

Green Rushes to the Aid of the Bankers

NO MATTER how vicious any capitalist drive against workers becomes they can always rely upon William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, doing everything in his power to break up the resistance of the masses.



WM. GREEN

"No good purpose will be served but instead great injury may be done if, at the moment, labor would substitute feeling for common sense and ill-advised action for sound judgment."

This is followed by advice to workers to look to the president for leadership and "constructive advice."

This is the same Green whose fake unemployment insurance proposal was hailed by Norman Thomas and the Socialist Party leaders as a move to the left.

Now Green is doing all he can to help in the further fierce offensive against the toiling masses by urging workers to view the actions of Roosevelt in behalf of the bankers in a calm and dispassionate manner.

Yes, Green is correct when he says "great injury may be done" if labor refuses to be calm. But the injury will be done to the practical gang in control of the banks and the government that is trying to place all the burdens of the crisis of the financial structure of American imperialism upon the backs of the masses.

As against Green and the whole social-fascist crew that always tries to disguise and disintegrate any organized fight against the bosses and their government there must be mobilized the widest united action to compel immediate emergency relief for unemployed and part-time workers and farmers, for full immediate payment in money of the small depositors, and to compel the establishment of a system of unemployment insurance and social insurance at the expense of the capitalists and the government.

Fight for Negro Rights in the Black Belt

THE mass fight for the Scottsboro boys achieved another important partial victory on Monday. Judge A. E. Hawkins was forced, under pressure of the world-wide thunder of protest against the lynch verdicts, to grant the motion of the International Labor Defense attorneys for a change of venue from the town of Scottsboro, Alabama, scene of the original mock trials over which Judge Hawkins himself presided.

Thus, step by step in the grim world-wide fight against the lynch verdicts, against the brutal system of national oppression, economic robbery and persecution of the Negro people, mass pressure on the lynch courts has forced the white ruling class of this country to retreat from one position to another.

The fight, however, is not yet won. With typical hypocrisy the ruling class and its courts attempt to utilize even the partial victories wrested from them by the mass fight to bolster up the lying pretext that the capitalist courts are "fair" and "impartial." In this way, they attempt a monstrous deception of the toiling masses, aimed at disarming the vigilance of the workers, while preparing to carry through the legal lynchings under the camouflage of careful "deliberation", of "conceding" to the demands of the defense. But the fundamental demands of the defense and of the Negro people and white and Negro workers they reject.

It is no accident that the U. S. Supreme Court in its decision, wrested from it by the mass fight, ordering new trials for the boys brushed aside as of no significance the fundamental issue raised by the defense of the deliberate and habitual exclusion of Negroes from the grand and petit juries in Jackson County, in which Scottsboro is situated.

So, too, Judge Hawkins, acting on this broad hint given the lower lynch courts by the U. S. Supreme Court on Monday refused to rule on the defense motion to quash the indictments against the Scottsboro boys, based on the exclusion of Negroes from the grand jury which indicted them and from the petit juries which rushed through the death sentences against eight of the nine boys. His refusal to rule on the motion was in itself a decision against the motion, against the most elementary rights of the Negro people.

This exclusion of Negroes from juries is one of the fundamental issues in the fight for the Scottsboro boys. It involves an open violation of the constitutional rights of the defendants and of the Negro people. That it is a fundamental issue is recognized by the organ of the Scottsboro lynchings, the Jackson County Sentinel, which on April 23, 1931, openly called for the lynching of any Negro who would dare to serve on a jury, declaring:

"A Negro juror in Jackson County would be a curiosity—and some curiosities are embalmable, you know."

It is also no accident that Judge Hawkins in granting a change of venue, selected the little town of Decatur for the new trials, rejecting the proposal of the defense that the trials be held in Birmingham, an industrial center with a large Negro and white proletariat.

Thus, the ruling class continues its attempts to legally murder these nine innocent working-class children, despite the overwhelming proof of their innocence, despite the letter written to her sweetheart by Ruby Bates, one of the state's two star witnesses, repudiating her lying testimony that the nine boys had raped her and her companion, Victoria Price. The Negro and white workers and all sincere intellectuals must answer this brazen attempt to carry out the legal lynchings with a new thunder of protest, with the strengthening of the mass fight which alone can free the boys.

On with the mass fight for the unconditional freedom of the Scottsboro boys! Organize protest meetings and demonstrations! Rush telegrams and resolutions to Governor B. M. Miller, Montgomery, Ala., to Judge A. E. Hawkins, Scottsboro, Ala., demanding the release of these innocent victims of capitalist justice.

Roosevelt Gov't Keeps the Navy Ready

ON every hand, and with express-train speed, there is accumulating evidence that the so-called "New Deal" of the Roosevelt Democratic administration is nothing but a further development of every imperialist, anti-working class policy of the Hoover Republican administration. This is confirmed with the greatest clearness by the statement just made by the new Democratic Secretary of the Navy, Claude A. Swanson, his first statement since he assumed office.

"Secretary Swanson declared that the United States either should build up to treaty limits or induce the other signatories of the pact to decrease their tonnage. The secretary announced that the United States fleet would remain on the Pacific Coast. The continued maintenance of the fleet in California waters had been projected by the previous administration in view of the necessity for economy as well as the unrest in the Far East. . . . I think every effort should be made to keep the rates of the London treaty. My opinion is that the fleet be built up as quickly as possible to the rates prescribed in that treaty."

Thus the present emergency rearmament of the navy in the Pacific was not only the "show" they were advertised to be, but grim and serious preparation for war in the Far East. It must not be forgotten that the present financial crisis is a result not only of internal domestic crisis, but of sharpening imperialist antagonisms, particularly between Great Britain and America. And this financial crisis, in turn, aggravates and sharpens these antagonisms. It is significant that the greatest drain upon the American gold supply is coming at present through London banks and the Bank of England.

Under a cover of "liberalism", the Roosevelt administration is making every preparation to protect the financial interests of American imperialism all over the world.

Uncover Secret Arms Shipment by Britain

GLASGOW, March 8.—Secret government's "peace" policy. The Tuscania left the Clyde for Liverpool late in February to take on board 2,000 troops, and sail directly to Bombay. Much discontent regarding a complete machine gun ready for assembling, shed light on the true meaning of the British Gov-

(Section of the Communist International)

Vol. X, No. 58

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 8, 1917.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1933

CITY EDITION

Price 3 Cents

FIGHT FOR NEGROES ON JURY IN ALA.

Scottsboro Case Is Before Judge Horton of Athens, Ala.

CREATE LYNCH SPIRIT Need for Increase of Mass Protest

SCOTTSBORO, Ala., March 8.—The new trials of the Scottsboro boys have been set for March 17 in Decatur, the seat of Morgan County, Alabama, under the decision of Judge A. E. Hawkins granting the motion of the International Labor Defense for a change of venue from Scottsboro. Forced to grant a change of venue by reason of the world-wide mass fight for the Scottsboro boys, Judge Hawkins at the same time rejected the defense proposal that the trials be moved to Birmingham, an industrial center with a large white and Negro proletarian population.

Fight for Negroes on Jury.

Judge Hawkins, refused to rule on a motion by the defense for the quashing of the indictments against the boys. The defense based its motion on the ground that the constitutional rights of the boys and of the Negro People had been violated by the exclusion of Negroes from the grand jury which indicted the boys and from the petit jury which freed them from the lynch verdicts. The defense proved that exclusion of Negroes from juries was habitual. The I. L. D. attorneys will demand a ruling from Judge Horton, the new trial judge, on this motion.

Create Lynch Spirit.

As at the original trials, the town of Scottsboro was filled with a lynch crowd for the hearing, following a veiled invitation issued by the Jackson County Sentinel, organ of the Scottsboro lynchings. Many shot guns were in evidence. Negroes were intimidated from attending the hearing. A reporter from an Atlanta newspaper was driven out of town because he asked too many questions of Negroes. The jury of 12 bewiskered, backward mountaineers, their minds filled with boss poison of race hatred, glared at the defense attorneys and the reporters and visitors from New York.

The boys were represented by Gen. George W. Chamlee of Chattanooga, Tenn., Irving Schwab and Carol King of New York City.

800 MORE SHOE WORKERS JOIN HAVERHILL STRIKE

HAVERHILL, Mass., March 8.—Eight hundred shoe workers are reported to have joined the strike today in the shoe and wood heel industries in this city involving about 75 large and small plants and bringing the total number of strikers here to 6,300. The misleaders of the Shoe Workers Protective Association under whose leadership the strike in Haverhill is being conducted are now calling for a strike in the Boston shoe shops although no organizational preparations have thus far been made.

Situation Critical!

The tremendous drop in contributions, plus the new difficulties created by the banking crisis, are threatening to crush the Daily Worker out of existence. Yesterday's contributions declined to only \$155, the lowest figure since the very first days of the drive.

Because of the acute emergency, the Daily Worker will not be able to publish on Saturday the special Marx Anniversary supplement announced in Tuesday's issue. Unless funds in large amounts come in at once, the Daily Worker will not be able to publish even the present four-page paper.

Contributions in the drive have declined greatly during the past ten days. In addition, \$1,000 has been received in checks which cannot be cashed. There is not enough money to meet current publishing expenses and to pay off the big deficit accumulated from the past.

You must act before it is too late. Collect today and send in every cent at once. Help organize and participate in the Tag Days this Saturday and Sunday. Rush MONEY ORDERS to the Daily Worker, 50 East 13th Street, New York City.

DAILY WORKER MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

RECEIVED YESTERDAY . . . \$155.09 TOTAL TO DATE . . . \$16,774.91

COMMUNIST PARTY CALLS MEETS TO PLAN FIGHTS AGAINST BANKERS

Small Depositors, Workers, Professionals and Small Business Men Urged to Come

All small depositors: Workers, employees, professional people and small businessmen of the midtown Manhattan Section, are called by Section 2 of the Communist Party to two mass meetings this Sunday, March 12th at 3 p. m. East Side depositors will meet at Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place, West Side depositors at the Spartacus Hall, 269 West 25th St.

The call further points out the cutting of relief, and the danger of workers on emergency relief jobs not getting paid. It calls attention to the already mounting cost of living, especially on food stuffs. Turn out to the meeting in large numbers. Answer the Wall Street-Roosevelt conspiracy on our wages, relief and life savings! Workers organize committees in the shops. Professional wages. Small depositors: Organize committees of depositors in every neighborhood. Fight for the full cash return on all small deposits. Prominent speakers will address both meetings. Admission is free.

