

Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

(Section of the Communist International)

WORKERS
OF THE WORLD,
UNITE!

Speed the Signature Collection Campaign
for the Unemployment Insurance Bill.
Unemployment Insurance Must
Be Won Now!

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Congress Quarrels While the Masses Starve

SENATOR WATSON, the republican leader in the senate, yesterday stated, while arguing for Hoover's minimum relief program, that the President's heart throbbed with pity for the unfortunate.

Senator Borah, even more dramatically supporting the president, pleaded: "For God's sake, let's feed the breadlines instead of arguing about them."

Representative Tilson, administration leader in the house, stated: "We are facing hard times. We don't know how bad it is going to be or where we are going. We cannot embark on a program of increasing taxes to feed the farmers."

Senator LaFollette read a statement into the record, prepared by Win. Green, president of the A. F. of L., in which it is admitted that there are "1,900,000 unemployed in thirty-seven cities alone." The statement further concedes that, "suffering is terrible"; "conditions are growing worse"; "local charitable agencies are overwhelmed"; "local relief is inadequate."

Certainly, after reading all these statements from these staunch republican politicians (and the democratic statements are even more "heart-rending"), one would expect quick and decisive relief measures from the president, the senate and the house. But, such is not the case! All of this talk about "terrible suffering", "inadequate relief", "hard times", etc., is only for the congressional record and the consumption of guileless voters. These high-sounding speeches, with the free-postage rights accorded to congressmen, will be shipped into the states by the bale in an effort to win votes in future elections. But now there will be no relief!

Ray Tucker, writing in the New York Telegram, frankly states: "Wrangling over their conflicting relief programs between President Hoover and Congress had reached such a stage of virulence today that it was doubtful whether any relief measures or money would be available until after (we say, long after—Ed.) New Year's Day—fourteen months after the Wall Street crash and six months after the sun burned up the farmers' cattle and stock."

But does this "wrangling" mean that somebody, or some group—the democrats, the "progressives" or the Farmer-Laborites—really fights today in congress for unemployment insurance for the workers, or adequate relief for the drought-stricken farmers? Decidedly not! All of them—republicans, democrats, and "progressives" alike—are all talking about the "danger of the dole", etc., etc. All of them are fighting with equal energy against taxing the rich in order to relieve the suffering of the masses. The only points over which they are fighting pertains to the expenditure of the "relief" money voted. The republicans want control of expenditures vested in President Hoover so that it can be used not for relief, but for "oil" to grease the republican machine. The democrats want control of the expenditures vested in congress where a portion of the funds appropriated, at least, can be utilized for democratic graft. This, plus the "sectional interests" of the various politicians, is the basis for their "wrangling".

And while they try behind the scenes to agree on the division of the spoils, they will all make speeches in the open sessions, for home consumption, on how their "heart throbbed with pity for the unfortunate". In the meantime, so far as these blabbering hypocrites are concerned, the masses can starve.

Things will continue this way until these deceitful liars are forced to act—forced by the mass power of the workers. Hoover, the senate, the house, and all the state and local administrations, will pour out crocodile tears by the barrel—but no relief until they are made to do so.

Organization, therefore, is more necessary than ever before. The local unemployed councils must be built by everywhere increasing the struggle for immediate and adequate local relief. The signature campaign with the objective of demanding relief from congress must be pushed forward. The details for the future work are given today in the statement of the Central Committee of the Communist Party. Read this statement. Enter more energetically into the fight! Don't Starve! Force the capitalists to pay unemployment insurance!

SHARP FIGHTING IN HUELVA, SPAIN

Revolution in Spain Is Far From Over

Latest Associated dispatches from Lisbon, Portugal, say that severe fighting is taking place at Huelva between strikers and government forces. The city of Valencia was reported in the hands of the rebels. Three loyal generals were said to be executed. A dispatch from Hendaye, France, on the Spanish border, says: "Travelers passing through from Madrid on the way to France said more trouble was expected in the vicinity of Saragosa, where Communists appeared to have taken advantage of the revolutionary movement."

Over the closely censored cables comes the report from Madrid, that the Berenguer government claims "all is quiet." Over 75,000 troops were mobilized, and King Alfonso XIIIth has his baggage all packed for immediate flight.

It is claimed by the United Press report that "the Spanish revolutionary movement which failed of its prime objective in a Madrid aviation revolt yesterday (Monday) was brought to a halt throughout the nation today."

The General Strike that was called for Monday is claimed to be breaking down, though many workers are still out. However, the same report admits that the "country is restless."

It has been the repeated policy of the Berenguer fascist government to keep on saying the "revolt has been crushed," and while there may be a temporary lull the base of the revolutionary movement, in fact, has been strengthened. The Communists are gaining headway all the time, winning the leadership over the workers in many places such as Bilbao and Seville, as well as gaining great influence in Madrid and Barcelona.

In Saragosa the general strike is still effective. It is still going on in Bilbao, though the bakkers are report-

WOMEN MEET DEC. 18 CALLED BY TUUL

To Rally Support for Needle Trades Strike

NEW YORK.—When masses of women, representing many different industries of New York City, gather at Irving Plaza on Thursday, December 18, at 7:45 p. m., they will be called upon to prove their solidarity with the needle trades workers in their coming strike, by Comrade June Croll, the organizer of the Needle Trades Industrial Union.

Fifty percent of needle trades industry is composed of women workers, who, in all the past struggles, have displayed unusual militancy. In preparation for the coming strike, the Trade Union Unity League, which is calling the mass meeting, is conducting two small dress strikes at Lowery Dress Shop, 26 West 24th St., and Formal Sport Wear, at 1385 Broadway.

The coming strike, being the first one to raise the demands for 7 hours, 5-day week, work week, no speed-up, needs especially the support of all women workers.

William Z. Foster, will be the main speaker of the evening. All working class women, whether employed or unemployed, white and Negro, young and old, are urged to come and bring their shop mates and friends with them.

Get a 1931 Daily Worker calendar free with a six months' subscription or renewal.

Into Action for Jobless Relief! Organize! Fight for Bread!

PROGRAM FOR UNEMPLOYMENT STRUGGLE FOR DECEMBER, JANUARY, FEBRUARY

Statement By the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the United States of America.

The crisis is deepening. This is shown by the further slowing down of industry, the decline of payroll totals, the increase of unemployment, the growth of bank failures, etc. The situation of the workers becomes steadily worse. The charity relief measures of the capitalists are criminally inadequate. Mass starvation spreads throughout the country.

The need of the workers for action is imperative. Their responsiveness to our program and leadership rapidly increases. But we are not taking advantage of the opportunity to unite and lead them. Our unemployment work must be intensified. There is not enough local struggle. This weakness must be drastically corrected at once. We must mobilize all our forces immediately and press forward with the utmost militancy to the furtherance of our unemployment program.

The Plenum resolution on unemployment gives detailed directives on the formulation of local demands for relief, the new methods of work, etc. It is the purpose of this statement to stress the connection between the various phases of our unemployment work and to link them all together in a general plan of strategy. Each of these phases, by its character, its time element, etc., fits into our national unemployment campaign. Each supports and reinforces the others. While they should be applied flexibly to meet local conditions, the general line must be adhered to. All go to complete the general program. It is not a case of picking out some particular phase for local application, but of putting the entire program into effect as outlined.

1. Local United Front Conferences. The first of the two series of these are beginning to take place now. They must be extended to the smaller industrial centers. They must be utilized to lay a broad base for the whole movement. They must include not only the local branches of the nationally affiliated organizations, but also representatives of unorganized workers in the factories, A. F. of L. unions, breadlines, flop-houses, etc. These conferences should devote themselves to three major tasks (a) the development of a local program of demands and struggle against evic-

tions, for local relief, etc. (b) the organization of local hunger marches, (c) the organization of the signature drive and mass delegation to Washington.

2. Local Demands and Struggles. These are the very foundation of our whole unemployment work. The local movements must develop their local unemployment programs and develop intense struggles against evictions, etc. The Plenum resolution directions in this respect must be drastically adhered to. Local struggles for immediate relief up to now have been too spasmodic and have not sufficiently taken on the character of a steady, sustained fight for our demands and exposing capitalist relief schemes. This must be corrected. It is upon the basis of daily struggle for local demands that unemployed councils will be strengthened and built.

3. Local Hunger Marches. These should be organized, if possible, during the Christmas week or as soon thereafter as practicable, but not later than the mass meetings scheduled to elect the mass delegation to Congress. The local hunger marches must not substitute for these meetings, but must reinforce them. Each locality must work out its methods for its local hunger marches. The general plan should be to organize gatherings simultaneously in various workers' quarters and then converge them upon the city halls. The local hunger marches must base themselves upon and generally be used to further not only the demands for unemployed insurance but, especially for local relief in all its forms. It is basically important to draw the women and children into the local hunger marches. These marches are extremely important and must be thoroughly organized.

4. Mass Meetings to Elect and Support the Mass Delegation. The election meetings are to be held in January, roughly between the 9th and 16th. They must be gigantic outpourings of the workers. They must not be confined to the big towns or to places where national speakers are scheduled. They must especially take place in the lesser industrial towns. The delegation will consist of a hundred or more members. It must be thoroughly representative of the workers and be a real delegation of unemployed. It should arrive in Washington during the first week in February, and

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

ADMITS FAILURE OF FAKE BENEFITS

Only One-Half of 1% "Protected" in 1928

NEW YORK.—Confessing the utter inadequacy of present systems of boss and labor faker "unemployment insurance," a statement issued yesterday by the Industrial Relations Commission, Inc., an employers' organization headed by the slave driver Owen D. Young, and including John D. Rockefeller 3d and Arthur Woods as trustees, admits that during 1928 less than one-half of 1 per cent out of an approximate total of 23,000,000 wage slaves, enjoyed "theoretical, at least," some sort of protection against unemployment.

