

1. Turn Out Early to the Nearest Station Listed in Today's Daily.
2. Collect Funds from Door to Door, Subways and in Organizations.
3. Make Prompt Returns to the Tag Day Stations.

In the Day's News

CZECH POLICE KILL TWO

BRATISLAVA, Czechoslovakia, Nov. 17.—Two were killed and many wounded when police fired into a crowd of peasants who protested oppressive taxes.

SCAN RIVER BOTTOM FOR FUEL

VANDERGRIFT, Pa.—In painstaking search for fuel the unemployed of this city scanned the bottom of a river which fell to a low level during a recent hot spell. A vein of coal was discovered and is being mined by the unemployed.

UNEMPLOYED DRIVEN INTO ARMY

VIENNA, Nov. 17.—Hunger and the terrors of the coming winter are driving the unemployed to seek refuge in the army. Although army pay was recently reduced, and the recruits must sign themselves away for twelve years—there were no doors of the military depot at 6 a. m.

20,000 YEAR OLD MURDER "UNSOLVED"

ANN ARBOR, Mich.—How a 17-year old girl died some 20,000 years ago, was described by D. A. F. Janks, University of Minnesota anthropologist before the National Academy of Science. The girl's skeleton, remarkably preserved, retains the marks of a spear wound that caused the girl's death. The skeleton is attached to the find which sheds light on the inhabitants of this continent of that time.

POVERTY FIGURES MOUNT

NEH HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 17.—Figures published by the New Haven dispensary reveal the most widespread poverty yet recorded in this city. The number of those who applied for free treatment increased by 28 per cent over last year. The number of treatments during the first half of 1932 amounted to 31,457—the highest figure on record. While one out of every five residents in the city, came for free medical treatment, it was pointed out by Dr. Buck that relief fell far behind the requirements.

BOATS CRASH IN FOG

NEWCASTLE, Del. Nov. 17.—Two freighters were badly damaged in a collision which was caused by a dense fog over the Delaware Bay today. The worst damage was caused to the Almar whose crew took to the boats. The bow of the Almar, the other freighter, was badly smashed.

ANOTHER ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Ramsay MacDonald opened a secret session of the Third Indian Round Table Conference in New Delhi today. The conference is for the further enslavement of the Indian masses.

INVESTIGATE HOOVER VOTE

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 17.—Elections in Pennsylvania, one of the few states carried by Hoover, will be investigated by Congressional Committee. The charges are that the presidential election was fraudulently conducted. Congress man Heartill will head the committee.

TROOPS TO AID MINE OWNERS

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 17.—The Peabody Coal Company again calls for the National Guard to help break the miners strike at the Andrew mine.

ORLOFF, OPECK TRIAL IN 4 DAYS

Protests Increased Against Frame-Up

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 17.—With the trial of Joseph Orloff and Sam Opeck in Morgantown only four days off, organizations of workers all over the country continue to pour resolutions of protest against their victimization by the coal companies and their capitalist courts, reports to the I. L. D. district office from Morgantown, W. Va., where the trial will be held, indicate.

The I. L. D., which is conducting the defense of these two militant miners, has through its investigation carried on in the month gained by postponement of the trial, obtained plenty of evidence to show the two miners were repeatedly threatened and finally attacked by the mine guard they are charged with having killed.

Mass protest against the prosecution of Orloff and Opeck has been aroused all over the country, and especially in the East Ohio and West Virginia mining regions. Mass meetings of miners have been held daily, at which resolutions demanding the immediate release of the two were passed and sent to Judge Baker and Prosecutor Albert Schuman at Morgantown. Resolutions forwarded to Pittsburgh, Peabody, Mass., Boston, Mass., and Bay Port, Mich., branches of the Russian Mutual Aid Society and from mass meetings in Worcester, Mass., and Bay Port, R. I.

SOCIALIST THANKS BOSS SHEET

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—The N. Y. Times spokesman for a letter from Louis Waldman, Socialist Party candidate for Governor of N. Y. in the last elections, in which Mr. Waldman thanks the Times for "fair treatment" accorded him and his party during the campaign.

12,538 Vote Communist in Arizona

BIG VOTE FOR LOCAL RED CANDIDATE

Some Precincts Still Not Counted, Full Figures Soon

ENORMOUS INCREASE

Vote for Foster in 1928 Was 184

PHOENIX, Ariz., Nov. 17.—Frank Paterson, Communist candidate for state tax commissioner of Arizona got 12,538 votes, counted so far in incomplete returns with some precincts still to be heard from. The Communist vote beat that of the republicans by several thousand votes. A democrat was elected. Paterson is a Salt River Valley farmer.

In 1928 the vote for W. Z. Foster was 184 in the state. Florence Julius, Communist candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court of Arizona, got 3,112 votes. The vote for other Communist candidates will be known, as well as the complete figures for Paterson and Julius, after the official count on Nov. 28.

The capitalist newspapers in Arizona are not publishing the figures on Communist candidates other than Paterson and Julius.

HUGE INCREASE IN UTAH

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Nov. 17.—Unofficial figures showing the vote only in two thirds of the precincts of the state give Foster, Communist candidate for president, 1,200 votes. In 1928 the vote for Foster in the whole state of Utah was 54.

Von Papan Resigns, Is Reappointed

Junkers Plan to Dissolve Reichstag

BERLIN, Nov. 17.—The Junkers executed an elaborate maneuver today when Chancellor von Papan made the gesture of resigning with his entire Cabinet. President Hindenburg accepted the resignation, but at once empowered von Papan to continue in power indefinitely. The maneuver is believed to pre-empt another forcible dissolution of the Reichstag and continuation of government by decree. The new Reichstag is scheduled to meet on December 6. The German Communist Party made substantial gains in the recent elections for the Reichstag.

BERLIN, Nov. 17.—Rumors are current here that the Junkers intend to sacrifice Chancellor von Papan in an attempt to overcome the overwhelming popular resentment against the dictatorship which is a form of fascism, while at the same time continuing this rule with some slight alterations in personnel designed to deceive the German masses. The cabinet adjourned its sessions this afternoon without officially denying or confirming these rumors.

The dictatorship which at present has the support of only 10 per cent of the new Reichstag is offering various concessions to both the Hitlerites and the Social Democracy in an attempt to achieve the appearance of parliamentary support. So great, however, is the mass hatred of von Papan as the symbol of the dictatorship that neither these parties nor the Communist and Bavarian parties dare to openly co-operate with von Papan, though they render it every possible indirect support.

Production Declines, Adds to Misery

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—"So far as news were concerned," comments a bourgeois financial writer, "the securities markets were fed with a bucketful of sawdust. Figures for production in major industries are on the downward trend. No prospect of improvement in the steel industry is in sight, according to the Iron Age, which reports that new orders for six per cent lower as compared with the same week last year, and 11 per cent lower than in 1930.

Hold an Open Hearing on Hunger in your neighborhood; invite all jobless and part time workers and keep a record of their evidence against the starvation system.

Sick Negro Is Tortured

August 27th
Thomson
Ba

Dear Mr. Rainie just a few lines to let you know of my condition. I have lost my health on the Public work of the State of Georgia. I have the Chaulimom also shots in my lungs and my arms torn all to pieces in the Elbow and I don't see a night rest with it no body knows what a broken limb is but the one master carry it and I master to shovel and dump wheels with it because I am not able to master be punish and put in the stock over

"I HEARD NO COMPLAINT"—Inspector S. W. Thornton again does his duty to his masters, the white capitalists and planters of Georgia who maintain, through the democratic party of Roosevelt, the system of national oppression of the Negro people, of which the barbarous chain gangs and slave farms are a part. Above is a letter from a Negro prisoner on the McDuffee County chain gang to E. L. Rainie, chairman of the Georgia Prison Commission, describing the brutal conditions.

Below is Thornton's whitewash letter, saying he "heard no complaint of any cruel treatment." These flunkies, who are paid to whitewash the southern ruling class torture system, are of the same type as those who are trying to whitewash the attempts to legally lynch the Scottsboro boys. The Scottsboro frame-up is part of the same system of national oppression responsible for the barbarous slave farms and chain gangs exposed in John L. Spivak's book, "Georgia Nigger." (Read today's instalment on Page 4.)

filedville, Ga., 8/5/31.

Lisa Ida J. Henderson, Secty.,
Prison Commission of Ga.,
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Lisa Ida:

I am returning herewith letter from the prisoner in McDuffee Co.

I was at this camp on last Sunday and heard no complaint of any cruel treatment towards any of the convicts. There were one or two that said they would like to be transferred on account of their health and I told them that this was up to their doctor.

I think that this letter is from one of the convicts that made a break for liberty the week before and was recaptured. The warden stated that the slight rupture that he had did not slow him in his run.

Yours truly,
S. W. Thornton
Inspector.

Railroads Paid by States for Kidnapping Jobless Workers

Worker, Arrested in Florida, Exposes Racket; Tells of Sweatbox Torture

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 17.—A charge that the state of Florida has been paying railroad companies so much per head per day for unemployed migratory workers, whom company detectives have arrested and turned over to the state authorities was made here today to a representative of the Daily Worker by a local worker.

This worker cited his own experience in 1925 when he was arrested by detectives of the Seaboard Limited R.R., which then paid 50 cents a day by the state for his prison labor. The worker, whose name is being omitted to protect him, declared that as far as he knew, this sort of trade is still being carried on and is not confined to the Seaboard Company or to the state of Florida alone.

Confirms Spivak Exposure

The story told by this worker amply substantiates the facts concerning the kidnapping of workers, especially Negroes, and their torture on chain gangs, revealed in John L. Spivak's book, "Georgia Nigger," which the Daily Worker is publishing serially. The worker's story is as follows:

"In the boom year of 1925 I was arrested for trespassing while riding freights in Florida. In Tallahassee we were tried and found guilty and sentenced to three months of hard labor in the Leon County jail. Later I found out that the Seaboard Lim-

1,000 SCORE MURDER OF SCHOOLBOY

Police Snatch Body of Ralph Gonzales and Spirit It Away

MASS TRIAL TONIGHT

7-Year Old Girl Third Victim of Poison Food

NEW YORK.—Over a thousand workers came to attend the funeral of Ralph Gonzales, 9-year-old victim of poisonous food given out by the city in Public School 57. They found the neighborhood flooded with police and secret service men, obviously placed there by the city officials with orders to disorganize the funeral and to stifle the mass protest against the murder of the working class child. Frightened and infuriated by the exposure of the child's poisoning in the Daily Worker, and the mass response at the funeral, to the call of the Young Pioneers of America and the Unemployed Council, the police waded into crowds of workers and chased them, but the workers would not disperse.

Cops Snatch Body

The automobile in which the boy's body was placed was snatched by the police, and they drove off to an unknown destination. But the tactics calculated to hush up the child murder failed completely. About the same time as the funeral demonstration was taking place, news came of another victim of poisonous food at School No. 57. Maria Rosaria Heredia, 7 years old, of 14 E. 114th St., who ate the same food that killed the Gonzales boy, was reported ill by her parents. She vomited and displayed the same symptoms as Gonzales before his death. This makes the third child victim of this poisonous food.

Mass Trial Tonight

Tonight, an open Mass Trial will be conducted at the Spanish Workers' Center, 24 W. 115th St., where the District School Superintendent and the Principal of District School No. 57 will be charged with responsibility for the death of Gonzales and the illness of the other two child victims of the rotten food handed out to workers' children. The doctor who stated that Ralph Gonzales did not die of poisonous food will also be tried. All three have been challenged to attend the mass hearing to face these charges.

Authorities Frightened

The widespread exposures of the rotten "relief" conditions and the mass indignation of the workers frightened the city officials into forcible attempts at suppression of the facts connected with the death of Gonzales and the illness of the other two children. THESE TACTICS MUST NOT SUCCEED! The city officials must be compelled to provide decent food for workers' children and adequate relief to adult unemployed. Attend the mass trial Friday night. Mobilize for the National Hunger March to Washington and join the national fight of the unemployed for immediate relief.

JOIN DORFMAN PICKETS TODAY

Turn Out at Shop in Mass Wednesday

NEW YORK.—Workers, especially those in the needle trades, are urged to come every morning at 7:30 a. m. on the picket line in front of the Meyer Dorfman shop, 218 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, where workers yesterday entered the sixth week of a strike against wage cuts and lay-offs and for a 44-hour week.

