

The Social Democracy; Enemy of Labor

No more infamous example of the utter rottenness of the social democracy, the socialist parties of the Second International, than the urging of the leading socialist paper of Germany, "The Vorwaerts," that the German consuls in Manchuria have nothing to do with the thousands of Soviet citizens being tortured, starved and murdered in Manchuria, whose welfare the Soviet Government was compelled to leave in the hands of German consuls when its own consuls were withdrawn following the seizure of the Chinese Eastern Railway by the Chinese militarists acting as tools for the imperialist powers.

While not only the Communist press, but the bourgeois papers also, carry photographic evidence of the horrible tortures and beheadings, stories that make the blood of every worker boil with anger of the deliberate ill treatment of these thousands of working men, women and children—this "Vorwaerts," the vile mouthpiece of fascist scoundrels mouthing phrases of socialism, would have the very little relief afforded these victims by German consuls, taken from them.

"Let them die! Go ahead, they are workers, Soviet workers, so murder and torture your fill!" Such is the urging of the Second International leaders to their blood-brothers, the savage monarchist White Guards of the Czar and the human butchers of Chang Hsueh-liang and Nanking—both the purchased agents of the imperialist powers.

Where is the Philistine Kautsky with his weasel words of "democracy" and his philosophy of vegetarianism in revolution? Ah! But Kautsky was not defending the workers, but defending; the Russian bourgeoisie, when the Russian workers with iron hand and guided by the Bolshevik party of Lenin swept their despots and exploiters into the dust bin of history.

Died are the tears of Kautsky and his socialist ilk. Proving to capitalism that they are its best defenders, capitalism has taken them to its bosom—they are one and the same thing! And now, with a whole generation of social democrats in political power and fatten from the prerequisites of office, as the proletariat rises—is forced to rise by its conditions which the socialists actively worsen—social democracy has openly and putridly decomposed into social fascism, mouthing socialist phrases and bathing itself in proletarian blood.

"The social democracy is strong," say the international renegades from Communism, omitting to note that it is strong only in stinking amalgamation with the bourgeoisie, refusing to see that the proletariat is repulsed more and more by such malodorous traitors, clearing the way for Communist leadership—if it acts decisively.

"The A. F. of L. is strong," say the right renegades of American Communism, arguing against decisive, independent leadership of American workers by Communists. "How about the progressives? How can you dare neglect the progressives? How sectarian!" wails in the same "Right" key the malevolent renegade Trotsky-Cannon gang of fake "leftists" arguing precisely for the same thing as the Lovestone "Right," and both drawing pap from the teats of the socialist party.

These deceivers who strive to weaken and destroy the independent role, the decisive role, of the Communist Party, are the liquidators of class struggle on the part of the workers, trying to hamstring their will to struggle, to split and disperse its forces in the face of an oncoming fascist wave the signs of which can be seen on every hand.

No truce with the Right danger within the Communist Party! Expose and smash any attempt of renegades to split the Communist Party! War on the "progressive" of Muste & Co., who lead the workers into betrayal by the socialist party and A. F. of L. Implacable struggle against all who oppose independent, revolutionary leadership of the masses.

The fight against the social democracy, against reformism, for the majority of the working class, is the task of every Communist worker.

Rank and File by Itself Must Capture Control; Disregarding Officials

Trade Union Unity League Secretary Finds Men Ready to Fight; Thugs Throw Him Out

Garage Workers, Longshoremen, Eager to Aid; Reactionary Officials Order Them Back

BULLETIN.

That the rank and file has lost its last vestige of confidence in the A. F. L. officialdom is again proven by the attendance at the "general membership meeting of the Garage Workers' and Polishers' Union, held last night in Royal Hall. Nine workers were present, out of a reputed membership of 15,000.

"Continue and spread the strike!"

"Form rank and file committees—take the situation in your own hands at once!"

"Pumpmen, filling station workers, garage workers, truck drivers and longshoremen must immediately join the struggle of the gasoline truckmen, over the heads of the A. F. of L. officials who are betraying all of you!"

These were the militant slogans raised at Royal Hall where the saboteurs "leaders" of Gas and Fuel Drivers' Local 553 of the Teamsters' International had called a belated strike meeting yesterday afternoon.

These were the rallying calls hurled in the faces of labor leaders mouthing defeat and advising fighting workers to make the best of a vicious betrayal.

Strikers Militant.

Copies of the Daily Worker and T. U. U. L. leaflets, spurring the men to unite all forces for victory, were distributed broadcast through the hall. Militants, speaking on the floor, after the official meeting ended demanded the formation of rank and file committees.

(Continued on Page Two)

PREPARE CHICAGO TUUL CONVENTION To Take Up Fight on Terror Reign

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 20.—The T. U. U. L. of Chicago is calling a conference of shop committees, new unions, industrial groups, workers' clubs, and progressive fraternal organizations, to be held at the Workers' Lyceum 2733 Hirsch Blvd., Sunday, Nov. 3, 10 a. m.

The purpose of this conference is to broaden the organization and enlist the support of all those forces that are willing to put up a fight for the right of building revolutionary industrial unions. This fight is being carried on now by the Needle Trades Industrial Union in Chicago. The opposing forces are the Socialist fascist elements, the bosses and their hired gangsters.

Last week the Needle Trades Industrial Union, affiliated with the T. U. U. L., distributed leaflets in the clothing market, they were interfered with by the forces mentioned above. In the fight several of the right wingers and their hired gangsters got a "beating." Now they are enlisting the whole of the Chicago Federation of Labor which will endeavor to organize all their A. F. of L. crooks together with the underworld, the yellow socialists, for an attack on the new Needle Trades Industrial Union.

The Chicago Conference will take up this fight and if necessary meet with their own methods. All progressives who read this information should immediately take this up with their workers' clubs and fraternal organizations. If they do not meet before the conference, have the executive elect two or more delegates to this conference.

\$19 RAYON WAGE IS UTW EXCUSE Bosses Call It Big Pay; Fakers Stall Strike

TORONTO, Canada, Oct. 18.—William Green, president of the A. F. of L., is today considering seriously the "correction" sent in by his friends, the board of directors of the American Bemberg and American Glastoff rayon companies, with mills at Elizabethton.

Samuel R. Fuller, chairman of the companies, boasts that the average weekly wage is \$19.64. This will give Green a chance to agree openly with the officials of the United Textile Workers, who are still delaying the strike, void practically unanimously by the 1,200 workers in Elizabethton two weeks ago.

Official Strikebreaking.

Every trick of the trade has been used by these office holders, who draw in expenses and salaries more per day than even Fuller's figures for the operatives, to prevent this strike against the blacklist and worsening conditions. First they postponed it because of the suicide of the acting president of the mills, then to consult with the U. S. department of labor and the U. T. W. heads in Toronto, and then they proposed arbitration.

Chelsea and Revers Mothers League in Anti-Zion Mass Meet

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 20.—On Wednesday evening, Oct. 23, the Mothers League of Chelsea and Revere will hold a protest demonstration at the Chelsea Labor Lyceum against the arrest of two of their members, Dora Dalevich and Rose Bloom, and against the brutal actions of the police, aided by the yellow socialist Forward bunch, at the instigation of the management of the Jewish Theatre, Friday night. Demonstration was held against the theatre's action in boycotting the Freithe, Jewish Communist daily, for that paper's stand against British imperialism and Zionist fascism in Palestine.

Chicago Electrician Union Fakes \$65 Plate Dinner; Men Pay

CHICAGO (By Mail).—It's the truth," said Irwin "Boss" Knott, business manager of the Electrical Workers' Union Local 9, when asked if it were true that he was "guest of honor" at a banquet at which tickets were sold for \$65 apiece. It turns out that the "banquet" was one of those "testimonial dinners" to a labor faker, for which the members of the union are forced to cough up huge sums.

Put Off Trial of Aug. 1 Demonstrators Arrested in Boston

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 20.—The trial of seven August First anti-war demonstrators, among whom are William Simons, secretary of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, and William Seroka, was put off until next Tuesday. The charge against the workers is "loitering and sauntering." The seven arrested were fined \$10 each about a week after the arrests, but appealed for jury trial.

500 Angeles Workers In Meets for Gaston

LOS ANGELES, (By Mail).—Over 500 Los Angeles workers showed that they were aroused by the general attack on militant American workers when they attended two demonstrations, an open air mass meeting in the Plaza last Sunday afternoon, and another against the murder of Ella May Wiggins and the five Marion workers, the breaking up of the Children's Workers Summer Camp, and the railroading to prison of the three camp workers. The local Labor Defense branch conducted the meetings. A sum of \$71 was collected at the meetings for Gastonia defense, and 16 workers joined the L.L.D.

COMMUNISTS FIGHT HONORING OF STRESEMAN

SAARBRUCKEN, Germany, Oct. 20.—The Saarbrücken City Planning Commission, strongly opposed by the Communists, has decided to rename the city's principal street after Stresemann.

FLIERS LAND IN CAL. AS WAITING THOUSANDS ROAR FOR SHARP FIGHT

Land of Soviets Gets Tremendous Ovation; Fliers in Parade

Address Seattle Meet

Plan NY Reception at Final Meet Today

OAKLAND, Cal., Oct. 20.—The greatest reception ever accorded any aviators here was given the four Soviet fliers when they spiraled down to a perfect landing at the municipal airport yesterday afternoon, completing the 500-mile Seattle-Oakland leg of their Moscow to New York flight. Airport attendants said that they had seen nothing like it since Lindburgh's first visit to Oakland following his hop to Paris.

The huge monoplane was first sighted from the west and from an altitude of 2,000 feet came down in three sweeping circles. It taxied to the airport administration building amid the cheers of thousands of workers, who broke through the ropes when the plane touched the ground, sweeping past the guards in a rush for the dauntless crew.

The friends of the Soviet Union were in charge of the field reception and led a parade through downtown Oakland, after which the Soviet emissaries were escorted to San Francisco, where the F. S. U. have arranged a huge demonstration of welcome.

The conditions of the Land of the Soviets will determine the length of its stay here. The flight from Seattle was interrupted Friday when an oil-line trouble forced the fliers to return to Vancouver. It is not believed that the take-off for Cheyenne, Wyo., where the plane will stop on the way to Chicago, can be made before Monday.

War on Bosses' Tools in U. M. W. A., Is Demand

Both Boss Tools.

"The fight between Fishwick and Lewis has now reached its climax. The two corrupt machines, aimed by many to be the agents of two coal interests who struggle for domination over the Illinois miners, are now engaged in a bitter fight for the control of the property, funds and right to betray the Illinois miners." A communication signed by Pat Toohy from the National Executive Board which reached every local union in the Illinois district today.