Giving figures for \$1,289,286 paid during that year in unemployment benefits, the Industrial Relations Commission, Inc., declares that "thus, during 1928, under all the formal plans in existence, close to \$1,500,000 was paid out in unemployment compensation to laid-off workers." Of this amount, the commission admits that only \$11,871 came from the reluctant pockets of the employers.

The figures of the commission shows that under this fake system of "voluntary" unemployment relief (which is now being sponsored by Hoover, ren and the rest of the fakers) there was only available a total of \$1,750,000, or an average of about \$16 for each worker covered.

NEWARK.—Bernard Maloney, an unemployed ex-serviceman, committed suicide by hanging himself with radio aerial wire at his home at 156 Ferry Street.

Big Business Openly Urges Starving of Jobless to Cut Pay

Commerce Journal Fights Insurance Because It Hinders Wage Cuts; Hoover's Expert Demands More Hunger for N.Y. Jobless

NEW YORK.—Statements yesterday by two of the most authoritative spokesmen of big business, one an editorial in the Journal of Commerce and the other a press interview by Porter Lee of President Hoover's unemployment committee, show that the employers not only do not want to do anything for the jobless, but are determined that they shall starve so that wages can be cut.

The Journal of Commerce is one of the two main financial daily papers of the country. It speaks for the biggest of big capital. Its editorial yesterday gave the employers' argument against unemployment insurance. The main point is that it might interfere with cutting wages. The Journal of Commerce feels sure that the capitalists can beat down the resistance of unions in a period of unemployment, but fears that if the jobless get insurance, they will not scab and "the necessary readjustments of costs" (wage cutting) will not go through. The Journal of Commerce statement on this is as follows:

"Wage workers organized to prevent resist the pressure 66% shrdm vent reduction in wages cannot long resist the pressure of irresistible economic forces under normal conditions, but they can and they have resisted them in

England because the unemployed man is kept from pressing his claims by being given a dole.

This insurance against wage undercutting is undoubtedly regarded as one of the virtues of unemployment insurance by many advocates, but it ceases to seem so to the alarmed industrialists who find themselves confronted by organized opposition to any and all of the necessary readjustments of costs that would enable industry to make a fresh start and open new opportunities to the army of the unemployed."

Following closely along this line, Porter Lee of the president's emergency committee for unemployment, yesterday issued a statement to the press bitterly condemning the New York breadlines for feeding the jobless too much. Lee finds that about 50,000 meals are served to New York's 800,000 jobless every day, and that, in some cases, a worker after freezing for hours in one breadline has still been able to go to another and eventually get another cup of near coffee and a bun or a bowl of soup.

This is outrageous, says Lee, and proposes that a central bureau be established to give one ticket a day to each man, evidently so that he will suffer enough to make him good and ready to scab when workers go on strike against wage cuts.

'LOAN' PROMISE PROVES FAKE; MORE BANKS FAIL; HEAD OF MORGAN LIES

Green Admits 800,000 Jobless in New York, Terrible Misery

Can't Deny Facts Any Longer; Figures Read in the Senate Show 1,900,000 in 37 Cities; Virtual Admission Communists Right

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 16.—President William Green of the A. F. of L. today admitted a considerable portion of the Communist Party's estimate of the unemployment situation to be correct. He admitted 800,000 jobless in New York, and other real facts for other cities.

JOBLESS MEETING AT AGENCY TODAY; OCT. 16 MEN SPEAK

Choose Delegates for City Conference

NEW YORK.—Today between 9 a. m. and 12 noon, the entire October 16 delegation, the workers who went as representatives of the Councils of the Unemployed and 800,000 jobless to demand the city budget include relief for the jobless, and who were ordered beaten up by Mayor Walker right in the board of estimates room, will address the thousands who try in vain for work at the city free employment agency, Lafayette and Leonard St.

Speaking and the meeting will last whatever the weather until after 3 p. m. so that the jobless told to come back to the agency in the afternoon will have a chance to participate.

This mass meeting will elect delegates to the united front conference on unemployment which meets at Irving Plaza Hall, 7:30 p. m. Friday, and which will work out plans for the signature collections for the hunger marches, for the organization Unemployment Insurance Bill, and outline the demands to be made.

One unemployed worker yesterday walked into the agency and got signatures to fill four sheets of the petition for the bill (100 names). He was then ejected by the officers.

One member of the Down Town Council of the Unemployed went into the Musteite unemployment meeting in the Church of All Nations and found there the infamous Dalton, of the fake Dalton Brotherhood, a scheme to extract from the jobless their last pennies.

This jobless worker asked the Musteite speaker what he proposed as an immediate program for the "We are serving 'offee downsturns," jobless, and the Musteite told him, "A good meeting was held yesterday in spite of unprecedented cold weather, in front of the Taunamy agency. A Musteite speaker was there, but the jobless listened to the Unemployed Council speakers; many joined the council."

Every Party member, every Young Communist must sell 25 copies of the Daily Worker before factory gates each week to be in good standing.

Bosses Press Hid Big Run on Banks That Followed Crash

Lamont Wants 'Faith' Withdraw \$100,000,000 in Less Than Week

NEW YORK.—Organization to demand return in full of their funds is being taken place among the 300,000 small depositors of the Bank of the United States. A whole series of meetings of these depositors is being called. The first of these will take place Thursday, December 18th at Great Central Palace, 90-96 Clinton St. Everyone of the depositors who are concerned are urged to attend and take part in this meeting.

Organizational steps will be taken to demand return of the deposits. Other meetings in other sections of the city will be organized.

NEW YORK.—Not one of the 400,000 depositors of the wrecked Bank of the United States received a penny Tuesday, despite the attempt of the capitalist press for the past week to make them believe that they would be given loans up to 50 per cent of their deposits.

Long lines waited in the zero weather in front of every one of the 62 branches Tuesday morning to get their deposits "authenticated." But no loans were given.

The depositors were told that maybe in the early part of next week they may get a loan at five per cent interest on half of the money they put into the Bank of the United States.

The Daily Worker was the only paper in New York City which pointed out that the promise of loans for Tuesday was a fake. The chances of loans for the depositors next week are very slim, as every day reveals worse and worse conditions of the bank. The promises were made just to keep back the resentment and indignation of the depositors.

Four More Banks Fail. Meanwhile, the prediction contained in the Daily Worker of at

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

LABOR SPORTS SOCCER GAMES ON DECEMBER 25

NEW YORK.—On Dec. 25 (Xmas Day), at 12 noon, at the Dyckman Oval, one block north of Dyckman St. station on Broadway, there will be a sports demonstration under the banner of the Labor Sports Union. All sports fans can expect to witness two of the most breath-taking soccer games ever played by workers' teams. The Pirates, a cracker-jack Negro team, is playing the fast, aggressive Bronx Workers' soccer team. This game promises to be a real thriller by the showing these teams have made in their Metropolitan League games. As a special exhibition game there will be two picked teams.

The tickets for this affair (25 cents) should be gotten immediately at International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, Room 410. The International Workers' Order, 32 Union Sq., Room 603, the Labor Sports Union, 2 W. 15th St., Room 309.

The funds of this affair go to the organization fund of the Unemployment Council.

STOCKS SMASH TO NEW LOWS

NEW YORK.—After a weak upward turn, the stock market has again crashed to levels far below the historic smash of 1929. All of the important industrial stocks such as United States Steel, American Telephone & Telegraph Co., General Motors, etc., fell considerably. The U. S. Steel stocks hitting 135, the lowest price in two years.

Besides the bond market took another dip, with commodity prices all along the line falling. This reflects the constant downward drop of production in basic industries, and is intimately connected with the increasing bank smashes.

The stock market renewed crash, which arises out of the intensifying crisis, will in turn react on the economic crisis itself. Reports from London state that the worsening of the crisis in the United States is making things blacker throughout capitalist Europe.

Cops and Stolen Gas Buggy Racket

In Jersey City a stolen car bobbed up accidentally at police headquarters and the chief of police, seeing it lying about idle, adopted it as his own and used it evenings to cover his speakeasy route. The owner unfortunately saw the chief breezing about and requested his car back. The chief said "No!" followed by an immediate "Yes," and walked home. He has learned to be more careful since.

Don't miss these unbeatable true stories of boss corruption in New Jersey by Allen Johnson of Tammany expose fame. Soon.

Sixty thousand campaign news page 3.

INT'L LABOR DEFENSE STARTS WINTER RELIEF CAMPAIGN FOR NEARLY 100 CLASS WAR PRISONERS

Many Prisoners Suffering From Six Months to Life Have Dependents

NEW YORK—With almost one hundred class war prisoners serving sentences from six months to life, with many more serving sentences of less than six months, and with hundreds of workers being arrested monthly for their militant activities, the International Labor Defense has announced a Winter Relief Campaign to carry on its work for the support of the many dependents of these class war prisoners and the sending of an occasional dollar or two to the workers in prison for the purchase of essentials denied by the vicious prison regime.

The campaign is on a nation-wide scale and the various districts of the International Labor Defense are collecting funds for the prisoners that have been allotted to the branches. The national office has asked each branch to adopt a prisoner by sending \$5 a month to the prisoners' relief fund, and to correspond with the prisoner regularly.

The national office of the I. L. D. not only pays \$5 a month to each prisoner, but, where there are dependents, there is an allowance of \$20 per month. Of the 94 prisoners serving six months to life, many of them have dependents.

In a letter received from the Monroe County penitentiary, where Mabel Huss and Aileen Holmes are serving a three months' sentence for their loyalty to workers' children who were attacked in camp by 600 Ku Klux Klanners, the two young teachers write: "We want to express our appreciation for everything the I. L. D. has done to make our stay here easier. We no longer receive the newspapers quite regularly. The local I. L. D. is supplying us with two quarts of milk every day. We receive The Labor Defender. It surely is a hit among the prisoners. We also received the book 'Imperialism' which you sent, for which we thank you. We are feeling fine, but the day can't come soon enough when we'll get back into the fight. We know that the working class is with us, as it is with all class war prisoners, fighting for our release."

J. Louis Engdahl, general secretary

Labor and Fraternal

Brownsville I. L. D.
will meet Wednesday, Dec. 17, at 118 Bristol St.