Yesterday the bosses of the Meyer Dorfman plant climaxed six weeks of terror against the strikers by appearing at a hearing at the Supreme Court to obtain a permanent injunction against the strikers. The hearing was continued today, after the bosses had testified falsely before the court that the workers were "reds"; that he had "laid them off"; and that the workers "were violent."

Several hundred demonstrated yesterday morning in front of the plant, but because of their inactivity, the police stood back after being summoned by the boss. A large and regularly employed crew of gangsters and thugs are serving the company against the strikers. More than 160 workers have been arrested in the six weeks of the strike.

DRESSMAKERS ELECT HUNGER MARCHERS

At a meeting of over 200 workers called by the Dressmakers' Unemployed Committee held on November 16, 1932, 10 delegates were elected for the Hunger March to Washington, 2 of the delegates being Negro women.

FORCE LA CROSSE CITY GOVERNMENT TO FEED NATIONAL MARCHERS; 250 ON STRIKE AGAINST FORCED LABOR

New Wave of City and State Hunger Marches Begins to Win Local Demands; Back Nat'l Hunger March for \$50 Winter Relief, Insurance

Tag Day Collections in St. Paul Defy Mayor's Edict Against Them; March on Delaware State Capital; 3 Nat'l March Columns Proceed

BULLETIN

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 17.—Washington police, under the direct orders of the federal government, are much upset by the proposed delegation of hundreds of hungry children to place demands for relief before President Hoover here on Thanksgiving Day. A statement today by Superintendent of Police Brown says that police will "not allow a demonstration of children at the White House." Hoover doesn't want to face his victims, but they will find a way to place their demands.

RENO, Nev., Nov. 17.—National Hunger Marchers of Col. 2, from Central California are coming thru Nevada, gathering new recruits on the way. A delegate from Fernley, representing farm workers, has just joined the column. The mayor of Reno refused food and lodging but the workers of Reno are preparing these.

Local struggles in many cities along the route of the National Hunger march are increasing. Workers are mobilizing to fight for immediate relief from the city, county and state governments, while they back up, at the same time, the demands of the

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

DEMAND STATE HELP MARCHERS

Delegations Go to Roosevelt Today

NEW YORK.—Delegations of the starving unemployed of New York State, heading toward Albany from all parts of the state, will present the demand of the unemployed that the National Hunger March delegates be given food and shelter on their way to Washington, and to tell Roosevelt that, as governor of the state, he will be held responsible for the safety of the delegates.

The delegations, which will call on Governor Roosevelt in a body today, represent the Conference of Winter Relief and the Unemployed Councils. The entire group will be headed by Sam Weissman, district organizer of the New York Unemployed Council.

Picket Until Ave. C Restaurant Decides to Pay Stolen Wages

NEW YORK.—Come to 7th Street and Avenue A at 10:30 a. m. next Wednesday, to demonstrate for immediate relief, the Downtown Unemployed Council urged today.

The Council also is forming a picket line in front of a dairy restaurant at 8th St. and Ave. C, where the boss robbed a worker of his wages. The worker came to the council and explained that he had been discharged by the boss of the restaurant, because he had refused to work 14 hours a day. A meeting of 500 heard the demands of the Council.

1,000 ILL. MINERS BLOCK SCABBING

Police, Tear Gas Fail to Break Ranks

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 17.—A mass picket line of over one thousand miners defeated the attempts of the Peabody Coal Co. to open the Cora Mine. The miners withstood charges of the police who attacked the pickets with tear gas bombs, and frustrated attempts by scabs to pass the picket line. The militant and successful stand made by the rank and file miners at the Cora mine gave vivid demonstration of the determination with which the miners are fighting the 18 per cent wage cut. Officials of the Progressive Miners Union have condemned the wage cut.

R. R. Workers Make Officials Demand the Re-Hiring of 110,000

NEW YORK.—An increasing tide of resentment among the railroad workers against the proposed 10 to 20 per cent wage-cuts has caused the meeting of 21 railroad brotherhood and railway union chiefs here to declare all further negotiations ended. They are not to resume until the railroad companies promise to put back to work the 110,000 fired since the 10 per cent cut in February.

Chicago Shows Up Democratic Hunger Program

INSIDIOUSLY and daily the capitalist press spreads propaganda to the effect that the "new deal" that Roosevelt has promised will be ushered in with his inaugural March 4! The forty-eight million totally unemployed and their dependents and the millions of part-time workers are told to wait patiently through this winter for the promised dawn of the Democratic Party administration's unemployment "relief."

But, the wages of workers in the factories of Illinois were cut 66 per cent last year as compared with the average of 1925-27. The working-class income was cut two-thirds by the Illinois capitalists within a few years!

Melvin A. Taylor, president of the Chicago First National Bank, has led capitalist offensive against the workers' living standards. It was Taylor who helped elect Roosevelt, who is now mentioned for a post in Roosevelt's cabinet and who will guide Roosevelt's unemployment policies!

It was under a Democratic administration and a Democratic mayor, Conner, that the city authorities in Chicago sought to cut by one-half the pittance of relief given to utterly destitute unemployed families.

Win Only By Fighting

Can, then, the masses of unemployed and part-time workers to whom the question of immediate relief and death question was upon the coming of the Democratic "new deal"?

No! The workers' "new deal" in the form of wrenching winter relief and unemployment insurance from the capitalists and their government must come through organized, militant mass struggle. The Chicago workers showed the way when they forced the demagogic Democratic mayor to rescind the 50 per cent relief cut!

A high form of such organized, militant mass struggle will be the National Hunger March that will demand winter relief of \$50 per family and federal unemployment insurance of Congress on December 6.

It will center, in most dramatic and national form, the eyes of the masses for the need to fight NOW for winter relief and to smash the illusion of "aid" promised for the spring.

You can do your share to fight for winter relief and unemployment insurance.

1. Organize the workers in your block, elect block committees for food, shelter and clothing for the hunger marchers
2. Elect delegates from your block, mass organization or labor union to the National Hunger March.
3. Approach new organizations to elect delegates.
4. Support the marchers in their mission to demand winter relief of \$50 and unemployment insurance by: a) taking active part in the tag days for the march, Nov. 19 and 20; b) making the mass meetings to the marchers in the stop-over cities real demonstrations of support; c) collect food packages of non-perishable food (coffee, sugar, etc.) and pledges of perishable food for the marchers; d) prepare now for the national day of demonstration in support of the National Hunger March Dec. 6.

Prove That Boss Press Lies on Communist Votes, Nov. 8

Over 24,000 Officially Counted Red Votes in New York City Alone; Expose Steals

Capitalist wire services, the Associated Press and United Press especially, are deliberately lying about Communist election returns in an effort to belittle the revolutionary movement, before the workers and farmers. The Scripps-Howard service, the United Press, gave the Communist Party the ridiculous figure of 8,000, while the Associated Press said 15,000 votes. This, in spite of the fact that there were more than 24,000 votes, according to the Tammany election board figures, in New York City alone. Chicago showed more than 10,000.

The vote in Minnesota, first announced as 10,000 has now increased to more than 12,000, with many precincts still missing. In fact everywhere there were marked increases. For New York, Chicago and Minnesota alone the number of votes so far

MASS SUPPORT TO WIN MARCH

Say Jobless Leaders in New Call

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 17.—"Disregard all statements appearing in the press aimed at intimidating and discouraging the National Hunger Marchers. These statements are inspired by the District of Columbia and Federal Government who hope by that to defeat the demands for \$50 federal winter relief and for unemployment insurance which the marchers will present here. The final action of the government authorities will depend in the last analysis upon the extent of mass support rallied behind the program of the unemployed councils and the demands of the National Hunger March."

This telegram was sent out to all unemployed councils and supporting organizations, and given to the press, today by the National Committee of the Unemployed Councils, from its new office here, 1311 G. St., N. W. The telegrams are signed by William Reynolds, chairman and Herbert Benjamin, secretary, of the National Committee.

The telegram of instructions continues:

Protest to Congressmen.

"Mass pressure expressed through demonstrations before the homes of congressmen, and by resolutions adopted by mass meetings and mass organizations, to Hoover, Garner, Roosevelt and the District of Columbia Commissioners should be held to demand the right of the delegates of the jobless to march, and to demand food and lodging be conceded to them.

"Energetic self-sacrificing support of the campaign to collect food, clothing and funds will serve to provide against any emergency."

Watch the Daily Worker.

"The people of Washington are showing their sympathy and solidarity with the marchers by offers of assistance in collecting food and providing lodging. They will give the hunger marchers an even more rousing welcome than last year.

"Be guided only by the official statements of the National Committee of the Unemployed Councils, which will appear in the friendly labor press, especially the Daily Worker."

"FIGHTING 6th" CALLS FOR AID

Wins Against 2 More Job Sharks

NEW YORK.—After winning two more victories Wednesday against the Sixth Avenue job sharks, the Sixth Avenue Unemployed Council has requested all workers who can come to their headquarters at 58 West 33rd Street (upstairs) to obtain petitions to circulate against crooked employments. One worker, in the election booth, worked all other levers but could not work the Communist lever. We know a considerable number of votes were lost here in Fulton County on account of this rigging of the machines.

Fix Voting Machines

(By a Worker Correspondent)
JOHNSTOWN, N. Y.—Reports from several election districts in this vicinity show that the voting machines were rigged so that it was not possible to work the levers that registered votes for the Communist Party. One worker, in the election booth, worked all other levers but could not work the Communist lever. We know a considerable number of votes were lost here in Fulton County on account of this rigging of the machines.

Open Hearing on Stealing
CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 17.—At a meeting of section 3, at 3131 W.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

All Out for Tag Days Sat. and Sun. for the National Hunger March!

VETERANS MARCH ON CITY HALL NOV. 25; DEMAND IMMEDIATE CASH RELIEF

Ex-Soldiers, Families and Friends to Meet in Union Square First, Endorse Demands Will Also Call on City Government for Trucks to Carry Bonus Marchers to Washington

A mass demonstration to force the city to give immediate relief to the unemployed ex-servicemen of Brownsville will be held today at 9 a. m. at the relief bureau at Public School 150, Christopher and Belmont Avenues.

Get Tickets Now for Bronx Coliseum Send-Off to the Marchers

NEW YORK.—Do not delay longer to buy your 25 cent tickets for the great send-off to the National Hunger Marchers in Bronx Coliseum, November 29. Column 1 of the Morning Freiheit will be in New York from the Hunger March delegates will tell of the battle in London.

Here's where you buy your tickets: Workers Book Shop, 50 E. 13th St.; Workers Cooperatives, 2700 Bronx Park East, L.W.O. Office, 80 Fifth Ave. Manhattan; L. Young, 56 East 4th St.; Health Center, 50 East 13th St.; National Office of Joint Hunger March Committee, 146 Fifth Ave.

Sends Greetings for FSU Celebration, Sat.

NEW YORK.—Waldo Frank, the prominent American writer, has sent greetings to the Friends of the Soviet Union, to be read on Saturday evening, Nov. 19, at the 15th Soviet Revolutionary Anniversary Celebration, to be held at the New Star Casino, 107th St. and Park Ave., at 8 p. m.

In his greeting, Waldo Frank writes: "To help, in whatever way we can, the health and progress of the Russian Soviet Union, has become the duty of us all. For the values of the Soviets are the values of humanity. If mankind would be loyal to itself, it must henceforth be loyal to the Russian Soviet Union."

OLGIN ON GORKY TONIGHT

Mossaye J. Olgin, Editor of the "Morning Freiheit," will speak at "Gorky-Artist and Revolutionary," at the John Reed Club, 450 Sixth Ave., tonight at 8:30. The speaker will discuss the 40 years of literary activity and the significance of the worldwide celebrations in honor of this famous proletarian writer.

ACTORS GROUP AFFAIR

Several of the members of the agit-prop dramatic groups which played in the streets during the election campaign, will tell some of the outstanding experiences in the street performances, at an affair to be held this Saturday evening at the Tremont Workers Center, 2075 Clinton Avenue.