ROOSEVELT WON'T SEE FARMERS

By JOHN D. DAVIS WASHINGTON, D. C., March 8.—President Roosevelt refused to see a delegation of farmers representing the Farmers National Relief Conference because the national banking crisis "takes precedence over everything else," according to his secretary. The delegation left with the secretary a statement addressed to the President, which put before him squarely the issue of immediate emergency action for the relief of destitute farmers.

The demands presented to Roosevelt were the same demands drawn up by the farmers at the Washington Conference and presented at that time to Congress and President Hoover. The delegation pointed out that the failure of either the former president or Congress to do anything had put the question before Roosevelt.

The statement to the President Roosevelt included an attack on the President's pet farm "relief" scheme, the Domestic Allotment Plan. It denounced the Frazier and Robinson bills as "plans to foment deflated farm mortgages held by Big Business, upon the government through 'refinancing legislation.'" The crop production credit policy of the past administration providing credit only for well-to-do farmers with collateral, was rejected in the statement.

FOR UNEMPLOYMENT and social insurance, against sedition and espionage laws, for the defense of the Soviet Union, against imperialist war!

INFLATION, RISE IN LIVING COST IS CERTAIN AS GOV'T PRINTS 2 BILLION MORE DOLLARS INSTEAD OF SCRIP

Roosevelt Is Aiding Big Bankers to Swallow Up Small Bankers and Hit the Toilers

No Guarantees for Deposits; Small Depositors Must Demand 100 Cents on Dollar in Cash

ALBANY MEET WIRES PROTEST Conference Demands Action on 9 Bills

ALBANY, N. Y., March 8.—The Workers Conference on Labor Legislation, which has just concluded its three-day session here, at its final session yesterday sent a telegram to Governor Lehman, Lieutenant-Governor Bray and Speaker McGinnis of the state legislature, vigorously protesting against the refusal to give the delegates a hearing on their demands, as had been promised. The telegram also protested against the mobilization of armed police who refused to let the worker delegates enter the capitol building.



William H. Woodin, secretary of the Treasury who will put the printing presses to work to turn out 2 billion dollars of inflated currency causing a sharp rise in the living cost for the masses.

The statement to the legislature, drawn up just before the march on the capitol, demanded the enactment of bills adopted by the conference for state unemployment insurance and immediate relief, a minimum wage and maximum hours bill, bills against evictions and foreclosures, against injunctions and child labor, for maternity benefits to working women, for a public works construction program, and a bill to protect deposits of workers and small depositors.

The bill for immediate relief demands \$10 a week for each unemployed couple, with \$2 weekly for each dependent, \$1 a day for single workers, and cash payment on relief jobs at prevailing trade union rates. The statement to the legislature pledges the delegates to return to their organizations and to mobilize broad mass support that will compel the legislature to enact the bills.

Inflation Chief

No Funds for Jobless, But . . .



Millions of dollars for their newest warship, the U. S. S. Portland, adding another murder weapon to the United States Navy now concentrated in the Pacific for war in the Far East and against the Soviet Union.

TRY NEW TRICKS TO FOOL THE PEOPLE OF U. S.

They Should Rely Only on Their Own Mass Fight

BULLETIN

NEW YORK.—Tonight, at the St. Nicholas Arena, 66th St. and Columbus Ave., meeting to hear the reports of the Albany Workers' Conference Delegates, action will be started to rally workers, and small depositors in a fight against the bankers gold grabbing onslaught. Mass to the meeting!

WASHINGTON, March 8.—There is going on a conflict between the smaller banking combines of the "interior" and the big combines dominated by Wall Street in New York and LaSalle St. in Chicago over the question of issuing scrip.

The smaller banks fear that their clearing house certificates (scrip) will be beaten down and discounted and that the scrip of the big banks in the financial centers will become the dominant means of circulation. It is feared by the smaller robbers that this device of the big robbers will quickly wipe them out.

May Abandon Scrip Plans

To try to reconcile this conflict and at the same time to carry out the rapid concentration of financial power in the hands of the big fellows, the federal government is considering the issuance of from one to two billion dollars in new federal currency. Such an issue would have the same inflationary results as scrip and would result in further destitution among the unemployed and part-time workers and impoverished farmers, as a result of price rises at the same time that industry is approaching a standstill and throwing additional masses out of work.

Unification of System

The Roosevelt administration is proceeding to aid the big bankers swallow up the little ones by proposing a unified banking system that will do away with the 48 state systems and the one national system. This can be realized only through placing all banking power in the hands of the Wall Street and LaSalle Street gangs, with Roosevelt as president acting to coordinate all moves in that direction.

COMMUNIST PARTY CALLS TOILERS TO ORGANIZE, REPULSE NEW ATTACK BY BANKERS ON THEIR LIVING STANDARD

(Statement of Central Committee, Communist Party, U. S. A.)

THE present nation-wide growing financial collapse brings into the clearest relief all the features of the downward swing of capitalism, and the steady deepening of the economic crisis. Entering the fourth year of the crisis, capitalism sinks deeper into the maze of its own contradictions. The measures undertaken by the ruling class since the outbreak of the crisis, as the firing of millions of workers, staggering of the employed workers, continuous wage cuts, the whole system of tariff walls, growth of armament expenditures, all these have only deepened the crisis and increased the misery of the workers.

Big Production Drop.

The drop in production has been catastrophic. In the basic industries production has sunk to the 19 century level. The present financial crisis has already resulted in an even further curtailment of production. The present army of unemployed, already over 16,000,000 workers, is daily growing larger. The currency crisis, growing out of the crisis development since the outbreak of the stock exchange crash, is shaking the entire social structure of American capitalism to its very foundations.

The crisis in the government finances is being aggravated by the present financial situation. The deficit of the government, created by the pumping of millions of dollars

through the Reconstruction Finance Corporation into the shaky credit structure and the huge expenditure of money for armaments, becomes daily more difficult to overcome. The present financial situation raises in the sharpest form the question of the very existence of capitalism.

Workers! Small Depositors Fight for These Demands

- 1. No reduction in unemployment relief. Relief payments in cash.
2. Enactment of Unemployment Insurance at the expense of time to Congress and government.
3. Immediate reopening of the banks with 100 per cent Government guarantee of cash payment to small depositors.
4. Payment of wages in cash, not checks.
5. Enactment of laws against evictions. Immediate moratorium on rents.
6. Fight rise in living costs caused by inflation.
7. Moratorium on workers' debts to banks, corporations and loan companies.
8. Arrest and indictment of Mitchell and bankers responsible for robbing the small depositors.

What is the program of American capitalism in the present crisis situation? The growth of unemployment, the wage cuts, the misery of the workers in the past years of the crisis will pale in comparison with the present attacks on the whole front against the standard of living of the masses. The present financial crisis means the sharpening of all imperialist contradictions, and the speeding up of war preparations.

In face of the growing unemployment, Roosevelt declared to the Governors Conference that he does not even contemplate in any shape Federal relief, let alone the direct granting of Unemployment Insurance. The staggered workers who received numerous wage cuts will not even receive their wages in regular currency, but in devaluated currency, or paper scrip. The charity rations for the starving unemployed will be handed out in the same way. The employed workers in addition to indirect wage cuts through the devaluated currency or paper scrip will get additional direct wage cuts. Unemployed workers, while being denied unemployment insurance will even have their meager charity relief rations cut. Inflation will raise the cost of living, still further cutting the wages of the staggered workers and the starvation rations of charity. The veterans are being denied their pensions and bonuses. The attack on the working class is all along the whole front. Workers, the petty-bourgeois, intellectuals, who have after years of hard toil occu-

plated small savings will be wiped out of their meager funds.

Affects All Toilers. The crisis has reached a state affecting all the toiling sections of the population. The present financial crisis more than ever before places the very existence and life of the whole toiling population in the hands of a small financial oligarchy on the top. The measures undertaken by the Federal and State Governments, dramatize more than ever before the complete integration of the financial oligarchy with the state apparatus.

In order to carry through this murderous offensive on the toiling masses as a means of getting out of the crisis, the state apparatus is sharpening its terror weapons, to force the toilers of the land into submission. The financial oligarchy is mobilizing also its agents within the working class to disarm the workers and deliver them into the murderous hands of the capitalist class. President Green of the American Federation of Labor, who was recently hailed by the Socialist Party as moving towards socialism, in a brazen declaration calls upon the toilers to support President Roosevelt in his declaration of war on their living standards.

The Revolutionary Way Out. Today capitalism has reached a stage in its crisis where there is only one way out of it for the working class, the revolutionary way out. The ruling class has chosen to be aggres-

sive of running the industries, and stands convicted before society. Only the destruction of capitalism, the setting up of the rule of the workers, which alone can make possible a planned economy—only this can eliminate the periodic crises of capitalism only this can save society from the misery to which capitalism dooms the majority of the people.

Immediate Steps Against New Drive on Toiling Masses

Workers and farmers, employed and unemployed, small depositors—the widest possible movement of the toiling masses is necessary to combat and defeat the growing new attacks of the bourgeoisie against the standards of living. 1. Hold meetings at the factories, develop actions inside the factories against non-payment of wages or payment in scrip. Build factory committees. 2. Hold meetings in the neighborhoods for the payment of unemployment relief in cash and against increases in the cost of living (high prices). Build special women's committees against rising prices. Strengthen and organize block committees. 3.—Hold mass meetings of small depositors in neighborhoods, demanding full payment of deposits in cash. Line up with the employed and unemployed workers in fighting against the attack of the bourgeoisie.

On the basis of their experiences in the struggles for Unemployment Insurance, against wage cuts, against a rise in the living cost, against the whole criminal gang of bankers, will the masses learn that the revolutionary way out of the crisis is the only way out from hunger and war.

The Communist Party calls upon the toilers to repulse the offensive of the rulers of the land. Workers, farmers, impoverished petty-bourgeois, unite into one mighty army for the struggle for the right to live, for the struggle for bread, for the struggle against imperialist war—for the revolutionary way out of the crisis. Organize for the fight!



Demonstration on N. Y. waterfront against the shipment of munitions for the imperialist wars in South America. W. Simons, Secretary of the Anti-Imperialist League is speaking.

Strikers breaking the government ban and exercising their right to picket in front of Follis-Fischer Cafeteria, at 34th St. and 7th Ave., despite the claim of the bosses that their stores are under a receivership. Workers will demonstrate here today.

Fighting for the demands of the hungry children. Section of the huge March 4th demonstration in Union Square. This demonstration raised the demand for full payments to small depositors.

