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WORKERS OF THE WORLD, UNITE!

(Section of the Communist International)

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MASS PICKETING KEEPS UMWA SCAB-PACT MINES SHUT

A Voice from the Tomb

PRESIDENT HOOVER'S trip to the middle west was a daily jump from tomb to tomb. It is symbolic that, while in the Soviet Union nearly each day sees the working class dedicating new factories to socialism in a country without unemployment and with the 7 hour day, in the United States, with unemployment and wage cuts affecting millions, the president of the nation flutters about the country dedicating and re-dedicating tombs.

Hoover's speech at the tomb of President Harding could not avoid what the republican party has for 8 years tried to avoid, and what the democratic party as an accomplice in capitalist robbery could only speak of in hints. We refer to the criminal record of the "Ohio Gang" which in governmental looting, cold blooded murder and sexual debauchery eclipsed even the annals of the French monarchy and the incestuous papacy.

No one needs to take Communist testimony for proof. "The Strange Death of President Harding," by Gaston B. Means, who far from being a Communist, is one of Congressman Fish's "red investigators," is only one of several books recommended for those who may have a remnant of respect for capitalist government. This, and Nan Britten's book, "The President's Daughter," while not advised for minors, should be on the shelves of every patriot who is fearful lest the spread of Bolshevism "break up the home" and "ruin American morals."

Together with "Revelry," by Charles H. Adams, a book revealing how billions of dollars in natural resources were looted by the "Ohio Gang" and their pals, make up a choice reference library for anyone who wishes to know what Hoover was trying to cover up with his speeches from tomb to tomb.

Poison seemed to have been a fad with the "Ohio Gang" when anyone was to be bumped off, although Jess Smith was shot as a hurry-up job. The then Attorney General of the United States, who kept hundreds of workers in prison for "sedition," has never been charged with murder. Sudden and mysterious death was the portion of not only gay girls, enticed to amuse the "great," but the great themselves. Harding died, but the manner of his death has never been adequately explained. Likewise, Harding's personal doctor, Brigadier General Charles Sawyer, mysteriously "died," and several others "committed suicide" or just "died."

The stench of the Harding regime cannot be downed by fat-head, disinfected remarks about Harding's "dim realization" that he was surrounded by a bunch of thieves and assassins with whom he was a jolly good pal. Nor can the speeches of Hoover and Coolidge conceal the fact that both of these very respectable boiled-shirts were part and parcel of the same crowd. Compared to the "Ohio Gang," Rasputin and the Borgias were rather decent.

It comes with poor grace from the lips of a Hoover, to say that, "There can be no man in our country who, either by his position or his influence, stands above the law."

Certainly it is hypocrisy to say so while Harry Daugherty sat beside Hoover on the platform at Harding's tomb; while Albert Fall is still out of jail from a mere one-year sentence; and more particularly while 40,000 miners, striking against starvation, are being jailed by injunctions and shot down by police; while even the city of Springfield, where Hoover spoke at Lincoln's tomb, witnessed the outrageous beatings and arrests of unemployed workers the day before.

All this palaver of Hoover about "liberty" and "law" cannot conceal from the workers the fact that the working class has no liberty and that the law of capitalist government is against the workers. The workers will learn from the contrast between Hoover's speeches and the facts of capitalist rule, that capitalism and crime are one and the same thing, and that corruption and crime can only be burned out by the fire of proletarian revolution!

The Spanish Elections

ON Sunday the Spanish elections take place, there being about 605 candidates contending for the 470 seats in the national parliament, the "Cortes." Of these candidates, 33 are of the Communist Party, the Monarchist Party has only 10 candidates (showing that their cause is so discredited that few dare openly to appear before the masses representing reaction).

But reaction in a concealed form is represented more broadly by the "Republican Right" and the so-called "left" which shares power with it in the present government, namely, the "Republican-Socialist alliance." The "Right" has 120 candidates and the fake "Left," in which the "socialists" predominate, has 104.

The task of the Communist Party of Spain is to tear the mask off this concealed reaction. This is facilitated by the tolerance, amounting to a support, of the monarchist bandits by the government of the capitalist-socialist bloc, by the numerous massacres of workers and peasants who are demanding that the government which their uprising put into power on the heels of Alfonso's departure, give real improvement of the miseries they endured under the monarchy.

Instead of a bit more bread for the workers, land for the masses of landless peasantry from the industrial capitalists and the feudal landowners, striking workers and starving peasants have been shot down by the government in which the Minister of Labor (Largo Caballero) and other cabinet members are so-called "socialists." The oppressed nationalities in Catalonia and Viscaya remain oppressed.

Further, the King and his tribe were aided to escape from Spain with their loot of millions stolen from the masses. Berenguer, the military dictator for Alfonso, was freed by a "trial" in which the judges were old monarchist generals, generals which still rule and starve the ranks of the soldiery while filling their pockets with graft.

And the "republican-socialist" government, far from attacking the ancient twin of the monarchy, the Catholic church, with its big landed estates robbed from the peasantry, guarantees its property and sent the murderous Civil Guard to shoot down the workers who protested at the open armed preparation of the monarchist-Catholic bandits to reestablish the monarchy.

"The Civil Guard will know how to protect and save the Republic," said the "socialists" in the government, the Civil Guard which is everything that the Czar's Cossacks once were, a specially paid and trained corps of murderers of workers and peasants.

The Communist Party of Spain in the present election is doing more than just "run" office. It is exposing to the masses that this is not their government, but that of their exploiters. And the Communists call not only for votes, but for the disarming of the reactionary forces and the arming of the workers; for factory committees and soldiers' councils; for peasant seizure and distribution of the land, abolition of church privileges and all church land to the people, for Soviets of Workers and Peasants, for a Workers' and Peasants' Republic!

These are the issues raised by the Spanish Communists in the present election. But however the votes go, these issues will be determined outside of parliament, by the action of the toiling masses.

All Out for the Tag Days! Collect Today, Tomorrow, Sunday to Save Our 'Daily'!

All out for the Tag Days today, tomorrow and Sunday!

Workers in every city must during these three days put all their efforts into the task of collecting funds to save the Daily Worker from going under. Thousands of dollars must be raised to keep the Daily alive, thousands of dollars to keep the Daily fighting for the striking miners, for the Scottsboro boys, for all workers, Negro and white, native and foreign-born. YOU TOO MUST DO YOUR SHARE!

The New York District especially is depended on to furnish the Daily with the fighting funds that it needs so badly. The New York workers have done splendid work, but the slogan: "Double the Quota by July 1" must be realized in fact during the next three days, if suspension is to be avoided.

BUT NEW YORK ALONE CANNOT SAVE THE DAILY WORKER! If, after all these efforts, we fail to raise the \$35,000 and the Daily is forced to suspend, the workers will know what districts are to blame. Next to New York, Districts 8 (Chicago), 7 (Detroit), 6 (Cleveland), 3 (Philadelphia) and 13 (California), which are the largest districts and are far behind their quotas, are looked to for the funds to stave off disaster. BUT EVERY DISTRICT, EVERY CITY MUST TODAY, TOMORROW AND SUNDAY BE FILLED WITH AN ARMY OF COLLECTORS FOR THE DAILY!

