

1. Unemployment and Social Insurance at the expense of the state and employers.
2. Against Hoover's wage-cutting policy.
3. Emergency relief for the poor farmers without restrictions by the government and banks; exemption of poor farmers from taxes, and no forced collection of rents or debts.

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.
(Section of the Communist International)

4. Equal rights for the Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt.
5. Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers.
6. Against imperialist war; for the defense of the Chinese people and of the Soviet Union.

Vol. IX, No. 147

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1917

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 21, 1932

CITY EDITION

Price 3 Cents

LEADING U. S. WRITERS DENOUNCE DIES BILL; N. Y. MEET TOMORROW

Dreiser, Gold, Anderson, Steffens, Members of Committee Which Issues Statement

Union Square Protest Tomorrow at 6:30; Four Meetings Held in Cleveland

BULLETIN

NEW YORK.—A tremendous demonstration is expected here when thousands of workers will gather at Union Square tomorrow evening at 6:30 to protest against the Dies Bill. The meeting is being called jointly by the International Labor Defense and the Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born.

HOOVER-GREEN FOR WAGE CUT FURLOUGH PLAN

House Expected to Pass Blow at Gov't Employees

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The acceptance by the House of Representatives of the plan to furlough all governmental employees for one month without pay, was indicated here today. President Hoover insisted that this plan is supported by William Green, of the American Federation of Labor, as being "in keeping" with his suggestion for a five-day week.

This plan is more vicious than the direct wage-cut of 11 per cent originally incorporated by the House of Representatives in the "economy" bill. Not only does it mean that all governmental employees will be deprived of their pay for one month, which in itself amounts a drastic wage-cut, but it calls for increased speed-up resulting undoubtedly in the displacement of many workers.

The Green slogan of the "five-day week" is with consequent wage reductions in them welcomed by the capitalists and their government. It is a wage cutting measure.

Representative LaGuardia approves of this stagger system but pretends to be fighting for a half-month furlough instead of a whole month furlough. His stand, which is the stand of the so-called progressives, indicates therefore that the House of Representatives is now almost unanimously in favor of the plan which will be incorporated in the economy bill instead of the direct 11 per cent wage cut.

The only controversial point is the extent of the furlough and it is clear that this point will be cleared out by compromise. The prevailing opinion here is that the House will pass the plan with slight modifications.

VIOLENT FIGHTS IN GERMAN CITIES

12000 More Communist Votes in Hesse

BERLIN, June 20.—The result of yesterday's Hesse Diet elections were unfavorable. The Communist Party gained seven mandates, lost three but gained 12,000 votes on the low record registered at the second stage of the presidential elections.

Fascists plus Nationalists failed to win a majority. The Social Democrats gained two seats probably at the expense of the Socialist Workers Party, which lost half the poll.

The fascists gained five seats, the Catholics remained stable, the middle parties dropped three seats despite their amalgamation.

The week-end saw unusually violent collisions everywhere. Organized fascist demonstrations at Munich in defiance of the police prohibition resulted in collisions with mounted and foot police at many points. Five hundred uniformed fascists were arrested. Several policemen were injured.

Collisions in Many Towns. A similar fascist attempt to demonstrate at Cologne resulted in fierce collisions with the police using batons and revolvers. Many were injured and arrested. The fascist headquarters were raided and occupied.

Fierce collisions between fascists, revolutionary workers, Reichsbanner, etc., took place at Barmen, where a Communist was stabbed, two fascists were sent to the hospital and many workers arrested; at Elberfeld, where many were injured, including two policemen.

REAL DEMOCRACY IN THE SOVIET UNION; THE MAILED FIST IN CAPITALIST U.S.



Two photographs which contrast vividly the real democracy enjoyed by the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union with the capitalist dictatorship in the U. S. Photo (left) shows Michael Kalinin, president of the Central Committee of the Soviet Government discussing with a group of peasants and workers the day-to-day problems and grievances which they are presenting to him. On right, ex-servicemen, victims of the imperialist war and the capitalist crisis, excluded from the senate where their so-called representatives were preparing to deny them their back wages in the form of th Bonus.

Japanese Seize China Revenues at Darien

Move Designed to Strengthen Strangle-Hold On Manchuria

The Japanese have launched a move to strengthen their economic strangle-hold on Manchuria by the seizure of customs revenues which hitherto have been transmitted to the Nanking Government.

The move is initiated through the puppet Manchoukuo Government set up in Manchuria by the Japanese. The seizure of these revenues is to be carried out under the pretense of tariff autonomy for the "independent state" of Manchoukuo.

The revenues affected are those collected at the port of Darien in the Japanese leased territory. Customs revenues collected in Manchuria proper already had been seized by the Japanese puppet state. Under a 1907 agreement with China, the Japanese are "bound" to treat Darien customs revenues as an integral part of Chinese customs.

With typical imperialist hypocrisy the Japanese are now loudly proclaiming their "honorable intentions" to observe this agreement. At the very time that the Japanese officials holding all the key positions in the Manchoukuo Government are proceeding to scrap the agreement, these protestations of "honorable intentions" are being made because the Japanese fear that their seizure of the Darien revenues will bring sharp protests from the United States and Great Britain.

These two imperialist powers want to make sure that all Nanking Government will finance the loans they advanced to repay the Nanking butchers in their murderous campaigns against the revolutionary masses of the Chinese Soviet districts. The Darien revenues were applied to the liquidation of foreign debts.

The Japanese Foreign Office has therefore declared its neutrality, pretending that the customs dispute is confined solely to Nanking and the Manchoukuo Government, which is a puppet of Japan.

500 ON SHIP HIT LYNCH VERDICTS

ILLD Appeals for Funds for Scottsboro

AMSTERDAM, Holland, June 20 (By Radio).—It is estimated that a quarter of a million listeners heard Mrs. Ada Wright give her Scottsboro speech over the radio. It reached over into Germany and Belgium, as well as throughout Holland. Many letters were received by Mrs. Wright expressing solidarity with her in her fight for the liberty of the Scottsboro boys.

NEW YORK.—A radiogram to the International Labor Defense from workers on board the S.S. York reports the holding of a Scottsboro protest meeting on board the vessel. The meeting voted to send the following protest radiogram to the U. S. Supreme Court at Washington, D. C.:

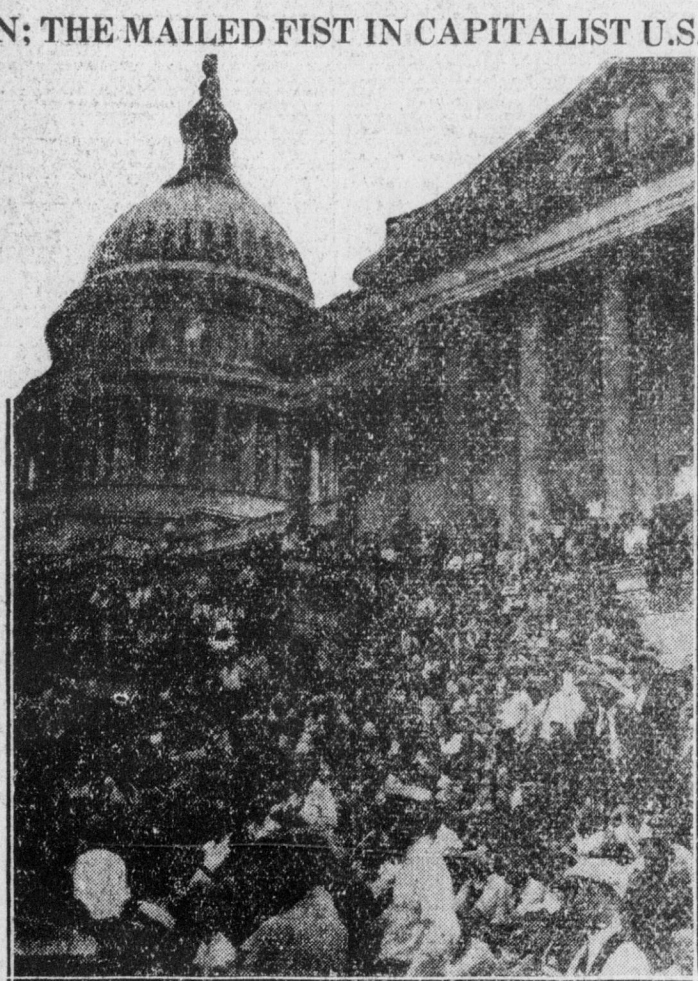
"We, five hundred workers in mass meeting aboard S.S. York in mid-ocean en route from Galveston, Texas to Bremen, Germany, vehemently protest assassination of the nine Scottsboro boys. We demand immediate and unconditional release of all class war prisoners."

The radiogram to the ILLD announced that a full report of the meeting would follow by mail.

NEW YORK.—"And now that we have finally succeeded in getting the case before the United States Supreme Court," reads a letter to the Scottsboro boys from the International Labor Defense, "we must continue, yes, we must make even a much greater fight than we have made up to the present time. We must get together more millions of workers throughout the entire world to demand your release. Only in this way will we be able to succeed in getting you boys out of prison finally."

This is the promise the International Labor Defense has given the Scottsboro boys. The formal receipt from the Alabama authorities of the papers granting an official stay of the execution has already been received by the ILLD national office—papers demanded by the Supreme Court acceptance of the case for review. But there must be no relaxing of efforts!

Rush contributions to the International Labor Defense, Room 430, 799 Broadway, New York City.



An American Worker Answers "Buy Now" Bunk

The following letter, printed recently in the Los Angeles Times, speaks for itself. It also speaks for many millions of other American workers:

"The other day your paper printed a cartoon with the caption, 'Spend Like An American.' I am an American. My people came to Pennsylvania in 1757. One of them was an army teamster at Valley Forge. Last week I earned 50 cents, the week before \$3.50, four weeks no work at all. The point is I still have 75 cents. I want to spend it like an American, but how in hell shall I spend it? One tooth is gone from my lower plate—shall I get a new one? My watch crystal is cracked—shall I replace it? I want to do the right thing. Perhaps I should pay for my home or buy a car. Can you advise me?"

"EARL JAYSON STROCK."

