

Extra!

# Daily Worker

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(Section of the Communist International)

WORKERS OF THE WORLD, UNITE!

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## DEMONSTRATION FOR FOREIGN-BORN GASSED, CLUBBED

### Defend Chinese Revolution!

PROCLAMATION

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of China to the Workers of the World.  
Dear Comrades,

Workers, peasants, soldiers, sailors of all countries. The English, Japanese, American, French, German and other imperialist robbers are protecting the bourgeoisie and the landlords' counter-revolution in China, they are striving to crush the new revolutionary wave, to stamp out the Chinese Soviets.

The international bourgeois press is full of wild stories of the "horrors" of the peasant movement in China, of the Red terror of the partisans, of the "brutalities" in the Soviet districts, etc.

This is all absolutely false, and is merely a repetition of the old slanders about Bolshevik "brutalities" in the Russian revolution. It is done to justify their own crimes and to deceive the working masses.

The imperialists are utilizing Chinese reaction to set up a brutal terror against the revolutionary workers and peasants of China; in big cities like Shanghai, Wuchan, Canton, almost every day there are masses of arrests and executions, heads are cut off in the streets, women and children are killed for distributing proclamations, for taking part in demonstrations; the rule of the Kuomintang is the rule of a new inquisition. In 1930 alone, 58,000 people have been executed.

The imperialists are carrying on a bloody war against the workers and peasants, against the Red Army and the Soviet Government in China. French airplanes have bombarded Soviet Luchow, the Japanese imperialists have twice driven back the Reds from Da-ye; the British, French, Japanese and American artillery, warships and airplanes are operating against the Red Army in Chang-sha and Shasi. A tremendous amount of rifles, guns, machine guns, tanks, airplanes, gas and other weapons are being imported into China from England, America, Germany, Japan, Czechoslovakia and Sweden. German, British and Japanese military specialists, scouts, missionaries and social-fascist leaders like Vanderveld are being sent there to support the executioners of the Kuomintang. The imperialists of all countries, while carrying on a fierce struggle among themselves for domination over China, have agreed in the general struggle against the workers' and peasants' revolution.

The imperialists are attempting to unite the Chinese generals and executioners for the struggle against the Soviets.

Chiang Kai-shek has received money and assistance from the imperialists to prepare 10 well armed divisions against the Soviet districts. The imperialists have concentrated their armed forces near Hankow to the extent of dozens of European divisions. There are 23 foreign cruisers stationed in the Yang-tse-Kiang for the purpose of dealing out brutal punishment under the pretense of "saving civilization."

The Chinese workers and peasants look on this "civilization" as a shameless inhuman robbery, as imperialist slavery, which props up the oppression of the landlords and usurers. This civilization means the destruction of millions of people, ruin, slavish conditions of labor, unending war, death from starvation and similar calamities.

The workers and peasants of China have replied to the arbitrary violence of the imperialists and to the terrible oppression of the bourgeoisie and landlords by forming Soviets in 200 counties in Southern and Central China, by forming a Red Army, 300,000 strong, by the advance of 3-4 million armed peasants with the support of 30 million farmers. They are building up a new life, they are equalizing the distribution of land among the peasants and the soldiers of the Red Army, they are destroying the contracts of slavery and debts to usurers, introducing the 8-hour day, making special laws to defend the interests of the workers, men, women and youths, and are giving women their rights. They are setting up their own cultural organizations, organizing schools, developing the trade union movement, improving the conditions of life of the workers and the masses of the peasants.

On December 11, the 3rd anniversary of the Canton Commune, there will be a session of the first congress of Soviets in China, at which the workers', peasants' and soldiers' deputies will set up a provisional central revolutionary Soviet government in order to carry on a line for developing the revolutionary struggle still further, for the final overthrow of imperialist domination and its servant—the bourgeois landlord government—for complete national independence, for the unity of the country and for the victory of the revolutionary-democratic dictatorship of the proletariat and the peasants of all China.

The successes of the Red Army and the Soviets in China in organizing a firm revolutionary government will serve as an encouraging example for the oppressed peoples of all colonies. They will be a great factor for bringing nearer the doom of imperialism and the victory of the proletarian revolution throughout the world.

The world bourgeoisie, tightly held in the clutches of the economic crisis, do not wish to lose the tremendous Chinese market, and cannot tolerate the successes of socialist construction in the U. S. S. R.

Comrades! There are only two sides to the barricades. On one side are the proletariat of the whole world, the oppressed toilers of the colonies, the U. S. S. R. and Soviet China. On the other side are the world bourgeoisie, the landlords, the fascists, who are responsible for the world economic crisis and unemployment. The victory of the revolution in China and the victory of the U. S. S. R. is a victory for the proletariat of the world. Our fight is your fight.

Workers, peasants, soldiers and sailors. Not a cent, not a single soldier must be sent for imperialist slaughter and intervention against the U. S. S. R. and the Chinese Soviets.

Reply to the imperialist interventionists by forming mass fighting committees "Hands off the Chinese Soviets." Reply by mass demonstrations against loading and despatching armaments and soldiers to China. Demand the recall of foreign soldiers from China. Struggle against war on the Chinese workers and peasants. Don't allow soldiers or arms to be sent.

Hands off the U. S. S. R. and the Chinese Soviets. Down with imperialist war and intervention against the U. S. S. R. and the Chinese Soviets.

Long live the world proletarian revolution. Long live the socialist revolutionary dictatorship of the proletariat and the peasants of China.

Long live the Communist International—the leader of the world revolution.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF CHINA, October 12, 1930.

### JOBLESS VOTE TO AID EAGLE STRIKE

### NEW YORK—The Down Town Unemployed Council held a mass meeting with 2,500 jobless workers present before the doors of the Tammany State employment agency on Lafayette St. yesterday. Milton Stone of the October 15 delegation to present demands for immediate relief for the jobless from the city government spoke and exposed the city government's trickery and disregard of the sufferings of the jobless.

The agency closes its doors at 10

a. m. and tells everybody to come back at 1 p. m.

At the indoor meeting at 27 East Fourth St., the jobless pledged all possible aid to the Eagle Pencil strike, volunteered to help picket and not to scab under any circumstances in this strike against a wage cut.

Committees were elected to visit the First Municipal Court, Grant and Lafayette streets and the Second Municipal Court, at 264 Madison St. today. At these courts eviction cases against jobless workers are going on. The judges refer some of these cases to the Mayor's bureau, but this is only a trick, and the landlord are already getting legal machinery in motion to have the evictions go on and save the Mayor's reputation.

### Congress Opens With Attack On Those Protesting Deportations

Special to the Daily Worker. By JOE PASS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The U. S. Congress opened today with a tear gas attack, with clubbing and beating and terror turned loose against the National Conference of Foreign Born. The 500 delegates to the Congress, joined by another thousand, many of them Negroes, demonstrated at the capitol building steps against the savage laws this Congress has before it, directed against the foreign born.

Police drew their guns and fired tear gas shells. Members of the House of Representatives stood on the steps of the capitol and urged on the police to brutally attack the foreign born. Congressmen yelled, "Give it to them! Hit 'em again!" etc.

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### WRECKERS ON TRIAL TELL HOW THEY TRIED TO SMASH 5-YEAR PLAN

Deterding, Kautsky and War

Chemists For Attack on USSR

Oil King Talks About "Poor Russians" But Overlooks 25,000,000 Unemployed in Capitalist Lands; Is for War!

Sought to Prevent Oil, Coal Development to Full Aim Was to Aid War Hid Fact Kuzbas Coal Source Tremendous

BULLETIN.

MOSCOW, Dec. 1.—The O. G. P. U. discovered a secret organization in Soviet White Russia. Lastovski, Zivkevitch, Kraskovski and Smolitch were arrested. They are former white Russian emigres, returned on parole.

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker.)

MOSCOW, Dec. 1.—In yesterday evening's session the whole counter-revolutionary activities of the wreckers was further illuminated in the hearing of the witness Yurovski.

Yurovski was brought from prison when he is held on the charge of membership in the counter-revolutionary secret organization, the "Working Peasants' Party."

Although the presiding judge warned the witness he must not speak on questions of relation to the "peasants' party" because this is still under investigation and must confine himself to questions of activity and the foreign relations of the "industrial party."

Questioning revealed important details regarding the position of the "peasants' party" and close relationship with the "industrial party" and the Manchevists.

Yurovski gave evidence of the position of the "industrial party" and its activities and preparations for intervention. In addition, information was received from a representative of the "industrial party" in the "peasants' party."

He learned more on a trip abroad. In January and February, 1928, he had two conversations with the leader of the "republican-democratic center," with the emigre Milukov, and a representative of the commercial and industrial committee in Paris. Hoefding, Milukov confirmed the fact that the "industrial party" was known to him. He declared himself a supporter of the idea of armed intervention in Russia because the overthrow of Bolshevism by internal power was hopeless. Milukov replied to Yurovski's questions regarding the attitude of the French socialists, that although any war, particularly one against the Soviet Union, was unpopular with the French workers, the socialist leaders undoubtedly firmly resolved in case of war against the Soviet Union, to support it.

Milukov gave detailed information of the preparation for intervention. The reason for the postponement of the original date from 1928 to 1930 was necessitated by the existence of a strong-handed government in France, which is best guaranteed in the person of Poincare.

He stated that the preparations and elaboration of plan, the finances and military command, was guaranteed by the French government and the general staff. The fighting forces

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### Supreme Court Rules Mooney and Billings Die In Prison

Failure of Legal Measures; Mass Action by the Workers Only Way to Release Two Framed Workers; Many Times Proven Innocent

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., Dec. 1.—Life in prison for Mooney and Billings: That is the verdict of the highest court in California. As over and over predicted by the Daily Worker, the soft peddling on mass protest against the continued imprisonment of these two innocent workers, and the reliance on legalistic methods has borne the usual fruit. The liberals and socialists who gloried in the fact that they were taking the lead now in the Mooney-Billings defense, with only gentlemanly methods used, and who promised that they would save the workers, which the "Reds" could not save, have their answer now, and have on their heads the blame for shackling them tighter to their life-long martyrdom.

