

## 57 CITIES SEND DELEGATES FOR NEW MILL UNION

All Sections of Trade to Be Represented at Convention

Only 42 Cities at UTW Credentials for 250 Already Filed

With preparations in full swing both in New York City and in textile centers throughout New England and the middle Atlantic states, the coming national convention of textile workers to be held at Irving Plaza, New York City, on Sept. 22 and 23 will undoubtedly be a great success. Delegates are expected, judging from reports sent in from the different textile centers and from credentials received—from 57 cities covering all sections of the industry—cotton, silk, woolen and worsted, knit goods and miscellan-

Two important problems face the arrangements committee of the new national textile union which is to convene at Irving Plaza on Saturday and Sunday, Sept. 22 and 23. These are: (1) Accommodations for over 250 delegates who will arrive in New York soon, and (2) the demand for a large number of volunteers to assist at the sessions of the convention.

All who want to aid in the formation of a genuine textile workers' union are urged to get in touch at once with I. Zimmerman, at the local office of the Trade Union Educational League, Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square.

ous sections. The 250 delegates who have been already elected will make this convention a fully representative one, covering a much bigger territory than the 113 delegates who attended the convention of the United Textile Workers held last week, which represented only 42 cities.

Many Cities. In Massachusetts the following cities will be represented by delegates coming from woolen, worsted and cotton mills: Lawrence, Lowell, Fitchburg, Maynard, Blackstone, Holyoke, Florence, Leeds, Waltham, Taunton, Forge Village, Salem, New Bedford, Fall River, Adams and Easthampton. A delegation of 56 workers will represent the 56 mills on strike in New Bedford, fully demonstrating the overwhelming support which the National Textile Mill Committees has among the workers there. Twenty-five workers from Fall River will represent that center, proving that the American Federation of Textile Operatives, which organized only a handful of skilled workers there, and betrayed even these few, has no hold upon the workers of Fall River.

Pennsylvania will send delegates from Philadelphia, Chester, Easton, Allentown, Bethlehem, Wilkes-Barre, Scranton, Nanticoke, Old Forge, Edwardsville, Luzerne and Reading. The industries represented from Pennsylvania will be woolen and worsted, cotton, rayon, silk throwing, silk weaving, hosiery and other knit goods and dyeing.

Large Delegations. From New Jersey, delegations will be present from Passaic, Paterson.

## MASS PICKETING IN NEW BEDFORD

Paige Mill Attempt to Open Is Resisted

(Special to the Daily Worker) NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 18.—While the mill barons, the A. F. of L. Textile Council chiefs, and their flocks of "mediators" are polluting the atmosphere with talks of "peace" and "settlements" on the basis of the Frieder speed-up system, the mill owners are showing definite signs of preparations for an offensive to open strategic mills with the aid of strikebreakers and police. This is shown by the marshaling of sea forces to reopen the big Paige Mills.

Following up their policy of warning away the strikers from Batty's attempt to arrive at a sell-out settlement by granting the speed-up to the Mill owners, the Textile Workers' Union of the Textile Mill Committees are straining all their energies to resume mass picketing, which will prevent the owners of the Paige and other mills

## Children of New Bedford Textile Strikers Must Eat Too!



Children of the 30,000 New Bedford mill workers who are now striking against a wage slash in the face of police terror and the treachery of the Batty clique, need food. Starvation is the greatest danger which the fighters must face. Help them win their struggle.

## 149 KNOWN DEAD IN FLORIDA GALE

76 Negro Workers are Among Victims

Latest reports coming here from the storm-stricken area in Florida indicates that the total death toll to date may reach the figure of 250. Verified reports, however, stated that 149 people were definitely known to be dead, and over 150 others injured. Of the dead only eleven have been identified. The other 138 remain unidentified. Seventy-six of the known dead are Negroes, who had been employed on the fields in Florida previous to the disastrous storm. The hurricane, which is considered now to be far more severe than that which hit Miami two years ago, is expected to hit New York City today or tomorrow. It is travelling northward at a tremendous speed. It is thought, however, that most of the force of the storm will have spent itself before it reaches New York.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Sept. 18.—Sweeping north along the coast of Georgia and South Carolina, the hurricane which has been raging in Florida and the West Indies continues to leave death and destruction in its wake. Much of its original fury, however, seems to have been spent and the storm is expected to pass out to sea over Cape Hatteras, N. C.

Working class families, and poor farmers are reported suffering the most. Their homes, poorly constructed and often flimsy, have been swept down like houses of cards. The total of deaths in Florida and

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## NEGROES JOIN WORKERS PARTY

Election Drive Warmly Greeted in Harlem

The campaign activities of Harlem members of the Workers (Communist) Party, with headquarters at 143 East 103rd Street, has procured many new members for the ranks of the only working class party in the country, according to A. Moreau, campaign manager of the Harlem section. Especially among the Negro workers has the message of the class struggle found root. At every one of the four open-air meetings, held weekly in Negro Harlem, some Negro workers join the only party which welcomes all workers.

The firm, four-square stand taken by the Workers (Communist) Party on the question of lynching, discrimination as shown in Jim Crow laws, and segregation, has proven to Negro workers that the party of the proletariat is the party of all workers.

In a final drive to secure a sufficient number of signatures to entirely clean up all the districts, congressional as well as assembly, in

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## MINE MEET TOMORROW

Pat Toohy Will Describe Miners' Fight

The revolt of 2,000 Illinois miners against the betrayal and vote-stealing of the Lewis-Fishwick machine will be graphically described by Pat Toohy, secretary of the new National Miners' Union, at the Miners' Solidarity Mass Meeting in Central Opera House, 67th St. and Third Ave., tomorrow evening.

## Lewis Toots Horn of Big Boss Hoover

(Special to the Daily Worker) SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 18.—In a statement taken to be a confirmation of a secret agreement with the republican presidential nominee, John L. Lewis, arch-wrecker of the miners' union, today endorsed the hypocritical labor address made by Herbert Hoover at Newark yesterday.

It is generally believed that Lewis is slated for a fat job from the republican administration of Andrew Mellon for whom he has just broken the miners' strike. In some quarters it is stated that Lewis may become secretary of labor under Hoover should the latter be elected.

Endorses Open Shop Candidates. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 18. (U.P.)—"Herbert Hoover penetrates to the very heart of America's industrial and economic problems when he declares for full and stable employment for the workers of the nation," John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, declared today in commenting on the republican presidential nominee speech delivered at Newark, N. J., last night.

"His Newark address reveals his intimate and comprehensive grasp of the economic factors which are an every-day concern of the average American," Lewis said.

## HOOVER'S LIES TO SWELL RED RALLY

Expect Workers to Fill Central Opera House

Hoover's campaign in the east to win the workers over to the platform of the party of Big Business, opening with his Newark speech in which he fancifully fabricated facts and theories concerning American workers will have the net effect of considerably swelling the attendance at the first huge Communist campaign rally, to be held Sept. 28 at the Central Opera House, according to the District Campaign Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party.

The candidates of the Workers (Communist) Party who will speak at the Central Opera House rally will expose the gross misstatements made by the republican candidate as well as the democratic party's claim of being the friend of labor and the socialist party treachery against militant labor.

G. O. P. Gib Phrases. "The gib phrases of the republican candidate, such as the 'unparalleled service to employees' performed by the republican party; 'foundations of prosperity'; 'no decrease in daily wages' and other such blatant contradictions to facts, had very little effect on the ears of those of the workers who suffered in the Passaic textile strike, or on the oil workers of Bayonne. However, if aimed at those defunct and

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## USSR FORMALLY ACCEPTS TREATY

Ratifies Kellogg Pact With Sharp Criticism

MOSCOW, Sept. 17.—The resolution passed by the Praesidium of the Central Executive Committee, accepting the Kellogg pact, while severely criticizing it and condemning the British and French reservations, amounts, to formal ratification of the treaty, according to a statement issued today by Tass, official news agency.

The resolution was passed by the Praesidium between sessions of the Central Executive Committee and according to the constitution is valid.

## SMITH TRIES TO FOOL MID-WEST

Opens the Presidential Drive in Omaha

OMAHA, Sept. 18.—Just as Herbert Hoover, the republican candidate for president, tried to befuddle the wage-earners of the east with dishonest statistics and evasive promises, so Al Smith, the Tammany product who heads the democratic ticket, tried to work a confidence game on the farmers of the middle-west by pretending to approve the McNary-Haugen bill. In his opening speech of his presidential campaign here tonight, Smith said in part:

"As I read the McNary-Haugen bill, its fundamental purpose is to establish an effective control of the sale of exportable surplus with the cost imposed upon the commodity benefited. For that principle, the democratic platform squarely stands, and for that principle I squarely stand. Mr. Hoover stands squarely opposed to this principle by which the farmer could get the benefit of the tariff. What remains of the McNary-Haugen bill is a mere matter of method, and I do not limit myself to the exact mechanics and methods embodied in that bill.

"Here is a clean-cut issue, which the farmers and the voters of this country must decide. It remains but to work out the details by which the principle shall be put into effect, and I have pledged myself to name a non-partisan commission of farm leaders and students of the problem to work out these details."

Promises Another Investigation. In order to create the impression that he is gravely concerned about the farm problem beyond the inveigling of the exploited and impoverished farmers to vote for him, Smith promised to appoint such a "non-partisan" commission as soon as he is elected. "I shall make that appointment," said Smith, "not when I take the oath of office, but as soon as I am elected."

He did not mention the real question facing the farmers—the question of the disproportion between the price of their products and the cost of production. Nor did he propose any relief from the deadly grasp of the mortgage bankers who keep the farm population in a condition of servitude that is in many cases approaching peonage.

## TO DEFY UKASE OUTLAWING RED DRIVE SPEAKERS

Martins Ferry Mayor Tries to Ban Nearing

Jingoes Back Move "Free Speech But Not for Communists"

WHEELING, W. Va., Sept. 18.—The present city administration of Martins Ferry is living up to the precedents set by all former administrations of that trust owned town. The present flunkey of the steel trust, Mayor Duff, has issued a ukase prohibiting Communist campaign meetings.

When approached for a permit to hold a meeting at which Scott Nearing was scheduled to speak on Oct. 14, the mayor said: "Neither Scott Nearing nor any other Communist can speak in Martins Ferry as long as I am mayor of the city."

It was explained to the mayor, who had prohibited a Sacco-Vanzetti meeting and arrested scores of workers when they attempted to hold it, that the Workers (Communist) Party was on the ballot in Ohio and was as legal as the democratic or republican parties. "Don't you believe in free speech?" he was asked.

"Yes, I believe in free speech," was his reply, "for the other parties and their candidates but not for the Communist Party."

The police chief of this steel corporation city has notified all hall-owners to refuse to rent their halls to all "reds." Meetings of miners the International Labor Defense and other workers' meetings are branded as a "menace to public safety" and prohibited.

The chief of police, Muhleman also promised that if Scott Nearing were to appear in the city he would get a "reception" from the police.

When it was made public that the Nearing meeting was to be held in spite of the orders of the mayor and the police, organizations like the Junior Mechanics, a group of strong 100 per centers, sent resolutions to the mayor and to the police commending them on their work of "clearing the city of reds."

Workers are getting ready to appear en masse at the Nearing meeting to test their right of free speech and assembly, while the local press talks of an "October revolution in Martins Ferry."

Shop chairmen and representatives in the New York cloak and dressmaking industry will meet in monthly conference here today to survey full month's activity in the organization drive to build a new union. The conference will be held in Webster Hall, 119 E. 11th St., immediately after work.

Preliminary announcements from the headquarters of the local body of the National Organization Committee declare that special plans of vital significance to the workers in New York are to be considered tonight. The N. Y. local of the N. O. C. is the executive committee of the shops chairmen's monthly conferences.

The workers in the trade have learnt to look forward to these conferences, where reports of the progress of the union-building drive are recorded and new plans for further work discussed. More substantial inroads on the open shop conditions of the cloak and dress trade have been made in the last month than have been reported as the total of any one month's work since these conferences began, it is disclosed.

## Section Three "Daily" Agents Meet Tomorrow

The second conference of all Daily Worker agents of Section 3 will be held tomorrow evening, immediately after work, 6:30 p. m. at 101 W. 27th Street.

This conference has been called for the purpose of making the final preparations for the Daily Worker-Freihait Bazaar. All those who participated in the previous conference are urged to attend this important meeting.

## Fights for Miners



"Mother" Bloor, who has been touring the country for the new miners' union, reports that nothing can stop the march of the miners.

## 'MOTHER' BLOOR SURE OF VICTORY

Says Nothing Can Stop March of Miners

ELLA REEVE BLOOR, "Mother" Bloor to the thousands of militants in the labor movement who have heard and seen her in action during the many years of her sacrifice for the working class, appeared at the office of the Daily Worker yesterday with a stirring report of the convention just held at Pittsburgh for the formation of a new National Miners Union.

"Say that in the face of the greatest sacrifices, in spite of hitherto unbelievable terrorism, in spite of the united attacks of the police, the Lewis gangsters, and the coal operators, in spite of hunger, starvation and death itself the new miners union lives!"