"That Farrington, notorious tool of the Peabody Coal Company, and recently readmitted to the U. M. W. A., leads the fight in support of the discredited Fishwick machine, is evidence that the Peabody Coal Company is greatly interested in the struggle. On the other hand, powerful coal interests support the Lewis machine. This fact must be (Continued on Page Three)

Arrest Rock Island Worker Krieger, for Distributing Dailies

EAST MOLINE, Ill., Oct. 20.—Twenty-four hours after being convicted of distributing the Daily Worker and Communist leaflets, S. A. Krieger, of Rock Island, Daily Worker agent, was arrested as he was giving leaflets and dailies to the workers of the Troy Laundry Machine Co. plant here. Krieger was held in jail for a short period, and bonds of \$100 were posted by the International Labor Defense. Hearing was set for next Wednesday. The I. L. D. will appeal the first conviction.

European Steel Trust Girds for U.S. Struggle

PARIS, Oct. 20.—The International steel cartel which regulates the production in France, Germany, Luxembourg, Belgium and the Saar is planning to organize a unified sales office to aid in meeting United States competition, it was reliably stated today.

Build Up the United Front of the Working Class From the Bottom Up—at the Enterprises!

Plan to Merger All New England Railways for Imperialist War

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—The plan to merge all the New England railways was discussed today by governors of the six states, railroad officials and members of the New England Council. The merger plan is one of a series in basic industries in preparation for the coming imperialist war.

Adopt Bessemer City As a Memorial to Ella May!

Other Groups Must Join Womens Council 2 In Sending Daily There

As if in answer to the letter of two women mill workers in Bessemer City, N. C., asking that the Daily Worker be sent to them, comes the contribution of \$10 to the "Drive to Rush the Daily South," from Working Women's Council No. 2, of Newark, N. J.

The \$10 given by Council No. 2 means that the mill workers of Bessemer City are assured of receiving 100 more copies of the Daily Worker every day for one week.

In the Bessemer City textile mills slaved Ella May Wiggins, murdered by mill thugs for her activity as a member of the National Textile Workers' Union.

The mill bosses' terror against members of the N.T.W. still reigns in Bessemer City, as well as in Gastonia, Kings Mountain, and other mill towns which were the scenes of rebellion of the mill workers against their slavery.

Mass circulation of the Daily Worker in the South is the most effective weapon of the mill workers against this terror, and the contribution of Council 2 of Newark will aid in the struggle against that terror.

The mill workers of Bessemer City, and all the mill towns and villages of North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Virginia look to their fellow workers to come to their aid in the fight against slavery and terrorism.

That is why they appeal to militant American workers to rush the Daily Worker to them at once.

More than 100 copies of the Daily Worker must go to Bessemer City each day; it is a town of over 1,000 mill workers.

The permanent adoption of Bessemer City, so that all of the 1,000 (Continued on Page Three)

COURT WHITEWASHES THE LYNCHERS WHO BEAT WELLS; MILL PROSECUTOR RAVES

Carpenter Kneels on Floor in Charlotte Court And Prays For Conviction of Unionists

Bill Dunne Speaks to Workers' Mass Meeting, Answers Solicitors Attack on Communism

CONCORD, N. C., Oct. 20.—Saturday the leaders of the mill owners' gang which kidnapped Ben Wells, C. D. Saylor, and C. M. Lell, beat Wells into insensibility and tried to lynch him, all this just a few days before the same outfit murdered Ella May, were whitewashed, pronounced guilty by a jury here. The Lora gang has thus been reassured that they will not be punished for their attack on the organizers of the National Textile Workers Union since the bosses' courts are on their side.

This whitewashing will give the bosses' black hundreds added encouragement to kidnap, blackmail, and flog militant union organizers. When the murderers of Ella May likewise are whitewashed, they will indeed be certain that they may even murder with impunity.

To Whitewash Murderers.

The fake proceedings against those indicted for Ella May's murder will be resumed on Monday in Gastonia. It is the boast of members of the Lora Committee of 100 that "We have the solicitor, the judge, the jury, and all the police on our side. We can do what we damn please and get away with it. We can get all the witnesses we want to swear to our alibis."

That is exactly what happened in Concord in the "trial" of those indicted for kidnapping and flogging. Nearly every member of the Committee of 100 was paraded in court to establish the alibis of their leaders. Their chiefs, Solicitor Carpenter of Gastonia, and Major Bulwinkle, attorney for the Manville-Jencks Co., and Gastonia case prosecutor, were there to help them.

C. D. Saylor and C. M. Lell testified to the same account as they did in the investigations conducted before Judge Shaw in Charlotte.

Law Leaders.

They told how they were taken from their boarding house by a gang of thugs, among which they recognized Carpenter and Bulwinkle, and certain mill bosses and gunmen, taken out to the country, where preparations were made to lynch Wells. First Wells was flogged, after he refused to denounce the union, and Saylor and Lell refused to flog him. A party of hunters came along and frightened the lynchers away.

The "prosecution" of the floggers, conducted by Solicitor Zeb Long, was perfunctory, and half hearted, helping the mill lawyers defend the Lora gangsters on trial.

None of the four lawyers for the prosecution paid any attention to the evidence. For six hours they distorted the opinions of the defendants and defense witnesses on racial, religious political and economic problems. The most contemptible of all was Solicitor Carpenter. Even Judge Barnhill turned his face away and hid his laughter behind a newspaper while Carpenter was resorting to melodramatic trickery to stir the emotions and prejudices of the jury. The courtroom was crowded to the doors when Carpenter began, but it was only half-full at the end of his two hour harangue. Nearly half of the spectators had left in disgust. It seems incomprehensible that any jury could be swayed by such cajolery and chicanery.

It is clear that the verdict resulting from such appeals will be purely a class verdict.

For two hours Carpenter gave the jury his wretched interpretations of the doctrines of Communism "from the wild precincts of Soviet Russia." Under ruling of Judge Barnhill it was permitted for the prosecution to present their distortions of Communism to the jury for the sole purpose of appealing to prejudice, but the defense was not permitted to put Bill Dunne on the stand as an expert on Communism to give the jury a correct statement of Marxism.

Two hours after Carpenter had finished his harangue to the jury in the court room, Bill Dunne spoke to the workers of North Charlotte, at a meeting held under the auspices of the Communist Party, the Young Communist League and the Young Pioneers. He gave them a speech which if the jury had heard it would have answered the lies of Carpenter.

Dunne pointed out that the trial has brought forward the question of violence and revolution before the workers of the South, among the issues of the trial. The prosecution has tried to convince the jury that the purpose of the Communists in the South is to "immediately organize an armed insurrection to overthrow the government, kill all policemen, public officials and mill owners, seize control of the mills and set up a Soviet." The prosecution has appealed to the jury to "do their duty as patriotic Americans" (Continued on Page Three)

Expose Lies on U. S. S. S. LONDON (By Mail).—To offend lies told by three employers' agents to "report" on their visit to the U. S. S. R., the British Friends of the Soviet Union proposes to send a delegate from the Tinsmanstone Colliery, Kent, to the Soviet Union to see for themselves the triumph of socialist economy.

LARGER ILL BLOW AT MILL BOSSES

Gastonia Cace Brings Class Solidarity

The executive board of the International Shingle Weavers' Union has decided to affiliate with the International Labor Defense, and five locals of that union in the state of Washington, at Grays Harbor, Kalama, Centralia, Willipaw and Everett, have affiliated locally.

This report was received at the I. L. D. headquarters today in the light of activities for its drive for 20,000 new members. Ella Reeve Bloor, organizer for the defense organization on the West Coast, who made the report; also announced the affiliation of the Woman's Finnish Club and the Lithuanian Workers' Club in Seattle, with the I. L. D.

I. L. D. Grows.

J. Louis Engdahl, national secretary of the I. L. D., just returned from the court room at Charlotte, has received the reports that a new branch of the I. L. D. with thirteen members has been formed at Long Beach, Calif.

"The Gastonia trial, the governmental drive upon foreign-born workers, the move to throw workers active for better conditions into prison, has reached such dimensions throughout the land," A. Jakira, organizational secretary of the I. L. D. said, "that workers everywhere are helping the I. L. D. grow to a great mass organization to defend themselves."

From Williston, North Dakota, comes the report that a number of farmers and workers have formed an I. L. D. branch. Andrew Omholt of Williston was elected chairman, and A. J. Arness, secretary. They reported that "work of the I. L. D. has discussed and the heroic struggles of the textile workers in the South reviewed and plans were made to arouse the interest of farmers and workers in these struggles."

Leaders Blast Lie.

The lie broadcast far and wide by the capitalist press that a worker can receive a fair trial in a capitalist court has been shattered once and for all by the Gastonia case, was the unanimous declaration of labor leaders and writers today, including Gust Burkhardt, secretary-treasurer of the maligned Food Workers' Union, and William Z. Foster, secretary of Trade Union Unity League, Rose Harris, of the Needle Trades Workers' Union, and others.

A flood of expressions of solidarity with the International Labor Defense that defended the strikers and

contended at the outset of the trial that a fair trial for a worker is impossible in a capitalist court, has come by mail to the office since the antics of the prosecution lawyers and the malice of Judge Barnhill.

Food Workers' Solidarity.

Michael Obermaier, of the Amalgamated Food Workers, stated: "No worker in America can believe after the Gastonia trial at Charlotte that a worker can receive a fair trial in a capitalist court." He declared the solidarity of the food workers with the defendants.

Wortis Assails Trial.

Rose Wortis, recording secretary of the Joint Board of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union, said, "The trial in Gastonia has demonstrated more clearly than anything else that these militant workers are being tried not for murder but because they dared to come into a reactionary South to organize and lead the workers against the oppression of the ruthless textile barons."

"As far as the needle trades workers are concerned, we stand solidly with them and regardless of the bitter struggle that we have to wage daily against the bosses and the company union in our own trade, we shall encourage every effort not only to bring about the release of the Gastonia prisoners, but to see to it that the militant struggle which they have started in Gastonia may bring about the organization of thousands of exploited textile workers into a powerful National Textile Workers' Union."

Foster Exposes Prosecution.

William Z. Foster, of the Trade Union Unity League, which wrote a great page in the history of the working class at the Charlotte conference, declared "The action of Judge Barnhill, in permitting the violently prejudicing speeches and questions of the boss-owned attorneys, merely proves the contention

that the T. U. U. L. made at the trial opening, that no worker can get a fair trial in a capitalist court.