"Down with the Job Sharks" is the demand of this demonstration before a shark agency near 6th Ave. The "Fighting Sixth" has won back many fees of gypped workers from these sharks.

PAINTERS LOCAL 499 REJECTS EX-PULSION OF WEINSTOCK, LEADS FIGHT FOR REINSTATEMENT

District Council 9 Officials Use Cops at Four Locals to Eject and Terrorize Members; Protest Meet Saturday

NEW YORK.—Following on the action of Painters Local 499, which by a vote of all but one present at their meeting last week, rejected the expulsion of its member, Louis Weinstock, by District Council 9, the officials called in police to help them eject other expelled members of the Brotherhood from meetings of four other locals.

News Briefs

FORCE RELEASE OF WORKER HELD FOR PASSING "BANK LEAFLETS"

NEW YORK.—Arrested Tuesday night while distributing leaflets which exposed the bank holiday and the scrip plan as schemes for robbing workers, A. Pollack was released early Wednesday morning at the 73rd precinct police station in Brownsville without being brought up for a hearing.

Bosses Spare No Lives to Rush Armory for War

JAMAICA, L. I.—Disregarding safety in their mad desire for profits, the bosses building an armory for war purposes near 199th St., ignored safety devices and one worker was killed and another injured Feb. 28th. As usual on government projects, union conditions are done away with, wages are low and the speed-up has dropped 20 per cent since a year ago and all semblance of a uniform scale has disappeared.

Strike At B. & M. Goes On; Ranks Solid Despite A.F.L. Tricks

Second week of the strike in the B and M finds the cleaner and dyer strikers solid, determined to win, and encouraged by the support given them by workers' organizations of Brooklyn and elsewhere. The strikers are redoubling their efforts in order to successfully conclude the strike.

Stage and Screen

SOVIETS ON PARADE

To see the new picture at the Cameo Theatre, "Soviets on Parade" is to understand why such a sheet, for instance, as Abe Cahan's social-fascist Jewish Daily Forward comes out with the wall that it is Soviet propaganda.

DEPORT INJURED SEAMAN

NEW YORK.—The U. S. Immigration department co-operated with the owners of the Porto Rican steamship line and railroaded Knute Knuteon, injured seaman to Norway yesterday. Knuteon had been injured by the chief mate of S.S. Casper, Norwegian ship chartered by the Puerto Rico company and crew mates had got him put in the hospital last week on arrival from Haiti. They asked the I.L.D. to get a lawyer to fight in his behalf and the immigration officials snatched him to Ellis Island Monday and deported him without a hearing in order to save the company from being tied up with a writ.

Local 22 of ILGWU Meets Tonight

NEW YORK.—In preparation for the election in Local 22, International Ladies Garment Workers Union, for new officers, a meeting will be held at Bryant Hall, Sixth Ave. and 42nd St., tonight to review the past year's work of the present administration of Lovestone and Anarchist leaders and to nominate new officials for election.

AMUSEMENTS

Eugene Lyons, Moscow Correspondent of VARIETY says of SHAME: "If it reaches America, as doubtless it will, audiences there are slated for a treat, such as they received from 'Road to Life' last year. A first rate film!"

Supported by Members

A spontaneous protest broke out at the meeting of 499 when the expulsion of Louis Weinstock was announced. Scores of members at once sprang to their feet demanding the floor, and each one who spoke vehemently protested the District Council action.

HELP WIN PHILLIPS MARKET STRIKE

NEW YORK.—To prevent the attempts of the bosses to organize a company union, The Independent Meat Cutters Union, of 478 Bergen St., Brooklyn, issues a call to all organized and unorganized meat workers to come and join the struggle against the Phillips Market, for union conditions. A strike is now being fought against the Phillips Market which has nine stores in Brooklyn.

3,200 FIRED BY EMERGENCY WORK BUREAU; 7,000 MORE IN APRIL

The Emergency Work Bureau laid off 3,200 workers Tuesday and promised 7,000 others the same treatment the first of April. It was announced yesterday by William H. Matthews, director.

THEATRE GUILD Presents AMERICAN DREAM

By GEORGE O'NEIL
GUILD THEATRE, 324 St. West of B'way
Evs. 8:30. Matinee Thurs. and Sat., 2:30

Official Dodge Issue

Similar indignation against the expulsions was registered by members of Local 490 of which Rothstein and Berman are members. Both have been expelled by the District Council. But the officials of the local called the meeting off for the fourth time last Monday, because the membership demanded a show down on the expulsion issue.

LABOR UNION MEETINGS

Office Workers Union, regular membership meeting tonight at Labor Temple, 312 East 14th St., at 8 p.m.
Pocketbook Workers, come to union meeting tomorrow, Friday at Stuyvesant High School, 18th St. between First and Second Aves. at 8 p.m. Question of West 159th St. D. Wilkes will report on Albany Conference and next steps in Harlem Hospital Campaign.
Independent Houseworkers Union meets tonight at 7:30 p.m. at 122 Second Ave. to elect new officers.

"SHAME" NEW SOVIET FILM OPENS FRIDAY AT CAMEO

"Shame," the first picture of the second 5-Year Plan, will have its American premiere at the Cameo Theatre starting this Friday. "Shame" was produced by Soyuzkino and directed by Fedorick Ermler and Sergei Yutkevitch. Ermler is known as the director of "Fragments of an Empire" and Yutkevitch as the maker of "Golden Mountains."

THEATRE GUILD Presents BIOGRAPHY

A comedy by S. N. BERMAN
AVON THEATRE, 1518 St. West of B'way
Evs. 8:30. Matinee Thurs. and Sat., 2:30

Overshadowing everything else in the film are the pictures of the giant Magnitogorsk and many achievements of socialist construction and the Soviet workers operating them. These industrial centers growing where there was before only desolate waste, and being operated to full capacity is certainly a salutary commentary upon the industrial life of the United States, where millions starve while the gigantic machinery of production stands idle. What staggering refutation of such pen valets of gutter journalism as Isaac Don Levine and Will Durant are these industrial achievements! Equally inspiring is the filming of the collective farms.

Chicago Falls Down Badly as "Daily" Crisis Deepens

Chicago fell down miserably again on Tuesday, contributing only \$6.50 to the Daily Worker at a time when the bank "holiday" threatens its very life! As a matter of fact, none of the districts rose to any great heights to save the paper. The total contribution for the day was \$400.74, to which New York contributed \$258.29, or more than half.

Tag Day Stations for the Daily Worker

LOWER EAST SIDE—11 Clinton St., 96 Avenue C, Workers Center; 165 E. Broadway, East Side Workers Club; 122 Second Ave.
MIDTOWN, N. Y.—267 W. 25th St., 419 W. 53rd St., 131 W. 28th St., (Saturday only), 103 Lexington Ave.
HARLEM—650 Lenox Ave., at Workers Center; 15 W. 126th St., Finnish Hall; 350 E. 81st St., Hungarian Workers Home; 347 E. 72nd St., Czechoslovak Workers.
LOWER BRONX—1157 Southern Blvd., 801 Prospect Ave., 569 Prospect Ave., 260 E. 138th St.
UPPER BRONX—2700 Bronx Park East, 2075 Clinton Ave., near 180th St., 1910 Boston Rd.
BROOKLYN—764 40th Street, Brooklyn, 1109 45th St., 2006 70th St., 27th and Marmaid, Coney Island Center; 1818 86th St., 136 15th St., Workers Center; 73 Myrtle Avenue.
BROOKLYN—105 Thaford Ave., Brownsville Workers Youth Club; 1813 Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn Workers Center; 313 Hindsdale St., Hindsdale Workers Club; 524 Vermont St., E. N. Y. Workers Club.
WILLIAMSBURG—61 Graham Ave., 225 Throop Ave., 285 Rodney St., 46 Ten Eyck St.
JAMAICA, L. I.—148-29 Liberty St., Workers Center.

Wintchewsky Memorial Meeting Organized by three I.W.O. Branches

The first memorial meeting of the proletarian poet, Morris Wintchewsky, organized by the following branches, 9, 15, 83 and 106, will be held on
Friday Evening, March 10 at Stuyvesant Casino
9th Street and 2nd Ave.
Comrade K. Marmer will lecture about Wintchewsky and a program is arranged. The children of School 2, Williamsburg and Proletien will participate.
We invite all comrades and friends to this evening. Admission free.
Arranger by Branches 9-15-83-106, INTERNATIONAL WORKERS' ORDER.

Master and Puppet

In a desperate effort to hold up its tottering rule, German capitalism has put Hitler in power and set him loose as the executioner of the working class. Only the Daily Worker tells you the truth about the happenings in Germany: It calls on all American workers to rally to the aid of the German masses in their fight against the bloody Hitler rule. Support your paper!

Received Monday	\$ 400.74
Previously received	16,219.08
Total to date	16,619.82
MONDAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS:	
DISTRICT 1	\$ 11.00
DISTRICT 2	11.00
DISTRICT 3	11.00
DISTRICT 4	11.00
DISTRICT 5	11.00
DISTRICT 6	11.00
DISTRICT 7	11.00
DISTRICT 8	11.00
DISTRICT 9	11.00
DISTRICT 10	11.00
DISTRICT 11	11.00
DISTRICT 12	11.00
DISTRICT 13	11.00
DISTRICT 14	11.00
DISTRICT 15	11.00
DISTRICT 16	11.00
DISTRICT 17	11.00
DISTRICT 18	11.00
DISTRICT 19	11.00
DISTRICT 20	11.00
DISTRICT 21	11.00
DISTRICT 22	11.00
DISTRICT 23	11.00
DISTRICT 24	11.00
DISTRICT 25	11.00
DISTRICT 26	11.00
DISTRICT 27	11.00
DISTRICT 28	11.00
DISTRICT 29	11.00
DISTRICT 30	11.00
DISTRICT 31	11.00
DISTRICT 32	11.00
DISTRICT 33	11.00
DISTRICT 34	11.00
DISTRICT 35	11.00
DISTRICT 36	11.00
DISTRICT 37	11.00
DISTRICT 38	11.00
DISTRICT 39	11.00
DISTRICT 40	11.00
DISTRICT 41	11.00
DISTRICT 42	11.00
DISTRICT 43	11.00
DISTRICT 44	11.00
DISTRICT 45	11.00
DISTRICT 46	11.00
DISTRICT 47	11.00
DISTRICT 48	11.00
DISTRICT 49	11.00
DISTRICT 50	11.00

WHAT'S ON

IMPORTANT NOTE: In view of the critical financial situation in the Daily Worker, organizations are urged to enclose money, at the rate of one cent a word per insertion, with announcements.

