

## BAR COMMUNIST FROM A. F. of L. CONVENTION

### IVY LEE URGES TRADE WITH USSR IN N. Y. SPEECH

Extension of business relations with Soviet Russia was urged by Ivy Lee, publicity man for the Standard Oil Company and a number of the largest corporations in the country in a speech yesterday noon before the Export Managers' Club. "Killing Bolshevism by contact" was the slogan put forth by Lee in an obvious attempt to placate many of the die-hard business men who have been fighting the resumption of trade relations.

### Current Events

By T. J. O'Flaherty

BRITISH Tory newspapers are charging Sir Austen Chamberlain with conversion to Bolshevism because the foreign secretary recognized the right of the Rumanian government to confiscate property belonging to Hungarian subjects. Sir Austen admitted the Rumanian government exercised a sovereign right in doing so that no power would even dream of relinquishing. The anger displayed by the London Tory organs was not engendered because of anguish over the losses suffered by Hungarian property holders, but for the obvious reason that Sir Austen's position in this case robs the anti-Soviet press of one of its favorite charges against the Soviet Union, the charge that property confiscated by the Soviet government for the use of the workers and peasants is "stolen" property.

THE London Daily Herald points out that when the Czech Agrarian Laws were passed the estates of certain British subjects were confiscated. The expropriated appealed to the British foreign office for aid but intervention was refused, the British government pointing out that the Czech government had full sovereign rights over the property in question, and that there could be no question of the entire legality of the act of expropriation. The action of the Czech and Rumanian governments will not evoke protests from capitalist governments because the expropriation was done in the interests of the robber system, but it is different in the Soviet Union where title to the property confiscated is transferred to the masses.

THE British oil magnates are conducting a violent campaign against the distribution of Soviet oil in Great Britain. A rural district council in Cornwall by a vote of 14 to 6 decided not to purchase any more Russian oil on the ground that it was "stolen." One of the councillors branded the campaign against Soviet oil as a stunt of the petroleum barons who did not want to see the oil ring broken up. Up until a short time ago the Royal Dutch Shell Co., which is an auxiliary of the British government tried to move heaven and hell in an effort to get a monopoly of this "stolen" oil. British hypocrisy is still working at top speed.

THE United States is not the only country where "bomb plots" are made to order. Shortly after the murder of Sacco and Vanzetti by the capitalist executioners of Massachusetts a bomb plot scare was spread over the pages of the London capitalist press. "Bomb Found in the Underground!" This "bomb" turned out to be an empty can that somebody dropped in the tube. But for one whole day the Communist move-

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### Report of Trade Union Delegation to Appear In Less Than 2 Weeks

The complete report of the Trade Union Delegation recently returned from the Soviet Union, will appear under the imprint of the International Publishers, 381 Fourth Ave., within two weeks, it was learned yesterday.

The book will appear in both pamphlet and book editions. The pamphlet, selling for fifteen cents, will be on sale on newsstands throughout the city.

The book contains chapters on the government of the Soviet Union, the Communist Party of the U. S. S. R., educational problems, civil liberties, recognition of the Union by the United States, and the role of the trade unions.

### RED BAZAAR WILL OPEN TOMORROW AT THE "GARDEN"

The entire left wing and progressive section of the New York labor movement is anxiously waiting the opening of the DAILY WORKER-FREIHEIT Bazaar at the New Madison Square Garden tomorrow afternoon at 2 p. m.

The Red Bazaar (which hereafter will be an annual event of the New York labor movement) is expected to be attended by tens of thousands of workers, supporters of the two militant labor newspapers.

With the FREIHEIT hailed to court on criminal libel charges by the right wing and the DAILY WORKER still under the spectre of a federal indictment, it is fitting that the left wing workers should rally to their support.

The program that has been arranged for the four gala days is of splendid character. Some of the most talented artists have been secured to entertain the workers who attend the bazaar.

In addition to enjoying themselves, those who attend the bazaar will have the opportunity of securing many extraordinary bargains. Clothings for men, women and children, hats, caps, dresses, art objects, cameras, raincoats, overcoats, furniture, knitgoods, books, furs, jewelry and many other articles will be on sale at the lowest prices. By buying at the bazaar you

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### FIRST VOLUME IN DEFINITIVE EDITION OF LENIN NOW OUT; OTHERS TO APPEAR SHORTLY

Cooperating with the Lenin Institute in Moscow, the International Publishers, 381 Fourth Avenue, has begun the publication of the complete and definitive edition of Lenin's speeches and writings.

The first of the thirty volumes to appear is "Materialism and Empirio-Criticism," which is an attack against the attempts at a philosophic revision of Marxism. Other volumes in the series that will appear under the imprint of the International Publishers before the close of the year are two volumes on "The Bourgeois Revolu-

### CENTRAL TRADES ENDORSE WINDOW CLEANERS STRIKE

Walk-out Scheduled to Take Place Friday

The Executive Board of the Central Trades and Labor Council has definitely endorsed the strike call of the Window Cleaners' Protective Union, Local 8, and will issue appeals to unions in this city for moral and financial aid for the union, it was learned yesterday.

The call for the strike will come up for the ratification of the membership tomorrow evening at a mass meeting at the Manhattan Lyceum.

In addition to endorsing the proposed strike the Executive Board of the Central Trades and Labor Council denounced the scab local, which has been supported by the bosses. Unless the employers' association shows itself more ready to arbitrate than it has been in its recent negotiations, the window cleaners will launch their strike Friday.

More than 1,200 workers are expected to ratify the strike call tomorrow. The men are fighting for the full recognition of their union and a three dollar a week increase.

### Negotiations Break Down

All negotiations between the employes and employers on the window cleaning industry have broken down and a strike affecting about 1,200 men will take place before the week is out, according to an announcement made by Peter Darrk, secretary of the Window Cleaners' Protective Union, Local 8.

Harry Feinstein, business manager for the Protective Union, said, "Our union is in a favorable position to win this strike. The men are 100 per cent behind that plan and employers are squabbling among themselves. We have an understanding with many shops which will immediately sign up with us as soon as the strike is declared."

### Nomination Convention of Workers Party Will Be Held Sunday, 10 a.m.

The nominating convention of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held Sunday, 10 a. m., at 108 East 14th St. All Party units must be represented by two delegates.

### People's Travel Bureau Will Conduct Hundreds of U. S. Workers Thru U. S. S. R. on Anniversary Tour

(By Federated Press.)

American workers are included in the invitation of the Soviet Union to tourists from all parts of the world to see the 10th anniversary celebrations, hailing the decade since the November, 1917, revolution. The U. S. S. R. has this year decided to open her doors to tourists and has authorized the American-Russian Travel Agency, an American corporation, to represent the Russian Travel Bureau.

Accommodations for 200 visitors from America have been arranged by the Russian Travel Bureau. Arrangements are being made by the People's Travel Bureau, Room 1222, 29 Broadway, New York. Reservations are open to Oct. 14. The party sails Oct. 21 on the Cunard liner Lancastria. Group visas will be granted by the Soviet government through the authorized bureau in this country. The trip gives 2 days in London and one in Copenhagen, and 23 days in Russia.

World Tourists, Inc., which sent one party to the U. S. S. R. this summer, is arranging to send a second for the 10th anniversary fetes. Its office is 69 Fifth Ave., New York City. And its route is via Helsingfors.

### NEEDLE WORKERS TO APPEAR IN 57TH ST. COURT TODAY

Action on Appeal of 137 Cases Postponed

Five cloakmakers arrested several weeks ago as the result of a right wing frame-up will appear in 57th St. court for trial this morning. Their case has been postponed from Sept. 22. Three other workers arrested at the same time were discharged Sept. 19.

Four other workers jailed during the recent furriers' strike and originally sentenced to six and eight month terms by the notorious labor-baiting Judge Ewald will appear in the 57th St. court for sentences today. They were given a new trial on Sept. 22 and pleaded guilty. Louis Broad, who

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### Signatures Needed to Place Communist Nominees on Ballot

The final drive for signatures to place the Workers (Communist) Party candidates on the ballot in next month's election will take place next Saturday and Sunday.

All Workers Party members must participate in the work of securing signatures for the petitions. To carry on an effective campaign Communist candidates must be on the ballot.

The headquarters where to report are: Bronx, 2072 Clinton Ave.; Lower Bronx, 282 St. Ann's Ave.; Harlem, 81 East 110th St.; Williamsburg, 46 Ten Eyck St.; Brownsville, 63 Liberty Ave.

### Watch for Articles on Pittsburgh Terminal's Dispossessed Miners

In the mining towns of the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Co. they are tearing the roofs off of miners' houses to drive them out, shutting off their water supply, menacing them with machine guns, and there is an injunction to stop picketing. Articles on conditions there, illustrated with original photographs, will appear in The DAILY WORKER. The first, on Coverdale, will be printed tomorrow.

### Volunteers Must Report At Madison Sq. Garden Today to Help Bazaar

All Workers Party members must report at the New Madison Square Garden without fail tonight to help arrange for the DAILY WORKER-FREIHEIT Bazaar that opens tomorrow. Unemployed Party members should be at the Garden at 11 a. m. Carpenters report with tools, ready to work. All goods must be delivered at the Garden today without fail.

### PACIFIC LABOR IS FOR COMMUNIST PARTY IN CHINA

War Lords of North in Deadly Struggle

SHANGHAI, Oct. 4.—"The Pan-Pacific Worker," an organ of the Pan-Pacific Labor Federation, has published an appeal to the All-China Labor Federation laying down a program of work and struggle for the Federation in the present critical situation.

Reviewing the heroic struggle of the workers fighting in the cause of Nationalist Revolution, the appeal states that the front of the Nationalist Revolution has been broken, the trade unions are dissolved, the militaries are shooting the workers, the trade union leaders are being arrested and executed, anti-labor fascist detachments are being organized, the labor press is being suppressed, strikes are forbidden and the cost of living for the workers is increasing while they, under the whip of hunger, are forbidden to protest or to take measures for self-defense.

Supports Communist Party. After describing briefly the heroic struggle of the workers under the leadership of the Federation, the appeal enumerates the reasons why the All-China Labor Federation, numbering 200,000,000 members, has always supported and still supports the Communist Party of China. "The Communist Party always assisted the Federation in the most critical moments of its struggle."

PEKING, China, Oct. 4.—War on a large scale, with the fate of Peking in doubt, is developing to the westward. Feng Yu-hsiang and the military and civil governor of Shansi province, Yen Hsi-shan, have united their forces and are attacking along a wide front. They have captured the important city of Kalgan, and a decisive battle is developing in the vicinity of Nankow pass. The front extends, however, from Nankow pass to points on the Peking-Hankow railroad, which is cut by the allies.

### DETECTIVE ASSISTS CREDENTIALS COMMITTEE DENY SEAT TO DELEGATE OF LOS ANGELES OFFICE WORKERS

Cite Unseating of Dunne at Portland Convention As Precedent Against Schneiderman

Senator Hiram Johnson, the Jailer of Mooney and Billings, Speaks

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 4.—William Hynes, of the detective section of the police department here, was added to the A. F. of L. convention special credentials committee today.

William Schneiderman, a delegate from the office workers' union, was barred from the convention by Vice President Woll, Secretary Morrison and Detective Hynes on the ground of Communist activities in his union and the Los Angeles Central Labor Council.

### DETECTIVES BEFORE DELEGATES.

The committee of two labor officials and one detective cited the unseating of William F. Dunne at Portland as a precedent for barring Schneiderman. In possession of the committee were documents signed by Schneiderman which were seized by police during the recent Sacco-Vanzetti raids.

Schneiderman was refused the right to speak on the convention floor against the decision of the committee.

When Schneiderman was called in to Morrison's office he found Hynes in consultation with Morrison and Woll. The Los Angeles police force, notoriously anti-labor, had been called in for advice before a regularly elected delegate could state his case.

### Davis for Employers.

Secretary of Labor Davis was respectfully listened to while he conducted propaganda for limitation of the number of jobs in the coal mines, and in behalf of lower wages for miners. The he did not mention directly the struggle now in its sixth month in the bituminous coal fields, he enthusiastically echoed the British Tory government's attitude towards mining in England—that is, that mining costs are too high, and that the mining companies cannot pay much for their help. His remarks indicated that he favored some sort of super-trust for the mine fields.

Davis said he believed a critical period in the mining industry confronted the nation. He pointed out that depletion of zinc mines was indicated in a 30-year period, that American oil wells might be exhausted in the same period, and that some other minerals in which the nation is so vitally interested were on the point of being exhausted, unless the nation ceased its "criminal recklessness" in exploiting these natural resources.

Secretary of Laor Davis repeated the stale contention of reactionary leaders that "Karl Marx was wrong and that the brotherhood of labor and capital is correct."

