

WORKERS
OF THE WORLD,
UNITE!

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.
(Section of the Communist International)

All Out for National Tag Days
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For Address of Your
Nearest Station

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JAPANESE SECRET NOTE REVEALS ANTI-SOVIET WAR PLOT

10,000 N.Y. Workers Demand Release of Mooney, Scottsboro Boys

DRESS STRIKERS FORGE ON TO NEW VICTORIES; MASS PICKETING TODAY

United Front Strike Committee Blows Lid Off Schlesinger Sell-out

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—With unconquerable zeal and steered organization, the striking United Front Dressmakers forged ahead yesterday in their victorious march to new strategic gains. Eight new shops, all of them large ones, left their machines and marched to the strike halls to join the struggle for union conditions. More settlements were concluded and more bosses, smarting under the blows dealt by the stubborn strike of the workers, rushed in their settlement pleas.

The picket lines were strong and effective throughout the day. Tammany police, working in unity with the Schlesinger crowd of strikebreakers, attempted to terrorize the strikers by arresting ten of the most militant pickets. The pickets were defended by the International Labor Defense. Nine of them were freed on the spot and one received a one-day jail sentence.

Mass Picket Today.
This morning the masses of dressmakers will show their strength in a mass picket demonstration through the lower section of Manhattan garment center. The march will commence at 7:30 a. m. sharp. Proceeding from the hall of the Industrial Union, 131 W. 28th St., the pickets will march through garment section

DURABLE BOSS'S TRICK FAILS TO SPLIT STRIKERS

Workers Defy Injunction; Hearing This Friday

NEW YORK.—The strike of the metal workers of the Durable Tool & Die Co. against a lockout, which has been going on for almost a month, is continuing stronger than ever, with the picket lines growing daily in numbers, militancy and effectiveness. Members of many working-class organizations have responded to the strikers' appeal for assistance on the picket line, which has resulted in a number of scabs being persuaded to stay away from the shop.

The proposed settlement made recently by the boss on the basis of union recognition with the provision that nearly all of the most active strikers remain locked out permanently, has aroused tremendous indignation among the strikers, who are pledging to stick it out until a 100 per cent victory is gained. Their splendid militancy displayed on the picketline in the last few days shows that the strikers are already carrying out their pledge.

Three workers who were arrested last Saturday, when the strikers successfully beat off an attack of a gang of hoodlums, were released today under bail ranging from \$500 to \$1,000 on the charge of assault. This despite the fact that one of the cops who arrested them admitted that he did not see them at the scene of the fight.

The hearing on the injunction the boss is trying to obtain in an effort to break the strike is coming up in court on Friday after several postponements. One of the affidavits which served as ground for the complaint in the injunction has been repudiated as an outright forgery by the workers who is alleged to have made it to the boss' attorney, and has signed a counter-affidavit to this effect.

The strikers are giving a mass welcome to the two young workers, Jack Scaglione and Carl Como, who are being released from jail after serving 15 days because of their militant participation in the strike. All workers, especially young workers, and their organizations, are urged to attend this affair, which will be held on Saturday, February 27, 8:30 p. m. sharp, at the Workers Center, 35 E. 12th St.

RENT STRIKERS WIN RELEASE

Arrow Avenue Rent Strike Holds Strong

NEW YORK.—The fight put up in court today in the trial of the five workers arrested at a rent strike demonstration on Arrow Ave., Bronx, resulted in a victory for the workers. Two were dismissed. All the judge could manage to do in the case of the other three was to fine them \$2 each or 1 day in jail. The charges were disorderly conduct and the workers had been under \$500 bail. The names of the workers are: Breslaw, Roller, Oberstein, Ackerman, a house wife, and Morrison.

The arrests have not in the least deterred the workers from their determination to win their demands for reduced rents and better conditions of the house.

Saturday another demonstration will be held at 3 p. m. in front of 733 Arrow Avenue to rally the tenants in the neighborhood in support of the strike and to spread the movement against all attempts of the landlords to check it.

Red Builders, help get subscriptions.

99 Chicago Worker Organizations Pledge Support to Daily Worker Drive!

The districts are giving signs of action in the Daily Worker Emergency Drive. More money came in yesterday than in the last few days, but the \$500 turned in yesterday is still far short of the \$1,200 a day needed to pull the Daily Worker out of its financial difficulties.

Chicago has at last awakened to the seriousness of the present situation. 122 delegates representing 99 workers' organizations of Chicago met last Sunday and pledged full support to the drive. This is a step that must be taken by every district. Emergency conferences must be called all through the United States to rally the workers to save the paper that leads the struggle against the bosses' starvation and terror program.

Here is the resolution adopted at the Chicago conference. We want to hear resolutions like this one from every other district.

RESOLUTIONS OF JOINT URESS DRIVE

"We, one hundred twenty-two delegates representing ninety-nine workers' organizations of Chicago at the Emergency Press Conference held Sunday morning, February 21st, at People's Auditorium, pledge ourselves and our organizations to support the drive for \$10,000 to save the Daily Worker for the working class movement of the United States and to establish a Workers Weekly Newspaper for the Chicago District.

We realize that without a workers' press we cannot carry on the fight against the increasing misery caused by this crisis, the worst in the history of capitalism.

We realize that without a political organ such as the Daily Worker is, a political movement deserving the name is impossible and that the great struggles against wage cuts, unemployment, evictions and Criminal Syndicalist Laws demand a district weekly newspaper to give proper attention to the agitation and organization of these struggles.

In order to save the Daily Worker and insure the immediate issuance of a Workers' Weekly Newspaper for this district, we pledge ourselves to carry out all the decisions of this emergency conference and to bend every effort to popularize the workers' press among the masses of workers in our territory and to secure their financial support to the \$10,000 joint press drive.

The secretary of this conference is instructed to mail a copy of this resolution to all workers' newspapers and to urge the workers of this district to join us in this important task. M. W. Good, chairman

Gun Thugs Stop Trucks with Relief; Seek to Kill Miners by Hunger

Drivers Threatened With Death If They Persist In Bringing In Food

Workers! Show Your Solidarity With the Heroic Strikers By Doubling Your Relief Collections

PINEVILLE, Ky., Feb. 25.—Almost a thousand Brush Creek miners and their families are slowly starving to death as the result of a ring of gun thugs who are preventing all Workers International Relief trucks from entering the section and threatening the drivers with death if they persist in trying to bring food to the strikers. Food shipments arriving by train are also being turned back by the gun thugs, one of whom two weeks ago murdered Harry Simms, National Miners' Union youth organizer.

Some of the Brush Creek strikers have been starved back to work as a result of this fiendish maneuver of the operators but the majority of the miners are still striking and are eating grass and buds rather than work for starvation wages under gun thug rule.

Having exhausted every means of terrorization at their command to break the heroic strike and being thus far almost completely unsuccessful in the main, the operators are more and more relying on starvation and exposure to force the miners back to work.

More than 200 eviction notices have been handed out to strikers in the last few days and the miners' relief

Mother Mooney Hears Pledge of Nation-Wide Fight to Free Tom, All Class-War Prisoners

French, German and Japanese Workers Send Pledge of Support

Ten thousands workers crowded into the Bronx Coliseum Wednesday night in the most enthusiastic of recent demonstrations to demand the "immediate and unconditional release of Tom Mooney." The meeting was part of the over a hundred held all over the country by the International Labor Defense for the defense of the Scottsboro boys, the Kentucky prisoners, the release of Mooney and other class war prisoners. And every speaker, including the aged, white-haired mother of Mooney stressed this. The first speaker,

the lower and middle Bronx Unemployed Councils are organizing an empty pot and pan demonstration on Saturday, Feb. 27th, at 12 noon in front of Bronx Borough Hall. All the mass organizations of the Bronx are actively preparing for this demonstration. This

Japanese Writer Exposes Japanese Imperialism; Calls for Chinese Masses' Defense

S. Fujimori Tells of Powerful Workers and Intellectuals Movement in Opposition to Ruling Class

NEW YORK.—Speaking Wednesday night at a meeting of the John Reed Club, S. Fujimori, prominent Japanese revolutionary writer, exposed the role of Japanese imperialism in the looting of China and provocation against the Soviet Union. He called for the solidarity of American workers with the Japanese and Chinese workers to stop the robber war against China and for the defense of the Soviet Union.