SHOE WORKERS REFUSE TO SCAB

Four Brought from Mass. by I. Miller

NEW YORK.—A very interesting story was told to the I. Miller Shoe strikers yesterday morning by four shoe workers from Haverhill, Mass. One of them was notified by Watson, a Board of Trade agent, to come to work for I. Miller and bring along many lasters as he could reach. This worker came to New York with three more lasters. When they reported for the job they asked the boss what sort of tricks he was up to, by calling workers from out of town to come scabbing in New York.

"As long as there is a picket line, we shall not work," one worker said. "I am 30 years in the trade and never took somebody's job away, and never will."

Strikers gave Rosenberg, organizer of the Union, a rousing welcome on his return from Long Island Jail for strike duty. Rosenberg and Plecan served a ten-day sentence. He was sentenced by Judge Georgio of Long Island Magistrate's Court for his strike activity.

Miller is now resorting to another scheme of fooling the workers. Special deliveries are being sent out to the strikers to report to the office of the firm. The purpose is to make them sign statements that they want to go to work, but they are kept out against their will. The strikers are warned to ignore these letters and bring them to the Strike Committee.

Stir Up War Fever with Earhart Welcome

NEW YORK.—Amelia Earhart, who flew across the Atlantic in a plane, was welcomed here yesterday by Mayor Walker with the army, navy and marine corps, an aerial parade, and all the other noise and stir which capitalist governments use to whip up war hysteria.

STRIKE SKALER JOB

NEW YORK.—Twelve painters, the whole crew, of Skaler Construction Co. struck at noon yesterday against a wage cut from \$6 a day to \$5. The company is located at 1177 Anderson Ave., Bronx.

REVEAL LEAGUE CONSORTED WITH WHITE GUARDISTS

Considered "Useful" Against U.S.S.R.

The Commission of the League of Nations sent to Manchuria under the pretense of conducting an "investigation of Sino-Japanese relations", have been engaging in fraternal conversations with the white guard murderer in Manchuria.

This was let out by Gen. Claudel, the French representative on the commission in a statement praising the czarist bandits and declaring that they "can be useful" in a war against the Soviet Union.

Close Connection. This close connection of the League of Nations commission with the white guardists was inadvertently blurted out in a new item in the June 19th issue of "Russkaya Gazeta", a monarchist white guard weekly sheet published in New York.

The news story follows: "Harbin—The reporter of a large Russian newspaper Zarya, was received by the French consul, M. Renaud, who stated,

"The representative of France in the commission of the League of Nations, Gen. Claudel, has related to me not only his own impressions, but also the impressions of the other members of the commission,

"The entire commission considers its journey into Manchuria very interesting and very important. Among other things, this journey has compelled many to think about this question and has shown that the Russian emigrants in Manchuria are a quite self-sufficient force, completely individual, healthy and useful."

"The significance of the role of the Russian emigrants is showing itself more outstandingly than in Western Europe. The sojourn of the commission in Manchuria has compelled its members to recollect National Russia, and to convince themselves that Russia in its cultural forms did not disappear."

"Greatest Impression." Gen. Claudel told me that from all of these meetings which he had in Harbin and in Manchuria generally the greatest impression upon him has been produced by the meeting with the representatives of Russian emigrants."

SNATCH BODY OF "VET"

Ohio Negro Worker Died on March

By C. B. COWAN. CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 20.—The Cleveland Post of the Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League and the Bonus March Committee of Cleveland are making a strenuous effort to recover the body of Lloyd White, a Negro worker who died of pneumonia near Pittsburgh while enroute to Washington with the Detroit-Toledo-Cleveland Bonus March delegation.

The body is now in the possession of an undertaker in Washington, Pa. who threatens to bury it in potter's field. The undertaker, the Cayahoga Veterans' Association and the Veterans, is placing all sorts of obstacles in the way of the comrades of the dead worker in their effort to obtain his body.

5,000 VETERANS LEAVE MUD FLATS; TAKE OVER MORE EMPTY BUILDINGS

Washington Workers Get Aid of Soldiers; Marines In Distributing Leaflets

Demand Among Vets Grows for Demonstration Before Congress Adjourns

BULLETIN

MARION, N. C., June 20.—Shot by a special detective for the Southern Railway Co., Louis Chiapetta, bonus marcher, died here today. The ex-serviceman was shot in the abdomen as he slept in a box car here Friday en route home from Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Led by rank and file committees, 5,000 ex-servicemen today revolted against the hand-picked, reactionary leadership of the Bonus Expeditionary Force by turning their back on the muddy Anacostia flats and seizing a number of empty government buildings in the city.

MASSACHUSETTS CONVENTION IS RALLY TO FIGHT

230 Delegates Report Mills Smash Spindles, Unemployment Grows

BOSTON, Mass., June 20.—Gathering from 23 cities, 230 delegates at the Communist State Nominating Convention in the Municipal Building here yesterday ratified the nomination of John J. Ballam for Governor of Massachusetts, and James W. Dawson, a Negro worker, for Lieutenant-Governor.

The delegates, arriving in trucks and ranshacks automobiles, came from the metal shops of Worcester and Quincy, from the shoe factories of Lynn and Brockton.

For seven hours, these delegates, applauded by 500 visitors, discussed the issues confronting the workers in Massachusetts and rose to a demonstration of working class solidarity and support when James W. Ford, vice-presidential candidate of the Communist Party, entered the hall to deliver a speech which summed up the aims and methods of the struggle in this election campaign. The convention ended after Ford's speech.

Delegate after delegate took the floor to tell of the bitter struggles of the workers in their neighborhoods. They told of wage cuts and hunger, of their determination to rally be.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

FIRE ON MINERS FROM AIRPLANES

Mass Picketing in Two States; 24 Arrested

FAIRMONT, W. Va., June 20.—A fight took place between pickets and scabs attempting to enter the Monongah mine of the Consolidation Coal Co. (Rockefeller-owned) here. Two men were seriously injured by scabs and deputies and police who took the part of the scabs. Twenty-three were arrested.

Mass Picketing in Ohio. BRIDGEPORT, Ohio, June 20.—Militant picketing, in the face of sabotage by officials of the United Mine Workers, and of terror by state military forces, continues to keep the strike of the 20,000 East Ohio miners 95 per cent effective.

In Amsterdam, where the 600 strikers are being led by the United Front Rank and File Committee under the general guidance of the National Miners' Union, the terror is becoming particularly sharp. One of the pickets, Daniel Wisnick, has been arrested, charged with assault with intent to kill.

Planes Fire Over Pickets. National Guard planes are firing machine guns over the heads of pickets and explain in the press that the machine gunners are only practicing.

Two hundred strikers from near Yorkville, all U. M. W. members, organized a march on Steubenville to demand that the city provide relief for the strikers, but after reaching Steubenville they were persecuted by a U. M. W. henchman not to make their demands.

The N. M. U. continues to urge strikers to take the strike into their own hands by electing united front rank and file committees. There is growing ferment in U. M. W. locals over the sell-out policy of U. M. W. leaders.

Orders Relief Workers Beaten. Pacific, U.M.W. leader, has ordered all U.M.W. locals to beat up any representatives of the Workers' International Relief who are bringing relief to the strikers. Despite this, the U.M.W. locals are sending relief committees to co-operate with the Workers' International Relief. The W.I.R. has already opened six soup kitchens, but more are absolutely essential. Rush food and funds to the W.I.R., Bridgeport, Ohio.

QUEBEC UNEMPLOYED TERROR. TORONTO.—Thirty-eight Quebec workers are held by the police for frame-up because of their work in organizing the unemployed.

VOTE COMMUNIST FOR:
5. Against capitalist terror; against all forms of suppression of the political rights of workers

Left Wing Painters' Groups Urge Election of Boardman

Present Officials Have Played Into Employers' Hands and Cut Wages; Machine and Sham Progressives Oppose Boardman

NEW YORK.—The Painters International Left Wing Groups have issued a statement on the approaching elections in Painters District Council No. 8. The statement points to the wage cuts amounting to 25 to 40 per cent of the official scale, and says that actually these cuts will be made from the real scale, which is only \$6 to \$8 a day.

The statement calls attention to the treacherous policies of the district council as now led by the representative of the General Executive Board, the bosses' contact man, Vice President J. F. Kelly. It refers to a statement by Lindeloff, president of the Painters Brotherhood, who attacks painters who hold out for full wages in such times as these as "opportunists," and says openly, "the time has come for the revision of wages downwards." Lindeloff appeared before District Council No. 8 and made these threats, then promised a "program," which never came. Instead there came the conference with the employers, and the announcement of pay cuts, prepared for by the defeatist line of Kelly and Lindeloff.

The statement points to the particularly important office of Day Secretary which will be filled at the coming election. Running for this office is D. Shapiro who for years was and still is, a part of the corrupt machine. Swanson is running, merely to take a few votes away from the opposition to Shapiro. C. Bonds is running, he is part of the Zusner machine.

Shapiro's adoption of the rank and file program for the purpose of the election only should fool no one. Remember his record.

Then, says the statement of the Industrial Groups:

"There is one more candidate in the field, and this M. Boardman, a candidate of Local 490, who received the nomination for this important office of Day Secretary against the combined efforts of the machine of his local union and the contractors. He received his nomination with the assistance of the rank and file of his local union irrespective of their political view for the persistent fight he carried on against contracting and racketeering in his local union. For three years he was a delegate to the District Council and during those three years he almost single-handedly fought against every betrayal of the rank and file by the politicians of the District Council."

Boardman is pledged and has in the past several years fought in the union on the basis of the following program:

1. For enforcement of union scale of wages.
2. For the enforcement of union conditions on jobs and in shops, through shop and job committees of the rank and file and not through those of officials appointed at ward.
3. That all men be hired through a union employment bureau under the control of rank and file committees.
4. Against the terrific speed-up (rushing system) through the introduction of a maximum standard of Address W. M. L., 63 W. 15th St., New York, N. Y.

Reparations, War Debts to Remain

Lausanne "Solution" of Sweating Toilers

LAUSANNE, June 20.—That there will be no cancellation of reparations and war debts is generally agreed at the Lausanne Conference.

The prevailing opinion now is that an extension of the moratorium is likely to be the only solution. These reparations and war debts are sweated out of the toil of the masses.

All the delegates to the conference appear determined however to reach a "solution" even if only on the basis of a postponement of the question. This is a result of the general conviction that, no matter what the decision of the conference should be, the German government finds itself unable to resume paying the reparation tributes and that as a consequence the other governments are likewise unable to resume the payment of war debts.