The Supreme Court of California today rendered its decision that no person is recommended in the case of Billings. This means, as the governor has many times stated, that Mooney will be treated as Billings is treated. And this means no pardon, unless the workers rally to mass protest and mass demonstrations, so that the capitalist class releases its murderous grip on the two men before they die.

A Frame-Up. Mooney and Billings were convicted in a clear-cut frame-up for an explosion which cost the lives of several "preparation day" marchers and others in 1916. Every witness against them has been proven to be a perjurer. Most have confessed they were either hired or forced to testify falsely against Mooney and Billings. The jurors, those that still live, have agreed that they would not convict if they knew what they now know about the witnesses of the prosecution.

Practically every worker present responded to his talk by joining the League. An organization committee of 14 was elected and will meet this week to elect an executive committee of seven. The workers pledged their support to the building of The Liberator into a mass organ to give leadership to the struggles of the Negro masses against lynching and other forms of white ruling class oppression.

F. F. A. Welsh, fresh from the St. Louis convention of the League, addressed the workers making a report both on the convention and on the Southern Anti-Lynching conference at Chattanooga which preceded it.

Form Coney Island Branch of L.S.N.R. NEW YORK.—Negro and white workers of Coney Island assembled last night at the Workers Center, 2901 Mermaid Avenue and formed a branch of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights. Thirty-six workers were present.

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# Mobilize at Central Opera House Tomorrow Night; Fight Against Injunctions!

By RYAN WALKER

## TWO MEETINGS PREPARE FURTHER BATTLE UPON VICIOUS INJUNCTIONS

### Workers Greet Two Fighters Just Out of Jail at Banquet Tonight; Mass Mobilization at Central Opera House Tomorrow

NEW YORK—Two preliminary mass gatherings to the next mass violation of the injunction will be held here. One is the great mass meeting to mobilize to Smash the Injunction, called by the Trade Union Unity Council and the International Labor Defense. All militant workers of New York and all jobs are urged to gather at Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., tomorrow night as a mobilization for mass picketing in defiance of the strike-breaking injunctions.

The other preliminary gathering of these who are determined to win back the right to strike and to picket is the banquet to greet Harry Cornelius and Steve Stevenson, just released from serving a year and a half in prison for violating an injunction in the cafeteria strike.

The banquet will be held at Manhattan Lyceum at 7:30 p. m. tonight. The two workers are enthusiastic about the present fight, and show in their untiring speeches and their determination that the bosses' jail did not frighten them away from the class struggle. They urge all fellow-workers to carry on the battle. All workers, of every trade and industry, should be at Manhattan Lyceum tonight to greet these heroic fighters. Tickets are 50 cents and all funds go to the fight against injunctions.

**Foster Urges All to Come.**

Among the speakers at Central Opera House mass meeting tomorrow night will be Fred Biedenkapp, chairman of the Smash the Injunction Committee of the T. U. U. C.; J. Louis Engdahl, of the International Labor Defense, which defends the arrested pickets; Jack Johnstone, organizer of the Trade Union Unity Council, and William Z. Foster, general secretary of the Trade Union Unity League.

The enlarged national committee of the T. U. U. C., in its final session Saturday, adopted a resolution for continued fight against the injunction, after which Foster made the following statement:

"The struggle against the injunction weapon used by the bosses, by the reactionary officials of the A. F. of L. and of the socialist party, is one of the major struggles before the American working class, involving, as it does, the fundamental right of workers to organize into militant fighting industrial unions and to wrest from the employers by the weapons of strike and picket line better conditions.

"The struggle to smash the injunction at Zelgreen Cafeteria is a strike of the workers to smash the 12-hour day put into effect by the A. F. of L. and the employers through the use of injunctions, gangsters, police and courts. The only method of smashing injunctions is to mobilize large masses of workers on the picket line to defy the orders of the court and to violate the injunction en masse.

"Whether the struggle confronts the food, shoe, needle or miners' union, it becomes the struggle of the whole working class.

"The mass meeting called by the Smash the Injunction Committee of the Trade Union Unity Council on Wednesday, Dec. 3, in Central Opera House must rally thousands of workers and be a powerful expression of the solidarity of the workers in the fight to smash the injunctions.

**MUSTE FAKERS OFFER PROGRAM OF EXTREME INACTION FOR THE JOBLESS**

The League For Industrial Democracy (Musteite Control) publishes a magazine called "The Unemployed." It has in its first issue a series of articles from various shining lights of the exalted professions: three preachers, a professor or two, an editor for the Peabody Coal Co., and Heywood Brown.

Brown's articles leads. It tells of the "floaters," who wouldn't work that Brown found on a breadline once. The point of the whole article is that if breadlines go on, the worker will begin to like them and no worker will work. "I think it would be a swell stunt to come along and save them before they take the dive (into the breadline). Smart for you and me, I mean. After all breadlines make breadliners." That is what Brown is worrying about.

Norman Thomas is next with pure social fascism. He analyzes very correctly the causes of unemployment. That's the radical phraseology. He says nothing about direct struggle of the jobless for insurance nor of the workers against the things that increase unemployment. He just tells them the only way out is to vote for his gang. And that's the fascist part.

**Real Fascism**

But if the Rev. Thomas is a social fascist, he is followed immediately by a proposal for straight fascism. It is signed by Paul Blanchard. It is for no overthrow of capitalism, but just for a state planning board which would guarantee profits and a minimum subsistence for the workers by regulation of industry.

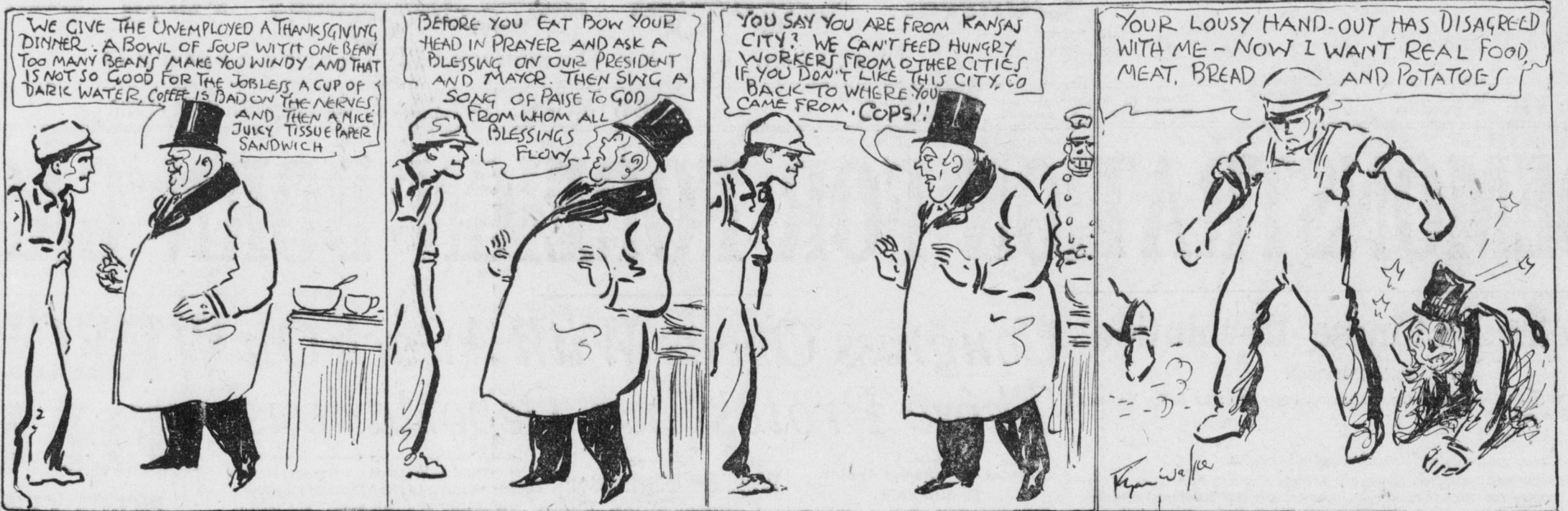
This regulation is called "complete reconstruction of our social system" and its form and methods can be seen in a couple of quotations from the article:

"Under such a board no man would be allowed to build a shoe factory when there were too many shoe factories already. No man would be permitted to gamble with the jobs of thousands of workers unless he demonstrated his ability to keep his factory running."

"It may be objected that in such a world there would be less freedom for those who own and manipulate

## THE ADVENTURES OF BILL WORKER

—No Charity—Unemployment Insurance—



## AFL LAUNDRY RACKET MEANS LOWEST WAGES

NEW YORK—Drivers' Local 810 of the A. F. of L. has gone in the laundry business. The officials of the local have signed an agreement with the Nonpareil Laundry, 546 E. 170th St., and promised the boss that they will get him more business. The officials received the membership lists of other A. F. of L. unions, such as the Bakers, Barbers, etc., and turned these over to the boss. All were sent mail urging them to give their laundry to the only "union shop" in the Bronx.

Canvassers visit these workers telling them that this is a union shop. As a matter of fact not even all the drivers belong to the union, but the drivers are only one-fifth of the workers in the laundry. There are about 80 workers there, mostly Negro women workers who get from \$12 to \$14 a week. This the A. F. of L. calls a union shop. This is the method of organizing the A. F. of L. uses.

"They promise the boss more business for an agreement which leaves out four-fifths of the workers and which promises the boss 'not to help or to influence the organization of the inside workers.'"