Frank Spector Br. I. L. D.
A lecture will be held this Wednesday, 8 p. m. Topic: "The Right Counter-Revolutionary Wreckers." All workers are invited. Admission free.

A New Year's Eve Red Revel Dance
is given by Section 2, P. W. D., at the 31st St. at Bryant Hall, 6th Ave. between 41st and 42nd Sts. Good time.

Labor Sports Union
Tickets for field day on Christmas 12 p. m. to be held at Dyckman Oval, Dyckman St. station. Block north on Broadway, where the labor sports sweater team will play. Can be bought of L. S. U. at W. 15th St., Room 309, I.L.D., 799 Broadway, room 410, I.W.O., 32 Union Sq., Room 602.

"The Russian Trial"
will be the subject of a lecture under the auspices of the Williamsburg I. L. D. Br. on Wednesday, December 17, 8 p. m., at 799 Broadway, Avenue, Brooklyn.

Unity Campers Reunion Ball
at the New Harlem Casino, 100 W. 118th St., Sunday, Dec. 21. Meet then "Old aGing" and have a good time.

Revolutionary Oratorical "October"
at Carnegie Hall. The proletarian chorus, "The Freiheit Gesang" Verein of N. Y. will perform. Come to first time this revolutionary masterpiece Saturday, Dec. 20, 8:30 p. m. sharp.

Painters in the Alteration Trade
employed and unemployed, organize to better your conditions. Come to mass meeting on Thursday, Dec. 18, 8:30 p. m., at 1490 Boston Road, near Prospect Ave. Admission free.

First Annual Entertainment and Dance
of the Ex-Servicemen's League will take place at Manhattan Lyceum, 52 E. 4th St., Friday, Dec. 19th, at 7:30 p. m.

East New York Open Forum
Sunday, Dec. 16, at 8 p. m. Speaker: J. L. Engdahl. Subject: "Bankruptcy of Capitalism."

East Side Workers Club
A lecture in English on Physical Culture in the Soviet Union will be held 5th Friday at 8 p. m. at the headquarters, 126 E. Broadway.

M. J. Olin to Speak Sunday
8 p. m. at the Workers Social Forum the "Bankruptcy of Zionism" in the 4th Plaza Hall.

Volunteers Wanted
for the winter campaign of the International Labor Defense. Call at 40 E. 11th St., Room 430, between 11 and 12 Sts.

Cleaners and Laundry Workers
Meet take place Friday, Dec. 19, 7:30 p. m. at 16 W. 21st St.

Anti-Intoxication Mass Meeting
Thursday, Dec. 18, 8 p. m. at 1208 1st St. Speakers: Bledenkapp, Simons and others. Support Trade Union Unity League.

New Brunswick Attention!
A meeting against imperialist war and in defense of the Chinese revolution will take place Thursday, 8 p. m. at the Workers Home, 11 Plum St. All workers are urged to attend.

THE ADVENTURES OF BILL WORKER

—A Sewer's a Good Place—



Pioneers Holding Anti-Religious Circus on Christmas Day

NEW YORK.—John D. Rockefeller, Pope Plus XI, Santa Claus, Hoover, will all be present as guests of dishonor at an anti-religious circus given by the Young Pioneers of America, at Irving Plaza, on Christmas day, Dec. 25, at 2 p. m.

The only Siamese Twins attached at the rear (John D. and the Pope) and an unusual three headed serpent (The Holy Trinity) captured in the wilds of Wall Street by an expedition of pioneers will be among the thousand and one amazing features of the circus.

All workers and their children are urged to attend this monster carnival. All this can be seen for the nominal price of twenty-five cents for adults, and children, 2 for 7 cents. Come and bring your kiddies. If you haven't any pick two up somewhere.

Office Worker Jobless Elect Their Executive

NEW YORK.—The meeting of unemployed office workers in Labor Temple yesterday was a good one, with many brought in from the agencies by members who knew them. Many took copies of the lists on which to collect signatures demanding the passage of the Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill.

The jobless office workers elected the executive committee of their Unemployed Council and voted to meet next Wednesday at 2 p. m.

"Big Six" Refuses to Give Up \$1 Increase

NEW YORK.—Typographical Union 6 ("Big 6") voted down overwhelmingly at their last meeting the proposal of the Employing Printers Association that they give up the \$1 a week increase guaranteed them after lengthy negotiations months ago. The increase is to start Jan. 1.

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CALL RENT STRIKE AT 1800-7TH AVE.

Tenants Fight Lockout of Building Workers

NEW YORK.—In protest against the efforts of Logan and Weinblatt, lessees of 1800 Seventh Avenue to lock out 80 per cent of the workers in the building, a rent strike was declared last night by the tenants. The workers are all members of the Building Maintenance Union.

Following the decision of the tenants, the workers in the building decided to go on strike to force the landlords to honor their contract with the union. The landlords then declared they would give up all responsibility for the building, this in face of the fact that they have already collected most of the rents.

The house has been kept in a most miserable and unsanitary condition since being taken over by the presslessees. For several days now, the lessees falling to furnish coal.

Ten tenants have decided to take up collections among themselves to buy coal to heat the building, deducting it from their rent. They are organized one hundred per cent and intend to spread the strike to other apartment houses on 7th Avenue where conditions are also bad.

1931 CALENDAR FREE!

Unpublished photos of the class struggle in the Daily Worker 1931 Calendar. Free with six months subscription or renewal.

Patronize the Concoops Food Stores AND Restaurant

2700 BRONX PARK EAST

Give to Class-War Prisoners' Winter Relief Russian Costume Ball

INTERN'L LABOR DEFENSE New York District

Saturday Dec. 27th STUYVESANT CASINO

Second Ave. and 9th Street

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Announcing the Big Event! DAILY WORKER 7TH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION

Saturday Evening, January 10, 1931

at the ST. NICHOLAS RINK 69 West 66th Street

All Workers' Organizations Are Especially Requested to Keep This Date Open and Not to Arrange any Conflicting Affairs.

WORKERS! SUPPORT THE PAPER THAT SUPPORTS YOU!

ELECTIONS IN THE SUITCASE UNION

Put Up Left Wing Candidates

NEW YORK.—Beginning Thursday, December 18 at 6 p. m. and continued until Saturday, December 20, 2 p. m. elections for offices of the Suitcase, Bag and Portfolio Workers Union will be held at the union offices.

Following the worsening conditions in the trade, the increasing speed-up, the direct and indirect wage cuts, and the effect of part time and unemployment on the workers on this trade, the left wing workers are rallying for struggle for a fighting slate.

The A. F. of L. leadership of the union had acted in harmony with the bosses in worsening the lot of the leather workers

Urging the workers to vote for the candidates endorsed by the Suitcase and Bag Makers section of the Trade Union Unity League, the revolutionary group in the union points out the need of organizing rank and file committees to organize the unorganized, to fight against speed-up, against wage-cuts, for unemployment insurance, for better living conditions.

The following are the candidates endorsed by the leather goods section of the revolutionary trade union center: For organizer, J. Zirulnikoff; for chairman, M. Bakal; Sec'y-Treas. H. Trotter, Recording Sec'y, Chas. Blank. For members of the Executive Board: S. Feder, Cr. Friedman, B. Miller, N. Rubinstein, B. Simkowitz, S. Reitman, F. Olenberg. For the Brief Case Makers: S. Rosen and N. Muslin.

Young Communists to Hold Anti-Religious Dance Christmas Eve

NEW YORK.—Preparations have been completed for an anti-religious youth dance, to be held on Christmas Eve, Dec. 24, at New Harlem Casino, 116th St. and Lenox Ave. This dance will be held under the auspices of the Young Communist League, New York District.

All young workers should come down to this affair and show their spirit and readiness to show up the fake bosses' Christmas and the poisonous religious "bunk" which they save up for each Christmas. This dance will be used in order to show up the bosses' religion and to fight for unemployment insurance for the starving young and adult workers.

Red Revel Dance in Brooklyn Dec. 31st

A New Year's Eve, Red Revel Dance will be given by the Communist Party Section Six, Wed., December 31st at the Workers Club Hall, 795 Flushing Ave., Brooklyn.

A snappy dancing orchestra will play for the evening.

This dance is given for the purpose of rallying the workers in the support of the many struggles ahead.

All proceeds will go for the district to help continue the publication of the Daily Worker and to carry on the struggle for unemployment insurance Bill.

AMUSEMENTS

DIRECT FROM BROADWAY!

IGDENBU (The Siberian Hunter)

The story of Love—of Struggle—of Conquest among Nomads of Northern Borders of Soviet Union "One of the most satisfying of Soviet films... A real picture of life in the Siberian wilderness..." —DAILY WORKER.

The Daily News gives "IGDENBU" three stars... —SPECIAL ADDED ATTRACTION—

LAUREL AND HARDY MURDER CASE 8TH ST. PLAYHOUSE

32 WEST 8TH ST., Between Fifth and Sixth Aves.—Spring 5095 POPULAR PRICES—CONTINUOUS NOON TO MIDNIGHT

ELIZABETH, THE QUEEN

GUILD W. 25d. Eve. 2:40 Mats. Th. Sat. 2:40

ROAR CHINA MARTIN BECK THEA.

West of Broadway 45th St. Eve. 8:00. Mats. Th. & Sat. 2:30

"AFRICA SPEAKS"

STRANGEST ADVENTURE EVER FILMED

5th Ave. Playhouse

40 Fifth Avenue, ALg. 7061 Con. 3 P. M. to Midnight. Pop. Prices

CIVIC REPERTORY

14th St., 6th Av. 8:00. \$1.50 Mats. Th. & Sat. 2:30

THE GOOD HOPE

Tonight... THE GOOD HOPE Tom. Mat. ALISON'S HOUSE

Seats via adv. at Box Office. At N. Hall, 115 W. 42

ACTIVE NEEDLE WORKERS TO MEET

Gather Today to Work Out Dress Strike Plan

NEW YORK.—The next step in active preparations for the dress strike is the meeting of active members called by the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union today at 6 p. m. at Webster Hall.

