

## HOOVER MESSAGE TO CONGRESS DEMANDS MORE SPIES

### Communist Exposes Secret Imperialist Deal Against U. S. S. R.

#### REPARATIONS DELEGATIONS PLOT NEW WAR

Schacht, Kuehlman, Rechberg and Lippe Participated

To Attack Soviet Union Powers Fix Financial, Military Details

(Wireless by Inprecorr.) BERLIN, June 6.—The Communist representative, Deputy Stoeker, speaking in the foreign affairs committee of the Reichstag, exposed in a searching and drastic manner certain events connected with the Paris reparations conference. He proved that the former minister of foreign affairs, Von Kuehlmann, the anti-Bolshevik big business man, Von Rechberg, and General Von Lippe held extra conferences behind the scenes in Paris with numerous responsible agents of the great powers of foreign imperialism, in order to establish a financial, political and military understanding against the Soviet Union.

Can't Deny It. Chancellor Mueller and the social democratic minister of finance, Hilferding, were present at the session but made no comment.

Stoeker also declared that the president of the Reichsbank, Schacht, the head of the German reparations delegation in Paris, was at these secret conferences against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. Mueller declared that Schacht's presence at such meetings was unknown to the government but was unable to give any positive guarantees that Schacht was not present.

#### 100 FURNITURE MEN ON STRIKE

Brooklyn Workers Are Fighting for Union

Over 100 workers employed by the Miller Parlor Frame Co., 340 Morgan Ave., Brooklyn, are now on strike to enforce union recognition and improved conditions.

The immediate cause of the walk-out was the increase of the work week from 44 to 49 hours. After a mass protest on the part of the workers, the hours were changed back to the original 44, but the bosses proceeded to cut wages on the basis of the earnings of five hours work.

The strike then followed, and the place is now being picketed regularly despite the fact that the boss's hired thugs are on hand to terrorize the workers.

The Miller Company was originally a member of the Furniture Manufacturers' Association, but left recently when dissension broke out among the members, and the organization disintegrated.

The strikers meet regularly at Clinton Hall, 151 Clinton St.

#### Leather Workers Mass Meet Demands General Strike Call

Administration Prepares for Betrayal by Calling In State "Mediator"

While rank and file sentiment in the Fancy Leather Workers' Union demanded the immediate calling of a general strike in the trade, A. I. Shiplacoff, manager of the union, let it be known at a crowded mass meeting held yesterday afternoon in Webster Manor, 11th St. and Third Ave., that he is welcoming Miss Frances Perkins, of the State Labor Department, to enter the situation as a "mediator." This individual is notorious for her strikebreaking activities.

So great was the enthusiasm of the membership for immediate action that the workers who turned out in response to the call for the

#### Morrow, Bishops on the Same Train to Mexico; Gil to Support Church

PALESTINE, Texas, June 6.—Dwight W. Morrow, U. S. ambassador to Mexico, arrived today in his private car attached to the St. Louis-San Antonio express, enroute to Mexico City. On the same train were Archbishop Ruiz Y. Flores and Bishop Diaz of Tobasco, who had boarded the "Sunshine Special" at St. Louis.

During the morning the churchmen had visited Morrow's private car, which will proceed to San Antonio and continue on to Mexico City Friday. The prelates however, were to journey to Mexico City without any stop-over.

Immediately after the Portes Gil government began to disarm peasants and shot the secretary of the National Peasants' League, it became known that Morrow had arranged for the return to power of the reactionary church in Mexico.

#### NATIONS LEAGUE STRIKES AT U. S. TO HELP BRITAIN

Labor Party Backs Its Native Imperialism

MADRID, June 6.—The League of Nations Council met in secret session here today to consider the minorities question.

It found the British labor party lining up completely with the Baldwin administration's imperialist policy of using the league as a weapon against the imperialism of the United States.

Step to War. This action of the League of Nations is interpreted here as an indication of the sharpening conflict between American and British imperialism.

Great Britain's capitalist government, smarting under the annoying competition of American ship owners who, aided by the U. S. government in the announced attempt to drive the British out of certain trade, and sore at the recent bulldozing of England and France by Morgan and Young in the Dawes plan conference, is using all its power to strike back.

There was a double effort under way to place responsibility for the present dissatisfaction of some 31,000,000 minority people of the United States.

Blame Wilson. The two efforts, specifically, are: 1.—The secret minorities' report prepared by the committee under Sir Austen Chamberlain, former British foreign secretary, who is at present at the meeting. This report stresses the responsibility of President Wilson at the Versailles peace conference. The present unsatisfactory situation is the result of his policy.

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#### Office Workers Union Plans Dance Wed.

As part of its organization drive, the Office Workers' Union is planning a roof garden dance at the Hecksher Foundation, Fifth Ave. and 104th St., next Wednesday evening, June 12, at 8:30 p. m.

The union has been carrying on an active agitation campaign during the past few months by means of a series of educational meetings and a large number of open air meetings throuout the city.

#### Tag Days for Children's Camps and Strike Aid Saturday and Sunday

The Children's Section of the Workers International Relief which is building working class Young Pioneer camps for workers' children throughout the country this summer is running tag days this Saturday and Sunday, June 8 and 9. The receipts of this tag day are for relief for the Southern strikers and for the camps.

All workers' children must go out on these tag days and collect money! The establishment of our camps will help us win our children away from the bosses Boy Scout camps. Every workers' child out with a box on tag day!

The W. I. R. office at 799 Broadway will be open all day Saturday and Sunday. We call upon all workers to mobilize their children for these tag days.

Long Live the Revolutionary Struggle of the Oppressed Colonial Peoples!

#### GREEN'S AGENT BOASTS HE WILL BETRAY STRIKE

Offers to Sell Out the 2,000 Ware Shoals Textile Strikers

Flour Sack Underwear Gastonia Militants Are Ragged But Active

(Special to the Daily Worker) GREENVILLE, S. C., June 6.—George L. Cooge, personal representative of William Green, president of the A. F. of L., stated yesterday that he expected to be able to call off the strike of 2,000 workers at the Ware Shoals textile mill here. He said that he could persuade the strikers to go back without getting any higher wages or better conditions, although they are speeded and work long hours. In return he wants the company not to discriminate against the United Textile Workers Union, and take back two of its discharged members.

#### TAMMANY SLAPS TENANTS; TAKES NO RENT ACTION

Harlem League Wages Fight; Meets Monday

The widely-advertised plan of Mayor Walker to aid tenants who are being threatened with rent raises or eviction yesterday collapsed without causing the faithful henchmen of Tammany Hall to bat an eyelash. A meeting of the Board of Estimate, which was supposed to consider his "plan" for extending the emergency rent laws that expired May 31, was adjourned by the mayor until September without considering the question of rents at all.

Refuse Floor to Tenants. Not only did the mayor forget entirely about the famous "plan," but when a delegation of tenants, under the leadership of the Harlem Tenants League, demanded the floor, they were promptly refused.

Meanwhile hundreds of Harlem tenants are threatened with rent raises on July 1. "Pay or get out!" is the slogan of the landlords, who are being actively aided by politicians of all three capitalist parties posing as "friends" of the tenants.

#### WARDER WANTS \$4,000 PENSION

Rifler of the City Trust Asks Reward

After utilizing his position as superintendent of the state banking department to rifle the funds of poor Italian depositors in the defunct City Trust Company to the extent of thousands of dollars, it was revealed yesterday that Frank H. Warder had applied, prior to the City Trust collapse, to the State Pension Fund for a modest pension of \$4,000 for life. Normally his term would have expired July 1. He resigned shortly after the death of his close friend, Francesco Ferrari, brought about the crash of the bank and allied institutions and surrounded him with a complicated network of incriminating evidence.

While the application for the pension is being considered, it is reported that Assistant Attorney General Robert S. Conklin is studying (Continued on Page Two)

#### Needle Union Wins Important Victory on Eve of Fur Strike

Furriers to Mobilize All Labor in Defense of Right to Picket

"Whalen's police cannot make fur garments!" This was the comment last night by the Joint Board of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union to the announcement by Tammany Police Commissioner Whalen that he had detailed 500 extra police for duty in the garment district on the eve of the general strike of the fur workers. These will be used to club and terrorize the strikers back to the shops.

At the same time the Joint Board challenged the fur manufacturers and their company union, the "Joint Council" to proceed with an investigation into gangsterism in the fur strike, following reports that Stet-sky, head of the company union, had approached Samuel Untermyer, corporation lawyer, with such a request.

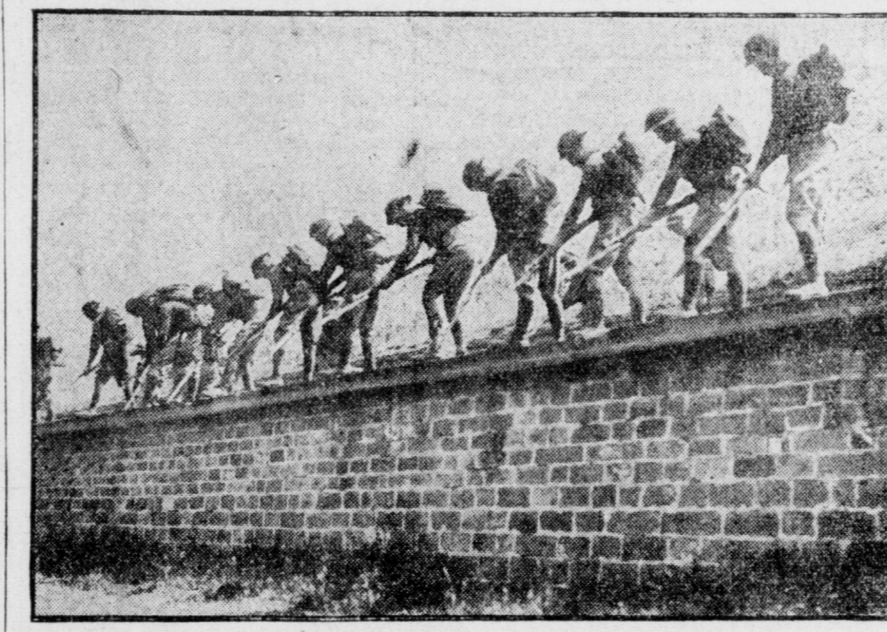
"Concerning Police Commissioner Whalen's extraordinary police preparations," the Joint Board statement said, "we declare that despite all assurances of police 'neutrality,' we are nevertheless aware of the fact that the employers and their company union are planning to use and are already using these police preparations as a means for intimidating and terrorizing the workers who contemplate responding to the strike call. The Joint Board is prepared to arouse the entire labor movement and its sympathizers

against gangsterism, police brutality and police interference with the rights of workers." Declaring that the fur manufacturers and their slunk company union fear an exposure of their activities in hiring professional thugs, gangsters and slugs, the Joint Board declares that they will never dare submit to a genuine investigation, for this would reveal unmistakably their hiring of these underworld characters to murderously assault workers and their representatives. As proof of this it points to the brutal and murderous attack in 1927 of Aaron Gross, of the Industrial Union.

Expose Hypocrisy. By prating of investigations and other pious gestures, it is declared, the scab Joint Council seeks to conceal its mobilization of the underworld against the furriers.

At the same time militant furriers in the market discussed contemptuously the announcement that Untermyer was being asked to make an "impartial" investigation. They pointed out that it is not surprising for Stet-sky, Woll and the other misleaders to be clinking glasses with this wealthy corporation lawyer who has served the bosses well for many years. Several of them characterized the latest move as a cloak to shield the murderous, (Continued on Page Five)

#### Maneuvers Mean that Imperialist War is Coming



These maneuvers at Governor's Island in which Wall St.'s military forces will re-enact a world war battle, are part of an extensive series being carried on by the Wall Street military forces to stir up interest in the military services, and thus trap workers into joining the military forces to be used as cannon fodder in the coming imperialist war.

#### JAIL 4 BOSTON SHOE STRIKERS FOR 'CONTEMPT'

Drive for Relief to Be Held Sunday

BOSTON, Mass., June 6.—For violation of the injunction in the Boston shoe strike, Judge Louis Cox, in the equity session of the Superior Court here yesterday adjudged 12 strikers in contempt of court and sentenced three of them, Michael Salaggio, Charles Churman and John Slattery, to jail for 20 days each and one of them, Louis Cortino, to jail for 10 days.

The cases of six of the strikers were continued, and orders for arrest were issued against two strikers who failed to appear for sentence.

Despite these repeated arrests, the strike of the 10,000 shoe workers here is continuing and picketing demonstrations are held daily. The capitalist press here is continuing its conspiracy of silence in an effort to break the spirit of the men.

The Workers International Relief, which sometime ago established a (Continued on Page Two)

#### IRON STRIKERS TO PICKET TODAY

Workers Mourn Death of Striker

A mass picketing demonstration of the striking architectural iron and bronze workers will be held at six o'clock this morning before the Madison Iron Workers, Tiffany St. and Randall Ave., Bronx, leaders of the strike announced last night.

Today is the beginning of the fourth week of the walkout and the ranks of the strikers are as firm as they were on the day of the walk-out. In spite of continued arrests and police brutality, picketing continues regularly.

George Zaretsky, a striker, was arrested yesterday and fined \$5 in 121st St. Court for picketing the Derles Iron Works, on 131st St.

Strikers yesterday mourned the death of Alexander Simon, a striker and active member of the union. Simon was in his early forties and the speed-up conditions under which he was forced to work is held responsible for his untimely death.

#### STRIKE OAKLAND FISHER BODY CO.

Walk Out Protesting Wage Cut; Join Union

(Special to the Daily Worker) OAKLAND, Cal., June 6.—Two hundred and fifty men in the Fisher Body Co. plant in Oakland walked out today against a wage cut of 30 to 50 per cent, coupled with an order from the employers that the work should be speeded and more production obtained with less men.

Pickets are defying the anti-picketing law here. There have been three arrests. One picket was (Continued on Page Two)

#### Labor Defense Tag Day for Shifrin and Mineola Cases This Week-end

Tag days will be held on June 15 and 16, Saturday and Sunday, in New York City, by the International Labor Defense, in order to collect funds for the defense of the Shifrin and Mineola cases. Shifrin now faces a term of 20 years because he defended himself against the attack of six gangsters hired and paid by the right wing Butchers Union officials, because of his left wing activities. Two out of the nine Mineola defendants are now serving sentences of five years and the seven others are in danger of going to prison for like terms.

There will be ten stations in the tag days, as follows: Bronx Co-operative, 2700 Bronx Park E.; Bronx Workers Club, 1472 Boston Road; Unity Co-operative, 1800 Seventh Ave.; Non-Partisan School, 143 E. 103rd St.; Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square; Williamsburg, 56 Manhattan Ave.; Boro Park Workers Club, 43rd St.; Bath Beach, 154 Watkins Ave.; Brownsville, Coney Island, 2901 Mermaid Ave.

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#### Communist Party Ousts Opportunists in Prague

(Wireless by Inprecorr.) PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, June 6.—A full meeting of the central committee of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia has expelled Bolen, Housen, Jilek, Muna, Neurath, Skalek and Touzel on account of their opportunism and because of their struggle against the Communist Party.

