

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS
for a Workers-Farmers Government
To Organize the Unorganized
Against Imperialist War
For the 40-Hour Week

Daily Worker

NATIONAL
EDITION

Vol. VI, No. 95

Published daily except Sunday by The Comradely Publishing
Company, Inc., 26-28 Union Square, New York City, N. Y.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 1929

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: In New York, by mail, \$5.00 per year.
Outside New York, by mail, \$6.00 per year.

Price 3 Cents

ANOTHER GASTONIA STRIKER FRAMED; MURDER CHARGE

STIMSON PUTS BANK BURDENS UP TO ALLIES

Says U. S. Won't Be on
"Reparations Bank"
Board, Officially
Demand Full Payment
Holds France, England
Must Do Collecting

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Secretary of State Stimson today issued a statement designed to place on France and England the burden of the looting of Germany by war victors. He said that the U. S. government would not officially participate in the "Reparations Bank," the financial institution established on the proposal by Owen D. Young and J. P. Morgan at the Dawes Plan Board of Experts meeting recently ended.

Stimson's statement is considered here also a quite direct hint to the English and French governments that they are expected to pay the debts they owe in America, without regard to the question of whether they can collect equal amounts from Germany or not.

Will Have Its Agents.

The reparations bank is an organization which will handle all payments from Germany, and will finance the marketing of payment in kind. Stimson's statement today does not mean that the U. S. will not have unofficial representation on its board. Young and Morgan were called "unofficial" delegates to the board of experts, but actually exercised complete veto powers and took general charge of the negotiations.

Stimson's statement reiterates his announcement made May 16 that the United States would have nothing to do officially with the actual collection of the indemnity from Germany. He has several times stated that the United States insists on the full payment of debts owed by European countries to the United States.

Young and Morgan, with their alternates, Perkins and Lamont, held a conference yesterday with President Hoover, at which it is understood they advocated at least unofficial representation on the reparations bank board by the Washington government.

THERE MUST BE \$5,000 BEFORE SATURDAY TO SAVE THE 'DAILY'

This is the plain, unadorned fact. We put this question before our readers as our revolutionary duty to the working class. The very appearance of the Daily itself reveals the tremendous difficulties under which we are keeping the paper alive. We had to reduce the size of our paper from six to four pages. All our credit is cut off. Everything we get must be paid for spot cash. The United Press, that was furnishing us news service has cut off the machines that carry that service into this office because we could not meet our debts. The engravers have cut off our service for pictures for the same reason. It is only with the greatest sacrifice that we are able to get out international news.

We are working on the very narrowest margin to exist at all, and we see before us the end of the week with the heavy bills due and there are not sufficient funds coming in to meet these bills. UNLESS WE GET SUFFICIENT FUNDS TO PAY SOME OF OUR DEBTS AND THE CURRENT EXPENSES WE WILL BE FORCED TO SUSPEND ON SATURDAY! At this moment when the working class of every section and of every industry in the country is beginning to fight against wage-cuts, the speed-up and all the effects of rationalization, at a moment when the capitalist class has set out to murder the leaders of the organizational drive of the National Textile Workers Union unless the working class of the United States and of the world is mobilized against it, the Daily Worker is more indispensable than ever before. But just in this situation we face our greatest difficulties.

Surely, at such a time, our readers will realize the necessity of immediate financial assistance to enable us to get through the difficulties we now face. It is in such a situation as exists at present in the United States that we have a real opportunity to become in fact what Lenin said a Communist paper should be, "not only" the collective agitator but the collective organizer of the working class."

Rush your contribution to help us overcome this immediate crisis. Mail or bring funds direct to the Daily Worker office!

THUGS AIDED BY NEWARK POLICE

Warn Workers to Keep
Off Negroes

Police-aided gangster's brutality against members of the National Textile Workers Union, the Communist Party and the Communist Youth League will be denounced at a League meeting at 3 Governor St., Newark, Friday night.

A recent meeting of the National Textile Workers Union to rally mass support to defeat the Gastonia frame-ups had been preceded by threats continued from gangsters to League girls to "keep away from

(Continued on Page Two)

Correspondents, Join the Fight to Save the Gastonia Prisoners!

Aided by the capitalist courts of North Carolina, the mill bosses are attempting to send 14 Gastonia workers, with their leaders, to the electric chair. A large-scale Sacco-Vanzetti case looms.

The voice of the powerful army of worker correspondents of the Communist press must be raised to fight this attempted mass-murder. Workers, let the mill bosses and the capitalist courts know that you will not permit the murder of these 14 courageous fighters. Let these 14 workers, faced with electrocution by the law of the bosses know that you will fight for their lives, to the end.

Do this now, thru the Daily Worker. Worker correspondents, show your power. Write in at once, expressing your solidarity with the 14 frame-up victims of the Gastonia courts.

Do it now! It may soon be too late! Worker correspondents, join in the fight to save the Gastonia prisoners!

Gastonia Strikers to Attend Chicago Anti- War Picnic on July 4

The presence of several strikers from the Gastonia battle field is expected to add further interest to the great mass picnic arranged for July 4th by the Chicago District of the Communist Party. This will not only be a great international picnic at which all national elements of the basic industrial proletariat of Chicago will be represented by their own special features, but it will be a class-struggle demonstration against the coming imperialist war.

The attempts of social-democrats of the executive committee of the German Workmen's Sick and Benefit Societies to prevent announcements of the Gastonia struggle and the coming anti-war fight at a recent picnic were defeated by the huge workers' audience which gave the Communist speaker, Eric Baker, such support that he was able to tell the story of the Gastonia defense and the July 4 anti-war demonstration.

At the last picnic of the Scandinavian Workers' Organization at Geneva, Ill., an improvised fife and drum band in a car paraded the meeting grounds and pushed contributions for the Gastonia defense fund.

The July 4 picnic will be held at Chernauskas Grove which can be reached by taking the Archer Ave. car to the end of the line, and changing for Justice Park car to Grove.

HAVERHILL SHOE STRIKE.
HAVERHILL, Mass., (By Mail).—Over 250 workers of the Mitchem Shoe Co. here have struck for better wages and a five day week.

FREE 12 MORE FOOD STRIKERS

Strike Will Continue,
Kramberg Says

Twelve cafeteria strikers were yesterday released on a writ of habeas corpus signed by Supreme Judge Leighton.

The order was obtained by Philip Wittenberg, lawyer for the cafeteria workers union, on the ground that the special sessions court which convicted the strikers had no jurisdiction.

Others Jailed.
The released workers had been sentenced to serve 60 days in jail for violating an injunction obtained by the Wil-low Cafeterias, Inc. Over 100 other strikers also sentenced to 60 days in the Workhouse on the same charge are expected to be released in the next few days.

In Jefferson Market Court Magistrate McQuade yesterday sentenced 6 cafeteria strikers to \$2 fine or one day in jail. They chose to spend a day in jail. They had been arrested in the mass picketing demonstration in front of the Princeton Cafeteria, 27th St. and 6th Avenue on Monday. Four others were discharged and four cases adjourned to June 29.

There are now 33 cafeteria owners who have signed an agreement with the union, involving over 600 workers.

Beginning of Fight.
"This is only the beginning of the fight for union conditions in the cafeterias of New York," Sam Kramberg, secretary of the union, declared. "The union has made a very excellent beginning in this pioneer strike of the food workers who have suffered so long from open-shop exploitation. Our membership has doubled. Every day sees more workers joining the union from cafeterias which have not yet been struck. In the course of time we will have a city-wide strike that will be on a much larger scale than the present strike."

Girls of Salofelt Shop Give \$10.50 to Daily

The girl workers of the Salofelt Hat Company, realizing the grave danger in which the Daily Worker finds itself at the present moment, and knowing that the suspension of the only daily organ of the working class would seriously cripple their struggles as well as the entire labor movement, have made a collection among themselves and contributed a total of \$10.50 out of their meager earnings to save the paper.

They promise to give still more in the future.

