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Central Organ of the Communist Party U.S.A.

WORKERS
OF THE WORLD,
UNITE!

(Section of the Communist International)

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The Detroit Election

FORMER circuit court judge, Frank Murphy, according to capitalist press reports, was yesterday elected mayor of Detroit to succeed Charles Bowles who was recalled. While the election outcome causes no surprise, a careful study is necessary to determine the reasons for the relatively poor showing of the Communist candidate, Comrade Raymond. Such a study is necessary in order to strengthen our Party's work for the state and congressional campaigns throughout the country. The Detroit comrades, by carefully drawing these lessons and by bringing them to the attention of the entire Party through the columns of the Daily Worker, can render a real service to the Party and the workers.

Frank Murphy, the victorious candidate, had the support of the Detroit Federation of Labor, the American Legion and the Hearst press. He waged his campaign largely on the issue of unemployment. This was demagogically exploited to win the votes of the workers.

Comrade Raymond, the Communist candidate, received slightly over 3,000 votes, according to the unofficial tabulation made by the United Press. From past experiences in election campaigns we know the difficulty in getting a tabulation of Communist votes. By theft, fraud or failure to tabulate, the vote is kept down to the minimum. We also know that the Detroit campaign was conducted in the face of the sharpest interference by the bourgeoisie and their agents. Many comrades were arrested; meetings were broken up; criminal syndicalism warrants were issued for Comrades Stachel and Raymond; and efforts are plainly being made to drive the Party underground. Many workers, who would also have voted for Raymond were disfranchised under one pretext or another.

But after taking all hindering factors into consideration, when we consider the present objective situation (crisis, unemployment, wage cuts, speed-up, etc.), we can only conclude that the gains made in this mayoralty election as compared with past election results in Detroit were insufficient.

We have to ask ourselves the question, "Why was the faker, Frank Murphy, with only general phrases, able to capitalize the issue of unemployment, while we, who led the great mass struggles of the workers on March 6th for unemployment relief and who now fight on the basis of a concrete bill—the Unemployment Insurance Bill—were not able to do so?"

The answer, in our opinion, lies not in a weakness in our program, but rather in our own inability to bring this program to the masses and to actually organize a movement of workers around it. Reports from Detroit tend to bear out this supposition. According to them great agitation and propaganda activities were carried on. A daily campaign supplement to the Daily Worker was put out locally. Thousands of other leaflets were distributed. Many meetings were held in all of these activities the main issue emphasized was unemployment. The Unemployment Insurance Bill was the chief election plank. Yet, while many thousands of workers in Detroit are unemployed, we somehow failed to stir them to support the Party's struggle for this bill as against the fake proposals of Murphy. The reasons for this must be examined.

Linked up with this is our organizational weaknesses. Our election activities, as well as our other campaigns, all suffer from our inability to actually organize the workers into the unemployed councils, the revolutionary unions, and the Party with sufficient rapidity. Those who are organized are not sufficiently drawn into the day to day work of these organizations. Too much reliance is placed on the activities and speeches of the candidates and a few full-time functionaries, while the systematic development of new forces, rank and file committees, united front committees, etc., is neglected. A clue for the weaknesses in the Detroit campaign, for instance, is given in a letter of one of the leading comrades who complains that they were so busy with the election campaign that no time was available for the building of the revolutionary trade unions. Obviously if no solid, permanent organization work is done our ability to rally votes for our candidates, and to develop struggles for our program, will be greatly limited.

These weaknesses, both political and organizational, must be further examined. Concrete measures must immediately be taken, on the basis of the Detroit experiences, to carry forward the state and congressional elections with greater energy—and with greater success.

3,500 VOTES FOR COMMUNISTS IN DETROIT POLL

Faker Murphy Wins in Election With Gang Support

Expose AFL Fascists Continue Fight For Jobless Insurance

DETROIT, Sept. 10.—Frank Murphy, tool of the auto bosses and gangland in this city, won the mayoralty election, gaining a plurality of 3,000 votes over ex-mayor Charles Bowles who was recalled by a special referendum. Murphy received the support of all the fascist elements in the city, including the American Legion and the fakers in the A. F. of L. His blarney about unemployment insurance was forced on him by the fight by real unemployed insurance carriers on the Communist Party.

Phillip Raymond, Communist candidate for mayor, against whom a warrant was issued on a criminal syndicalist charge the day before election, obtained 3,500 votes, according to the capitalist press. With the corruption which is rife in Detroit, there is no doubt that thousands of Communist votes were not even counted, and the real number cast is very much greater. Furthermore, thousands of workers had been evicted and were prevented

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MONSTER YOUTH MEETING SEPT. 12

With Games on 13th to Wind Up Youth Week

On September 8th all over the world demonstrations were held under the auspices of the Young Communist Leagues protesting against the bosses' preparations for another world war and pledging support to the Soviet Union.

The New York district of the Young Communist League will finish International Youth Week with two important events. On Friday, September 12, at the Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., a demonstration against imperialist wars will take place. An excellent program including a tableaux, picture, the first conference in Bern, Switzerland, in 1915, as well as the Freiheit Mandoline Orchestra, conducted by S. Firstman are some of the features of this meeting.

The speakers will include for the Communist Party, C. Hathaway, editor of the Daily Worker, Comrade J. Kling, Youth National Organizer of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union, Comrade Mabel Hussa, one of the two leaders arrested at a W.I.R. ramp in Van Etten, as well as Comrade Brown, an active young Negro worker.

On Saturday, September 13th, the Labor Sports Union of this district jointly with the Young Communist League is running a meet and affair at Ulmer Park, Brooklyn. Athletes from all eastern states will participate. In the evening a dance will be held in the same park.

The time is now very limited. The bazaar opens in less than a month, on Thursday, October 2, to run until Sunday night, October 5. It is most essential that every comrade and workers' organization come forward in support of this bazaar, by contributing goods that can be sold at the bazaar, by collecting money, by soliciting advertisements for the Bazaar Magazine, etc. All articles should be sent to 30 Union Square.

Working class organizations in New York City and vicinity are urged to send representatives to help in the work of preparing the bazaar, putting up the booths, etc. more help than you are now!

The hope of the ladies' tailors and private dressmakers is not in Local 38, but in the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union, which is preparing for a real struggle for union conditions.

LOCAL 38 CLIQUE HELPS CUT WAGES

Lets Bosses Discharge; NTWIU Call to Action

NEW YORK.—The agreement of Local 38 (ladies' tailors) of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union expires Sept. 15. The I. L. G. W. heads are doing nothing. It is well known that with conditions growing steadily worse, with the employers preparing wholesale discharges even with the season soon beginning, only a strike will help. The officials of Local 38 talk strike, but the membership is not even called together to prepare for it, and no preparations will be made.

Apsdorf has locked out the workers, Verziner locked out the workers and demands sweeping discharges. S. Forman has locked out the workers and employs non-union workers. But all this does not make the officials of Local 38 fight for the members. These officials are hand in hand with the bosses. They are deliberately letting the bosses discourage and demoralize the members to force them to submit to re-organization.

Hattie Carnegie Discriminating.

The firm of Hattie Carnegie, with the aid of the police force, threw out of the shop Slonimsky, one of the workers, because of his union activities. The workers of the shop immediately declared a strike for his reinstatement. The officials of Local 38, in the name of the I. L. G. W. U., ordered the striking workers back to work, threatening them with scabs. Moreover, they even called the chairman, the chairlady and the shop committee before the grievance board because they dared to make a fight for the discharged worker! Instead of forcing Carnegie to reinstate the discharged worker, the officials of Local 38 gave the case over to the so-called impartial chairman, Ingersoll, to legalize the discharge.

In this manner the treacherous officials of Local 38 encourage the bosses all over; already Carnegie again threatened to discharge two more old-time workers if they didn't submit to his degrading orders. This is how Local 38 is betraying you and preparing, together with the bosses, to carry out a fake strike that will render you even

URGE HELP FOR PRESS BAZAAR

Must Keep Communist Press Going

Out of town comrades are not responding sufficiently to the call of the National Bazaar Committee charged with making a success of the Daily Worker-Morning Freiheit Bazaar October 2 to 5 at Madison Square Garden, the committee declares.

The committee urges upon all comrades, out of town as well as the New York district, the importance of the Communist Press Bazaar and stresses that the bazaar is not the affair of the New York comrades alone but of every comrade in the Party. Neither the Daily Worker nor the Freiheit are local papers. Both are Communist papers which serve the cause of the workers throughout the United States, and indeed the workers of the world. It is the duty of the militant, class conscious workers of this country to keep them going and strengthen their fighting power and influence.

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The hope of the ladies' tailors and private dressmakers is not in Local 38, but in the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union, which is preparing for a real struggle for union conditions.

Organize a rank and file strike committee to take over negotiations and conduct the strike.

Take the matter out of the hands of the treacherous union officials of Local 38

"Socialists" Use Boss Paper to Tell How Harmless They Are

Broun Begs Wall St. Brokers For Funds

Look at the cut to the right. It is taken from the N. Y. Herald Tribune. It is an advertisement of Heywood Broun, the "socialist."

What is the Herald Tribune? It belongs to the Ogden Mills and Reid families. It is more Wall Street than even the N. Y. Times. Its readers are the aristocrats and would-be aristocrats of Park Ave. and Westchester, the Berkshires and Long Island. It is the organ of the "Social Register." To get mention in the "Society Columns" of the Herald Tribune is the ambition of every broker's wife.

It is also the ambition of the "socialist," Heywood Broun.