Mass participation will make the Tag Days a success. And every cent collected must be sent in at once! Money collected must be sent in at once! Money collected on coupon books that is now lying in workers' pockets must be sent in at once. ALL OUT FOR THE TAG DAYS! AND SEND FUNDS TO THE DAILY WORKER 50 EAST 13TH STREET, NEW YORK CITY!

Volunteer collectors are wanted in the New York District. They should report at the stations listed elsewhere in this paper.

Workers of New York to Answer Lynch Verdict Judge In Huge Demonstration Sat.

Parade Will Start at 4 P. M. as Workers Mobilize to Demand Freedom for Nine Innocent Scottsboro Negro Boys

NEW YORK.—A mighty protest and a demand for the release of the nine Scottsboro Negro boys will be the answer of the workers of New York, black and white, to the refusal of the lynch verdict judge to grant a new trial to these innocent working class children who are being railroaded to the electric chair. Rallying tomorrow, Saturday, to the defense of the boys thousands of workers will march through the streets of Harlem and demand a halt to this legal lynching.

Tomorrow a great protest demonstration and parade, arranged by the Scottsboro United Front Defense Committee, will be a fighting challenge to the murderous plans of the southern bosses and their courts and will show the determination of the workers of New York to prevent this frightful crime against the working-class and the oppressed Negro People.

Gathering at 4 p.m. at 130th St. and Lenox Ave., with a large number of militant organizations participating, the parade will march up Lenox Ave. to 140th St., west to Eighth Ave., south to 135th St., east to Seventh Ave.; north to 144th St., east to Lenox Ave., and north to 146th St. At 146th St. and Lenox Ave. a big protest meeting will be held, at which prominent speakers will rally the workers for active support of the fight being initiated by the International Labor Defense and the League of Struggle for Negro Rights to free the boys.

The demonstration will be preceded by several open air meetings in the downtown section called by Section 1 of the Communist Party. One meeting will be held at Jackson and Monroe St.; another at Lewis and Delancey St. These meetings will start at 12 o'clock noon, and adjourn

at 1:30 when the workers will march to the nearest subway station to take train for the demonstration in Harlem. "Only the joint struggle of the Negro and white workers can save the boys," declares the call for Saturday's demonstration.

Relief Must Be Sent to Mine Strike Zone At Once! Strikers Need Food

Two hundred sixty-five functionaries of trade union, educational, fraternal and affiliated organizations, met last night under the auspices of the Penn.-Ohio Striking Miners' Committee at Manhattan Lyceum.

Jack Stachel, of the National Miners' Union Strike Committee, described the splendid fighting spirit of the men on the picket lines. The women trudge to the picket lines in their bare feet for miles, in order to help the men in their fight.

Dave Smith, one of the nine miners who arrived from Pittsburgh Tuesday night, told of the miserable living conditions of the miners. He said that he received 18 cents for mining a ton of coal. The miners are kept in constant debt to the companies for the rent, and for the

PINCHOT'S TROOPERS HELP SCABS, CLUB STRIKING MINERS

State Troopers and Deputies Search Miners Homes Arrest Active Miners Describe Deliberate Murder of Pickets

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 25.—With the dead still unburied and the wounded lying in the hospitals from Monday's and Tuesday's massacre of strikers, with 75 state police and hundreds of deputies "yellow dogs" of the coal companies crowded into the five towns where the United Mine Workers were doing their share of the strike-breaking, as the murderous deputies have done theirs, the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Company failed to get a corporal's guard for its re-opened coal mines today.

Thousands turned out to picket in Mollensauer, Castle Shannon, Coverdale, Horning and Avella. Men, women and children massed around the company property and out of 2,500 miners on strike, not over a few dozen went in to work under the United Mine Workers of America scab agreement.

Every effort has been made to stompede these strikers back to work. The Pittsburgh capitalist press printed big stories yesterday; "Terminal Mines Re-open; 2,500 will return to work," but even this strike-breaking trick failed. Huge mass meetings yesterday rallied the masses of strikers to the picketing.

Today the papers are lying again, saying that a thousand returned to work. This story rouses satirical

(CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE)

MASS PICKETING IN BREAD STRIKE

NEW YORK, N. Y.—The strike of the worker consumers on 180th St. between Arthur and Prospect Aves. for the 5c a pound bread is entering into its third week. The bakery owners, who could not break the strike with the aid of the American Federation of Labor and Amalgamated Food Workers Union gangsters, the police and the Tammany judges, now use another method. The Specialty Bakery Owners of America, an organization of the bakery owners, decided to force all bakeries in New York, which sell the bread for 5c a pound or less, to raise the price to 8 cents. They did this in order to fool the workers consumers and "convince" them that they cannot produce cheaper bread than 8 cents a pound.

The workers will not be fooled by the latest maneuver of the bosses.

Get Permit for Pittsburgh Hungermarch of Thousands

Issue 100,000 Leaflets to Allegheny Coal and Steel Workers to Join in Mighty March Demanding Relief

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 25.—A permit for the Pittsburgh hunger march, in which tens of thousands are expected to participate, was granted. The marchers will assemble in West Park, not East Park, as previously announced. The route of march is from West Park over the Manchester Bridge, along Duquesne to Sixth; over the Bridge there and back to West Park.

Calling on the miners and steel workers in Allegheny County to march to West Park on Tuesday, June 30th, at 1 p. m., when tens of thousands of striking miners and their families are expected to march on Pittsburgh from surrounding territory to demand unemployment relief and in protest against the murder of striking miners, over 100,000 leaflets have been issued by the Central Rank and File Strike Committee of the National Miners' Union.

Stations in Tag Days to Save Daily Worker

The following are the stations for the Daily Worker Tag Days: Section 1—142 E. Third St., 65 E. Fourth St., 11 Clinton St., 196 E. Broadway.

Section 2—64 W. 22nd St., 301 W. 29th St., 16 W. 21st St., 331 W. 28th St.

Section 4—353 Lenox Ave., Fin-nish Workers' Center, 1666 Madison Ave., Jewish School I.W.O., 143 E. 103rd St., Harlem Prog. Gauth Club, 1492 Madison Ave., Estonian Workers' Club, 2336 Third Ave., Hungarian Workers' Home, 350 E. 81st St., Czechoslovak Workers' Home, 347 E. 72nd St.

Section 5—1622 Bathgate Ave., 569 Prospect Ave., 1400 Boston Road, 2700 Bronx Park East.

Section 6 (Brooklyn)—61 Graham Ave., 46 Ten Eyck St., 80 Cook St., 73 Myrtle Ave.

Section 7 (Brooklyn)—1373 43rd St., 140 Neptune Ave., 48 Bay 28th St., 764 40th St., 3228 W. Second St.

