





# Workers' and Peasants' Army Defeats Kuomintang Troops Near Swatow

## REPORT TO RED LABOR MEET ON ORGANIZATIONS

### Stress Need of More Work Among Masses

(Continued from Page One)  
into the class trade union movement the unorganized layers of workers.  
"The strengthening of the work in the revolutionary trade union movement means both the organization of new factory committees and further attention to those already existing.  
Factory Committees.  
"The factory and mill committees, being the basis of industrial unionism are destined to play a decisive role in the struggle of the working class. The factory committees won by the revolutionary trade union movement will be the leading points in the struggle against the trade union bureaucracy.  
"The Unitarian Confederation of Labor in France and the International Federation of Czechoslovakia did not do sufficient work for a number of reasons. The resolutions adopted at the previous congress of the R. I. L. U. were only partly enforced.  
Union Democracy.  
"The Congress must indicate to the International Federation of Unions of Czechoslovakia that it is necessary to grant greater rights to its sections which will make the realization of trade union democracy possible.  
"It is also necessary to liquidate the decentralization and weakness of the rank and file union organizations in the factories of France. The new tide of expulsions of revolutionary workers by the reformists must meet with resolute resistance and the struggle against the expulsions must be conducted as a broad mass campaign."  
Mass Organization.  
In conclusion Gay appealed to the members of the Congress to strengthen their organizational work in the revolutionary trade union movements of all countries.  
Merker, of Germany Speaks.  
(Special Cable to The Daily Worker)  
MOSCOW, March 28. — Reporting on the organizational question at the Fourth World Congress of the Red International of Labor Unions, Merker, of Germany, pointed out the importance of organizing the rank and file trade union apparatus and that the revolutionary trade unions must strive to raise their efforts to the proper level.  
Dealing with the attempts of the reformists to split the labor movement, Merker emphasized the fact that the members of the Red International of Labor Unions did not explain to the masses of workers in a sufficiently systematic way the provocative maneuvers of the reformist trade union bureaucracy and the future necessity of an energetic struggle against the expulsion of militants from the trade unions. Those expelled must demand their readmittance to the trade unions, Merker said.  
Struggle For Unity.  
In conclusion Merker dwelt with the methods of struggle for the unity of the trade union movement and emphasized the necessity of joint action with workers still under the influence of the reformists for a struggle against fascism and for the day of the hands of the working class.  
Dudler, the second reporter on the question of the organizational work of the General Unitarian Coordinated Council of Labor pointed out that the reorganization of the Unitarian trade unions on an industrial basis have been fully effected and that the Confederation is striving for the greatest concentration of its organization to correspond with the growing concentration of capitalism.  
Dudler pointed out the defects of the Confederation's work and pointed out the weakness of a campaign among the unemployed workers and the foreign born workers in France.  
Influence Grows.  
"However in spite of these deficiencies, the Confederation's influence among the masses is steadily growing and the Confederation is leading the economic struggle of the working class. In the future the Confederation must overcome its deficiencies and establish the closest contact with the masses."  
Latin Delegate Speaks.  
Before opening the discussion of the reports, Fernandez on behalf of the Latin American delegation read a declaration refuting Nin's charges that the Red International of Labor Unions was guilty of right wing deviations, that no democracy existed in the Soviet trade unions and that there was a tendency toward the liquidation of the R. I. L. U.  
"The delegation considers these assertions entirely fictitious," Fernandez said, "and emphatically protests against these slanderous attacks. We have been convinced, with our own eyes that the greatest degree of democracy exists in the Soviet Union. The Soviet trade unions are the most reliable bulwark of the R. I. L. U. and have given labor the best examples of international solidarity. The revolutionary labor movement of South America will use all of its force to defend the conquests of the Russian proletariat."