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## ADMINISTRATION SMASHES AMENDMENT EXPOSING THE NEGRO DISFRANCHISEMENT

President Orders Congress to Aid Frame-up Experts by Sending Committee to Advise

"Law Enforcement Commission" Meets With Mellon; Hoover Asks More Centralization

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Two of the most despotic aspects of the Hoover program of centralization, imperialism, and arbitrary rule of big business were developed today.

Under direct pressure of the administration leaders the house reversed itself on the Tinkham census bill amendment passed day before yesterday to cut down representation from states which prevent Negroes from voting. The leader of the Hoover majority, Tilson, himself introduced another amendment to take out the whole section relating to Negro disfranchisement and aliens, and permit states to send representation based on total population, no matter how many aliens are included, or how many Negroes are deprived of a vote in violation of the constitution.

After this Tilson proposition was voted through, the house passed the whole census bill by 272 to 105. Hoover Message.

A message from Hoover was read in Congress calling on that body to involve itself with his "Law Enforcement Commission" in the concentration and centralization of the prohibition service under a single head, responsible directly to Hoover. Part of his message demanded that Congress enlarge the army of spies and special officers, also the navy of armed cutters, at the better disposal of Hoover under the proposed arrangement, and stated the purpose of this new armed force to be "unification and strengthening of our border patrols both in connection with prohibition and illegal entry of aliens."

The house had adjourned yesterday because of the noisy demonstration of southern representatives against the Tinkham amendment. Everybody (Continued on Page Two)

French Aristocrat Is Caught; Bought Wine for Bootlegging Ring

Considerable flurry has been created in fashionable circles and in and around the French embassy in Washington, it is said, by the arrest at the very ritzy Savoy-Plaza Hotel here of Count Francis de Marnes de Polignac, descendant of a long line of aristocrats. The count was drawing good wages at a task congenial to him. He is charged with being the taster and buyer for a ring of bootleggers which has smuggled millions of dollars worth of liquor—with police protection, of course. Their operations finally became so notorious that the government had to intervene. Thirty-two others were arrested, and charged with belonging to the ring.

Howard Opens Market. WASHINGTON, June 6.—Sir Esme Howard, ambassador from Great Britain, has not done much but open up a new field for bootleggers, say the ordinary politicians here, when he gives up his peculiar diplomatic right of importing liquor. None of the other embassies seem to be inclined to follow his lead.

(Continued on Page Two)

#### Expose Pious Port Chester Priest as Tool of Mussolini

Anti-Fascist Alliance Nails Lies of Boss Sheet; Leaflet Makes Reactionaries Froth

PORT CHESTER, N. Y., June 6.—While local city officials, police, capitalists and reactionaries of every stripe are still frothing at the mouth over the distribution last Monday evening among the local Italian working class population of a circular of the Anti-Fascist Alliance of North America, the Alliance has already taken steps to expose the true face of certain individuals who are hiding behind the cloak of "impartiality" in regard to fascism.

In a letter to the editor of the Port Chester Daily Item, which has made itself the spokesman of the local reactionaries, the Anti-Fascist Alliance serves up a dish compound of so many hot facts that it will probably be too strong for the editor to stomach—or publish.

Fascists Attacked Worker. The leaflet distributed Monday, entitled "Down with Fascism!" calls on the workers to protest against the arrest in Port Chester on May 5 of Salvatore Arditi, an anti-fascist worker of Mamaroneck, N. Y. Arditi was attacked by four fascists while walking in the street here. It was only by driving off his assailants at the point of a gun that he was able to save himself. Arditi, though he had a permit for the gun, was immediately arrested, while the four fascists who attacked him were let free. The leaflet also exposed (Continued on Page Two)

Local Aided Strikers. Although the immediate cause of this step is the strikebreaking activities of the A. F. of L. officialdom against the courageous struggle of the cafeteria workers, a long period of disgust with the corrupt and anti-union policies of the A. F. of L. determined the action on Wednesday night.

Because Local 719 had taken the lead in aiding the fight of the cafeteria strikers, had given moral and financial assistance to them, and had joined with them in the picket demonstrations, three delegates of the local at the New York Joint Board were recently expelled. Another reason for their expulsion is found in the fact that the gang in the Joint Board, led by the reactionary Lehman of Waiters Local 1 feared too many details of the secret strikebreaking schemes that were being hatched at the meetings of the board.

Lehman himself is now under a cloud, charges having been made at a recent meeting of Waiters Local 1 that he received a bribe of \$1,200 from a Bronx restaurant owner for using his "influence" to prevent a strike in the place.

A delegation from the Amalgamated Food Workers had been in (Continued on Page Two)



### GREEN'S AGENT BOASTS HE WILL BETRAY STRIKE

#### Boasts He Can Betray Ware Shoals Strike

(Continued from Page One)

Relief, effective measures to overcome the terror of evictions, on which the employers have relied for great results.

The Gastonia tent colony, organized as a commune, with its own administration, and its armed guards to prevent the mill owners' agents from making a sudden masked mob raid on the headquarters of the union, or from poisoning the water supply, is a source of inspiration and the pride of innumerable awakening workers of the Carolina textile region.

#### Organize New Locals.

From Gastonia, organizers of the union and committees representing the W. I. R. go out to all surrounding towns forming groups of workers which will soon be locals of the National Textile Workers Union. Some locals have been organized already, the test was in Cranmerston, Sunday.

The employers in all surrounding towns are desperately afraid of the this new union movement and are trying to stop it by discharging unionists.

The strikers are all asking for the flour sacks from which the Workers International Relief distributes flour. They used the sacks to make underwear for the children. The clothing of the strikers is very ragged. Many still wear their winter underwear in spite of the heat because they have no summer underwear.

#### Patent Dope vs Union.

The Manville-Jencks Co. has given the corner of West Franklin and Loray Sts. to another medicine show. They hope that the strikers will be drawn to the medicine fakes instead of the union meetings. Several weeks ago the mill men loaned their lot to a medicine show for the same purpose, but they were not successful, as the workers ignored it and attended the union meetings.

#### Farmers Sympathetic.

A committee consisting of Amy Schechter, Jesse Franks and Bertha Westwood have gone on a trip to Kernapolis and Mooresville to organize Workers International Relief branches. They will arrange meetings that will be held in those two mill towns very soon.

Most of the farmers in the nearby territory plant only cotton, and while they are very sympathetic to the strikers are unable to contribute any food to the Workers International Relief. The bulk of the support for the strikers must come from the working class throughout the country. All donations should be rushed to the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, New York City.

#### Sell Soda for Strike.

To help raise funds for relief, a group of Loray mill strikers sell soda in the surrounding country every day. The profits are turned over to the Workers International Relief to be used to purchase food.

The Workers International Relief office, which is now established in a tent, is open every day from 9 in the morning until 9 o'clock at night. From 9 a. m. until 1 a. m. Robert Allen, secretary of the W. I. R. Committee, is at the desk which was built by the strikers, where he takes up all questions of relief. From 1 p. m. until 5:30 p. m., Bertha Crawford, chairman of the W. I. R., is on duty. B. Keaton, W. I. R. store manager, takes over the desk at 5:30 p. m. and is on duty until 9 p. m.

#### Strikers Plant Flowers.

The W. I. R. Committee is improving the spring that furnishes water to the colony. An 18-inch terra cotta pipe is being installed to increase the amount of water that can be obtained.

The strikers eat outside of the tents. The weather is very hot and there is very little shade. However, due to the crowded condition of the tents, they are compelled to eat outdoors. Flower pots have been placed outside of many of the tents to give the colony a more homelike impression. A chicken coop has also been built, old sacks being used for an enclosure.

### JAIL 4 BOSTON SHOE STRIKERS

(Continued from Page One)

food kitchen here, is providing relief for a large number of the strikers and their families. A house-to-house collection is planned here Sunday in order to raise funds to extend relief to the strikers and their families. Volunteers are urged to report Sunday at 10 o'clock at the following stations: Morton Hall, Dorchester; New International Hall, Roxbury, and at 5 Lowell St., Boston.

#### Relief Is Urgent.

The need for relief is most urgent at this time, said a statement issued by Rebecca Grecht, field representative of the W. I. R. "Immediate relief may decide which way the strike will go," the statement said, "and all workers who want the shoe strikers' fight to be a victory should aid the collection on Sunday."

### Ensuring Cannon Fodder for Wall St. Wars



To strengthen the pro-imperialist propaganda injected into the youth under the guise of "Boy Scout Week" in the Bronx, two scouts were taken into the Borough offices where they were kidded into "ruling the Bronx for a day." Picture on the right shows District Attorney McGeehan, who tried to send Grecco and Carrillo to the chair and who caused the death of the tailor whom he accused of using a slug instead of a nickel on the I. R. T., loyal promoter of Boy Scout weeks and other means of ensuring the supply of future defenders of Wall Street, showing a scout how the office is run. It is now reported that he explained the real work in organizing graft for Tammany leaders for which the office is headquarter. The workers must build the Young Pioneers against these imperialists.

### ELIZABETHTON TO GET STRIKE CALL

#### Leaflets Exposing Sell Out Being Reprinted

ELIZABETHTON, Tenn., June 6.—The arrested National Textile Workers' Union organizers here are making rapid progress with their plans to reprint with additions the leaflet exposing the sell-out of the strike by the United Textile Workers, and calling a mass meeting to "Renew the Strike" and "Smash the Blacklist."

These leaflets were stolen by federal officers led to the boarding house of William F. Dunne, and John Harvey, organizers of the N. T. W. U.

#### Adding to Blacklist.

While the National Textile Workers' Union organizers were held under arrest, for four hours the federal officers and Kelley searched their rooms for names and addresses of Elizabethton workers, evidently seeking for additions to the already extensive mill company and United Textile Worker blacklist. They found no names.

The deputies tried to pass Kelley off as "a government man," but he was immediately recognized by Dewey Martin, a Gastonia striker, and by Dunne and Fred Reid.

#### U. T. W. Started Raid.

"Kelley's presence proved conclusively," said Dunne, tonight, that the raid was instigated by him and other U. T. W. officials.

"The purpose of the raid was clearly to prevent the distribution of the leaflet exposing the sell-out by the U. T. W. officials and calling upon the workers to renew the struggle against the blacklist and starvation wages.

"Preparations are being made to reprint the leaflet with up-to-date additions and distribute it. More workers are being blacklisted and denied work every day. Disgust with the United Textile Workers is increasing daily, as the workers see more clearly the trap they have been led into."

#### Take W.I.R. Leaflets.

The city and county forces have been mobilized to prevent the National Textile Workers' Union literature from reaching the workers. All highways leading into the mill districts are patrolled.

John Harvey was stopped on the road recently, searched and 500 Workers' International Relief leaflets taken from him.

While the deputies had Dunne in custody, the landlady of the boarding house he lived in sent a telegram for him to the office of the International Labor Defense, announcing his arrest.

When the Elizabethton deputy found this out, he tried to have the message held in the Western Union office in Johnson City. He was too late, and then tried by threats to force Dunne and Harvey to sign another message saying they were not arrested. They refused to send any such message.

#### Calls All Picketing "Crime."

Chancellor S. F. Miller, before whom the 52 rayon strikers were tried for violation of the injunction granted in a previous strike has sentenced three to ten days in jail and \$50 fine (the limit) and fined 42 others for amounts ranging from \$10 to \$25. Seven were dismissed for lack of evidence.

Miller, in a 36 page "opinion" attempts to set a precedent in injunction cases that can be used in every strike in every industry in the country. He describes all forms of picketing as essentially illegal and criminal; he tries to cite constitutional authority for use of the state troops by the mill companies in their fight to break the strike of the workers.

"There can be no such thing as peaceful picketing," the judge said. "No more than there can be chaste vulgarity, peaceful mobbing or lawful lynching. To constitute intimidation it is not necessary that there should be any direct threat, still less any violence."

### Labor Defense Rallies to Support of Arrested in Carolina, Tennessee

The International Labor Defense received a letter from Tom Jimison, attorney for the I. L. D. in the Gastonia strike situation, that the bail fund is now exhausted. The strike activity has been increased, with the calling out of the Dixon Mill on strike, and the picketing lines have increased. A number of arrests have occurred, including the arrest of Ruby McMahon and a number of others of the strike committee. The National Textile Workers Union, which is conducting the strike has intensified its activities in mill towns surrounding Gastonia and other strikes may be expected in the immediate future.

#### Man to Tenn.

The I. L. D. must immediately send a representative to Tennessee as violence and police terror are momentarily expected. With the entrance of the N. T. W. U. into Elizabethton, the I. L. D. is also entering the situation there and will establish permanent organizations in the Tennessee textile field. Already locals of the I. L. D. have been established in Gastonia, Bessemer City, Lexington and Charlotte.

Funds are urgently necessary at once in order to re-establish the bail fund in Gastonia and in order to pay defense expenses and to strengthen organization in North Carolina and to send a representative to Tennessee. The National Office of the I. L. D. urges all workers and sympathizers to immediately send funds to 89 E. 11th St., New York.

### STRIKE OAKLAND FISHER BODY CO.

#### Walk Out Protesting Wage Cut; Join Union

(Continued from Page One)

leaten up by a stool-pigeon, aided by police.

#### Join the Union.

A mass meeting has been called to protest the action of the police and expose the workings of the anti-picketing law, also to show up the conditions inside the plant. More men are coming out tomorrow. All the strikers are joining the United Automobile, Aircraft and Vehicle Workers of America, the union leading the strike. Clarence Tohey, organizer of Local 17 of the U. A. A. and V. W., stated today it has been organizing for a year in this plant.

Organization of the women of the strikers' families, relief committees and a local defense committee has already been started.

#### AUTO WORKERS TO SWEAT MORE PROFITS.

DETROIT, June 6.—Record smashing May production figures show no evidence of slackening output in the automobile industry, and though some seasonal recession will doubtless occur in June, automobile manufacturers in view of their extensive application of rationalization measures, this week believed the decline will start from such a lofty level that the first half of the year will far eclipse any previous six months.

### EXPOSE PRIEST AS FASCIST TOOL

#### Anti-Fascists Nail Lies of Boss Sheet

(Continued on Page Two)

The Don Bosco Communist Center in Port Chester, directed by Rev. John Focacci, which, it declared, "is nothing but an institution of fascist propaganda under the pretense of teaching the Italian language to children of Italian immigrants."

The day after the distribution of the leaflet, on Tuesday, the Port Chester Daily Item carried a story attacking the leaflet and giving statements by Police Sergeant Bucchi, denying that the police are co-operating with the fascists, and by Rev. Focacci, in which he piously disclaims any connection between himself and his Don Bosco Center with fascist propaganda.

#### Nails Lie.

The letter of the Anti-Fascist Alliance to the editor of the Daily Item reveals the fact that on Oct. 29, 1927, the Daily Item carried a news story under the headline: "Italian Fascists Celebrate March on Rome," featuring Rev. John Focacci as the official speaker at the celebration. Another speaker was Leonardo Altierzo, one of the four fascists who attacked Arditi. Thus the Anti-Fascist Alliance exposes the lies of the Item and completes the link between Mussolini's fascist thugs, the Catholic Church, the police and the capitalist press.