Section 8 (Brooklyn)—1565 St. Marks Place, 118 Bristol St., 541 Vermont St.

Section 10 (Newark)—121 Springfield, 90 Ferry St., TUUL; 520 West, S. Slovak Hall; 5 Belmont, I.W.O. Center.

Section 11 (Paterson)—206 Market, 205 Paterson St., Paterson, N. J.

Jersey City—302 Hudson, Workers' Center. Perth Amboy—308 Elm St. Elizabeth—106 E. Jersey St. Section 12 (Yonkers)—252 Warburton Ave.

State Troopers Seize Zigaric's Body for Secret Burial

Hold Mass Funeral NMU Demands Armed Forces Withdrawn

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 25.—Thousands again picketed at the Pittsburgh Terminal Mines, where Pinchot, the bosses and the U. M. W. A. are attempting to break the strike through a scab agreement. Only 200 scabs got in. Some went in to get their tools and came out. Yesterday 32 did this.

A squad of state troopers yesterday pounced on John Cosick, whose only offense was that he had ordered scabs off a friend's property in Coverdale. The troopers knocked Cosick down and clubbed him repeatedly as he lay on the ground while other strikers were held off with machine guns. Cosick was then fined \$50. He was given no trial and no bail by the company squire (police magistrate) named Popp, at Castle Shannon. Cosick is in jail now.

Tom Phillips, chairman of the local strike committee and a member of the Central Rank and File Strike Committee, was arrested on no charge whatever on the picket line. He cannot be found. His whereabouts are not known to any member of the Strike Committee, and, in view of the brutal assaults made on the arrested miners, it is feared he is seriously injured or even worse.

Frank Borich and Vincent Keme-novich, in the name of the National Miners' Union, issued a statement today, protesting against the Civil Liberties local office here, appealing to Pinchot to send a whole force of state troopers to the strike area to "prevent violence."

"We repeated the demand," says the National Miners' Union statement, "that Governor Pinchot withdraw all armed forces, including troopers who protect United Mine Workers scabbing."

Twenty state troopers yesterday, without authority, took the body of Zigaric, who was shot in Wildwood, Pa., by coal company gunmen, and not even the nearest relative, a sister, Amelia Kovacevic of Wood-lawn, Pa., was notified, and buried it in the Servian Cemetery at Wood-lawn in an effort to block the mass funeral arranged by the union.

The mass funeral of Filipovic, a strike sympathizer killed at Arnold City, Pa., will take place at 1 p. m. tomorrow in Arnold City.

1,000 STRIKE IN PAWTUCKET MILL

Mayor Flees Before 2,000 Demonstrators

PAWTUCKET, R. I., June 25.—One thousand are now out at the Royal Mill here. Mass picketing pulled out all the departments today and the mill is now completely struck. Twelve hundred workers met at a great picket demonstration at noon today. This afternoon the Royal and General Fabrics strikers, together with hundreds of additional workers formed a combined march on Central Falls City Hall through Pawtucket and Central Falls where 2,000 demonstrated demanding the removal of all charges against Ann Burlak who goes on trial tomorrow. The mayor fled.

The workers will demonstrate at the trial. A general strike movement is developing at the Blackstone Valley Mills.

N.Y. Workers Voice Support of Miners' Struggle; Hit Murder

Hear Old and Young Miners Tell of the Hunger Misery in Coal Region

NEW YORK.—Voicing their support of the miners' strike, and condemnation of the brutal murder of two miners, ten thousand workers who grouped around seven platforms enthusiastically when speakers called for immediate aid of the fighting miners.

Food Workers Send Relief To Miners

Protest Murder of Strikers

NEW YORK, N. Y.—Members of the Food Workers Industrial Union, affiliated with the Trade Union Unity League, are throwing all their resources into the struggle against starvation of the 40,000 miners now striking in Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia.

Small Depositors Demand Deposits

Broderick Ignores the Committee's Demands

NEW YORK.—Demanding that small depositors be paid a committee of the United Depositors of the Bank of the United States visited Broderick, superintendent of banking yesterday.

What's On—

- FRIDAY
Open Air Meeting
Of the Downtown Unemployed Council at Seventh St. and Ave. B at 8 and at Fourth St. and Ave. B at 7:30 p.m.
International Labor Sports Club Meets at 227 E. 12th St., 7:30 p.m.
Young Defenders No. 1
Open air meeting at Wilkins and Intervale Avenues at 7:30 p.m. preparatory to mass protest meeting for the Scottsboro Boys at 1472 Boston Road at 8:30 p.m.
The Scottsboro Frame-up
Will be the topic of a lecture at the Mapleton Workers Club at 138th St. and Broadway, at 8:30 p.m. Come and bring your friends.
Daily Worker
The regular monthly membership meeting of the Cleaners and Laundry Workers Industrial League will take place Friday, June 26, 8 p.m. at 16 W. 21 St.
The resolution of the executive bureau of the Red International of Labor Unions on the T. U. L. will be discussed.
Question Evening
In the Harlem Progressive Youth Club at 8 p.m.
Joint Concert and Dance
Under the auspices on Units 10-15, Section 5, Communist Party, will be held at 2700 Bronx Park East. Good band, refreshments. Proceeds to Daily Worker. Admission 25c.
Daily Worker Affair
At 8 p. m. at 109-26 Union Hall Street, Jamaica, Long Island, in the Finnish Workers Club. Admission 25c. Children 10c. Auspices, United Front Committee.
To All Daily Worker Readers of Lower Manhattan
A Daily Worker Readers Conference will be at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East 4th Street, at 8 p. m. Bring your friends along. Admission free.
Metal Workers Industrial League
Meets at 8 p. m. at 15 West 12th Street (top floor). Many important matters will be taken up.
Scottsboro-Paterson Mine Murder Protest Meeting
At Hoffman's Mansion, 145 Watkins St., Brooklyn, at 8 p. m. One of the striking miners will speak as well as one of the Scottsboro mothers. All workers invited.
Lower Bronx Scottsboro Defense Clubs
Meet at 253 Beekman Ave. at 8 p. m. Negro and white workers are invited.
Nominations of Officers of Branch 1 Workers' Ex-Servicemen's League
Will be held at 7 p. m. at 79 East Tenth St. Elections will be held on July 10.
A Scottsboro Protest Meeting
Has been arranged by the Parkville section of the Women's Councils at 350 E. 81st St. at 8 p. m. English, Hungarian and German speakers.
Red Dance for the Daily Worker
In the Co-operative Colony, 2700 Bronx Park East, good play by young Bronx workers. Good music.
SATURDAY
Daily Worker Affair
At the Cherneshevsky Club, 122 2nd Avenue at 8 p. m. Revolutionary entertainment. Good food. Admission 25c.
Banquet and Concert
At the Harlem Prog. Youth Club, 1492 Madison Avenue, near 102 St. at 8 p. m. Entertainment and plenty of fun, food and drink. Proceeds to Daily Worker.
Banquet and Entertainment
At the Workers Center, 569 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, at 8 p. m. For the benefit of the Daily Worker. Tickets 50c. Program by Prolet. Buhne. Auspices Communist Party. Section 4, circulation drive bure.
Banquet, Concert and Dance
Given by the Harlem Progressive Youth Club for the benefit of the Daily Worker will be given at 1492

BREAD STRIKE CASES TODAY

30 Paterson Workers Put on Trial

PATERSON, N. J., June 25.—About 30 workers, arrested in connection with the militant bread strike now being conducted against the Purity Co-operative Bakery at Tyler and River Sts., will come up for trial tomorrow (Friday) in the police court on Washington St. They will be defended by the International Labor Defense, which is supporting the fight against the bread profiteers that is being led by the United Council of Working Class Women.