## WALL ST. SHOWS TEETH IN NICARAGUA, GLOVED FIRST IN MEXICO



While Wall Street is employing soft-soap diplomacy in winning concessions for oil magnates in Mexico, it is sending more marines to Nicaragua in an effort to crush the troops under Sandino who are leading the nationalist struggle. Whether the American Empire uses silk gloves or bombing planes, its object—profits for Wall Street—is the same. Photos on right and center show marines leaving for Nicaragua from Norfolk, Va. Photo on left shows Dwight Morrow, U. S. envoy, and former partner in the house of Morgan, and Silas W. Strawn attending meeting of Mexican lawyers.



## JAPANESE FORCE LANDED AS AMOY BOYCOTT SPREADS

### Seize Pickets; American Gunboats Arrive

CANTON, March 28.—The Kuomintang troops in the vicinity of Swatow have suffered a decisive defeat at the hands of worker and peasant troops, according to reports received here.  
Large landowners in the vicinity have been expropriated by the peasants, who have confiscated their lands. Soviet governments have been set up in villages near the city.

AMOY, China, March 28.—Japanese marines seized a number of Chinese pickets, who were enforcing the anti-Japanese boycott today. The pickets were handed over to the Chinese naval authorities for probable execution.  
The anti-Japanese boycott which has been rigidly applied resulted from the arrest of four Korean nationalists by the Japanese consular police at Amoy. The boycott is taking place in spite of all efforts of the Chinese authorities at Amoy to prevent it and a clash between the naval authorities and the pickets is not unlikely.  
With the spread of the boycott against all foreign goods, four American destroyers have arrived here.

## OIL BARONS CASH IN ON NEW EDICT

### Morrow, Morgan Envoy, Negotiates Law

MEXICO CITY, March 28.—A majority of American and other foreign oil companies operating in Mexico prepared today to file applications for concessions confirming their alleged pre-constitutional "rights" in accordance with the new petroleum regulations issued and signed yesterday.  
Failure to file such applications before January 11, 1929, will result in forfeiture of rights. The new legislation not only removes the 50-year time limit on grants, but declares that foreign oil companies are not forced to "conduct themselves as if their operators were Mexican citizens."  
In Shanghai last March, the trade unions participated in and led three insurrections to assist the Nationalist government; now the Kuomintang is dominated by the new militarists and the same struggle is necessary against them. After the collapse of the Wuhan government in July-August, the workers in Kiukiang joined with 20,000 troops who revolted against the counter-revolution, in an insurrection.  
Recently, in December, the workers of Canton together with the peasants and a regiment of troops participated in a rising which held power for three days; this was the result of a long preparation of struggle ever since the coup d'etat of April 15; on April 23 was a general strike; then a campaign against the cancellation of the trade union agreements; on June 23, anniversary of the Shaker massacre, the workers demonstrated under the slogan "Down with Chiang Kai-shek"; on October 14, the seamen's one-day strike was joined by the whole labor movement and a mass meeting was held, after which more than 10,000 workers paraded under red flags to the Seamen's Union Hall, in possession of the reactionaries, which was taken over again at the cost of the lives of four reactionary "Reorganizing Committee" members; all the unions followed this example, driving out the "Reorganizing Committee," demanding the release of their leaders from prison, etc.; this long line of struggles led straight to the uprising in December.  
Peasants Rising.  
The peasants are rising everywhere throughout China. The movement is especially strong in Kwangtung; peasant Soviets rule in Nai-feng, Lu-feng, Hainan Island and several districts in north Kwangtung. Risings are spreading in Hunan and Hupeh; in some districts still being in power although not yet so strongly as in Kwangtung. In one Hupeh district a hundred thousand peasants rose but afterwards were crushed by the military. In western Kiangsi, the peasants rule several districts around Ping-hsiang. Even in Kiangsu risings have taken place in a number of districts. Not only the peasant movements in central and southern China, which are under our influence but also in the north and in the most remote places, have been rising; the recent Big Swords movement in Manchuria is an example.  
The workers cannot tolerate present conditions. The peasants are in the same position. The struggle goes on always. The masses are now following the way shown by the Canton workers on December 11, the seizure of power by the workers and peasants.