With these opening words, Mother Bloor, one of the charter members of the former United Mine Workers of America, who, with the development of the rebellion against Lewis,

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## MINERS' RELIEF STANDING FIRM

Police Fail to Stop Its Activities

(Special to the Daily Worker) PITTSBURGH, Sept. 18.—A third attempt to disrupt the National Miners' Relief Committee was defeated yesterday when the local district attorney failed after a personal effort to secure a subpoena authorizing him to take over the books and records of the committee for examination before the Erie grand jury.

Two similar attempts made following the illegal raid on the offices of the committee last Friday likewise had failed when federal judges held that the demands of postal inspectors were too broad and failed to mention the specific charges against the committee.

Exposes Hand of Lewis. Alfred Wagenknecht, relief director of the committee, issued a statement yesterday in which he pointed to the evidence that the raid had been undertaken at the request of John L. Lewis, union wrecker of the former United Mine Workers. Wagenknecht's statement follows in part:

"In the name of the National Miners' Relief Committee, I desire to state that Post Office Inspector, George V. Craighead, acted far beyond his authority in the raid on the committee's headquarters in Pittsburgh, Pa., on September 15, 1928."

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## 11 Boys Murdered On Farm, Is Charge

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 18 (UP).—Belief that at least 11 small boys had been mistreated, murdered and buried on a farm was expressed tonight by Sheriff Sweeters of Riverside County, who is leading an investigation into the story of Sanford Clark, 15.

## SPECIAL BAZAAR EVENT

Novelties at Children's Day, October 6

Among the special features that will make the great National Daily Worker-Freihait Bazaar at Madison Square Garden an event without equal will be Children's Day, Saturday, Oct. 6.

## 350 PRISONERS STRIKE AS STATE OFFICIALS REFUSE TO PROBE CRUELTY CHARGE

800 Stage All-Night Demonstration to Protest Jail Conditions

Warden Refuses Food to All in Effort to Quell Growing Protest

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 18 (U.P.)—More than 350 prisoners at the Maryland Penitentiary refused to work today, after a night of rioting in which 800 are said to have joined.

The strike and uproar were against the refusal of State Welfare Director Janney to order a public hearing on charges of cruelty by officials and guards at the prison. At intervals in the night the prisoners, all locked in their cells, screamed and shouted, rattled the steel bars, banged on metal walls and threw flaming wads of paper from cell doors facing the street.

Starve Strikers. The showdown came at 6:30 a. m. when the first morning bell rang. Warden Patrick Brady had announced prisoners who refused to work would not eat and at 6:30 guards went through the tiers and aroused all prisoners.

Of 545 convicts in the west wing, 300 refused to go to the shops and remained in their cells. The remainder were allowed to march to the dining halls as usual, and were given breakfast. Then they were marched to the shops.

In the east wing, 35 or 40 of the 311 men remained in their cells. In the south wing, housing 260 men, 15 refused to work.

Those who remained in the cells will go without food, Brady said, pending a decision by Janney on whether the men will be allowed to state their grievances publicly.

Brady said it is possible the men in the cells have food supplies sufficient to last several days. Water is provided each in his cell. It is regarded as probable the men have had a strike in mind for several days, and probably laid in provisions from the prison commissary.

"If I had a place to confine 40 or 50 of these men, I could end this outbreak in 10 minutes," Brady said.

The inhuman brutality with which prisoners are treated has led to a number of protest demonstrations in various jails throughout the country. A number of prisoners were killed last year when they protested against barbarous treatment in Folsom prison in California.

## SEATTLE LABOR HEARS FOSTER

1,200 Workers Attend Communist Meeting

(Special to the Daily Worker) SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 18.—Twelve hundred workers last night packed the large hall of the Moose Temple to hear William Z. Foster, candidate for president of the United States on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, present the platform of the party of the class struggle.

Foster was given a great ovation by the workers. They cheered repeatedly as he brought up the different points of the Communist platform. Workers and active trade unionists of the city attended the meeting in large numbers.

The meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president was about three times as large as that which was held under the auspices of the socialist party when Rev. Norman Thomas spoke. The Thomas meeting was attended by a small group composed mostly of middle class residents of Seattle.

According to the Seattle Branch

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## LIGHTNING KILLS BOY

NAPLES, Sept. 18 (U.P.)—Giovanni Coppola, 9, was killed while watching a football game when lightning struck some telephone wires nearby.

2 TRAIN WORKERS KILLED. COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 18 (UP).—The engineer and fireman of train 2, Carolina and Northwestern Railway, were believed buried under the locomotive and tender of the train when it ran into a washout, due to the hurricane, near Suxter.

## WORKERS STORM FOOD STORES IN FASCIST ITALY

Demonstrate Against Mussolini

(Wireless to the Daily Worker) ITALIAN FRONTIER, Sept. 18.—Aroused by severe unemployment and the high cost of living discontented Italian workers are demonstrating against the fascist-controlled unions and the fascist regime. Numerous demonstrations and attacks on government centers are reported.

Demonstrations in the provinces of Emilia, Romagna, Ferrara, Imola, Modigliana and Forli have taken place. Other centers demonstrated against the useless fascist masons trade unions.

The situation in Bologna is so severe that the workers proposed storming the food stores.

The fascist leaders promise everything to soothe the movement but the workers have no confidence in them.

At the Pisteja the police and fascists tried to break up a demonstration by attacking the workers fiercely. In spite of the fascist counter-attack the demonstrators charged the emergency court.

## MILLINERS HOLD PROTEST RALLY

Demand End of Right Wing Terror

Rank and file members of the Millinery Local 24 yesterday crowded Bryant Hall in a protest meeting against the reactionary policies of their union officialdom, and condemned unanimously in a resolution the bureaucrats' provocation of a bloody attack on the membership at the last union meeting, because the militants there demanded the immediate passage of measures for unemployment relief.

Workers beaten up at the last membership meeting rose to speak from the rostrum and tell how their demands for an unemployment relief fund for the ever growing circle of jobless millinery workers was answered by the officials with an attack on those leading the fight from the floor of the meeting. Morris Fein, Milton Weich, Victor Chibulsky, M. Eitzer and Eva Schaffran spoke at the meeting.

Attack Misleaders. The last to speak before passage of the resolution was H. Zukowsky, leader of the left wing workers in the union. After pointing out that the last three years in the industry were the most prosperous in the trade, and therefore a time when better conditions can be fought for and easily won, Zukowsky declared that the leadership of the union had not only not won any improvements in working standards but had allowed the trade to develop the contracting system and other evils which were ruining the industry and causing severe unemployment.

In proof of this contention he offered the fact that the workers won with comparative ease the concession of shorter hours after their officials were ready to give up these demands. Zaritsky, president of the International, has always been and still is openly propagating the return to the 44-hour week and the piece-work system, he stated.

2 TRAIN WORKERS KILLED. COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 18 (UP).—The engineer and fireman of train 2, Carolina and Northwestern Railway, were believed buried under the locomotive and tender of the train when it ran into a washout, due to the hurricane, near Suxter.

# Workers (Communist) Party on Ballot in 23 States; Expect 15 More in Six Weeks

## MASSACHUSETTS NEW HAMPSHIRE SWELL BIG TOTAL

### New England Workers Overcome Obstacles

The two great industrial states of Massachusetts and New Hampshire are now on the Communist ballot bringing the total number up to twenty-one or nine, more than in the election campaign of 1924.

The states now on the ballot in addition to Massachusetts and New Hampshire are New Jersey, Delaware, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Michigan, Maryland, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, Texas, New Mexico, Iowa, Nebraska, Arizona, Montana, Kansas, Arkansas and South Dakota.

With six more weeks between now and election day the goal of thirty states originally set by the National Election Campaign Committee is certain to be reached with the probability that at least thirty-five states will be in the red column by the time the last filing day is reached.

### Overcome Obstacles.

In Massachusetts and New Hampshire, the workers had heavy obstacles to overcome, the election machinery in several important cities being in the hands of the agents of the mill barons who took advantage of every technicality to prevent the Party from getting on the ballot. The success of the Workers (Communist) Party in New England was due in a great measure to the prestige gained through the activity in the great textile strike in New Bedford and Fall River. While the socialist party is lined up with the labor bureaucrats who are betraying the strike to the textile barons, and fighting the militant Textile Mills Committee with the aid of the police, the Communists are not only fighting the employers but the city and state governments as well as the reactionary labor leaders.

The only New England states on the Communist ballot in the last elections were Massachusetts and Rhode Island. This will leave only two states out, Vermont and Maine where there is yet no Communist organization to speak of.

Want Worker-Organizers. Another important election campaign development is the inauguration of a drive for 1,000 rank and file organizers to go out into the small industrial cities throughout the country, spreading Communist propaganda and organizing Party units.

Every available vehicle will be mustered into action to bring the workers from place to place. The National Office of the Party will supply the necessary material, literature, subscription blanks for Party papers and membership cards.

Workers who speak any of the foreign languages will work among the workers of that particular language. There are hundreds of thousands of foreign-language-speaking workers in heavy industry, and where there is no Communist organization they are at the mercy of the employers who use bourgeois politicians of foreign birth or descent to keep them tied to the capitalist political chariot.

### Plan Extensive Drive.

Women's organizations, youth organizations and Negro organizations will be pressed into service. This is the greatest organizing plan ever conceived and executed by the Workers (Communist) Party and if the rank and file respond as they are expected to, it will build the Party in sections where the Communist message never penetrated before and will develop hundreds of workers for leading functions in the Party. The Communist election campaign is now in full swing. Foster and Gitlow are now speaking in the northwest. They are met by enthusiastic gatherings of workers in every city and each meeting brings in many new members to the Party. Organizers are busy throughout the country, doing the necessary work to place the Party ticket on the ballots in the various states.

The Negro campaign is making great headway in New York City, where great mass meetings are held weekly with Comrades Moore, Welsh and other Negro leaders exposing the role of the republican, democratic and socialist parties as tools of big and small business, pointing out that the two big capitalist parties have sanctioned the lynching of Negroes in the south and the many discriminations practiced on them in federal and state institutions by both parties. The socialist party, the pretending not to draw the color line refuses to help in the organization of the Negro masses for a struggle against capitalism. The Workers (Communist) Party alone, as our Negro comrades point out to their people, is the only party that has the program that means freedom for black and white workers.

BERLIN, Sept. 18.—The Swedish municipal workers officials have decided to break all relations with the Soviet municipal workers, according to a report issued by the International Federation of Trade Unions from Amsterdam.

The Swedish rank and file have again demonstrated their willingness to co-operate with the workers of the Soviet Union.

## Wall Street Candidate Greeted by Newark Politicians



When Herbert Hoover arrived in Newark at 7 o'clock Monday evening, the only people who were present to greet him were a group of Jersey G. O. P. politicians, less than 200 in number. At the Essex Armory, later in the evening, he delivered his bombastic spiel on "prosperity" in the United States, while hundreds of unemployed Newark workers listened. While the speech was in progress, members of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League distributed over 10,000 leaflets to the workers of the industrial city.

## WORKERS SCHOOL OPENS FALL TERM OCTOBER 1

### NEGROES JOIN WORKERS PARTY

### Election Drive Warmly Greeted in Harlem

The Workers School of New York City, the biggest labor school in the United States, will begin its fall term October 1 at its new headquarters, 26-28 Union Square, with 75 classes in English, Trade Unionism, Labor Problems, Public Speaking, Labor Journalism, Literature, History, Economics, Politics, Imperialism, Communism and Marxian Theory. Among the instructors scheduled to give courses are: Jay Lovestone, William Z. Foster, Bertram D. Wolfe, Max Bedacht, Benjamin Gitlow, William W. Weinstein, M. J. Olgin, Scott Nearing, Robert Minor, D. Benjamin, Joseph Freeman, Beatrice Becker, J. Mindel, A. Markoff, Juliet S. Poyntz, A. Trautenberg, John J. Ballam, Ray Ragozin, Joseph Brodsky, William F. Dunne, A. Bittelman, Will Herberg, Robert Dunn and Michael Gold.

Classes will be given every evening from 7 to 8:20 p. m. and from 8:30 to 9:50 p. m. and on Saturday afternoons. Registration for classes is now going on.

Plans are under way to take care of the largest registration in the history of the school. From present indications it appears that over 2,500 workers will study at the Workers School in order to prepare themselves for more effective work in the labor movement. This will practically double the record registration of last fall when over 1,800 workers enrolled for courses in the school to train themselves for the class struggle.

The school is now situated at 26-28 Union Square, where it occupies the sixth floor, comprising 12 rooms. For more detailed information write to the Workers School for free catalogue or phone Stuyvesant 7770.

## HOOVER'S LIES TO SWELL RED RALLY

### Expect Workers to Fill Central Opera House

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imaginative workers whose fictitious names are used by the democratic and republican machines of New Jersey every year to 'vote' their tickets, his speech may have been effective.

### Workers' Party Platform.

Contrasted with the roundabout phrases used by the capitalist politicians in an attempt to drag the wool over the workers' eyes every election, is the concrete platform and demands of the Workers (Communist) Party in this as in every election campaign. Specific demands are made by the Workers Party on unemployment, the right to strike, social legislation, traction, housing, schools, youth and child labor, Negroes, farmers—in short, every social, economic and political matter which at all touches the lives of the millions of workers, is treated by the Workers (Communist) Party

## SHE CHIDES STRIKERS

### Washington "Lady" Won't Aid Relief

Fred Biedenkapp, national secretary of the Workers International Relief, 1 Union Square, yesterday revealed a letter from Katharine W. Fisher, 21 First St., Washington, D. C., which the relief secretary characterized as an evidence of "the sour-milk of human kindness." The letter, which follows in full, was in reply to appeal for funds sent out by the relief organization last week.