In addition to publishing its lying news story on Tuesday, the Port Chester Daily Item yesterday published a wild editorial attack on the distributors of the leaflet and the Anti-Fascist Alliance. The editorial threatens violence to all these attempting to enlighten the mercifully exploited Italian workers of this town and indulges in a bit of cheap anti-Semitism as follows: "They (the Italian workers) have gotten along splendidly without the leadership of cheap, soft-bodied, addle-brained, proletarian demagogues from New York's ghetto."

### WARDER WANTS \$4,000 PENSION

(Continued from Page One)

state bonding law with a view to finding out if Warder's bond of \$50,000, paid presumably to protect monies that may have come into his custody as state banking superintendent, may be paid. Such an action would, however, create a precedent.

In the organization of the graft for which Warder and Ferrari were mainly responsible, New York fascist organizations, the editor and millionaire publisher of the fascist newspaper, "Il Progresso," and prominent Tammany leaders, including Judge Francis X. Mancuso, had profited.

The testimony of Mancuso and Anthony Di Paola, treasurer and director of the City Trust, conflicted violently at the last public hearings. Di Paola stated under oath that Mancuso, in his capacity as director of the bank, was aware of disciplinary letters sent by the banking department to the City Trust and loans of \$100,000 submitted to the board for approval. The Tammany judge swore that both statements were untrue.

### HOOVER DEMANDS CONGRESS BUILD HUGE SPY ARMIES

#### House Kills Bill That Might Aid Negro

(Continued from Page One)

knows that Tinkham had introduced his amendment without any idea of getting it passed, but merely to pose as a friend of the Negro, to notify southern states to be on guard and remember not to try to cut northern representation by such bills as the Hoch amendment, also passed the day before yesterday. The Hoch amendment reduced congressmen from states in proportion to the number of naturalized foreign-born within their limits.

The vote today for the Tinkham-Hoch amendments was 212 to 102. The regular Hoover majority was augmented by southern democrats opposed to the Negro, and Tammany democrats opposed to the alien amendments.

Previous to the vote, and during scenes of disorder, in which speakers were howled down, both Hoch and Tinkham accused Tison of using strong-arm methods to override the will of the house.

#### Move to Concur.

After President Hoover's message on the necessity for congress to co-operate with the cabinet and his board of frame-up experts was read, a motion was made in the senate by Jones of Washington, the author of the "five and ten" law, to appoint a committee as proposed in the message.

Hoover's message specifically stated that the congressional committee would co-operate with the "Law Enforcement Commission" and that he would designate a committee from the cabinet to also sit with them. He stated that he expected the joint meetings to recommend legislation to centralize and strengthen the "dry" army and navy and the frame-up machinery that goes with it. He did not say that this centralized and enlarged secret service, army and navy could be used to break strikes, imprison labor leaders and as an auxiliary to the regular army and navy in the coming war, but everybody knows that already.

#### Meet With Mellon.

At the time Hoover's message was being read the "Law Enforcement Commission" was meeting in secret with Andrew Mellon, secretary of the treasury and reputed owner of the biggest distillery interests in America. Mellon is reported to have described to the committee the repressive agents of his department and how they work. It is taken for granted that all at the meeting were more concerned with the possibility of utilizing these weapons to maintain profits for big business and trying to block the strike wave than is actually enforcing prohibition.

The commission announced its interview with Mellon was the beginning of other conferences with various government officials concerned with law enforcement.

Chairman Wickham declined to comment on the demand of Senator Hawes, of Missouri, that the commission hold open sessions. The meeting today was attended only by members of the body and Secretary Mellon.

#### Try for Vacation.

During these events there was no change in the farm relief and tariff situation, and arrangements for an early recess were going forward.

The house steering committee had before it a proposal for the house to recess from June 15 to Oct. 15. It was understood if this was agreed upon the senate would recess until about Sept. 1.

Action on the proposal will be taken after the house disposes of the conference report on the farm relief bill.

### Bank Swindler Unhappy While Hearing Evidence of His Graft



Ex-State Banking Superintendent Frank H. Warder, listening in at the Moreland probe, which is daily collecting more evidence on his corrupt relations with the late Francesco M. Ferrari, president of the defunct City Trust, is trying hard to escape awkward consequences of his part in the swindle, profits from which went to Tammany leaders and local fascist organizations. He still stands a good chance to escape through the friendly pull of Tammany friends who had tasted the huge profits.

### LOCAL 719 DENOUNCES A. F. OF L.; AFFILIATE WITH AMALGAMATED

(Continued from Page One)

his experiences with the strike-breaking A. F. of L. in numerous cities throughout the country.

A series of motions were then proposed and unanimously passed. Before they were put, however, Annis resigned as an official of the local.

The motions follow: (1) That Local 719 Cooks and Broilers abandon the A. F. of L., because of the latter's "conscious sabotage, unprincipled expulsions, for their strike-breaking activities and labor betrayals"; (2) That Local 719 go on record as accepting the policy of the Trade Union Educational League of forming one big industrial union in the food industry, and that therefore, that the local join the Amalgamated Food Workers Union.

Commenting on the action of Local 719, Annis, the former organizer, said: "We must unite our forces in one great industrial union in order adequately to meet the forces of the bosses. We must prepare for an active campaign of organization and be inspired by the great fight of the cafeteria workers. The A. F. of L. stands for collaboration with the bosses, graft, underhand dealings, for the benefit of a few officials. We, on the other hand, in affiliating with the Amalgamated Food Workers are entering on the path of militancy and working class solidarity."

Harry Annis followed Christman. He explained the machinery of the A. F. of L., told of his experiences with the fakers at the Central Trades and Labor Council, of the strikebreaking activities of the Joint Board; how the time is taken up with jurisdictional disputes and fights about the distribution of graft.

"The organization of the unorganized food workers," Annis declared, "they do not consider their job." He exposed the corrupt machinery of the A. F. of L. and concluded with this stirring plea to the members:

"Will you, as militant workers, who support the strike of the cafeteria workers, who join them on the picket lines, get clubbed and arrested—will you continue to be allied with this anti-union gang? We should tonight take a definite stand on this question!"

A long discussion followed in which worker after worker told of

### SACCO-VANZETTI PICKETS TO FACE TRIAL ON JUNE 10

#### ILD Defends Pittsburg Miners

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 6.—The well-known Cheswick cases are scheduled for trial Monday, June 10, at the Common Pleas Court in Pittsburgh. There are ten defendants involved in this case, mostly miners, who are charged with "rioting, inciting to riot, resisting an officer and unlawful assembly."

The case is the result of a riot created by the state police at a Sacco-Vanzetti mass demonstration on a farm in Cheswick, Pa., on August 22nd, 1927. Hundreds of men, women and children were brutally clubbed and trampled down by mounted police after the meeting was dispersed with tear gas bombs. Twenty-one miners were placed under arrest and kept in jail for several days.

Several of the men were discharged due to the efforts of the International Labor Defense. Ten cases are still pending and will be tried next Monday. Attorney Henry Ellenbogen of the International Labor Defense will represent the defendants.

All the defendants and witnesses for the defense are urged by the local I. L. D. to call at Attorney Ellenbogen's office, room 609, Plaza Building, Pittsburgh, Saturday, June 8, noon time.

The case will require a large sum of money to meet the expenses, and the I. L. D. urges workers and friends who have received contribution lists from the Pittsburgh office to return these lists with the money collected without delay.

### NATIONS LEAGUE STRIKES AT U. S.

#### British Labor Party Upholds Chamberlain

(Continued from Page One)

tory system is an outcome of Wilson's attitude, says Chamberlain, Promises Break.

2.—Various delegations of states which have signed the minority treaties insist they only accepted as a consequence of Wilson's promise that territorial integrity would be guaranteed. Since this promise has not been kept they declare they cannot accept further obligations, and insist that further recognition of minority rights will endanger peace from within the states and inevitably plunge Europe into a new war.

The British delegation denied reports that the new labor government had instructed its representatives to make reservations to the minority report.

The working class cannot simply lay hold of the ready-made state machinery, and wield it for its own purpose... This new Commune (Paris Commune) breaks the modern state power.—Marx.

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# MacDonald Bargain With Liberals to Not Repeal Baldwin's Anti-Trade Union Law

## CHURCH-FASCIST ALLIANCE READY FOR THE SIGNING

### For Mutual Protection Against Workers

ROME, June 6.—The pact between the Catholic Church and the Italian fascist government for mutual protection against the Italian workers and peasants will be completed today at 11 a. m. when the so-called "Lateran treaties" are signed.

Since the original announcement of this pact the road of unity for these reactionaries has been a rocky one.

At one time this evening it appeared certain that some further development in the controversy between Pope Pius XI and Premier Mussolini would be forthcoming.

The Vatican decided to delay final action on the treaties until the government had been given an opportunity to reply to the Pope's letter, published yesterday, taking issue with Mussolini in regard to application of the agreement.

Mussolini held his fascist underdogs under control so that open conflict was avoided.

## TAMMANY TAKES NO RENT ACTION

### Harlem Tenants Body to Meet Monday

(Continued from Page One)

Assemblyman Charles McGillick, democrat, of Harlem; Assemblymen Louis A. Cuvillierand, Grental, republicans, and the Rev. Norman Thomas, chief plaster saint of the yellow socialist party, have been clamoring for the honor of chief peddlers of fake nostrums to the working class tenants of Harlem.

Plan Rent Strikes.

The only organization actually fighting for the interests of the tenants is the Harlem Tenants League, 235 W. 129th St., which is being aided by the Communist Party.

The Harlem Tenants League is, however, placing no faith in what capitalist legislatures, controlled and collaborating with the landlords, will do.

The League is beginning to organize rent strike committees in various localities which will mobilize all working class tenants, both Negro and white, to refuse to pay rent on July 1 unless the landlords take a fair rent based on what was charged in the same houses ten years ago.

## Still Time to Get Tickets for "Freiheit" Trip Today

There will be a big demonstration in the vicinity of Pier A at Battery Park between 12 noon and 2 p. m. tomorrow. The masses of workers assembled will be expressing their solidarity with the Freiheit, Yiddish Communist daily, by thronging the "Claremont" and "Ontora," two boats especially chartered on the occasion of the annual Freiheit excursion to Atlantic Beach, N. J.

Those workers who remembered the crowded pleasures of the outing last year will be among the early arrivals at the pier, to which

New York workers, immediately they are released from the shops and factories, will rush to insure that they don't get forced aside by the masses besieging the boats.

The pleasures of the stay at the beach will be enhanced by the attractions of the sea trip along one of the most scenic highways of the continent.

All arrangements have been completed by the committee in charge. All that has to be done now—before it is too late—is to get tickets at the Freiheit office, 30 Union Square.

## You Owe It to Your Class to Read

### But—What to Read?

Here is a list of inexpensive literature that will make you more fit to carry on the revolutionary struggle.

- Marxism—Lenin .....10c
- Revolutionary Lessons—Lenin .....25c
- Heading for War—T. Bell.....10c
- Ten Years of the Communist International 10c
- Communism and the International Situation .....15c
- Reminiscences of Lenin—Zetkin.....35c
- Paris on the Barricades.....25c
- Communist Manifesto (new edition).....10c
- Wage, Labor and Capital.....10c
- Organization of a World Party.....35c

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## Washington Makes Bargain with French in Film Controversy

WASHINGTON, June 6.—American film producers will withdraw from the French market if France adopts a proposed policy requiring the United States to buy one French film for each four American films sent there, Assistant Secretary of Commerce Klein said today.

Klein said he had been informed by Col. F. L. Herron, export manager of the American Motion Picture Producers and Distributors' Association, that this action will follow promulgation by the French government of the one to four ruling.

## HONOR MATEOTTI AT SUNDAY MEET

### To Denounce Fascism at Webster Hall

The fifth anniversary of the murder of Giacomo Matteotti, socialist deputy in the Italian Chamber of Deputies, assassinated by orders of Benito Mussolini for his opposition to fascism, will be commemorated by the Anti-Fascist Alliance of North America at the New Webster Manor at 2 p. m. Sunday.

"In commemorating the death of Matteotti the anti-fascist workers this year have to choose between two meetings held on the same day," a statement of the Alliance calling for mass attendance at the meeting declares.

The first meeting at the New Webster Manor is called by the Anti-Fascist Alliance, a united front organization of revolutionary workers, left wing unions and fraternal groups, which, from the very inception of fascism, fought it and defined it as an instrument used by the capitalist class in its war against revolutionary workers.

"The other meeting is held by the socialist party, in conjunction with the Italian republican party, an outfit which appealed to the Italian king to 'overthrow fascism' while thousands of Italian workers were being murdered by the armies of Mussolini. In reality, they are the legitimate parents of fascism. The workers who really want to fight fascism will know how to choose between the two meetings."

## WANT EFFICIENT IMPERIALIST ARMY.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Seven general officers were appointed today to conduct the annual army shake-up designed to rid the service of officers unfit or incompetent for further duty.

The board consists of Major Generals Hanson E. Ely and Frank Parker and Brigadier Generals Hugh A. Drum, Campbell King, M. L. Walker, Charles D. Roberts, and James B. Gowen.

In conformity with the national defense act, this board will meet here July 1 to classify officers in such manner that undesirable officers may be removed.

## Enlightenment Campaign on the Comintern Address to the Communist Party

THE Polbureau is desirous of securing the broadest possible Enlightenment Campaign on the Comintern Address and the immediate Party tasks outlined therein. All Party members and particularly the comrades active in the workshops in the basic industries are invited to write their

opinions for the Party Press. Resolutions of Factory Nuclei also will be printed in this section. Send all material dealing with this campaign to Comrade Jack Stachel, care National office, Communist Party, 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

## CONNECTICUT DISTRICT CALLS ON ALL MEMBERS TO HELP CARRY OUT THE DECISIONS CONTAINED IN THE ADDRESS OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

The resolution adopted by the Bureau of District 15, Connecticut was as follows:

The address of the Executive Committee of the Communist International to the Communist Party of the U. S. A. is the final decision on the disputed problems in the American Party. The controversial and factional life of the Party, particularly aggravated since the VI. World Congress of the Comintern, must now come to an end in accordance with the Address of the Executive Committee of the Communist International.

The Executive Committee of the Communist International states in very definite terms what political and organizational errors, deviations and ultra-factional actions were committed by both the Majority and Minority groups of the Party. In undisputed terms the Executive Committee of the Communist International corrects these mistakes and calls upon the entire Party to use all measures in defense of the line laid down by the Executive Committee of the Communist International.

The District Executive Committee unconditionally accepts the decisions of the Executive Committee of the Communist International and pledges its support in carrying out these decisions and undertakes to win over the entire membership of the District for the support of the Comintern Address. The District Executive Committee pledges itself and its members to defend the Address of the Comintern against any ideological or other opposition to the Address. We greet and endorse the unanimous decisions and acceptance of the Communist International Address by the Polcom of the Party.

In accepting and in an effort to carry out the decisions, the District Executive Committee calls upon every member of the Party to use genuine bolshevik self-criticism and to develop a critical attitude in the ranks of the proletarian members of the Party towards the actions and tendencies of the Party leadership in order to minimize the future possibilities of deviations and unprincipled factionalism in the Party. At the same time no matter how embittered, Comrades must admit the mistakes and guard the Party principles of democratic centralization and discipline.