CALL WOMEN'S CONFERENCE TO FIGHT ON WAR

Sunday March 13th at Irving Plaza

NEW YORK.—Because of the prominent part that women will play in the coming war, special attention is being made by the New York District Friends of the Soviet Union to invite Women's Organizations to send delegates to the mass Anti-War and Support the Soviet Union Conference, which will be held on Sunday, March 13th at Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St., and Irving Place at 10:30 a. m.

This conference is the second step which the New York District, Friends of the Soviet Union is taking to fight the war on and partition of China and to stop the invasion of the Soviet Union. The first step was the huge mass meeting of February 11th, with seven thousand workers protesting against imperialist war.

Thousands of organizations were invited to this conference. Not only will A. F. of L. unions, revolutionary unions, groups of unemployed workers and all kinds of working class organizations be represented at this conference—but workers from shops and factories who realize the necessity of adding their strength to an organized protest against bosses' war, will be there as well.

To insure the safety of the Chinese and Russian workers and peasants—it is imperative for workers in the United States to do their share toward stopping the war now going on in China, which is threatening to extend to the Soviet Union.

All organizations must show their international working class solidarity by sending 2 delegates to this Anti-War Conference to be held on Sunday, March 13th, at Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Place at 10:30 a. m.

Spread Daily Worker fund drive into every working class neighborhood to save workers' paper.

Demonstrate In Front of Home Relief Bureau

Today at 2 p. m. there will be a demonstration in front of the Home Relief Bureau at 293 Broadway to demand immediate relief for the workers of the East Side, married and single, without discrimination against Negro, foreign born or youth. The demonstration will begin with a parade from 7th Street and Avenue A.

Demonstrate with Empty Pots and Pans Saturday in Bronx

The lower and middle Bronx Unemployed Councils are organizing an empty pot and pan demonstration on Saturday, Feb. 27th, at 12 noon in front of Bronx Borough Hall. All the mass organizations of the Bronx are actively preparing for this demonstration. This

All mass organizations in the lower Bronx will gather at 149th St. and Prospect Avenue at 10 a. m. All mass organizations in upper and middle Bronx will gather at Wilkins and Intervale Aves. at 10 a. m. From there proceed to Borough Hall.

Two Day T. U. U. L. Conference; Ford to Report on R. I. L. U. Plenum

Because of the large delegations that will attend the conference and the many problems that will be taken up, the Bureau of the Council decided to have a two day conference instead of one day. The conference will begin its deliberations Saturday, at 2 p. m., and will adjourn Sunday at 6 p. m.

Comrade Ford, who has just returned from the Plenum of the Red International of Labor Unions, held in Moscow, will give a report on the Plenum. The preparations for the conference are in full swing. The unions and leagues met during all week, electing delegates and participating in the discussions and preparations. All delegates must come on time to the conference. This Saturday, at 2 p. m., at Struvevans Casino, 142 Second Avenue, corner 8th Street.

GEN. HONJO STATES THAT JAPAN'S AIM IS TO SEIZE SOVIET UNION TERRITORY

Would Grab Chinese Eastern Railway; Crush Soviet Mongolia, Take All Man- churia From China

Japanese News Agency Spreads Lie That Red Army Is Massing On Siberian Border

The Japanese are reported concentrating great numbers of troops at Harbin, 200 miles west of the Siberian frontier of the Soviet Union. Under directions of the Japanese, Chinese troops of the puppet Kirin government are damaging the Eastern Chinese Railway.

The sinister purpose of these monstrous provocations against the Soviet Union are glaringly revealed in a secret memorandum which General Honjo, Japanese military commander in Manchuria, sent to the Japanese War Ministry on August 3, 1931. According to reports in the European Imperialist press, this memorandum said:

GENERAL HONJO STATES WAR AIMS AGAINST U.S.S.R.

"In order to strengthen the position of our country and its power, it is necessary immediate-

ly to take advantage of the difficult world economic position, as well as of the circumstances that the Five-Year Plan in the Soviet Union has not yet been completed and that China is not a united country. All these factors must be utilized for the purpose of the more intense occupation of Manchuria and Mongolia and for realizing the active aims of the former Siberian expedition. The unity of China, the existence of the Soviet Union and the penetration of America in the Far East, all this does not accord with our interests. If we desire to prevent the penetration of America in the Far East, we must strengthen our defensive power and

obtain full material independence. Before we go forward against America, our troops must take up a defensive position in China, occupy the Far Eastern region of the Soviet Union and secure these countries for ourselves. The influence of America in the Philippines must be destroyed and this group of islands brought under our control. . . . This exposure of the naked aims of Japanese imperialism for a robber war against China and the Soviet Union is reprinted in a new pamphlet, "War in China. The pamphlet is being published by International Pamphlets, 799 Broadway, New York City. The Daily Worker

100 Knoxville Business Men Meet to Fight Jobless Council

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 25.—A secret vigilante committee of 100 prominent business men, which in this city means coal operators, textile mill owners and bankers, was formed yesterday by Director of Public Safety Anderson for the purpose of helping the police department crush the rapidly developing unemployed movement in Knox-

ville and disrupting of relief apparatus for the Kentucky-Tennessee strikers which the Workers International Relief set up locally. In the few weeks since it has been organized, the Knoxville Unemployed Council has already forced the City Council to give hundreds of workers on the city charity list two days work a week instead of the previous one. Local leaders of the Unemployed Council have been approached repeatedly by leading business men with offers of jobs if "they would only leave the Reds alone." In Turley, Tenn., where last week a miner fell dead of starvation while working in a mine and where it is a common sight to see working miners picking grass for their supper on their way home from work, several hundred miners were invited to attend a meeting called by the operators to discuss the strike arose and ordered a preacher who launched an attack on the National Miners Union to leave at once.

There is no N.M.U. local at Turley, but as a result of this meeting, miners in Turley sent a delegation to ask the Kentucky District of the N.M.U. for organizers. Proceedings of a meeting of Knoxville business men which was never reported in local papers were unwittingly revealed today in an editorial in the Knoxville Times which expresses agreement with the National Guard officer who said at that meeting, "We shouldn't worry about the Sino-Japanese war as much as about the spread of Communism in Kentucky and Tennessee. In my opinion the National Guard will be called on to suppress disorders at home before it will be mobilized for foreign war."

Nearing Opens Drive For Membership In Friends Soviet Union

NEW YORK.—Scott Nearing, well known lecturer, is the first big gun used by the East Bronx Branch in their drive for 1,000 new members in their vicinity. They are inaugurating this drive for membership in order to combat the war on the Chinese workers and peasants and to prevent the attempted invasion of the Soviet Union.

For this purpose, the East Bronx Branch has received the co-operation of Scott Nearing, who will speak on "Capitalist Anarchy vs. Planned Economy in the Soviet Union", on Friday evening, February 26, at Ambassador Hall, 3875 Third Avenue (near Claremont Parkway) Bronx, at 8 p. m.

Workers must understand that a war on the Chinese masses—a war on the Russian workers and peasants, means a war on the working class as a whole.

Turn out to this East Bronx rally for membership. Meet Scott Nearing!

WAGENKNECHT TELLS OF GREAT NEED FOR STRIKE RELIEF IN KY.

NEW YORK.—"The support of the Kentucky-Tennessee striking miners and their starving families must remain one of the basic tasks facing the working class for this period." This statement prefaced a report given by Alfred Wagenknecht, national secretary of the Workers International Relief covering his recent tour of the strike areas where he checked up on conditions and relief distribution.

Wagenknecht, who was arrested by Knoxville police in an attempt to hinder the feeding of the starving children of the miners by the W. I. R., unfolded a picture of the most cruel misery existing in the mining camps of Kentucky and Tennessee.

"In camp after camp the children of the striking miners are half-naked and go about barefoot or in 'pieces' shoes, as the miners call the rags and bits of leather with which they wrap the feet of the children. Long undernourishment has twisted the bodies of the children and their little legs and hands are bent out of shape from rickets caused by lack of milk."

