negro teacher ousted from the city's school system because of her activities in behalf of the working class, and Communist candidate for Comptroller; Ben Gold, leader of the militant fur workers and candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen, will speak at the anniversary.

The New York District organizer of the Communist Party, Charles Krumboltz, will act as chairman.

Silk Strikers Mobilize to Smash Sell-Out

Allentown Meet Urges Nat'l Strike Front

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 20.—The two outstanding developments on the silk strike front today were the decision of the national strike committee at a meeting at Allentown to mobilize the silk strikers on a national scale to smash the coming NRA sell-out and the decision of the silk manufacturers of Paterson, following a stormy all night session to seek government aid in breaking the silk strike.

A picket line of more than 1,000 workers was massed at the gates of the United Piece Dye Works this morning to guarantee that the mills would not open up. Although police were there in good numbers, the workers held their parade through the streets of Lodi and wound up the picketing with a mass meeting on an empty lot off Main St.

In Paterson several dye plants tried to open, including the Victory Plant on Bleeker St., but the N.T.W.U. picket line closed the mill and refused to leave until the picket committee was allowed to go through the mills and see that it was empty. Nobody was working. The Trio mill, on East 5th St., which tried to open and to carry on some work during the night was also closed by a committee.

Philip Pegeria, a worker, was held today on \$100 bail, charged with "malicious mischief." Police claimed they found some rocks in his pocket. The police last night were harassing workers returning home from meetings, searching them and questioning them.

More than 500 silk manufacturers meeting at the Alexander Hamilton Hotel decided to leave the next move in the strike to Washington and declared "that they are not going to yield at all." They considered their offer of \$22 a week minimum wage and the 40 hour week a "liberal offer." The Silk Association of America, meeting in New York City, approved of the silk code providing \$13 weekly for the North and \$12 for the South.

The moves of the manufacturers became clear today when John Moffatt, who has always been a faithful Tammany man, succeeded in getting thousands of civil service city employees to vote for him as a protector of their salaries which they see are in danger of the bankers' axe.

Mayor O'Brien, without any serious opposition from his Tammany colleagues was renominated for the coming elections. But the ease with which several of the "independent" Democrats won nominations has caused the Tammany boss, Curry, to change his mind about the simplicity of the task of re-electing O'Brien.

The upsets in the primaries, including apparent defeat of the Republican boss, Koenig, who has been reigning for 20 years, are indications of deep and widespread resentment against the present city administration.

Contribute to the Daily Worker Sustaining Fund! Help to keep up the 6-page "Daily"!

Coal Will Rise \$2 a Ton, NRA Admits

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The retail price of coal will be at least \$2 a ton higher this winter, officials of the NRA admitted here yesterday.

Prices in many New England cities have already advanced \$1 a ton. Similar advances are expected in other cities.

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Commission of Jurists Absolves Communists, Holds Nazi Responsible for Reichstag Fire



BASIL TANEFF



ERNST TORGLER



GEORGE DIMITROFF



BLAGOI POPOFF

N. Y. Workers Demonstrate Before German Consulate; Robert Minor Among Speakers

Demonstrate today at 12 o'clock noon before the German consulate in New York at 17 Battery Place! Protest the frame-up trial of Torgler and his associates which begins today in Leipzig!

The demonstration is called by the New York Committee to Aid the Victims of German Fascism, the International Labor Defense and the German Anti-Fascist Committee.

Demonstrate Today

LONDON, Sept. 20.—On the eve of the Nazi trial in Leipzig of four Communist leaders on framed-up charges of setting fire to the Reichstag building on February 27, an international commission of distinguished jurists today absolved all four defendants and charged that the fire had been set by the Nazis as part of a plot "to discredit their opponents."

Roosevelt Speeds Armament Race With Great Britain

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—A race for naval armaments between America and Britain is now definitely on, with President Roosevelt declaring today that the government would continue with its program of building warships with the \$238,000,000 taken from N.R.A. funds.

In conversations with Norman H. Davis, American ambassador at large, the Roosevelt government notified the British government that it would consider this warship construction as a definite move towards a naval arms race.

This brings the antagonism between the two foremost robber powers to a higher stage. The conflict was greatly sharpened when the London Economic Conference broke down. At that time a trade war resulted. Now American imperialism is rushing its naval program. The British government openly stated that it considered this as a threat against it.

Behind the warship race, a sharper conflict is going on for the Latin-American markets.

100 Workers in 24 Hour Strike Win \$4 Increase in Wages

NEW YORK.—A less than 24-hour strike here in the Lampport Manufacturing Supply Company at 507 Broadway resulted in a \$4 increase and the recognition of the shop committee.

Tells New Citizens to Support Slavery Act

NEW YORK.—Judge G. M. Moskowitz yesterday in Federal Court, Brooklyn, ordered 232 new citizens to support President Roosevelt and the National Slavery Act. He lauded the NRA and stated that it was their duty as naturalized citizens to help carry it into effect.

Lindberghs Land in Finland on Way to Leningrad, Moscow

HELSINGFORS, Finland.—Colonel Charles Lindbergh and Mrs. Lindbergh landed here today on their flight from Karlskrona, Sweden, to Leningrad, U. S. S. R.

Reports from their starting place did not indicate that the Lindberghs intended to land on their 600 mile flight.

The Lindberghs will visit Leningrad, Moscow and other Soviet cities and then sail for America from a British or French port, shipping their plane.

Grace Line Withdraws Pay Cut When Men, Led by MWIU, Protest

NEW YORK.—The Grace Line S.S. Santa Barbara yesterday withdrew a posted wage cut. The company backed down in the face of the men, who threatened to take action if the cut went through. The men were led by the Marine Workers' Industrial Union members on board. This was the cut reported in Wednesday's Daily Worker.

GALVESTON, Texas (By Mail).—The crew of the S. S. Ulysses, oil tanker of the Tanker Corp., struck here for an increase in pay and against prevailing conditions on board. Led by the Marine Workers' Industrial Union, the men won all their demands.

HELP—AND AT ONCE

We must report that the drive to raise \$40,000 for the "Daily" is lagging. Something must be done soon. We must rouse all our energies, all our enthusiasm, all our revolutionary loyalty for our paper. And we must do it without delay.

Yesterday, on the eleventh day of this drive, which is so vital to the maintaining of the popular new features of the "Daily," only \$181 was received.

In the eleven days since the drive began only \$1,501 has been received.

And, yet our paper, the working class paper, must have at least \$1,000 every day if the drive is to succeed!

Comrades! The drive must and will succeed! In our fight against the cruelties, the exploitation, the miseries of capitalism, it is unthinkable that we will permit our paper to fall in one of its decisive struggles! The Daily Worker reaches deep down into the masses of exploited and oppressed workers everywhere in the country. To thousands of workers,

toiling, organizing for the struggle against capitalist misery, the failure of the "Daily" drive would mean incalculable loss!

Can we permit this to happen? Can we permit ourselves to slacken now, when every day brings news of new groups of workers surging into action, into strikes, against the capitalist employers?

Every union, every organization, every group must elect a Daily Worker committee at once! In the shops, at every meeting, in the streets, collections for the "Daily" must go forward.

Do not wait until your collection lists are filled. Rush every dollar you collect to the Daily Worker office, 50 E. 13th St., New York, the minute you have collected it.

Wednesday Receipts\$181.01
Previous Contributions\$1320.05
TOTAL\$1501.06

N. Y. Workers Celebrate C.P. Anniversary Friday

Toilers of All Industries, Negro, White to Rally to St. Nicholas Arena; Meet Also Ratification of Party Candidates

NEW YORK.—In Sept. 1919 the Communist Party of the U. S. A., a section of the Communist International, was formed. Tomorrow night at 7 o'clock workers of New York will gather at St. Nicholas Arena, 69 West 66th St., in celebration of the Party's 14th anniversary.

Coupled with the anniversary and significant of the manner in which the Communist Party leads workers in the fight for every last demand, the meeting will also be an election ratification rally for the New York City platform and candidates of the Communist Party.

The Communist Party is today the only party of the working class that organizes and leads the fight for unemployment insurance and immediate relief, for wage increases to meet the rising cost of living, for the unrestricted right to organize, strike and picket against the N. R. A., for equal rights for Negroes, and for self-determination in the Black Belt.

The Communist Party demands the immediate withdrawal of all warships and armed forces from Cuban waters. It leads the struggle against imperialism and for the defense of the Soviet Union and the Chinese people.

Earl Browder, secretary of the Communist Party, U. S. A.; Robert Minor, the Party's candidate for Mayor; William Burroughs, Negro teacher ousted from the city's school system because of her activities in behalf of the working class, and Communist candidate for Comptroller; Ben Gold, leader of the militant fur workers and candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen, will speak at the anniversary. The New York organizer of the Communist Party, Charles Krumbin, will act as chairman.

A special anniversary program, which includes John Reed Club artists, a mass chorus and a revolutionary play by the League of Workers' Theatres will be presented at the celebration. Admission is 25 cents.

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NOTICE.
During the Jewish holidays, Thursday and Friday, most newsstands in the Jewish neighborhoods will be closed. All workers and Red Builders and carriers are asked to make arrangements with the district office of the Daily Worker, 35 E. 12th St., to get a bundle of Dailies to sell on these days. A very liberal commission is promised.

Court Dismisses Murder Charges; Frees Policeman

ILLD to Continue Fight to Punish Slayer of Blind Negro

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 20.—Charges of murder laid against Policeman O. W. Allen by Ollie Davis, Negro worker whose brother Glover was shot down in cold blood by the officer, were dismissed in court Monday.

The court held that Allen shot the blind man "in self-defense." This was the first time in the South that a police officer had been formally charged with murder for the killing of a Negro.

A United Front Prosecution Committee, formed to push the prosecution with application of the death penalty of Allen, announced that it would continue its work in spite of the court decision, and seek every means to re-open the case.

Benjamin J. Davis, Jr., and John H. Geer, young Negro attorneys who are carrying on the defense of Angelo Herndon for the International Labor Defense, have been retained by the committee to push the prosecution of Policeman Allen.

Demanding the death penalty for all lynchers, the International Labor Defense is supporting the prosecution, and calling on all districts, sections and branches, and all sympathetic organizations and individuals in all parts of the country to give mass support to the demand for arrest and prosecution of the death penalty for Policeman Allen.

Funds to assist in the expense of the prosecution, which officials are attempting in every way to block by costly moves, should be sent to Geer and Davis, 250 Auburn Ave., N., Atlanta, Georgia.

Gen'l Metal Strike Ended; 2 Pickets in Wire Strike Arrested

NEW YORK.—With the successful settlement of the Empire Silver Co. strike, Tuesday, by the Metal Workers' Industrial Union, all the workers participating in the general metal strike are back at work under greatly improved conditions. The Empire workers won most of their demands, establishing a 40-hour week, increasing wages by 30 per cent and affecting many other gains. The workers are solidly backing the Metal Workers' Industrial Union, which guided their struggles.

The Union is still leading a number of strikes, however. A mass picket line at the Artistic Wire Forming Co. at 34 Hubert St. was attacked by police when the workers demonstrated their anger against the use of scabs. Two workers were arrested in the clash that followed. Michael Rodriguez and Alfonso Ariviera are charged with felonious assault and are held on \$500 bail each.

A committee of strikers of the Artistic Wire Co. called at NRA headquarters where they submitted proof that the boss is violating the NRA code.

Corset Workers Strike to End Low Pay

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 20.—Girls workers of the Newman Corset shop on Oak Street, called a strike against the low wages of \$3 and \$4 a week and the intolerable speed-up. Schub, local official of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, has taken charge of the strike, but as yet no demands have been formulated for the strike.

The Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union is urging the girls to elect a rank and file strike committee and to take the strike into their own hands. It is warning the strikers to be on guard against any secret sell-out deals.