Thursday

MEMBERSHIP MEETING Workers Film Club, Friday 8:30 p. m. at American Youth Federation, 122 Second Ave. Speakers: Donald Henderson, J. B. Matthews, Prof. Margaret Schlauch. Admission 25 cents.
OFFICE WORKERS UNION regular membership meeting tonight at 8 p.m. at Temple, 242 E. 14th St.
ALL MEMBERS Red Front meet tonight at 9:30 p.m. at new headquarters, 93 Avenue B, between 6th and 7th Sts.
HOSPITAL WORKERS LEAGUE mass meeting tonight at 8 p.m. sharp at 264 W. 124th St. Urban League Hall, Harlem on Albany Labor Conference and Report on Hospital Situation.
SYMPOSIUM—"An American Woman as Looks at the Soviet Union." Illustrated lecture by Susan Woodruff of Smith College and "Soviet Literature" by Stephen Graves, Thursday, 8 p.m. at 1804 Southern Blvd. near Freeman St. station. Augustus East Bronx YSU.
SPECIAL MASS MEETING tonight at the Concourse Workers Club, 1349 Jerome Ave., 8:30 p.m. Topic: "Federation of Council of Workers Clubs in relation to Member Clubs."

Saturday

CHINO-GERMAN NIGHT, 35 East 12th St., 8:30 p. m. given by Arbeiter and Chinese Vanguard for the benefit of the Workers Center. German, Chinese and Japanese program. German-Chinese food. Admission 30c.
ENTERTAINMENT-DANCE benefit Daily Worker Saturday night at 440 Rutland Rd., Brooklyn. All invited. Admission 25 cents.
THIRD "History of Russian Film" Program Saturday afternoon and night. Two films, "Village of Six" and "Car Ivan the Terrible." Will be shown at 8:30 p.m. and 7:30 p.m. Auspices Workers Film and Photo League and W.F.R.
SPORTS CARNIVAL-DANCE at Brownsville Youth Center, 105 Thaford Ave., 8:30 p.m. Benefit Labor Sports Union.
CONCERT-DANCE given by the Tremont Workers Club, 2075 Clinton Ave., Saturday night. A festive program including Martha Graham group, violin virtuoso and good band for dancing. Admission 25c.
FIRST CONCERT-BALL of Painters Opposition Group in Brothertown, Saturday night at Irving Plaza Hall, 15th and Irving Place. Splendid program. Adm. only 25c.
THIRD "History of Russian Film" Program Saturday afternoon and night. Two films, "Village of Six" and "Car Ivan the Terrible." Will be shown at 8:30 p.m. and 7:30 p.m. Auspices Workers Film and Photo League and W.F.R.

Grand Bazaar for the "Daily Worker"

Krueger's Auditorium, MARCH 11 and 12
Bargains in all kinds of articles: Millinery, Jewelry, Art Objects, Spring Clothes; Bring your Watches for Repair; Eye Glasses Fitted right there; All Kinds of Literature
UKRAINIAN MANDOLIN ORCHESTRA
CARTOONIST—JOHN REED CLUB
RESTAURANT—BEST FOOD SERVED
DANCING—SATURDAY NIGHT
Doors open at 7 P. M.
Admission at door 25c; in Advance 15c
Sunday: Open all day and eve.; Admission Free
CHICKEN DINNER SERVED AT 1 P. M.—35c

NEWARK, N. J.

MEMBERSHIP MEETING under auspices John Reed Club, Revolutinary Writers Federation, Pen and Hammer, and National Student League will be held at John Reed Club, 450 Sixth Ave., Sunday, 2:30 p. m. Speakers: Alexander Trachtenberg, Joseph Freeman, V. J. Jerome, Paul Saitler and Harry Magidoff. Admission 15c.

BAZAAR-BANQUET

NEW YORK DISTRICT, I. L. D. at MANHATTAN LYCEUM 66 East 4th Street
FRI., MARCH 10, at 8 P. M.
—SUPER—DANCING—ENTERTAINMENT
ADMISSION 50 CENTS

DAILY WORKER BANQUET

at MANHATTAN LYCEUM, 66 E. 4th St. MARCH 19 at 7:30 P. M.
ALL ORGANIZATIONS ARE INVITED TO SEND DELEGATES
MICHAEL GOLD will act as chairman
Speaker: MOISSAYE J. OLGIN
Famous Author and Editor of "Morning Freiheit"

Splendid Large Hall and Meeting Rooms

TO HIRE
Perfect for BALLS, DANCES, LECTURES, MEETINGS, Etc.
IN THE
New ESTONIAN WORKERS HOME
27-29 W.115th St., N.Y.C.
Phone University 4-0163

DR. JULIUS JAFFE

Surgeon Dentist
401 EAST 140th STREET
(Cor. Willis Ave.)

Cooperative Dining Club

ALLERTON AVENUE
Cor. Bronx Park East
Fare Foods Proletarian Prices

GARMENT DISTRICT

PATRONIZE SEVERN'S CAFETERIA
7th Avenue at 30th St.
Best Food at Workers Prices

Garment Section Workers Patronize Navarr Cafeteria

333 7th AVENUE
Corner 28th St.

DR. JULIUS LITTINSKY

107 Bristol Street
(Cor. Pitkin & Sutter Ave.) B'klyn
PHONE: DICKENS 2-3012
Office Hours: 8-10 A.M., 1-2, 6-8 P.M.

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER

DENTAL DEPARTMENT
80 FIFTH AVENUE
15th FLOOR
All Work Done Under Personal Care
DR. JOSEPHSON

For Brownsville Proletarians

SOKAL CAFETERIA
1689 PITKIN AVENUE

DOWNTOWN

SOL'S SANDWICH LUNCH
101 University Place
Just Around the Corner.
Telephone Tomkins Square 6-51, 0-9781

UNIVERSITY CAFETERIA

122 University Place
SERVING WORKERS CENTER

COMRADES MEET AT ROYAL CAFETERIA

821 Broadway, NEAR 107th St.
Best Food—Proletarian Prices
Watch Our Daily Specials for the 100% Food Workers' Union Shop

TO DEMAND TRIAL FOR TOM MOONEY; HUGE FRISCO MASS MEETING MARCH 19

Action of United Front Conference in Rejecting Splitters' Demands and Upholding Militant Action Fully Endorsed by Mooney

LL.D. RALLIES CITY WIDE SUPPORT IN MOONEY DEFENSE

Meetings, Parades in Preparation of Mass Conference Sunday

NEW YORK.—In response to the call issued by John Ballam, District Secretary of the International Labor Defense for support of the Free Tom Mooney united front Conference to be held this Sunday, 10 a.m., at Irving Plaza, branches and sections of the organization have arranged a series of demonstrations, parades and mass meetings.

Prominent speakers will reveal the latest developments in the Mooney case, the Free Tom Mooney Congress to be held in Chicago beginning April 30, and of the efforts to compel a new trial for Mooney in the California Courts. Following is the schedule of the arrangements made:

Downtown Parade
Tom Mooney demonstration in Union Square, 6:30 p.m., Friday. Following the demonstration, a parade to Henington Hall, 214 East 2nd St.

Brownsville Symposium
Brownsville Labor Lyceum, 219 Sackman St., Friday, Corlies Lamont, Israel Amter, J. B. Matthews and Louis B. Scott to speak.

Brooklyn Mass Meeting
M. E. Taft is scheduled to address a mass meeting Friday at 4:09A.—13th Ave., Brooklyn.

Bronx Meetings
Three mass meetings will take place in the Bronx Friday. Lower Bronx Section, 701 East 136th St., and at 1401 Boston Road. Upper Bronx, 4215 Third Ave., cor. Tremont.

Midtown Noon Rally
A noon rally will be held at 34th St. and 8th Ave., today—Thursday.

Saturday Meetings
A mass meeting by the Yonkers section of the I.L.D., Saturday, 8 p.m., at 37 Clifton St.

The Williamsburgh Section has arranged its Tom Mooney mass meeting at Laisve Hall, 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn, also at 8 p.m.

DEMAND CASH NOT SCRIP IN CLEV. 2,500 Jobless Parade to City Hall

CLEVELAND, O., March 7.—Four thousand unemployed returned to the City Hall Monday night following the decision of the March 4 demonstration to come back to the regular City Council meeting and force through their demands.

Meet at Public Square.
The workers first assembled at the Public Square and held a one hour meeting after which 2,500 marched in line to the City Hall. The regular Council meeting however was called off in the afternoon after letters notifying the Council to be ready to receive the Unemployed Committee were sent. The pretext for the Council adjournment was the death of Councilman John McCreary.

Tremendous militancy was shown by the workers which was heightened by the imminent food shortage due to the bank situation. Police mobilization was double that of the March 4 demonstration while the masses of workers were shouting: "Bring the Mayor here, let's get the Councilmen, let's stay here till they come!" Four thousand raised fists, including a large section cut off by the police, endorsed the resolution condemning the evasion of the unemployed demands by the City Council. The masses enthusiastically determined to go to each Councilman separately and force them to take action on the demands at the next Council meeting next Monday.

The workers kept shouting: "We want cash not scrip, we demand cash relief!" Mention of Roosevelt's first act in office, the Bank Act aroused a wave of anger throughout the masses. In the face of police mobilization, the entire mass of workers refused to move until the leaders were safely gotten off the City Hall steps.

Mine Misladers in Ky. Try Scheme to Fleece Members of Money

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., March 8.—The National Miners Union here issued a warning today to the miners of Letcher and Boone Counties against the new fake strike campaign which the misleaders of the United Mine Workers of America are launching in this region and calls for the organization of rank and file committees to prepare for a real strike and struggles for immediate improvements in conditions. The strike is being called for May 1st.

Reminding the miners that this is a repetition of the fake strike manoeuvre of 1931 which fleeced the miners of about ten thousand dollars for the union treasury and plunged the union points out that the miners will again be betrayed by treacherous leaders of the Turnblazer & Childers brand. In 1931 Turnblazer, president

Chase Hoodlums Burning Cross During Scottsboro Meeting

JAMACA, N. Y. — Leaving the Macedonian Baptist Church where a meeting for the freedom of the nine Scottsboro boys was being held, a group of men, apparently members of the Ku Klux Klan, crossed the street and burned a fiery cross in an empty lot. A few of the workers present went out and chased the men away. The workers returned to complete the very successful meeting.