"The Workers International Relief must continue to be more and more in the forefront of this struggle. By winning the right to distribute relief unimpeded the fight for the legalization of the National Miners' Union

will be tremendously aided. To win the right to distribute relief means a heavy blow against the campaign of terror, beatings, dynamiting, kidnapping, arresting and frame-up. Therefore we must carry forward the relief campaign to more tens of thousands throughout the country.

"How will this be accomplished? By adding to the thousands of collection lists already in the hands of workers more tens of thousands. By speeding up collections upon these lists. By drawing in every sympathetic worker as a volunteer collector and by activating every friend and acquaintance.

"At this time we must ask what are the trade unions doing to aid this campaign? In this strike we must push forward vigorously collections in every shop on pay-day, we must hold meetings at every shop—go not just for relief but to bring the political importance of this strike to the rank and file of the American Federation of Labor and to the unorganized workers and win them to solidarity with the heroic miners.

"We must also ask the question what are the mass organizations doing and what are the language organizations doing? They must check upon their members and speed their activity.

JAPANESE WRITER EXPOSES JAPANESE IMPERIALISM; CALLS FOR CHINESE MASSES' DEFENSE

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

groaning under the most terrific oppression and terror, for the Soviet Union—the land where the working class rules. Numerous anti-war demonstrations of revolutionary workers and students have been taking place in Japan, he reported, but the news of these demonstrations have been suppressed by the Japanese military censors.

against their imperialist ruling class as manifested in the courageous opposition to the imperialist adventures in Manchuria and Shanghai. In the face of the sharpest terror by the Japanese government, the Japanese masses, under the leadership of the heroic Communist Party of Japan, have opposed the attack upon the Chinese Revolution and the attempts to provoke the Soviet Union into war.

The proletarian cultural movement in Japan has a large number of publications, Comrade Fujimori stated, with over 200 proletarian writers and more than 10,000 worker correspondents. It functions through several groups, as proletarian writers, proletarian artists, a proletarian theatre group, proletarian music and an Anti-Religious League. One of its publications, The Literary News, has a circulation of over 35,000 among the working-class. The Japanese government tries strenuously to suppress this press. There are also factory circles, street groups, etc., each with its own publication.

"We send revolutionary greetings to the revolutionary artists and writers of Japan, who have played so important a part in the opposition to Japanese imperialism and have shown magnificent solidarity with the Chinese masses in their struggles against the traitorous Kuomintang and the foreign imperialist powers.

"The John Reed Club pledges itself to fight against American imperialism and its participation in the looting and partition of China and its leading role in the preparations for armed intervention against the Soviet Union.

The fascist movement which is headed by the present Japanese Minister of War Arai, and supported by the traitorous socialists, is trying to disrupt the proletarian cultural organizations. Comrade Fujimori reported. The Japanese socialists and liberals are more and more going over to open fascism at this time. Comrade Fujimori called for the help of the revolutionary artists and writers of America in the fight against Japanese imperialism.

"The John Reed Club expresses its solidarity with the Japanese revolutionary writers and artists and the Japanese masses in their struggles

At the close of his talk, the following resolution was presented by Liston Oak and unanimously adopted:

"The John Reed Club expresses its solidarity with the Japanese revolutionary writers and artists and the Japanese masses in their struggles

What's On—

- The Red Sparks Athletic Club will have a general meeting at 330 Grand Street, at 8 p.m.
- There will be a lecture at the Tremont Workers Club, 207 Clinton Avenue, Bronx, at 8 p.m. Adm. 20c.
- A concert will be given at the Pythian Hall, 21st Street and Mermad Ave., Coney Island, at 8:30 p.m. for the benefit of the dressmakers' strike. Adm. 35c.
- Comrade Rose will speak on the war danger at the Mapleton Workers Club, 6720 25 Avenue, Brooklyn, at 8 p.m. All workers are invited.
- Comrade Binias will speak on "The Role of the Communist Party in the Trade Unions" at the Downtown Workers Club, 11 Clinton Street, at 8:30 p.m.
- The Downtown Youth Branch of the I.W.O. No. 485 will meet at 17 E. 3rd St. at 8:30 p.m. In connection with the two newly organized youth branches.
- The Brownsville Youth Branch of the I.W.O. No. 401 meets at 257 Schenectady Ave., Brooklyn, at 8 p.m.
- The Sports Youth Branch of the I.W.O. 468 will meet at 1400 Roston Road, Bronx, at 8 p.m.
- The Peoples Youth Branch of the I.W.O. 112 will meet at 100-25 Union Hall St., Jamaica, at 8:30 p.m. A discussion on the anti-oligarchy will be held. Everyone is invited.
- The Red Colony Youth Branch 423, will meet at 2700 Bronx Park West, Bronx, at 8:30 p.m.
- Frank Bichel, of the Friends of the Soviet Union, will speak on "The Philip Family" a study of the life of a Soviet family, at 1109-45 Street, Brooklyn, under the auspices of the Tavor Youth Branch 661. Adm. 25c. Youth 15c.
- Boit Nearing will speak on "Capitalist Anarchy vs. Planned Economy" in the Soviet Union" at Ambassador Hotel, Third Ave. and Clearmont Parkway, at 8 p.m., under the auspices of the East Bronx Branch of the F.S.U.
- Alteration valentines, Downtown Section, will meet at 124 East 7 St., at 8 p.m.
- There will be a lecture at the Bath Workers Club, 48 Bay 23 St., Brooklyn. All workers and students are invited.
- The English Chorus of the W.I.R. will meet at 15 West 21st Street, at 8 p.m. Everybody is invited.
- Comrade Rose Nelson will speak on the role of women in the coming war at the Maritime Workers Center, 2500-85 Street, Brooklyn, at 8:30 p.m.
- A regular membership meeting of the Metal Workers Industrial League will be held at Irving Plaza, East 15 Street and Irving Place, at 8 p.m.

NEW MEMBERS IS DETROIT ANSWER TO SIMMS MURDER

800 Young and Old Workers Pack Hall In Demonstration

DETROIT.—Over 800 workers, young and old, packed the main auditorium of Northern High School here in answer to the appeal the Communist Party and Young Communist League for a mighty protest against the bloody assassination of Harry Simms, 19 year old organizer for the Young Communist League in the Kentucky strike area.

The meeting reached its high point when workers signed applications for both the Party and League and marched up to the stage signalling their determination to replace our murdered comrade by taking his place in the ranks of the fighting Communist Party and Y. C. L.

A resolution condemning Simms' murder was unanimously passed. The Young Communist League of the Detroit District pledged to recruit one hundred new members into the League to replace Harry Simms. Forty-five dollars were collected as a fighting fund to secure the release of all miners and strike organizers arrested by the Kentucky coal operators.

Illustrated Talk On Life of Soviet Worker

NEW YORK.—Actual proof of living and working conditions of the average worker's family in the Soviet Union will be given in the form of an illustrated lecture by Frank Segal, district secretary of the Friends of the Soviet Union, on Friday, February 26, at 8:30 p.m. The lecture will be given at 1109 45th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

The pictures illustrating the lecture deal with the life of a Soviet worker, Phillip, a worker and shock trooper at the factory, "Red Proletarian"; his wife, two daughters and three sons. It is a graphic and smashing blow at all the lies of the capitalists and Socialists concerning the living standards of the Soviet worker.

ITALIAN WORKERS TO HOLD AFFAIR FOR F. S. U.

The Italian section of the Friends of the Soviet Union is giving a benefit affair for the F. S. U., Saturday, Feb. 27, at the Italian Workers Center, 201 Sullivan St., corner Bleecker St. There will be dancing and entertainment. Women will be admitted free. Admission is 25 cents.

35 FAMILIES FACE EVICTION TODAY IN BRONX

NEW YORK.—The city government intends to evict thirty-five workers and their wives and children today, from their homes on Longfellow Avenue between 174th and 175th Sts., Bronx, where a rent strike has been going on for some time.