What's On—

- Friday: John Reed Club lecture at 450 Sixth Ave. at 8:30 p. m. Friday night. Mossaye J. Olgin, editor of Freiheit, and associate editor of New Masses, will speak on "Gorky as Artist and Revolutionary." Progressive Workers' Club, 642 Bedford Ave. (cor. Penn St.), Brooklyn, N. Y. lecture on Hunger March at 8 p. m. No admission. Craig Marks speaker. World Congress Against War Mass Meeting on Friday, Nov. 18, at 8 p. m. at Central High School, High and New Sts., Newark. No admission. Progressive Workers' Culture Club, 642 Bedford Ave. (cor. Penn St.), Brooklyn, N. Y. lecture on Hunger March at 8 p. m. Craig Marks speaker. No admission. John Reed Club lecture at 450 Sixth Ave. at 8:30 p. m. J. Oglin, editor of the Freiheit and associate editor of New Masses, will speak on "Gorky as Artist and Revolutionary." Bronx Workers' Club, 1510 Boston Road, lecture at 8 p. m. Scott Nearing on "Latest Developments in the Far East." World Congress Against War Mass Meeting on Friday, Nov. 18, at 8 p. m. at Central High School, High and New Sts., Newark. No admission. Progressive Workers' Culture Club, 642 Bedford Ave. (cor. Penn St.), Brooklyn, N. Y. lecture on Hunger March at 8 p. m. Craig Marks speaker. No admission. Prospect Workers' Center Lecture on Culture and Revolution by Groppe, staff cartoonist of the Morning Freiheit. Admission 10 cents. Tremont Workers' Club, 2075 Clinton Ave., near 180th St., Bronx, lecture at 8:30 p. m. Topic: "Beginnings of Proletarian Literature in America." Bath Beach Workers' Club, lecture, "Second Five-Year Plan," at 273 Bath Ave., Brooklyn, at 8:30 p. m. Red Sparks Athletic Club lecture at 333 Sheffield Ave., Brooklyn, at 8 p. m. Subject: "15 Years of Workers' Rule in the Soviet Union." Admission free. Philadelphia Dance Group meets at 40 W. 14th St., Instructor former pupil Mary Wilson. No charge. Recruits wanted. Bridge Plaza Workers' Club, 365 Rodney St., Brooklyn, lecture on "Five-Year Plan," by Sam Nesin at 8:30 p. m. East New York Workers' Club lecture at 154 Vermont St. at 8:30 p. m. Marcel Ocherer will speak on White Chauvinism. American Youth Federation, 123 W. 14th St., lecture at 8:30 p. m. Sam Don speaks on "Decay of Bourgeoisie Culture." Sam Weinstein Mass Protest meeting at 8 p. m. at Workers' Center, 525 E. 19th St., near Broek Ave. No admission. Sam Weinstein will appear in person and other speakers. Williamsburg Workers' Club, 43 Manhattan Ave., lecture at 8:30 p. m. Richard B. Moore will speak on "Effects of Crisis Upon American Intellectuals."

Amter Reminds Party Members of Duty to Turn Out on Tag Days

NEW YORK.—A special call to all Communist Party and Young Communist League members, also to all sympathizers with the revolutionary movement, urging them to come out on both Saturday and Sunday to collect funds for the National Hunger March, has been issued by I. Amter, Tag Days for the National Hunger March are being held Nov. 19 and 20 in all cities east of the Mississippi, and New York is the biggest and most important of them.

"No other tasks on those two days," says Amter, "all out to collect. Report to the nearest stations and get your can. When it is full, return the can and get another!" A list of tag day stations was published in the Daily Worker yesterday, and will be reprinted tomorrow.

Why Workers Need the \$50 Winter Aid

Hunger Cripples Children PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Stating that the amount of food given to children by relief agencies is altogether insufficient, Drs. Joseph Stokes Jr. and Dorothy Whipple of the University of Pennsylvania gave a lengthy picture of the disastrous results of hunger on children. The child victims of this slow starvation suffer damage to body and mind which cripples them for the rest of their lives.

They Play While Workers Starve NEW YORK CITY.—It costs a society date about \$5,000 for the one evening when she is announced eligible for the marriage market. This amount would feed 2,500 families one week. Only mass pressure can compel the parasites to turn back for relief the wealth they looted from the workers.

Will Make Demands The decision to call this demonstration was made Sunday by the City Wide Rank and File Bonus Marchers and the Rank and File Committee. It proposes that a delegation of 15 Negro and white veterans be elected at the demonstration, and that this delegation serve on Mayor McKee and the Board of Estimates the following demands:

- 1. That all married veterans who are unemployed be paid \$10 weekly in cash. 2. That all single veterans be paid \$1 each per day. 3. That all tax free institutions be opened for the Veterans and other unemployed to sleep in, such as the Seaman's Institute, Y.M.C.A. 4. Disabled veterans who are sick and not receiving living compensation from the government, be given additional disability allowance by the City Government. 5. That all veterans, Negro and white, be admitted into all hospitals at Government expense upon the certification of their own doctors. 6. The City Government (Board of Estimate) pass a resolution calling upon the Federal Government to pay the bonus now and to increase the disability pay of the disabled veterans. 7. That the City Government furnish trucks or busses, many of which are lying idle, for the Bonus Marchers to go to Washington in. 8. That \$100,000,000 be appropriated by the City Government for the relief of the veterans and the unemployed this winter. 9. That a duly elected committee of rank and file veterans, Negro and white, shall administer the distribution of all funds appropriated for the veterans. 10. That the 369th Infantry Army be opened in Harlem for the unemployed Negro and white veterans to sleep in.

All Veterans and their families and friends, assemble at Union Square Friday, November 25, at 11 a. m. Women Meet Sunday All wives, sisters and mothers of veterans are urged to attend a meeting this Sunday, Nov. 20, at Czechoslovak Workers' Home, 347 E. 72nd St. This meeting will organize a Women's Auxiliary which will collect funds, clothing, etc. and in other ways aid the New York section of the National Bonus March. Recruiting for the bonus march is continuing throughout the city and recruiting stations have been opened at five points: 154 W. 20th St., 122 Second Ave., 127 W. 125th St., 264 E. 167th St., the Bronx, and 537 Hopkinson Ave., Brownsville.

W. I. R. Chorus rehearsal at 122 Second Ave. at 8 p. m., sharp. Painters of Queen's great Altarpiece in the Union and with them success in their first annual concert and ball Dec. 3 at Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St. Progressive Workers' Culture Club now at 642 Bedford Ave. will move to larger headquarters Monday, Nov. 21. Harlem Progressive Youth Club, 1638 Madison Ave., second floor—meeting. Election of new executive. All urged to be present. Colorful dance Saturday night same address. W. E. L. Bonus March Committee of 50 meets at 7 p. m. at 154 W. 20th St. New Center at 501 W. 161st St. opens Saturday. All invited. Banquet-Dance. Concourse Workers' Club 231 E. Tremont Ave. on flight up—membership meeting at 8:30 p. m. I. L. D. Astoria Br. motion picture showing at Feathers Hall, Steinway St. and 4th Ave., Astoria, L. I., at 8 p. m. W. S. U. Bronx Park Br. lecture "15 Years of Workers' Rule in the Soviet Union" at Labor Lyceum, 42nd St. and 14th Ave., at 8 p. m. Speaker: A. G. Morris. F. S. U., Williamsburg Br. lecture, "Socialist Construction and Capitalist Decay," at 297 South Fifth St., at 8 p. m. Speaker: J. P. Rossinbaum. F. S. U. East Bronx Br. lecture, "How the Soviet Union Has Solved Minority Problem," at 501 W. 161st St., N. Y., at 8 p. m. Speaker: S. Le Roy. Volunteer help needed for leaflet distribution during the day and evening. F. S. U. District Office, 79 Broadway, Room 279.

OPEN HEARINGS ON HUNGER START TONIGHT IN N. Y.

Many Within Next Few Days: Will Expose Starvation

NEW YORK.—Hunger and starvation conditions are being exposed in New York and hundreds of actual cases put on record by a whole series of Open Hearings on Starvation, starting with a children's hearings tonight in Red Hook.

These hearings will be held in public, in many parts of the city. All workers from the neighborhood are invited to come in free, and to testify as to the exact conditions under which they live, what relief, if any, they get, etc. Part time workers are also invited to testify.

Stage and Screen

NEW SOVIET FILM "FALSE UNIFORMS" OPENS AT CAMEO TODAY The barbarous and inhuman customs of the dark days of feudalism are re-enacted in "False Uniforms," the new Soviet sound film, which will have its American premiere showing at the Cameo Theatre today.

Based on historic incidents and appearing against a background rich in historical detail, the picture tells the thrilling story of the revolt of the Russian serfs. It is laid in the early nineteenth century, about fifty years before the serfs were set free by the edict of Alexander II. Feudalism still existed in Russia, although in the rest of Europe it had partially or wholly given way to the newer industrial order.

"Fine Soviet adventure film," according to the reviewer in the Moscow Daily News, when the picture was released in Moscow, where it proved one of the most popular pictures. It is certainly a most outstanding Soviet film and will no doubt be enjoyed especially outside the Soviet Union, since adventure speaks for itself and requires no interpreter. The vigorous sweep of the film, packed as it is with breath-taking incidents, keeps the audience fast to its seats to the final fade out.

The Jefferson Theatre, beginning Saturday, will present Edward G. Robinson in "Tiger Shark" and an added feature, "Virtue," with Carole Lombard and Pat O'Brien. Wednesday to Friday the program will include George Arliss in "A Successful Calamity" and Zane Grey's "Golden West" with George O'Brien and Janet Chandler.

METROPOLITAN OPERA OPENS MONDAY WITH VERDI'S "SIMON BOCCANEGRA" The Metropolitan Opera House will open on Monday evening with "Simon Boccanegra," sung by Mmes. Mueller and Besuner and Messrs. Martinelli and Tibbett, with Serafin conducting. Other operas of the week will be: "L'Elisir d'Amore," Wednesday night, with Fleischer and Tio Schipa; "Lakme," Thursday matinee, with Lily Pons and Martinelli; "Goetterdammerung," Thursday evening, with Kappel and de Lor and Schorr; "Andrea Chenier," Friday evening, with Rosa Ponselle and Lauri-Volpi; "Lucia," Saturday matinee, with Pons and Schipa; "Tannhauser," Saturday evening, with Mueller and Laubenthal.

Children of Red Hook The children of Red Hook and Columbia Heights have their open hearing tonight at 8 p. m. at 31 Atlantic Ave., Brooklyn. It is arranged by the Unemployed Council and the Young Pioneers, and the crowd will elect three delegates to go on the National Hunger March.

A West Side Hearing The Manhattan committee of action for winter relief announced last night that it would call the workers of the West Side to an open hearing on Wednesday evening, Nov. 23, at the Christ Church, W. 36th St., at 8 o'clock.

BENJAMIN TO LECTURE Herbert Benjamin, National Secretary of the Unemployed Councils, will talk on "Prospects and Next Steps in the Fight Against Hunger," Sunday night, Nov. 20, at 8 o'clock at the Workers School Forum, 35 East 12th Street.

Working Class Women to Hold Anniversary; Boost Hunger March NEW YORK.—Sam Weisman, a leader of the Unemployed Councils of Greater New York, will be the chief speaker at the Ninth Anniversary of the United Council of Workingclass Women. He will tell of the National Hunger March and its relations to the struggle by workingclass women to keep food on the table.

The Working Class Women celebrate the beginning of their Tenth Year of struggle with a concert and mass meeting Friday, November 18, at 8 p. m. in Irving Plaza Hall. The Freiheit Gesangs Verein, Proletbuehne and Pastoral Trio will entertain.

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CELEBRATION OF 1917 FIFTEENTH ANNIVERSARY 1932 OF SOVIET REVOLUTION Saturday Evening, November 19, 1932 at 8 P. M. At the NEW STAR CASINO 107th Street and Park Avenue, New York City

- SPEAKERS: PROFESSOR SCOTT NEARING, MOSSAYE J. OLGIN, JOSEPH FREEMAN, DR. OAKLEY JOHNSON, BENJAMIN, HENRIKSON, EARL BROWDER. ARTISTS: A. LESS—"Moscow Art Theatre", L. KAPELOWITZ—"Moscow Theatre of Revolution", NEW DANCE GROUP, MARGARET LARKIN—Singer. Auspices: FRIENDS OF THE SOVIET UNION, AMMISION FIFTY CENTS, New York City. 799 Broadway, Room 330

CAMP NITGEDAIGET

Open for the Indian Summer and Fall The best time of the year for rest, hiking, games, social recreation The hotel is equipped with steam heat and all modern facilities. Come and enjoy the exhilarating atmosphere of the late fall season in comfort while building yourself back to health.

The same reduced rates will prevail \$12.50 PER WEEK Autos will leave from Bronx Co-operative as usual For information telephones ESTABROOK 8-1406

Needle Trades Union Opens Organization Drive in Jersey

NEW YORK.—In accordance with the decisions of the last convention of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, it was decided that organization work be started in Jersey in such cities as Newark, Paterson, South River, New Brunswick, Plainfield and other towns where hundreds of needle workers are slaving under the most miserable conditions. An office has already been taken in Newark—385 Springfield Ave. and Rose Brown has been appointed organizer of the New Jersey district. All needle trades workers in these centers are asked to get in touch with the union office so that the union can help you to fight and win better conditions.