City Events

Mrs. Burroughs to Speak.
NEW YORK.—The meeting called by the Industrial Workers' Club of Harlem last week was postponed because of rain. It will be held tonight at 8:30 at St. Luke's Hall, 125 W. 130th St. Mrs. Williams Burroughs, Communist candidate for Comptroller will be the main speaker. Comrade Goldman, organizer of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union, will report on the situation in the dress trade. Admission is free.

DR. JULIUS LITTINSKY
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Gutters of New York



"Get a load o' this, Mae: 'The princess Mdvani, formerly Barbara Hutton the Woolworth Heiress, has left her Southampton estate to join her husband in their million-dollar villa at Biarritz.'"

"Gee! Wonder if she knows that we slave in her ol' man's store for eight bucks a week, and fourteen hours on Saturdays?"

Silk Strikers Mobilize to Smash Sell-Out

(Continued from Page 1)

fit, who is U. S. Government Labor Conciliator with a big strike breaking record behind him, having sold out the South River Needle Trades strike last year, issued a statement today after a meeting with the manufacturers, declaring that he is now proposing a "truce" for the dye strikers. So far Moffitt has not stated the terms of this truce.

Arthur Whiteside, Deputy Commissioner of the N. R. A., stated today that he "wants to speak to labor." It is rumored that Whiteside is already in Paterson, conferring with the manufacturers on how best to sell out the strike.

Side by side with this activity of the manufacturers, a "red scare" is in full swing. Joseph P. Camp, of the Constitution Educational Club, speaking at the Kiwanis Club against the National Textile Workers' Union, issued a statement that the N. T. W. U. is led by traitors. He brought in Moscow, the reds and Communism in his speech. The leaders of the U.T.W. are circulating similar talk among the strikers to get the workers to leave the N. T. W. U. on the grounds that it is not recognized by the U. S. Government.

The silk manufacturers and dye bosses have announced that they will open up the mills on Monday morning with the use of strikebreakers and heavy police protection.

In Allentown last night delegates present at the strike meeting came from the Paterson National Textile Workers' Union, the dye and silk strikers, the loom fixers, the United Twisters' Club, all of Paterson. The United Wappers' League of Paterson sent unofficial delegates. Delegates from Easton representing the National Textile Workers' Union and also one delegate from the United Textile Workers' local of twisters of Easton. From Stroudsburg, delegates come from the U. T. W. locals. From Allentown there were delegates of the Silk Workers' Union and the Allentown Labor Union, also delegates from independent unions in Quakertown, Cataquesa, Kutztown, Fullerton and Phillipsburg.

The N.R.A. and the U.T.W. officials announced they are off to Washington to try to settle the Allentown strike locally, disregarding the rest of the strikes of the National Silk strike. The National Strike Committee sent a wire to Wagner declaring that the U. T. W. officials did not represent the National Silk strike or the Allentown strike; that the only ones authorized to represent the strikers are the National Strike Committee. An attempt is also being made in Easton to settle the strike in the same way. Thompson, the U. T. W. organizer in Easton, has spoken several times on the same platform with the N. R. A. officials. The Strike Committee in Allentown last night warned all workers that it is a national strike and warned against the N. R. A. officials splitting up the strike into local sections.

Jurists Clear Reds of Reichstag Fire

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

consulting the German consulate and influencing the English press in favor of the murderous Hitler regime, instead of attending the international inquiry of jurists where witnesses were giving testimony of the most vital importance to his "clients."

Torgler and his associates, incidentally, have consistently refused to recognize Dr. Sack as their counsel, while the Nazi government, on the other hand has barred all foreign attorneys from aiding in the defense of the frame-up victims.

Protest at Consulate Today at Noon
NEW YORK.—Workers and opponents of the bloody Nazi regime are called upon to join in a demonstration before the German Consulate at 17 Battery Place, New York, at 12 o'clock noon today in protest against the frame-up trial of Ernst Torgler, German Communist leader, and the three Bulgarian Communists which opens today in Leipzig. The demonstration is called by the National Committee to Aid the Victims of German Fascism, the International Labor Defense, and the German Anti-Fascist United Front.

Plans include the sending of a delegation to the German consul. This delegation will be elected by the workers at the demonstration. The downtown section of the In-

By del



"The Revolutionary Party and Elections" will be the topic of Robert Minor, Communist candidate for Mayor of New York, in the special 14th anniversary issue of the Daily Worker next Saturday. Earl Browder, general secretary of the Communist Party, Jack Stachel, trade union leader, Clarence Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker, and others will contribute to this special edition. Bundle orders should be sent to the business office at 35 E. 12th St., New York City, immediately.

Sentence Shoe Union Organizers to Six Months Jail in N.J.

28 Arrested in Shoe Picketing

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Sept. 20.—Four organizers of the Shoe and Leather Workers' Industrial Union were given the severe sentence of six months in jail on a charge of walking in Jersey City and being unable to give a proper account of themselves. The sentence follows a deliberately planned frame-up executed by the paid thugs of the I. Miller Co. shoe manufacturers.

Alexander Ivanoff, Martin Duchan, John Medoxian and Joe Maglicano, active in the I. Miller strike, stepped into a trap laid for them by the I. Miller bosses last week when they went to Jersey City to speak to several strikers who had been invited to attend a "banquet" given by the I. Miller Co. The union organizers were informed by telephone of the "banquet" and hoped to dissuade the workers from going back to the shop as scabs. They were attacked and beaten by gangsters as they passed the house where the "banquet" was held, and then arrested by police on the basis of a recent ordinance permitting Jersey City police to arrest anyone who appears suspicious and is unable to give a satisfactory account of his activities.

The workers were sentenced by Judge McGovern to the testimony of two police sergeants. The I. Miller Co. was represented by counsel in court and attempted to introduce as evidence affidavits for an injunction which the company has prepared. The workers were represented by Attorney Isersman of the International Labor Defense.

Ivanoff testified to a severe beating given him by the police. He reported that while in the washroom in the station police put his head in the toilet and administered the beating. He is also charged with felonious assault with intent to kill. This case is to be heard Oct. 4.

The I. L. D. will apply for a writ of habeas corpus and appeal the case to a higher court.

18,000 Painters Called on Strike

NEW YORK.—The strike called by the Painters' District Council of the A. F. of L. yesterday involves nearly 18,000 painters. No organized picketing has been established and the rank and file of the painters are in the dark as to the plans for the strike, as no strike meetings are being called. The members have not been informed about the demands, although it is publicly announced by the officials that they are waging the strike for a 6-hour day, a 5-day week, and \$1.65 an hour.

The left wing opposition movement in the union condemns the bureaucratic conduct of the strike and is mobilizing the rank and file to put a stop to the secret conferences now taking place between the officials of the A. F. of L. and the bosses, and to demand strike meetings to formulate demands and turn the strike into a real struggle.

Cigar Clerks Abolish 12-Hour Day in Short Strike; Form Union

NEW YORK.—A strike lasting a few hours on Sunday succeeded in abolishing a 12-hour work day and instituting instead an 8-hour day in the four cigar stores of Weiss and Eden. Two workers were fired when a committee came to present demands to the bosses, but after a few hours of picketing the demands were agreed to, reinstating the discharged workers and to recognize the Soda Dispensers and Cigar Clerks Union. The union is a section of the Office Workers' Union.

international Labor Defense, Section 1 of the Communist Party and the Young Communist League will mobilize at Seventh Street and Avenue A at 10 o'clock and march to the German consulate. All downtown workers' organizations are urged to bring their banners and placards.

Speakers at the demonstration will include: William Patterson, International Labor Defense; Max Bedacht, International Workers Order; Robert Minor, Communist Party; Edward Dahlberg, National Committee for Defense of Political Prisoners; Fred Bledenkapp, Shoe Workers Industrial Union; Donald Henderson, American Committee for Struggle Against War; M. Sattler, German United Front; Carl Geiser, Youth Committee Against War and Fascism; Sigmund Solomon, Workers Ex-Servicemen's League; Pauline Rogers, New York Committee to Aid Victims of German Fascism; A. Wagnenicht, National Committee to Aid the Victims of German Fascism; H. Rae, Marine Workers Industrial Union.

HISTORY OF COMMUNIST PARTY TOLD IN SPECIAL 14th ANNIVERSARY ISSUE.

"The Revolutionary Party and Elections" will be the topic of Robert Minor, Communist candidate for Mayor of New York, in the special 14th anniversary issue of the Daily Worker next Saturday. Earl Browder, general secretary of the Communist Party, Jack Stachel, trade union leader, Clarence Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker, and others will contribute to this special edition. Bundle orders should be sent to the business office at 35 E. 12th St., New York City, immediately.

Sentence Shoe Union Organizers to Six Months Jail in N.J.

28 Arrested in Shoe Picketing

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Sept. 20.—Four organizers of the Shoe and Leather Workers' Industrial Union were given the severe sentence of six months in jail on a charge of walking in Jersey City and being unable to give a proper account of themselves. The sentence follows a deliberately planned frame-up executed by the paid thugs of the I. Miller Co. shoe manufacturers.

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General Walk-Out of Jewelry Workers Voted at Meeting

NEW YORK.—A general walk-out of all jewelry workers is expected this week, if the demands of the workers drawn up at a meeting of Local 1 of the International Jewelry Workers' Union at Bryant Hall last Monday night, are not met. The strike vote was taken secretly and later by acclamation when it was unanimous. A general strike committee was formed to work out all details of strike activity and to negotiate the demands with the bosses.

In contrast to the bosses' code calling for 32 cents an hour and a 40- to 46-hour week, the jewelry workers will demand a 30-hour week to enable the masses of unemployed workers to get work. Weekly minimum scales have been set by the strikers as follows: \$52 for platinum jewelers, \$42 for gold jewelers, \$42 for engravers, \$35 for press hands, and \$45 for polishers.

NEW YORK.—The ranks of the knitgoods strikers were increased yesterday as 1,500 workers joined the general walk-out. Many shops were struck as a result of a militant picketing demonstration held yesterday morning. It is estimated that more than 4,500 workers are now on strike under the leadership of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union.

Applications are being received from big shops for settlements on the basis of the union's demands. Strike meetings were enthusiastically attended at all strike halls yesterday by the strikers, the majority of whom have never been in a strike before.

NOTICE:
The Editorial Office of the Daily Worker is open from 7 to 9 p. m. every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. A competent comrade, member of the Volunteer Committee, will be there to help workers who have difficulty in formulating letters to the Daily Worker.

SPORTS

By Edward Newhouse

They Done Him Wrong

UNDOUBTEDLY there has been a disproportionate amount of squawking in this column of late. Boxing is corrupt, wrestling is a fake, football a racket—everything just awful. Turning over the files one gathers the impression that the writer is a misanthrope with a special grudge on athletics and athletes. One constituent has written in to ask if I ever enjoy anything except sandlot games. I do.

I saw Grant take Vines at Forest Hills more thoroughly than his namesake took Richmond, and I loved it. There was much more sheer tennis in that match than the write-ups gave it credit for. Vines was listless, he played as though he didn't care a rap, but in spots he came through with scorching blazers and placements that made you realize this was Vines. Grant scampered around like a Boston bull pup, volleying with deadly accuracy, as the parlor has it, routing Vines from the net time and again.

Knowing what the match meant to both, you had to see either one of them lose. For the time being, ten minutes after the match a lurking suspicion that in the general scheme of things the day's score would be of indefinitely minor moment began to creep uncomfortably upon the spectator. After the rest of the day's matches and a recollection of many brilliant ones of the past, all urges on the spectator's part to wax ecstatic in the next day's column fade, if not disappear.

WHAT remains are impressions that may be considered side-lights or larger aspects, as you wish. Vines has gone a long way to slide into the position he occupied in the tournament and he has gone a long way since. That is not very important. Much more interesting is the reason given for dropping him from the lineup of the American team which met Australia in a series of matches last week.