The entire neighborhood is aroused at this attempt of mass evictions. The 135 tenants of 5 houses involved in the rent strike are at a high pitch and determined to resist the evictions. They call on workers to come from all over the city to join in a united fight for the thirty-five families and the right to hold rent strikes.

"Not one to be evicted" is their slogan. "If the eviction is carried through," the workers announced, "we will continue picketing the house until the landlord takes our furniture back into our rooms and submits the demands of the rent strike."

Yesterday hundreds of workers rallied at an open air meeting called by the striking tenants led by the Unemployed Council, and pledged their support in the rent strike.

A telegram was sent to Mayor Walker demanding that he stop these evictions and evictions all over the city.

"We call on the members of the International Labor Defense, Women's Council, Icor, Unemployed Councils, all workers to mobilize at Longfellow Avenue between 174th and 175th tomorrow morning at 8 a. m. to join ranks in a solid resistance against the eviction."

ANOTHER RENT STRIKE WON IN THE BRONX

NEW YORK, N. Y., Feb. 25.—After a two weeks strike, the tenants of 2704 Wallace Ave., under the leadership of the Williamsbridge Unemployed Council won the following demands from Mr. Osinoff, the "socialist" landlord: 1) \$1 rent reduction per room per month; 2) Withdrawal of all court proceedings against all the tenants.

After the strike the tenants decided to maintain their organization permanently. "Mr. Osinoff, on the other hand, does everything to destroy it," the house committee said in a statement today. For this reason his agents are spreading the rumors that Comrade Woliner paid his rent during the strike. The truth of the matter is that Comrade Woliner was and is one of the best fighters amongst the tenants. He was one of the leaders of the strike and therefore in the best interests of the workers all these rumors have to be suppressed.

SIX FAMILIES EVICTED IN BROWNSVILLE

NEW YORK, N. Y., Feb. 25.—Powell St., Brownsville, was the scene of crying children, distracted mothers and scattered furniture today when the city marshal evicted six families from their homes in an effort of the landlord to break the rent strike going on.

Three families were evicted from 521 Powell St., two from 540 and one from 491. The rent strike led by the Brownsville Unemployed Council is in these three houses.

In a short time the furniture disappeared from the street. Workers in the rent strike and from other houses mobilized and brought the furniture and families into other homes.

These evictions are the result of a united front among the landlords who, through their association are contributing funds to break the strike, trembling with fright at the prospect of the rent strike movement spreading throughout the city.

Three other families were to be evicted but the marshal did not appear. Picketing is going on in front of 521 where the landlady, Mrs. Cohen, lives.

"We will not give in," stated the workers. "We will fight on until we win."

Open air meetings are held everyday to rally the neighborhood. The spirit of the workers is expressed in their readiness to get on the platform and speak.

A reporter from the "Forward", a "socialist" paper, approached the workers today asking for a statement. The workers refused to have anything to do with him, because of the deliberate omission by the socialist paper of the fact that the Brownsville Unemployed Council is leading the strike.

RUTH ROYE AND JIM McWILLIAMS AT HIPPODROME

The Hippodrome vaudeville program beginning Saturday is headed by Ruth Roye, comedienne, and Jim McWilliams, pianist. Other stage features include the Three Bredwins, European acrobats; the De Torgoes, with Sally Sarrant and Joe Bradshaw; Rio and Kitchell; Togo and Cherry Blossom, and the Three Aces. The screen offers the first New York presentation of "Law and Order," a Universal production, starring Walter Huston. The supporting players include Harry Carey, Raymond Hatton, Ralph Ince and Russell Hopton. Edward L. Cain directed from the story by William R. Burnett.

Boston Dressmakers Refuse to Wear A.F.L. Arm Bands

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 25.—The second day of the United Front dressmakers strike found the ranks of the strikers swelling. More shops joined the strike and more are expected down tomorrow.

The officials of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, in an effort to break up the united front, ordered all workers in the company union to wear arm bands, inscribed upon which were the initials A. F. of L. The International officials enlisted the aid of the police to enforce their rule.

The International workers, however, refused to wear the arm bands, stating that the arm bands

would expose the United Front pickets to the police.

Unity committees are approaching all strikers. Preparations are being rushed for a unity mass meeting of I. L. G. W. U. strikers to consolidate a united front with the unorganized and members of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union.

Two workers who were arrested the first day of the strike were fined five dollars each or five days in jail. The jailing of these militant workers has added fresh impetus to the spreading of the strike and the rapid consolidation of the united front.

DRESS STRIKERS FORGE ON TO NEW VICTORIES; MASS PICKETING TODAY

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unprecedented proportions were met with tumultuous applause and cheers. The new striking shops received a great ovation as they came into the halls and declared their solidarity with the United Front.

Scores Schlesinger Sellout. — The United Front Strike Committee issued the following ringing call to all dress strikers under the leadership of the International:

"Ten days ago, the Schlesinger-Dubinsky clique, with the aid of the bosses, declared their strike lockout in the dress trade. The bosses shut down the power and sent you out of the shops in order to give the Schlesinger clique a chance to squeeze money out of you and to send you back under the same miserable conditions.

"The strike lockout of the bosses is being carried through at the same time when the United Front Strike Committee is carrying on a strike of the dressmakers for union conditions. "Workers of the shops who must earn a living from our work, turn to you with this call. Unite together with us in the strike against the bosses and for union conditions. Our interests are the same in the shops and on the picket line.

"Before the strike and since the strike, the United Front Committee has carried on a consistent struggle to unite the ranks of the dressmakers because we know that through unity of the workers we can win decent living conditions for all workers.

"Thousands of workers joined the ranks of the United Front Committee and are fighting for union conditions in the shops. About 100 shops have already settled on the basis of union conditions. But this is not enough. We must see to it that no striking shop returns to work without improved conditions.

"Strikers of the International: Long before the strike lockout was declared by the leaders of the International they had already agreed on a sellout settlement. The so-called conferences between the Association and the Schlesinger clique, carried on behind closed doors, are simply finishing touches to the sellout, which will mean more starvation, more misery for the dressmakers.

"Without the knowledge or consent of the strikers, they have agreed to arbitration so that with the aid of Walker and other Tammany politicians they can drive the dressmakers back to work under even more miserable conditions.

"Strikers of the International: In Montreal, Canada, the International clique, after a one day's fake strike, sent the cloakmakers back to the shops under a 10 per cent wage cut, 10 per cent reorganization, and check-off system. Do not permit the Schlesinger-Dubinsky-Zimmerman clique to drive you back under a similar sellout in New York. Now that you are down on strike you have the opportunity to get real improvements in your conditions.

"You must not permit yourselves to be fooled by the loud proclamations of victory which will be made by the leaders of the International, the Forward. The day and the entire capitalist press in a screaming headlines that the International has defeated the demands of the bosses and has scored a victory for the workers. The aim of this publicity will be to confuse your minds and to drive you back to the shops under the old conditions. Recall the hullabaloo that was made in the same bosses' press about the victory of the cloakmakers in 1929 and the dressmakers in 1930 and the actual conditions in the shops after the so-called victory. The general agreement which they have made will look good on paper but will mean wage cuts in the shops. You must not return without any real improvements in your conditions.

"How Can This Be Done?"

"1. Get together with the workers of your shop, elect a shop strike committee, work out your demands on the basis of the demands of the United Front Committee—for a 25 per cent increase in pay, 40 hour week, the right to the job, no discrimination against Negro and young workers.

"2. Organize a strong picket line and continue picketing until your boss is compelled to give in to your conditions.

"3. Get together with the strikers of the other shops and help them organize their shops and continue the strike for union conditions.

"4. Fight against the sellout agreement and mobilize the workers of your shop and all other shops to vote down the fake settlement.

"5. Insist that only the strike committee of your shop has the

right to negotiate with your boss and accept no settlement unless it has been made on the basis of your demands and approved by the workers of your shop.

"6. Join with the strikers of the United Front Committee. Make one picket line and one fight for union conditions.

"The United Front Strike Committee whose only aim is to get better conditions for the workers, will stand with you in this struggle, will help you win better conditions in your shop, will mobilize the other strikers to help you in your struggle.