HOUSEWRECKERS' STRIKE FORCES CONTRACTOR OUT

Fight Is Now Against Notorious Walsh Co.; 500 Picket NEW YORK.—As a result of the strike conducted (now in its fourth week) by the Independent Housewreckers Union, on the property of the National Biscuit Company, the original contractor against whom the strike was called has been thrown out of the job and a new contractor by the name of Edward Walsh has taken over. This new contractor signed with Local Union 95, (AFL) of which Truchan & Co. are the chief scab agents, to supply scabs on the job.

Yesterday morning the scabs were being assembled at various points in the city under protection of mounted, motorcycle and plain cloth police, and transported on heavily armed trucks over to the job.

Upon arrival some of the scabs deserted immediately on seeing the strong picket line of about 500 workers who are determined to help the strikers win their demands of a dollar and ninety cents an hour and better conditions on the job. The strike is going strong with the enthusiasm of the workers prevailing in spite of heavy police protection to the scabs and arrests and vicious sentences and actual starvation among the workers.

At a membership meeting Wednesday night approximately 900 workers all pledged themselves to carry on the struggle.

At this meeting also the Hunger March now in progress was endorsed by the membership of the Union and delegates will be elected.

A resolution was passed condemning the action of Judge Aurelio in holding the scabs to break the strike by sending nine members of this union to serve 30 days in jail for no crime committed at all.

The Independent Housewreckers Union appeals to all labor organizations to help this union morally and financially in winning conditions in the trade. Also to protest against the vicious sentences handed out by Judge Aurelio.

Labor Union Meetings IRON AND BRONZE WORKERS The Iron and Bronze Section of the Metal Workers Industrial Union will meet on Friday at 8 p. m. at 40 E. 11th St., Room 222. The order of business will be election of a trade board, hunger march, developing strike struggles.

METAL WORKERS The Brooklyn local of the Metal Workers Industrial Union is mobilizing the employed and unemployed metal workers to attend an open forum to be held on Friday at 8 p. m. at 51st Street Ave., Brooklyn.

The Metropolitan Opera House will open on Monday evening with "Simon Boccanegra," sung by Mmes. Mueller and Besuner and Messrs. Martinelli and Tibbett, with Serafin conducting. Other operas of the week will be: "L'Elisir d'Amore," Wednesday night, with Fleischer and Tio Schipa; "Lakme," Thursday matinee, with Lily Pons and Martinelli; "Goetterdammerung," Thursday evening, with Kappel and de Lor and Schorr; "Andrea Chenier," Friday evening, with Rosa Ponselle and Lauri-Volpi; "Lucia," Saturday matinee, with Pons and Schipa; "Tannhauser," Saturday evening, with Mueller and Laubenthal.

N.Y. DAILY WORKER CITY COMMITTEE will meet SATURDAY, NOV. 19 2 P. M. 50 E. 13th ST. ROOM 309

DAILY COMMITTEE MEETS SATURDAY The first meeting of the New York Daily Worker City Committee, elected at the November 13 conference, will be held Saturday, 2 p. m. at the Workers Center, 50 E. 13th Street, room 309.

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER DENTAL DEPARTMENT 80 FIFTH AVENUE 15th FLOOR All Work Done Under Personal Care of DR. JOSEPHSON

Christmas Eve, December 24th ? Rockland Palace AUSTICES - COMMUNIST PARTY and YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE KEEP THIS DATE OPEN!

NEWARK, N. J. First Presentation "41ST" OF THE Latest Soviet Film at Y.M. & W. H. A. Auditorium Corner High and Kinney Sts. NEWARK, N. J. ON Sat. Eve., Nov. 19th SHOWING 7 P. M. TO 1 A. M. Admission 25c Children 15c

MEET YOUR COMRADES AT THE Cooperative Dining Club ALLERTON AVENUE Cor. Bronx Park East Pure Foods Proletarian Prices

Importers of Soviet Candies SPECIAL with this ADVERTISEMENT Odessa Fruit Chocolates 4 LB. BOX FOR \$1.00 M. RICHMAN 145 E. HOUSTON ST. NEW YORK AGENTS WANTED-Tel. Orchard 4-7738

ROYAL CAFETERIA 827 BROADWAY (Between 19th & 19th Sts.) Royal Dishes for the Proletariat OUR WORKERS MEMBERS OF F.W.I.U.

District Training School Ball under the AUSPICES of the COMMUNIST PARTY DIST. 2 Thanksgiving Eve., Wed., Nov., 23, 8 P.M. at MANHATTAN LYCEUM HALL, 65 E. 4th Street

WANTED—Furnished room downtown section with comrdes. \$ 8. 6/0 Daily Worker SINGLE ROOM—Comfortable. 317 E. 18th St., Apt. 113 Call Sunday.

NICE APT. SUNNY ROOM—Good for girl, one block from Bronx Park, 303 E. 179th St., Apt. 5C. Rent very reasonable.

2000 LETTERS OUT TO THE NEEDLE TRADES! ABOUT TWO THOUSAND LETTERS with collectoins lists for the Morning Freiheit drive to raise 40,600 dollars were sent out to the shop chairmen of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union.

Every worker, reader of the Morning Freiheit, must remind his shop-chairman, whether he reads Jewish or not, that the situation in the Morning Freiheit is bad and that no one should be lost in raising funds to save the Morning Freiheit. If every collection list should bring in a minimum of \$3.00, the quota set for the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union would have been raised.

Following are the quotas assigned to the various department: Furriers\$1500 Raincoat Makers 50 Dressmakers 1100 Millinery 500 Clothmakers 600 Tailors 500 Knit-goods 500 Local 38 200 White-goods 50 Left wing groups 1000 Needle Trades Workers—Rally to the support of the Morning Freiheit! The Morning Freiheit Is In Danger! Collect on the lists in the shop, office and home. Bring every cent you have collected to the office of the Morning Freiheit, 35 E. 12th St., 6th Fl. The names will be mentioned in the Freiheit. Needle Trades Comm. to Save the Morning Freiheit J. H. COHEN, L. E. COHEN, W. GREENBERG, A. BARO, MURKIN, S. CHAIRMAN, BROOKS, S. FREEDMAN, ROSENEBOF, FRIDENTAL, KESLER. We Expect An Immediate Response!

Negro Workers Win Partial Victory in Rent Strike

NEW YORK.—A group of Negro families who declared a rent strike at 2506 Albermarle Road and 73 Lot St. won their fight for a reduction of the high rents and compelled the landlord to promise lower rents next month. But because these families took the advice of two neighbors, who are landlords themselves, and fought the landlord individually, the family that led the strike was victimized and forced to move. A local Communist Party unit is urging these families to set up a Joint House Committee so as to make sure the rent reduction goes through.

To Honor Memory of John Reed at Meeting and Concert Nov. 25th

NEW YORK workers and intellectuals are planning to honor the memory of John Reed, the great American revolutionist and author of "Ten Days That Shook the World," at a memorial meeting and concert on Friday, Nov. 25, at 8:15 p. m. at the New School for Social Research, 65 W. 12th St. The memorial is being arranged by the John Reed Club of New York, an organization of revolutionary writers and artists.

John Reed died in Moscow in 1920 of typhus contracted while in service of the first Workers' Republic. He was one of the founders of the American Communist Party and an outstanding revolutionary journalist and writer.

Misleaders Frantic Leaders of the Farmers Union and The Grange, who oppose both the militant tactics developed in the farmers' strike this year and the program of the National Farm Relief Conference are holding their national conventions now and trying to put up something that will distract the attention of their own members from the struggle launched through the Farm Relief Conference.

Inflation The Farmers Union convention in Omaha has gone on record for the old Bryan slogan of "Free Silver," a form of depreciating the currency and useless to the farmers as it raises the prices of whatever they buy.

PLAN TO CUT TEACHERS PAY CINCINNATI, O.—A salary reduction plan for teachers and other employees, amounting to \$680,000, was recently announced by the Board of Education of Cincinnati.

ANNOUNCEMENT DR. LOUIS L. SCHWARTZ SURGEON DENTIST Announces The removal of his office to larger quarters at 1 Union Square (8th Floor) Suite 803 Tel. ALgonquin 4-0863

DR. JULIUS LITTINSKY 107 Bristol Street (Est. Pitkin & Satter Aves.) W'klyn PH: DICKENS 3-2912 Office Hours: 8-10 A.M., 1-2, 6-8 P.M.

AMUSEMENTS

NOW PLAYING! NEW SOVIET SOUND FILM with English Titles "FALSE UNIFORMS"

MOSCOW NEWS says: "False Uniforms" is certainly a most outstanding Soviet adventure film and will no doubt be enjoyed especially outside the Soviet Union, since adventure speaks for itself and requires no interpreter." HARRY ALAN POTAMKIN says: "Yet, the memorableness of 'False Uniforms' does not lie in the plot, but in the same unrelenting plot of view that informs the rest of the Soviet kino; the class struggle."

SPECIAL SOVIET NEWSREEL CAMEO 32nd STREET AND BROADWAY All Seats 25c Mon. to Fri. 9 a.m. - 1 p.m.

Two Big Soviet Features! CIVIC REPATORY at 51 St. 64th Av. Today and Tomorrow—3 DAYS ONLY 160 Mill. Russians in Action The 5-YEAR PLAN Russia's Rankings! Actual Scenes! (Talk in English)

ADDED ATTRACTION "SON OF THE LAND" STARRING B. IVANTSEYK Thrilling Action Film PRODUCED IN THE U.S.S.R.

THE WORKERS ACME THEATRE 14th Street and Union Square Cont. from 9 a.m.—Last show 10:30 p.m.

A MERICANA New Revue Hill PHIL BAKER with SHUBERT THEA., 4th St., W. of W'way Eves. 8:30 Matinee Wed. & Sat., 2:30

SUCCESS STORY By John Howard Lawson Maxine Elliott Thea., 39th E. of W'way Eves. 8:40, Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:40

THE THEATRE GUILD presents THE GOOD EARTH dramatized by Owen Davis and Donald Davis from the PULITZER PRIZE NOVEL By Pearl S. Buck GUILD THEA., 52nd St., W. of Broadway Eves. 8:30, Mats. Thursday & Saturday 2:30

COUNSELOR-AT-LAW 2nd FLOOR WITH PAUL MUNI ELMER RICE PLYMOUTH THEA., W. 45th, L.A. 4-9729 Evenings 8:30, Mats., Thurs. and Sat., 2:30

The Powerful EPIC OF LABOR 2ND WEEK! COMRADESHIP (Kameradschaft) "An excellent film."—DAILY WORKER EUROPA 53th St. 25c noon Continuous from 10:20 a. m. to Midnight

WANTED—Furnished room downtown section with comrdes. \$ 8. 6/0 Daily Worker SINGLE ROOM—Comfortable. 317 E. 18th St., Apt. 113 Call Sunday.

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HEARINGS EXPOSE MASS MISERY AND LEAD TO ACTION

Call All Jobless and Part Time Workers to Testify to Actual Living Conditions

Let Everybody in; Keep a Record; Invite City Officials, Press, to Face Facts

Build Block Committees and Prepare Support for the National Hunger March

(By National Committee of the Unemployed Councils) The organization of public hearings of workers and their families to expose hunger and starvation, to bring before the masses of workers the actual conditions prevailing amongst the unemployed as well as the employed, should be considered as an important phase in the mobilization of large masses of workers for the National Hunger March.

These public hearings are to be conducted on as wide a scale as possible drawing in workers and their families who have as yet had no contact with our Unemployed Councils. The public hearings are to be conducted on a neighborhood basis, bringing out the local conditions prevailing there. Part time and employed workers and their families should also be invited.

How to Organize Public Hearings 1. Where block organizations exist these should be used to rally the neighborhood in the blocks for the hearing.

2. The hearings should be popularized at all actions—eviction fights, relief struggles, etc. Brief attractive leaflets should be spread in the neighborhood calling upon the workers to attend the hearing, giving the time and place where it will be held.

3. House to house visits should be made in that part of the city where the public hearing is to take place, inviting the whole family, including the children to the hearing.

4. When weather permits street meetings should be held near relief and charity stations, flop houses, in front of factory gates, etc., popularizing the hearings and inviting the workers to attend.