Imported Gunmen to Stiffen Gangs Planning Strikers' Death

"Release Mill Prisoners" Is Masses' Vote

A resolution was adopted by the great New York mass meeting yesterday, in Union Square, condemning the frame-up of Gastonia textile strikers, and pointing out the mill owners' reason for resorting to this attempt at the murder of 14.

The resolution states:
"American capitalism is trying to railroad to death 14 union organizers and strikers and six other workers to long term imprisonment for leading and engaging in the heroic Gastonia strike and for defending themselves against the brutal attacks of the militia and gunmen of the southern textile manufacturers; and
"The capitalist state, not satisfied with its use of militia against

NEGRO WORKER SHOT BY BOSSES

Thugs Attack 3 Times;
Protest Planned

A story of the most ferocious persecution of a Negro worker by boss gangsters has just been revealed to the Daily Worker, after weeks of suppression by the capitalist sheets working hand in glove with the Tammany police.

Alfred Jackson, driver of an ice wagon, who lives at 550 East 133rd St., New York City, has been attacked and beaten on three separate occasions during the last six weeks, the latest attack landing him in the hospital with two bullets in his leg. In each case the murderous thugs responsible were the same.

The men behind the footpads are wealthy Bronx ice dealers who resent Jackson's "encroachments" upon what they regard as their private preserves. Jackson is well liked by his working class customers and does a thriving trade in the neighborhood between 135th and 137th Streets and Cypress and Brook Aves. The bosses have determined to get rid of his competition at any cost.

Their hired gunmen first set on Jackson early in the morning of May 2 as the Negro worker was making his rounds. He was jumped on without warning, slugged and felled to the ground, suffering injuries which incapacitated him for several days. But the attempt of the bosses to scare him off the route did not succeed and he was back on the job again.

Again on May 4, two days after the onslaught and before he had fully recovered from the first beating, Jackson was waylaid by the same pair of gunmen and slugged within an inch of his life. Though his body was horribly bruised as a result of the thrashing and though he knew that his very life was in danger, he stuck to his post, defying the ice bosses and their paid assassins.

Then on June 4, at 8 o'clock in the morning, he was shot at from a window while delivering ice in the vicinity of 135th St. and St. Ann's Ave. Two bullets entered his calf. He was removed to the Lincoln Hospital where he was laid up for nearly a week.

Jackson has insisted on returning to his work in spite of the entreaties of his wife, who, fearing that every trip may be his last, now accompanies him on the wagon.

Feeling among both black and white workers acquainted with the story of this dastardly boss persecution is running high in Harlem. A mass demonstration of protest against the guerrilla rule of the ice barons and against the Tammany police who wink at such unheard-of violations of a worker's "rights" is being arranged in conjunction with the Communist Party of District 2 (New York).

SEAMEN FAKERS MEET.
WASHINGTON (By Mail).—The misleaders of the International Seamen's Union, who have refused to organize the unorganized seamen and have expelled militants who demanded organization of the unorganized, will hold their next annual convention here in February, 1929.

BIG CHICAGO CITY CONFERENCE FOR LABOR DEFENSE

Touring Speakers Get
Strong Response

CHICAGO, Ill., June 26.—A big city-wide conference, attended by representatives of many working class organizations, is being arranged by the local International Labor Defense for Sunday afternoon, July 14, at Temple Hall, Marshallfield and Van Buren Sts., where plans will be considered for mobilizing all the workers of the Chicago district to raise funds for the defense of the victims of the Gastonia frame-up. The conference will also organize the defense of the 27 workers who were arrested at an I. L. D. protest demonstration against the Gastonia frame-up on June 15.

The conference will be followed by a mass meeting in the evening in the same place.

Speakers To Assist.

Two Gastonia textile strikers, Alfred Hayes and John Wisna, will arrive in Chicago Saturday to aid in the preparatory work for the conference. They will be in Buffalo this Thursday and Friday in behalf of Gastonia defense.

Bedacht, Bloor, Two Gastonia Strikers at Detroit Picnic July 4

DETROIT, Mich., June 26.—Binnie Green and Elizabeth Ine Ginnis, Gastonia textile strikers, will tell the story of the Gastonia textile struggle and the frame-up arising from it at a mass picnic lead by the Communist Party and the Communist Youth League at the Rochester Picnic Park, Thursday, July 4.

Others who will participate in the speaking program from 4.30 to 6 p. m. will be Max Bedacht, of the Central Committee of the Communist Party, Elia Reeve (Mother) Bloor, N. H. Tallentire, District Organizer of the Communist Party, Philip Frankfeld, District Organizer of the Communist Youth League, Alf. Goetz and Philip Raymond.

An athletic program will be given by the Labor Sports Union, and six hours of dancing will alternate between track and field contests.

Mother Bloor and the two strikers are coming here as part of their nation-wide tour in the big mass campaign of the International Labor Defense to save the victims of the Gastonia frame-up.

Rescue 14 Fishermen from Ship Endangered in a Collision in L. I.

BABYLON, L. I., June 26.—Fourteen fishermen were rescued from the 33-foot cabin cruiser Avalon this afternoon just before the boat sank in Fire Island inlet after a collision with the trawler Winifred H. just off Point Democrat.

Two passengers on the Avalon were knocked off the boat by the collision but were immediately picked up by the Winifred H. The others on the sinking Avalon were transferred to the Winifred H.

Captain Oliver Davis Oakley of the Avalon and Captain Hiram M. Stein of the Winifred H. charged each other with being responsible for the accident.

The Avalon sank in seventeen feet of water and later was raised.

De Priest is Against Social Equality for His Enslaved Race

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., June 26.—"Who wants social equality?" asked the Negro congressman Oscar De Priest before 1,500 Negroes here last night. The position of the Negro under the rule of the white supremacy, De Priest held, was not to be blamed upon the white lynchers.

De Priest continues to receive nasty snubs from those he does not "blame for the social status of the Negro" since his wife was accidentally included in a tea-drinking party with Hoover's spouse at the White House.

Strike Leader in Peril



Fred Erwin Beal, held in Gastonia jail and slated for electrocution, along with 13 other workers, by order of the Manville Jenckes mill owners. The Gastonia Gazette says, "Beal is the bird we want." He is southern organizer of the National Textile Workers Union. Send funds for defense of Beal and the other Gastonia frame-up victims to International Labor Defense, 80 East 11 street, New York.

3 CARLOADS OF DEPUTIES CARRY HAMPTON AWAY

Kidnapped from South
to North Carolina

GASTONIA, N. C., June 26.—Another strike leader is arrested and charged with murder. Delmar Hampton, an active textile striker of Gastonia was jailed in Gaffner, South Carolina, at 10 A. M. this morning, and held until 3 P. M. in the afternoon, when he was handed over to three carloads of deputies from Gastonia, in charge of Sheriff Lineberger, and carried without extradition papers to the Gastonia jail.

Hearing news of his arrest, the International Labor Defense immediately sent its representative, Paul Crouch, from Charlotte to South Carolina, but he arrived after Hampton had been carried away.

Juliet Stuart Poyntz, national secretary of the I.L.D., is leaving this evening from Charlotte for Gastonia with the I.L.D.'s attorneys, to demand Hampton's release on the grounds of lack of evidence and the fact that he was kidnapped from South Carolina.

Reject Attack on Strikers.
The South Carolina Federation of Labor meeting in Spartanburg, has refused to pass a resolution submitted condemning the Gastonia strikers now in jail being framed up for murder.

Speakers declared that, though they are against the National Textile Workers Union, the federation would not go on record in any way that will interfere with the defense of the strikers in jail or the Lory strike.

The American Legion, Gastonia post, however, at its meeting last night, issued a long resolution assailing the strikers and calling for conviction of those in jail.

The Gastonia Gazette in its editorial today declared that it favored the A.F.L. textile union. This sheet has been trying to create a murderous lynching movement ever since the raid on the ten colony which resulted in the shooting of Chief of police Aderholt, who led the raiders.

Poyntz today visited the strikers in Gastonia jail, and found them all in good spirits, and resolute in their loyalty to the strike and the union. They sent by her their greetings to the Daily Worker.

