

LABOR MUST ACT! SACCO AND VANZETTI SHALL NOT DIE

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

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FULLER PLANS DEATH FOR SACCO AND VANZETTI

Current Events

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

THE Austrian revolt has been satisfactorily disposed off for the time being and the American tourists agencies that had not anticipated such an unusual diversion as a rebellion when fixing a reasonable rate for the services rendered their customers may demand a bonus. In view of the fact—attested by practically all capitalist correspondents—that revolution is foreign to the nature of the peace-loving Austrians, and that rare things command a higher price than common things, therefore, since one revolution in Austria is worth more on the market than a dozen in Albania, we see no good reason why the American tourists should not anticipate the wishes of the agencies and kick in without having to be asked.

It would seem that a hungry and angry Austrian flies to a lethal weapon with as much piety as a poetical Irishman or a dreamy and skeptical Russian. (Read New York Times editorials for confirmation) We were under the impression that an Austrian's idea of heaven is a well bevelled paunch, a stein of beer and a game of pinocle. Revolution for what? It is undoubtedly true that this Austrian did on divers occasions in the past vary the monotony of this peaceful existence by indulging in sundry wars called by his masters for his masters. Still, those were legal wars sanctioned by international usage and part of the political etiquette established by tradition.

WHO would expect that the Austrian workers would commit such a crime against capitalist etiquette as to do a little shooting on their own and under their own mental steam? The blame must be laid somewhere. So with amazing originality the correspondents with one voice said "Moscow." That seemed to settle it, the how a handful of Communists could bend hundreds of thousands to the barricades and on a general strike still leaves the question of blame in the air.

LET an attempt at satire, perhaps clumsy should add to the general confusion, the cause of the revolt is substantially as follows: The living conditions of the Austrian workers have been growing worse, despite the illusory heaven created for them by their social-democratic leaders. The possessing the power to govern the country in the interests of the producing classes the socialist leaders were content to have the workers do the work while the bourgeoisie determined under what conditions.

FASCISTS murdered workers with impunity and the latest example of government partiality for those murderers was the spark that set fire to the inflammable indignation of the masses. The socialist leaders, following the tactics of the German socialists after the defeat of the Kaiser's army stuck to the masses in order to betray them and butcher the militants. It is true that the Austrian leaders did not have to indulge in such wholesale slaughter as their German prototypes in 1919, but the capitalists will forgive them for this indiscretion. Even murder may be carried to the point where it turns into a boomerang.

WITH the assistance of the socialists, the Austrian government has succeeded in disorganizing the spontaneous revolt of the workers. The socialist machine which has been able to maintain a firm grip on the masses until now, has received the first serious shock since the revolution that overthrew the Hapsburgs. The workers have learned in the fires of revolt the lesson which the Communists have been trying to teach them for several years. It is, that the socialist leaders are allies of capitalism and are as much opposed to social revolution as the employers. This newly-gained knowledge should be possible to lay the basis for a mass Communist Party in Austria without which a successful revolution is a utopian dream.

WHILE guns were barking in beautiful Vienna and the flames of the class struggle were shooting to heaven a comedy was being staged here in America between Count Laszlo Szechenyi, Hungarian minister to the United States and Archduke Leopold of Austria, a grand-nephew of the late emperor Francis Joseph. Leopold is doing odd jobs on Hollywood movie lots and like most actors try-

NICARAGUAN ARMY INTACT; MARINES SLEW VILLAGERS

Kellogg Sneers at Cry For Independence

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, July 19.—A new attempt by the forces of General Sandino to check the raids and depredation of the mixed force of U. S. marines and Diaz constabulary at Ocotal is under way, according to dispatches received here.

The latest news is that the defenders of Nicaragua have cut off and surrounded the marines in the town of Ocotal, and have shot down one of the marine airplanes which had been bombing groups of agricultural workers and sleeping villages thru-out this vicinity under pretext of "preventing troops concentrations."

Soldiers Not Killed.

It appears that the majority of the 309 Nicaraguans killed by the invaders in the battle day before yesterday were not armed liberals attacking the town, as the marine commander boasts, but merely sympathizers who cheered a small detachment of the Sandino Nicaraguan liberal or nationalist army when it was surprised by the marines and took position for defense. The liberal army deployed and formed a thin skirmish line, so was not severely cut up even by the bombs dropped from five American airplanes. But the airplane pilots soon shifted their aim, and took for target every dense group of non-combatants they saw, with fearful slaughter.

Anti-Imperialist Denounced.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The conference here of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League has issued a ringing denunciation of the slaughter in Nicaragua, and brands it "one of the most infamous exhibitions of imperialism and tyranny in all history."

A resolution has also been introduced into the Pan-American Labor Congress now in session by delegate De la Selva, of the Nicaraguan Federation of Labor severely condemning the action of the marines in killing the inhabitants of Ocotal.

Vultures Hover.

The preamble of the resolution referred to press reports of the conflict of Ocotal, how the field was left resembling "a huge graveyard" with vultures hovering over the scores of bodies.

"There does not exist a state of war between the United States and Nicaragua," the resolution set forth, "and there exists no dispute between the people of the United States and the people of Nicaragua."

Workers Slain.

A substantial number of those killed by the Americans, De la Selva asserted, were "members in good standing" of the Nicaraguan Federation of Labor, who took up arms because of their inability to redress their wrongs through political means.

"And," the document continued, "the Nicaraguan Federation of Labor solemnly declares in this Pan-American Congress that there will be no permanent peace in Nicaragua while intervention lasts, and that the organized workers of Nicaragua are ready to maintain their opposition to American or other foreign intervention in Nicaragua, perfectly conscious of the sacrifice that this implies."

By HARVEY O'CONNOR.

WASHINGTON, July 19 (FP).—Dramatically the issue of Yankee imperialism in Latin-America was thrown into the opening session of the fifth congress of the Pan-American Federation of Labor when a Nicaraguan delegate pledged that his people would "die fighting American marines."

At the close of the session, Salomon de la Selva, of the Nicaraguan Federation of Labor, rose to his feet and in turbulent flow of Spanish, declared he had just received reports that 300

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The Defense Can Win Only

If the Party members and sympathizers rush their help. No other means will pull us through. Thus far our case has taken many months. It has dragged through the Magistrate's Court, the Court of Special Sessions, and now the Federal Court is handling it.

Perhaps you are giving way under the long strain. But the bosses and Dollar Patriots, and the Federal Government, are not tiring. On the contrary they are bringing new pressure to bear upon our paper, and new forces are being mobilized in order to destroy it. The bosses have just begun to fight.

But in spite of the strikes and many other demands which are being made upon us, in spite of the severe pressure which is being brought to bear upon the Party and the left wing, we will show that no matter how long the fight lasts, the ruling class will not succeed, in destroying our paper. Already the GUARD THE DAILY WORKER FUND Certificates have been placed into the hands of our loyal comrades and supporters. Everywhere, they are being received eagerly. We are looking forward to the opportunity to publish in THE DAILY WORKER, the name of the first comrade, who sells a full book of certificates. Will you be the first?

British Soldiers and Police Murder a Group of Natives of India

SIMLA, Punjab, British India, July 19.—Three natives were killed and more than a score seriously wounded today when a body of British soldiers and police sought to disperse a crowd that had congregated.

The policy of the imperialist marauders in this part of India is to prevent even a small number of people congregating for fear of outbreaks against them. The crowd, numbering perhaps forty, did not disperse fast enough so a volley was fired point-blank into their midst, killing and wounding more than half of them.

This sort of terror rages through all the interior and the masses everywhere are seething with discontent.

Seize Political Boss In Hotel Drug Raids

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 19.—Five hotels and rooming houses were raided, twenty-six persons were arrested, and drugs valued at \$60,000 seized here today. Federal, county and city authorities joined in the raids.

Among those arrested was George Stoess, political leader of the Third Ward and alleged proprietor of the Breslin Hotel, one of the places raided. Two women were among the prisoners taken. Hundreds along the boardwalk watched the raiders, most of the places entered being just off the famous sea promenade.

State Servant Suicides.

DOYLESTOWN, Pa., July 19.—Ernest E. Ricker, 32-year old South Langhorne, Pa., resident, and former New Jersey State employe committed suicide in the county jail here last night, where he was awaiting trial on a double charge of murder. The body was discovered this morning by jail attendants.

CHIANG SEARCHES SHIP OF U. S. S. R.; MAKING ARRESTS

Insurrection Spreading In South China

SHANGHAI, July 19.—Chinese military authorities under Chiang Kai-shek together with white Russians raided today the steamer Hen-Jey chartered by the Soviet Commercial Fleet Syndicate before she left for Vladivostok.

Seven Soviet Union citizens were taken from the steamer; among them were several who had worked for a long time with the Nationalist Armies and advisers and were returning to the Soviet Union. Chinese passengers were also taken from the steamer, one of them a woman. All prisoners were immediately handcuffed. The Soviet citizens and Chinese were taken by a motor boat into the Chinese city.

Look For Borodin.

Those in charge of the illegal search stated several times they were looking for Borodin. All day today, beginning in the early morning, rumors have been afloat here that Borodin was due to arrive.

The Soviet consulate has taken steps to release those who were arrested. The steamer is detained here.

New Rising In Canton.

CANTON, July 19.—The insurrectionary movement has arisen again in the Shangkang district (Kwangtung). The Canton Military Command has dispatched troops with artillery to put down the uprising. The police have raided the students' boarding house attached to Sun Yat-sen University and have arrested many students.

People Hate Chiang.

SHANGHAI, July 19.—The China Weekly Review, discussing the possibility of a decisive struggle of Nanking against the Wuhan government says: "Chang Kai-shek may group and arrange for himself the Chinese Merchants and Bankers, and win the moral support of foreigners. However, his weakness consists in that he cannot count on the support of the peasants and workers who are organizing rapidly, and actually make up the larger part of the Chinese political organizations. As regards the

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Sacco and Vanzetti Do Not Eat; Determined to Die to Escape Tortures

BOSTON, July 19.—The Sacco-Vanzetti hunger strike continues. In their cells in the Cherry Hill section of the Charlestown prison, the condemned workers have refused all food since last Sunday.

Unless a favorable decision is handed down soon, it is feared that the men will not live long without food as they are in weakened condition due to their seven year confinement.

At breakfast yesterday Sacco refused all food and Vanzetti wetted his mouth with some black coffee. News that the strike has been in progress for four days Warden Hendry confirmed the fact of its existence.