The representatives of Belgium, Holland and Luxembourg agreed here on a reduction of tariff duties. This is interpreted as stimulating the representatives of other countries to reach a similar agreement in order to clear the field as much as possible for "international co-operation" in the preparation for imperialism war directed against the Soviet Union.

The echo of the conference held in Geneva between Senator Swanson, Prime Minister MacDonald and Paul Bannour reached here as an indication of the determination of the United States government to use the issue of war debts in order to force some action on its plan for the "limitation of armed forces" which has the purpose of assuring the superiority of the United States Army.

Senator Swanson is reported to have informed the French and British representatives that the United States would not "easily give up its plan, especially when being asked to cancel war debts."

Song Writers Rallied for Election Campaign

NEW YORK.—To aid the Communist Party in its campaign in the coming elections, the Workers Music League, through its various sections, is organizing musical activities. The Musicians' Club, affiliated with the W.M.L., is offering to cooperate.

One important task is the writing of campaign songs. The composers' section of the Musicians' Club appeals to poets and writers to organize for joint work. The Club meets on Tuesday nights at the John Reed Building.

It is desirable that all manuscripts be submitted by June 30.

To the author of the election song lyric which is accepted for national use, the Musicians' Club offers a free ticket to all of its functions, (lectures, music, recitals, etc.) for one out-of-town contestant, he is offered an autographed copy of Comrade Foster's "Toward Soviet America."

LABOR UNION MEETINGS

Clothing Workers
Rank and file workers of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers call all clothing workers to a meeting Monday at noon at Irving Plaza Hall, to hear the first report to his union fellow workers of Santa Miral, May Day delegate to the Soviet Union. He has just returned. Questions will be answered.

Clockmakers
The central committee of the left wing groups in the International Ladies Garment Workers calls all active clockmakers, irrespective of political opinions, to a conference tonight, right after work, in Irving Plaza Hall.

What's On—

THURSDAY
The Harlem Progressive Youth Club will give a dancing class at 1536 Madison St. at 8:30 p.m.

FRIDAY
The Alfred Levy Branch, I.L.D., will have an important membership meeting at 324 West St., Brooklyn, at 8 p.m. sharp.

SATURDAY
The Secor-Vanetti Branch, I.L.D., will have an important meeting at 792 Tremont St., Bronx, at 8:30 p.m. sharp.

The Brighton Beach Post of the W.E.S.I. will meet at 288 E. Third St. at 8 p.m. Veterans of Brighton Beach and Coney Island are invited to attend this meeting.

JOBLESS DRESS WORKERS RALLY

Gold at Forum; NTWU Raps Dubinsky

NEW YORK.—A mass meeting of unemployed dressmakers, called by the Unemployed Council of Dressmakers, will be held tomorrow at 1 o'clock at 355 West 39th St.

Ben Gold will speak on the coming cloak strike at the regular open forum to be held Thursday, one o'clock at Memorial Hall.

NEW YORK.—The Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, in a statement issued today, characterized as a "potpourri call" the declaration made by David Dubinsky, newly elected president of the company-union International Ladies Garment Workers Union, in which he said that left-wing workers will get "no mercy" in his organization.

The Challenge
Declaring that Dubinsky's election is a challenge to the needle trades workers, the N. T. W. I. U. statement says:

"The new Schlesinger whom the clique of the International has picked as president, has loyally served the bosses when he was vice-president and secretary-treasurer, and will serve them in the same manner in his new post.

"The cloakmakers will remember how Dubinsky in the strike of 1926 sent outers to seab for the jobbers and manufacturers against whom the strike was conducted.

"Brilliant 'Economist'
The intelligence of Dubinsky is shown by his famous statements at the beginning of the crisis: 'The cloak manufacturers will now do better business because after the Wall St. crash they will have more time to devote to their business.'

"Dubinsky has issued a challenge to the workers, which we will accept. He was evidently displeased with the action of the furriers in rushing the recent conference of labor racketeers, including Matthew Wolf, himself and others who met in the Governor Clinton Hotel to plan new attacks on the workers."

Bankers for U.S. Lead of Next War

A campaign supported by leading bankers and industrialists for the reconsideration of reparation tributes, war debts and tariff duties at the economic conference which should be held in London in the Fall is being launched by the League of Nations Association, it was announced by George W. Wickham.

The United States government has stated its readiness to participate in an international conference provided the conference concerns itself only with monetary questions and general ways of "ameliorating" the world economic situation.

The campaign launched by the League of Nations Association appears, therefore, as being directed to change the attitude of the United States Government toward this conference. The participation in this campaign of leading bankers and industrial magnates is an expression of the unseemly interest in the face of the economic and political isolation of the United States, on the eve of a new world war.

They feel that by thus breaking its isolation, United States capitalism would secure for itself a leading part in this war and, what is more important, in the division of the booty. The United States Government, however, believes that a solution of the war debts, for example, would deprive United States imperialism of an important imperialist weapon with which to break the correlation of hostile forces.

Proletarian Cabaret Saturday to Start Off Negro Workers' Club

NEW YORK.—A Proletarian Cabaret will be held this Saturday in Harlem at the Checker Club, 2493 7th Ave., near 145th St., at 9 a. m. to 3 a. m. with dancing and entertainment with some of the well known artists such as Taylor Gordon, also well-known radio stars.

This is the first big opening of the newly organized Harlem Negro Workers' Club to assist the candidacy of James W. Ford, nominee for vice-president of the U. on the Communist Party ticket, and also to further the activities in defense to the nine innocent Scottsboro boys.

Paper Mill Workers Strike Over Wage Cut

WHIPPANY, N. J., June 19.—A wage cut from 40 cents to 30 cents started a strike of 200 employees in the Whippany and Malapang paper mills here today. Picket lines have been established.

Millinery Union Officials Slave Driving for Bosses; "Come on Time; Keep Busy"

Millinery Workers' Union LOCAL 24
420 N. W. 42ND AND MILLINERY WORKERS' INTERNATIONAL UNION
30 WEST 37TH STREET
640 BROADWAY
New York, May 20, 1932. 100

INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS

Greeting:
You are advised to make every effort to pay your initiation fee in full not later than next week. Your dues payments will commence with the week of May 21st. Make all payments to your shop secretary.

You are further advised to come to work on time. In performing your work, do not be absent and do so without unnecessary delay. The firm claims that in the past two days many of the girls were wasting time during working hours.

When overtime work is requested by the firm, you are expected to do so. If however, it is the opinion of the girls that the overtime work is not necessary, the shop chairman will report this to the officers of the Union, who will take this matter up with Mr. Sam Lieb.

It is of utmost importance that you strictly carry out all instructions given you by the chairman.

Do not be impatient or dissatisfied by the slow process of completely installing the union conditions in your shop. Remember this is the largest step in the union in making every effort to have the firm comply with all union conditions. With your full-hearted cooperation and unity, we will accomplish our task.

Fraternally yours,
S. SPECTOR
Manager

BRONX 12646

INVOKE MARTIAL LAW IN CHILE

Threaten Strikers With Execution

The workers on the Chilean state railroads were continuing their strike action yesterday in protest against the fascist-militarist dictatorship headed by Carlos G. Davila, former Chilean Ambassador to the United States.

In its efforts to break the strike, the dictatorship has declared martial law throughout the country. It is threatening the striking workers with military trials and summary executions unless they return to work at once. By its strike-breaking actions and its bloody suppression of the workers, the dictatorship is exposing its true fascist character. All its demagogic promises about "socializing industry and agriculture," "seizing wealth," etc., can no longer be concealed from the masses. As a result, mass resistance to the dictatorship has greatly increased.

The dictatorship is attempting to run the trains under heavy guard of state police and soldiers. Santiago dispatches, however, admit that all traffic has been suspended on the electric railroad between Santiago and Valparaiso, the two largest Chilean cities.

Heavy reinforcement of state police and troops were rushed into Santiago last night against the workers of that city, who have been displaying great revolutionary activity against the dictatorship. Mass arrests of revolutionary workers continue throughout the country. Five hundred Communists were arrested last Friday and Saturday.

The workers of the Braden Copper Company's mines are out on strike, in protest against the dictatorship. The strike movement threatens to become nation-wide and is developing on the basis of a political struggle against the dictatorship.

Workers Film Group Exposes Slandering Anti-Soviet Movie

NEW YORK.—"Forgotten Commandments," the first of a series of viciously anti-Soviet films to be released under the direct supervision of the Hays organization is playing to empty houses at the swanky "Rivoli" theatre, it is reported by the Film Department of the Workers International Relief.

The W. I. R. Film Department, warned in advance of the provocative nature of this film, organized a leaflet distribution inside and outside of the theatre to expose the purpose of this moving picture and to rally workers to learn the truth about the Soviet Union.

FSU Challenges Kahn to Debate on U.S.S.R.

NEW YORK.—The article by Abe Kahn, editor of the Jewish Daily Forward, entitled "The Current Trend of Russian Communism," which appeared recently in "The New Leader," Socialist Party organ, has been branded by the Friends of the Soviet Union as a direct war provocation against the Soviet Union.

The F.S.U. has sent a challenge to Kahn to an open debate before the workers of New York City.

NAME CANDIDATES FOR MINNESOTA Communist Convention Plans Big Campaign

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 20.—The Minnesota State Ratification Convention of the Communist Party yesterday evening endorsed enthusiastically here the Communist State and Congressional ticket.

The ticket adopted included William Schneiderman for governor, John Lindman for lieutenant governor, Robert Turner for secretary of state, Emil Nygard for railroad and warehouse commissioner, Tom Foley for attorney general, and M. Karson, Fred Lequier, and J. W. Anderson for Congress.

The state election program of the Communist Party was unanimously approved.

Protest Dies Bill
Resolutions were adopted demanding the release of Tom Mooney, the Scottsboro boys, Edith Berkman, and of all class war prisoners. Other resolutions adopted called for the support of the veterans' fight for immediate payment of the bonus, and for a mass protest campaign against the Fish-Deis deportation bill, and demanded the release of Ernest McFuddy, Negro boy of Anoka, and of Lequier, Benton and Brown, St. Paul unemployed workers, now being held in jail by the bosses.