Attacking the Soviet Union, Davis, with a straight face, spread the lie that 98 per cent of the Russian workers and peasants were illiterate.

He shed crocodile tears for the ten millions underpaid workers in America. He said he advocated high wages and wants new jobs for the workers displaced by new machinery, but he fights the coal miners and steel workers in Pennsylvania.

He said that there is a surplus of 300,000 miners. He ended his speech by attacking the Communists and the left wing of the trade unions.

### Johnson Avoids Mooney Case.

U. S. Senator Hiram Johnson, who refused all pleas for retrial in the Mooney and Billings case while he was governor of California, spoke today for the Boulder Dam project, an engineering feat intended to raise the value of California real estate. He denounced the opposition to it as propaganda of the power trust controlling seven billion dollars capital.

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### OIL BARONS' MEN BEATEN IN FIGHT TO SEIZE MEXICO

Clerical and Landowner Adherents Fail

LAREDO, Texas, Oct. 4.—Official confirmation was received from the Mexican government officials here this afternoon of the execution of General Francisco Serrano, one of the leaders in the present clerical-land owner revolt.

Information confirming Serrano's execution came in dispatches from Mexico City through the Mexican consulate at Laredo.

With Serrano were executed a group of reactionary generals and civilian clericals.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 4.—The revolt of Gomez and Serrano, the two reactionary candidates in the Mexican elections, seems today to have collapsed. The government apparently was sure enough of its ground to let the champions of the catholic hierarchy and the friends of American oil companies go ahead and hopelessly discredit themselves. The revolt, which was not hampered by any preliminary arrests or other activity by the government, was able to draw out only three companies from the garrison at Mexico City, and other small numbers in Pueblo, Torreon, Vera Cruz and Tezocco.

The seaport city of Vera Cruz, supposedly a stronghold of Gomez, is firmly held by the federal government.

### Vera Cruz Quiet.

Vera Cruz is quiet although many unconfirmed reports of military operations in the inland districts are being received, according to advices received here this afternoon.

Federal troops are being brought into Vera Cruz and are being moved from there to Jalapa where there is a concentration in progress. Train service out of Vera Cruz has been interrupted.

General Joaquin Amaro, Mexican Secretary of War, at the head of four

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## All Aboard for the Big Bazaar! Opens Thursday 2 P. M.

### BARGAINS:

Clothing for Men, Women and Children, Hats, Caps, Dresses, Art Objects, Cameras, Raincoats, Overcoats, Furniture, Knitgoods, Books, Furs, Jewelry, Jewelry Repairing, Shirts, Articles of All Kinds at the Lowest Prices. Don't Miss This Opportunity.

### ATTRACTIONS:

THURSDAY—Official opening night, speeches by distinguished leaders; Dancing.

FRIDAY—Westergarde's European Acrobatic Sensation, first time in America. Poodles & Doty, famous clowns, in their side splitting stunts.

ATURDAY—International Costume Ball.

SUNDAY—Maria Montara's ballet of Spanish dancers, just completed engagement at Roxy Theatre.

Grand finale and closing of Bazaar.



# Wall Street Approves of the A. F. of L. Convention

The big organs of the biggest bosses, like the New York Herald Tribune, are well satisfied with the line laid down by labor officialdom in its report and speeches in Los Angeles.

"... the American Federation of Labor... will usher in a fresh chapter in the history of organized labor in this country," says the Herald Tribune editorially. "The executive council of the federation... will recommend to the convention a new wage policy... which will substitute for the old practice of making arbitrary demands on the employer, backed by strike threats, the more enlightened method of inviting him to discuss facts and figures over a table, with a view to adjustment."

"This tendency to conservatism has been apparent in the American Federation for years, but the adoption of this new wage policy will for the first time stamp it as official."

The Herald Tribune points out that labor officialdom now controls huge sums of money in union treasuries and various profit-making concerns which they "prefer should remain invested in productive enterprise rather than be dissipated in strike benefits."

The Herald Tribune expresses the opinion that "the country" should be gratified by this policy of labor officialdom. If for "the country" we read "the capitalists" we will see at once whom the "tendency to conservatism" has benefited.

The A. F. of L. convention in Los Angeles has been stage-managed in order to give no offense to business of the biggest kind. From the report of the executive council with its emphasis on "mutual understanding," to the unseating of William Schneiderman, Los Angeles delegate, for "Communist activities" carried out with the co-operation of the Los Angeles police department, the welcoming address by Governor Young of California, the state which has imprisoned Tom Mooney and Warren K. Billings for 11 years for the crime of organizing workers, to the opening speech of President William Green wherein he apes Mayor Thompson of Chicago by raising the slogan of "America First" and pledges American labor to the defense of American institutions, the convention proceedings constitute a subservient acceptance of the leadership of the American capitalist class.

This may be and undoubtedly is very pleasant to tongues calloused by bootlicking but for the American working class it is a sinister exhibition.

It is, for instance, far from accidental when the "defense of American institutions" is the keynote of the convention address of Green. There are more jingoes to the square inch in Los Angeles than anywhere else unless it be Washington, D. C. and it is likewise true that American imperialism is launched upon a career of conquest marked by a sharpening of international antagonisms, militarization, increase in air and naval armament and military adventures in Latin America and the Far East.

With this monstrous program the A. F. of L. leadership falls in line.

The satisfaction which the reactionary press expresses with this position is a warning to the working class that heading the labor movement are men who are its enemies, who are agents of Wall Street in the labor movement, and must be fought as such.

## "THE BOLSHEVIK PLAGUE HAS BEEN ERADICATED"

By WILLIAM SCHNEIDERMAN. LOS ANGELES has assumed the appearance of a bankers' convention. Well-groomed, contented-looking individuals step from the train and the Mayor hastens to greet them. Reporters crowd around, with eager questions. The prosperous-looking gentlemen drive to the scabbiest haunts of parasites in Los Angeles, the Hotel Alexandria. A few minutes later, newspaper headlines announce to the world, "The Bolsheviki Plague Has Been Eradicated, Says Labor Head." The American Federation of Labor has come to town!

Next year is a presidential election. So a swarm of senators, governors, mayors, and cabinet officers hurry to Los Angeles to tell "Labor" what good leaders they have, "safe, sane and constructive." Labor has not yet decided who is the highest bidder to whom it will sell its vote. So "the national political situation has not yet sufficiently clarified itself for us to commit ourselves," declares Green.

"Will the Sacco-Vanzetti case be discussed at the convention?" Green is asked. "Emphatically not." But union insurance will; and labor banking. Of course labor will have to be more careful in their banking ventures. They could not afford to have another exposure such as the Locomotive Engineers unearthed. But no reason to become discouraged. Banking experts would "help" labor.

Everybody agrees that Green and his associates are fine fellows; didn't they declare that "Reds would be barred from the convention?" Didn't they say that "no soviet or Communist propaganda would be tolerated?" So all the papers joined in a chorus to sing the praises of "conservative and constructive" leadership. In due time the city was decorated with American flags of welcome, but not until Green made a speech averring his "loyalty to America and American institutions."

Not until the press declared, "Labor Leader Says Bolsheviki Plague Eradicated from Unions," did the churches, twenty-four of them, hear "sermons" by respectable labor officials who believe in God and American institutions.

But two jarring notes spoil the appearance of one big happy family. First: local labor leaders have warned Communists to "lay off" their activity while the big happy family is here to enjoy itself. Local leaders wish to prove to Green and to Uncle Sam that in Los Angeles, too, "the Bolsheviki plague has been eradicated." But the Communists are not always as obliging as labor officials might wish. Much to the latter's sorrow and discomfort.

Secondly, the Chamber of Commerce has done a shocking thing. It has admitted something Green will not admit: the existence of class differences. Fawning labor leaders begged D. D. McGarry, Chamber of Commerce president, to let bygones be bygones, and welcome the A. F. of L. convention. But McGarry refused to kiss and make up. He bluntly informed them that his organization considered it "impractical" for him to oblige them. An honest, reactionary, loyal to his class. The A. F. of L. is at a loss how to explain the break in the ranks of the one big happy family.

"This convention will be one of the most constructive we have ever had." Meaning that labor leaders will continue to serve their masters as they have done so ably in the past.

## Spain's Dictator Gags Labor Paper That Spoke Of Sacco and Vanzetti

MADRID, Oct. 4.—"El Socialista," organ of the Socialist labor movement in Spain, was recently suppressed for eight days, because it had published an article on the Sacco-Vanzetti execution, when Dictator Primo de Rivera had forbidden publication of any news of the protest movement. Capitalist papers violating the decree were not punished.

Stole \$100,000 For "Good Time." Accused of stealing approximately \$100,000 from the banking company which employed her, to squander the money in riotous living, Miss Anna Magover, 33, held in a jail cell yesterday, "was not prepared to explain anything yet," according to police.

# A. F. L. CONVENTION NOTES

By WM. SCHNEIDERMAN. LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 4.—A report is current that the Amalgamated Clothing Workers may apply for affiliation to the American Federation of Labor. The parent organization, the United Garment Workers, would undoubtedly oppose such a move. The Amalgamated is four times the size of the U. G. W. Discussing the report, the "Southern California Labor Press" says, "The very important subject of craft versus industrial unionism may be well ventilated in the convention of the A. F. of L. If the delegates could be broad enough to accomplish such a desirable end for the labor movement, it might not be long before the Railroad Brotherhoods would make similar applications, thus giving us a united movement and much-needed new blood. The Amalgamated people never seceded from the A. F. of L., but were thrown out during the war hysteria days of 1914 under the cry of 'reds.' To an outsider the cause of the unfortunate split seems to have been the usual demand for more up-to-date methods by the rank and file and a hard-boiled refusal by the reigning officialdom." This paper which comments on craft versus industrial unionism is the organ of the local building trades, which are constantly in the midst of jurisdictional disputes which arise from craft divisions and jealousies.

Green, Morrison Say They Are "Best Leaders." Speaking at a meeting of the Central Labor Council, William Green assailed "the critics within our movement who profess to be our friends." He challenged anybody to produce a better leadership than the A. F. of L. had at the present time. "If we would have to depend for leadership on these critics, our movement would starve." He claimed to have five million "fighting militant trade unionists" in the A. F. of L., although official figures in the report to the convention show only 2,800,000. "Give me five million more men, and what could we not accomplish." He advocated the five-day week as a means to do away with unemployment, and claimed increased efficiency and productivity warranted such a reduction in hours.

Green pointed out the New York garment industry "where we did away with the sweatshop." He was silent on the role of the A. F. of L. in breaking down the union conditions in the garment industry. He boasted of his early life as a miner, but said not one word of what the A. F. of L. was doing for the striking miners.

Morrison spoke on company unions, the defense of the primary system, injunctions and the yellow dog contract as four main problems before the labor movement. The following cities have put in their bid for the next convention of the A. F. of L.: Birmingham, Alabama; Toronto, Canada; St. Petersburg, Fla.; Miami, Fla.; Lakeland, Fla.

The Union Label Trades Department heard a pessimistic report on the progress of the union label campaign, and adjourned after re-electing its officers for the coming year. investment undertakings. The report advocates more educational activities in the union as a means of arousing interest and decreasing pessimism. Regarding the company unions, without offering any alternative course, the report maintains "the question at issue here is not one that should be decided by conflict unless employers force that course."

A number of jurisdictional disputes are mentioned, chiefly in the Building and Metal Trades, under the Economic section of the report. Follows a chapter on the "Reorganization of the International Fur Workers Union." ... The international was re-organized, new officers elected, in full sympathy with the American Federation of Labor and will support its policies. The control of the organization has been taken from the former Communist officers of the New York Joint Board."

The report indicates that last year's resolutions to "organize the unorganized" remains on paper, as no results were mentioned. Green estimates that 90,000 workers in the United States are working under the 40-hour week, not including the Ford factories. Memorials Not So Good. Memorials such as the Samuel Gompers Foundation, Woodrow Wilson Foundation, and the Thomas Jefferson Foundation, are not progressing very well financially it appears, as another appeal for more active fund-collecting is made to the unions.

The A. F. of L. re-affirms its "non-partisan" political policy, attacks the enemies of the primaries, and urges more people to vote, and raise the percentage above 50%. The A. F. of L. strongly urges Congress for permanent relief for the Mississippi flood sufferers, and for modification of the Volstead Act.

The Executive Council reports to the convention without recommendation that the obstacles to affiliation with the Amsterdam International still exist, that is, the per capita tax being too large, and second, the voting rules preventing the American Federation a sufficient voice in formulating the policies. Oudegest, secretary of the Amsterdam International, suggested a conference to discuss the questions at issue. The presence at this convention of representatives of the Building Trades Section of Amsterdam International, with British and German delegates, may have something to do with this proposition.