### "Disapproves" of Strikes.

"I do not doubt," Miss Fisher writes, "that conditions are bad in New Bedford, but I do disapprove of strikes as a method for attempting to remedy them that even if I did have money to spare I should not contribute it.

"How can anyone expect to cure conditions in the cotton textile industry of New England by the ancient method of the strike? People must be fed, of course, but why not let them work.

"I would much more be likely to give a dollar for a child whose father is working than to one whose father is striking. Please remove my name from your mailing list."

### Strikers Will Stick.

In commenting on the letter Biedenkapp said: "I know that a thou-

## SHOE WORKERS MEET THURSDAY

### NEGROES JOIN WORKERS PARTY

### Election Drive Warmly Greeted in Harlem

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Harlem, another Red Sunday will be held there September 23. According to M. Nenner, section organizer, Harlem will be entirely through with its signature drive by the beginning of next week, after which the Harlem members will pitch in and help other sections.

Another feature of the election campaign work in Harlem which has met with good results is the noon-day meetings held weekly at the yards of the Interborough Rapid Transit and New York Railways Companies, at 99th St. and Lexington Ave. One such meeting will be held there today, with John Sherman of the Daily Worker, as chief speaker. Many successful distributions of Communist literature have been made among the I. R. T. employees, whose ranks are filled with company spies to detect any inclination toward honest, militant unionism among them.

Besides speaking on the platform of the Workers (Communist) Party in the election campaign, Sherman will discuss organization problems.

### Distribute 1,000 "Dailys."

The election campaign in Harlem during Negro Week was opened Monday evening with a mass distribution of 1,000 copies of the special Negro edition of the Daily Worker.

The workers who participated in the distribution were gratified by the friendly response from the Negro workers, who welcomed receiving a copy of a daily newspaper which openly proclaimed its solidarity with them and fought against the exploiters of Negro labor.

Lower Harlem is having a distribution tonight, starting from its headquarters at 143 E. 103rd St. The canvass committee elected for this very important election and press activity should appear at headquarters not later than 6:30 p. m.

in its platform, not from the viewpoint of the "good of the people" but from that of the good of the workers.

Workers of New York and vicinity are urged to come early as the rally will begin promptly at the scheduled time. The doors of the Central Opera House will be open at 7 p. m. on Friday, Sept. 28. Delegates from various trades in the city are expected to come in a body organized evidence of the support of the only working class party on the political field by all progressive workers.

Who wins when you read your bosses' paper?

## SHE CHIDES STRIKERS

### Washington "Lady" Won't Aid Relief

and workers will give the lie to Miss Fisher's letter by sending money to help us feed the 30,000 heroic strikers, men, women and children, who are valiantly withstanding the New England mill barons. And I know that the New Bedford and Fall River strikers will give the lie to her by remaining on strike until they have won their just demands."

### "Disapproves" of Strikes.

"I do not doubt," Miss Fisher writes, "that conditions are bad in New Bedford, but I do disapprove of strikes as a method for attempting to remedy them that even if I did have money to spare I should not contribute it.

"How can anyone expect to cure conditions in the cotton textile industry of New England by the ancient method of the strike? People must be fed, of course, but why not let them work.

"I would much more be likely to give a dollar for a child whose father is working than to one whose father is striking. Please remove my name from your mailing list."

### Strikers Will Stick.

In commenting on the letter Biedenkapp said: "I know that a thou-

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NEW YORK CITY

## WORKERS PARTY ARRANGES WEEKS OPEN AIR MEETS

### Negro and Elections Is Topic

The Workers (Communist) Party has arranged the following open-air meetings for the current week, at which the subject will be "Negro Problems and the Election Campaign." All speakers must get bulletins at the district Agitprop Department:

Wednesday, Sept. 19, Second Ave. and Tenth St., N. Y. C.—Hendin, Sumner, Alkin, Ackerman, Schatzkammer (Pioneer).  
Thursday, Sept. 20, Union Square, N. Y. C.—Biedenkapp, Alex. Gussakoff, Ross, Caplan.

Friday, Sept. 21, San Francisco, Calif. Civic Auditorium, San Francisco.  
Saturday, Sept. 22, Los Angeles, Calif., Whiting Woods, Rosemont, Calif.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Salt Lake City, Utah, W. O. W. 168 S. W. Temple St., 2nd floor.  
Monday, Sept. 24, Denver, Colo., Tabernacle Hall, 20th & Lawrence Sts.

Tuesday, Sept. 25, Omaha, Neb., Son Theatre, 14th & Farnam Sts.  
Wednesday, Sept. 26, Kansas City, Mo., Musicians Auditorium, 1017 Washington St.

Thursday, Sept. 27, Chicago, Ill., Final arrangements to be announced.  
Friday, Sept. 28, St. Louis, Mo., Final arrangements to be announced.

Saturday, Sept. 29, Indianapolis, Ind., Final arrangements to be announced.  
Sunday, Sept. 30, Cincinnati, O., Final arrangements to be announced.

Monday, Oct. 1, Astoria, Ore., Final arrangements to be announced.  
Tuesday, Oct. 2, Portland, Ore., Final arrangements to be announced.  
Wednesday, Oct. 3, Oakland, Calif., Final arrangements to be announced.

Thursday, Oct. 4, Oakland, Calif., Final arrangements to be announced.  
Friday, Oct. 5, Auerbach, Rolfe, Napoli, Magliacano.

Saturday, Oct. 6, First Ave. and 79th St.—G. Lloyd, Moreac, Alexander, Lustig, J. Rosen (Pioneer).  
Sunday, Oct. 7, West New York, New Jersey (14th St. and Bergenline Ave.)—Markoff, C. Martin.

Monday, Oct. 8, Perth Amboy, N. J. (308 Elm St.)—Edward Wright, Covatz.  
Tuesday, Oct. 9, Elizabeth, N. J.—D. Benjamin, R. Duke, Yricman.

Wednesday, Oct. 10, Bryant Ave. and 174th St., Bronx—Chas. Zimmerman, Padgug, G. Spiro, Severino, R. Yukelson (Pioneer).  
Thursday, Oct. 11, Madison Ave.—Listen Oak, Gill Green, Williams, Kagan.

Friday, Sept. 21, National Biscuit Co. (Noon)—Grecht, Ross, B. Gussakoff.  
Saturday, Sept. 22, Bristol and Pitkin, Brooklyn—Ragozin, Baum, Julius Cohen, L. Mikell (Pioneer).

Sunday, Sept. 23, Fifth Ave. and 110th St., N. Y. C.—M. Taft, Grace Lamb, Jessie Taft, Camilla, Lyons.  
Monday, Sept. 24, Varet and Graham Ave., Brook-

## FOSTER-GITLOW TOUR DATES

William Z. Foster, Workers (Communist) Party candidate for president, and Benjamin Gitlow, vice presidential candidate, are now on the first lap of a nation-wide speaking tour which will bring them into every important city in the United States, winding up with a monster mass meeting in Madison Square Garden, New York City, on November 4.

### FOSTER TOUR

Wednesday, Sept. 19, Portland, Ore., Swiss Hall, 283 1/2 Third St.  
Friday, Sept. 21, San Francisco, Calif. Civic Auditorium, San Francisco.

Sunday, Sept. 23, Los Angeles, Calif., Whiting Woods, Rosemont, Calif.  
Tuesday, Sept. 25, Salt Lake City, Utah, W. O. W. 168 S. W. Temple St., 2nd floor.

Thursday, Sept. 27, Denver, Colo., Tabernacle Hall, 20th & Lawrence Sts.  
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## COLLEGE BRIBED BY OFFICIALS OF POWER TRUST

### Iowa State School Got \$15,000

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 (UP).—A campaign of Iowa utilities interests to retard a movement for municipally-owned power plants in that state was described today as the Federal Trade Commission resumed its investigation of the power industry.

Municipalities where the sentiment in favor of a publicly-owned plant was strong were circled with literature designed to persuade citizens against taking such a step. H. P. Weeks, director of the Iowa section of the National Electric Light Association, testified.

In addition, Weeks said, his organization distributed 165 copies of a utilities propaganda magazine each month among members of the Iowa state legislature.

Total payments of \$15,000 to Iowa State College since 1925 were revealed by other checks placed in the record. The payments averaged about \$3,500 annually and were made, Weeks explained, in connection with research into rural power development.

Revenues of his association, Weeks said, were derived from Iowa utilities and from the National Electric Light Association.

A joint legislative committee is maintained by Iowa utilities to guard their interests at sessions of the state legislature, Weeks testified. He said the committee represented electric power and railway companies.

## Power Gang Hearing Shows New Activities

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 (U.P.)—Resuming its investigation of propaganda activities of public utilities, the Federal Trade Commission today discovered new efforts to sway public opinion in Iowa, Canada, and New Jersey.

In Iowa, it was developed, utilities enlisted the State University and the State College in their publicity campaign. Correspondence showed authorities of both institutions were friendly to utilities and were anxious to aid in their development "in any way possible."

lyn—Primoff, Chernenko, Rosemond, Wellman (Pioneer).  
Fiftieth St. and Fifth Ave., Brooklyn—DeLeon, V. Smith, McDonald. Market Plaza, Newark, N. J.—M.

## Brownsville in Final Drive for Signatures

With the finish of the signature drive in the twenty-third assembly district of Brownsville, the members of Section 8 of the Workers (Communist) Party are concentrating all their forces in the twenty-second assembly district during the last two weeks of the drive.

According to R. Macklin, campaign director of the Brownsville section, the total number of signatures to be obtained in the 22nd A. D. will be safely tucked away in the safe of the District Office before the drive officially ends, on the last day of September.

All members of Sections 2 and 3 who live in Brownsville are urged to report in Brownsville for the signature drive every evening.

**4 BIG NIGHTS** **1,000,000 Articles** **4 BIG NIGHTS**  
EVERYTHING FROM A THREAD TO A SET OF FURNITURE  
**at 1/2 Price**  
**Daily Worker**  
**FREIHEIT**  
**BAZAAR**  
**Madison Square Garden**  
THURSDAY 4 TH  
FRIDAY 5 TH  
SATURDAY 6 TH  
SUNDAY 7 TH  
**OCTOBER**  
**4** DO NOT BUY NOW, WAIT **4**  
**BIG DAYS** TILL THE BAZAAR **BIG DAYS**

# Austrian Social-Democratic Congress Agrees to Raise Workers' Rent Three-Fold

## DECIDE WORKERS MUST NOT HEED FASCIST MARCH

### Would Allow Seipel to 'Protect' Unionists

(Wireless to the Daily Worker.)

VIENNA, September 18.—The congress of the social democratic party of Austria closed today capitulating entirely in the question of the tenant's protection measures and arriving at no decision in regard to the fascist provocative demonstration planned for October 7.

The congress unanimously passed a resolution, incorporating Otto Bauer's point of view, which was a complete capitulation on the question of rent and housing. The resolution called for a three-fold raise in rent which would provide for the construction of new houses and the social democratic parliament fraction was granted full freedom in action respecting this matter.

The social democrats, it is generally thought there, are ready to sacrifice tenants' protection and abandon re-elections if the government promises housebuilding.

### Passive Tactics.

There was no decision on the party tactics to be followed regarding the home defense corps demonstration for October 7, regarding which the Communist Party of Austria has issued a call to all workers to mobilize a counter-demonstration. But Renner, Julius Deutsch and Otto Bauer asserted that the home defense people want a collision with the working class and therefore the best proletarian tactics were to leave the fascist provocation alone. They declared that it was the government's duty to protect the republic from fascism and therefore that Seipel, and not the workers, must do this.

The present party committee was unanimously re-elected.

At the previous session of the social democrats congress Skaret gave the party committee report which dealt chiefly with organization questions.

The workers were consoled for the capitulations and defeats by the increased membership of the social democratic party. Otto Bauer spoke on the tenant's protection laws, demanding re-elections. Bauer declared that the social democrats prepared the negotiations but the maintenance of the tenants' protection measures was less important than new houses.

## MANY CITIES AT MILL UNION MEET

### 250 Delegates Coming to Convention

Continued from Page One  
son, Hillsburg, Rutherford, West New York, Union City, Trenton and Weehauken. The Passaic workers, who after their splendid fight in 1926 found themselves betrayed by the UTW which took them over, are now completely with the new union and have already withdrawn from the UTW and elected their delegation of 25 workers to attend the convention of the National Textile Mill Committees. In Paterson also, where only last week the members of the Associated Silk Workers voted down a motion to affiliate with the UTW on liberal terms, the textile workers are overwhelmingly in favor of the new union.

Connecticut will send delegates from New London, Shelton, Manchester, Ansonia and Bridgeport. Rhode Island will be represented by delegates from Providence, Pawtucket, Pawtuxet Valley, Woonsocket, Natick, Attleboro, Central Falls and Valley Falls. From New York state there will be delegates from Utica, Buffalo, New York City and Astoria, L. I. Delegates will also come from Nashua, Manchester and Concord, N. H., from Baltimore, Md., and probably also from some of the southern states.