All workers should be warned against the laundry racket of the A. F. of L. and the bosses. The only organization which organizes all the workers into one union regardless of craft or race is the Laundry Workers' League, 16 W. 21st St., affiliated to the Trade Union Unity League.

## EAGLE PENCIL WORKERS STRIKE

### Elect Their Committee; Mass Picket Today

(Continued from Page One)

The committee in to present demands for a return of the wage cut to Richards, the big boss. Richards refused to see the committee, and the police drove the strikers, still only slightly organized for their task, from the vicinity.

**Further Organization.**

The strikers then held another mass meeting, larger than the first, in Labor Temple and continued their organization, heard advice from the organizer of the Trade Union Unity Council, Jack Johnstone, and arranged for mass picketing today when the shop opens. The decision is for all strikers to meet at 7:30 a block from the plant, and to picket it all around. After mass picketing in the morning, the strikers will meet again in Labor Temple, and make up the shifts of 40 or so which will maintain the picket lines between mass picketings. The strike committee will again call upon the management today.

**Reject Wage Cut.**

The ten per cent cut has been threatened for some time. Determined refusal to accept it when it was announced some weeks ago in several departments resulted in its postponement. The management tried to spread a feeling of despair and terror among the workers, and thought it could go ahead with the cut yesterday.

The workers were unorganized, except for a factory committee, which issued a leaflet calling for strike yesterday unless the wage cut were rescinded. The plan, carried out very successfully, was for all to report to work, but not to work. If the wage cut were not stopped by the company at ten a. m. all were to come out and march in a body to the meeting place.

The company fired one worker as soon as the call to refuse to work began to be circulated around the various departments. Later, at the strike mass meeting, the strikers showed what they thought of this by electing that worker chairman of the meeting, and placing him on the strike committee.

About ten, groups of workers marched out. A little later the doors of the plant were closed to try and split the workers and keep some of them in. It did not work. The doors finally had to be opened, when the crowd of workers standing idle inside were seen and urged by those outside to come on. They did. Later, as the march to the Labor Temple began, still another group marched out.

The factory police tried to propagandize the workers against the strike, saying, "It will get you nothing." One woman worker showed the cop her work hardened hands, and shouted, "I've been working here for years and starving, now I'll try striking."

**Discuss Demands.**

The first meeting was addressed by the representatives of the factory committee, and by Andrew Overgaard, national secretary of the Metal Workers' Industrial League of the Trade Union Unity League, who suggested the large strike committee and offered all possible help, but emphasized that this is the Eagle workers' strike and their own solidarity and organization would win it. Members of the elected strike committee also spoke, and all the strikers started for the factory to see the committee present the demands.

At the second meeting, held at 1:30 p. m., the strikers discussed the situation, many speaking from the floor on tactics to follow and demands to make. It was decided unanimously not to go back if the boss offers merely to make it a lesser wage cut than ten per cent. The greatest enthusiasm and cheers greeted those who declared, "We won't stand for any wage cut at all!" It was decided that if the management tries a lay-off after the strike is won, the committee shall demand instead a reduction from the present nine hour day to the eight hour day and five day week, without reduction in the week's wages.

A collection was taken up to de-

## Soviet Press Gives Workers' Answer to Boss War Plotters

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Dec. 1.—During the examination of the chief prisoners Ramsin, Larichev and Kalinikov, a nightmare picture of the military dictatorship to be set up in Russia after the victory of the interventionist troops was shown.

The role of the French imperialists was made especially clear in these plans. On this Pravda writes:

"The bloody revenge of the Czarist white guards against the revolutionary workers and peasants sales in comparison with the exploits of the French General Staff, the Legionnaires and the vassals in the colonies and in the countries they have occupied or seized like bandits.

"In 'the best style' of those who inspired them, the counter-revolutionary wreckers had drawn up an extensive program to 'calm down' Soviet towns and villages. In the testimony at court they were compelled to admit that they had prepared the fiercest bloody repression for the proletariat and punitive expeditions for millions of poor and middle peasants."

While French, British and other imperialist papers, to conceal their complicity exposed in the trial, are filled with fantastic legends of mutinies in cities and villages of the (Continued on Page Three)

## WORCORRS MEET STARTS CONTEST

### City Groups Worcorrs Primary Aim

NEW YORK—New York and vicinity worker correspondents gathered Sunday, Nov. 30, at 2 p. m. at their second monthly meeting.

Following the report of the secretary of the Worker Correspondents League (Worcorrs) a full discussion was held, in which all present participated.

Druker, secretary, pointed out that the League is building and maintaining connections with hundreds of worker correspondents and laying the basis for the building of city Worcorrs groups in all parts of the country. A monthly bulletin is issued by the Worcorrs League and 300 of the last three issues have been mailed out. A contest for the best city correspondence was approved.

Additions were made to the executive committee by the election of new members. All worker correspondents wishing information or the Worcorrs Bulletin should write to Worcorrs, 50 E. 13th St., New York.

## Arteff Theatre Troupe to Attend Needle Trade Ball

NEW YORK—New York workers will have an opportunity to acquaint themselves with the whole Arteff Theatre group at the ball of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union, on Friday evening, December 5th. The ball will be held in Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th St., and will be one of the biggest held this season.

The Arteff troupe will come right after their playing in the theatre in their new hat "Brillianten." They will not change their costumes. Many other organizations have promised to bring their members to this ball and help make it a success.

No sympathetic Workers' organization will have an affair on Friday December 5th. Many other organizations have postponed their own affairs for a later date.

This ball will be a demonstration of solidarity with the needle trade workers in proof of readiness of these organizations to help in the coming dress strike. Friends of the revolutionary unions will meet this time at the Needle Trades ball, next time on the picket line.

Let no worker miss this affair. Ask your friends whether they have already their tickets for the Needle Trade Ball, if not tickets can be bought at the office of the union, 131 West 26th Street, or in the office of the Morning Freiheit, 50 East 13th Street. The price of admission is only 50 cents.

## 20 PER CENT CUT AT FALL RIVER

FALL RIVER, Mass., Dec. 1.—The management of the Chase Mills, employing about 300 workers here announced on Nov. 25 a wage cut for weavers of about 20 per cent to become operative today.

This wage cut was first proposed six weeks ago but owing to the militancy of the workers the bosses overlooked the advice of the United Textile Workers officials and deferred action. Since that date victimization has been the order of the day and the bosses now consider the way clear for wage cutting.

At the same time police of Fall River are carrying on a drive against the National Textile Workers Union, by every means they know of. They have constantly demonstrated their force at the mass meetings and have convicted one of the N.T.W. members on a frame-up charge of "receiving stolen goods." They have also evicted the U.T.W. from its headquarters.

Nevertheless the National Textile Workers Union will organize the workers of Chase and other mills. The wage cut rouses opposition.

## NEW ALLOY DISCOVERED IN U. S. S. R.

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R.—A new super hard alloy has been developed by a group of engineers at Baku, Soviet oil center. It is many times cheaper and harder than foreign alloys. Those parts of machinery, like gears, exposed to great friction, and other numerous types of instruments will be covered with a layer of this alloy making possible a greater duration

## Two Jobless Workers Take Their Own Lives

Two more jobless workers, utterly without hope of getting jobs through fake government agencies, and not realizing that running away from the struggle against the bosses is exactly what the latter want workers to do, have committed suicide.

One, Oscar Knight, 3333 Harrison Ave., New York, slashed his throat and wrists. The other, John Good, was found hanging from a rafter in an abandoned garage in Warren, Mich. Good had been out of work for a year, Knight for several weeks.

## HATHAWAY TO SPEAK ON "DISARMING FOR WAR"

NEW YORK—Five hundred workers filled Irving Plaza on Sunday, Nov. 30, to hear Max Bedacht speak on the "Crisis of Capitalism."

The workers started to come as early as 6:30, so that by 8 o'clock the hall was quite crowded. The workers kept coming until 9:30.

They listened attentively to the lecture. That was quite evident by the number of varied questions asked.

On Sunday, Dec. 7, C. A. Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker, will speak on "Disarming for War."

This subject should interest all the workers to come and hear why the capitalist countries are talking "peace" and arming for war.

## DEMAND RELEASE HUSA AND HOLMES

NEW YORK—All workers, young and old, are urged to come to the mass meeting to be held this Friday, 8 p. m., at the Finnish Hall at 15 W. 126th St., to demand the release of Mabel Husa and Eileen Holmes, held in Monroe County Jail on a trumped up charge.

## Labor and Fraternal

**A Lecture Will Be Given**  
By Women's Council at 67 Jackson Ave., Bronx, Friday, Dec. 5, 7 p. m. Subject: Women's Education to be delivered by Comrade T. Littinsky. Bring shopmates along!

**The Regular Meeting**  
Of the Workers Laboratory Theatre of the Workers' Educational League will be held Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings at 8 p. m. at 131 W. 28th St.

**Printing Workers Industrial League**  
Meeting of concentration group will take place Thursday, Dec. 4, at 6:30 p. m., 16 W. 21st St.

**All Industry Workers in the P.W.I.L.**  
Must come down Thursday, Dec. 3, 7:30 p. m. at 16 W. 21st St. Bring bindery worker contacts.

**Important Fraction Meeting**  
Of the Food Workers' Industrial Union Thursday, Dec. 4, at Party headquarters. Important matters.

**Attention, Jersey City**  
A weekly study class in the fundamentals of Communism has been arranged every Friday night at 8:15 p. m. at the Workers Center, 337 Henderson St. Fees are \$2 for one course (12 lessons). Unemployed workers free.

**Solidarity Dance**  
Of Coney Island Branch of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights at 2901 Mermaid Ave., Coney Island, Thursday, Dec. 4, 1930 at 8 p. m. Jazz band, admission free! All workers invited.

