

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

# THE DAILY WORKER

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## DISTRICT FIVE MINERS TAKE CONTROL OF UNION

### MURDOCH, TEXTILE STRIKE HEAD, TO SERVE JAIL TERM

Porter, Organizer, 30 Days, 12 Others Fined

BULLETIN.

NEW BEDFORD, May 31.—William T. Murdoch, of the Textile Mills Committee was sentenced to serve three months in prison here, for leading and organizing picket demonstrations of strikers at the mill gates. Porter, another Mills Committee organizer, was sentenced to one month, twelve other strikers arrested were sentenced to pay heavy fines.

The International Labor Defense announced that all the cases would be appealed to higher courts and in the meantime obtain the release of those imprisoned.

BOSTON, May 31.—Just as a widespread relief campaign to aid New Bedford's 43,000 textile strikers is being carried on by the Workers' International Relief, so is a special campaign being organized to keep out of the clutches of "Massachusetts justice," the daily increasing number of strikers arrested on the picketing line. The International Labor Defense, District Boston is calling a conference of labor organizations for this purpose.

The special conference is to be held in Boston Wednesday evening, June 6, at 7 o'clock, at the district office of the International Labor Defense, 113 Dudley St., Room 6, according to the official call issued by Robert Zelms, secretary, which follows in part.

"Since May the 10th, when the first two arrests were made in the big strike of 28,000 textile workers in New Bedford, 20 more militant strikers and strike leaders have been arrested."

(Continued on Page Two)

### HAITI DELEGATE AT CONVENTION

Rosemond Tells of Rule of Wall Street

Among the fraternal delegates to the Workers (Communist) Party convention was Henry Rosemond, first adviser to the Haitian Patriotic Union in America, an organization fighting on behalf of the 2,700,000 workers of the Republic, under the heel of Wall Street oppression for the past 13 years. Rosemond told the convention of the misery and bitter hardships to which the Haitian workers and peasants had been reduced as a result of Wall Street rule. He said in part:

Look to Communists.

"I want to tell you that the Haitian Patriotic Union and the Haitian workers and farmers which we represent feel that the program of the Workers (Communist) Party of America is the only instrument by which the Wall Street oppression of Haiti can be overturned. We know that from the democratic and republican parties we can expect no relief. "Haiti sent her ambassador to France, Therien Guilbeau, to see Woodrow Wilson at the League of Nations. He received no encouragement from Wilson. Three of Haiti's diplomats, Thoby, Sannon and Vincent, officials of the Haitian Patriotic Union, in 1920 reported to Warren Harding the crimes which the American marines had committed in Haiti, and the wholesale despoliation of Haiti by Wall Street tools. Harding did nothing.

"In 1925 Pierre Hudicourt came here to see Calvin Coolidge, as a delegate of the Workers Party of Haiti. Coolidge gave him meaningless words and did nothing.

"The only party now known which will help Haiti and all the oppressed small nations, if it wins the 1928 elections, is the Workers (Communist) Party."

### Youth Of San Francisco To Hold League Festival

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 31.—The Young Workers (Communist) League of this city has arranged a Youth Festival to celebrate the sixth anniversary of the founding of the league.

A program will be presented June 16 at 8 p. m. at Gymnastic Hall, 2460 Sutter St. Part of the proceeds will go for miners' relief.

### To Honor Leader



Thousands of New York workers will honor the memory of the late William D. Haywood, Communist leader, at a huge mass meeting tonight at the Central Opera House, 6th St. near Third Ave. The meeting will be held under the auspices of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party.

### FALL OF PEKING APPEARS LIKELY

Railroad Workers in Kwantung Strike

BULLETIN.

TOKIO, May 31.—With the Nanking forces nearing Peking, Marshal Chang Tso-lin has decided to withdraw to Manchuria, according to information received by the Japanese military headquarters here. Detachments of Chang's troops are already proceeding to Mukden, Manchuria, it is stated.

LONDON, May 31.—The fall of Peking appears imminent today, a dispatch to the Daily Mail from the Chinese capital stated.

The Kuomintang troops have captured Paoting-fu, the key city to Peking, 85 miles to the south. The northerners are reported to be retreating.

Chang Tso-lin's troops are being hemmed in from three sides by the southern war-lords. More than one hundred thousand southern troops are reported to have crossed the Yellow River west of Tsinan-fu. They are now believed to be advancing towards Peking.

The Shansi army which is allied with the Kuomintang, is reported to be similarly advancing towards the city.

(Continued on Page Three)

### HEFLIN IN PAY OF KU KLUXERS

Admissions Made by the Counsel for Klan

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Senator Heflin, democrat of Alabama, was paid by the Ku Klux Klan for speeches delivered in various states, William Zumburn, general counsel for the Klan, testified today before the Senate Presidential Campaign Committee.

Zumburn declared that the Klan had received \$250 for speaking in Ohio, \$250 for speaking in New York State and either \$150 or \$250 for speaking in Iowa. The payments were made by national organizers of the Klan, Zumburn testified.

Numerous meetings had been arranged for Heflin by the Klan, he admitted.

### What Workers Pay For Injunctions; 4 Billion

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The U. S. government will cost about \$3,580,000,000 this year and net a profit of around a half billion dollars, according to estimates prepared at the Treasury Department today.

Directly and indirectly the general public will hand over to the treasury more than \$4,000,000,000 by June 30.

### PAINTER KILLED IN FALL

Commercialized amusement added another life to its already big toll yesterday when Auger Hendrickson, a painter, of 334 53rd St., Brooklyn, fell from a car on the "mile sky chaser" a gravity ride in Luna Park, Coney Island.

## Mobilize Workers for \$100,000 Election Campaign Fund

### "SUPPORT FROM LABOR," SLOGAN; TO TOUR SPEAKERS

"Red Special" to Carry Nominees Trout U. S.

Every section of the American working class will be mobilized in the raising of a \$100,000 fund to conduct the national election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party, declared Alexander Trachtenberg, chairman of the ways and means committee of the National Campaign Committee, yesterday.

"The Workers Party," Trachtenberg said, "has no rich uncles who will help us buy offices in return for fat contracts and other favors. As a working class party, we depend only on the working class for support, financial and political.

Centralization Is Aim.

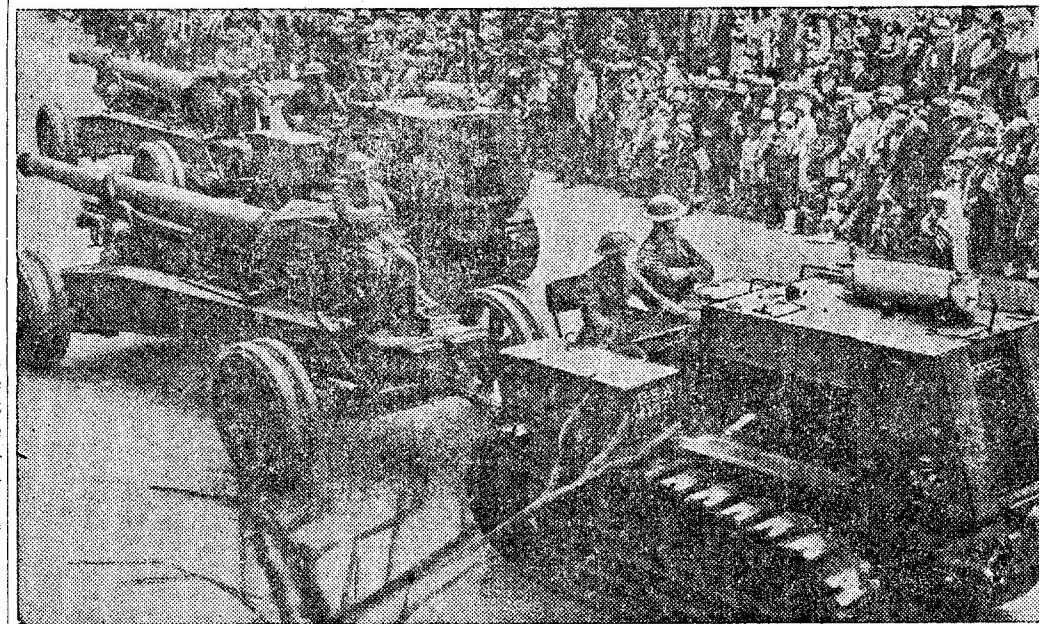
"It is aimed to centralize both the collection and the distribution of all the funds it raises for use in the state and local campaigns.

"There will really be two funds raised: the first to place our Party on the ballot, and the second the actual campaign fund. Our initial appeal will be to the units of the Workers Party and to sympathetic fraternal organizations. But we will rely chiefly for the raising of funds on shop collections, subscription lists and the sale of campaign stamps, certificates and buttons.

"Our presidential and vice presidential candidates, William Z. Foster and Benjamin Gitlow," continued Trachtenberg, "will visit each large city at least once and most of them will be here."

(Continued on Page Two)

### In Memory of Cannon Fodder; in Preparation For More



The latest types of tanks and field guns mounted on tractor-drawn carriages were exhibited to the public in the demonstration of gigantic power which the American militarists made in New York City on Memorial Day. The picture shows tanks and howitzers passing up Riverside Drive.

### BOSSSES GREET PIECE WORK WITH DELIGHT

"Now I see absolutely no difference between the union and non-union markets and open-shop centers will have to look out for the competition from the union shops."

### "DAILY" IS AIDED BY MOTHER JONES

Aged Militant Helps Moving Fund

Mother Jones, veteran of more than half a century of labor struggles, has sent \$1 to help The DAILY WORKER to its new home at 26-28 Union Square. Bedridden in Washington, this grand old fighter for the workers' cause has answered the appeal which The DAILY WORKER has sent out to the workers of this country.

In a letter to the Daily she writes: "Enclosed find \$1 to help you move. Only wish it was one hundred. I have been sick for the last two years and spent four weeks at the Garfield Hospital at \$40 a week.

"How I wish I could see you all. Don't fail to send me The DAILY WORKER. It is one great labor paper."

Mother Jones is now 98 years old. For years she was in the forefront of the struggles of the Western Federation of Miners. Despite her age and ill health, Mother Jones continues to aid the revolutionary movement and the fighting organ of this movement, The DAILY WORKER.

Mother Jones has shown the way. Workers, let her be your guide once more. The DAILY WORKER has no money to move; it has hardly enough to exist on. Send your contributions at once to the office of the Daily, 33 First St., New York City.

### "TRY" COMMUNIST LEADERS IN ITALY

Wholesale Arrests of Militants in Rome

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker). ROME, May 31.—The trial of the leaders of the Italian Communist Party has begun here.

Saporiti has been appointed Court President, while the fascist attorney Inghro will be prosecutor. The trial will be secret and will be barred even to newspapermen. Official reports will be given to the fascist press.

Many Communists have been arrested here in the last few days following a series of raids.

### CHARGES HOOPER SPENDS BIG SUMS

Iowa Field For Huge Expenditures

DES MOINES, Iowa, May 31.—A request that Secretary of the Treasury Andrew Mellon be subpoenaed before a senatorial committee in the anticipated investigation of activities of the "Hoover group" in Iowa was made today by Milo Reno, president of the Iowa Farmers' Union.

Reno also suggested that Governor John Hammill and former Congressman James W. Good, manager of the Hoover campaign, might be able to shed light on "large sums of money" he alleges is being spent throughout the state to further the candidacies of Hoover and Hammill.

Reno's demands were contained in a lengthy telegram to Senator Frederick W. Steiwer, Oregon, chairman of the special committee investigating campaign expenditures.

Only One Balloon Still Aloft in Air Contest

PITTSBURGH, May 31.—The only balloon believed to be still in the air was the army entry No. 1, with W. E. Kepner, pilot. If the balloon manages to outride the storm, it may be headed in a northeast direction, toward Lake Erie and Canada.

Lieutenant Van Orman, one of the pilots, suffered a fractured leg when his balloon fell to earth, it was learned upon examination yesterday.

### CALIFORNIA CLASS PRISONER RELEASED

Beavert Was Convicted Under Criminal Syndicalism Law

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—A slight man of 30 named Jack Beavert has been released from San Quentin Penitentiary. He is sick of mind and body, although he was once a robust lumber-jack of Humboldt county. He probably will be sent to one of the state's hospitals as a permanent ward of California.

He is the last of the 150 political prisoners jailed under the Criminal

### CALIFORNIA CLASS PRISONER RELEASED

Beavert Was Convicted Under Criminal Syndicalism Law

Syndicalism law of California.

BEAVERT has served his full sentence. He steadfastly refused parole. Much of his time has been spent in the hospital and in solitary confinement. Like the rest of the wobblies who served time under the criminal syndicalism law, his only crime was membership in the Industrial Workers of the World.

Not one of the men made felons under the law was accused of an overt act of sabotage or violence.

DURING his stay in San Quentin Penitentiary Beavert continually received funds, together with all the rest of the prisoners convicted for political offenses in the United States, regularly every month, from the International Labor Defense, whose national office is in New York City.

### RADIUM VICTIMS OFFERED PENSION

Frame-Up of Case is Imminent

Continued efforts were being made yesterday to invalidate the cases of the five women suing the United States Radium Corporation for a sum aggregating \$1,250,000, by offering to "settle the matter" out of court.

The chief exponent of these latest moves is Federal Judge William Clark of Newark, who, through a former law association with Raymond H. Berry, counsel for the five women, may be instrumental in making them accept the offer of the radium corporation, which provides them with a scanty pension for the rest of their lives.

Since they have less than a year to live, a saving of more than \$1,000,000 would result for the company.

### MORE CONGRESS WHITEWASHINGS

To "Probe" Oil Leases, Slush Funds

WASHINGTON, May 31.—An all-sunder series of congressional "investigations" was in prospect today despite the adjournment of congress.

Presidential campaign expenditures government oil leases in the Salt Creek fields, the S-4 submarine disaster, senatorial election contests, cotton market conditions, military and naval affairs and activities of Herbert Hoover as food administrator during the war were among the subjects to be investigated this summer by congressional committees. The proposed inquiries will be used ostensibly to gather information for the introduction of legislation at next winter's session.

The senate presidential funds committee will be the busiest for the next few weeks. It has been divided into two sub-committees, one of which will go to Ohio, West Virginia and probably Indiana, and the other to New York. The Ohio group will consist of Senators McMaster (R), of South Dakota, and Barkley (D), of Kentucky. They will leave tonight for Cincinnati.