He uses the Herald Tribune to notify all the aristocrats that he is "not a Communist."

Readers of the Daily Worker already know that. But readers of the Daily Worker are workers, and not brokers, bootleggers or procurers.

Readers of the Daily Worker know that Communist Party leaders, candidates in the election, have been railroaded to prison by Tammany for leading the fight for Unemployment Insurance, on March 6—and since, while Heywood Broun was still trying to make workers believe that Hoover would have prosperity back in 60 days, and kidding them along with his idiotic "Give a job till June" bunk.

Readers of the Daily Worker know that it "sneers" at such an animal as Heywood Broun pretending to "represent the workers." It is his "socialist" pretensions which insult the workers.

Broun says that the cartoon he reproduces from the Daily Worker shows "what the Communists think of him." It doesn't tell half!

We have slandered the monkey! And the workers will take notice that right under the Daily Worker cartoon which shows Heywood Broun begging at the coat-tails of the capitalists, Broun asks for campaign contributions—from the capitalists who read the Herald Tribune.

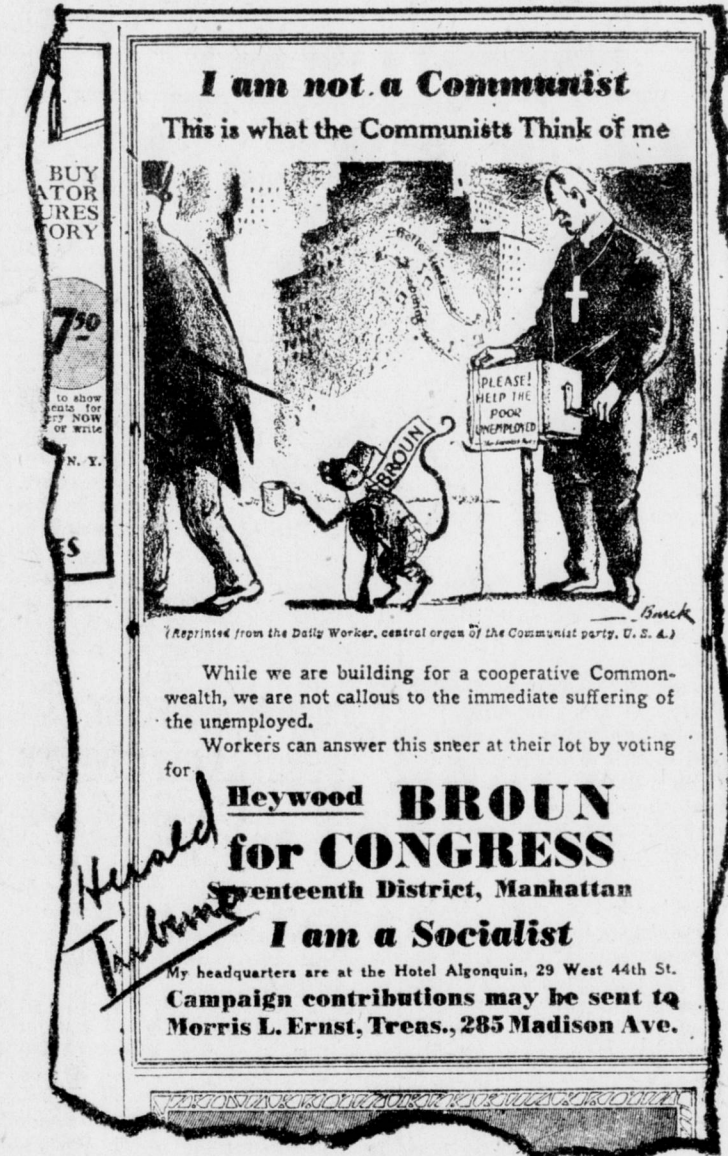
HOOVER NOW ADMITS CRISIS

But Increases Attack on Foreign-Born

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—Hoover and the imperialist exploiters not only prepare an especially severe attack against the foreign-born workers in the United States, but as the crisis grows worse, Hoover orders complete stoppage of immigration on the ground that those permitted into the country now "may become public charges." Nothing is said, of course, about the 8,000,000 workers in the country who face starvation.

Not only are Mexican workers prevented from coming into the country now, but over 7,000 have been summarily deported. All consuls have been notified to refuse visas to foreign workers who want to come to this country.

The latest Hoover step which is



In other words, he admits it. He asks the capitalists to help him because he is not a Communist. He isn't. We admit that. We are proud of that. He only uses the word "socialist" to get workers' votes, while through the Herald Tribune he assures the capitalists that he is perfectly harmless to their interests.

In order to prove that the fake "socialist" program is harmless to the capitalists, Heywood Broun offers to quit, if his republican party opponent will adopt the so-called unemployment program of the "socialists."

Both are true. The "program" is not socialist, not for the workers. And the fake "socialist" party is trying to fool the workers. It is a capitalist party in disguise.

ANLC Hold Atlanta Protest Meeting in Brooklyn This Week

This evening at Myrtle and Marcy Aves., Brooklyn, the American Negro Labor Congress will hold its second open-air demonstration this week in demanding the unconditional release of the six Atlanta defendants who the bosses are trying to send to the electric chair for the "crime" of organizing southern white and Negro workers.

On Friday night, the A.N.L.C. will hold a mass protest meeting at 68 Whipple St., Brooklyn. All workers are urged to attend these meetings and register their protest against the bosses' attempt to electrocute six militant Negro and white leaders of the working-class.

Fight For Social Insurance! supposed to "help" the unemployed, will do nothing of the kind, as the 8,000,000 jobless will continue to starve as the crisis grows worse.

RED NIGHT IN CITY TOMORROW

Many Campaign Meets in New York

Tomorrow (Friday) evening will witness the first Red Rally of the Communist Campaign in greater New York. Numerous meetings will be held all over the city. There will be street meetings at the following corners:

Manhattan, 29th St. and Seventh Ave.; 38th St. and 8th Ave.; 38th St. and 6th Ave. (in connection with the women Communist election campaign). All these three meetings will be held at noon.

In the evening a meeting will be held at Houston St. and Avenue C. Bronx, meetings in the evening at 174th St. and Yse Ave.; Clairmont Parkway and Washington Ave.; 149th St. and Prospect Ave.

JUMP IN SPEED-UP AND ACCIDENTS SHOW NEED FOR JOBLESS INSURANCE

Ten Workers Killed By Speed-up and Negligence of Railroad Bosses

Unemployment Insurance Bill Provides For Weekly Payment for Disabled and Jobless

NEW YORK.—With intensive speed-up being introduced by the bosses along with the growing crisis, industrial accidents are becoming more frequent and deadly for the workers. Yesterday within a short radius ten workers were killed, because of the speed-up and negligence of the bosses. Seven

railroad workers were blown

to bits in the roundhouse yard of the Reading Railroad, at Third St. and Erie Ave., Philadelphia. Nearly twenty were severely injured and some were crippled for life when an engine exploded. The engine was used in pushing heavy freight over grades between Ewing and Neshaminy on the New York division near Philadelphia. It is the usual custom to inspect these engines in the morning, but the railroad had issued orders for greater speed-up and the engine was not inspected. The result was the murder of seven workers and the crippling of 20.

PLANS PARADE TO FOOL WORKERS AND UNEMPLOYED

Victor to Put On Fake Prosperity Stunt

CAMDEN, N. J., Sept. 10.—On September the 19th, the RCA, famous manufacturers of Victor radios and a well known slave-driving factory will put over a fake scheme to hide from the masses the huge crisis of unemployment and starvation facing the working class. This fake scheme will take the form of a mass parade of recently hired Victor slaves down the main streets of Camden, N. J.

Recently Victor's laid off almost all its old help because of overproduction, and for a number of months was standing idle. Today all the former workers, among whom were many adult, are being replaced by others, mostly young men and girls. However, in spite of this sudden new employment, the line in front of the employment office instead of decreasing is steadily getting larger. From all parts of Camden, Philadelphia and the surrounding suburbs, workers are flocking to the gates of Victor's in the hope of getting a job to solve the starvation problem that is facing them. The workers, working inside the factory are getting less pay than last year, doing the same operations at a killing rate of speed even greater than that of last year, working long hours both day and night shifts.

As a result this last week 3 workers were killed and a young girl worker is expected to die (having an arm pulled off by a belt). The slaves of Victor's are easily marked

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FIVE LYNCHED WITHIN 2 DAYS!

Two More Negroes Murdered by Bosses

SCOOBA, Miss., Sept. 10.—Two Negro workers were lynched here today, making five lynched within two days and a total of 25 for the first nine months of the year.

The two latest victims of the bosses' lynching terror, Pig Lockett and Holly White, were surrendered to a mob of officers who were transferring them from De Kalb to Scooba for a preliminary hearing on charges of highway robbery, even the capitalist press eliminating this time the usual lying charge of rape against Negro workers lynched by the bosses' mobs.

The mob tied the officers to a tree "for appearances' sake," as it would look bad if it appeared they had willingly surrendered their prisoners. It is an interesting fact that the officers were liberated a few minutes after the lynching took place. County officials are silent on the outrage.

Negro Victim of Lynching Not the One Bosses Want

DARIEN, Ga., Sept. 10.—The bosses and their city government today admitted that Willie Bryan, the third of the trio of Negro workers lynched here on Tuesday, was not the man sought as one of those who had returned police fire when attacked on the premise that "they were suspicious characters."

Organize and strike against wage-cuts!