**Grand Ball**  
Under the auspices of the Friends of the "Il Lavatore" for the benefit of the Italian branch of the C.P. Saturday, Dec. 13, 8 p. m. at the Italian Workers' Center, 2011 Third Ave., bet. 110th and 111th St. Good music program, contribution, 35 cents.

**Anti-Fascist Ball**  
Entertainment and dance given by the Friends of the Anti-Fascist Alliance of North America, Saturday, Dec. 6, 8 p. m. at 569 Prospect Ave. Good music, admission free.

## WOMEN'S DELEGATION OF THE R.L.L.U. TO SPEAK AT MASS MEET

Saturday, Dec. 4, at Irving Plaza. Speakers will include Wm. Z. Foster, Sophie Melvin, textile worker; Anna Kornblath, textile worker, and C. McLane, Negro needle trades worker.

## UNIVERSAL CAFETERIA

For a Good Meal and Proletarian Prices Eat at the UNIVERSAL CAFETERIA Cor. 11th St. and University Place (Special Room for Conferences)

## HONEY DEW CAFETERIA

EAT THE BEST AT THE HONEY DEW CAFETERIA Incorporated Fourth Ave., Cor. 13th Street HOME-MADE MEALS You can select the best foods, as we have a great variety. We are sure you will like our cooking HONEY DEW CAFETERIA 4th Ave., Cor. 12th St., New York City Incorporated

## AMUSEMENTS

**"RAZLON"**  
(THE BREAK-UP)  
"Here is a picture in the tradition of 'Potemkin'... Usual high standard of photography in Soviet film... Night scenes particularly are tremendously effective."—Vera Smith, Daily Worker.  
A TENSE TALE OF THE OCTOBER REVOLUTION PRODUCED BY MEMRAPFILM IN U.S.S.R.  
**8TH ST. PLAYHOUSE**  
32 WEST 8TH ST., Between Fifth and Sixth Aves.—Spring 5095 POPULAR PRICES—CONTINUOUS NOON TO MIDNIGHT

**ELIZABETH, THE QUEEN**  
GUILD W. 52d. Eves. 8:40 Mts. Th. & Sat. 2:40

**ROAR CHINA**  
MARTIN BECK THEA 46th St. West of Broadway Eves. 8:30, Mts. Th. & Sat. 2:30

**MUSIC AND CONCERTS**  
CARNegie HALL, Fri. Ev., Dec. 5, 8:30

**Levitzki**  
Mgt. NBC Artists Service (Steinway)

**CIVIC REPERTORY** 14th St., 6th Av. 8oc. \$1, \$1.50. Mts. Th. & Sat. 2:30  
EVA LE GALLIENNE, Director  
Tonight... SIEGFRIED  
Tom. Night... ALBON'S HOUSE  
Seats \$1.00, adv. at Box Off. & T. 11th St. 113 W. 43

**NINA ROSA**  
New Musical Romance, with GUY ROBERTSON, ETHELINDA PERRY, ARMIDA, LEONARD CERELEY, Others  
MAJESTIC THEA., 44th, W. of Broadway Eves. 8:30, Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:30, Chl. 2:00

**THE GREEKS HAD A WORD FOR IT**  
A COMEDY BY SOB AKINS  
SAM H. HARRIS THEA., 42d St. W. of 57  
Evening 8:30, Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

## SPEED UP PAMPHLET REVEALS CAUSES OF UNEMPLOYMENT

NEW YORK—Ten million unemployed workers standing in breadlines and sleeping in the open or in vermin-infested "charity" beds are asking just what effect the return of "prosperity"—confidently promised by the capitalist press at any time within the next few years—will have on them. The question is clearly and graphically answered in the pamphlet "Speeding Up the Workers," by James Barnett, just issued by International Pamphlets. Here it is made plain that, so far as the worker is concerned, "good" times are hard times, and "bad" times are merely worse times. Since the end of the latest imperialist war the number of workers employed in industry has steadily decreased. During the period of capitalist "prosperity" which preceded the present crisis 2.5 to 4 million workers were permanently unemployed, with the number constantly growing and the in-

## NEEDLE TRADES BALL, DECEMBER 5

Friday, at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th St. Good program. Tickets 50 cents. Can be secured at the Union Headquarters, 131 W. 28th St. or the Morning Freiheit, 50 E. 13th St.

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Every worker, unemployed or still employed, should read "Speeding Up

## UNEMPLOYED COUNCIL

Of Hungarian, Czechoslovak, German workers will meet Thursday, Dec. 4, 8 p. m. at 347 E. 72nd St. room 7. At this meeting we will form the Yorkville Unemployed Council.

## HEALTH FOOD Vegetarian RESTAURANT

1600 MADISON AVE. Phone: UNIVERSITY 5665

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# Startling News of Growing War Plots Against Soviets! Smash Bosses' War Moves!

## LETTERS FROM THE SHOPS

### ELIZABETHTON TOILERS SPEEDED AND STAGGERED

#### But Are Organizing for Fight Again

(By a Worker Correspondent.)  
 ELIZABETHTON, Tenn. — I don't think we should fail to give the readers an article on conditions in this fair "city of Power." At the present time it is mostly Ford power. While the industries are at a standstill the Communists are taking advantage of every opportunity and some real and lasting work was done here a few days ago by Comrade Johnson. He received hearty greetings wherever he went. We were sorry to see him leave.

**Stagger System.**  
 Conditions among the workers are deplorable. I was talking to a worker in the Glatzstoff silk mill about the new change in hours they are about to make there by putting all the employees on 6 hours per day so as to give more people work. He said that it would suit him alright for they had speeded them up so that six hours at a time was all that a man could stand. Another said that hell was not half a mile from this place. I agreed because I worked in these plants for three years.

**But Are Organizing.**  
 There is quite a bit of unrest among the workers and I am right on the job telling them about our line of activities and I distribute the Daily Worker, the Southern Worker and other publications. We are expecting a good organizer here soon and hope no time will be lost in getting him here.

—A Southern Worker.

### Jobless N.Y. Needle Worker Drops on the Street From Hunger

(By a Worker Correspondent.)  
 NEW YORK.—Sonia Berman, an unemployed dressmaker, hungry and exhausted, fainted on 36th Street and Eighth Avenue. Many workers crowded around her and a great discomfit was expressed among the workers.

One worker exclaimed "Mayor Walker should be hanged and give her some ice cream." A doctor arrived and examined her and proclaimed her very ill from starvation. She was taken to New York Hospital.

Later in the afternoon, walking down Seventh Avenue and 31st St. I saw another horrible scene. Thousands were standing in line for a five-ounce of hungry and down-hearted cent piece that was handed them by a well fed, fat bellied priest.

## Here Are Sacramento Daily Worker Boosters Painting Map Red in Circulation Campaign

Albin E. Mazzarella, director of the Red Builders' News Club of Sacramento, Calif., writes:

"The club consists of H. Byers, H. Gourouff, Steinman, Handy, Mazzarella, Weber, Johnson, Juntila and Sylvia.

"Each comrade in charge of a red section is to get two more comrades among the unemployed to carry on the campaign more effectively.

"The club challenges the Oakland section and Santa Clara section and the San Francisco district headquarters to have a bigger bundle order; to obtain between now and Jan. 1 more than 50 subs for the Daily; to establish a bigger carrier system; to increase the factory gate sales; to send articles to the Daily Worker every day; to have a well functioning workers' correspondence league; to send bundles to connections in small towns around Sacramento to build circulation.

"A committee of three, consisting of Daniels, Mazzarella and Handy, is in charge of the campaign."

We also hear from Mike Daniels, organizer in Sacramento: "I am trying very hard to build up the circulation of our Daily in Sacramento. So far we have three unemployed comrades who are making something like \$1 every day from the sale of the Daily.

"Our ambition is to penetrate in every residential section and factory and by persistent, every-day hard work to root the Daily in the shops and factories."

**RED SUNDAY FOR DRIVE IN OAKLAND**  
 Oakland will have a Red Sunday

### Plan Frame-Up on Old War Veteran

(By a Worker Correspondent.)  
 National Military Home, Kansas. I found out this minute that the authorities got Communist literature out of my locker and placed them with headquarters here. I was at once notified to come to the chief surgeons' office. They did nothing except examine me as they usually have done every little while. They tried to put me out of the home before only the doctors said they could not on account of my disability.

I await the immediate outcome. Keep tabs on me. They may try to confine me in a locked cell. I am 75 years old but am not able to work for a living and I have no income, but I am a true Communist to the last.

Send only first class mail to me as they might confiscate it along with me too.

### GREAT INITIATIVE IN SOVIET UNION

#### Workers Turn in More Than 2,000 Inventions

(By a Worker Correspondent.)  
 NEW YORK.—Facts gathered from newspapers just received from the Soviet Union give a real picture of the initiative, pride and energy of the workers of the Soviet Union in building up their industry.

In the electrical works named Stalin in Leningrad the workers turned in 2,700 inventions and rationalization proposals which will mean a production saving of six million roubles. The "Russian Diesel" manufacturing diesel motors is showing tremendous progress in making motors. In a resolution the workers of the factory pride themselves that when the capitalist Sultz (the German Diesel motor concern) put out one machine they put out two machines of 1800 horsepower.

**Building Own Engines**  
 "We are now building the first Soviet machine with a force of 3600 horsepower and that wholly from our own Soviet materials and completely with the hands of our own workers," they say.

This gives the lie to the capitalist philosophy that only under capitalism with prospects of individual gain is there initiative. The collective planning inaugurated by the Five-Year Plan will crystallize the latent energies of the workers in the Soviet Union and will bring out initiative the capitalists have never dreamt of.