The other sub-committee, composed of Senators Steiwer (R) of Oregon and Bratton (D) of New Mexico, will investigate campaign expenditures in New York tomorrow. An inquiry into the Iowa primary was under consideration, while a sub-committee may visit California in July.

### DETROIT WORKERS TO HOLD PICNIC

Fine Affair At Loon Lake Sunday

DETROIT, Mich., May 31.—The first annual picnic of the Detroit Workers' Co-operative, an event in the life of the workers of this city, will be held at the Finnish Picnic Grounds, at Loon Lake, Sunday, June 3.

The scene of the picnic is said to be one of the finest in the country. On the grounds are a fine private lake, steam baths, an athletic field and hundreds of acres of woods and playfields.

Dancing, games, swimming, refreshments will feature the day. Speakers in both Finnish and English will tell of the progress of the co-operatives throughout the country.

Directions to the picnic grounds: Go to Grand River thru Novi to Wixom Road, thru Wixom, two miles north to Hickory Hill Club Road and one mile to the right. The grounds are at the extreme end of Loon Lake. Admission is 50c.

### League Members Active In Chicago Celebration

CHICAGO, Ill., May 31.—Every member of the Young Workers (Communist) League in this city is taking an active part in the relief activities for the striking miners. To the sixth anniversary celebration of the league, which will be held June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch Blvd., a group of young miners from the coal fields of southern Illinois has been especially invited.

The attendance at this affair is expected to be greater than that of any league affair ever held here.

### SIDERS, MUNSEY, MYERSCOUGH, ARE THE NEW LEADERS

Plan Big Drive For Organization

(Special to the Daily Worker) PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 30 (By Mail).—A new constitution, doing away with one-man power and placing the government of the United Mine Workers of America once more into the hands of rank and file coal diggers, was adopted by the special convention of District 5 which adjourned last night.

Some of the highlights of the new constitution are the removal of all appointive power, provision for a rank and file grievance committee and the reduction of exorbitant salaries of officers to the prevailing Jacksonville scale of \$7.50 a day. During strikes, however, no salaries will be paid, and only legitimate expenses allowed.

Expose Officials. All measures were carefully discussed by the delegates and many changes made before the document was finally adopted. Special care was taken to make election steals impossible. During the course of the conference, conclusive evidence in the form of affidavits and verbal testimony from delegates present, proved that the present official family are illegally holding their jobs.

All district offices were declared vacant early in the session. Fred Siders, as president "Dad" Isaac Munsey, Negro president of the Avella local, as vice-president, Tom Myerscough, secretary-treasurer and Anthony Celawski as international board member were elected temporary officers of the district until the rank and file could vote for permanent officers.

Call Railroad Workers. Upon request of the Cokesburg local, a resolution calling upon the rank and file of the railroad brotherhood to refuse to haul scab coal, was adopted. Almost every delegate came with instructions to demand a national convention of the United Mine Workers of America and make a reality of the slogan "Lewis Must Go," to change the prevailing policies, to provide for the organization of thousands of unorganized miners into one national union, to establish one agreement.

Bridget Burma, a member of the Children's Strike Club of Burgettstown told the delegates, "The children want to add their voices with yours . . ." Charles Wilson who was sent here by the National Children's Committee for Miners' Relief to bring a thousand dollar donation for relief and promised the support of the children of New York in the great struggle the miners are waging, told the convention, "Our fathers are fighting"

(Continued on Page Two)



# Illinois Miners Begin Real Work of Strengthening Rank and File Union

## VOYZEY, COFFEY, SLINGER ISSUE GENERAL APPEAL

### Organization to Fight For Standards

(Special to the Daily Worker) BELLEVILLE, May 31.—Formal taking over of the actual business of the United Mine Workers' Union District 12, following the recent elimination of the treacherous Lewis-Fishwick machine officials by the rank and file, was announced yesterday in a circular letter sent out to all locals in the district calling upon them to unite behind the new leaders, to stop paying dues to the old corrupt machine and to build the rank and file organization.

The letter signed by Dan H. Slinger newly elected secretary-treasurer and over the signature of George Voyzey, president, and Luke Coffey, vice-president of the union, follows in part:

General Circular.

To the officers and members of all local unions, District No. 12, United Mine Workers of America.

### GREETINGS:

At a special convention held at Belleville, Ill., May 19th and 20th, the offices of Fishwick, president; Sneed, vice-president; Nesbit, secretary-treasurer, and all board members were declared vacant, and new officers elected temporarily, until such time as an election may be held.

You should send your dues which will be 50 (fifty) cents per month, to Dan H. Slinger, secretary-treasurer, Illinois Section, U. M. W. of A., 128A West Main St., Belleville, Ill.

Brothers! The time has now arrived when we must take a determined stand to take control of our organization.

At the present time temporary agreements are being signed at a large reduction in wages thru the introduction of labor-saving machine devices. Men are now receiving \$8.04 for loading coal on conveyors which means a cut in the tonnage rate of at least 50 per cent.

### Appeals to All

Thousands of miners who helped to build the U. M. W. of A. now find themselves thrown out and expelled from the organization they helped to build thru many years of sacrifice. We are appealing to the older miners of our union to take action now before it is too late. A year has passed and gone. We find that the mine workers are in a weaker position to combat the operators in their open-shop drive than ever before, and for this failure to prepare we must hold Lewis and Fishwick responsible. They must be driven out of the United Mine Workers—and control placed in the hands of the rank and file—if we are to retain our organization. The way to proceed is to quit paying dues and assessments to those who have destroyed our organization.

As I write to you word comes from the Ohio Rank and File Convention that they have thrown all of the old officials out and elected new ones to take their place. Forty local unions represented by three hundred delegates have again demonstrated their ability to run the U. M. W. of A. for their best interests.

Indiana too has taken final steps and have elected rank and file members to the offices of president, vice-president and secretary-treasurer and members of the board as well. So you may understand this is not a flare in Illinois only, but a real organization. So into the fight! No cessation! Let us go forward! Nothing but determination should guide us in this fight!

### TRY 4 UNION MOULDERS.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—With the carpenter strike cases out of the way, the new trial has begun of four union moulders charged with assault in a case arising from the bay district strike last year.

## HOW MUCH MONEY ARE PEOPLE WORTH?

### Before the Civil War the Slaves Were Worth Three Billion

By SCOTT NEARING. WHEN economists say that the wealth of the United States is 400 billion dollars they include railroads, factories, monies, houses, theatres, autos, cattle, sheep, hogs, baled cotton, steel ingots, calico, shoes. These things have been produced by labor, working upon natural resources, using tools and machinery.

How about the people of the United States? Economists do not count them as wealth.

Before 1863 the 4,000,000 slaves in the southern part of the United States were counted as wealth—they had a value of about 3,000 million dollars. It is not customary to value "free" people on that basis. Still, people cost money.

Louis I. Dublin, statistician of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company recently wrote a book "Health

## ARRESTS SWELL TEXTILE MILL PICKETING LINE, SAYS MURDOCH

The results of the recently adopted policy of wholesale arrests inaugurated by the police authorities in the New Bedford strike area, where 28,000 textile workers are ending the 7th week of their fight against a wage cut, are described by the leader of the New Bedford Textile Mills Committee, William T. Murdoch, in the following communication received yesterday.

"The attempt of the police to spread terror amongst the members of the New Bedford Textile Workers' Union (affiliated with the Textile Mills Committee) has only succeeded in drawing more and more workers into picket line activity and to build up the morale of the militants. Previous to the arrests there were never more than 200 on any picket line, after the first big demonstration, this being due to the fact that many workers could not be convinced that there was any great danger of the mills being opened and run by scabs.

"The answer of the workers to the arrest of Beal, Murdoch, and the five others on Saturday was a picket line of over 1,000 in the South end and a picket of about 400 at the Nonquit and Whitman in the North. With hundreds of workers singing Solidarity and "Ramboya," a folk song of the Portuguese, the police attempt to frighten the workers had failed.

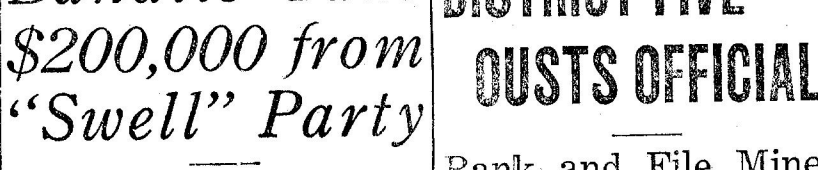
"At the Page mill picket on Monday afternoon the police, led by Sergeant McCarthy, pulled Manuel Bernado, a small boy member of the Strikers' Children's Club, off the picket line and then when the boy returned at the invitation of Murdoch, they took him away in their machine to the station, at the same time making a great fuss around the line in an effort to provoke the workers to resist. When Alphonse Lameiras called to the workers to maintain the line and keep order as usual he was immediately arrested for 'disturbing the peace'.

"When the boy was taken away the police were immediately answered by the workers who had previously been only watching the pickets coming over and joining the line, which was then led by the older sister of the boy who had been pulled off the line, who helped Murdoch lead the singing.

"Later as the pickets marched back to the hall the police arrested Murdoch and three others in another attempt at intimidation. . . . The answer of the New Bedford strikers to the latest action of the police will be more and better pickets.

"The answer of the workers in other centers to the attack must be to redouble their efforts to raise relief. The New Bedford workers are putting up a real fight for labor. Let labor support them in their struggle."

## Will Supply German War Planes in Next War



The picture shows Professor Hugo Junkers, at right, and his family as they arrived in the United States. The German plane manufacturer followed his plane, the Bremen, whose flight across the Atlantic guaranteed the serviceability of his product for the militarists in the next war.

## Bandits Take \$200,000 from "Swell" Party

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 31.—Ten masked bandits early today held up the Roadroom Country Club and robbed 200 guests of jewelry and currency valued at between \$150,000 and \$200,000.

The victims were prominent business and professional men of Indianapolis and their out-of-town guests, here to attend the auto race. The holiday festivities were in full swing when the bandits trooped in like a squad of well-trained soldiers. They were equipped with sub-machine guns, sawed-off shotguns and revolvers.

The guests were ordered to line up against the wall. When a few of the men objected a volley of shots roared over their heads and they quickly fell in line.

With the fashionably-gowned women and men in evening clothes lined along two sides of the spacious ballroom, the bandit leader asked for their attention and gave the following orders: "Drop your money and jewels in the canvas bag that will be passed down the line."

While nine of the bandits stood menacingly with firearms levelled, the tenth bandit went down the line with the canvas bag and took up the "collection." Here and there a woman fainted, but nothing was allowed to interfere with the orderly progress of the robbery.

With the collection completed, the men filed out in military manner, leaped into a large maroon-colored sedan and disappeared in the darkness.

## TAILOR'S BOSSES HAIL PIECE WORK

(Continued from page one) order to catch up to his previous earnings, they say. Beckerman's statement that the new system will help the old workers in the trade is unanimously condemned as hypocritical. Old workers, unable to produce the enormous quantity of work the bosses will sweat out of the tailors at cheap rates, will make it almost impossible for old workers to get jobs.

and Wealth" in which he estimates that in the United States a family with an income of \$60 a week spends about \$10,000 in raising a boy from birth to age 18.

THIS figure includes actual money outlay. It allows nothing for the work or the time that the mother has devoted to the raising of the children.

Dr. Dublin goes on: "The cost of bringing up a child may be looked upon as capital invested which will produce future returns." How much? At age 18, a man who will work all his life as a skilled mechanic will produce over and above his keep, an average of about \$29,000, what Dr. Dublin calls "the present worth of his net future earnings." In other words, each man of 18 years, among skilled mechanics should leave the world \$29,000 richer as a result.

Dr. Dublin then capitalizes this future earning power, allows half as much for the net worth of women as for the net worth of men, and reaches the conclusion that "the total capital value of the present population of the United States is about 1,500 billion dollars.

ALL the tangible property (including real estate) in the United States is worth about 400 billion dollars. The capitalized earning power of the population is about four times as great.

By this application of modern accounting to the life of the American masses, Dr. Dublin has pointed out one vitally important factor for the workers of the U. S. A. When it comes to a show-down—even in money terms,—it is the working masses and not the property owned by the upper classes that is the real economic factor.

of over 1,000 in the South end and a picket of about 400 at the Nonquit and Whitman in the North. With hundreds of workers singing Solidarity and "Ramboya," a folk song of the Portuguese, the police attempt to frighten the workers had failed.

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## DISTRICT FIVE OUSTS OFFICIALS

### Rank and File Miners Take Control

(Continued from page one) the Bigmans in New York, just as you are fighting Lewis. We are going to help as much as we can."

"Brothers," the voice of Charlie Glovak, coal digger from Cokeburg, rang out, "I move that we give the young brother a rising vote of thanks." And the delegates rose in appreciation of the solidarity exhibited by the workers of the future.

George Morn of Bentleyville, who had gone to New York to help raise relief described, with great enthusiasm, the work of the children there.

"All those who do not go back and organize children's clubs," Chairman Anthony Minerich declared, "are not fulfilling their duty to the union."

The role of the young miners, and Negro miners were also stressed. Fred Gianico of Wyano, a fraternal delegate from the newly organized field in Westmoreland county, told how the young miners led hundreds of men, women and children on picket lines. He described how 59 coal diggers, the larger number of who were between 16 and 20, who had been in the front ranks, served three and a half days in the jail. "They said they'd release us if we went back to work—release us without bail or bond," he said, "but we said we'd rather rot in jail."

Negro Miners Active. Isaiah Hawkins, a Negro miner from Fredericktown declared that the Negro youth was discriminated against first in the schools and later in the mines. All the dirty work and slate picking falls to them, he said. "Then they always try to use our boys as spies," Hawkins bitterly said. "If our white union brothers treated them fair and square, they'd be with you, and fighting as well as the best of you."

Four company spies, seated in the visitor's balcony were exposed. "We have nothing to hide," Secretary Myerscough said. "All of our work is done in the open."

"Go back to the operators and tell them that our people are standing together solid," Pat Toohy declared. "Although we are hungry, although we are clubbed on the picket lines, we are still fighting. And we're going to whip the coal company and their agents."

rested. The trial of the first group resulted in stiff jail sentences and heavy fines. Two women pickets—both mothers—received six months and fines. By order of the mill barons, the police are attempting to terrorize the strikers by all possible means. Additional victims are expected as the fight goes on.