To Denounce Polish Fascism, Sept. 12

Denouncing Polish fascism and its torture of seven thousand militant workers in Polish prisons, the committee for Struggle Against Polish fascism is calling a protest mass meeting for Friday evening, September 12, at Finnish Hall, 15 West 126th St.

There will be speakers in English, Polish, Ukrainian, Jewish, Russian and Finnish, and all workers are urged to turn out and demonstrate their solidarity with the oppressed workers and farmers in Poland.

Facts on Flatfoots

THE blue-coated flatfoots, with pancake faces, known as cops, are hired to crack open the skulls of strikers. For pastime they shake down gamblers, prod pimps and play Mussolini before push-cart peddlers.



Gangs of the porky nit-wits, once gunned in private practice, now regularly jimmy the front doors of 2x1 candy stores and rob the tills while the Tammany 300-sluggers are peddling R. R. franchises.

Tammany exposed! In the Daily soon!

RUBBER, STEEL-TWO BLOWS TO THEORY OF ORGANIZED CAPITALISM

Collapse of European Steel Cartel to Worsen World Crisis

Rubber Goes to Lowest Price in History As Monopoly Attempt Again Fails

By HARRY GANNES.

From Paris comes the news that the European steel cartel faces an imminent smash-up. From London, on the very same day, raw rubber drops to the very lowest price in its history. In both reports is contained dynamite which smashes to bits the wrecked theory of "organized capitalism."

The European steel cartel, comprising the leading steel trusts of Germany, France, Luxembourg and Belgium, and in which the U. S. Steel Corporation had an important interest, early in the year proposed ambitious plans for "organizing" steel production and winning world markets. This scheme, which contained the germs of its own destruction, was wrecked completely by the world crisis. Carlisle MacDonald, New York Times Paris correspondent, now reports that it "is in danger of total collapse."

Smashup of Rubber Monopoly.
In the drop of rubber to less than seven cents a pound is revealed a drama of world conflict between British and American imperialism, and the final and ignominious collapse of a world monopoly.

Over \$600,000,000 is reported to have been lost by investors in the British rubber industry. Attempts to revive the restriction of rubber growing failed. Rubber is practically a British monopoly. The United States during "normal" years uses 70 per cent of the world output. In 1922 the British government passed the Stevenson Act, providing for the restriction of rubber output in order to raise the price. This was a direct blow at American imperialism, and heightened the war danger between these two baneful powers.

Ford and Firestone.
Hoover was then secretary of commerce and immediately set about to defeat the rubber monopoly.

Firestone, Sieberling and Ford scurried all over the earth for rubber-producing lands, to overcome the Stevenson monopoly. A proposal was made to dismember the Philippines, so that Mindanao Island could be handed over to the rubber trusts in the United States. Finally, Firestone put his clutches on Liberia and started planting 1,000,000 acres. At about this time rubber had gone over \$1 a pound. So effective was the Wall Street attack on the rubber monopoly that in a short while the Stevenson Act was withdrawn and the price caved in.

"Great Alarm."
During the present crisis the British imperialists confronted the Dutch East Indian planters proposing a renewal of the monopoly plan. No agreement could be reached and even in this favored sphere an attempt at "organized world production and distribution" by the rubber monopolists proved worse than a dismal failure. A London dispatch states: "There is great alarm in the rubber industry here and many British companies are facing ruin. . . . The outlook is considered so serious that many British companies probably will go out of existence. . . . America's consumption, which was nearly 60 per cent of the world's rubber, is said to have dropped more than 10 per cent, and every other country also is buying less."

In rubber, steel and sugar the world crisis has wrought havoc. But the full blow has not yet fallen. The sugar industry is now playing with a version of the Stevenson plan, which is doomed to failure. The collapse of the steel cartel in Europe will bring more anarchy into production with profounder effects of the crisis. We have the rubber capitalists' own word for the fact that ruin and disorganization faces the rubber growers.

Thus fare the theories of "organized capitalism."

THE ADVENTURES OF BILL WORKER



—Bill on the Bread Line—

By RYAN WALKER

FORM HEADWEAR JOBLESS COUNCIL

150 Attend Meeting at Height of Season

NEW YORK.—Over 150 unemployed hat wearers attended a meeting at Bryant Park Tuesday at 2 p. m. at the very height of the season when blockers and operators should have been working full time. They heard speakers from the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union and from the Trade Union Unity League and discussion from the floor.

An executive committee of seven was elected in order to carry forward the organization of an unemployed council of headwear workers, which will be regularly represented at the shop delegates council of the N. T. U. U. as well as on the T. U. U. C. Unemployed Council.

The call of the needle trades union speakers to organize and fight against unemployment by demanding the seven-hour five-day week, against the speed-up, and for unemployment insurance was greeted with great enthusiasm by the workers. In counter distinction to the method of suicide which has shocked the headwear market recently, the militant unemployed rally behind these slogans.

At the close of the meeting a motion was passed for the new executive committee to work out ways and means for the unemployed council to assist in raising the \$50,000 Needle Trades portion of the T. U. U. L. \$100,000 "Organize and Strike Fund." It was recommended that in its plans the executive should include one that will enable each unemployed worker to undertake the raising of at least \$1 as his contribution.

LABOR UNITY CONFERENCE
Friday, 7 p. m. at 13 W. 17th St. Purpose—Fulfill the slogan "A New York Edition of Labor Unity." All Labor Unity agents must attend.

Communist Activities

All Comrades and Workers
Are invited to attend an inter-racial dance given by Section 4, Communist Party, at 308 Lenox Ave., Saturday, Sept. 26, at 8 p. m. Admission 50c.

Section 5, Functionaries Class
Will hold its session tonight, 8 p. m. at 569 Prospect Ave. The teacher will be present.

Y.C.L. Printers Fraction
Meets today, 7:30 p. m. at Center.

Labor and Fraternal

Labor Unity Conference
Friday, 7 p. m. at 13 W. 17th St. Purpose—Fulfill the slogan "A New York Edition of Labor Unity." All Labor Unity agents must attend.

China Soviet Night
Friday, Sept. 19, 8 p. m. at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St. Manchurian program. Admission 35 cents in advance. Volunteers to sell tickets, apply Chinese Vanguard, 25 Union Square.

Workers Defense Corps, Marine Sec.
There will be a meeting at 25 Union Sq. Thursday, 8 p. m. All members and applicants are requested to attend.

Inter-racial Dance
To be held this Saturday night, Sept. 13 at Workers' Center, 165 Thurlow Ave. Negro Jazz band. Auspices Section 5, Communist Party. Admission 25 cents.

Will hold business meeting for the month of September on Friday, Sept. 19, instead of Sept. 12 at the A. F. W. Hall, 359 E. 54th St. at 8 p. m.

Open Air Meetings—Women's Council
Council 5, today at 10 a. m., Cypress Ave. and 140th St., Bronx; Council 3, today at 11 a. m. at 23rd St. and Meadmaid Ave., C. I.; Council 20, tonight at 8 p. m. at Ashford and Sutter Aves., Brooklyn. Topic—High cost of living and the unemployment situation.

Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra
A rehearsal tonight at 8 p. m. at 106 E. 14th St. All members must be present.

Young Defenders
A members' meeting will take place today at 2061 Bryant Ave. Discussion.

Refutation Meeting.
To endorse the C. P. will be held Friday evening at the Workers' Club of Brownsville, 118 Bristol St. Prominent speakers. Youth of Brownsville invited.

Yorkville English Branch, I.L.D.
Regular monthly meeting will be held tonight at 8 p. m. at the Czechoslovakian Hall, 347 E. 72nd St.

Workers Ex-Servicemen's League
Open air meeting Thursday, at 7:30 p. m. at 88th St. and Lexington Ave.

Fond Fraction Meeting
Y.C.L. Fond fraction meeting, tonight, 8 p. m. at 26 Union Sq. fifth floor. All league and union members must attend.

Harlem Crowd for Release of Atlanta 6

NEW YORK.—Several hundred Negro and white workers gathered at a Communist election campaign meeting last night at Lenox and 138th St. heard Sadie Van Veen outline the principles of the Communist Party and then voted unanimously for a strong resolution demanding the immediate and unconditional release from all charges of the six workers the state of Georgia is trying to railroad to the electric chair.

The workers go to trial soon in Atlanta, charged with "incitement to insurrection" because they were organizing Negro and white workers together into the same unions and into the Communist Party and American Negro Labor Congress.

1,000 JOBLESS FOOD WORKERS DEFLY POLICE

NEW YORK.—An open air meeting was held at noon yesterday at 11th St. and Fourth Ave. This is the central gathering place for food workers, who vainly hunt for work and are at the mercy of the employment agency sharks located in this territory.

The Food Workers' Unemployed Council conducted this very successful meeting with almost 1,000 workers listening to the various speakers on the necessity of organizing. Police who sought to break up and hamper the meeting, were shocked when they saw the determination of the workers gathered around the platform. All the trivial rules and regulations, such as: permit to speak, size of the flag, cluttering up of the sidewalks, were invoked by police in the attempt to disrupt the meeting. The employment agencies also sent some who were a little worse for drink to heckle the speakers.

This was taken care of in the proper way, the workers there exercising discipline and interest in the speakers.

ALL PICKET AT PATERSON STRIKE

Winders Walk Out and Force Scabs to Quit

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 10.—Cheered by hundreds of workers in nearby mills, the entire force of strikers at the Columbia Mills marched to headquarters of the National Textile Workers' Union after picketing today from 6:30 to 8.