GASTONIA, N. C., June 26.—A local business man today notified several strikers that he had been approached by members of the "chamber of commerce" crowd with a definite proposal that he join a new secret organization to "rid the old Tar Heel state" of all union organizers.

The plan as explained to this man, is to utilize the hired gunmen of the Manville Jenckes textile mills company, especially a group to be imported from the northern properties of the company who will add Chicago gangster tactics to the old familiar lynch law methods.

THOUSAND A DAY NEEDED TO SAVE MILL WORKERS

Defense Reports Much
Help; Not Enough

With the trial of 14 Gastonia textile strikers and strike leaders on charges of murder, tentatively set for July 29, the importance of speed in raising defense funds is being emphasized by the International Labor Defense whose nation-wide campaign in behalf of the Gastonia frame-up victims is enlisting thousands of workers and sympathizers with the struggles of labor.

One thousand dollars a day is the amount needed, the National Office of the I. L. D. announces. The securing of an adequate corps of defense lawyers to combat the 14 leading North Carolina attorneys who are in the employ of the Manville-Jenckes Company's courts and are determined to send every one of the 14 framed men and women to the electric chair; the bailing out of the eight workers who are facing charges of assault with intent to kill; the countless other legal expenses involved in a trial of this size and importance necessitate the raising of many thousands of dollars, the I. L. D. points out.

Many Small Contributions.

Though the response thus far to the emergency appeal of the I. L. D. has been good, it is still far below the \$1,000 a day that is needed. Among the contributions received Saturday were \$72.76 collected at the camp of the Followers of the Trail.

(Continued on Page Two)

A Tremendously Interesting Letter of a Chinese Comrade

Writes of Growing Movement, Persecutions,
and Perspectives of the Struggle

We have received a letter from a comrade, a native of China, who wrote of recent events there to one of his friends in the U. S. The facts it gives concerning the situation is extremely interesting to those who realize the world importance of the course of the struggles in the East. We print the letter verbatim:

Dear Comrade:
You have left China for almost one year. Within this one year the revolutionary situation has greatly changed. The fighting against Chiang Kai-shek, conducted by General Pai Chung Hsi and Li Tsung Jen, ended in a failure. But they are not exterminated yet, so they can still give the Nanking government much trouble. Besides that, General Feng Yu-Hsiang, the so-called Christian general, is to conduct a campaign against Chiang

Kai-shek and general Yen Hsi-shan, the general "on the fence". However, the American and Japanese imperialists are backing Chiang Kai-shek, supplying him with ammunition and money. So there is little hope for General Feng to win the fight. But he plans, in case of defeat, to retreat to Shen-Si province, where he will make a firm stand. In short, like mad dogs, the Kvoimintang leader or rather generals are biting at one another, the result of which will again throw China into a great civil war.

Now let me tell you something about the different parties. Recently, Kuo Chia Chu Yi Pai of the Nationalist Party (not Kvoimintang) adopted some of the organization methods of the Communist Party and reorganized itself. But it cannot find many followers. So

EMERGENCY FUND

Fund Is Still Growing Too Slowly

- | | | | |
|---|---------|---|-------|
| Clara Levittan, N. Y. | \$10.00 | George Vonga | .50 |
| Isidor Stone, New York | 5.00 | Stephen Kovacs | .50 |
| Joe Guarrasio, New York | 5.00 | Louis Lukacs | .50 |
| D. Armando, New York | 1.00 | F. Sabo | 1.00 |
| A. Shaper, New York | 3.00 | T. Hamm | 1.00 |
| Joe Notoli, New York | 2.00 | A. Proffom | 1.00 |
| M. Marcuroso, New York | 2.00 | Nirafsky | 5.00 |
| F. Lisi, New York | 2.00 | Andy Grych, Monessen, Pa. | 5.00 |
| G. Rosenbaum, New York | 2.00 | I. M. Thomas, Barberton, Ohio .. | 5.00 |
| S. Amier, New York | 2.00 | S. Zino, Bradock, Pa. | 1.00 |
| H. Radkin, New York | 5.00 | Al Minkin, Brooklyn, N. Y. | 1.00 |
| D. Dubovitz, New York | 3.00 | Joe Zirin, Bronx, N. Y. | 2.00 |
| F. Swanson, Unit 4 S-4, N.Y. | 5.00 | Joe Miller, Toledo, Ohio | 2.00 |
| E. McKormon, Brooklyn, N. Y. | 5.00 | Albert Langendorfer, Newport, Ky. | 1.00 |
| H. Casden, Brooklyn, N. Y. | 14.50 | Helen and Fred Douglas, Pater-son, N. J. | 20.00 |
| IF-See, 3, New York, N. Y. | 19.50 | M. Goldstein, Woodridge, N. Y. | 1.00 |
| Th. Sepp, Philadelphia, Pa. | 4.51 | M. Arkin, Woodridge, N. Y. | 4.00 |
| W. H. Fletcher, Hadley, Pa. | 1.00 | Wm. Long, Wellington, Ohio .. | 5.00 |
| Robert Touche, Clinton, N. J. | 5.00 | Odessa Br. 225 W. C. N. Y. | 25.00 |
| Chas. Faessler, Atlantic City | 4.00 | David Falk, Canton, Ohio | 2.00 |
| V. Palm, Chicago, Ill. | 1.00 | Charles Moschel, Cincinnati, Ohio .. | 5.00 |
| J. J. Stahan, Hudson, Mass. | 5.00 | Geo. Elles, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| Pross. Wom. Aid Society | 10.00 | Gust Pappas, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| Hegowisch, Ill. | 10.00 | S. Sofiros, Waukegan, Ill. | .50 |
| John Stropin, Chicago, Ill. | 3.00 | Nick Patkic, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| John Reichle, Madison Heights, Va. | 1.00 | Nick Vassilopoulos, Waukegan, Ill. | 6.00 |
| W. N. Patterson, Zanesville, O. | 5.00 | Nasto Tarleff, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| D. Zini, No. Little Rock, Ark. | 20.00 | Steve Trantino, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| T. Panzer, Detroit, Mich. | 2.00 | Gust Franstis, Waukegan, Ill. | 3.20 |
| Collected by S. Hartley, Cleveland, O. | 2.00 | | |
| S. Hartley | 2.00 | | |
| M. Chaky | 1.00 | | |
| A. Kovesty | 2.00 | | |

WILL "THE DAILY" SURVIVE?
Send in Your Answer!

The Daily Worker, 26-28 Union Square, New York.

After reading the appeal for aid in the Daily Worker I am sending you the enclosed amount, \$

Name

Address

Names & contributions will be published in the "Daily" without delay.

FOREIGN NEWS

MacDonald Continues 'Disarmament' Parleys with U. S.; 'Labor' Premier to Broach Soviet 'Recognition' in Speech July 2

Wall Street's Cue in 'Naval Cut' Farce.
LONDON, June 26.—Imperial Britain is waiting on Imperial U. S. to make the next pass in the half-hearted shadow-boxing which goes by the name of naval disarmament and which is used to draw the attention of the world's workers away from the frenzied war preparations now being made on every hand by the capitalist powers. Ramsay MacDonald, "labor" premier, looks for Wall Street's government to sound out the other parties to the last fake conference and get them to define Hoover's "yard-stick" for disarmament, if possible, after which there will be some more futile sparring. The backstairs pow-wow in which Dawson, MacDonald and Hugh Gibson, stuffed shirt Wall Street ambassador to Belgium, indulged on Tuesday night ended in a deadlock, it was learned today.

Figure How To Rob Pauperized German Workers.

PARIS, June 26.—Both parliament and the government expect to be censured in discussions on the war debts and the problem of grinding billions of marks out of the impoverished workers and peasants of Germany for the next four weeks or longer.

Dawes Will Keep Calves in Hiding.

LONDON, June 26.—When U. S. Ambassador Dawes is presented to Queen Mary tonight, he will wear silk knee breeches and patent leather shoes with silver buckles, as will the rest of the Wall Street embassy staff. He has received a special dispensation from the court chamberlain to don long jeans for the hard-kissing ceremony.