"The International Labor Defense has undertaken the defense of those arrested. All forces must be mobilized, or else we are not in a position to carry on successfully the defense of New Bedford strikers. All our members and friends must help and keep the strikers out of jail.

"Your organization is kindly requested to send two delegates to this conference.

"All I. L. D. branches should send two delegates each, one of them may be the Branch Secretary.

"The time is short and the emergency is great. Act immediately. Let your executive committee appoint the delegates if there is no time for full meeting of your organizations. Be sure to send two delegates without fail.

"Send your contribution with your delegates. No contribution is too small nor too big. Act promptly and help to win the strike by keeping our brothers and sisters out of jail."

## IDLE TEXTILE MILLS ECHO TO STRIKE SONGS

### Daily Worker is Vital to Keep Men Singing

The walls of the New Bedford textile mills are built like most New England textile mills of gray fieldstone. Like the walls of a prison they stretch off for blocks, pierced by many windows.

"Nearly every mill is surrounded by a high board or iron-spiked fence. The gates are padlocked for the machinery lies idle. There is no sound in the interiors of these blank buildings, for the starving men and the women who ordinarily keep the machines running and the profits mounting, are standing in picket lines before the gates.

"As they march they sing," said Elsie Pultur, DAILY WORKER agent in District 1, who was telling us the story in the business office of the paper. "And while their singing drives the police patrols frantic it is the most heartening thing in that New England town.

Paper Encourages Strikers. "It is to this line of singing men and women and children that the progressive leaders of the New Bedford strike have been distributing THE DAILY WORKER. It is THE DAILY WORKER which all these days has been encouraging the textile pickets in their struggle. And it is the consciousness that THE DAILY WORKER is fighting on their side which has helped to put spirit into the songs of these strikers.

"But the distribution is invaluable, it is not permanent," Elsie Pultur said. "It is subscriptions which must bring THE DAILY WORKER to the striking textile workers day after day.

Must Subscribe. "If THE DAILY WORKER is to become a daily power in the lives of 30,000 textile strikers, it is necessary that the paper be subscribed to by hundreds of textile workers. It is necessary for them to see the progress of their struggle, and the part which THE DAILY WORKER is taking in their struggle to be made apparent to all the textile strikers in the columns of their only English labor daily.

"It is with the intention of pushing the drive for subscriptions to THE DAILY WORKER that I am returning to New England," Elsie Pultur declared. "The importance of the situation in New Bedford cannot be overstated as the basis of a subscription drive. We are going to put the paper in New Bedford," she concluded.

DEFENSE PARLEY FOR MILL STRIKE

### Call Boston Conference to Fight Jailings

(Continued from Page One) rest. The trial of the first group resulted in stiff jail sentences and heavy fines. Two women pickets—both mothers—received six months and fines. By order of the mill barons, the police are attempting to terrorize the strikers by all possible means. Additional victims are expected as the fight goes on.

"The International Labor Defense has undertaken the defense of those arrested. All forces must be mobilized, or else we are not in a position to carry on successfully the defense of New Bedford strikers. All our members and friends must help and keep the strikers out of jail.

"Your organization is kindly requested to send two delegates to this conference.

"All I. L. D. branches should send two delegates each, one of them may be the Branch Secretary.

"The time is short and the emergency is great. Act immediately. Let your executive committee appoint the delegates if there is no time for full meeting of your organizations. Be sure to send two delegates without fail.

"Send your contribution with your delegates. No contribution is too small nor too big. Act promptly and help to win the strike by keeping our brothers and sisters out of jail."

## Victims of American Tragedy of Exploitation



Edward Cromwell has been liberated from a Connecticut jail. His wife had him arrested when he insisted on their having more children than they could not support the four they have. Nine others had died. The four living help keep themselves alive for folding elastics at 50 cents per gross. Cromwell makes as much as \$20 a week when he can get a job, but that is less and less frequent.

## MOBILIZE FORCES FOR PARTY FUND

### Launch Drive to Get \$100,000 for Campaign

(Continued from page one) visited twice. Tag days will be arranged in each city on every occasion they are visited by the two candidates.

"Funds will be also raised by various speakers, who will be routed through the country and will combine financial with political campaigning. For this purpose a bus, to be known as a "Red Bus," will be hired in each of the election districts to transport the speakers to various parts of the district.

To Charter "Red Special." "Towards the close of the campaign a "Red Special" will be chartered, a railroad train that will carry our two candidates to all the main cities. The "Red Special" will also stop at smaller cities and the candidates will speak from the rear platform. Seats on this train will be sold to Party members and sympathizers.

"Our entire aim in this campaign will be to politicize the raising of funds. We want to establish an inseparable connection in the minds of the workers between contributing to this campaign fund and voting for the candidates of our Party, the only candidates that represent the interests of the American workers."

Widow of Killed Worker Loses Damage Suit

NEW ORLEANS, May 31.—Mrs. L. E. Williams, whose husband was killed during a fight between workers and company thugs at Bogalusa, and who sued the Southern Lumber Company for damages, lost her case when it was sent to the supreme court here, recently.

MEET CUTTERS MAKE GAIN. GALVESTON, Tex.—May 31.—A minimum wage of \$35 is the first gain made by the recently organized local of meat cutters.

## MINERS OUST ALL LEWIS OFFICIALS IN DISTRICT ONE

Scranton, May 31.—Mine workers of district 1, in the anthracite in special convention here yesterday ousted the whole officialdom of the Lewis-Cappellini machine including all members of the district executive board.

In spite of the opposition and treacherous conduct of the Brennan-Harris forces which sought to protect some of their own favored henchmen on the district board, the rank and file under the leadership of the progressives forced out the whole machine.

The maneuver by the Brennan and Harris forces was an attempt to save John Boylan, a member of the District Executive Board of the first inspection district and also Kmetz, member of the fourth inspection district. Brennan and Harris sought to form an alliance with them though they have opposed the special district convention and have continually voted and fought against the rank and file of district one. The opposition to this was led by Hogan and Stanley Edmunds and the left wing forces within the convention.

The resolution was referred back to the resolutions committee which brought in a compromise resolution conceding to the progressive forces within the convention and recommending the removal and ousting of the entire Rinaldo Cappellini machine.

To Elect New Officers. The election of the temporary officers will take place on the first of June when the convention which adjourned for the holiday May 30, will reconvene. The delegates at the convention and the membership of district one are warned to watch the convention and the leaders very closely, especially the Brennan-Harris forces who will do everything in their power to make an alliance with Lewis in order to betray the miners further. Another resolution of importance to the membership which was passed was the resolution that the appointive power of the district office and the district executive board shall be taken away and all organizers and field workers shall be elected by a referendum vote. Also the resolution that in case Lewis fails to recognize the convention, the per-capita tax to the national office shall be cut off until such a time as he does recognize the convention. During the whole convention the local unions exposed the methods used by Cappellini, coal operators and the individual contractors in suppressing the resentment of the rank and file against the wage cutting and the breaking of the contract by the coal operators.

## Prof Says Kale from Power Men Not "Unethical"

WASHINGTON, May 31.— Theodore J. Rayson, an associate professor at the University of Pennsylvania, can see nothing "unethical" in receiving pay from the power trust lobby to speak against government ownership.

Rayson so testified at the federal trade commission power inquiry today.

The professor teaches at the same institution from which Sol Auerbach, 21-year-old instructor in philosophy, was recently fired. "Expressing himself publicly on public questions" was the curious reason offered by the university authorities for his dismissal. Auerbach had given a talk on education in the Soviet Union following a visit with a student delegation.

During the inquiry Rayson who has been on the regular payroll of power interests for propaganda talks against government ownership, attempted to explain his activities by declaring: "I am opposed to government ownership and business and always shall be."

The University of Pennsylvania has not as yet dismissed Rayson.

## HOOVER BEATEN IN PRIMARY

CHARLESTON, W. Va., May 31.—Senator Guy D. Goff, favorite son candidate, and Gov. Al Smith of New York, apparently have won the republican and democratic preference vote in the West Virginia primary with three-fourths of the results tabulated.

Out of 1,800 of the 2,306 precincts, Goff was today leading Secretary of Commerce Hoover by approximately 7,000 votes for the 19 delegates to the republican convention at Kansas City.

Smith's lead over Senator James A. Reed of Missouri was approximately 6,500 in the same precincts for the 16 Democratic delegates.

OPEN SHOP TRACTOR CO. WATERLOO, Ia., May 31.—The John Deere tractor works at Waterloo will hire no worker unless he signs a yellow-dog contract agreeing not to have any relations with trade unions. The Litchfield Co. follows the same policy.

## 100,000 Miners on Strike

## 30,000 Textile Workers on Strike

To Save the Union; For a Victorious Strike; For the Miners' Control of Their Union; Against the Wage Cut; Against the Speed-up; Against Longer Hours

Thousands of requests are being made in every mail for The DAILY WORKER from the Striking Miners. Hundreds of requests are already coming in from the striking Textile Workers.

All expired subscriptions of strikers are still being sent even tho the strikers can not afford to renew their subscriptions.

Every day we are sending 4,000 papers to the mine strike area FREE OF CHARGE. We have begun to send THE DAILY WORKER into the Textile strike area FREE OF CHARGE.

Our Resources Are Limited—We Cannot Afford It Any Longer Help us keep up the work—Help us to increase the circulation Help the Striking Miners—Help the Striking Textile Workers Send to the Daily Worker a free subscription to the strikers.

Send THE DAILY WORKER into the strike areas.

Thousands more WANT THE DAILY WORKER. Thousands more LIKE THE DAILY WORKER. Thousands more NEED THE DAILY WORKER.

Send a subscription to the Strikers.

---

### THE DAILY WORKER

33 FIRST STREET, New York City

Enclosed find \$..... to help you send the Daily Worker to the striking areas for ..... months.

RATES	
\$6.00	12 months
\$3.50	6 months
\$2.00	3 months
\$1.50	2 months
\$1.00	1 month

Name .....

Address .....

City .....



# Engineer in Donetz Plot Murdered Workers; Disregarded Safety Measures

## RECEIVED SUMS OF MONEY FROM WHITE GUARDS

### Carried On Propaganda Against U. S. S. R.

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker). MOSCOW, May 31.—Under cross-examination, Nashvotchnikov, one of the technicians accused of participating in the Donetz sabotage conspiracy to wreck the coal industry of the Soviet Union, broke down and admitted that he had received sums of money regularly from the counter-revolutionary organization.

Donetz miners testified that Nashvotchnikov had mistreated workers and had intrigued against engineers who were loyal to the Soviet Union in order to bring about their dismissal.

#### Incites Workers.

A Communist specialist proved that Nashvotchnikov had deliberately neglected safety measures as a result of which many workers were injured and one killed. He proved that the accused had attempted to incite workers against the Soviet Union and against Jewish employees.

Lifschitz, an engineer, testified that the conspirators had deliberately sabotaged technical decisions. He declared that Nashvotchnikov had deliberately left a mine cable un-insulated, as a result of which many deaths had been caused.

#### Abused Prisoners.

Workers employed in the mine testified that Nashvotchnikov had been a member of Czarist organizations during the Civil War and had abused Red Guards captured in the fighting.

Vassilyev, another accused technician, denied the charges leveled against him and declared that he had been a former revolutionist. Krylenko, prosecuting attorney, proved that Vassilyev formerly led a White Guardist band. Numerous witnesses testified that Vassilyev was a counter-revolutionary.

## CONTINUE STRIKE IN ARGENTINA

### General Tie-Up is Rumored

BUENOS AYRES, May 31.—That a general strike involving all workers in Bahia Blanca, southern Argentine seaport of Argentina, may be called within the next forty-eight hours, is the tenor of despatches reaching this city from Bahia Blanca.

Sympathy for the striking longshoremen is reported to be intense throughout the small port and it is considered probable that other trades will follow the harbor workers out within the next few days.

Following the wave of strike sentiment which resulted in the Rosario and Santa Fe tie-ups, the walkout of the Bahia Blanca harbor workers is arousing widespread interest among workers throughout the Argentine. The spirit of the men is excellent, according to leaders of the strike.

Merchants beseeching the local authorities to end the tie-up by which they are losing large sums of money, have urged the use of repressive tactics, it is reported, but the picket lines are holding firm in the face of the police provocation.

## POLICE ALLOW KLAN MEETING

### Warren's Statement Last Week Proved False

Although the Citizens' Memorial Association of Queens failed to make its appearance in the Memorial Day parade the Ku Klux Klan organization of 100 percent jingoes held a public meeting, when 500 members gathered yesterday on an open lot near an excavation between Queens Blvd. and Jamaica Ave. Most of the klansmen were in civilian clothes, although a branch of the organization, the Empire State Rangers Inc. of Hempstead, L. I., were wearing military uniforms and carried clubs.

In spite of the bombastic utterances of Police Commissioner Warren a few days before the parade, when he insisted that the Klan would be forcibly routed and every member arrested if it made its appearance, the police did nothing yesterday except gape foolishly at the antics of the Klan members, who burned a fifty-foot cross in their usual manner. The passiveness of the police is a true indication that Warren delivered his long harangue against the Ku Klux Klan in an effort to gain votes for Tammany's candidates, especially for Al Smith. The police were probably given orders to see that nothing would be done to disturb the jingo demonstration.

## Delegates to Central Asia Women's Conference



The picture shows types of the Buryat-Mongolian women delegates to the Women's Conference of the Soviet Union in Central Asia. Scores of women of all nationalities attended the conference.

## FALL OF PEKING APPEARS LIKELY

### Railroad Workers in Kwantung Strike

(Continued from page one) Chinese capital by way of Paoting-fu on the right flank of the northern defense.

Meanwhile Marshal Feng Yuhsiang, another Kuomintang ally, is leading his army forward between Paoting-fu and Hokien-fu.

The northern war-lords are intermittently putting up stubborn resistance and many sharp clashes have occurred. But the combined southern forces appears to be overcoming all resistance by its continued attack from three sides.

(Special to the Daily Worker)

VANCOUVER, May 31.—Workers on three railways in the province of Kwangtung (of which Canton is the capital city) have gone on strike for a wage increase, according to a report received here by the Canada Morning News, left wing Chinese newspaper. The News interprets the strike as a protest against the rule of General Li Chai-sum as well as an industrial walk-out.