### CENTURY METAL WORKERS DRIVEN WITHOUT MERCY

#### Wages Down to Starvation Level

(By a Worker Correspondent.)  
 ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Conditions in the Century are getting unbearable. The bosses don't know what to do next in order to make more money on us. They are cutting wages continually, directly and indirectly. In short, they are simply skinning us.

Just now they again gave us a notice that from the first of December they are going to dock off the bonus we used to get.

After December 1st we will work ten hours less a week. Besides they are introducing the stagger system. About 300 work two days less in a week at a time.

**Means Hunger.**  
 This means that those of us who were getting the wages of \$19 a week, will hardly get \$14 now.

Besides cutting wages and speeding us up, they terrorize us every way possible. They want us to work like slaves. Should we open our mouths, they let us know that there are thousands of workers out of jobs.

This is what they slam at us at every opportune moment "Out of a job," "Lose your job." They have flooded the whole plant with posters, "Don't let carelessness cost you your job." That means if any one is injured, he will not get insurance, but will lose his job.

**Bosses' Charity.**  
 We also were let know in clever ways that if we did not contribute to the "Community Fund," we would lose our jobs. We workers, who are not responsible for the unemployment and the misery and starvation that goes with it, are compelled to pay for it by contributing to the "Community Fund" which even then does not go to the workers who are out of a job. The money collected for the Community Fund, is divided to 51 organizations, as the Boy Scouts and the Girl Scouts get \$78,340. The Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. get \$203,968. Red Cross \$83,612. Three religious organizations get \$47,083.

**Must Organize.**  
 The company is using the unemployment situation existing now in order to reduce our wages to a starvation level.

What are we going to do about it? Submit to the greedy exploitation of the bosses or resist this wage-cutting campaign? The only thing that is left for us to do is to organize and fight against wage cuts in any form.

Build up shop committees of the Metal Trade Workers' Industrial Union! Organize and fight against wage cuts!

Read the Labor Unity.

### Rich Brick Boss Pays 25c an Hour to Alliance Toilers

(By a Worker Correspondent.)  
 ALLIANCE, Ohio.—Mr. F. A. Hoiles who owns four brick plants and who is one of the richest millionaires in Alliance pays his laborers only 25 cents per hour. Some workers are even glad to work for the 25 cents and even for board but can't even get that. The company man collects for the church, but not for the unemployed.

See advertisement for details.

**THIS WHAT WE WANT! UNITS ON THE JOB**  
 "Kindly send Nucleus 203, Section 2, Chicago, 10 copies of the Daily Worker daily, the start in our daily distribution campaign.—M. M. Chicago."

"I am selling my bundle of Daily Workers in the business district of Moline on Saturday nights, when the people are down town. I am selling some in the street car going to work. I will be 65 years old next February. I am a red, incurable.—K. M., Moline."

The following language papers have reported they are publishing articles on the Daily Worker 60,000 circulation campaign: Tyomias, Tovar, Vilnia, Ny Tid, Ladsve, Arbeiter, Il Lavoratore, Uus Iim and Szmanle. How about the others?

Units, sections, districts send in ads for the Special Daily Worker anniversary edition.

## WAR PLOTTERS ON TRIAL TELL OF MANY ACTS OF SABOTAGE FOR WAR

(Continued from Page One)  
 were to be provided, in the first place, by Poland and Rumania and other Baltic states. Military links between France, Poland and Rumania gave firm grounds for the absolute carrying out of these plans. All the allies named demanded compensation in the form of territorial concessions. The chief aim of France, in addition to the payment of debts, was the return of former possessions of the French capitalists and new concessions in the leading establishment, and European hegemony of France.

The French general staff received regular information from the Soviet Union and actually controlled the wrecking activity, with the object of internal preparation for military action. Milukov agreed with close connections with the French foreign ministry and Briand, who practically supported the plans. Hoarding confirmed the close relations of the commercial and industrial committee with the French general staff, on the one hand, and the "industrial party" and "peasant party" on the other.

The question regarding the preparation of sabotage and treachery and the execution of espionage, Yurovski, confirmed the intimate collaboration of the "industrial party" and the "peasant party."

On the request of Krylenko, the court agreed to the reading of extracts of Poincare from "Excelsior." (Poincare wrote a vicious article attacking the Soviet Union several weeks before the trial of the wreckers.)

After the reading of these extracts the court adjourned until Dec. 1.

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker) MOSCOW, Dec. 1.—In this morning's session of yesterday cross-examination provided additional information of the extraordinary role of the French General Staff and particularly the continued and persistent preparations of the French government circles and the Commercial and Industrial Committee.

New facts were presented showing important events. Important evidence was given by Ossachi, the first material witness, who met Denisov on July 17th in Berlin.

The ridiculous denials of the facts brought out in the trial by the white guard emigres was exposed by the testimony of this witness. The lie that Krylenko, Soviet prosecutor, was using forged documents, was exposed by a living witness.

The main point brought out was the meeting of Ramsin and Larichev with Colonels of the French General Staff and negotiations with the Commercial and Industrial Committee.

The examination revealed the picture of regular bargaining; the "industrial party" representatives demanded information of the plans and forces of the intervention and the date; the French General Staff demanded espionage and sabotage, and the formation of a military organization for treacherous acts in the rear of the Red Army.

Col. Joinville demanded at a meeting with Ramsin, Denisov, and General Lukomski, special acts in the war, metal and chemical industries. Ramsin admitted that Joinville wanted to re-establish connections with the war industry, since the wreckers were being interrupted by arrests and shooting of discovered wreckers.

Ramsin told of his impression that the replies of the General Staff concerning combatants was incomplete. The intentions of the French Colonel was inadequately established because the "civilizers" would not reveal the General Staff's plans.

Professor Ramsin related the plan of sending Colonel Richard, of the French General Staff, to Moscow to work for a long time on the spot. Larichev related the details of the conversation with Colonel Richard. He also got the impression that the military experts felt they were the

tarlat!"  
 Regarding the "denial" of Poincare and Company, the organ of the Supreme Economic Council, "Za Industrialsitsiu," writes:

"Poincare is filled with honest indignation. It must be somebody else. It is not my intervention. It is all a fantasy of the GPU." But when a criminal adopts such tactics while the court has a record of previous convictions for the same crime the excuse seems laughable and pitiable.

"In the historical record, Poincare, we have precise, incriminating facts concerning your past career. Although at present we refer to certain

## INTERNATIONAL NEWS

### Celebrate Ten Years of Soviet Rule in Crimea

MOSCOW.—Ten years have passed since the Red Army stormed the battle neck of Perikop and swept Wrangel and his men out of the Crimea. Industry in the Crimea has made great progress in these ten years. In 1920 the total production was over twice that of 1914. In 1921 the production will be doubled. In addition, the heavy industrial sector is rapidly gaining importance in the whole industry. The capacity of the power stations in the Crimea is double that of before the war. The building of the foundry in Kertch is now completed. In 1931 a start will be made to exploit the third largest iron ore field in the world which is situated near Kertch. Two new factories for canning will be erected next year, one in Feodosia and the other in Kertch. By the end of the Five-Year Plan three more will be built.

The collectivization of agriculture in the Crimea is proceeding rapidly. About 50 percent of the land is collectivized. In addition there are 59 Soviet farms with a total area of 350,000 hectares. The total area under seed is much greater than before the war (840,000 hectares now as compared with 600,000 before the war).

The progress of the cultural revolution is also very satisfactory. Many high schools and technical colleges have been opened. A medical college, a number of hospitals and many schools have also been built. Special efforts are being made to raise the cultural level of the Tartars, and a special publishing house issues great quantities of literature in the Tartar language. A National Tartar Theatre has been founded and a new Turkmenian alphabet introduced.

The various nationalities in the Crimea live in fraternal solidarity. The Jews are being colonized and 350,000 hectares of land have been placed at their disposal. 5,000 Jewish farms have been established. The splendid work for the colonization of the Jews conducted by the Soviet government is a typical example of how the proletarian dictatorship solves the nationality problem.

agents of the French secret service by initials (K and R) we need not abbreviate when talking of doings of your agents in the past. Instead of N, G and L, we simply write, Nouleus, Consul, Grenard, Military Attache, Lavergne. We have irrefutable testimony from Savinkov himself how even before the commencement of open intervention and plunder they made use of their diplomatic immunity to plot rebellions against the Soviet government in league with Savinkov."

The enemies of the Soviet government write that the Soviet government is waging war against all engineers and all intellectuals. The childishness of these stories is refuted by the fact that there are only a few wreckers among the old pre-revolutionary engineers. "Rabochaya Moskva" writes:

"We knew that the specialists as a whole would support us. We knew, and the trial of the 'industrial party' confirms it once again that the engineers in the main will have nothing to do with the wreckers. Only under the Soviet government can creative initiative flourish. Only under the Soviets can there be real technical progress. Exactly this is the fundamental reason for the masses of specialists being on our side, working together with the proletariat."

In answer to the discovery of the crimes of the wreckers and the military plans for the destruction of socialist construction, the central trades union council calls on the proletariat "to increase the tempo of industrialization." Trud, organ of the Trade Unions writes:

"Our answer is already given in real, tangible results. In the Rykov district on the first day of the 'coal week' 1,000 tons more of coal was brought to the surface than on the previous day. One of the shifts in the Ivan mine, on the first day of the 'coal week' increased output of coal by 144 carloads compared with the previous day. The workers in one of the Gorlovka mines replied to the decisions in other mines regarding 'coal week' by a counterplan of undertaking a 'storm month' for coal. We could quote hundreds upon hundreds of facts of the genuine Bolshevik mobilization of the internal resources by which the factory workers answer the wreckers."