5. All efforts must be made to secure doctors to examine children of workers and issue statements as to their state of health. These statements are to be made public in the capitalist press and used as material in leaflets and for agitational purposes.

6. The capitalist press as well as the Daily Worker should be informed of these hearings and representatives invited to record the actual conditions, as well as to invite local aldermen, assemblymen, heads of relief of charity institutions to be present at these hearings and hear the challenge to their systematic policy of hunger and starvation.

7. Challenge should be issued to local aldermen, assemblymen, heads of relief of charity institutions to be present at these hearings and hear the challenge to their systematic policy of hunger and starvation.

8. Local unions of the AFL and other unions should be visited and invited to send representatives to the public hearings, as well as to invite the membership to attend.

9. The hearings are to be open to all who care to attend. A chairman and secretary for the hearing should be elected by those present at the hearing. Stenographers should be secured to record the testimony. Copies of the testimony should be sent to the Daily Worker immediately, and summaries of the findings sent to the capitalist press.

10. The chairman, as well as those active in unemployed work should encourage those workers testifying to bring out every issue however small concerning their manner and mode of living, such as: amount of relief received, amount of rent paid, whether the gas and electric have been cut off, the matter of heat for the coming winter, clothing for the family, the extent of illness in the family, amount spent for medical attention, etc. etc.

11. The public hearings should be conducted in a very informal manner, so that the worker who testifies should not be made to feel that he is making a speech. Where a worker finds it difficult to give a clear picture of his conditions, same should be brought out through questions.

12. Whenever possible, the hearings should be held in the homes of the workers and state their findings to assembled gatherings.

13. Securing Organizational Results From the Hearings Last year's experience in public hearings showed that despite the fact that terrible exposures of actual hunger and starvation was made, that very little was done with this information to follow up these exposures or struggles developed to actually attempt to secure relief, etc. in the cases brought out in the testimony. The following suggestions to follow up the information should be carried out: the Unemployed Council to undertake to mobilize the workers in their blocks against bad conditions exposed at the hearings and neighborhoods in the struggle against the conditions.

14. In this way great impetus for the building of the organs of struggle of the unemployed will be set up and the workers made to feel that these hearings are not mere spectacular events.

ORGANIZE I. L. D. BRANCH IN HOLLYWOOD, CALIF. HOLLYWOOD, Calif.—An I. L. D. branch has been organized in Hollywood by the Sacco and Vanzetti branch. The branch already has met twice and elected a Pioneer director, Labor Defender Agent, and a representative to the Scottsboro conference.

KIDNEY AGONY? Here's relief from tortures of backache, burning bladder pains, kidney stone, etc. The world's best medicine, KIDNEY AGONY.

Farmer-Labor Mayor Threatens the Hunger Marchers in St. Paul ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 17.—The Farmer-Labor mayor of St. Paul, Wm. Mahoney, is showing the bosses how well he can carry out their orders. He has stated that he will not permit any Hunger March to take place on Nov. 21, and will mobilize police to prevent it. He also declared he will not permit the National Hunger March delegations to pass through St. Paul.

Mahoney has outdone any previous mayor in fascist threats against the workers, but this will not stop the hungry unemployed from mobilizing to fight for relief. The local Hunger Demonstration will take place Monday, Nov. 21, as scheduled.

FOOD IN JERSEY FOR MARCHERS Bakers Union, United Front Are Collecting Activities for the National Hunger March are daily gaining momentum in all sections of New Jersey. It was yesterday announced by the Joint Committee for the Support of the National Hunger March.

The Bakers Union (A.F.L.) of Trenton pledged bread and rolls for the Hunger Marchers when they arrive there Nov. 30. Many farmers in Mercer County (Trenton) have indicated that they will give supplies of vegetables, eggs and fruit for the marchers when they pass through Trenton.

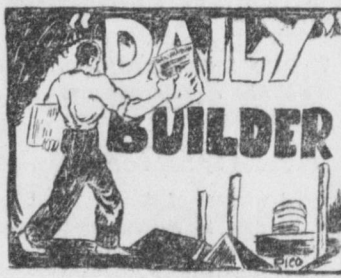
Joint Committees Get Food. Joint Committees for Support of the National Hunger March have been set up in all industrial centers including Paterson, Passaic, Newark, Jersey City, Elizabeth, New Brunswick, Perth Amboy, South River, Trenton, Atlantic City and other towns. Farmers of Lakewood and Middlesex counties have pledged food supplies for the marchers.

Committees in Newark are busy visiting physicians and drug stores for medical aid and medical supplies. The Soviet film "The Forty-First" will be shown in Newark Nov. 19 and in Elizabeth, Nov. 23 as well as in South River, Perth Amboy, Paterson and Trenton for the benefits of the National Hunger March.

A Young Pioneer (children's) delegation from New Jersey will leave for Washington, Nov. 23. About 20 children are expected to be in the delegation and will be accompanied by a physician and nurse. Organizations are passing resolutions and pledging support to the New Jersey delegation of 200 that will leave the state Nov. 30 when the New York and New England columns march through New Jersey.

Big Demonstration to Greet the Marchers in Springfield, Illinois SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 17.—A united front conference in this city was called by the Unemployed Council in support of the National Hunger March and for the struggle for immediate relief. In spite of fact that only ten days was given to prepare this conference, 18 organizations with 36 delegates and many visitors met Nov. 13. Out of the 18 organizations there were 13 local unions, 12 P.M.A. locals and 10 A.F. of M. camps. Many other A.F.L. local unions and fraternal organizations have elected delegates but the delegates for one or another reason did not show up. Otherwise the conference was a success.

Resolutions in support of the National Hunger March were passed. Some Progressive Miners of America local representatives have pledged their local unions to send delegates to Washington, especially from those that are still on strike.



"A newspaper is not merely a collective propagandist and collective agitator, it is also a collective organizer. In that respect it can be compared to the scaffolding put up around a building while it is being constructed; it marks the outline and plan of the building, and makes it easier for the builders themselves to communicate with and distribute the work and to see more clearly the common results achieved by their organized labor."

—LENIN.

Beginning with this issue, the DAILY BUILDER column becomes a regular feature of the Daily Worker. In it all matters concerning the progress of the Daily in getting new readers, new subs, new BUILDERS all over the country will be discussed, stimulated. This column is to become a forum for all problems that arise in the course of our work. Workers, consider this your own column! Write to it, briefly and concretely, on your experiences, on your suggestions for the improvement of the Daily and the spreading of our drive. Report all activities to the DAILY BUILDER, so that other workers, reading this column, will be able to profit by your experiences. Address all communications to DAILY BUILDER, care of Daily Worker, 50 E. 13th St., New York, N. Y.

In building the Daily Worker, comrades, we are putting up the scaffolding, as Lenin said, which will guide us in all our great class battles. The victories we gain in these battles, piled one upon the other, will be the bricks with which we will construct our revolutionary New-Soviet America. Now, however, our scaffolding—the Daily Worker—is not as strong as it should and CAN BE. It must be strengthened. That is why we need the 25,000 new subs for the Saturday edition of the Daily. That is why every class-conscious worker should immediately take upon his own shoulders the job of getting as many subs as he can! Are we ready? Then—LET'S GO!

Looking over our office files, we find that as our drive for 25,000 subs begins, we already have 72 subscriptions for the Saturday issue. That leaves only 24,928 more to be gotten by February 1, 1933, which should be hard to get if EVERY subscriber gets a new subscriber and EVERY Party member gets a new reader. When do we announce our first thousand subs?

Here's an item that ought to put life into our campaign! John L. Sprink's sensational exposure of Negro slavery in the Black Belt today—"Georgia Nigger" now being serialized on page 4 of the Daily, will be offered to workers in combination with a one-year sub for the Daily for only \$7. The regular price for the two items is \$8.50. Which means you save twelve bits (\$1.50) by getting the combination offer.

The first ten who take advantage of this unusual offer will receive their copies of "Georgia Nigger" WITH A PERSONAL AUTO-GRAPHED INSCRIPTION BY THE AUTHOR!

STILL MORE GOOD NEWS! A trip to the Soviet Union—in time to witness the May 1 celebration in 1933—will be awarded to the Daily Builder (or Builders) who obtains \$750 worth of subs between now and February 1, 1933. To make it easier, each district will have the right to pool its subs in favor of its most popular candidate for the Atlantic Keep track of your subs and the money you collect, and maybe you'll be in this picture next year!

DEMAND FOOD FOR MARCHERS. Louise Morrison, field organizer for the National Hunger March, demanded that the city council supply the marchers with food, clothing, gas and oil for trucks, when they come through here. She presented the resolution of the Unemployed Council supporting the demands of the marchers and called on the city council to endorse it.

She showed that only 4,000 are working, and those part time, out of 20,000 normally employed by General Electric.

Jack Rand, Communist candidate for assembly in the last elections spoke up, and told of only 3,000 families getting relief out of 10,000 destitute families. Workers owning homes are denied relief. Rent payments are held up. Mrs. Butner, the state expert who put over the Syracuse nine cents a day relief plan is now in Schenectady installing the same system.

City Council Flees. When Morrison finished speaking the city council sat silent for a moment and then one member moved to adjourn. Rand demanded they do not adjourn but take up the issues presented. The city council then recorded the proposals as "received" and hastily adjourned.

Workers present are disgusted with the city council, and pledge to bring pressure to win the demands for care of the National Hunger Marchers.

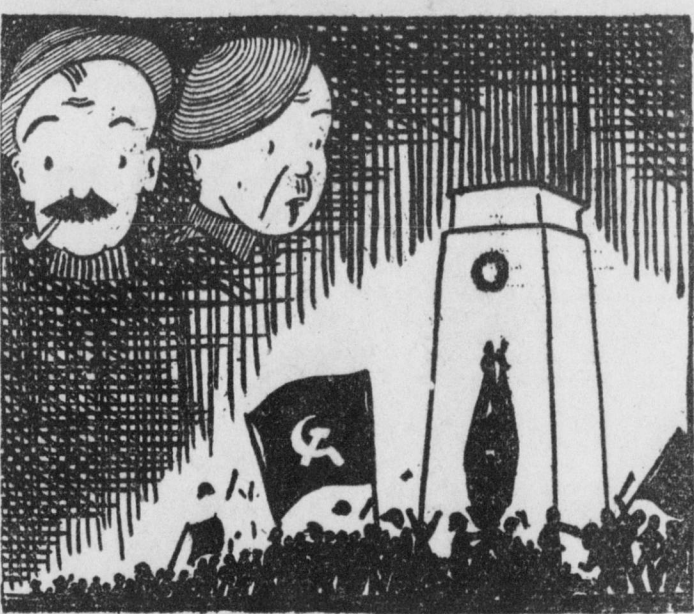
MAY DAY IN MOSCOW P.S.—We've just made all arrangements with a member of the Workers' League (which reminds us, the musicians ought to begin sub work under the slogan: "Every musician gets another musician to read the Daily Worker") to write a theme song for this contest. It will be called "I May Be in Moscow Next May." Contestants will be furnished with words on request, so they can whistle it to keep their spirits up when approaching a neighbor for a new sub!

PICTURES FOR OUR HONOR ROLL We suggest that pictures of the best sub-getters in your district be sent to the DAILY BUILDER, providing their publication does not jeopardize the safety of these comrades. Let's have the photographs as soon as any comrade shows he is worthy of a place in the DAILY BUILDER Honor Roll.

BROCTON, Mass., Nov. 16.—The vote for Foster in this city was 172. The Republican and Democrat were nearly tied with 12,486 and 12,402 respectively. Thomas got 880.

What is your organization doing for the National Hunger March. If it isn't doing anything yet, write the Daily Worker.

BRITISH HUNGER MARCH!



"What are they fighting for, Bill? Little Belgium?" "No, Bert, a little food!"

FORCE MAYOR TO FEED MARCHERS

Many Local Struggles Support Nat'l March. (CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

National Marchers and prepare for their reception in the various cities. Column 1 of the National March which started Sunday from Seattle, is now crossing Montana. Column 2, which started Tuesday from San Francisco, is crossing Nevada. Column 3, which started Monday from Los Angeles, is crossing Arizona. Some of the local struggles in preparation for the arrival of these columns, and five others that will start soon, are described below.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Nov. 17.—Two hundred and fifty jobless doing forced labor for food alone on the streets here, struck yesterday demanding that the county pay their wages. At present they are getting only \$5 grocery orders per week, and nothing else.

Jobless delegates from the anthracite mining centers around Shenandoah will join Column No. 7 of the National Hunger March when it comes through.