OHIO OPEN SHOP COAL OPERATION ENTIRELY FAILS

New York Coal Co. Has Few Scabs Cleaning Up

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 19.—Open shop coal operation, which mine owners threatened for the middle of July, has resulted in a complete failure. Miners who went without orders from their officials in a body to Big Run, twelve miles south of Bellaire, to picket No. 3 mine of the Rail and River Coal Company returned today, reporting the company was not trying to mine any coal.

This was one of the concerns which took part in the ultimatum of several weeks ago, that if the miners' union did not settle on a basis of a wage reduction, the mines would be opened and run by strike-breakers.

The only coal company which is making a gesture at operation with scab labor is the New York Coal Co. Miners are picketing their workings at Lührig and at Mine No. 3, at Buch-wel. No coal is being mined at these places, but some men are cleaning out the mines.

Have Paid Your Contribution to the Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund?

ADVISORY COMMISSION AUXILIARY FRAME-UP BODY; BULLY DEFENSE WITNESSES; TERRORIZE MRS. SACCO

No Attention Paid to Madeiros' Confession; Boston Aristocrats Bloodthirsty

Endowments for Harvard Balanced Against the Two Italian Workers' Lives

BOSTON, July 19.—Sacco and Vanzetti are doomed unless freed by mass protest. Either they will burn early in August in the electric chair at Charlestown State Prison, or they will be condemned to serve a worse fate—life imprisonment within the dark walls of the Charlestown prison.

Preferring death to the possibility of lingering torture of life imprisonment for a crime of which he is innocent, Vanzetti has started on a hunger strike which can end only in death, for Massachusetts is determined that there will be no justice either for him or Sacco.

Governor Fuller has made up his mind that the verdict ordered by the infamous Thayer shall stand. Defense witnesses are browbeaten when they appear before him; all the prejudice of New England's wealthiest automobile dealer, whose fortune is estimated at \$13,000,000, break forth when friends of the two condemned workers and independent witnesses try to tell him the truth. Mrs. Rose Sacco was among those put on the rack and beaten with a pitiless whip of three degree cross-examination.

William G. Thompson, chief of defense counsel, whose respectability and brilliance were supposed to have determined the case in favor of Sacco and Vanzetti when he entered it, has been brushed to one side by Fuller. All the careful work of years of patient investigation has practically been tossed in the waste basket. The entire Madeiros confession, pointing to the Morelli gang as the real criminals who killed a paymaster and his guard at South Braintree, seven years ago, has been dismissed altogether.

Boston, dominated by clerics and smug business men, is howling for an end to the investigation. "When in God's name are they going to execute those two wops," is their attitude. Rushing the two workers from Dedham to Charlestown prison, where they are to be electrocuted was hailed in the clubs of the wealthy as a real Boston Plute.

The cabinet and Mayor Seitz are still quarreling quietly over the question of the legality of the "municipal guards" created by Seitz to suppress the labor demonstrations. The government wants it done in future by the regular army.

COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL MANIFESTO MOSCOW, July 19.—A manifesto of the Communist International, published in the clubs of the wealthy as a real Boston Plute.

COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL HAILS UPRISING OF WORKERS IN VIENNA

MOSCOW, July 19.—The Executive Committee of the Communist International has issued the following manifesto on the Austrian situation:

TO THE WORKERS OF ALL COUNTRIES AND TO THE AUSTRIAN WORKERS:—Events of the greatest importance to the working class of the whole world are now taking place in central Europe. The workers of Vienna have risen and for four days already the proletariat of Vienna and whole of Austria have been carrying on heroic struggle.

The general strike, the uprisings, the revolutionary mass conflicts in Vienna affect the very heart of Europe. The workers of the world take this as a fighting signal and watch their Austrian brothers with enthusiasm and inspiration. They know that the working class of Austria, which suffered greatly during the war and under the capitalist regime of "sanitation" are fighting against the universal unbridled economic offensive of Austrian capital, the ally of other predatory imperialist powers.

Offensive Against Labor. The Austrian bourgeoisie, at the behest of their imperialist guardians, want to destroy completely the eight-hour day and wipe away all social legislation for the workers. They want to make still worse the conditions of the working class, break up their organizations and adopt an open reactionary fascist policy.

Increased misery and want, the political slavery and the strengthening of fascism menaced the whole working class of Austria. This fact gives revolutionary impetus to the struggle of the Austrian working class. It is this that they are fighting against.

Weakness of Stabilization. The sudden outbreak of the revolutionary workers in Austria exposes the precariousness of capitalist "stabilization" throughout Europe.

VIENNA WORKERS GRIM AS TRAITOR LEADERS SCHEME

Communists Call Upon Labor to Act

VIENNA, July 19.—The city is quiet, following the calling off of the general strike by the Socialists, after their surrender to the Seipel government. But the masses feel cheated and may revolt again. The greatest precautions are being taken by Seipel and the Socialist mayor, Seitz, to prevent any demonstration on the day of the funeral of the 85 workers killed by police. Only the families of the victims and the Socialist officials will be there, according to present plans.

The cabinet and Mayor Seitz are still quarreling quietly over the question of the legality of the "municipal guards" created by Seitz to suppress the labor demonstrations. The government wants it done in future by the regular army.

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JOHN PEPPER, AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVE ON THE PRESIDUM OF THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R.—John Pepper has been selected as the representative of the Workers (Communist) Party of America to the Communist International. As the representative of the American Party he will also be a member of the Presidium of the Comintern. Pepper attended the recent plenum of the Executive Committee of the Comintern as a delegate of the American Party.

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COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL HAILS UPRISING OF WORKERS IN VIENNA

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 revolutionary" social-democrats, the pride of the second (socialist) international, becomes revealed. For several years these "left" social-democrats have restrained the proletariat of Austria from any sort of serious action against their enemies and despoilers, from any real struggle against reaction. For years these people pursued a policy of close collaboration with the bourgeoisie and it was only to screen this disgraceful policy that they resorted to "left" phrases, with the help of which they held the workers within their ranks.

Parliamentary Illusions.
 The social-democrats pacified the workers of Austria by maintaining that fifty-one per cent of the votes will suffice to secure peaceful realization of "socialism." They now have forty-five per cent of the electorate of the country and a considerable majority in Vienna. They are supposed to have transformed Vienna into a socialist island in a capitalist ocean through their municipal policy.

Whether has that led? The social-democrats have forty-five per cent of the votes, but the fascists can kill workers and trample their most elementary right under their feet with impunity.

Beat Down Workers' Conditions.
 The social-democrats have Vienna municipality in their hands but the police employ hundreds of machine-guns in shooting down workers in the streets of Vienna. The social-democrats have made Austria a "model democratic country," but in this very country the white terror menacingly raises its head. The social-democratic party even created an army of its own which is let loose against the workers, they surrendered ammunition from arsenal to bourgeoisie and now fascist and reactionary police use it to murder workers in the streets.

But the reformist policy of the social-democrats could not restrain workers from action. The masses began to act in spite of the social-democrats and when the time came for the actual struggle they acted in a revolutionary manner, against the will of the leadership of the social-democracy. And now, when the masses are actually fighting in a revolutionary manner for life or death the Austrian social-democrats are concerned only with one thing—to stifle the struggle as soon as possible.

Austro-Marxism Exposes Itself.
 Brought face to face with historical tasks the "left revolutionary" leaders of the Austrian social-democracy show they are no different than Noske and Schiedemann. The formation of a

special Vienna "municipal police force" consisting of members of the social-democratic "republican Schutzbund" which together with state police "restores order" in struggle against Viennese workers throws glaring light upon the despicable role of the Austrian social-democrats and shows whether the "left" path of Otto Bauer & Co. leads. The bankruptcy and treachery of the Austro-Marxism must be exposed and most decisively condemned in the eyes of the workers of all the world.

Fight Social-Democratic Leaders.
 Comrades! Workers! Expose the betrayal of the Austrian social-democrats! Refuse to follow their compromising, treacherous instructions. Put an end to the parliamentary intrigue and bargaining of the social-democratic leaders who dream of coalition government. Do not stop the strike and continue the struggle until you attain your goal. Anyone who surrenders or shows weakness at the time of the decisive struggle of the working class against the fascist bourgeoisie is doomed. The general strike must be continued until the Seipel government is overthrown.

Fight for the arming of the workers and disarming the fascist organizations and police. Fight for the formation of Workers' Soviets in Vienna and the whole country for mobilization of the masses and as organs of leadership in the struggle. Fight for the establishment of a workers' and peasants' government. Stop the fierce campaign against the Communists! Hundreds of workers, most of them Communists, have been arrested. The headquarters of the Communist Party and the Young Communist League of Austria have been closed down. The whole class struggle is pictured as a "Moscow affair." This happens in a country where the social-democracy has hundreds of thousands of members, a country which is pictured as a social-democratic "paradise."

Yes, the Communists did stand and they stand today in the front ranks of the struggle. They fought together with the masses, not against them as did the social-democrats. The working masses are now fighting for the revolutionary battle-cries of the Communist Party, not for the bankrupt reformist policy of the social-democrats.

The Communist Party of Austria has fulfilled, is fulfilling today and will in the future fulfill its revolutionary duty. Hence the hatred of Communists by the social-democrats and the bourgeois government. Hence, also the international and Austrian

RESCUED CREW HERE.

Saved from death in crash that sent the freighter Sagaland to the bottom of the sea near Nantucket, Capt. A. Pederson and Sagaland crew arrived yesterday on the Veendam. One of their shipmates is missing and is believed drowned.

Exploited Wright Men Who Built Motor for Lindbergh Get Visit

PATERSON, N. J., July 19.—The low paid and exploited workers of the Wright Aeronautical Corporation that built the motor for the "Spirit of St. Louis," used in the plane that carried Charles A. Lindbergh to Paris, were paid an unexpected visit by the trans-Atlantic flier today.

Lindbergh delivered a speech to 2,000 workers and thanked them for helping him make his flight possible.

proletariat must show their full solidarity with the Communist Party of Austria, and hence Austrian workers must follow its leadership.

Intrigue of Seipel Regime.
 The reactionary Seipel government, which is but an instrument in the hands of the imperialist powers, is ready to fight against the workers to the end. Not content with the bloodshed that has already occurred it calls up new forces from the rural districts, declares martial law, threatens the intervention of foreign troops. This reactionary government must be overthrown!

The forces sent against the workers must join them with arms in their hands. Not a single foreign soldier should enter Austrian territory to crush Austrian workers.

Fearful of their moneybags the "national" bourgeoisie wants to sacrifice country to monarchist Hungary, fascist Italy, Czechoslovakia and the imperialists and drown it in the blood of the working class. This must not be!