Louis Hyman and all the other leaders of the Union will be present at this meeting to take up proposals and particularly the plans for preparations of the dress strike. Not only active dressmakers, but all active needle trades workers are called to this meeting.

Dressmakers are urged in a leaflet issued by the industrial union and widely circulated to report conditions in their shops, state and organization, etc., to 131 W. 28th St.

Tomorrow, at 6 p. m., at the office of the union, there will be a meeting of cutters for the mobilization of cutters for the dress strike.

Tomorrow, at 7:15 in the morning, there will be a mass picketing at 1385 Broadway at the strike of the Form Sportswear. We call on all active workers to participate in this demonstration.

Call Conference on Thurs. for Details on Relief Bazaar

NEW YORK.—A meeting of secretaries of all workers' organizations will be held on Thursday, Dec. 18, 6:30 p. m. sharp at 131 W. 28th St., for the purpose of aiding the joint bazaar of the Workers International Relief, the United Councils of Working Class Women and the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union. The bazaar, which will be held at New Star Casino, Jan. 2, 3, and 4, is being held for the purpose of aiding the dress workers in their approaching strike, for the hunger marches to Albany and for the W. I. R. Children's Camp.

Material is still being collected at the bazaar offices at 131 W. 28th St. and at 799 Broadway, Room 535. Workers and workers' organizations are urged to continue collecting articles and turning them in at these offices.

"For All Kinds of Insurance" CARL BRODSKY

Telephone: Murray Hill 5555

7 East 42nd Street, New York

Cooperators! Patronize SEROY CHEMIST

657 Allerton Avenue

Estabrook 4215 Bronx, N. Y.

DEWEY 2914 Office Hours: 9 A. M. - 5 P. M. Sunday: 10 A. M. - 1 P. M. DR. J. LEVIN

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DR. J. MINDEL SURGEON DENTIST

1 UNION SQUARE

Room 803—Phone: ALgonquin 4151

Not connected with any other office

All Comrades Meet at BRONSTEIN'S

Vegetarian Health Restaurant

558 Clearmont Parkway, Bronx

MELROSE Dairy RESTAURANT

Comrades Will Always Find It Pleasant to Dine at Our Place

1787 SOUTHERN BLVD., Bronx (near 174th St. Station)

PHONE: INTERVALLE 9146

RATIONAL Vegetarian RESTAURANT

199 SECOND AVE. NE

Est. 1918 and 19th St.

Strictly Vegetarian Food

HEALTH FOOD Vegetarian RESTAURANT

1600 MADISON AVE

Phone: University 5868

John's Restaurant

SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DINING

A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet

302 E. 12th St. New York

Butchers' Union

Local 174, A. M. C. A. H. W. of N. A.

Office and Headquarters: Labor Temple, 245 East 64th Street

Room 12

Regular meetings every first and third Sunday, 10 A. M.

Employment Bureau open every day at 4 P. M.

FURNISHED ROOM—Sunny, facing park, best Comrade, apt. Mont Haven 2588, 107 St. Annas Ave.

Volunteer for Daily Worker Tag Days Saturday and Sunday, Dec. 20 and 21

Cleveland Bosses Start "Have You a Job to Give" Fakery as More Than 90,000 Jobless Workers Are Starving

Endless Propaganda to Fight Crying Demand for Real Substantial Relief

By a Worker Correspondent
CLEVELAND, O.—A staggering campaign to give the unemployed jobs was started the early part of this week around December 1st. Mayor John DeMarshall gave the first signal through his address over the radio. As the daily paper puts it: "The first gun in the campaign to provide casual employment in homes, offices and shops was fired last night." His appeal was to individuals who could afford to hire a man for a few days to do something around the house, and to the department stores to see how many they could put on for the holiday rush.

So far we hear that the larger department stores of the city are hiring 4,700 extra help for the Christmas season. The post office will hire 1,200 extras and married men to have preference. This makes a total of 5,900 extras taken on for a period of from three to four weeks. There are an estimated 90,000 unemployed workers in Cleveland!

Same Old Bank.
This doesn't finish the campaign. The city manager spoke over the radio the following night. Friday night Rev. C. H. LeBlond, head of the Catholic Charities Corp. spoke over the radio last night emphasizing the fact that the generous support given to the Community Fund in Cleveland was not sufficient. Now all householders must give an unemployed worker a job. It is a continuation of the Odd Jobs campaign conducted during the summer.

Only now they call it the Job "Sales Drive." Which in reality is an urgent appeal for the staggering plan. More than 50 "volunteer workers" from city industries will meet Saturday morning at the headquarters of the Unemployment Commission of the city. They will each be given a territory of factories to cover. Their job is to go to all factories hiring 100 workers or more and to present the stagger system. To persuade them to keep their regular men one or two days less in order to put on

some of the unemployed. Besides this they will get a tabulation of the number of workers employed; how long they work; how many are normally employed; and how many they can manage to take on as extras.

No Real Relief.
All those who are lucky to have jobs are urged to see if they can put someone to work around the house or if they have an office job to see if they cannot divide it up with someone else.

The Job Sales Campaign is getting wide publicity. Speeches over the radio will be heard by the prominent fakers of the city. A continued humanity ballyhoo like was conducted during the Community Fund Drive will spread all over the capitalist papers and shouted over the radios. The bosses are using their forces to the limit to prevent the fight for real insurance for the workers.

All unemployed workers and employed workers of Cleveland are urged to come up to the Trade Union Unity League office at 1426 W. 3rd St. and get one of the petitions for Workers Social Insurance. Let's put a real crink in the bosses' plans to starve the workers, and make the bosses themselves stagger a little.

Howl for Holy War on Workers' Land
The Y. M. C. A. is forwarding to all its members a copy of its official organ, namely "The Association Men". The issue is of May, 1930. The reason for this act is that the May issue contains a long and stupid article entitled "The Russian Challenge."

It is vicious propaganda for organizing the numerous Christian sects and the Jews against the Soviets as their common enemy. For Russia, it states, does not challenge any one sect but all sects. "After making every allowance for errors in transmission (of news) we cannot avoid the road fact that bolshevism has declared war upon God." And "it is not forms and ceremonies alone, not creeds and dogmas alone that are rejected. Here is an attack on those fundamentals of personal belief which are shared by the cardinals on the one hand and by quakers on the other." Even quakers are asked to war.

After describing the hardships of the poor missionaries who "braved the ice and snow and winters in stern and storm-swept steppes of Russia," it reiterates the harsh treatment of Baptists and Jews in the time of czar. But, it claims, they "have suffered a worse fate at the hands of the Soviet." All workers know by now that this is a damned lie and a malicious slander.

Two Banks Crash.
Of course the papers tell us that they just closed in order to let the bank examiners examine the assets of the institution, then they would reorganize and reopen in a short time. Frozen assets is given as the cause of the crash. This substantiates what the Daily Worker a short time ago quoted the Journal of Commerce as saying, "That every bank in the country was in a shaky condition on account of over building."

The two banks are the Sioux Na-

SIoux CITY, IA., BANKS CLOSE
By a Worker Correspondent
SIoux CITY, Mo.—The Sioux City Tribune and Journal have been telling us editorially that Sioux City was an exceptionally favored spot in the sea of economic crisis and that prosperity was around the corner when lo and behold two of the largest banks in the territory close their doors.

Same As Hoover's Lie.
This is exactly what Lamont, Hoover, Klein, Barnes, and more than a hundred other of the leading asses said about the banking system months and weeks before the largest bank crash in U. S. history took place. The same line was handed

KANSAS CITY, MO. NEEDLE WORKERS AVERAGE \$10-\$12

Sweat Shop System in Missouri City

(By a Worker Correspondent)
KANSAS CITY, Mo. — There are between 10,000 and 12,000 Needle Trade Workers in Kansas City. The majority of the workers are women and young girls, who are unorganized and work under the most terrible conditions. The average wages in the factories is between 10 and 12 dollars per week. At present with many unemployed in the needle trades the bosses are discharging the workers very often for no good reason at all.

Just recently in the Kansas City Custom Garment Co., a woman was fired just because she did not feel well for some time, in spite of the fact that she had been working in this sweat shop for many years.

Boss Seduces Girls.
In the ladies coat shop of Lyon & Dossen a pretty girl can always get a job. One of the bosses is always trying to make dates with the first girls, and of course after the first date you never see that girl in the shop again.

The shops are real sweat shops, piece work, long hours etc. The same is true of the sanitary conditions. The dressing rooms are small with no daylight. There is only one small washroom for about 40 or 50 girls.

No wonder that the girls are discontented. We have established the N.T.W.U. and plans are laid down for organizing the workers for higher wages and shorter hours, and for the establishment of shop committees so the bosses would not be able to fire the workers for no reason at all.

YMCA JOINS WAR PACK ON SOVIET
Howl for Holy War on Workers' Land
(By a Worker Correspondent)
NEW YORK. — Consistent with the capitalists' mobilization of forces in preparation for war against the U.S.S.R., the church with its many subtle and slimy fingers is also doing its dirty share.

The Y. M. C. A. is forwarding to all its members a copy of its official organ, namely "The Association Men". The issue is of May, 1930. The reason for this act is that the May issue contains a long and stupid article entitled "The Russian Challenge."

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Into Action for Jobless Relief! Organize! Fight for Bread!

PASSED CHECKS TO GET FOOD

(By a Worker Correspondent)
PHILADELPHIA. — Mrs. H. Montrose, 22, of 2258 North 15th St. was arrested for passing bad checks for the amount of \$85. At the police headquarters where she was locked up she stated that she had to do it because her husband was out of work for a long time and there was no chance of getting food otherwise. Even the milkman refused to bring milk to feed the baby, she said.

Babe in Cell.
Later when her husband showed up at the station house with the baby, six months old, the baby was given to its mother in the prison cell. The worker was evicted several days later for non-payment of rent.