The Chicago Daily News quotes the United States Lawn Tennis Association as follows: "Believing that Vines, who was eliminated in the early rounds of the national tournament at Forest Hills, has lost his popularity with the fans, officials selected Frank X. Shields of New York to replace him."

H. S. Allan writes, "The former champion must be wondering why he was considered an ambassador of good-will when he was sent on a tour of the Antipodes last fall and now is regarded as an object of ill-will . . ."

"It cannot be because he no longer holds the title, for tennis is an amateur sport and, as everybody knows, its governing body has not the slightest interest in a player's drawing power. Concern for gate receipts has no place in the high-minded thoughts of that simon-pure organization."

"Perhaps the U.S.L.T.A. did not wish to be represented by a person whose name has been mentioned in connection with professionalism. It may have feared association with Vines would tarnish its lily-white purity in the eyes of the public."

AS THE greatest box-office attraction in the tennis world at the time, Vines was largely responsible for the \$30,000 profit for the Association's 1932 season. Now they drop him not because of his low ranking but his "loss of popularity"—box-office appeal.

This is not wasted pity. Omission or no omission, Vines is still probably better off than the majority of the Paterson strikers. Since Allison decided to go back on his word by continuing his 18-month siege of tournament play, I'm off tennis playing, anyway.

Young Parker, to whom I'm indebted for realizing one of my rare preconditions, has also gone the way of all tennis flesh. Whether to see his name in type or to accede to overwhelming demands on the part of swanky clubs, I don't know, but he has also been cracking up after the fashion of his equally promising predecessors. Last time he made the papers he was routed by the state Lott, who has dropped out of first ten ranking. So what? See if I care.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Club	W. L. P. C.	Club	W. L. P. C.
Washington	69 48 652	Detroit	63 72 468
New York	87 55 698	Chicago	63 82 434
Philadel.	75 67 528	Boston	59 84 413
Cleveland	74 72 571	St. Louis	58 90 379

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Club	W. L. P. C.	Club	W. L. P. C.
New York	88 55 612	Boston	76 68 523
Pittsburgh	83 66 561	Brooklyn	59 84 413
Chicago	82 67 550	Phillies	56 85 397
St. Louis	80 67 544	Cincinnati	57 90 388

International League

Club	W. L. P. C.	Club	W. L. P. C.
Buffalo	60 60 400	Rochester	55 65 350
Scranton	55 65 350	Syracuse	50 70 300

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Chicago	000-000-111	3-11-4
New York	002-101-01X	5-11-0
Faber, Wyatt, Heving and Betty; MacFadden and Rensha.		
Cleveland at Boston played in doubleheader Sunday.		

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Brooklyn	0000000000-0	4 0
Pittsburgh	001002000-3	13 0
Beck, Shaute and Outen; Swift and Gransley; Crowder and Sewell.		
Other teams not playing.		

Games Today

National League	
Brooklyn at New York	
Cincinnati at Chicago	
(Only Games Scheduled.)	
American League	
Detroit at Philadelphia	
St. Louis at Washington	
Cleveland at Boston	
(Only Games Scheduled.)	

Alfred in Jefferson Market Court Today; Fill the Courtroom!

NEW YORK.—An attorney for the New York district of the International Labor Defense will be in Jefferson Market Court at 10 o'clock this morning when the case of Alvin Alfred, 25-year-old Negro, comes up for trial. Workers are urged to fill the courtroom as a demonstration of protest against the lynch frenzy against New York Negroes being whipped up by the capitalist press.

Alfred was arrested and charged with being the "human gorilla" who allegedly attacked several women in Central Park. Despite the fact that nine witnesses failed to identify him as the assailant, he was nevertheless held on a charge that he "assaulted" a woman in the 23d St. subway station last week. Alfred barely escaped lynching at the time.

SPEND THE JEWISH HOLIDAY WEEK-END in CAMP UNITY
WINGDALE, N. Y.
A Real Workers Atmosphere—Swimming—Rowing
Handball—Hiking—Warm and Cold Showers
Attractive educational program, under the direction of PHIL BARD, WORKERS' LABORATORY THEATRE PLAYS
Prominent Speakers of the Communist Party
PROCEEDS FOR THE COMMUNIST PARTY
NEW YORK DISTRICT
Holiday Rates: 1 day \$2.45 3 days \$6.50
2 days \$4.65 4 days \$8.00
Vacation Rates: \$13.00 per week (including tax)
Cars leave for camp from 2700 Bronx Park East daily at 10:00 A.M. Fridays and Saturdays at 3 P.M. and 7 P.M. Take Lexington Avenue White Plains Road Express. Stop at Allerton Avenue Station.
ROUND TRIP FARE: \$3.00

10 DAYS Camp Nitgedaiget
BEACON, N. Y.
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE NEEDLE TRADES WORKERS
Starting Sept. 21 to Sept. 30
ROSH HA SHONAH - - - YOM KIPPUR
SPORT PLAYS EVERY DAY :: DANCES AND CONCERTS EVERY EVENING :: ALL PROFIT FOR THE STRUGGLES OF THE NEEDLE TRADES WORKERS INDUSTRIAL UNION
Specially Reduced Prices for Needle Workers
Make Your Reservations Immediately in the Office of the Union - 131 West 28th Street

Shoot Picket in Wilkesbarre, Pa. Silk Strike Area

Strikers Seek to Close Down Valley Mills

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Sept. 20.—When he saw a picket line of 400 strikers gather at the gates of the Schneider Silk Mill in Swoyersville the superintendent of the mill stepped into the street and without warning fired three shots into the picket line, wounding Stanley Boscak, a picket.

State troopers were on the scene to protect the scabs. They arrested the mill superintendent, who was later released on \$1,000 bonds.

The strikers at the Schneider mill here are among the most militant in this strike area and have been picketing the Hess Goldsmith mill, one of the largest in the section, to win the workers out on strike. Weavers in all the mills are involved in the strike and are preparing to bring out the throwers, and to close down the entire Wyoming Valley mill region until the bosses grant their demands. Many of these workers are joining the Independent Union.

Efforts are now being made by the strikers here to connect the strike committee more closely with the committees in Allentown, Paterson and Scranton to form a united strike committee for the whole national strike front to win the demands.

National Events

Lumberville W.L.R. Camp.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Workers International Relief is arranging a 4 day outing at the WIR camp in Lumberville, Pa.

The prices are 4 days for \$4.00, beginning today and ending Sunday night, 21st to 24th of Sept. Trucks leave WIR office, 43 N. 4th St., Thursday, 10 a.m., Friday, 10 a.m., and Saturday, 2 p.m. Tel. Market 0228.

Symposium on War.

NEWARK, N. J.—The Newark Committee for the Struggle Against War will hold a symposium on the war danger and the danger of fascism tonight, at 8:30 p.m., at the Workmen's Circle Lyceum, 190 Belmont Ave.

St. Louis Anniversary Celebration.

ST. LOUIS.—The Party Anniversary Celebration, scheduled to take place at the Gayety Theatre, will be held instead at the People's Finance Building, Jefferson and Market, next Sunday, Sept. 24th. At 2 p.m. there will be the mass meeting, and in the evening there will be a dance.

CHICAGO, Ill.

Original GYPSY CARNIVAL Colorful

AUTUMN FESTIVAL of SONG and DANCE

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, at 8 P. M. at PEOPLES AUDITORIUM, 2457 W. Chicago Ave.

Marrionette Show, GYPSY CHORUS, FOLK DANCES, NEGRO SPIRITUALS, SILHOUETTE PLAY, RED BALLET, VIOLINISTS. Admission with 5¢ Ticket you pay only 15¢ at door; without Ticket 30¢ RUSSIAN BARBECUE — DANCING TILL 2 A. M. (Sponsored by Communist Party, Section 9)

Meet Your Comrades at the New--Modern--Up-To-Date

ALE RAIL BAR AND GRILL

106 East 14th Street
Between Fourth Avenue and Irving Place

WHERE YOUR NICKELS AND DIMES BUY THE MOST

PURE FOOD AT PROLETARIAN PRICES

KING'S BEER ON DRAUGHT

OPEN DAY and NIGHT

Big Bakers Announce Higher Bread Prices; 33 Per Cent Rise Seen

Strike Against High Prices Spreads in Jersey Towns

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Under the impact of the Roosevelt price-raising program, the price of bread is moving swiftly upward, the latest reports reveal.

The accompanying letters, typical of thousands of similar ones being sent throughout the country, were posted by three large New York baking companies, the Rockwell Bakery, Teitelbaums, and the Arcadia.

It is significant that the sweeping price rise is justified by these baking companies as part of their loyalty to the Roosevelt N. R. A. price-raising program. The letter of the Rockwell Bakery declares that the price rise is due to the fact that "the baking industry is co-operating wholeheartedly with President Roosevelt's N. R. A. program."

The prices shown in the top letter show extraordinarily steep advances from the recent price level, ranging from 20-35 per cent.

At the same time, organized resistance to raising bread prices is developing. The consumer's strike, declared several days ago in the town of Lakewood, New Jersey, and outlying districts, spread yesterday to the towns of Tom River and West Farms.

At a mass meeting of protesting workers and housewives, M. Taft, Communist candidate for Judge in Bronx County, New York, showed how the Roosevelt price-raising program is calculated to increase the profits of the big bakeries and wheat speculators by making the workers pay more for bread.

He pointed out the falsity of the bakers' claims that increased wages makes the price raise necessary. He showed that the Lakewood bakers pay their workers starvation wages, one large bakery paying its drivers \$5 a week, with immediate dismissal for any worker who demands more. This bakery flies a Blue Eagle, Taft said, and has attempted to justify the increases in this way.

The striking consumers demand a return to the 8 cents a pound for bread and 24 cents a dozen for rolls. The bakers have raised the prices to 10 cents a pound and 24 cents a dozen.

Dismissed at the growing resistance of the workers, the bakers have offered to compromise at 9 cents a pound and 20 cents a dozen.

The strikers, who have succeeded in reducing bread purchases to 35 per cent of the normal trade, are firm for their original demands. The striking housewives are under the leadership of the Monmouth and Ocean County Consumers Association, a united front group which includes the International Workers Order, the Workmen's Circle, the International Labor Defense, and several local groups.

Announcing Higher Bread Prices

Arcadia
Bakery
1414 East 10th Street
New York, N. Y.
September 19th, 1933

On account of the continuous increases of cost of raw materials and labor equipments of the

Teitelbaum's BAKERS
423-66 PARKSIDE AVE
BROOKLYN, N. Y.
September 19, 1933

Dear Friend:

We are obliged to advise at this time that effective next Monday, September 19, 1933 we are compelled to increase the price of our flour to meet the 100 per cent increase in the cost of flour.

ROCKWELL'S BAKERY, INC.
128 W. 12th Street
New York, N. Y.
September 19, 1933

Dear Friend:

We are obliged to advise at this time that effective next Monday, September 19, 1933 we are compelled to increase the price of our flour to meet the 100 per cent increase in the cost of flour.

NOTICE
September 19th, 1933.

The baking industry is cooperating wholeheartedly with President Roosevelt's N. R. A. program. In order to meet the 100 per cent increase in the cost of flour, we are compelled to increase the price of our flour to meet the 100 per cent increase in the cost of flour.

The above letters, announcing sharply increased prices for bread, are typical of many such which are being sent out by the large baking companies to retail stores and grocers. All these bakers display the NRA Blue Eagle prominently.

Armour Workers Put Demands; Plan Struggle to Win

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 20.—When workers of the pork trim department at Armour's, most of whom are women, under the leadership of the Packing House Workers Industrial Union, sent a committee to negotiate with the executives of the plant, workers in every single department stood by impatiently awaiting the results of the interview.

Several hundred workers absolutely refused to go back to work while the committee was in the office. Hundreds of others were ready to walk out if necessary.