AMUSEMENTS

Held Over 2nd BIG WEEK
"DIARY OF A REVOLUTIONIST"
A Russian Tale With English Titles
The Evolution of a Nation!
"The S. R. O. house applauded and cheered and whistled"—Irene Thayer, Daily News.
"Sophie Magarill gives the part of a flaming defiance that is magnificent."
—Howard Barnes, Herald Tribune.

117 ORCHARD ST., Near Delancey
NO TIPS

LAST 3 WEEKS
The Theatre Guild Presents
REUNION IN VIENNA
A Comedy
By ROBERT H. SHERWOOD
GUILD THEATRE, 32nd St.
WEST OF B'WAY
Ev. 8:40 Mt. Th. Sat. 7:40. Co. 5-5222

MAYFAIR B'WAY & 47th St.
Tiger and Python in Fight for Life
FRANK BUCK'S
"BRING 'EM BACK ALIVE"

GOOD NEWS FOR BRONXITES!

The Well Known Mr. and Mrs. Kirschner
ARE NOW BACK ON THEIR OLD PLACE
1403 WILKINS AVENUE Corner JENNINGS, BRONX
This is the Restaurant where for 15 years we have served the best and freshest Roumanian food

This Place Is NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS

Come and Taste One Meal Prepared by the Kirschners and you will Always Come Back

Dinners, Suppers at Reasonable Prices—Best Service

BRONX ROUMANIAN RESTAURANT
1403 WILKINS AVE., Corner BRYANT AVE., BRONX
Telephone: Intervale 9-10312 fl

THE HUMAN AND SOCIAL ASPECTS OF NEW RUSSIA!

'SOIL IS THIRSTY'
THRILLING STORY OF THE COMMUNIST "SHOCK-BRIGADES" IN ACTION
EXCITING! ENTERTAINING!

MAY DAY CELEBRATION IN MOSCOW 1932
(FIRST EXCLUSIVE SHOWING)
SOVIET CHINESE TROOPS IN ACTION
HUNGER PARADE
UNCENSORED SCENES OF STARVING WORKERS

The Workers' **ACME THEATRE** 15c
14th Street & Union Square
Ev. 8:40 Mt. Th. Sat. 7:40. Co. 5-5222

Permanent Substitute Positions Terminated by N. Y. School Board

The Board of Education of New York City has announced that all permanent substitute positions for teachers will be terminated at the close of this term.

Tomorrow at 4 o'clock a mass delegation, under the auspices of the Unemployed Teachers' Association, will go to the offices of the Board of Education at 59th Street to demand an end to the Board's retrenchment program.

Downtown Y.C.L. Meeting Attacked

NEW YORK.—Two members of the Young Communist League, Franz Yeager and Mary Stein, were arrested at an workers' open air meeting on Friday night at Rivington and Clinton Streets, which was brutally attacked by the police. Franz Yeager, was held by two cops while a third cop beat him with a club. This young worker was again beaten in the police car on the way to the station.

COUNCIL PUTS FURNITURE BACK

NEW YORK.—Fourty workers, led by the Bronx Unemployed Council put back the furniture of a furrier at 653 Britton St., Bronx.

ALL OUT FOR ELECTION FUND

Tag Days June 25-26; Youth Mobilized

NEW YORK.—A real general mobilization of the Communist Party and revolutionary organizations is taking place in preparation for the Tag Days, which the United Front Election Campaign Committee has arranged for June 25 and 26.

The following is a list of stations where the membership of the mass organizations should call for their boxes on Saturday and Sunday:

Williamsburg—390 S. Second St., Ten Eyck St., 73 Myrtle Ave., 22d Troop Ave., 1 Fulton Ave., 61 Gramham Ave.

Brownsville—1813 Pitkin Ave.

Downtown New York—142 E. Third St., 11 Clinton St., 257 E. Tenth St., 196 East Broadway.

Bronx—2700 Bronx Park East, 1323 Southern Blvd., 792 Tremont Ave., 207d Clinton Ave., 1610 Boston Road, 1157 Southern Blvd., 3882 Third Ave., 569 Prospect Ave.

Upper Manhattan—301 W. 29th St., 350 E. 81st St.

Harlem—1538 Madison Ave., 24 W. 115th St., 15 W. 128th St., 6 W. 135th St.

Brooklyn—764 40th St., 1109 45th St., 3159 Coney Island Ave., 3021 W. 32nd St.

Workers' Clubs Should Advertise in the "Daily"

CUT THIS AD AND SAVE
Half soles and Rubber Heels 60c
A Store for the Workers
CAPITOL SHOE REPAIR
109 E. 14th St.

ATTENTION COMRADES!

Health Center Cafeteria
WORKERS CENTER
50 EAST 15th STREET
Patronize the Health Center Cafeteria and Help the Revolutionary Movement
Best Food Reasonable Prices

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS ORDER DENTAL DEPARTMENT

80 FIFTH AVENUE
15th FLOOR
All Work Done Under Personal Care of DR. JOSEPHSON

COHEN'S CUT RATE OPTICIANS

Eyes Examined by Registered Optometrists—White Gold Rings \$1.50
Shell Frames \$1.00
117 ORCHARD ST., Near Delancey

CAMPERS ATTENTION!

Army Tents 16x16 and Others Also Camp Equipment—Reasonable Prices—MANHATTAN WIFEING CLOTH INC. 478 Water St., corner 12th St. Phone Dry Dock 4-5416

Bungalows and Rooms to Rent for Summer Season

Several very nice rooms and bungalows for rent for the summer season. Beautiful farm in Eastern Pennsylvania. Running water, electricity, swimming, fishing, etc. Reasonable rates. Communicate with A. Hanson, P. O. Box 87, Station 10, New York, N. Y.

FURNISHED ROOM WANTED—Young man desires sunny furnished room near 164th and Morris Ave., Bronx. Board if suitable. Reliable income. Bingham 4-0551.

YOUR VACATION SHOULD BE SPENT IN A PROLETARIAN CAMP ONLY

The Month of June is ideal for vacation in the Proletarian Camps. Every dollar spent by a worker on rest and vacation must go to the institutions of our movement.

GO TO YOUR THREE PROLETARIAN CAMPS
Nitgedaiget :: Kinderland :: Unity
ALL CAMPS HAVE UNIFORM RATES
\$16.50 Per Week, Including Organization and Press Tax
NO COLLECTIONS

Automobiles leave daily for all camps at 10 A.M. Friday and Saturday 9 A.M. and 4 P.M. from 148 E. 102nd St. and the Coop. Cafeteria, 2500 Park St. You can also travel by train or boat. All at low rates.

For information on Nitgedaiget and Unity call City office: EStabrook 8-1400 and for Kinderland Tompkins Square 6-8454
City Office of Camp Kinderland 108 E. 14th St. Auto Station Phone Lehigh 4-2382

CAMPERS ATTENTION

Genuine U. S. Army Ventilated 9 x 9 Wall Tents \$12.50



These are used tents but in excellent condition. We have a small quantity of these, so if you are intending to camp this year, pick yours out, while we have a good assortment of them. We also carry a complete line of other tent, cot, stove, blankets and a general line of camping and fishing supplies. We have been established in the same spot since 1915.

OUR GUARANTEE GOES A LONG WAY

LUCKE-KIFFE CO.
523 BROADWAY (Corner Spring St.)
Phone Canal 6-2985 New York City
Mail Orders Filled Promptly

MILITANT STRUGGLE FOR RELIEF GROWS WITH UNEMPLOYMENT

"80 CENTS AN HOUR" SOUNDS GOOD UNTIL YOU KNOW THE FACTS

Houston Grain Trimmer Works One Hour in Choking Dust, Then Is Laid Off Spends Two Hours On Deck and Two Hours Going to Work, All for One Hour Pay

(By a Worker Correspondent) HOUSTON, Texas.—Eighty cents an hour sounds good, doesn't it? That is what I thought but being a class conscious worker I wasn't surprised when I found out the actual facts.

I got a job in the Houston ship channel trimming grain, that is shoveling grain down in a ship. I crawled down in the ship and shoveled lying down, sitting on knees and every other way one could think of. Dust was so bad that everyone had to wear handkerchiefs over their noses.

We had worked an hour and ten minutes when a man took each name and we went out on deck. We waited there for two hours and the list was read off. They only needed 26 men and so they had three or four that were not needed; myself being one of them.

The trick is that the men are not paid for the time that they are on deck and they can lay you off when they see fit. Besides you are three or four miles from the station and no way to get there unless you have a car or can catch a ride but the company doesn't worry about this.

It is your hard luck. The longshoremen in Houston must organize to fight for better conditions in the Marine Workers Industrial Union. —A Longshoreman.

JOBLESS MARCH IN ARGUS, ILL., DEMAND RELIEF

Open Air Meeting Is Smashed By Police With Aid of Spies

ARGO, Ill., June 20.—Two hundred unemployed Negro and white workers paraded to the city hall here, demanding relief, and were rejected by the mayor.

The Unemployed Council then called an open air meeting, which the police broke up. The stool pigeons who notified the police and helped to smash the meeting are: Jack Borisuk, Michael Koupka and Boris Golubovich.

Chicago Principal Pay Lacking, Dies

CHICAGO—While the mayor and the school board continue their game of passing the buck on the question of paying the teachers their back wages, hunger and sickness and death continue to take their toll among the teachers.

Clarence A. Lenz, father of four children and principal of Lincoln High School died on Thursday after an illness of four days. He had no money and was unable to afford medical treatment.

policy of wage cuts, charity doles, forced labor, ruthless suppression and deportation as Hunger Hoover. The chief claim to fame of Uly, a creature of the State Street bankers, is his work in smashing the Lawrence strike of October, 1931.

For Open Autocracy Ely, in line with the fascist proposal of Owen D. Young, calls for a change in the constitution of the United States, to centralize authority in the hands of the executive through appointment rather than election of state officers.

Mayor James M. Curley of Boston, a Roosevelt man and reputed "progressive" Democrat, said in a "prosperity day address" last Labor Day: "The most pleasing feature in connection with the depression is the fact that the industrial leaders of America have stood firm for the maintenance of the saving wage and have refused to cut the same."

This demagogic Curley, Ballam stated, ignores the wave of wage cuts which has swept through every industry of Massachusetts, robbing the workers in many cases of half their wages.