And they say there is prosperity. First they starve you, and when you try to get food without money they lock you up and finally evict you.

Fight against this, join the Unemployed Councils and fight for relief, against evictions.

Charity Food Turns Out to Be Third Grade Smelly Slop
(By a Worker Correspondent)
SAN JOSE, Calif.—The hypocrisy of the boss class has become so rotten that it actually smells bad. The other day a poor woman went to see a well-to-do acquaintance of hers as to getting some help for herself and family. After a lot of red tape she was given an O. K. to the "Farmers Union" (a market for farmers) for \$5 worth of food, so it seemed.

No Choice Allowed.
When she got there, to her surprise and dismay she had no choice as far as the food was concerned. So they gave her all the stuff they couldn't sell, such as third-grade split peas, old flour, etc.

But rather than eat such garbage she went back to her friend and naturally made her look like two cents. This idea of the bosses of throwing us the left-overs and garbage can be stopped and will be, only let's stand up, class against class.

Center.
In connection with all our work the following general considerations must be constantly borne in mind:
(a) To utilize the whole campaign for the systematic organization of the unemployed into the unemployed councils and the T. U. U. L. unions.
(b) To draw the employed workers into all the unemployed demonstrations and to link up the unemployed with strike movements.
(c) To stimulate a general discussion of the Bill, the final formulation of its demands to be worked out by the mass delegation before presenting it to Congress.
(d) To hold open demonstrations under the name of the local unemployed councils.
(e) To actively support the Fighting Fund for Unemployed Relief.
(f) To give the utmost publicity in our press to the whole struggle.
(g) To energetically draw in the youth, the Negroes, the women and the various language groups and to formulate demands for them as fundamental to success of the movement.
(h) To link up the fight for unemployed relief with our general political slogans: The protection of the foreign-born, the defense of the rights of Negroes, the strike movement against wage-cuts, speed-up and for the shorter work day and work week, the release of political prisoners, the struggle against police brutality, the fight against the war danger and for defense of the Soviet Union, etc.

The Central Committee calls upon the entire Party to consider the struggle against unemployment as its major task and to militantly mobilize all its forces to put into effect this program of action.

SOCIALIST MINISTER IN GERMANY SAYS DICTATORSHIP IS NECESSARY

Braun Approves of Bruening Aid to Young Plan

BERLIN.—The prime minister of Prussia, the social-democrat, Otto Braun, delivered a speech on Thursday evening in Bielefeld, in which he declared the following:
"The German republic has now the most difficult winter in front of it that it has ever experienced. There is a shout for dictatorship. The Reichstag is faced with difficult tasks. If it fails to perform these tasks then it must not be surprised if the government should interpret its constitutional rights very broadly in order to lead the German Reich out of its present difficult situation."

This speech of Otto Braun, delivered at a moment when the Catholic Chancellor Bruening is preparing to use the dictatorship paragraph 48 in order to rescue the bankrupt Young system at the cost of the masses of the people, is nothing but a deliberate and considered encouragement for the Bruening government. The social democracy has never expressed itself so openly in favor of the Bruening dictatorship.

Three of the fourteen injured in the Houghtonmain disaster died in the hospital today. Four others are in a critical condition.
In Fifeshire more arrests were made of miners, in an attempt to intimidate the workers. The cases were adjourned pending the collection of "evidence."

Fascists Kill Worker.
BERLIN, Dec. 16.—Last night workers broke up a fascist meeting in Muenchengladbach because the fascists refused to permit discussion. Following the meeting, the fascist leader, Noehles, shot and killed Reinert, a plasterer. Four fascists were arrested.

Labor Gov't Hands Out Death Sentences to Indian Revolters
LONDON.—Four death sentences against Indian workers, charged with having led the revolt at Shelapur, were confirmed by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. In the trial, where the four death sentences were proclaimed, 43 other Indians were sentenced to long years of imprisonment.

Twenty years of hard labor was proclaimed as sentence against Dr. Naryanchandra Roy of Calcutta, charged with conspiring to murder the Calcutta chief of police; two others also charged in connection with the attempted assassination were given 15 years, three were sentenced to 12 and one to 10 years.

The editor of the Bombay Chronicle was sentenced to 5 months' imprisonment for publishing the program of a day of protest.
On Dec. 15 the police inspector, Mukerji, was shot at the Shandpur Station and died on the way to the hospital.

An Indian, Saligram Shukla, has been shot by a policeman under the charge of "resisting arrest."

FIGHT AGAINST ITALIAN FASCISM IS INCREASING
MILAN, Italy.—From many parts of Italy, especially from Northern Italy, reports are coming about serious unrest among the workers. In Turin workers demonstrated, many of them skilled mechanics and silk weavers. Militia ordered to attack the demonstrations, refused.
In Rome 24 persons, among them two women, were arrested under the charge of having conducted a secret Communist organization. They are to be tried by the Special Tribunal. Last week two Communists were sentenced at Naples by the Special Tribunal to 15 years' imprisonment each. In Rome two young workers were sentenced under the same charge to 15 years' imprisonment. In other trials sentences of 4 to 6 years were proclaimed against young workers.

In Rome Professor Ernesto Bellini and the former Minister Belotti were sentenced to 5 years' imprisonment.
In Pola also heavy sentences were meted out. The Communist Glavich, received 4 years for distribution of leaflets, Pietro del Fabbric of Cividale, was sentenced to 6 years and Alceste Bertoli of Porona to 4 years.

In Trieste about 200 persons were arrested, among them many women. These arrests have been brought in connection with a second attempt at assassination of the fascist agent, Curet.

New York Increase of 766 in Week Is High Point in Campaign for Mass Circulation

During the week Daily Worker circulation gained 720, leaving Chicago out of the picture. However, Chicago dropped 457, due to its previous total having been boosted by a Red Sunday order. Counting the Chicago drop the circulation gain was 263. These gains do not include 20,000 extra orders for the edition containing the indictment of the eight wreckers in the Soviet Union.

The most striking gain during the week was in New York where an increase of 766 daily circulation was registered for the week. This is the biggest increase for a week obtained by any district in this campaign, and shows the possibility of the Daily Worker going straight into mass circulation.

SALES OF NEWS CLUB JUMPS FROM 3,000 TO 9,775
This increase was in part due to the sensational growth of the Red Builders News Club. The members of this club who sold the first week 3,000 papers, last week sold 9,775, an average daily sale of 1,629.

Next to New York the best increase for the week was for Detroit, which gained 159. Other increases include 34 for District 9, Minneapolis. The city of St. Louis gained 79 and Los Angeles 53.

In the tables today several districts show decreases. This may in part be due to diminished activity on the part of some districts in increasing the day to day sales in order to concentrate on the indictment edition. Twenty thousand extra orders containing the indictment supplement were issued, making a total press run on this night of 52,400.

CHICAGO AND SEATTLE LEAD IN DECREASES
The big decreases of the week were Chicago, 457 and District 12, Seattle, which lost 174. Other districts lost as follows: District 6, Cleveland, 52; District 4, Buffalo, 33; District 10, Kansas City, 20; District 16, South, 22; District 15, Connecticut, 17.

In considering New York's gain the figure for newstands supplied by the Metropolitan News Co. are averaged for a month so that poor sales on two days last week due to the paper being late only result in a slight drop. This form of calculating the daily sales is also necessary due to the returns from the news companies coming in one week when they are applicable to another week. The New York figures, it must be noted, are exclusive of 2,500 extra copies containing the indictment.

DAILY SALES ON STANDS 4,832, HIGHEST RECORD
Metropolitan newsstand sales for the week ending Dec. 6 were 4,832 daily, highest in our records. The present order from the Metropolitan is 6,500 daily. The difference comes back in returns.

The average daily press run for the past week was 33,900 not counting 20,000 extra orders on special editions.



Here are the tables. See if there is a minus sign opposite your district. If there is, wipe it off next Wednesday's slate.

Summary by Districts. Table with columns: District, Sub. Dec. 6, Sub. Dec. 13, Increase or Decrease. Lists districts 1-19 and their respective subscription numbers and changes.

Summary by Cities. Table with columns: City, Sub. Dec. 6, Sub. Dec. 13, Increase or Decrease. Lists cities like Boston, N.Y., Buffalo, etc., and their subscription numbers and changes.

498 NEW SUBS AND RENEWALS IN WEEK
During the week there were 286 new subscriptions and 212 renewals obtained. Eighty-seven were dropped from the lists. The gain in subscriptions for the week was 200.

ASK FOR MORE "PAINT IT RED" SUBSCRIPTION LISTS
Subscriptions are beginning to come into the office on the "Paint It Red" subscription lists. These lists have been sent by District Daily Worker representatives to sections and units. Workers, as soon as you have filled one list send in for another. Each list will only accommodate three subscribers.

In intensifying the subscription campaign two premiums can be used. "The Five Year Plan of the Soviet Union" by Gregory T. Grinko, an absorbing account, is offered free with every yearly subscription. The Daily Worker calendar for 1931, 12 pages, 8 1/2 by 14, printed in three colors is free with each 6 months subscription or renewal. The calendar sells for 50 cents.

FULL QUOTA IN 60,000 DRIVE TO BE DEMANDED
The full quota in this campaign for 60,000 circulation must be reached. To do this, every district will be checked upon and full increases will be demanded. It is possible the increases so far represent a certain easy circulation thrown on by casual efforts. Now every member of the Party, the League, all revolutionary workers must dig in and fight. The battle will not be called off until mass circulation has been achieved.

This is a real campaign for mass circulation and nothing will be allowed to stand in the way of this result.

EVERY CITY MUST ORGANIZE NEWS CLUB
Every city must organize its Red Builders News Club with every possible jobless worker enrolled, with weekly ambassadors and prizes for the best sellers. When a city no larger than Sacramento, Cal., can organize a club of nine members and sell over 250 copies daily there is no reason, except indifference to prevent any city in the U. S. doing the same. Jobless workers must be persuaded to spend full time selling the Daily Worker.