Arrest 32 Workers.

Fifty-two workers have thus far been arrested in the strike, which started Monday. The strikers are demanding that the cost of bread be lowered from 8 to 5 cents a pound and that rolls be sold at 14 cents a dozen. Two bakeries, the New York Bakery and the Carroll Bakery, have already been forced to settle. The Purity Co-operative has with the help of the socialist party, brought in gangsters, who, on Wednesday, aided by about 20 police, assaulted the strikers. Twenty-two were arrested, including A. Bart, one of the five defendants in the notorious Paterson murder frame-up.

Aug. 1 United Front Being Prepared in Minn. and Jersey

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., June 24.—A United Front Anti-War Conference is being called for July 8 at 3 p. m. at the Workers' Home, 11 Plum St. The chemical, airplane and other war industry plants of New Jersey are working full blast to prepare for the next war. At this conference the workers of New Brunswick will mobilize to prepare a huge demonstration on August 1st against imperialist war and for the defense of the Soviet Union. The Communist Party, which is organizing this conference, urges all fraternal organizations and workers in the shops to send delegates to this conference.

Volunteer Clerical Help

Is urgently needed in the Miners' Relief Campaign. All comrades who can spare any time please respond. Penn.-Ohio Striking Miners Relief Committee, 799 Broadway, Room 614, New York.

WORKERS' HEALTH TEACHER

DUST in all its forms is the greatest enemy of the worker in his shop. It causes dangerous diseases. Some dust is worse than other. The U. S. Public Health Service has recently completed a series of studies on the effects of dusts as they occur in the following industries: cement, silver polishing, granite, coal, cotton, street sweeping. These represent dusts of lime, metal, silica, and those originating from vegetable material and those from general municipal sources. All are harmful if inhaled with the air often and in large amounts, which is always the case in shops, factories and mines. But those that produce the worst results, most cases of lung tuberculosis, etc., are the silica or stone dusts. Says the official report: "Silicosis is almost invariably complicated by TUBERCULOSIS after a number of years of exposure, the time depending on the concentration of the dust and the percentage of free silica which it contains. Latent tuberculosis in persons entering dusty trades is usually activated after short exposure to siliceous dust and has more characteristics of the disease. Masks frequently give a false sense of protection. REMOVAL OF DUST AT ITS SOURCE is preferable. There has been a great reduction in the death rate from tuberculosis among the general population during recent years, while AMONG WORKERS IN DUSTY TRADES there has been a GREAT INCREASE during the same time in the death rate from this cause."

Rush Miners Relief

"A Carload of Food by Friday"—to the striking miners on the picket lines! Help the miners fight against starvation! In order to gather food and clothing more quickly, the following local stations have been arranged: Manhattan: WIR, 240 East 9th St., Hungarian Workers Home, 350 E. 81st St.; Finnish Home, 16 W. 126th St. Bronx: Concoops, 2700 Bronx Park E.; Bronx Workers Center, 569 Prospect Ave. Brooklyn: Food Workers, 140 Neptune Ave.; Workers Centers at 1844 Pitkin Ave., 764 40th St., 61 Graham Ave. Yonkers: 252 Warburton Ave. Newark, N. J.: 121 Springfield Avenue. Paterson, N. J.: 205 Paterson St.

Garvey Leaders in Attack on Meeting for Scottsboro Defense

NEW YORK.—A Scottsboro protest meeting, held Wednesday night at 134th St. and Lenox Ave., was attacked by Garveyites who threw giant firecrackers from a neighboring roof into the crowd of workers listening to the story of the frame-up and attempted legal lynching of the nine innocent Scottsboro Negro boys.

One of the speakers, Sadie Van Veen, was injured in both legs and had to be rushed to the hospital. The crowd of workers, most of them colored, were aroused to furious anger by the attack and many wanted to go to the roof and punish the offenders. The speakers urged them, however, to remain and continue the meeting.

Speed Up on Job: a Painter Gets Killed

NEW YORK.—Joe Matulski, a 17-year-old painter, fell from a scaffolding and was instantly killed at 148th St. and Eighth Ave., Brooklyn.

Small Depositors Demand Deposits

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Workers' Health Teacher

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AMUSEMENTS

THRILLING ADVENTURES IN THE MOUNTAINS OF THE MOON IN EQUATORIAL AFRICA . . .

HELL BELOW ZERO

with descriptive GARVETH WELLS Fellow of Royal Geographic Society, also American Geographic Society. Lecture by And by the same author

CAMEO

HIPPODROME 6th Ave. & 45th St. BIGGEST SHOW IN NEW YORK THE 8 ACTS Lawyer's Secret with CLIVE BROOK

A MODERN VIRGIN

Better than "Young Sinners" And by the same author With Margaret Sullivan, Herbert Hawthorn and ROGER PHYOR SOUTH THEATRE, 45th W. of B'way, Box 8-50. Only Mat. Wed., 2:40. No Performances Saturday

JOINT "ICOR" AND I. L. D. PICNIC SUNDAY JUNE 28

2444 VICTORY BOULEVARD, STATEN ISLAND, N. Y. Grounds open at 10 a. m.—Entertainment from 2 p. m. to 8 p. m.: ADMISSION 50 CENTS—CHILDREN FREE IN CASE OF RAIN THIS TICKET IS GOOD FOR SUNDAY, JULY 12TH PROCEEDS FOR THE DAILY WORKER

"ANNUAL SUMMER PICNIC" Sunday, June 28, 1931

ULMER PARK, BROOKLYN, N. Y. HELD JOINTLY WITH UKRAINIAN WORKERS' ORGANIZATIONS All kinds of sports for young and old—Prolet Buhne and other attractions Directions:—B. M. T. West End line to 25th Avenue Tickets at Workers Book Shop—also at 142 East 3rd Street PRICE 50 CENTS—Auspices Section 1—Proceeds for the Daily Worker

DAILY WORKER AFFAIR Friday, June 26, at 8 p. m.

MOVIES—CONCERT—ENTERTAINMENT FINNISH WORKERS' CLUB, 109-26 UNION HALL ST. JAMAICA, NEW YORK ADMISSION:—25 CENTS—CHILDREN 10 CENTS Auspices:—United Front Committee

DAILY WORKER AFFAIR Saturday, June 27, at 8 p. m.