Socialist Strike Breakers The Socialist Party nominated Alfred Baker Lewis for Governor of Massachusetts at Springfield last week. Lewis is an ex-preacher like Norman Thomas. He claims to be a militant socialist, but the party is judged by its deeds, Ballam said, and not by its words, and he showed how Lewis associated with Governor Ely and the A. F. of L. to break the last Lawrence strike.

Ballam promised he would carry on a relentless struggle against the Socialist Party strikebreakers of Massachusetts.

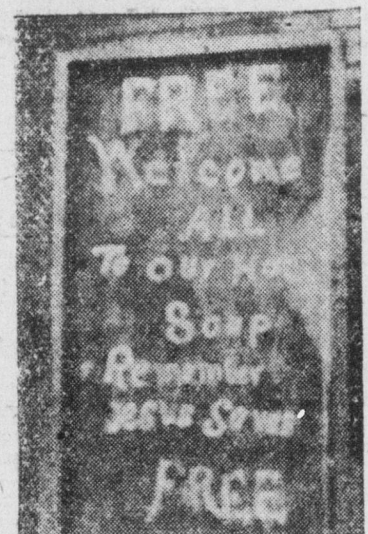
Demonstrate For Ford The whole audience stood up in a spontaneous demonstration when Ford entered the hall. As soon as the workers recognized him, they began singing "The International," and a group of young workers started to march around the hall, singing "Solidarity."

For nearly an hour, Ford told the workers of the tasks before them. He analyzed the character and the results of the Republican Party national convention, and showed how the workers were waiting for leadership to rally in wide masses around the platform of the Communist Party. Ford called on the delegates to go back to their homes and localities to rally the workers in their neighborhoods and their towns for the struggle against hunger, wage cuts and war and to pick up a huge Communist vote as a working class answer to oppression. Ford stated and explained by concrete examples the six main points of the Communist Party's national platform.

The nominating convention opened the drive for the mass collection of signatures to put the Communist Party candidates on the ballot in this state.

The delegates raised \$129 towards the election campaign fund here.

SCENES IN THE STRUGGLE OF THE UNEMPLOYED FOR JOBLESS INSURANCE AND RELIEF



JOBLESS MARCH ON TOLEDO CITY HALL, JULY 2nd

Relief Pledge Starts Forced Labor

TOLEDO, Ohio, June 20.— Unemployed Negro and white workers and part time workers are called to a hunger march on the Social Service Federation and the Toledo city and Lucas county officials, July 2 at 10 a. m.

The parade will form at the corner of Elm and Superior streets. The news of the coming demonstration has provoked a sharp struggle within the ranks of the employers' agencies, each group trying to white-wash itself for the starvation among the thousands of jobless in Lucas county. The Social Service Federation declares that cases of starving families are a city problem, and the city passes the buck to the Federation.

Expose A Demagog. Mayor Thatcher of Toledo was elected on the basis of a lot of demagogic promises to prevent unemployment and relieve starvation. The Communist Party of Toledo has issued a statement exposing the mayor, as follows:

"Thousands have been cut off from the city, more are losing what little they have been getting. Rations are being cut down to amount to \$1.15 to \$2.15 per week, forcing recipients to work a whole day for it. Regular city wages are supposed to be 60c per hour or \$4.80 per day.

Forced Labor. "Fair and square," Thatcher approved a city ordinance forcing every worker to work all day for his groceries! How long will it be before every city employee will be forced to work on a forced labor basis? The Fair and Square mayor's finance committee asked council on June 10th to purchase riot guns, tear gas bombs and hand grenades, so that the police can take care of the unemployed workers.

Workers! Employed and Unemployed, if the mayor can force you to work for the city for 60c a day, how long before John Willys can force you to work for him for the same amount?"

after I arrived in Camp Anacostia yesterday. He blew and blew until his face became all purple, but only a few hundred assembled in front of the platform where stood Waters' lieutenants.

"What's the matter?" I asked a vet who was sitting in an open front, one room apartment made of cracker boxes. "Why don't the boys assemble when the bugle blows?"

"Assemble, hell. We're just tired, most of us—to tired to assemble up there in the mud and listen to the bull of the camp commander and the chaplain. It's the same story all the time and it's not getting us the bonus or help for our hungry families back home. We need action to win, friend. And the action of these lads up on the platform is not the kind for win!"

I went to see what was taking place on the platform. There were only about three hundred men out of the eight thousand who are camped in the muddy flats gathered around the speakers' platform. Sure enough the camp commander was there and the chaplain. I remembered the chaplain. I met him the night before posing for the cameramen on the Capitol steps. He told me his name was T. W. Evans, that he was a preacher in the army at Camp Taylor during the war, that he is now helping the police department ferret out reds in Camp Anacostia, as well as acting in the capacity of official sky pilot for the "Bonus Expeditionary Force." He is obviously a psychopathic case.

The camp commander was speaking. "I'm getting sick of this talk about reds. I'm not a red yet, but I'll be damn soon to be one. I read that red hand bill this morning and it's o. k. The reds are fighting for the vets and the workers."

A white vet who was walking beside him said, "sure."

Against Hunger and War. There are twenty thousand veterans in Camp Anacostia and Camp Bartlett and the buildings in Washington. Here is a section of the American workers upon whom the Wall Street government depended as a reservoir for fascist shock troops. Three thousand of them sat on the Senate steps displaying their misery to the world. They asked the gov-



Upper left, a mission sign. Nothing is really free at a church; they try to buy you with a bowl of soup. Upper right, great mass demonstration of Pittsburgh workers, on March 6, 1930, the beginning of the growing fight of the jobless. Below the Pittsburgh picture is a demonstration in Rockford, Ill., and bottom picture, how the evicted, homeless jobless live in the Philadelphia shack town, called "Hooverville."

JOBLESS FIGHT IN ROCHESTER

Cop's Victim Framed While in Hospital

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 20.—A demonstration planned by the Unemployed Councils to protest against the shutting off of gas and electricity and reduction of relief was attacked here by 180 policemen whose orders were to "keep 'em moving." Among those arrested is a militant woman worker, Nancy Ventrella, whose husband was framed-up on charge of felonious assault.

The method of making these frame ups is easily seen from what happened. Comrade Vito Ventrella was so badly clubbed that he was taken to a hospital for treatment. While being treated, a cop started to abuse him with the most vile profanity. Becoming angry at this abusive language the Comrade told the cop, "If anyone is a... it's you!" Whereupon the cop punched him in the nose. Comrade Ventrella in attempting to dodge this cowardly blow reached out his hands one of which happened to strike a table on which there was a scissor. The cop immediately seized on this opportunity to charge him with "assault, second degree." A bill was set at \$2,000 property.

All except the woman had to spend the night in jail until bail was raised the next morning when they all pleaded "Not Guilty." Their cases were adjourned until June 29th. The organizer of the Unemployed Council, Genovesi, had his bail raised to \$1,000 by order of Police Inspector.

Fight for Floor. In the City Council the committee which was to present resolutions was cut short in its attempts to speak by an irate councilman who stated that "Communists should not be granted the right of the floor at the City Council meetings." Raising the false issue of the "impossibility of the U. C. demands," Councilman MacFarlin introduced a resolution to prevent the U. C. from sending delegations to the City Council. The resolution was opposed by only one councilman, a so-called liberal, and because of his op-

erment for their back wages to keep them from starving. The government told these men to go and starve.

Great sections of these men are disillusioned. Illusions remain in the breasts of many, but they are being uprooted. Communists in the ranks of the veterans are on the way to perform a real Bolshevik deed. New fresh cadres of American Communists are breaking through the ultimate fascist terror, are consolidating a united front from below of the veterans and the working class for revolutionary struggle against hunger and war.

By Milton Lewis

Government Figures Show 3.2 Percent Increase in Jobless Army in Month of May, 1932

2,000 Demonstrate Against Shutting Off of Relief in Kansas City; Negroes Militant

500 Block Eviction in Lawrence; Unemployed Council Stops Two Evictions, Pittsburgh

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 20.—Right in the face of a new flood of "optimistic" predictions by General Dawes and various other government spokesmen, that the low point of the crisis has been reached, comes the latest figures of the government's own Bureau of Labor Statistics—showing that unemployment is still increasing, showing that wage cuts are still increasing.

Employment in May decreased 3.2 per cent below employment in April, according to these government figures, and such figures surely tell rather less than half the story. Payroll totals, according to the same authority, dropped 3.9 per cent in industry as a whole.

In manufacturing industries alone, the fall in employment was 4 per cent in May, and the decline in payrolls was 4.9 per cent. The greater decline in payrolls over the decline in employment indicates only one thing, it shows wage cuts for the workers who still have jobs.

As compared with employment in theoretically "normal" times, (that is, an average of several years before the crisis), the Bureau of Labor Statistics considers employment at present to be 59.7 per cent, or just a little over one half of normal. In May a year ago, it was 75.2 per cent, or about three quarters of normal. Needless to say, these figures are too high, but this is what the government admits, anyway.

Payroll totals for May of this year are considered by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to be 42.5 per cent of normal, and for May of last year, 67.6 per cent of normal.

2,000 Demonstrate. KANSAS CITY, Kan., June 20.—In response to the call of the Unemployed Council of Kansas City, Kan., for a demonstration against the closing of the family service and for immediate emergency relief, over 2,000 workers turned out, right in the heart of the business section of the city at 7th and Minnesota.

The militancy of the crowd, which was made up largely of Negro workers, was apparent right from the start. The speakers were loudly applauded and cheered. Over 300 signed applications for membership in the unemployed council. A committee of a dozen workers was elected by the demonstrators to place their demands before Mayor McCormack. The mayor's reply was a lot of cheap demagoguery and hot-air sympathy for the suffering poor. But he said he was "powerless to do anything for them."

Speakers pointed out that the county in which Kansas City is located had collected \$443,000 for "charity" and that of this only \$60,000 had been allotted to the family service. The rest went into big salaries and graft, and to the bosses' patriotic organizations, the YMCA, the Boy Scouts, the Girl Scouts, etc.

A speaker for the Communist Party called on the workers to support the Communist ticket in the elections—including the Kansas State ticket, for which signatures are being collected. The Communist Party demands for unemployment and social insurance at the cost of the state and employers, was unanimously endorsed.