The meeting attended by about 400 Negro and white workers was the first Scottsboro meeting in that section 173th St. and 108th Ave. Holmes section organizer, and Charles Archer, of the Scottsboro Defense Committee, were the speakers. An appeal was made for members in the Scottsboro Committee, and resulted in 25 additional workers entering the campaign.

A resolution was adopted and sent to the Governor of Alabama demanding the freedom of the nine Scottsboro boys.

600 IN MINN. FOR MOONEY CONGRESS

THUNDER APPROVAL IN ANSWER TO SPECTOR CALL

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 8.—Frank Spector, assistant national secretary of the International Labor Defense, addressed an audience of six hundred that packed the Mayor's reception hall here on March 4th. The meeting was first organized by the Free Tom Mooney Congress of the Minneapolis district.

An enthusiastic audience heard his exposition of the Mooney frame-up and with thunderous "ayes" that could be heard through the entire city hall and to the jail at the top of the building and the police headquarters below, voted to endorse the call for the Free Tom Mooney Congress that will be held in Chicago on April 30 to May 2nd.

WORKING GIRLS EVICTED FROM 'Y'

SUPPORTED ALBANY CONFERENCE; PICKET TODAY

NEW YORK.—Informed by the Emergency Work Bureau that she was a union member, the officials of the Y. W. H. A., 30 West 116th Street, declared that Yetta Kaufman was "unfit" to live there and evicted her and two other girls, who protested against the eviction during the rain last Tuesday night. An attempt was made to evict Miss Kaufman early this week, but a committee of girls from the Y. W. H. A., Lower Harlem Unemployed Committee and the Office Workers Union prevented such action.

The head official, Mrs. Schwartz, has a fashionable apartment in the building, maids for her personal use, and a car and chauffeur. The Jewish "Day" and the late Mrs. Schiff donated among many other contributions, \$10,000 each to the "Y" fund. When this money goes can be seen from Mrs. Schwartz' lavish lifestyle. Besides, the rent for call like rooms with one window is from \$6 to \$10 a week, and as many of the girls are unemployed or part time relief workers, as many as three live in single room.

A week ago the residents elected one girl to represent them at the Albany Conference for Labor Legislation. When the officials heard of this they became angry. They did not dare to say that they were against the Conference, but decided to throw out all girls who spoke of the conference and the Workers Unemployment Insurance Bill.

In answer to the conduct of the officials, a picket line will be maintained in front of the building on 110th Street, at 6 o'clock this morning. Workers picketed all morning yesterday despite police. Women workers and men protest the eviction and forestall all further attempts at victimizing women workers. Support the struggle of the homeless and unemployed girls.

Need Rank and File Action Committees for Real Fight

of District 19 and Childers, district secretary, both living on a \$6,000 a year salary turned the miners over to the bosses' gun thugs and the state military when the miners became militant and defended their right to fight for decent wages on the picket line. It was Turnblazer who signed the order on which Governor Sampson sent in the state militia on the pretext of maintaining peace but for the purpose of assisting the company thugs in their murderous campaign to crush the miners' struggle. It was Childers who ordered the miners off the picket line and permitted them to

SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—Tom Mooney issued a statement endorsing the united front conference held here the later part of February, and thereby repudiating certain elements who sought to split the movement for Mooney's freedom.

Some 54 organizations, including A. F. of L. locals attended this Conference which met to plan the Tom Mooney meeting for March 19, to bring pressure on Judge Ward to grant a trial on the remaining indictment against Mooney, when the hearing for the trial takes place on March 25th.

At this conference, representatives of the Socialist and Proletarian Parties (whose combined membership totals 52) made impossible demands as the price of their participation.

They demanded three guarantees from the Conference; first, that the militancy of the November 6th meeting, when 18,000 rallied at the Civic Auditorium and staged militant demonstration for Mooney's freedom—should not be repeated at the March 19th meeting.

Their second demand was that the right wing organizations be forbidden to carry their own banners. Thirdly, that no one speak, except as directed by the Publicity Committee of five, which had two Socialist and one Proletarian Party members.

By a vote of 80 against 9 the conference refused to accept these demands, which the splitters realized at the outset could not be accepted by workers' organizations sincerely interested in effective struggle to free Mooney. Faced with the overwhelming decision of the Conference delegates, those who came with the intention of splitting the Conference, made this issue the reason for leaving the meeting.

The nine who left the Conference represented the Workmen's Circle, Socialist Party, Proletarian Party, Y. P. S. L., the L. I. D., and Amalgamated Clothing Workers. The Workmen's Circle, however, returned to the Conference, and the Amalgamated is now discussing advisability of similar action.

Conference Grows.
All other delegates, including A. F. of L. locals supported the Conference decision. This support was by no means effected by the action of the Central Trades body, which, after a bitter struggle, ordered all locals represented at the Conference to withdraw.

Instead, a meeting held on the 5th of March showed an increase of A. F. of L. locals represented, from 21 to 32, with the total number of delegates increased to 178, representing 78 organizations.

The meeting at the Civic Auditorium on March 19, promises to be the greatest ever held here.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—In Budds Plant the workers are working just like slaves. We cannot say a word because they fire us. I worked 70 hours and got \$16.58 pay. My friend worked 44 hours and got \$8.00 pay working from 7:30 a. m. to 9 p. m. The bosses treat us like dogs.

We contribute to help the Daily Worker and do our best to organize for it. In the future we hope the workers will join with us so we can fight against the bosses.

Long live the Third International.

Muste Ousted From Brookwood in Fight Over Betrayal Policies

A. J. Muste, chairman of the fake progressive outfit known as the Conference for Progressive Labor Action, has been kicked out as dean of Brookwood Labor College in a fight which reveals the growing difficulties of the "left" social-fascists in their efforts to betray the workingclass. Muste took with him Thomas Tippet, faculty member, five administrative officers and 19 of the 28 students.

Muste is now getting a taste of his own medicine as several years ago he kicked out all Communists and other militant elements in the faculty and student body.

NEW YORK.—I am a worker who works in the Kay Manufacturing Co. We make springs for beds or upholstery. There are about 250-300 workers working at present. We have no organization in our shop, and for this we have received in the last two months, wage cuts of 30-50 per cent. The conditions are quite unbearable and workers are starting to talk and kick.

When the last wage cut was put over, some of the workers of the wire room, an important and a key department quit and walked out, but they didn't strike but went home. This shows how unorganized we are, but how willing the workers are for action. Individuals also have quit.

Some of the workers got in touch with the Metal Workers Industrial Union and later a leaflet was distributed by the Union. Some discussion developed from this leaflet in the factory. The composition of the factory is as follows: Porto Ricans, Italians, Americans, some Polish and other nationalities. We are now organizing the importing of organization and are organizing into groups in the departments. We expect to organize and fight back and get our wage-out back.

"New Deal" by Pres. Roosevelt



His face streaked with blood this "forgotten man" is thrown to the ground by the clubs of Roosevelt's cops in Washington, D. C. His crime: Demanding that Roosevelt hear his demands on Unemployment Relief.

200 Seamen Mass for Jane Street Relief Fight

"Pay Our Rent Or We'll Move In Here!"—Finnish Seamen Tell Consul

NEW YORK.—Two hundred seamen packed the auditorium of the Jane St. "Y" mission yesterday afternoon to discuss the threatened closing of this institution.

The manager, "captain" Page had been forced to call the meeting by the fact that the hall had been taken over by Dr. Mansfield, of the Seamen's Church Institute, in the name of the Haight Committee.

The letter stated that all relief would be cut in half by March 15 and therefore Page was to stagger 12 or so men out everyday until he reached 95. Page added that there was no use avoiding the fact that they would all be out by April 1st. He said that nothing could be done and declared the meeting adjourned.

The Unemployed Councils of New York are added to the list of organizations backing the fight of these seamen. The members of the Councils are called upon to back them up at the demonstration in front of the consulate at 5 State St. this Saturday at 11 a. m. The Finnish sailors demand cash relief for over 300 of their members in the port who are destitute. The consul has held off relief since the men participated in the National Hunger March.

The speaker called upon the men to back up the House Committee and see that not a single man was forced to leave Jane Street; that none did forced labor in place of the paid men working and to force the YMCA to give the additional funds necessary. The audience applauded as he concluded.

All New York seamen and port workers are being prepared for a mighty demonstration against the Haight Committee starvation edict and for more adequate relief for all marine workers on March 23.

NEW YORK.—"No, no, don't fight," was the appeal of the Finnish Consul today when they told him the seamen when they told him they would resist eviction by the Roosevelt Hospital from their quarters at 318 Pearl St.

The seamen told the consul they would fight and if defeated would "move all our stuff in here. The Finnish government pays for it and we are Finnish seamen." The consul refused to budge.

MASS AT FOLTIS STRIKE TODAY

NEW YORK.—The Trade Union Unity Council calls upon all workers and members of our unions and leagues to rally in support of the demonstration called by the Food Workers Industrial Union, in front of the striking Foltis-Fischer Cafeteria, 34th St. and 7th Ave., today at 5:30 p.m. This demonstration is of vital importance for the striking workers and a beginning of a real mass fight against injunctions and severe jail sentences handed out by the bosses judges against the workers. Come and demonstrate in solidarity with the food workers.

A. OVERGARDE,
Food Workers Industrial Union

NEW YORK.—In a ringing call issued this morning by the Food Workers Industrial Union, the organization which together with the Foltis-Fischer Strike Committee is leading the present militant Foltis-Fischer strike called upon all workers to demonstrate today at 5:30 p.m. sharp at the Foltis-Fischer cafeteria on 34th St. and Seventh Ave. in this city.

All food workers will assemble for the demonstration today at 5 p.m. at the Union headquarters at 4 W. 18th St., Needle Trades Workers' Club at 5 p.m. today at the Needle

WORKER CORRESPONDENCE

WORKERS IN KAY MFG. CO. READY FOR ACTION NOW

NEW YORK.—I am a worker who works in the Kay Manufacturing Co. We make springs for beds or upholstery. There are about 250-300 workers working at present. We have no organization in our shop, and for this we have received in the last two months, wage cuts of 30-50 per cent. The conditions are quite unbearable and workers are starting to talk and kick.

When the last wage cut was put over, some of the workers of the wire room, an important and a key department quit and walked out, but they didn't strike but went home. This shows how unorganized we are, but how willing the workers are for action. Individuals also have quit.

Some of the workers got in touch with the Metal Workers Industrial Union and later a leaflet was distributed by the Union. Some discussion developed from this leaflet in the factory. The composition of the factory is as follows: Porto Ricans, Italians, Americans, some Polish and other nationalities. We are now organizing the importing of organization and are organizing into groups in the departments. We expect to organize and fight back and get our wage-out back.