Kellogg Won't Discuss Relief; Finds Starving Minn. Farmers Improve. WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—Secretary of State Kellogg, back from a long vacation in Minnesota, declared that "farm conditions in Minnesota are very much improved." He refused to discuss the political situation in his home state, but indicated that he looked upon it hopefully. Senator Henrik Shipstead, Farmer-Labor, who defeated Kellogg for reelection in 1922 by nearly 90,000 plurality, has been talking to Minnesota farmers this summer on the imperialism of the republican administration, and on Kellogg's lawless war against Nicaragua. Shipstead has not found the farmers either prosperous or happy. He is going to run on the Farmer-Labor ticket next year on a platform of farm relief and anti-imperialism.

Two subjects are recommended for study upon which policies should be formulated; Old Age Pensions, and Union Investments. The re-action of the A. F. of L. officials to the debacle of the Locomotive Engineers banking enterprise is typical: "The investment of union funds is a serious problem for the labor movement. ... Results of labor banking experiment confirm the warnings that the American Federation of Labor has repeatedly made. These banks should have the advice of banking experts. ... Some unions that have financed various undertakings have involved themselves in most embarrassing difficulties. It would be well to study the causes of failure in labor banks and

## Legion Defeated in Drive on the Belgian Palace; Fists Fly

BRUSSELS, Oct. 4.—Henry Brechner of Philadelphia, who was mauled by the throat by John J. Wicker, travel director of the American Legion, when a party of legionnaires tried to "crash" a reception to the more favored officers and "veterans" at the royal palace in Brussels, is now wondering whether or not one strike-breaker really is as good as another. The fun began when a group of thirty of the "veterans," who are reported to have found the wines of Brussels almost as heady as those of Montmartre, demanded to be allowed to look at the king of the Belgians and were refused admission at the palace gates by Wicker and Edward Reed, secretary of the American embassy in Belgium, together with the Belgian police and Father Wolfe, the national chaplain of the legion.

Brechner, a blustering swaggler who as a member of the legion has probably never had any difficulty in awing unarmed American workers with his revolver, tried to rush the palace gates but as he sprang forward, Wicker unleashed his wrist and caught Brechner by the throat. The uninvited were pushed back, and the palace doors slammed in their faces.

Much dissatisfaction has been expressed by the legionnaires that they are being left out in the cold while their officers are being feasted by the Belgian king and queen and the wealthy American ex-patriots, who are their American dollars in Brussels. There is particular resentment against the awarding of medals, which were given only for distinguished courage during the recent imperialist butchery, to officers of the American fascists, many of whom it is reported are now in Europe for the first time.

## Hoover, Head of U. S. A. Radio Control Talks to International Meeting

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—World-wide radio problems were put under the X-ray of foremost scientists from many nations here today with the gathering of the International Radio-telegraph Conference.

Fifty or more countries were represented for the purpose of laying the ground work for international treaties, sufficiently strong in regulatory scope to keep communication out of chaos, sufficiently flexible to assure unimpeded development of radio science.

President Coolidge will open the conference formally this afternoon with the address of welcome, followed by Secretary of Commerce Hoover, slated to be elected president of the international organization.

The Soviet Union and Ecuador were excluded from the conference.

Policeman Loses Fight. QUINCY, Mass., Oct. 4.—Shooting his way to Freedom from the rear of Phill Brothers' hardware store early today, a safe cracker shot and instantly killed patrolman Alfred Hollis, 23, youngest member of the Quincy police.

The lone burglar escaped as patrolman John J. Fitzgerald, came running around from the front of the building.

Another Honolulu Flight. WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—The Post Office Department today authorizes the carrying of mail on the flight about October 13 from San Francisco to Australia, via Honolulu.

## Sacco's and Vanzetti's Ashes Reach England on Way to Rest in Italy

PLYMOUTH, Eng., Oct. 4.—The ashes of Bartolomeo Vanzetti, and half the ashes of Nicola Sacco arrived here from America today. They were brought on the liner Mauretania. Eventually the ashes will be taken to Italy by Vanzetti's sister.

## Oil Barons' Men Lose In Mexican War

(Continued from Page One) thousand loyal troops, is personally conducting the campaign against General Ignacio Alameda, former chief of staff of the Mexico City garrison, who led the mutiny against the government in the Mexico City garrison.

Reactionaries Rob. Serious fighting between mutineers and loyal troops and actions of repression by the rebellious troops are reported in dispatches received here. The reactionaries are reported to have sacked the town of Texcoco and also to have held up an express train from Vera Cruz and to have robbed the passengers.

A dispatch from Torreon states that fifteen soldiers of the Sixteenth Cavalry have been killed in fighting there, and that twenty-nine have been wounded, including Colonel Ibarra and two loyal captains.

The reactionary group, after being depleted by desertions of those originally forced into it, was severely cut up by airplane bombs dropped by the air fleet flying ahead of the federal force sent in pursuit, and then scattered by the short fight which resulted when this force caught up with it.

Serrano for Oil Barons. General Francisco Serrano, against whom a warrant for treason now stands, is the catholic and adherent of the cause of the great landowners, who during his election campaign offered publicly to "settle with the United States oil companies," which is interpreted as meaning that he placed himself at their disposal in the quarrel between them and the Mexican state over the right of the companies to dodge taxes.

Serrano is strong at Torreon, but the mutiny he ordered there resulted in all his forces being disarmed and captured after a three hours' battle.

Gomez Loses Vera Cruz. General Arnulfo Gomez, a former secretary of war for Mexico, but now a hunted outlaw, takes a similar position to that of Serrano, but up to the present has been considered a rival of both Serrano and Obregon. Obregon is the popular candidate for presidency, and will carry out the policies of the present Calles government in the matter of Mexican oil. Gomez had his headquarters in Vera Cruz, but so few of the garrison there followed him into the field that the city was undisturbed by the fighting.

Gives Plum Without Investigation. WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—The Western Air Express of Los Angeles, which bid 83 cents a pound, today was awarded the contract for carrying the air mail from Cheyenne to Pueblo, via Colorado Springs and Denver.

Postmaster General New said the company was "thoroughly reliable and no investigation of it would be required." The contract was awarded within an hour after bids were received.

The company operates the Los Angeles-Salt Lake City Air Route.

The Place—Madison Sq. Garden. The Event — The Red Bazaar. The Time — October 6-7-8-9.

## Gold Discovery in Philippines Means No Hope of Freedom

MANILA, Oct. 4.—Another reason why a deaf ear is being turned to all proposals for greater self government, to say nothing of the long promised independence, for the Philippine Islands, has become apparent today.

Some time ago a gold strike of considerable richness was made in the old mining field around Benguet, 100 miles from Manila. This fact was kept secret until the American company could buy up all the stock in corporations owning this field, and until the political situation quieted.

It is now admitted that during the last two weeks ore valued at \$33,000,000 has been mined, and that six hundred feet deep in the earth there is a body of ore of unknown size, assaying \$600 to the metric ton. The mining properties are protected by heavily armed guards and fortifications, fronted by barbed wire.

SOUTHAMPTON, N. Y., Oct. 4.—The body of an unidentified man was found on Southampton Beach last night by a coast guardman. There were no clothes on the body, which apparently had been in the water more than a month.



## Books On Soviet Russia

- RUSSIAN TRADE UNIONS —05
- RUSSIAN TRADE UNIONS IN 1923 —05
- ROLE OF LABOR UNIONS IN THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION —05
- GIMPSES OF SOVIET RUSSIA —10
- RUSSIA TURNS EAST —10
- MARRIAGE LAWS OF SOVIET RUSSIA —10
- CONSTITUTION, LABOR LAWS, ETC. —10
- SOVIETS AT WORK —10
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- RUSSIA'S PATH TO COMMUNISM —25
- COMMERCIAL HANDBOOK OF THE U. S. S. R. —30
- MY FLIGHT FROM SIBERIA —50
- EDUCATION IN SOVIET RUSSIA —50
- INDUSTRIAL REVIVAL IN SOVIET RUSSIA —50
- RUSSELL-NEARING DEBATE —50
- RUSSIA TODAY (Report of the British Trade Union Delegation) —1.25

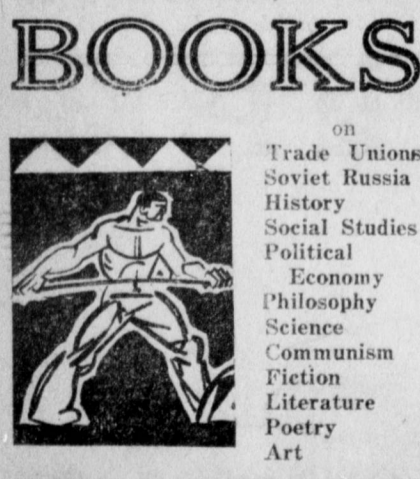
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# SHOW BRITISH OIL IMPERIALISM IN RAKOVSKY RECALL

## French Play for Better Debt Terms Suspected

PARIS, Oct. 4.—While some circles are seeing the hand of the British oil imperialists in the reported demand that Christian Rakovsky, the ambassador of the Soviet Union, be recalled from Paris, there is a tendency among other groups to believe that the report is an intrigue of the French imperialists to obtain better debt terms from the Soviet Union diplomats in the negotiations now going on.

The French meanwhile have announced that there has been no formal demand for Ambassador Rakovsky's recall. According to the statement of the French foreign office, the presence of Ambassador Rakovsky in Paris at the present stage of the debt negotiations, is a slight inconvenience owing to the touchiness of certain sections of official opinion. The French press anticipates that Ambassador Rakovsky may return to Moscow in the course of the next week, but it is careful to add that his departure will in no way involve a break with the Soviet Union.

The debt negotiations which are now proceeding between the government of the Soviet Union and the French officials are reported to be progressing favorably and it is not expected that the French will permit any rupture between the two governments at this juncture.

### Snyder-Gray Appeal.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 4.—The appeal of Mrs. Ruth Snyder and Judd Gray will be argued in the Court of Appeals on October 24, the state's highest tribunal announced today.

Mrs. Snyder and Gray were convicted of murdering the woman's husband while he slept in his home in Queens County. Both are now in the death house at Sing Sing.

# British Reformists Use Labor Party Conference for Attack on Militants

BLACKPOOL, Eng., Oct. 4.—The reformist leadership of British labor seized the opportunity offered by the Labor Party Conference here yesterday to attack militant workers affiliated with the minority movement and the Communist Party.

In addition to attacking militant trade unionism in the report of the Executive Committee, individual reformists attacked the minority movement. F. O. Roberts, chairman of the Conference, in his opening address warned "extremists within and without the party against attempts to disrupt the organization."

## Current Events

(Continued from page 1) ment was charged with the alleged crime and no doubt thousands of people will continue until their death to believe that there actually was a bomb plot and that the Communists were responsible.

WHAT a citizen with initiative can do to embarrass an administration was demonstrated by William A. Ryan, a Boston lampfitter, who decided to stage a little party of his own at Boston's centenary celebration in 1930. Mr. Ryan, being of the opinion that Boston is too exclusive invited delegations from 7,300 cities to visit the Hub and leave their spending money at home. Mr. Ryan did not seem to attract undue attention until he sent off an invitation to Bolsheviki Moscow. Then the Back Bay threw an epileptic fit and asked questions. Mr. Ryan was quite willing to answer. Indeed we believe he now considers his mission ended having succeeded in making a reputation for himself as one of the world's greatest publicity men.

MAYOR Walker has given rise to much suspicion by letting the news leak out that he was shadowed by detectives while travelling in Europe. The reported incident in the Rome cafe where the mayor is alleged to have objected to the presence of Negroes was a pure invention sayeth Jimmy. Perhaps G. O. P. stool-pigeons did trail his honor, hoping to get a key-hole photograph of the dapper Tammanyite in a position that might tally with young Teddy Roosevelt's red-light oration in Rochester. Walker regards with the utmost complacency the activities of his Bomb Squad sleuthing on radicals and pro-bourgeois labor leaders. He is not the first quack to gag at his own medicine.

# RED LENINGRAD GETS READY FOR "THE 10TH YEAR"

## Giant Preparations to Honor Revolution

(Special to THE DAILY WORKER.) LENINGRAD, U. S. S. R., Oct. 4.—On the Tenth Anniversary of the victory of the Bolshevik Revolution, November 7, new workers' clubs, schools, cultural establishments and a new school will be opened in the Moscow-Narva district—the biggest working-class district of Leningrad. One thousand workers' children will be taught there.

Encouragement to Astronomy. In honor of the tenth anniversary of the November 17, 1917, Revolution buildings for astronomical observations will be put up in Leningrad at the initiative and expense of the workers. These buildings with all their appliances will be at the disposal of amateur astronomers.