WORKERS CENTER, 569 PROSPECT AVE., BRONX, N. Y. PROCEEDS FOR THE DAILY WORKER CAMPAIGN ADMISSION 50 CENTS Program:—Prolet-Buhne—Prominent Speakers Auspices—Section Number 5 and Circulation Drive Bureau

A CONCERT AND DANCE

will be held in the AUDITORIUM OF THE WORKERS CO-OPERATIVE COLONY, 2700 BRONX PARK EAST FRIDAY, JUNE 26th, at 8 P. M. ALL PROCEEDS TO THE \$35,000 EMERGENCY FUND FOR THE DAILY WORKER. ARRANGED BY UNITS 10 AND 15, SEC. 5.

Attention Newark Workers! DAILY WORKER CONCERT SATURDAY, JUNE 27, AT 8 P. M.

5 BELMONT AVENUE Workers Lab. Theatre—Slovak Orchestra—Talents of Prolet-Pen Trio of Newark Mandolin Orchestra—Prominent speaker of D.W. Edit. AUSPICES:—JEWISH WORKERS ORGANIZATIONS OF NEWARK

GO ON YOUR VACATION TO ONE OF OUR Proletarian Camps

Information for all four camps can be obtained at 32 Union Square Room No. 505. — Telephone STuyvesant 9-6332. CAMP NITGEDAIGET, BEACON, N. Y. Boats leave for the camp every day from 42nd Street Ferry Good entertainment.—DANCES at the Camp

CAMP UNITY, WINGDALE, N. Y.

Autos leave from 143 E. 103rd St. every day at 10 a. m., Fridays at 10 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. and Saturday, 9 a. m., and 4 p. m. for the camp. The comrades are requested to come on time, in order not to remain behind.

CAMP WOCOLONA MONROE, N. Y.—On beautiful Lake Wallon—Swimming—Boating, etc. Revolutionary Entertainment.

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Capitalism Is Driving Humanity To A New World War!

By ALEX BITTELMAN.

1. The Present Crisis and the Growing Danger of War
Capitalism is driving humanity to a new world war. This coming imperialist war will be a thousandfold more terrible, more bloody, more ruinous for the toiling masses than was even the world war of 1914-1918. The militarists all over the world declare proudly: It will be a NEW TYPE of war. A war of poison gas and airplanes. A war of tanks and machines. A war in which there will be no neutrals and no non-combatants. The battle field will be all over and everyone will be in it.

War—for what? War—for whom? The answer is: War to save capitalism from collapse. War to overthrow the rule of the workers and peasants in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and to bring the country of Socialism back under the yoke of capitalism. War to assure world domination for the ruling class of the United States.

This will not be the answer of the capitalists. They will have—they already have a different answer for the war which they are preparing. The capitalists and their governments will say that they are waging war to end war, just as they told us when they were dragging us to the slaughter of 1914-1918. They will call upon us, not only with sweet words of persuasion but with all the forces of violence at their command, to lay down our lives for country, home, civilization, religion, individual liberty, the heritage of our forefathers, and what not. The same as they did in the robber war of 1914-1918 when, through the sweet mouth of Woodrow Wilson and with the brutal terror of their governmental machine, they drove us to the slaughter to make the world safe for democracy.

Above all—they will undertake to arouse us with their lies and slanders against the country that is building Socialism—the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. They will magnify a thousandfold their hypocritical cry about "Soviet Dumping" and "Soviet forced labor" to confuse the masses and terrorize them into the war.

What is the truth? The truth is that the capitalist class sees no other way of saving its rule and its system from going under except by means of a new world war. And for this war they are preparing with feverish haste.

Crisis Reveals Bankruptcy of Capitalist System
Capitalism stands revealed by the present crisis as a malicious and criminal bankrupt. The capitalist system is still good enough for the rich, but it is in violent opposition to the interests of the workers, the farmers, and society as a whole. The capitalist system, whose claim to existence rested upon its ability to develop industry and commerce, has become a BRAKE upon the further development of society. Capitalism can no longer provide either work or food for the majority of the world's toiling population.

Here, in the United States, we have got EVERYTHING necessary to provide a healthy and contented life for EVERYONE that is able and willing to work. But what happens in reality? Thirteen million men and women can find no employment. About ten million workers are employed only part time. Millions of workers and farmers are dying of hunger. Literally, dying away for the lack of food. Why?

Is there a shortage of food? No, on the contrary, the land is OVERSTOCKED with food and all other means of subsistence. There is a SURPLUS of nearly everything. A surplus of wheat, meat, clothing, steel,

The Daily Worker today begins the first of a series of 13 articles by Alex Bittelman on the ever growing danger of war. The articles are of the utmost importance and should be put into the hands of every worker.

machinery, electric power, and all that is necessary to make life possible and happy. In fact, the present crisis is a crisis not of underproduction but of OVER-PRODUCTION. Then, what is the trouble? Why can't we enjoy the fruits of our labor, continuing to produce more for our use, as they are doing in the Soviet Union?

Here is where the capitalist system reveals its bankruptcy most glaringly. Here is where it shows itself a brake upon the life and development of society. The capitalist system of production is a system not for use but for PROFIT, for the profit of the capitalists who OWN and control everything necessary for production. Rival and competing capitalists—individuals and big trusts, within one country and between various countries—are producing goods for world markets without system and without plan. The result is ANARCHY of production, the exact opposite of Socialism in the Soviet Union whose production is based upon plan and organization. The capitalist class pays the workers for their labor power, when it is employed, just as little as is necessary to subsist—not to live—and to reproduce themselves. Agriculture is exploited to fatten the profits of the speculators and banks. The result is the IMPOVERISHMENT of the overwhelming majority of the population, and the undermining of the very markets for which capitalism is producing goods. Again, in the exact opposite of the Socialist system in the Soviet Union, where goods are produced for use and not for profit, and where the demand for goods and the ability of the masses to satisfy their needs are growing at a tremendous rate.

The private ownership of the means of production, the anarchy of production and the capitalist exploitation of the toiling masses—which is the basis of the capitalist system—inevitably produce crises of overproduction. Such crises occur periodically, about every seven to ten years. Since the year 1897, the capitalist system of the United States has passed through six great crises, not counting serious depressions in between these crises. These cyclical or periodical crises of overproduction, which bring untold misery and suffering to the masses, are inseparable from the capitalist system.

But the present cyclical crisis of overproduction is the worst of all that preceded it. Not a single country in the world, EXCEPT the Soviet Union, was left untouched by the crisis. It has already lasted longer than most other crises, and continues to deepen. The number of unemployed and the scope of the misery and suffering of the masses have no parallel in the history of capitalist crises.

Why is this so? Because the present economic crisis, one of the many cyclical, periodical crises under capitalism, is taking place at a time in the world's history when the capitalist system AS A WORLD SYSTEM is GOING UNDER.