"The present period is one in which the workers are steadily rising against the conditions of speed-up, wage-cut, and unemployment. There will be more arrests. Even today hundreds of workers are arrested in various cities of the land. They have now learned that they cannot receive justice in a capitalist court. They have learned that only mass protest will force the bosses to free them. The International Labor Defense is an organization which most effectively rallies the workers to vast demonstration of protest and they forced the freedom of 16 of the 23 Gastonia strikers.

Build Up the United Front of the Working Class.

N.T.W.U. Drive to Organize South Speeded by Conference

Southern Organizer Tells of Hatred Workers Show for United Textile Misdemeanors

While seven textile workers were facing the bosses and their agents in the Charlotte court in a battle for freedom and the right of the workers to strike, organize, picket and defend themselves against the bosses' thugs, in the City Auditorium of Charlotte the southern textile workers were assembling in conference to map out plans to smash the bosses' attack and advance our position," said Hugo Oehler, southern organizer of the National Textile Workers' Union. In the court room the uniformed law was guarding the trial while the Labor Jury from the balcony looked on, and at the City auditorium, textile workers from the mills were stationed at every door guarding the convention to insure its success.

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RANK AND FILE MUST SPREAD OIL TRUCK STRIKE

Reactionary Officials Try to Defeat It

(Continued from Page One)

The officials committed to go down to the Pratt Plant of the Standard Oil and pull out the small number of strikers who, having lost all confidence in the official misleadership of their struggle, and misled by bogus propaganda in the capitalist press into believing that their cause had been lost, have gone back to work.

Workers Attack TUUL, Daily.

The officials answered with a black and white attack on the Daily and the new fighting trade union center, which with the Communist Party have been consistently exposing the corrupt tactics of the A. F. L. misleaders, urging the strikers to break through the barriers of union of freedom and spread the strike. Knowing that the drivers were in a mood to take the lead of the militant, the officials, to crush the rebellion, called up gangsters and threw out of the hall Secretary Powers of the Metropolitan Area organization of the T.U.U.L.

Continuing to sabotage rank and file efforts to spread the strike, A. F. L. dictators on the Transportation Trades Council, representing 27,000 waterfront workers and teamsters, ruled out the demand of the membership for a ban on all scab-driven trucks and all trucks powered with scab gasoline at a meeting Thursday. Action was "deferred" until Monday. "We are waiting to see what will happen before taking any drastic action," M. Levy, president of the union, told capitalist reporters yesterday.

More Betrayals.

Berman Cohen, president of the Garage Workers' Union, with a membership of 15,000, who was forced earlier in the week to announce that if the fuel drivers' strike was not settled by today, the union would call a sympathetic walk-out, withdrew the promise late Thursday by saying: "This does not look like the opportune time for action."

Boss Double Crosses.

The Ace Petroleum Co., an independent distributing agency, which sided with the Teamsters Union officials during the strike some days ago, yesterday repudiated its agreement, fired all of its drivers and announced that it would take them back again "without union recognition." Another of the independents, the Marvel Petroleum Co., had previously repudiated the union settlement.

The capitalist press is still whopping up the "collapse" of the struggle, going so far as to claim that 2,000 of the 3,000 strikers have returned to work, thus attempting to break the morale of truckmen and the strike itself, all other means, from gun-play to Tammany scab-baiting, having failed. The conflicting reports given in the various sheets cancel each other, the T. U. U. L. states, adding that the most imminent danger at the moment comes from the objective strike-breaking of the A. F. L. officialdom.

The A. F. L. has silkweed sold out the proposed general trucking strike.

Grocery Drivers Solid.

The 900 grocery truck drivers, employed by the Austin-Nichols, Sengle-Sills, R. C. Williams, Leggett and Libby McNeil companies, and the truckmen of the Royal Glass Co., all of whom struck in support of the oil drivers, are still out 100 per cent determined to "see it through." Another evidence of the widespread sympathy for the strikers is the decision of Local 816, Teamsters' International, to give the oil men financial support through a weekly assessment.

Herds of police are still on duty at the Pratt Plant, despite the fran-

THE WORKING WOMAN

Women's Meet to Aid Gastonia, Communist Party, Hits Record

The Election Campaign Rally and Gastonia mass meeting held at Irving Plaza last Wednesday evening was one of the most successful women's meetings ever held in the District. Every seat in the large hall was occupied. The women gave a most enthusiastic response, and a large collection was taken up.

The climax of the evening was the presentation to the women's delegation to the Soviet Union of a banner which is to be presented to the women of the Union. On the banner were inscribed the words, "Revolutionary Greetings to the

WORKING WOMEN SOVIET WOMEN PLEDGE \$300 HAIL U. S. TOILERS

U. C. W. W. Prepares 6th Anniversary

The United Council of Working Women have shown their support of the Communist Party in the election campaign not only in resolution of support but in hard cash. All together \$300 was pledged by the councils of the city.

To date the following have paid: Council 4, \$20; Council 7, \$20; Council 11, \$25; Council 17, \$15; Council 15, \$10; Council 12, \$10 on account; Council 2 of Newark, \$10; Council 8, \$5 on account; Council 20, a new council, \$5; Council 10, \$15.

NASHVILLE PRINTERS STRIKE.

NASHVILLE, Tenn. (By Mail).—Workers in the composing room of the Nashville amner, capitalist sheet, struck against an attempt to introduce non-union conditions and wage scale.

BLAST KILLS 2 WORKERS SPRINGFIELD, Ill. (By Mail).

A fall of slate killed Lawrence Evoy a miner, at the Panther Creek Mine No. 1 at Auburn. He was 60 years old.

GERMAN PRINTERS MOVE LEFT

BERLIN, Oct. 20.—The election in the Berlin district of the Printers' Union gives the Left Opposition 6,500 votes, an increase of 1,756 from the last election. The reformists retain a majority, but opposition made great headway toward attaining a majority.

Build Up the United Front of the Working Class From the Bottom Up—at the Enterprises!

tic lying of the capitalist press about the "end of the strike," and more police strike-breakers are to be put on "guard" before the Austin-Nichols plant, considered a "danger spot," the drivers there having organized a militant picket line.

The T. U. U. L. called a mass meeting for all striking truckmen yesterday at Miller's Grand Assembly, but the oil bosses having seen from the success of the League's street meetings in the strike area that the strikers were swinging more and more toward the League, they instructed the Tammany police to prevent it at all costs.

First police permission for the meeting was refused; then the T. U. U. L. was informed that it would hold the meeting "at its own risk," which implied that the police would be looking the other way when the oil interests sent in their gunmen; finally a police squad under Captain Veder of the 92nd precinct planted themselves before the hall. The combined police and gangster terror kept many workmen away.

WORKERS CALENDAR

NOTICE

Notice in this calendar cannot be given more than three weeks before the event or affair is scheduled to be held. This is due to lack of space.

ILLINOIS

Chicago Scandinavian Banquet. The Chicago Scandinavian Workers Club will hold a banquet Saturday, Oct. 26, at 8 p. m. at Southside Village Temple, 69th St. and Emerald St.

OHIO

Cleveland Slavovics Party. Slavovics basket party at district line Saturday, Oct. 26, 8 p. m. Free admission.

MICHIGAN

Detroit Events. Sunday, Oct. 27, 3 p. m.: City-wide I.L.D.-W.P. Conference for Red and Defense at I.L.D. Hall, 97th Street, 4th Ave.

Sunday, Oct. 27, 4 p. m.: Gastonia protest demonstration in Cadillac Park.

Tuesday, Nov. 12, 8 p. m.: Movie "A Trip to the Soviet Union" and "The Red Star" given by W.P. in Dances Auditorium, Woodward near V.C.L.

Y.C.L. Grand Rapids Affair. The Young Communist League of Grand Rapids, Mich., is running a "Grand Rapids Halloween Dance" on Saturday, Oct. 26, at 8 and D. St. Tickets 75c. The affair begins at 8 p. m. and the admission is only 25c. There will be a Negro orchestra and other interesting features. All workers and sympathetic organizations are urged to support it.

PENNSYLVANIA

Phila. Workers Forum. M. J. O'Leary lectures on the Palestine Events at the Workers Forum.

WORKING WOMEN SEND BANNER TO THOSE IN U.S.S.R.

Is Presented at Big Meeting

striking red banner bearing the inscription, "Revolutionary Greetings to the ePasant and Working Women of the U. S. S. R. from the Militant Working Women of New York," was delivered last night to one of the delegates of the American trade union delegation which leaves soon for the Soviet Union to participate in the 12th anniversary of the establishment of the first Workers' and Peasants' Republic.

The banner was delivered at a stirring and well-attended Women's Communist election rally held Thursday night at Irving Plaza Hall, 15th St. and Irving Pl., where a number of leading women candidates discussed the issues in the present campaign and especially as it applied to the thousands of working women of New York City. A rousing demonstration followed the presentation of the banner.

Speakers included Rose Wortis of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union and candidate in the third aldermanic district, Bronx; Rebecca Grecht, candidate in the fifth A. D., Bronx; Fanny Austin, candidate in the twenty-first A. D.; Harold Williams, head of the Negro department of district 2; Samuel Darcy, representative of the Communist Party, District 2, and candidate in the eighth aldermanic district.

"Increasing support for the Communist Party is seen in the present election," yesterday declared Rebecca Grecht, Communist campaign manager.

A woman representative of the Communist Party received a rousing reception when she spoke on behalf of the Communist Election campaign at a large meeting of dressmakers at Webster Hall Thursday night. The dressmakers are now actively mobilizing for a vigorous organization drive.

The trial at Charlotte is a revelation to workers of the South and for the first time the role of the courts as tools in the hands of the bosses is being shown to them, declared J. Louis Engdahl, National Secretary of the International Labor Defense yesterday evening.

Speaking at the youth mass meeting for Gastonia defense and relief, at Manhattan Lyceum, Engdahl, who has just returned from North Carolina, described the methods used to keep the Southern workers enslaved to the mill barons.

Other speakers were Binny Green, who told of the condition of the children of the textile workers and how they have to leave school to work in the mills, Ben Wells, Southern organizer, who was severely beaten by a mill bosses' mob; G. Bert Green, District Organizer of the Youth; Communist League, and Edith Saunders Miller, children's organizer in Gastonia. Harry Yaris, Secretary of the New York Youth Conference for Gastonia Defense and Relief, was Chairman.