## Revolution Spreads Throughout China

(Ed. Note: This is the fourth installment of the report of Sou Chao-jen, chairman of the All-China Federation of Labor, on conditions in China. The report was delivered at the second meeting of the Pan-Pacific Secretariat in Shanghai, February 4, 1928. The DAILY WORKER will publish the report in full because it is an excellent survey of conditions prevailing in China.)  
By SOU CHAO-JEN.

The workers' struggle in China today cannot be confined to purely economic fights; the workers are compelled to rise in armed force to overthrow the militarists and establish their own power.  
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## LABOR DEFENSE RAPS PILSUDSKI

### Demands Release of 56 on Trial at Vilna

(Continued from Page One)  
famous trial. We have cabled Premier Pilsudski, demanding the legalization of the 'Hromada' and other workers' parties and the immediate release of all political prisoners in Poland."  
The cablegram to Premier Pilsudski follows:  
"In the name of 300,000 members of our organization in the United States, we protest against the trial of 56 leaders of the White Russian party 'Hromada' as an attempt to crush the national, political and cultural aspirations of their national minority.  
"We demand legal status for 'Hromada' and the immediate release of all political prisoners in Poland."  
Both cablegrams were signed by the executive committee of the International Labor Defense, James P. Cannon, secretary.

## Report Favorably on Fake Farmers' Relief

WASHINGTON, March 28.—By a vote of 16 to 6 the house committee on agriculture has decided to report favorably the Haugen farm relief bill including the equalization fee plan of handling exports of crop surpluses. The house committee voted down the debenture scheme, based on the protective tariff principle, promoted by the National Grange.

## WASHINGTON, March 28. —

The American government's demands on behalf of the oil barons have been met "satisfactorily" by the Mexican government, the state department announced today. Under Secretary R. E. Olds issued a formal statement saying that the regulations just promulgated by President Calles had removed the "friction of the past ten years."  
The statement follows:  
"The petroleum regulations just promulgated by President Calles constitute executive action which completes the process beginning with the decision made by the judicial branch of the Mexican government on November 17, 1927, and followed by enactment of the new petroleum law by the legislative branch, December 23 last.  
"Together, these steps voluntarily taken by the Mexican government would appear to bring to a practical conclusion the decisions which began ten years ago with reference to the effect of the Mexican constitution and laws upon foreign oil companies.  
"The department of state feels, as does Ambassador Morrow, that such questions, if any, as may hereafter arise, can be settled through the due operation of the Mexican administrative department and the Mexican courts."  
President Calles signed the "regulations" which make possible the practical application of the recent amendments to the petroleum law on Tuesday. The amendments were designed to allow foreign oil companies to increase their operations in Mexico.  
The signing followed long diplomatic conferences between President Calles and Ambassador Morrow, former partner in J. P. Morgan & Company.  
The stocks of oil companies with property in Mexico went up considerably yesterday as a result of the new petroleum regulations.

## HISS PILSUDSKI AT SEJM SESSION

### 7 Left Wing Leaders, Ejected From House

WARSAW, Poland, March 28. — Jeers and hisses which greeted Premier Pilsudski at the opening of the Polish Sejm resulted in the forcible ejection of seven left wing deputies yesterday.  
When Pilsudski entered the chamber, Communist and radical deputies shouted:  
"Down with the terror! Down with fake elections!" Pilsudski violating all parliamentary precedents immediately summoned a patrol of police who dragged out seven left wing leaders.  
The reaction against the dictatorial tactics of Pilsudski resulted in a complete defeat for Vice-Premier Bartel, whom Pilsudski had put forward for speaker. A socialist, Daszynski was elected by a vote of 206 to 132.

## "BILL" HAYWOOD ILL, IS REPORT

MOSCOW, March 28.—William H. Haywood, American Communist and former Chicago leader of the Industrial Workers of the World, who is in the Soviet Union, is in a critical condition today from complications of diabetes and heart weakness.  
Dr. Limcher, who is treating Haywood, said that the attack of diabetes is yielding to treatment, but that increasing heart weakness is causing anxiety.