The late imperialist war of 1914-1918, and the revo-

lutions that followed the war, have delivered a mortal blow to the capitalist system. The victory of the workers' revolution in Russia in November, 1917, has torn out of the capitalist world system one-sixth of the earth, removing former Russia and its 180 million people from the field of capitalist and imperialist exploitation. All the important colonies—China, India, Africa, Latin America—the sweat and blood of whose people is made to swell the profits of the capitalists enabling them to carry on their criminal rule—the oppressed peoples of these colonies are in revolt against their oppressors and despisers, refusing any longer to be sacrificed on the altar of the dying and rotting capitalist system.

The agricultural crises and ruin of the farmers, the Soviet Union. The capitalists have come to the contrary for the last ten years, and is aggravating immensely the present economic crisis. As a result of the last war, the capitalist class of the United States emerged as the foremost capitalist power fighting for markets, colonies and world supremacy especially against its main rival, the old imperialist power, Great Britain. This upsets the world capitalist system, sharpening the rivalries within it, and hastening the process of its decline.

The capitalist system has never been able to recover from the mortal blow that it received from the last imperialist war and the subsequent revolutions. All the capitalists could do was to patch up things for a while by means of more intensified exploitation of the workers and farmers, by squeezing tighter the oppressed colonial peoples and by enslaving the peoples of those countries—Germany, for instance—whose ruling class had lost the last war. These oppressive policies of capitalist stabilization have enabled the capitalist class to hold off for a while the day of final collapse of the system. But at the same time, they have also hastened the coming of the present crisis, contributing to its depth and unparalleled acuteness, accelerating the rise of great revolutionary movements in the capitalist and colonial countries. Thus the present crisis and the growing revolutionary movements are bringing to an end the temporary and decaying capitalist stabilization.

The Soviet Union Reveals the Superiority of Socialism Over Capitalism

Just as the crisis reveals the capitalist system as bankrupt, antiquated, decaying and poisoning the lives of the masses, standing in the way of social progress and preparing to precipitate a new world slaughter: the UNION OF SOCIALIST SOVIET REPUBLICS points the way to a new system, the Socialist System, a SUPERIOR system, destined to replace capitalism in the world over.

This is the antagonism between two social systems. The capitalist system going under. The Socialist system coming up. The whole world is lining up on this main issue. All that profits by capitalism and imperialism; all that is reactionary, rotten, and mer-

enary is lining up to save dying capitalism and to check or crush growing Socialism. All who are exploited and oppressed, in the capitalist and colonial countries; all who fight for a better and beautiful life, for real progress and social growth, against war and for fraternity among nations; all these are lining up with the revolutionary working class to kick the stinking carcass of dying capitalism into oblivion, to defend the Socialist system of the Soviet Union and to establish the Socialist system all over the world.

The camp of dying capitalism, which is still powerful and menacing, has not ceased for a single instance to wage ruthless war against the camp of growing Socialism. This uninterrupted warfare of the capitalist world against the Socialist world takes shape in wage cuts, unemployment, ruination of the farmers, lynchings and persecution of the Negroes, fascist governmental persecution of labor and farmer organizations, persecution and deportation of foreign born, attacks upon the colonial peoples, and economic warfare against the Soviet Union preliminary to ARMED INTERVENTION.

The capitalist class is prepared for armed war against the Soviet Union. The capitalists have come to the conclusion, especially after the trials of the wreckers and Mensheviks in Moscow, that there is no force WITHIN the Soviet Union able to overthrow the Soviet Government. Consequently, the capitalist class is preparing for MILITARY INTERVENTION as its only way of saving capitalism by destroying socialism.

War Is the Capitalist Solution of the Crisis
The crises raises before the capitalists of EACH country the QUESTION OF WAR to secure markets for the existing surplus of goods.

The growth of Socialism in the Soviet Union, and the growth of the anti-capitalist revolutionary movements in the imperialist and colonial countries, raises before the capitalists of ALL countries the question of MILITARY INTERVENTION against the Soviet Union. This is the danger of war, which is imminent, acute and near. This is the menace that we are called upon by the Communist International and its various sections to demonstrate and fight against on AUGUST FIRST, which is International Anti-War Day.

It is in the United States, in the war and imperialist policies of our "own" ruling class that the war danger largely lies. It is the capitalist class of the United States that is fighting for WORLD SUPREMACY against the capitalist class of Great Britain which has held this supremacy before the last war, but is losing it now and won't surrender it peacefully. It is again the Hoover government, and the capitalist groups that support it, which is leading the economic war against the Soviet Union in preparation for military intervention.

Military intervention against the Soviet Union is the greatest menace at the present time. The sharpening imperialist rivalries especially between the United States and Great Britain, very acute in Latin America, which are leading inevitably to war, are making the danger of military intervention against the Soviet Union even more menacing. Why? Because the closer these two imperialist robbers come to grips with each other the more they are tempted to settle their differences—temporarily—AT THE EXPENSE of the Soviet Union and the toiling masses of their own countries and of the colonies.

The mission of Stimson and Mellon abroad is a WAR MISSION. It is a mission primarily to line up the European capitalist powers against the Soviet Union.

Red Sparks

By JORGE

From "Ole Virginia"

A Woodstock, Virginia, paper is doing the small part in printing a string of anti-Soviet lies in behalf of a certain Mr. J. Carson Adkerson, a local hahbbit who has attained notoriety as the head of the "Joint Conference on Unfair Russian Competition" along with Ex-Embassador Gerard.

Probably Adkerson is the 60th man Gerard could name as the ruler of America. Otherwise, he's president of the American Manganese Producers Association, so you see his cash interest and his patriotism are identical.

The gentleman appears to worry about "slave labor" in the Soviet Union, but never notices that sixty girls, mostly farmers' daughters, are working ten hours a day in an insanitary overall factory right in Woodstock—for a few dollars a week. Also, that chain gangs of both white and Negro workers are building roads for these rich "patriots" to ride cars over—by real convict labor.

Like all fakers, Adkerson tells about "unfair competition, while his own miserable little manganese mine was always "open shop," and the manganese itself is so poor that steel companies won't use it at all if they can buy Soviet manganese for twice the price. Yet he calls his company the "Hy-Grade Manganese Co." Capitalists always advertise what they haven't got: "all wool" suits are usually shoddy cotton.

In Ben Franklin's Own Town

From Philadelphia, the "City of Brotherly Love," we get the following note from a worker: "Riding along Market Street on an east-bound trolley last Saturday morning, I noticed large cakes of ice, measuring about 5 by 3 by 1/2 each, one placed on each of the four corners of all intersecting streets from Broad Street down to Delaware Avenue, about 56 cakes in all, weighing approximately seven tons.

"For what purpose do you think they are laying there? To give the poor multitudes, suffering from the smoldering heat of one of the hottest summer days an opportunity to obtain a cool drink? Not on your life!