The attempts of the A. F. L. to break this strike have failed. All the winders on whom the warpers depend have struck, forcing the A. F. L. union scabs to quit too.

Conditions of the silk workers of Paterson are the worst in history. All standards of hours and wages are eliminated. Over half are jobless. The employed work ten, twelve or fourteen hours a day at killing speed, with wages about \$20 for a 54-hour week.

The N. T. W. is building shop committees to fight. The Columbia strike started Monday. Demands are for 20 per cent raise and the eight-hour day.

3,000 Horsemen Take Part In Scenes of Pudovkin Film

The Mongolian government co-operated with the director of "Storm Over Asia," now showing at the Cameo, Vsevolod Pudovkin, when the latter was on location in Mongolia. For instance, when Pudovkin wanted to film a big episode of the picture—a sort of trouncing of colors—it was staged with the assistance of the Mongolian government. The latter let it be known that on a certain day there would be held horse races, wrestling matches and an exhibition of airplane flying. In response, 3,000 horsemen came to take part in the display.



The Mongolian workers in a victory celebration scene in "Storm Over Asia," now showing at the Cameo Theatre.

It is interesting to note that on this occasion the natives were shown the film "The Cruiser Potemkin"—probably their first experience of the movie—and their reaction to the film, their enthusiasm and responsive appreciation of the story were such as to startle even the Russian party.

In contrast to the initial opposition of the monks to the filming of the sacred festival of masks, called "Tzani," there were many groups of Mongolians who came to be photographed with extreme willingness. In particular the inhabitants of one village—all former irregulars—answered the call of the film party by carrying out a regular mobilization of all their forces. They galloped to the meeting place in military formation, armed with old muskets, pistols and sabres. In re-enacting certain scenes of the fighting these irregulars played with extraordinary simplicity and naturalness even in scenes which called for a very considerable display of emotions.

An interesting fact, characteristic of the local conditions, was revealed in the party's experiences when an attempt was made to shoot the village of the irregulars. This village has 600 houses all strung out in a line. This reduced the setting to one background, and to change the latter it was necessary to move the camera a mile further into the mountains.

EISENSTEIN AND ALEXANDROV TURN OUT ANOTHER MASTERPIECE.

"Old and New," the film directed by S. M. Eisenstein and G. W. Alexandrov, is now showing at the Acme Theatre. Eisenstein and Alexandrov are the team that produced the famous Russian films "Potemkin" and "Ten Days That Shook the World." Critics throughout the world have paid tribute to their genius and have placed them foremost among the directors of the world. Eisenstein, the leader of Russian film making, is a young Jewish man of 32 years. His associate, Alexandrov, is also Jewish. He is but 26. For five years this team have been making films.

In this film they approach the difficult subject of "collective farming"—the question of co-operation between the city and the village—one of the most vital problems of Soviet Russia, and again they acquitted themselves as masters. They have made a film that is a work of art and document of life.

MILLION DOLLARS FOR BEER HALL

Unfilled steel orders dropped 441,851 tons from the total as of July 31, according to the latest reports published by the United States Steel Corporation. This is the largest drop since the onset of the crisis, and shows that the slight spurt in steel production of from one to two per cent is not based on any increased demand, but is just a speeding up of the orders on hand, and will result in a further reduction in steel production in the near future.

That the small increase in production is due to a lot of hot air is admitted by a report in the New York World (Sept. 11), which says: "Some observers felt that the U. S. Steel Corporation had quickened its operations during August and reduced its backlog of unfilled orders only with the confident expectation of a seasonal upturn in business during the autumn."

Indications from auto industries and building operations point definitely to the act that these "hopes" will be shattered.

This is shown by a report in "Iron Age" leading mouthpiece of the big steel bosses which says: "Seasonal recovery of iron and steel is slow in materializing."

The further weakening of the background of this most important basic industry promises increased unemployment for all steel workers. For the greater part of the year the steel mills have been working at about half rate, showing that large sections of steel workers have been unemployed for nearly a year, while those employed have been working on half time. Many thousands have already suffered wage-cuts, and the steel bosses, through "Iron Age," insist that wage-cuts will be put through for all steel workers in the very near future.

With the crisis worsening and unemployment admittedly growing worse (even Hoover now acknowledges it) it is imperative that work be pushed to build up a gigantic movement of all workers to force through the Unemployment Insurance Bill.

WORKERS WIRE HOOVER DEMANDS

For Release of Serio and Radekovich

Responding to the call of the International Labor Defense held its meeting to save the lives of Guido Serio and Rade Radekovich, the Pittsburgh International Labor Defense has sent the following telegram of protest to President Hoover:

"Pittsburgh District International Labor Defense demands immediate halt in deportation of Guido Serio and Rade Radekovich to Italy and Jugo-Slavia respectively stop. We can consider this only as deliberate murder on the part of the United States government, as their deportation to fascist countries would mean certain death.

"Carl Hacker, District Secretary."

Today the National Office of the International Labor Defense is calling on the militant unions of the Trade Union Unity League to send similar telegrams to President Hoover and to James J. Davis, secretary of labor, and to join actively in the fight for the lives of these two militant workers.

"It was the militant leadership of Serio in the building trades, where he organized workers into the revolutionary unions of the T. U. U. L. that has resulted in the persecution which now threatens Serio with death," says the International Labor Defense call to struggle.

800 at Youth Day Meet in Jersey City

JERSEY CITY, Sept. 10.—The Young Communist League held its International Youth Day Demonstration here on Sept. 9. About 800 workers listened to the speakers protest against imperialist war and call for the defense of the Soviet Union, and for the passing of the workers' social insurance bill. The majority of the workers were young and many of them told us that they are wise to the bosses' government. Comrade Kane was chairman, other speakers were Barton, Himof, Good, Gordon, Leonard, Steel and Gannet. About 100 "Young Workers" were sold and many applications for the Y.C.L. filled. The workers cheered the Communist Party, Y.C.L., the T.U.U.L., the I.L.D. and other revolutionary organizations.

In the future many open air and indoor meetings will be held in Jersey City.

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HIT JIM CROW AT NEW ROCHELLE

C. P. Campaign Comm. Calls Negro Conf.

The report of Jim-Crowism in the schools of New Rochelle, N. Y., has called forth a vigorous protest from the New York State Campaign Committee of the Communist Party. At the same time the Communist Campaign Committee pointed out that the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, which is trying to make the Negro masses believe that it is fighting Jim-Crowism, is in reality helping it by supporting the republican party, which is in control of New Rochelle.

"The act of Jim-Crowism at New Rochelle where Negro children are sent to the Lincoln School, while all white children in the same district are sent to the Webster School which is a few blocks away, is one of the features of the persecution of the Negro masses by the capitalist class in America today," the Communist Campaign Committee declared.

"This Jim-Crowism is in line with all the discriminations against Negro workers and tenant farmers and with the wave of lynchings that is taking place in the United States now, due to the efforts of the capitalists to divide the working masses and to scare away the Negro workers from revolutionary organizations and revolutionary activity.

N. A. A. C. P. Fooling Negroes.

"The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, of which such traitors to the Negro masses as Du Bois, Kelly Miller are among the leaders, is trying to fool the Negro masses by pretending that it is fighting this act of Jim-Crowism in the New Rochelle schools. The N. A. A. C. P. is continually supporting the republican party. Kelly Miller has called upon Negro workers and farmers to fall behind President Hoover in his program of economic and industrial construction." The Negro misleaders have helped the republicans get control of New Rochelle and other cities, knowing full well that Jim-Crowism as well as lynching, is part of the campaign of the capitalist republican party against the Negro masses.

Harlem I.L.D. Branch To Be Formed Tonight

All old and new members of the International Labor Defense will be brought together and a new branch of the I.L.D. will be formed in the lower Harlem section tonight, Thursday, Sept. 11, at 8 p. m., at the Jewish Workers' Center, 143 East 103rd St.

The meeting is open for all workers and their friends. Every sympathizer is invited to attend. Help us build an International Labor Defense in this section of the city.

Several months ago, because of the destructive activity of the Lovestonites our attempts to build a branch in the above important section of the city were temporarily abandoned. Now we must build one!

Fight For Social Insurance!
Vote Communist!

FASCISTS BEAT UP MAX HOELZ

300 Attack Small Group of Communists

(Wireless By Imprecors)
BERLIN, Sept. 10.—Yesterday evening 300 fascists attacked a small group of Communists, including Max Hoelz, with iron bars, bottles and other weapons. Comrade Hoelz was beaten unconscious and was taken to a hospital, where he recovered two hours later. He has a severe head wound and doctors operated, removing glass fragments. Fascists also attacked Communists in Schoenberg yesterday evening, injuring several.

Comrade Thaelmann addressed 30,000 workers in Essen. There was intense enthusiasm.

To Protest Barring of Witnesses Who Don't Accept Bosses Tin God

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 10.—A mass meeting will be held this Sunday, Sept. 14, 3 p. m., at 47 Beacon St. (Ukrainian Hall), under the joint auspices of the American Civil Liberties Union, American Association for the Advancement of Atheism and the International Labor Defense.

The meeting is called for the purpose of protesting against the barring of witnesses because of their disbelief in the bosses' god. In the trials of S. D. Levin and D. W. Graham, who were tried in Judge Van Piper's Court last May, defense witnesses were barred because of their beliefs. This month six of the other defendants, Dave Rausen, John Pado, Joseph Lepshivicius, Morris Langer, Edward Childs, Albert Heder, are to be tried. At this meeting it will be demanded that witnesses shall not be barred as was done on the previous occasions.