## Noted Soviet Scientist Speaks at N. Y. Meet

(By United Press)

Two hundred archaeologists and anthropologists, representing 25 foreign countries, met yesterday in a general discussion of the depopulation of the two Americas and the probable source of that population. Chief among today's disclosures was that of Dr. Ales Hrdlicka of the U. S. National Museum, who said his study of the races of Alaska convinced him that the races of Asia had populated that country and had lived practically without land connection for many years.

Another who took a prominent part in the discussion of the parallelization of the races of Siberia and North America was W. G. Bogoras, of the Academy of Sciences, Leningrad, Russia. Bogoras drew a marked similarity in the religious practices of the two peoples.

Who wins when you read your boss's paper!

## Where Hundreds Perished In Tropical Hurricane



San Juan, Porto Rico, which was struck by the worst storm in history. The hurricane after sweeping thru the West Indies struck the East Coast of Florida with terrific force. Map (inset) shows path of the hurricane.

## MINERS' RELIEF STANDING FIRM

### Police Fail to Stop Its Activities

Continued from Page One

yond his authority in his attempt to secure information about the activities of our organization. If Mr. Craighead has any information or evidence to the effect that the National Miners' Relief Committee is not acting within legal requirements, then he could easily secure an indictment against the committee.

### Fear New Union.

"Mr. Craighead has nothing in hand to base his action upon excepting the complaint made by officials of the United Mine Workers of America, with which organization we differ greatly in regard to labor policies. The United Mine Workers of America desires to disrupt our activities because we sympathize with the progressive miners who are opposed to the officials of the United Mine Workers of America. These progressive miners are now building a new union and Mr. Lewis, the President of the United Mine Workers of America hopes that by this action of the Post Office Department it will become impossible for us to give further relief to the progressive miners and thereby they will again be whipped into support of the Lewis, Murray, Fagan machine.

### Praised By Coal Diggers.

"The activities of the National Miners' Relief Committee have been open and above board for the 13 months of its existence, and in full view of all those interested in the miners cause. No charge or complaint of any kind has ever been made by this committee. The financial report issued up to June 1st shows that 82 per cent of the funds collected were spent for relief. The tens of thousands of miners and their families that have been given relief by us, as well as the several hundred contributing committees all speak in high praise of our accomplishments.

### Work Will Go On.

"We do not intend to allow ourselves to be intimidated by Post Office Inspector Craighead acting upon the complaint of John L. Lewis. John L. Lewis may be able to put the post office department to his use, but we do not intend to allow John L. Lewis to disrupt our work by use of the post office department. We shall not allow post office inspector Craighead to step into our office for the purpose of securing information for John L. Lewis."

## ENGLISH TORY SPLIT LOOMING

LONDON, Sept. 18.—As the conservative party conference at Yarmouth scheduled for September 27 draws near, there is much talk of a split in the ranks of the conservative party due to the protective tariff issue and the general economic depression in England, and the possibility of a laborite-liberal coalition winning power.

Premier Baldwin, who is returning to London this week, will attempt to induce Lord Birkenhead, who has threatened resignation, to remain in the cabinet and will do all in his power to avert a split threatened by Joynson-Hicks and his followers.

There are many rumors of a change in the cabinet even before the party conference, which, it is believed, will replace the anti-protectionists with those favoring the strong protective policy of Baldwin.

MADRID, Sept. 18 (UP).—The foreign office officially denied today a rumor that Premier Primo de Rivera had been shot while on a visit to Barcelona.

## "MOTHER" BLOOR SEES VICTORY FOR MINERS

Continued from Page One

became one of the leaders of the revolt, began a graphic picture of preparations for the convention and ending with the vicious attack on the meeting by the army of Lewis thugs, in co-operation with the Pittsburgh police.

"Previous to the convention," Mother Bloor declared, "some of the miners may still have clung to the hope of being able to accomplish something by working within the old United Mine Workers organization. If this notion still existed previous to the vicious attack on the miners last week, it has been completely dispelled.

"The attack upon us had just the reverse effect that the Lewis thugs and the police intended. The miners have been drawn together by the event. You can't beat the coal diggers through terror. You can't beat them at all!" Mother Bloor declared with that characteristic clenching of the fist and compression of her firm lips which have become known wherever the struggle of the workers is most bitter.

Optimistic as to Future.  
Mother Bloor was unusually enthusiastic over the accomplishments of the convention. "It marks the beginning of a new era for my brothers, the heroic coal diggers," she said. "Of course, we have a bitter struggle ahead of us, but we are on the march and you can't stop the march of the miners onward."

Asked to comment on the news that over two thousand Illinois miners had walked out on strike against the Lewis-Fishwick wage cut, she replied quickly: "That is just what I expected and have been predicting. The miners will fight the wage cuts and will defeat both the operators and Lewis."

Mother Bloor led a delegation of 25 Indiana miners to the convention. They traveled in old broken down Ford cars and slept out of doors. The journey lasted nearly three days. Three of their cars broke down and at times it appeared as if the delegation would never arrive.

"But a miner is never licked till the last moment," she said, "and then he wins!"

She also attended the funeral of George Moran, Bentleyville militant, who was shot down by Louis Carboni, a Lewis thug, because Moran had joined with the rank and file forces.

"Standing over the grave of the heroic coal digger who had given his life for all of us, in the presence of hundreds of coal diggers, some of whom had walked many miles to attend the funeral, I could see and feel the meaning and power of the great miners' struggle, a movement which nothing can hold back."

Mother Bloor paid particular tribute to the courage and spirit of Moran's widow, who many times repeated the words over her slain husband's grave. "Brave soldier," "brave soldier." It is such courage and sacrifice as this which will win for the coal diggers and for the American working class," Mother Bloor said.

### Kidnapers Hold Boy

CHICAGO, Sept. 18 (UP).—Two more letters were received today by A. Frank Ranieri, whose ten-year-old son, Billy, has been in the hands of kidnapers for several days. Both letters renewed threats of death for the boy unless demands of the kidnapers for \$15,000 are met. Police meanwhile captured three new suspects who picked up a decoy package containing the money for the boy's return. Their names were not revealed.

### DIRIGIBLE STARTS

FRIEDRICHSHAFEN, Germany, Sept. 18 (UP).—The trans-Atlantic passenger dirigible, Count Zeppelin, started on its first trial flight at 3:35 p. m. today.

## MUSSOLINI LAWS, MORE STRINGENT, ASSURE "VOTES"

### New Oppression for Workers Planned

ROME, Sept. 18.—The dictates presented to the Grand Council of the national fascist party by Mussolini include two laws, one making the grand council an integral part of the government machinery, the other laying down a new "charter" for labor. Both laws are designated to assure the "elections" for the chamber of deputies that are to take place March 24, 1929.

The new law of Mussolini charges the grand council with the duty of approving every "candidate" from each district, a complete list of which will be drawn up by the fascist party.

What the "charter" for labor will provide has not been revealed, but it cannot be more stringent than the one already in effect, which declares all strikes illegal, forbids the formation of other than fascist unions, and provides for wage cuts that cannot be protested against.

Mussolini also announced that the new fascist chamber will convene on April 21, the anniversary of the founding of Rome, which he will use as an occasion for grand festivities and to turn the eyes of the very much exploited population to the past.

ROME, Sept. 18.—The population of Italy pays higher taxes than the population in any other country was revealed by figures recently published.

Thirty-eight per cent of all earnings are turned over to the government in the form of taxes, direct and indirect. The English pay 27.3 per cent of their total earnings, the French 29.2 per cent. All occasions are utilized to extract taxes from the population, such as purchases in any store, restaurant bills include government stamps, as well as all posters, signs and every article of merchandise.

Auguste Gonsales Pinto, returning today from Maine, where he was sent by the union to recuperate from the effects of a beating in jail, administered by the police on his 14th arrest, went to the Paige picket line immediately after reporting to the union headquarters.

A tremendously enthusiastic ovation was accorded him by the strikers picketing there.

More than 1,000 strikers gather around the gates of the mill now, after it was learned that the mill owners had succeeded in obtaining 65 scabs. The bosses immediately answered this with a heavy increase in the police guard, who, it seems had received special instructions to be provocative and brutal. Police caution has yet prevented a more vicious assault than that in which a picket leader was yesterday thrown from his bicycle. The resentful attitude of the crowd of strikers halted any intentions of the police then to harm the striker. It is generally expected, among the striking workers, that the Paige Mill will be the center of the gathering storm.

### 1,000 in March

Following the morning picketing of the Paige mill, the over 1,000 strikers rallied in marching formation and began a march to the Potomack Street strike hall. As soon as the line began to move about 50 police rushed in in an attempt to break it up. Despite the repetition of the police attempt to break up the line at a further point along the line of march, at Acushnet and Blackmer Sts., the workers succeeded in holding their lines intact till they got down to the hall. This they did by forming and reforming on the sidewalk opposite to the one on which the police dispersals took place.

It was clearly seen, however, that the mill barons are not yet ready to give the signal for mass arrests, because of a desire to show that things were quiet at the mill gates.

### Ranks Stiffen

Pinto, the oft-arrested strike leader, is again making his regular appearance on picket lines on his bicycle. Sergeant Velho, one of the most vicious labor haters here, left instructions to his subordinates at the Paige Mill to "break their heads if there's any more trouble here."

A visible stiffening of the strike ranks is observable as the workers show signs of rallying again in large masses, despite police restrictions of ten to a picket line.

### 1,300,000 Jobless in Great Britain

LONDON, Sept. 18 (UP).—Great Britain had 1,300,000 unemployed on Sept. 10, it was announced officially tonight.

## Dictator of Peru to Assure Re-election by Big Suppression

LIMA, Peru, Sept. 18.—The bill providing imprisonment and confiscation of property of those guilty of activities against the state either at home or abroad, which has already passed the chamber of deputies, is now ready to be considered by the senate.

President Leguia of Peru has introduced this bill as an extraordinary measure against his opponents and to pave the way for his re-election in the approaching elections. The dictatorial nature of the present regime is further illustrated by the suppression of the independent labor movement.

Leguia and his followers have already begun the publication of a new newspaper, "El Civilista," which is devoted to the campaign for the president and to the attack of his opponents.

## WATT TO SPEAK TOMORROW EVE.

### Will Tell Story of the Convention

Continued from Page One  
the National Miners' Union, will speak and tell of the plans made at the convention to organize the mass of unorganized miners.

Pledging the support and solidarity of the New York workers, will be several leaders of workers' struggles in other trades. Ben Gold, leader of the fight to build a new furriers union, Hyman Koretz, one of the leaders of the movement which is building a new cloakmakers union; Gladys Schechter, organizer of the Military Workers' Union; Harold Williams, secretary of the Negro Committee for Miners' Relief; and representatives of the Youth Conference for Miners' Relief and the Children's Relief Scout Groups will speak. Martin Abern, assistant national secretary of the International Labor Defense, will also have an important message for the workers of New York.

Final arrangements for the meeting were completed last night by the Executive Committee of the Shop Delegates' Conference for Miners' Relief. The meeting is being held under the auspices of the Shop Delegates' Conference and of the National Miners' Relief Committee, 799 Broadway.

## Children's Day Will Be Feature at the Bazaar

Continued from Page One  
proceeding at top speed. Another section of the Workers (Communist) Party to join the ranks of those that intend to have booths of their own is the Long Island Section. The members of this section are already busy collecting articles for a booth where unique Czechoslovak art novelties will be sold. The members are also losing no time selling tickets and collecting names for the Red Honor Roll.

Sub-section 3-E is also determined to have a booth of its own. Furniture is the specialty selected by the members of this sub-section. Other organizations are also busy working for the bazaar and workers everywhere are showing signs of that proletarian energy which promises to make the Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar the greatest event of its kind ever held in this country.

## STORM SWEEPS NORTH; MANY DIE

### Typhoid Epidemic in Porto Rico Town

Continued from Page One  
the West Indies continues to mount and is estimated at about 1,000. Many Florida communities are still cut off and the death toll in the storm areas may exceed 100.

In Porto Rico natives are roaming the country begging for food and shelter. An epidemic of typhoid has broken out in Aguadilla, spreading terror among the entire population.

MIAMI, Fla., Sept. 18 (UP).—Five hundred persons are fleeing out of the Everglades today because of the flood waters of Lake Okeechobee, which have inundated the lowlands of Central Florida.

Belleglade, Pahokee and Canalpoint, communities near the lake, were reported to be almost entirely covered with water. Residents of those towns are making their way toward West Palm Beach.

## SCHOOL COLLAPSES

At Boynton a school was reported to have collapsed, injuring twenty-five.

## Irritable Bladder Catarrh

Soon cleared up by genuine Santal Midy. Effective-Harmless Sold by All Druggists.

## REPORT SPANISH REVOLT GROWING; PREPARE TROOPS

### De Rivera Shot at Barcelona, Rumored

HENDAYE, French-British Frontier, Sept. 18 (UP).—Reports of impending revolutionary trouble in Spain persisted today, despite the government's prompt action last week in arresting persons suspected of plotting an uprising.