Increasing activity of worker-peasant troops is reported in northern Kwantung.

## PLAN MORE TALK ON WATER POWER

### To Take it Up When Congress Opens

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Three big questions—water power, farm relief and "governmental economy"—are already named by congressional leaders as the prime issues of the next session in December. In the recent session congress functioned more openly in the interest of big business than any other congress since the war.

With echoes of the first session of the 70th congress dying away today, plans were under way to bring these issues to the fore regardless of the presidential campaign.

The widespread ramifications of the power lobby as revealed by the federal trade commission along with the Boulder Canyon Dam bill have combined to make power the outstanding issue.

Increasing pressure for retention of some of the remaining great water-power sites in the nation has followed in the wake of the Muscle Shoals and Boulder Canyon Dam projects. When congress meets in December, a report will be on hand for \$15,000,000 development at Umatic Rapids on the Columbia River in the same manner as is proposed at Boulder Canyon on the Colorado.

Backers of the McNary-Haugen farm relief bill announced that the measure would be introduced on the first day of the next session, and that the fight would run its full course again. Passage of the bill over a veto is now the goal in this fight.

## 25 Overcome By Carbon Monoxide Gas in Theatre

ADDISON, N. Y., May 31.—Of 25 persons overcome by carbon monoxide gas in the Star Theatre late last night, several are still in a serious condition. A faulty exhaust pipe from an engine recently installed in the basement is blamed. Children, feeling dizzy, sought outside air, and fell, overcome. A physician recognized the danger and ordered the house cleared.

#### MUNICIPAL WATER WORKS.

ST. LOUIS, May 31.—The municipally owned waterworks showed a net profit of \$358,507 for the year ending April 10. Total receipts were \$8,739,174.32.

## FASCISTS MURDER THREE IN JAPAN

### Demand Immediate Trial of Murderers

TOKIO, (By Mail).—The murder of the three municipal members of the prefecture of Yakayama by fascists has caused a great sensation in the press. Public opinion is in a state of great excitement.

The "Japan Times" declares that the murder of the three members of the opposition party "is the most serious political crime of recent years" and demands that the guilty persons be arrested and handed over to a summary court martial.

#### Less Methanol in April

WASHINGTON, May 31.—April production of crude methanol, based on reports by the entire industry to the Department of Commerce, was 610,253 gallons, as compared with 657,460 gallons in March and 666,638 gallons in April, 1927.

## Defenders of THE DAILY WORKER

- |  |       |
|--|-------|
| B. Groocman, Boston, Mass. ....                            | 25    |
| H. Karp, Boston, Mass. ....                                | 25    |
| N. Gardenberg, Boston, Mass. ....                          | 50    |
| H. Matson, Los Angeles, Cal. ....                          | 50    |
| L. Rubak, Los Angeles, Cal. ....                           | 25    |
| S. Alfanso, Los Angeles, Cal. ....                         | 25    |
| R. Calberg, Los Angeles, Cal. ....                         | 50    |
| J. Janes, Los Angeles, Cal. ....                           | 25    |
| A. Bacarian, Los Angeles, Cal. ....                        | 50    |
| A. Pelrasen, Los Angeles, Cal. ....                        | 25    |
| L. Arsenlian, Los Angeles, Cal. ....                       | 50    |
| M. Megluniar, Los Angeles, Cal. ....                       | 1.00  |
| A. Weitsucro, N. Y. C. ....                                | 1.00  |
| W. Rizer, N. Y. C. ....                                    | 50    |
| D. Raith, N. Y. C. ....                                    | 25    |
| S. Ellenbogen, N. Y. C. ....                               | 25    |
| L. Zohad, N. Y. C. ....                                    | 50    |
| M. Brunaner, N. Y. C. ....                                 | 50    |
| V. K. N. Y. C. ....  | 50    |
| Miss Lovnyer, N. Y. C. ....                                | 25    |
| S. Gaster, San Bernardino, Cal. ....                       | 2.00  |
| T. Coman, San Bernardino, Cal. ....                        | 1.00  |
| M. Babb, San Bernardino, Cal. ....                         | 2.00  |
| J. Weintraub, San Bernardino, Cal. ....                    | 1.00  |
| H. Kettering, San Bernardino, Cal. ....                    | 5.00  |
| E. Partlaw, San Bernardino, Cal. ....                      | 3.00  |
| A. Edwards, Rochester, Minn. ....                          | 1.00  |
| J. Guralchick, Rochester, Minn. ....                       | 25    |
| F. O. Myers, Rochester, Minn. ....                         | 50    |
| W. Haemlik, Rochester, Minn. ....                          | 50    |
| G. F. Partridge, Rochester, Minn. ....                     | 50    |
| J. Smith, Rochester, Minn. ....                            | 25    |
| S. Pranius, Rochester, Minn. ....                          | 50    |
| C. Juska, Rochester, Minn. ....                            | 25    |
| R. Wasko, N. Y. C. ....                                    | 1.00  |
| S. Ynajlov, N. Y. C. ....                                  | 1.00  |
| A. Butchko, N. Y. C. ....                                  | 50    |
| Z. Lojko, N. Y. C. ....                                    | 2.00  |
| F. Haceson, N. Y. C. ....                                  | 50    |
| W. Soraka, N. Y. C. ....                                   | 25    |
| T. Mitnevich, N. Y. C. ....                                | 1.00  |
| T. Hessen, N. Y. C. ....                                   | 50    |
| L. Beck, Nue. 32, Los Angeles. ....                        | 3.75  |
| L. Brooks-P. Yefimenko, Los Angeles, Cal. ....             | 1.00  |
| W. Urdang, Los Angeles, Cal. ....                          | 2.00  |
| S. Woolis, Nue. 24, Los Angeles. ....                      | 6.50  |
| M. Gorman, Detroit, Mich. ....                             | 8.00  |
| Siegel Family, Ontario, Cal. ....                          | 1.00  |
| C. Gutmann, Omaha, Nebr. ....                              | 2.00  |
| H. Scott, Cincinnati, O. ....                              | 2.00  |
| L. Pyles, N. Y. C. ....                                    | 2.00  |
| Mrs. J. F. Heger, Dayton, O. ....                          | 5.00  |
| M. Mangol, Bklyn, N. Y. ....                               | 3.50  |
| S. Pikos, Hinhenville, O. ....                             | 6.50  |
| A. Gerling, Madrid, Iowa. ....                             | 1.50  |
| J. Feduk, Philadelphia, Pa. ....                           | 50    |
| H. T. Ahrens, Spokane, Wash. ....                          | 10.00 |
| L. Vinea, Masury, O. ....                                  | 1.00  |
| K. J. Malstrom, South Bend, Ind. ....                      | 2.00  |
| Daily Worker Chapel, N. Y. C. ....                         | 5.00  |
| J. Kontaing, Chicago, Ill. ....                            | 10.00 |
| E. M. Leete, N. Y. C. ....                                 | 1.00  |
| Nue. 8, Sec. 3, Chicago, Ill. ....                         | 2.00  |
| B. Peterson, Rock Island, Ill. ....                        | 1.00  |
| T. Kozel, Greenwood, Wis. ....                             | 50    |
| Julius Thery, Coello, Ill. ....                            | 4.00  |
| Lithuanian Working Women's Al- hance, Brooklyn, N. Y. .... | 10.00 |
| M. I. Takata, Seattle, Wash. ....                          | 3.00  |
| Ed. Hirsch, Cincinnati, Ohio. ....                         | 2.00  |
| Pat McNicholas, Brooklyn, N. Y. ....                       | 2.00  |
| A. Devunich, Chicago, Ill. ....                            | 1.00  |
| Chas. Rabbitt, Naperville, Ill. ....                       | 5.00  |
| Cherry Workers Club, Sherwood Minn. ....                   | 10.00 |

## TWO ARE KILLED IN SERB PROTEST AGAINST FASCISM

### Belgrade Police Shoot Down Demonstrators

VIENNA, May 31.—Belgrade witnessed terrific anti-Italian rioting in which at least two persons were killed and 69 others, including nine policemen, were seriously wounded, said advices from that city today. Hundreds were slightly hurt. "Sixty" arrests were made. Streets were barricaded and gun battles between rioters and police raged in several parts of the city.

#### Shops Wrecked.

The inner quarter of the city was like a battlefield. Many shops and cafes were demolished and the furniture carried into the streets for the erection of barricades.

The population is embittered against the government for signing a treaty with Italy, and the police because of their passive attitude in the face of the note presented by Italian minister Bodrero demanding satisfaction and damages without mentioning the anti-Jugoslav demonstrations in Italy.

Anti-Fascist demonstrations have been in progress throughout Dalmatia for several days. It is reported that 25 Italian shops were wrecked at Spalato. Italian shipping offices were destroyed and Italian vessels in the harbor plundered.

Fifty persons were arrested at Zagreb where thousands of persons paraded the main street shouting "Down with Italy" and "Down with Fascism" and "Death to Mussolini."

Police fired upon the demonstrators wounding many.

The Jugoslavian cabinet is holding special sessions at frequent intervals, but so far no official statement has been made as to future policy.

Anger between Yugoslavia and Italy dates back many years to the struggle for Fiume. For a time it was allayed. When Italy encoached on Albania and Dalmatia, it flamed up again.

## BRITISH COTTON STRIKE 16,000 Locked Out; Dispute May Spread

MANCHESTER, May 31.—Following a complete break-down in negotiations, cotton mills in Nelson locked out 16,000 workers. The lockout may affect the entire cotton industry.

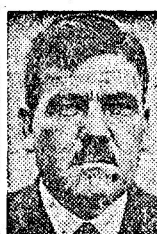
Workers in the huge mills of the Ace Spinning Plants threaten to go on strike unless a woman worker employed in the weaving department is reinstated within a week. She was dismissed without cause.

The dispute in the Nelson mills started in the Schoefeld mills when the workers went on strike to protest against the dismissal of a weaver. The manufacturers issued an ultimatum ordering workers to return to work before May 24th. A general lockout followed the refusal of the workers to end their strike.

## TO JAIL MEXICAN CHIEF OF STAFF

### Gen. Alvarez Charged With Smuggling

MEXICO CITY, May 31.—General Jose Alvarez, former chief of staff of the Mexican Army, has been dismissed from his post and jailed for smuggling large shipments of silks into the country by the use of President Calles' signature.



Pres. Calles

In explaining the dismissal, Calles declared, "to my great surprise and undoubtedly to that of the country, one of the highest officials of the state and a prominent member of the army, General Jose Alvarez, chief of my general staff, who enjoyed my friendship and confidence, has betrayed the most fundamental principles of honor and morality not merely by directing the introduction of large shipments of contraband goods but also by using my name in telegraphic orders to protect the contraband and to insure him-

Are you a "DAILY WORKER" worker daily?

## Songs of the Revolution

"... Then sing a rebel song; as we proudly sweep along ..."

A compilation of revolutionary songs, including recently translated German, French and Russian hymns of Labor.

### Only Five Cents

Please include postage with every cash order.

WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS, 39 East 125th St. New York City.

## BELA KUN AIDE IS RELEASED BY SEIPEL REGIME

### Hungarian Communist to Stay in Vienna

(Special Cable to the Daily Worker).

VIENNA, May 31.—Luttatch, a Commissar in the Hungarian Soviet Republic, who was jailed here several days after the imprisonment of Bela Kun, has been released on the promise that he does not leave Vienna.

Telegrams from virtually every country in the world have reached Chancellor Seipel demanding the release of Bela Kun. What action the Austrian Government intends to take on the Hungarian request for the extradition of Kun is yet unknown.

## DEMAND ROSARIO POLICE HEAD GO

### Official Is an Enemy of the Workers

BUENOS AYRES, May 31.—A general house cleaning in the police department of Rosario is being demanded by the workers, according to reports from the city.

Under the direction of the local Industrial Union, the workers have sent a letter to the provincial capital, demanding the removal of the chief of police for his activities against workers during the recent general strike. A number of deaths and serious wounding resulted from the attacks which the Rosario police made upon picket lines and demonstration in the course of the strike.

Several other police officials are also resented by the workers.

#### "BLOODY MARIE" ILL.

VIENNA, May 31.—Queen Marie of Roumania, is reported seriously ill in the royal palace at Bucharest, said a dispatch from Bucharest today. Several physicians are in attendance.

## Open for Sixth Summer Season

WORKERS CO-OPERATIVE

## Camp Nitgedaiget

BEACON, N. Y.

## Opening Celebration Saturday, June 2nd

Register for tents or new bungalows at

69 — 5th AVE. Tel. Algonquin 6900.

or in the

COLONY, 2700 BRONX PARK E.

[Trains leave to Beacon from Grand Central every hour. Boat leaves to Newburgh 9 o'clock in the morning.]

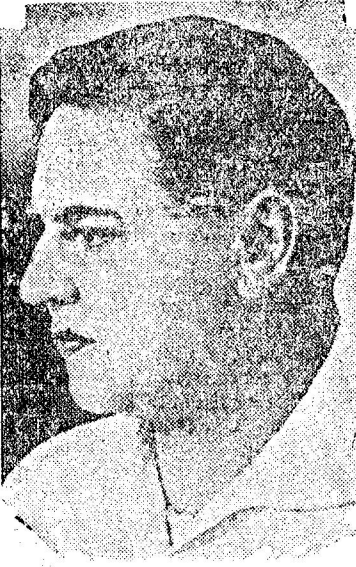
## Honor the Memory of

"Big Bill"

## Haywood

TONIGHT,

at 8 P. M.



Fighter and Revolutionist

## CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE

67th St. and 3rd Ave.

Prominent Speakers.

AUSPICES: WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY, DIST. 2.

Admission 25 Cents.

#### TO ALL OUR READERS:

## PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTIZERS

Do not forget at all times to mention that you are a reader of The DAILY WORKER. Fill out this coupon stating where you buy your clothes, furnishings, etc.

Name of business place .....

Address .....

Your name .....

Address .....

Mail to

## DAILY WORKER

33 FIRST STREET

NEW YORK CITY



# NEW BEDFORD STRIKER, FRATERNAL DELEGATE, STIRRED BY WORKERS PARTY CONVENTION

(By a Worker Correspondent)  
 NEW BEDFORD, Mass. (By mail).—I want to tell you that I saw the parade on the first of May demonstrating for the working class. And I appreciated it deeply. I love to see any movement that has anything to do with the working class.