Organization meetings of the 300 who signed up for membership are being called in the various neighborhoods during the next few days.

300 Stop Lawrence Eviction. LAWRENCE, Mass., June 20.—The attempt to evict the unemployed mill worker, Jervais, at 58 Oxford St., brought a call for demonstration from the Unemployed Council's Neighborhood Committee, of 500 men, women and children assembled at 10 a. m.

The sheriff, who had served eviction papers came down, and left much faster than he came. A motor cycle cop charged down, took a look at the masses of workers pouring into the street from doorways, side streets and up and down Oxford St., and the cop left too. The landlord and the moving van never showed up at all.

Joe Figuerda, a strike organizer in

the Lawrence mill strike last year, spoke to the crowd from the window of Jervais apartment, calling for permanent organization to stop all evictions and cutting off of gas and electricity.

The crowd moved on only when a whole carload of police and a squad of state cops came down. By that time the meeting was over anyway. No one would point out leaders of the speaker to the police. No eviction took place.

Fight Evictors in Pittsburgh. PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 20.—A large number of jobless workers, led by the Unemployed Council committee came down to No. 1822 Hyline St. last week, where they found the landlord and constable and three helpers who had been paid a pint of liquor each, had thrown out the furniture of a widow woman, unemployed, and her sick mother.

When one of the landlord's stool pigeons pulled a knife, the crowd flogged him with a fence picket, and made him carry the stuff back in.

Unemployed workers and a committee of the Unemployed Council held a meeting and heard speeches for a few minutes at 611 Kirkpatrick St., June 7, then put all the furniture back in. When the police got there, they found the temper of the crowd so high that they did not dare make arrests. Instead, they carried off to jail for their own protection, the men who were doing the evicting.

Build a workers correspondence group in your factory, shop or neighborhood. Send regular letters to the Daily Worker.

Wherever You Are YOU Can Have the Daily Worker Only working class paper in English Send in Your Sub for the Summer \$6 a year (\$8 in N.Y.C.) 50c a month DAILY WORKER 50 E. 13th St., N. Y. C.

Vote Communist BUTTONS Are Ready for MASS SALE and Distribution Order Now—\$20 a Thousand! Send Check With Order— Or Will Send C. O. D. —Order from your District or from— Communist Party, U.S.A. P. O. Box 87 Station D. New York, N. Y.

THE WESTERN WORKER A fighter to organize and lead our struggles in the West RAISE FUNDS! BUILD IT! SUBSCRIBE NOW! 52 Issues \$2 26 Issues \$1 13 Issues 50c Name Street City State Western Worker Campaign Committee 1144 MARKET STREET, San Francisco, Calif.

By BURCK

Daily Worker
 Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

Published by the Comradely Publishing Co., Inc., daily except Sunday, at 50 E. 13th St., New York City, N. Y. Telephone ALgonquin 4-7936, Cable "DAIWORK." Address and mail checks to the Daily Worker, 50 E. 13th St., New York, N. Y.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
 By mail everywhere: One year, \$6; six months, \$3; two months, \$1; excepting Borough of Manhattan and Bronx, New York City. Foreign: one year, \$8; six months, \$4.50.

About Use of Individual Terrorist Tactics

REPLYING to the question put by the Daily Worker to its readers "What Is Your Answer to the Terrorist War Campaign of the White Guards in the United States?" a non-Party correspondent writes us:

...now that the Party is against individual terror because it leads nowhere but what is left for us with the White Guards—if they use such dirty methods to involve the Soviets in war, why shouldn't their methods be good enough for us?"

The correspondent is evidently much aroused by the bloody acts of these degenerate Czarist tools. But we must reject his proposal not merely because it "leads nowhere" but because it leads definitely to the disruption of a mass movement, because individual terror disorganizes the working class, because it is the weapon which agent-provocateurs use to disrupt a growing movement of the proletariat, and because it is the method of petty bourgeois despair.

In 1902 Lenin in answering the question "why must the Social Democrats (later the Bolsheviks) declare decisive war on the Socialist Revolutionaries" stated:

The most eloquent affirmations and pledges cannot refute the fact that terror as applied and advocated by the Socialist Revolutionaries today, has no connection to work among the masses, for the masses and with the masses, that the terrorist attacks organized by the Socialist Revolutionary Party divert our, numerically extremely weak groups, from their difficult task, which is far from being accomplished, of organizing a revolutionary workers' party, that the terror of the Socialist Revolutionaries is in fact nothing but a duel which the experience of history has completely condemned."

It is just because there is a need for building up a broad mass movement on the basis of the united front against the capitalist offensive and the war makers, that the warning issued by Lenin must be taken to heart. And furthermore because large bodies of workers as shown in the march of the ex-servicemen, are awakening to a struggle against the capitalist attacks, that we must insist that the policy of mass action, demonstrations, marches, strikes, strikes combined with demonstrations, and a variety of other forms which the masses are working out, must be persistently applied in order to raise the movement to higher levels and to turn the defensive actions of the working class into a counter-offensive. The policy of individual terror is intended to divert and disperse these actions of the masses.

The weapon of mass struggle against these Czarist tools, of isolating and exposing them, of arousing the masses against them and of driving them out, is an important part of the struggle against the imperialist war and for defense of the Soviet Union. The development of mass action for the stoppage of the shipment of arms is a proletarian answer to the efforts of the White Guards. In this direction the blows of the Party and of all revolutionary workers must be directed, and not the least concession must be made to tactics being "suggested," "whispered" and spread on the fringe and at times even within the ranks of the Party by paid agents of the capitalists in order to divert our movement and stem the organization of the united front struggle.

The High Wage Theory of the A. F. of L.

IT is no longer necessary to reveal to the workers the demagoguery of the Republican Party platform which "dedicated" this party of the capitalist class to the theory of high wages. The Hoover government similarly "dedicated" itself to this theory at the outset of the crisis. But theory is one thing and practice another. Hoover announced two months after the crisis began that capital will not dismiss the workers, and in return for this favor that workers would not strike for higher wages. In practice the capitalists threw millions upon the scrap heap while wages were slashed from 25 to 50 per cent.

But in reality there has been no theory of high wages among the capitalists. At all times the capitalist class drove down the wages of the workers to the lowest possible point. During the post-war period, when the theory of high wages was supposed to operate, so conservative an economist as Professor Faulkner has been compelled to admit that the relative wages of the workers have not risen while we must add that the exploitation of the workers due to rationalization has multiplied many times.

In fact, in the post war period, when capitalism had been accumulating huge fortunes, the conditions of the working class have been steadily worsened. The theory of high wages which has been propagated by the apologists of capitalism, and particularly by the labor bureaucrats and the socialists, has been a cover to conceal the growing misery of the working class. Like another theory that "labor is not a commodity," this theory has been used only to subject the workers to new attacks. The "theory" decreed in the offices of the labor officials and enacted into a law by Congress, that "labor is not a commodity," has not for a single moment done away with the fact that the workers are compelled to sell their labor power on the market to the employers and that lacking a buyer at the present time millions are condemned to starvation.

But the real service which the labor bureaucrats are carrying through for the capitalist class by their demagogy about high wages and the shorter work day, is glaringly revealed in the issue now being discussed in Congress of what form the wage-cuts of federal employees are to take in order to balance the budget. Hoover has advocated that the federal employees receive a furlough of four weeks without pay and he has fallen back upon the labor bureaucrats for support for his position. This measure of Hoover's not only reduces the wages of these workers, but also is a speed-up measure for all federal employees. With the help of the A. F. of L. officials, Hoover is carrying through a double attack upon this body of workers. The A. F. of L. officialdom, with their higher wage theories and shorter work day, are thus performing their special task in the division of labor which they have with the Hoover government in carrying through the offensive against the working class.

The "progressives" in Congress, who also pose as "friends of labor," are likewise doing their work in the interests of big capital. In the debate around the question of the wage-cut for the federal employees, these "progressives" come forward with an apparent compromise of a two weeks' furlough and thus subscribe to the plan to balance the budget at the expense of the workers. While putting up a sham opposition they will in the end, as they did in the sales tax question in essence, adopt the position of the administration. Their opposition in this case only amounts to putting a "progressive" stamp on the policy of Wall Street at the same time as they attempt by their sham opposition to stem any real struggle against the capitalist offensive. The fight against the capitalist class cannot be effective unless a resolute struggle is made against the A. F. of L. bureaucrats and the progressives, against those who are posing as spokesmen and friends of the workers, but who are in reality their worst and most dangerous enemies.