## Olds Demands Full Hour to Get Replies On Nicaragua Policy

WASHINGTON, March 28.—Undersecretary of State Olds, in the absence of Kellogg on vacation, has ruled that he will answer no questions from the press as to the foreign policy of the United States or the actions of its diplomats and its marines, unless these questions are submitted to him an hour in advance and in writing.

## NEW NICARAGUA "ELECTION" MOVE

MANAGUA, March 28.—The resignations of the entire cabinet of the Diaz government have been forced by President Diaz in order that he may be absolutely "free" to select the two delegates who are to serve on the election board with Major General McCoy.  
Altho there are two members of the board, both of whom will be selected by the president, no decision is valid without the consent of General McCoy.

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## Engine in 1927 Wreck In Second Derailment

Three cars of a six-car passenger train of the Long Island Railroad were derailed near Harold Ave., Long Island City, shortly after 8 a. m. yesterday.  
The derailed engine on the train was in a derailment in March, 1927, in Maspeth and it was attached to the train merely to get it back to New York, according to District Attorney Richard S. Newcombe, of Queens. The crew narrowly escaped death in yesterday's wreck and 22 passengers were hurt.

**5,000,000**  
Unemployed in the U. S. at the present time  
**Organize, Fight Against Unemployment**  
**500,000**  
Leaflets, analyzing the causes for unemployment and telling how the workers must organize to fight it, to be distributed by the WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY this month.  
**50,000**  
ordered and paid for by Chicago District.  
**HOW ABOUT YOU?**  
How many can be distributed by your  
DISTRICT?  
CITY?  
SECTION?  
SUB-SECTION?  
NUCLEUS?  
ORDER FROM  
**WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY**  
43 East 125th Street New York City  
Price \$2.00 per thousand  
**ORDER BLANK**  
WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY,  
43 E. 125th Street, New York City  
Enclosed find \$..... for which please  
send ..... unemployment leaflets to  
NAME .....  
ADDRESS .....

**Tonight!**  
**General Membership Meeting**  
of the  
**UNITED WORKERS CO-OPERATIVE ASS'N**  
at  
**HUNTS POINT PALACE**  
Southern Blvd. and 163rd St.  
Very important matters will be taken up. All members are requested to come.  
**Board of Directors,**  
**United Workers Co-op. Ass'n.**

**Dear Friend, Comrade, Fellow-worker:**  
Tom Mooney, victim of a vicious frame-up, has already spent 12 years in prison. Jim Tully, noted novelist, who has seen him recently, writes: "Those years have eaten at the mind of Mooney, stooping his shoulders. They have carved hollow places beneath his eyes."  
Billings, Neil, Merrick, Barnett, Corbishley—a total of 42 innocent workers are spending years behind prison bars. The International Labor Defense helps to maintain their families. It sends each labor prisoner a monthly check for small comforts like tobacco, candy, shaving cream. But we want to do more.  
The prisoners want books. Hundreds of books. We want you to help us. While with us in the labor movement these men were so busy fighting, organizing, they had but little time to read. Now they want books. From San Quentin, Walla Walla, Leavenworth and other prisons our courageous comrades tell us the books they want. We will not miss a single one of them if you will help us.  
Prison regulations make difficulties. Books can be sent only by an established publisher. For the sake of economy and to avoid duplications we have arranged with a number of publishers to send their books chosen by our comrades in jail.  
Your generous support to the work of the I. L. D. in behalf of labor prisoners will be brought to their attention. We want them to know the workers who have not forgotten. Make your donation today on the blank adjoining.  
**THE INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE**  
*Eugene J. Flynn* National Chairman.  
*J. P. Cannon* National Secretary.  
See the new April issue of the "Labor Defender," the only labor pictorial for letters from Tom Mooney, Billings, Joe Neil, Merrick, Ellis, Roberts and others.

**SEND A BOOK**  
**Defend Labor Prisoners**  
I have not forgotten my courageous comrades behind prison bars. I send them my greetings and I enclose  
\$ .....  
for  
**THE INTERNATIONAL  
LABOR DEFENSE**  
80 EAST 11th STREET,  
NEW YORK, N. Y.  
Name .....  
Street .....  
City .....  
State .....