### ECONOMIC CRISIS TAKES SHARPER DOWNWARD SWING IN MANY LANDS

#### Cable Reports Tell of Growing Unemployment in Capitalist and Colonial Countries

Italy Takes Measures for War; Australian Jobless Grow; Business Way Down

### BRITISH BOSSES SQUABBLE ON HOW TO WAR ON USSR

#### Liberal Speaker Says Canada Dumps

LONDON, England, Nov. 27.—Wednesday the House of Commons rejected by a majority of 45 the conservative party's motion to censure the cabinet for not doing anything against "Soviet Dumping." The general program of preparation for war on the Soviet Union which conservative, liberal and labor parties have in common is complicated now by inter-party struggles. The conservative party, with a large percentage of its backing from the landowners of England, wants the emphasis to go on "Soviet dumping of wheat." An embargo on wheat imports would be a big thing for the estates of the dukes.

The labor party chiefs do not care to come out openly for higher prices of bread by means of an anti-Soviet embargo. The liberals are divided and doubtful as to whether they dare stand for higher prices of bread, since they represent especially the manufacturing interests. And if there is to be embargo they want the imports from their new rivals, the British dominions, and Argentina taken into account. During the debate the official spokesman of the liberal party, Sir David MacLean, pointed out that Soviet dumping is not proved, and if the present wheat sales by the U. S. S. R. can be called dumping, then the must admit that there is five times as much Canadian dumping and twice as much Argentinian dumping, to say nothing of U. S. dumping!

The London Daily Mail continues its provocation. After the denial by Soviet Ambassador Sokolnikoff that he was "in bad" with the Moscow government and had imprisoned in the embassy G. P. U. agents sent to take him back to Moscow, the Daily Mail repeats its crazy charge, and shouts out a lot of vague accusations that "sinister gatherings" of "Soviet police agents" are held in European cities to remove Soviet officials working abroad in embassies and trade organizations.

European experts fear that the U. S. government does not intend seriously to go ahead with the embargo plans provided for in the Mellon orders of two days ago. They point out that purchases in the United States by the Soviet government are five times greater than Soviet sales in the United States.

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Throughout the world the economic crisis is assuming blacker aspects. Cable reports to the U. S. Department of Commerce, which try to be as optimistic as possible, clearly show by the latest facts that world capitalism is entering sharper phases of the crisis, complicated in many countries by revolutions and political smash-ups.

It is not possible here to give all the details, but short quotations from some of the leading capitalist and colonial countries, issued on November 29, by the Department of Commerce, will give an idea of the course of the crisis:

**ARGENTINA**—Agriculture in November continued to be depressed and business dull. There has been a drop of about 40 percent in all exports from Argentina.

**AUSTRALIA**—Business in Australia reflects a growing pessimism as trade continues to slump. Building operations decline. At Sydney building permits issued in October dropped 81.2 per cent below last year. The unemployment situation remains acute. There are 180,000 jobless, as compared to 80,000 at the end of 1928.

**BOLIVIA**—The general restriction of business in Bolivia has become more severe. Both imports and exports have declined heavily. There is also a financial crisis in Bolivia, with the currency dropping fast.

**BRAZIL**—Unemployment is increasing, especially in Sao Paulo (the leading industrial city). Currency is dropping. The crisis in the coffee industry is getting worse all the time.

**CANADA**—Manufacturing and trade in the Dominion have shown little improvement in the week ended Nov. 22, business generally being depressed by low wheat prices.

In Ecuador, Haiti, Honduras, business is reported as "slow," with the basic products of these countries, coffee, sugar, fruit, suffering from continued lowering of prices.

**ITALY**—As the crisis develops, Mussolini is preparing industry for war. According to a royal decree published on November 21 (and not mentioned in the capitalist press) the Italian government is authorized to declare from time to time that certain categories of industry are essential for national defense.

**JAPAN**—Markets in Japan continue dull with little improvement anticipated.

**MEXICO**—Both sales and collections are hard hit by the heavy discount on silver pesos against gold.

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# ST. LOUIS CONVENTION ANSWERS SLANDER OF THE NEGRO MISLEADERS

(Further emphasis of the militancy of the Negro and white workers at the St. Louis Convention of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights is contained in the two following speeches from the floor. The Negro worker delegates to the convention utterly repudiated the slander of the Negro petty-bourgeois misleaders that the masses were apathetic, are not ready for struggle, etc. Such slander is used merely for the purpose of excusing the treach-

ery of these misleaders, and of making the bosses believe that the Negro petty-bourgeois misleaders are earning their Judas pay in keeping the masses contented and servile and uninterested in waging a sharp struggle against lynching and Negro oppression and for unconditional equality. Nothing could be further from the truth than this shameful slander of a set of despicable traitors.)

By ARTHUR HALL—Buffalo

COMRADE Chairman and Fellow Delegates, I think when we chose the new name "The League of Struggle for Negro Rights," we have chosen well, and it should serve to give us the first chance of going on the offensive. We have been fighting on the defensive and it is now time to go out on the offensive. We not only came here to talk, but to organize to fight. This is the spirit in this convention. I am sorry that conditions made it impossible for me to get here earlier, but I see that now we will be able to carry forward and build a fighting organization.

I have heard delegates from various sections of the country, and they tell about the segregations, imperialist oppression and discriminations in the South, but I want to say we are faced with the same conditions in Buffalo. Lynchings and segregations are not limited to the South.

In Buffalo, we have a Negro population that has grown to about 25,000, many of these recently came from the South. The Negroes have been segregated to certain streets and we have established a little Negro Harlem.

We have over 60 members in the League now and we find ourselves growing very fast. We find this: That the League will grow through struggles and if we struggle for better conditions and against discrimination, we will be able to grow. We have been able to carry on something of a struggle. We have carried on a fight against an eviction of a worker; we stood all night and picketed the workers. The police could not break up the demonstration and the sheriff changed his mind about evicting this worker. Now, they wait until 3 and 4 o'clock in the morning to set a family out into the streets. I want to say that a convention like this will give us inspiration to go out and fight and eliminate Jim-Crowism and segregations and evictions, and we must go back to our districts and determine to fight harder, engage in more struggles and organize our Defense Corps.

By BROWN—Chicago

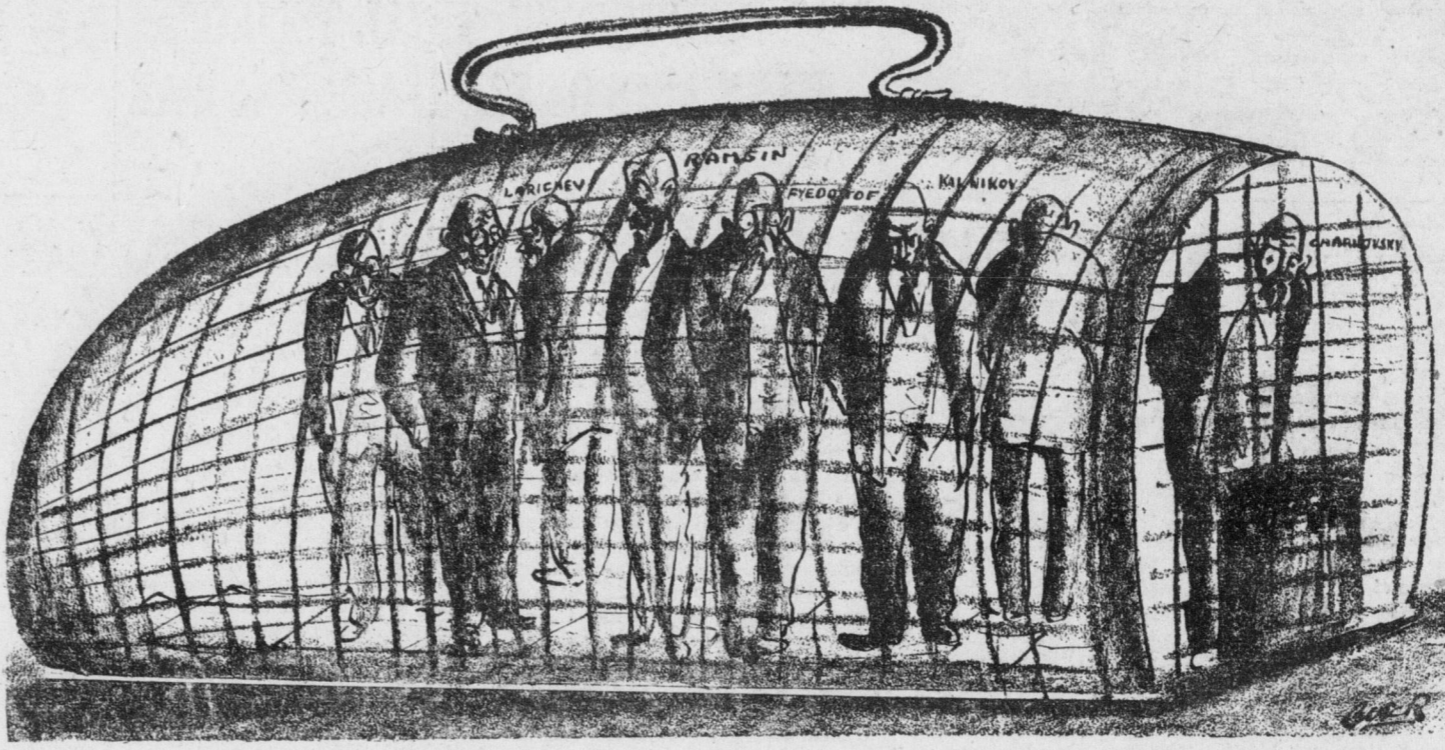
COMRADES and Fellow Workers, as the time is limited, I must shoot. I am a representative from Section 2 of the League of Struggle for Negro Rights of Chicago. I want to relate to you a near race riot inspired by Congressman DePriest in Chicago about a month ago. When we went to Washington Park, we saw the danger of this poisonous propaganda against the foreign born. I was out there alone one day and I saw the possibilities of being shot, but I took my chance. Comrades, I had about a mile to walk. I walked from one of the crowd of about 1,700 hungry angry men to the other. I said I am going to speak here today. I am a radical and De Priest says shoot my kind. I want you to be my Defense Corps. So after going from one to the other, I mounted up on a city water plug and I began to speak, and I said, "Fellow Workers, the foreign born workers are not your enemies. They, too, are exploited and oppressed. Your enemies are the bosses."