Workers of the countries bordering Austria are duty bound to fight with all means at their disposal against interventionist plans of their governments. The workers of Germany, Czechoslovakia and other countries must give all possible support to the Austrian working class in its revolutionary struggle. By doing so they will at the same time fight for their own vital interests because the defeat of the Austrian workers will lead to an attack on the workers of other countries and the transformation of Austria into an obedient instrument of imperialist cliques which are now preparing military offensive against the Soviet Union.

Must Carry Out Revolution.
 The Communist International sends its warm revolutionary, militant greetings to the workers of Vienna and of Austria. Let the workers of Vienna and of Austria know that in this moment of trial the workers of all countries are with them. The struggle will continue no matter how the social-democratic leaders try to choke Austrian uprising.

The July storm which broke out in Austria opened up a new path to the Austrian workers. Great revolutionary tempests are ahead. Barricades in the streets show how capable the working class is, how it will fight for its interests in the cause of the proletarian revolution.

Workers, toiling peasants, young workers, soldiers, rally to the battle for the victory of the revolution! Rally to the assistance of the Viennese workers and the Austrian proletariat!

Down with the social-democratic traitors!
 Long live merciless struggle against fascism and reaction!
 Long live the armed proletariat!
 Long live Workers' Soviets in Austria!

Down with the Seipel government!
 Long live the victory of Red Vienna and the victory of the Austrian working class!

Sentence for Fraud.
 Mrs. Margaret Donnelly, 52, of 1304 Grand Concourse, the Bronx, who is said to have obtained thousands of dollars by means of bogus checks passed on department store and to have collected large sums of money for imaginary charities in New York City and Westchester County, yesterday was under sentence of from six months to three years in the penitentiary.

Have Paid Your Contribution to the Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund?

Nicaragua Army Intact Marines Kill Villagers

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 of his fellow-countrymen had been shot down by American marines.

Will Fight to Death.
 "I declare, in behalf of the Nicaraguan Federation of Labor," he cried, "that if the United States marines are not withdrawn, they will have to destroy the entire Nicaraguan people. We prefer death to slavery. We will not submit to imperialism. Rather we will die fighting American marines than become slaves in our own country."

Later De la Selva told Federated Press that the Nicaraguan Federation does not recognize the "peace" dictated by Henry L. Stimson, Coolidge's private envoy. "The liberals and conservatives made that peace," he declared, "not the laboring people. We are not concerned in the quarrels of those two political parties and certainly are not bound by their private agreements."

General Moncado, who signed the peace with Stimson, has broken with Juan Sacasa, the constitutional liberal president, according to De la Selva. The masses of the people however are still as "fiercely opposed to Yankee aggression as ever. Given leadership, they will fight until either liberty or death is won."

"General Sandino," the brilliant young Nicaraguan added, "is no bandit chieftain, as reported in the papers. He is a patriot, surrounded by hundreds of my country's best men. They will not lay down their arms. They represent the best elements in Nicaragua."

De la Selva appealed to the Pan-American Congress to demand the withdrawal of American marines.

Green Favors Intervention.
 President William Green of the A. F. of L. in a letter to Secretary of State Kellogg, although not asking the withdrawal of American forces, urges him to "prevent the use of armed force in Nicaragua." "The exercise of force, which would result in the loss of human life," he wrote, "would no doubt create great resentment against the government among the people of Latin-American republics and cause feelings of profound regret in the minds of many people residing within our own land."

Kellogg Sneers at Nicaragua.
 WASHINGTON, July 19.—Secretary of State Kellogg replied to the letter of President Green of the A. F. of L. with a terse letter, brutally insulting to the Nicaraguan nationalists who do not wish to be conquered and ruled by the U. S.

"General Sandino," said Kellogg, "is a bandit and his followers are common outlaws." Kellogg intimated that the American forces in Nicaragua would continue to regard all independence movements as banditry.

A Big Killing.
 It is pointed out here that 300 men killed in a considerable slaughter, not that many men fell during the invasion of Mexico by "Black Jack" Pershing some years ago.

That section of congress which has all along opposed the conquest of Nicaragua by the U. S. and those who find that such incidents as that at Ocotlán shock their consciences are expected to severely criticize the administration. Administration strength is weaker in the coming session, and most of the newly elected congressmen are opposed to such a crude form of imperialism as that of the U. S. in Latin-America at present.

Two liberal organizations have protested to President Coolidge against further American occupation of Nicaragua.

The Women's International League in a telegram petitioned President Coolidge to "forbid any repetition of hostilities, especially the bombing of unfortified towns, endangering the lives of non-combatants and children."

The People's Reconstruction League requests recall of marines from Nicaragua, China, and other places where they are illegally conquering or threatening peoples to entrench American exploiters, in order to make possible some degree of success in disarmament.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 19.—A man found wandering in an apparent state of amnesia here last night, identified himself at Grasslands Hospital today as Roy Knight, 32, a salesman of Brooklyn.

Indians Flatter Cal With Name of "Leading Eagle"

RAPID CITY, S. D., July 19.—The political publicity managers of Cal Coolidge who have been encouraging his clownish buffoonery have at last hit upon a name for the Indians to give him. He is to be called "Leading Eagle," by virtue of his initiation into the tribe of the Sioux. As Pocahontas conferred certain Indian blessings upon Captain John Smith in the early days of the Virginia settlement, so Coolidge is to have his Indian maiden named "Rosebud Yellowrobe," daughter of "Chief Chauncey Yellowrobe." The ceremony is supposed to be followed by smoking the pipe of peace and an Indian dance to the accompaniment of tom-tom music.

Chiang Searches Ship of Soviet Union

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 workers' own viewpoint they as yet know nothing about the cruel tactics employed to suppress the labor movement by the Nanking military authorities here.

General Yang Fu, Shanghai defense commissioner, has raised a number of labor organizations and arrested forty persons, eight of whom were taken from the foreign concession with the assistance of the municipal police.

(By Nationalist News Agency).
 SHANGHAI, July 19.—J. B. Powell, publisher of the China Weekly Review, in an editorial declares that the Chinese strike against taxation without representation has forced the municipal council to appoint a committee to investigate the matter of reducing municipal expenditures. He refers to municipal extravagance and inefficiency caused by the British clique in maintaining the settlement to "provide a host of Englishmen and Scotsmen with nice fat jobs whereas merchants have to scrape and save in order to pay expenses."

"Many United States governors would look with envy on the salary paid to heads of departments whose principal qualifications have been being good propagandists to maintain and extend foreign jurisdiction.

The cost of running this municipality is way out of proportion to the benefits which the general public, foreign business men included, receive. At least half the foreign employes of the settlement could be dispensed with without detriment to the service."

"White" Russian Gunmen.
 Powell further points out that money is wasted by employing "White" Russians wholesale as a sort of standing army.

The investigating committee includes only Englishmen and the Britishized American, Stirling Fessenden, who is the chairman of the Municipal Council. Therefore Powell has little hope that much good will come out of the committee, for the English are unlikelier to urge a reduction of their fellow Britishers' salaries. If they did they would likely be called "Bolsheviks."

Japan Steals Railroad.
 Under the heading, Japanese Grab Shantung Railway," Powell points out that the Japanese troops have not only taken over the railway from Tsingtao to Tsinan, but have brought along a complete staff of railway operators, including engineers, telegraphers, station-agents, etc., indicating a long continued occupation. He declares that Japan aims to prevent the Nationalists from getting to Chihi where they would menace Chang Tso-lin, the "Manchurian bandit puppet who has protected Japanese interests in that area for so many years."

Deak and Hapgood, Strike Leaders, at Chautauqua of Labor

By ART SHIELDS
 PASSAIC, N. J., July 19. (FP).—The Passaic Labor Chautauqua brought quick returns. More than 500 workers, inspired by the 7-day series of meetings, have applied for membership in the trade unions, says Paul W. Fuller, who conducted the affair. Robert Bartley, president, and George Walsh, secretary of the Passaic Trades and Labor Council, were enthusiastic at the results of this new method of education and organization.

Both the Paterson and Newark central labor bodies are bidding for the next chautauqua. Backed by the officers of the New Jersey Federation of Labor, Fuller expects to stage two weeks more of frolicking entertainment and organization campaigning in the north end of this manufacturing state.

Rain Interferes.
 Only a thunder storm prevented the biggest workers' gathering since the strike at the Sunday afternoon session, the seventh day. Six thousand assembled at First Ward Park till sheeted rain and lightning broke up the meet. A thousand of the braver spirits, however, collected at the Public High School auditorium where the regular sessions were held.

It was a gay week for the Passaic workers. As the days went on the fun became faster at the chautauqua sessions. Clara Johnson, Fuller's assistant, in charge of entertainment, found new and gay talents coming forward day by day. Textile union choruses, hosiery union dancers, and brilliant labor singers from New York, led by James Phillips, a radio star, jazzed up the nights to the joy of the workers and their children.

Spencer Miller, Jr., national executive secretary of the Workers Education Bureau, spoke at the opening and closing sessions. Thomas F. McMahon, president and Sara Conboy, secretary of the United Textile Workers of America, spoke, urging the still unorganized workers to line up with their union brothers. Dr. Jesse Holmes, professor of philosophy at Swarthmore College and Theresa Wolfson, labor author, were among the dozen speakers who took the platform at the closing sessions.

The 1926 strike came to the foreground with the appearance of Gustav Deak, president of the Botany local of the U. T. W. and one of the most popular leaders of the late struggle. But though Deak personifies the spirit of the strike his talk was on education and organization and he pledged the support of the Passaic textile workers to the work of the Workers Education Bureau in Passaic. Powers Hapgood, striking coal miner, drew cheers as he told of the gallant struggle of 170,000 bituminous coal diggers.

The bright week is over and 16,000 textile workers, most of them unemployed, face a difficult month till the busy season opens. But their union, still a minority movement, has been braced for the task before it.

Govt. to Probe Ticket Scalping for Big Bout

The government evinced a keen interest today in the forthcoming Dempsey-Sharkey battle. On order of U. S. Attorney Tuttle, an investigation of the ticket sale for the fight was opened before U. S. Commissioner Cotter.

Tuttle is said to have been informed that choice ringside seats have fallen in the hands of scalpers who are disposing of them for premiums of \$10 to \$75 above the box office price. The informer said none of these tickets have been obtainable by the public through the box office.

To Explain Rail Tearing.
 The president of the Long Island Railroad, George Le Boutillier, is to appear today at the hearing of the Transit Commission on the proposed unification of rapid transit lines, to explain the action of the railroad in beginning the tearing up of the railroad track on the old Manhattan Beach line from Neck Road south to Sheephead Bay.