MacDonald, New Columbus, Discovers U. S. S. R.

LONDON, June 26.—It is understood that resumption of diplomatic relations with the U. S. S. R. will be broached in the "king's speech from the throne," already prepared by MacDonald, on July 2. The "labor" government yesterday cabled all the dominion premiers for approval of the move, forced by mass sentiment. Relations were broken off following the British imperialist raid on the Arcos House, Soviet trade center in London, early in 1927.

EMERGENCY FUND

(Continued from Page One)

| | |
|---|--------|
| Geo. Christ, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| Bill Hestis, Waukegan, Ill. | .50 |
| Louis Vanvas, Waukegan, Ill. | 3.60 |
| Vasil Dinef, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| E. Dritsas, Waukegan, Ill. | .50 |
| Louis Bolevenas, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| Illinois | 1.00 |
| Pero Osman, Waukegan, Ill. | 2.00 |
| A Worker, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| Tolis, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| Harry George, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| Christ Nicoloff, Waukegan, Ill. | .25 |
| James Spanoff, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| John Lolley, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.50 |
| Joe Latsas, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| Bengelos Ginkas, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| Illinois | 1.00 |
| Savo Anastos, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.50 |
| V. Frutebos, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| James George, Waukegan, Ill. | .50 |
| Sam Christ, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| A Worker, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| J. S. Ganes, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| Geo. Popas, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| P. Blagof, Waukegan, Ill. | .25 |
| M. Luch, Waukegan, Ill. | 1.00 |
| Total | 824.26 |

WORKERS CALENDAR

- PENNSYLVANIA**
Philadelphia I. L. D.
Karl Reeve will speak on the Gastonia situation at the functionaries' meeting called by the Executive Committee at the Free Latta Hall, 531 N. Seventh St., July 1.
- Seranton Communist Picnic.
The Daily Worker will benefit from the picnic to be given by the Communist Party at Runas Farm, June 29. Take North Seranton Electric Car to Hollis Ave. where a committee will direct further.
- ILLINOIS**
Chicago C. Y. L. Hike.
Meet at 9 p. m. at the district office of the C. Y. L. for the hike to Silverlake woods, June 29, by section 2.
- Chicago Federation of Working Women.
The conference for textile relief originally called for June 23 will be held at 10 a. m. June 29 at the Capitol Building, State and Randolph Sts.
- Chicago Protest Meeting.
A mass protest meeting against the Gastonia frame-up will be held at 8 p. m. June 27 at Temple Hall, Van Horn and Broadway. Sponsors: Communist Party and C. Y. L.
- OHIO**
Cleveland Social Insurance Conference.
A conference for social insurance will be held at the Insurance Center Building, June 27, at 8 p. m., called by the Conference Against the Com-
- Massillon Bulgarian Workers.
The Bulgarian-Macedonian Workers Educational Club will have its first seasonal picnic on June 29 at Lee Graber's Farm. Part of the proceeds will go to the International Labor Defense.
- Cleveland Swedish Workers Club Picnic.
The Gastonia strikers will benefit from proceeds of the picnic to be given by the Swedish Workers Club at Swedish Beach, June 29. The program begins at 2 p. m. The Beach is two miles east of Geneva on the lake.
- MARYLAND**
Communist Picnic, Baltimore.
The first annual picnic of the Baltimore section will be held June 29 at the Cooperative Center. Dancing, mass singing, speakers, will be included in program. Take Middle River car to Maine Ave. where the Cooperative bus will take you to destination.
- Baltimore Lithuanian Tailors Meet.
Open shop conditions will be denounced at a meeting of Lithuanian tailors at the Lithuanian Hall, 421 Hollis St., June 27, 8 p. m. Speakers will be delivered in Lithuanian and English. A similar meeting for Polish tailors will be held June 26 at 8 p. m. at the Polish Home, 510 S. Broadway.
- MICHIGAN**
Detroit Membership Meeting.
General membership meeting for Detroit, Sunday, June 30, at 9:30 a. m. at New Workers' Home, 1313 E. Ferry St.

Militarists Welcome Stunt Flyers



Photo shows the crew of the Yellow Bird, after their transatlantic flight for the benefit of French imperialists, being welcomed by French militarists on their arrival at Le Bourget Field, Paris. The most showy the stowaway, Arthur Schreiber, who some say, was stowed away with the full knowledge and consent of the imperialist crew to get more publicity.

LETTER TELLS OF GROWTH OF CHINESE PARTY

Describes War Lords Persecutions

(Continued from Page One)
There is no hope for its rising. Although there is the well organized of the Anarchists, yet it is not strong enough to be called a party, much less for it to exercise influence on the masses. The Third Party—the party of opportunists like Wang Ching Wei and Chen Kung Po—is dying out. The Kwomintang is divided into many factions, fighting bitter fight against one another. Not only the workers and peasants are dissatisfied with Kwomintang, even the petty bourgeoisie and radical intellectual are becoming gradually disillusioned. San Min Chu Yi or the Three Peoples' Doctrine of Sun Yan Sen becomes a thing of the past, and people get tired of talking it. To many people it has even become disgusting.

As to the Chinese Communist Party, it has made marvelous progress in organization, and in influence among the masses, through it is still working underground. In south China the revolutionary communist wave is intense, and the revolutionary movement is rolling on with unusual rapidity, especially in Hunan, Kiangsi, Fuchien, Kiangsu, and Kuangtung provinces. Even in Shantung province, the Party is enjoying great popularity and is growing in strength. In Peiping, formerly Peking, the conservative and reactionary centre in north China, red pamphlets and leaflets make their appearances regularly every two weeks. Particularly in the months of May, communist leaflets are found daily. In spite of the difficulties confronting them, they have perfected the art of propaganda to a great degree.

At the Sixth Congress of the Chinese Communist Party, a resolution was adopted, in which local uprising is strictly prohibited. Instead of local uprising, the Party is preparing a large-scale uprising, an uprising on a national-wide scale. The Party is conducting at present an energetic campaign against the imperialists and the Kwomintang. For fear of a new rising of the Communist Party, and much scared by its growing influence and strength, the militarists have adopted much more severe measure against it. If you read the newspapers of Shanghai, you are sure to find almost every day and in every Hsien (district) some Communists were arrested or beheaded. Beheading is strictly "forbidden" by the Nanking government, but in dealing with the Communists, the law reserves its right. Two days ago, several Communists were arrested in Tsinanfu, the capital of Shantung province. According to the law or regulation enacted by the Nanking government, the authority in Tsinanfu should telegraph the government for decision. However, the local authority, on ground that it would be too late, ordered the comrades beheaded. To show the terrorism against our comrades in China, I wish to tell you of another ruthless massacre in Canton. A middle school in Canton was suspected of having in it some young Communists. Without any previous warning, the authority dispatched many armed soldiers there in midnight, had the school surrounded and all the students arrested. The students were carried to the outskirts of the city, and with machine guns all the young children were mercilessly killed. Mass murder like this is not at all unusual in Kwangtung. According to the result of investigation, the total killed—those who were more or less involved with the Communist activity—are over two million persons.

Concerning the forms of torture towards the Communists, there are talking off nails, cutting off noses, ears, tongues, digging out eyeballs, etc. The cruelty and barbarity of torture towards the Communists defy description. Despite that the Com-

'Release Mill Prisoners' Is Masses' Vote

(Continued from Page One)

striking, its evictions of sick and starving women and children from homes, its smothering of the tent colony, its beating up of workers on the picket line is bent upon repeating its actions in the Sacco-Vanzetti and Centralia cases and on murdering the militant leaders of the Gastonia strike.

Try To Stifle Union.
This frame-up against the Gastonia prisoners is an attempt on the part of the capitalist forces to stifle the campaign for the organization of the unorganized and for the struggle against capitalist rationalization.