We must particularly emphasize the following fundamental deviations corrected by the E.C.C.I.:

1. Over emphasis of the strength of American imperialism by the Majority, in its thesis and in the subsequent discussion.
2. Underestimation of the trend of radicalization of the American working class by the Majority.
3. Disassociation of internal and external contradictions of American capitalism by the Minority.
4. The above factors leading to a dangerous tendency of developing conceptions making the U. S. A. an "exception" in the increasing crisis of world capitalism.
5. Insufficiently quick break from the Trotskyites by the Minority.
6. Impermissible methods in trying to interpret and use the Open Letter of the Executive Committee of the Communist International as a factional decision by both groups; the Majority claiming that it was an attempt to hand over the Party to the Minority, the Minority trying to seize leadership on the same grounds; these due to the extreme, unprincipled factionalism prevailing thruout the Party.

The District Executive Committee calls upon the Party members to put an end to factionalism. No more factions, and no more factional shielding of deviations and mistakes. The District Executive Committee calls upon the Central Committee to conduct a thorough enlightenment campaign on the problems and issues of the Right Danger in the Comintern including the parties of the U. S. A. and of the Soviet Union. To build the Party, to build more shop nuclei, to increase the factory activities, to strengthen the influence of the Party in the mass organizations of the workers in the fight against capitalism and the war danger, to fight against opportunism and Trotskyism in and outside of the Party, to close the ranks of the Comrades under the leadership of the Communist International, are now the most important tasks of every Party member.

Forward for a united Communist Party in the U. S. A.! Long live the Communist International, the leader of the working class thruout the world in this struggle for a world dictatorship of the proletariat!

—PETER CZONT, District Organizer, Communist Party of the U. S. A., District 15, Connecticut.

## Party Units Demand Carrying Out of Comintern Address

From New York Unit.

We heartily welcome and enthusiastically and unequivocally endorse the Address of the Comintern, printed in the "Daily Worker" on May 20, 1929.

We pledge ourselves to quit our former factions, and will be wide-awake to stop the creation of any new factions.

We promise to carry on in all our Party activities the most relentless fight against any individuals who shall attempt to create splits in our Party.

We demand from the higher bodies of our Party that they eradicate from their midst all traces of factionalism, draw into action all comrades who are willing and capable and by their activities show that they accept the spirit of the Comintern Address, not only in words, but also in deeds. Only such a spirit will make it possible for the Party to proceed to its tasks in this most powerful capitalist country.—Unit 2FD, AC, Section 1, District 2, New York.

Steel Town Heard From.

The Youngstown Local of the Communist Party fully endorses and will energetically support the Open Letter of the Communist International to the American Party. We will mobilize the entire membership to fight together for a full understanding and application of its line.—Youngstown, Ohio.

From Grand Rapids, Mich.

The motion adopted unanimously by the general membership meeting of the Communist Party, Local Grand Rapids, Michigan, Section of District 7, was as follows:

We welcome and pledge ourselves to defend and carry out the Address of the Communist International to our Party and the decisions of the Polcom.

We are glad to note that our Communist International has taken decisive final steps to eliminate factionalism in our Communist Party of the United States, thus making possible a united front of all Communist forces in the United States, which is necessary in order that our Party may fulfill its historic mis-

## NEW YORK FACTORY DISTRICT UNIT ACTS.

Factory District Unit 9, Section 1, New York District, unanimously adopted the following resolution on the Address of the Communist International to the members of the Communist Party of the United States:

"We, the members of Unit 9F, completely endorse and accept the Address of the Communist International to all members of the Communist Party of the U. S. A.

2. We call the attention of the Party membership to the need for carrying out all decisions of this letter not only in words but in deeds, and pledge ourselves to do our utmost to carry out these decisions and help root out opportunism in all forms, whether it shows itself openly or covered with "left" phrasology; we pledge ourselves to do our utmost to do away with all attitudes of "rotten factional diplomacy towards the Communist International" and any method of "petty bourgeois politics."

3. The Unit declares itself against the acts of Comrades Lovestone and Gitlow, who refuse to accept the decision of the Communist International, against all attempts to split our Party on anyone's part, and for the Bolshevik Unity of the Party under the revolutionary leadership of the Communist International.

4. The Unit completely agrees with the Open Letter of the Communist International and the present Address that an organizational program is necessary to do away with factionalism, for a struggle against the Right danger, and for the building of a mass Communist Party in the U. S. A., and that the organizational steps cannot be separated from the political line of the Communist International, and the unit pledges itself to carry out all these decisions of the Comintern.

5. The unit endorses the Section Bureau resolution on the Open Letter."

## OHIO SHOP NUCLEUS DISCUSSES ADDRESS.

The Central Alloy Shop Nucleus of Canton, Ohio, read and discussed the Address of the Executive Committee of the Communist International to the members of the Communist Party of the United States of America and a resolution was introduced and unanimously adopted as follows:

(1) The Central Alloy Shop Nucleus of District 6 (Ohio) of the Communist Party of America fully accepts and endorses the Address of the Communist International which tends to liquidate factionalism in the American Party.

(2) We greet and endorse the decision of the Central Committee to mobilize the membership of our Party for the decision of the Communist International.

(3) We call on the District Committee of District 6 to accept and endorse the Address of the Communist International. (Resolution of District No. 6 endorsing and accepting the decision was promptly done and published in the Daily Worker.—Editor's Note.)

(4) We demand strong measures against the members who attempt to split our Party and against the Right danger up to extermination. For closer work to the factory, building a strong mass and powerful Communist Party of America, the section of the Communist International.

## GET CLOSER TO THE FACTORIES.

CANTON, OHIO, WELCOMES ADDRESS.

At a meeting of the Canton, Ohio, Local Executive Committee, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

The Canton, Ohio, Local, Communist Party of America, welcomes and fully accepts the Address of the Communist International and pledges itself to carry out the decision of the Executive Committee of the Communist International in uniting the American Party.

We greet and endorse the decision of the Central Committee and the District Executive Committee of District 6 to mobilize the membership of our Party for the decision of the Communist International.

We demand strong measures against the members who attempt to split our ranks and against the Right danger. For Bolshevism self-criticism and for the building of a mass party.—CANTON LOCAL, COMMUNIST PARTY OF AMERICA.

The Party at present is suffering from the lack of new proletarian leadership which is necessary in order to forget factionalism; and, we, therefore, call upon the Party to develop this new leadership, and call upon all comrades to devote all of their time to Party work with a view toward the above stated end.

We condemn the splitting policies of Comrades Lovestone, Gitlow and others who resist the decisions of the Communist International, and warn them that the membership will find a proper recourse to all those who stand in the way of carrying on Communist work in the United States.

We call upon all the comrades in the Party to forget factionalism and get down to the work of leading the masses of the workers to the victory of the Proletarian Revolution.—Unit V, Section V, District 2 (New York).

From Nucleus No. 27, Chicago.

Nucleus No. 27, Chicago, Ill., at its meeting of May 28, 1929, passed the following motion unanimously: "That Nucleus No. 27 go on record in favor of endorsing fully the Communist International Letter and pledge ourselves to fight against factionalism in the Communist Party of America."

Anthracite Sub-District Acts.

The anthracite Sub-District Bureau, at its meeting on June 3, discussed the Open Letter to the Communist Party of America. We fully accept the Open Letter and Address of the Communist International and pledge ourselves to mobilize the membership in the anthracite section to fully carry out the line of the Communist International and the unanimous decision of the Central Committee on the Address.—Vrataric, Acting Sub. D. O.

For Prohibition of Caucuses.

Unit 5, Section 5, of District 2, New York, Communist Party of America, endorses the resolution of the Section Executive Committee and pledges to carry out all decisions of the Communist International in eliminating factionalism and uniting the Party to carry on active Communist work among the masses of workers in the United States.

In order to wipe out factionalism once and forever it is necessary to prohibit the holding of caucuses, and all initiators and attendants of any caucuses should be expelled from the Party.

Party documents should be dealt with at regular Party functions, and a thorough proletarian democratic discussion conducted on the basis of the Communist value of these documents.

ESTHONIAN BUREAU ENDORSES ADDRESS.

The Esthonian Bureau has unanimously decided to accept and endorse fully the Address of the Communist International; to carry out loyally its decisions and to do everything in its power to liquidate factionalism in the Party.—ESTHONIAN BUREAU, A. MOLLER, Sec'y.

## More Earthquakes in Argentine; Little Aid Done in Way of Aid

BUENOS AIRES, Argentine, June 6.—Earthquakes continued today in the stricken district of El Nevado. The federal government sent two airplanes to study the cause of the tremors and get full reports on the loss of life, which is reported great. The district has been cut off from communication.

Though President Irigoyen betrays a certain amount of interest in the scientific and statistical sides of the disaster, little effort is being made to rescue the families driven from their homes by the quake and starving and freezing in the fields.

## REPARATION PACT SIGNED TODAY

### International Bank for Bankers' Unity

PARIS, June 6.—Contents of the final report of the reparations experts, which will be signed tomorrow afternoon and made public probably Sunday, reveal that the first annual payment by Germany under the Young plan will be 1,942,000,000 gold marks (\$462,196,000).

In addition to details of the schedule of annuities over the 58 year period of payments, information made available shows that one of the principal ideas in mind in the formation of an international bank to handle reparations is the possibility of uniting certain international capitalist interests through a combination of international economies of the allied nations.

The possibility of strengthening this alliance through the international bank created by Owen D. Young's extortion reparations plan is not expressed directly in the text of the final report but is plainly included in the plan for the tremendous financial institution.

One of the most important features of the bank as expressed in the report is the function of handling all reparations and marketing deliveries in kind from Germany, thus turning over a certain amount of profits to a common fund. The bank draft and an annex are included in the report, giving technical observations necessary, but leaving the site of the bank up to its directors.

## Workers Registering for Local 43 Outing at 'Nitgedaiget'

Registrations are already flowing into the office of Local 43, 4 West 37th St., and at 640 Broadway, for the coming excursion when the union is arranging at Camp Nitgedaiget, Saturday and Sunday, June 15 and 16.

A unique program is being planned at the beautiful workers' rest home in Beacon, N. Y., and commodious busses have been engaged to take the excursionists to the camp.

Build shop committees and draw the more militant members into the Communist Party.

## 'THANKSGIVING' FUND REPLACES UNION LEVIES

### Evades Fight to Make Assessments Legal

(Wireless By "Inprecorr") LONDON, June 6.—The labor party announces the foundation of a "national thanksgiving fund" to celebrate MacDonald's accession to power. The fund is probably intended as a substitute for the trade union political levies which were prohibited by the anti-trade union act. The fund would enable MacDonald to better evade the labor party promise to repeal the anti-trade union bill. The liberals would undoubtedly oppose any attempt to repeal the bill and MacDonald fears to risk defeat through the liberals turning against him.

The Baldwin anti-trade union law which MacDonald will not oppose contains besides the clauses prohibiting the assessment of the union members for political campaigns, some very vicious anti-labor legislation. It prohibits general strikes, provides machinery for compulsory arbitration and makes it illegal to spend union money for sympathetic strikes. It places the union treasuries under such supervision by government agents that their use for anything but ordinary running expenses or fake co-operatives is nearly impossible.

Snowden Sees Baldwin.

LONDON, June 6.—MacDonald has not even yet announced officially who his cabinet will be, although he admits he told the king, in confidence. He feels it proper to trust secrets to the living symbol of the empire and hereditary leader of British exploiting landlordism and commercialism which he conceals from the working class.

However, Philip Snowden conferred with officials of the outgoing ministry at No. 10 Downing St., and the report is that he will be the chancellor of the exchequer (treasurer). J. H. Thomas, the man who sold out the railroad workers, is to be "minister of employment" and also "lord of the privy seal."

## Technical Men Demand That Delaney Call His Meet on Wage Raise


Walter Karp, secretary of the Committee of Board of Transportation Grade C engineers and a member of the Union of Technical Men, 92 Lafayette St., yesterday wrote to John H. Delaney, chairman of the board of transportation asking that he set a date for a minimum salary scale of \$3,120 a year.

In his letter to the commissioners of the board of transportation, Karp said that at a recent meeting of the board of estimate, Joseph V. McKee, chairman protem, said that the whole matter of a readjustment of salary schedule for the Grade C engineers would have to be taken up with their immediate superiors.

SEND the Daily Worker to a Striker

THOUSANDS of workers on strike desire to receive the DAILY WORKER, but we are not in a financial position to send it. Although we send thousands daily—it is insufficient to cover the demand. Even these bundles we will be compelled to discontinue unless aid is forthcoming.

The DAILY WORKER as in all previous struggles during the past few years must be the guide and directing force. In addition to relief send them the organ of class struggle.



DAILY WORKER  
26 UNION SQUARE  
NEW YORK CITY

Enclosed find \$\_\_\_\_\_ to be used for the DAILY WORKER fund to supply bundles of Daily Workers to the strikers in various sections of the country.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_



# Moundsville, West Virginia Coal Miners on Strike Against Wage Cut, Says Worker

## FIGHT PRIESTLY CO., NOTORIOUS MURDER PLANT

### Demand Wage Cut Be Rescinded

(By a Worker Correspondent)

MOUNDSVILLE, W. Va., (By Mail).—With the exception of the Panama Mine, all the other three mines located in Moundsville, which is twelve miles south of Wheeling, walked out spontaneously and in a body in a protest strike as a result of a wage cut put over by those robbers, the mine operators. They also struck against the other miserable conditions in the Moundsville mines.

### Demand Cut Be Rescinded.

Immediately a strike committee of class-conscious and militant miners was formed, and proceeded to Wheeling, where are located the district headquarters of the notorious labor-hating Priestley interests of Cleveland, mine owners, the same murderous concern which some time ago buried alive 45 miners in Parsons, Pa., on account of the company's criminal neglect in failing to maintain the proper safety precautions.

The committee came to Wheeling to demand of the head superintendent that the wage cut be withdrawn, but it was like trying to persuade a tiger not to suck more blood of its victim.

### Threaten More Cuts.

This beast of the Priestly Co. told us that not only must we accept the wage cut but also prepare for another wage cut in the very near future. He told the miners to "make it snappy" because he couldn't be annoyed with questions of this nature, and ordered the men out of his office before he had them thrown out.

In a conversation about our constitutional rights (non-existent, of course), to organize and strike, this tyrant said the constitution is nothing but a scrap of paper as far as the company's profits are concerned. After this complete failure we decided to go to the manager of the company stores to demand that he reduce the prices of groceries, meats, and tools. Needless to say they charge double the price of every item they sell, and of course we met with the same fate there again. This paid servant of the bosses absolutely refused to consider our demands.

### Hold Mass Meet.

The only thing left to do, which should have been done in the beginning, but the workers have to learn from experience, was to hold a great mass meeting in which Bob Sieber and Andy Plechaty of the National Miners Union of Ohio district spoke urging the miners to organize a local of the N. M. U. and fight the daylight bandits and wholesale murderers who park on the miners necks not in an individual and unsystematic manner but in an organized struggle.

## Office Workers Union Continue Drive; Will Hold Dance Wednesday

The Office Workers Union is continuing its intensive organization campaign through the summer by holding open-air meetings on Tuesdays at 26th St. and Madison Ave. and Thursdays at 33rd St. and Park Ave. As a result of these meetings and the mass meeting held a few weeks ago, office workers are eagerly joining the union and becoming active in carrying on its work.