Twelve Negro workers, men and women, applied for membership in the Party after the meeting. One worker pledged himself to devote all his time and energy to the Party.

UNION SQUARE THEATRES

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The Comedy You Hear About
44TH STREET W. of B'way
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

LETTERS FROM THE SHOPS

13 HOUR DAY AT CROWN LAUNDRY

Build T.U.U.L. Strike Fund For Fight!

New York.

To the Daily Worker:—

The workers in the Crown Laundry Co. work under miserable conditions and a speed-up system.

We come to work at six o'clock in the morning and we work until seven in the afternoon, about 13 hours a day, six days a week, and that makes about 78 hours a week work.

20 Cents An Hour For Women.

The boss pays the men 35 cents an hour and the women 20 cents an hour, and the women work the same number of hours.

When we asked the boss far a raise he told us to go, because he could get cheaper labor today than ever before.

Worker: Must Organize.

We know that today the boss makes more profits than ever before.

New machinery produces more work with less workers and brings more profits to the bosses.

The bosses throw more workers out of work than ever before.

The only way to solve this problem of rotten conditions, misery and slavery is to organize ourselves, employed and unemployed workers, into the revolutionary unions.

Write as you fight! Become a worker correspondent.

Greetings Plan to Issue Handbook for Correspondents

New York.

The Editor:—I observed in today's Daily Worker that the Central Bureau for Worker Correspondents plans to issue a small handbook for worker correspondents to help them in their work. I feel sure that this would be a helping hand to many workers to express themselves better.

—WORKER.

OPTICAL MEN SPEED DRIVEN

Join Medical Workers Industrial League!

Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Daily Worker:—

Four months ago I happened to find some work in the General Optical Co., Mount Vernon. Speed-up and slave-driving is the general rule in this shop.

Low Wages.

The wages here are very low. Young workers, boys and girls have been getting \$13 a week for 48 hours' work.

If you happen to be one minute late in the morning the company cuts off 15 minutes off your wages and also you lose one hour "bonus." That means the company pays one hour more extra and calls that "bonus" if you don't happen to be late.

Lay-offs Follow Speed-up.

The "rush" is over and some of the workers have been laid off and generally the shop works four and five days a week at present. But the workers must now work faster and do the same amount of work as they did before in a full week.

Workers in the General Optical Co., join the Medical Workers Industrial League! Then, united, we can fight against the infamous Hoover prosperity.

—COMPANY SLAVE.

ARK. MINERS GET FEW PAY DAYS

Bonanza, Ark.

To the Daily Worker:—

I am well pleased with the Daily. It is the right paper, carrying the right message and should go into every working man's house.

The miners here are unorganized. No check weighman around on the tipple.

All mines work less than half time. One mine at Midland works full time, but the miners don't get pay day nor have not had one for a month, only what they take up in store orders.

If a miner is hard up for a little cash for doctor's bill or something the store don't have, he can get \$10 or \$15 by discounting at 10 cents or the dollar.

Well, some few attempts have been tried at reorganizing the miners back into the U. M. W. A., but most of them have got enough of John L. Lewis.

—W. B. THOMPSON.

Sentiment For Revolutionary Miners Union Among Montana Miners

Roundup, Mont.

Editor Daily Worker:—

Dear Comrade:—I am sending my fraternal greetings to you all and at the same time sending a report on my travel to the West Coast. In the sections I visited I see that in many cities they need field organizers and delegates.

Miners Unemployed.

In Roundup, I spoke to several groups of coal miners and as I see the sentiment for the new N. M. U. is pretty good here. About 600 men are out of jobs and the U. M. W. A. has taken their cards away because they refuse to work for cut wages.

The wages are high at \$7.16 a day, outside workers get from \$4 to \$5 a day. The conditions are rotten here and the U. M. W. A. is working and spying on the men and evictions occur every day from the company houses.

Living On Spuds.

Some men are not working for over a year and some families are living on bread and spuds. Once every two days one square meal for children, so you can see how the conditions are here.

Riding the Rods.

So you see that they need an organizer here badly, but if possible see if the T. U. U. L. can send a man.

Every freight train carries 50 to a hundred men going east or west and the police are helpless, but they won't even let the men go to town if they can't show them some money to buy some grub.

Well, must close to get down to the yards and get the train going west.

—M.W.I.U. DELEGATE 914.

Alabama Miner Gets \$15 After Two Weeks Toil

(From the Southern Worker.)

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—The conditions in this mine called Doena and owned by the T. C. I. are just as rotten as they can be. Just yesterday I got my statement and only made \$28 in two weeks. Then they cut me for bathhouse, 50 cents; doctor, \$1; store clerk, \$8; explosives, \$8 cents. After they got through cutting me I only drew \$15 and I got a family to take care of and you can judge by that I am in a hell of a fix.

The rent man is coming and he wants \$10, the furniture man wants \$5, and that's all I rot.

This T. C. I., which owns this mine is one of the dirtiest companies in the state of Alabama. But I can say this: the only way we white and Negro workers can get better conditions is to unite together in strong masses and demand what we want. The bosses know that as long as they can keep us separated and use one worker against the other, they can always sit down and eat pie and cake and we white and colored workers work hard as hell and have to eat the crumbs that the bosses leave.

—A MINER.

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There are twelve chapters of about twenty pages in each book. The first and second volumes have been published. The third volume will be ready in September and the other three at intervals of six months.

Send fifty cents for copies of Communism and Christianity and the first three volumes of the Bankruptcy of Christian Supernaturalism.

HERESY

This is Bishop Brown's quarterly magazine. Each number consists of one of his lectures on the greatest and most timely among current subjects. So far they have been as follows: January, 1930, The American Race Problem; April, The Pope's Crusade Against the Soviet Union, and July, The Science of Moscow and the Superstition of Rome. Send for a free sample copy.

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Children of the New Day

A Story of Soviet Youth

A Written Version of the Russian Movie For American Working Class Children

By MYRA PAGE (Continued)

Immediately everyone was asking questions and talking at once. "Right here, in the house where Lenin lived. How could such a thing happen in Leningrad!" It was decided to go find Fatima at once, and get all the facts. Alex took them to the entrance where he had last seen Fatima and the Pioneers entered the courtyard. The children playing there crowded curiously about the newcomers.

"Do you know Fatima Gilyazova?" "Where does she live?" "Yes, yes," they answered in chorus, she lives down that cellarway. But she ain't there now. She's run away again!" They questioned the children and Fatima's aunt also, but what they learned was scant enough. It was clear that they must find Fatima herself and make friends. Also the Society for Protection of Children must be notified.

"Is this the only place you've got to play?" demanded a Pioneer of one of the courtyard children. Seeing the youngster nod, the Pioneer said indignantly, "But this ain't a fit place for kids to play in." "No," the others chimed in "it's dark and damp here." "But all workers' children should have playgrounds now." "Yes," Vanya put in, "there are more than ten thousand new playgrounds in the Soviet Union, but still far from enough."

"Oh-h" Nick, a red-haired Pioneer spoke up, "remember what Vanya said about us doing our part. I've got a real idea. Why not us Pioneers make these kids a play room?"

"That's a swell idea. Let's let's," "What do you mean, a play room?" one of the children asked.

"Oh," said small Alex, waving his hand in a grand gesture, "it's a room full of toys and games and books and pictures—and—everything!" he ended a little lamely.

"Where'll we have it?" someone asked. Then everybody looked at each other.

"This is fine idea," Vanya agreed, "just the kind of job for Pioneers to do. Shall we go back to our headquarters and plan it out a bit?"

"That's right," "We'll be back soon" the Pioneers called back, as they marched off.

"Don't forget. Don't forget," the children called after them.

PLANS PARADE TO NEEDLE WORKERS FOOL WORKERS BACK TUUL FUND

Victor to Put On Fake Prosperity Stunt

(Continued from Page One)

in Camden—young workers especially girls may be seen every day wearing bandages over blistered, bruised and cut-up hands and arms. In spite of the fact that more and more are being packed in to this slaughter house, it is a known fact that this is only for a very short time. For the majority will be laid off in two weeks time, after the 19th of Sept. parade.

This is how the Victor Radio Plant will solve the problems of starvation for millions of jobless. For two weeks time approximately 20,000 workers will be given jobs, working night and day, at terrific speed. At the end of this time on September the 19th, the big show will be staged. The two main actors will be the arch faker, Dwight Morrow, republican candidate for state senator of N. J., and the bosses' hero Lindy. Twenty thousand Victor slaves will be a colorful background to show off to the "public." These workers will be forced to march on September the 19th or lose that day's pay. In this manner the RCA capitalists will use the help of their ready assistants represented by Morrow and their darling Colonel Lindbergh, will cover up the existing crisis of unemployment and push in the background their vicious speed-up and wage-cut methods in making huge profits. These will be the methods used to blindfold the working masses to the present rotten conditions and fool them into believing that Morrow represents the interests of the people, in the coming November elections.

But the working masses will not be fooled. Especially are the radio workers of Victor's already realizing that this is only temporary employment and that immediately following the big show on the 19th, they will again be forced to join the army of jobless workers. The radio workers must realize that they are being used to fool other workers into believing that RCA is employing workers steadily. We must reveal the methods of the Victor bosses of speed-up and wage-cut. We must organize and join the Metal Workers' Industrial Union and fight against the fake bonus system, the speed-up and wage-cut. We must fight for a 7-hour day and 5-day week for all workers and a 6-hour day and 5-day week for all young workers under 18. We must fight to abolish the fake insurance system and demand a real insurance for all accidents.