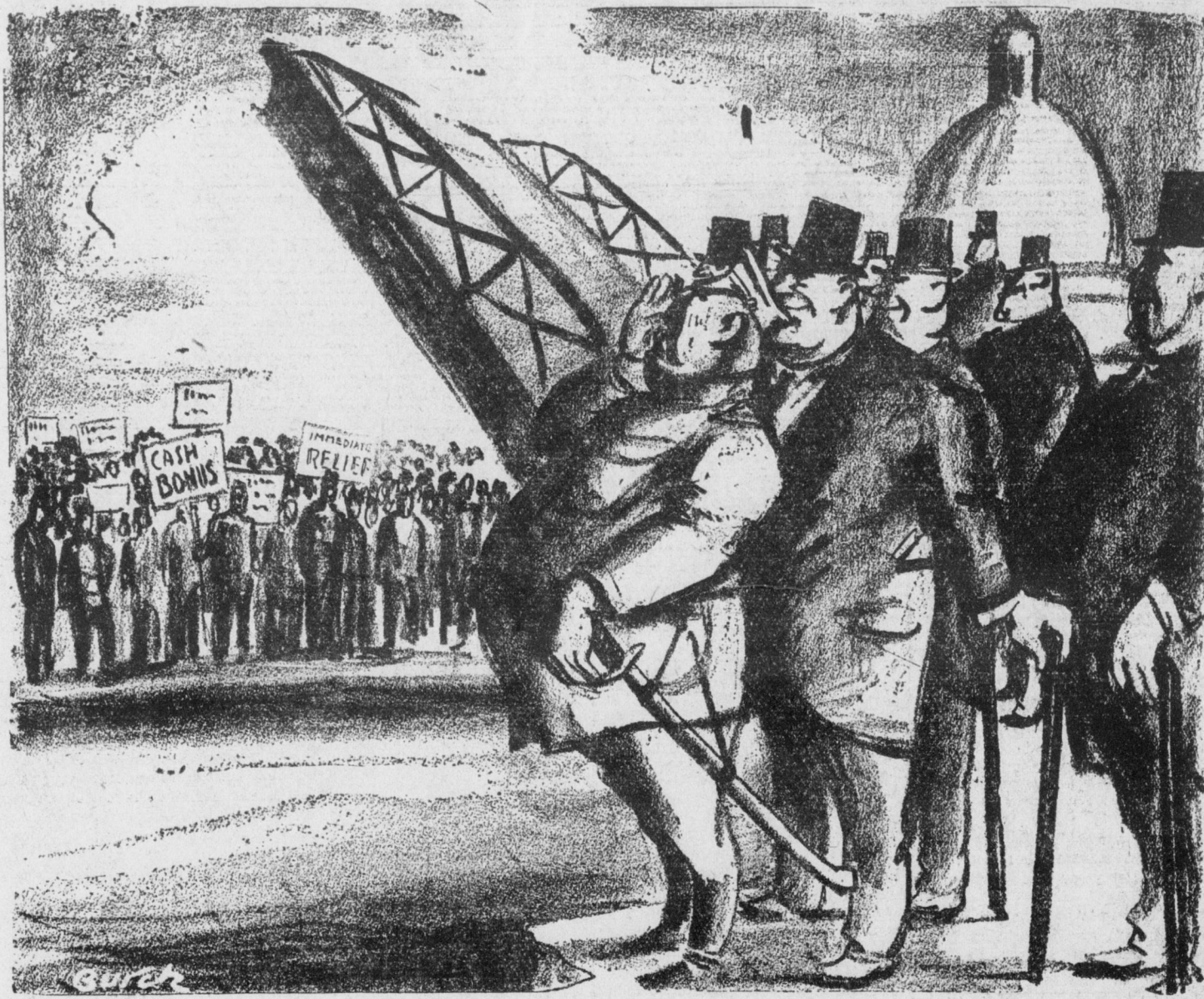
Whom the Capitalists Protect

IN HIS great speeches in the early days of the socialist movement, Eugene V. Debs would often say with the greatest severity that if ever the day arrived that he was praised by the capitalist class, he would searchingly inquire into what is wrong with him that he should deserve friendly words from the exploiters. This was the spirit of an uncompromising revolutionist, the spirit of an inveterate enemy of the capitalist system.

Today the Socialist Party has come into favor with the capitalists. They are being built up as reserve for the capitalist class to fall back upon when the two open capitalist parties no longer are able to hold the support of the masses. Even such an outright counter-revolutionist as Hamilton Fish could praise Norman Thomas, and the Socialist Party as a party of law and order. It is not surprising therefore that we find the reactionary Congressman Stafford saying in Congress in the Dies Bill debate, which is aimed at persecution of the foreign-born workers, that "the would not like to see a law passed that would give the right to migration officials to deport so-called radicals."

The master class knows its flunkies—the Socialist Party leaders.

"WE'LL STAY HERE 'TILL 1945 IF NECESSARY"—General Waters



How the Bosses Prepare the Youth for War

THIS SUMMER the U. S. War Department is again preparing to train more than 50,000 young workers to be used as cannon fodder in the coming imperialist war. In more than 50 Citizens Military Training Camps, these young workers are going to be given the basic and advanced training necessary to make soldiers out of them.

These young workers, many of them unemployed, have been fooled into coming to the C. M. T. C. by vivid promises of a month's vacation at no cost to them. In the lying propaganda of the U. S. War Department, the C. M. T. C. has been pictured as the ideal place for young workers to spend their vacation, as the place where sports activities predominate, where everyone can have a good time, and where the military program is limited to "a few hours of drill and Citizenship Training."

What is the C. M. T. C.?
 Let us see what this really means. From the very first moment that the young workers enter camp he begins to be imbued with the spirit of militarism and patriotism. The entire program of the thirty days of camp is so arranged that the young worker gets a thorough and systematic grounding in the elements of soldiering. Throughout the camp period he is being accustomed to army life, to living in a tent, to army food, to respond unquestioningly to the orders of officers.

At the same time the young worker is drilled in maneuvers and combat tactics, he is taught first-aid, and he learns how to shoot with rifle, automatic, machine gun, howitzer, and trench mortar. Thus, at the end of this summer's C. M. T. C. there will be another 50,000 young workers already trained, to be used immediately for the bosses' war.

We see therefore that the purpose of the Citizens Military Training Camps is far from being a vacation resort for young workers. Instead it is one of the agencies of the capitalist government of the U. S. for militarizing the youth, for preparing hundreds of thousands of young workers to be immediately ready and trained to be sent to the front line and slaughtered to defend the interests of capitalism.

Supporters of the C. M. T. C.
 The C. M. T. C. is actively supported and endorsed by some of the biggest companies and bosses in the country. They realize that it is in their interest that these camps are being run. Some of these companies, like the Western Electric, the Edison, and the Lackawanna R. R. led the way in inducing young workers to go to the C. M. T. C. by giving them a month's vacation (only two weeks of which is with pay). Many other big bosses allow their workers to go to camp for a month, without any pay.

Anti-Workingclass Propaganda.
 In return, the War Department promises these bosses that the employees they send to the C. M. T. C. will come back much more willing and docile than they were. This is accomplished by a program of consistent anti-workingclass propaganda, especially anti-Communist propaganda.

Every day the young workers in camp are subjected to an hour's so-called "citizenship" lecture where the worst lies about the Communist movement, the Soviet Union, the trade unions, strikes, and the workingclass in general, are handed out. The main theme of this propaganda is, "to beware of the reds," and "only by co-operating with the boss can the worker be benefited."

It is no wonder that the bosses support and endorse the C. M. T. C. when such anti-workingclass propaganda is instilled into the minds of the young workers.

The Duty of Young Workers.
 Despite the fact that the C. M. T. C. is openly run for the benefit of the capitalist class, the Young Communist League takes an active part in fighting this anti-workingclass propaganda in the camps. The Young Communist League calls on all young workers who go to the C. M. T. C. to realize that they are part of the workingclass and that they must fight on the side of the workers against their bosses. It calls on the young workers to refute the lies of the capitalist government's lying War Department.

The Young Communist League calls on the young workers in the C. M. T. C. to organize,

THE STRUGGLE AGAINST STARVATION IN KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE

The following article gives a detailed picture of the conditions of the workers, employed and unemployed, in Knoxville, Tenn. They show also the part played by the various enemies of the workers. Actual starvation is shown to exist; among great numbers of workers and the beggarly wages paid to those still employed show that the employers have taken full advantage of the overstocked labor market. The demands of the workers around which struggles are taking place are shown to be those arising directly out of the drive against their present pauper standard of living. The Daily Worker will welcome more detailed studies of workers' conditions in this the third year of the crisis in other typical industrial centers—North and South. Ed. Note.

And if a woman is sick, of a child dying, they are forced to eat the canned salmon or rotten potatoes given them by the Associated Charities.

\$6 Per Month.
 Besides the "unemployed," the A. C. also lists the "unemployable." These families, according to Louise Bismal, head of the Associated Charities, "are given an average of \$6 per month." The hospitals are full of workers dying of starvation. Mothers taking their ailing infants to clinics are told: "Your baby is starving."
 50 Per Cent More Jobless—Less Relief.
 The other "relief" agency in Knoxville is the Red Cross. Today's paper states "234 men and women all day yesterday trudged to the Red Cross offices, only to be told there was no floor left for them." The papers also state that "many churches are disbanding their agencies for aiding the jobless." All relief from all sources is being drastically slashed while the starving army of the unemployed grows daily. The Associated Charities head admits that there are 50 per cent more unemployed this year than at this same time last year, and more this month than last. When unemployed workers can't pay their rent for their miserable shacks, the landlords either throw them out or don't pay the water bill. The water is turned off and the workers are forced to move. In many instances, when the workers have no place to go, or can't raise money to move, their health and that of their neighbors is endangered by the foul air.

Huge Official Salaries.
 The unemployed workers of Knoxville are starving. While they are growing more emaciated, thinner and weaker, the bellies and purses of the City Fathers and government grafters are growing heavier. Court clerks get \$6,000 a year; judges get \$5,000; tax collectors make \$5,000. The sheriff gets \$7,500 a year.
 Magistrates get a rake-off of thousands of dollars in graft by persuading defendants to "submit and pay the costs." Wages of all workers, however, are being slashed.
 While the County Highway Commission superintendent pulls down his \$5,000 a year, "as a closed session of the Commission, it was decided to cut wages of the employees to effect a saving." Laborers get a double cut as they are forced to work 10 hours instead of 8.
 Other city employees are not exempt. "Most of the \$1,500 reduction in the Safety Dept.," says Councilman Joe Vasey, "will be borne by the firemen."
Wage Cuts for Underpaid Workers.
 Since April 15 all city employees have been getting half pay. A 25 per cent cut of salaries of all teachers is announced. Teachers now in many schools have to pay for janitor service out of their wages. Negro teachers get only \$900 a year wages in elementary and \$1,212.50 in high schools. White teachers, who are also greatly underpaid, but who have fewer children in their rooms, and generally an easier job, get \$1,187.50 a year for elementary, and \$1,631.58 for high school. Employees and faculty of the University of Tennessee have just got a \$5 cut, the second in a short period.
Not Less Than 15 Cents Per Hour.
 But the greatest burden of the crisis is put on the backs of the unskilled and semi-skilled workers. A 50 per cent cut was put over at the Appalachian Mills, a corporation worth nearly \$2,000,000, slashing wages down to 80 and 90 cents a day. Workers at the Brookside Mill recently got a 10 per cent cut—a mill listed as carrying insurance of \$5,500,000. Workers of the Knoxville Trunk and Manufacturing Co. are being paid in trunks, instead of wages. At a recent meeting of contractors it was decided "to pay labor not less than 15 cents an hour."

And if a woman is sick, of a child dying, they are forced to eat the canned salmon or rotten potatoes given them by the Associated Charities.