I. L. D. Announces Four Sedition Cases Thrown Out of Court; One Held

PITTSBURGH, (FP) July 19.—Quashing of indictments against 8 defendants arrested in the "red raids" of May, Day 1923, and indicted under the Pennsylvania sedition act has been announced by the International Labor Defense. The defendants, held 4 years under \$5,000 to \$10,000 bail, were Max Jenkins, Tom Myerscough, Morris Pasternak, John Urban, A. Rostrum, George Katsiollis, A. Voytko, and J. Kovalsky.

In throwing out the case the court said that "the indictment does not contain any sufficient allegation to sustain a conviction under any of the courts." Yet Horacek, who went to trial was found guilty on two counts, though he is out on appeal.

Vienna Workers Grimly Watch Leaders Treason

(Continued from Page One)
 lished here today, exposes the treacherous role of the leaders of the Austrian Social Democracy and points out the complete bankruptcy of "Austrian Marxism." The Comintern calls upon the Austrian proletariat to continue the general strike, overthrow Seipel's government, and demand the arming of the workers, disarming of the Fascist organizations and police, the creation of Soviets throughout the country for mobilizing the masses and leading their struggles, and the creation of their workers and peasants government.

Pravda Denounces Socialists.
 The Moscow Pravda in a leading article published today points out that the Austrian socialists have for many years poisoned the Austrian proletariat with parliamentary illusions. Today, Pravda states, the workers can see for themselves how this renowned parliamentary democracy turns out to be for the workers the most ruthless and open dictatorship of the Bourgeoisie.

Communists Lead.
 In these days of the greatest revolutionary enthusiasm of the masses, says Pravda, and of the unprecedented betrayal of the workers by the socialists, the Austrian Communist Party is again and again acting as the only party of the revolutionary proletariat and as the latter's true revolutionary vanguard.

Emancipation from Austro-Marxian influence, declares Pravda, is actually a question of life and death for the Austrian proletariat. Only by going contrary to social democracy, by arming itself, by organizing soviets, and again, counter to the social democracy, putting up squarely the question of dictatorship can the proletariat win any actual rights.

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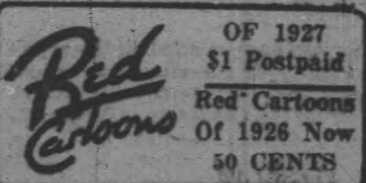
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BUFFALO WORKERS RESPOND TO THE CALL FOR "WAR AGAINST THE WAR!"

BUFFALO, N. Y. (By Mail)—Workers of Buffalo joined the "War Against the New War" campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party at a gathering addressed here by J. Louis Engdahl, editor of THE DAILY WORKER, who has just returned from the Soviet Union.

This was the sixth gathering of this kind that Engdahl has addressed recently, the others being held at Boston and Worcester, Mass.; at Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, Pa.; Pennsylvania, and Cleveland, Ohio.

"One of the big dangers in the face of 'The New War Danger' is that the American working class may lull itself into inactivity in the belief that there is no war danger," said Engdahl. "This is the worst kind of a delusion."

Engdahl pointed out that war is actually being carried on at the present time against Nicaragua and China,

but this is only preliminary to the new war that is being developed against the Soviet Union, the open hostilities of which were actually inaugurated with the assassination of Peter L. Volkov, the Soviet Ambassador to Poland, who was shot down on the platform of the railroad station at Warsaw.

Engdahl pointed out that while a host of British spies and provocative agents were operating against the Soviet Union, the international bankers of Wall Street were busy in their way making loans to the fascist borders states along the western frontier of the Workers' Republic. He cited the financial aid recently given the Pilsudski reaction in Poland, the catspaw of the world reaction. James Campbell, member of the Moulders' Union, and delegate to the Buffalo Central Labor Council, acted as chairman.

THE DRUJELOVSKY CASE

MOSCOW, July 5 (By Mail).—On the 8th of July, the Military Division of the Supreme Court, in Moscow, there began the hearing of the case of Drujelovsky, the notorious forger, against whom was preferred the charge that while in the service of the Second Section of the Polish General Staff he was engaged in espionage against USSR and that he had been commissioned by secret intelligence service of foreign states to compose for them false forged documents allegedly belonging to the Soviet government and Comintern and liable to cause the rupture of treaties and diplomatic relations entered into with USSR.

Having deserted from the Red Army in 1919, Drujelovsky illegally crossed the frontier into Finland and from there was sent into Yudenitch's army. After the latter had been finely defeated, Drujelovsky entered the service of the Second Section of the Polish General Staff and executed various secret tasks imposed by the latter. At the end of 1923, Drujelovsky settled in Berlin, where he soon organized a "fabric" of forged documents which he was asked to supply not only to agents of various intelligence services but even to ambassadors and envoys.

Thus, the Bulgarian minister at Berlin, Popoff, many times addressed himself to Drujelovsky with various orders. One of these orders was the "Comintern's letter of instructions" which, for all its patently gross forgery figured as one of the genuine "documents" in the judging of the case of the blowing up of the cathedral at Sophia. The same documents were presented as genuine to the Council of Ambassadors in Paris and thanks to this the Bulgarian government obtained permission to increase its armed forces.

In the middle of 1925, a Rettinger, an agent of the Polish intelligence service at Berlin, proposed to Drujelovsky that he should compose a forged document as to the railway catastrophe in the Danzig corridor having been caused by German communists. This document Drujelovsky could not prepare in time as he was arrested by the Berlin police. He was released at the request of the Bulgarian minister Popoff, but was soon re-arrested and kept in jail until November, 1925, when he was released and told to leave Prussia, end of June, 1926, Drujelovsky illegally crossed the Soviet frontier and was arrested by the State Political Department.

Drujelovsky confessed his guilt in all the accusations against him, pointing out however that in the composition of forged documents he was only a technical executor while the real authors of the forged documents were the governments which were conducting and organized anti-Soviet campaign.

Finance Minister In Spanish Cabinet Resigns His Post

MADRID, July 19.—Jose Calvo Sotelo, minister of finance in the fascist cabinet of Primo De Rivera, resigned office today, because of the stringent financial condition of the government which is facing a crisis. Taxes have enormously increased under the bloody and extravagant regime of the bandits and the small bourgeoisie are complaining about their lot as victims of the rapacity of the government. Repressive measures have been taken against lodges and other middle-class societies. The radical workers are endeavoring to capitalize the discontent of large sections of the population for a movement against the dictator.

So dangerous is the situation that the official announcement of the resignation has been held up until a successor has been appointed.

Lauch Bronx Ferris.

Fitting ceremonies marked the launching today of two new ferries-boats which will be used to connect the Bronx with Harts Island, North Brothers Island and Riker's Island. About two hundred city officials and prominent citizens of upper Manhattan and the Bronx were gathered at the foot of Twenty-third street, Brooklyn, to watch Mrs. Alfred E. Smith, wife of the Governor, christen the "Greenwich Village," and Mrs. Joseph V. McKee, wife of the President of the Board of Aldermen, christen the "Mott Haven."

Relief From Heat.

Relief from the heat came yesterday, but it is only temporary, according to the weather bureau, which predicted rising temperatures today. Seven more deaths occurred before the mercury took a drop, increasing the toll for the week to 85.

VIENNA TROOPS REFUSING TO FIRE REPLACED



Austrian troops in the Vienna garrison, which refused to fire on the angry masses who attacked police and the palace of justice, have been replaced by troops from outlying garrisons. The above photo shows the Austrian President, Dr. Michael Hainisch, with the Minister of War, Herr Vaugoin, inspecting Vienna troops.

Three Million Roubles of Orders Given to France; Once Meant for England

LENINGRAD, (BY MAIL)—July 4.—The Leningrad industry transferred to France a series of orders for a sum of three million roubles which it was intended to place in England. Orders have been placed with French firms for electro-technical equipment, red metals, instruments etc. French firms are granting the Soviet organizations the necessary credits.

Advisory Commission Frames Sacco, Vanzetti

(Continued from Page One)

forerunner of the governor's ultimate decision and was greeted by little short of cheers.

Commission Against Defendants. The advisory commission is dead set against Sacco and Vanzetti. Grant, the two by four politician-author, was convinced from the start that the "investigation" was unnecessary. His mind was made up before the first witness had been heard. And Stratton and Lowell, both university heads with heavy endowments to raise, have to think of where the money would come from if they decided in favor of justice for two "reds." Already Harvard has lost money, it is reported, because members of the law faculty have been unduly favorable toward mere justice.

When his decision is made public condemning Sacco and Vanzetti either to burn or rot, Fuller will of course have a smug little statement ready for the press. With all its polite phraseology, it had might as well read: "Turn on the juice, boys, while we sing the Star Spangled Banner."

BOSTON, July 19, (INS).—The hunger strike of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti, convicted of murder and sentenced to die in the electric chair the week of August 10, did not have any effect upon the investigations of their cases by Governor Alvan T. Fuller and the special advisory committee, appointed by the chief executive.

As usual the conferences were behind closed doors and the witnesses declined to comment upon their discussions.

Hunger Strike Against Secrecy. (By Federated Press).

BOSTON, July 19, (FP).—Sacco and Vanzetti are starving themselves to cheat the electric chair. The two Italian workers believe their doom is sealed.

They are protesting against the secrecy with which Governor Alvan T. Fuller is surrounding his inquiries into their case. They protest his denying them a chance to refute false witnesses. Not even their counsel is permitted to challenge the untruths told to the governor in secret hearings. Defense attorney William G. Thompson is not given the names of witnesses appearing before Fuller nor has he been invited to argue his case.

Hostile to Defense. Defense witnesses before Fuller and his advisors have been received with little-concealed hostility. Mrs. Lois B. Rantoul, grand-daughter of James Russell Lowell found Fuller apparently accepting the discredited state witnesses. He threw the prosecution's arguments to her—those based on testimony of Lola Andrews, who repudiated her testimony, denied her repudiation later, and repeated repudiation and denial of it again.

Ignore Editor of "Life." Robert Benchley, dramatic editor of Life, was challenged by Fuller to show where in the record the trial was unfair. Benchley thought he had been called because of his affidavit on Judge Webster Thayer's prejudice against Sacco and Vanzetti. But he was not asked about that.

Fuller scornfully told 21-year-old Beltrando Brini, Boston University student, "your parents taught you the story." Brini was the 14-year-old Plymouth boy who assisted Vanzetti sell eels, the Christmas Eve of the Bridgewater crime for which Vanzetti got 12-15 years.

The electric chair for a crime which they insist they did not commit? No, say Sacco and Vanzetti. "We will

AUSTRIA'S CLERICAL CHANCELLOR



Monsignor Seipel, who holds his title from the Pope, and is a priest. He is also chancellor of Austria, head of the cabinet, and intrusted by the victorious governments in the world war, who really rule Austria, with the task of suppressing its workers.