COMMUNISTS ON PENNA. BALLOT

Campaign Tag Day on Saturday and Sunday

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 10.—Through the help of workers' organizations, the Communist Party is today on the ballot in Pennsylvania. The number of signatures collected (in spite of over 700 stolen in one city near here) by application of blue laws and confiscation of lists by the police) 12,500 signatures have been given. Only 6,302 are required.

The Communist election campaign committee calls on all workers to vote for Frank Mozer for governor, E. P. Cuth for U. S. senator, Samuel Lee for lieutenant governor and for the rest of the ticket.

To pay expenses of a thorough campaign, the workers are urged to participate in a tag day, Sept. 13 and 14. Headquarters for the tag day are at: Ukrainian Club, 715 N. Sixth St.; Workers Club, 4045 West Girard; Workers Center, 567 N. 5th St.; Workers Center, 612 N. Brooklyn St.; Workers Club, 8th and Ritter St.; Workers Club, 2925 West Gordon St.; and Workers Center, 2802 Kensington Ave.

BILL GREEN LIES ABOUT "DOLES"

(Continued from Page One)

on rice—the same as Chinese coolies.

Look on page 4 of the N. Y. Times of Wednesday. You will see there that letters are coming into the fake "employment" office of Tammany town. The Times says: "A woman living in Des Moines, Iowa, reported that there were so many girls and women in that locality in need of employment that they were willing to come to New York and work for as little as \$2 a week."

Now if this sort of wages is not "a dole," Mr. Green, what in the hell are they? Are they those "better and finer things, complete lives," that you gabble about, trying to make believe that the workers who have jobs now really get?

And what are you doing about it? About these hellish low wages all over this country. Bill Green, didn't you promise President Hoover last December that you would prevent strikes for higher wages? You did. And you prevented strikes. And you have "warned" against Communists who were leading strikers for higher wages.

Green is not against a dole. He is for a dole. He is against higher wages because the bosses whose boots he licks would have to pay them. He is against the Unemployment Insurance Bill of the Communist Party because it demands that the capitalists whom he serves and who fill his pockets with graft, must pay wages to the workers if they do not give them jobs. Not big wages, but just \$25 a week, and to all workers who cannot find a job, or who cannot work because they are crippled or sick or are too old for the bosses to hire.

The Communists are against a dole. Green and the A. F. of L. are for a dole if you're working, and for you starving to death if you're not. The Communists want the workers to eat, whether they have a job or not. Green wants them to starve whether they work or not. That's all!

3,000 Vote For Detroit Communists

(Continued from Page One)

from voting because of the residence qualification. Also many unemployed workers were disfranchised in the same manner.

This was the first time a Communist candidate appeared on the ticket for mayor in the city of Detroit. In the last presidential election, William Z. Foster, presidential candidate on the Communist ticket, received 2,800 votes in the entire state of Michigan.

The election campaign will merely spur the ever-increasing fight for the Unemployment Insurance Bill, which the Communist Party in Detroit is now carrying on in the shops and factories. The recent attack against the leaders of the Party in Detroit, which began with eleven arrests and warrants for Raymond and Stachel, will but spur on the activities of the militant workers.

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

60,000 at Berlin Red Sports Demonstration

BERLIN (I.P.S.).—The Red Workers' Sport and Culture Day held in Berlin recently was eminently successful. The revolutionary workers arrived in great processions from a number of meeting places to the Neukolln Stadion, which was crowded by over 60,000 visitors.

The workers' choral societies sang a revolutionary song, and Comrade Heing Neumann then greeted the Red Review in the name of the German Communist Party. He first spoke a few words in honor of the dead and severely wounded in Buzlau, of the Red Army of China, and of the Soviet Union, and then turned to the questions of the election struggle, being held amidst the want and misery of millions of human beings, of unemployment, mass taxation, and all the consequences of the capitalist collapse. A fascist wave is rushing over Germany. We have decisive struggles before us. We are confronted by the serious danger of a fascist dictatorship in Germany. The German workers declare war to the knife against the threatened military dictatorship. A storm of revolutionary awakening is going through the masses. The working class wants unity against fascism, unity against hunger, against the exploiting industrial magnates.

The camp in which this unity is to be found is the Communist Party of Germany. After the 14th of September there will begin a life and death struggle against the threatening fascist dictatorship. Only with the aid of the masses can we ward off this danger.

Comrade Ulbricht read the fighting oath, which was repeated by the masses, standing, with raised fists.

This was followed by sports, performances by Agitprop troops, processions of transparencies and caricatures, etc.

The police had sent large forces, which adopted the most provocative attitude, and made many arrests on the pretext of the wearing of forbidden uniforms and the like.

Briefs From All Lands

LONDON.—The reports on the execution of no fewer than 4,000 Communists in Changsha after the retaking of this town by the counter-revolutionary troops are now being confirmed by the bourgeois papers here.

BOMBAY.—Reports reaching here state that continuous conflicts result from the great activity of the insurgents against the British troops. On Aug. 23 there was fighting and shooting the whole night in various parts of the Northwest province.

VIENNA.—Great crowds of workers celebrated Solidarity Day of the Workers' International Relief. Comrade Schuller greeted the demonstration on behalf of the Austrian Communist Party. The Solidarity Day proved a great demonstration for the revolutionary trade union opposition.

BERLIN.—The former minister of home affairs, the social-democrat, Severing, speaking at a social democratic meeting at Oldenburg stated:

"In the present period of emergency I find that an opposition, by which the party in itself would gain, would be too easy a path. We offer our co-operation, for the reason that we recognize the necessity of a policy on a broad governmental majority." This is a direct offer of support to the fascists.

BERLIN.—During the first fortnight of August the Communist Party of Germany, Baden district, enlisted 140 new members. In the same period of time the Young Communist League gained 112 new members.

PRAGUE.—Since the last strike of the political prisoners, the Red Aid has been carrying on a great campaign against judicial terror and for the release of all political prisoners.

French Union Fakers Seek to Spread Sell-out

PARIS (I.P.S.).—It is now self-evident that the reformist leaders are determined to force the resumption of work in Lille on the basis of the conditions laid down by the employers' union. This completes the treachery, and the social democratic trade union bosses have stabbed the hitherto unshaken strike movement in the back by this action. The strikers are however thoroughly roused, and the workers are everywhere protesting indignantly against the latest developments. In different places spontaneous demonstrations have been held. The revolutionary trade unions have issued the slogans: Down with compromise, long live the strike! It will soon be observable to what extent the workers of Lille submit to the pressure exerted by their leaders.

PRAGUE TEXTILE TOILERS TO STRIKE AGAINST CUTS

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia.—As already reported, the textile magnates have given notice of the expiration of the collective agreement for the Warnsdorf Zwickau district, and demand a 15 per cent wage reduction. Last Wednesday the firm of Klein, Warnsdorf, gave notice that it was beginning at once with the 15 per cent wage cut. Upon this the workers elected a fighting committee, and resolved on Friday almost unanimously to go on strike. The strike committee is composed of working men and women without difference of political and trade union party membership. The struggle of the Klein factory workers is of great importance inasmuch as it may become, in view of the similar strivings among the textile employers of the whole of the North Bohemian textile industry, the center of a struggle of the whole of the North Bohemian textile workers' trade unions. The Communist Party and the Red trade unions, in view of this strike, are appealing for the acceleration of organizational fighting preparations all over the district.

The Communist Party fights lynching—vote Communist!

NEEDLE WORKERS BACK TUUL FUND

Potash to Speak in Philadelphia Today

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 10.—A mass meeting is called by the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union to meet here at Garrick Hall Thursday to start the drive for building the Trade Union Unity League "Organize and Strike Fund" of \$100,000.

Irving Potash, secretary of the New York organization, will be the main speaker.

The N. T. W. I. U. in Philadelphia is carrying on an extensive organization campaign. In the men's clothing trade, where the Hillman regime is working with the bosses to speed the workers and force new wage cuts on them every day, a big meeting of men's tailors was held Sept. 6 as a result of which a number of shop committees were organized, and a conference will be called in October.

Great Struggle Near.

In the dress trade thousands of unorganized young and Negro workers are being exploited. Conditions in the International Ladies' Garment Workers shops are as bad as those in the open shops. The Schlesinger outfit is discredited in the eyes of the workers. The N. T. W. I. U. has carried out a number of stoppages which have raised prices on the work. A daily struggle is going on and shop committees are being organized. The union is being built on the basis of a great struggle in the coming spring season.

Fur workers are preparing for intense struggle against starvation wages, in both corporation and contracting shops. Kauffman's International Fur Workers' Union is openly selling out and betraying the workers.

The N. T. W. I. U. calls on all needle workers, cloak, dress, shirt, millinery, fur, men's clothing, to build shop committees, build the industrial union, get back of the "Organize and Strike" fund, and strike against wage cuts and speed-up.

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Workers' Organizations and Individual Comrades, let us know at once what you have done already for the Bazaar. If not, tell us what YOU ARE PLANNING TO DO.

October 2, 3, 4 and 5

MADISON SQ. GARDEN

Demand the release of Foster, Minor, Amter and Raymond, in prison for fighting for unemployment insurance.

THE ECONOMIC CRISIS IN THE UNITED STATES

By G. WILLIAMS

From a speech delivered at the Seventh Convention of the C. P. U. S. A.