The stoppage affected several departments. Reports are now piling in that workers all over the plant were ready to go out at a word from the Union.

During the negotiations between the committee and the officials every effort was made to sidestep the issue or browbeat them into submission. The committee held firm. The committee was finally assured that the matter will be handled by the chief executives in Chicago.

Hundreds of workers, realizing that their only hope lies in their own action, are coming into the union, thus despite the cries of the company that they will never recognize the Industrial Union.

Some of the demands that the committee put forward to the company are: 1. Abolition of the piece work system; 2. Fifteen minute rest period twice per day; 3. Equal pay for equal work with a minimum of 37½¢ per hour; 4. A minimum guarantee of 32 hours per week.

The Packing House Workers Industrial Union has an office here at 211 So. Concord St., St. Paul, Minn.

This assumed role of crusader against company unions needs to be explained a little. In the first place, Green does not deny that the company unions have had a mushroom growth under the N. R. A. In the second place, it was the action of the A. F. of L. officials that gave impetus to the development of company unions. Wherever the workers fought against the company unions and established their own unions through struggle, Green refused to recognize these organizations as unions because "there is no room for any other labor movement in the United States."

There are still more important crimes against the workers generally and against the A. F. of L. members in particular that Dr. Jekyll-Green wants to cover up on the eve of the A. F. of L. Convention.

I.W.O. Membership Drive.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Chicago District of the International Workers Order is concentrating on a membership drive to end in January at the time of the district Plenum. Meetings have been arranged with the language sections as follows: Thursday, Sept. 21 at 8 p. m. with the Slovak section; Friday, Sept. 22 at 8 p. m. with the City Central Committee, Saturday, Sept. 23 at 6 p. m. with the Italian Section; 8 p. m. with the Hungarian Section, Sunday, Sept. 24 at 9 a. m. with the English Section; 1 p. m. with the Youth Section; 3 p. m. with the Russian Section; 8 p. m. with the Ukrainian and Polish Section, Tuesday, Sept. 26 at 8 p. m. with the Pre-Plenum Membership Drive Committee.

All meetings will be held at the I. W. O. office, 2457 W. Chicago Avenue.

Ed Note.—The Daily Worker will be very glad to be instrumental in getting honest workers from this shop in touch with each other. At the same time the Committee for the Organization of Unorganized Printers is already active in helping to form a group in this shop, as well as in many other unorganized shops, and every worker who realizes the necessity of organization controlled by the workers themselves, and not by the boss, should get in touch with this Committee at Room 240, 80 E. 11th St., City.

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Rank and File Opposition in A. F. of L. Should Expose Action of Leadership and Organize on Program of Struggle for Higher Wages, and Workers' Rights

THE silk strikers, the shoe workers, and the coal miners, to mention a few, knew differently and remained on strike despite decisions of the National Labor Board.

That brings us down to Green's company union below. Green now complains that employers are "violating" the N. R. A. by setting up company unions in which workers have no rights.

The New Crusader

This assumed role of crusader against company unions needs to be explained a little. In the first place, Green does not deny that the company unions have had a mushroom growth under the N. R. A. In the second place, it was the action of the A. F. of L. officials that gave impetus to the development of company unions. Wherever the workers fought against the company unions and established their own unions through struggle, Green refused to recognize these organizations as unions because "there is no room for any other labor movement in the United States."

There are still more important crimes against the workers generally and against the A. F. of L. members in particular that Dr. Jekyll-Green wants to cover up on the eve of the A. F. of L. Convention.

Fails to Stall Off Shop Organization by Company Union

Eveready Label Boss Scared by Progress of Shop Group

(By a Printing Worker Correspondent)

NEW YORK CITY.—I want to thank you in the name of the workers of The Eveready Label Corp. for the kindly cooperation you have given us in the last few weeks by publishing letters sent to the Daily Worker from our workers. All those letters helped a lot. We have been able to make a further step in the class struggle by forming a group in the shop of workers who are sticking together now, but were unorganized before.

Now that the boss has found out that we are trying to organize, he called a meeting last Friday and he spoke to us as we were a happy family. The question is who is happy. Maybe it is the boss. One thing is sure, it isn't the workers.

He spoke very nicely to us for a long time and suggested that we elect several workers from the shop to form a company union, which would be a company union. The workers answered him by walking out of the meeting.

Our shop-chairman, whom we had elected to represent the workers here to get us into a union, suddenly got cold feet after a conference with the boss, and now he is backing up the boss in trying to get us to form a company union. If we do as the boss tells us it will be worse than it was before.

The boss can't scare us by telling us he is going to close the business or bring in scabs. We can beat the boss by organizing.

Eveready was one of the first to sign up with the NRA. Our boss went to General Johnson and got an extra extension before putting the code into effect, because he was "too busy" to put in the NRA. This helped the boss but we suffered, because we had to work the same long hours, even though the boss had signed the NRA. He took along the payroll record to show what high salary he had been paying to the workers during the depression, but he did not take along the time cards to show how many hours we had to work to get the \$18 to \$25 every week.

Finally about two weeks ago when the boss put in the code, we started working shorter hours, but got wages cut. It seems that the government is not very much interested in the workers. If they were they would come around and see how many workers are working without time-cards, and getting wages as low as 10-12 dollars a week. The boss purposely took another job on the eighth floor where he keeps these slaves working on Sundays, holidays and as long hours as he wants them to work.

I only hope that workers will all stick together and not let the boss split our ranks, which is what the company union is for. Workers! If you want to learn how to fight the bosses, read the Daily Worker.

I wish the worker who wrote the letter to the Daily Worker on Sept. 8 would leave his name and address in the office of the Daily Worker, because I want to get in touch with him.

Comrade, you don't have to worry about giving your name to the Daily Worker. There are more of us here who write letters to the Daily Worker.

—An Honest Worker Who Was Helped by the "Daily."

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U.S. Dist. Attorney Makes Promise to Act on Dope Charge

Harlem Meet Tonight Is Called to Protest Matthews Murder

NEW YORK.—In a spirit which can hardly be described as energetic, the United States District Attorney's office is "proceeding" with its promise to act on charges regarding the dope traffic on Welfare Island.

Assistant District Attorney Rosenbloom yesterday told the Daily Worker that he was "looking into the matter" and going over the records of the committee, headed by his chief, United States District Attorney Medalla, during the latter's own recent investigation of the narcotic traffic on the Island.

Charges about the activity of the Welfare Island dope ring were contained in a sworn affidavit by Mark Shahan, in which he told how James Matthews, a Negro prisoner from North Carolina, was battered to death while serving a short time on the Island.

Protest in Harlem Tonight

Meanwhile, workers' organizations were continuing the demand for a real investigation into Shahan's charges—originally made public in the Daily Worker—and are calling mass meetings to protest the Matthews murder, as well as the lynch hysteria against Negroes being worked up by the New York police, with the active co-operation of the metropolitan press.

Chief among these meetings is one scheduled for tonight at the Abyssinian Baptist Church, 151 W. 138th St., in Harlem. The meeting is being arranged under the auspices of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights, the International Labor Defense, the Caribbean Bureau and the National Scottsboro Action Committee.

Clarence Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker, last week has called the United States District Attorney Medalla's attention to the dope traffic charge and informed him that "Shahan is available for questioning by you or the Federal Narcotic Bureau whenever you so inform us."

Kuntz to See U. S. Attorney

Yesterday U. S. Attorney Rosenbloom asked how Shahan could be reached in the event he is wanted, and was told that Shahan's lawyer, Edward Kuntz, of the International Labor Defense, would get in touch with Rosenbloom sometime today. During the farcical investigation of the Matthews murder by Assistant District Attorney Saul Price last week, Kuntz represented Shahan and fought every inch of the way for a sincere and energetic probe into Shahan's charges that Matthews was murdered by a prison guard.

After Shahan, accompanied by his attorney and Price had viewed about 30 guards on Welfare Island in an effort to point out the killer of Matthews, Price ended his "investigation" by stating that he would call Shahan again when "I want him again."

Stirred by the cynical manner in which Tammany District Attorney Crane's office has conducted its mock hunt for the murderer of Matthews, hundreds of Negro and white workers are expected to crowd the protest meeting in Abyssinian Baptist Church in Harlem tonight.

Speakers include William Patterson, national secretary of the I.L.D.; Herman McEwan, of the L.S.N.R.; James W. Ford, section organizer of the Communist Party in Harlem, and others.

Wholesale Changes in Retail Stores Two Days After Parade

NEW YORK.—When Gristede Grocery Co. signed a code for their 177 stores in the city, the clerks had their hours reduced from 12 to 8, and their salary, Richard Gristede was made vice president of the retail chain stores division of the

SOLIDARITY OF SILK STRIKERS SMASHES NRA STRIKEBREAKING EFFORT

AFL Workers on Picket Line Gave Their Reply to Misleaders; They Shut Down Every Mill and Continued Strike

(By CARL REEVE)

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 20.—The NRA "five-week-truce" aimed to sell out the national strike of the silk and dye workers, has been smashed by the complete solidarity and militancy of the rank and file workers of all unions on the picket lines. The strikebreaking apparatus of the NRA has met its strongest setback to date in this strike. The sell-out was cooked up in Washington by A. Whiteside, assistant to Gen. Johnson, Sen. Wagner, the silk manufacturers and the leaders of the United Textile Workers Union, chiefly Frank Schweitzer, secretary of the Associated Silk Union (U.T.W.) and Thos. MacMahon, president of the U.T.W.

Meaning of the "Truce" The strike of both the dye workers, led by the National Textile Workers Union, and the silk workers, in the U.T.W., is more effective than before the "five weeks truce." This "truce" proposed by Senator Wagner, aims to send the 50,000 silk strikers back to work under the \$13 a week minimum proposed in the cotton code. This five weeks code will be utilized by the employers to build up large reserves of stock, discourage the workers by endless "negotiation," and through the U.T.W. leaders, complete the sell out of the strike and force lower wages, speed-up and bad conditions on the workers. Schweitzer, in Washington, agreed to go into conference with the manufacturers, on the basis of calling off the strike, and together with MacMahon, was one of the U.T.W. representatives who agreed to the "truce," expressing at the same time doubt as to whether he and MacMahon would be able to force the strikers back to work "without some increase." The U.T.W. has already officially endorsed the NRA.

Continuing the policy of meeting with the bosses, and refusing any united front with the independent unions or with the National Textile Workers Union, Schweitzer and MacMahon in Washington refused to meet with the rank and file U.T.W. delegates elected by the strikers, and walked out of the room. This splitting policy was followed also among the Paterson dyers by the U.T.W. When the N.T.W.U. called the general strike of dyers, and had ten thousand on strike, the U.T.W. organized a dual union with the dyers, District Attorney Saul Price last week, Kuntz represented Shahan and fought every inch of the way for a sincere and energetic probe into Shahan's charges that Matthews was murdered by a prison guard.

After Shahan, accompanied by his attorney and Price had viewed about 30 guards on Welfare Island in an effort to point out the killer of Matthews, Price ended his "investigation" by stating that he would call Shahan again when "I want him again."

Rank and File Position

But in the face of the wave of resentment against the NRA betrayal of MacMahon and Schweitzer, Schweitzer was forced to change his tune. Schweitzer and Keller delayed a strike vote until Monday afternoon. The workers voted, however, Monday morning on the picket lines. They quickly shut down every mill that attempted to open, members of the U.T.W. and N.T.W.U. marching side by side on the picket line. The U.T.W. Associated Silk allowed only members of the union to vote—and not one single vote was cast in favor of the "truce," more than 3,000 casting their vote for continuing the strike until the demands are met. It was only after this vote that Schweitzer issued the statement, "We choose to fight" and "arguing all silk strikers to stand solidly on strike until we are granted all our de-

mands." One member of the AFL on strike put it like this, "We should have one union and not two. We know MacMahon. We know his sell out in Virginia, in Salem, in North Carolina, etc. You can bet, no matter what our leaders say, we're not going back to work. We're not going to allow any sell out." This rank and file AFL worker said this as if he meant it, bearing witness to a deep seated flame of rebellion against starvation and against traitors.