Force City to Feed. LA CROSSE, Wis., Nov. 17.—The committee of the Unemployed Council here in united front with the A. F. L. workers has won from the city government a promise of food and lodging for the Northwest column of the National Hunger March when it is in this city. The A. F. of L. building trades council here is helping in preparations.

There will be a demonstration on Friday before the Lacrosse court house to present the demands of the jobless here to the county board of supervisors at its annual meeting. La Crosse delegates to the National Hunger March will be elected at the demonstration.

WEST ALLIS, Wis., Nov. 17.—The delegation of the Unemployed Council here is making demands today on the mayor for a new, and \$50 cash for the National Hunger Marchers.

Collectors Defy Mayor. ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 17.—Workers here are holding their tag days for the National Hunger March in the face of the refusal of Mayor Mahoney, Farmer-Laborite, to give a permit. Three collectors were arrested. Another, Henry Benton, was arrested for appearing as spokesman for a delegation of jobless at a relief station. Police beat up Benton after his arrest.

There will be a big mass demonstration here Nov. 21 for relief and in support of the National Hunger March.

Del. State Hunger March. DOVER, Del., Nov. 17.—Monday 32 state hunger marchers left Wilmington for the capital of Delaware. They held open-air meetings of 300 in Smyrna and 500 in Middletown and got additional delegates there.

The state legislature opened its special session to consider relief for the jobless about noon, Tuesday. A sharp argument with the state police and the Delaware secretary of state was won by the marchers, and the whole delegation came in.

They heard Governor Buck, Republican, who won the election on a promise, "No men and women shall go hungry."

Then, by motion of a legislator, the delegation was given the floor. Green, its first spokesman, contradicted Buck's statement that there are only 16,000 jobless in Delaware. He showed that there are about 40,000. He showed that if the legislature were to adopt the bill before it, supported by Buck, for only \$2,000,000 for a year's relief, it would mean five cents a meal for the jobless. He told of plenty of eviction cases.

Negro Delegation Protests. A Negro delegation, who spoke next, told of the horrible places in which Negroes are Jim-Crowded in Delaware, and the discrimination against them in relief; hundreds of Negro families in Smyrna and Middletown getting none whatever.

Green then presented demands of the jobless for \$10 a week for heads of families and \$3 additional for dependents, no evictions, no shutting off of gas and electricity. He demanded that the \$13,000,000 now held in the treasury be turned over for unemployment relief.

Mass Meeting Outside. The speaker of the legislature called for a motion, and one legislator rose and said the delegation should be assured that their proposals would be seriously considered. Then the delegation was led out of the chamber.

Green and others spoke for an

U. S. Government Passes on Huge Arms Shipments to Bloody Machado in Cuba

50,000 Pounds of Shells to Be Used Against the Toiling Masses

American Bankers Fear Armed Uprising Against Puppet State

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The Cuban Government of the Wall Street butcher, Machado, is buying huge quantities of arms and munitions in the United States for use against the rising revolutionary struggles of the Cuban masses. The Winchester Repeating Arms Company has just made arrangements for the shipment of a 50,000 lb. lot of shells from the port of New York. 30,000 lbs. of the shells is to be shipped at once, with the balance of the order following at an early date.

The shipment has been sanctioned by the Wall Street government which must pass on all shipments of arms and munitions from the country. The United States imperialists, alarmed by reports of increasing revolutionary activities against the Wall Street dictator, Machado, are sending the orders through with the greatest dispatch and giving liberal credit terms to the Cuban government. The greatest secrecy is being maintained as usual on the shipment, but it is understood that the Cuban government stressed the necessity of speed in shipping the munitions.

NEW YORK.—Recent dispatches from Cuba reported armed attacks by workers and peasants on government officials and police in the recent elections, with the burning of voting booths in many sections of the interior in protest against the Machado political machine and its wholesale robbery of votes. The struggles of the starving workers and ruined peasants are also breaking through the Machado terror and causing the greatest alarm to American imperialists.

Pete Borgoyne is shown on his hospital cot as he told of the shooting by deputized militiamen of his fellow worker William Dennison and himself. He was picketing in the southern Illinois coal strike when attacked.



Miner Shot

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LIFE TERMS FOR JAPANESE COMMUNISTS. TOKYO, Oct. 31 (By mail).—Four leaders of the Communist movement in Japan have been sentenced by the Tokyo District Court to life imprisonment, and 185 other party members and sympathizers received sentences totaling 800 years.

The trial of the Communists has been in progress for over two years the court holding 118 sessions. The Communists tried were arrested March 15, 1928 and April 16, 1929 and have been held in jail ever since.

Sanao Gaki, one of the leaders sentenced to life imprisonment, protested on behalf of all the defendants against "the class nature of the trial which is endeavoring to remove the leaders of the Communist movement from their activities." The other Communists to receive life sentences were Mitamura Siro, Iisikawa Shoichi, and Nabayama Sadatsika.

Professor Kabayashi and Yamada Kiyoko Kabayashi were sentenced to 15 and 2 years respectively. From the charge of sympathizing with the Communists.

The streets leading to the court were heavily guarded by detachments of police. Only members of patriotic organizations were admitted to the trial.

These sentences are an expression of the Japanese government's fear of the rising tide of Communism. From university professors to dock laborers, the masses of Japan are gazing eagerly to the land of the future—the Soviet Union, the true Land of the Rising Sun. Never before has terror completely eradicated a revolutionary movement anchored in the masses, and the Japanese ruling class will find that it too will fall.

CULTURE FOR THE WORKERS. All apartment houses in the Soviet Union with more than 1,000 tenants are to install libraries at once; houses with 250 to 1,000 tenants will be served by circulating libraries. Rest rooms will have special reading rooms also served by circulating libraries.

DANZIG ANNEXTION THREATENED. WARSAW (By mail).—The illegal Polish Communist Party has issued a statement against the aims of Polish imperialism. The statement reads: "The Fascist Pilsudski Government has taken another provocative step towards the annexation of Danzig. It has ordered that the railways are to use Polish currency only in the Danzig zone, and that all the Danzig railway personnel, as well as the customs officials, must use Polish as their official language.

Following on the recent economic boycott of Danzig, and the repeated steps for military control of the Danzig harbor, this latest measure cynically and openly reveals the Polish bourgeoisie's repulsive imperialist plans against Danzig, which have been denounced by the Communist Party of Poland.

"This new measure of force against the subject German population of Danzig is likewise another step in Polish imperialism's preparation for a war of intervention in the Soviet Union.

"The Communist Party of Poland also denounces the aid given the Polish imperialists in this action against Danzig by the Fascist P.P.S. (Folk Socialist Party), which has frankly stated its approval of this policy of subjugation.

"The Central Committee of the Communist Party of Poland calls on all workers in Poland, West White Russia, and West Ukraine to fight these new imperialist provocations of Danzig resolutely, to further fight against the robber Treaty of Versailles, and against the Polish occupation of Danzig."

C. E. C. Of the C.P. of Poland. This statement discloses the annexation plans of the Fascist Polish Government, which have been carefully concealed by the capitalist American press. While France hypocritically talks of security, she actually talks of security, and submits an international peace plan at Geneva, her eastern vassal, Poland, cynically proceeds—undoubtedly with French approval, since nothing Poland does is done without France's consent—to occupy and annex the Free State of Danzig. No better comment on imperialism' "disarmament" is required.

Exploit Unemployed at 31c a Day; Save \$4,500 on "Labor"

YAKIMA, Washington, Nov. 17.—Almost 500 workers will be expected to keep themselves and their families on \$1 a day, or 31 cents per day, earned by working on a swimming pool here.

A local boss newspaper headlines this insult as a "great" step in unemployment relief, and carries the headline: "475 men will be at work on pool."

While the cost of the pool, which will be the largest in central Washington, is estimated at \$9,000, the ACTUAL cost will be about \$4,500. SINCERE HALF OF THE TOTAL EXPENDITURE WOULD ORDINARILY GO FOR LABOR," this newspaper explains.

Come out on tag days, Nov. 19 and 20 and help collect funds for the National Hunger March expenses.

League to Defy U.S. in Chaco War

British Score Over U.S. Rivals

With the Bolivians finally succeeding in holding up the advance of the Paraguayans in the undeclared war in the Gran Chaco British imperialism moved yesterday to give more active support to its Paraguayan puppets in the armed struggle which the United States imperialists and their British rivals are waging through the puppet South American governments.

League Sends "Peace" Commission. In opposition to the wishes of the United States imperialists, the League of Nations announced it would consider sending a "peace" commission to the Gran Chaco. The Argentine government officially dissociated itself from the so-called commission of "neutrals" organized under United States hegemony. In a note to the "Neutral Commission" in Washington, the Argentine government declared its unwillingness to join any action implying even diplomatic intervention beyond the offer of good offices unless such action was based on a treaty.

Set Back to U.S. Imperialism. The two simultaneous developments, at Geneva and in Argentina, are a distinct setback for American imperialism and a victory for their British rivals in the struggle for control of the exploitation of the rich oil deposits in the Gran Chaco region.

1,500 IN LUCHOW SLAIN BY PLANES

10,000 Made Homeless in Szechwan War

SHANGHAI, Nov. 17.—Over 1,500 civilians were killed and 10,000 made homeless in the aerial bombardment of the city of Luchow by military planes of General Liu Hsiang in the Generals' war in Szechwan Province. In addition, several thousands were injured by the bombardment. The casualties include many women and children.

The aerial bombardment was accompanied by a vigorous assault from the Lu River by Gen. Liu's gunboats and a fleet of 70 junks crowded with troops. The attack was beaten off, Gen. Liu's forces losing 1,000 men when 25 of the heavily laden junks were sunk by artillery fire. Over 30,000 troops are involved in the civil war.

At the same time, Tibetan troops are armed and instigated by the British imperialists, are pushing an invasion of Szechwan Province with the ultimate objective of attacking the Chinese Soviet Power.

Burma Voters Hit British Scheme to Divide Up India

LONDON, Nov. 17.—Those Burmese able to vote under the limited franchise scheme of British imperialism, overwhelmingly rejected the British plan to separate Burma from India in the Burmese general elections yesterday. Anti-separatist candidates won 39 seats in the Provincial Legislature, as against 29 for the candidates supporting the British scheme and nine for the "neutrals" who refused to commit themselves on the plan.

The British National Government headed by Ramsay MacDonald, is planning to ignore the expressed wishes of the electorate and to push its scheme for separating Burma from India under the pretext of extending a greater measure of "self-rule."

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Build Party Through Hunger March

ABOVE the country the columns of the Hunger Marchers are swinging into action. The masses are being deeply stirred by the local struggles for relief and the unification of the movement on a national scale by the march to Washington.

In the midst of all these actions, everywhere we find among the most active leaders and organizers the Communists and their sympathizers. The toiling masses are learning through the experiences of their struggle that the Communist Party is the most reliable guide, leader and organizer of the fight.

The Communist Party is still a relatively small organization. In order to meet the tremendous tasks thrown upon it by these mass actions, it must grow and renew itself. And especially must the Communist Party draw into its ranks all of the most active, loyal, honest and reliable workers who come forward from the masses as leaders of these great struggles.

This means that in the preparations and carrying through of the Hunger March, and all other mass actions, the members of the Communist Party and the Party fractions and units must carry on an energetic recruiting campaign. One of the most important slogans of the Party at this moment is the slogan "Build the Party; Let Every Member Bring in at Least One New Member."

The building of the Party in the midst of the Hunger March will strengthen and consolidate the march itself. It will be a big help in the task of establishing new Unemployed Councils in every city and town through which the march passes. It will help to consolidate all the existing Unemployed Councils and strengthen them for their local struggles. It will help to build the farmers' organizations and develop the farmers' fight for the possession of his farm and to avoid starvation. It will help the veterans to build a really strong ex-servicemen's movement for the bonus and ward off the threatened attacks against their disability allowances.

For the solution of every problem that faces the working class, it is necessary to make as our starting point and our conclusion, to strengthen and build the Communist Party which represents the interests of the toiling masses as a whole, which is the organized leadership and vanguard in the struggle against starvation, which is the only Party which leads on the revolutionary road to a solution of all the problems of the toiling masses and the creation of a Socialist society.

Workers, farmers and veterans, join the Communist Party!

The Morning Freiheit Must Be Saved!

AT such a time as this, when the toiling masses in ever larger numbers are in action against the hunger and war program of the capitalist class, the revolutionary press must be made to become and increasingly powerful weapon for guidance and organization. Every day should see greater support for our press. The workers and farmers, Negro and white, native-born and foreign-born are looking to our press for guidance in their every-day struggles. Yet, at such a moment, we find indispensable organs of our revolutionary press facing the actual threat of death.