The reactionary bureaucracy of the A. F. of L. and of the United Textile Workers, the fake "progressive" Muste movement and the socialist party have betrayed the textile workers of Elizabethton and Gastonia and are working hand in hand with the bosses against the workers.

American capitalism hopes in this way to prevent the growing solidarity of Negro and white workers, to stop the fight against child labor, to put an end to all obstacles standing in the way of its preparations for the coming imperialist war.

The struggle of the southern textile workers is a struggle of the entire American working class and that only through working class solidarity can be won the strike now being led by the National Textile Workers' Union. Therefore Be It Pledge Support.

Resolved that we, thousands of workers gathered in mass demonstration in Union Square on Tuesday, June 25, under the auspices of the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, the Workers International Relief, New York local, the National Textile Workers' Union, the TUEL, and the Communist Party, New York District, greet the Gastonia prisoners and strikers and demand freedom for the victims of the Gastonia conspiracy and pledge our full working class solidarity and support to the Gastonia prisoners and strikers until the strike is won and so that the murderous capitalist class of the United States will not dare carry out its bloody plans, and

"That we endorse the campaign of the I. L. D. to smash the murder frame-up and the campaign of the W. I. R. for relief to the striking textile workers and that we pledge full support to the struggle being waged by the National Textile Workers' Union against the combined forces of the bosses, the state, the reactionary bureaucracy and the socialist party, and

"That we will intensify our struggle for the organization of the unorganized, against capitalist rationalization, for equality for the Negro race, for the right of workers to defend themselves, against the imperialist war and for the overthrow of bloody American imperialism, executors of Sacco and Vanzetti, and for the establishment of a workers' and farmers' government in the United States.

Communists are not intimidated. On the contrary, they become more determined, and more class-conscious. One more thing to tell you, that is the method of propaganda of the Communists: Sometimes if one goes to buy a book on sex, he finds the contents are Communist under the cover. Frequently people bought Pills' Three Peoples' Doctrine, or Lu'etin issued by the government, and found out the contents deal with Communism. Because of the above-mentioned phenomenon, many publishers have been recently closed, among which are Hsien Tai book-shop, Chung Tsao Sheh, and several others. Also recently several schools in Shanghai have been ordered to close. Let them go on with this! One day they will find the same measures turning against them!

GRAFTER HAGUE IS ARRESTED BY HIS COMPETITORS

Served 10 Warrants, But Is Paroled

JERSEY CITY, N. J., June 25.—The race for graft privileges was intensified today when Mayor Frank Hague, of Jersey City, a democrat, was arrested ten times on as many warrants tonight and then, under formal arrest, paroled in his attorney's custody after his citation for contempt by the republican legislature because he refused to answer questions regarding his financial affairs and those of his wife and relatives.

Hague's name was mentioned in connection with that of the millionaire oil swindler Harry Sinclair, now serving a soft "term" in the District of Columbia Jail for contempt of the United States Senate.

The anti-Hague fight is led by a republican opposition which seeks control of the municipal machine through which Hague and his clique grafted thousands of dollars.

The appointment had been mentioned in the state senate today of Owen J. Roberts of Philadelphia as one of the attorneys for the legislative committee investigating Hague's finances. Roberts was on the government staff of lawyers during the Teapot Dome case and in the prosecution of Sinclair.

Sinclair's name was brought into the debate, and Senator Simpson of Hudson County, a Hague supporter, shouted: "If it took five years to get Harry Sinclair, it will take three times five years to get Frank Hague."

Hague's ten arrests followed each other at intervals of a few seconds as ten warrants were served on him after both Houses of the Legislature had cited him for contempt. He is paroled for 24 hours, during which he must decide whether to answer the questions asked him. During this time he is expected to seek a writ of habeas corpus. If the writ is not granted, Hague is to surrender at the State House tomorrow night.

Fight in Boss Wars or Go Without Citizenship
NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 25.—A Yale birchman, Prof. Douglas MacIntosh was refused citizenship today by the federal district court because in taking the oath of allegiance he said he would not feel obliged to shoulder a rifle when Wall Street brings on its next imperialist war. MacIntosh, who is a Canadian by birth, put in three years in the trenches in the last mass murder and thinks he has had enough.

Build shop committees and draw the most militant members into the Communist Party.

MacDonald Grooms Wall Street Envoy



Ramsay MacDonald devout defender of the British empire, conferring with the representative of Wall Street, Charles G. Dawes.

SOVIET CROPS ARE SUCCESS THUGS AIDED BY NEWARK POLICE

Grain Trust Reports Warn Workers to Keep Off Negroes
Soviet spring crops were in good condition early in June, according to M. Y. Kalmanovich, head of the Soviet Zernotrest (Grain Trust), which operates over two score large farms in the Soviet Union. Kalmanovich, who has just arrived in this country, stated that the reports received up to June 3, the date of his departure from Moscow, also indicated that the area sown this spring was in excess of last year's, especially in the North-Caucasus, the Volga Region and Siberia. Kalmanovich and Professor M. M. Wolf, member of the Presidium and head of the Agricultural Section of the Gosplan, the State Planning Commission, who arrived simultaneously, outlined two of the most important projects on the Soviet program for the reconstruction of agriculture.

The Zernotrest cultivated about 350,000 acres of land this year," stated Mr. Kalmanovich at the offices of the Amtorg Trading Corporation. "It was formed last year to organize and operate large grain farms entirely by machinery. Sowing was carried on at 16 out of the 44 farms under the supervision of the Zernotrest. Among them is the "Giant Farm" in the Northern Caucasus, with a cultivated area of 120,000 acres. The sowing period on this state farm lasted only 9 days, 650 tractors being employed. This is undoubtedly the world's largest farm using machinery exclusively.

"Preparations are already being made for the harvesting and the winter sowing campaigns. The Soviet Government has allotted 4,000,000 acres of land to the Zernotrest this year. Out of this total we expect to sow 2,250,000 acres next winter and spring.

THOUSAND A DAY NEEDED TO SAVE MILL WORKERS

Defense Reports Much Help; Not Enough

(Continued from Page One)
a workers' organization, with a promise that more would be collected; \$9.10 from the Curtisville, Pa., local of the I. L. D., composed mostly of miners, many of them unemployed; \$25 from Julius Deter of Louisville, Ky.; \$15 from the Benfield, Ill. I. L. D., another miners' local, with a promise to send more; \$21 from the Hungarian Workmen's Sick and Death Benefit Society of Trenton, N. J.; \$16.20 from the St. Paul I. L. D.; \$5 from the Japanese branch of the I. L. D. in San Francisco.

A small I. L. D. branch in Ashtabula, O., sends \$19 and writes: "Enclosed is our answer to the bosses and their treatment of the textile strikers at Gastonia. This is all that this organization has in the bank, \$19."

Ella Reeve (Mother) Bloor, beloved labor veteran, has already started her tour thruout the country to raise funds for the defense of the frameup victims. She is being accompanied by two young textile strikers who have just come from Gastonia. On Tuesday night Mother Bloor and the two strikers will speak in Pittsburgh in the Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St., on Wednesday they will be in Youngstown, O., and on Thursday in Erie, Pa.

The trial of the 14 workers charged with murder is only a little over a month off. Funds are needed at once to save them. Rush all contributions to the National Office of the International Labor Defense, 80 E. 11th St., Room 402, New York City.

Philadelphia Meeting.
PHILADELPHIA, June 24.—That Philadelphia workers are determined to smash the frame-up being used on the Gastonia textile strikers and to assist in the relief of the Southern textile strikers was seen in the diversity of labor organizations present at the Workers International Relief protest meeting here yesterday. The speakers were "Mother" Ella Reeve Bloor, veteran of many labor struggles, who is now touring the country for the International Labor Defense, Chester Bixby, and white and Negro textile workers, strikers direct from Gastonia.

Smash the Murder Frame-Up; Defend the Gastonia Textile Workers!

14 Workers
Members of the National Textile Workers Union

Charged With Murder!
THEY FACE THE ELECTRIC CHAIR
8 OTHERS FACE LONG PRISON TERMS

The fight to free the fourteen leading Gastonia strikers from the electric chair is not only a fight for the lives of these working class leaders but is a struggle for the right of the workers of the entire South to organize and struggle for better conditions.