"Join with us in one picket line. One strike for union conditions under rank and file leadership. Vote down the sellout settlement of Schlesinger! Fight against arbitration of Mayor Walker and other politicians who have shown in the past that they are loyal servants of the bosses. Organize to fight for union conditions under the leadership of the United Front Rank and File Strike Committee.

"Down with the Schlesinger settlement.

"Long live the united struggle of the dressmakers for union conditions."

A mass meeting and concert will be held at the Pythian Hall, 21st St. near Mermaid Ave., Coney Island tonight at 8 p. m. Issues of the strike will be discussed. Ben Gold will speak on the progress and problems of the strike.

TRY TO BREAK BREAD STRIKE BY JAILING PICKETS

The bakery bosses of Brighton Beach together with the Tammany judges, police, are trying in every way possible to break the militant bread strike in Brighton Beach. Yesterday, February 25, Mrs. Herman, a militant woman picket, was arrested on several framed up charges in front of Tanenbaum bakery. Mrs. Boxer, a member of the strike executive committee, was sentenced to five days in jail by Judge Steers. Three other pickets were given suspended sentences.

The Tammany judges cannot make up their minds as to the best way to break the strike. Last week the judge ruled that the consumers have a right to pickets, etc., this week Judge Steers again raised the question of the right to picket.

Workers of Brighton Beach must now more than ever before prove to the judges, police and bakery bosses that we have the right to strike and picket and that we will continue to do so until we win," the strikers said. All workers are called to the mass meeting which will be held tonight, February 26, at Ocean Parkway Hall, 3034 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn.

Alderman Thomas G. Ryan has been called to defend his actions of supporting the bakery owners.

On Monday some 40 workers are to appear in Coney Island court, Eighth and Surf Aves., to answer the trumped up charges under which they were arrested.

Crowd the court room on this day and demand the right to picket and organize!

"THE MOON IN THE YELLOW RIVER" OPENS MONDAY

The new Theatre Guild production, the fifth this season, "The Moon in the Yellow River," a new play by Denis Johnston, will open at the Guild Theatre Monday, February 29. The leading players are Claude Rains, Henry Hull, William Harrigan, Egon Brecher, Alima Kruger and Gertrude Flynn. Philip Moeller staged the play and Cleon Throckmorton designed the settings.

Eugene O'Neill's trilogy, "Mourning Becomes Electra," which has been playing to crowded houses at the Guild Theatre since October 26, will be transferred on Monday, February 29, to the Alvin Theatre, directly opposite.

"We Will Make New Laws" to Crush Workers, Court Says

LONG BEACH, Cal., Feb. 25.—"We will make a new law and establish a precedent for convicting the dependants," Deputy City Prosecutor Devries shouted at Gallagher, attorney for the 45 workers being tried at Long Beach today after Gallagher had proven that the trial on charges of unlawful assembly has no basis in law.

In a brilliant address Gallagher pointed out that workers are justified in saying they cannot get justice in capitalist courts, for laws are evidently changed to suit desires of the boss class in persecuting militant workers.

"For more than a month you have dragged thirty three of these defendants from Los Angeles to court and kept twelve of them in jail over five weeks during which time they were slugged and browbeaten and yet you don't have one iota of law to stand on. This persecution is the most outrageous victimization of militant workers yet perpetrated," Gallagher said in arguing a motion to dismiss the case.

Judge Wallace postponed decision

until Friday morning. The trial will not be heard on Thursday due to the absence of jurors. Earlier in the day, Donegan, a Long Beach detective and prosecution witness threatened to have workers rearrested on charges of conspiracy to violate the criminal syndicalism law.

The trial began February 2nd and grew out of the arrest of 100 workers on January 15th, while they were attending a lecture on the "Economic Crisis" by Sam Darcy, district organizer of the Communist Party, who was also held.

Over two hundred organizations have already sent their protests to Governor Rolph of California and the mayor of Long Beach. All workers' organizations, who have not as yet sent their protest, should do so

Bittleman to Speak On India at Forum This Sunday Night

NEW YORK.—Alex Bittleman, a well-known leader in the Communist movement, will speak at the Workers Forum conducted by the Workers School this Sunday night, February 28, at 8 p.m., at the Workers Center, 35 E. 12th St., second floor.

The topic will be, "The Revolutionary Upsurge in India." The lecture will systematically deal with history of the revolutionary movement after the world war, the betrayal by Gandhi and other leaders of the "National" congress, the butcher's role of the MacDonald government, the rising struggle of the workers and peasants in Bombay, Calcutta, Peshawar, etc., the United Provinces, and the role and task of the newly formed Communist Party of India. All workers are urged to attend this forum.

ANY \$1.50 OR \$1 INTERNATIONAL PUBLISHERS BOOK WITH ONE 12-MONTH SUBSCRIPTION TO THE DAILY WORKER

Bedacht Talks Sun. at Harlem Casino On 'Why Social Insurance'

NEW YORK.—The burning question before the American working class today is immediate relief for the unemployed and part-time workers. Hoover says the dole is un-American but in his estimation it is perfectly in order for the American worker to beg for his food at the flop houses and charities. The whole question of immediate relief for the unemployed workers in the way of social insurance, how it is to be administered and where the money is to come from will be the subject for Comrade Bedacht's lecture this Sunday, 7 p.m. at New Harlem Casino, 116th St. and Lenox Ave.

This lecture is of especial importance to the membership of the International Workers Order in view of the campaign for social insurance being conducted, through a united front of all fraternal organizations under the leadership of the International Workers Order. Admission 15 cents.

AMUSEMENTS

THE THEATRE GUILD presents EUGENE O'NEILL'S Trilogy Mourning Becomes Electra Composed of 3 plays presented on 1 day HOMECOMING, THE HUNTED, THE HAUNTED Commencing at 8:30 sharp. Dinner in-termission of one hour at 7. No Mat's GUILD THEA., 52d St., W. of 5'way

5th Capacity WEEK! All New York Is Starling By First Soviet Talkie of Russia's "WILD CHILDREN" ROAD to LIFE (With Titles in English) "Is one of the most stirring and satisfying of pictures." — Richard Watts, Jr., Herald Tribune. R-K-O 42nd St. & W'way

The Theatre Guild presents REUNION IN VIENNA A Comedy By ROBERT E. SHERWOOD Martin Beck THEA., 45th St. & 8 Ave. Eve. 8:40 Mats. Thurs. Sat. 2:40

R-K-O CAMEO 42nd St. & W'way

COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW With ELMER RICE PAUL MUNI Plymouth Thea. W. 45 St. Ev. 8:20 Mat. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20

HIPPODROME 9th Ave. & 43rd St. BIGGEST SHOW IN NEW YORK "THE R-K-O 8 ACTS Inel. Final Edition" STUART and LASH With PAT O'BRIEN and MAE CLARKE

SECOND DAY ANNUAL BAZAAR International Labor Defense (New York District)

ONLY THREE MORE DAYS! February 26, 27, 28

STAR CASINO 107th Street and Park Ave.

SLAVISH NIGHT TONIGHT! Program by Russian, Ukrainian and Yugoslav Choruses! SOVIET RUSSIAN ARTICLES FOR SALE—Reasonable Admission Tonight Only 50c

FIFTH ANIVERSARY Concert and Banquet

Saturday, Feb. 27 Ambassador Hall At 8:00 P. M.

ALL PROFITS FOR THE KENTUCKY MINERS AND DRESSMAKERS STRIKE RELIEF Admission 50 Cents

See Who Advertises in Your Own Daily

Save the Daily Worker!

What is your Unit or Branch doing? HERE ARE SOME WAYS:— Concerts, dances, affairs to— SAVE THE DAILY WORKER Attend the one nearest you; spend an enjoyable evening! Help your fighting paper!