### Roof Garden Dance.

On the roof of the spacious Heckscher Foundation, at Fifth Ave. and 104th St., overlooking Central Park, the Office Workers Union will hold a roof garden dance Wednesday, June 12, at 8:30 p. m.

All office workers are invited to come. The union is making all arrangements for an enjoyable evening. A generous supply of refreshments will be provided.

Our own age, the bourgeois age, is distinguished by this—that it has simplified class antagonisms. More and more, society is splitting up into two great and directly contrasted classes: bourgeois and proletariat.—Marx.

## BLINDFOLD WAY OF PAY

### Fisher Body Cut Wages 40% in Year

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CLEVELAND, Ohio, (By Mail).—On pay day the Fisher Body plant becomes "Curiosity Shop." The method of paying here is known as the "Blindfolding system."

The workers are "blindfolded" and are expected to take what they get and ask no questions. Aren't we entitled to a statement showing how our pay is figured?

The workers on the haller are doing some of the heaviest work in the shop, working 12 hours a day. They work piece work as a gang and the total amount earned is supposed to be divided equally. But some of the "curiosities" of the pay

## A Soviet Worker's Vacation

### The Diary of a Trip to the Caucasus

(Continued)

(This is the second installment of a vivid account by a Russian worker in one of the government offices in Moscow of a vacation he took last year in the Caucasus.)

Horse stealing seems to have been a sport as well as a necessity. The main causes for it were—women. This is how she explained it to me. The Osetians are very vigorous and active, but there was no outlet for their energy. No sports except horse stealing, no libraries, no theatres, etc. The only important thing in the town was a dance. There every young man could show his beautiful body. They are very graceful in those most attractive robes. But for that a beautiful national costume was necessary, and a silver Caucasian belt. There was also a need for a beautiful black horse with silver harness. If one was poor, he could not afford all these things. So he used to steal. The Soviets have declared this a great crime, and, funny enough, they get the support of the very same girls who would not make friends with horse stealers. Of course a great struggle ensued between the thieves and the supporters of this ancient tradition and the Soviets. Of course the Soviets won.

My neighbor made a very characteristic remark here. She said: "What a pity such a splendid energetic young group of people had to be destroyed. Surely no coward or weakling would risk horse stealing." Suppose she would have liked to have them as supporters of the Soviet.

Tomorrow at 4 a. m. we have to get up for breakfast and start off right into the mountain range. We hope to make 46 kilometers tomorrow and reach the Tesy glacier. It will be a hard fight, so I must have a good sleep. Therefore, good night!

Mizouri, Aug. 8.

We have just completed our first really long walk of 30 versts or more and have reached a nice little place called Mizouri (sounds very much like America). Here we are supposed to have dinner and rest till the next morning, but there is a suggestion that we should proceed to the next halt, as we are one day late owing to the Kukuika being out of order. The girls seem to support that suggestion, much to my surprise, but ask for a car to follow them, in case it becomes too difficult. The next stop is at the Sanatorium on the Mountain Tesy, about 20-22 versts.

After dinner, decided that we move further. Starting in an hour. Again we'll be walking along the River Ardon. Ardon means "Mad River." I am not quite convinced that it is not our fault that it is so mad. Its madness consists in its furious swiftness. The river rushes so rapidly, the cataracts are so powerful and high that the noise is deafening. I imagine that there are about a million tons of water passing a day within a distance of about two yards. If that natural free power could be harnessed, Ardon could supply an enormous quantity of electricity. I have seen little private flour mills and little water power stations that are getting power almost without any machinery and expense. Of course a capital power station would require a great deal of money.

I attempted to swim in the Ardon and was nearly carried away by the stream, although I held on to a stone. Still I had several good dips in the icy (must of the water comes down from the glacier), sulphury water. I imagine there are millions of tons of sulphur all around.

Some of the hills—one of them called "Black Hill"—reminds me of enormous, black, ancient (Indian-like) palaces. Unfortunately I had no camera to photograph them. Mine is completely out of order, and one of our group who had one did not find them sufficiently interesting to "waste" a precious film.

Natasha says I must finish writing and have some food before we start. I suppose I'll have to obey her orders. Will finish when we get to Tesy Sanatorium.

Tsey Sanatorium, Aug. 9.

That was a difficult walk. I think it was rather too much to attempt such a trip after previously completing a 30-verst journey on foot.

envelope show that some workers working full time on the same work average \$2 to \$3 a day more than others. What's the matter, are they dumb in the payroll office or is the company trying to build up its spy system in the shop thru bribing some workers at the expense of others?

We think it is mostly the last, because besides general confusion and no statement it appears that some workers on the same work systematically get more than others every pay day.

Wages have been cut 30-40 percent since last year. When we're properly organized thru our shop committee we will put a stop to this.

—FISHER SLAVE.

Our greatest mistake was to forget that the last ten versts of our journey were uphill and that our base lies 1,900 meters above sea level. It became dark before we were able to reach the base. The road was bad and dangerous. It became clear that the women and the horses, as well as some of the men, would not be able to reach the base before nine o'clock. So Nikita Niciferoff and I decided that we'd start on full speed so as to have hot food and beds prepared for the rest of the party. So we did.

About five versts before our place of destination the hill became so steep that I could hardly catch my breath. My companion, an old walker and climber, was making better progress than I did. Finally I decided that it was no good for him to wait for me, as the people in the base might go to bed and the party be left without hot food, and I asked him to go as fast as he could. I proceeded very slowly. At the 50th verst I felt that all my strength was gone. I had to rest every five or ten minutes. Finally about eight o'clock I reached the base. I "crossed myself" several times and flung myself on my bed. I rested for about an hour and then began to look for Nikita. I found him in the kitchen ordering food. He told me that he only came about 15 minutes before I did. Some consolation!

As we talked, a wonderful bright lightning flashed over the icy mountain tops, and suddenly rain began pouring—a real shower. Poor girls! As the road is very dangerous, we decided that one of us would take an oil lamp and go to meet them. Nikita said he'd do it if I'd see to the food and beds. I agreed. He came back about three-quarters of an hour later, all wet, but found no trace of them. About an hour later we heard piercing whistles and screams. Our whistle and our girls! I started out in the rain, fell into a stream, and finally reached our group. They were lucky enough to dig into my bag and find my electric torch, which was a godsend to them that enabled them safely to cross all the little shaky bridges and streams.

At eleven o'clock every body was in and eating hot Caucasian borshch, which differs from the Russian borshch by being strongly peppered and containing piles of tomatoes. The second dish was stewed lamb and potatoes and the third baked apples and tea. Nobody was able to wash or clean teeth before going to bed. One girl, Sima (Simochka) is badly sunburnt and her feet are blistered. I am afraid she won't be able to climb the glacier, if we do, as it is still raining badly.

As we cannot attempt to climb the glacier today owing to the rain, we decided to climb to the "Holy Grove," where there is still an old eleventh century Georgian church left from the olden days of the Georgian Kingdom. The church is still of good appearance, its contents a mixture of pagan and christian religions. In front of the door is an old bell with Georgian inscriptions, presented to the church by a Georgian king 800 years ago. Next to it is an icon, the like of which you can see at any Russian village church. The whole outside of the building is decorated with reindeer horns, all half white from age.

The keeper would not allow us to enter the church, but after negotiations through our clever interpreter, an Osetian, we succeeded in "persuading" him to take some money from us to satisfy the gods' needs. At first he complained that we gave him too little money, saying, "You have lots of money and can give more." I told him that the gods have little money and need still less. Finally we entered the church, which was of very little interest,—some more horns, about ten arrows or darts, and a steel helmet weighing about 20 pounds. On the way out I learned the church is really the outside and not the inside, which is only a store for relics.

STILL raining. Hard luck! We have to leave tomorrow and if the weather does not improve, we'll have to go further without climbing up to the glacier.

A little later: Still raining. Had a talk with the management and guests of the Sanatorium. There are about 700 people living here, all Osetians. One may call it, as we do in Russia, a peasant sanatorium for T. B. I am told that there is a great deal of tuberculosis among the native mountain people owing to undernourishment and bad, almost primitive, sanitary conditions. I was most pleased to discover that the Osetians discovered mountain treatment for T. B. long before we did. They go out with cots, covered with water-proof material, to the glacier or very near it, where they stay for about a month. In addition to improved feeding and mountain air, they drink goats' milk. Some drink it with ice from the "sacred Tsey Mountain;" but the goat, I am sure, is more sacred and helpful in this case.

A great many of the people are sent here by the Osetian Department of Health, but the majority are paying guests. They are charged 12 roubles a month for a bed and about 1 rouble, 50 kopeks for breakfast, lunch, dinner, tea and supper. We find the meals splendid and plentiful. The postman is here, so I am finishing. Will write soon again. (To Be Continued)

## BELLAS-HESS CO. LEWIS MACHINE SPEEDUP GROWS COAL MAGNATES GREATER DAILY FRAME UP MINER

### System of Rotation for Slaves

(By a Worker Correspondent.)

In our plant, the Bellas-Hess Co., we have an almost perfect efficiency speed-up system. There is a system of rotation, where an article passes from hand to hand, department to department, floor to floor, continuously without a stop. Articles are counted, assorted, packed, shipped and credited hourly. If there is a delay or slackening it is immediately known in every section. The system is one of automatic speed.

### Demerit System.

The section head knows from records how much has been produced every hour, and the character of the work produced. Every time there is an error those guilty must sign error slips for each error. These slips are demerits against the workers and withhold their increases. Workers are continually harassed by those error slips in busy times. It is a most shameful automatic robotlike checkup. The speed at which we work is most terrible. At the end of the day we are completely worn out.

This speedup is a part of the general speedup system that is now being used by the bosses everywhere. It is against this monstrous speedup, against this rationalization process which puts the workers completely under the bosses heel, it is against this oppression that the Trade Union Educational League is calling the Trade Union Convention for Aug. 31 in Cleveland, in order to build a militant Trade Union Center to organize the unorganized workers. To fight against the speedup and against imperialist war.

(By a Worker Correspondent)

The bosses want to direct our attention away from the very low wages in our plant, Bellas-Hess, by making us believe that they are doing wonderful things for us. They boast of the lunch room we have and of the low cost of the food. The cost of the food is now lower than in any other restaurant with cheap food. We get only three-quarters of an hour for lunch. We must stand in line for at least 15 minutes to get food, because of lack of help at the counter. We have just enough time to eat and rush back to work.

### Try to Fool Slaves.

The dancing permitted during the lunch period is a joke, because we have no time to dance (and strength) after a half day's work. So that the dancing and rest room are just make believe benefits, to fool us workers into thinking that the bosses are doing something for us. It is impossible to wash, eat and dress in three-quarters of an hour. Every worker is entitled to be able to rest at least 15 minutes during the lunch hour. We must get together, organize our shop committees, then demand from the bosses better conditions of work.

## PLAN BIG DRIVE TO FREE CANTER

### Poyntz, Reeve Confer in Boston Monday

(Special to the Daily Worker)

BOSTON, June 6.—Juliet Stuart Poyntz, national secretary of the International Labor Defense, and Karl Reeve, editor of the Labor Defender, monthly organ of the I. L. D., will arrive here on Monday to confer with district leaders of the I. L. D. on the nation-wide campaign for the release of Harry J. Canter, active local militant.

Juliet Stuart Poyntz, secretary of the International Labor Defense and Karl Reeve, editor of the Labor Defender, official organ of the I. L. D., will be in Boston on Monday to confer with district leaders of the I. L. D. with regard to the nation-wide campaign which has been instituted by the I. L. D. for the release of Harry Canter. Canter is now serving a term of one year imprisonment in Deer Island because he carried a placard in a Communist Party election campaign demonstration last fall, bearing the words "Fuller—Murderer of Sacco and Vanzetti." Canter declared to the court and in statements made from prison that he takes nothing back, and that he considered Fuller the murderer of Sacco and Vanzetti, as the instrument of Massachusetts justice and of the capitalist class which burned them to death because they represented the working class.

The I. L. D. will soon issue a pamphlet on the Canter case. A campaign will be carried on which will include nation-wide Sacco-Vanzetti-Canter protest demonstrations in August, on the third anniversary of the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti.

Reap the benefits of the May Day demonstrations by getting into the Communist Party workers who participated.

## LEWIS MACHINE COAL MAGNATES FRAME UP MINER

### Duncanwood Worker Is Imprisoned

(By a Worker Correspondent)

BELLAIRE, Ohio, (By Mail).—The Lewis machine has again come forth with a betrayal. In this case it happened to be one of the many frame-up for which the bosses and the capitalist courts are infamous.

In the little mining camp of Duncanwood, where the Sommers mine of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co. is located, Teddy Jackoski took an active part in the mine strike and was out on the picket line every day. This the bosses and their tools, the state marshals (whom Governor Donahey said were in the strike areas to feed the children of the strikers but who carried 45's and blackjacks in order to do this) took note of and they were anxious to get rid of him at any cost.

### Frame-Up.

Their chance finally came when one morning a little trouble arose between the mine superintendent and the pickets, and when the state marshals stepped in and stopped it, it was found that somebody had crowned the super with a brick and of course he said it was Teddy and the governor's nurse maids proceeded to carry out their bosses orders and arrested Teddy on the charge of assault with attempt to kill.

At a trial before a justice of the peace he was bound over to the grand jury under bond of \$2,000 which was furnished by his friends who were fortunate enough to own their own homes.

### Fakers Betray.

The United Mine Workers officials in Ohio promised Teddy and the strikers that they would furnish lawyers for Teddy and carry the case to the highest courts of the country if necessary, but what happened? When the case came up to trial Teddy and his friends found that there was no lawyer there to defend him, and when his fellow strikers went to the U. M. W. A. lawyer he told them that if they would raise \$1,000 he would defend him but that the U. M. W. A. had nothing to do with the case. The result was that Teddy was sent to jail for five to 15 years.

### I. L. D. to Rescue.

The Lewis machine, bosses and the courts were in for a surprise, for the National Mine Workers Union told the International Labor Defense about the case and the case was appealed and Teddy will be out on bond soon.

The miners of Duncanwood and the entire Eastern Ohio as well as answering the frame-up and guarding against further betrayal by the Lewis-Hall machine, by joining the National Miners Union.

—F. S.

## Jingo Tells Business Men of Aviation Plans for Imperialist War

(By a Worker Correspondent)

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., June 6.—That air fleets will be the country's "first line of defense in the next war" was the declaration of Lieutenant Colonel Harold E. Hartney, commander of the First American Pursuit Squadron in the World War, speaking before a district meeting of the Exchange clubs here recently. The Exchange clubs are composed of local business men and Col. Hartney talked frankly about plans for the next imperialist slaughter.

"Transportation is the keynote of big business, and aviation is the answer to swift and sure transportation," the Colonel said. He also praised members of the Exchange for their work toward the advancement of aviation throughout the country.

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CHILDREN'S COLONY for children from 5 to 10 years of age. Supervision of experienced leaders.—Comrade Torrent in charge.

## Laemmle's 'Broadway' Well Acted But Is Monotonous

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CARL LAEMMLE at last presents "the one and only 'Broadway,'" in Universal movietone form at the Globe Theatre. The "speaky" was adapted with full dialogue from the Jed Harris stage success by Philip Dunning and George Abbott. It is a Paul Fejos production, embellished by special songs by Con Conrad, Archie Grotter and Sidney Mitchell, all in extremely reminiscent vein.