Rally to the Support of the International Labor Defense.

Defend the National Textile Workers Union.

The 14 Southern Textile Workers Must Not Die.

The 22 Strikers Must Be Freed at Once.

This new attack of capitalist justice in North Carolina is a part of the attack of the American imperialist government on the entire working class. It goes hand in hand with the process of capitalist "rationalization", the speeding up of the workers at long hours and for low

pay, and is a part of the preparation of the capitalist government for a new bloody imperialist world war.

ANOTHER SACCO-VANZETTI FRAME-UP IN GASTONIA!

The Struggle of the Southern Textile Workers is the Concern of the Entire American Working Class.

The members of the National Textile Workers Union have been bayoneted, arrested, beaten, slugged and shot and evicted from their homes because they dared to fight for better conditions against mill owners, the government authorities and against the strike-breaking activities of the American Federation of Labor.

Thousands of Dollars are Needed to Defend These Heroic Strikers, Members of the National Textile Workers Union.

Unity Camp

Cooperative Summer Home for Workers
WINGDALE, N. Y. — TEL. WINGDALE 51
New York Office: 1800 SEVENTH AVENUE
Telephone MONument: 0111 and 0112

Friendly Atmosphere
Fresh Food
Bathing
Rowing, Fishing
Sports
Entertainment
Cultural Activities
Hiking

Tents \$16.50—Bungalows \$17.50

Our buses leave every Wednesday at 2 p. m.
Friday—6:30 p. m. Saturday—1:30 p. m.
from 1800 Seventh Avenue, corner 110th Street, New York.

CHILDREN'S COLONY
for children from 5 to 10 years of age.
Supervision of experienced leaders.—Comrade Torrey in charge.

Rush All Funds to the International Labor Defense

80 East 11th Street Room 402
New York, N. Y.

I hereby enclose \$..... for the
Gastonia Defense.

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

CITY AND STATE.....

Statement of the Central Committee on the Expulsion of Jay Lovestone from the Communist Party of the United States of America

The struggle against the line and decisions of the Communist International in our Party has now reached its climax. The Party is face to face with an organized attempt at a split.

The Political Secretariat of the Executive Committee of the Communist International has informed the Central Committee that "Comrade Lovestone left June 11 for the U. S. despite the decision of the Political Secretariat of the ECCI." By this action Lovestone has defied the decisions of the ECCI and has violated the discipline of the Comintern, despite previous warning, in the most flagrant manner.

It is now the duty of the Central Committee to take the necessary measures against the breach of discipline of Lovestone and to point out to the Party the political meaning of Lovestone's conduct. The open defiance by Lovestone of the decisions of the Communist International is only the last link in the long chain of acts of struggle from within the CI against the Comintern and its policies. By this action Lovestone begins the open struggle against the Communist International from without, and is undertaking a definite step of open organization for the splitting of our Party.

The present step of Lovestone against the Communist International is the culmination of a process of political development of a line in opposition to the line of the Communist International. Beginning with individual Right errors and deviations, this line quickly crystallized into a platform which places Lovestone today into the ranks of the international Right fighting against the Communist International. After the Ninth Plenum of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, which began the struggle against the Right danger, Lovestone and Pepper took up their opposition to this struggle under the cover of the theory of American exceptionalism. They declared that the Right danger did not exist in America. The course thus begun was consciously followed by Lovestone and Pepper at the Sixth World Congress of the Comintern. It was at this Congress that the internationally crystallizing Right wing made its first definite attempts at formulating its platform and of seeking to have this platform adopted as that of the Communist World Party. The heart of this program was contained in its emphasis on the growing strength and stability of world capitalism and of its underestimation or denial of the growing contradictions of the post-war crisis. Both Lovestone and Pepper made themselves the spokesmen of these attempts of the international Right wing. They added their voice to the attempts to dull the consciousness of the parties of the Communist International to the growing class struggle.

The thesis of Lovestone and Pepper presented to the Sixth Convention of our Party further expresses this development to the Right. In the thesis the situation in America is analyzed in the manner of the international Right. In place of emphasizing the intensification of the contradictions of American capitalism and the necessity for preparing the Party for the sharpening class struggles, it over-emphasized the strength of the capitalist enemy and underscored the elements of difficulty. The battle cry of the international Right against the Communist International found its ready echo in Lovestone's slogan of the "running sore" in the Comintern.

After the Sixth Congress political divergence with the line of the Communist International passed over into organizational steps against the CI. When the attempts to prevent the recall of Pepper from work in the United States could no longer succeed, Lovestone and Pepper entered into a conspiracy to defy the decisions of the Comintern and to deceive not only the Central Committee of our Party but the entire Party and the CI. This action in the Pepper case had nothing in common with Communist principledness, but was an act of deception, a rotten maneuver clearly showing the imprints of petty bourgeois politicianism.

The political struggle of Lovestone and Pepper against the CI reached a further stage in the mobilization of the Sixth Convention of our Party against the Open Letter and the Organizational Proposals of the Comintern. The representatives of the CI were treated as ambassadors of an enemy who were to be fought, deceived and outwitted. The mobilization of the convention against the CI decision was a mobilization against the CI itself. The Communist integrity of our Party, would never have permitted open and obvious propaganda against the Comintern. The mobilization therefore took the form of deception of the delegates to the convention, and of concealed maneuvers against the CI. Lovestone did not dare to suggest to the convention delegates that the resistance to the CI decision should go farther than to secure a reconsideration by the CI of the disputed questions. The "running sore" slogan supplied the "political" excuse of non-acceptance of the decisions.

The political struggle of Lovestone and Pepper against the CI reached a further stage in the mobilization of the Sixth Convention of our Party against the Open Letter and the Organizational Proposals of the Comintern.

Material for Enlightenment of Party Membership on the C. I. Address to Our Party

On June 9th the Secretariat of the Central Committee received the following cabled statement by Lovestone from Moscow:

Moscow, U. S. S. R., June 9, 1929.

While still maintaining my disagreement with the Open Letter and its organization instructions and my conviction that they will not prove helpful to the Party I hereby condemn all resistance to Comintern decisions and call upon the Party membership to take no steps to resist or hinder the execution of the decisions of the E. C. C. I. In this connection I therefore withdraw my previous declaration of non-submission in the presidium as incorrect and impermissible in the Comintern and offer this statement of my submission to the decisions of the ECCI as supplanting my previous declaration.

I strongly urge all comrades to drop factionalism and to dissolve the groups. With Communist Greetings.—JAY LOVESTONE.

The Secretariat of the Central Committee in acting upon this cable decided to inform the Comintern that it considered the statement of Lovestone inadequate. The Secretariat also decided not to publish this cable.

While pretending to condemn his declaration of May 14th, he, in reality brought again before the American Party members his platform of opposition to the CI decision and his characterization of that decision as inimical to the interests of our Party. The Secretariat of our Party is of the opinion that it was Lovestone's duty to give political substance to his repudiation of his declaration of May 14th and to the splitting cable of May 15th by a complete abandonment of all reservations to the CI decisions.

The cable of May 15th was an instruction to take all organizational steps for a splitting away of our American section from the Communist International. The cable read as follows:

"Draft decision means destruction Party unless firm solid front maintained. Take no action any proposals by anybody or cabled CI instructions calling draft letter instructing publish same, until delegates arrive. Situation astounding, outrageous, can't be understood until arrival. Possibility entire delegation being forcibly detained, therefore, unless you hear from us within ten days that we are returning start wide movement units and press for return complete convention delegation including Lovestone Wolfe to hear report our side case.