Current Events By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

(Continued from Page One)

WE respectfully suggest to the Hungarian minister in Washington that it would be a decent thing for him to pay the Archduke's passage with some of the Vanderbilt money. How the devil can an archduke fight if he does not want to fight in an alley or go to Cicero, Illinois? But even a brave archduke does not care to fight when the chances are all against him. So we move that a collection be taken up to provide him with his fare to Europe.

ANOTHER glorious victory can be chalked up to the credit of our gallant marines. One of the nearest slaughtering jobs ever pulled off outside of Chicago stockyards was the butchering of two or three hundred Nicaraguans by American marines and aviators with only one man killed on the American side. This is cause for national congratulation. Why not bring back the body of the dead marine and bury him alongside the unknown soldier? Surely Nicaragua must be punished for such an insult. The idea of a group of "outlaws"—that's what our Mr. Kellogg called them—daring to insist on the right to live in their own country! Such impertinence must be punished. What of it if one of our reasons for going to war with Germany was to defend the right of self-determination for small nations?

WHEN the king of England goes to Scotland to shoot grouse he is driven in a wheel chair to the hunting grounds and the fat lazy, birds are prodded into a semblance of activity. Between cocktails and highballs his majesty takes shots at the birds. Outside of the casualties among the Scotch—chiefly of the highball clan—the dead are all fowl. The king is not taking any chances but compared to the cowardly conduct of the American marines in butchering almost unarmed Nicaraguans the king's diversion equals in bravery and disregard for personal safety the action of the famous yokel from Tennessee, captain Alvin York, who single-handed captured a German battery and put a regiment to

"I received today your offending telegram. It is difficult for me to answer it because you were before the war only a lackey of my family. But I will say that a duel can be arranged and I slap in your face my fighting glove." Thus spaketh the archduke. But his troubles are not nearly over. The poor fellow cannot very well fight a duel in the United States since the practise is almost as hazardous here as publishing an intelligent novel. And he has no money with which to pay his passage to

Chinese Workers and Peasants Beg Aid to Stay Toll of Famine

When in 1921 the Russian proletariat called upon the workers of the world to stand by, the International Workers' Relief issued a call for aid, that resulted in over a million dollars being raised in support of the famine stricken revolutionary workers and peasants of the Soviet Union.

In every country of the globe the workers formed relief organizations in defiance of capitalism and supported the Russian revolutionary army—workers and peasants—and today ten years after the revolution that country stands as a bulwark for the protection of the entire working class the world over.

Unfetter China.

Imperialism is again preparing to send the four horsemen over the land, China is the center of attraction—through China the blood sucking vultures of capitalism and imperialism hope to reach at the heart of Soviet Russia where a decade ago the chains of slavery were broken and the death sentence of capitalism pronounced.

China today faces the alternative, either to be a free race of Chinese people, governing their own land, or remain miserable slaves of capitalist exploitation. China is fighting, millions of workers and peasants have taken up arms. Their cry is down with capitalism and imperialism, away with exploitation—China for the Chinese—Long live the Workers' and Peasants' Government—Equality of opportunities and justice.

Weapon of Starvation.

Starvation is a favored weapon of capitalism, the revolutionary army of China is bleeding and hungry. The international working class and every friend of working class emancipation must rally to the support of the revolutionary army of China, even as they did in 1921 when capitalism was defeated in its war of starvation against Soviet Russia. The revolutionary workers, peasants, and army of China depend upon the workers and lovers of freedom of all countries to supply them with the means that will stop the bleeding of their wounds and the hunger of the children, women and fighters of the revolution. Long live the workers' and peasants' dictatorship, over that of capitalism.

The International Workers' Aid, "the only working class organization in America," calls upon all who believe in the cause for which the Chinese workers and peasants are fighting to immediately send every dollar they can possibly spare to the I. W. A. national headquarters, 1553 W. Madison St., Chicago, from where it will be forwarded through the Central Committee of the W. I. R. to Mme. Dr. Sun Yat Sen in charge of the relief work of the revolutionary army in China.

BE LIBERAL. SEND YOUR DONATION TODAY!

Mussolini Gloats Over Liberties of Italians Buried Under Fascism

ROME, July 19.—Mussolini, in his preface to the resolutions of the Grand Council of Fascism, now collected in book form, terms it the "book of our faith" and calls upon every fascist to use it as the "infallible compass of their every activity."

The collected resolutions cover a period of four years, from the first sitting of the Grand Council in January, 1923, to April, 1927, and purport to show the gradual evolution of the fascist doctrine and the building up of the fascist state.

Mussolini's preface is full of paranoic drivel about the "glorious edifice of fascism" built upon the ashes of the old liberal democratic regime. He rightly attributes the capture of power by the fascist party to the organization of the fascist militia, which murdered and harried the workers and burned and pillaged their homes, newspapers and social clubs, and forced them into the fascist unions at the point of the bayonet. The fascist militia, he says, literally signed the death warrant of the old liberal democratic form of government, "which fascism has buried forever."

He boasts that "the twentieth century in Italy will be known by only one name—Fascismo," but neglects to add that this name will stand for a bloody terror and repression that has never been surpassed in history since the days of Nero, and that it will be remembered with hate and execration long after the puny Duce will have been swept into the limbo of oblivion by the onward march of the Italian workers toward economic freedom and liberty.

Arrested Under Booze Act.

A number of Westchester residents were being held today for further hearing July 21st on charges of violating the Volstead act. All were arraigned late yesterday before United States Commissioner Garrett Cotter in the Federal Court.

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Smash the Massachusetts Death Plot!

Every day it becomes clearer that the state of Massachusetts has no intention of granting Sacco and Vanzetti a new trial or of freeing them.

They will go to their fiery deaths in the electric chair on August 10 or to a living death in a Massachusetts prison cell until life leaves their tortured bodies.

The "investigation" authorized by Governor Fuller is a dance of death.

It is the sole concession made to the millions thruout the world who know that Sacco and Vanzetti are being sacrificed to satisfy the blood-lust of a brutal ruling class. The "investigation" is a ghastly farce and the Back Bay clubmen loll and laugh as Sacco and Vanzetti stare at the blank walls of the death-cell and count the hours left to them.

Authentic information as to the attitude of Governor Fuller and his advisory commission has been obtained and there is no mercy in their hearts for Sacco and Vanzetti. They are making a gesture to save the "fair name of Massachusetts justice" but their purpose is deadly.

The sole purpose of the "investigation" was to arouse false hope and still all protest. It has succeeded in a large measure. It is still easy in America to deceive the masses.

But everyone has not been fooled. There are workers who know that only mass protest, rising ever higher, is the only guarantee that Sacco and Vanzetti will not be murdered, that they will be freed.

From now until Sacco and Vanzetti are out of prison, in the ranks of their comrades, there must be no let-up in the mass demand that the Massachusetts conspiracy against two innocent workers end. Its long-drawn out torture of two workingmen must cease.

Sacco and Vanzetti must be freed. Unity of all forces in the struggle, tireless exposure of the frame-up, unending protest whose din will give the Massachusetts authorities no rest, uncompromising loyalty to the struggle of the working class which they symbolize—these are the means at hand and they must be utilized to the utmost.

With the Pollyannas who were so elated by the appointment of the "investigation" commission that they abandoned the fight for freeing Sacco and Vanzetti, there must be no further compromise. If Sacco and Vanzetti go to the electric chair or are imprisoned for life these elements must take the blame. Never has it been more apparent than now that Massachusetts justice is class justice, that Governor Fuller represents the capitalist class and that the Sacco and Vanzetti case is a class case.

Likewise, those workers and representatives of workers who fail to do their utmost to arouse the working class to the fact that not only Sacco and Vanzetti but the whole working class movement of America is on trial, have strengthened the hands of the executioners.

Let there be no more parleying and diplomacy. Two innocent workers await death in Massachusetts—a quick death in the electric chair or a lingering death in prison. If this murder is committed, the working class in the years to come will pay in blood and tears for their weakness.

Sacco and Vanzetti must be freed!

Imperialist Murders in Nicaragua and the Role of American "Labor Leaders."

Work has begun on the American canal across Nicaragua. American imperialism has murdered more than 300 Nicaraguans and the American working class can see clearly now the bloodthirstiness with which Wall Street carries out its plans for the subjugation of Latin America.

Likewise, Latin American workers and peasants will now know how to appraise the recent trip of the "good will" flyers and the protestations of friendliness for Latin America made by Coolidge and Kellogg.

Cold blooded butchery is the only phrase which in any way characterizes the slaughter of these Nicaraguans. Swooped upon by airplanes against which no defense was possible, bombed and raked with machine-gun fire from above, the poorly armed Nicaraguan soldiery were slaughtered like sheep.

Another great victory for American arms has been recorded. We quote from an Associated Press dispatch:

"Major G. D. Hatfield, commander of the marines at Ocotla, and his fellow-officers today were receiving congratulations from the Nicaraguan government on the bravery shown by the American forces in the face of such great odds."

Needless to say this "Nicaraguan government" is the creature of Wall Street-Coolidge-Kellogg government and its sole support in the country consists of American armed forces.