SELL OUT BIRMINGHAM CARMEN.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala. (By Mail).—After lengthy negotiations, the misleaders of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees have agreed to accept the contract in force for the past three years. The carmen are thus told they cannot fight for better conditions during the coming year.

YOUTH MEET FOR MILL STRIKERS

Thousands of New York workers gathered at two mass meetings last night to hear the program of the Communist Party in the municipal election expounded by leading Party candidates.

"Full racial, social and political economy for the Negro!" was the slogan greeted by hundreds of Negro workers who participated enthusiastically at a rally at St. Luke's Hall, 125 W. 130th St.

In a vigorous denunciation of the bitter exploitation of the Harlem Negro workers, the death-traps they are forced to live in by blood-sucking landlords, and the vicious system of race discrimination which chains them to the degrading work of miserable wages, Communist candidates explained "the program of the Party and its determination to fight relentlessly towards its full realization."

The speakers were William W. Weinstein, candidate for Mayor; Otto Hall, candidate for Comptroller; Richard B. Moore, candidate for Congress in the 21st District and Fanny Austin, candidate for Alderman in the 21st District.

"The organized smashing of Communist Party election meetings in Harlem! Tammany police will not cow our Party into submission," Weinstein said. "Clubs and black-jacks will not prevent us from putting our program before Negro workers despite police terror."

Austin, acting in the Negro working women's movement, is the first Negro woman candidate for political office to be nominated by any party.

Leading Party candidates urged support of the Communist program at the Rose Garden, 1347 Boston Rd., in a thickly populated working class section of the Bronx.

They were H. M. Wicks, candidate

Thousands of N. Y. Workers to Celebrate 5-Year Plan Anniversary of Russian Revolution at Madison Square Garden, Nov. 3, to Laud Achievements

First Year of the Five-Year Plan on Oct. 2, was celebrated throughout the Soviet Union. Even the most optimistic predictions have been surpassed and it appears certain that practically the entire program of the plan will be completed in four years or less.

The celebration in New York on Nov. 3 will, therefore, be a mighty tribute to the Five-Year Plan in solidarity with the workers and peasants of the U. S. S. R. and a demonstration for the defense of the Soviet Union and against imperialistic war. In addition it will be a final mobilization rally for the Communist Party election campaign, thus directly linking up the struggles of the workers of the Soviet Union with the struggles of the workers of New York. The leading candidates of the Communist Party—William W. Weinstein, for mayor; Otto Hall, for comptroller; H. M. Wicks, for president of the board of aldermen, and others—will speak at the celebration.

As the Nov. 3 event, arranged by the Communist Party of District 2, will be the major celebration of the anniversary of the Russian Revolution in this city, all fraternal organizations that are contemplating additional celebrations are asked to arrange them after Nov. 3.

A special edition of the Daily Worker is being issued for the 12th anniversary celebration. Workers' organization: as well as individual workers, are preparing to greet the 12th anniversary of the Russian Revolution for the Solidarity Party with the Russian workers and peasants, should be sent to the Daily Worker, 25 Union Square.

for president of the Board of Aldermen; Ben Godd, secretary-treasurer of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union and candidate for Alderman in the 29th District; M. J. O'Leary, editor of the Morning Freiheit and candidate for Assembly in the fourth district; Rose Wortis, of the Needle Trades Workers' Industrial Union and candidate in the third district, and Rebecca Grecht, candidate for Assembly in the fifth district, Bronx. Grecht is Party campaign manager.

TORTURE NEGRO TO DEATH. NEW ORLEANS, La. (By Mail).—Lionel Schanett, a Negro, was burned to death by a fuse he was forced to ignite by a group of white men, said to be klanmen. The latter threatened to kill him if he did not ignite the fuse they thrust into his hand.

NEGRO WORKERS HAIL PARTY FIGHT

Against Segregation; Mass Meet in Bronx

Thousands of New York workers gathered at two mass meetings last night to hear the program of the Communist Party in the municipal election expounded by leading Party candidates.

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BOSSSES' COURTS START FRAME-UP ON WINDOW MEN

One of Series Planned to Break Strike

While the strike of 2,000 window cleaners spread farther throughout the city yesterday, Tammany Police, 100 of whom have been specially retained by Chief Whalen to break the strike in accordance with the wishes of the employers' association yesterday, commenced frame-up proceedings against two active strikers arrested as they were leaving a meeting at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. Fourth St.

Members of the Window Cleaners' Protective Union which is leading the walk-out, the two are Peter Darc, former secretary, and business agent Peter Lahowitz.

The charge against both is felonious assault. Bail was not set as this edition of the Daily Worker went to press.

Attempted frame-ups have been tried before against Lahowitz. One had collapsed when he was arrested in the window washers' strike two years ago.

While the Manhattan Window Cleaners Employers' Protective Association is freely using thugs against the strikers, they denounce the strike as inspired by "communist elements" using "strong-arm methods."

These charges were ridiculed by Harry Feinstein, union secretary, yesterday.

"The charge," he said, "are merely a smoke-screen behind which the bosses are trying to hide their own strong-arm tactics. Certainly strong-arm methods are being used—by the employers. They were responsible for the brutal attack on Peter Darc last Monday, for the attack on a striker Thursday and the beating up of six of our union members yesterday. Whalen's police are showing themselves surprisingly expert at shutting their eyes when our men are beaten up."

Build Up the United Front of the Working Class.

Build Up the United Front of the Working Class From the Bottom Up—at the Enterprises!

CHICAGO WORKERS! GREET THE SOVIET FLYERS AT THE FLYING FIELD NEW CHICAGO STADIUM 1800 West Madison Street at the huge concert and reception in the Collect money for tractors to present to the Soviet Union through the flyers

SEE THE "LAND OF THE SOVIETS!" SEE THE SOVIET FLYERS! Chicago Reception Committee for the Soviet Flyers Auspices: FRIENDS OF THE SOVIET UNION 2850 Logan Boulevard, Humboldt 0843

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Dance to the Syncopated Rhythms of KEENE'S TEN PIECE NEGRO ORCHESTRA
INDIVIDUAL AND GROUP MASQUERADES

WED., NOVEMBER 27. TICKETS 50c

PHILADELPHIA

All Friendly Organizations Take Note that the 6th of December is taken for an I. L. D. Concert at the Labor Institute, 810 Locust St. Keep this date open!

PHILADELPHIA

EXPULSION IN AUSTRIA. VIENNA, Oct. 20.—The Central Committee of the Communist Party had adopted a resolution instructing all Party sections to immediately expel all right wingers and give conciliators the ultimatum either to unreservedly support the Party line or be expelled.

HE EARNED THE JOB LONDON (By Mail).—Frank Hodges, reformist official of the Miners' Federation of Great Britain, has been elected a director of the Lancashire Cotton Corporation under through nomination of the governor of the Bank of England.

Pledge Meant Prisoners' Defense. LONDON (By Mail).—Two hundred and seven delegates, representing 123 organizations, pledged defense of the Meaurio prisoners at a conference at Friars Hall.

FAMINE KILLS KENYA WORKERS. NAIROBI, Kenya, Africa (By Mail).—A recent famine here, which followed a plague attack wreaked great havoc among the Negro workers and farm hands here.

BUENOS AYRES (By Mail).—Two workers were killed and nine badly injured in the Vulcan Ironworks in the Barracks district when some oxygen cylinders burst.

Sunday, October 27, at Grand Fraternity Hall, 1628 Arch St. Start promptly at 8:30 p. m. Admission free.

Pittsburgh Welcomes Children's Delegation

A mass meeting to welcome the return of the Children's Delegation to the Soviet Union will be held Friday, October 25, at 805 James St., at 7:30 p. m. Della Merrill, Young Pioneer member of the delegation and daughter of a Pennsylvania coal miner, will speak.

Phila. Interracial Youth Dance. Philadelphia Interracial Youth League will be held Friday, Nov. 1, at 8 p. m. at the Cathedral, Negro Masonic Temple, Fitzwater St., between 15th and 16th.

Phila. Party For Daily. Spaghetti party for Daily Worker Saturday evening, Nov. 2, at 1208 Tasker St. Arranged by Unit 1-A.

Seranton Dance For Gastonia. A dance and entertainment will be held in the Workers' Circle Hall, 508 Lackawanna Ave., Seranton, Saturday evening, Oct. 26, under the auspices of the Seranton Gastonia Defense Conference.

Juliet Stuart Poynor in Philadelphia. A meeting of all I.L.D. functionaries and active members of the I.L.D. will be held on Monday evening, Oct. 21, to begin at 8:15 p. m. to be held at the Grand Fraternity Hall, 1628 Arch St. J. S. Poynor will attend, and take up some of the campaigns, both locally and nationally.

CALIFORNIA

Prisco Workers Center House

The house warming of the new San Francisco Workers Center will be marked by a banquet, featured by a musical program, slide from the USSR and dancing, on Saturday, Oct. 26, at 8 p. m. at the Center, 145 Turk St. All welcome, admission free.

Heavy Fighting Between Nanking and Kuominchun Forces Is Reported at Two Points

ANTI-NANKING FORCES REPORTED ADVANCING ON HANKOW FROM THE NORTH, NORTHEAST AND SOUTH

Report of Chengchow Capture Unconfirmed; "Ironides" Veer March Towards Hankow

Heavy Casualties in Struggle for Lung-hai Railway in Northwest Honan Province

Fighting between Nanking and Kuominchun forces was general throughout Honan and Hupeh provinces yesterday, capital news sources report while admitting the impossibility of confirming details owing to the widespread disruption and strict censorship.

Battles between Nanking and Kuominchun troops in northwest Honan are reported from Japanese sources. The fighting is said to be for the possession of the Lung-hai railway, and its outcome is doubtful, heavy casualties are alleged on both sides.

Chengchow, Honan, on important railroad junction town, is reported to have been captured by the Kuominchun, but the report is unconfirmed.

The main drive of the Kuominchun seems to be against Hankow, but a section of the army is advancing down the Hanking River and has laid siege to the important cities, Fan-cheng and Sian-yang, northwest of Hankow.

The so-called "Ironides" division of Chiang-Kai-shek has changed its march from Kiang-si to the Hankow route as the effect a junction with the Kuominchun at Hankow.

Reports that Feng Yu-hsiang has been arrested by General Yan Hsi-shan, of Shansi province, were yesterday denied and he was reported to have re-entered Shensi province.

The U. S. gunboat Pansy has been ordered to Wuhu in connection with the outbreak among the Nanking soldiers. It is stated that Nanking "loyal" forces are engaged in rounding up and executing the mutineers. Two hundred are reported killed in the outbreak.