"Decision proposes publish American and world press document which would completely destroy Party and CI in eyes American masses, calls leadership petty-bourgeois politicians unprincipled dishonest misleaders intrigues which can not be tolerated any section CI does not mention single Party achievement such as Southern work, provides basis expelling on question formal discipline thousands members entire majority, ignores a Central Committee during direct membership attacks convention. We support unreservedly with Sixth World Congress and convention open letter but new decision overthrows both creating general CI crisis by dissolving Sixth Congress will. Removes our Secretariat members enlarging reorganizing Secretariat supplanting political committee, leaving Foster general Secretariatship open for speeches by basis Weinstein general secretary pushing Wein-

A Cablegram from the Communist International

The Central Committee submits the following cable for urgent and immediate consideration of the Party:

Moscow, U. S. S. R., June 22, 1929.

Communist Party of America, 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

Comrade Lovestone left June eleventh for United States of America despite decision Politsecretariat, Executive Committee, Communist International, despite his promise to submit political declaration for press recognizing his mistakes, condemning his factional work and undertaking to carry out decision of ECCI, did not submit declaration; it now became clear that notwithstanding his persistent denial in the ECCI he, together with Pepper, during sixth convention was factionally intriguing behind back of convention, and whole history of Pepper's fictitious departure from U. S. A. prior convention was invented by

After arrival in Moscow, however, the delegation, under the instigation of Lovestone, adopted a course which from the very beginning transgressed the rights and duties of representatives of a loyal section of the Communist International. The delegation of the American Party in Moscow fought in a spirit which placed them in an obvious attitude of opposition to the Comintern. The ultimate character of the ten demands submitted by the delegation to the American Commission on April 10th, the declarations of May 9th and May 14th appear as undeniable witnesses to this effect. And the statement of Comrade Gitlow to the plenary session of the Central Committee of the CPSU repeated the slanderous attacks of the Right elements of the International upon our brother Party of the Soviet Union. The disgraceful defiance of the CI in the session of the Presidium of May 14th was not merely a logical outcome of the antagonistic line adopted by Lovestone against the CI, but was part of a consciously calculated plan of campaign of Lovestone against the Communist International.

Lovestone's course since he has chosen the path of the international Right wing, shows that he is not only in contradiction with the line of the Communist International, but with that of the American Party as well. The American Party has always regarded itself as a staunch defender of the line of the Communist International and readily and promptly gave its support to the struggle against Right elements and against all deviations within the Communist International. For that reason Lovestone was compelled to adopt a resolution of condemnation against the conciliators Evert, Humbert Droz, etc., at the same time secretly and privately he tried to rally the Party for struggle against the CI by condemning the treatment of the Everts, Humbert Droz, etc. Lovestone repeatedly tried to keep up Communist appearances by resolutions against the Right danger in the CPSU. At the same time, he insidiously mobilized against the CI and against the Central Committee of the CPSU under the slogan of "No hooliganism" against the Right elements of the CPSU.

This contradictory position could not very long be maintained.— Lovestone was bound to come into open conflict with the Comintern and with the Party. This has manifested itself in the defiance of the CI by Lovestone and in his unauthorized return to America; the decisive political conflict between the opportunist line of the international Right, accepted by Lovestone, and the Bolshevik line of the Communist International has now found its final expression in the flagrant breach of Comintern discipline by Lovestone.

The cablegram of Lovestone of May 15th (published elsewhere in this issue of the Daily Worker) sent from Moscow to former group supporters glaringly reveals the intention of Lovestone in the action which he has now taken.

"Start wide movements in units and press for return of complete delegation," says this cable. Thus suggesting public political propaganda against the Soviet Union practically under the slogan of "Release the Political Prisoners."

"Take no action on any... CI instructions," commands this remarkable document. Thus demanding the defiance of the Comintern.

both with sole object misleading ECCI, convention and even own faction. In view of this Politsecretariat ECCI calls upon all members and organizations CPUSA to condemn these methods of intrigue, falsehood and disruptive activities, methods petty bourgeois politicianism and demoralization of Party intolerable in Communist movement, all former factional supporters of Lovestone sincerely wishing carry into effect decisions ECCI must understand — unconditional necessity of open repudiation of the supposition expressed by Lovestone at session of Politsecretariat ECCI June seventh that many while declaring solidarity with Open Letter ECCI are not sincere and that "they play the saints in order to retain intact their factional apparatus" which according to Lovestone statement the former majority of the CEC had. Politsecretariat ECCI demands all former adherents Lovestone publicly disassociate themselves from him. Politsecretariat, Executive Committee, Communist International.

"Carefully check up all units, all property, all connections, all mailing lists of auxiliaries, all sublists, district lists, removing some offices and unreliable. Check all checking accounts, all organizations, seeing that authorized signers are exclusively reliable, appointing secretariat for auxiliaries and treasury, dis-authorize present signers. Instantly finish preparations sell building, especially eliminate W trusteeship. Remove Manya Reiss." These are undeniably definite steps to take our American Party out of the Communist International. These are measures that could be undertaken only by an enemy of the Comintern to split the Party.

This effort of Lovestone to split the Party did not succeed. The American Party has learned enough out of its own history and out of the history of the Comintern to place the authority and revolutionary integrity of the Communist International above all. That is why, in spite of Lovestone's expectations and instructions our Party accepted unhesitatingly the CI Decision and exposed and isolated Lovestone. Lovestone who had thus unhesitatingly cut himself loose from the CI by open declaration of war against it on May 14th, found that by this act he had also cut himself loose from our Party. It was a recognition of this fact that he was isolated and not a repentance or a change of mind that led him to the declaration of June 9th, in a cable printed elsewhere in this issue. This cable was sent through factional connections in the United States and transmitted to the Central Committee. It found immediate factional circulation in the Party. This cable was an attempt to sneak back into the confidence of the Party by means of a common deception. At the same time, through the cable, Lovestone aimed to keep before the eyes of the Party his platform of struggle against the CI. While declaring formal submission to CI authority, this authority was openly challenged and its political judgment condemned as destructive to the Party. The Central Committee could not permit the use of the channels of the Party or the use of its press for this insidious purpose of Lovestone, and correctly evaluated the declaration of Lovestone not as one of submission to the CI, but as a further maneuver against the CI. Events have proven the correctness of the stand of the Central Committee.

Immediately upon his return Lovestone failed to report his presence to the Central Committee but instead has been holding meetings and conferences with Party members, in which he continued his mobilization against the CI. Rumors of new expulsions by the CI were put into circulation by him, thus continuing his propaganda against the "running sore," "hooliganism," etc. Lovestone, though urgently invited to appear before the Secretariat, and, in spite of his promise to appear, finally refused to come and answer for his defiance of the Comintern.

In his defiance of CI decisions, his return to America, and by his conduct since his return, Lovestone has taken the logical step resulting from his irreconcilable political differences with the line of the CI. It is now the duty of the Central Committee and the Party to draw the logical conclusion from Lovestone's act of war. In defense of the unity of the Party and in expression of the overwhelming will

of the membership of the Party the Central Committee answers the challenge of Lovestone's split with expulsion from the Communist Party of the USA. In expelling Lovestone, who has become a renegade to the cause of Communism, the Central Committee and the entire Party will mercilessly fight to destroy any of his attempts and maneuvers to splitting the Party. The proletarian membership of our Party will rally behind the Central Committee and will defeat the splitters and renegades.

The membership will quickly expose the maneuvers of Lovestone to shield his acts against the Communist International with the banner of the Sixth World Congress. It will understand that these are the common maneuvers of all renegades. The will of the Sixth World Congress was decisively for a fight against opportunism and opportunists, a fight to eradicate factional strife, to establish discipline, to sharpen up the revolutionary line of the Party, to prepare for a factional fight, for a factional struggle against the Communist International. Lovestone is opposed to the struggle against opportunism and the opportunists, but instead works with the international Rights in the vain efforts to place the opportunists in control of the the Communist International.

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of the USA, standing on the line of the Sixth World Congress, the line of the Communist International, is carrying out this duty in preparing the Party for the sharpening class struggles. Lovestone wants to prepare the Party for struggle against the CI.

The duty of the American Party is to eradicate factionalism from the Party, to tear it out root and branch. Lovestone seeks to maintain his faction and aims to transform the faction fight within the Party into a factional struggle against the Communist International.