THE October Plenum laid down the correct line of the Party as affects the economic crisis. From October to March the American Party started real mass work. The recruitment campaign of the Party, the series of successful demonstrations, the beginning of work among the unemployed as a result of many mass demonstrations show that the Communist Party of the United States has a tremendous political influence among the masses.

But in the last period from March on, there were manifested political and organizational shortcomings of the Party in quite a sharp form. In this period, we have seen the disproportion between the political influence of the Party and its organizational strength; insufficient orientation of the political activity of the Party for mass work, for participation in the many struggles of the working class. We have also felt the very dangerous lack of cadres in the American Party. In this period, the Party laid down before the membership the task and necessity for the Party of immediately making the turn toward mass activity.

This convention is called mainly in order to help the Party understand the necessity of making this turn to the masses, of bringing the Party into mass activity, and also organizationally strengthening the Party from top to bottom. This is necessary not only because of the recent manifestations of many weaknesses of the Party, but the whole situation now demands imperatively of the Party the necessity of bringing about this turn. Our analysis of the present situation and based on this analysis the tasks of the Party start with the appreciation of the present political and economic situation in the United States and throughout the world.

The thesis starts with an analysis of the world economic crisis, and the economic crisis in the United States, and directly connects this analysis with the every day tasks of the Party. In view of the tremendous importance of this analysis, let us take the question of the economic crisis. On this question, you have had at this convention a very interesting discussion, which proves that on this important question the Party has to fight against two dangers—the Right Danger, the Right Wing distortions of the perspectives which present the economic crisis as something separate from the world crisis of capitalism, from the third period; the opportunist conception which starts with a perspective of recovery and liquidation of the crisis, and, second, the "Leftist" conception of the theory of catastrophe.

Before I analyze these two main dangers, let me make some preliminary remarks, first regarding the connection between the present economic crisis and the general crisis of world capitalism, and also regarding the immediate economic aspects of the crisis. What is the correct estimation of the economic crisis in relation to the Third period? In my opinion, it would be correct to say that the present economic crisis is a crisis which takes place in the epoch of wars and revolutions, in the situation of decaying capitalism, of decaying imperialism, in the situation of post-war general crisis of capitalism, in the situation of the great shaking of relative capitalist stabilization; that this crisis, while developing, is accompanied by a very sharp world agrarian crisis, and takes place at the same time as the tremendous growth of socialism in the Soviet Union. The crisis takes place in the situation of the rising tide of proletarian revolutionary movements, in the situation of the growing colonial revolutions; which means the tremendous mass of peasants in the colonial countries, these millions of reserves of the world proletariat, are now in a state of motion. It means in this situation, a new correlation of moving forces of the proletarian revolution throughout the world.

Now if you take into consideration all this, it will be easy to see the direct connection between the present economic crisis and the Third Period. The present economic crisis is the sharpest form, the sharpest expression of the Third Period of decaying capitalism. When the Canadian comrade asked the Party leadership why it began its thesis with the statement about the economic crisis, the answer must be because the Third Period for the Party leadership is not an abstract idea. The Third Period now in the United States, in the present situation throughout the world, is in the economic crisis of the Third Period. The Third Period takes on blood and flesh of the economic reality of the crisis; the connection of the Third Period with the economic crisis in the present situation, and the connection between the crisis and the Third Period, will be clearly understandable to everybody who does not think the Third Period is something between the Second and Fourth, who understands the revolutionary significance of the Third Period.

Deepening General Crisis. Regarding the general crisis of world capitalism and its perspective. The economic crisis being a form and manifestation of the Third Period of the general crisis, is, at the same time, a factor deepening and accelerating the general crisis of world capitalism. The last resolution of the Presidium of the Communist International correctly stated that the economic crisis deepens the general crisis of the capitalist system and sharpens its inner and outer contradictions, and also pointed out the uneven development of this crisis, and, consequently, the different forms, degrees, and character of the crisis in the various countries. If we take the thesis presented to the present convention, we will find the same appreciation of the economic crisis in relation to the world crisis. Into this general crisis of world capitalism comes a tremendous factor, the present crisis in America, which extremely sharpens the general contradictions of the capitalist system.

The conception was formulated here against the thesis that the economic crisis is separated in the thesis from the general crisis of world capitalism. This is absolutely wrong. The connection between these two has been presented in a very correct manner in this thesis. This question is not a new question for the American Party. The representative of the Canadian Party delivered here a very interesting speech in which he gave us a very clear and sharp formulation of the present political situation, formulating very clearly the main political questions being discussed now by the Canadian Party. In my opinion, his interven-

tion is a good beginning and must mark the beginning of a real ideological, political and organizational connection between the Canadian and American Parties. For instance, the question of the Canadian bourgeoisie, the question of whether Canada is a colonial or imperialist country; these questions are also very important for you comrades in the United States and should be discussed by the American Party. Comrade Smith in his speech, made some sharp criticisms of the thesis of this convention, mainly on the question of the economic crisis.

As I have tried to point out, the connection between the general crisis of world capitalism and the economic crisis is presented correctly in the thesis. This question may be new for the Canadian Party, but is not so new for the American comrades. Already, at the very outbreak of the economic crisis, the Polburo of the American Party adopted a resolution on this question, pointing out this connection of the economic crisis and the world crisis of capitalism.

Comrade Smith asked up why we did not explain in the Convention Thesis, this connection between the economic crisis and the world situation of the Third Period. The Party explained this in the preliminary thesis formulated in March, and adopted by the Polburo. There was given then a very clear formulation in this connection. This preliminary thesis declared that the present economic crisis develops on the background of the general crisis of world capitalism.

So in my opinion the formulation proposed by Comrade Smith is unnecessary. By the way, this formulation was proposed for insertion in the thesis to be presented to the Party Convention, but some very authoritative comrades advised the American comrades, "Do not write this into the thesis because it is too elementary and must be known by every member of the American Party."

Industrial Cycles Continue. As regards the causes of the American economic crisis, Comrade Smith attacked the thesis for its interpretation of the economic crisis, its characterization of the crisis as "typical" and "cyclical." He declared that this is wrong, that the crisis is not "cyclical."

The theory or teaching of Marx on the industrial cycle as a typical form of capitalist production remains the basis of our understanding. We do not have to revise Marx on this point.

The theory of the development of capitalist society through industrial cycles has not been destroyed by anyone. The present crisis is exactly an expression of this development of capitalist economy through industrial cycles. By what economic cause was this crisis created? Was it an exceptional crisis created by an earthquake or flood? Was it a tulip crisis, such as they once had in Holland, where it was claimed that a bad crop of tulips upset things for 20 years? Is the present crisis such an exceptional accidental crisis? No, comrades. This crisis was created by main contradictions of capitalist society, the contradictions between the social character of labor and the private exploitation of the productive forces of capitalism, and takes place in the sharpening crisis of imperialism, in the situation of the Third Period.

How did Marx characterize the economic crisis? He declared that the cyclical economic crises are the self-created temporary and forceful regulators of the anarchy of capitalist production. Only partisans of the theory of organized capitalism would assert that now the anarchy of capitalist society is replaced by organized capitalism.

When we say "cyclical economic crisis," we mean a specific form of the capitalist process of production established by Marx and adopted by every Communist throughout the world. Without this theory, it is impossible to understand the nature of the economic crisis; it is impossible to understand the inner mechanics of capitalist society.



Negroes in the Soviet Union and in U.S.A.

By I. AMTER, Prisoner No. 52350. (Communist Candidate, 23rd Congressional District, Bronx.)

TWO American workers (one from Detroit, the other from Toledo) helping to construct and install the machinery at the gigantic tractor plant at Stalingrad, in the Soviet Union, have been deported from the Soviet Union and will not be allowed to return for a period of ten years.

These two workers filled with the capitalist idea of the "superiority" of the white over the Negro race, forcibly threw out of the factory mess-hall a Negro worker who was there. They were denounced by the American and Soviet workers—there are workers of twenty-six nationalities in the plant—and placed under charges. The workers in the shop held a meeting and hung up a banner with the inscription: "We will not allow the ways of bourgeois (capitalist) America in the Soviet Union."

Two Years Prison For White Chauvinism. The two men are sentenced to two years' imprisonment for assault and battery, but for national chauvinism. The sentence was committed to deportation. It must be noted that the penalty for assault and battery is much lower.

What is national chauvinism and what is its aim? National chauvinism is the attitude of superiority adopted by one country towards another or by one race against another. It results from the economically superior development of the one country due to certain favorable conditions. This helps the capitalists poison the minds of the workers.

Thus the American (native) worker considers himself above the worker of another capitalist or colonial country, such as a Hun-



A. F. OF L. STEIN SONG

Fill the mugs with beer and rye,
Drink to the days of yore,
Drink and watch the wage cuts go by,
See 8,000,000 beg from door to door;
Fill them up right to the top,
Blow off the froth and foam,

Help the Bosses Speed 'em up,
We'll Bring the Fascist Bacon home.

CHORUS

To the boss, to the cops,
To the Wolls, the Greens and all their ilk;
To the graft, to the sops,

To fool them and keep them from going on strike;
To the Morgans, to the Hoovers,
To whom we have always proven true;
To the scabs, to the stools,
The gang which is found in our crew.