(By I. R. A. News Service) CANTON, China (By Mail).—The Kuominchun Provincial government has sent representatives to Hongkong to arrange with the Governor of that port for the handing over to them of political refugees. As Communist refugees have long been handed over on demand the new arrangements concern members of the opposition factions within the Kuominchun itself.

SHANGHAI, China (By Mail).—Illustrative of the growing rebellion among the students against the Kuominchun suppression of all their political activities was the outbreak here the middle of July. Not until after autos belonging to Minister of Finance T. V. Soong and other prominent people had been smashed up and the windows of a tram car broken were the police able to stop the demonstrators. The affair was an open anti-Nanking move.

Peking Sergeant Cardell plunged into the crowd of students, knocking the young fellows right and left. As the rest of the police the sergeant soon got the worst of it and but for the arrival of assistance would have had a hard time. Twenty-seven of the demonstrators were arrested and a huge pile of rifles issued by the Kiangsu

ADOPT BESSEMER CITY AS A MEMORIAL TO ELLA MAY

Other Groups Must Join Womens Council In Sending Daily One

(Continued from Page One) or more mill workers there received the Daily Worker each day, would be fitting and lasting memorial to Ella May!

Other working class groups must join with Working Women's Council in adopting Bessemer City!

And scores of other mill towns and villages are calling for the National Textile Workers' Union, and the Daily Worker, too.

They too must be adopted by working class groups.

Each dollar will send 100 copies of the Daily Worker to a southern mill village for a week.

Individual workers too must answer the appeal made to them by their fellow workers of the South!

Enclosed is my contribution towards helping to rush the Daily Worker to the South.

Name

Address

City

State

Amount \$.....

FOR ORGANIZATIONS

We,

(Name of Organization)

City and State

wish to adopt a southern mill town or village, and see to it that the workers there are supplied with.....copies of the Daily Worker every day for.....weeks. We enclose \$.....

Kindly send us the name of the mill village or city assigned to us, so we wish to communicate with the workers there.

Chiang Kai-shek Will Be Dumped by U. S. as Ineffective War Lord

SHANGHAI, Oct. 20.—The Nanking "government" today expressed "hope" to crush the rebellion in the south and issued the customary false claims of national unity under Nanking.

(Editorial Note: It is to be observed that Major-General Smedley D. Butler of the U. S. Marine Corps at a lecture in Brooklyn Oct. 3, predicted that the present form of government in China would shortly be changed. Butler headed 5,000 marines in China for 18 months to establish in power the present government, with which American imperialism is apparently becoming disappointed and plans to alter. Otherwise it was rank ingratitude for Butler to have said: "The Nationalist Government is nothing but two or three war lords eating up the country." Especially since Butler is something of a war lord himself. Thus U. S. displeasure with Chiang Kai-shek is not that he is a war lord, but that he is not war lord enough to remain on the payroll.)

CHINA GENERALS' COURT CONVICTS SOVIET CITIZENS

Many Held After Trial Which Is Farce (Wireless By Imprecors) MOSCOW, Oct. 20.—News from Manchuria states that the Harbin courts yesterday passed sentence on the Soviet citizens arrested in the raid on the Harbin consulate. Five of the accused, Stankevitch, Tarasov, Kanter, Poda and Zimbarevitch were sentenced to nine years each. Twenty-one others received seven year sentences and four of the accused were sentenced to four years each. The Chinese accused were acquitted.

The Soviet press declares the trial was a farce, having only the aim to justify the raid on the consulate and the seizure of the Chinese Eastern Railway. The verdict represents a gift from the Chinese generals to foreign imperialism, which uses the trial and its circumstances as a justification of the imperialists' repeated refusals to abandon extra-territoriality.

Editor's Note: Reports originating from Manchurian sources yesterday stated that 38 Soviet citizens and one Chinese, were sentenced to death, in addition to other prison sentences such as those noted in the above Moscow dispatch.

MILL PROSECUTOR WANTS REVENGE

(Continued from Page One) and save our fair Southland from these advocates of murder and revolution!

"A ruling class never surrenders without violent struggle to maintain its power and privilege," said Dunne. "The Communist Party is not now attempting to organize an armed insurrection in the South or elsewhere in the U. S. Its task at this time is to organize the workers for a militant struggle for higher wages and better working conditions and for the political demands that arise from this struggle to win the support of the masses for these demands. This struggle consequently is not only against the bosses but also against the bosses' government. For the capture of power in a revolutionary crisis which will be produced by the contradictions of capitalism itself, a majority of all exploited classes is necessary."

Right of Self Defense. Dunne declared that "the prosecution has done everything in its power to obscure the central issue in this case, the right of workers to self defense. They have tried to make the views of the defendants on the Negro problem and on religion overshadow everything else. There has been no compromise, however, on the part of the N.T.W.U. or the Communist Party on the racial issue which has been raised in the trial. The necessity of organizing the Negro workers for a struggle shoulder to shoulder with the white workers has been emphasized. The Communist Party has fearlessly put forth its program for full racial equality."

"Here in the South," declared Dunne, "the bosses are still able to create dissension in the ranks of the workers, by their appeals to prejudice but the Communist Party has done more to overcome this prejudice in the past six months than was done in the previous six years. The white workers are realizing that it is impossible for them to become force by stepping on the necks of the Negro workers."

"The class issues in this trial have been put squarely before the working class of the United States despite the pretenses of the prosecution, the state and the capitalist press that this is an ordinary murder trial and that class issues are not involved. The state has been forced to recede its original position that "this is an ordinary murder trial which will be conducted in a fair and impartial manner." It has been forced to release all but seven of the original seventy defendants and to give up its hope to burn them in the electric chair. These things do not just happen. They are the result of the militant campaign to arouse the working class to a realization of the class issues in the trial and their significance to the whole labor movement. One result of this has been that the capitalist newspapers throughout the nation and especially in the South have devoted an enormous amount of space to conditions in the mills, wages, hours, and so forth, to the prevalence of pellagra due to starvation wages. Since the struggle began in the South a few months ago in which the Communist Party has been the stalwart leader, the Southern working class have advanced further because of the sharpness of the struggle, then they would have in a decade of ordinary times."

MILLION BRITISH JOBLESS. LONDON (By Mail).—The latest figure of unemployed in Great Britain, in the government obviously understanding figures is 1,149,700.



NTWU DRIVES ON FROM CHARLOTTE

Conferences Show U.T. W. Is Bitterly Hated

(Continued from Page One) the bosses from electrocuting our 23 defendants and to extend our organization throughout the South. The period that has elapsed from the first conference to the second conference takes us far ahead with our work going forward against all opposition. Since the first conference we have smashed the electric chair of the bosses. We have extended our organization throughout the main textile centers of the South in all the five states and we have forced the bosses of Gaston County, the center of the cotton-spinning industry to reduce the hours of work from 60 to 55 hours.

From Here We Go On. "The Charlotte Conference lays the basis on which to consolidate this force into a weapon to win our demands and to free our seven members from the clutches of the textile bosses and their government."

"The Charlotte conference was attended by delegates from 5 states a total of 338 delegates from 175 mills in 65 textile cities throughout the South. These delegates represented mill locals of the N. T. W. U. rank and file committees of the United Textile Workers from South Carolina, mill committees of unorganized workers and representatives from an independent textile workers organization. Nine of the delegates were from the U. T. W. and three of the delegates were Negro workers. The youth delegates held a special conference in connection with our two day meeting.

Worker: Make Plans. "The conference clearly showed that this was a meeting of southern textile workers, all American-born workers who took the leading part in planning the work of the conference and its program of action. Delegates from the Danville, Va. area, delegates from the Greenville area and the Gastonia area, the Greensboro area and other sections, took the floor on discussion and carried the convention through the two days' sessions with facts and figures of the prison conditions in the mills. All the delegates stressed the need of a powerful organization and all of these delegates said, one after the other that the National Textile Workers Union must be the organization."

"Delegates from many sections told of U. T. W. betrayals and that now they were fighting for the N. T. W. U. The two Negro members of the Labor Jury spoke and were received by the delegates with great applause. The delegates urged the unity of the black and white workers."

"The first conference, the Bessemer City conference was mainly a preliminary conference to lay the basis for organizational activity throughout the south and was an agitator conference. The Charlotte Conference was a much broader affair, with representatives from a greater number of mills with elected delegates representative of a greater number of workers—this second conference was an organizational conference."

Bosses' Hopes Dashed. "The Raleigh Observer, in a first page article a few days before the conference, said that the Charlotte conference would be a "mark to indicate what the strength of the Communists might be" and would inform us if they were on the decline. The paper predicted that the conference would show us up as a defeated group who were ready to pull out. The conference proved that we have grown bigger and stronger, that the bosses' terror and murder and attempt to prison the leaders did not stop our work. The conference showed that the southern American workers were themselves assembling in conference to decide their problems. It showed that the bosses' press which said the problem would be solved if the northern organizers were run out was another lie. It showed that the southern workers were in the class struggle

IN THE SHOPS

Soldiers Fall Like Flies to Diseases in Canal Zone

(By a Soldier Correspondent)

Housing for the soldiers in the Panama Canal Zone is terrible. It is said that when 1,500 West Indians were "digging the ditch" (Panama Canal), for every tie laid on the railway, one West Indian died from malaria and yellow fever. Now U. S. soldiers are succumbing to these dread diseases. All talk about sanitation in the Canal Zone is greatly exaggerated. The soldiers are housed in old buildings, many without any screening at all, exposed at all times to these diseases. The hospitals are filled with these cases.

And what a hospital system! Many of those posing as doctors in the army would be butchers or blacksmiths on the outside. There are many cases of those dying and going insane in the hospitals. Many of the soldiers, in a desperate effort to overcome their misery, take to smoking the "hay"—they call it "Mary Wana" and "Gedjet." This is a vile opiate and the insane asylums here are filled up with the addicts of this drug.

What dentists! One fellow went to the dentist and had to go to the hospital for three days with a fractured jaw. In another instance an amateur dentist told a soldier he would take care of him and pulled out three teeth from the wrong side of his mouth.

Now about our food. The army grub is heavily saturated with salt peter. Instead of butter we have oleomargarine. Milk comes from the "iron cow." To every can of milk, about three pitchers of water are added. Do we get any eggs in the army? Why yes! We get chicken and eggs for breakfast, but the chicken is still unborn and stinks. The toughest thing in army life is the steak they feed us.