The duty of the Party is to cleanse the Party of all bourgeois influences and to combat the Right danger in the most concrete and effective way. Lovestone attempts to mobilize the American Party for the defense of the international Right wing against the Comintern and for the adoption of his Right wing program by the American Party.

The duty of the Communist Party of the USA is to combat the clearest expression of bourgeois opportunism as embodied in Brandlerism. Lovestone wants to import Brandlerism into the United States.

The duty of the American Party is to maintain its unity on the political line of the Comintern. Lovestone wants to split the Party, for rejection of the line of the Comintern, and for the revision of the Sixth World Congress.

The Central Committee calls upon the Party members to give a most decisive answer to the international Right wing and to its American lieutenant, Lovestone.

The last step of Lovestone, his efforts to split the Party, turns any concealed opposition to the CI Decision into an open agency against the CI. The Party must ruthlessly expose the concealed opposition which will seek to carry on the policies and tactics of Lovestone inside the Party.

The unity of our World Party, the unity of the American section, the Bolshevik integrity of our Party is the concern of every Party member. Every Party member will rally to the defense of the Party.

Fight against the contamination of the Party by petty bourgeois opportunism.

Defeat the international Right and its American lieutenants. Combat unprincipled factionalism as the main obstacle to Bolshevization.

Struggle against all attempts to split our Party and maintain our Party as an active and worthy section of the Communist International.

Repudiate all methods of intrigue, falsehood and deception as anti-Communist bourgeois politicianism.

Mobilize for the unreserved acceptance and speedy application of the only correct line for our Party, the line of the Sixth World Congress and of the Address of the Communist International.

Strengthen the work of the Party, increase its day-to-day activities, deepen and broaden our trade union work, intensify the struggle against the war danger, build the Party.

Maintain Bolshevik discipline as the only firm basis for Party unity.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF AMERICA.

stone Wicks for Secretariat, strategy being cover support opposition by boosting Weinstein Wicks Weisbord who presented true majorities, attacks sharpening on Minor Stachel Ballam Amter and Zimmerman. Desperate speculation on splits our ranks. Entire delegation solid as one also every American Moscow including Zimmerman Trachtenberg who just arrived except Sklar. We count on you all to show same splendid spirit. Only this can save Party from destruction.

"Carefully check up all units all property all connections all mailing lists of auxiliaries, all sublists district lists removing some offices and unreliable. Check all checking accounts, all organizations seeing that authorized signers are exclusively reliable appointing secretariat for auxiliaries and treasury dis-authorizing present signers. Instantly finish preparations sell buildings especially eliminating W. trusteeship. Remove Manya Reiss.

Pepper here we not softening with him maintaining sharp distinction. We think Harvey action extremely unwise. His appointment served show up crassly line pursued CI Foster ap-

pointment because Harvey neither worker nor non-factionalist Crouch worker mass figure nonfactionalist.

"Absolutely don't cable acknowledgement or cognizance this cablegram but guide thereby."

The Political Secretariat submits these cables to the Party membership to show to what extent the anti-Comintern intentions of Lovestone had developed. The unwillingness on the part of Lovestone and of those who still follow him, to condemn this outrageous breach of Communist faith with our Comintern throws a reflection upon their protestations of final submission to the CI.

The Political Committee in its meeting of June 25th had before it a declaration of Comrade Bertram D. Wolfe as follows:

Secretariat, Communist Party, New York, June 23, 1929 United States of America.

Dear Comrades:

I have your letter of June 21 giving me 48 hours to make a written statement of my position on the latest Comintern de-

Enlightenment Campaign on the Comintern Address to the Communist Party

THE Polbureau is desirous of securing the broadest possible Enlightenment Campaign on the Comintern Address and the immediate Party tasks outlined therein. All Party members and particularly the comrades active in the workshops in the basic industries are invited to write their

opinions for the Party Press. Resolutions of Factory Nuclei also will be printed in this section. Send all material dealing with this campaign to Comrade Jack Stachel, care National office, Communist Party, 43 E. 125th St., New York City.

NEW YORK SECTION FIVE FUNCTIONARIES MEETING.

We, the members of the section executive committee and unit functionaries of Section 5, District 2, Communist Party USA, after hearing the report of comrade Robert Minor on the Open Letter to the 6th Convention and the address of the Executive Committee of the Communist International to the members of our Party, after a thoro discussion, completely accept and endorse this address and pledge ourselves to unreservedly carry out all directions contained in it.

We fully agree with the clause in the address declaring that the criticism directed by the CI against the leadership of our Party is not a victory for any group. We recognize that the criticism of the CI directed against the leadership of the Party indirectly reflects against the leadership of our section, who were following in Sect. 5 the same narrow factional lines practiced above.

We consider the address in connection with the open letter to our 6th convention one of the most important political documents our Party has ever received from the CI. It gives the correct political political with regard to questions of the strength of American Imperialism, radicalization of the working class in the U. S. A., war danger,

Trotskyism and especially with regard to the immediate tasks confronting the Party in the USA in the Third Period.

The address puts an end to factionalism, which was sapping the very foundations of our Party. The address lays the basis for a united mass party in the USA free from factionalism and right or "left" opportunist deviations.

We declare our full determination to fight any open or concealed opposition to the Comintern in the attitude of comrade Lovestone, Wolfe and Gitlow, or comrade Bert Miller in New York. We pledge our full support to the CEC in the steps and measures it is taking to carry out the line of the CI in the American Party. We pledge ourselves to mobilize the membership of our section for the complete unconditional acceptance of the line of the Comintern and a ruthless fight against all those who will in any direct or indirect way hinder the carrying out of this line into practice.

Thus a united Party free from factionalism with a correct line given by the Comintern. Forward to a mass Communist Party and the final victory of the proletariat in the USA.

At the same time you instruct me what my statement "must" declare.

My convictions on the questions involved prevent me from making the declaration you dictate.

For example, I cannot honestly declare "that I recognize the complete correctness of the Comintern Address and the related Comintern decisions on the American question" since I regard that address and the accompanying decisions as INCORRECT AND INJURIOUS to the American section of the Comintern and the Comintern as a whole. I submit to the decisions referred to not because I agree with them but in spite of my disagreement, as a matter of discipline and loyalty to the Comintern.

You also instruct me that I must "denounce and emphatically condemn the anti-Comintern conduct" of the delegation from our Sixth Convention to the Comintern. I emphatically do not regard the conduct of our delegation as anti-Comintern, but on the contrary, am convinced that it did its best to defend and urge what it thought and what our convention thought was in line with the best interests of the Comintern.

To sum up, my position is one of disagreement with the recent address and related decisions and submission as a matter of discipline and loyalty.

With Communist Greetings, (Signed) BETRAM D. WOLFE.

The Secretariat and Political Bureau regard the statement of Comrade Wolfe inadequate particularly in his refusal to condemn his actions in the Presidium session of May 14th. The Secretariat also asked Comrade Wolfe for a statement of attitude on the splitting cable of Lovestone on May 15th as well as upon his attitude toward the violation of discipline on the part of Lovestone in returning to the United States.

Comrade Wolfe in his answer to the questions put to him clearly showed his unwillingness to condemn Lovestone's flagrant violation of CI discipline or to condemn the open steps taken in the cable of May 15th to split our Party. In addition to this Comrade Wolfe made it clear that he could not conscientiously defend the CI line and make himself an agent of the Central Committee and of the Political Bureau in the carrying through of the major campaign of the Party at the present moment: The Enlightenment Campaign on the CI Address. The Political Committee came to the conclusion that it cannot permit the establishment of the institution of passive members of the Polbureau, members who declare either their unwillingness or their incapability to carry out the Party line as formulated in the Address of the CI. Members of leading Party committees, who cannot be active in leading the Party membership in the campaigns of the Party, have no place on the leading committees of the Party.

At the Political Bureau Comrade Wolfe continued to take issue with the basic political line of the CI.

The Political Committee therefore decided unanimously, against the vote of Wolfe, to suspend Comrade Wolfe from membership in the Political Committee of the Party.