I never in my life felt so much joy as on the 25th and 26th of May when I sat on the platform as a representative of the Textile Mill Committee and was nominated as a fraternal delegate to the National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party in New York City.

I then had a chance to see with my own eyes what I never expected to see so soon, a National Nominating Convention of the Workers (Communist) Party in 1928. Forward, comrades, to our victory! That convention will remain in the history of the working class.

Comrades, I am asking you a favor. As I am a striker I cannot afford to have some of the objects I would like to have. When I was in New York I saw a book I would very much like to have. It was the Red Cartoon Book of 1927.

# 3,000 Cantaloupe Pickers Win California Strike, Correspondent Writes

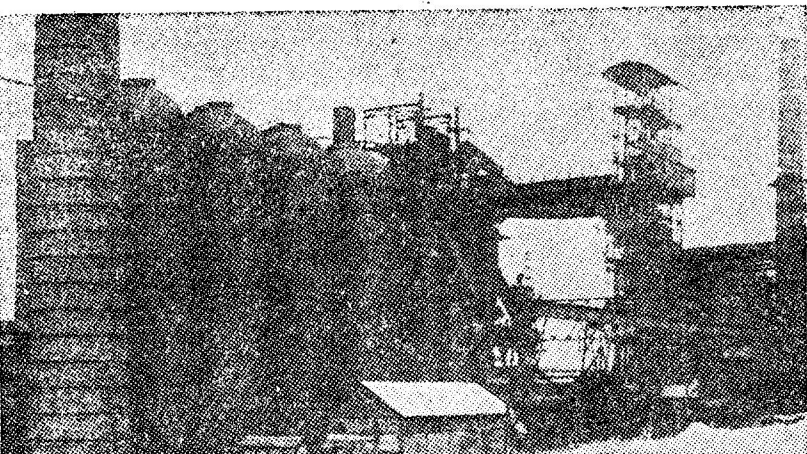
## FORCE BOSSES TO CEDE WITH CROP READY TO SPOIL

### Women Beaten, Workers Jailed By Sheriff

(By a Worker Correspondent)  
 LOS ANGELES, Cal. (By Mail).—The Mexican cantaloupe pickers in Imperial Valley have won their strike. The Miller company was the first to grant the strikers' demands. The Gerard company came next. The rest were forced into line or faced ruin. Cantaloupes must be picked at the right time and 28,000 acres is a large area to cover. More than 17,000 cars of cantaloupes were shipped out of the valley last year. The crop will probably be about the same this season. On May 16 shipments were "nearing the 200-cars-a-day mark," according to the Brawley News. The strike was partly on at that time. Less than 2,500 cars have been shipped out to date so it is a long way to get yet to reach 17,000.

Imperial Valley also has 5,400 acres in watermelons. Last year's crop amounted to 3,544 cars. The pick of the season is June 10. So the bosses are risking millions if they get into trouble with the workers again. The Brawley News expressed fear along that line recently—editorially at that. Other important crops in the valley are cotton and hay. The low wages and rates in the cotton fields have been a disgrace to California and every other cotton-producing state in the union. Cotton must be picked and hay cut at the right time also. So the workers hold the whip-hand in these fields as well—soon as they become conscious of their power through organization and solidarity.

## Heavy Industry with Workers in Control



The towering steel furnaces of the "Tomski" steel and iron mills are shown in the picture. Unlike the slave-driving mills of the United States Steel Corporation where American workers are hounded to labor under indescribable conditions, the workers of the "Tomski" factory control their own shop. The "Tomski" mill is named for the leader of the trade unions of the U. S. S. R.

Mexican Labor Union. The next day May 16, Hernandez appeared before Justice I. Mayfield, entered a plea of guilty to having disturbed the peace, and he received a six-months' suspended sentence on the motion of the district attorney. More than 30 workers refused to plead guilty and received suspended sentences—fear of the crime record and possible deportation that might follow in the future.

The habeas corpus application filed by Alfred Blaisdell, attorney for Hermolao Torres, Mexican vice-consul, demanded the release of said five workers on the ground of illegal imprisonment, excessive bail and trial date, June 5, unreasonably delayed Justice Griffin of Brawley fixed the excessive bail. The four whose bail was reduced were: Juan Barvelo, David Lopez, Panfilo Moreno and Joe Diaz. Being unable to make the reduced bail, they were sent back to jail. Release would have absolved the men from guilt and returned them to the standing they had before arrested by Sheriff Gillett.

The Mexican government became interested in this case through a protest by the strikers to the Mexican consul-general in the United States.

"Lawlessness Regular." "Everything we have done is regular," District Attorney Heald said, intimating that no argument as to illegality could be proven in court of law.

"The strong arm method of preventing meetings of any kind, and of demanding that workers either work or get out, has had its effect," Sheriff Charles L. Gillett declared, according to the Brawley News on or about May 14, 1928. (Emphasis the writer's).

The Hereafter in the Strike. An editorial in the Brawley News, May 14, reads, in part, as follows: "Prepare for the future. For the time being the Mexican labor situation seems to have been clarified, although there are not wanting rumors that new troubles will occur in the heart of the season. Had the strike been staged two weeks later, when the laborers were fortified with what is to them abundant money in their pockets, doubtless it would have been necessary to call upon white labor for the field work."

After hinting at the possibility of using members of a "superior" race whites, to scab on workers belonging to an "inferior" ditto, Mexicans, the editorial continues: But "since many years have passed since Mexicans monopolized this class of labor, it would have been difficult to secure Americans skilled in picking cantaloupes."

"The exact cause of the difficulty is not easy to ascertain. Merely to lay the blame on a bunch of agitators isn't sufficient. Use of strong-arm methods may temporarily solve the difficulty, but wherever trouble of sufficient magnitude arises to cause the striking of between 2,000 and 3,000 men, a hereafter is certain if the basic causes are not determined and settled."

"Mind-Reading" Sheriff Jails News Agent. Jesus A. Avalos, Mexican newspaper agent and reporter, 906 G. St., Brawley, Cal., was arrested at his store, May 13, by Sheriff Gillett. Why? Because he "refused to remove a bulletin board advertising the headlines of his papers"—The Brawley News. Numerous papers all over the world advertise in the same manner—even the Los Angeles Times, a labor-baiting sheet which had much to say at the beginning, against the "American I. W. W." strikers in Imperial Valley. (Guesed wrong again, Mr. Harry Chandler!

Avalos had put out the bulletin board with signs that were meant to instigate discontent among the workers, the sheriff said. Unfortunately, Mr. Gillett isn't the only "mind-reading" "peace" officer in the land.

"Gillett stated today," May 13, "that the bulletin board said, 'Forty-eight Mexicans in Jail—What For—Nothing,' and other inflammatory statements." (The Brawley News.)

"However, attorney for Avalos will contend that the bulletin board contained the following, translated from

Spanish: 'The consul was here today. Several prisoners released.'"

Avalos sent strike reports to the "Mexican Herald," or, to be correct, El Heraldo De Mexico, a Los Angeles daily, which had much to say concerning the strike in the cantaloupe fields.

Avalos Deported and Not Deported. The U. S. immigration service stated, May 15, that Jesus G. Avalos would be deported. Officials at the border were sure they had discovered "a clear violation of the immigration law." He was reported deported in the papers. The next day, however, those same U. S. officials said that Avalos had the best right in the world to say in the "land of the free" and attend to his newsstand and bulletin board, etc. The arrest and "deportation" of Avalos may be the basis for an interesting court procedure.

The local A. F. of L. organ, the L. A. Citizen, has had nothing to say about the struggle of the cantaloupe pickers. As far as I know, The DAILY WORKER is the only labor paper reporting on it.

Hostile to Union. According to the last report to El Heraldo De Mexico, May 25, E. Rio, secretary of the new Mexican Union was arrested after all the rest of the prisoners had been released. Although Rio has been turned loose, the workers have decided not to hold any public meetings at present. All underground, if any, for the time being—because the sheriff still is very hostile to the union, Jesus G. Avalos says.

It is now up to the labor movement in the southwest to get in closer touch with the Mexican workers than has been the case in the past. Mexicans are far more progressive than many of the Americans. The latter expect to become millionaires some day. The former have no such false illusions. Study Spanish and take the leadership, Comrades! Lack of able organizers is the greatest handicap at present. Efforts must be made to draw the Mexican organizations into the American labor movement. In order to do that—on must go to the Mexicans, the Mexicans will be slow to come to you. Our brothers from the land below the Rio Grande have nothing against the so-called whites, but they have reason to nourish a dislike for the insult of being regarded as "inferiors." The Mexican class-consciousness is strong.

—L. P. RINDAL.

## PRINCIPAL WOULD FEED HOT IODINE TO ALL PIONEERS

### Parents Protest School Overcrowding

(By a Worker Correspondent)  
 The Allerton section of the Bronx where the Workers Co-operative is located, is growing by leaps and bounds. Within the last year many new and large apartments have been built and occupied. The only public school in the neighborhood is located blocks away from the populated section and mothers have to spend their entire day running to and from school in order to conduct their children through the dangerous crossings.

Overcrowded. The school was built for 1,000 children and is occupied by 2,000 which makes it extremely overcrowded. They are forced to eat lunch on the floor of a dirty basement and swallow the dirt with their food. This condition forced the parents to organize. A mass meeting was held and a committee elected to visit the principal.

A second mass meeting was held on Monday, May 14, and the committee rendered a report which reveals the atrocious attitude of the principal, Mr. Rado.

Mrs. Gritz, the chairlady of the meeting, reported that, after telling them to wait he said he would allow them fifteen minutes and then repeatedly asked the clerk whether or not the time was up. The assistant principal had already informed them that she herself would not even look at them.

His first comment on receiving them was that he did not believe they represented anybody and then took their names and addresses.

When the spokesman of the committee wanted to explain their grievances, he refused to recognize him because he was not a parent, only a brother of some of the children.

The committee then left in disgust, but the principal set out to "remedy" the situation. He organized a parent's circle of "100 per cent" Americans to whose children he hands out favors, and proceeded to divide the children by lecturing to them on them on the viciousness of the Co-operators and has succeeded in creating a sentiment against the children of the Co-operative neighborhood.

When the pioneers distributed leaflets for the mass meeting they were threatened. Some were also punished for celebrating May Day. After he read the demand put up for hot lunches to be served in school, he remarked, "I would like to feed you hot iodine." When a boy was hit by his music teacher and the mother protested he showed her a strap which he says he uses for his own child thereby justifying the action of the teacher.

Not Enough Police. An appeal was made to the police captain for more protection at the dangerous crossings and they were told that there was a shortage of policemen. Incidentally there were enough to break up a meeting of the Grocery Clerks' Union who conducted a strike in some markets in the vicinity.

A new executive committee of the Parents' Association of Olinville appeals to all parents to join the organization which decided to charge 25 cents initiation and 10 cents a month dues. Only through organized power

## COAL BARONS IN FUTILE DRIVE TO OPEN UP MINES

### \$250 a Month Bait Gets Nothing But Scabs

(By a Worker Correspondent)  
 CALDWELL, O., (By Mail).—I enjoy reading The DAILY WORKER very much. While I was visiting in the eastern part of the state, a person told me about The DAILY WORKER. I believe The DAILY WORKER should be read by every working man.

Now a few words as to conditions in this part of the coal fields. The Cambridge Collieries Co. started one mine open shop about three weeks ago. Despite Oral Daugherty's extensive scab herding campaign, the operators are having no success. Only one black sheep was found in Local 624 at Caldwell.

The operators are getting very uneasy in this section. They expected a large turnout when they started open shop. But the few men they've got cleaning up the mines don't know the first principles of mining.

The operators in their frantic effort to break the strike are trying to bait some of their old men. They are offering as high as \$240 a month if the men will return to work. Their offers have been rejected.

Judge C. O. Dye has issued two injunctions to the operators in Caldwell. I learned that 150 business men in Caldwell signed a petition for these injunctions.

In Guernsey County the miners are not permitted to hold meetings, according to an injunction issued by the notorious common pleas judge, Turnbaugh, to the Morris Coal Co. and the Akron Coal Co.

I am sending you \$3.50 for a six month subscription to The DAILY WORKER. Would I be asking too much if I asked you to send the paper to a couple of my friends who would like to read the DAILY, but have no money right now?

—S.

## DRAMA

### Paul Green's New Play May Be Seen Here Next Season

Paul Green, who will be remembered for his Negro play "In Abraham's Bosom," which was produced by the Provincetown Playhouse last season, has completed two new full length plays. One of these, titled "The House of Connelly," is about an old Southern white family. The other, called "Tima," is a poetical fantasy that rides roughshod over all stage conventions and rules. "The House of Connelly" may be seen on Broadway early next season.

Edwin H. Knopf engaged the Bijou Theatre yesterday for the opening of "The Big Pond," on August 14. Kenneth McKenna and Pierre de Mirande will be in the cast.

The Theatre Guild has acquired a new play by S. N. Behrman, author, "The Second Man." The play is called "Meteor" and is scheduled for production next season.

Tonight at the Klaw Theatre "Bottled in Bond" enters the third month.

Judith Anderson will replace Miss Lynn Fontanne as Nina Leeds in

CHARLES ROGERS and NANCY CARROLL



In "Abie's Irish Rose," Anna Nichols' film play now showing at the 44th Street Theatre.

"Strange Interlude" July 2, who will take a short European vacation with her husband, Alfred Lunt. They will return late in August for rehearsals in "The Guardsman" and "Arms and the Man," in which they will appear on tour next season.

## AMUSEMENTS

**HAMMERSTEIN'S** THEATRE, B'way at 53d St. PHONE, COLUMBUS 8380.  
 AMERICAN PREMIERE  
 ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN presents  
 THE RUSSIAN FILM CLASSIC  
**"The End of St. Petersburg"**  
 Music by Herbert Stothart—Russian Choir—Symphony Orchestra.  
 Nights 8:40; 5:00 to 8:15. Mats. Daily 2:40; 5:00 to 8:1, Incl. Tax.

The Theatre Guild presents  
 Eugene O'Neill's Play  
**Strange Interlude**  
 John Golden Theat., 53th E. of B'way  
 Evenings Only at 8:30.