The cast boasts of two members of the original play cast, Thomas E. Jackson, as the detective, Dan McCorn, and Paul Porcasi, as Niel Verdis, the night club manager.

The plot follows that of the stage success closely, except that the opportunity for excessive padding had not been avoided, with the result that much of the crispness of the play has been lost in cumbersome back-stage details, which, however, the hinterlands will undoubtedly relish.

"Broadway" is announced as a million dollar production. Possibly it is, considering the big price that must have been paid for the picture rights, but, on the other hand, seldom have we seen a feature picture that offered less variety of shots with many repetitions that toward the end cause the performance to lag in pace.

At this date it is not necessary to discuss the plot of "Broadway," which may be considered the top of the school of night club plays and pictures that have deluged the market ever since Jed Harris registered his success with the play.

The leads are all portrayed well. Evelyn Brent and Merna Kennedy standing out as the two principal women and Thomas E. Jackson as the detective dominating many of the scenes in which he appears. Glenn Tryon, as the song and dance man, does not equal Lee Tracy in the stage success.

On the strength of its name and reputation, "Broadway" should achieve a passing success, but we predict that the real earning power of the picture will be found in the provinces, not in New York or the other big cities that saw the play.

## BOSS BILLS FOR STRIKEBREAKING

### Mass Protest Meet in Chicago Tonight

(By a Worker Correspondent)

CHICAGO, Ill., June 5.—Carrying out the demands of the Manufacturers' Association and other industrial interests here, the Illinois State Legislature today rejected the law providing for the eight hour day for women in industry. At the same time it carried the new bill authorizing the organization of State Police, under which strikebreaking and all forms of anti-working class repression are rendered easier.

Both bills will be protested at a mass meeting called by the Communist Party at the Northwestern Hall, North and Western Ave. tonight. William F. Kruse, district organizer of the Party, and Sam Hamersmark will analyze both laws as instruments of the manufacturers organizations used in their fight for wage cuts and speedup under the plea of "simplification of production in industry."

The working class cannot simply lay hold of the ready-made State machinery, and wield it for its own purpose. This new Commune (Paris Commune). Breaks the modern State power.—Marx.

WANTED bookkeeper experienced Camp Kinderland. Write immediately to Comrade M. Spector, 500 5th Ave.

OLGA PREOBFRZHENSKYA



Talented Russian director of the Sovkino film "Village of Sin," now in its third and final week at the Little Carnegie Playhouse.

## FILM GUILD CINEMA TO PRESENT EMIL JANNINGS REPERTOIRE

Commencing this Saturday, the Film Guild Cinema will present an Emil Jannings repertoire season for a period of three weeks to be devoted to a wide selection of his best European and American films.

The schedule for the first week is: Saturday and Sunday, June 8 and 9, "The Way of All Flesh"; Monday and Tuesday, June 10 and 11, "Faust," with Jannings as Mephisto and Camilla Horn as Marguerite, directed by F. W. Murnau; Wednesday and Thursday, June 12 and 13, "Passion," with Jannings as Louis XIV and Pola Negri as Madame DuBarry, directed by Lubitsch, and Friday, June 14, "Street of Sin," directed by Maurice Stiller.

The second week, commencing Saturday, June 15, will start with "The Last Laugh."

A feature of the Emil Jannings season will be an essay contest in two prizes of \$25, which will be offered for the best 200-word essays on (1) Has Emil Jannings Created Better Work in Europe or America? (2) Which of Emil Jannings' Characterizations is His Best—and Why?

## WILL HONOR IMPERIALIST.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., June 6.—Frank B. Kellogg, former secretary of state and ambassador to Great Britain, will receive the degree of doctor of laws at St. Lawrence University June 11. While here Secretary Kellogg will visit his birthplace, Carrys Mills in St. Lawrence county.

## AMUSEMENTS

THIRD AND FINAL WEEK!  
"Among the best achieved so far by the motion picture adventures anywhere," says THEODORE DREISER in his book, "DREISER LOOKS AT RUSSIA."

## "Village of Sin"

First Sovkino Film Directed by a Woman  
Little CARNEGIE PLAYHOUSE, 146 W. 57th St., Circle 7551  
(Continues 2 to Midnite.)

First Showing in America! Now Playing!  
"NOSFERATU the VAMPIRE"  
inspired by DRACULA  
A powerful psychopathic drama—A symphony in sadism—A thrilling mystery masterpiece—Directed by F. W. MURNAU, director of "The Last Laugh" FILM GUILD CINEMA, 52 West 8th Street  
Continuous Daily 2 p. m. to midnite.

MOROSCO THEA., W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinee: Wed., Thurs. and Saturday, at 8:30.  
JOHN DRINKWATER'S Comedy Hit  
BIRD IN HAND

The lower middle class, the small manufacturer, the shopkeeper, the artisan, the peasant, all these fight against the bourgeoisie, to save from extinction their existence as fractions of the middle class. They are therefore not revolutionary, but conservative.—Karl Marx (Communist Manifesto).

ARTHUR HOPKINS presents  
HOLIDAY  
Comedy Hit by PHILIP BARRY  
Thea. W. 45 St. Ev. 8:50  
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Shubert Thea., 44th, W. of E'way  
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The New Musical Comedy Revue Hit  
A NIGHT IN VENICE

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### ANOTHER STRIKE CALLED AGAINST DRESS SHOP BOSS

#### Jail 20 Philadelphia Needle Workers

PHILADELPHIA, June 4 (By Mail).—The Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union here has declared a strike against the Wessel and Levy Shop at 11th and Winter Sts. Three shops are now completely tied up by the union—the Louis Fisher, the Levy and the Brotman shops.

The new strike was precipitated by the company's arrogant discharge of a worker for her participation in the work of a committee which was negotiating for a price increase. When other workers protested, they were also threatened with discharge. Union workers at the shop ignored the threat and reported the situation to the union, which immediately declared the strike.

Workers Respond to Call. Enthusiastic response to the strike call from the workers is reported, a large majority of the shop workers striking immediately and others joining the picket lines daily.

Twenty workers were arrested on the picket line today and arraigned on charges of "blocking the door." However, the obvious weakness of the charge forced even the pre-judged judge presiding to discharge the pickets.

Intense amusement greeted the answer of the boss to the representatives of the union that he would take back only those workers whom he liked after they answered the advertisements for help which he ran in the local press.

Unorganized dressmakers here are manifesting greater interest in the program of the union which is leading such successful fights for better conditions in all three plants. In the case of the Brotman shop, the boss had declared a lockout when confronted with union demands. The workers immediately launched the strike.

DISCREET RESIGNATION. NEW YORK, June 6.—Capt. A. W. Haynes has resigned as master of the steamship Ancon, the boat on which Tom Hefflin, Jr., son of the Alabama senator, arrived recently in a rollicking mood after a sojourn in Panama.

Panama advices attribute the skipper's resignation, in part, to the Hefflin incident, though the Panama line today insisted Haynes' resignation was not forced.

### Court Forced to Free Jennie Cooper, I.L.D. Head in Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA, (By Mail).—Lack of evidence forced Magistrate Fitzgerald today to discharge Jennie Cooper, local International Labor Defense secretary, previously arrested for attempting to defend 21 strikers of the Laird Schober Shoe Plant.

Cooper tried to enter the court room immediately on learning that the defense lawyer had not appeared at the hearing. Following instructions from the notoriously prejudiced Fitzgerald to bar all representatives of the I. L. D., police had refused to allow her to enter. Fitzgerald had been particularly irritated when he saw hundreds of strikers outside the station house awaiting the result of the trials.

Cooper had argued her way past one policeman just as the judge was launching his customary vicious attack against the strikers. He immediately ordered her arrest.

Strikers who crowded outside the station on the day of the arrest and at the trial loudly cheered Cooper on her release, which, besides the recent mass arrests, only strengthened the determination of the Laird Schober workers, now entering the fifth week of their strike, to force the company to surrender to union terms.

### FRENCH BOSSES TO FIGHT U. S.

#### Fascisti and 'Socialists' Fight Hoover Tariff

PARIS, June 6.—Resolutions adopted today at a meeting of representatives of 600 French Chambers of Commerce urged a united front by European governments against "the increasingly protectionist United States customs policy."

The resolution demanded that the French government immediately undertake protective measures in view of the indications that the United States tariff wall would be raised.

The meeting also favored a European entente against the tariff, which, the representatives said, is making it increasingly difficult to trade with the United States.

The action of the chamber representatives was significant in that it followed closely the Italian protests against the American tariff plans.

The French socialist party has already rushed to the defense of French manufacturers and employers by proposing in the chamber of deputies a discussion on measures of retaliation against the United States.

### NEEDLE UNIONS WIN IMPORTANT VICTORY ON EVE OF FUR STRIKE

#### Agreement with Federated Corporation Shows Increasing Strength of Union, Says Hyman

(Continued from Page One) strikebreaking activities of the right wing, and at the same time serving as a convenient source of free publicity for Untermeyer.

On the eve of the general strike of the furriers, an important victory was won by the Industrial Union yesterday, with the signing of an agreement with the union by the Federated Rabbit Dressing Corporation. As a result of the agreement the workers have secured the 40-hour, 5-day week and increases approximating 25 per cent. Other provisions of the agreement provide for equal division of work, no discharge and many other points. Due to the shameless strikebreaking of the right wing, open-shop conditions prevailed here for many months. But the growing strength of the Industrial Union was finally responsible for achieving this victory for Local 58, despite the attempts of the right wing to interfere with the negotiations and its willingness to sign an agreement under any terms.

Louis Hyman, president of the union, commenting on the victory last night, said that the signing of this agreement on the eve of the strike indicates the growing strength of the Industrial Union, "and will surely have a favorable effect on the coming general strike."

Successful Forum. An open forum of cloakmakers took place yesterday afternoon at Bryant Hall, where Joseph Borochowitz, general manager of the Joint Board discussed on the present situation in the cloak trade, pointing out that the publicity about the negotiations of the right wing union and the various employers associations in the cloak trade was mere camouflage; that an understanding already exists between the International and the bosses and that the contemplated strike is merely intended to force some of the workers into the ranks of the International.

Youth and Pointers Meet. Two significant meetings were held last night in the office of the union. One was the mobilization of the youth for the coming general strike; the other was the meeting of the unorganized fur pointers. The latter meeting was a preparatory organizational meeting, at which the organization of these exploited young workers was discussed and the executive committees elected.

The meeting was of the greatest importance, inasmuch as it represented the first attempt for the organization of the fur pointers, a section of the trade that consists largely of young girl workers. The executive committee will meet soon and formulate demands for the pointers, discuss organization plans and lay a further basis for the organization of the fur pointers, and to include them in the coming fur strike.

Board of Directors. Tonight an important meeting of the Board of Directors of the Industrial Union will be held in the office of the union to organize the entire machinery and decide on the principal committees in preparation for the strike.

Greek Furriers. Tonight, also, will be held the final mobilization meeting of the Greek furriers at which Ben Gold will speak. The Greek workers, who have always been in the forefront

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Patronize No-Tip Barber Shops 26-28 UNION SQUARE (1 flight up) 2700 BRONX P. K. EAST (corner Allerton Ave.)

### Poincare May Override Chamber to Sign U. S. War Debt Agreements

PARIS, June 6.—Premier Poincare's desire to ratify the Mellon-Berenger war debt accord with the United States by decree rather than a vote of parliament moved a step nearer realization today when the premier submitted the report of three civil experts to the chairman of the finance and foreign affairs committees of the chamber of deputies.

Unlike the American constitution, the French constitution authorizes the government to sign treaties which do not engage the state's finances.

Though Poincare's banker experts agreed that the finances of France were not involved, the action of the American Congress yesterday in upholding the demand for the French debt, pending ratification of the agreement, is being used by anti-administration groups here to prove that they are.

### SAY CAPPELLINI MOVES TO SPLIT UMW Anthracite Gang in Deadly Feud

WILKES-BARRE, June 6.—The Boylan clique which now enjoys the offices of District 1 of the United Mine Workers of America and the profitable business of selling out the miners in that organization to the bosses held a meeting here yesterday and decided to appeal the decision of the district court of Judge Lehman that Boylan's no less treacherous rival, Cappellini must go on the ballot against Boylan for presidency.

Meanwhile rumors are current that Cappellini is about to appear in public with Frank McGarry, the head of an independent union which has practically disappeared after mismanagement of the strike it had in Pittston, and advocate a secession of the three anthracite districts of the United Mine Workers of America, from the rest of the organization.

After the ruling of Judge Lehman that Cappellini and Lavelle, his henchman, should go on the ballot of District 1, Joseph Moran, another old misleader sued to be put on the ballot too, running for the office of district auditor.

The fight between the Boylan and Cappellini gangs is one in which the most of the United Mine Workers of America members feel the same interest that the horse who is being driven may have for two men quarreling over the whip.

The militant workers here who mean to make unionism count are mostly not in the United Mine Workers of America. They are in the National Miners Union, fighting the employers for better conditions. The honest workers left in the U. M. W. A. will soon learn to leave it and join the National Miners Union.

I. L. D. Carries On. The International Labor Defense is going ahead with its plans to free Canter, according to an announcement by the national office, 80 E. 11th St., New York City. These include not only the supreme court appeal, but a broad mass campaign to rally thousands of workers to force Canter's release. Robert Zelms, New England's secretary of the I. L. D., is in general charge of the defense campaign.

### LEATHER UNION DEMANDS STRIKE

#### Shiplacoff Plans Sell-Out by Actions

(Continued from Page One) show the strength of the organization. All concluded with the demand that the union take immediate steps for a general strike—and this demand was enthusiastically applauded by the membership.

The meeting yesterday indicated conclusively that the membership is responding vitally to the slogans put forward by the Progressive Group in the union, which for some time has been warning of the consequences of Shiplacoff's actions.

Aids Strikebreaking. That Shiplacoff's action in turning over the fate of the union into the hands of a representative of the Tammany Hall department of labor lays the basis for a sell-out of the interests of the workers, was charged by the Progressive Group.

Pointing out the experiences of other groups of American workers in various parts of the country, they declared that the official government "mediators" invariably performed the role of strikebreakers and consistently serve the interests of the bosses.

They point to the most recent example in Elizabethton, Tenn., where Miss Anna Weinstock, of the department of labor acted as a stool-pigeon for the mill barons and, together with A. F. of L. officials, succeeded in selling the workers back into slavery.

Shiplacoff in his speech yesterday, in asking a recommendation of "full confidence" admitted brazenly that he sought this in preparation for agreeing to a "compromise"—which in simple English means nothing less than that the interests of the workers will be sacrificed to the demands of the bosses.

Meanwhile, taking advantage of Shiplacoff's tactics, the bosses are continuing to lock out more and more workers. At the present time it is estimated that more than 3,000 workers have been thrown from their jobs by the bosses as part of the offensive against unionism in the trade.

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### Women to Join Social Tonight; to Mobilize for Fur Strike Soon

Hundreds of women who will take an active part in the coming struggle of the furriers are expected to be present at the social and entertainment being planned jointly by the Women's Committee of the Industrial Union and the United Council of Workingclass Women.