The army is divided into two social classes—officers and privates. The officers have their own sanitary houses. Many have their wives in the camps and those who haven't their wives have girl servants. In the officer's club they often pull off "Wild Whoopie Parties." But if a private so much as talks to an officer's daughter he is court-martialed. Once we were forced to keep cutting grass and digging ditches out in the rain in order to make a playground for the officers' children. I will tell about that court-martial in my next letter.

Cement Worker on Subway Sacrificed to Greed of Bosses.

(By a Worker Correspondent)

Am working as an electric welder on the subway construction job at Grand Concourse and 178th St., the Bronx. I wish to show the effects of the speed-up system on the workers on this job.

Renault Co. has the cement contract on the job. One of the cement

laborers the other day was ordered to shovel dirt to fill in the runway for trucks to back down and load up. He was ordered to shovel on the blind side of the runway, and a truck ran into him, killing him immediately.

Now this was done so that the trucks could be gotten out much more quickly, as part of the speed-up system. This worker was a victim of the speed-up system.

The cop called searched him, and found only a few pennies on the laborer. Hypocritically a priest was called to say the "last rites" over the speed-up victim's body.

This worker (he worked alongside of me) left five motherless children. These workers are unorganized. The cement men get very poor pay, because of their lack of organization.—JACK N.

THE I. L. D. IS RIGHT ON THE JOB

Whether at Gastonia or in New York, in Chicago or in San Francisco, especially now with the drive against militant workers, against foreign-born workers, is the I. L. D. greatly valuable for the workers.

John S. Morgan, just out after five months in jail, railroaded by ship owners' agents for organizing seamen, declared: "The I. L. D. was prompt to get my bail reduced from \$5,000 to \$1,000, to fight for my release, put up a lawyer to defend me, and send me \$5 a month while I was in prison."

"Every worker should be a member of the I. L. D.," he said. The I. L. D. defends all workers against capitalist "justice!"

The government is now driving against all militant workers. Hundreds arrested everywhere. They are trying to crush the fight of workers for better conditions.

The I. L. D. is fighting back by a drive for 50,000 new members by Jan. 1, 1930. HAVE YOU JOINED YET?

Here is a partial list of results received today at the National Office of the I. L. D. From New England, Robert Zelma reports: "In regard to the membership drive we have some good news already. This week the Harry Carter Branch of Boston turned in 25 new applications; Peabody Polish Br. applications and New Bedford Bill Hayward Br. applications. Reports from branches indicate that the drive is well under way."

From Eureka, Cal. "This is to let you know that we have just organized a branch of the I. L. D. here in Eureka, Cal., with 15 members at our first meeting."

From the Fred Best Branch of West Oakland: "We had 51 members before but now we have 45. We are getting more workers in this conference—Jewish and Mexican for Oakland. Gold 100 Labor Defenders in September."

Join the I. L. D. at once! Fill out the following blank and send it at once to the National Office of the International Labor Defense, 30 East Eleventh Street, New York City.

I want to join the International Labor Defense. Enclosed find 25 cents for initiation fee.

NAME

ADDRESS

CITY

STATE

ALUMINUM TRUST MELLON SLAVES ARE AWAKENING

Shop Nucleus in Plant Exploiting \$,000

(By a Worker Correspondent)

NEW KENSINGTON, Pa. (By Mail).—The foundation of the new unionism has been established in New Kensington. The former shop group in the factory of the U. S. Aluminum Company passed a motion at its regular meeting held Oct. 1st to the effect that it affiliate with the Metal Workers' Industrial League, under the leadership of the T. U. U. L.

Organizers and other functionaries were chosen to carry on the work of organizing the 5,000 workers that work in the plant owned and controlled by the Mellon family. These workers are the most exploited in this vicinity. Young workers are hired to do the work of adult men, but in every case they receive from 5 to 15 cents an hour less.

Men who have worked for years and have risen to the "grandeur" of 60c. an hour are laid off and are hired back again at 35-40c. an hour into the emergency labor gang from whence they are sent back to the same jobs again in a few weeks and again are given the chance to rise by slow degrees until they are fit only to be thrown on the scrap heap of the permanently unemployed.

There are hundreds of girls working in these shops who are getting about 50 to 75 per cent of the wages that men used to get for doing the same kind of work. Organization is very badly needed among them.

At the same meeting a resolution was passed to put out shop paper in the near future to spread the idea of industrial unionism among the workers and carry on a drive for members to swell the list of the MWIL, also to expose the speed-up, rationalization, discrimination and the rotten conditions in the different departments.

Solicitor Carpenter—Leader of Mob Violence in North Carolina Puts on One Man Circus in Court to Railroad 7 Strikers to Living Death!

Solicitor Carpenter of Gastonia, the man who led the mob of mill owners' thugs against members of the National Textile Workers Union, the International Labor Defense and the Workers International Relief, the kidnaping of three union organizers and flogging of Ben Wells—this same Carpenter in the closing speech to the jury for the prosecution draws the following pictures:

"You defendants, it was peaceful in my community before you came. It was sweet and bappy in Gastonia, listen to the hum of the spindle like the sound of the cockin' bird on the spring morn' until you mock with your insidious doctrine."

"I wish you could all know those mill owners as I do—the god-fearing, christian, upright mill owners of my country."

These "god-fearing, christian mill owners," the Manville-Jencks Company, owners of the Loray Mill in Gastonia. The "god-fearing" gentlemen who have made a "savings" of \$500,000 in one year through the terrific speed-up, the 64-hour week, the \$12 pay envelope, child labor and the slow starvation standard of living which causes pellagra, these exploiters of labor are put forth to the workers of the country as moral examples!

The National Textile Workers Union and the International Labor Defense for having dared to organize these workers against their unbearable conditions, are to be given a thirty-year sentence, are to be entombed in capitalist prisons for the major part of their life.

Comrades! Workers! The prosecution lawyers are outright tools of the bosses. Judge Barnhill has taken off his mask of "impartiality" and has shown himself the agent of the bosses. Immediately, without delay, the workers of this country must be aroused to the seriousness of this attack on the labor movement. If there is a dollar, or ten, or a hundred, or a thousand, lying about in your city it must be collected and sent in without fail to the defense fund. Act immediately! Don't delay!

Gastonia Joint Defense & Relief Committee

80 East Eleventh St., Room 402, New York City

Auspices: INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE WORKERS INTERNATIONAL RELIEF

Endorsed by: NATIONAL TEXTILE WORKERS UNION

Enclosed find my contribution of \$..... for the defense of the Gastonia prisoners.

Name

Address

City

State

The International Significance of the Twelfth Anniversary of the Proletarian Revolution

By PAUL REIMANN.

The sections of the Communist International are at present confronted with the task of utilizing the approaching anniversary of the October Revolution to mobilize the working masses on a larger scale for the defense of the Soviet Union, of the socialist fatherland of the toilers of the whole world. In view of the general international situation, this task is of paramount significance especially this year. The organization of this campaign within the next few weeks must therefore engage the chief attention of all Communist Parties.

The character of the October campaign is, on the one hand, marked by the tremendous progress of the first Workers State in regard to socialist development; on the other hand, by the most recent signs of the sharpening of the attack of the imperialist world on the Soviet Union.

It is already certain that the new forms of the socialist construction, in connection with the execution of the Five-Year Plan, are attracting the attention of the broadest masses. This fact is all the more important because the campaign of most Communist Parties for the popularization of the Five-Year Plan is extraordinarily weak and in most cases is not of a systematic character. In spite of this position it is apparent that the interest of the masses for the problems of socialist development is growing tremendously in all countries, so that even the bourgeois press is compelled to treat these questions seriously.

At the present time the superiority of socialist economy over capitalist economy is becoming very apparent. This is not due entirely to the figures concerning the rate of socialist development, which figures could not be attained in a capitalist country, but to the fact that it is possible to give such precise figures with real practical significance in regard to economic plans for a territory which comprises a sixth of the globe. At the end of the first year of the Five-Year Plan it was clear that these figures were not only of thoroughly real character but that it is even possible to surpass them. Immediately before the twelfth anniversary of the October Revolution, the C.P.S.U. is in a position to consider the question of curtailing the periods provided for the Five-Year Plan.

The chief explanation of the circumstance that in the very first year the figures provided were exceeded is the tremendous development of mass initiative through socialist construction. In the process of realizing the Five-Year Plan there arise in the Soviet Union new forms of engaging the broad masses of the proletariat on the front of construction. The most important basis of the development of mass initiative is socialist competition which, carried on on the largest scale, has already shown the best results. In addition, there arise out of the masses such organizations as the Comsomol Brigades, which in the individual factories have set themselves the task of leading by means of their own example the fight for the improvement of labor discipline and for the promotion of the productivity of the individual factories. The initiative of the masses is also proved by the carrying out of the Industrialization Day on August 6th and also by the willingness of the Soviet proletariat to undertake an uninterrupted working week, which in the very shortest time will cause a tremendous acceleration of socialist construction. In the country districts new kinds of farms are arising. In place of the little peasant farms are to be seen big agricultural enterprises, which are of the type of grain factories. These big state agricultural enterprises surpass even the most advanced forms of agriculture in the capitalist countries. The contrast between industry and agriculture, so characteristic of the whole development of capitalist economy, is beginning to disappear in the Soviet Union. To awaken understanding for the tremendous historic significance of this process of transition in the Soviet Union, to urge on the masses of the world proletariat through this magnificent example, is one of the chief tasks of the Communist Parties in the capitalist countries. This task must be taken in hand in the preparation and execution of the campaign for the twelfth anniversary of the October Revolution.

The twelfth anniversary of the October Revolution cannot, however, in the capitalist countries be exclusively a day of propagation of the basic idea of socialist construction, but this propaganda must be inseparably linked up with the development of the international solidarity of the toiling masses for the Soviet Union. It must be made clear to the masses of the capitalist countries that the fight for the revolutionary defense of the Soviet Union, the fight for the destruction of the imperialist attacking front, which today more than ever is



These defenders of the Soviet Union will take part in the coming Anniversary celebrations of the October Revolution in the historic Red Square in Moscow.

coming under the leadership of the parties of the Second International, is the most important guarantee for the further advancement of socialist construction in the Soviet Union. The twelfth anniversary must therefore be regarded as a continuation and enhancement of the campaign for August 1st, the first big, uniformly conducted international campaign of the Communist Parties against imperialist war. The solidarity of the world proletariat with the Soviet Union must find expression in breaking through the police terror in the capitalist countries, in the fight of the Communist Parties for the capture of the streets, in extension of the proletarian united front through the creation of new organs of the united front from below, of anti-war committees, anti-fascist committees, training of proletarian self defense corps, etc.