LAST WEEK  
 Eugene O'Neill's  
**Marco Millions**  
 Guild THEATRE, W. 52d St. 8:30  
 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30  
 Week of June 4: "Volpone"

**P O R G Y**  
 By Dubose & Dorothy Heyward  
 REPUBLIC THEATRE, West 42d St.  
 Mats. WED. & SAT.

KEITH-ALBEE  
**"YOUTH ASTRAY"**  
 CAMEO THEATRE, 42nd St. & Broadway  
 WIS 1789  
 Powerful, Gripping  
 Drama of Modern Generation.

BOOTH Theat., W. 45 St. Eves. 8:30  
 Mats. Wed. & Sat.  
**THE GRAND ST. FOLLIES**  
 OF 1928

Winter Garden Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat.  
**Greenwich Village Follies**  
 GREATEST OF ALL REVUES.

CHANIN'S 46th St. W. of Broadway  
 Evenings at 8:25  
 Mats. Wed. & Sat.  
 SCHWAB and MANDEL'S  
 MUSICAL SMASH  
**GOOD NEWS**  
 with GEO. OLSEN and HIS MUSIC

The Heart of Coney Island  
 Battle of Chateau-Thierry  
 MILLE SKY CHASER  
 TILT-A-Whirl Free Circus, Con-  
 WHIRL, acrobats and Dancing  
 Luna's Great Swimming Pool

"See Russia for Yourself"  
 TOURS to  
**SOVIET RUSSIA**  
 THIS SUMMER  
 (Free Visas—Extensions arranged for to visit any part of U. S. S. R.)  
 July 6 "CARONIA"  
 July 9 "AQUITANIA"  
 On Comfortable CUNARD Steamships  
 \$450 and up.  
 VIA: 10 DAYS RETURN:  
 LONDON Of Interesting Sightseeing Trips in WARSAW  
 HELSINGFORS Moscow—Leningrad BERLIN - PARIS  
**WORLD TOURISTS, INC.**  
 (Agents for OFFICIAL TRAVELBUREAU OF SOVIET GOV.)  
 69 Fifth Ave., New York City Tel.: Algonquin 6900

## 2,000 to 3,000 on Strike.

The cultivated area in Imperial Valley is said to be 300,000 acres, and the estimated number of Mexican workers in the valley is 17,000. From 2,000 to 3,000 took part in the recent strike. The majority of these men are members of the new union, according to reports from the fighting front.

## Women Beaten by Gunmen.

Sheriff Charles L. Gillett and his deputies, too numerous to mention, went from farm to farm chasing Mexican strikers like wild beasts. Picket-lines and meetings of every description were broken up in high handed, illegal manners. It was "To hell with the constitution" put into practice by a lawless gang of "upholders of law and order."

When Felix Rodriguez was arrested, his wife, Francisca, and Beatriz Cota tried to defend him. These women, poor to the starvation point, were both badly beaten by well-paid and well-fed brutes employed by the county. The sheriff's ultimatum to the strikers was: "Go to work, leave the valley—or go to jail." The workers went to jail by wholesale, but they didn't stay very long, as a rule, for the following reasons:

The sheriff and his gunmen handled the strikers too roughly, over-stepped their authority. Legal grounds to hold the strikers lacking. Fear of general dissenters among the Mexicans, not only in the Imperial Valley, but also in other parts of California and elsewhere was general. The crop was ready for picking, so the men were more dangerous to the growers in jail than they were on the picket line outside. Although underpaid, cantaloupe picking is skilled work, the growers claim, Mexicans only have been trained to do that kind of work for years, and convictions might mean deportations by the government. Many deportations of "agitators" and "reds," etc., might be used as argument in favor of the Box bill (restriction of Mexican immigration) now before congress. Employers of cheap labor are strongly against that bill. In this part of the world they want the Mexicans to come here to stay slave for next to nothing, breed more slaves and be contented with their "frijoles" (beans) and "tortillas" (pancake-like bread).

## Outmaneuver Sheriff.

When the number of arrests reached 48, the labor-baiting sheriff thought he had all the "leaders" in jail. But as a matter of fact, he didn't get a chance to lay his strike-breaking bloody hands on any of them. The Committee of Action was underground, out of sight. The Mexican workers learned a few things during 18-years of revolutionary struggle in one form or the other.

In Strike Zone. Five strikers came before Judge A. C. Finney of El Centro on May 15. Bond in the case of 4 was reduced from \$1,000 to \$500 each, but the release on habeas corpus was denied. The fifth man, Frank Hernandez, was refused reduction of bail. So that one-armed worker must be considered a dangerous character. Well, they had him down as "interpreter" and even as a "director" of the new

## JONES BILL AIMED AT ALL SEAMEN

(By a Worker Correspondent)  
 The Jones-White Bill recently passed by congress and signed by President Coolidge, should be of interest to every worker engaged in the marine industry. It is a militarization of the merchant marine for time of war.

The merchant marine naval reserve measure will prove very detrimental to organizations engaged in the marine industry.

Under the cloak of "national defense," the ship owners will sponsor this bill for the express purpose of destroying any organization which may be inclined to fight for better wages and higher standards of living.

The ship-owners claim that the men will not be forced to join the naval reserve. But preference will be given to those who are members of it in securing berths aboard ship and this will practically force men into joining it.

A certain percentage of the crews being members of the naval reserve allows the ship to fly the naval reserve flag and mail contracts will be given to naval reserve ships. We can easily see that any sign of militancy will be blocked by the seamen unwillingly forced to scab under guise of this bill.

It also enables the shipowners to discriminate against the progressive seamen by having them blacklisted if they should agitate for better standards of livelihood and wages, and this will tie their hands and force them to become unwilling slaves of capitalism.

—BLACKIE.

## Worker Falls 20 Feet, Breaks His Right Arm

MILWAUKEE, May 31.—Joseph Lenzner, 30, a roofer employed by the Becker Asphalt Roofing Company, broke his right arm when he fell twenty feet from a roof on which he was working today at Rosedale Ave. and Burrell St.

## Unity Proletarian Co-operative Summer House

**UNITY PROLETARIAN CO-OPERATIVE SUMMER HOUSE**  
 OPENS SATURDAY, JUNE 2nd  
 EXCELLENT PROGRAM ARRANGED.  
**CHILDREN'S COLONY in Unity Camp**  
 For workers' children from 5 to 9 years.  
 HOW TO REACH THE CAMP:  
 Busses leave Friday at 6:30 P. M., Saturday 1:30 P. M. from 110th Street and 7th Avenue.  
 By train from Grand Central Station or from 125th St. to Wingdale and from there take our automobile to the camp.  
 For registration come to our main office  
 1800—7th AVE. Corner 110th St.  
 TELEPHONE, MONUMENT 0111.

## What I Saw in China

by TOM MANN  
 For the past three years the Chinese masses have been struggling for freedom from the clutches of Imperialism. Everyone nowadays is either talking or writing China. Tom Mann, "grand old man" of the British labor movement, contributes his observations after a stay of six months in China with the International Workers Delegation.  
 10 Cents  
 Please include postage with every cash order.  
**WORKERS LIBRARY PUBLISHERS**  
 39 EAST 125th STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



# FIRE TRAPS ARE NEGROES' HOMES

## Southern Rail Workers Go On Strike

There is no section of the working class in New York which welcomes the summer season more than the Negro. This may sound strange, but when it is analyzed it will be seen to have a genuine economic basis. It is especially true at this time of widespread national unemployment which always hits the Negro workers harder than the white workers.

It is a well-known fact that the Negroes are the last to be hired and the first during a period of economic depression.

### Segregation.

As a result of a well organized system of racial discrimination, the Negroes of New York, as in other sections of the country, are zoned off from the rest of the population.

Harlem is the "black belt" of the city and because the largest Negro urban population in the world is confined to a limited residential section, all the social ills of segregation are thrown upon their backs. Negroes pay the highest rents, live in the worst tenements, buy the dearest food, and get the least civic advantages of all the social groups.

About 90 per cent of the Negro people in Harlem are tenants who are fleeced in the most shameful manner by the landlords, white and Negro. In winter they get little heat in spite of the fact that they pay more for occupying their unsanitary quarters than workers in other sections of the city. Because race prejudice is one of the "blessings of American democracy," these people compelled to remain penned up like hogs in an overcrowded community year in and year out. If they attempt to move into sections of the city they are met with every form of hostility, even from white workers who are themselves exploited.

One of the most pathetic situations in the labor movement today is the hostility of the white workers towards the Negroes. Unless they unite and learn to be more sympathetic to each other, the ruling class will be able to oppress and exploit them by playing upon their race prejudice. Workers of all races must close their ranks and fight against their common enemy, capitalism.

As the days become warmer, large numbers of Negroes will again take to the open air as a means of escaping from the disease-ridden tenements into which the cold months forced them. They will spend nights in the nearby parks or on roofs, thus helping them to bridge over the hard times.

# SOVIET SINGER AT CENTER CONCERT

## To Award Red Banner on Saturday

Tickets are selling fast for the great concert and dance to be held in the Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square, on Saturday evening. Workers throughout the city are preparing to make this affair a real proletarian celebration of the acquisition of the Workers Center as the home of the revolutionary movement.

The finishing touches are now being put on the musical program which is under the direction of George Cookley. The two headliners on the program are N. Nazarov, distinguished Russian baritone, who has been widely acclaimed throughout the Soviet Union, and L. Newell, noted harpist and soloist of the Capitol Theatre Symphony Orchestra. Nazarov will be assisted by his two gifted children, who have also received high praise from music critics.

Following the concert a dance will be held, music being provided by a jazz orchestra.

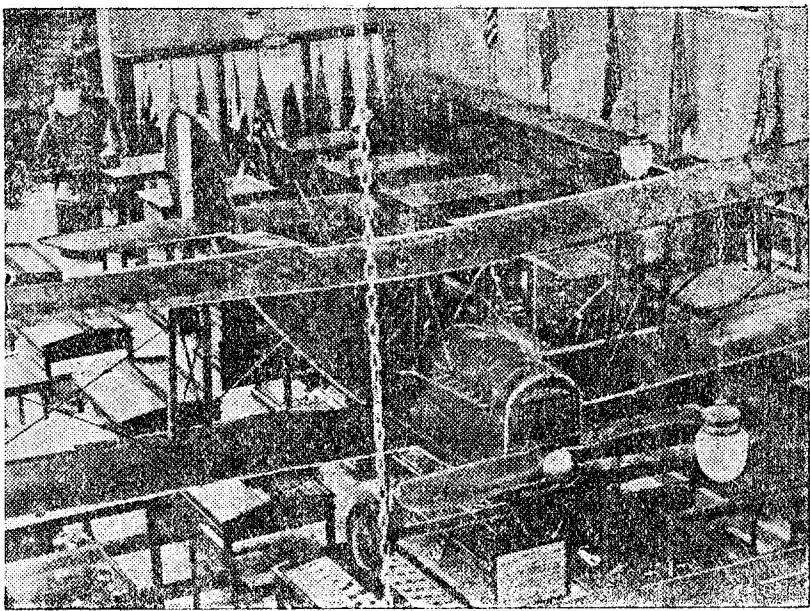
The outstanding event of the evening will be the award of the red revolutionary banner now on display at the Center. The award will be made by William W. Weinstein, district organizer of the Workers (Communist) Party and secretary of the board of directors of the Workers Center, to the unit making the highest totals in the drive for \$30,000 to establish the Center. The next few days will determine which unit is to receive the banner.

A saving of 25 cents has been made possible on tickets for the concert and dance by the announcement that all tickets have been advanced to 50 cents if bought in volume. At the door they will be 75 cents. They are on sale at Workers Center, 26-28 Union Square; the Workers Bookshop, 26-28 Union Square; United Workers Cooperative, 2700 Bronx Park East; and the Unity Cooperative, 1800 Seventh Ave.

## Kenosha Workers Will Meet to Discuss Strike

KENOSHA, Wis., May 31. — The Young Workers (Communist) League, local Kenosha, and the Workers (Communist) Party here will hold a mass meeting June 8 at the German-American Hall at 8 p. m. The meeting will take up the subject of the Allen-A strike.

## Along with the Gas and Liquid Fire Throwers



Capitalism is beginning to hoard the relics of its imperialist ventures. The Spirit of St. Louis, the plane in which Col. Charles Lindbergh made his "good will" flight over the machine guns of the American marines in Nicaragua, has been placed in the Smithsonian institute in Washington. The picture shows the plane hanging in the tackle.

# THOUSANDS OF WORKERS TO HONOR DEAD LEADER

All attempts by the Veterans of Foreign Wars to stop the huge memorial meeting in honor of the Late William D. Haywood to be held at Central Opera House, 67th Street and Third Avenue tomorrow night have thus far proved futile.

No matter what obstruction may be thrown up the meeting will be held, according to William W. Weinstein, organizer of District 2, Workers (Communist) Party under whose auspices the meeting has been called.

U. S. department of justice agents, who were asked by Commander Jean A. Brunner, of the New York State Department of Foreign War Veterans, to bar the meeting have thus far taken no apparent action. Brunner asked action on the ground that Haywood died a fugitive from a federal court.

Federal authorities, in view of the coming fall elections, are believed to be afraid that any action against the meeting would be heralded, even by the least class conscious workers, as a gross attempt to bar free speech.

Even in the beginning of his fight against the meeting, Commander Brunner conceded that the local police and state authorities could find no excuse to intervene.

The New York district of the Workers Party has completed plans for the memorial. A record attendance is expected as more than 100,000 black-edged leaflets, advertising the meeting, have been distributed among the workers in stores and factories.

Keen interest in the meeting is reported in I. W. W. circles. Hundreds of I. W. W. members and ex-members who followed "Big Bill" Haywood before the war but did not, like their leader, join the Communist Party, are planning to attend the memorial.

Five close associates of Haywood will address the meeting. They are Jay Lovestone, executive secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party; Robert Minor, editor of The DAILY WORKER; James P. Cannon, executive secretary of the International Labor Defense, and Herbert Zam, secretary of the Young Workers (Communist) League. Jack Stachel, national organizational secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party, will act as chairman.