The rank and file workers of the AFL have been greatly affected by the militant conduct of the general dye strike by the National Textile Workers Union. The closing down of the Lodi plant of the United Piece Dye Works by the NTWU after one of the most militant picket demonstrations in years, was a turning point in the strike. Two thousand pickets in the face of tear gas bombs, machine guns, fire hose, and several hundred well armed police, stormed the mill, were repulsed by tear gas, reformed the ranks, and continued picketing. The picketing started at four in the morning and at five o'clock in the afternoon, the mill was shut down, having already lost more than one half of its 4,000 workers.

Schweitzer, Keller and the other U.T.W. leaders had refused to call the dye workers on strike at all, although their conditions are going from bad to worse. They did not consider the dye houses as essential to the plans of the silk manufacturers of Paterson in their competition with the large rayon manufacturers and the consequent jockeying between these competing interests regarding the rayon and silk codes. These U.T.W. misleaders did not declare a real silk strike, but a "holiday." Time and again they told the workers not to picket but to stay home. It was the general dye strike called by the NTWU, and the mass picket lines which followed, which forced the silk strike into militant and effective channels.

The National Struggle The National Strike Committee set up by the united front conference in Allentown is becoming an increasingly strong factor in the national silk strike. Representing at its first meeting 27,378 silk and dye strikers from Paterson, Allentown, Philadelphia, Easton, Stroudsburg, Phillipsburgh, Emmaus and many other towns, its influence has increased. The National strike committee set up in Allentown at the initiative of the National Textile Workers Union and a number of independent unions demands, "One National Strike—One Strike Committee." Such independent unions as the Allentown Silk Workers Union, the Wappers League and the Loomfixers Club of Paterson sent delegates. Delegates were present who were members of the U.T.W. locals. But the U.T.W. officials again refused the rank and file demand for unity and set up a separate national committee at Scranton.

What N. R. A. Means The manufacturers are now maneuvering for the next step in the sell out. This step points to further strikebreaking activity of the Roosevelt government.

Since the beginning of the strike, U. S. Labor Conciliator Moffitt has been meeting with U. T. W. officials and manufacturers as the representative of the Roosevelt government. Now the New Jersey State N. R. A. steps in and announces its "willingness" to try to send the strikers back to work. The bosses' press is in the midst of an intensive campaign for more drastic strikebreaking activities in Washington. The Paterson News of Sept. 19 files its latest editorial, "Time for the New Deal to Take Hold in the Distasteful Silk Situation," and the editorial concludes, "Something must be done to end this serious deadlock in the silk industry. . . . We look to Washington for guidance and action. General say, Senator Wagner and What Johnson?" Meanwhile, every day Police Chief Murphy adds to his forces in preparation for further strikebreaking activity.

But the ranks of the strikers and their mass picket lines are solid and stronger than ever. A member of the National Strike Committee, in its first meeting in Allentown, issued this warning, "Maybe it's true, what some have said, that Roosevelt and the N. R. A. want to set our conditions. But if the N. R. A. means that we have to go back to work at a \$13 wage scale, then to hell with the N. R. A."

Philadelphia Attention! Daily Worker Activist Meeting — Sept. 22nd To Discuss Plans to Build the Daily Worker SLOVAK HALL, 510 FAIRMOUNT AVE. ALL ORGANIZATIONS ARE TO SEND DELEGATES. ROBERT MINOR will speak.

CHICAGO, Ill. PLAY AND DANCE Given by the CHICAGO RED CIRCLE CLUB, I. L. D. Sunday, Sept. 24, 4 P. M. HARMONY HALL Thomas and Kostner Streets Admission 35c

CARRYING OUT THE OPEN LETTER.

Building A Unit Into A Mass Unit of the Party

A Resolution on the Open Letter Showing Lack of Initiative and Confidence

We are publishing a resolution adopted by a New York unit on the Open Letter and the comments of the Organizational Department of the Party.

Resolution and Plan of Work Adopted by Unit 11, Sec. 5, N.Y.

1. The unit picks for its concentration the territory between 165th St. and Home St., Union and Prospect Ave., populated mostly by Negro workers.

2. It aims to establish in this territory by Election Day a functioning Block Committee having its basis in House Committees in at least five houses.

3. The aim of the Block Committee is to organize the workers in the territory on the basis of a struggle against evictions, for relief for the needy, against the rising cost of living, against rent, discrimination against Negroes, for unity of white and Negro workers, employed and unemployed.

4. We pledge during this period to draw into the Party from our concentration point at least five members, of which three are to be Negroes.

5. We further pledge that by Election Day our unit will sell in its territory at least 10 copies of the Daily Worker per day.

6. For the purpose of improving the inner life of our unit we shall organize on a permanent functioning basis Study Circles, hold periodic discussions, convince the members of our unit of the necessity of reading regularly the Daily Worker and the Communist.

7. On literature we pledge to sell at least eight copies of each of the Communist and Imprecor, and to sell in the territory 100 copies of every one and two-cent pamphlet issued by the Party.

8. In order to carry this plan out we request that the Section Committee instructs C. Sherry to consider the unit concentration work his major Party activity.

9. We further request that the Section Committee instructs C. Bruce to attend regularly our unit meetings and in addition devote to our concentration work at least one evening a week. Otherwise we assume responsibility for carrying out the plan of our concentration work.

Unit 11, Section 5, R. Wein, Organizer.

How to Improve the Unit Resolution

This resolution and plan of work shows the good intention of the comrades of Unit No. 11, and is an encouraging sign of an earnest attempt to apply the Open Letter.

A serious weakness of the resolution is the fact that it shows a lack of confidence in this unit. This is seen in the pledge of drawing in only five Party members during the election period.

Why only five members? Don't we believe that the situation is ripe to build Unit 11 into a mass unit, that the situation is ripe to sell in the territory of the unit more than 10 copies of the Daily Worker? We do not oppose the idea that we shall start bringing the sale of the Daily Worker to 10 copies a day, but our outlook must be for a greatly increased circulation. Further, do not the comrades believe that their request to the Section Committee of instructing one comrade to attend regularly the unit meeting and

“Revolutionary Work Is the Task of the Entire Membership”

At the same time the Party must carry on a systematic struggle against the bureaucratic isolation of the apparatus of the Party masses, against the suppression of inner Party democracy, for the development of political life in the lower organizations, particularly in the factory nuclei, for the development of thoroughgoing self-criticism, for the development of initiative in the lower organizations and for the improvement of its functioning cadres.

Every Party member, and especially every Party functionary, must be a real organizer of mass struggles in his particular sphere of work. From this standpoint, the Party must judge the activity of its functionaries and must choose its leading bodies. All leading bodies, especially those in the sections, must recognize their work on the basis of the carrying out of revolutionary mass work. Revolutionary work is the task of the entire membership.

The secretaries of the leading bodies in their work must not replace the work of the membership. It is their task to plan and organize the work together with the members, to give the members practical assistance in carrying out their tasks and to check up on the carrying out of these tasks. As delegates to all Party conferences, section and district conferences, and above all to the Party Congress, there must be elected comrades who carry on active mass work and who have distinguished themselves in mass struggles.—From the Open Letter.

Stop Forced Sale in Massachusetts

MAYNARD, Mass.—Following the lead of the farmers in the Middle West, 30 workers led by the Finnish Youth Club stopped the forced sale of Amelia Kangas' home on Parker St. The auctioneer's flag was already flying, but when the agent saw the militant crowd of workers the sale was postponed two weeks.

The workers of Maynard are preparing for the next sale.

then devote to the concentration work of the unit at least one evening a week in an exaggerated demand? Exaggerated for the simple reason that if the section here is composed of five comrades and the units in the territory are 24, there is the physical impossibility that five comrades shall be divided among 24 units which meet during the same night.

Yes, while it is correct that a member of the Bureau shall help in the concentration work of the unit, the categorical request and statement of throwing responsibility on the section committee for an eventual failure, shows lack of confidence in the unit itself of being able to carry out its concentration task, and it also shows lack of initiative.

ORG. DEPARTMENT.

Letters From Farmer Correspondents

Potato Farmers Get Fourth of What City Public Pays

By a Worker Correspondent

RUPERT, Idaho.—I have only been here about 10 days, and according to the local weekly “Minidoka County News,” the workers and farmers were supposed to be 100 per cent behind the N.R.A. However, at a meeting Friday night, September 8, called by the workers who are on county welfare work, it was plain that the workers here in Rupert are becoming thoroughly disillusioned with the N.R.A. and the Federal Public Works program, for which this county (Minidoka) has not received a cent of Federal Public Works money, and there is no prospect of getting any because the local business men and county commissioners are in a body before the local Welfare Chairman demanding immediate relief.

This is an agriculture country, mostly raising potatoes and sugar beets. The potato warehouses here are offering 80 cents to the farmers today for 100-pound sacks of No. 1 Idaho potatoes; but expect the consumers in the city pay four times that much for the same amount.

SENDS \$5 TO “DAILY”

WHITE EARTH, N. D.—It is now a long time since I had the “Daily,” but it has been so far between the dollars that we almost forgot how money looked. This five-spot was intended for shoes for my children, but we all need the “Worker” just as bad, so here it is.

Wall Street Rose's new deal is not new to us farmers. It is the same old rotten deal we always got, and we don't see any fundamental change. It is just the hope that we get a few pennies that make us sign the allotments contracts.

Help improve the “Daily Worker” send us your suggestions and criticisms! Let us know what the workers in your shop think about the “Daily.”

Worker Correspondents Play Big Role in U. S. S. R.

When the National Committee for the Maxim Gorki Plane Fund in the Soviet Union arranged an air circus in the giant plane ANT-14 to August 6 in connection with an outing of journalists of the central newspapers and large magazines, “worker correspondents” were selected to participate in the outing.

In the sowing campaign and in the successful harvest in the Soviet Union, the worker correspondents played an important role. They were on the watch and reported activities in the collectives and every sign of slackening and sabotage on the part of the kulaks was brought to light by them in their reports to the press.

Every newspaper in the Soviet Union has a special staff not only to read the letters coming from worker correspondents but to take steps to correct the shortcomings brought to light by them wherever they appear.

Bosses and Cops Wound and Jail Cranberry Pickers

By an Agricultural Worker Correspondent

WAREHAM, Mass.—There are many strikes in the cranberry bogs around here. Last year the workers' wages were cut in half, but the price of the cranberries fell about a third. They pay \$1.50 for weeding, and from \$1.80 to \$2 for other labor on the bogs, for the nine-hour day. Last year they paid 35 cents to 40 cents an hour and 15 to 18 cents a box, on piece work, for picking, and this year, even with the rising cost of living, they were going to pay the same as last year.

The strikers are being organized into the Cape Cod Cranberry Pickers Union. The union demands 80 cents an hour for men and 70 cents for women on day work, and 35 cents a box on piece work for pickers and 50 cents an hour for other labor.

Many of the biggest bogs are out on strike. The strikers have been going around in big gangs to different bogs getting the workers to strike. Some have returned to work, but most of them have stayed out.

In South Carver, four of the strikers were wounded when the bog owner shot one man in the hand. Then special police guards wounded three more.

Five were arrested there, and 58 of them were held when they went to Middleboro. The strikers did not have any weapons, as some of the local papers claimed.

The arrested were bailed out by their friends and members of the union, who had their homes as security. Their cases will be taken up the 25th of this month in court. The bail set for most of them was \$25 and a few were from \$100 to \$1,000.