Nothing was known definitely, although the garrisons in Madrid and other places were ordered to be in readiness while police investigated.

The government was uneasy about certain military elements, particularly artillery officers, whose movements were watched closely. Troops were kept in barracks. Army officers were ordered to wear their uniforms and side-arms constantly.

Some false rumors were circulated in other countries, but the United Press received reports from Spain that no overt acts had taken place.

In the village of Camas, between Seville and Huelva, civil guards found 180 dynamite cartridges in a wrecked automobile and arrested the occupants, Benito Gonzales and Jose Lopez Vaquez, a 17-year-old boy. Gonzales, a miner, admitted the cartridges were stolen from a mine at Cerro Andevalo, police said. He buried them in a field, it was added, and dug them up with the intention of carrying them to an anarchist band in Seville.

## Rumor Dictator Shot.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—According to a report received here from Madrid, Premier de Rivera was shot during his stay at Barcelona, where a strong anti-government movement is reported to be in progress.

De Rivera had gone on a short visit to Barcelona and was to have returned shortly.

## "Socialist" Bloc in Argentina Sides With Foreign Oil Interests

BUENOS AYRES, Argentina, Sept. 18.—The "socialist," radical and conservative coalition, siding with the foreign oil interests against the domestic oil firms, will attempt to oppose the nationalization bill by absenting themselves from the chamber of deputies thus causing the absence of a quorum.

President elect Irigoyen's party will press the bill and try to railroad it through the congress. The oil nationalization bill provides for the expropriation of all oil concessions to private and foreign firms. The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey has the largest American investment in Argentina.

## SEATTLE LABOR HEARS FOSTER

### 1,200 Workers Attend Communist Meeting

Continued from Page One  
of the Workers (Communist) Party the splendid spirit of the workers who attended the meeting is a sure indication of a large Communist vote in the elections.

Hold Tacoma Meet.  
At the Tacoma meeting, held at Eagles Hall, about 100 workers were present. The spirit, as in Seattle, was very enthusiastic.

Foster will soon begin speaking to the workers in the mining and lumber districts in the state.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 18.—William Z. Foster, Communist candidate for president, spoke to a group of Roslyn miners at the Realto Hall yesterday. But reactionaries in the union, arriving with a group of their own, so disturbed the meeting, that it was moved to the Druids Hall.

Here Foster was again given a big ovation. A generous collection was taken up among the workers present.

## Acceptance Speeches Just Published

A FORTY-EIGHT page pamphlet containing the acceptance speeches of William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow, Workers Party candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States of America.

Included also is the nominating speech delivered by Bob Minor, Editor of the Daily Worker, and the closing address by Jay Lovestone, Executive Secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, summarizing the achievements of the National Nominating Convention.

Each pamphlet carries a plate with the latest photographs of Foster and Gitlow splendidly done.

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In lots of 100 or more 30 per cent off.

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## WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS

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NEW YORK CITY

# Clothing Worker Tells How Amalgamated Officials Broke Up Strike, Allowed Cuts

## MILITANT WAS DRIVEN FROM SHOP TO SHOP

### Misleaders Run Union for Bosses' Benefit

(By a Worker Correspondent)

In my activities in the Amalgamated for the last five years (I have been a member of that organization since its birth) I have experienced personally certain deeds that deserve the attention of every member in that organization. It concerns not only the members of the Amalgamated, but members of other unions as well. For similar conditions exist in other unions, although I shall speak only of the Amalgamated because it is here that I have gathered the facts.

These facts are important because they involve the fundamental principle of the rank and file. It shows the gradual loss of these rights. It shows that the constitutions that guarantee these rights have become meaningless. They exist in name only. It shows how the power to direct the policies of the union has been almost entirely usurped by the officials. It shows how the officials betray and sell the workers. It shows how the machine is put to work to punish those who protest against such betrayals. It shows further how workers are punished for exposing those officials who betray and sell the workers.

#### Business Agent Aids Boss.

Chicago, 1924. At that time I worked for M. Lauther, a pants contractor. Lauther wanted some additional work on the pocket-section. The business agent, Morris Schaps, told the workers that they would make the additional work for the same price. "Because," said he, "the workers of Edelman's shop are making the same grade work for the same price." Through records of the two shops I convinced Schaps that Edelman paid more money for the same operation. Did he take back his order? He did not. Did he have other reasons for carrying out his order? If he did he never disclosed it to the workers.

Under the circumstances there was either to be a strike by the workers against agent or boss or do the additional work for the same price. The workers decided to strike. I was their leader. For a day and a half Schaps and his fellow officials used all kinds of dishonest methods to break the unity of the strikers, but failed. Finally the contractors' representative, Sochiack, admitted that we were entitled to more money for the extra work. We then went back to work. The adjustment, however, due to the fact that the workers and officials were fighting one another, was actual robbery, because we received only about one-third of the price we were entitled to for the additional work.

Shortly after that the contractor wanted some more extra work done on the same operation. The same agent, after winning over several workers on the section, by promising them his influence to promote their standing in the political machine of the union, as well as more lucrative jobs in the shop, said at first that he would fight for more money for the new work. However, when he realized that he had brought about disunity among the workers by having the few henchmen work for him, declined to obtain an adjustment on the new work.

#### Disregard Award.

I then took the case to the Trade Board, at which a hearing was granted by the chairman, Dr. Mullenbach. Dr. Mullenbach decided against the contractor and for the workers' claim, on the ground that extra work means more money, regardless of conditions existing in other shops who make the same grade of work.

However, it took about eight months before the Trade Board's decision was carried out. For eight months Schaps sought to disregard that decision. For eight months he delayed making the adjustment, in the hope that he would find a way that would justify his disregarding the board's decision. And he almost succeeded when I was absent from the city for awhile. I was informed of his attempt to disregard the decision and I immediately returned. The board's order was then carried out, but he succeeded, on technical grounds, in removing me from the shop.

I then registered a complaint with the manager of the union, Sam Levine. At that time I did not know that Levine co-operated with the agents in the granting of concessions to bosses. Of course it was a mere joke to bring complaints to the manager under these circumstances. However, since I had no intention of prosecuting Schaps at that time, I was satisfied with having the case on record, believing, at the same time, that this would be a lesson for him not to do the same thing in the future. This, however, was a mistake.

#### Allows Reductions.

The work of the agent, Schaps, in allowing reductions in wages has been done in other shops as well. Apparently he has done that on a large scale. This is evident from the fact that a large number of votes were cast against him and a small number of votes for him in this

## Wall Street Appropriate Place for "Constitution Week" Ceremony



Alexander Hamilton, reactionary who favored the establishment of a monarchy after the Revolutionary War, lies buried in the Trinity Churchyard, Broadway and Wall Street. It was here, appropriately enough, that the Young Republican Club conducted "Constitution Week" ceremonies by laying a wreath on Hamilton's grave.

## CLERICAL BAND RAZES VILLAGE

### Federal Troops in Pursuit

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 18 (UP).—Dispatches from Queretaro said today that 50 rebels entered the town of Toliman during the absence of the garrison, and burned the post-office and other buildings. They shouted "Vivo Cristo Rey" (Long live Christ the king).

Federal troops from Queretaro set out in pursuit.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 18.—Full report of the policy of President Calles in regards to the religious question was pledged by Emilio Portes Gil, minister of the interior, and supported by a large bloc in the congress as provisional president to succeed Calles.

period. In fact, the organization, as I fought him and because I registered the complaint against him. However, Spitzer, being a close friend of Schaps, was determined to avenge not only his friend and the rest of the officials, but also himself. Spitzer acted as toastmaster at the banquet. The board had decided that I was entitled to the claim, despite all the efforts to the contrary by the officials. Morris Spitzer, business agent of the local, then told the board that he wanted to investigate my claim. Though there was nothing to be investigated, as usual he was granted, or rather took, the privilege himself with a purpose in mind that will soon be seen. Let us remember now that he made this request after the board had invested my claim and found that I was duly entitled to the claim, as I originally received it, but later deprived of same as an act of vengeance by Schaps be to utilize their influence since then to take me off the job and get rid of me.

Having failed to punish me in this way they found other effective weapons. They punished me through the unemployment insurance, as others are employed by the same method. Here the dirty work is being done by Dr. B. Squires, the supposed impartial chairman, who, in a public speech, spoke of Sam Levine as being an angel, a god. . . . Well, we can't blame Squires for characterizing Sam Levine as being an angel or a god. Dr. Squires could not hold the \$10,000 per year job unless he did some dirty work for the officialdom. He can hold this job only as long as he is willing to be their tool, since he is selected by them and not by the membership. Dr. Leo Wolman, of the Amalgamated Research Department, is doing similar work for the officialdom.

When I was deprived of my insurance I went to the executive board of my local with a claim for me in the struggle for justice. He allowed the several reductions on the pocket section. He got away with that because I was no longer there to lead and fight for them.

Driven From Shop to Shop. As for myself, I was blacklisted. I was discharged from one shop after another for no reason at all. Had it not been for a certain incident that enabled me to obtain a job without the officials' knowledge, which would have enabled them to inform the boss, as he did before, of the tangerous character he had in his shop, I would have been compelled to leave the city as well as the trade. But they have not failed a whole, and Manager Levine in particular, found it necessary to remove Schaps from Chicago as a result of his unpopularity, as indicated by the large number of votes registered against him at that time. So they took him away from Chicago. They gave him a job in Cincinnati, where he still is.

Was Schaps punished in any way because he betrayed and apparently sold the workers in Chicago prior to his removal from that city? He was not. The job they gave him in Cincinnati is not only as good as the one he had in Chicago, but much better.

Before Schaps was removed from Chicago he had determined to punish me for having exposed him before the manager of the union. He punished the rest of the workers in Lauther's shop who have been with

## CHINA SEAMEN REBUILD UNION

By LOH-TAN-HSIEN.

The fact that the workers of South China are fast recovering from the heavy blows dealt them during the reaction of the past year is evidenced from many reports of renewed activity. Notable among these is the conference held in Hongkong for the revival of the Seamen's Union. It will be recalled that the members of this union in 1922 waged a world famous strike for many months, eventually winning a brilliant victory, securing substantial wage increases and improved working conditions. This victory had an enormous influence in stimulating the labor movement of the entire country and until the forcible dissolution of the union last year by the combined efforts of the big shipping companies aided by both the imperialists and the reactionary Chinese authorities it was looked upon as one of the most militant

and effectively organized of all Chinese trade unions. Work Under Great Difficulties. Organization of the seamen after the breakup of their union has been very difficult. Company spies, government detectives representing the governments of the corporations concerned and the anti-labor Chinese authorities as well; the fear of the workers lest they be summarily seized for participating in a labor organization, and difficulties of dialects,—between natives of Kwantung and Fukien Provinces, for instance,—all these had to be overcome. Nevertheless good progress had been made already, delegates reporting the organization of 51 branch unions during the months of April, May and June.

Of these 30 were formed on the steamers and 21 in the dormitories which house the men on their arrival at Hongkong or in between voyages. It is estimated that this furnishes the nucleus of an organization on almost one-half of the big ships which stop regularly at this port. Despite the still incomplete organization there have been struggles during each of these months, principally over the matter of the arbitrary discharge of workers.

Organizers Work in Disguise. Organization work has naturally been easiest among those shipping lines whose seamen are recruited from participants in the great strike of 1922. A difficulty encountered here, however, was the attitude of a good many that they were "superior" to the ordinary run of seamen just because of their part in that struggle. In many cases organizers could not directly broach union matters, but had to disguise themselves as peddlers, thus drawing out the sentiment of the men approached.

Another difficulty springs from the oppressive tactics of the Kuomintang "Reorganization Committee," which aims to tie the seamen to the reactionary militarists. The savage repression exercised by this committee has brought about a state of mind among the common seamen which is only gradually being overcome. Contributing towards arousing a new militancy are the successive wage reductions forced on the workers. Just recently their pay has been again cut, this time by ten per cent.

Basis For Strong Movement. Not only are the militant seamen interested in the rebuilding of their own organization, but they realize clearly the need of the powerful all-inclusive alliance of the workers of all trades and industries. They therefore took the initiative in calling a conference of representatives of all the Hongkong workers in order to lay the foundation for a strong labor movement in that city. Literature was issued and circulated in the working class quarters with such slogans: "All Hongkong Workers Should Unite!" "The Seamen Have Rebuilt Their Trade Union!" "Now Let the Other Workers of Hongkong Rebuild Theirs!" etc., and calling for organized struggle against the cutting of wages, lengthening of work hours and unemployment. National issues, such as the Anti-Japanese boycott, and international, such as the war

against war,—these have also the attention of the organization, the effort being to develop a thoroughly militant union alive to all the issues which effect the workers and to furnish them on effective leadership. Besides Hongkong the reports of Swatow and Singapore are centers for organization activity. Two seamen sent to Swatow last February for this purpose were arrested and executed upon their arrival by the Kuomintang authorities. Two more sent later met a similar fate. In Singapore the situation is a little better, for the union maintains a semi-legal status. There are two branch unions, with twenty more steamers on which units are functioning. At a recent conference an executive committee of thirteen was elected, five of whom are to reside there to supervise the work. It was also decided to publish a paper to be entitled "The Singapore Seamen."