The main object of these beginnings is to spread scientific knowledge among workers, to fight against superstition and ignorance and to raise interest in self-education. Apart from the organization of a big science exhibition which will bear testimony of the work of Leningrad science institutions during the last ten years, it is also intended to make the opening of a high volt station for the study of high pressure currents attached to the physico-technical institute coincide with the tenth anniversary. The chief geo-physical observatory will open its museum.

Plans of Art Academy. The Art Academy is engaged on the production of a grand panorama, "The Taking of the Winter Palace in 1917."

The Revolutionary Museum is organizing an exhibition of the history of the 1917 Revolution. The exhibition on Soviet construction will be held in the former Mariinsk Palace. A big industrial-economic exhibition is to be opened, in which co-operatives will participate.

A trade union movement exhibition will be held in the Labor Palace. There will be also exhibitions in connection with the press, science institutions, the army, the postal and telegraph service as well as a number of exhibitions in the Art Academy. An exhibition of labor customs and life during the last ten years will be held in the Vybor district.

A big merchandised flour mill, the biggest of its kind in the U.S.S.R., is being built in accordance with the modern achievements of technique. This flour mill will produce 2,420 tons flour per month and its construction

# French and Roumanian Reactionaries Confer; Exile Bessarabians

MOSCOW (By Mail).—On the 11th September four Bessarabian workers expelled from Paris arrived in Moscow. Two of them were leaders of the legal Bessarabian alliance in France. They declared that their expulsion was in connection with the growth of the reaction in France and with the persecutions of the Bessarabian movement following upon the meeting between the Roumanian foreign minister, Titulescu, and members of the French government in August of this year.

Tom Wright, a delegate of the Australian unions, declared upon his arrival in Leningrad that he would represent the situation in the Soviet Union at public meetings in Australia. He declared that the trade unions in Australia would send a delegation to the celebrations of the October revolution.

and equipment will cost about 3½ million roubles.

Moreover, a new big co-operative store, the Leningrad Co-operative Stores, will be opened at the time of the tenth anniversary.

Open Saw Mills. It is also intended to open by that date a big sawing mill constructed of iron baton. This new sawing mill will produce over 30,000 standards of sawed timber which is to be exported to West Europe. It is equipped with modern Swedish machinery and mechanism.

It is also proposed to open by that date another powerful sawing mill also constructed of iron baton which will produce over 15,000 standards of sawed timber. The construction and equipment of these two works will cost over 3½ million roubles. (\$1,750,000).

The Leningrad Trust of the garment-making industry will open for the anniversary another garment-making factory which will employ 1,000 workers.

The North-Western joint stock company, "Electropromostch," is making arrangements for the opening on that date of the electro-technical works "Krasny October," which will employ up to 1,000 workers.

Many Smaller Undertakings. In addition to these big enterprises a number of smaller enterprises and workshops will be opened in honor of the tenth anniversary. The giant of the Soviet colored metal industry, "Krasny Vyborzhets," is opening an electrified foundry, in the "Dzerzhinsky" textile factory a textile factory-school will be opened, etc.

# NORWEGIAN LABOR DELEGATES URGE SUPPORT OF USSR

## Want Norwegian-Finn Soviet Union Committee

MOSCOW, U.S.S.R., (By Mail).—The various groups of the Norwegian workers' delegation which have been touring a number of U.S.S.R. districts have met again in Moscow. In conversation with a representative of "Trud," the chairman of the delegation, Comrade Diedrichsen said: "All the members of the delegation are astonished at the colossal constructive work noticeable in all spheres of Soviet life. In the textile factories of the Ivanovo-Voznesensk district, in the colossal enterprises of the Donetz basin, in Leningrad and Moscow institutions and enterprises we could see for ourselves that the entire working class is doing its utmost for the development of industry, in greater productivity of labor and socialist construction.

In regard to future relations between the Norwegian Labor Movement and Soviet trade unions, Comrade Diedrichsen said: "Myself and all the members of the delegation think that Norwegian trade unions should keep up close relations with the Soviet trade union movement. The question of the establishment of a special organ whose business it will be to definitely consolidate this connection, i.e. of a Norwegian-Finnish-Soviet Union Committee will be decided at the next congress of the Norwegian trade unions."

Commenting on the news concerning the break-up of the Anglo-Russian Unity Committee by the Edinburgh Trade Union Congress, Comrade Diedrichsen pointed out that this event will certainly accelerate the unification of the revolutionary sections of Norwegian workers.

Although in reformist ranks the news of the severance of relations between the General Council and the AUCTU might give an impetus to Right tendencies the revolutionary section of Norwegian workers and entire rank and file will no doubt feel impelled to give whole-hearted support to the Soviet trade unions.

On its return, the Norwegian delegation will do its utmost to inform Norwegian workers about the life and doings of the Russian comrades. In conclusion Comrade Diedrichsen said: "All of us are convinced that the Soviet Union is the most progressive country in regard to all spheres of state and economic life."

# Declaring the Wars of Religion in the U. S. A.



Theodore Roosevelt, 2nd, delivering keynote speech at Republican State convention at Rochester, N. Y., in which Smith administration was given a flaying.

# TEDDY'S ATTACK ON TAMMANY'S AL MAY INJURE G. O. P.

## But It May Be Strong Red Meat for Southwest

Whether Theodore Roosevelt committed a political faux pas in connecting the respectable Al Smith with the "red-light" leadership of Tammany Hall, or whether his Rochester speech is the kind of meat the dry and protestant voters of the south and west like to feed on is still a question to differ over.

Newspapers favorable to Smith are publishing columns of rumors and hints designed to convince their readers that high G. O. P. officials in Washington are wishing Teddy, Jr., was on the top of Teapot Dome at the time he was engaged in the business of delivering his fulmination against Al in Rochester. It was stated quite frankly, even in republican organs that old and seasoned strategists in the G. O. P. were horror-stricken as the fellow Al licked for the governorship a few years ago pulled out the stops on one of the most vitriolic tirades every heard outside of a bawdy house.

### Ready For The Carnage.

There are others, at least equally deserving of credence, who declare that the republican stalwarts at Rochester licked their chops after the forensic dish served up to them by young Teddy and the gleam in their collective eye, as they anticipated tearing the pope limb from limb in the next election, was not unlike the glint in the optics of a hungry hyena who contemplates the hind part of a fat missionary bending over a brook to slake his godly thirst in its cooling waters. There will be dirty work at the crossroads in this coming election and Teddy Roosevelt's Rochester speech will strengthen Pius's hold on his American flock and may help to bring many stray 100 per cent protestant American dollars back to the untenanted coffers of the Ku Klux Klan.

### Slip Chance For Democrats.

Outside of Smith there is no outstanding figure in the democratic party, with the possible exception of Senator Reed of Missouri, with the personality capable of dramatizing the campaign and making issues that do not mean a thing to the masses, but the chances of the democratic party to win in the next election are

# Governor Smith



Smith, running wet and catholic, is a contender for Coolidge's job. But his party isn't sure it wants him. Tammany seems anxious to run him in order to lose him.

slim unless between now and then a serious industrial crisis develops. While the present state of comparative prosperity continues—a prosperity from which the capitalists are the chief beneficiaries—there is little likelihood that the republicans will be driven out of the White House.

There is a possibility that Dawes and Roosevelt are being seriously considered for the G. O. P. race, as presidential and vice-presidential candidates. Lowden, who is a formidable rival to Dawes in the middle west, is up against the opposition of the William Hale Thompson machine in Illinois. Young Teddy will not be helped in his political aspirations by his next public appearance in Washington as a witness in the Fall-Sinclair oil scandal conspiracy trial. Roosevelt, as assistant secretary of the navy, was a messenger between Fall and Doheny and it was he that sent out the marines to clear Teapot Dome for the oil magnate. However, the disagreeable political odor that emanated from the White House sewers in 1924 has lost its virgin sting and the populace refuses to be excited over anything more ancient than last month, unless it be religion or rum.

# Mexican Immigration May Not Be Banned by The U. S. Authorities

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—Mexico may not be singled out, among all the nations of the western hemisphere, to be brought under a quota limitation as to the number of her workers who may enter the United States. And no attempt will be made to apply the quota limitation to Canada or to any of the countries of Central or South America.

It is the opinion of one of the most influential cabinet members—whose views were given in confidence—that the American government cannot afford, and would have no good reason, to offend the Mexicans by raising a quota bar against their people. Canada certainly would be irritated by any such action against herself.

# The Rise of Reaction in Wuhan

(Continued From Last Issue)

## The Theoreticians of Reaction.

THERE follows a series of confusion injections by such eloquent confusionists as Wong Ching Wei, in the form of a series of articles dealing with the Kuomintang and the masses, and the land problem and the class struggle, and the U.S.S.R. and China and capitalist countries, and everything under the sun except the burning question whether the destruction of the labor and peasant movements—which was going on while Mr. Wong Ching Wei was writing his articles and pronouncing his speeches—and the wholesale executions of labor and peasant leaders, were what he, the self-styled apostle of "pure Sun Yat Senism" considered to be in accordance with the principles of Dr. Sun.

IT is typical of this self-styled heir of Sun Yat Senism that he defines the National Revolution simply as "the struggle of an oppressed people against imperialism." More than that he does not see and does not want. The social revolution does not exist for him. The class struggle to him is a crime.

Let the toiling masses, the workers and peasants be good and help the Chinese bourgeoisie beat im-

SZ-TOH-LI of the Pan-Pacific Trade Union Central Bureau has furnished THE DAILY WORKER with four articles describing the betrayal of the liberation movement by the Wuhan leaders and the horrible butcheries and suppression which followed their surrender to Chiang Kai-shek and the other militarists.

By documentary evidence the writer shows that the Wuhan "moderates" took the same attitude toward the labor movement and the peasant organizations as did imperialists and their militarist allies.

Written the first of August, the general predictions made by the writer have been confirmed fully by subsequent events.

perialism in order that it may itself have the monopoly on exploiting the Chinese working class and the peasantry—and Mr. Wong Ching Wei will thank them. (See "People's Tribune" of Aug. 8 and 9).

THE height of confusion and learned stupidity is reached in another series of articles published during the same period of preparation for the reactionary coup by Kou Meng Yu, the Minister of Education.

Mr. Kou throws the terrible bugaboo of Nihilism into the discussion, and quotes Dostoyevsky himself—and Bakunin and even Marx—in an effort to prove that the present actively revolutionary labor and peasant movements in China lead to Nihilism which is opposed to Sun Yat Senism.

THE trio of petty bourgeois theoreticians and ideologists of "Na-

tionalist Revolution" is completed by Sun Fo, Minister of Communications, who also ventures into theoretical discussions (read: justification of the reactionary coup) which furnish a splendid shield to all the dark forces at present operating at Wuhan.

Mr. Sun Fo who seems to have learned mighty little from his revolutionary father Sun Yat Sen, poses as attorney-general against the masses.

He accuses the masses of no less a crime than "the illegal usurpation of political power" from the Kuomintang and the Government. "... The great responsibility for the illegal activity of the people (!) falls upon the shoulders of persons who are leading the mass movement. In order to avoid such a crisis and the defeat of the Revolution, we must get rid of the misrepresentations of the theory of National Revolution..." (See "People's Tribune July 15).

INDEED the gods must laugh to hear this self-satisfied and vainglorious son of a great man accuse the masses of "usurping political power." The masses! With what contempt these little puppets who were brought to light by the same masses he now despises, speak of the masses!

As if the masses of workers and peasants who constitute the overwhelming majority, perhaps 95 per cent of the population, could "usurp" anything! Between the masses and Mr. Sun Fo it is not difficult to find the usurper. . . .

IN another "theoretical" article ("P. T." of July 20), entitled "The only way for the Nationalist Revolution," Mr. Sun Fo points out three possibilities: Fascism, Bolshevism or Sun Yat Senism. He pretends to reject the first of these. But let us ask our complacent theoretician whether the destruction of the labor movement and the execution of labor leaders is nearer to Fascism than it is to Sun Yat Senism. Or does Mr. Sun Fo so understand the three principles enunciated by his father that he could shelter the counter-revolutionary la-

Read The Daily Worker

ers: "... ancestral temples confiscated, executions, posters urging women to forsake their husbands, students' slogans denouncing their own parents, chaos, anarchy, grave tombs removed—and the preaching of the class struggle. . ." This manifesto ends with the slogan: Support Wong Ching Wei, Sun Fo, Tang Shen Chi, support Buddhism and Confucianism. . . .

WE congratulate Messrs. Wong Wei, Kou Meng Yu and Sun Fo on the splendid results of their tutelage. . . . The militarist Ho Chen who has the lives of hundreds of workers and peasants on his conscience, and the super-militarists of the same type (Tang Shen Chi Co.) are now the honorable executors of the will of Dr. Sun—as Messrs. Wong Ching Wei and Sun Fo understand and interpret it. . . .

Woe to that national revolution which depends on "practitioners" such as Ho Chen and such theoreticians as the trio above mentioned!