"Looking closer, I noticed that, frozen in the center of each cake of ice, was a paper sign informing the passers-by of the cool air in the Mastbaum Theatre—a capitalist advertising stunt! Seven tons of precious ice going to waste while thousands of poor children were willing with thirst for a cool drink on a torrid summer day!

"Yet the exponents of such a wasteful, crazy economic system dare to fake the masses by proposing a 'ten year plan' of capitalist waste to offset the well-planned Five-Year Plan of socialist construction!"

What, Another Sixty Days?

In 1923, when German capitalism was lying flat on its back gasping for air, Wall Street rushed the pulmotor over with Rufe Dawes and his funny pipe. So the Dawes Plan was born about nine months later with the blessing of the first "labor" government in Great Britain. Dawes became a Great Man over night. Gone was the memory of how he helped Lorimer, a Chicago banker and politician, swindle depositors' money. The Dawes Plan nearly gave us Dawes for President.

But before 1928 elections, the Dawes Plan was on the rocks. That saved us from having a jigger-piped fascist for President. So, after Dawes' pulmotor wouldn't pull any longer, Owen D. Young, one of Morgan's young hopefuls, was sent over with an oxygen tank. Meanwhile, under the Dawes Plan, American bankers had poured over a billion dollars into Germany in loans. That's why Young took charge and after his famous "Committee of Experts" expeted for a year, the Young Plan was hatched out in 1930, with a long tail feather called the "International Bank of Settlements."

But hang it all, hardly had Owen D. Young got back to the General Electric Company and a democratic boom of "Young for President," than the thing caved in again in spite of all the German "socialists" could do to help the Bruening capitalist dictatorship load the workers with taxes, wage cuts and "economics." They said: "These capitalists don't know how to run capitalism, they pile a load on the workers that would break the back of a mule. But if the workers take our advice we'll fool these capitalists! Let the workers bear the burden, save German capitalism and show up the bungling capitalists!"

But the German workers began to balk. Baricades went up in the streets and stocks went down in the stock exchange. Something had to give way.

Something did give way. Hoover broke the ice of "splendid isolation." Remember that the U. S. Government never signed the Versailles Treaty, nor "recognized" the Dawes Plan, nor the Young Plan. Under Harding, Coolidge and Hoover, the U. S. said: "Our economy is independent of Europe's. Europe may be bankrupt, but we're not, we're prosperous and will remain so."

"That's right!" said John Pepper and Jay Lovestone. If you don't know these lads, we'll say briefly that they were once in the Communist Party but got bounced out for being faithful to Hoover. But now Hoover has betrayed them; a dirty trick since they never betrayed Hoover. Now we have the Hoover Plan, as an amendment to the Young Plan, which was an amendment to the Dawes Plan.

Hoover has promised to save Germany. More, he's going to solve the whole world crisis. To do so will cost just \$427,164,040, the total reparations loot from Germany for one year. That's mighty cheap salvation for capitalism. The funny thing is that Hoover says that not to pay this will save Germany, and not to get this money will save the rest of the world.

France doesn't want to be saved. Not that way. France would get \$100,000,000 from Germany, and doesn't want to be saved by not getting it. A man in the French parliament said that Hoover is generous with the money of American and French governments, because what Germany doesn't pay them can be used to pay interest to Wall Street bankers who have billions invested privately in German loans.

Anyhow, Hoover offers to solve the world crisis at reduced rates and promises that prosperity will be back in one year. But on March 8, 1930, he said it would be back in sixty days. This promise is just as full of hooey as the last one.

The Wisconsin Hunger March

THE Hunger March of Wisconsin afforded volumes of experience for the working class. Due to the mass pressure, the socialist mayor of Racine was compelled to feed the marchers at noon, June 13. A section of the rank and file members of the Racine S. P. quit the socialist party and joined the unemployed branch on account of the hunger march.

A permit to march and hold street meetings, not only in Racine but in every town or city on the Milwaukee and Racine line, was granted by the city officials. And in Elkton, Janesville and Watertown, the city officials were compelled to feed the marchers.

Thousands Greet Marchers!
Thousands of workers and farmers came out to greet the hunger marchers and hear the demands to the state legislature. The capitalist papers were obliged to print big head lines with our demands, due to this mass pressure manifested by the working class. The whole country side was aroused and hundreds of Daily Workers, Labor Unities and pamphlets were sold and given away to the workers.

Many unforeseen obstacles arose, such as lack of food and housing in Madison, etc. The men immediately set up food and housing committees, which functioned very quickly. Real working class discipline prevailed at all times, both when marching through various towns and during the time the marchers stayed in Madison. They marched in a military fashion, carrying signs, shouting slogans for social insurance and ex-servicemen playing the leading role.

Shortcomings.
There are many shortcomings and mistakes to be noted, chief among which are: Insufficient time for preparation, which was mainly due to the Milwaukee Section Committee, which was discussing the hunger march for many weeks with only two weeks of real preparation. The S.C. failed to call a broad united front conference in order to involve as many workers' organizations as possible and to set up a committee which was to carry on activities for the march. Not one mass organization was involved. An emergency conference was called, but it did not materialize. Not enough press releases to the workers press, and not sufficient numbers of Negro and women workers involved in the march. We failed to send out scouts weeks in advance to mobilize the workers behind the hunger march. Only few open air meetings were held and no local struggles created. We failed to visit the A.F.L. locals and to get them to endorse the hunger march. Not one unemployed branch organized.

The return of the marchers was disorderly. Meetings were not held to report to the workers as to the results of the hunger march, in various towns. Due to the failure of the delegation of 15, which was elected to present the demands to the legislature, to report to the hunger marchers as to the results of the delegation in the state capitol, the marchers did not know the answer of LaFollette to their demands.

The Superior Section Committee failed 100 per cent to co-operate with the Milwaukee comrades. They were notified a month in advance, about the march, yet it took them two weeks to answer our first letter. Under the excuse that there was not sufficient time to prepare, they sent five unemployed workers hitch-hiking to

Madison. The hitch-hikers expressed the idea that they did not know anything about leaving for Madison, till 24 hours previously.

All the mayors on the three lines of the march were notified that the hunger marchers would pass through their respective towns and that the men are demanding free food and housing and the right to hold street meetings. On the Superior Line, we had planned to go through Ashland, Merrill, Prentice, Phillips, Wausau, Stevens Point, Portage to Madison. The capitalist papers carried big headlines about the hunger march in these towns. Thousands of workers and farmers were waiting at the appointed time to greet the marchers. But the marchers failed to show up. Instead they were hitch-hiking or riding the freight on their way to Madison. The Superior Section failure to organize something of a semblance of a hunger march, shows that they grossly underestimated the importance of fighting for social insurance at this time. The Milwaukee section tried hard to co-operate with them. We sent them leaflets, plans, letters and two telegrams, but the Superior comrades did not even bother to answer us. They did not contribute one penny to the expenses of the hunger march.