Full and immediate payment of the war veterans' adjusted compensation certificates; no cut in the disability allowances; no discrimination in hospitalization.

JAPANESE BOSSES STRETCH GREEDY HANDS TO NORTH CHINA THRU JEHOI

Province Itself Yields Rich Coal, Oil, Gold and Silver Deposits, and Exploitation of Over 6,000,000 People

By A. CHAMADAN

The Japanese Foreign Minister, Count Ushida, on Jan. 21, in a programme speech in the Japanese Parliament in which he submitted the official standpoint of the Japanese government on the situation in the province of Jehoi, declared:

"In the light of the circumstances which led to the formation of the Manchurian State, it is obvious that the province of Jehoi is an inseparable part of the new state." "The problem of Jehoi" has been discussed for years in the Japanese Imperialist newspapers. The notorious Japanese Prime Minister General Taneaka, and General Araki, as well as other leading personalities of Japanese political life, devoted special attention to the province of Jehoi.

Not Such an Easy Task
The Japanese military commanders at first thought that they could automatically include the province of Jehoi in Manchukuo. But to conquer the Province of Jehoi is not such an easy task that it could be done simultaneously with the occupation of Manchuria. In addition, the Japanese military commanders had their hands full with the problem of "pacifying" Manchuria.

In the opinion of the "peace-makers," the suitable moment has now arrived in order to realize the old plan regarding the fourth province of China, Jehoi.

The Japanese Minister of War, General Araki, stated last year in a speech on the situation in Japan: "The province of Jehoi is really a part of the new Manchukuo. The incorporation of this province in Manchuria is only a question of time. Jehoi possesses specially great importance for Japan. The question of Jehoi is the question of the existence of our empire."

Over 6,000,000 Population
The great attention which the Japanese press and the Japanese press are devoting to the province of Jehoi is not due to chance. The province of Jehoi embraces a territory of 300,000 square kilometers with a population numbering six to seven millions. Ninety per cent of the population are Chinese and the remaining 10 per cent Mongolians. The chief occupation of the population is agriculture and cattle breeding.

The "fabulous riches" of the province of Jehoi, about which the Japanese press continually writes, consist of mineral wealth: the province of Jehoi has great deposits of coal, oil, gold, silver, etc. Of special value, of course, are the cattle in the province, estimated at 7 million head. Of these about 210,000 are horses, 11,000 camels and the rest sheep, pigs and horned cattle.

Of the huge coal deposits in the province of Jehoi, mention should be made of the coal mines of the Peiping-Mukden railway (a British undertaking) near Beipiao, amounting to about 500,000,000 tons. The rest of the mining undertakings are exceedingly primitive.

In addition the province of Jehoi is one of the most important opium-producing areas in the Far East. About 15 per cent of the total area under cultivation in the whole province, i. e. 200,000 hectares, are devoted to the cultivation of poppies. This production is of considerable importance for the province. It enjoys the special protection of the Governor of the province of Jehoi, General Tan Jui Lin, who is the owner of half of all the opium plantations of the province. The revenue of the province of Jehoi amounts to opium amounts, according to the Chinese press, to \$20,000,000 a year.

Key to North China
The province of Jehoi owes its chief importance to its special geographical position, by reason of which it constitutes a great, almost impassable corridor between Manchuria and North China.

The Japanese official newspaper in Manchuria, "Charbinkski Vremja," recently wrote quite openly regarding the place which Jehoi occupies in the Japanese plans: "The province of Jehoi is of great importance to the new State (Manchukuo) from the economic standpoint, its importance from the military standpoint is also exceeding great. It must not be forgotten that in the main railway line, the State Peiping line, probably for a long time be the centre of all aggressive actions..."

Finally—and what is of no less importance—Jehoi borders in the West on Outer Mongolia with the important Kaigan road.

This peculiar position of the province of Jehoi places it, from the military point of view, in an especially favorable situation compared with North China. In other words, the army which occupies the province of Jehoi controls North China and constitutes a threat to the latter.

Parade on Michigan Blvd.



Chicago jobless show their demands for immediate relief and unemployment insurance as they parade in the mighty March 4th demonstration.

NAZIS THREATEN AN IRON RULE IS ATTACK ON JEWS SET UP IN AUSTRIA

Publish "Warning" of Blood Bath

(Cable by Imprecor)
WARSAW, March 8.—According to information from the Polish Telegraph Agency, the "Nasz Przegląd," a Warsaw paper, prints the following document signed "Secret Organization of European Jew Haters" as published by the organ of the Central League of German Citizens of Jewish Faith:

"We warn all Jews. If a single hair of the heads of the leaders of the national government is touched it will be a signal for a general massacre of all Jews which will only stop when not a single Jew is left alive."

As quoted by the "Nasz Przegląd," this document requires no further comment. It adequately illustrates the atmosphere in which German Jews find themselves as a result of the accession of Hitler to power.

Dr. Vincent, Ousted By Harlem Hospital, to Speak Friday

NEW YORK.—Dr. Conrad Vincent, ousted from Harlem Hospital by the discriminating Tammany officials, will address a meeting at the Nat Turner Center, 850 Morris Ave., Bronx on Friday night, at 8:30 p. m. The situation in Harlem Hospital, which has aroused many Negro workers will be discussed.

Marx Meet Tonight, Olgin to Speak

NEW YORK.—A Memorial Meeting on the 50th Anniversary of the death of Karl Marx, founder and philosopher of revolutionary Socialism, will be held by the Downtown Section, Communist Party, Thursday night at 8 p.m., in the Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St., N. Y. M. Olgin, editor of the Freiheit, and Pauline Rogers, of the Trade Union Unity League, will be the main speakers.

LL.D. BAZAAR BANQUET FRIDAY
NEW YORK.—The N. Y. District International Labor Defense will hold a banquet this Friday, 8 p.m., at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St., to consolidate the defense work in this city and to celebrate the success of the defense bazaar held by the I.L.D. last week.

Indict Witness in Vote Fraud Case
NEW YORK.—The Federal grand jury indicted Morris Bier, a defense witness at the trial of two election inspectors recently convicted for fraud. Bier is charged with perjury committed at the trial. Bier represented himself as watcher for the Communist Party.

One of the four counts of the indictment charges that Bier was not present at the polls. Bier posed as a "red" in the attempt to disguise his connections with the corrupt capitalist politicians.

ANTI-HITLER MEET IN ST. PAUL
ST. PAUL, Minn., March 7.—A meeting to protest against fascist terror in Germany, will be held at Labor Temple, Friday evening, March 10th, with Robert Minor as speaker.

ROBERT MINOR IN DETROIT
DETROIT, Mich., March 8.—Robert Minor is scheduled to speak at the International Press Concert, March 12, at 8 p. m. at Fort Wayne Hotel, 408 Temple St.

Hitler's Police Chief Confiscates Berlin Communist Headquarters

"Labor" Cabinet in Denmark Expels Maria Reese

(Cable by Imprecor)
BERLIN, March 8.—A fascist police head, Goering, issued an order yesterday, under February's Emergency Decree, confiscating the Karl Liebknecht House, headquarters of the Communist Party, announcing that the House will now become the headquarters of a new department of the political police for the suppression of Bolshevism.

Mass arrests and raids continue throughout the country as the government pushes its terroristic attacks on the working class and its Communist vanguard. Seventy persons were arrested in Berlin alone yesterday. Many other arrests are reported from other parts of the country.

Increase Suppression
The information bulletin of the Anti-Imperialist League was prohibited for three months, while the person of the League's secretary, E. E. Fahne, official organ of the Communist Party was increased to six months. The Democratic evening

newspaper "Achtuhr Abendblatt" was suppressed for eight days. The bourgeois press reports that a procession of fascist storm troops passed the trade union house in Breslau was fired on this morning, with one killed and several wounded, whereupon the fascist together with the police raided the house. The police then retired leaving the fascists in control of the house. All workers on the premises were arrested. The house was searched and the Hakenkreuz flag (fascist flag) hoisted. The reports do not state whether any of the workers on the premises were wounded.

Want Nazis Cops
Goering issued orders today to the effect that police recruiting be con-

ducted in close co-operation with the nationalist organizations, to insure that all recruits be members of the Nazi and the Nationalist Party. The order also forbids the presence of Communist and Socialist newspapers, etc., in the police cantens.

Bourgeois reports declare that police accompanied by the special fascist police detachments entered the Oberhausen branch of the Woolworth (five and ten) stores yesterday, ordering the management to close down, which was done under protest.

"Labor" Cabinet Attacks Labor
The "Labor" Cabinet of Denmark voted to expel the Communist Deputy Marii Reese, who had sought asylum in Denmark following Hitler's accession to power. In contrast to this action, the "Labor" Cabinet has granted asylum to hundreds of Russian white guards who for years have been permitted to conduct a malicious, Anti-Soviet campaign of provocation and vilification.

PRAVDA HALLS THE GERMAN COMMUNIST VOTE AS WORTHY ANSWER TO FASCISM

312,000 New Red Vote Gained; Prussian Landtag Balloting Held to Open New Epoch in Struggle

Editorial Points Out Elections in Germany Were Held on Very Day of U. S. Financial Catastrophe

By N. BUCHWALD
(European Correspondent of the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, March 8.—The official organ of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, "Pravda," has a leading editorial hailing the outcome of the German elections as a tremendous victory for the Communist Party.

Pravda says: "Four million eight hundred thousand German proletarians voted for the Communist Party, thus giving a worthy answer to the fascist dictatorship. The German proletariat remained faithful to the end to the revolutionary banner of the heroic German Communist Party."

Fascist Fired Reichstag
"German fascism," said Pravda, "reached its election results on a wave of the vilest provocations. The entire European press, even the most rabid bourgeois press, on the basis of prebaited facts, arrived at the conclusion that Van der Lubbe, the person who set fire to the Reichstag building, is a National Socialist (Nazi), a fascist and member of Hitler's party. The Reichstag arson was perpetrated by fascist provocateurs in preparation for the election, and in an attempt to destroy the Communist Party."

"When election day arrived there was not one legal workingman's paper remaining in Germany. All agitation material had been confiscated. Workers' meetings were prohibited. Agitation lists of the Communist Party led to arrest and even death. According to the London Times figures, about 100 workers were murdered by the fascists during the week preceding the election. About 10,000 revolutionary workers were thrown into prison.

"The leader of the Communist Party, Comrade Thaelmann, is in prison. The German Gorgulovs strive to impress upon the whole international reaction that in the person of German fascism it has acquired a hangman and obedient gendarmes."