THERE is one phrase in Ho Chen's proclamation which gives away the whole show: "Preaching the class struggle" . . . That is precisely where the dog lies buried. . . . It is not because temples have been confiscated or prostitution advocated, or women urged to leave their husbands (how familiar all these stupid accusations sound to those who are conversant with the counter-revolutionary press which vituperated in the same manner about the Russian Revolution), no—it is not because the labor movement and the labor leaders threatened to "break up the family" (how familiar again!), but it is because the revolutionary labor movement of China did not abandon the class struggle, that the reactionaries of all colors and shades found themselves together in the cause of exterminating the revolutionary labor and peasant movements.

That is where Mr. Wong Ching Wei and Ho Chen and Sun Fo and Kou Meng Yu and Tang Shen Chi and Chiang Kai Shek and Li Chi Hsin and all the militarist and reactionaries and brief-holders for the bourgeoisie find themselves under the same quilt dreaming like dreams. . . . (To Be Continued)

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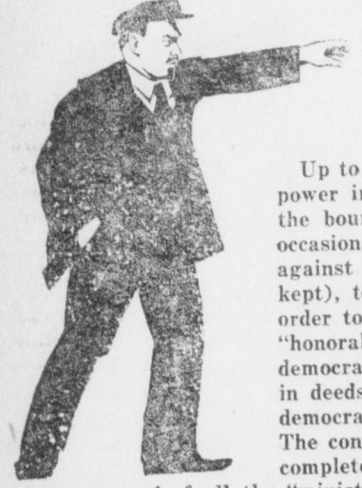
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Lenin Attacks Bourgeoisie HE SAID:

Up to now (Sept. 27, 1917—Ten Years Ago) state power in Russia has remained in actual fact with the bourgeoisie, and this is only obliged to make occasional partial concessions...

Investigate the Labor Banking Fraud

Such a dirty, ill-smelling mess as that unearthed by the convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers in connection with the chain of Brotherhood banks and affiliated institutions could not help but force itself upon the executive council of the American Federation of Labor.

While the adventurers and blue-sky artists were busy organizing the labor banks and involving the unions and their funds in the most dangerous form of speculative enterprise the Communists alone in the labor movement opposed them.

This fact is plain to everyone but the most pathetic dolt. But the executive council of the American Federation of Labor does not specifically condemn such ventures but suggests that such banks should have the "advice of banking experts."

The Brotherhood banks had the advice of a former head of one of the federal reserve banks who later organized Peter J. Brady's federation bank in New York City.

Just as at first we warned the unions against such ventures, so again we warn the workers that there is not a single existing institution of that calibre that is sound and for the most part they rest on such shaky foundations that the unions having money in them stand not only to lose their capital investments but, according to banking laws, will be liable for much more than their investments.

Communism and the Passaic Workers

Among the numerous slanders hurled against the Communists by William Green in his report before the Los Angeles convention of the American Federation of Labor was the statement that the Workers Education Bureau was responsible for winning the Passaic strikers away from Communism and for trade unionism.

Such shameless deception may be practiced with effect upon workers who do not know the facts in the Passaic struggle and that the so-called Workers' Education Bureau played no part whatsoever in determining the strikers to affiliate with the United Textile Workers Union, a part of the American Federation of Labor.

Then again, Green is guilty of deliberate mendacity when he tries to create the impression that Communism is antagonistic to trade unionism and that it is necessary to "win workers from Communism to trade unionism." The history of the world labor movement proves that the best trades unionists are Communists because they not only know how to fight for the pressing demands of today, but they know the direction in which the labor movement must travel to its ultimate goal.

After the workers of Passaic were in the A. F. of L. the propaganda machines of the A. F. of L. got busy, but thus far they have not changed the minds of the masses regarding the effectiveness of Communist leadership of strikes.

Labor Officialdom Lists Its Year's "Achievements"

Sacco-Vanzetti, Miners' Strike Disregarded in A. F. of L. Report—"Shifting the Issue From Problems of Defense or Aggression"—"Progress Toward Mutual Understanding"—Successes Versus Failures.

By WILLIAM F. DUNNE.

THE best index to the character of the report submitted to the forty-seventh annual convention of the American Federation of Labor by its executive council is the fact that in its 94 pages there is not one word or line in connection with the strike of the United Mine Workers of America—the largest union in the Federation (according to Secretary Morrison's figures) and engaged in a struggle for its life.

THE explanation for this otherwise incomprehensible omission is to be found in the policy of the executive council which is set forth on Page 16 under the head of "Outstanding Achievements—Progress Toward Mutual Understanding." Taken in connection with failure to even mention the nationwide strike of its largest union in its official report, the following statements are of the greatest significance:

Formerly Labor allowed spectacular incidents of strife to overshadow the more important events of constructive development and service... BY SHIFTING ATTENTION FROM PROBLEMS OF DEFENSE OR AGGRESSION TO THOSE OF CONSTRUCTIVE BUILDING, the relative importance of the sustained work of the union becomes more obvious...

HERE in a few words is contained the whole policy of abandonment of struggle and of surrender to American capitalism. So deeply has this poisonous policy taken root that the official leadership of the American labor movement does not consider it necessary to so much as mention one of the greatest labor struggles in the history of American labor—a struggle whose outcome will be decisive for the American working class for a long period.

The report itself is a strange document. In its introduction, as already indicated, all the emphasis is on peace and cooperation "with other social groups"—meaning of course those social groups, beginning with the bosses, which accept American capitalism as the best of all possible social systems.

TRY as they will, the members of the executive council cannot find facts to prove their contention that the labor movement increases in power in proportion as it abandons struggle and accepts the role of adjunct to the machinery of capitalist production and capitalist government.

This, of course, is what the executive council means when it says "the business advantage of unionization has become more generally accepted." It would like to say that the "advantage of BUSINESS UNIONIZATION has become more generally accepted" but this perhaps would be advocating a little too boldly the united front with the bosses which is the essence of its policy.

IT is a dreary record we encounter when the executive council report lists the "achievements" since the Detroit convention. In practically every field of labor activity the executive council fails to conceal the fact that the labor movement has suffered defeat. Its report tries to overcome this obvious truth by recording as successes minor and meaningless activities of its various members and committees.

THE Sacco-Vanzetti case, arousing the greatest protest against the frame-up of workers that the world has ever seen, is not considered important enough by the executive council to be listed in the index to its report but it lists as one item "Gompers, Samuel Memorial," a project which has secured such mass support that the magnificent sum of \$98.50 is given as the total contribution made by mourning admirers of President Green's predecessor.

Thus the two great labor struggles of the past year—that for Sacco and Vanzetti, and the strike of the miners' union—are wiped from the records of the executive council. One can say that the amount of attention in its report given to these two labor battles corresponds exactly to the services rendered to the working class in these struggles by the executive council.

SO much by way of introduction to the review of the executive council's report. We propose now to take the major issues confronting the American labor movement, one by one, and, by the record of its year's activities compiled by the A. F. of L. officialdom itself, show that it has gained nothing for the labor movement, but on the contrary has been unable and unwilling to solve a single

one of the problems the development of capitalist industry and the rapid centralization of government puts on the order of business of the working class.

THE chief task, to which all others take second place, is of course to find and apply ways and means of strengthening the power of the labor movement—in industry and politics, in relation to the capitalists as exploiters of labor and in relation to the government of the capitalists without which exploitation could not be carried out...

The Garfield Labor Ticket

By EMIL GARDOS.

The building of a Labor Party in a small industrial town offers certain problems which we do not face in the larger cities. The lack of working class organizations, a militant spirit manifesting itself in spite of the political backwardness of the workers...

During the last Passaic strike, which was a splendid school for raising the political consciousness of the workers, Garfield, a city with a population of 27,000 was in the center of the struggle. This was due not only to the picket lines of the Forstmann-Huffmann and other mills in Garfield, but also to the fact that it is the residence of the great number of textile workers.

Interested In Politics. The interest of these small-town workers in politics is much keener than in the larger cities. While the city worker, living in the tenement houses does not feel directly the burden of taxation, to the small-town worker who owns his own house, politics expresses itself in taxes, street paving, city improvements and other local issues, which become a part of his bread and butter problems.

Organize Labor Clubs. Utilizing the support of the most active union members and sympathizers, labor clubs were organized in every ward. These clubs with headquarters and regularly elected officials, form the backbone of the campaign in every ward.

Question of Candidate. Another problem was the question of a candidate for mayor. The danger of electing Burke, who thanks to the machine, would certainly get enough votes to get himself elected while the four other candidates would split the rest of the votes between themselves, was a vital factor.

Mild Program. The Platform of the United Labor Ticket is a very mild one. We can criticize them for their moderate immediate demands, which could be accepted even by many capitalist politicians, the insufficient emphasis on the Labor Party and many other points.

Verge of Bankruptcy. The city at the present time is on the verge of bankruptcy. Taxes are higher than anywhere else. A loan of \$114,000 raised for building purposes was granted by these strike-breakers. The payroll of the city employees was not paid this week because of lack of funds.

The present republican mayor of Garfield and the majority of the councilmen are directly or indirectly on the payroll of the mill-owners. Mayor Burke is the secretary of the Botany mills and we have a few foremen in the council, not speaking of the business men whose existence depends on the good will of the mighty corporations.

The Platform of the United Labor Ticket is a very mild one. We can criticize them for their moderate immediate demands, which could be accepted even by many capitalist politicians, the insufficient emphasis on the Labor Party and many other points.

Workers who were campaigning last year for the Democrat Senator Walsh in Massachusetts, also spoke at their rally. It is the first step towards a labor party, towards splitting away the workers from capitalist political leadership and for this reason it must be supported by the Workers' (Communist) Party.

Support With Criticism. This means a qualified support with criticism. While helping these candidates, we have to show the workers that their program will never save them from capitalist exploitation. The sharp condemnation of the mill-owners and the capitalist parties, the constant advocating of a Labor Party must be demanded from these candidates. We must also not forget that beside the three union men, whose political record is clean, Joseph E. Quinlivan is just coming over from the republican party (maybe because he was not nominated on its ticket) bringing over a past which is far from clean. He may even turn back into the folds of the republican party. Will this happen, will Quinlivan stick to the program all the time? Will he carry it out if he is elected? Here

CERTAIN immediate issues have thrust themselves forward by reason of the pressing necessity for a program which will meet them. They can be listed as follows:

- 1. The injunction menace.
2. Organization of the unorganized.
3. Social legislation.
4. Resistance to the program of American imperialism which is marked by aggression abroad and an attack on the labor movement at home.

The Garfield Labor Ticket

By EMIL GARDOS.

four similar lackeys for councilmen. The machine is so powerful that Councilman Quinlivan, who might be considered as a "progressive" republican, did not dare to oppose him at the primaries but nominated himself as an independent republican.

Leading members of the textile union decided to put up a labor ticket for the coming city elections, headed by Gus Deak, the president of the union, Felix Panerisi, John Di Santo and others. The putting up of a labor ticket presented several difficulties. One was the lack of organizations and labor unions necessary to support such a ticket.

Utilizing the support of the most active union members and sympathizers, labor clubs were organized in every ward. These clubs with headquarters and regularly elected officials, form the backbone of the campaign in every ward.

Another problem was the question of a candidate for mayor. The danger of electing Burke, who thanks to the machine, would certainly get enough votes to get himself elected while the four other candidates would split the rest of the votes between themselves, was a vital factor.

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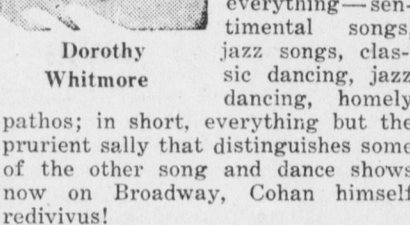
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DRAMA

Cohanesque "The Merry Malones" Is Ushered in at the Erlanger Theatre

NOW that that institution of the American theatre, the Ziegfeld Follies, has been safely launched, it only remained for that other institution of the American theatre, George M. Cohan, to appear on the scene in person to make many, many theatre-goers happy again.



While Ziegfeld glorifies the American girl, Cohan glorifies the American everything—sentimental songs, jazz songs, classic dancing, jazz dancing, homely pathos; in short, everything but the prurient sally that distinguishes some of the other song and dance shows now on Broadway, Cohan himself redivivus!

True it is that the one George M. only plays a secondary part in the production, but from the rise of the curtain to the fall of same the opus bears the strong imprint of the hand of this unique personification of Yankee Doodle-ism.

Why worry about a plot when the author takes every opportunity to kid the public, the actors and even himself about the remnants and wisps of this! Suffice it to say that the theme is the age-old one of the rich boy and the poor girl and the ensuing complications that has been used time and again by the writer of every sort for generations. Through it all runs a cheery patter of humor, characteristic music and dancing to suit every taste.