SCOTT NEARING Will speak on

"PLANNED ECONOMY in the SOVIET UNION" Fri., Feb. 26, 8:30 p.m. AMBASSADOR HALL 172nd St. and Third Ave., Bronx AUSPICES—Friends of the Soviet Union (East Bronx)

DAILY WORKER Building Fund Affair

Sun., Feb. 28, 3 p. m. At FINNISH HALL 764 40th Street, Brooklyn A Revolutionary Program Arranged Auspices: Sec. 7, C. P.—Adm. 25c

Be Prepared! FOR A REAL GOOD TIME at the

"KABTZONIM" BALL Saturday Eve., March 5th MANHATTAN LYCEUM 66 EAST Fourth Street AUSPICES Freiheit Gasang Farein TICKETS—47c

Concert and Dance given jointly by

UNITS 5, 8, 10, 20—SECTION 5 C. P., U. S. A. Sat., Feb. 27, 8 p. m. Union Ave. Workers Club At 855 UNION AVE., BRONX All proceeds for the Daily Worker Admission 25 Cents

Intern'l Workers Order DENTAL DEPARTMENT

1 UNION SQUARE 5TH FLOOR All Work Done Under Personal Care of DR. JOSEPHSON

Entertainment and Dance For the Benefit of the DAILY WORKER

Sat. Feb. 27, 8 p. m. At 417 WEST 53rd ST. Auspices: Unit 8 & 14, Sec. 2, C.P. Admission 25c

Rational Vegetarian Restaurant

139 SECOND AVENUE bet. 12th and 13th Sts. Strictly Vegetarian Food

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Comrades Will Always Find It Pleasant to Dine at Our Place. 1787 SOUTHERN BLVD., BRONX (Near 174th St. Station) TELEPHONE INTERVALE 9-0100

FURNISHED ROOM—Quiet, near

Union Sq., \$4 a week. See A. R. Daily Worker. One or two private rooms, kitchen, shower, reasonable. Apt. 41, 9 W. 110th St. Monument 2-8967.

Party Recruiting Drive

January 11 - March 18, 1932

CORRELATING THE RECRUITING DRIVE WITH THE DAILY WORKER DRIVE FOR SUBSCRIPTIONS

By JAMES WATSON.

(Agri-Prop Director, District No. 3.)

The drive for 5,000 twelve month subscriptions for the Daily Worker can not be separated from the Party drive for new members. The two major drives of the Party, the drive for new subs for the Daily Worker, and the drive for additional militant fighters for the Communist Party should progress along parallel lines. On the graph these two campaigns in many respects should show similar tendencies. For example in any said week if fifty new recruits are taken into the Party, the Daily Worker curve on the graph for new subs should show an upward swing, perhaps not coinciding at point fifty of recruiting curve, but certainly a high correlation of the two curves. This even forward march should hold true if our example was reversed, permitting in any said week fifty new subs for the Daily Worker the two curves on the graphs would also exhibit like characteristics and favorable correlation.

It is urging that we minutely examine the progress of the campaigns in these lights, noting carefully from week to week the correlation between the two curves. When in any week the two curves bare no correlation or negative correlation, we must lay the happenings of that week on the table and carry them through a rigid objective examination. This self-criticism will certainly reveal concrete shortcomings that went by unnoticeable in our frenzied efforts to make both the drive for new members for the Party and the drive for new subs for the Daily Worker a success.

ON RECRUITMENT OF NEW MEMBERS INTO THE PARTY

By RENELDA GUMBS

District Agri-Prop District 7

IN spite of the wide explanations that have been made to the Party members explaining to them the importance of recruitment of new members into the Party, and how to do it, we still find that many of the Party members still have not overcome their right tendencies to underestimate the radicalization of the workers, to hesitate to draw them into the Party, even these workers show their willingness and fitness to join the Party.

Such is the case in Flint, Michigan. Due to the extreme police terror there, the repeated raiding of our meetings, or meeting places, the comrades there are constantly in fear of bringing in stool pigeons or police spies into the Party. Their fear is so great that they have stopped almost all activities, and efforts to reach and organize the Flint workers, who are for the most part auto workers, working in the Buick, Chevrolet and General Motors plants in Flint. A worker had often asked a comrade, how could he join the Party, and time after time he showed his eagerness to become active in the revolutionary field. But in spite of this, time after time, the Party member answered only indirectly and that was all, even tho he had known this worker for a long time and knew him to be an honest worker. Contact after contact was made in Flint, but still no efforts made to bring them closer to the movement. And added on top of this, these same comrades came together week after week and merely repeated the phrase of "we must recruit new members" and then went home.

In other words, these comrades instead of tearing down the walls between themselves and the workers, only built it higher.

Having been sent to Flint to assist the comrades, in the discussion they had on how to recruit members into the Party in Flint, I suggested that they call a meeting of all the contacts that they had made for the purpose of explaining to these workers, what the Party was and how and why they should join it, etc. The night of the meeting was arranged for the following Thursday, but that night was a terrific storm. In spite of the weather there were five workers present, one of them a woman worker.

The meeting was an explanation of the History of the Party, the role of the Party in the United States, the struggles of the revolutionary unions, the struggles of the workers that the Party is leading, and why the workers should join the Communist Party. All of this was told in brief and simple fashion.

These workers were enthusiastic over this talk and declared that that was the first explanation of the Party that they had ever had, and that this explanation would even make it easier for them to understand some of the articles in the Daily Worker and our other Party literature.

One of the workers had been on the National Hunger March, and he gave a short talk on his impressions of this great march of the unemployed to Washington. Questions were asked and the meeting ended after all of the workers had joined in discussion.

The comrades were delighted and somewhat surprised over the enthusiasm of the workers, and how these workers, with the exception of

one who joined immediately, declared their determination to join and become active Communists in the full sense of the name. These workers all took Party literature in order to prepare themselves more.

Meetings of this kind are only one of the ways in reaching, educating and bringing our contacts closer to the movement. Meeting of this character could be held every month or so even after the recruitment drive is over. These meetings have not only proven of value to the workers invited, but the Party members as well. Then too these meetings to some extent can solve our problem of how to keep new members into the Party.

Especially during recruitment campaigns, often the comrades in their zeal to get new members into the Party, approach workers and literally force these workers to join the Party without the proper explanation of what the Party is and what shall be expected from them as Party members, etc. As a result, after signing application cards they either do not come to meetings or if they do, they leave after the first or second unit meeting, which to them is like a foreign land.

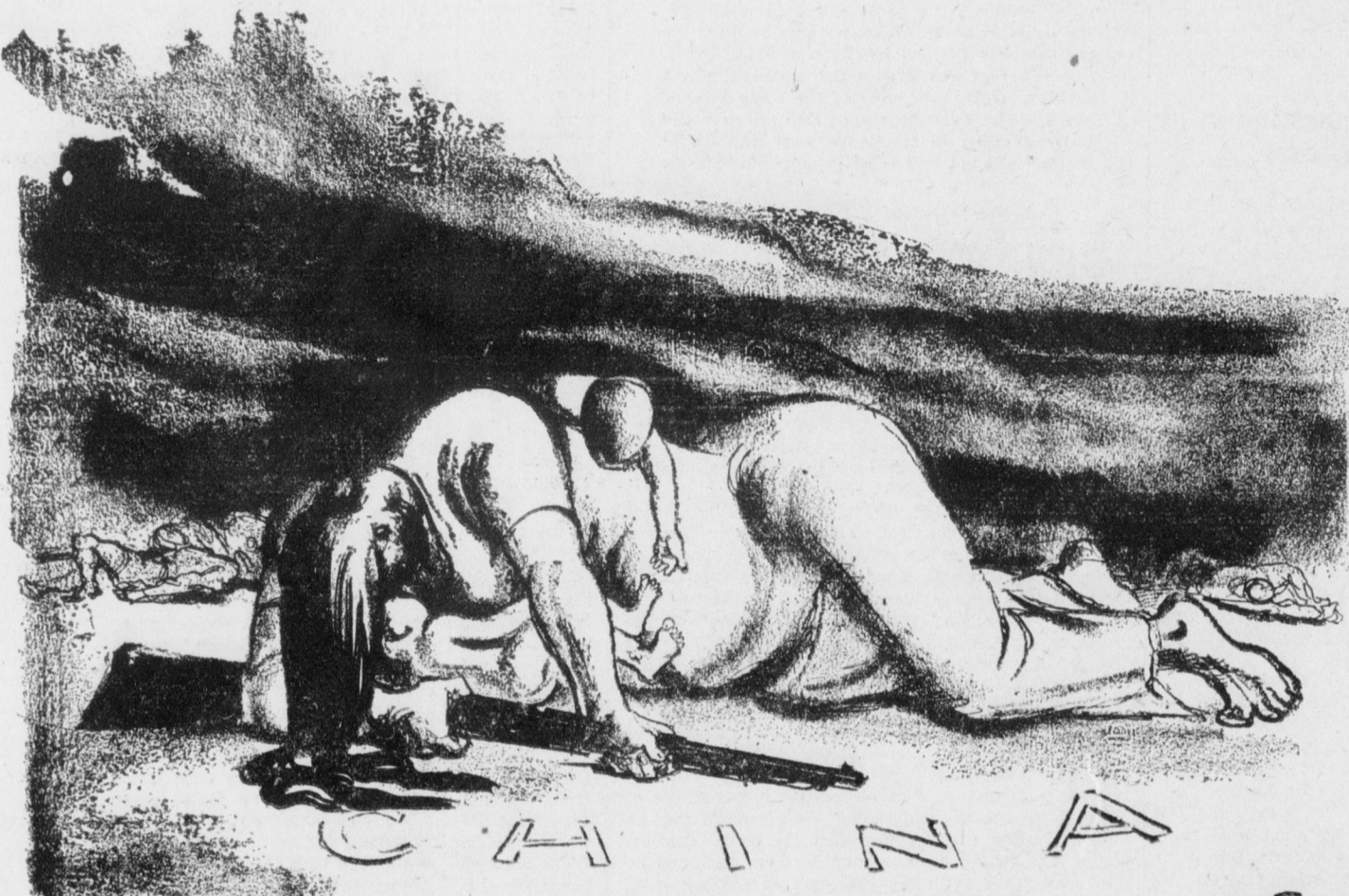
Whereas, when these workers receive interesting talks on the Party, they enter our ranks willingly knowing what is expected from them, and as a result stick and become active Communists. Of course, in cases like Flint, where stool pigeons are many, and the Party somewhat underground, the meeting of contacts should not be called on a large scale and certainly all the Party members must not be present. This is as a safeguard against exposure of Party members.