# EVEN SCABS HAD TO GO ON STRIKE

LOS ANGELES, Cal., (By Mail). —The following, taken from a recent issue of the local A. F. of L. organ, will help, perhaps, to throw some light on Greenish, Comperized unionism in Los Angeles:

"Report reaches the office of The Citizen, from the Electrical Workers, of a strike called by non-union workmen employed in that industry. One of the prominent contractors who specializes in residence and apartment work, and who has instituted the iniquitous and baneful system of piece-work in the installation of electrical outfits, had consistently, over a period of time, at every opportunity reduced the piece work rate, until the men employed were forced to labor from 10 to 12 hours daily on a building to install enough work to realize a helper's wages."

"The non-union workmen employed by the contractor revolted, and called a strike in protest against further reductions in the already ruinous rates. Being unorganized, these men were unable to make their strike effective, and this company succeeded in employing a sufficient crew of men who were willing to 'scab' on the 'scabs.' Communist Created Fighting Spirit."

"The Electrical Workers have fought against this institution of this piece-work employment consistently," says The Citizen. That the Electrical Workers' Union used to be fairly active a few years ago is true. But that was before Comrade David Gorman left that organization for Soviet Russia. In Gorman's time the electrical workers were even strong for the Farmer-Labor Party.

"In those entirely non-union shops where this system has been adopted, the non-union workmen, through this constant lowering of the piece-work basis, has been forced to labor longer hours. . . . What does the term

# REFUSES PERMIT TO YOUTH LEAGUE

## Communist Workers Plan Campaign

HARTFORD, May 31. — Mayor Walter E. Batterson, vice-president of the City Band and Trust Company, one of the five largest insurance companies of the United States, and, incidentally, Mayor of Hartford, refused the Young Workers (Communist) League of this city a permit for an open air meeting which the league intended to arrange against the Citizens Military Training Camps and militarism.

The Hartford branch of the Young Workers League has previously been able to obtain permits whenever they desired and this refusal came as a distinct surprise to the organization. It is believed that this attempt to gag the League is a result of the successful campaign it has been waging against militarism. Recently, the Associated Press broadcast the fact that the Young Workers League of Hartford had dared to place on the state capitol and other strategic points in the city placards denouncing the Citizens Military Training Camp and militarism. John Steuben, state organizer of the league, was arrested in New Haven in an attempt to involve him as the one responsible for the distribution of these placards.

Last year, ex-mayor Stevens also refused a permit for an out-door meeting to be arranged by a Sacco-Vanzetti Defense Committee. Stevens was also an official in the employ of the insurance companies.

"The Young Workers League will not permit itself to be silenced by the mayor who holds an inherited seat with the financial clique which controls city politics," J. A. Rose, of the league said. "The league is planning to utilize its anniversary celebration Saturday evening at the Labor Lyceum, 2003 Main Street, as a means of mobilizing its membership and sympathizers against the autocratic tactics of the mayor. In the approaching presidential elections the league plans to wage an intensive campaign side by side with the Workers (Communist) Party and will not permit the mayor or anyone else to take away its right of assemblage and its right to speak to the workers of Hartford."

It is difficult to point out the "feature" article in an issue which includes, in addition to these stories by Cannon, articles by Henri Barbusse and also a letter from Bill Haywood, perhaps the last word to American workers from "Bill" from Russia, where he has just died. There is also an informative article by Harvey O'Connor on the textile strike and a miner's wife writes a story in a simple, homely way that for sheer courage makes one wonder how the miners can ever be defeated with such spirit in their ranks. An article on Bela Kun by Stephen Kennedy is included.

This is a full, interesting and colorful issue. It can, of course, be improved. In fact, the last few issues have been consistently improving. Perhaps more variety, more articles and stories on various phases of workers lives and labor activities would heighten interest. As it is now, the LABOR DEFENDER, and particularly the June issue, is well worth having.

James P. Cannon gives us an intimate introduction to Warren K. Billings in his story of a visit with him. Cannon saw and talked with Billings while going thru California on a national tour on the frame-up system. In the June issue there is also Cannon's interview with the I. W. W. men framed up in Centralia, now at Walla Walla prison.

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# NOTED WRITERS IN 'LABOR DEFENDER'

## Barbusse Among Noted Contributors

Now that the editorial quality is right up to the striking photographs in every issue of the Labor Defender, it is easy to understand the cabled article on the fascist terror new June issue Henri Barbusse has cabled an article on the fascist terror raging in Italy.

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# WORKERS CALENDAR

Correspondents Attention! All announcements for this column must reach THE DAILY WORKER several days before the event in question to make the announcement effective. Many announcements arrive at the office too late for publication owing to the additional time needed for the delivery of the paper.

### Chicago Miners' Relief.

CHICAGO, Ill.—There will be a concert and dance here on the evening of June 2, at Aldine Hall, 511 Center St., for the benefit of the Miners' Relief. The program includes many features and refreshments.

### Waterbury Picnic.

WATERBURY, Conn.—The Workers organizations of Connecticut have arranged a picnic to be held on June 3, at Roseland Park, Waterbury. The program, which begins at 10 A. M., will include speakers, dancing, and refreshments.

### Pittsburgh Haywood Meet.

PITTSBURGH.—The Pittsburgh Section of the Workers (Communist) Party has arranged a William D. Haywood meeting to be held June 2, at 8 P. M. at the International Socialist Lyceum, 305 James St.

### Chicago I. L. D. Picnic.

CHICAGO.—The Chicago local of the International Labor Defense will hold a picnic at Zahora's Grove, Ogden and Grove Aves., Lyons, Ill., on June 24. The grove opens at 12 o'clock, noon.

### Chicago Attention!

The Chicago North Side Committee for Striking Miners' Relief here has arranged a concert and dance with the co-operation of several labor organizations for June 2, at 8 P. M. at Aldine Hall, 511 Center St.

### Chicago Y. W. L. Celebration.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will hold an entertainment and banquet on June 9 at the Workers Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch St. in celebration of the sixth anniversary of the League.

### Philadelphia Miner's Relief.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—The Youth Conference for Miners' Relief here has arranged a picnic for July 8 at Maple Grove Park.

### District 15—Y. W. L. Anniversary.

The sixth anniversary of the existence of the Young Workers' Communist League will be celebrated in District 15 in the following halls and on the following dates:

Hartford—2003 Main St., June 2.

### St. Louis Picnic.

ST. LOUIS.—The Young Workers (Communist) League will give a picnic and dance at Triangle Park, 4100 South

## VOICE PROTEST AT KUN ARREST

CHICAGO, May 31. — Chicago workers assembled in Northwest Hall held one of the most rousing protest meetings ever seen in this city. The arrest of Bela Kun, Hungarian Communist leader, by the Seipel Government of Austria was the occasion for this highly successful meeting.

The meeting was called by the Chicago Local of International Labor Defense. The speakers were Joseph Fisher, secretary of the Anti-Horthy League, Paul Petras, a Hungarian workers' leader, speaking in Hungarian, and Ralph Chaplin, ex-class war prisoner. The chairman of the meeting was Joseph Giganti, secretary of the Local I. L. D.

Fisher gave a realistic account of the atrocities of the Horthy regime, citing facts and cases. Petras made an impassioned plea for a united fight against the murder mis-rule in Hungary.

Chaplin received an ovation lasting several minutes, when he walked up to the platform, urging a tremendous protest which would bend the Austrian government to the will of the working masses.

Chairman Giganti linked the protest against the arrest and proposed extradition of Bela Kun with the general fight against fascism. He pointed out how consistently the International Labor Defense had waged its campaign against the white terror in every country, rallying great masses of workers in this country to support the fight.

At the close of the meeting a worker in the audience arose to introduce a strong resolution, asking for the immediate release of Bela Kun. The resolution was unanimously adopted and ordered sent to the Austrian legation in Washington, D. C.

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# PICNIC

For the benefit of the Daily Worker

Given by the

New Kensington, Pa. Branch

of the Workers (Communist) Party

Sunday, June 10th

at FABIAN'S FARM

DANCING REFRESHMENTS SPEAKERS

ADMISSION 25c.

ADMISSION 25c.

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# WORKERS SCHOOL TO HIKE SUNDAY

## Sports and Novelties To Feature Outing

The Workers School hike, which has been postponed several times in the past because of inclement weather, will finally be held this Sunday, June 2. There will be two meeting places; one will be at the Workers School, 108 East 14th St., where those who wish to attend the hike will meet at 8 a. m. The other will be at the Van Cortlandt St. Station, where those who cannot come to the Workers School will meet the group at 9 a. m.

The hike, which will take its participants to 30 Peer Ridge, Yonkers, will be enlivened by many sports and novel features.

Are you a "DAILY WORKER" worker daily



# THE DAILY WORKER

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Editor.....ROBERT MINOR  
Assistant Editor.....WM. F. DUNNE

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## Reverend Norman Thomas Goes to "the Masses"

Before the Synod of the Evangelical churches at Dunkirk, N. Y., on Memorial Day, the Reverend Norman Thomas, candidate of the socialist party for the presidency of the United States, struggled to win the souls of his fellow protestant preachers for the gospel of Hillquit reformism and away from the reformism of Al. Smith.

Mr. Thomas is having a hell of a time with his flock. The flock is flocking to Al. Smith. Unable to find any essential difference between the socialist party platform of Smith as candidate for the nomination of the democratic party, large numbers of the brethren of the Reverend Thomas' party could see no reason for failing to vote for the "good" Mr. Smith.

Where does the Rev. Mr. Thomas go to reclaim the straying souls of his party of piety and efficient capitalist government? There is nothing accidental in the choice of Norman Thomas as the orator of the day for the convocation of provincial protestant preachers who constitute the "key men" of reaction among the most backward sections of the petty capitalist class. The socialist party has lost all semblance of working class basis. Its present basis is correctly indicated by the struggle of the socialist party campaign leaders to present to the small business elements a program more alluring to them than the one Smith promises. Mr. Thomas' program consists of a few glowing promises that the socialist party politicians if elected will administer more "honestly" than all other politicians the capitalist state machinery for safeguarding the system of exploitation of the working class. In Reading, Pa., the socialist party officials headed by Rev. Thomas' running mate, James Maurer, promises the capitalist class to give it "capitalist" government and to protect the property rights of the capitalists against the working class in case of strikes. Mr. Thomas himself uses the official organ of the socialist party to explain that he is not an "orthodox" follower of Marx, which indeed is a necessary explanation of the Reading socialist party leaders' proposal to conduct a strikebreaking government. And all of it harmonizes with the action of the last convention of that yellow party in withdrawing the former requirement that applicants for membership in that party should acknowledge the class struggle.

Indeed, how could the small business men, preachers and lawyers that now constitute the leading frame-work of the socialist party—how could the preachers of the Evangelical Synod—embrace the class struggle of the working class?

There is no essential difference between what the Rev. Thomas' party offers and what the also-pious Al. Smith offers, except one will break strikes with protestant incantations, the other with catholic devotion.

The socialist party platform on which this obscurantist preacher—the enemy of the workers stands—is one which offers nothing that Al. Smith can not equally well promise. Both platforms are platforms intended to win the workers to faith in the capitalist government and capitalist system of wage slavery. But the anti-Marxian, anti-working class platform of the socialist party especially appeals to the workers to believe the lie that through the use of the ballot in the capitalist elections they can liberate themselves.

The workers should watch closely the antics of this obscurantist preacher who betrays more openly than the more astute Hillquit the counter-revolutionary, anti-labor character of his party of piety and strikebreaking.

The Workers (Communist) Party asks the working class to vote for the revolutionary party of the working class. But in doing so it does not lie to the workers by claiming that the working class can be emancipated from wage slavery through the casting of ballots in the elections under the capitalist state. The present election campaign, entered into with unprecedented vigor by the Communist Party, is used by this revolutionary party as an important means of mobilizing the working class for the struggle against the capitalist class and against the capitalist state. The Communist Party frankly tells the workers that it should have no illusions of any possibility of emancipation thru the forms of this state capitalist government or its elections. Only the actions of the masses of workers and exploited farmers, outside of the forms of the capitalist government state machinery, outside of the parliamentary forms, can win their emancipation.

Any revolutionary workers elected to public office will use that office as a tribune from which to denounce and expose the enemy character of the capitalist government, and to mobilize the workers against it.

Vote Communist! Join the Workers (Communist) Party!

## LABOR DEFENSE AIDS CLASS WAR PRISONERS

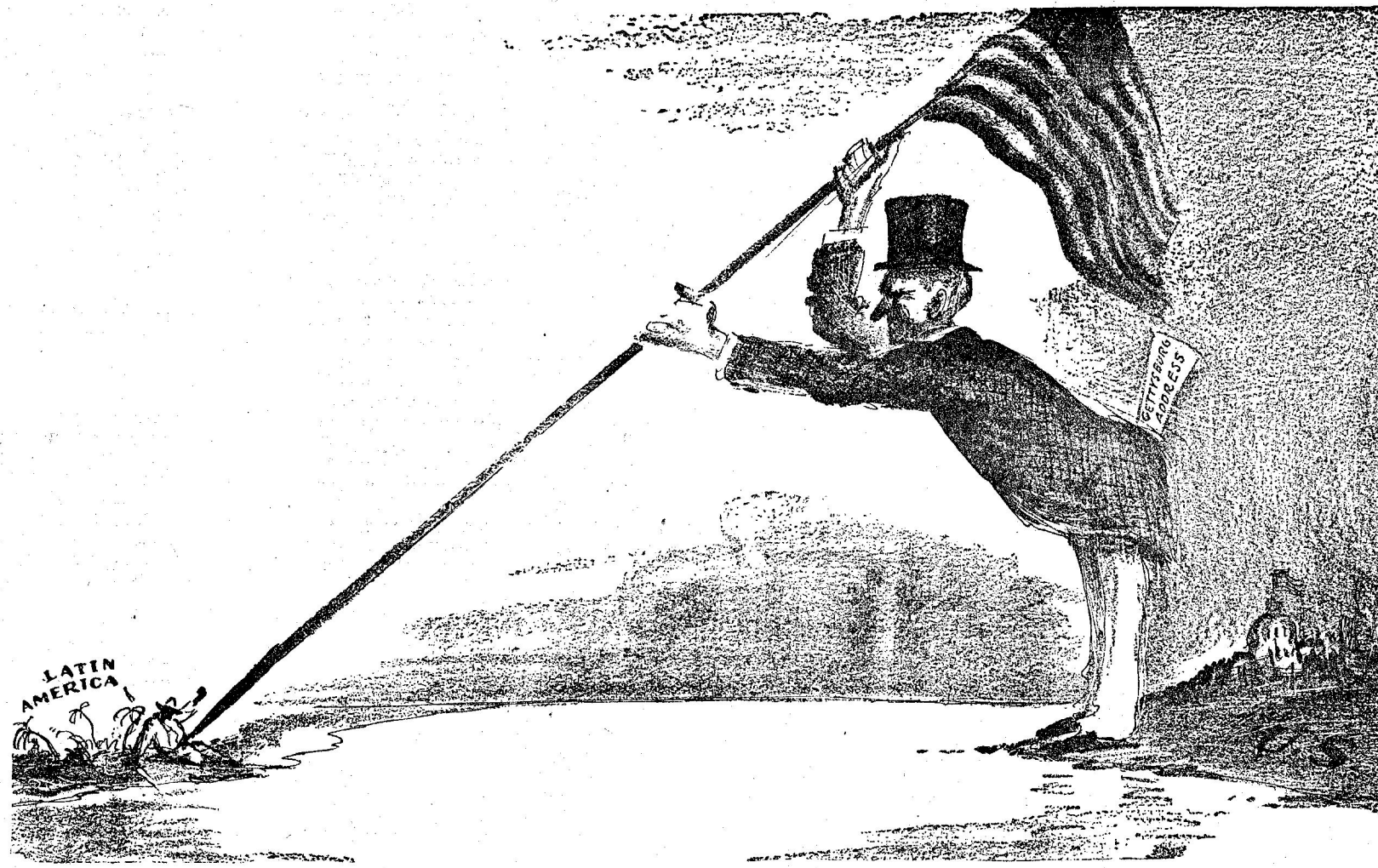
Seventy cases in which workers were under attack by the capitalist courts were handled by the New York Section of the International Labor Defense, 799 Broadway, during the past four months. A large number of these cases were successfully fought by the defense organization, while final decision in a number of them is still pending, according to Rose Baron, secretary.