Cohan dominates the production, but his efforts are charmingly abetted by Mary Jane in a character part, Sarah Edwards as Mother Malone, Dorothy Whitmore as Delia Malone, and in particular by Polly Walker as Molly Malone, whose name supplies one of the song hits of the show, besides adding to the wholesome merriness of "The Merry Malones."

If you like typical Cohan musical comedy, which, incidentally, fills another theatrical gap that many of the musical revues do not, you will enjoy "The Merry Malones." It is a good evening's entertainment. In writing about this production one must not neglect to state that the new Erlanger's Theatre makes a perfect setting, and adds to the list of attractive new theatres on Broadway.

WALTER HAMPDEN



Plays Dr. Stockmann in his revival of Ibsen's "An Enemy of the People," which opened at Hampden's Theatre Monday night.

Broadway Briefs

"Send No Money" is now in rehearsal. Gertrude Kearney, Charlotte Geraud and Arleen Ault are new members of the cast.

Pauline Lord will be starred in "Sumrise," by Frank Vosper, which will be seen here this season under the direction of George C. Tyler. O. P. Heggie will also be in the cast.

The new "Chauve-Souris" will open at the Cosmopolitan Theatre on October 10. Balleiff, of course, will be on hand when the show opens.

Charles Dillingham and A. H. Woods' production of Edward Knoblock's "The Mulberry Bush" is now in rehearsal with James Rennie, Claudette Colbert, Isabel Elson, Edwin Nicander and Mary Murray in the cast.

Mrs. Fiske and Otis Skinner will tour again this season in "The Merry Wives of Windsor."

AMUSEMENTS

The LADDER POPULAR PRICES. Best seats \$2.20. COURT THEATRE, 48th St. E. of B'way. Evs. \$3.50. Matinees Wed. and Sat. at 2.30.

National Theatre, 41 St. W. of B'way. Evs. \$3.30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2.30

"The Trial of Mary Dugan" By Bayard Veiller, with ANN HARDING—REX CHERRYMAN

The Desert Song with Robt. Halliday & Eddie Buzzell CASINO 39 St. & B'way. Evs. 8.20 Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2.30

LITTLE THEATRE, West 44th St. N. of B'way. Evs. \$3.30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

Romancing 'Round with Helen MacKellar & Ralph Morgan W. Fox, presents the Motion Picture SUNRISE Directed by F. W. MURNAU

By HERMAN SUDBERMAN Symphonic Movietone Accompaniment Times Sq. TWICE DAILY, 2:30-8:30

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THE ONLY HOME FOR LABOR PLAYS IN AMERICA Announces a season of productions dramatizing the class war!

OPENING OCTOBER 19 with THE BELT

An industrial play with an acetylene flame by PAUL SIFTON.

Other plays to be selected from SINGING JAILBIRDS, by Upton Sinclair THE CENTURIES, by Ed. Jo. Basse HOBOKEN BLUES, by Michael Gold PICNIC, by Francis Edwards Farago AIRWAYS, INC., by John Dos Passos and a play by John Howard Lawson.

The DAILY WORKER has purchased a special block of tickets.

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we cannot answer these questions. We have no guarantee that Mr. Quinlivan or any other labor man will remain true to his class. There have been many betrayals in the past and we Communists know it. For A Labor Party. Our aim is to help every honest attempt to organize a Labor Party to tear the workers away from the capitalist parties, educating them at the same time so that even if some of the leaders may turn traitor, the political class organization remains. This organization must be strong enough to give instructions to its representatives, to exert pressure upon them, to expose and not re-elect them if they become renegades. The Garfield labor campaign therefore deserves all our attention and support.

# PAUL CROUCH TO ARRIVE AT PENN. STATION TONIGHT

### Speaks at Home Town Altho Legion Objects

Paul Crouch, Communist soldier, will be greeted by hundreds of workers when he arrives at the Pennsylvania station at 6:10 p. m. today.

Crouch was released recently from Alcatraz prison where he served several years for organizing a Communist League in Hawaii. He will address a huge anti-war meeting at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place. A huge anti-war mass meeting will be held at Irving Plaza, 15th Street and Irving Place, at 8 o'clock, at which Crouch will describe his experiences in the army. Crouch has been touring the country addressing anti-militarist and anti-imperialist gatherings.

**Crouch Speaks in Home Town.** (Special To THE DAILY WORKER.) HAYS, N. C., Oct. 4.—Paul Crouch is leaving Hays, after a visit to his parents here, for New York City. He will arrive at the Pennsylvania Station October 5th, at 6:10 p. m.

The rebel soldier spoke here October 1st, in spite of the opposition from the American Legion and threats of mob violence. His visit caused great excitement in this section and there was much bitter hostility from reactionary elements. Nevertheless, his speech was favorably received by the workers and farmers in the audience and it was greeted with applause.

# PARTY ACTIVITIES

NEW YORK-NEW JERSEY

**Open Air Meetings Tonight.**  
 14th St. and 8th Ave. Speakers: Nat Kaplan, Ed. Royce, John McDonald, G. Brown, chairman.  
 110th St. and Fifth Ave. Speakers: Joseph Braddy, Ida Dales.  
 Intervale and Wilkins Ave. Speakers: C. W. Bixby, Verne Smith and Beatrice Meyers.

**Open Air Meetings Tomorrow.**  
 Tenth St. and Second Ave. Speakers: Charles Mitchell, Sylvan A. Pollock and Merris Pasternack.  
 40th St. and Ninth Ave. Speakers: Bert Miller, G. Phippan and J. Millacio.  
 Allerton and Holland Ave. Speakers: C. K. Miller, William L. Patterson and George Spiro.  
 149th St. and Bergen Ave. Speakers: Julius Cokkind, Solon de Leon, and I. M. Glazin.

**Morning International Branch.**  
 The Morning International Branch meets today, 10:30 a. m. in Room 42, 108 East 14th St. A discussion on the issues of the election campaign will follow a brief business session.

**F. D. 3 SS3-E.**  
 All members of Factory Unit 3, SS3-E will meet tonight 8 p. m. sharp at Madison Square Garden.

**Subsection 1 D Meets Monday.**  
 Subsection 1 D will hold a special meeting to elect a new executive committee, Monday, 6:30 p. m. at 17 East Third St. All members must attend.

**Settle For Tickets.**  
 All comrades are instructed to settle for THE DAILY WORKER-FREIHEIT Bazaar tickets at once. The bazaar opens Thursday and money is needed at once.

**Automobiles and Trucks Needed.**  
 Automobiles, touring cars and trucks are needed to deliver merchandise to Madison Square Garden for the bazaar. Report today at 108 East 14th Street or 30 Union Square.

**Spanish Open Air Rally.**  
 The Spanish-Jewish fraction of the party will hold an open air meeting this evening at the corner of 115th St. and Madison Ave. Speakers: Moreau, Amariglio and Nabuma.

# Suspect British Money Behind Kurdish Raids From Persia in Turkey

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 4.—The Turkish national government is apparently trying to smoke out the moneyed interests which have been hiring Kurdish barbarians to raid into Turkey from over the Persian border, ravaging, burning and robbing.

England has most to gain by war between the two countries, and has several times before, in connection with the extension of the British owned "Kingdom of Iraq" made use of Kurdish mercenaries.

However, since in this case the raid was started from the Persian side of the border, the Turkish national authorities have sent a protest to the Persian government, which is intended to clear up the situation and fix responsibility. Several Persian officers, long suspected of being in British pay, were captured leading the Kurdish bandits.

# Needle Workers Will Appear in Court

(Continued from Page 1.)

was also given a new trial Sept. 22, was sentenced to one day in jail.

**Postponed Two Weeks.**

Action on the appeal of 137 furriers convicted during the recent furriers' strike was postponed two weeks when they appeared before Justices Kernochan, Herbert and Fetherston in special sessions court yesterday morning.

The workers are out on bail pending final disposition of the appeals. The court of special sessions recently confirmed the convictions in a decision and under the law further appeal will have to be made to the court of appeals.

**Will Rule On Case.**

Whether or not the case will go to the court of appeals was not decided by the court of special sessions. The decision will not be made for two weeks.

Jacob M. Mandelbaum is attorney for the workers. Of the 137 workers, 76 received jail terms ranging up to 30 days, while fines up to \$25 were imposed on the others.

Mandelbaum will appear before Chief Judge Cordozo on Saturday morning and request that the 137 workers continue to be on bail until the court of special sessions acts on the cases.

**Prepare New Frame-up.**

That a new frame-up against the leaders of the Joint Board, furriers' union is being prepared is indicated by the fact that Judge Donella, in general sessions court yesterday morning asked Sam Kurland, fur worker, who appeared before him for sentence to name the "men who sent him." Kurland was convicted several months ago of felonious assault. He was arrested during the furriers' strike on charges made by right wing furriers.

Kurland was told that he had until Friday to name the men. On Friday he will appear for sentence.

**Three Hundred Workers Rejoin Union.**

Addressing a meeting of the shop chairmen's council of the furriers' union at Irving Plaza, 15th St. and Irving Place last night, Ben Gold, manager of the union, informed the delegates that 300 furriers have rejoined the union during the last few weeks. They are working in associated shops.

Gold also pointed out that Edward F. McGrady will not be manager of the right wing fur union as they have no money to pay him. He wants \$175 a week.

# Nagler Will Report On Union Wrecking Acts of Right Wing to A. F. of L.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 4.—Isidore Nagler, representing the right wing general executive board, International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union has arrived at the convention of the A. F. of L.

# THOUSAND MINERS PICKET WHEN NEW SCABBING STARTS

### Fifty Arrested Include Three Union Officials

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 4.—The Miners' Relief Conference hears that United States marshals and state officers are making mass arrests, of unionists picketing the mines around St. Clairsville, Belmont county, Ohio. Included among those arrested are W. T. Roberts, secretary of Sub-district No. 5, Adolph Pacifico, president, and an international organizer, Etore del Guzzo. These three officials and eight other miners, were brought before the federal judge at Steubenville earlier in the day, and charged with violating the federal injunction prohibiting picketing except under the most drastic limitations. After being released on bond they returned voluntarily to jail as a protest against the continued arrest and attempt at mass terrorism of Sheriff Hardesty, U. S. marshals, and dozens of deputies.

A crowd of 1,000 miners responded to the call for more pickets at the Florence mine and showed so much determination today that the sheriff was content with escorting about thirty scabs to the mine, and admits that "it will be useless to try and arrest any more men today." More deputies have been sent for, and the terrorism of union miners will be continued, it is expected. Up to late last night the number under arrest was about fifty.

Pickets at the Providence mine were attacked by strike-breakers, under protection of the sheriff and deputies, and in the fight that followed a scab was knocked out with a stone. Harry Baslek and John Jabrosky were arrested for this, and charged with assault with intent to commit murder.

# K. K. K. Practices Inhuman Flogging Against Negroes

(By Civil Liberties Union.)

BIRMINGHAM, Ala. — After Eugene Doss and L. A. Clayton, klansmen, had been sentenced by Judge A. O. Steele at Birmingham to 8-10 years in the state penitentiary for participation in the recent flogging of Jefferson Calloway, five other floggers entered pleas of guilty on August 7th and were fined \$500 and sentenced to 6 months in jail. The seven men were indicted after a special investigation of recent floggings had been instituted. Two members of the mob turned state's witnesses.

Arthur Hitt, a Negro farmer near Birmingham, was taken from his home on July 12th, strapped to a tree and severely beaten by a band of masked men. The beating followed Hitt's refusal to dispose of his farm, valued at \$3,000, which was bought by a former Cyclops of a Birmingham Klavern for \$900 a few days after the whipping.

The report of the Randolph county grand jury investigating masked floggings made public August 22nd, disclosed "seventeen inhuman cases of secret whippings" at the hands of the Ku Klux Klan who have bound themselves to secrecy with reference thereto. The investigating body declared conditions intolerable and stated that they were unable to secure evidence on which to indict.

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 Executive Board Meets Every Tuesday. Membership Meetings—2nd and last Thursday of Each Month.  
 George Triestman, Z. L. Freedman, President.  
 Harry Halebsky, Secretary-Treasurer.

**ARBEITER BUND, Manhattan & Bronx; German Workers' Club.**  
 Meets every 4th Thursday in the month at Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th Street. New members accepted at regular meetings. German and English library. Sunday lectures. Social entertainments. All German-speaking workers are welcome.

**AMALGAMATED FOOD WORKERS Bakers' Loc. No. 164**  
 Meets 1st Saturday in the month at 2468 Third Avenue, Bronx, N. Y.  
 Ask for Union Label Bread.

Advertise your union meetings here. For information write to  
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 Advertising Dept.  
 33 First St., New York City.