The development of new forms of socialist construction must proceed parallel with the new forms of the fight of the Communist Parties in the capitalist countries, which under the perspective of the establishment of the proletarian dictatorship must concentrate more than ever upon the present main strategic objective of the Comintern, upon the capture of the majority of the working class. Today, in the time of development of a new revolutionary revival among the masses, the way to capture the majority of the working class is the way of conscious leadership of the workers' struggles. Upon this fundamental ideal depends that turn emphasized by the Tenth Plenary Session, whereby the Communist Parties must gain the leadership in this new revolutionary upsurge. This is possible only if the Communist Parties continue the practical turn in the campaign for the 12th anniversary, if this campaign relies more than previous ones upon the factories and converts them into a base for the fight for the aims of Communism. In the campaign for the 12th anniversary, it is the duty of every individual section of the Communist International to study the problems of the tactical turn in accordance with the situation in the country in question and to apply it in the light of the experience gathered by the Communist Parties in the campaign of August 1st.

In this direction new perspectives are being opened to the Communist Parties through the development of the revolutionary competition. Just as the Soviet proletariat in the fight for socialist construction strengthened its ranks through the setting up of quite concrete tasks and agreements among the factories, the proletariat of the capitalist countries must set themselves concrete tasks in the fight for the defense of the Soviet Union, in the mobilization of the working masses. Upon this basis the revolutionary competition between the proletariat of the Soviet Union and the proletariat of the capitalist

countries must reinforce the international solidarity of the workers. The campaign for the 12th anniversary renders it possible to spread the idea of revolutionary competition among the proletarian masses of the capitalist countries.

The significance of the fulfillment of these tasks may be seen from the present international situation. It is characterized by the most glaring antagonism in world politics of the moment, the antagonism between the Soviet Government and the social-imperialist labor government of MacDonald. A few months of the existence of the government of the third bourgeois party in England have already brought about great disillusionment among the masses. Snowden's attitude at the Hague, MacDonald's active advocacy of the imperialist armament plans at Geneva, the bloody massacre perpetrated by the MacDonald Government in Palestine and, last but not least, the non-recognition of the Soviet Union have been tremendous lessons for the world proletariat. The leading participation in the preparation of the imperialist war against the Soviet Union is the first characteristic of the present policy of the Second International. The active participation in the setting up of fascist dictatorships in the capitalist countries is the second.

Zoergel, the Berlin murderer of workers, and Wels, the high priest of the social-fascist dictatorship are not isolated. Their path is being followed by the paragon party of the Second International, the party of Otto Bauer in Vienna in adopting the fascist reform of the constitution and concluding a pact with Schober for the bludgeoning of the Austrian proletariat. Austrian social democracy, the most "leftward" in the world, is going the way of all social-democratic flesh, the way to social-fascism. The third characteristic of the present social-democratic policy: Cutting down of the unemployment benefit in Germany, reducing of the textile workers' wages in England. The policy of attack upon the standard-of-living of the working masses, the rationalization offensive of world capital are being realized today with the aid of social-fascism.

In this manner, in the arena of the international fight for the emancipation of the working class, the conflict between the revolutionary world front, led by the Communist International and dependent upon the success of the Soviet Union, and on the other hand, the social-fascist and social-imperialist Second International is constantly becoming more pronounced. The fight between these two camps for the capture of the masses of the world proletariat permits no vacillation and no sitting on the fence. Every attempt to camouflage this fight or to minimize it, every attempt to bridge the unbridgeable gulf, leads to desertion and to a surrender of the right wing and the conciliatory elements no longer stop at a revision of the tactical principles of Communism, but go over politically to the camp of the enemies of the Soviet Union. While the socialist proletariat is taking up on to new big successes, while the Soviet proletariat is taking up the last decisive fight against the capitalist survivals in its own country, the right wing is spreading disbelief in the strength of the Soviet Union and is trying to undermine the class fight against the capitalist elements. In this manner, the right wing and the conciliators are converted on the whole front into supporters of social-fascism, because the development of the new revolutionary upsurge of the masses is making any vacillation between Communism and social-fascism impossible. In the October campaign of the Communist Parties the position of the right wing and of the conciliators must, therefore be exposed as also their reformist views concerning the socialist development in the Soviet Union.

The mobilization of the masses for the protection of the Soviet Union will again kindle the wrath of the imperialist bourgeoisie against the Communist International. In the campaign of August First, the Communist Parties proved their ability, in spite of the increased fascist offensive of the bourgeoisie. If there is a proper and energetic carrying out of the mass mobilization for the Twelfth Anniversary of the October Revolution, the Communist Parties will be strong enough to frustrate the new attack of the international bourgeoisie. The Twelfth Anniversary will be characterized by international proletarian solidarity, by the fight for the defense of the Soviet Union, by the strengthening of the attack upon social-fascism and by the fight for the proletarian world dictatorship!

THE CITY OF BREAD BY ALEXANDER NEWEROFF
TRANSLATED FROM THE RUSSIAN
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(Continued)
In the morning the Tashkent train pulled in. The mujiks arose, with their chests, the women arose with their children. Sacks were slung over shoulders. Buckets and kettles and samovars clinked and jangled. The backs of the mujiks were bent and straining, the heads of the women were disheveled. Their bodies were wet beneath their skirts.

The crowd surges forward.
"Stop!"
"Whose sack have you there?"
"The militia!"
A woman wails over her lost sack, a mujik shakes his fist at her.
"Stop!"
A chest slips out of its leather straps—
Bang!
The crowd surges forward . . .
A river sweeping over its banks at flood time—the people, surging from every side, from every corner. They clamber out of the ditches, they crawl out from behind the walls, barefoot, tattered, battered and beaten by rain and wind.

"Let me through!"
The car roofs groan beneath the trampling of hundreds of feet. The gloomy dawn breathes with the sound of hundreds of voices. The mujiks bawls heavily, pant with exertion. Hands tremble, legs tremble, eyes roll with the dread of being left behind.
"Let me through!"
They help the women up, then they heave up their chests, heave up their sacks, heave up the babies into the women's outstretched arms. They snort, and gasp for breath.
"We won't make it!"
"Comrade, comrade, that's my wife!"
"Go to hell!"
"By what right . . .?"
"Drive him away!"
"Iva-a-an!"
"Hey, you sons of dogs!"
Mishka dragged the terrified Serioshka along with him, dived beneath a car, struck his head against the wheel.

"Hurry!"
But the car doors were high. Mishka and Serioshka did not reach to the car doors, they couldn't get in. And there was nothing they could get hold of by which to pull themselves up.
"Uncle, help us a little!"
The mujiks and the women spun round and round as though caught in a whirlpool, and stamped and jostled and pushed, so that no one could get near the door.
"Climb up on the roof!"
"Where's our kettle?"
"Comrades, that's our kettle!"
"Take one in the jaw!"
"Thief!"
"Beat him to death!"
Mishka ran all around the train twice. No one would help them up. What should he do? Then he saw that there were mujiks seated astride the buffers, and women too. Girls were climbing up; just like the mujiks. Well, then, he could do it too. Mishka swung himself up onto a buffer and called:

"Come on, get up!"
But Serioshka could not manage it.
"Come ahead, I'll help you up!"
I'll fall.
Then Mishka grew angry and clenched his teeth together. "Hold on tight!"
Serioshka jumped and reached for the iron disc with unseeing eyes. "I'll get crushed!"
Behind the wall a soldier upbraided the mujiks:
"Get out of here!"
Serioshka trembled, half dead with fear.
"Little father!"
Mishka whispered to him:
"Be quiet, be quiet, he doesn't see us. Don't cough!"
"But my hands won't hold on any more!"
"Shut up!"
"Please, Mishka, dear Mishka, I'm falling."
(To be Continued)

of the Central Committee from all parts of the country were in a position to give ample evidence of the developing struggle of the workers, the growth of radicalization, as against the Right chatter of the growing stabilization of capitalism. The Plenum of the Central Committee united in the basis of the line of the Comintern drew the lessons of Gastonia, Elizabethton, Marion, New Orleans and the whole wave of struggle rapidly developing in the South and throughout the U. S. The Plenum had before it the rich experiences of Red Day and the Trade Union Unity League Convention as the manifestations of the growing radicalization of the masses. The Plenum could only conclude from the reports of the comrades from all parts of the country that the Party must strain itself to the utmost in order not to lag behind the mass struggles but to march at their head.

The last six months have been of decisive importance to our Party. The Sixth Convention thesis of the majority spoke about a second industrial revolution in the United States—this was the crassest expression of the whole opportunist line of the Party. The October Plenum, thanks to the Comintern Address, found the Party united on the basis of a correct line and increased orientation on the mass struggles no wdeveloping, while the open renegades are already isolated from the Party membership are building their bridge to the social reformists.

Thus we see that Lovestone is in one thing correct. The estimate of stabilization is at the basis of the revisionist line. Lovestone and the international Right starting with their social democratic estimate of stabilization, have developed the theories that flow logically from this estimate and which provide the bridge for their going over to social reformism completely—the theory of the primacy of external contradictions—the softening of the inner contradictions; their desire for decreasing the tempo of industrialization and building socialism in the USSR, their theory of "organized capitalism," with its dying out of competition, which now exists only between "organized state capitalism," etc.

Comrade Bukharin now draws the following conclusions from the objective development of capitalist economy.
"Its anarchic nature passes over to the principles of international economic relations. The problems of markets, of prices, of competition, crises, are becoming to an increasing extent problems of world economy, which within the country itself are replaced by the problem of organization." (Emphasis throughout mine.—J.S.)

Thus we see the international right arrives to the revisionist line the "passing over" of the anarchic nature of capitalism, crises, competition, prices, only to the international contradictions. With such their theory of the "primacy of external contradictions." With such an estimate of stabilization of capitalism it is little wonder that they deny radicalization, and have developed their right opportunist platform.

The International Right of whom the Lovestonites are an organic part are in the present period of the oncoming of the revolutionary tide objectively trying to save capitalism. They have organized politically from an opposition within the Comintern into the left wing of social reformism.

Our Party in its fight to win the leading role in the labor movement, in its work of transforming itself into a mass Party will only be successful by the most thorough struggle against social reformism and especially its left wing.

What is now needed to complete their travels to social reformism is to also discover that there is a softening of the antagonisms between the imperialist states. That such a theory on their part is not so far fetched can be seen from the fact that even a comrade like Varga can speak of the Young Plan as an instrument through which Great Britain and the United States are "softening," "conciliating" for a time their differences.