Well Organized Body. The Seamen's Union (Hongkong) is governed by an executive committee of seventeen, with nine alternates. The Standing Committee numbers nine, of whom seven are required to be constantly in the city. Under this Standing Committee there are five sub-committees: secretarial, organizational, agitation and propaganda, investigation, and financial. Each sub-committee chairman must be a member of the Standing Committee. There is a special apparatus for establishing and maintaining connections with the workers. Various other institutions, such as workers' clubs, classes, etc., have been established also. It should be remembered in connection with this work that in Hongkong, as in other British controlled territories in China, the organization of labor unions is strictly forbidden under severe penalties, while such activity in Chinese controlled territory as in Swatow is enough to ensure a summary execution. It is under conditions such as these that the Chinese workers are forging the tools for their ultimate victory.

## WORKERS MUST UNIONIZE IN THE DE LAVAL CO. IN TRENTON

### Beginning to Think About Conditions

(By a Worker Correspondent)

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., (By Mail).—Since we in the De Laval Separator Co. began to think about our conditions, the management of the factory has done everything to twist the issue.

At first it advertised in the factory that we ought to go and hear the faked O'Brien and for over a week he was standing on the corner telling us what a good constitution and government we have and how "prosperous" we are, in spite of the fact that our wives and children have to work in the factory because we cannot make a living on forty cents an hour.

#### Want Cheap Hands.

Now Mr. Miller, our manager, comes out in the press saying that the trouble is that we haven't enough skilled tool-makers and that the city should teach the children a skilled trade. Then the Separator Company will have cheaper skilled hands.

Why don't you, Mr. Miller, mention the wages that skilled tool-makers are making in your factory? And how many tool-makers do you need? We will supply you with a couple of thousand in one day.

And how many first class mechanics, carpenters, masons, bricklayers, plasterers and painters have been walking the streets in the last ten months? No, Mr. Miller, it is not a question of the constitution or other fake issues that have nothing to do with the case. Our only salvation is a strong union, not only in the De Laval, but in all Poughkeepsie factories. And we want a union whose leaders will not sell us out to the bosses, a real one, made by us and for ourselves.

—S. U.

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## RED ELECTION DRIVE SPEEDED IN TRENTON

### Workers Respond to Campaign

(By a Worker Correspondent)

TRENTON, N. J., (By Mail).—The Workers Party 1928 election campaign has opened with great enthusiasm and success in Trenton. With the formation of a campaign committee, plans and details were mapped out for the future activities which will make our Party a factor to reckon with in this city.

#### Many Negroes At Meet.

Altho activities were opened as early as February, the campaign was really initiated at an open air meeting at which Herbert Benjamin spoke. The meeting was a marked success, not only from the point of view of attendance, but from the amount of literature sold, especially among the Negro workers. Such meetings are being held regularly in every section of the city and as the election draws nearer will be increased in number.

The workers of Trenton are at the present time suffering from Coolidge "prosperity," a "prosperity" which to the bosses means greater production and enormous profits but to the workers means low wages, unemployment and a body-grinding speed-up system.

#### Traction Crisis.

The unemployment of last winter has decreased very little and many are still out of work. A number of rubber mills has shut down permanently and at those factories where production increased due to the speed-up very few workers were re-employed. The working conditions are bad in general.

A crisis is developing among the traction workers, not only against the corporation itself, but also against the officials of the union who, thru cooperation with the traction officials, are daily betraying the workers.

A spontaneous strike is imminent among the workers at the Scammell China Co.

Important tasks confront our Party here in the near future.

—WOR-COR.

#### DEVIL'S ISLAND.

PARIS, Sept. 18 (U.P.).—Mutiny broke out today in the prison of San Martin, on the island of Re off La Rochelle. Custodians cornered the leaders in their cells and put down the insurrection. Among those who rebelled were prisoners awaiting transfer to Devil's island, the dreaded French penal colony in Guiana.

#### CYCLONE IN MEXICO.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 18 (U.P.).—Dispatches from Vera Cruz reported today that a severe cyclone was approaching that city. The harbor was ordered closed. The barometer was falling rapidly. It rained all day yesterday.

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## "The Great Power" at the Ritz Is Pretty Weak Tea

MYRON C. FAGAN, a man of many plays, is still glued to the gospel that without good works a man's wealth will avail him nothing when he takes flight on golden wings to the celestial region where a Christian is supposed to be held to a strict accountability for his worldly indiscretions.

Mr. Fagan worked his theory into a piece titled "The Great Power," which is now holding forth at the Ritz Theatre, with John T. Doyle doing his best and doing it well to make John Powers, the money mogul, so wicked that it would take a god with a heart as soft as a cream puff to resist the temptation to let him off with anything less than a couple of million years in purgatory.

Mr. Power was as hard as hickory on every man, woman or child that stood between him and whatever goal he aimed at. His ruthlessness sent his wife to an early grave and brought on a feud with a Mr. Wray, his first business partner. Not content with dancing over Wray's grave, Power made war on Wray's descendants. Wray's daughter adopts heroic measures to save her brother from the wrath of the stern Powers, and went to the extreme of leading Power's adopted

son to expect favors that no nice girl would confer on a young man without legal sanction, in order to possess certain incriminating documents.

But darn it if she did not fall in love with the fellow, and shoot her former sweetheart, thus bringing on further complications which called for district attorneys, and questionings and surprises, at the end of which Powers was knocked out as flat as Mike McTigue. Whereupon Mr. Fagan sends his chief character into a trance during which he sees the angels. After his bout with god, Powers becomes a better if not a bigger man, love has its innings and the curtain comes down.

Just another play. —T. J. O'F.

## TWO SHOWINGS OF "IN ABRAHAM'S BOSOM"

The cast of "In Abraham's Bosom" includes Alston Burling, Thomas Mosely, Lillian Gillum, Mitchell Bliss and Harry Harrison. The play will have two showings at the Provincetown Playhouse on Saturday and Sunday, September 22 and 23, before it leaves for Schenectady for a road tour. Cincinnati, Detroit, St. Louis and Kansas City are also on the itinerary.

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## AMUSEMENTS

HUDSON West 44 St. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:30  
"Goin' Home"  
"Vivid and unflaggingly exciting."  
—Alison Smith, World.

CENTURY Thea. Central Pl. W. Mats. Wed. and Sat.  
THE TRIAL OF MARY DUGAN  
CRANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway Events at 8:25 Mats. Wed. & Sat.

SCHWAB and MANDEL'S MUSICAL SMASH  
GOOD NEWS  
with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

SHUBERT Thea. 44 W. of B'way, Rv. 8:30 Mats. Wed., Sat. 2:30  
GUY ROBERTSON MYRTLE HOOPER in a musical romance of Chopin  
WHITE LILACS

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EVERY NEW READER OF THE DAILY WORKER IS A POTENTIAL SOLDIER IN THE COMING BATTLES OF THE WORKERS.

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LITTLE W. 44th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

Martin Beck Thea. 48th & 8th Ave. 8:40 Ma. Sat. Wed. 2:40  
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by Philip Dunning  
Staged by Winchell Smith

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LOUIS KIRSCHENBAUM.

# Fascists Failed to Break Up Red Meets in Astoria; Turn to Bay Ridge

## TAMMANY MEN FAIL; DETERRED BY WORKERS

### Meeting Scheduled for Friday

The Tammany fascists parading under the emblem of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, after turning tail from Astoria, where the Workers (Communist) Party now holds large weekly election meetings, are concentrating their attacks in the Bay Ridge section of Brooklyn, where they are attempting the same strong arm methods to break up Communist open air meetings.

At the corner of 50th St. and 5th Ave. in Brooklyn, the fascists drove up in a large truck marked "V. F. W." as the Communist meeting was being adjourned by Mania Reiss, and attempted to break up the meeting prematurely. Despite their attempts the meeting had a normal finish. Mania Reiss, seeing the crowd of veterans advancing upon the platform, told of the intrepidity of 30 Astoria fascists in beating up four Workers Party speakers.

A worker standing in back of the Communist platform overheard the patrioters plotting a rush on the platform, and when one of their number commented on the size and evident sympathy of the crowd of workers with the speakers, another one said, "Well, aren't we getting paid for it?"

The Tammany affiliation of the Veterans of Foreign Wars was evidenced by their shouting for Al Smith, the candidate of Tammany.

That the fascists, after being whipped by the Communists in Astoria, are trying their luck in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, is seen by the Communist election campaigners as evidence of their determination to try to break up Bay Ridge Communist meetings in the future. Just as, after the Astoria meeting at which the Communist speakers were beaten up large crowds of workers mobilized to resist further fascist attacks, so will the workers mobilize in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn next Friday evening. Many workers whose anger was aroused over the Astoria affair and who participated in the huge meeting there, will travel to Bay Ridge on Friday. The meeting is scheduled to open at 8 o'clock.

## 'DAILY' TO START DRIVE IN JERSEY

The Election Campaign Drive of the Daily Worker for 10,000 new readers will be carried into the state of New Jersey on an extensive scale today, when Louis Siselman, who recently returned from a tour of the middle west for the "Daily," will begin work in New Jersey.

He will go on an extensive itinerary throughout the state for a period of two weeks, visiting such cities as Newark, Bayonne, Cliffside, Elizabeth, Jersey City, Linden, New Brunswick, Passaic, Patterson, Perth Amboy, Freehold, Atlantic City, Plainfield and several others.

The members of the Workers (Communist) Party and sympathizers in the cities which Siselman will visit, have been urged to give Siselman their best cooperation in his campaign to get new readers for the Daily Worker.

All Comrades Meet at **BRONSTEIN'S VEGETARIAN HEALTH RESTAURANT** 558 Claremont Pkway Bronx

MEET YOUR FRIENDS at **Messinger's Vegetarian and Dairy Restaurant** 1763 Southern Blvd., Bronx, N. Y. Right Off 174th St. Subway Station

WE ALL MEET at the **NEW WAY CAFETERIA** 101 WEST 27th STREET NEW YORK

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## Workers Party Activities

Units, branches, nuclei, etc. of the Workers (Communist) Party and the Young Workers (Communist) League in New York City are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

**Party Roll Call.** From September 24 to 31 there will be a roll call of all Party members to fill out the record of activity and attendance at Party meetings which must be turned in at once by all units to the district office. All comrades must be present at unit meetings that week without fail.

**Section 2E.** A meeting will be held of Unit 2E 2F today at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

**Executive Subsection 3E.** The Subsection Executive Committee will hold a meeting tomorrow at 6:15 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

**Section 5.** Section 5 meets today at 154 Watkins St. at 8:20 p. m.

**E. C. of Subsection 3C.** A meeting of the enlarged executive committee of Subsection 3C will take place today at 4:30 p. m. at 101 West 27th Street. All members of the committee and functionaries must be present.

**Night Workers.** The Night workers' union meets today at 3 p. m. at 26 Union Square, 6th floor.

**Unit 5F 3B.** Unit 5F 3B meets Thursday instead of Wednesday this week at 8 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St.

**Morning International Branch.** The comrades of the M. I. Branch are notified that a very important meeting of our unit will take place tomorrow at 10 a. m. sharp at 26 Union Square. A roll call will be taken and the names of the absent comrades will be turned over to the Discipline Committee. Full attendance is expected.—Secretary.

**6F 2B.** A meeting of Unit 6F 2B will be held tomorrow at 101 West 27th St. Election of functionaries to be taken up.

**Unit 6F, Subsection 3D.** The next unit meeting will be an educational talk on our Party Platform. Comrade Stibulski will lead the discussion. The meeting will be held tomorrow at 101 West 27th St. and will begin at 6:15 sharp.

**Williamsburg Y. W. L.** The Williamsburg section of the Y. W. C. L. will hold the following open air meetings this week: Friday: At Grand St. Extension with the following speakers: A. Weinfeld, C. Steckloff, M. Hoffer and D. Davis. Friday: At Hooper St. and So. 3rd St., Brooklyn, with the following speakers: H. Harris, S. Weiss, R. Gordon and M. Geltman. There will be a meeting of the Williamsburg unit of the Y. W. C. L. Thursday, Sept. 20, at 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn (corner Lorimer). All members must be present.

**German Fraction Picnic.** A September picnic will be held Sunday the 23rd in Edenwald for the benefit of the organ "Der Arbeiter," the bi-monthly Communist paper issued by the German Com. and spend a late summer's day in the greens. Plenty to eat and drink. Third Ave. to 123rd St., then Boston Westchester R. R. to Dyer Ave. or subway to 180th Street, then B. W. R. R.

**Organization Conference Section 1.** All unit and subsection organizers of Section 1 will please note that a special organization conference is

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## YANKS GAIN FULL GAME ON ATHLETICS

The New York Yankees took the St. Louis Browns into camp yesterday in a slugging bee, 14-11. While the Athletics took a beating from the Cleveland Indians, 3-2, the Yanks gained a full game and are now leading by two games. Pat Collins, Yankee catcher, hit his first home in a blue moon.

It took Heimach, Johnson, Pipgras and Hoyt, nearly the entire Yankee pitching staff, to keep the Browns from winning. Wiltse started for St. Louis and Blaholder and Storelecki succeeded him in the box.

Walberg and Rommel allowed Cleveland only five hits, but the Athletics still couldn't make it. Miller and Hudin pitched for Cleveland. Tucker hit a homer for the Indians.