(NEWS ITEM)—The A. F. of L. meeting at Atlantic City demands 2.75% beer to "aid" unemployed.)

garian, Mexican, Italian or English worker. He considers himself superior to the workers of a different race, such as Negro, Chinese, Japanese or Filipino worker. He sees the foreign born worker can come to this country to improve his condition—therefore this must indicate the superiority of this country of which he is a native. The native white worker, greatly a skilled worker, has refused to do work which had then to be assigned to a foreign-born worker or Negro worker. The native worker has been disinclined to organize the foreign-born and has not permitted the organization of the Negro workers, because both have been chiefly unskilled or semi-skilled workers. This is capitalist propaganda taken over and put into practice by the reactionary leaders of the workers. This keeps the workers divided and unorganized.

Why Are Negroes Unskilled? Why has the Negro worker been compelled to do the unskilled and semi-skilled work? Because only two generations ago he was "freed from slavery," and has had little opportunity for education, he has been denied work and has been discriminated against in every way.

Today the situation has somewhat changed. The sharp economic crisis is compelling the workers to take any jobs they can obtain. The skilled worker has been replaced by the automatic machine and conveyor system and now shoulder to shoulder the workers stand at the factory gate and employment office asking for the same job.

In this situation, the bosses and these workers who are infected by the bosses' propaganda are demanding work for "American" workers. Foreign-born and Negro workers are being fired and Americans being given their places. In their minds "American" does not include Negro workers, who have been in this country many more generations than most "native whites" can boast. The result is an intensification of the struggle between the white and colored workers, which is deepened by boss propaganda. Incensed at the propaganda and discrimination, the Negroes have become restless and under Communist leadership have developed militancy and the answer of the bosses is lynch terror. This deepens the cleft between the white and Negro worker, and the prejudice of the white worker becomes intense national chauvinism. The bosses are doing everything to increase it for they know that a united working class means the end of capitalism.

In USSR Race Hatred Is a Punishable Crime. This is in capitalist America. But in the Soviet Union where there are 220 nationalities, races and tribes, each worker, without discrimination, is fitted into his job and has every opportunity to develop. Anything that tends to weaken the unity of the working class or create class division is considered a crime against the whole working class.

What the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union have done and are doing is the aim of the Communist Party and revolutionary unions of the Trade Union Unity League in the United States. They are struggling for the fighting unity of the working class—native and foreign-born, white and colored workers. They are demanding equal economic, political and social equality for the Negro workers. They are organizing white and colored workers into revolutionary industrial unions. They are taking Negro revolutionists into the Communist Party. Any member of the Party or TUUL who lings into or manifests national chauvinism in the organization, persists in it and shows it in action, is expelled from the Party or TUUL as guilty of the crime of

Strike Strategy

By JACK JOHNSTONE, Article 9.

ONE of the most important groups and the most oppressed and exploited section of the working class is the Negro worker. Jim-crowed in the A. F. of L. and in the South by law and terrorism and in the north, although to a lesser degree, Jim crowed without the formality of a law. Ruled by Lynch law and mob violence, given the worst and dirtiest and cheapest kind of jobs, because of this oppression and discrimination they are the most militant of fighters and potential revolutionists. Strike struggles in any basic industry that does not draw in the Negro workers into struggle and leadership is doomed to defeat.

This does not mean the mere inclusion of a certain percentage of Negroes on the strike committee, but a struggle for the demands of the Negro worker. The raising of the slogan of Full Social and Political Equality and Self Determination not merely in an abstract propaganda manner but in direct connection with the strike struggle demands.

The struggle for social equality is not mere words but must be put into practice. In the preparations for strikes and in strike struggles white chauvinism as well as the law of segregation has to be smashed, in the North as well as in the South. Strike struggles in the South carried with it the demand for the repeal of all Jim Crow laws, and the actual smashing of these laws in the course of the struggles, the organizing of demonstrations of white and colored workers in places where Negroes are barred by law, the organizing of defense corps to defend the Negro workers against bourgeois mob violence. No agreements can be concluded that discriminate against the Negro.

In the coal fields in Illinois, for example, where on the surface the Negro is equal according to law, there are mining towns which bar the Negro, even going so far as to put up signs at the boundaries of the town "No Negroes or dogs allowed."

Every town in the North has its area of segregation. The vast majorities of hotels, restaurants, and apartment buildings that do not specially cater to the Negro trade bar the Negroes. Propaganda against this discrimination must be turned into action.

In the coal fields, or in any other industry in the preparation for and in the course of the struggles these discriminations have to be broken. The main responsibility for this task rests with the white workers, especially the revolutionary section. Of course this does not

dividing the working class. This is how the revolutionary workers act.

The Soviet Union shows what can be done. The Communist Party is organizing and conducting the struggle to smash chauvinism and the rule of the bosses and to establish a Soviet—a Workers' and Farmers'—Government in the United States. Revolutionary workers who wish to struggle toward this aim and for full and equal economic, political and social rights and for self-determination of the Negroes, and especially Negro revolutionary workers, should join the Communist Party. Support the Communist program and candidates in the coming elections! Remember Stalingrad!

(Written at Hart's Island Penitentiary.)



Revolts Are Like That!

But not a proletarian revolution! We're speaking about the revolt in Argentina, run by the big bourgeoisie. The N. Y. World on Monday yielded the following tidbit:

"Several men raided the treasury department of the State Railway. When they reached the moment to allot the loot, they had a shooting affray of their own."

Monday afternoon the Post had a headline: "Argentine Revolt Completed; Reds Jailed." That, to a boss paper is the proper finish of a revolt: "Reds Jailed."

But it wasn't finished. The same night the papers screamed: "Warships Bombard Buenos Aires in New Revolt."

Then Tuesday they dished out the following, which indicated that it was all a cock-eyed mistake or that somebody was lying:

Some infantry were marching, as infantry does, y'know, but "toward the government house." And a "confused" officer "mistook them" for rebels and had them shot at. Infantry has a dislike to being shot at, and "returned the fire," we were told.

Then just to liven things up some artillery "opened fire on the post office." Probably determined to lick all the postage stamps.

To help keep the game going—"occupants of an armory in the center of the city opened fire on passersby with machine guns."

This annoyed the passersby, and just for fun they set the building on fire.

And—"unable to distinguish friend from foe, citizens attacked each other."

Then—"O, la, la!"—"The gun shop owners opened their doors, passing out ammunition and saying 'Defend yourself!'" And everybody did.

"Small boys appeared in the streets waving long shotguns and rifles and revolvers."

A group of men "who probably did not know whether they were attacking or defending the government," seized a gun shop and fired on everybody in sight until "government forces brought artillery, shattered the front of the building which caught fire."

At the end of such a perfect day, the Uruburu government said that "the capital is tranquil," but seven were killed and 56 wounded by "accident." That the "whole nation as one man supports the government" but that somebody was going to be shot for trying to question its "stability."

What a laugh the Russian workers get out of the news from the countries where capitalism is "firmly stabilized!"

Vital Statistics

Reports on murders are interesting. If you get away from statistics. The Chief Medical Examiner of N.York gives us the pleasant information that there were 426 murders in the city last year, and the borough of Queens "reported twenty-two."

We wonder whether that chap D'Olier, who was with the Tammany Queens sewer grafters headed by Connolly, was listed in the 22. D'Olier got cold feet, if you don't know it, and was not "going along."

So one day he was found laid out with a couple of bullet holes coming from behind. And the medical examiner said it was "suicide!" Connolly got \$12,000,000 to split, and nothing worse than a three-room flat with two servants and a valet on Welfare Island.

Mulrooney—A Dumb Act

We spotted it with the aid of a friend of Red Sparks, who brought us in an article by Joseph McGoldrick of the Columbia University, which was printed in the "National Municipal Review" of June, 1930.

Evidently written up as Glorious Grover retired, with all the Wanamaker clerks he had kept on both the police and the Wanamaker payrolls ever since he was put in to keep the police from finding who killed Rothstein.

There are many choice spots in the article about Whalen, but we select only this one to show that Foster was correct when he called Whalen a coward. Bullies are always cowards. Goldrick says of Whalen:

"Strong-arm methods appealed to him. He urged the liberal use of the night-stick. He tolerated the 'third degree,' participated in it, even boasted of it. In his busy rounds of informal talks he frequently chuckled over such refinements as the putting of an uncommunicative prisoner in a cold room in mid-winter without clothing to loosen his tongue."

Goldrick goes on, making hash of Whalen's lust for publicity, says that Whalen's successor was different, and goes on:

"As a friend of the mayor's told the Times reporter: 'The mayor had to find a man who was tough-tied. You can't have a banjo set followed by another banjo-act. You have to have a dumb act, acrobats, dogs or jugglers.'"

From which it seems certain that Mulrooney is a "dumb act." But whether an acrobat, a dog or a juggler is the question. However, from the way he made the Civil Liberties Union jump through the hoop of "investigation" of the August 1 clubbings, couldn't "identify" his own cops, and kept a dozen different lies in the air at once with one hand, we judge he must be all three rolled into one.

Why All the Fuss?

We don't see why all the fuss about Judge Crater. His wife, whom he never saw for years anyhow, is said to be "prostrated" at his "disappearance." Mulrooney is issuing orders not to find him anywhere, dead or alive, offering demotion to any cop that discovers his whereabouts. Meanwhile the Honorable Judge is peacefully enjoying the fleshpots of a nearby resort, in the company of a chorus girl. What's all the row about?

gained in the struggles by the working class. Any preparation for strike struggles that does not have in its plan the youth as a major factor is preparing a defeated strike. The A. F. of L. and socialist party are afraid of the youth. They know full well the revolutionary potentialities of an unfettered youth movement. The successful development and carrying out of revolutionary strike strategy, depends upon the success of the movement, on the building of revolutionary youth sections.