\$6 Per Month.
 Besides the "unemployed," the A. C. also lists the "unemployable." These families, according to Louise Bismal, head of the Associated Charities, "are given an average of \$6 per month." The hospitals are full of workers dying of starvation. Mothers taking their ailing infants to clinics are told: "Your baby is starving."
 50 Per Cent More Jobless—Less Relief.
 The other "relief" agency in Knoxville is the Red Cross. Today's paper states "234 men and women all day yesterday trudged to the Red Cross offices, only to be told there was no floor left for them." The papers also state that "many churches are disbanding their agencies for aiding the jobless." All relief from all sources is being drastically slashed while the starving army of the unemployed grows daily. The Associated Charities head admits that there are 50 per cent more unemployed this year than at this same time last year, and more this month than last. When unemployed workers can't pay their rent for their miserable shacks, the landlords either throw them out or don't pay the water bill. The water is turned off and the workers are forced to move. In many instances, when the workers have no place to go, or can't raise money to move, their health and that of their neighbors is endangered by the foul air.

Huge Official Salaries.
 The unemployed workers of Knoxville are starving. While they are growing more emaciated, thinner and weaker, the bellies and purses of the City Fathers and government grafters are growing heavier. Court clerks get \$6,000 a year; judges get \$5,000; tax collectors make \$5,000. The sheriff gets \$7,500 a year.
 Magistrates get a rake-off of thousands of dollars in graft by persuading defendants to "submit and pay the costs." Wages of all workers, however, are being slashed.
 While the County Highway Commission superintendent pulls down his \$5,000 a year, "as a closed session of the Commission, it was decided to cut wages of the employees to effect a saving." Laborers get a double cut as they are forced to work 10 hours instead of 8.
 Other city employees are not exempt. "Most of the \$1,500 reduction in the Safety Dept.," says Councilman Joe Vasey, "will be borne by the firemen."
Wage Cuts for Underpaid Workers.
 Since April 15 all city employees have been getting half pay. A 25 per cent cut of salaries of all teachers is announced. Teachers now in many schools have to pay for janitor service out of their wages. Negro teachers get only \$900 a year wages in elementary and \$1,212.50 in high schools. White teachers, who are also greatly underpaid, but who have fewer children in their rooms, and generally an easier job, get \$1,187.50 a year for elementary, and \$1,631.58 for high school. Employees and faculty of the University of Tennessee have just got a \$5 cut, the second in a short period.
Not Less Than 15 Cents Per Hour.
 But the greatest burden of the crisis is put on the backs of the unskilled and semi-skilled workers. A 50 per cent cut was put over at the Appalachian Mills, a corporation worth nearly \$2,000,000, slashing wages down to 80 and 90 cents a day. Workers at the Brookside Mill recently got a 10 per cent cut—a mill listed as carrying insurance of \$5,500,000. Workers of the Knoxville Trunk and Manufacturing Co. are being paid in trunks, instead of wages. At a recent meeting of contractors it was decided "to pay labor not less than 15 cents an hour."

Sell the workers our pamphlet, "Unemployment Relief and Social Insurance," in our May First campaign to mobilize them for our program. Two cent pamphlet.

"Poverty Meets Riches—Why?"—a pamphlet issued by the National Unemployed Councils, will convince any worker that his path is struggle. Five cent pamphlet.

REPUBLICAN PARTY'S WORDS AND DEEDS

Masses Will Force Bosses to Feed Hungry

By B. K. GEBERT

THE Republican Party National Convention, just ended in Chicago, is characterized by one of the capitalist writers in the following way:

...and not a word to indicate an appreciation of the fact that at THIS HOUR TEN MILLION BREAD WINNERS OF THE NATION ARE WALKING THE STREETS WHILE THEIR DEPENDENTS SUFFER."

This capitalist writer did not discover America in making this statement. The Republican Party's concern was to add new burdens on the toiling masses of the nation. In the words of the keynote speech of the convention by Senator L. J. Dickinson of Iowa:

"President Hoover is concerned with HOW to maintain social order."

Indeed, this is the main and only concern of the Republican Party—to maintain the social order of exploitation, hunger and war—to maintain capitalism and it would be wrong to think that the Republican Party could even concern itself for a moment about the needs of the toiling masses of the nation. Nevertheless, the Republican Party demagogically attempts to fool the masses that it is concerned about them. In Kansas City in 1928, in which the "great engineer," Hoover, was nominated, the platform declared:

"The Republican Party pledges itself to continue its effort to maintain this present manner of living and high wage scale." It represented this platform of 1928 in the platform of 1932: "We believe in the principle of high wages."

But what are the facts in the matter? The wages of the workers of the United States have been cut 50 per cent in the last two and one-half years. According to the figures of a capitalist statistician, published in "Business Week," it is shown that wages of the workers in this country have declined 49.31 per cent. There are 15,000,000 unemployed and the National platform of 1932 definitely declares against any relief whatsoever for the unemployed.

"The Republican Party endorses this record and policy and is opposed to the federal government going directly into the field of private charity and direct relief to the individuals."

The platform carries the policy of the Hoover and Wall Street government. No relief of any kind to unemployed, and, above all, no unemployment and social insurance at the expense of the bosses and government. It officially declares that the unemployed toiling masses are to starve to death.

The Negro Question.
 THE Republican national platform of 1928 promises the Negro masses the following:

"We renew our recommendation that Congress enact, at the earliest possible date, a federal anti-lynching law so the full influence of the federal government may be welded to exterminate this hideous crime."

And what are the facts? In the year of 1931, 79 Negro workers and poor farmers have been lynched and not a single lyncher was convicted. The lynching of the Negroes has become a national sport of the "hly whites." In the 1932 platform, the Republicans went even further. They proclaim the following:

"Our Party stands and pledges to maintain equal opportunity and rights for the Negro citizens."

And, in line with this policy, the Republican Negro delegation from South Carolina was unseated, and in line with this policy, Negro delegates were segregated and Jim-Crowed. They were put in the Vincennes Hotel, at Vincennes and 22nd St., in the Chicago black belt. The Communist Party organized a demonstration against this Jim-Crowing of the Negro delegates. The demonstration was led by a Stockyards Negro worker, McDonald, Communist Party candidate for Governor of the state of Illinois, and Comrade Poindexter, another Communist Party candidate for Congressman in the Second Congressional District.

So, further quoting the platform of the Republican Party on the Negro question, it says:

"We do not propose to depart from the tradition nor to alter the spirit of that pledge."

The pledge of the Republican Party is to maintain the system of lynchings of Negro masses and putting up one or two Negro politicians to second the nomination of Hoover for President will not change the situation. The Negro masses are aware of their Republican "friends."

The Farmers.
 TO the farmers, in the platform of 1928, the Republicans state:

"The Republican Party pledges itself to development and enactment of measures which will place the agricultural interests of America on the basis of economic equality with other industries to insure its prosperity and success."

And the farmers do have Hoover "prosperity," just as much as the industrial workers in the cities. Hundreds of thousands lost their farms to the mortgage bankers. They are driven away from the farms, their farms being sold for unpaid taxes. Misery and starvation prevails among the farmers as much, if not more, as among the industrial workers.

War and "Rights."
 TO the ex-servicemen, the Republican Party answered very definitely: "No bonus." It is satisfied in the platform with general phrases praising "Those who have faithfully served their flag."

The Republican Party platform of 1932 at the same time very definitely states its objective: feverish war preparations. It declares:

"Armaments are relative and therefore flexible and subject to change as necessity demands. We believe that in time of war every material resource in the nation should bear its proportionate share of the burdens occasioned by the public emergency and that it is the DUTY OF THE GOVERNMENT TO PERFECT PLANS IN TIME OF PEACE WHEREBY ITS OBJECTIVE MAY BE ATTAINED IN WAR."

The platform also speaks of that "freedom of speech, press and assembly are fundamental principles on which our government rests. These vital principles should be preserved and protected."

The workers of Chicago, Detroit, Pennsylvania, Ohio, California, Kentucky and everywhere know how much freedom they have of assembly and speech. There is freedom of speech and assembly for parasites. There is a freedom for the working class.

These are some of the points in the 1932 platform of the Republican Party and recollections of the platform of 1928. Demagogic words of the Republican Party cannot and will not overshadow their deeds. The deeds of the Republican Party are against the toiling masses, workers, Negroes and poor farmers.

The Republican Party standard-bearer, Herbert Hoover, was nominated by J. L. Scott of Los Angeles, a fellow, who, using the words of a capitalist writer, is "a brilliant lawyer and has been highly honored by the Pop. He is a Knight Commander of St. Gregory," who ended his speech with the following statement:

"And I give you as your candidate our great, glorious Californian, Herbert Hoover."

Herbert Hoover and the Republican Party represent hunger and war against the toiling masses of this country, the colonial masses of Latin America, China and against the workers' fatherland, the Soviet Union.

Rally to Communist Platform.
 TO conclude the characterization of the Republican Party Convention, one cannot end it without quoting some remarks of the capitalist papers as to the convention itself.

The Chicago Tribune says that only one-fifth of the seats of the Chicago Stadium, which seats 25,000 was occupied when the convention opened.

Another capitalist writer speaks as follows: "The convention of the great historic party was opened with numerous patches of vacant seats in the hall and utter absence of any spontaneous enthusiasm welling up from hearts cast down."

Floyd Gibbons of the Chicago American writes: "There was neither food nor words for the hungry of America in its proceedings at the National Convention of the Republican Party." And he is worried that "Suppose Moscow tomorrow broadcast to the world the intention or the effort of the Soviet Union to send food supplies and general relief to the starving American veterans in Washington."

There is no need for the Soviet Union to send food supplies to the starving, toiling masses of the U. S. We have more food than we can use in this country. The masses of this country, under the leadership of the Communist Party will force the bosses to feed the hungry, because they will rally around the platform of the Communist Party and its six planks and above all, for unemployment and social insurance at the expense of the bosses and government. And the mighty power of the working class can open the warehouses and a huge vote for the Communist Party candidates, for Foster and Ford, will be a blow against capitalism and for food for the hungry masses.

ERECT BARRICADES IN ZURICH
 PARIS, June 20.—One was killed and fifty wounded when the police attacked a rally of unemployed workers and arrested fifty of them, a special dispatch from Zurich, Switzerland states.

The workers defended themselves and fought the police. Barricades were erected in several parts of Zurich. The unemployed workers raided several food shops, the dispatch says.