This march proves that the masses are more than ready to fight for our demands, but that we are not sufficiently prepared to lead them. While we actually aroused thousands of workers throughout the country side, we failed to crystallize this sentiment into real organizational results. Perhaps it is not so much the misunderstanding of the comrades of the importance of getting organizational results, as is our inability to link up every phase of struggle of the jobless with the question of organization. The march also showed that our Section is still in agitational stage and it must realize that the workers are ripe for organization.

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Party Life

Conducted by the Org. Dept. Central Committee, Communist Party, U. S. A.

Into the Small Towns!

By M. P. (Albany, N. Y.)

A functionary from the "provinces" met a city functionary while in New York recently. They had been on the same unit bureau until a few months ago, when one was sent into a smaller city. Exchanging experiences, they learned that whereas the N.Y.C. unit was practically in the same place, the same number of members, etc., the functionary "from the provinces" could report about fifteen new Party members, a growth in International Labor Defense and other work, etc.

This is no particular exception, I believe. Many comrades feel that more forces should be released from New York and sent into the smaller centres. And there are lots of young, intelligent comrades in New York who are willing and eager to be sent. Why then, isn't this being done? We believe it is due mostly to inertia and misunderstanding, from both above and below.

The first obstacle, for example, seems to be the question of support. Yet, the writer's experiences in three or four smaller cities have convinced him, that where a functionary is alert and conscientious, he will find workers to feed and lodge him (or her), and make it possible to carry on.

Next comes the question of experience and ability. Yet this can be overcome in young comrades by frequent directives from the Center; by close application to the line of the Daily Worker and party literature. Above all those functionaries who maintain close contact with workers (not the petty bourgeois sympathizers) will be in little danger of major deviations.

Next comes the question of finding comrades willing to leave New York City for work outside. I am positive that dozens of good comrades can be had if the call is spread through the units and mass organizations. It might be necessary to explain away certain bogeys which New Yorkers have about working in the smaller cities (fear of isolation, boredom, reluctance to leave the distractions of N. Y.), but once they understand the fine, fresh enthusiasm which is encountered among the workers in the smaller centres, who are crying for organization, they will experience a new gratification in Party work, such as is seldom enjoyed in N. Y. and the largest cities.

Comment: This article is generally correct. We need forces outside of New York very badly, but the article leaves the impression that in New York nothing can be done, that there is no use to work here, let the comrade go out of town where splendid results can be achieved. This is absolutely incorrect. The work must be carried on everywhere. And if it is carried on with enthusiasm, not only the Albany unit will have results, but the New York units also. ...

The N. Y. District has already called on comrades to volunteer for out-of-town work, and some response has already been obtained.

PRE-CONVENTION DISCUSSION

YOUNG COMMUNIST LEAGUE, U. S. A.

Some Stumbling Blocks in Building Our League

By J. MARKS.

THE plan of work of our League brings the shortcomings of our activities in bold relief. Some of our stumbling blocks are:

(1) **INCONSISTENCY IN DOING WORK.** With the introduction of a new plan of work or new methods there is seen a bustle and a peppy response, but in the course of the plan or application of a new method there is a dying down that seriously hinders our work.

In Chicago, for instance, "storming" of shops was greeted with enthusiasm. Shock troops were set up. Daily schedules were worked out. Comrades were assigned to visit the shops, etc. Some contacts were gained, contacts with clubs around the shop were made. Work among unemployed shop workers gained some results, but then came the hitch—not only was this opening not used to go a step further to consolidate but the methods that got the preliminary results were slowly forgotten.

In unemployed work the same; we vigorously tackled unemployed branch work. We developed the method of working in neighborhood centers where youth are found (pool rooms, etc.) thru this method we brought youths to demonstrations in an organized body. We got youths in unemployed branches and formed Youth Committees in four places; the neighborhood work and mobilization methods were soon lost. On May 1, from all appearances we had forgotten this good method of reaching the youth. The Unemployed Branch Youth Committees existed for a while and they were lost to us. The same inconsistency in following up work can be noted for other fields (squad movement, point system), etc. The lack of control and check-up of the District Bureau is mainly responsible.

(2) **WE GET YOUTH—WHAT TO DO?** Our League as a remnant of the past "stewed in its own juice." We talked, "we must get into the shops, we must reach the unemployed youth, etc." When proper methods were used and we got contacts at shops, reached the unemployed and thus made our first break from complete isolation, we were at a loss how to utilize the youth we had organized. This applies particularly for our Young Liberator branches. Our League, formerly based entirely on propaganda had not dealt with youth previously and we were in a jungle of experiences. Sometimes the organizing of youth in the Trade Union Shop Committee, YL, etc., seemed an end in itself. We did not understand that the first consolidation of our work really was the start for real work. Therefore we recorded the fact that this or that was organized and we left it rest, instead of following up and giving our shop contacts, etc., a program for work, close attention and check-up.

Even worse than this first evil is the failure to consolidate results from our activities. This is evident in our shop work where contacts are gotten through storming and not organized in any form. In our campaigns we do not cash in, many times. This is sometimes due to so-called

"technical" and organizational reasons. Names of shop contacts are gotten and sometimes "responsible" comrades forget to visit them or lose the names. In some districts (this is true in Chicago) names are gotten of youth and because arrangements are not made to visit them or inform them of meetings many prospective members are lost to us. A small thing like giving one comrade in the District Center the responsibilities of arranging to inform contacts of meetings is overlooked.

(3) **FEW MEMBERS INVOLVED IN WORK AND FEW RANK AND FILERS.** We draw up plans basing ourselves on the full membership of our League. Only a small percentage are involved in carrying it out with the results that our plans are not completed. This situation must change. Our Squad Movement and point system were a means of making this change but were not carried out sufficiently. Then again how many units had unit plans or checked up regularly. In Chicago, for instance, we had results in unemployed work, but a half dozen comrades were involved. When some comrades got jobs or were forced to leave their unemployed work, we had a set-back. In shop work a few leading comrades were involved. When unusual situations arose and these comrades were forced to "loosen up" and the work had a set back.

In the LSU work in Chicago, for instance, there is another problem—the responsible comrades in the work unconsciously practice bureaucracy, that makes it tremendously hard to make real progress. A 20 man job cannot be done by 2 or 3 people. The cry is, "I'm the only one that can do the work, and other comrades are too raw." And that slogan is the monkey wrench in the League machinery. No faith is placed in new comrades and little effort is made to train people for work. These are only some of the problems that must be answered by our League. Our pre-convention discussion will disclose others. All must be solved if we are to move forward.

Uncover Starvation and Misery

The capitalist press, the agents of the ruling class, has been publishing less and less news about unemployment. It hides the starvation of the unemployed workers' families. We must constantly expose the miserable treatment of families of the unemployed by the city governments and charity institutions. We must uncover all cases of starvation, undernourishment, sickness. We must publish these cases in our press, in the Daily Worker, in Labor Unity, tell them at all workers' meetings. Unemployed Councils should publish bulletins to inform all workers of the starvation and misery of the unemployed.