Where the Workers and Farmers Rule

NALCHIK, U. S. S. R.—In the recent conference of aged women here, as recently reported, 506 delegates, aged women of different nationalities, took part. The following is the speech of Zuka Lakunova, 75 years old:

“Our workmen do not remember such a conference. And how could you speak with them before? They were never honored like this. We have finished our sowing this year, but there are some kolхозs which have not, and we help them.

“Landlords forced us to work without a rest. Are we not able to work for ourselves now? We shall dig the ground with shovels and simple sticks, but our kolхоз will prosper.

“In the beginning our kolхоз was very small and our enemies tried to prevent us in our work. We were told about the gangs of bandits hired to harm our fields and cattle. Somebody told us that there were no kolхозs left, that they had all fallen to pieces.

“But we were not frightened. I said that as long as I am alive, nobody will leave our kolхоз. I am an old woman, but the rest of my life will be devoted to securing prosperity for our collective farm.”

Law Makes It Crime to Give Orange Culls to Starving Workers

By a Worker Correspondent

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—The New Deal is not working out very well here for the fruit pickers. Many of them are hard put to make 70 cents to \$1.50 per day, even when they work, which is about half-time. The price paid is 4 cents to 4½ cents per box, and through the fact that groves are poorly cared for it is impossible to gather more than 18 to 40 boxes a day.

Orange culls are now being destroyed instead of marketed. Tons and tons are dumped on the ground to rot. From the standpoint of calories these are just as good as any marketed. The poor classes here could buy these culls from about 15 cents to 25 cents per peck, but now they are out of luck as it is a statutory offense to market them, under the “New Deal.”

According to statistics broadcast by various investigators, (looking to the most healthy diet for children as well as adults), orange juice is really a necessity. If such is the case it should be considered a crime for growers and marketing organizations to wantonly destroy one of the real necessities of life.

There is a heated controversy here as to how many hours constitute a work day among the men working on the county welfare jobs. The men are given tickets calling for a certain number of days work for the month. Single men without dependents are given from five to 12 days per month at 40 cents per hour. Married men are given tickets calling for from 15 to 30 days per month at 40 cents per hour.

At first all the men worked an eight-hour day but now the bosses have reduced their days to four hours at the same 40 cents per hour.

The workers are calling for a show-down, maintaining that if they are reduced to four hours per day that they should have twice as many days.

Nebraska Governor Gets His Bonus Out of Pig Destruction

(By a Farmer Correspondent.)

OMAHA, Neb.—Governor Chas. A. Bryant netted \$752.40 on 180 head of “bonus hogs” at the South Omaha stock yards. Governor Bryant has several large tracts of farm land and other real estate. He lives in the city of Lincoln and hires workers to labor on these various enterprises in the country, so that he can collect large profits therefrom.

Another item of interest in regard to Roosevelt—Wallace hog bonus campaign is the mystery of the early information that the speculators received in regard to the hog bonus going into effect. It enabled many of them to steal a march on the farmers.

Farmers Get Less But Pay More for Feed, Overalls and Dresses

By a Farmer Correspondent

SALLISAW, Okla.—Overalls that sold last year for 75 cents are now \$1.70. Workshirts that sold last year for 40 cents are now 75 cents. Chopped corn for chickens sold last year for 70 cents and is now \$1.60. Dress goods that sold last year for 10 and 12 cents a yard is now 24 cents a yard.

On the other hand, small farmers are getting less for their products. Poor farmers here have a dread of the blue eagle of the N.R.A. They say it is the “mark of the beast,” whatever that may mean.

What NRA Means to Toilers in the Coast Fruit Belt

Orchard Owners Sign N.R.A. Code, But Tell Workers to Pick 75 Boxes a Day or Lose Job; Make 1c. More a Day Under Speed-Up

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

MEDFORD, Ore.—From San Diego, California, on the Mexican border, to Bellingham Bay, on the Canadian line, a distance of more than 1500 miles, through California, Oregon and Washington, extends the greatest and most diversified fruit producing area in the world.

Hundreds of thousands of freight car loads are produced and shipped from this region annually and more than three million people are actively engaged in propagating, picking, packing and shipping this product to all parts of the globe.

In addition to these millions may be added several more thousands of buyers, speculators and profit-mongers, who, while contributing nothing to the wealth of the nation, nevertheless appropriate to themselves probably 8 per cent of the price which the ultimate consumer pays for these necessities and luxuries of life.

When the NRA code was boosted by the bosses as something that would revolutionize the fruit and vegetable industry, the propagators, pickers and packers enthusiastically acclaimed: “Roosevelt will make ‘em do it!’ (equalize conditions). They are now certain that he has already done it, although not in exactly the same manner they had expected.

Instead of the Big Stock being the mailed fist behind the code, they have discovered that the U. S. Chamber of Commerce is the dynamo through which the power is generated.

Last year the orchardists received 15 cents a box for forty-box lots. These grove picking boxes weigh 50 pounds each. Thus, 40 boxes make a ton and sell for \$6. This year they get 40 cents, or \$16 a ton.

Minimum Wage, the Standard Wage Last year the orchardists paid about 3 cents a box for picking. An average picker could gather about 70 boxes in a day of ten hours. This year Nira says the orchardists must pay a minimum of 24 cents an hour and must not work help more than nine hours.

The orchardist agrees to this but tell the worker that he must pick 75 boxes a day or else get off the job. The minimum wage has practically now been made the standard wage. Under this speed-up the workers received \$2.16 this year as against \$2.10 last year.

—Crandall Miller.



Doctor Luttinger Advises:

By PAUL LUTTINGER, M.D.

Answer to Comrade Reed's Letter The delay in replying to Comrade Reed's letter is due to the numerous urgent letters which keep pouring in from every part of the country and requiring immediate attention. Practical, everyday problems must take precedence over theoretical dissertations. Let us consider Comrade Reed's objections seriatim:

First of all he claims that the health column in the Daily Worker is a piece of capitalist creeping into the middle ages, in Greece, in Babylonia and even during the periods of savagery and the stone age. The sciences have followed the laws of evolution and have lost gradually their superstitious elements. Thus, astrology developed into modern astronomy and chemistry emerged from the gibberish of the alchemists. The science of medicine is following the same line of evolution and Soviet American will adopt it, just as Soviet Russia did, irrespective of its “capitalist” origin.

The day after the revolution will find the young generation studying the same geometry, the same algebra and the same biology that we study now. To refuse to use these sciences would be equivalent to a refusal to use Ford tractors, McCormick harvesters, the printing press or the radio. Marx himself made use of the economics of the Manchester school and the statistics collected by the various governments.

Under the present capitalist system, there is no doubt that the average physician cannot or will not apply the scientific principles for the furtherance of the interests of the working class. In Soviet Russia these principles are applied for the promotion of the physical and mental welfare of the proletariat. Perhaps the reading of the Health Column in the Daily Worker has convinced Comrade Reed since he has written his letter (Aug. 17) that we are trying to do exactly what our Russian comrades have been doing.

We grant Comrade Reed's statement that the average income of the physicians is only \$900 yearly. This only proves that they really belong to the exploited class and that their interests are identical with that of other workers. The ridiculous attitude of the majority of physicians who think that they are “above common workers” simply shows their ignorance; the same ignorance displayed by some American workers who consider themselves above foreigners or Negroes.

It is not true that there is a Medical Trust. The rank and file physicians are as much misled by their leaders in political and economic questions as the American Federation of Labor leaders are to its own members. In scientific matters, the American Medical Association is beyond suspicion and it carries on a constant propaganda of reform against dishonest drug manufacturers, venereal vendors, quack doctors, ignorant cut-throat and fraudulent advertising.

(Concluded Tomorrow)

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

F. M.—Hives are due to a “hypersensitiveness” to certain foods or other substances. This means that the smallest particle of a certain substance causes the super-sensitive person to react violently as if it were a poison. Some people react by a rash (hives), others by coughing (asthma) and still others by sneezing, etc. (hay fever). We cannot tell what foods you ought to avoid until you are tested. Among the most usual offenders are: strawberries, pineapple, shrimps, cheese, honey, codfish; even milk, oatmeal, bread and orange juice, in some cases.

Falling Hair—Noise in the Ears, S. R.—Falling hair may be due to various causes: Heredity, anemia, goitre, infection by animal bacteria or mold parasites, etc. Try the following solution which my pharmacist will put up for you, but which has a terrible smell. However, rub it into your scalp (after shaking it well) only when you go to bed—alone:

Acetone—50cc Carbon Disulphide—100cc Carbon Tetrachloride—50cc Precipitated Sulphur—6 grams. As to the cause of the noise in the ears, they must be examined by a physician before a positive opinion can be given.

Laceration of the Womb H. E. O., Bellwood, La.—Yes, there is danger that the lacerated womb may undergo cancerous degeneration, particularly around the menopause (change of life). We do not advise cauterization, under the circumstances you describe. It would be better to go to the nearest large city where a gynecologist (specialist in female surgery) should perform a regular amputation of the cervix (mouth of the womb) or a plastic operation, if necessary.

Strawberry Nose A. G., Arnold, Pa.—We discussed your case with a friend of ours who is a plastic surgeon and we are sorry that we are unable to suggest anything that would have the least chance of improving your condition. Could you send us a photograph of your face, showing one front view and one profile of each side?

Readers desiring health information should address their letters to Dr. Paul Luttinger, c/o Daily Worker, 25 E. 12th St., New York City.

Letters from Our Readers

THE “DAILY” IN JAIL Allegheny County Jail, Pa. Comrade Editor:

Was delighted to read that the “Daily” was increasing its size. On the other hand, I do not realize what a grip the “Daily” has on himself and workers.

There is one copy coming here to this jail, and so far I have been able to trace that copy to 15 workers. One worker is as pleased as punch if he gets the paper 10 days late instead of 14, which it usually is for him, as the others all want to keep it one night.

To give an instance: A worker was reading about the strike in Fayette County in a capitalist paper. He had just finished; then he turned to me and asked: “What has the ‘Daily’ got to say about this strike? I want the truth, and that's the only paper that tells it, in the way I see things.”

I am writing these few lines to ask the workers to stand by the “Daily” in its biggest venture since its birth.

Revolutionary greetings to the bigger workers’ “Daily.” Let's have a bigger circulation.

CRITICISM THAT HELPS

The Bronx, New York. Comrade Editor:

Your editorial “How Poison is Brewed,” in the August 25 issue, is excellent. By quoting Walter Duranty you convincingly proved that the facts he gives contradict the statements which his bosses want him to make. A class-conscious worker can easily detect the lies in the original article in the Times, but many workers may be led to believe these lies. Your editorial is especially useful in opening the eyes of these backward workers.

However, you forgot to point out in this editorial the role the Socialist leaders play in spreading lies against the U.S.S.R. While Duranty writes that the supposed death rate increase is not due to “acute starvation,” and that any estimate as to loss of life is guesswork, the Jewish Daily Forward, a socialist paper, features a big headline: “Two Million Died of Hunger in Russia.”

Blanshard's Barney I must smile when I remind myself that Paul Blanshard of the League for Industrial Democracy said to a group of C.G.N.Y. students (about a year ago) that the Socialist leaders do not slander the Soviet Union; that if he lived in Russia he would join the Communist Party. Sure, when debating with Communists the Socialist leaders have to deny their treachery hypocritically, but actually they are too glad to spread lies preparing for war against the Workers' Fatherland.

This shows how important it is to have the “Daily” reach the masses. All lies against Soviet Russia must be exposed and refuted; and is there any better medium for this than the Daily Worker. We must therefore do our utmost to spread the “Daily.” The editors have done their part splendidly. The new features are excellent. I don't see any further need for improvement. (The only thing I miss is Sparks. Only a bigger circulation is needed now.)

I congratulate you and wish the “Daily” would sell in thousands of copies.

CODE MINUS BLANKETS.