There are 15,000 unemployed workers in Chicago sleeping on the concrete. When the weather gets colder, will be intense suffering. In Chicago, one night, I counted 64 women, 26 of them Negro women sleeping on the ground. There are 450,000 facing starvation. One-fourth of the population.

When I was passing in review before General Pershing and the other Generals in the World War, I heard him say, "You boys who are passing now, some of you will return and some will not, but you who are left will go back to your respective governments and there you will receive the same social equality and have a home of peace and happiness." Ten years later, these same soldiers can not find a job, their mothers Jim-Crowed at the Statue of Liberty.

In my last remarks, I want to say that we must wipe out the lynching terror of the bosses. It is up to us to go out and take our workers out of the hands of these boss-inspired mobs even if we have to shoot to save the lives of our workers.

## CAUGHT!



## Soviet Workers Can Enjoy Life

By JAMES BARNETT.

THE illiteracy and cultural backwardness imposed upon the great masses of Russian peasants and to a lesser degree the industrial workers by czarism were staggering. In 1920 almost 3 out of 4 of the rural dwellers (72.2 per cent), and 2 out of 5 of the urban population were illiterate. Secondary and higher education, the privileges of a handful of specially favored, were tightly closed to the whole mass of toilers.

In the face of the great destruction of the civil war, the handicaps of poor equipment, lack of buildings and teachers, the Soviet Union has built up its educational program so that this fall compulsory education is to be enforced throughout the Union for children between 8 and 15 years of age. This advance was made during the period when the workers were putting forward the greatest efforts to rebuild industry, which had also been shattered by the World War and Civil War. It is a powerful testimonial to the benefits of socialism.

Besides this the liquidation of illiteracy among adults is being pushed most energetically; the Five-Year Plan provides for a solution of this problem among those between the ages of 15 and 35. As a sample of the progress being made, *Isvestia* reported (July 28, 1930) that during the last 2 years alone, 13 million illiterate adults have been taught to read and write.

Newspapers and books are being provided to the population in quantities far out-reaching previous numbers. In 1927-28 there were only 3,500 movie picture houses, but by 1929-30 the number will have increased to 23,000. This year radios were to total 2,600,000 (receiving sets). Many sorts of cultural clubs have been formed, such as "Popular Mechanics," "Down with Illiteracy," and the "All-Union Council for Physical Culture," besides the many cultural activities conducted by the trade unions, Young Communists, cooperatives and other organizations.

The demands of the masses break through all barriers as they begin to enjoy privileges which were formerly reserved for the few.

A unique feature of mass education is the cultural work and influence of the Red Army. This is a great school not only for the Red Soldiers themselves, but they in turn become teachers and leaders for the masses in everyday life. The Red soldiers are not only fighters, knowing what they are fighting for, they are builders of socialism and a society where war will be a thing of the past, where human beings can lead a truly cultural life instead of being held back and oppressed by the barbarism of "civilized" capitalism.

These are only some of the cultural achievements. But even from these, it becomes clearly understandable why the toilers of the Soviet Union are ready to undergo all sacrifices in order to build and defend socialism against all enemies.

the bag when it stated that these additional police, plus an extra supply of tear gas bombs, were needed in order to cope with any "unruly mobs" of Rockford.

In Wisconsin, ex-Governor Kohler favored the proposal for the establishment of a state police force. It now appears that Mr. La Follette—governor elect—the "progressive"—will not oppose this measure.

In the state of Indiana, similarly, the proposal for the establishment of a state police force is under consideration by the state legislature. Clearly the capitalist class of Illinois, Wisconsin and Indiana are in deadly fear of the mounting anger of the unemployed. They are preparing to meet the demands of the unemployed—with terror.

On the other hand, fake promises and measures for relief are being undertaken by the bosses. Let no one make any mistake about it—these measures are only intended as a fake and smoke screen. When the dribblings of charity are meted out—it is given only to a small part of the unemployed masses. The most needy cases (and this, again, only in part) are taken care of for the purpose of blunting the edge of the struggle. Charity, collected on the streets—from workers—charity collected by forced "donations" out of the miserably low payrolls of the employed; day's wages taken out of the Insull workers, plus the inauguration of the stager system—this is the form of raising "relief" preferred by the bosses. Flop houses are opened up by Mayor Thompson of Chicago which was formerly a condemned county jail. Slop is handed out on the bread-lines; the leavings collected from the stock-yards and hotels.

The situation daily becomes worse for the unemployed. Winter is already here. Workers must starve—or fight! And fight they will for the right to live. This is being demonstrated more clearly every day. It is up to the Unemployed Councils of Chicago, St. Louis, Granite City, Milwaukee, Rockford, etc., and the Trade Union Unity League to give daily and concrete leadership to the struggles and needs of the unemployed.

## French Imperialists Lead Anti-Soviet War Plot

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker.)

By WILHELM FIECK

MOSCOW, Dec. 1.—When the October Revolution broke out in 1917, and the Bolsheviks seized power, one of their first acts was to open the czar's secret archives. Then came to light how the world war began and who helped aggravate the imperialist contradictions to violent struggles. And whatever page of these acts you opened, light was thrown from all sides in letters so red as the blood they spilled, and there was the name of Raymond Poincare.

He has already entered history as "Poincare War!" as the French workers nicknamed him. This representative of French finance-capital, whom history branded forever with the Cains, and with the brand of the peoples slaughtered in 1914-1918, was for years busy arranging new World Wars.

The Moscow trial of the wreckers' organization—and therein lies its decisive importance—revealed the conscious endeavors of the civil and military ruling class of France, who made their battle cry "War Against the Soviet Union!"

"We had no influence, but were the mere executive organs of the French general staff," said Professor Charnovsky, one of the defendants on cross-examination on Nov. 29.

And the surly and bluntly anti-Bolshevik "Daily Herald" comments on the last actions of French imperialism as follows:

"Official France prepares to break off relations with the Soviet Union, and possibly something worse."

Surely the coming anti-Soviet war will be born in Paris, and its soul is Poincare. During the terrible four years of the world war he caused the shooting of millions of men. More than that, he made uncounted women widows, and children orphans, and robbed parents of their children.

Still more. He more than anybody put the Versailles treaty yoke on the German workers. Not enough this. He commanded the Ruhr invasion in 1923. He spilled the blood of imprisoned hundreds of German and French workers.

Still more. He now pulls the wires for war action against the U. S. S. R. This old man is a bloodthirsty tiger and those around his are of the same type.

Every thought, every action of these ministers and generals is a crime—a crime against the proletariat of Europe who must be destroyed by the new imperialist massacre.

Notice the name of Colonel Richard, chief of the French secret service, who when the French occupation army invaded Germany, maintained intimate and material relations with the Bavarian fascists (Fuchs, Machhausen), and who now commands the vicious scoundrels who misuse diplomatic protection in the French embassy.

The signature drive must be used as a means of mobilizing the unemployed for struggle. Chicago District must gather hundreds of thousands of signatures endorsing our Workers' Unemployment Insurance Bill. But it must be stressed to the unemployed that only mass action, mass struggle, will win for the unemployed masses immediate relief!

The Unemployed Councils must be built on a permanent stable basis. The councils must conduct day to day activity in front of agencies, factories, on the bread-lines, flop houses—and especially in the neighborhoods in the struggle against evictions, against shutting off of gas, electricity, etc.

The Unemployed Councils and T. U. U. L. in Chicago and other cities must conduct work inside of the A. F. of L. locals, and win the membership for the program of demands of the Unemployed Councils. The membership of the A. F. of L. is thoroughly disgusted with the do-nothing policy of the fascist officials of the A. F. of L. This is especially true in the building trades unions, where our work must be increased tenfold.

The Unemployed Councils and the T. U. U. L. be the Unemployed Councils and T. U. U. L.—must intensify its activity amongst the Negro masses, in view of the acute suffering (even sharper and keener than amongst the white workers) and struggle against the special discrimination practiced against the Negro masses.

Finally, the Unemployed Councils must become real organs of struggle in leading the unemployed workers in daily combats for bread and jobs. Unemployed workers must be taught how they can help themselves through mass action to food, clothing and shelter!

The unemployed workers are on the march! The heavy tread of millions of workers' feet can already be heard, growing and increasing in volume. At the head of this army of jobless must be the Unemployed Councils and T. U. U. L.—giving leadership and direction—and primarily, organizing this army into a mighty, disciplined, force capable of winning unemployment relief, bread, and the right to live!

By BURCK



## Where, Indeed, Are the Fathers?

Dear Red Sparks:—Will you please tell me where are the kids of our fathers? Please read on:

In 1926 I took 22 Passaic strikers' children to the Pioneer camp at Nitgedaset. There I met a tiny little fellow. He seemed too tiny for his tongue. I showed some interest in him, whereupon Comrade Holtman, their directress, bawled me out for monkeying around with the kids. Years passed, and this little fellow gave a fairly good account of himself (Harry Eisman).

In the stinking, dumpy capital of New Jersey, Trenton, there were in years gone by, girls and boys of an intellectual and socialistic nature. They married and begot children, joined the Communist Party after the socialist party split. These so-called "reds" begot little reds, and finally a Pioneer movement.