**BUTCHERS' UNION**  
 Local 174, A. M. C. & D. W. of N. A.  
 Office and Headquarters:  
 Labor Temple, 243 E. 84 St., Room 12  
 Regular meetings every 1st and 3rd Sunday, 10 A. M.  
 Employment Bureau open every day at 6 P. M.



MALFEASANCE charges while in office as secretary of state of New York state are made against Mrs. F. E. S. Knapp (above) by the Cities Census Committee. She is specifically accused of waste of money and illegal action in the committee's report.

# POLITICIANS NOW PASSING BUCK ON BIG KNAPP STEAL

Buck-passing between Gov. Smith and Attorney-General Ottinger is the latest aspect of the sensational and substantiated charges of misfeasance in office against former secretary of state, Mrs. Florence E. Knapp.

**Big Steal.**

A large portion of the \$1,200,000 appropriated for the 1925 census supervised by Mrs. Knapp has been squandered, according to charges made by the City Census Committee. Of this sum over \$200,000 was handed out to friends who had fictitious jobs with the census commission, and over \$25,000 was paid to relatives of Mrs. Knapp.

When the report was first made public (Gov. Smith knew about it last June, according to the present secretary of state) the governor passed it on to Ottinger. Yesterday Ottinger announced that Smith "must decide the course to be pursued."

**Four Courses Open.**

If the Albany politicians care to hunt down the grave charges against Mrs. Knapp several legal courses of action are open to them, including: a Moreland Act investigation, a civil action by the attorney-general, for a return of the money stolen, or a criminal action by the attorney general after being appointed by the governor to supersede the district attorney of Albany county.

From her home in Syracuse where she is dean of the College of Home Economics at the university there, Mrs. Knapp denied some of the charges made against her, and blamed the whole action on "personal spite."

# Elaborate Features for Daily Worker-Freiheit

(Continued from page 1)

will be saving money and at the same time help THE DAILY WORKER and THE FREIHEIT.

The program for tomorrow includes speeches by leaders of the labor movement and there will be dancing.

Friday the guests will be entertained by Westergade's European Acrobatic Sensation, first time in America. Poodle and Doty, famous clowns and other features.

Saturday an international costume ball will be held. Sunday Maria Montera's ballet of Spanish dancers, directed from Roxy's Theatre will appear.

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 SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES  
 A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet.  
 302 E. 12th St. New York

# TO GREET RETURN OF JAMES MAURER DELEGATION HEAD

### Plan Demonstration at Madison Square Garden

READING, Pa., Oct. 4.—A dinner in honor of James Maurer, president of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor, and chairman of the Trade Union Delegation to the Soviet Union will be held here Friday evening.

Maurer spent more than a month in the Soviet Union, making a careful investigation of conditions there. Numerous statements issued by him have lauded the progress of the Soviet Union and the advantages of socialist economy, as exemplified by the U. S. S. R., over capitalist economy.

**Plan Madison Sq. Meeting.**

Plans for a monster meeting at Madison Square Garden to welcome the Trade Union Delegation recently returned from the Soviet Union are going rapidly ahead. The date of the demonstration has not been announced by the committee in charge of the affair.

# LABOR AND FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

**Plumbers' Helpers Dance Nov. 5th.**  
 The American Association of Plumbers' Helpers is planning a dance for Saturday, November 5th. This dance will be a farewell to the delegates who are going to Chicago to a meeting of the Central Executive Board of the Plumbers' Union to take up the question of a charter. All unions, labor organizations and other organizations sympathetic to the cause of the helpers are asked not to arrange any affairs for this day so as to assure the success of the undertaking.

**U. C. W. C. H. Meeting.**  
 A conference of all councils of the United Council of Working Class Housewives for the Daily Worker-Freiheit bazaar will be held next Thursday, 6:30 p. m. at Room 237, 80 East 11th St.

**Volunteers Wanted for Bazaar.**

Volunteers wanted to sew for Daily Worker-Freiheit Bazaar at Comrade Gross' house, 1562 Minford Pl., the Bronx, all day and evening Saturday and Sunday.

**Booth At Bazaar.**

The Progressive Group, Local 38, appeals to all members of the local and friends to contribute articles for its booth at the Daily Worker-Freiheit bazaar. Workers should also get articles from their friends. Send them to L. Lieb, care of Goodman, 1 East 11th St.

**For Spanish Speaking Members.**

All Spanish speaking members of the party are urged to attend an important meeting Thursday, 8 p. m. at 81 East 110th St. Bring membership book with you.

BERLIN, Oct. 4.—The triple-motored Junkers hydroplane G-24, which hopped off at Norderney, Germany, at 4:46 o'clock this afternoon to fly to Lisbon on the first lap of a trans-Atlantic flight to America, landed at Amsterdam at 6:30, said a dispatch from that city. The Amsterdam is 140 miles from Norderney.

# Definitive Edition of Lenin Now Appearing

(Continued from Page One)

Scholars, working with the Lenin Institute in Moscow, have been carefully checking up Lenin's writings with original manuscripts in an effort to correct the text of the numerous unverified editions of Lenin's works that have already appeared.

The volumes will be published in their chronological order, and translations of them will appear simultaneously in a number of languages. The International Publishers has the privilege of publishing the authenticated edition of Lenin's works in this country.

**Edition All-Inclusive.**

In addition to including Lenin's two books, "The Development of Russian Capitalism" and "Materialism and Empirio-Criticism," the collection will contain all governmental drafts, issued by Lenin as head of the Council of Commissars, and all of his articles and speeches.

The first volume of the series has been rushed off the press by the International Publishers to reach book stores in time for celebrations throughout the country of the tenth anniversary of the U. S. S. R.

# Are You Doing Your Bit for the Big Red Bazaar?

## CORRECTION.

The DAILY WORKER deeply regrets the omission of the name of WILLIAM L. PATTERSON from the article, "Harvard Discusses 'The Negro Problem'" which appeared on page four of Tuesday's issue. Patterson the author of the article, is president of the American Negro Labor Congress.

# GROCERY CLERKS GENERAL STRIKE CALL DUE SOON

### Women Council Elects Committee to Help

Plans are now being made for the general strike of the Retail Grocery and Dairy Clerks' Union that will be called in the near future.

A mass meeting will be held Friday evening at Stuyvesant Casino, Second Ave. and Ninth St., to enroll all clerks working in open shops. This will be the beginning of a large organization campaign.

**To Support Strike.**

The United Council of Working Class Housewives has gone on record to support the strike when it starts. They have elected a picketing committee of 200 women, also a relief committee.

The women's council held a conference at the headquarters of the Bakers' Union, 1570 Webster Ave., attended by 89 delegates representing councils throughout the city. Rose Nevins is chairman of the strike committee elected by the conference.

# Help the Onward March of the Russian Revolution



Swell the forces of the World Revolution with new readers of THE DAILY WORKER. Every new reader's pledge and every subscription is at the same time a greeting of solidarity to the workers and peasants of the Soviet Union on the occasion of the Tenth Anniversary of the Russian Revolution.

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### Let the United States Pay The Huge Debt It Owes To the Soviet Government

By J. LOUIS ENGBAHL.

THE government at Washington, whether of Wilson, Harding or Coolidge, has repeatedly maintained for ten years, with a straight and seemingly sober face, that there would be no recognition of the Soviet Union until all Russian debts were recognized and paid.

Former secretary of state, Robert Lansing, in a letter (Jan. 17, 1918) to the then secretary of the treasury, William G. McAdoo, put it this way:

"I can assure you that before any other government in Russia is recognized, I shall confer with you fully as to the best method of providing for the recognition by such government of the indebtedness incurred by the provisional Russian government to the United States."

It was former secretary of the treasury, McAdoo, the son-in-law of the late President Wilson, and the political darling of the railroad brotherhoods, who initiated the policy, in January, 1918, little more than two months after the revolution, not to recognize any Russian government until it agrees to debt recognition.

The big point about these "debts," for American workers and farmers to know, was that they were the United States seeks to collect, was never loaned to the Soviet government, or advanced to it in any form.

In fact, it was used to finance various oil wars and intervention movements that had for their object the overthrow of the Soviet government.

The facts, with much additional information that illuminates the attitude of imperialist America toward working class Russia, came to light in the investigation conducted by the U. S. senate judiciary committee, acting under a resolution by Senator Reed, of Missouri. The findings of the committee were based entirely on official data taken from the files of the state and treasury departments.

These documents reveal an amazing series of transactions between the Washington government and Boris Bakmetev, who came to be known as "the ambassador without a government."

This Bakmetev, befriended by American imperialism, left Russia as the representative of the Kerensky regime. He had not been in Washington long, however, when Kerensky rule was defeated by the Bolshevik Revolution. But all this time made no difference to the late president, Woodrow Wilson, and his state department. In spite of the protests of the Soviet government, the United States continued to recognize Bakmetev as "the Russian ambassador," at the same time deporting Ludwig Martens, the representative of the Workers' and Peasants' Government.

The anxiety of the United States government to collect its fake "debts" from the Soviet government was only rivalled by its energy in squandering on Bakmetev money raised in "war taxes" paid by American workers.

Great Britain's policy in liquidating Russian assets under her control after the fall of Kerensky is set forth in the senate document in an official treasury memorandum on Russian finance and contracts, dated March 1, 1918. The memorandum was drawn up by the then assistant secretary of the treasury, Norman H. Davis. It says:

"Mr. Ughet (Bakmetev's financial attache) informs me that, substantially, all Russian purchases made her prior to our (the United States) entry into the war with funds advanced by the British government, were made through J. P. Morgan and Company.

"One contract for 35,000 tons of barbed wire, which is now being delivered, was placed through Morgan, on behalf of the British government, and the British government already has disposed of approximately 10,000 tons of this barbed wire to our War Department. AND IS APPLYING THE PROCEEDS IN REDUCTION OF RUSSIAN OBLIGATIONS HELD BY GREAT BRITAIN.

"Mr. Ughet also informs me that the British government, with the consent of the Anglo-Russian sub-committee, is disposing of all materials purchased thru Morgans with British funds and applying the proceeds in reduction of Russian obligations held by Great Britain. IT WOULD SEEM, THEREFORE, THAT THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT IS LOOKING AFTER ITS INTERESTS VERY WELL IN THIS RESPECT."

British finances at that time were in a very bad condition. The king's treasury needed every farthing it could get its hands on. The treasury at Washington was in better shape.

The senate committee reports that the United States, like Great Britain, could have stepped in when the Kerensky regime fell and recovered a large part of its "advances" to Bakmetev, but President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing ordered that payment on the debt to this government, totalling \$11,000,000, out of the fund held by Bakmetev after the fall of the Kerensky regime "BE DEFERRED," so Bakmetev might keep up "the Russian embassy without a government. At the same time, however, payment of interest on obligations held privately in this country was approved. Another victory for Morgan.

A total of \$187,729,750 was "advanced" in cash to Bakmetev as "the diplomatic representative of the Kerensky provisional government. When these advances were begun the Kerensky government had \$11,000,000 to its credit in the National City Bank of New York. In addition \$13,000,000 more was realized from sales of property belonging to the Kerensky regime. This made an aggregate of \$241,000,000 over which Bakmetev had control, with the consent of the United States government.

The Soviet government, when it came into power, immediately disavowed Bakmetev. The Workers' Government, thereupon, should have fallen heir to the \$211,000,000. The National City Bank received cabled instructions from Russia not to honor orders from these former representatives. Nevertheless, with the consent and protection of the Wilson administration, Bakmetev was permitted to continue in charge of the huge fund and use it in the wars on the Soviet Union. The committee investigation further disclosed:

"Some interesting facts about the manner in which Russian affairs were administered by this government are shown by the fact that the war department of the United States government purchased from the 'provisional Russian government' (Kerensky) after its fall munitions which had been contracted for by that government to the extent of \$11,000,000.

"Instead of paying that \$11,000,000 into the United States treasury and crediting that sum as a payment on the Russian loan, the \$11,000,000 was paid into the National City Bank to the credit of Mr. Bakmetev."

The purpose of course of American imperialism was to support Bakmetev in the aid he was giving to the counter-revolution in Russia. (Continued on last column)

### THESE SIX COMMAND AMERICA'S CHIEF IMITATION OF THE FASCISTI



First photo of newly elected chieftains of veterans' organization, snapped after their election in Paris. Edward Spafford of New York (third from left), who was unanimously elected commander of Legion, with his five vice-presidents who were elected at the same time.

### Why Must Miners Starve?

By JACK O'HARE.

Today in the great bituminous struggle now entering into the seventh month over a hundred thousand striking miners and their families, at least three hundred thousand human beings, are suffering want and privation and are on the verge of starvation.

Partial Starvation.