The affair will be held tonight at the National Office, 16 West 21st St. Ben Gold will speak, it is announced. There will also be a varied musical program which will include the following:

Philip Ray will sing, Miss Ray Binder will render selections on the piano, the Greek Mandolin Orchestra will sing and play and two recitations will be rendered by members of the Jewish Dramatic Club. This will be followed by a discussion on how to mobilize the thousands of working class women into a Women's Battalion for the furriers' strike.

All women of the needle trades, wives and women folk of the union members, all women of the councils are invited to attend this gathering.

### JAIL 9 PIONEERS FOR PICKETING

#### Aid Philadelphia Shoe Workers Strike

PHILADELPHIA, June 6.—Nine pioneers were arrested on the picket line at the Laird-Schober Shoe Company plant, where the Shoe Workers Industrial Union is leading a fight for recognition of the union, wage increases and shorter hours, this morning.

Singing and cheering, the pickets arrived at the plant as soon as the lines formed where a large crowd of sympathizers had gathered. Police immediately arrested them and took them to the police station at 11th and Winter Streets in the patrol wagon. They were later taken to the House of Detention, the leaders being released. A fight for the release of the Pioneer leaders who are still held is being led by the International Labor Defense.

"The Pioneers are determined to help all the workers in their struggles," the arrested pickets say.

DAWES SAILS FOR ENGLAND. Charles G. Dawes, Illinois banker who was accused of graft in the disposal of government property in France, but howled down the senate committee appointed to investigate him, after which he became vice-president and author of the Dawes plan, started for England last night on the Olympic to be ambassador for the U. S.

### ASK SUPPORT OF CP PICNIC JUNE 23

#### Part of Member Drive Statement Says

Calling for mass support of annual picnic of the New York District of the Communist Party, which will be held at Pleasant Bay Park Sunday, June 23, a statement issued last night by the District Office of the Party through William W. Weinstein, District Organizer, declares the event to be "part of the campaign for the recruiting of new Party members, and the strengthening of the Party organization, top and bottom."

The call follows: The annual Red Picnic of the Communist Party of the United States of America, District Two will be held at Pleasant Bay Park, Sunday, June 23, 1929. This picnic has been each year and event for the building of the Party organization. This year it is especially important in view of the strike situations, the increased vigor and militancy of the masses, to draw these workers closer to our Party.

The Picnic is part of the campaign for the recruiting of new Party members, the strengthening of the Party organization, top and bottom. The building of the Party organization as a means of the struggle against the imperialist war danger will be the beginning in preparation for the growth of our Party and must show that the Party is on the road to drawing the militant workers closer to its own ranks.

Arrangements have been made for a good working-class program which will make the picnic a pleasant holiday for the Party members and for the revolutionary workers.

Mobilize Shop Workers. All units, in view of the shortness of time, must take up direct with the Party members the question of disposing extensively of the tickets, and make every effort to bring shop workers to this affair of the Communist Party.

The price of admission is 25 cents through organizations so as to enable the widest masses of workers to come to the affair.

Bring closer the revolutionary workers to the Party! Bring the Party nearer to the shop workers! Concentrate on making the picnic a huge success!

District Executive Committee, New York District, Communist Party of U. S. A., William W. Weinstein.

For a Four Weeks' Holiday for Young Workers!

### Fraternal Organizations

- MANHATTAN**
  - Negro Champion—Seamen Entertainment. Negro entertainers will appear at the dance to be given at the Seamen's Club at 28 South St. Sunday evening. Proceeds will go to the Negro Champion, organ of the American Negro Labor Congress. Tickets at Room 205, 28 Union Square, or at the Workers Bookshop or Labor Center, 225 W. 129th St.
  - Youth Section, N. Y. W. I. U. Meet at 121 W. 21st St., 9 a. m. Sunday, for the hike and swimming party to Alpine Woods.
  - Die Naturreisende. Meet at E. 130th St. subway station at 8 a. m. for the hike to the Quarries for swimming, given by the English Section, Sunday.
  - Laborists Esperanto Group. Meet at 7 a. m. at the home of Mrs. Westchester Ave. and Boston Road for the hike this Sunday to Silver Lake Quarry.
  - Il Lavatore Picnic. The annual picnic and outdoor festival of the "Il Lavatore," Italian Communist newspaper, will be held Sunday at Pleasant Bay Park. Music, dancing, games, contest and special surprises will be on the program. Special Italian dishes will be available throughout the day.
  - International Progressive Center. The center will be closed on Sundays during the summer, beginning this Sunday.
- BROOKLYN**
  - Council 5, United Council Working Class Women. M. J. Olgin will lecture on the class struggle and literature at 2901 Mermaid Ave. at 8:30 p. m. today.
  - Cleaners and Dyers. A report on the Metropolitan Area Trade Union Unity Conference will be delivered by one delegate at the meeting at the Jewish Workers University, 108 East 14th Street today. Discussion follows report.
  - International Labor Defense. L. Nelson, Kappel, Gordon and Weitenbaum will speak at the open forum to be held at Graham Ave. and Verat St. tonight.
  - Brownsville International Labor Defense. A concert and package party will be given by the Dramatic Section of the Youth Center and the children of the Impartial Schools at 8 p. m. Sunday.
- BRONX**
  - Progressive Group, Local 28. I. L. G. W. U. An open forum will be held at 8 p. m. today at the Non-Partisan Club Workers, 1473 Boston Road, to discuss the situation in the trade.
  - Council 5, U. C. W. W. The school situation will be discussed at the open air meeting at McLaren St. and Sherman Ave. at 4 p. m. Saturday. Jessie Taft and Fein will speak.
  - Textile Strike Dance. A social and dance in aid of the Gastonia strikers will be held at 3 Governor St. tomorrow night.
  - Newark Hike. Meet at 32 Merit St., corner Springfield Ave., for the hike to Okechobie at 9 a. m. Sunday.

### Communist Activities

- MANHATTAN**
  - C. Y. L. Iron Strike Benefit. A garden party and dance for the benefit of the iron strike will be held at 143 E. 103rd St. at 8:30 p. m. tomorrow.
  - East N. Y. Unity, Communist Party, League. An open air meeting will be held at 8:30 p. m. today at the corner of Pennsylvania and Sutter Aves.
  - Yorkville Communist Youth League. The C. I. Address will be discussed at the membership meeting at 350 E. 51st St. at 8 p. m. tonight.
  - Downtown Unit 2, C. Y. L. The C. I. Address will be discussed at the meeting at 101 W. 27th St. tonight.
  - Pioneer Teams. Comrades who played baseball at the Pioneer hike should send in their names to the District Office, care of Kusher.
- BROOKLYN**
  - Section 6. A section membership meeting will be held at 55 Manhattan Ave. at 6:30 p. m. Monday.
  - Williamsburgh C. Y. L. An open air meeting will be held at Grand and Havermeyer tonight.
  - C. Y. L. Downtown Unit No. 1. There will be an important meeting of the unit on Friday to discuss the C. I. Letter at 27 East 4th Street.
  - Among all the classes that confront the bourgeoisie today, the proletariat alone is really revolutionary—Marx.

### Open Air Meetings

- Friday, Fifth Ave. and 110th St. Poyntz, Ehrlich, Baum, Wilkins and Intervale, Trimmoff, Kels. Saturday, 62nd St. and Amsterdam, Williams, Glassford.
- Cooperators! PATRONIZE BERGMAN BROS. Your Nearest Stationery Store Cigars, Cigarettes, Candy, Toys 649 Allerton Ave. BRONX, N. Y. Telephone: Olivette 9851-2-9781-2
- FROM FACTORY TO YOU! HIGH-GRADE MEN'S and YOUNG MEN'S SUITS From \$12.50 to \$25.00 PARK CLOTHING STORE 88 Ave. A, Cor. 6th St., N. Y. C.
- COOPERATORS! PATRONIZE M. FORMAN Allerton Carriage, Bicycle and Toy Shop 786 ALLERTON AVENUE (Near Allerton Theatre, Bronx) Phone, Olivette 2885

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All Comrades Meet at BRONSTEIN'S VEGETARIAN HEALTH RESTAURANT 558 Claremont Parkway, Bronx

Meet your Friends at MELROSE Dairy Vegetarian RESTAURANT Comrades Will Always Find It Pleasant to Dine at Our Place. 1787 SOUTHERN BLVD., Bronx (near 174th St. Station) PHONE: INTERVALLE 8149.

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DR. ABRAHAM MARKOFF SURGEON DENTIST 248 EAST 115th STREET Cor. Second Ave. New York Office hours: Mon., Wed., Sat., 9:30 a. m. to 12:20 p. m. to 6 p. m. Tues., Thurs., 9:30 a. m. to 12:20 p. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. Please telephone for appointment. Telephone: Lehigh 6222

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## A Trip on the Atlantic

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CLAREMONT ONTEORA

will glide along the ocean and stop at the very beautiful ATLANTIC BEACH where there will be BATHING, BALL GAMES, SOCCER GAMES, etc., and where we will spend a pleasant afternoon and evening together.

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# Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Communist Party of the U. S. A.

## The "Experts' Report" Agreed On.

The New York Evening Post, organ of Wall Street, acclaims the experts' report on reparations agreed on at Paris, which is to be signed today, and raises the demand, "Now for Ratification."

The great financial interests are satisfied with the work accomplished by their "experts," J. Pierpont Morgan, the international banker, and Owen D. Young, chairman of the General Electric Co., also member of the original Dawes Commission, who acted as "unofficial" representatives of the United States government.

Wall Street's spokesmen went into the conference determined that there should be no cuts in debt payments by France and Great Britain to the United States. They were not worried over the question of German payments to France, Great Britain, Belgium or other "victors" under the terms of the Versailles Peace. Their desires were gratified.

Nothing is to be gained through speculation whether the agreement reached will be ratified or not by the capitalist governments of the various countries involved. There is opposition to the settlement, especially in Germany, while the German marks question is left entirely to direct negotiations between Germany and Belgium, which may fail.

The big fact is that whatever the reparations are, they must be sweated out of the blood and sinew of the working class. In Germany, especially, more than in any other land, the growing crisis of capitalism in direct connection with the reparations problem leads directly to an increasing offensive against the working class, to a general intensification of the class struggle, and to the outbreak of great social upheavals, the May Day events for example.

The restriction of the world market, the accentuation of international competition, and the failure of American sources of credit force the German capitalists to have recourse to a vigorous increase of exports, if they are to fulfill their reparations obligations. The situation on the world market, however, does not permit of any very pronounced augmentation of German exports which, expressed in capitalist phraseology, reads "costs of production" and which practically means wages, hours, conditions of work.

The accentuation of Anglo-American rivalry, the increased competitive struggle on the restricted world market, the approaching end of the business boom in the United States—all these factors dispelled the last illusion as to a possible cooperation of German and American capitalisms and a common pressure on the Reparations creditors.

Great social struggles appear imminent, however, in other countries as well as in Germany. In France and England, also the United States, the working masses are more and more feeling the effects of the growing antagonisms of international capitalism and (in the same degree in which the struggle on the world market increases) also of the vicious circle of the Reparations problem.

The New York Evening Post warns the powers concerned that, "It is clearly enough this plan or no plan at all." It claims that the governments concerned

"will be forced to realize that the alternative before them is acceptance of the compromise or a continuation of the uncertainty which must prevail under the Dawes plan plus a blow to their national credits which might have serious results."

Here is a veiled threat of the importance which this Wall Street organ attaches to the development of this form of capitalist unity in Europe against the growing threat of the Union of Soviet Republics. This unity can only be achieved, in the words of the French foreign-politician de Jouvenel, writing in the "Deutsche Bergwerkszeitung," organ of German heavy industries, by Germany putting aside its vacillation

"between an East (Russia) and West-European policy, for which reason it would be most desirable that Germany should be brought to abandon the policy it has pursued hitherto. An all-round readjustment of Germany's policy would be just as advantageous to Germany itself as it would be to the rest of Europe."

Every effort is thus being made to build the Anti-Soviet Bloc. This was one of the dominant factors in the negotiations for the reparations accord in which Wall Street won.

## The Anti-Fascist Matteotti Memorial.

JUNE 10th is the Fifth Anniversary of the cold-blooded murder of the Italian socialist deputy, Giacomo Matteotti, by Mussolini's fascist assassins. The repercussions from this deliberate political murder shook the power of the fascist dictatorship to its very foundations. The crime itself attracted world-wide attention. There was no disputing that Mussolini's closest and leading supporters personally directed and carried out the actual killing.

Matteotti died an enemy of fascism. He was one of the few socialist members of the chamber of deputies who dared raise a voice against Mussolini. He did this while other leading members of the socialist party were rapidly succumbing to the fascist tyranny.

The Fifth Anniversary of Matteotti's martyrdom will witness two types of memorial gatherings. There will be the proletarian memorials organized by revolutionary workers, to preserve for all labor the tradition of Matteotti's courageous struggle against fascism. At the same time, however, counter-revolutionary elements, typified by the socialists and their traitor allies will try to exploit the memory of Matteotti for their own treasonable purposes. This is the case in New York City, where two meetings have been arranged, for the same time. Revolutionary labor in New York will support the memorial organized by the Anti-Fascist Alliance of North America to be held Sunday afternoon, June 9, at the New Webster Manor. Workers desirous of making an effective fight against fascism will gather at this demonstration for the strengthening of the American anti-fascist movement.

In Italy it is only the Communist Party, fighting illegally to be sure, that wages an effective struggle against Mussolini.

The conglomeration of social-democrats and their supporters, that now parades under the name of "concentrationists," that resorted to an appeal to the king to abolish fascism rather than rallying the workers for a struggle against it on the occasion of Matteotti's assassination, completely betrayed and then deserted the Italian working class. In reality these social-democratic elements, of the type of Modigliani and Turati, are the legitimate parents of fascism, strike-breakers against the fight for the overthrow of the fascist regime.

All these facts must be clearly emphasized at this year's Matteotti Memorial. The allies in the United States of the social-democratic traitors in Italy, are the same Hillquits, Thomases, Cahans, who seize upon every labor struggle to do the bidding of those who are fighting the working class in this country, carrying on an open attack against the Soviet Union, and waging war against the Communist Party of the United States, and the Communist International, that lead the effort for the defeat and extermination of fascism.

Fully acquainted with this situation, workers will know by instinct which Matteotti Memorial to attend on Sunday.

## THE MIDWIFE



By Fred Ellis

# CEMENT

By FEODOR GLADKOV

Translated by A. S. Arthur and C. Ashleigh

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Gleb Chumalov, Red Army commander, returns to his town on the Black Sea to find the great cement works in ruins and the general life of the town disorganized. He wins over the workers to the task of reconstruction as well as Badin, chairman of the District Executive of the Soviet. Together with Engineer Kleist, who has remained from the old regime, he makes active plans to get the factory into working shape again.

## CHAPTER VIII BURNING DAYS Workers' Blood.

IN these days the sun was not burning; the sky was white-clouded. There was not enough air for one's lungs; and the town and mountains, the people and the docks, were all whipped by the wind which went rocking in whirlwinds of pebbles. The days burned only in the hearts of men, hearts that throbbed heavily.

Gleb, with his helmet pushed back on his head, was running to the Council of Trade Unions, to the Party Committee (Call immediately an Aggregate Meeting of the Party for the whole town!), to the Railway Men's Union (Comrades, hasten the dispatch of tank cars to the petrol refinery!), to the Factory Administration, to the power-house where Brynza and the Diesels waited all ready for work.