The school authorities of Trenton, like in your city, don't like Pioneers. "O.K.," says our big mamma and papa "reds." "We shall withdraw our children from the Pioneers. But, please, Miss Principal (Miss Dunn), may we have a 'Shula'? Really that's not so bad."

"Well," said she, "You may have your Shula, and your banquets and even sell red ribbons there too." "Yes, we'll behave," said they.

Three weeks ago our bunch was spunky enough to refuse admittance to the A.N.L.C. for a meeting. You know if ever the "niggers" got in, our white kids would refuse to attend the Shula!

Where are the kids of our fathers?—C. S. S.

## The Poor Boosh-Wah-Zee

Red Sparks:—I was talking with a bourgeois woman today; coming straight from the employment agency in the lousiest part of the city to a ritzy home of two storeys for three people on the river shore. And the lady says to me, says she:

"Don't you think it's cruel for the Communists to make hay out of 'our' country's difficulties? Just because 'we' happen to be in a period of depression right now—what do you do instead of trying to make the load easier for 'our' rulers who are suffering so? What do you do but try to stir up discontent? Pretty soon things will be fine again, next summer, for sure and then we will be where we were last year—the happiest country of workers in the world, what with daylight saving (actually!) giving everybody a chance to enjoy more sunshine and radios and automobiles. O, why don't you see that this is cruel? Why, you actually rejoice when there is misery!"

Sure, I rejoice! See me hilarious because I'm out of a job and no hope of getting one! Being hungry, jobless, evicted, sick and so on is a mere trifle. What really matters is that Mental Homelessness of the Poor Capitalists, who feel, O, ever so badly on account of the "depression."—Boston Red.

## The Red Builders

We hope that you're reading some of the inspiring accounts of the comrades, a big proportion of whom are not members of the Communist Party, who are part of the Red News Builders' organization selling the Daily Worker on the streets, in the subways and from house to house.

This bunch warms the cockles of our heart with their energy and enthusiasm. A number of them are unemployed, and while we do not share the idea advanced by one comrade that the solution of unemployment is to put all the unemployed to selling Daily Workers (!), certainly a lot of places where Dailies are allowed to pile up in a corner for a supposed "lack" of someone to distribute them, have no reason for such "explanation."

Nor should Party members get the notion that because this sort of distribution is organized, that it lets them out. A leader of the Red Builders came to us a few days ago, and said that here in New York, when it rained one day, twenty-one Party nuclei suspended the revolution and didn't show up for their bundles of papers, while the non-party comrades of the Red Builders manned the barricades, so to speak, and took their papers to the masses.

Funny, isn't it?

## A Correct Contribution

There has been much criticism in the Party lately against comrades who talk about the Chinese Revolution, the Indian revolution and the world revolution, without a word to mention about the struggles and problems of the workers right where they live and work.

The second part of the criticism is good, and should be encouraged. But the first part is dangerous. To call speeches bad and not concrete just because they speak of the Chinese Revolution, is incorrect criticism. It gives the impression that our comrades should avoid any connection with the world proletariat. Our trouble is not that we talk about the Chinese revolution, but that we do not link up the colonial struggle with the struggles of the workers here in the imperialist country.

For instance, has not the fact that the Kuomintang is negotiating a loan of millions of dollars here anything to do with immediate relief and social insurance for workers here? I should say it has. Has not the fact that Red Changsha was overthrown by foreign gunboats and that U. S. imperialism is financing and giving gunboats to crush the Chinese workers anything to do with attacks on the workers here? I should say it has.

To be concrete does not mean to be narrow and provincial, any more than to be concrete means to be opportunistic and forget, in advancing immediate demands, the revolutionary overthrow of capitalist rule.—Beatrice S.

## Proving Ramzin's Confession

John Steele, as responsible a capitalist foreign correspondent as there is, is cabled from London on Nov. 23, that:

"The biggest single order for airplanes ever placed has been made by the British air ministry in the secret purchase of 200 of the fastest service planes in the world at a cost of \$2,500,000."

This is hardly "disarmament," but it decidedly is evidence supporting the confession of Ramzin and others in the Moscow trial, that Britain and other capitalist powers are preparing to attack the Soviet Union.

# The Unemployed Workers on the March for Bread and Jobs

By PHIL FRANKFELD

"... the steady tramp, tramp of workers' feet on the stairs of the City Hall was enough to put fear into the heart of all members of the City Council" (from the report of the comrades in Rockford concerning their recent demonstration).

On Monday, Nov. 24, a demonstration of over 1,000 unemployed workers took place in the city of Rockford, Ill. This demonstration was held in zero weather. It was the second of its kind in an 8-day period. The previous Monday, the demonstration included 2,000 workers, and was sufficient to make the mayor of Rockford sneak out of some back door and the city council adjourn its session.

The workers of Rockford are starving. They are demanding immediate relief from the city authorities. On the occasion of the second demonstration the city council proceeded to arrest Comrade Carlquist, chairman of the delegation of 55 workers elected by the masses outside. When this was reported to the unemployed workers they decided with a mighty roar to march right upstairs where the council was meeting and to demand the immediate release of their leader. This mass of workers was enough to make the entire legislative body of Rockford squirm in their seats—and for ten minutes there was silence while Comrade Carlquist was being released from jail. Carlquist spoke for 20 minutes, presented the demands, and, upon conclusion of his speech, the workers voted unanimously to come back thousands strong when the council was going to vote on these proposals.

In the city of Indianapolis, Ind., a second hunger march was carried through by the Unemployed Councils of that city and the T. U. U. L. The first took place one day before election and was a tremendous demonstration of the mounting anger and desperation of the starving unemployed workers of Indianapolis. Two thousand Negro and white workers took part. The second hunger march took place the early part of this week. Over 1,000 participated. The city authorities promised to "consider" the demands of the unemployed delegation. They did! The city authorities were prepared to meet the second hunger march with police terror, clubs and blackjacks. But the Indianapolis workers defended themselves. Indianapolis is a typical American town, and the Indianapolis workers will defend themselves in typical American fashion!

In St. Louis, Mo., an anti-eviction demonstration took place this week; 2,500 Negro and white workers participated. In this town, which is the gateway to the Jim-Crow South—white and Negro workers united to prevent the constabulary from evicting a Negro worker. The riot squad was called out—tear gas bombs were ready for use. Six workers were arrested. Two weeks prior to this demonstration 2,000 workers went to the city hall to demand immediate relief from the authorities.

And in the town of Granite City, with a population of 25,000 workers, 2,000 participated in a demonstration for relief. In the evening, 600 workers crowded the city council meeting and applauded the remarks of the Unemployed Council and T. U. U. L. speaker. When he was arrested the workers forced the police chief to release him within an hour.

All of these demonstrations occurred in a period of two weeks in the Chicago District. We must also mention the fact that on Nov. 24 a delegation of Negro and white unemployed women and men were slugged and beaten right inside the city hall chambers of Chicago. But even a small delegation of unemployed workers—consisting of 65 workers—did not take these

attacks without resistance. They fought back! Some policemen's garments and faces bear witness to that fact. Especially did our Negro comrades—women—fight back!

In the city of Chicago it appears to be a crime to even attempt to present the grievances of the unemployed and make demands upon the city council. In Milwaukee, the Unemployed Councils and T. U. U. L. held several very militant and successful demonstrations around the city hall and made concrete immediate demands for relief from the city.

Throughout the entire Chicago District unemployment is rapidly increasing. Despite the new outburst of lies and bally-hoo regarding the return of "prosperity," "conditions becoming better," etc., on the front pages of the boss press, nevertheless the merest study of the back page financial section of these very same papers will convince anyone that exactly the opposite is the truth.

In the states of Illinois, Wisconsin, Indiana and Missouri the crisis continues to grow and deepen and unemployment increases by leaps and bounds. With the exception of soft-coal fields, all others have suffered a further decline in production. And in the soft-coal fields the increase is only slight. The bourgeois economic "experts" are now beginning to "look forward to the spring for an upturn taking place."

In those factories where mass lay-offs took place and the workers have been re-hired (as in the North Western R. R. shop), the workers there are employed only 2 and 3 days a week. In Chicago, after months of hiding and lying about the extent of the unemployment, the Herald-Examiner was forced to state that there are 300,000 unemployed in Chicago. This is only partly the truth, because the actual figure is nearer to one-half million jobless in Chicago.

The small reserves saved up by the workers have now been used up. The little savings put away for a "rainy day" have rapidly shrunk during this great storm. Tens of thousands of workers' families face stark hunger, terrific suffering and acute cold. Thousands of families are without coal, food, warm clothing or the means of paying rent. Thousands of workers have already been evicted and thousands more face immediate eviction from their homes.

Under the ever-growing desperation of the unemployed masses, driven on by the fear of what the starving unemployed masses will do, and already having seen and rapidly learning the lessons of the powerful mass demonstrations on March 6, May 1, Sept. 1, etc., the bosses, their city, state and national lackeys and the boss press have initiated a big "drive to relieve distress and unemployment."

This drive assumes two aspects (1) actual preparations are being made to cope with any mass movement of unemployed that will arise. (2) a campaign for charity, flop houses, soup kitchens, registrations, good-fellows clubs, getting jobs for the jobless and feeding of children of unemployed by rich ladies' clubs.

In Chicago the demand is being made for 5,000 additional police. Since racketeering in Chicago seems to be thriving despite the economic crisis, since bootlegging, gambling, gangsterism are doing very good business—5,000 extra police are not intended to curb these prosperous and thriving institutions. The 5,000 cops are intended for the unemployed workers.

In Rockford, Ill., the second largest town in Illinois, a proposal for additional police is also under consideration. No money for relief of the unemployed—greater appropriation for police. This seems to be the slogan of the city authorities of Chicago and Rockford. One of the leading Rockford papers, however, let the cat out of