In many mining camps children are suffering from the lack of proper kind of food and their parents not having enough money to buy clothes or books to send their children to school. Because the officials of the

miners' union refuse to organize a campaign for relief which would help the striking miners a little, many miners are forced to leave the mining camps to ride empty coal and box-cars over the country trying to find work somewhere with the hope of being able to send a few pennies home with which the family would be able to buy food. But in most cases even this fails and every day one can see miners coming home with stoic faces to be greeted by hungry families.

Driven From Homes.

Reports are coming from Russellton, Pa., to the effect that 300 families are being forcibly evicted from their homes and are compelled to leave their furniture to be sold for the payment of back rent to the coal companies. Evictions at this time to the miners means living in tented colonies. The fast approaching winter months means additional misery and suffering among the miners, their wives and children. But this is only the beginning of the evictions. With the help of the courts of Pennsylvania the coal operators have issued a blanket injunction which will evict many more hundreds of families to freeze in tented colonies as long as the miners refuse to accept

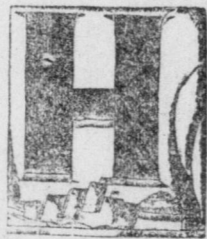
what the master proposes. Federal Judge Schoonmaker has ruled evicted miners shall not have bond. But why must these human beings suffer the misery and the pangs of hunger? Have they committed a crime or something? No, the miners are just demanding a living wage. They refuse to accept a drastic, slashing cut in their present meager wages and to meekly submit to the complete rule of the coal operators' domination which is that of the monstrous tyrant existing in America today. All this suffering is because the coal operators persist in their phrenetic desire for bigger profits for their coffers.

And what is the American labor doing to help the miners in their present struggle? It is a shameful page in the history of the American labor movement, the way the officials of the A. F. of L. and the miners' union are conducting the miners' strike. The A. F. of L., speaking for some 3,500,000 members could and must be rallied to the support of the miners in the present tremendous struggle. The question of relief should have been organized many months ago, but due to the indifference and incompetency of the present leadership of the Lewis regime, this question as well as the general fitness and treachery of these leaders of the strike shows the un-Rank and File Must Act.

The rank and file of the miners' union everywhere must demand that district and national relief organizations be set up. The organized labor movement must immediately come to the aid of the miners. If the coal operators are able to smash the miners' union, the most militant section in the A. F. of L., then the drive to destroy the rest of the labor movement in America will be the next order of the day. Against this the workers fight by coming to the aid of the miners' union in the present struggle.

### Fighting Pugs and Fighting Miners

By MICHAEL HARRIS



"IT him in the belly button!" "Knock his block off!" "You got the stiff down Jack, keep him there!" "Knock his guts out Gene!" "Bang away on his eye, it's bleeding and you'll soon have him blinded!" On hundred and fifty thousand maniacs, raving, yelling, clamoring for action, thirsty for the lust of blood. Interestingly watching two individuals trying to batter each other into a state of unconsciousness. Millions of people listening in on the radio, waiting to hear the voice of the announcer relate each move of the contestants. Faces here and there, scanning the newspapers, which prominently displays news of the "big fight," and has put all other news in the background in order to arouse public interest in this spectacle. Children excitedly discussing the fighters, and disputing with each other the prowess of the two men. An entire nation enthralled and interested in an event which on outside surfaces appears to be a matter of life or death.

This, ladies and gentlemen, is America! This is the land of liberty, art, culture and prohibition. This is the land which offers the greatest opportunity to the foreign-born. You doubt us, eh? Look at what we offered to Sacco and Vanzetti. Look at what we offer to all other fighters of the working class who dare to raise their voices in protest against our system of society. Look at what we are offering to the other foreign-born workers in the mines, steel mills, factories, and other industries. This is the land of milk and honey. This is the land where money is plentiful, and where you can find plenty of it in the streets. If you doubt our word look at the two and a half million gate at the recent round dance at Chicago.

Where else can you get workers to donate their hard earned pennies to a spectacle, which stops them from thinking of their miseries, fills the coffers of a capitalistic gambler, enriches the sporty guys who "know how to pick 'em," and provides some winter coal for the cheap politicians. This is the land of the most interesting and educational press. Pictures of the contestants displaying their wonderful condition. Articles by the fighters on how you can live a healthful life and attain the same condition by clean living, exercise, plenty of fresh air, etc. What, you don't agree? What are you kicking about? Look at the exercise you receive in the shops, mills, mines, offices, etc. And also look at the vacation you receive during a period of unemployment, so that you may not go stale by too much exercise. Look at the ventilation in your shop or home. Plenty of fresh air, but don't inhale too much of it.

In another arena a far more interesting and bigger battle is being waged. The arena is the mining section of our great country. On one side of the ring ladies and gentlemen, we have the coal baron. He is a great fellow, with a powerful built, and with arms that seem as if they could break you in two. In his corner are the reptile press, militia, gangsters, courts, injunctions, police, churches and frame-up system. On the other side of the ring we have the coal miner. He does not seem to be as powerful as his opponent. In his corner are very few seconds. They are the weak militant press and a few honest labor leaders. Both contestants issue statements before the battle. The coal baron says that he must have more profits. He also says that he is ready to put up a stiff battle to get these profits, and that he will have to begin by slashing the wages of the miners.

The miner says no wage cut. He also states that he cannot exist with the wages proposed by the operator. There goes the bell! The fight is on! The coal baron leads by declaring a lock-out. The miner fights back by a general strike. The coal operator begins to use the knowledge and power of his seconds. There is something rotten about this fight. The arena is empty of spectators and there seems to be a laxity of interest. Our curiosity is aroused and we decide to investigate. Sure enough we find out the reasons for the lack of interest in this great struggle.

We notice the coal baron consulting his chief second, the subsidized press. We look into the character of this powerful second. The coal operator has bet an enormous amount of money on the outcome of this battle, therefore he is determined to win it by hook or crook. He is going to resort to

fault tactics in order to win, so he has made sure that there are no spectators to witness the affair, or sympathize with the miner.

Therefore he has made sure that his chief second, the subsidized press, is full of pictures with bathing beauties, divorce cases, columns of news about the lunatic act at Chicago, but hardly a word about this great struggle, the outcome of which concerns the very existence of the miners, their wives, children and families. As the fight progresses we notice that the coal baron is bringing his seconds into play. He uses gangsters to beat the miner. He uses the courts to evict the miner from his home, and to serve him with injunctions, to prevent him from protecting his job by peaceful picketing.

He also enlists the aid of the courts and police to frame the striker on false charges. He shoots down the striker with the aid of the militia and gangsters. He imports scabs with the aid of the government to break down the morale of the striker. He uses the church to get the miners' mind off the battle, by poisoning his mind with superstition, and a promise of a future paradise.

So much for the coal operator. Now let us see how the miner is faring. The battle is prolonged and due to the tremendous resources of his opponent, he is slowly getting weak. Courageously he endeavors to fight back. But the attack is being centered on his weakest spot—his stomach. Starvation is beginning to set in, and he finds himself in a weakened condition. The militant labor press and his few honest labor leaders are weak themselves, and cannot give the miner much aid. But ho, what is this? John L. Lewis, their president, actually playing into the enemies' hands. Not a word out of him for the relief of the miner. Betrayed by their own chief. Despite this treachery and tremendous odds he faces, the miner still continues to fight determined to win.

Two men battle for physical supremacy and a nation goes mad. Three hundred thousand coal miners battle for the right to live, and the fight goes on practically unnoticed. This, ladies and gentlemen, is America!



### Women Workers Equal to Working Men In U. S. S. R. Unions; End Illiteracy

DRAINING OF MARSHES.

The People's Land Commissariat in White Russia is completing a big piece of work in the Orshansk district where 7,850 hectares of marshy land is being drained. Local peasants take an active part in this work and have organized 30 cartels in connection with it.

INCREASE OF CARGO TRAFFIC ON SOUTHERN RAILWAYS.

In August, cargo traffic on the southern railways exceeded on an average 10,500 wagons per day i. e. an increase of 16% since August last. The transport of corn cargoes has greatly increased (a 65% increase in the August plan), transport of corn this year having exceeded last year's transport by 30%. In the beginning of September 1,810 wagons per day were loaded with corn.

PEASANT MUTUAL AID IN SIBERIA.

There are at present 5,280 peasant mutual aid societies on Siberian territory. Mutual aid centres have been established in 52% of the populated districts which could be reached. Peasant mutual aid societies have about 1,200 enterprises, most of them small ones: mills, smithies, etc. They have sown an area of 25,000 desiatinas. High class seed is generally used. The seed store is growing and the grain store is now estimated at 200,000 poods.

Aid of three kinds is given to poor peasant farms: (a) material—loans, grants and other financial help; (b) labor—gathering in the harvest, the carriage of fuel, building of dwellings, etc.; (c) juridical—legal advice, procuration of remission of taxes, etc.

PEASANT WOMEN IN COMMITTEES OF RURAL MUTUAL AID SOCIETIES.

In 1923 peasant women constituted only 3% of the membership of such committees. In 1924-25 (according to statistics) re 40% of the total number of such committees 10% or 8,000 of their members were peasant women, whereas in 1926-27 (according to the same statistics) the number of peasant women elected to these committees exceeded 20,000. There are 5 peasant women in the central committee, 88 in Gubernia and regional committees, 433 in uyez and district committees, 1,242 in volost committees and 15,532 in village committees. There were 5,000 peasant women in the auditing commissions of these mutual aid societies.

There are at present 14 peasant women in the Presidiums of Gubernia committees mutual aid societies compared with 4 in 1924 and 7 in 1925.

Aid given by these committees was as follows: throughout the U. S. S. R. to 547,000 peasant farms in 1923-24, to 966,000 in 1924-25 and to 1,310,000 in 1925-26. Farms managed by single women, widows and orphans constitute about 30%.

Moreover, these mutual aid committees have also assisted children's institutions, hospitals and schools. In 1925-26, the number of such institutions was 15,794.

The number of women chairmen of village committees of mutual aid societies was: 280 in 1924-25 and 818 in 1926-27. The number of women chairmen of volost mutual aid committees was 4 in 1924-25 and 44 in 1926-27.

Of the number of poor farms co-operated by committees of mutual aid societies 30% are farms managed by single peasant women.

### U. S. S. R. WORKERS PROTEST AGAINST THE TREACHERY OF THE GENTLEMEN OF THE GENERAL COUNCIL.

The mass of U. S. S. R. workers are indignant at the General Council's break up of the Anglo-Russian Trade Union Committee. The Leningrad Gubernia Trade Union Soviet has addressed a letter to the British workers severely condemning the policy of the leaders of the British trade union movement. The news of the break up of the ARC has now reached the provinces and has aroused a storm of protest and indignation.

Resolutions passed at sessions of a number of trade union administrative boards in the Kiev district (Ukraine), declare that the General Council betrayed and brought to nought the heroic struggle of the miners and that it continue to betray the British working class for the benefit of the British bourgeoisie.

One of the resolutions contains the following statement: "Over the heads of the yellow leaders we will continue to struggle for unity in the trade union movement of the world."

The Plenum of the trade union Soviet together with the active workers of the trade unions of Nizhny, Sormovo and Kanavino (Volga district) and the Norwegian Workers' Delegation protest against the treacherous activity of the trade union leaders who have broken up the ARC. The Plenum declares that the proletariat of the U. S. S. R. will continue the struggle for unity. Unity will be achieved over the heads of the reformist leaders.

### EQUALITY OF RIGHTS OF THE LANGUAGES IN UKRAINE.

The Ukrainian, U. S. S. R. government has approved new laws declaring that the languages of all nationalities peopling Ukraine enjoy equal rights. All the decrees, by-laws and regulations shall be issued in the Ukrainian and Russian languages. The more important governmental acts must likewise be issued in the national minority languages.

In all the schools the Russian language is recognized as compulsory in the same way as the Ukrainian language and culture. Proceedings in court shall be in the Ukrainian language; to assure the interests of national minorities there shall be organized special national divisions or benches of the court.

The new law also embodies measures for promoting Ukrainian culture. All the Ukrainization work is placed in the charge of the All-Ukrainian Central Commission for Ukrainization under the chairmanship of the president of the Council of People's Commissaries of Ukraine.

### Let the United States Pay the Huge Debt It Owes to the Soviet Union

(Continued from 1st column)

counter-revolution in Russia. This is better shown by the fact that, after the fall of Kerensky, Bakmetev was recognized as representing first, the Kolchak government, and then the Wrangel faction, both enemies of the Soviet power.

Instead of trying to collect its fake "debts," that consisted of money originally paid out to the enemies of the Soviet Union, the United States government should be forced to reimburse the Workers' and Peasants' Government, to the extent of hundreds of millions, if not billions of dollars for the damage done and the lives it sacrificed in the effort it helped finance to overthrow Workers' Rule. It is on that basis that the American working class should force recognition by the American government of the Union of Soviet Republics. Let Washington pay the huge debt it owes to Moscow.