Fascist Frontal Drive Halted
"This also explains the anti-Soviet campaign in the fascist press. German fascism attempted by a frontal attack to rout the German proletariat. This frontal attack of fascism is repulsed. This is the main political result of the elections. The elections showed how deeply the German Communist Party has taken root in the deepest strata of the toiling masses, in spite of and against the frenzied persecution and terror.

"The elections showed that the Communist Party of Germany retained the positions won in the course of recent years. The National Socialists were unable to drive out the Communist Party from its position in the basic industrial centers. The savage forms of coercion, arson and falsification played no small part in the increase of votes for the National Socialist Party at Bayreuth Point.

"For example," continues Pravda, "in Eastern Prussia agricultural laborers were forced under guard to vote for the Nazis. It is also certain that many votes for the Communist Party were declared invalid.

"The increase of the vote of the Communist Party in the Prussian Landtag elections acquires tremendous importance. On this decisive front the Communist Party won 312,000 new votes. This is a tremendous victory and opens a new epoch in the struggle of the German proletariat.

Victory Against Great Odds
"The German Communist Party aroused millions of the masses to struggle against fascism under circumstances immeasurably harder than in Bismarck's days. German fascism came out of the election struggle laden with still greater contradictions than before. Even now it finds contradictions between itself and the black, red and white (monarchist-fascist) front. The basic contradictions between fascism and proletarian capitalism have been lifted, on the contrary they are growing.

"The elections of German capitalism were effected at a time when a tremendous financial catastrophe occurred in the United States of America. The dollar's fall caused the crash of crumbling financial enterprises. This is the music accompanying the 'victorious' march of German reaction."

Nazis Have No Program
Pravda further states that the German fascists "have no program whatsoever," that German fascism exposed in squallor and insanity its demagogues. "The German reaction has not and cannot have a program for struggle against the crisis. The hungry cannot be satisfactorily fed on prison and bullets. By their policy the German fascists are doing all they can to draw capitalism's noose ever tighter.

national Socialist and supporter of Hitler.

Pillories Fascist Arsonist
MOSCOW, March 8.—In an article commenting on the provocative Reichstag arson, headed "You Can't Get Away From It," Pravda, the official organ of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, writes: "This provocateur, incendiary Van der Lubbe has been in open relations with the police since February 27. Goehring had sufficient time to lead Van der Lubbe's testimony some plausible appearance. But the provocateur's falsification proved unsuccessful even in this case."

The first official communication of the cut-throat government of Hitler stated that a Communist membership card was found on the person of the incendiary. There was no mention of this in the press. The foreign correspondents, on the contrary, began to affirm that National Socialists set fire to the Reichstag. Hitler yelled himself hysterical shouting "It's a base lie!" Five days went by. The fascists had time to carry out a number of pogroms. Finally Van der Lubbe stated to correspondents of Dutch papers: "I am not a member of any party and am not a confirmed Communist."

German Press Silent
The German nationalist press

International Notes

By ROBERT HAMILTON

FASCIST TESTIMONY ON FASCIST ITALY
Professor Antonio Aniasi, an Italian Fascist, has fled from Italy, seeking refuge in Paris, because the could endure the oppressive atmosphere of Mussolini's Paradise no longer. Although he states that he remains a Fascist, he writes in his book, "Mussolini," just published by Grasset in Paris, that:

"Fascism is a slave ship with a black sail, which knows not the harbor of divine Olympus. Hence the road to exile was unavoidable for a man like myself, who wants contact with freedom, which has always been and still is today the pride of my country's writers."

Of Mussolini himself he writes: "Each page of his life is an episode of wrath, of his bloodthirstiness; the owl, blood of the owl, blood of man; the small of blood has hung around him ever since his earliest childhood."

These strong words of an Italian fascist, who repeats that he remains an Italian and a Fascist despite his flight into exile, are highly metaphorical. The Italian workers, who have suffered torture and death under Fascist rule, can tell the bloody details of the blessings of the Fascist corporate state.

JAPANESE CONSUL CIRCULATES ANTI-SOVIET DOCUMENT
The Japanese Consul-General in London has been caught red-handed in the distribution of a vicious anti-Soviet, warmongering document to British members of Parliament. A reproduction of the title-page, with the enclosed transmitting card of the Consul-General, is printed in the February 16th issue of the London "Daily Worker."

The document in question is published by the notorious International Entente Against the Third International, of Geneva—the Aubert International that was involved in the assassination of the Soviet diplomat Vorovsky in Lausanne some years ago. The enclosed card reads, "With the Compliments of the Consul General of Japan."

This action is absolutely unprecedented, even in the annals of capitalist activity against the Soviet Union. This incident is another link in the chain of Japanese preparations for interventionist war against the Soviet Union. American workers, On guard!

THE CATHOLIC CHURCH AND IRISH FREEDOM
The Catholic Church in Ireland, in attacking Communism, often uses the argument that Communism is opposed to the national struggle. It would be more correct to say that the struggle for Irish independence has no more consistent and relentless enemy than the Roman Catholic Church.

This is exemplified in an exchange of compliments between Prof. Rahilly of Dublin and the English Catholic newspaper, the "Tablet."

The "Tablet's" editorial, under the headline "For God's Church, for King, for Country," reviles the voters of the Free State for breaking with Britain as follows:

said not a word about it, although the English and French papers have published it.

Pravda writes: "Van der Lubbe is a fascist provocateur. This is an established fact. But who are the accomplices? Twenty thousand marks have been promised for their discovery. But what sum is paid those who hide them?"

"Van der Lubbe is a National Socialist. This is confirmed by the whole actual situation. Hitler showed his cards when he described the Reichstag fire as a 'god-given signal.'"

"What does the German fascist's promise of 20,000 marks reward for the discovery of the accomplices prove? What can it mean aside from a disorderly retreat in connection with the failure of the version that Communists participated in the arson of the Reichstag building?"

"The failure of these political bandits cannot be saved by graft and new maneuvers. The disciples of Gorgulov are caught red-handed."

Robbery of Bank Clerks
In addition to other speculations this gang of bandits with Charles E. Mitchell at their head, preyed upon the clerks and other employees of the



CHARLES MITCHELL

method of gouging a larger share surplus value for themselves.

Government Rushed to Aid
When the crash came, and the thousands of workers who had begun buying homes on the installment plan asked for "tender credit" to carry them through they appeared in vain to this banking octopus. Tens of thousands of homes, almost paid for, were grabbed by agents of the financiers in Detroit and sold again. But property values rapidly fell. With the result that many home installment buyers found themselves in the predicament of still owing the real estate sharks or the banks more than the property would bring. The whole structure resting upon the exploitation of the auto workers began to wobble.

Then the Detroit bank racketeers, Edsel Ford, the official of General Motors, of Chrysler and also by Roy D. Chapin, then secretary of commerce in Hoover's cabinet, asked help of the government and got it in the form of \$25,000,000 from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. But that was not enough. With the biggest Michigan bank in a hole, the obliging governor of Michigan ordered the "bank holiday" to mobilize all the resources of the little banks scattered throughout the state to save the big concern of the automobile magnates and the biggest business men of Detroit. That is to say the stockholders—the real-estate sharks (whose certificates of banditry represented 80 per cent of all "assets" of the Union Guardian.

The Piracy of Mitchell
For financial piracy on a large scale the recent revelations concerning the former chairman of the National City Bank, the second biggest banking establishment in the country, is noteworthy. When the crash came in 1929 Mr. Charles E. Mitchell and his fellow directors of the National City Bank just voted to themselves without security the neat little sum of \$2,400,000 to enable them to carry their commitments on the stock gambling market. This "loan" was made without interest and only a

ACCORDING TO "CODE"



"After we forget 'the rope to pick up the code' for the safety and benefit of the Negroes, we are told that we must have Negro jurors on any jury trying the blacks if they are to get 'their rights.'—from editorial in Jackson County Sentinel, a Scottsboro paper.

DETROIT BANK CLOSING IS ATTACK ON AUTO WORKERS

Detroit C. P. Points Out Move Is Made to Save Ford at Expense of Small Depositor

STATEMENT OF THE DISTRICT COMMITTEE OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, DISTRICT 7, ON THE CLOSING OF THE BANKS IN MICHIGAN

The closing of the banks in Michigan for an indefinite period and the new restrictions on withdrawals of deposits are a direct result of the growing collapse of the auto industry. It is at the same time an indication of the continued deepening of the economic crisis and a result of the sharp struggle between Ford and Wall Street interests.

The auto workers have been among the worst sufferers in the crisis. Brought into the industry by the lure of high wages, they soon discovered the high wages to be a myth. But not until tens of thousands had been tricked into buying homes at the insistence of the auto companies, through loans from the Union Guardian Trust Co. When the workers could not pay the loans, the banks were closed to give the big depositors the opportunity to protect their funds at the expense of the small depositors.

The big depositors were organized. They used their organized power to force through actions in their interests. It is necessary for all small depositors to organize, if life savings are to be protected.

The Communist Party proposed that the small bank depositors immediately organize themselves into fighting leagues in order to safeguard their deposits and keep the big millionaire capitalist stockholders from stealing the savings of the small depositors. The government and the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, which are safeguarding only the investments and deposits of the millionaires must be compelled to safeguard first of all the meager savings of the toiling masses.

The Capitalist Crisis Hits the Schools

Budget Cut \$20,000,000 in New York; Parents and Teachers Must Unite Opposition

NEW YORK.—What with the budget being amended every day, it is difficult to get the exact cut in education. But a rough estimate is sufficient. The budget, including the \$5,000,000 increase, should have been \$150,000,000. The Board however, presented one for \$142,500,000. Drastic reductions due to salary cuts and other economies took over \$20,000,000 more away. The final budget, unless more slashes are made (not impossible) is now \$129,200,000. What these reductions mean with regard to the good of the child we have already explained. There is only one answer—mass action: a relentless fight against the increasing menace to our children's health and education.

Fears Increasing Radicalism
The President of the Board is aware that the masses have been stirred by these and other abuses. In a recent address he said: "Forces are at work seeking to poison the minds of our children, particularly the underprivileged children (emphasis ours), against the principles upon which our government rests." His very brilliant solution is that we have more play-centers. But as a matter of fact the solution holds good no longer because the Board has cut the appropriations for play-centers. So radicalism will just have to keep on spreading. The Board provide excellent food for thought.