This statement of the Central Committee which is as follows must be a warning signal to save the Freiheit!

Comrades! The Morning Freiheit campaign for funds has not yielded the necessary results. Aid has been slow in coming. The mobilization of the workers to save the Morning Freiheit has not proceeded as vigorously as circumstances demand.

Today the Morning Freiheit finds itself in a more difficult and more dangerous position than at the beginning of the campaign. Debts are mounting. Payments, long deferred, cannot be made. Other obligations cannot be met. The obstacles in the way of the continuation of the Morning Freiheit are becoming insurmountable and suspension threatens every minute. As a matter of fact, there was a suspension for half a day on November 16.

Suspension of the publication of the Morning Freiheit would be a blow not only to the Jewish workers but to the revolutionary movement of this country as a whole. Suspension of the publication of the Morning Freiheit would amount to a catastrophe on the front of the class struggle.

The Morning Freiheit is a mass organ of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the U. S. A. It is fighting in specific social surroundings, saturated with social-fascism, with the most pernicious social-nationalism, which aims at undermining the fighting energy of the workers through the slogan of "national unity".

The Jewish workers and the workers generally must do their utmost to save the Morning Freiheit. At the present moment, when the tide of the class struggle is rising ever higher, when the workers have to fight in great masses and with great determination for every piece of bread, for every cent of relief, when larger and larger numbers of workers have to be drawn into the class struggle for the purpose of defending the very lives of millions of toilers in the face of the brutal and bloody attacks of the capitalists and their government, the task of saving the Morning Freiheit is particularly urgent.

It must be borne in mind that it is just the kind of struggles that are led by the Morning Freiheit and Daily Worker that have secured the little unemployment relief given at present here and there.

Miserably, inadequate as this relief may be, it amounts to tens of millions of dollars and it is a direct result of the workers' struggles in which the workers' press occupies the forefront.

The workers' press must live! The Morning Freiheit must live!

Every mass organization, every worker, employed or unemployed, must do his utmost, whether in his shop, in his organization, or in the circle of his friends and acquaintances, to collect funds for the Morning Freiheit.

Aid must come in substantial quantities, and at once.

Raise higher the banner of the Morning Freiheit everywhere! Long live the Morning Freiheit!

CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY, U. S. A.

Endangers Charity Profits; Arrested Socialist "Decline" Jamestown Challenge

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—The community chest of Long Beach has definitely exposed itself as an anti-worker relief organization, as is shown in the arrest of Denton Limbaugh, an American worker.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 16.—The Socialist Party here has declined to debate the Communist Party on the following issues: (1) that the Socialist Party is the third capitalist party; (2) that the Socialist Party is the betrayer of the working class; (3) that the Socialist Party was financing and organizing a counter-revolutionary work in the Soviet Union to overthrow the workers' and peasants' government; (4) that the Socialist Party is helping the capitalist-bloc-aid, which means to put the burden of the capitalist crisis on the shoulders of the working class; and (5) that the Socialist Party is helping the capitalist war.

Only Path to Liberation of Negro Masses

NEGRO LIBERATION, by James S. Allen. International Pamphlets No. 23, 10 cents.

Reviewed by MILTON HOWARD

THE workers of America will not be able to overthrow the rule of their exploiters, the American capitalists, if they do not win over to their side the 10,000,000 oppressed Negro workers from whom American capitalism sweats even greater profits than it does from the white workers. And, conversely, the Negro workers will never be able to win their freedom from all oppression without the aid of the millions of American white workers and small farmers. It is therefore obvious that a proper understanding of the Negro question as a basis for correct action is absolutely vital for all workers, Negro and white. Tremendously important as this understanding is, it is not too much to say that before appearance of this pamphlet it was impossible to obtain in compact form a popular Communist analysis of the whole question. But this pamphlet takes up the whole question, its beginnings, its history, its development and its present status, thus providing the key to an understanding of why the Communist Party demands and fights for "Equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt."

KEEN HISTORICAL ANALYSIS

James S. Allen, who is also the author of another pamphlet in this series, "The American Negro," correctly insists that to consider the Negro question in America from a Marxist-Leninist viewpoint means to consider it historically. He shows by keen historical analysis that the Negro people are a developing nation. But what is a nation? Allen gives a good summary of Stalin's teaching on this question. A nation is a historically developed, permanent community of people having a common language, a common history, a common economic and cultural life, and living on a common territory. By the end of the Civil War the Negroes already had many of the elements of a nation. And by 1900, with the development of a Negro petty-bourgeoisie and class antagonisms among the Negro people, the Negroes, says Allen, "had already developed all the characteristics of a nation of an oppressed nationality." In other words, the Negro masses in the Black Belt constitute today a young nation whose tremendous cultural and social forces American capitalism is trying to strangle in order to preserve the tremendous super-profits which it sweats out of the Negro toiling masses.

THE DYING ORDER

Then Gorky himself appeared on the stage. He had been noticed among the audience and, finally yielding to the continuous stormy applause, he stepped to the stage to acknowledge the ovation. Grey and somewhat stooped, but still sturdy in appearance, he bowed awkwardly, obviously embarrassed by all this fuss about himself. He did not make a speech, and it was hardly necessary for him to add anything to the play. For two acts the audience had been witnessing a masterly portrayal of the decay of capitalism on the eve of the October Revolution. In the person of the unscrupulous, greedy merchant, Egor Bulchev, the audience recognized the composite portrait of Russian capitalism, and in his agony of body and spirit (Bulchev was dying of cancer) one could easily read the doom of the old order. The crafty charlatan Gavriila (Gabriel), who undertook to cure Bulchev by the simple process of blowing the trumpet and thus expelling the "bad air" from his decayed vitals, blew with all his might, the orchestra caught up and augmented the ominous sounds of the trumpet, and with the fall of the curtain one felt as if the very walls of the old order came tumbling down.

THE Communists all over the world fight for self-determination for all nations. In the Soviet Union they have put this theory into practice. Allen's chapter on this problem is exceptionally clear. He shows that Communists believe in bringing all nations closely together in one international unity. But he points out, quoting Lenin, that a "fusion of nations on a truly democratic, truly international basis is unthinkable without the freedom of separation. . . . The working class strives to bring all nations closely together, to fuse them, but it intends to bring that about not by the use of force, but only by a free, brotherly union of the workers and toiling masses of all nations."

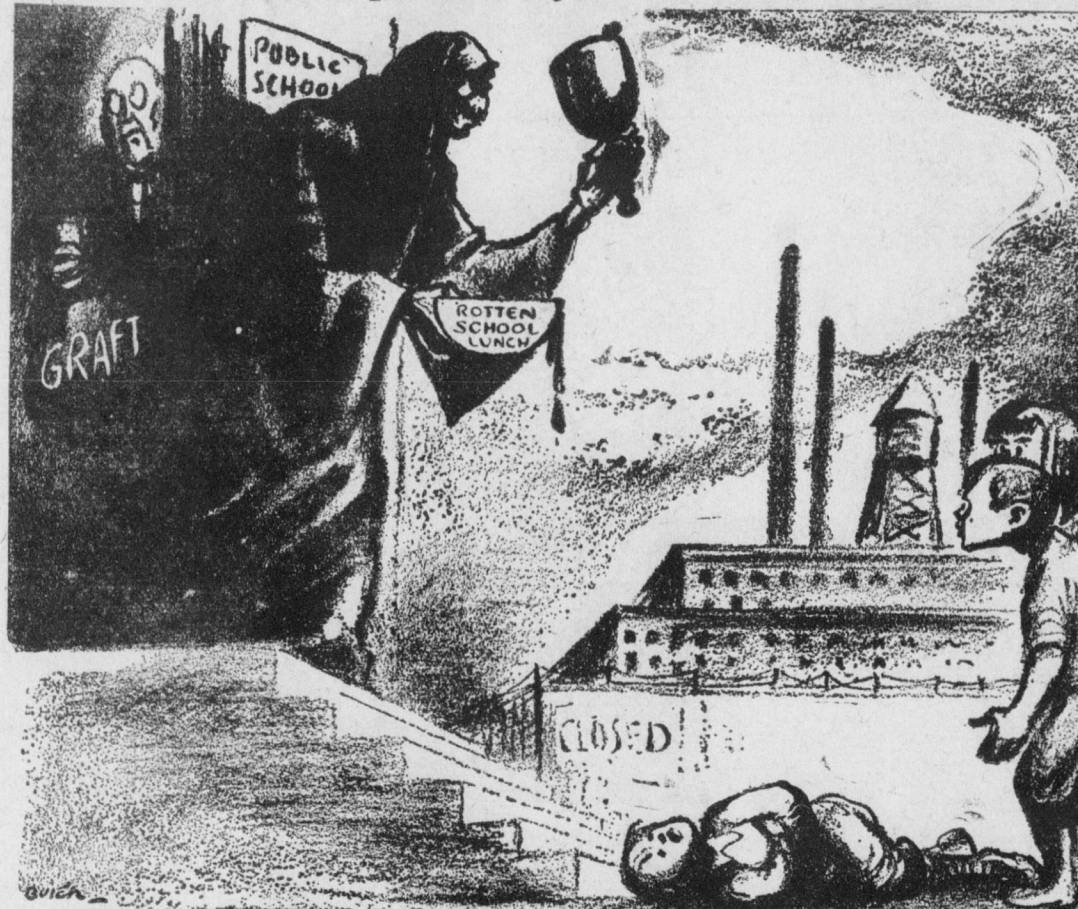
WHAT SELF-DETERMINATION MEANS

Then the author goes on to show how this conception applies to the Negroes of this country. He says: "The right of self-determination means that the Negro people in the Black Belt, where they have formed the majority of the population for many generations and where they have developed as a people, have the right to set up a republic of the Black Belt in which the Negroes would exercise governmental authority (and where they would have a minority which would have full equal rights with the Negroes) and determine for themselves whether their country should be federated to the United States or have complete political independence. . . . The Communist Party strives to unite the Negro toilers and the white masses of the country, but this objective cannot be reached until the Negroes have the freedom—which they do not have now—to enter of their own free will and without coercion into such a union." It is obvious from this how reactionary and false is the propaganda of the Socialists, especially Norman Thomas, that is to keep the Negro masses in the Southern States, that self-determination means segregation, when it actually means the opposite, complete freedom and absolute equality.

THE only path to liberation for the Negro and white workers is the path of revolutionary unity under the leadership of the Communist Party.

This is the lesson which Allen points out is forced upon us by the situation today and the history of the Negro masses in America.

The Bankers' Municipal Economy!



NEWS ITEM—Three children in P. S. 57, New York, have been poisoned by the rotten meals dished out to them. One is already dead. . . .

Gorky—The 40th Anniversary of His Literary Activities

Soviet Masses Honor Great Proletarian Writer; "Task of John Reed Clubs to Popularize His Work in U.S.A."

By N. BUCHWALD (Daily Worker Correspondent)

"Blow your trumpet, Gabriel, the world is coming to an end!" shouted the hero of Gorky's new play ("Egor Bulchev and Others") at the stirring conclusion of the magnificent second act, and the audience leaped to its feet. The magic of Gorky's artistry, the wisdom of his character portrayal and the vigor of his revolutionary spirit had overwhelmed them.

THE DYING ORDER

Then Gorky himself appeared on the stage. He had been noticed among the audience and, finally yielding to the continuous stormy applause, he stepped to the stage to acknowledge the ovation. Grey and somewhat stooped, but still sturdy in appearance, he bowed awkwardly, obviously embarrassed by all this fuss about himself. He did not make a speech, and it was hardly necessary for him to add anything to the play. For two acts the audience had been witnessing a masterly portrayal of the decay of capitalism on the eve of the October Revolution. In the person of the unscrupulous, greedy merchant, Egor Bulchev, the audience recognized the composite portrait of Russian capitalism, and in his agony of body and spirit (Bulchev was dying of cancer) one could easily read the doom of the old order. The crafty charlatan Gavriila (Gabriel), who undertook to cure Bulchev by the simple process of blowing the trumpet and thus expelling the "bad air" from his decayed vitals, blew with all his might, the orchestra caught up and augmented the ominous sounds of the trumpet, and with the fall of the curtain one felt as if the very walls of the old order came tumbling down.