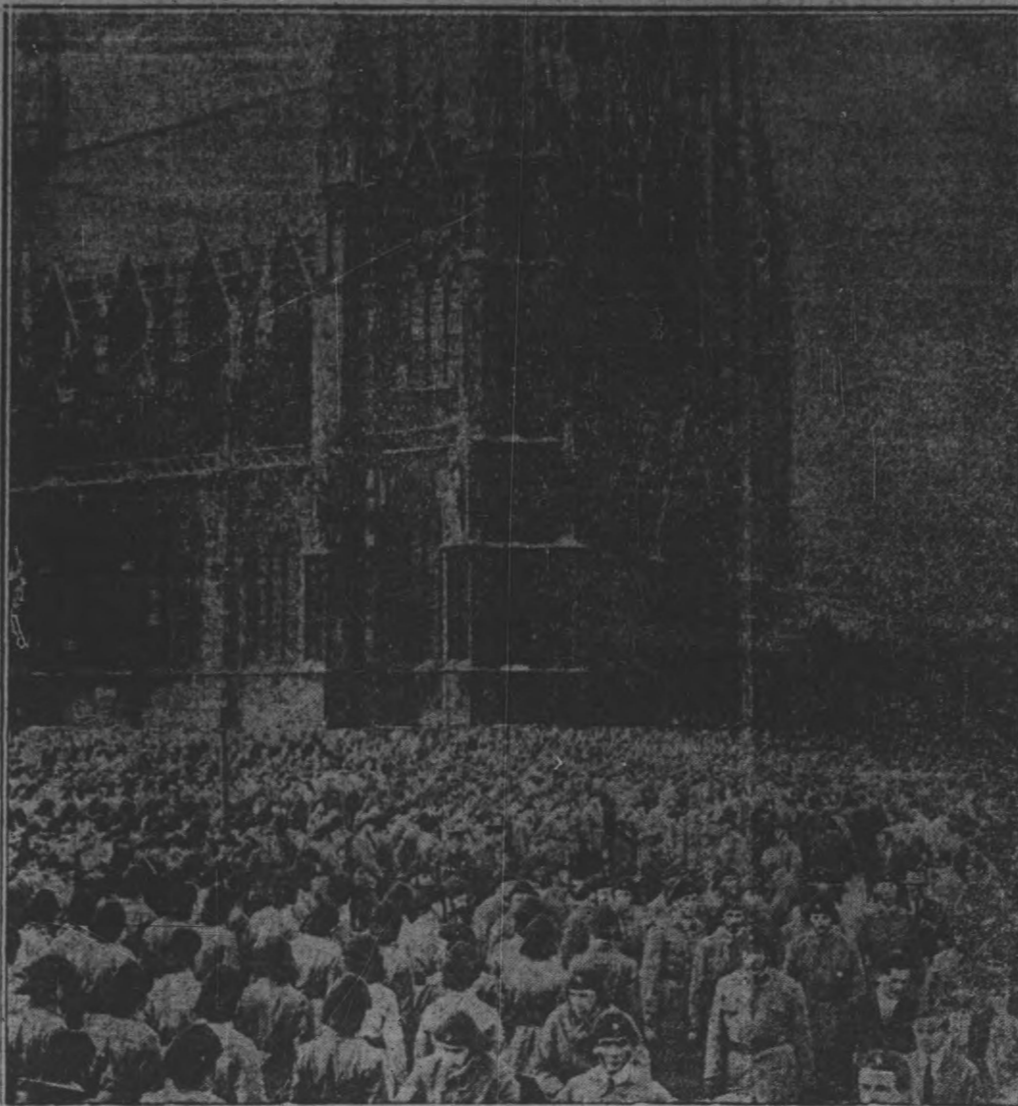
The blood of 300 Nicaraguan workers and peasants has moistened the soil for American steam-shovels, the canal has been most appropriately christened and Wall Street again has brought enlightenment to a "backward" people by means of bombs and bullets.

In such a situation, with the murderous purposes of American imperialism plainly apparent, with the Pan-American Federation of Labor in session in Washington, headed by William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, another opportunity is given the leadership of the American labor movement to take the lead in a ringing denunciation of this latest bloody act. But they act their usual traitor role.

What happens? A protest resolution comes from a Nicaraguan delegate, President Green refuses to allow action on it and states calmly that the matter must come up later in the regular course of business.

The regular course of American imperialism's business must not be interfered with even if this means that 300 Nicaraguans have been murdered and 100 more lie bleeding under a scorching sun while vultures devour the mangled bodies of their comrades. Furthermore, President Borno, the puppet of the national

VIENNA CROWDS ON THE VERGE OF REVOLUTION



Just before the shooting started. Great crowds marching past the Votivkirche, Vienna.

South Is Challenge to Organized Labor

By HARVEY O'CONNOR.
WASHINGTON, July 19.—(FP)—America's trade unionists had better look sharply to the south if they do not want a regime of open shop paternalism hitherto unequalled in labor history to spread northward, engulfing unionism as it goes. Even if the Dixie type of industrial feudalism does not spread, it is becoming each year a greater menace to the maintenance of union standards in organized northern industries.

New England's 400,000 textile workers can speak eloquently of what the south's "new era" of low paid industrial labor means in northern mills. The coal miners, who find the very existence of their union jeopardized by non-union West Virginia, now becoming the dominant fuel state, can give further testimony. Pittsburgh's iron and steel workers, forced to compete against Birmingham, know what it means to have a

low wage, low standard producing center less than 500 miles away.

Confident Tryouts.
Under a crass and arrant employing class, confident in the docility of their laborers, southern industry is striding forward in seven league boots. Last year her manufactures exceeded in value the entire nation's in 1900; one-third of the country's post war increase in factory and mill production came from south of the Mason and Dixie line. Drawing added power from the Appalachian mountain streams, she boasts 50 per cent of all newly developed hydroelectric energy. With more than 1,000 cotton mills, the south has 57 per cent of the country's active spindles and processes in her own mills two thirds of all the cotton she produces.

More Mills.
A billion dollars is invested in southern cotton mills and another billion represents their yearly output.

Thirteen new mills go up each year, to say nothing of additions and improvements to existing plants; 60 New England textile firms now have southern mills.

The south claims four great advantages: climate, water power, raw materials and labor, and of these labor is the greatest. Critics may pick flaws in her other claims: the warmer the climate, usually the less energetic the laborer; the power trust, through financial legerdemain, may make electricity relatively expensive, especially in view of the refinement of coal combustion processes in northern steam plants; the Carolinas are exporting most of their cotton, the fiber being too short for profitable spinning, and importing the raw material from Texas. But in cheap unskilled labor, the south's claim to supremacy is hardly challenged.

Use "Poor Whites".
The mill owners are drawing their labor power from a vast reservoir of half-famished mountaineers whose standard of living is the lowest in the United States. From wretched huts in the Carolina hills, the "poor white trash" gladly troop down to the mill towns. So infinitely superior are these villages with their monotonous rows of four room shacks, many of which have running water and even electricity, to the primitive cabins of the "hill-billies" that they willingly sacrifice freedom of action and submit to the baronial tyranny of the employer, who owns homes, schools, church and the entire community.

Even the low wages paid in the mill seem princely to the mountaineer who hardly handled \$100 in cash the year round. In addition his wife and children are privileged to toil in the same mill and so for the first time the family escapes the generation-old semi-starvation of the hill regions.

Suborn Preachers.
Employers hire the village preachers, who in turn laud the mill owner and make religion the vehicle for feudal submission. Race pride is stirred by references to the "finest Anglo-Saxon strain in America" and enmity against the Negro is cultivated by veiled references that he will be brought in if ever the white workers lose their proper humility. With the nightmare of the hill life behind him and the terror of Negro competition before him, the southern textile operative is a nearly "union-proof" as any worker in the land.

The motive for this latest crude lie is easily perceived. The tory government of forgery, provocation and murder, views with alarm the increased demands from American interests desiring to trade with Russia, for recognition of the Soviet Union by the United States, and so endeavors by low intrigue and vicious propaganda through its news agencies to prevent such recognition because it would be a heavy blow to its own industrialists as well as a rebuke to the Baldwin governmental policy against Russia.

The recent revelations of the international spy and forger, Drujalovsky, who confessed to forging documents used by the United States state department against those advocates in the senate of Soviet recognition have discredited the methods of the forgers and provocateurs against the Soviet Union and it is hardly likely that even such a troglodyte as Secretary of State Kellogg will have the audacity to try to use this latest fairy-tale against advocates of recognition. As the only government of the old world that is steadily increasing its productive forces the Soviet Union is attracting investment capital from the enormous surplus held by American capitalists who must, of necessity, find some place to dispose of it or face stagnation. Russia needs this capital to enable her to obtain the enormous amount of productive machinery necessary to carry out her economic program. In face of these facts the provocations on the part of the discredited Tories and their ilk will fall flat.

Especially should American labor strive for recognition by this government of the Soviet Union if for nothing other than the fact that the millions of dollars that can be spent for American industrial products will employ many thousands of workers.

DRAMA

Conrad's 'Rescue' Planned by Hampden—Benefit Concert Next Saturday

Due to the rain last Saturday night, the concert for the benefit of the Cloakmakers and Furriers, which was to have been given at the Coney Island Stadium, will be held next Saturday.

The vaudeville headliners at Moss' Broadway this week include: Eddie Mayo and Harmonica Band; Tom Howard & Co., Butler & Parker; Jones & Ren; and Marcelle and Geraldine Miller & Co. Beginning Friday the Dempsey-Sharkey fight pictures will be shown.

"Dear Little Rebel," a musical playlet, with Nancy Gibbs, Robert Vernon, P. J. O'Connor and Dick Trout, book by Edwin Burke and Lyricks is the feature at the Palace this week. The other acts are: Rosa Low, Soprano; Paul Tisen and His Orchestra with Holland Barry; Frank Fay, third week as Master of Ceremonies; Senator Murphy, and Harry and Dennis Dufor.

The Albee in Brooklyn has on its bill this week, Vannessi & Co.; Mr. and Mrs. Coburn; Yates and Lawley; Treasure Land; Barry & Whittleage; Marino and Martin; Cardini; Tom and Bett Waters; Alan and Jean Corelli.

Walter Hampden is planning to do a dramatization of Joseph Conrad's novel "Rescue" among the features of his schedule for next season at the Hampden Theatre. The season may open there the last week in September with "The Light of Asia" or Ibsen's "An Enemy of the People."

Anyhow, what are the "philanthropists" doing at this conference if the "feasibility of the plan depends, of course, upon its appeal as a business proposition to the capitalist?" Sincerely,—S. W. Kass.

Investigate Murder Beating.
An investigation was started yesterday by Police Captain Harry Walsh of the Seventh Precinct, Jersey City into the death of Charles Walls, 52, of that city who died on July 6th. He will try to determine if his death was caused by a beating he suffered while under arrest that day. The charge was made by Wall's father-in-law. He said the body will be exhumed to secure proof of the charges.

Have Paid Your Contribution to the Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund?

What the Daily Worker Means to the Workers

More Encouraging Contributions to Our Emergency Fund.

- John G. Zittel, Saginaw, W. S. Mich. 2.00
- M. Shusnar, (collected) Canton, Ohio 28.00
- Oakland Nucleus, Oakland, California 1.00
- F. Butora, Tillamook, Ore. 5.00
- I. Amter, Cleveland, Ohio 15.00
- Mrs. A. Horn, (collected) Clifton, N. J. 5.00
- J. S. Obradovich, Blair Station, Pa. 4.60
- Hun. Workingmen's Home, Cleveland, Ohio 4.00
- M. Byer, (collected) Brooklyn, N. Y. 15.50
- S. S. 3C 1S, New York City 7.00
- Jos. Willmecker, Toledo, Ohio 25.00
- Reva Aeroff, New York City 1.00
- W. Mellin, (Collected) Waukegan, Ill. 54.00
- Benjamin Smith, Charlotte, N. C. 15.00
- Section 7, Bath Beach 6.00
- Am. Lit. Wor. Litr. Asso., Newark, N. J. 40.76
- S. S. 2F F. D. 1—List 4023, New York City 13.50



In "Naughty But Nice," a new film showing at Moss' Broadway this week.