East Chicago, Ind. Comrade Editor:

As we see that the capitalist press is beginning to fool the workers with Roosevelt's “blanket code”—but no blankets—for the working class, and at the same time, we see that the best way to combat the ruling class lies in by giving the working class, the Daily Worker, which is the only daily newspaper that clarifies the workers' mind, telling them how Roosevelt, the bosses, the priests, the gangsters and racketeers are preparing to attack the proletariat class. It is our duty to prepare the proletarians against the bosses' attacks. So increase the bundle order with 3 more copies every day. —T. S.

Letters from Our Readers

Yours for a mass circulation, A Non-Party Reader.

Editor's Note: Our policy in editing is to keep them short and stick to one point. However, this worker is correct in his criticism. We should have brought out particularly the role of the “Forward,” and we must constantly explain the attacks on the Soviet Union.

MEET THEM ON THE JOB

Bronx, N. Y. Comrade Editor:

There are some who think it advisable, in any workers' struggle, to avoid the cries of “Reds” and “Communists.” Your editorials for Aug. 24, 25, take the proper stand against such an attitude. Such an attitude means a surrender of principles. I suggest that the Party leaders should bring this matter up to the attention of units, and that it should be included in the discussions on the Open Letter.

The fur strike at Gloversville, N. Y. (reported in Daily Worker, Aug. 25) is a good example of how the real scars should be combated during a strike. I suggest the following: When a mass meeting is held after a strike declaration, the workers are very tense. At any time during their strike they are also eager about strike news. It is therefore a very psychological moment, when at the mass meeting, to tell the worker that all strike news will appear in the Daily Worker.

I am a furrier. I am ashamed to say that at the headquarters of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union there isn't a Daily or even a Freiheit for sale or on show. Neither could I get one (if I didn't subscribe) on Seventh Ave. from 30th St. to 37th St.

At lunch time the workers swarm from the factories into the street. If Party comrades wish to reach the working people, this is the time. Only once did I see a worker make collections for the Anti-Fascist Week. By showing himself among the workers, this comrade not only got contributions, but he showed that the Party is living, and the flesh and bone of the workers themselves.

Class-conscious workers should remember that they should meet the working mass at or about their work, and not only when they demonstrate, or at Union Square.

S. B.

NEW YORK, N. Y.—A call was issued by the city office of the Daily Worker to all metal workers, needle workers, food workers, and workers in all shops and in all industries, to do their part in the \$40,000 campaign of the DAILY WORKERS.

“To date, because of the underestimation of the role of the Daily Worker by the leadership of the unions, we find that, with the exception of one or two shops, the drive to keep the Daily Worker alive has not been allowed to enter the shops or unions, and has not been made a part of the every-day organizational work of the workers in the shops and factories.

“This appeal is directed to you, those workers in the shop, the member of the union, the member of the opposition group.

“The Daily Worker, in order to exist, must come through this drive with the full quota of \$40,000, and an increase of 100 per cent in circulation.

We urge that your shop, union or group, do the following: 1. Write to your central body, protesting the delay in entering this drive.

2. Circulate the collection lists among the workers in your shop. (If you have no collection lists, get them at the City Office of the Daily Worker, 35 East 12th St.)

3. Have your shop run an affair for the Daily Worker. (“Shop workers! Get behind the ‘Daily’! Bring the ‘Daily’ to the workers in your shop!” “Use the ‘Daily’ to help carry on your everyday struggles!” Contributions for Tuesday, Sept. 19, follow:

Table with 2 columns: Name and Amount. Includes District No. 1, District No. 2, District No. 3, District No. 4, District No. 5, District No. 6, District No. 7, District No. 8, District No. 9, District No. 10, District No. 11, District No. 12, District No. 13, District No. 14, District No. 15, District No. 16, District No. 17, District No. 18, District No. 19, District No. 20, District No. 21, District No. 22, District No. 23, District No. 24, District No. 25, District No. 26, District No. 27, District No. 28, District No. 29, District No. 30, District No. 31, District No. 32, District No. 33, District No. 34, District No. 35, District No. 36, District No. 37, District No. 38, District No. 39, District No. 40, District No. 41, District No. 42, District No. 43, District No. 44, District No. 45, District No. 46, District No. 47, District No. 48, District No. 49, District No. 50.



In the Home

Can You Make 'em Yourself?

We anticipated your needs for some pajamas. Piped seaming defines the waistline and sleeves puff saucily. Picture them in a sprightly cotton or silk print with the frills at neck, sleeves and trouser hem of organdy. Or use a monotonous sauteen with a gay bit of contrast!

Pattern 2505 is available in sizes 12, 14, 16, 18, and 20. Size 18 takes 4½ yards 36-inch fabric and 5¼ yards edging. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included with this pattern.

Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15 cents) in coins or stamps (coins preferred). Write plainly name, address and style number. BE SURE TO STATE SIZE. Address orders to DAILY WORKER Pattern Department, 243 West 17 Street, New York City. (Patterns by mail only.)

NOTICE ON PUMPERNICKEL

A subscriber of the Daily Worker wants a recipe for pumpernickel. I some one please send one in be published in this column?

TENEMENT CHILDREN PLAY “EVILION”

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—The forcible eviction of workers' families has become so common a sight in the working class neighborhoods of the lower East Side, that the children now play a new game called “Evilion.” Miss Mary Elsie Gibbon of the Children's Society reported that they no longer play the old ones, they play “evilion,” she said.

Hull Threatens War on Cuba; Demand "Hands Off Cuba"

What a World

By Michael Gold
Listening to the Radio.

Yes, it's sometimes tough to be a Red, especially on a rainy blue afternoon. I've just been listening in on my radio again. This great invention was intended to comfort, soothe, and heal the ruffled American soul. But outside of an occasional fine symphony program, or some glorious singer of Italian opera, like Nino Martini, (that magician who started in life as a Russian Jew, and woke up one morning to find himself a radio Italian)—and except for Judge Rutherford's watchtower sermons against the Devil who is ruling in Washington and in the churches, I find little to amuse me in the radio.

In fact, the radio generally makes me sore. Sometimes I will turn it on at breakfast while the toast is burning and the coffee pot is spilling over and everything is all wrong. I want to hear romantic music. I want to know that the world has hidden beauties. I want to forget burned toast and NIRA. But what comes over the ether? The sloppy, gooey voice of Princess Kropotkin, the white guard. Her father was a great anarchist, and she lives in America, and the Czar and his court and all their titles are long since buried with the rest of the garbage of history, but she, this lady who writes every week for McFadden's smut-sheet, Liberty, why, friends, she's still a Princess. And I have to listen to this phoney Princess on the radio, prattling on so knowingly about the new dress, and how to fit mine, so they will look and taste like caviar, and the like. The hell with her!

A Rainy Afternoon.

Or take today. It's been rainy, gloomy, and a tropical hurricane is on the war-path. My room is cold. Despite Dr. Lusting's advice, which I read and follow faithfully, I have a belly-ache. I have many other splendid aches I could disclose to that wonderful Doctor who kide his patients and makes his court and all today it has merely been the stomach. Anyway, cold, sick, affected by the damp weather, oppressed by the fact that a tooth needs filling, wondering where I can borrow the rent—all the small and large sorrows of the human race heavy upon me—in short feeling just like a butterfly lost in the rain (I believe that is the first line of a popular jazz song) I turned on my radio.

Again I wanted healing, and what came through? The whining fiddles and twanging voices of a bunch of phony hill-billy singers. They are supposed to be some kind of southern mountaineers, and there are regiments of them everywhere. You can't tune in anyone without getting them in your hair and ears. Who, I wonder is left to do the singing in the southern mountains if all the hill-billies have come north and gone radio? Then I remember, my old pal Izzy Goldfarb, who used to sing in vaudeville is now with a hill-billy troupe, and he was never further south than Bath Beach.

So I switched the dials and got a snappy-and-sonny boy crooner. This crooner was crooning about some mammy or other, and I was listening to him! Over my own radio for which I had paid twelve hard-earned dollars. The hell with this person who was insulting me. So I twisted the dials again!

Father Walsh.

But what followed was something worse. It was Father Edmund Walsh, the Jesuit red-baiter. He had been invited by the National Grange to talk against the Soviet Union, this being his specialty, the job God put him on earth for. The National Grange is supposed to be a farmers' union, but it is really controlled by a gang of usurers and racketeers, who live on the poor farmers. And Father Walsh is supposed to be an apostle of human brotherhood, a friend of the lowly oppressed, but he is just as phony as the leaders of the Grange—he is really a professional liar and defender of capitalism. It is notorious that for years Mr. Walsh, S.J., has been in the forefront of the capitalist crusade against the Soviet Union. His robes give him a certain air of dignity, and he pretends to scholarship, but really, the Father is unskilled, he isn't as fancy a liar as Isaac Don Levine, for instance, or Will Durant.

Personally I am sick of him and all these professional anti-Sovieters. When one of them ever lifts a little finger for humanity, or says a word for the American unemployed, I will listen to him, maybe. But when they get sobby and humanitarian about Soviet Russia, and want the poor, dear Czar restored, I just can't bear it. And here comes this soft, cold, venomous voice, telling such barefaced lies. What cunning, what low malice. Who could believe such people exist? Oh hell, but why must I listen to him? I paid \$12 for this radio, and here I'm listening to Father Walsh. Turn the dials!

The Rain is Falling.

Now the wind is howling, and the rain falling outside in the swamp.

Militant Strikes Spreading Thruout Interior of Cuba

San Martin Government Decrees 8-Hour Day; Workers Continue Seizure of Mills

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Evidence that plans are being laid for imminent landing of U. S. marines on Cuban soil is indicated by an announcement released by the U. S. State Department. Bringing forth the usual excuse that "Americans are fearing for their lives," and that disease is spreading throughout the island, the department said that they were "fleeing to the U. S. warships for protection."

At the same time Secretary of State Hull made veiled threats not only to land U. S. marines and sailors on Cuban soil, but to use the in Cuban waters against the Cuban masses.

Urge More Protests.

U. S. workers! Demand the immediate withdrawal of the warships and marines of American imperialism from Havana! Demand hands off Cuba! Hold meetings and demonstrations and send protest telegrams and resolutions to the U. S. State Department and to President Roosevelt.

HAVANA, Sept. 20.—With a wave of strikes spreading throughout the interior of Cuba, the Grau San Martin government—seeking to mollify the workers—has decreed the eight-hour day, effective thirty days hence.

The latest strike to break out is at the Bethlehem Iron Mines, near Santiago, where 2,000 workers have walked out. The strikers, according to reports received here, have surrounded the extensive properties and are carrying on energetic picketing activities.

Using the demagogic argument that strike "violence" would precipitate the landing of U. S. marines, the Cuban government has ordered troops to "deal firmly" with strikers throughout the interior. Yesterday, rural guards and soldiers at Manzanillo, seeking to disperse strikers wounded several girls.

Drive Against Rebels Ineffective.

Meanwhile the government's campaign against the rebel bands, led by Captain Blas Hernandez, supporter of General Carlos Menditea, who represents some of the most openly reactionary elements in Cuba, remained unsuccessful. There is widespread feeling that U. S. Ambassador Welles is giving encouragement to the rebels as a form of "internal intervention" aimed at the present regime.

In the Oriente Province at least 15 sugar mills, some of them American-owned, are said to be in the hands of the workers. Thus far no serious attempt has been made by the government to force the workers, but high government officials declare that the army would soon be ordered out to force the return of the properties.

More Strikes Loom.

In addition to the strike of the 2,000 mine workers at Daquiri, near Santiago, there is an effective walk-out at the Preston Sugar Mill, owned by the American United Fruit Company. Strikes are also expected momentarily at Banes, the leading point of the Boston sugar mill, also owned by the United Fruit Co.

The Communist Party and the Young Communist League of Cuba, meanwhile are continuing active agitation, boldly calling for an energetic fight against American imperialism and its interventionist aims. Communist influence is discernible in most of the strikes being reported from the interior.