But, however, under no circumstances should Party members lay themselves open to opportunist ideas of "we can't trust the workers," or "the workers are not fit for the Party" or "the police terror is too great," etc., but instead Party members must forge ahead in leading these workers in struggles, proving to them the significance of the Party and to draw the more active workers within the ranks of the vanguard of the working class, in the struggle against capitalism.



WOMEN—AS WELL AS MEN

By BURCK



The Significance of International Women's Day, March 8th

By ANNA DAMON

INTERNATIONAL campaigns of the working class play a very important role in the development of revolutionary events. March 8, International Women's Day is becoming more and more a day of struggle of the entire working class against extreme exploitation, unemployment and misery; against increased fascist reaction; against imperialist war, in defense of the Soviet Union.

March 8 is a campaign of the Communist International and of all its Sections, the Communist Parties of the world. The object of the campaign is to solidify and strengthen the International proletarian fighting front against capitalism, to call sharply to the attention of the whole working class, the special problems and demands of the working class women. To bring into the general struggle of the proletariat the Industrial, Negro and Farm women and wives of workers. On this day the toiling masses of women pledge their class solidarity to free women of the Soviet Union, to carry on revolutionary struggle in common with the other sections of the working class for the overthrow of the capitalist system.

In the United States March 8 is not yet a well-known campaign. Most workers haven't even heard of International Women's Day. Daily, we receive questions from workers, and from comrades directly engaged in work among women—as to what International Women's Day means; how it started; where it was first celebrated, and many other similar questions.

We believe it is therefore worth while to acquaint the workers with the important historic development of International Women Day, by a brief sketch.

Historic Development of March 8th
1908—At the conference of Socialist women in America they decided to set aside a special day for agitation and propaganda among women. Votes for women was the issue of the day and the main slogan of the Socialist women was "Equal Rights." Following the line of the 2nd International, which drew no class distinction, the Socialist Women's Conference in the United States in 1908 supported the feminist suffrage movement of the bourgeoisie. Two resolutions were passed at this conference. The first under pressure of the more class conscious elements, namely: "That the American Socialist Women must carry on a fight for equal rights independent of the feminists—through the unions and political organizations of the working class." The second resolution—"expressing sympathy with the feminist movement and wishing them success in their fight for equal rights." This opportunism and betrayal of class interest, by the Socialist party was already evident in 1908.

International Women's Day Adopted
1910—The 2nd International Conference of Women held in Copenhagen, upon the motion of Clara Zetkin, it was decided that March 8 be set aside as an International Women's Day, the day was given a broader interpretation than merely the struggle for equal right to vote. The German delegation pointed out that the fight for political rights is not an aim in itself. That real freedom and equality for women will only be achieved through a social revolution.

1915—Under the leadership of Comrade Lenin, a resolution was introduced at the International Women's Conference held in Bern, Switzerland, by the Russian delegation, which was rejected by the Conference as too revolutionary. Resolutions and speakers stated: "That the liberation of women can only be achieved through united effort of the working class. Through the overthrow of the capitalist system. The years of 1914-17 practically did away with International Women's Day as an international mass day of struggle, due to the general betrayal of the working class by the socialist Second International and by their support and aid of the world war. It was the historic revolutionary task of the Russian Bolsheviks to revive the International Women's Day.

1917—On March 8, 1917, the women workers of the Putilov munitions factory in Leningrad marched out on the streets and were joined by hundreds of women demanding "bread and the return of their men-folk from the battlefield," thus helping pave the way to the October Revolution.

March 8 Day of Struggle Against Capitalism

In the Soviet Union, March 8th is a day of celebration of the emancipation of working class women. A day when the women celebrate the success of the 5 Year Plan. A day when they review the great gains of the working and farm women under the Soviet rule. A day when they pledge to further carry on the building of Socialism side by side with the men.

It was after the formation of the Communist Third International that International Women's Day, March 8, really became a revolutionary world campaign of proletarian solidarity of men and women for special women's demands, against capitalist exploitation, and against imperialist wars.

1920—Since 1920 International Women's Day has been celebrated in every country under the leadership of the Communist Parties, sections of the Communist International.

1932—International Women's Day 1932 is being celebrated under two totally different systems: the capitalist system and the socialist system. In capitalist countries, and in the workers' country—covering one-sixth of the world. The celebration and demonstrations take on different characters in these two worlds.

Women Win Freedom Through Revolution

In the Soviet Union the conditions of the workers are steadily improving, there is no unemployment. In fact there is a shortage of labor. The 7-hour day prevails in most industries. Special social insurance is provided for all workers. The work of building socialism is going ahead at full speed. The 5-year plan of industrialization and collective farming is being successfully completed in four years. The second five-year plan is being launched which will further improve the conditions of the workers. In all the gains of the workers in the Soviet Union the women have benefited most. Equal pay for equal work is a reality. Special maternity and social insurance is provided for the women workers. The thousands of communal dining rooms, laundries, children's homes and nurseries have freed the women from the drudgery at home and have made it possible for the

the overthrow of capitalism and through the establishment of a proletarian dictatorship men really be free.

Demonstrate Against Government of Hunger and War

In the capitalist countries the world over, International Women's Day, March 8, comes at the time of the third year of an extreme economic crisis, which is continually deepening and which women to take part in the building of socialism. Working women should realize that only thru the bosses are trying to solve at the expense of the working class, at a time when the capitalist powers are looking towards imperialism war, as a way out of the crisis. Imperialist war against the Chinese masses, is already a reality in the Far East. A war of intervention against the Soviet Union comes nearer daily, with growing open acts of provocation against the Soviet Union, seizure of the Chinese Eastern Railway, armed occupation of Manchuria, and an embargo on Soviet goods.

Join in Demonstrations on March 8th.