With millions unemployed, the crisis deepening, with speed-up, wage cuts and starvation on every hand the workers all over the United States are ready to read the Daily Worker. The situation is dead ripe for mass circulation for the Daily Worker. Action is the word.

1931 CALENDAR FREE!
Paid in advance? Pay for six months more and get a 1931 Calendar Free!

ALL YEAR VACATION PLACE—\$10 per week. Write Avanta Farm, Ulster Park, N. Y.

FIRST ANNUAL DAILY WORKER CALENDAR FOR 1931
Seven striking half-tone pictures of the class struggle never before published, including: An unpublished picture of Lenin addressing Moscow workers. Views of the biggest strikes and demonstrations in the U. S. Five amazing cartoons of the class struggle. Historical data on the big events of the class struggle. Important quotations from Marx, Engels, Lenin, etc. 12 pages—one for each month—printed in two colors on heavy paper, size 8 1/2 x 14. Neatly bound. Indispensable in every Red worker's home.

DAILY WORKER
50 EAST 15TH STREET, N. Y. C.
By Mail: 50 cents a month outside Manhattan and Bronx. Manhattan and Bronx, one month \$1.20; 3 months, \$3.50; 6 months, \$4.50; 1 year, \$8.

CAMP AND HOTEL NITGEDAIGET
PROLETARIAN VACATION PLACE OPEN THE ENTIRE YEAR
Beautiful Rooms Heated Modernly Equipped
Sport and Cultural Activity Proletarian Atmosphere
417 A WEEK CAMP NITGEDAIGET, BEACON, N.Y. PHONE 731

RED SHOCK TROOPS For \$30,000 DAILY WORKER EMERGENCY FUND
Enclosed find _____ dollars _____ cents. We pledge to build RED SHOCK TROOPS for the successful completion of the \$30,000 DAILY WORKER EMERGENCY FUND
NAME _____ ADDRESS _____

THE NEW YEAR'S CROP OF PROPHETS

FOOTBALL 1930

By BURCK

By HARRY GANNES.
(Note: The following article was written before the crash of the Bank of the United States. The conclusion of this article is strengthened by the largest bank failure in the United States.)

VERY soon the new year's crop of prosperity predictions will be harvested. Last year, when the crisis was young the capitalist press fairly oozed with brilliant promises of a happy future for American capitalism. Hoover, as usual, took the lead. When he failed, they dragged out old billionaire Andrew Mellon, who had not been discredited. He promised the impossible and was silent thereafter.

But new year brings new lies. The leading bosses, ignorant of the fundamental laws of capitalist economy, actually believe that by their predictions they can stimulate the decaying organism into a semblance of hectic youth.

How far they miss the mark can be judged from the following quotation, taken from the Commercial & Financial Chronicle, written just after the famous stock market crash of 1929. To quote Hoover, Lamont, Klein, Barnes, or their ilk, would be taking what the bosses themselves later admitted was fakery too thickly spread. But the Chronicle was a little more serious, careful and even pessimistic. But here is what they said on November 23, 1929:

"The most satisfactory feature of the situation at the moment—and it is a very reassuring feature—is that after last month's stock market panic and upheaval, things are rapidly returning to the normal."

How rapidly they "returned to the normal" is now economic history. We have the "normal" 9,000,000 unemployed; industry at the lowest level in 50 years; the severest world economic crisis in the history of capitalism, and political crisis in many capitalist lands.

That the crisis has gotten worse cannot be denied by the most rosy-spectacled capitalist economist. But they have a new theme-song. The refrain runs: "The worse it gets the better it is." The National City Bank (December, 1930, Bulletin) hands out this line as follows:

"We have to remember in times like these that influences of depression are cumulative and that it is the usual thing for the outlook to appear more and more unpromising in proportion as the depression nears its end."

This is pretty shrill whistling to keep up the bosses' courage. The very same Bulletin admits that "new complications have not ceased to arise to confuse the outlook and involve new groups in the area of readjustment." And they come to the usual note of the capitalists, rooted in their confidence in the indestructibility of capitalism that "obviously this sort of thing has to come to an end sometime." Very true, indeed, but the end is not always an economic revival of capitalism. There is the end in war! There is the end in a protracted course of the economic disease. There is the end in revolution!

Heavy Emphasis on Spring

The major share of the predictions this new year will promise revival in the Spring. There is nothing original in this. They promised revival last Spring. In the Spring there is always a certain amount of reawakened economic life, a jagged upward zig-zag, even in the worst of crisis. The bosses hope to fool the masses of unemployed and sorely-beset employed workers into the belief that this should be taken as an upturn. But an examination of the facts in the basic industries shows there is no basis for a major upturn or revival of American capitalism in 1931. There will be some of the prophets who, to be on the safe side, will shove the "upturn" toward the summer. If this falls, they will follow the usual stunt of shoving it ever into the future.

The fact is, there have been features added to the present crisis which have complicated it,

making recovery more distant, and weighing down even the seasonal upsurts that the capitalists expect.

Why Hyde Cried.
Foremost is the growing severity of the agrarian crisis. The seven lean years forecast by Hyde have basis in fact. The recent action of the Federal Farm Board in cutting American wheat off of the world market, seals up tremendous stocks of wheat in an already overloaded market, and lays the basis for an explosion. It is no wonder that Hyde has tears in his eyes when calling for war against the Soviet Union to relieve the agrarian crisis in the United States.

The railroads are in a deep swamp. They are decaying so badly that the railroad executives of the Class I railroads, in a petition to Congress, admit they are faced with the worst crisis in their history. They plead for special laws to protect their profits, and to permit them to trustify still further.

The Building industry is badly off. The drop of the year 1930, low as it was, had been artificially kept from going lower, and, in spite of the bosses' efforts, will express itself in worse form during 1931.

A Glut of Automobiles.

The automobile industry is in a really serious situation, typical of the enormous difficulties of American capitalism in the present crisis. As an illustration, the present auto plant capacity, without overstraining, is capable of producing 8,000,000 cars a year. This year about 3,500,000 cars were produced—and at least a million were never sold! Next year the market for automobiles will be still further contracted as the full effect of the crisis on the inner market will be felt more severely in 1931.

The world situation effectively stops any promise of an increase in exports. In 1930 auto exports dropped 60 per cent below 1929. It is no wonder, then, that Ford, according to the Wall Street Journal, is going to close his plant indefinitely. The Ford dealers were loaded up in 1930, and are virtually choking with overproduced stock.

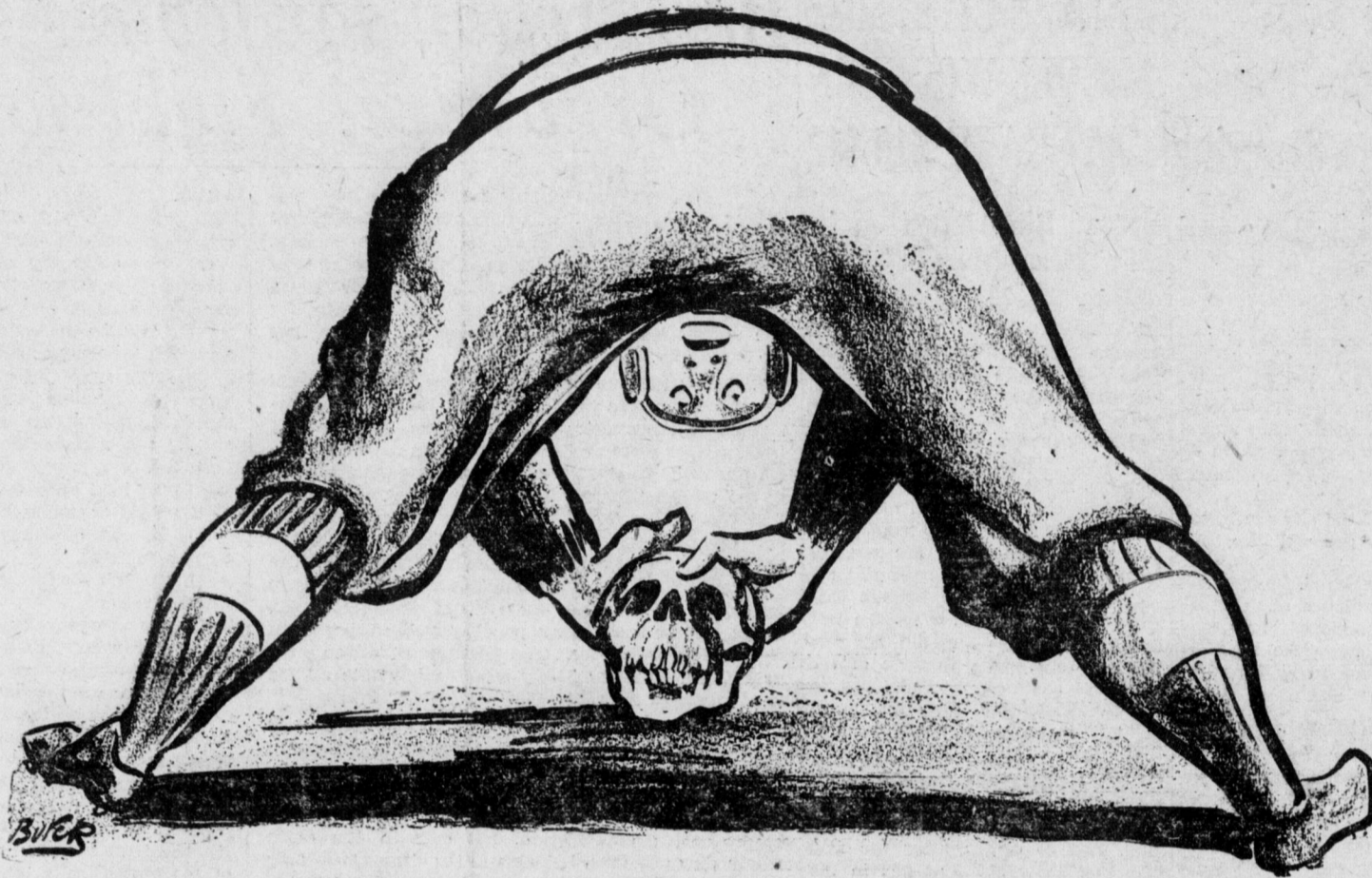
The Price-Raising Trick.