And this jazz band wah-wah I hear from Brooklyn, N. Y., does not end the depression. Not at all. Turn the dial. Another jazz band in Washington, D. C. It is also playing, "Lazy Bones," this week's popular tune. Turn the damn dials.

"Lazy Bones," again, played again by a dull, rapid, unimaginative, plodding, routine, weary whoopee-makers and jazz-morose somewhere in Newark, N. J. To hell with them. Switch that dial.

What is the Answer? So it goes. I will award a red apple to anybody who can tell the difference between two jazz-bands over the radio after half an hour of dial twirling. I will award a pair of suspenders to anybody who can listen to radio jazz for more than 20 minutes.

I hereby offer a second-hand truss to anyone who can laugh at the jokes of radio comedians. I will give the goatskin vest I once found to anybody who will swear he actually likes Lowell Thomas and similar bright boy news-rattlers. I will present a monacle I once won to anybody who enjoys Amos and Andy.

As for the person who likes to listen through while Father Walsh, Will Durant and other radio scholars do their dirty work, let him call my office and I will gladly give him a cherished volume of poison-ivy kept for such occasions.

So what? What can it all mean? The radio is the most powerful weapon of capitalist propaganda yet devised. It is supposed to be the best advertising medium for selling beer, underwear, furniture, ham, eggs, fertilizer and war against Soviet Russia. Yet it bores almost everybody to tears. What does it all mean? Is capitalism going to pieces before our very eyes? Is this the breakup of its very life? Whatever it is, anybody who will pay \$10 can have my radio. It's in good condition, an Emerson portable, bought only a month ago. Ten dollars—or make me an offer. Will consider a good bicycle in exchange, or even a second-hand Ford.

"THE BAR OF NAZI JUSTICE"



Brownsville Women Pledge to Fight Against High Costs

NEW YORK.—"We will fight against exorbitant prices on food and clothing," declared the resolution adopted by 116 delegates at the Conference Against the High Cost of Living initiated by the Brownsville United Women's Council Sunday at the Hoffman's Manor.

This conference is the answer to the rapidly rising bread and food prices and the wholesale destruction of wheat, hogs and cotton by the government. Fifty organizations and 52 house and block committees were present, representing 2,396 workers.

The main report was presented by Organizer Lift, from the Central Committee of the Council who brought forward the successes achieved in the Coney Island bread strike last winter and proposed a demonstration to be held in front of the Sheffield and Borden milk plants.

In the discussion following this report, a worker from Powell St., Liebedus, showed the staggering burden placed on the unemployed worker by rising prices. Breathless with indignation he shouted for action. Mabel Brown, a Negro member of the Jamaica Women's Council pointed out, "we don't want to just sit and wait and wait while prices go up."

The program adopted by the conference included a fight for the following demands: increased relief and wages, rent payments on time by the Home Relief Bureau, no evictions, Unemployment Insurance at the expense of the state and bosses, no sales tax, no interest payments to bankers, and an action committee of nine for the continuance of the conference.

Open Moscow Subway on Anniversary of Russian Revolution

MOSCOW, U.S.S.R.—Progress on the new Moscow subway system has been so rapid that the first section will be opened for use on November 7, the 17th anniversary of the Bolshevik revolution.

Twenty-five thousand workers are engaged in the work at present and 23 shafts have been sunk so far. By next March it is estimated that the number of workers will be increased to 65,000. Completed, the subway will extend over 60 miles.

Soviet Balloon to Try Stratosphere Flight

MOSCOW, U.S.S.R.—The balloon "USSR" will attempt a flight into the stratosphere this morning, if the meteorological reports are favorable, it was reported today. The Soviet flight will attempt to exceed the record set by Auguste Piccard who ascended 10 miles 117 yards above the earth on August 17.

The "USSR" which is 118 feet in diameter and has a capacity of 25,000 cubic meters was launched yesterday by 300 workers awaiting the signal to ascend. The balloon was built secretly in Moscow.

The chief pilot of the ascent will be George Prokoviev who will be assisted by Ernest Birnbaum and a third, not yet named. They plan to stay aloft for 18 hours although the ship is equipped for a 40 hour flight. The Moscow Observatory will watch the flight through a huge telescope.

STEEL WORKER HANGS HIMSELF AFTER RELIEF CUT OFF FOR 5 WEEKS

ARNOLD, Pa.—After warning his wife that he would commit suicide if they were not put back on the relief, Bruno Bank, 47, hung himself in his garage. For five weeks Bank with his wife and 4-year-old adopted child, had been out of relief.

Three years ago he had been employed at the Allegheny Steel plant at Breckenridge, Pa. Since that job he walked 14 miles every day searching fruitlessly for work.

First Signal Corps Told to 'Stand By' for Action in Cuba

NEW YORK.—The First Signal Corps, stationed at Fort Monmouth, has been ordered to stand by for a "voyage, between Sept. 15 and April 15," according to company orders posted last Thursday. The men were issued full field equipment, including helmets, gas masks, and telephone and wire-laying equipment.

This outfit will be required for troop operations in Cuba, as the Marine Corps has no outfit for maintaining land communications.

Denied Compensation, Vet Commits Suicide

CAMBRIDGE, Mass.—An unemployed veteran, Francis A. Blaire, 36, committed suicide by jumping off the Harvard Bridge and landing in the Cambridge side of the Charles River.

When informed of her son's death the mother stated that Francis had been refused compensation as he could not establish injuries while serving with the 322nd Infantry in France.

Belonging to the Communist Party. During his membership in the Y. C. L. Sidney Greene was active in the Labor Sports Union, where it has been found that he had carried on anti-working class activities.

Description: Age, 23 years; height, 5 feet 7 inches; weight, about 150 pounds; hair, blond. He has small teeth, which in the front are slightly separated from each other.

He is a Lithuanian, and was active in the Unemployed Council. He showed crass white-chauvinism when he proposed that no tickets should be sold to any Negroes for a dance arranged by the Unemployed Council. He has proved himself also irresponsible in financial matters in that he has misused the funds of the Unemployed Council.

Buffalo, N. Y. Celebrate the 14th Anniversary of the Communist Party Concert and Dance Sunday, September 24 CROATIAN HALL Corner Vulcan and Condon Streets FROM 8 P. M. UNTIL 9

Hartford, Haverill Elect Delegates to Anti-War Congress

Milwaukee Plans Mass Meet; Unions Urged to Send Delegates to Anti-War Congress

As the U. S. Congress Against War, to be held in New York on Sept. 29, approaches, reports arrive of additional elections of delegates. Trade unions and fraternal organizations are particularly urged to proceed with the selection of accredited representatives to the congress.

3 Delegates from Hartford. HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 20.—The Association of Lithuanian Workers, Youth Branch No. 243, has just elected three delegates to the Anti-War Congress, to be held in New York soon.

Haverill Elects. HAVERHILL, Mass., Sept. 20.—The Italian Liberty Club of Haverhill has "enthusiastically endorsed" the coming Anti-War Congress and has elected a delegate.

Mass Meet in Milwaukee. MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 20.—A mass meeting for the purpose of electing delegates to the U. S. Congress Against War, which convenes in New York Sept. 29, will be held here this Friday evening, Sept. 22. The meeting is being called by the Milwaukee City Committee for the U. S. Congress Against War and will be held at Conservatory Hall, 755 N. Milwaukee St. Fifteen organizations compose the city committee.

Speakers at the meeting will include Frank E. Baker, president of the Milwaukee State Normal School; Ralph Comper, pastor of the People's Church, 1757 Alis; Lottie Stearns, new state president of the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom; and Morris Childs, district organizer of the Communist Party, District 18.

All workers' organizations are asked to be prepared to turn in their collections and donations at the meeting in order to defray the expenses of the delegates to the congress.

At least 15 delegates will come to the congress from Baltimore, according to a wire received by the Congress Arrangements Committee yesterday. The Bakers Union A. F. of L. elected 2 delegates, an equal number was elected by the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America of that city. The Marine Workers Industrial Union, Unemployed Councils, and other workers' organizations in Baltimore are also sending delegations.

NEW YORK.—Exiled from Germany by the Nazis, Alfons Goldschmidt, one of Germany's foremost University professors, will make his first mass appearance in the United States as one of the main speakers.

SEVENTH ANNUAL BAZAAR

Madison Square Garden Friday, Saturday, Sunday October 6, 7, 8

RED PRESS BAZAAR

for the benefit of the Daily Worker-Morning Freiheit-Young Worker will take place Friday, Saturday, Sunday, October 6, 7, 8, at the MATH HALL of Madison Square Garden.

Three Great Days of rare entertainment and bargains in merchandise will see the largest proletarian gathering in the history of the Red Press.

Clarence Hathaway, Editor, Daily Worker and Moissaye J. Olgin, Editor, Morning Freiheit, will greet the opening of the Bazaar, Friday evening, October 6th.

An International Chorus of 1000 voices under the direction of the well-known proletarian composer, J. Scheffer, will perform the first night of the Bazaar.

A Fascinating Children's Spectacle performed by the children of the International Workers Order of America, will be held Sunday afternoon, October 8th, of the Bazaar.

A Grand Dance Spectacle GIVEN BY ALL THE WORKERS DANCE GROUPS IN NEW YORK. And a Grand International Costume Ball

Dancing Every Night to the tune of Vernon Anderson's famous Negro Jazz Band of 28 excellent players.

A Modern Cafeteria Will Provide Food at Lowest Prices.

ON THE LAST EVENING OF THE BAZAAR THERE WILL BE A FINAL SALE OF ALL REBAGGAGED GOODS WHICH NO OTHER WILL BE USED.

Admission: 35 cents on Friday; 50 cents on Saturday; 75 cents on Sunday. With advance ticket admission will be 10 cents less at the door; combination ticket for all three days 60 cents.

Collect Articles, Greetings, and Advertisements for the BAZAAR JOURNAL.

For Information See or Write to: National Press Bazaar Committee 50 East 13th St., New York City 8th floor

Danish Seamen Reject Reformist Int'l Affiliations

23 of 29 Delegates Vote Unity With International of Seamen and Harborworkers; Oust Yellow Leadership

Danish Firemen, who were represented at the Hamburg World Unity Congress last year, carried out the program of the I.S.H. and ousted the reformist, electing revolutionary workers in their places.

The victory was the result of systematic daily work on the economic front. Every ship entering port was visited by the I.S.H. group. Every struggle found the I.S.H. members leading the fight of the rank and file, for better wages, for enforcement of the wage scales and working conditions, in support of crews of foreign ships striking in Danish ports, and against shipments of munitions.

The work was carried on among the employed and the unemployed. The rotary system of shipping, in Danish ships, made work among the unemployed invaluable for the worker ashore now would be on a ship in a few months, and carried the I.S.H. agitation with him.

men shipped. In all questions of unloading or handling ships managed by scabs (the seamen of Sweden, Finland and Latvia have been on strike during the last nine months, and two strikes still continue), the tactics of the I.S.H. have been brought into the foreground and the international solidarity of the I.S.H. exposed the scab tactics of the I.T.F. officials, who forbade solidarity strikes by longshoremen in almost every port where the I.T.F. unions control the longshoremen.

The I.S.H. program of international solidarity to prevent war shipments was also brought to the foreground. Early this year the I.S.H. members in Copenhagen led a struggle against shipment of munitions in the S.S. Jorlanda. In that action the I.T.F. leaders cooperated with the police to ship war materials to Japan.

The I.S.H. also played an active role in urging foreign seamen to strike in Danish ports when strikes were called in their home country. The Latvian strike was started and largely planned in I.S.H. headquarters in Copenhagen.

This victory of the reformist leadership in the I.T.F. unions. The I.T.F. realizes its importance, and fears further losses among the transport unions. A campaign of terror among the seamen of Sweden, conducted by the reformist leadership, has been largely counteracted by the refusal of the workers themselves to support it. Will Sweden be next?