Among the cases that were taken care of during the past four months were many arrested paper box strikers, striking shoe workers, laundry workers, grocery clerks and millinery workers, the strikers of the Eagle Pencil Co., workers arrested for distributing anti-injunction leaflets, workers arrested for protesting against American imperialism's war on Nicaragua, workers arrested for collecting money for miners' relief and workers threatened with deportation because of radical activities, including the case of A. Kobel, editor of *Uns Iim*, Estonian Communist weekly. Kobel was to be deported for denouncing the murderers of Sacco and Vanzetti. Workers arrested for

## CAL ONLY "DEFENDS HIS COUNTRY"

By Fred Ellis

## HANDOUTS



"It can be said of our country that in all its history it has never made preparations to attack any other country."  
—Cal Coolidge in his "Gettysburg address."

Talk about the solid south. Even the dry agents in Birmingham, Ala., are good democrats. Yesterday they confiscated a freight car load of liquor destined for Kansas City, where the republican national convention will be held.

Congress has adjourned at last, and the worker can swell with pride at the millions appropriated for army and navy. Think of it! All that money being spent just to protect him from all those big wicked nations that are just itching to pounce on him!

A reader writes to suggest that we stop printing stories about Tammany graft. "That isn't news!" he says.

### In Memoriam

Mrs. Knapp has very tender nerves, (Far more persuasive than her ample curves)  
And Mr. Fall a very sickly heart,  
More eloquent than legalistic art.

While Mr. Connolly of sewage fame,  
Must go to Europe, so the papers claim;  
And Mr. Mellon, suffering from bunions,  
Goes to Bermuda to inspect the onions.

When will the reticent "spokesman" of this nation  
Depart on his much-merited vacation?

—F. H.

President Cal's Gettysburg address was a signal for universal weeping. Even the skies were downcast.

Poor Senator Borah! After so many years of beautiful speech-making, of playing insurgent when insurging was fashionable, of showing faith in true American principles by trying to murder Haywood, Pettibone and Moyer, and now he isn't even mentioned for the republican nomination.

### The Crisis of 1928



(Photo by New Bedford Standard.)

"Oh Mama, who is the nice old man in the picture?"  
"Norman Thomas, my child."  
"Well, what in the world is he doing?"  
"Nothing at all, my child. He's a socialist."  
"Well, what's a socialist for?"  
"When the capitalist system begins to slip, a socialist holds it up."  
"But in the picture, mama, he's only holding up his pants, isn't he?"  
"Adolph! Take the flatiron out of your mouth and come to mama this instant and get pinned up!"

### Lost & Found Dept.

LOST—Presbyterian prayer book. Please return to Rev. Norman Thomas, Brickbat Presbyterian Church. Finder will receive reward of benediction worth seventy-five cents.

### THE ORDINARY.

"Great Accident! One Hundred Thousand Dead!"  
You were incredulous if so you read,  
And wherefore then of the unusual speak,  
A Million die each ordinary week;  
And any common hour, the floods of pain  
Run deeper than upon the battle-plate.  
—R. W.

### WHO'S WHO.

JACKSON MINTZER. Born Aug. 2, 1894. Ed. in public and high schools. Married Mollie Blintzes July 2, 1915. Entered dress goods business of father-in-law. Joined socialist party, March 4, 1916. Candidate for assembly on S. P. ticket, 1918, 1919, 1920. Member of B. P. O. E., International Order of Odd Fellows, and Brith Sholem, Lodge 381. Recreation: golf, tourist trips to Europe, lodge meetings.

# Organizing the Young Workers

By HERBERT ZAM

(Continued From Previous Issue.)

The second case was that of the millinery workers. The millinery workers after about two years of hard work had succeeded in building up a local of almost 4,000 members. No help had been given by the bureaucrats in this work, and they themselves previously had never taken any interest in organizing the trimmers.

After this work was accomplished however, they are now making efforts to smash the millinery workers' union under the fake slogans of amalgamation and endeavoring to combine it with another local. The third case was that of the office workers. The Office Workers' Union, the B. S. & A. U., No. 12646, a federal union of the American Federation of Labor, has been in existence for many many years, but in all that time has not yet succeeded in getting at the most more than 10 or 150 members into its ranks. It has had annual expulsions every year. Young workers in the office workers' union who have really shown any interest in organizing the big mass of the office workers were inevitably expelled from the union, as has been the case recently.

Finally, however, those who were expelled decided that they could no longer support an organization like the office workers' union which makes no effort to organize the young workers, which makes no effort to fight for their conditions, but on the contrary, expels those who wish to fight for their conditions.

They organized the Office Workers' League which is rapidly gaining in membership.

Shoe Workers. The fourth case was that of the shoe workers. The slipper workers, mostly young workers, had heretofore been unorganized. Recently they were organized in a local and as a result of this they gained many concessions from the boss. However, the bureaucrats of the Shoe Workers' Protective Union were not interested in seeing the young workers in the trade organized. Consequently they took out an injunction against the Shoe Workers' Union which had organized the young workers. All these examples very definitely indicated that the part of the trade union bureaucracy is not only away from organizing the young workers, but is actually preventing the organization of the young workers by themselves or by other forces, and for smashing their organizations wherever they succeed in forming them.

Role of Brookwood. In this situation, what is the role of Muste and his associates of the Brookwood Labor College? Their role is somewhat similar to that of the left social democrats in Europe. They talk about organizing the young workers, because there is a movement in the ranks of the young workers for organization. But their talk is only intended to side-track the young workers from organization. They are just as much interested in organizing the young workers as is the trade union bureaucracy. This was demonstrated at the conference by their continual abhorrence of the discussion of the concrete questions, such as the Plumbers' Helpers' and the Millinery

Workers' Unions. They were much more interested in discussing organizing the young workers as an abstraction, but refused to discuss any concrete situation. This was also indicated by their refusal to take any steps which might have a positive result in the labor movement. Tom Tippet in his speech had declared that the First Brookwood Conference was a conference of hot air; this one would be one of action. But Mr. Muste very quickly disillusioned the delegates. He declared that the conference could do nothing; the conference could only discuss.

When the delegates, however, objected very strenuously to such declarations, he was compelled to withdraw and finally under the pressure of the delegates he even made the concession of permitting the adoption of resolutions, with the result that the resolution introduced by the representative of the Young Workers League on Social Legislation for the Young Workers, and the resolution introduced by Clarence Miller on the organization of the young workers, were unanimously adopted. There was also quite a vigorous struggle over the question of whether the conference should elect a committee or not. Mr. Muste was against it. The delegates were for it. The delegates declared that they must elect a committee which would be able to carry out some of the decisions of the conference, which would be able to reach other trade unions with the message of the conference. And finally again, Mr. Muste was compelled to accede to the wishes of the delegates and a committee was elected.

The conference demonstrated one thing very clearly. The young workers are an important factor. They must be organized. Without the young workers, the struggle of the workers against the capitalist class is so much the harder. To whom will fall the task of organizing the young workers? To the Communists and the left wing. No other force can or will organize the young workers. The trade union bureaucrats will do all in their power to prevent the organization of the young workers. The liberals, like Muste, in between, will talk about organizing the young workers, but actually will act as a brake on this movement. The Communists and the left wing must be the ones to take the concrete measures for organizing the young workers. The Young Workers (Communist) League has for the past three years been in the forefront in this task. This still remains a fundamental task for the Young Workers (Communist) League. The Young Workers (Communist) League looks upon the Labor Youth Conference as a step of progress, not because of the achievements of Brookwood, but because of the achievements of the delegates themselves against them. What must be done now is to follow up, to actually carry out what the delegates expressed at the Labor Youth Conference at Brookwood and to spread this on a national scale.

The role of Brookwood at this conference was clear. His role was to rationalize and justify the betrayals of the bureaucracy and their attacks against the left wing and Communists. At times this betrayal was cleverly marked by the proper phraseology.

## An Organized Meeting Is a Successful One

By SIDNEY BLOOMFIELD

With the election campaign getting under way the organization of propaganda meetings will play an important part in rallying the working class to our banner. In the course of my experience in the Socialist Party and the Communist Party campaigns I have seen many meetings ruined because of bad organization of the meeting, lack of organization of literature selling and unsystematic manner of making the collection.

In order to avoid failure of our propaganda meetings, I am offering a working program which may be modified according to the circumstances. With ten ordinary rank and file workers, a meeting can be organized in the following manner:

Four literature sellers; 2 in inside and 2 in outside aisles. 4 collectors; 2 in inside and 2 in outside aisles, women preferred; one literature seller to tend to literature table at entrance of hall; one comrade to act as chairman.

### Literature

Before the meeting hall is opened, the literature table at the entrance should be placed so as to have the literature facing the people upon entering hall. When meeting is on, the comrade in charge shall turn table around or switch the literature around so that people may read and buy upon leaving hall.

A variety of literature may be sold by the sellers and at the table before the meeting opens. A few minutes before opening the meeting, the chairman should call attention to the literature, explain its importance on sale and urge the audience to buy, withdrawing from the platform for a few minutes to allow uninterrupted sell-

ing. The sellers should call out and really peddle the various kinds of literature without however, creating any undue noise or disorder.

Aggressive selling will bring results. The speakers should be supported with heavy literature sales, as the major part of the success of any meeting consists in heavy literature sales.

One or two special pamphlets or books, to be sold from the platform by the speaker, chairman or other competent comrade should be set aside until the speaking is over. The sellers are to have an understanding with the comrade who is to introduce the book from the platform in a two-minute speech so as to commence selling as soon as the introductory speech is over.

When the chairman is about to open the meeting, all literature sellers must retire to the rear of the hall very quietly so as to allow meeting to go on undisturbed, check-up their sales and cash in to the comrade in charge of the literature. When this is done, the comrade in charge gives to each seller his or her allotment of the special pamphlets or books (that the speaker will later introduce) and quietly take his seat in the rear of hall, but to come forward to the front after the collection has been taken and the speaker commences to talk about the literature.

Ushers and Collectors. The four collectors shall act as ushers until time of collection. When tired of walking around, the ushers may sit down occasionally at the rear of hall so as not to disturb the meeting by sitting down and getting up during the progress of the meeting. The ushers shall act as collectors, and shall have hats or other receptacles ready before the meeting opens.

They shall quietly move to the front of the hall and be ready for their work when the speaker or chairman begins to make the collection talk. If there are not sufficient comrades, then the same comrades acting as literature sellers may act as ushers as well as collectors.

If bills are collected first, the collectors are to leave their receptacles on the edges of the platform and go thru the audience for the bills. When the speaker asks for the general collection, then the hats or receptacles shall be used. Collectors should go slowly thru the lines or rows of seats so as not to miss anyone and to give all an opportunity to contribute. In this respect we may take a lesson from the church collectors.

Soon as all money is taken up, collectors shall proceed promptly to an ante-room or other place (to be agreed upon before collection) where the collection may be counted without disturbing the meeting by jingling of coins or the conversation of the collectors. The chairman of the collection squad shall take charge of the collection after the collectors have assisted in counting and have verified the amount.

Free Literature. Literature for free distribution should not, as a rule, be placed on the seats. People do not buy literature as readily after having received free literature. Some people tear up or scatter the literature, making a mess on the floor. Others read the free literature while the speaker is talking. Many do not even take up the literature from the chair, but sit on it, leaving the literature in a wrinkled state when leaving the hall. On the other hand, if a few comrades are stationed at the door to pass out

the free literature when the audience is leaving, very few people will refuse to take it. Many will take the literature home, as they don't wish to stop to read on the street. A piece of literature, taken home is just the desired aim and purpose of distribution. Upon passing out the literature, a few words as "take it home and read it," spoken out loud by the comrades passing out the literature to each individual has a good effect.

All printed matter; whether pamphlets, leaflets, papers or magazines should be stamped with a simple rubber stamp similar to the one used by one of our units bearing the following announcement:

"You are welcome! come to the WORKERS PARTY HEADQUARTER Rooms 224-5 Day Bldg. 4 Walnut St. EVERY SAT. & MONDAY EVE. Good Speakers. Lively Discussions and Good Times."

All meetings should be made to yield as much as possible, and full advantage of the meetings must be taken. Announcements should be taken care of by the chairman, and important ones may be repeated at another time. A membership drive at every meeting, if done in a well planned manner so as not to bore the audience is always in order, and many different means can be resorted to if the committee is wide-awake. Subscriptions to the party publications may be taken and cooperation with the speaker or chairman makes this task easier. Various party supplies such as, subscription blanks, information and membership application blanks as well as party programs should be on hand at all meetings.