AMUSEMENTS

Little Theatre GRAND STREET FOLLIES
44th St. W. of B'way. Evenings at 8:30. MATINEES TUES. AND THURSDAY, 2:30

The LADDER
All seats are reduced for the summer. Best Seats \$2.20. Cort Theatre, 45 St. E. of B'way. Matinee Wednesday.

The MATING SEASON
A SOPHISTICATED FARCE
SELWYN West. Evenings 8:30. 42 St. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

Let's Fight On! Join The Workers Party!

In the loss of Comrade Ruthenberg the Workers (Communist) Party has lost its foremost leader and the American working class its staunchest fighter. This loss can only be overcome by many militant workers joining the Party that he built. Fill out the application below and mail it. Become a member of the Workers (Communist) Party and carry forward the work of Comrade Ruthenberg.

I want to become a member of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Name

Address

Occupation

Union Affiliation.....

Mail this application to the Workers Party, 108 East 14th Street, New York City; or if in other city to Workers Party, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Distribute the Ruthenberg pamphlet, "The Workers" (Communist) Party, What it Stands For and Why Workers Should Join." This Ruthenberg pamphlet will be the basic pamphlet thruout the Ruthenberg Drive. Every Party Nucleus must collect 50 cents from every member and will receive 20 pamphlets for every member to sell or distribute.

Nuclei in the New York District will get their pamphlets from the District office—108 East 14th St. Nuclei outside of the New York District write to The DAILY WORKER publishing Co., 33 East First Street, New York City, or to the National Office, Workers Party, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

- U. C. W. H. Br. No. 11, (collected) 8.50
- Carpenters Group, N. Y. C. 8.00
- D. Aspo, San Pedro, California 1.00
- S. S. 3C Nucleus 3S, N. Y. C. 5.25
- D. Zilinsky, New York City 30.00
- Freiheit Yugend Clubs and Women's League, Los Angeles 65.00
- Chas. Bayles, San Jose, Calif. 1.09
- Sylvia Bernstein, Chicago, Ill. 2.00
- Anna Porter, San Jose, Calif. 10.00
- has. Cassel, Kalamazoo, Mich. 1.00
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- J. Timmerman, Oakland, Calif. 10.00
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A story of escape from prison in Czarist days. —50

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By Scott Nearing.
Facts and figures of education under a workers' government. —50

BOTH FOR 75 CENTS

NOTE: Books offered in this column on hand in limited quantities. All orders cash and filled in turn as received.

Letters From Our Readers

"World" In Doubt About Slums. To The DAILY WORKER:

The "World" recently carried an editorial lauding "a new plan for the elimination of the so-called (why 'so-called'?) slums and the construction of model apartments for workers." This plan was submitted "at a conference of Mayor Walker with a large number of real estate operators, bankers, philanthropists, and capitalists." What can bankers, capitalists, and realtors be doing at such a conference? This is the answer found at the end of the editorial. "The feasibility of the plan depends, of course, upon its appeal as a business proposition to the capitalist."

Now, I'd like to ask one little question. If the plan is a good business proposition, and if a 10 per cent return on the investment, as it is claimed, is assured, why cannot the government undertake the project?—instead of some capitalist whose primary concern is his own benefit.

BUILDING BOSSES START DRIVE ON NEW YORK UNIONS

Broach Scores Eidlitz, Woll's Side-Kick

New York builders have renewed their war on the building trades unions.

Following the attack of Charles Norman, president of the New York Employers Association, on the plumbers, Charles L. Eidlitz, open shop president of the Board of Governors and director of the National Civic Federation, of which Mathew Woll is acting president, has notified the Electrical Workers Local 3 that it will not renew its agreement with the union.

Eidlitz's action follows the expulsion of the corrupt officials headed by Richard L. O'Hara from the local. O'Hara and other former officials, ousted by International Vice-president H. H. Broach, applied to Supreme Court Justice William Harrison Black yesterday for the appointment of a receiver to take over the funds and the business of the local.

Eidlitz Supports Ex-Officials.

That Eidlitz is actually supporting the expelled local officials, was the charge levelled by International Vice-president Broach in an interview with a representative of THE DAILY WORKER.

"Eidlitz has admitted that he is assisting and aiding the expelled corrupt officials who were expelled from the union. Since none of the expelled officials has worked since the local was cleaned of corruption, I assume that Eidlitz has been supporting them."

Organization Drive.

The organization drive that is now being conducted by the local and the refusal of local officials to agree to the violation of provisions of the building codes were other reasons given by Vice-president Broach for Eidlitz's action. Twenty-five organizers are now working for the local in an attempt to bring repair men and men on contract jobs into the union.

Taking advantage of the jurisdictional fights among the New York building trades and of the refusal of many locals to organize their unorganized, the Employers Association is girding its loins for a war on the building unions.

Strike of Tie Workers Is Possible August 31 When Contract Expires

A strike by the 5,000 tie workers of this city is possible August 31 when the union's contract with the bosses expires.

In a statement issued by the union it is pointed out that the home work on ties is endangering the welfare of organized workers. "The ties sewed at home," the statement continues, "are being sold in the market as the most expensive ties. Meanwhile compensation for work on these ties is far below the wages paid those who work in the factories and sew the ties by machine."

Rainey Miners Strike Against Indirect Cut

BROWNSVILLE, Pa., July 19.—The Rainey Coal Company is trying to force an indirect wage cut on the miners in Allison Mine 1 and 2. On Monday, July 11th, many of the day men were discharged and the boss' straw men were sent into the mine to notify the miners that in the future they must timber their own places and lay their own track without pay.

Any worker who dared disobey this order was threatened with immediate dismissal, 50 cents to be paid for 10 feet of cross bars.

Defy Company Injunctions.

The following day 80 per cent of the miners stayed out in protest. The Rainey Company retaliated by serving eviction notices on all the men who lived in company houses and who had stayed out in protest against the indirect wage cut. This brought the men out 100 per cent, as well as a few diggers from Mt. Bradock Mine, Revere Mine and Royal. These mines are also the property of the Rainey Coal Co., and had received the same ultimatum from the bosses.

These miners are now receiving an average pay based on the 1917 scale. They complain that they cannot meet the high cost of living in the mining towns. Single men pay an average of \$11 to \$12 a week for half board.

Pittsburgh Will Have Boat Excursion and Dance This Saturday

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 19.—A boat excursion and dance, arranged by THE DAILY WORKER and Freiheit, will take place Saturday evening, July 23rd. Steamer Julia Belle leaves the Old Sixth Street bridge, N. S., Pittsburgh, at 8 p. m. and will return 11:30 p. m. Music by the well known Pascale Union Orchestra. A good time will be shown to everyone. Admission, \$1.00. Everybody welcome.

ORGANIZED LABOR—TRADE UNION ACTIVITIES

NEWS AND COMMENT
LABOR EDUCATION
LABOR AND GOVERNMENT
TRADE UNION POLITICS

THE LEFT WING, FUR WORKERS UNION ELECTS ITS TICKET IN BOSTON, MASS.

BOSTON, Mass., July 18.—A sweeping victory for the left wing of the Furriers' union was recorded in Saturday's election when the progressive group elected their entire slate. The right wingers went down in complete defeat before Max Perlman, who was elected president; A. Rosenberg, vice president and A. Frank, secretary. The new executive board will consist of Dave Mathoff, L. Garfinkle, M. Miller, W. Litvin, I. Steinberg, M. Dorfman and J. Levenstein.

A. F. of L. To Blame.
According to Ben Gold, manager of the Furriers' Union Joint Board, the collapse of peace negotiations in the union is due to the action of the A. F. of L. officials and he adds: "The Joint Board lays full responsibility for the continuance of the struggle in the fur industry upon the A. F. of L. officials and charges that they are the cause of the reduced wages, and the contracting and sweatshop system which now prevails."

"The Joint Board charges that the A. F. of L. gave these as concessions to the manufacturers in return for recognition of the dual union and for assistance in the fight against the Joint Board."

Of the unsuccessful peace conference, Gold says: "Ever since the A. F. of L. instituted its splitting tactics in our union, the Joint Board has stated many times that it desires unity in the International. Therefore it responded to the request of Magistrate Rosenbluth to attend a conference on Monday, July 12th, and Isadore Shapiro, president of the Joint Board, and I were present with Magistrates Rosenbluth and Brodsky, and Mr. Markewich, who represented the A. F. of L."

Magistrate Rosenbluth informed us that prior to this meeting he had held a conference with the A. F. of L. representatives and learned their terms for peace. At the magistrate's request we repeated the Joint Board's peace terms which called for (1) Reinstatement of all expelled members and local unions; (2) an election to be held for officers of the Joint Board under the supervision of an impartial committee on which the New York Central Trades & Labor Council and the American Civil Liberties Union should be represented; (3) following this election, a convention of the International to which delegates should be elected on the basis of local union membership; (4) abolition of gangsters; (5) an agreement to begin immediately the enforcement of the contract signed with the Joint Board at the close of the strike last year.

With 864 airports already in operation, more than 100 cities in all sections of the country have appropriated funds lately or have started the construction of modern fields to stimulate the development of commercial aeronautics, the survey disclosed.

Despite the great development of civil aeronautics in Europe, MacCracken believes that America has been awakened at last to the possibilities of this new form of transportation and within a few years will have surpassed the progress abroad.

"Chambers of commerce, business clubs and civic organizations are co-operating in the effort to build up a complete airway and airport system for the United States," he declared.

Airports now in operation include 307 municipal fields, 163 commercial and private fields, 124 commerce department intermediate fields, 287 miscellaneous intermediate fields, and 83 army, navy, national guard, treasury and agricultural department fields.

The commerce department has provided for about 3,000 unimproved emergency landing fields in all sections. These include pastures or similar areas on which landings and take-offs can be made when necessary.

Buffalo, at a cost of \$727,000, has developed a 518 acre airport, with an extensive system of runways and modern equipment. Chicago's municipal airport, according to MacCracken, is another example of progress in the right direction. New Orleans and Cleveland were other cities mentioned as contributing toward future commercial aeronautical success.

The snuff concern is directed by the commission to discontinue the use of unfair price maintenance methods, misrepresentation of competitors and their products. The commission in its order directs the company to state its price of snuff to the public.

When the workers had been chased in all directions, the thugs divided themselves into small committees to hunt for militant workers to beat up. While this right wing reign of terror was going on, the police department was conspicuous by its absence.

A little over an hour later, a committee of gangsters spied Morris Nemeser, who was walking with several other workers. When one of the right wing scouts who was attached to the committee in the position of guide, pointed him out to his colleagues, they started to chase him.