Shidky was clapping Gleb heavily on the back and burning with enthusiasm.

"God damn you, old Chumalov! Harness yourself to the factory instead of the dynamo and you'll be able to make it work all by yourself. We ought to send you to Europe—you'd start a hell for a row there!"

"The main thing, Chumalov, is not to forget that you are above everything a Communist. All our reconstruction isn't worth a damn unless it's burned in the red fire of revolution. Remember this and keep a sharp look-out."

"Yes, we're going straight ahead, Shidky. We're doing our level best! The only thing is not to do it too well, not shoot beyond our mark! That's the danger!"

"I love you, Chumalov, you're a real man!"

Gleb, nostrils quivering, breathed shortly with emotion.

HE ran to Lukhava. But as usual Lukhava was not at the Trade Union Council, he could not stay within the walls of his office. Every day from morning till night he was running from one union to the other, to the various workshops, entering into all the details of production and into the life of the workers; organizing special meetings, settling disagreements, cursing the wasters and inscribing on the Red Roll of Honor the heroes of toil. He haunted the offices, mills, workshops, the economic services, the food department, fingering papers, ordering, requesting, jostling, arousing fear and evoking storms of enthusiasm. He was never worn out, never knew the meaning of exhaustion; in his eyes a fervid inextinguishable fire burned.

That's how he entered into the souls of the workers.

Gleb used to leave him notes:

"Hurry along the Railwaymen's Union Committee."

"Put the screws on the Economic Council for sabotage and red tape."

And Lukhava ran hither and thither, bronzed, fiery-eyed, his hair streaming like black flames.

AT the factory the electricians had commenced the repairs to the installation. In the workmen's quarters, electric light bulbs, taken from the factory store, had been fixed in the empty sockets. The lamps glittered and cast genial reflections in the windows; at the sight of them the women and children were moved to smiles and the grey mask of hunger on the faces of the workmen melted away in a happy presentiment.

No more pipe-lighters were being made in the repair shops. Different work was going on now: in a whirlwind of iron clanging, gnashing, whistling, hissing and murmuring, the machines were coming back to life. Workmen in blue shirts stained with copper passed each other in the courtyards going from workshop to workshop, building to building. But neither Loshak nor Gromada were there. They had other cares: the Factory Committee. In the Factory Committee office, down in the basement under the factory offices, in the rooms reeking of cement and cheap tobacco—tobacco rank enough to make the devil kick up his heels—people were crowding and tramping from door to door, and the walls and windows trembled with the echoes of shouts and bellowing laughter.

Factory Committee. . . . Increased rations. . . . Distribution of forces. . . . Ropeway. . . . Whirlwind of machinery in the machine shop. . . . Liquid fuel. . . . Tomorrow the dynamo will be working and by tomorrow night the factory will awaken. . . .

Gleb—he was the workers' representative on the Factory Management—rushed hither and thither, dripping with sweat, laughed, caught up tools, cut, sawed, drilled and could not keep pace with the mad tempo of his heart.

He often called on Brynza who would receive him with cries which filled the great engine room.

"Ho, ho, Commander! It's moving! The machines are ready! Fuel, my Commander, we must have fuel! That and nothing else! Now you've risen out of hell, the merry-go-round will start. I know it will! Your head's a machine like my Diesels. Fuel—petrol and benzine! That's all we need! If you don't let me have some in two days I'll blow myself up and the Diesels too. And when I fly sky-high, I'll drag you with me by the feet!"

AMONG the machines his assistants—who all looked rather like him—were moving about, cleaning and making the metal resound, Brynza nodded to them and winked under his peaked cap, joyfully showing his teeth.

"You see: the brothers have started work with a big push! The idle chatter and trifling of the past years are forgotten, my friend. That's what the power of machines means. So long as the machines are alive, we can't get away from them. The yearning for machines is stronger than that for a sweetheart."

And suddenly his great voice filled the whole shop:

"Fuel, fuel! Ten tanks—that'll be enough for the first go. Ten tanks! Or I'll cut you in pieces, Commander!"

Together with Engineer Kleist, the technicians and the workmen from the quarries, they walked along the valley, through the grass-grown yards. Grave, silent and sunken-eyed, Engineer Kleist was examining the old ropeway.

Two technicians of the old staff of the factory from traditional habit were walking two steps behind the engineer, rushing up to him with servile alacrity at the first silent nod of his head. The engineer did not look at Gleb but Gleb knew well that the engineer realized only his presence and lived only in his power. When Kleist talked to the technicians Gleb felt that he was really speaking to him, and that he was expecting from him words he would not be able to contradict.

They decided to repair the whole transportation system of the factory and to carry the ropeway from the highest stage in the quarries up to the crest of the mountain, about 800 meters.

AND once again seated in his office (both windows were now wide open), Engineer Kleist said, after having worked on the plans and estimates:

"If we have a guarantee that the specifications will be fully approved and that sufficient labor is furnished us, the work can be completed within one month."

Gleb bent down towards the engineer and slapped his hand upon the papers.

"Comrade Technologist, the work must be accomplished within four days. Five thousand workmen are at your disposition. Material will be given you by the factory management upon your instant demand. If there's any sabotaging I'll smash them to bits: we've taken Bastilles than this. Not a month, but four days only, Comrade Technologist! Take good note of it, and hit straight for the target."

Engineer Kleist looked closely at Gleb. For the first time a pale smile lit his face.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

# Problems and Struggles of the Negro Workers

By RICHARD B. MOORE.  
III. Race Prejudice the Ideology of Capitalist Imperialism.

(Continued)

In order to maintain the system of exploitation of the black masses, the imperialists following in the wake of the chattel slave holders have developed an ideology and prejudice against the Negroes. They hold that the Caucasian race is a superior race and that all other races are inferior, the Negroes being the most inferior of all. All sorts of arguments are put forward to support this prejudice. The old biblical myth of the curse pronounced by Noah upon Canaan because Ham laughed at the drunken state of the old patriarch is brought forward as a proof of the divine endowment of the white race with superior qualities and the lack of them in the supposed black descendants of Ham. "Science" is supposed to prove that the germ-plasm of the superior Nordic is endowed with mysterious and excellent properties which are responsible for the present superior status of the white imperialist nations. History also is brought under contribution to show that the Negro race has contributed nothing to civilization whereas it is to the white race that we owe whatever civilization exists. So-called intelligence tests are also said to prove innate deficiencies of Negroes and other non-whites. But a truly scientific analysis of this race ideology of imperialism proves the utter falsity of all these assumptions.

1. No intelligent person can for a moment countenance the biblical argument. The twaddle of a drunk man cannot be taken as a universal cosmic law.

2. In respect to racial contributions to civilization, the truth of history attests that all races have made great contributions thereto. Not the least among these the Negro race. As we must be brief, we quote only this small paragraph from Bucharin's "Historical Materialism": "In the first place, the race theory is in contradiction with the facts. The 'lowest' race, that which is said to be incapable, by nature, of any development, is the black race, the Negroes. Yet it has been shown that the ancient representatives of this black race, the so-called Kushites, created a very high civilization in India (before the days of the Hindoos) and Egypt; the yellow race, which now enjoys but slight favor, also created a very high civilization in China, far superior in its day to the then-existing civilization of the white men; the white men were then children as compared with the yellow men. We now know how much the ancient Greeks borrowed from the Assyro-Babylonians and Egyptians. These few facts are sufficient to show that the 'racial' explanation is no explanation at all." (p. 127.)

3. Inferiority based upon present social traits. Even the most enlightened of the bourgeois scientists are compelled to refute this ideology. Professor Franz Boas in "The Mind of Primitive Man" deals with this at length. We have space only for the following quotation: "An unbiased estimate of the anthropological evidence so far brought forward does not permit us to countenance the belief in a racial inferiority which would unfit an individual of the Negro race to take his part in modern civilization. We do not know of any demand made on the human body or mind in modern life that anatomical or ethnological evidence would prove to be beyond the powers of the Negro. 'The traits of the American Negro

are adequately explained on the basis of his history and social status. The tearing-away from the African soil and the consequent complete loss of the old standards of life, which were replaced by the dependency of slavery and by all it entailed, followed by a period of disorganization and by a severe economic struggle against heavy odds, are sufficient to explain the inferiority of the status of the race, without falling back upon the theory of hereditary inferiority." (p. 272.)

4. That evolution theory which holds that Negroes are closest to the apes. As proved by Goldenweiser, Lowie, Boas, and others, there are no distinctions to be made on this score. The pot may not call the kettle black. There are as many ape-like characteristics among whites as among Negroes. Straight hair is more like the hair of the apes than kinky hair. Even the thick lips of Negroes which were held to be a distinctly animal feature, are seen to be a distinctly human feature. Such characteristics as the length of the forearm, in which the Negro more closely resembles our common ape-like ancestors, than the Caucasian, are set off by these other characteristics.

5. Intelligence tests. The nature and method of these tests prove most of them to be absolutely worthless. But even on the basis of these tests conclusions are posited which give no warrant whatever for innate inferiority but prove on the contrary that the social opportunity and environment is responsible for the present development of the races.

For instance, the army tests showed that Northern Negroes had a higher intelligence quotient than Southern Negroes and also than Southern whites.

6. "Inherent antagonism between races." The late President Harding uttered the imperialist dictum on this point at Birmingham, Alabama, when he said: "There are fundamental, inescapable, eternal differences between the races which will make it impossible for them to live together upon terms of social equality." So thought Lincoln, the much-heralded friend of the Negroes. So think most whites in America, so think even a large and growing number of Negroes.

But such antagonism as exists between the races can definitely be proved to be the result of training and social education. It is not inborn. Children are unusually free from this prejudice. They play with each other wholly oblivious of this "innate" antagonism until it is impressed upon their minds by prejudiced elders. Moreover, whites enter into the most intimate relationships with Negroes, even the most rabid Negro-haters, the Southern slaveholding Bourbons. Negro women suckle white babies at their breasts and the millions of mulattoes in these United States are testimony to the fact of sex relationships between white and black. But it is to be noted, that a less intimate relationship will be objected to if it places the Negro on a plane of social equality. The black mammy may nurse the white child but she may not sit in the parlor. As a black coachman or chauffeur the Negro may sit beside whites but not as a fellow-passenger. These instances may be multiplied but they suffice to show that it is not intimate relationship per se that is objected to but equal social status. The attitude is the

same as that of the patricians of Rome toward the plebeians who were of the same racial stock. Here is not a question of innate antagonism but a question of crass contempt growing out of a specific class relationship—namely, that of master and slave.

## IV. Importance of Negro Masses for the Labor Movement and the Revolutionary Struggle in America.

Negroes number over 12 million. They are one-tenth of the total population and one-seventh of the workers. They are the most exploited section of the proletarian masses of this country being doubly oppressed both as workers and as a subject race. Potentially, therefore, they are the most revolutionary proletarian elements and constitute a fertile field for Communist propaganda and organization. Moreover, the development of American imperialism draws the Negro masses ever more into the forefront of the class struggle. Specific factors which operate to make the Negro workers an organized and integral factor of the labor movement and the revolutionary struggle are:

1. The movement from the farms to the industrial and commercial cities. The extent of this movement will be seen from the following figures:

In 1890 the percentage of Negroes living in rural districts was 80.6, that in cities 19.4; in 1920, 66 and 34. From 1900 to 1920 Negro city population increased more than a million and a half while the Negro population of rural areas increased less than 72,000 or about 1 per cent. The greater part of this movement occurred from 1910 to 1920 during which decade the Negro city population, making a total increase of more than 2,000,000 for the 25-year period—a growth of over 100 per cent. From 1900 to 1920 the Southern cities increased by 886,173 while the Northern and Western cities increased by 671,292. On a percentage basis, however, the gain in the North was 105 per cent as against 65 per cent in the South. More than 31-2 million or over one-third of the Negro population lived in cities by 1920. In 1920 there were six cities, 3 Southern and 3 Northern, which had a population of over 100,000 Negroes. These are Baltimore, 108,382; New Orleans, 100,930; and Washington, D. C., 109,966. New York, 152,467; Philadelphia, 134,229; Chicago, 109,458. As we shall see next the Negro population of these northern cities has increased considerably since 1920.

2. The migration from the South to the Northern industrial centers. It is estimated that between 800,000 and 900,000 Negroes came north during the two recent great mass migrations of 1916 to 1919 and 1921 to 1923. The first of these movements was due primarily to the demand for labor during the world war, the latter to the labor demand due to restricted immigration. The contributory causes were severe economic exploitation in the South, insecurity of life due to lynchings and mob violence, insecurity of property caused by high mortgage and interest rates, crop failures due to boll weevil and floods, unemployment, Jim Crow laws, poor school facilities, oppression in the courts, disfranchisement, and the terrible conditions in Negro segregated dis-

tricts. These Negro workers went into industry for the most part into steel, mining, automobile, needle and other industries. In the mining industry, the report of the U. S. coal commissioner shows that 42,489 Negroes were employed out of a total of 525,152 workers. These figures suffice to show the growing industrialization of the Negro workers and their importance for the labor movement. It should be noted that the great steel strike of 1919 was broken by the capitalists because it was possible for them to draw upon the Negro masses whom they consider as strike-breaking reserves to break this strike, in one of the most basic industries. In the mining strike, thousands of Negroes were likewise imported. They were not told that they would be employed as miners or that a strike was on. In the needle workers' strikes and in the paper-box makers' strike this same tactic has been used by the bosses. More and more it is their practice to utilize Negro workers against white workers and to pit white workers against Negro workers to undermine the standards of both and to maintain the exploitation and degradation of the entire working class. The role of the Negro masses in the revolution which abolished chattel slavery should demonstrate the importance of the Negro masses for the proletarian revolution of America. It is impossible to conceive of a successful social revolution without the Negro masses, who played the decisive role in the civil war of 1865 and who will again play a very important role in the coming social revolution.

3. The industrialization of the South. The South is being rapidly transformed from an agricultural into an industrial section. Steel, mining, textile, and other manufacturing industries are being rapidly developed owing to the absence of restrictive labor laws and a cheap and docile supply of white and black workers. Negro workers are being drawn in large numbers into the heavy industries.

4. Limitation of immigration. The decline in immigration will be seen from the following figures: reported by the Bureau of Immigration: in 1910 a million and 41,570 immigrants entered the United States. This number fluctuated slightly until 1914 when 1,218,480 came. In the next year only 326,700 were admitted, the number falling as low as 110,618 in 1918, and increasing slightly to 373,511 in 1923. A greater demand for Negro workers in industry is the result.

(The End)

## Senate Withdraws Its Approval of J. Cotton as an Under Secretary

WASHINGTON, June 5.—Overriding the angry protests of Senator Borah, who claimed that all the serious charges against Joseph P. Cotton had been investigated already by the senate foreign relations committee, the senate today withdrew its confirmation of Hoover's appointee to the post of under-secretary of state.

Cotton would seem to be an ideal man from the imperialist point of view, as he is a big corporation lawyer and banker and also served on Hoover's food commission which starved the Hungarians when they had a Soviet government. But he is suspected of taking money from foreign sources.

## Build Up the United Front of the Working Class From the Bottom Up—at the Enterprise!

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