The Giants beat Pittsburgh in the tenth inning of a tough battle, but the Cards also won from the Phillies, so the Giants failed to gain in the race. Grimes and Dawson pitched for Pittsburgh; Fred Fitzsimmons for the Giants. Terry's homer in the tenth settled the issue for the Giants.

**YESTERDAY'S RESULTS**

**American League** New York, 14; St. Louis, 11. Cleveland, 3; Philadelphia, 2. Detroit, 8; Washington, 5. No other games scheduled.

**National League** New York, 3; Pittsburgh, 2. St. Louis, 4; Philadelphia, 2. Cincinnati, 5; Brooklyn, 2. Chicago, 8; Boston, 3.

**UNIT 4F, 2B MEETS TODAY.** An industrial meeting of Unit 4F, Sub 2B, will be held today at 6 p. m. at 101 W. 27th St. All members are urged to attend. The meeting was originally scheduled to take place on Tuesday.

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**Hotel & Restaurant Workers Branch of THE AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS** 133 W. 51st St., Phone Circle 7336 Business Meeting Held on the First Monday of the Month One Industry—One Union. Join and Fight the Common Enemy. Office Open from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

**AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS** Bakers' Local 184 Meets last Saturday in the month at 3488 Third Ave. Bronx, N. Y. Ask for Union Label Bread

**BUTCHERS' UNION** Local 174, A.M.C. & B.W. of N.A. Office and Headquarters: Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St., Room 12 Regular meetings every first and third Sunday, 10 A. M. Employment Bureau open every day at 6 P. M.

**COOPERATORS! Patronize the No Tip Colony Barber Shop** Ladies Hair Bobbing a Specialty 665 - 67 ALLERTON AVENUE BRONX, N. Y.

## CALL RALLY FOR JERSEY WORKERS

### Weisbord, Others Speak on New Mill Union

PASSAIC, N. J., Sept. 18.—Passaic textile workers, members of the Passaic local unions of the United Textile Workers that have broken away from that decayed A. F. of L. organization, are called to a mass meeting Friday evening, Sept. 21, at 8 o'clock in the Ukrainian Hall, President Street.

Albert Weisbord, leader of the Passaic strike of 1926 and the present heads of the Passaic local unions will speak to the workers about the National Convention of Textile Mill Committees to be held the next day in New York for the formation of a new national textile workers' union.

Lena Chernenko and George Roscoe, active as leaders in the big Passaic strike, will also speak at the meeting. Sentiment among the workers in this city for the growing movement to build a new textile union, justifies the belief that the meeting will be one of the largest held in a long time.

**Banquet at Brighton Beach.** Saturday, Oct. 13, at 8:30 p. m. a Chinese supper and an interesting

**Dressmakers' Dance.** On October 12, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

**I. L. D. Autumn Revel.** A Proletarian Autumn Revel will be held at 8:30 p. m. under the auspices of the New York section of the International Labor Defense. Prizes will be awarded to participants wearing the oldest and shabbiest clothes.

**Parents' Association.** Parents' Association of P. S. 82, Bronx, will hold an open air meeting tomorrow at 8 p. m. at Cruger and Allerton Aves. Speakers: Ray Ragozin, Lillian Rogers, Harriet Silverman.

**Young Needle Trades Workers.** A mass meeting of all young needle trade workers will take place on tomorrow night after work at the Labor Temple. The working youth conference will be discussed.

**PARIS, Sept. 17.**—It is understood that the French Navy Budget for 1929 will call for the construction of one cruiser, six torpedo boats, seven submarines, and two dispatch boats.

Besides this increase in the French navy, plans have been made for the construction of a large chain of forts along the eastern frontier, in addition to a large increase in the size and equipment of the army.

A taxi driver would appreciate this copy of **THE DAILY WORKER.**

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## Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Labor and fraternal organizations in New York City and vicinity are asked to send notices of their activities to this column. There is no charge. All notices must arrive one day in advance to ensure publication.

**Local 22 T. U. E. L.** Local 22 of the Trade Union Educational League will hold its annual Dance on October 13 at the Park Palace.

**Concert.** Saturday night, September 29 at Town Hall, 113-123 W. 43rd St. a concert will be held for the benefit of Jewish Colonization in the Soviet Union and the new Jewish Soviet territory in Biro Bidjar.

**Dressmakers' Dance.** On October 12, the Dressmakers' Local 22, T. U. E. L. will hold its annual dance at the Park Palace.

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WILLIAM Z. FOSTER



BENJAMIN GITLOW

# Daily Worker

from September 1st to Election Day

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# Daily Worker

Central Organ of the Workers (Communist) Party

Published by NATIONAL DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING ASS'N, Inc., Daily, Except Sunday

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Editor.....ROBERT MINOR  
 Assistant Editor.....W. F. DUNNE

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For President  
**WILLIAM Z. FOSTER**

For Vice-President  
**BENJAMIN GITLOW**



**WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY**

For the Party of the Class Struggle!

For the Workers:

Against the Capitalists!

### Mencken and Smith Grovel Before the Same God

The newest adherents of Wall Street's democratic party circus are those super-sophisticates of the American Mercury, H. L. Mencken and George Jean Nathan. The Mercury editors have achieved eminence and affluence as satirists of the American babble. Their chief customers, however, are the smart-alecky sons and daughters of those whom they hold up to scorn. Proclaiming themselves relentless enemies of mediocrities who strut upon the political stage, they have come forth as supporters of the man in the brown derby, the most palpable fraud in political life, the very personification of all the gutter-snipe, ward-healers of the lumpen proletariat. The choice of the Menckens, the Nathans, as well as the Heywood Browns and all the other limpid liberals is the big chief of the sewer grafters, the building inspection shake-down artists, the license swindlers, the corrupt police, the denizens of the "roaring forties," the confidence men, the professional ball players, the race track touts, proprietors of gambling joints, the pickpockets, the second-story men, the comedians, the bootleggers, the gangsters, the soft-shoe and buck-and-wing dancers, the leaders of jazz bands, the ladies of the evening and their business agents.

As the candidate of the democratic party controlled by the House of Morgan, Al Smith, is the connecting link between the parasitic lowest strata and the parasitic upper strata of American society—the figure-head of a combination that is the class enemy of the useful members of society, the workers and farmers.

This man Smith, with his brown derby in one hand, a cane in the other and an elongated cigar tilted at an angle of thirty degrees, presents a picture that ought to furnish a lively topic for the satirists. But what do the editors of the Mercury say about this low buffoon, this court jester of Wall Street? Mr. Nathan states briefly: "My choice is Smith. At least he is no shuffler and no hypocrite."

Let us examine the fate of the main Smith plank of last year. It was the question of prohibition. Smith was the most audible wet in the whole country. Yet, in his campaign, he is careful to avoid anything that might be interpreted as unwillingness on his part to enforce the Volstead Act. In fact, as far as the main plank of his pre-nomination platform is concerned, his campaign has completely collapsed. Perhaps Mr. Nathan may be able to find another name for this sort of evasiveness, but to us it appears as shuffling and hypocrisy of the most transparent type.

Mr. Mencken is more explicit. But his observations are as banal as those of any of the babbles, the dolts and yokels he scores in the "Americana" column of his Mercury. Says Mencken of Al Smith:

"He is an able man and a very good public official. He has the sort of experience that the presidency needs, and he has the sort of courage and frankness that it needs even more."

After this eulogium, Mencken qualifies his support of the disciple of religious superstition:

"The objection to Al on account of his faith seems to me to be sound. In every religious man there is a screw loose; he is not to be trusted completely. But we must take what we can get. Al as a catholic is plainly superior to the methodists and baptists who now run the country. The superstitions he cherishes at least have some dignity; they are not merely low-down. If we must choose between being governed by the pope, who is a scholar and a gentleman, and the methodist bishops, who are bouncers and ignoramuses, I choose the pope."

A more trivial, inept attempt at political observation would be hard to find. It is identical with the political analysis of the ku klux klan, which claims that the election of Smith means the domination of the nation by the pope of Rome. The difference between the ku kluxers and Mencken is that the kluxers annihilate the strawman they erect, while Mencken embraces it as the best that can be had out of a bad situation, one that forces the avowedly highly cultured, civilized and scholarly Mencken and his crowd to choose between catholic and protestant administrations.

If Mr. Mencken and his followers and admirers would devote even a small portion of their time to investigating politics they would discover that the real power that governs this country, whether the republicans

or democrats are in control, has its seat in Wall Street, not in the vatican at Rome or in the house of a methodist bishop. And even though the ku klux klan, the popes and the bishops as well as the politicians and the Mercury editors claim to have divergent beliefs, in reality they all worship, under different names and forms, the same identical god, the one, universal diety that determines the destiny of them all—CAPITAL.

It is not the pope that will dominate the United States government, in case of the election of Smith, but the identical power that dominates the government of Andrew W. Mellon, Calvin Coolidge and Herbert Hoover—Wall Street, the citadel of the mightiest imperialism the world has ever seen. And this same power influences the pope and the other political puppets in the vatican with the same decisiveness with which it influences the protestants of the world, as well as the eminences of the American Mercury and the lame-duck columnists of the calibre of Heywood Brown. These gentlemen, who profess to be spokesmen of the "intelligent minority," (to resort to the euphemism with which they flatter their bourgeois prejudices) talk much about the achievements of science. Has it ever occurred to them that there is a science known as political economy? That there is a scientific analysis of politics as a reflex of the economic antagonisms of classes?

If these gentlemen ever heard of Marx, Engels, Lenin and other giants of the revolutionary movement, it was only in the most superficial form. With typical bourgeois flippancy and intellectual snobbishness they amuse their masters by devising myths about the labor movement. If they publish a story about labor in their magazine it must be written in the form of the old fashioned yellow back novels containing the exploits of heroes of the wild and woolly west or follow the style of "Old King Brady detective stories," in order to hold the interest of the ladies and gentlemen and scholars who subscribe to the Mercury.

It would be a waste of time to try to convince such people of the scientific accuracy of the Communist criticism of capitalist society, or to talk to them of our program of revolutionary action that will initiate a society wherein ignorance and superstition will be eradicated because the very ground upon which they grow will be destroyed. Such an attempt would only evoke an outburst of hilarity on their part.

The Menckens, the Nathans, the Browns and their followers mock everything except the one god they all worship, the god of capitalism—gold. Before that god the pope and Smith, the methodist bishop and Hoover, Mencken and Billy Sunday all grovel in utter abasement as dogs crawl before the master that kicks them.

### The New Mine Strike in Illinois.

The strike of 2,000 Illinois miners employed by the notorious Peabody Coal Company against the attempt of the operators and the Lewis-Fishwick machine to enforce a wage-cut emphasizes the invincible militancy of the coal diggers. There was a time when the miners would have accepted the decisions of the Lewis machine, but the struggles of the past two years have completely unmasked them as agents of the employers.

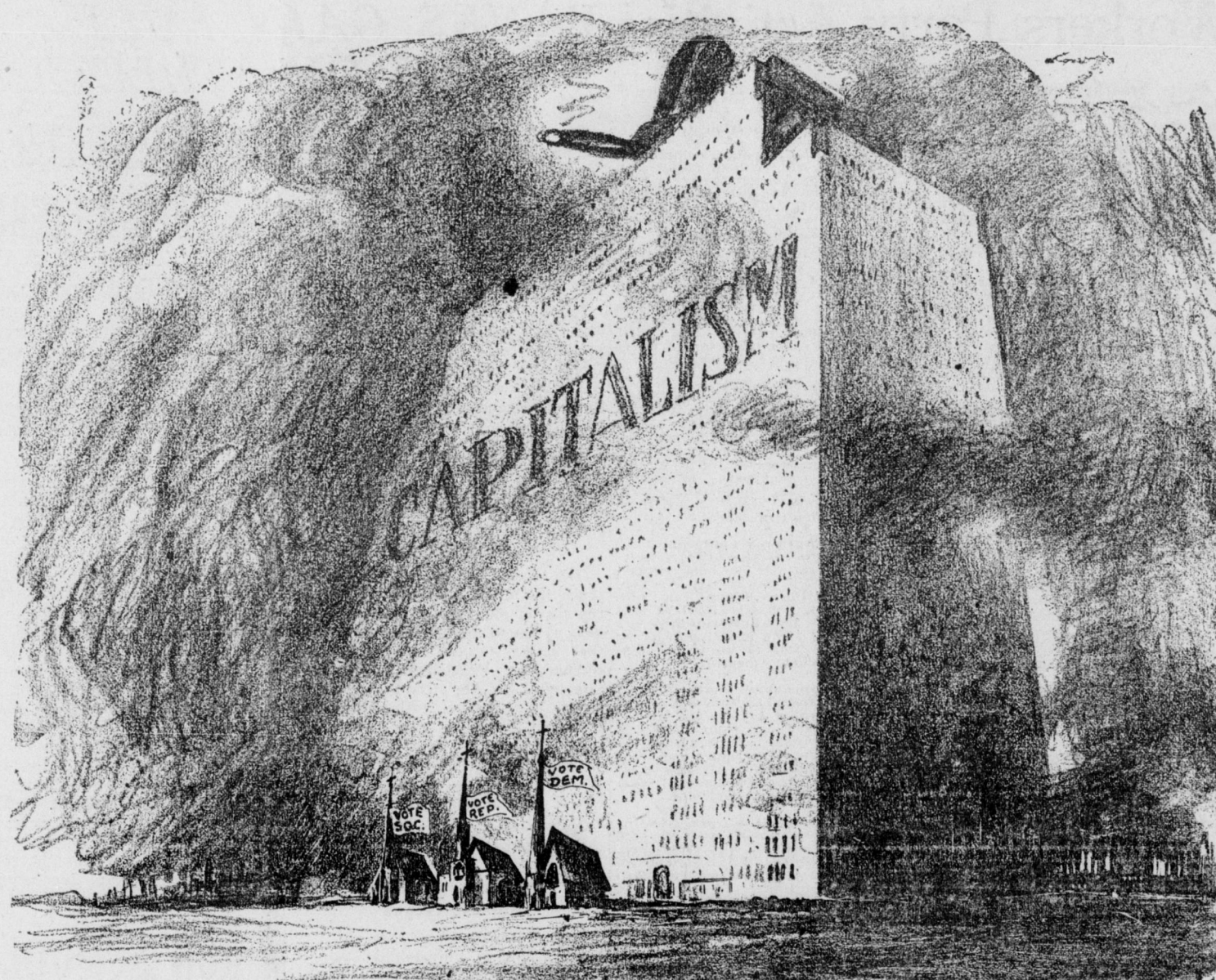
Not only did Lewis, Fishwick & Co. wreck the miners union by endeavoring to remain in control of it after they had been repudiated by a referendum vote of the membership, not only did they aid the employers defeat the miners in the strike in Pennsylvania and Ohio, but at this very moment they are trying to force the miners to accept agreements ratifying their betrayal.