Teachers Fight Retrenchments
The teachers have been made aware of the fact that they, too, are proletarians; and for the short time in which they have become conscious of their real status they have put up an excellent fight. At first as individuals, then as small groups, and now—the only correct way—as mass organizations, they have waged the fight for better school conditions and for appointments. They have gone to Albany, to the Board of Edu-

DEFEAT SPLITTING ATTEMPT
ROCKLAND, Me.—The attempt of a local preacher to divide the workers along the line of citizenship was defeated by 250 workers demonstrating for unemployment relief.

HEAR WORKERS' CANDIDATES
IRONWOOD, Mich.—Candidates on the United Front ticket for City and County offices addressed over 300 workers who demonstrated at the Market Square. An eight hour day and a 6 cent an hour wage was demanded on local relief work.

HIT ROTTEN POTATOES
MUSKOGON HEIGHTS, Mich.—About 700 workers heard Comrade Aichel, workers' candidate for mayor, address the demonstration. A demonstration was also carried out in front of W. J. Carl's grocery store, to demand that he stop giving rotten potatoes for relief checks.

UNITED FRONT IN RACINE
RACINE, Wis.—Three lines of march converged on City Hall Plaza, where 2,000 workers, including rank and file members of the Unemployed Committee as well as the Unemployed Council, backed up the demands for immediate relief.

Criminal Bankers Fleece the Masses

By H. M. WICKS

In explaining the causes of the "bank holiday" and the action of President Roosevelt who invoked the Trading with the Enemy Act, carried over from the war legislation of 1917, the politicians and the kept press charge that it was due to small depositors "losing confidence" and "hoarding" gold and other money.

Let us go into this argument a bit and see what there is to it. The "bank holiday" began in Detroit, the heart of the automobile industry. It started with the Guardian Detroit Union group, which was the center of a pyramiding financial structure that was based upon the exploitation of the automobile workers. The sweat and blood of the workers in these slave pens of Ford, General Motors, Chrysler, Hudsons, Briggs, etc., were distilled into profits. These banks shared all the manifold robbery of the workers in the auto and accessories plants. They got their cut of the game of the real estate sharks who boosted residential property to the skies, they shared in the "salary loan" hold-ups, they got their cut in floating bond issues to the public, including workers in the auto industry. The Guardian Trust group of Detroit utilized every possible

cent of it has been repaid. While this was going on the eminent Mr. Mitchell was drawing millions in bonuses for his "services" to the bank in addition to his salary of \$25,000 a year. During the three years—1927, 1928 and 1929—these bonuses for Mitchell amounted to \$3,500,000. In 1929 Mitchell "sold" to a member of his own household 18,000 shares of National City stock at a "loss" of \$2,800,000—this maneuver was to evade the payment of government taxes on his income.

Robbery of Bank Clerks
In addition to other speculations this gang of bandits with Charles E. Mitchell at their head, preyed upon the clerks and other employees of the

"FORGOTTEN MEN" MARCH IN NEW YORK

By MOE BRAGIN

NEW YORK.—Early Saturday morning in the side streets around Union Square the police are all out already like dogflogs. On the newsstands, papers are covered with sprawling headlines about the Bank Holiday and the Inauguration. The new president goes to church and takes his oath of office on an old Dutch bible where the text praises hope, faith and charity.

Having no hope in the present system, the masses of Greater New York pour out into the streets militantly. Having no faith in the man who promised a new deal for the forgotten men, they hoist in the wind their own flags and banners. Throwing charity like an old glove loaded with a horseshoe back into the faces of those who offer it, they thunder in their five-hour parade and demonstration for relief and unemployment insurance.

Demand Rent Holiday.
The same morning that the creeping paralysis of the bank holidays hits the claws of Wall Street, tens of thousands of workers take possession of the streets with their iron challenge and demands. They hurl back the blow immediately. As their answer, they spread high over the square their huge sign for a rent holiday.

Long before 11 o'clock thousands of workers stand in well-disciplined ranks ready to pour into the square. Scores of revolutionary workers' organizations are present. The Maritime Workers lead the march. Whenever the workers demonstrate the capitalist press is ready with its foul lies. When the 3000 hunger marchers massed on Washington, the boss press yelled there were no hungry workers in the line. To spite the lies we pick workers at random to ask questions about their conditions and why they are out on the front.

Unemployed Two Years.
Member of the Downtown Unemployed Council, Alfons Nylemans, single worker. Fifty-seven years old. Two years out of work. Has been a porter and fireman. Has to sleep in Gold Dust Lodges of the Salvation Army. He takes his old corn cob out of his pocket and tips back his ragged hat. He's here because he is for the whole thing, for the whole thing of the scoundrels, and a new world.

A stocky young woman, member of the Unemployed Office Workers' Association. She voices the special demands of her organization. Free shelter, dollar-a-day relief, free city employment agencies, against firing emergency relief workers. Her organization is sending one delegate to the Albany conference, she says proudly. Tabulating operator. Unemployed three years.

Here is a window-trimmer from Long Island. He has come with his wife and two children. He is a part-time worker. "The truth is on our side. We're marching because we want to make the world a better place to live in." He says "at 11 o'clock. We see him at four in the afternoon still listening to the speakers, his younger child, a little firebrand, perched on his back.

Parade Starts Back.
A little after one o'clock, the parade starts west of Eighth Avenue and then north to Twenty-Eighth Street and back along Fourth Ave. to Union Square. Thousands of workers line the sidewalk. There are mighty few this day who are not sympathetic. As the marchers chant their demands, a worker cries, "They'll have to give you what you want!" From many of the office windows and factories, handkerchiefs and hands wave and fists are raised. Paper like flurries of snow blows down on the marchers. The marshals with red armbands keep excellent order. For two hours the tramp of the "forgotten men" sounds through the streets.

The principal method was to force them to buy National City Bank stock on the installment plan at 200 or 220. Thousands of these employees are today still paying installments on the shares, although they have dropped from 200 or 220 to less than \$30 a share.

As a fitting climax to his bank banditry this Mitchell in his letter of resignation to the National City Bank said: "My first loyalty is to the National City Bank of New York to which I have given the best years of my life." That statement was published with all due solemnity in the March bulletin of the National City Bank.

It was this same pirate crew, of whom Mitchell and the Detroit "leading citizens" are no exception, but rather the rule, who for weeks have been putting gold and money in strong boxes in preparation for this financial crash which these "insiders" knew full well was coming. It is they who are doing the hoarding—and not the mass of depositors.

It is to protect them and to guarantee the continuation of their pillage that policemen stand at the doors of the closed banks and beat away the depositors—many of them petty business people and professionals who have all they possess in those banks. Workers who have put in these banks their savings accumulated over twenty or twenty-five years and who depended upon a few hundred or a few thousand dollars find uniformed officers of the state power treating them like bandits when they try to obtain their own money, while the big bankers continue to revel in luxury and debauchery off the wealth they have stolen.

Every decaying social system, as it approaches its end, always pushes forward as its leaders, individuals who are the personification of its rotteness, its bestiality and corruption. Such people as Charles E. Mitchell, for instance, are hailed by the kept press and the servile preachers and by all the top layer of society as individuals of exemplary virtues—as wise, generous benefactors of the human race—while they carry out practices in their every-day routine that would put the Al Capones, the "Legs" Diamonds, the run-runners, the gangsters, the hijackers, the kidnapers of babies into a distinctly inferior category of criminals.

But rotten as capitalism and its leading lights are, they will never give way because of their own rotteness. They must be crushed. In the struggle against capitalist tyranny tens of thousands of small depositors can be enlisted along side the workers and farmers and impoverished masses. There is no holiday from poverty and suffering for the masses except to the degree that mass action can force the capitalist pirates to disgorge some of their stolen loot.

Workers Denounce Starvation Doles at Hunger Hearing
BOSTON, Mass., March 7.—Fifty workers testified at a public hearing called by the Unemployed Councils in the North End this week. Public officials and agents of the private relief organizations were challenged to attend and answer charges of criminal failure to prevent starvation among the unemployed but they failed to appear. Testimony brought out the fact that a family of ten receives only \$6 per week from the local relief agency and that this was given only after every available resource had been exhausted including a life insurance policy. Thirty workers were recruited into the Unemployed Council, and a committee was elected to go with five of the families represented to demand immediately a 6 cent an hour wage and

Student at Harvard Sends Dollar for Fund
Cambridge, Mass.
Dear Editor:
I received your form letter asking for help in the drive for the Daily Worker. Since I am a student at Harvard College, I must say that I cannot approach any workers, for I know none. As for the students, the few sympathizers are merely of the talking variety, with scant exceptions. I am afraid the enclosed dollar is all I can spare at present. I will try to send you more later.

From a Wabash (Indiana) Worker
Wabash, Ind.
The Daily Worker:
Enclosed is check for \$1.02 and 4 cents in stamps as donation to the Daily Worker.

"Only the 'Daily' Can Teach the Masses!"
Long Branch, N. J.
Editor of Daily Worker,
Enclosed you will find one dollar to help carry on the good work and enlightening teachings that only the Daily Worker can bring to the masses of people in America. Long live the Communist Party and the Daily Worker!



HENRY FORD

forward as its leaders, individuals who are the personification of its rotteness, its bestiality and corruption. Such people as Charles E. Mitchell, for instance, are hailed by the kept press and the servile preachers and by all the top layer of society as individuals of exemplary virtues—as wise, generous benefactors of the human race—while they carry out practices in their every-day routine that would put the Al Capones, the "Legs" Diamonds, the run-runners, the gangsters, the hijackers, the kidnapers of babies into a distinctly inferior category of criminals.

But rotten as capitalism and its leading lights are, they will never give way because of their own rotteness. They must be crushed. In the struggle against capitalist tyranny tens of thousands of small depositors can be enlisted along side the workers and farmers and impoverished masses. There is no holiday from poverty and suffering for the masses except to the degree that mass action can force the capitalist pirates to disgorge some of their stolen loot.

3,000 IN HAMTRAMCK
HAMTRAMCK, Mich.—Over 3,000 demonstrated under the leadership of the Unemployed Council and the Polish Chamber of Labor.

A.F.L. RANK AND FILE JOIN IN JAMESTOWN, N. Y.
—The largest mobilization here of men, women and children, demonstrated for unemployment relief. About 3,000 massed around the City Hall when the demands were presented. The A. F. of L. was represented by rank and file workers in the march.

HEAR WORKERS' CANDIDATES
IRONWOOD, Mich.—Candidates on the United Front ticket for City and County offices addressed over 300 workers who demonstrated at the Market Square. An eight hour day and a 6 cent an hour wage was demanded on local relief work.