Capitalist Stabilization, the 3rd Period and Lovestone Renegades

By JACK STACHEL.

On the very eve of the Plenum of the Central Committee held on October 5th, 6th, and 7th, the Lovestone renegade group issued a circular entitled "Political Analysis of the 10th Plenum of the ECCI," in which this group of right opportunists developed its openly Right platform, not only in line with the International Right but even more daring in its openly social democratic formulation of this platform. This document challenging the whole line of the Sixth Congress and the Tenth Plenum was of great service to the Party because it served to completely expose the liquidatory reformist line of the Lovestonites and to make clear to those elements who supported the expulsion of these renegades merely on the ground of their having broken Party discipline, the true character of this group. Hitherto the Lovestonites though attacking the line of the Sixth Congress, the Address, and the line of the Party, did not dare to so openly develop and state their international platform. Lovestone, Pepper, Gitlow, Wolfe & Co. even accepted the open letter of the Comintern to the Sixth Party Convention. The comparison of their present position with the decisions of the Sixth World Congress and the Open Letter will make clear the political degeneration of this group into social reformism.

This latest document in speaking of "stabilization and the third period," says the following: "The chief source of the revisionist line of the Tenth Plenum was its false estimation of the question of stabilization and the third period!" The Lovestonites, therefore, accuse the Tenth Plenum of the ECCI in revising the line of the Sixth Congress on the estimate of capitalist stabilization and state further that the revision of the estimate of capitalist stabilization is the chief source of this revision. Let us therefore examine the estimate of the Sixth World Congress of capitalist stabilization and compare it with the estimate of stabilization by Lovestone in order to establish who are the revisionists and what they aim to accomplish.

The Sixth World congress, according to Lovestone's document, gave the following estimate of the stabilization of capitalism in the third period:

"Finally came the third period which in the main is the period in which capitalist economy exceeds the pre-war level and in which also the economy of the U. S. S. R. almost exceeds its pre-war level. . . ."

The above is a correct quotation of Lovestone from the thesis of the Sixth World Congress with one exception. The correct quotation should read, "the U.S.S.R. almost simultaneously exceeds the pre-war level." (Emphasis mine.—J.S.) The leaving out of the word simultaneously is no accident. It is part of the underestimation of the success in building socialism in the U. S. S. R. and the overestimation of capitalist stabilization. The Lovestonites also fail to see that just as the workers in the capitalist countries undermine capitalist stabilization by taking advantage of all the coherent contradictions of capitalism to accelerate the pace of the revolutionary movement the proletariat of the U. S. S. R. undermines it by strengthening and exceeding its pre-war level. But that is not all that the thesis of the Comintern said. The completion of the whole paragraph from which Lovestone quoted will make clear the open attempt of Lovestone to revise the Sixth Congress estimate of stabilization, and will further reveal that Lovestone & Co. either do not understand or openly falsify the conclusions to be drawn from the even incomplete quotation of Lovestone. This is what the continuation of the paragraph from which Lovestone quotes says following the corrected quotation of Lovestone.

At the same time it is a period of the intense development of the contradictions of world capitalism operating in forms determined by the whole of the preceding process of the crisis of capitalism (contraction of markets, the USSR colonial movements, growth of inherent contradictions of imperialism). This third period in which the contradiction between the growth of the productive forces and the contraction of markets become particularly accentuated is inevitably giving rise to a fresh series of imperialist wars: Among the imperialist powers themselves; wars of the imperialist states against the USSR; wars of national liberation against imperialism and imperialist intervention and to gigantic class battles. The intensification of all INTERNATIONAL antagonisms (antagonisms between the capitalist states and the U. S. S. R., the military occupation of Northern China—which is the

beginning of the partition of China—the mutual struggles between the imperialists, etc.), the intensification of the INTERNAL antagonisms in capitalist countries (the swing to the left of the masses of the working class, growing acuteness of the class struggle), and the wide development of COLONIAL MOVEMENTS (China, India and Syria), which are taking place in this period, will inevitably lead—through the further development of the contradictions of capitalist stabilization—TO CAPITALIST STABILIZATION BECOMING STILL MORE PRECARIOUS AND TO THE SEVERE INTENSIFICATION OF THE GENERAL CRISIS OF CAPITALISM." (Emphasis mine. J.S.)

This is how the Sixth World Congress summarized the third period. We will see later on that the International Right and Lovestone as part of it have tried to make out of the third period a period of the strengthening of capitalist stabilization, and it is for this reason that Lovestone quotes only that feature of the third period which speaks of "capitalist economy exceeding the pre-war level" and then confuses the growth of the productive forces with the strengthening of stabilization, when in reality it is precisely this growth of the productive forces as against the contraction of the markets that undermines and makes more precarious capitalist stabilization.

The Lovestone document accuses the Tenth Plenum of revising both the estimate and the "yardstick" of stabilization. The "yardstick" of stabilization for the Lovestonites is "the economic situation (especially the level of production)." The Lovestonites particularly single out for attack the following correct estimate of stabilization made by Comrade Kuusinen in his report:

"The 'third period' is not a period of stabilization but a period of the liquidation of capitalist stabilization."

We see therefore that for the Sixth World Congress "capitalist stabilization becoming still more precarious" and for Lovestone the third period is a period of the strengthening of stabilization. The Tenth Plenum in line with this estimate of the Sixth Congress speaks about the third period "a period of the liquidation of capitalist stabilization" and for Lovestone the third period is the period of the capitalist stabilization becoming more stable.

At the Sixth Party Convention Lovestone and his adherents together with the entire convention voted for the Open Letter of the Comintern. What was the characterization of stabilization given in this Open Letter of the Comintern?

"With regard to the fundamental question as to the nature of the contemporary general crisis of capitalism, the perspective of its accentuation, THE FURTHER SHATTERING OF STABILIZATION THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE WORLD ECONOMIC SYSTEM (emphasis here mine.—J.S.) the question of the struggle against the Right danger which has of late become the chief and decisive issue in the Comintern both the majority and the minority commit big errors which inevitably lead to a profound underrating of the revolutionary perspectives in Europe and especially in America."

Lovestone, Pepper, Gitlow, Wolfe, together with a' of the former majority as well as minority of the Central Committee, accepted this correction of the Comintern. The convention unanimously accepted the Open Letter of the Comintern. But what this acceptance meant to these renegades we can see now. It meant merely that they did not yet dare put forth their reformist views, that they were perhaps still vacillating between the line of the Sixth World Congress and the line of Right opportunism. Today they have become open and clear exponents of the reformist views of stabilization. Today they are openly fighting the line of the Sixth World Congress and the line of the Comintern Open Letter to the Sixth Party Convention.

In this cowardly attitude the Lovestonites have followed the same course as Comrade Bukharin who already at the Sixth World Congress of the Comintern put forward (in their embryonic form) the views on stabilization he has developed in his recent writings. At the Sixth Congress Bukharin, after his views were defeated by the many important amendments by the Russian delegation, voted for the Sixth World Congress thesis, but at the same time as the reporter took advantage in his closing remarks and made the following statement regarding stabilization and the third period.

"It is said that there is no difference between the second and third period. The question then arises why has our evaluation of

the general situation changed? It is not because we have become cleverer but because the situation has changed. At the beginning of the process there were no specific manifestations of stabilization at hand and we had reason seriously to consider these manifestations as more or less casual. Now we have no more reason for it. The picture has become a much clearer one. Now the facts speak a more clear language. Therefore there is need for a different evaluation of the situation."

Comrade Bukharin in these same closing remarks, in polemizing against those who correctly tried to emphasize the weakening of stabilization in the third period, further said:

"In what lies the 'reason for this whole philosophy?' The reason is that we maintain that the stabilization of capitalism will not disappear from world economy from today till tomorrow and that must be emphasized."

Thus we see that Comrade Bukharin at the Sixth World Congress, tho not yet completely, already in his closing remarks departed from the general line of the Congress and repeated the views of his which were defeated by the Russian delegation and though he voted for theses. In these summary remarks Comrade Bukharin already pictured capitalist stabilization as growing stronger though still in a veiled form. Comrade Bukharin spoke of the difference between the second and third period being in the main the fact that in the third period we see that capitalist stabilization is not any longer "more or less casual" but that "the picture has become a much clearer one" and emphasized instead of "capitalist stabilization becoming more precarious" as did the Sixth Congress thesis in his view that "stabilization of capitalism will not disappear from world economy from today until tomorrow."

Thus we see that for the international Right the third period is a period of the strengthening of capitalist stabilization. For them capitalism is growing stronger. They see in the fact that capitalist economy has exceeded its pre-war level the strengthening of stabilization. Their yardstick of stabilization is only the growth of the productive forces of capitalism. They do not see that it is precisely this reaching of the pre-war level of production and the growth of the productive forces in contrast with the contracting markets that is accentuating all the contradictions of capitalism. They do not see the growth of the internal contradictions, they do not see the growing radicalization of the masses, they do not see the oncoming revolutionary tide. They see only capitalism growing stronger. They deny the swing of the masses to the left, they deny the revolutionary perspective in the third period. They, at best, see the developing of the revolution only as a result of imperialist wars. This whole viewpoint of stabilization leads them to seeing "organized capitalism" in which the competition is dying out and only competition between "organized state capitalism." It leads them to a denial of the Right danger as the main danger in the Comintern. It leads them to united fronts with the social reformists, and the denial of the conversion of the social democrats into social fascists. Their position is more and more that of the openly social reformists. Their pessimistic views will soon lead them to the position that there is also a softening of the external antagonisms between the imperialist powers. This is the logic of their present position.

The Lovestonites are correct in stating that the chief source of the revisionist line is the estimate of stabilization. It is their estimate of capitalist stabilization which is the basis of their revisionist line as against the line of the Sixth World Congress, and the whole line of the Comintern.

The events since the Sixth World Congress throughout the world as well as in the United States have already demonstrated the falsity of the line of the international right and their American offspring, the Lovestone renegades. The events in Germany on May Day, the wave of strikes in Germany, France, India, and the United States; the August First demonstrations as well as the strikes in other countries give the lie to the characterization of stabilization by the Rights and confirm the correctness of the line of the Sixth World Congress. The sharpening of the antagonism among the imperialist powers, the more open offensive against the Soviet Union, the developing struggles of the colonial peoples, in all parts of the world, show the liquidation of capitalist stabilization.

The Plenum of our Central Committee was unanimous in condemning the social democratic views of Lovestone & Co. and the members