The ex-labor faker and discredited stool-pigeon of the Peabody Coal Corporation, Frank Farrington, praises his successor as president of the Illinois miners, Harry Fishwick, and condemns the new National Miners' Union. It is indeed a tribute to the new union to incur the public denunciation of such a rat as Farrington.

It is to be hoped that the other miners who voted overwhelmingly against accepting the wage cut agreement will follow the example of the Peabody miners. It is not enough, however, to strike against such sell-outs. The Illinois miners should affiliate en masse with the new National Miners' Union in order effectively to conduct a struggle against wage-cuts and for union conditions.

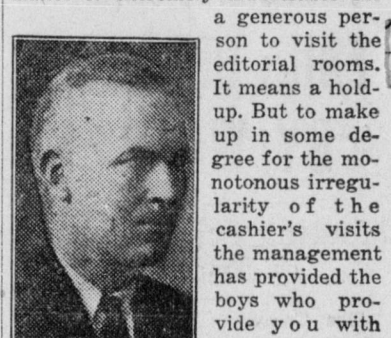
### PIOUS WINDOW DRESSING FOR WALL STREET

By Fred Ellis



### Told You So

THE DAILY WORKER staff does not get paid frequently which makes it extremely inadvisable for



T. J. O'Flaherty a generous person to visit the editorial rooms. It means a hold-up. But to make up in some degree for the monotonous irregularity of the cashier's visits the management has provided the boys who provide you with snappy headlines and the low-down on things of interest to the proletarian home, with as good a view of Union Square as can be had from any vantage point in the United States.

BEING a "visiting fireman" who drops in occasionally to snap out a few paragraphs, I can enjoy the scenery with joy unalloyed by the fact that it is a substitute for a salary. This vista has one drawback however. It breeds wanderlust. This does not mean to imply that the Daily Worker journalists hanker for more luscious assignments but that a wide open space tempts one to see what is on the other side of it.

THIS train of thought is provoked as much by an attractive advertisement that lies before me as by the scenery, and the fact that my brain is somewhat fagged as a result of sitting up until 3 a. m. listening to a spirited and interesting dialectical discussion on the latest attempt to solve the mystery of why people live, at least some of them. The advertisement I speak of is from the office of World Tourists, Inc., 69 Fifth Avenue, New York City. And it gives many reasons why a solvent proletarian should wish to wander.

## The Sixth Red World Congress

By J. LOUIS ENGBAHL

Two major features among others characterize the Sixth World Congress of the Communist International that met nearly two full months—July and August—in Moscow. These are:

First:—The unusual number of important questions placed on the agenda of the congress, all of them receiving careful and detailed attention, including the report on the international situation and the tasks of the Comintern by Comrade Bukharin, the program of the Communist International, the imperialist war danger, colonial question, the economic situation in the U. S. S. R. and the situation in the C. P. S. U.

Second:—Increasing representation from the colonial and semi-colonial countries and the vast American Negro population, with China, Indonesia, India and Latin America, as well as the Negro problem in the United States and Africa being continually in the center of the discussions in the congress.

### Ten Years.

The Sixth Congress assembled after the triumphant celebration of the glorious tenth anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution, and on the eve of the tenth anniversary (March, 1929) of the Comintern itself.

In pointing out that the tasks of the world Communist movement have become extremely complicated, Comrade Bukharin said, in opening the congress, that:

"The decline of capitalism does not follow a straight road. It proceeds along zig-zag lines, through partial improvements of various parts of the capitalist system—through, what we call, partial capitalist stabilization. This created for the Communist movement new and great difficulties. It confronted the Communist International with new problems. It compelled the Communist International as a whole and its parties individually to think and elaborate very intricate tactics of preparation and mobilization of the forces of the working class. It compelled the Communist International to seek in every-day life, on the basis of the development of the contradictions of capitalist stabilization, the means of mobilization of the masses for a new battle, for a new, more sweeping and more destructive blow at capitalism."

### Intricate Problems.

The entire discussion of the whole congress was bent toward solving these intricate problems; the task of this congress "of proletarian revolutionaries." Thus the gathering became a "serious review of the general staffs of the various detachments of the International Communist army."

Unanimous on all the vital questions that came before it, the congress also registered unanimity for the declaration that at present the principal danger in the Comintern comes from the right tendency. This danger is kept alive by the period of stabilization, the survival of parliamentarism, the influence of social-democracy and certain specific peculiarities in trade union activities. This danger, assuming various forms in the different parties, manifested itself in the aspiration to legality at any price, by excessive submission to bourgeois laws, in ignoring the necessity for accentuating the class struggle, in wrong policies toward the social-democracy, insufficient accentuation of the struggle against the "left" social-democracy, in the inadequate internationalization of the parties

### War Danger and Colonial Questions Among Those Taken Up at Communist Meet

as was the case in regard to the Chinese revolution, and in trade union activities where general trade union discipline is frequently considered more important than our Party discipline.

### Score Trotskyism.

The greatest danger to the Comintern came, some time ago, from the so-called ultra-lefts. These endeavored to set up an international organization. The collapse came with the complete rout of the Opposition in the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. It was declared that Trotskyism is a social-democratic tendency. The history of the Lenin Bund has shown that the core of the opposition has migrated to the social-democrats. The dialectics of the relationships between the so-called "ultra-left" and the right could be distinctly seen. After the defeat of the Trotskyist opposition, which represented a bloc of the right and ultra-left, the chief danger is undoubtedly the right wing danger.

The congress showed itself fully aware that the imperialist war danger is growing from month to month. In this connection Comrade Bukharin, in his closing remarks on the tasks of the Comintern, criticized those comrades who "keep internal contradictions in one pocket and external contradictions in another," declaring that this was a reflection of an under-estimation of the war danger. From the objective point of view it is the reflection of the right wing dangers in the Communist International. The principal danger that threatens us is the under-estimation of the war danger. It was pointed out that the various parties do not link up the war danger with other questions in such a way as to subordinate all other tasks to the task of combatting approaching war.

### Fight War Danger.

Thus the struggle against the imperialist war held the center of attention at the congress in the discussion, not only on the general report submitted by Comrade Tom Bell (Great Britain), but also on the supplementary reports of Comrades Schneller (Germany), Garlandi (Italy), Lovestone (United States), and Barbe (France).

### The Eighth Plenum (May, 1927)

of the Comintern, in the midst of the raid on Arcos in Great Britain, the assassination of Voikov in Poland, and the attacks on the Soviet embassies and consulates at Peking and Shanghai, had already thoroughly considered and acted on the war danger. The Sixth Congress, therefore, had behind it a year of struggle against the war danger, and the many valuable experiences resulting therefrom. The congress joined in the international demonstrations against war on the anniversary of the outbreak of the European slaughter, which ended now nearly ten years ago with the armed truce that still suspends the world on another volcano's brink.

### Note Changes.

Against the Imperialist War points out that the changes in the world situation since the Fifth World Congress are characterized by a tremendous intensification of all the contradictions of capitalism, by the

ant epoch of the world revolution, the proletariat is called upon to devote the greatest attention to the experiences and lessons of these wars.

In outlining the struggle of the proletariat in capitalist countries against pacifism, it is emphasized that the most important tool of the imperialists in the disarmament race is social-democracy which spreads among the masses the illusion that genuine disarmament and abolition of war are possible without the overthrow of imperialism.

### Colonial Question.

The Theses on the Colonial Question, presented by Comrade Kuusinen, was based on the Theses of the Second Congress written by Lenin. It was much more detailed and reviewed developments up to the present time. The Sixth Congress declares that the "Principles on the National and Colonial Question" adopted at the Second Congress still have full validity, and still serve as a guiding line for the further work of Communist Parties. Since the time of the Second Congress the actual importance of the colonies, however, has vitally increased as crisis factors in the capitalist world system. All basic questions of the revolutionary movement in the colonies and semi-colonies are immediately bound up with the greatest epoch-making struggle between the capitalist and socialist systems, which are now being fought out on a world scale in the form of the struggle of world imperialism against the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, and within each of the various capitalist countries between the existing bourgeois class regime and the Communist movement.

The Theses reviews in detail the essence of imperialist colonial policy, the various types of colonial countries and the position of the peasantry, the question of the bourgeois-democratic revolution in the most important countries, and sets forth the immediate general tasks of the Communists. Most important features of the theses are its declarations on "decolonization" and its analysis of the bourgeois-democratic revolution. The theses declares that all the talk of the imperialists and their lackeys about the "decolonization" policy of the imperialist powers towards their colonies, about the fostering of their "development in liberty," is nothing else than an imperialist lie. It is extremely important that the Communists, in both the imperialist and colonial countries, shall completely unmask this lie.

### Communist Program.

The phase of the bourgeois-democratic revolution which is at present involved in countries like India and China, with relatively broadly developed class differentiation, and the Union of South Africa, the Philippines, Algeria and Tunisia, and in part of Morocco, where class differentiation is likewise relatively developed, is the phase of transition to the Socialist revolution. The historical meaning of this phase consists precisely in the preparation of the pre-conditions for the proletarian dictatorship of the socialist revolution.

One of the monumental achievements of the congress was the building of the program of the Communist International. This task had been specially referred to the Sixth Congress. The original draft as submitted by Comrades Bukharin and Stalin went through a long pe-

WHERE I would like to go, if I had \$375, is Soviet Russia. As most of you know the anniversary of the Russian Revolution is approaching and thousands of people from all over the world are flocking to the Red Capital of the Soviet Union to witness the celebration of this greatest event in world history! The Soviet Union is worth visiting any time of the year but to be able to take in an anniversary of the Revolution is compensation for a lifetime of misery.

Tom O'Flaherty

riod of the most intense and searching discussion, both in the congress itself, as well as in several commissions. The program is not only a summing up of the experiences of the Russian Revolution and the international labor movement, but is a fighting weapon of the world proletariat. It is emphatic testimony to the growing internationalism of world labor under the Marxist-Leninist banner, convincing proof of the fact that the Communist International has fallen heir to the traditions of the First International, while the Second International, with its insuperable national antagonisms continues to give convincing proof of its bankruptcy. The Program testifies to the Leninist Unity of the Comintern, the international fighting party of the world's proletariat. The world program is the best proof that the Comintern is a world party, the collective will of the vanguard of international labor. One of its treasured contributions is the estimation of the new functions of the social democrats. It also refers to the role of the American Federation of Labor in the regime of the dollar imperialism. The Program says:

"The commercially cynical and secular imperialistic form of subjection to the ideological influence of the bourgeoisie is represented by contemporary 'socialist' reformism. Copying their gospel from the tablets of imperialist politics, their model today is the deliberately anti-socialist and openly counter-revolutionary American Federation of Labor. The 'ideological' dictatorship of the American servile trade union bureaucracy, which in its turn is the expression of the 'ideological' dictatorship of the American dollar, has become, through the medium of British reformism and His Majesty's socialists of the British labor party, the most important composite part of the theory and practice of the whole of international social-democracy and the leaders of the Amsterdam international. Moreover, the leaders of the German and Austrian social-democracy embellish these theories with Marxist phrasology and in this way mask their utter betrayal of Marxism."

Thus from the sixth world congress, an epoch-making event in the forward march to victory of the world's working class, there goes forth the appeal of the closing paragraphs of the world program declaring:

"Communists do not think it necessary to conceal their views and intentions. They openly declare that their goal can be achieved only by the violent overthrow of the present social system.

"Let the dominant class tremble before the Communist revolution. The proletariat has nothing to lose but its chains! It has the whole world to gain!

"Workers of all countries, unite!"