March 8 comes at a time when there are over 50 million unemployed workers suffering misery and starvation the world over, as well as increased political reaction and terror at the hands of the capitalist class. Wage-cuts, part-time work, speed-up, is the order of the day of the capitalist system. The working class, and especially the working women, are paying very heavy penalties. Living conditions become worse daily. Undernourishment, sickness and death are on the increase. Therefore, International Women's Day in the capitalist countries, and especially in the United States, becomes a day of struggle against unemployment, wage-cuts, speed-up, stagger plan, against dismissals and discrimination of married and Negro women. A day of fight for Federal Unemployment Insurance, for equal pay for equal work, for special maternity insurance, against night work for women.

Negro and white working men and women, join in demonstration on March 8, International Women's Day!
Fight against imperialist war, in defense of the Soviet Union!
Join the Communist Party of U.S.A.!

NOTE—Other articles dealing with problems of Working Women will appear during International Women's Day campaign. All comrades from the districts are urged to write articles.

What is the Revolutionary Militia?

(From the "Mundo Obrero," Central Organ of the Communist Party of Spain)

A NEW, the armed forces of capitalism have attacked the toiling masses that, defenseless, were unable to respond to the aggression. As in Seville and Barcelona, the recent events in Gijon, Jilena and Zaragoza make clear the urgent need of the proletariat and peasantry to organize their defense, of furnishing themselves instruments and organs of combats for their struggles.

This necessity is felt most pressing when we observe the rapid course taken by the counter-revolution in the organization of its offensive.

No one doubts that in the center of our action, as a principal task, must be the establishment of a united revolutionary front directed against the ruling classes and castes; a united front whose organic expression in the present moment are constituted by shop committees and the revolutionary militia of workers and peasants.

The meaning and importance of the shop committees have been already analyzed by us in several articles, and we will continue to treat of them. Today we will speak of the militia formations. What are these, and for what do they serve?

Always, when the question is proposed of giving the workers' struggles determined forms of organization, it is necessary to seek those that have a very broad character and that comprise the entire or the greater part of the masses. It would be absurd to conceive that the struggle against reaction and the armed forces of capitalism must or can be carried out with organizations that embrace only a minority, be this minority Communist, anarchists or syndicalists.

The defense of the masses, the attack against our enemies, relies upon the masses themselves. They are the ones who must act, mobilize themselves to go into the struggle and to decide its result. It is our duty to organize them, to lead them, to assign them the concrete objectives; but never to supplant them.

In the present situation, confronting a revolution that develops; possessing its motive forces in the proletariat and peasantry, the organs that are created have to express this same relation of classes. Therefore, the militia formations must express the revolutionary alliance of the workers and peasants.

These workers and peasants organize their militia to participate in all struggles: offensive and defensive. The fact that the final objective of all is the conquest of power, and that the militia is born in a revolutionary situation, is not to say that they are created exclusively for the final assault and seizure of power. It would be as absurd as to say that the Soviets are only the political organs of the insurrection.

The militia is created, in the first place, for defense against the counter-revolution; to give the masses an arm of combat against fascist bands of whatever type, to prevent the unpunished murder of our brothers, to guard demonstrations and to see that a half dozen police, armed with clubs, do not break them up.

This is not sufficient. The militia exists for something more. The peasants will never have land by the voluntary concession of their landlords. They will have to take it and to defend it. The workers have to enforce their demands and to destroy the privileges of the plutocrats. Finally, the workers and peasants have to enforce their own government, and this is not attained with paper ballots, nor with peaceful demonstrations. It is a question of war that has to be decided in the streets; and for this militia is necessary, not of small groups but large contingents that embrace all that is militant and revolutionary in our class—Madrid, Dec. 12, 1931.

Uncover Starvation and Misery

The capitalist press, the agents of the ruling class, has been publishing less and less news about unemployment. It hides the starvation of the unemployed workers' families. We must constantly expose the miserable treatment of families of the unemployed by the city governments and charity institutions. We must uncover all cases of starvation, undernourishment, sickness. We must publish these cases in our press, in the Daily Worker, in Labor Unity, tell them at all workers' meetings. Unemployed Councils should publish bulletins to inform all workers of the starvation and misery of the unemployed.

with the active cooperation of the working masses, who often in the course of the actual carrying out of the plans fundamentally revise the original proposals. Supported by this activity of the working class and of the working population in socialist construction, our economic plans are worked out under the leadership of the Party.

One must not, however, forget that tremendous work of drawing up a plan of national economy which has preceded the preparation of the second Five-Year Plan.

The first plan of national economy was the plan for electrification, the Goelro plan. This was a rough draft, a beginning, a first step towards the work of the general technical reconstruction of the national economy of our country. This Plan possessed enormous importance for the whole of our economic work and for the development of planning work itself.

We know, moreover, that a great work was performed for the setting up of the first annual plans, the "control figures of national economy." The first control figures for the year 1925-26 were confirmed. Since then they have been confirmed every year and are acquiring ever greater importance in regard to the conducting of national economy.

Almost simultaneously with the working out of the first annual national economic plans, we commenced to prepare comprehensive plans for transforming national economy. In the course of a number of years, the work was carried on for preparing the first-five Year Plan, and at the same time the so-called general plan for transforming the national economy, calculated for ten to fifteen years, was prepared. This last-named work was not completed. But so far as the first Five-Year Plan was worked out and is being carried out, and now so far as the second Five-Year Plan has been worked out, so are the fundamental questions of the so-called "general plan" far exhausted with these two Five-Year Plans; the rest, however, will be submitted in a more developed form. Thus the proposal of the second Five-Year Plan was preceded by a great work, without which the preparation and the discussion of the second Five-Year Plan of national economy would be impossible.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

CHICAGO RECRUITS OVER FOUR HUNDRED IN DRIVE

THE second two weeks of the Recruiting Drive in the Chicago district brought 288 new members of whom 56 were employed, 179 unemployed and 23 housewives. This contrasts with 162 for the first two weeks, of whom 138 were unemployed. The second two weeks brought 3 new shop nuclei, compared with first two weeks.

During the first month the following have been recruited from decisive industries; mining—16; steel—15; metal—65; railroad—9; stockyards—3; building—38.

With a quota of 1,000, already in one month there are 420 new recruits. The main weakness

is insufficient new members from the decisive shops and industries of concentration, which was the main purpose of the present drive.

Of the 420 new recruits, 85 are Negro. 87 women and 37 members of the A. P. L. unions.

In the remaining month, steps are being taken to direct the drive to overcome the shortcomings exhibited so far. Particular attention is given to strengthen trade union work and special leaflets are being issued to the 5 basic industries. Mass organizations are also being circulated to send their best members into the Party.

MEMBERS OF SECTION 4 RALLY TO RECRUITING DRIVE

WE haven't as yet been able to bring down to every member of the section the importance of the present Recruiting Drive! Not even all the functionaries realize the importance, with the result that only a few comrades are involved in building of the Party. This must be changed, we must work up enthusiasm amongst the members and make every comrade a builder of the Party.

This campaign must be intensified actively towards the shops. If we look at the unit challenges we find that all of them mention shop work, but not one step is taken to carry out this plan. We urge against paper decisions—to agree with the Party on paper but not in practice is just plain phrase mongering and never will the Party tolerate paper decisions.

This campaign, to build the Party, must be based on shop, to root the Party inside the factories.

We have some experiences from the last drive we must learn from:

- 1—The recruiting campaign isolated from general campaigns of the Party.
- 2—Major concentration upon recruiting from mass meetings.
- 3—A numerical approach to the recruiting.

without considering the quality of the members brought into the Party.

The main emphasis must be on developing struggles in shops, against wage cuts, speed-up, mass lay-offs, etc., and struggles for the unemployment insurance bill. Uniting both the employed and unemployed workers.

If we take our challenge to Section 4 serious, then one thing is clear, that we have to change our present attitude towards the shop and start immediately to explain to every member the importance of building shop units. That each unit check up weekly what comrades are doing in the shop, and foremost that we establish real functioning bureaus in all units, bureaus that plan the work and make specific assignments to every comrade and also check up that the assignments are carried out. If all pull together to build our Party, nothing can stop us and we will have three, instead of one shop unit by the end of the drive, March the 18th.

Forward to 600 members in Section by the end of the Drive!

Forward to 3 shop units in the Section.

Forward to 30 units by the end of the Drive!

Forward to a mass Communist Party.

—G. F.