Undoubtedly, the effect of the play was heightened by the circumstance that throughout the Soviet Union preparations were going on for the celebration of the fortieth anniversary of Gorky's literary activity. Indeed, the premiere of "Egor Bulchev and Others" was given on the very eve of the formal Gorky celebration at the Bolshoi Theatre where the working-class representatives of the Party, the government, the trade unions, the Red Army, the literary and scientific societies of the workers and peasants republic paid glowing tribute to the great talent and the equally great revolutionary fighting heart of the veterans of proletarian literature.

ON the 25th of September, when the celebration at the Bolshoi Theatre took place, most of the Soviet papers were filled with articles on the Gorky anniversary. Throughout the land of workers and peasants the proletarian press acknowledged the great service rendered by Gorky to the working class and its struggle for emancipation. High praise, expressed in words of human warmth and affection, came from the workers, from the Central Committee of the Party, the Council of People's Commissars, the Revolutionary Military Council, the Commissariat of Education. To these were added personal greetings by Comrade Stalin, who wrote:

"I heartily congratulate you and firmly shake your hand. I wish you many long years of life and work, to the joy of all toilers and to the fear of the enemies of the working class."

Among those to greet Gorky was the immortal leader of the workers' revolution, Lenin. The papers featured Lenin's high opinion of Gorky as a proletarian writer. At the time when the Mensheviks were trying to belittle Gorky as a proletarian writer and were showering upon him the slanderous praise of being a writer "for all classes," Lenin wrote (in 1910): "M. Gorky is undoubtedly the greatest representative of proletarian art who has done much for it and can do still more."

YES, A PARTY WRITER!

Taunting the bourgeois critics who maintain that the Communist Party "owns" the Russian writers body and soul and thus devalues their creative substance, Gorky has proved the opposite. It is precisely during his years of close association with the revolutionary labor movement, when he was "owned" by the party of Lenin, that Gorky became the great writer that he is today, the world-famous literary artist whom even the bourgeois critics are forced to recognize as one of the greatest writers of all time. It is during that period that he has "become closely attached to the labor movement of Russia and the world" (Lenin). And during these years of struggle against capitalism, against reaction, against capitalist oppression which devalued the best creative forces of the Russian masses, Gorky grew in stature as a writer, not despite his association with the revolutionary movement, but precisely because of it. This circumstance is indeed very irksome to the bourgeois critics who would like in Gorky's instance to make out a case against "propaganda in art." For Gorky's great artistry derives its importance and vitality precisely from the fact that it is at the same time great and far-reaching propaganda.

his personality. On the occasion of Gorky's literary anniversary a whole body of Gorky criticism has grown up almost overnight. When published in book form some of the leading essays on Gorky will constitute a great contribution to the study of proletarian literature in general and of Gorky in particular. You take at random an article in Pravda, organ of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, and your attention is arrested on a passage like this:

"Gorky's stories (of the earlier period) are grave indictments against the bourgeois order which turns the majority of mankind into warped and crushed human beings. His is not the sadness of Chekhov, it is the rebellious and wrathful art of the new class that has turned his attention upon the contradictions of society and seeks a revolutionary solution of these contradictions. The art of the young Gorky was a portentous art; it commanded the attention of the entire world, it conquered East and West with the tremendous power of Gorky's talent and gathered around itself millions of new readers, who for the first time learned of the existence of an art of the oppressed class. The exceptional success of even the earlier stories of Gorky is the historical success of the proletariat which for the first time spoke out with such a powerful voice in the realm of art. In Gorky's person the working class gained a creative writer whom even the bourgeois society could not ignore. Gorky alarmed the bourgeois critics and the bourgeois reader, he went forth against them with the ideology of a proletarian writer who mercilessly exposed the capitalist system, emphasizing its inevitable doom and the growing power of the proletariat." (S. Dinamov, "The Struggle of the Mensheviks Against Gorky," Pravda, Sept. 25.)

EVEN now some of the bourgeois and social-fascist critics would like to see in Gorky a great "humanitarian" writer gone wrong. But as early as 1914 Maxim Gorky emphatically rejected the Menshevik and (Trotskyite) theory that the proletariat cannot create its own culture and must rely upon the intelligentsia for its spiritual food. Writing about a collection of stories of proletarian writers, published in 1914, Gorky stated:

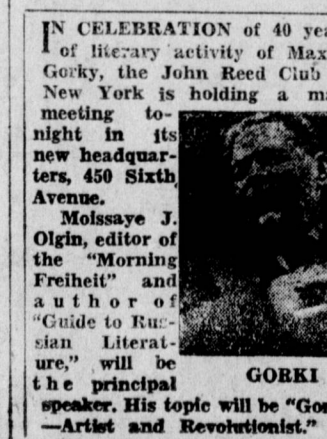
"In time this little volume will be referred to as one of the first steps of the Russian proletariat toward the creation of its own literature. Some will say skeptically that this is an idle dream, that such a literature never existed anywhere. . . . I am firmly convinced that the proletariat can create its own literature, just as it has created with great effort and at great sacrifice its own press."

Gorky himself contributed in no small measure toward the creation of such a literature. Not only have his works served as an inspiration to the younger generation of proletarian writers, but his tireless efforts on behalf of proletarian culture, his constant encouragement of creative effort on the part of the workers and peasants, his profound faith in the dominant creative forces of the masses waiting to be released and given expression—all this has made Gorky not merely a proletarian writer but a veritable builder of proletarian culture. It is this Gorky that was honored by the masses; it is Gorky the builder, the inspiring and inspired revolutionist that has become the trusted friend of millions of workers at home and abroad.

LEADER OF PROLETARIAN LITERATURE

The American workers, too, should know and appreciate their Gorky, for he is theirs as much as he is Russian. He is a leader in proletarian literature, he is a tireless fighter against capitalism with all

IN CELEBRATION of 40 years of literary activity of Maxim Gorky, the John Reed Club of New York is holding a mass meeting to-night in its new headquarters, 450 Sixth Avenue.



Maksym G. Gorky, editor of the "Morning Freiheit" and author of "Guide to Russian Literature," will be the principal speaker. His topic will be "Gorky—Artist and Revolutionist."

By Burck

NEGRO SLAVERY TODAY

John L. Spivak's Stirring Novel "GEORGIA NIGGER"

NOTE—"Georgia Nigger" is a smashing exposure of the hideous persecution and national oppression of the Negro masses. The Daily Worker is reluctantly opposed to the white ruling class term, "nigger," and to the oppression and contemptuous treatment of Negroes which it symbolizes. The author shares this view, but in order to paint a true picture of these horrible conditions, he considered it necessary to use this term as otherwise he would have put into the mouths of the boss henchmen terms of respect for Negroes which they do not use.—Editor.

INSTALLMENT 16.

THE STORY SO FAR:—Legally kidnapped by the county authorities at the behest of the powerful white planter, Jim Deering, who needs cotton pickers, five Negroes, including David Jackson, son of the poor share-cropper, Doc Jackson, are forced, under threat of being sentenced to the chain-gang, to accept Deering's offer to pay \$25 fine for each of them as advances against wages. Ominous tales are told about Deering's plantation, which is actually a slave camp ruled by terror. One of David's fellow-slaves, Limpy Rivers, is shot dead by Deering for talking back to him, while another, High Yaller, is beaten in the most brutal manner. David has made friends with Walter Freedman, known as Cooky, husband of the cook, Mary Lou, and he discusses with him the chances of escape. Now continue:

MARY LOU joined them. "What yo' conspirin' about?" she demanded. "Y'all look serious enough to be figgerin' on runnin' away."

"Dat's jes' what we was figgerin'," Freedman said guardedly. "Man!" she exclaimed. "You gone clean out o' yo' head? What you mean messin' round wid dat idee? What you gonner do wit me an' I'll Harrison? Why we go? Why we eat an' sleep? How we git outer dis heah county? You crazy?"

"IT'S ALRIGHT FOR A BOY" Her husband nodded in agreement. "Runnin' away ain' fo' a man wid a wife an' chile," she continued excitedly. "You cain' even git outer dis county w'out bein' ketched an' all you'll git'll be a whippin'. Hit's alright fo' a boy to run away. He kin sleep in de woods or de swamps, but man, you cain' tek a chile inter no swamps."

"What we gonner do?" he asked. "Stay heah fo' de res o' our life?" "You gatter stay some place. Nobody mekkin' you no trouble. What you wan' to go lookin' fo' hit fo'? You got a house an' wuk an' food an' cloze. What you wan' A thousan' dollars?"

FREEDMAN did not answer. She turned to David. "When you fixin' to go?" "Fus' chance I git. Ain' no sense stayin' heah waitin' tur git beat up."

"No. I reck'n dey ain'. Dat's right." "I'd go dis minute if I had a chance."

"Law, dey's plenty chances. Jes' tell Charlie you got a date wif one o' de gals up at de big house. He let you go, an' you jes' keeps right on goin'."

"Yeah? An' Charlie'll say 'Whey's dat gal? W'en you got a chance tude her up?' an' den I git slapped all aroun'."

"Yeah. Dat's right." She nodded sympathetically. "I tell you what. You bin comin' here an' mekkin' my acquaintance. You tell him you got a date wif me."

"WE'VE GOT TO HELP!" Freedman looked up, startled. "We gatter hep' dis boy," she exclaimed.

ESCAPE The boy returned to the barracks. Stars glowed in the sky and the lanterns covered the stockade with a mellow light. He rolled cigarette after cigarette nervously.

Mary Lou's dark figure came out of her cabin and passed the guard's shack. David heard his steps on the hard clay. He wanted to look back when he passed the gate, but restrained himself. He strolled leisurely up the road to the clump of live oaks tall against a distant background of wood.

Mary Lou stepped out of the shadows. "Here you is, boy!" she called cheerfully. She took his arm. "Here's de path," she explained, pointing to a faint width at their feet. "Hit tuns rou'n' an' gits off three ways."

SHE stood close to him. Her lips touched his. "Boy!" she exclaimed with a high giggle. "What you shakin' lak dat fo'? You ain' scairt, is you?" "No," he said.

"I reck'n I'd bes' show you so's you cain' git los'," she announced. She took his hand. They walked into a tangle of uncutivated barberries. She threw her arms about his neck and her breasts were warm and pliant and her breath hot on his face.

"I reck'n we'll start you off right," she laughed. "If you's gonner have a date wif me you might jes' as well have hit!" (Continued Tomorrow.)

LEFT TO FIND HIS WAY ALONE THROUGH THE SWAMPS IN THE DARK, WILL DAVID SUCCEED IN MAKING HIS ESCAPE? OR WILL HE BE CAUGHT AND BROUGHT BACK TO THE WHITE PLANTER'S MURKIER FARM TO BE OUSTURED AS HIGH YALLER WAS? BE SURE AND READ TOMORROW'S INSTALLMENT!

ROOSEVELT BACKS TORTURE AND NEGRO PEONAGE—Governor Roosevelt at Atlanta, Ga., during the election campaign, in a car with Governor Richard B. Russell (left) of Georgia and Hugh Powell (center), national democratic committeeman from Georgia. In his speech at Atlanta, one of his usual false liberal splices, Roosevelt did not say a word about the chain-gang tortures, the slave farms, the lynching and disfranchisement of Negroes in Georgia. Roosevelt, whose winter home in Georgia is only a few miles from one of the worst chain-gang camps, is the representative of the very democratic party which operates this whole system of national oppression of the Negroes, a system which has produced such outrages as the Scottsboro case, the murder frame-up of the Negro worker, Euel Lee, and the arrest on a charge of "melting to insurrection" of the leader of the Atlanta unemployed, the Negro worker, Herndon. It is Roosevelt's job, in fact, to maintain this murderous system.

plained. "If niggers doan hep' each other, why dey git hep'?" "Yeah. I reck'n dat's right," he said thoughtfully.

"Sho. Tell Charlie you got a date wif me. Den w'en Walter goes to bed I walks out in de woods so Charlie kin see me. You ask him if you kin go. We nacherly cain' come back together. I think of de spirit an' hit ain' my fault if you doan come back."

"Den Charlie'll git fresh wif you," her husband objected. "He'll git his hand busted right quick if he do," she laughed.

FREEDMAN knocked the ashes from his cold pipe into the palm of a hand. "Well, I reck'n if you fixin' to go, you'd bes' go," he said quietly.

of its inhumanities, he is still the "Harbinger of Storm," as one of his early poems is called. It should be the task of our proletarian writers, of our John Reed Clubs to popularize Gorky among the masses of workers, to bring to them something of the spirit and the fire that animates the work of this champion of the toiling masses of mankind.

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