And on this basis the steel industry, which depends for over 50 per cent of its orders on building, autos, and railroads, cannot be expected to show any important advances in 1931. In this connection the recent maneuver of the United States Steel in raising steel prices \$1 a ton is interesting. This is done to stimulate business by buyers' belief it would be better to "buy now" as prices might go up still further. It was tried before and failed. In Oct. the steel corporation tried the same trick, but the result was a lessening in steel output and prices dropped again. The copper trust tried the same stunt, pulling prices of copper up from 9 cents a pound to 12 cents. The 12-cent price remained on paper. Copper prices are dropping daily.

New Bonds Go Down!

A reflection of the deeper extent of the crisis, its more complicated nature, is contained in the transfer of crashes from the stock to the bond market. Bonds are guaranteed profit-producing investments. Their movements up and down vary little. Common stock—the bulk of the paper traded in on the stock market—is based on the excess of profits over and above that paid on bonds and other fixed indebtedness. Early in the crisis bond prices went up. Now they are going down. This is alarming the capitalists, who see in it a quirk they didn't expect. This leads the Commercial & Financial Chronicle (Dec. 6, 1930) to exclaim: "It is bad enough to see stock prices going all to smash, but when bond prices follow the same destructive course, there is reason for the gravest apprehension."

There will be a rabid campaign of lying and predictions soon. They will not feed the unemployed. They will not reduce the unemployed army. They will not end the crisis. But they will fool many workers. It is the duty of every class conscious worker to smash these lies and increase the struggle for unemployment insurance.



The Millinery Workers and the Rank and File Committee

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The millinery trade can indeed be called the land of Muste; the fig-leaf role that is being played, i. e., hiding the fascist rule by means of fine phrases and oratorical juggling is perfectly exemplified by millinery "leaders" Spector and I. H. Goldberg. However, even the dullest worker is beginning to see through it.

At the last two meetings of Local 24, we were given information from gentlemen who know. Accusations were hurled in wholesale numbers, from petty grafting to the turning of the union headquarters into a brothel; that members of the executive board were guilty of violating all the laws of the union; that special efforts were made to put these persons in the leadership; that at least one member of the executive board was a scab; that an alliance was made with the police; that preference and easier conditions were given to applicants for membership who were formerly foremen or business men.

Deaf, Dumb and Blind

The statement of one member, that in all this sea of iniquity, Spector, the Musteite, "sees nothing, hears nothing, knows nothing," is almost humorous, were it not for the seriousness of the matter. The workers in this shop refuse to believe that these Musteite fakers, Spector and I. H. Goldberg, are deaf and blind to the corrupt misdeeds of the fascist group which really controls the union, but who at the slightest bidding of their masters, fall all over each other's necks in their eagerness to attack any opposition which may arise among the union members, particularly when these oppositions occur among the left wing workers.

The most pressing problem of the millinery workers is the collective agreement, which is a ruse on the part of the bosses to fool the workers.

The letters exchanged between Zaritzky and the bosses' association prove this: that the administration was always for a collective agreement.

Check-Off

A worker at the meeting clearly showed why our union officials need an agreement for their purposes; since the workers are not paying dues, this agreement would install a check-off, i. e., the boss would collect the dues for the union.

Unemployment has been and still is particularly acute in the millinery trade for the past few years. The average worker, for the privilege of working a few weeks in the year, must pay to the union officials as high as \$70. The officers of the union still maintain their old grand style; their pay is still \$80 per week. It is any wonder that they seek the bosses' help to keep themselves in office?

Clique control is an evil from which all of the millinery workers are suffering, as the conditions are becoming increasingly worse. More and more workers find it impossible to obtain jobs, which are reserved only for those who uphold the machine; and if there should be anything left (which are certainly few and far between), workers may get them by paying large sums in advance.

Members Organize

The rank and file have organized committees composed of all the workers in the various divisions of the trade: cutters, operators, blockers, trimmers, to fight against the clique control and Musteite faking servants of the bosses, against the collective agreement and the administration which has encouraged it, against the betrayals which are being prepared against the workers.

The workers in the millinery trade have nothing to lose in taking up this fight. Even the blockers, the model craft, those who receive the highest wages in the trade are affected. Their high wages and security of jobs is a thing of the past, for they are suffering from the same wave of unemployment as the rest of the industry. But Golden, their officer, doesn't feel the difference in living conditions, no need for him to know the hardships of struggling to make ends meet, for his wages are self-sustaining to him for the fewer hours he works.

Don't Crawl, Fight!

Some workers still believe that by boot-licking the officers, their conditions will be relieved, but what competition! To be a success, one must be a specialist, with years of training, so if you're not an expert boot-licker your chances are hopeless. Let us rather rally against the collective agreement, for a reduction in hours, for organization of shop committees of all workers in the shops, to smash the clique which is monopolizing the jobs, and against all the cringing, favor-seeking servants of the bosses and the union officials. Millinery workers! Join the rank and file committees!

In the Hall and in the Street

The prisoners at the bar... or rather not at the bar but in the theatre box, are a number of important looking, well-dressed, clean shaved, European people of prosperous appearance.

Without bustle they take their seats, sit quietly in stubborn silence and coolly look around.

All the eyes are fixed on them—the military guard, the Soviet and international Communist press reporters on the left side and the foreign bourgeois press reporters on the right, photographers, searchlights, movie camera men, talkie men, and all the public in the parliere and the balconies of the Hall of the Columns.

Everyone makes preparations to listen to them. The stenographers sharpen their pencils for the last time, the correspondents smooth out their pocketbooks, the black loud speakers impatiently gape. The telegraph operators take their seats by their apparatus to send out lightning dispatches to all parts of the country, to all countries, to all the world.

The miners in the pits of the Don Basin and the Ministers in Cabinets of Paris, the night editors of a hundred thousand newspapers in Europe, America, Australia—all are listening, all are awaiting the first words of this little group sitting on the dais of the Don Soyuzov (Trade Union Hall), this handful that has made itself so prominent in all parts of the world and has riveted on itself the attention of hundreds of millions of people.

The secretary of the court long and monotonously reads out the voluminous indictment. The public begins to whisper, to discuss under their breath the starting details, the unparalleled circumstances of the plot which was foiled.

The correspondent of a German paper speaks in a sophisticated tone of a crack reporter. "Until I hear it with my own ears, I don't believe anything. That is my rule."

"Until I hear them relate all these incredible facts, I shall not believe anything. And you can't convince me. That's the sort of chap I am."

"Very well. You can be that sort of chap. I have no time to convince you and no need either. Just wait half an hour."

We have to wait half an hour before the monotonous reading of the indictment is finished. What will happen next? Who knows what will happen in half an hour! There are all kinds of indictment in the world and all sorts of things are written in them.

Here for instance is what appears in the Parisian white-guard paper "Latest News," written with furious energy and fierce indignation.

"The savage fantasies of Krielenko, typed onto the 80 pages of the indictment, surpasses everything that might have been expected even from a Soviet prosecutor. The indictment consists of such a capricious tangle of baseless fantasies, provocation effects, direct lies and a complete confusion of the happenings of the last ten years, that no person in his right mind could possibly read its pages without indignation and feelings of fastidious aversion towards its author."

Poincare howls in unison with the Russian White Guards that the indictment is just the delirium of a madman.

But the prisoners gave this testimony at the preliminary investigation... Well, they might say a lot of things behind the bars when alone before the examining judge, and in face of the searching questions of the G.P.U. It is one thing to have a preliminary investigation and another matter to have an open public trial where it is possible to speak out, to query, to oppose. Thus writes the social democratic press: Populaire, Vorwaerts, Arbeiter Zeitung and Deutsche Herald.

But here, in face of the whole world, in face of the diplomatic corps of the great powers, in the face of hundreds of correspondents from the biggest newspapers and the telegraph agencies of Europe and America, these eight men may talk in another manner.

The reading of the indictment is finished. In the huge hall there is dead silence. Slowly, distinctly, the presiding judge puts the question "guilty or not guilty" to each of the prisoners. Now we shall hear. Now the thunderous voices of the venerable Professors Fedotov and Sitnch will be heard, now the reticent aged Larichev will burst out, in a moment we shall hear the energetic and youthful looking Ramzin storming forth.

But no. Nothing of the sort happened. One after the other, the eight men approach the judge, bow, and rapidly, without any hesitation, answer:

"I confess."
"Guilty."
"I confess my guilt."

These are no longer respected persons with a confident professional appearance. They are

scoundrels. Old scoundrels and young scoundrels. Scoundrels with moustaches and scoundrels without.

They are criminals caught red handed. They are villains, bought with foreign money.

These are hired murderers. Not the coarse and ignorant murderers of the underworld, who rob their victims of their fur coats. These are cold blooded, educated murderers, who were preparing to attack and plunder a whole country, a frightful attack which meant the slaughter of millions of people by bombs and airplanes, by poison gases, and a monstrous looting of factories; workshops and peasant fields.

For money these people undertook to drown our country in a blood bath and to open the gates, by treachery to admit the ravaging hordes of foreign soldiers, manufacturers, landowners, generals, police. They strove to conceal their crimes, but now that they have been discovered and secured in the prisoners box, they bow their heads and with white lips mutter:

"Yes, I am guilty, I confess...."

Where is that German correspondent who wanted to hear with his own ears? Well, he has heard it now. Like a whirlwind he burst from his chair. All the foreign journalists have sprung from their places. They crowd by the telephones, call up their messengers, send out their first urgent, burning and incisive telegrams to Paris, to New York, to Berlin, to London:

"All the prisoners pleaded guilty immediately."
"Ramzin pleads guilty."

Yes, Ramzin has pleaded guilty. He stands there, but no longer youthful looking and energetic, but broken down, pale, bent, and with slowly moving lips makes his statement. His trusted secretary, Oshkin, now no longer trusted and no longer a secretary, stands with a white face, tears running from his eyes, a pitiable, downtrodden puppy.

Ramzin fumbles with his papers. He has still a great deal to say.

A big detailed report of the central committee of the bourgeois Industrial Party. Where? In Russia. In nineteen hundred and thirty! In the Don Soyuzov! What does it all mean? Are we awake or asleep?

We are awake. It is really true. It is awful. But there is something to reassure us.

The speaker for the Central Committee is surrounded by strong guards with rifles. On the rifles are bayonets, on the guards are Red Stars.

Every time the speaker lowers his voice, music can be heard in the hall. If we go to the window, there we see the numberless columns of workers' demonstrations, marching in unending lines with crowded ranks, in the glare of blinding searchlights, their banners waving. A couple of pages from this stuffy hall, in the frozen air, Kaganovich, the secretary of another Central Committee stands on a motor truck and greets the angry and happy Moscow proletarians.

Of course every class has its Parties and they have their Central Committees. And every Party does what is necessary for its class.

But in our country—for 13 years already and now forever, until classes are completely destroyed—only one Party and one Central Committee can even be contemplated. Any other.... look in here, in the prisoners box, among the guards and answer for yourself!

The trial of the Engineering Center has begun. The tangle is being unravelled. Look at it. Look at it with fear, you who prepared the greatest of crimes, the vilest of robbery. Look at it with anger, you friends of the workers in all countries. We are crushing a snake, the remains of what once was the ruling class in Russia. Our strength is sufficient for this. But you, you must take care of the rest, of the danger of an imperialist attack on the first Workers State in the World.

Today in Workers' History

December 17, 1830—Simon Bolivar, liberator of South American colonies from Spain, died.

1871—New York workers held funeral parade in honor of executed Paris Communards. 1917—All Russian Extraordinary Commission for combating corruption and the counter-revolution (Cheka) set up. 1919—New York millinery workers won 13 weeks' strike for 44-hour week and wage raises. 1919—General strike in Egypt in protest against British rule. 1929—Coal explosion at McAlester, Okla., 61 dead.

Red Sparks

By JORGE

The Crocodile Turns

Red Sparks has received a letter. In fact we receive so many that we are unable to answer them. But this particular letter has special interest. The crocodile turns upon his master, beginning as follows:

"I am informed that you conduct a column in the Daily Worker which from time to time criticizes the shortcomings of certain Party members who deserve it. I am also informed by your Unit Buro that you are eight weeks behind in dues and that you are irregular to a complainable degree in regards to your attendance at unit meetings."

There is more, but no more charges, the rest being the effort of the Section Organization Secretary to do himself proud in proving that what we once said about mechanical carrying out of rules and regulations is thoroughly applicable to him.

As to the offenses there's no question. We are even more behind in dues than stated. We are not behind in contributing a large part of our wages to the Party, of course, a matter the Unit Bureau fails to take into account. And we shouldn't be behind—and wouldn't be were it not for committing the other offense of "irregular" attendance at unit meetings. Also "irregular" is too mild a word, and "rare" would be nearer the truth. But before we put on any hair shirt, we believe it needful to examine not only part of the truth, but the whole truth.

And that is just where the rub comes in. This Towarish who writes us does not, it seems, live in this world, among the realities of life which flaunt the best laid plans of mice and men, not to say those of section organization secretaries. Hence he refuses to take into account the fact which is known to him and to the Unit Buro, that our time is, firstly, at the disposal of the Central Committee instead of the unit; and, secondly, that such national work is so plentifully heaped upon us that if there is anyone spending more time in Party work than us, we don't know them. And it is invariably in haste, one task piled on another. Thirdly, that this same difficulty limits, almost to prohibition, the Unit attendance of practically all comrades we know of who are charged with important national work.

Hence, refusing to take account of reality, this comrade's further lines, in which threat of "proper action" is mixed with officiousness, serves to accent the stupid mechanical viewpoint upon which the correct and just rules of the Party are drawn in caricature. One would think from his letter that we deliberately avoid Unit meetings, in fact any Party activity outside Unit meetings—which he apparently thinks are the quintessence of "activity." A view which matches the formalism so prevalent in our Party and for which Comrade Kuusinen recently gave the Party a scolding.

But there is one thing which this comrade, in common with many others who ought to know better, is everything but formalist. It is that pernicious personal and subjective attitude which holds a grudge personally (or personal appreciation either) toward the conductor of the column, rather than regarding the fact that the column expresses Party policy.

These Genossen seem to think that the Party has given Jorge a column to play around with after his own whim, to write for the Party or against it. So, to this cock-eyed viewpoint, the conductor of the column is personally responsible to any comrade who feels grieved at being bitten by the crocodile.

We, of course, can bear the swollen and near-bureaucratic language of the Section Org. Sec'y in question. But we have consideration for those "unknown soldiers" who may have to swallow unjustified browbeatings of such Top Kicks. Hence this comment.

All of which should make clear that the crocodile is a business-like animal. He neither teases nor wishes to be teased. Going about as he does, ground of realities.

Chew on This One

Here's a puzzle for you. The crisis has come about because of over-production, yes? And to remedy it, the proposal is that the work-week be cut down to five days. Which sounds good, logical. If the work-week has been six days, to cut off one-sixth of the production.

The Typographical Journal tells how it worked out in the drug business of E. R. Squibbs and Sons Company. Everybody was put on a five-day week. But, lord bless you! Production increased ten per cent over that turned out on a six-day work-week!

Of course the company reduced wages one-sixth as, of course again, it couldn't be expected according to capitalist rules, to pay the workers for six days when they worked five. But they produced more because the bosses stepped on the workers' tails that five days and pushed the speed to the limit. But the company got a big hand for being so "progressive" in installing the five-day week!

The net result is that the workers have less wages and harder work, while Squibbs has more profits, providing it can sell the increased product. That, dear reader is the fly in Squibbs' Ointment. As the capitalist remedy for the crisis has produced another crisis!

The Divorce Crisis

The United Press advises us from Reno that the economic crisis is doing more than Bishop Manning to slow up what that gentleman calls the divorce "evil." It also appears that the sweet mamas who arrived at Reno ninety or more days ago to establish residence, have been listening to Hoover, and are "awaiting a return to confidence in the market before filing their divorce complaints, in order to make a more advantageous property settlement."

Now "property settlements" don't sound to us much like "free" love. Rather does it seem to be a case for the "vice squad" with no frame-up necessary. More:

"Others, who have opened preliminary negotiations with attorneys by mail from their homes, have decided to remain with their husbands a few months longer, so they can be more secure in their demands for alimony."

After such calculated prostitution as this, we think it highly humorous that J. Hamilton Fish, et al, get up a fever over Soviet "plots" to "destroy the most sacred institution of America, the family."

Continue the Fight for the Foreign Born workers

Statement of the Committee for the Protection of the Foreign-Born

THE gas attack at the Capitol building in Washington against the 502 delegates to the National Conference for the Protection of Foreign Born (representing organizations with a membership of over 300,000 workers), was not confined to these demonstrators. This attack found its expression and support in the newspapers of the ruling class of this country and was aimed at the entire working class.

By intentionally branding this great national conference of white and Negro, native born and foreign born workers, as "a demonstration of Communists," the capitalist newspapers deliberately suppressed the fact that besides the delegates from the Communist Party, which supports the movement for the protection of foreign born, the great majority of delegates were from conservative, as well as revolutionary unions, from sick benefit organizations allied to churches, from cooperatives, from Negro organizations, from cultural and artists and writers organizations, etc., the membership of which agrees wholeheartedly on the demands presented to Congress at the time of the demonstration.

The Seventy-first Congress was opened with a gas bomb and police club attack upon a great representative body of workers protesting against reactionary legislation. The continuation of this Hoover to Congress, demanding deportation, was manifest in the message of Preston laws and further restriction of immigration under the false pretext of "solving the unemployment problem." At the same time, the President's message contained no real measure for the solution of unemployment, or for unemployment relief.

The National Committee for the Protection of Foreign Born, elected by representatives of 300,000 native and foreign born white and Negro workers, continues the struggle for the demands presented to the opening session of Congress. These demands are as follows:

1. We demand from the United States Congress:

(a) To reject all bills like the Aswell, Blease, Cabell bills, the proposals of the Fish Committee and such other bills as may be proposed; to re-

ject photographing, finger-printing and to stop deportation of the foreign born; and to reject any form of police supervision, or restriction of the foreign born.

(b) To abolish all restrictions on immigration which were brought about by the U. S. Immigration Quota Law in effect since July 1, 1929, the further restrictions which were created by the presidential decree, and any further restrictions that may be proposed.

(c) To abolish the paragraph of the same law which discriminates against those who wish to emigrate to the United States on the basis of their political views when they apply for visas to the American consuls.

(d) To abolish the Harris Act, excluding Mexicans.

(e) To abolish the exclusion of Chinese, Japanese and Hindus from the United States. We demand that the Chinese, Japanese and Hindus be placed on the same quota basis as other nationalities.

(f) To abolish those paragraphs of the Immigration Law which provide for the exclusion of aliens "who disbelieve or oppose organized government," and the whole article containing this clause, and the paragraph which provides for deportation of those who in spite of the above provision, enter the United States. The bosses and their government can use these paragraphs against any worker who opposes a wage-cut, fights against injunctions, demands unemployment relief, etc.

The entire American working class and particularly the 15,000,000 foreign born in this country will carefully watch every act of the United States Congress, especially such action as may be taken on the Blease, Aswell, Johnson, Cabell and Reed bills, and measures proposed by the Fish Investigating Committee. The action to be taken through these bills is not directly against the foreign born workers, but against the entire working class and is part and parcel of the general attack upon the working class as a whole.

We demand that the United States Congress take immediate action so that all discrimination against the foreign born workers shall be ended without delay.