POLICIES AND PROGRAMS
STRIKES—INJUNCTIONS
THE TRADE UNION PRESS
LABOR AND IMPERIALISM

Hosiery Workers on The Air Again; Set Up a Radio Station

READING, Pa., (FP) July 19.—A new radio station, owned and controlled by organized labor, is now in prospect. It will give powerful aid in organization campaigns.

The Reading Branch of the American Federation of Full Fashioned Hosiery Workers has filed formal application with a Federal Radio Commission for a license to erect and operate a radio broadcasting station in this city. John Edelman, research director of the knitters' organization, expects early approval.

In Reading and vicinity there are some 15,000 men and women in the various branches of the full fashioned hosiery industry. Dominated by the Berkshire Knitting Mills the manufacturers have for years fought to make the words "trade union" taboo. The employers' elaborate spy system made it very difficult in many cases for representatives of the union to visit knitters in their homes. But last spring, when the union went on the air, these knitters tuned in by the thousands.

In those 10 weeks more useful agitation was created in behalf of the trade unions than had been accomplished in the previous two years. The knitters' union found that radio had become indispensable to the labor organization that would "sell itself" to the workers in a spy-infested community.

The entire labor movement in Reading is back of the knitters' project. J. Henry Stump, president of the Federated Trades Council, and James H. Maurer, president of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor are among the labor leaders giving vigorous support. It is felt that the organization of the full fashioned hosiery workers has become the key to the labor situation in Reading and only when the Berkshire autocracy has been broken can trade unionism expand as it should in other industries.

Synthetic Gas Will Save Motorists \$50,000,000

STATE COLLEGE, Pa., July 19.—Synthetic gasoline, free from sulphur compounds, can now be made and eventually will save motorists \$50,000,000 annually, Dr. Hans Tropsch, of the Kaiser Wilhelm Institute, Mulheim Ruhr, Germany, told the American Chemical Society here today.

Dr. Tropsch said that the laboratory, "with which he is connected," has been able to produce all the useful compounds present in petroleum from carbon monoxide and hydrogen. The laboratory has been able to duplicate nature's method of forming petroleum but excluding non-desirable elements.

The present method of extracting gasoline from crude oil, according to Dr. Tropsch, makes necessary an expenditure amounting to approximately fifty millions to eliminate sulphur products. This cost is saved in the synthetic product, Tropsch explained.

Coolidge Campaign Hit Severe Blow; Dry Raids At Rapid City Jail 20

RAPID CITY, S. D., July 19.—The territory surrounding the summer white house was as dry as the desert today following a week-end of raiding by E. L. Senn, state prohibition director, and a squad of selected "under cover" men.

Radio Trust Grabs The Air

NEW YORK, July 19 (FP).—"Free air" may be a true sign at gasoline filling stations and garages but it isn't true as far as radio is concerned. The history of the growing radio trust is recounted by Matoriz A. Hallgren in the current Nation gives the details.

From the organization of the Radio Corp. of America in 1919 by General Electric, the trust has made international connections. Leading concerns of Britain, France and Germany are joined with the American firm in a special corporation controlling all wireless communications to and from South America. The four constituent firms held equal shares and have two directors each, except that a ninth director is added to up to 40.

Communist Deputies in France Faced With New Threat of Prison Terms

PARIS, July 18.—Marcel Cachin, M. Doriot and M. Mazy, Communist Deputies in the French Chamber, have received a summons to surrender to the police today to serve prison terms to which they have been condemned, but from which they have thus far been saved by parliamentary immunity.

They are charged with having conducted subversive propaganda in the army and navy, and M. Doriot is alleged to have been active in anti-imperialist campaigns in the French colonies and in China.

Parliamentary immunity was recently lifted from the Communist Deputies by vote of the Chamber of Deputies.

Workers Menaced By Frame Houses In Queens Slums

The acres of cheap flimsy match-box houses that line the outlying streets of Queens and that promise to become the worst slum in New York were investigated yesterday by Senator James L. Whitley and his associates who have been investigating housing conditions in the city. The investigation is being conducted in connection with the proposed revision of the tenement house law.

The lives of thousands of workers are in constant danger because of the fire hazard. "There is no doubt," said Henry Wright, architect and housing expert, "that if a fire broke out in the southern part of Queens and in the neighborhood of Rockaway Boulevard on some night when there was a strong wind blowing from the sea it would take in the entire section."

Fisher Profits Soar Thru Vicious Speed-Up and Lowered Wage

CLEVELAND.—Fisher Body Ohio Company of Cleveland is owned almost body and soul by the General Motors Corporation. There are 100,000 shares of stock, 99,500 of which are owned by the General Motors Corporation.

Fisher Body wishes to exchange the stock for other stock, and has made an offer to the minority holders of stock, amounting to 500 shares. These men refuse to change their stock, and make the following declaration: The stock of Fisher Body originally was valued at \$5-4n 1919. It now has a book value of \$235—and last year alone each share earned \$125.

The wages at Fisher Body have been reduced in the past year—and at the present time, the men are going through a speeding-up process that is unparalleled in the history of the company. In addition the scale in some departments has been reduced from 35 to 60 per cent.

There is no wonder, therefore, how the Fisher Body earns such high profits—more than 50 per cent. It comes out of the sweat of the workers.

Coolidge Campaign Hit Severe Blow; Dry Raids At Rapid City Jail 20

RAPID CITY, S. D., July 19.—The territory surrounding the summer white house was as dry as the desert today following a week-end of raiding by E. L. Senn, state prohibition director, and a squad of selected "under cover" men.

Eleven alleged bootleggers fell into the hands of the law at Rapid City, half a dozen more were arrested at Deadwood, and isolated raids in the hills brought the grand total up to twenty. Great dissatisfaction is apparent among the political visitors to Rapid City.

POSTPONE CONEY STADIUM AFFAIR TO SATURDAY EVE.

To Sue Arena Owner for Breach of Contract

On account of the terrific rain storm which swept New York Saturday, the benefit concert scheduled to take place in the open air arena of the Coney Island Stadium on that night, has been postponed until next Saturday, at 8 P. M.

As a result of this, the Joint Defense and Relief Committee, 41 Union Square, sponsors of this affair, have started legal action against the Coney Island Resorts, Inc. for breach of contract. Ludwig Landy, campaign manager of the committee, states that he had signed a contract with Isidore Silberman, president of the Coney Island Resorts, Inc. to the effect that in the event of postponement of the concert due to bad weather conditions on Saturday, July 16, it would be given the following night, Sunday, July 17. Inasmuch as a bull fight was advertised and presented at the Stadium Sunday, it was impossible to go ahead with the postponed concert.

15,000 Turned Away.
It is estimated that at least 15,000 people jammed the gates commencing early Sunday afternoon, but were refused admittance because of the bull fight.

TRACTION STRIKE IN A WEEK OR SO SAYS UNION HEAD

Workers Refuse to Sign Yellow Dog Contract
That the city will see a subway strike of the first magnitude within the next few weeks seems to be a foregone conclusion. This is the opinion of J. H. Coleman, organizer for the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Workers.

Hedley is reported to have said that if the company recognized the Amalgamated ninety-five per cent of its employes would strike in protest. In reply to this Coleman said that no one is his right senses would believe so ridiculous a statement, not even Hedley himself.

The new yellow dog contract which the I. E. T. is circulating among its workers for signatures is not meeting with success. Most of the men are showing a fighting spirit and the Brotherhood workers are having a hard time getting names.

A canvass among the militant subway workers reveals the truth of the statement that the men want to be organized and they will go thru a strike to attain their own union.

Have Paid Your Contribution to the Ruthenberg Sustaining Fund?

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Attention Pittsburgh!
Daily Worker Excursion SATURDAY, JULY 23, 1927
8 P. M.
Boat JULIA BELLE leaves Old Sixth Street Bridge Saturday evening at 8. Returns 11:30.
Tickets \$1.00.
MUSIC DANCING

French Communist Party Has Powerful Daily to Reach Oppressed Masses

By J. LOUIS ENGBAHL

All native Paris has eyes keenly trained to recognize foreigners. The elderly woman, therefore, who tends the newsstand where the Rue de la Paix enters the Place de l'Opera, thought it quite natural that I should purchase the Paris editions of The New York Herald-Tribune and The Chicago Tribune. But she was quite puzzled when I also asked for a copy of L'Humanite. Evidently she had not sold many copies of the central organ of the French Communist Party to American visitors in the French capital.

I had secured passage upon the Mauretania, the first fast boat to leave Cherbourg for New York. But it would not sail for three days. Three days in which to get acquainted with the French comrades and to study the French Communist movement! I was attracted first, of course, as if by magnet, to the offices of the L'Humanite, at 142 Rue Montmartre.

It was on the heights of Montmartre that the Paris commune made its first bid for power on March 18, 1871, when the Communards seized 250 cannons on La Butte and defied the government of Thiers. The revolutionists were dislodged by the government troops on May 24th and the batteries of Montmartre were then turned on the Communards posted on La Butte, Chaumont and Pere Lachaise. It is pointed out that some of the streets in this district are very narrow, making it easy to close them with hastily erected barricades.

Rue Montmartre is narrow and winding. The neighborhood of "No. 142" is clearly a printing house section, like Williams Street in New York City, or Federal Street in Chicago. L'Humanite is only one of many publications housed in the same building. The editorial and business offices occupy two entire floors.

The comrade who receives visitors speaks only French. So we have a rather difficult time of it; but only until he finds another comrade who speaks German, which offers a basis of communication. Marcel Cachin, the editor, is in the chamber of deputies, of which he is a member and the leader of the Communist faction. Jacques Doriot has just returned from China and is now before a committee of the French chamber of deputies replying to charges that he made seditious speeches at Canton, tending to disturb the tranquility of French colonial rule in Indo-China. Henri Barbusse, author of several books on the world war, who is literary editor, is out of town on his vacation.

I decide that on the morrow, I shall go to the Chamber of Deputies. So today I spend my time with Gabriel Peri, the foreign editor of L'Humanite, who speaks very good English, reminding me of Comrade Cook, foreign editor of the Pravda, in Moscow. Peri is a constant contributor to the International Press Correspondence.

Founded by Jean Jaures.

L'Humanite was founded by Jean Jaures, in 1904, and remained the central organ of the French Socialist Party for many years. During the war Jean Longuet founded another socialist daily, Le Populaire. When the split came in France between the socialists and the Communists, the Communists took the L'Humanite with them and have kept it as the central organ of the Communist Party. Jaures was assassinated by a French jingo on the eve of the outbreak of the world war in 1914. Huge demonstrations are held annually by the Communists on the anniversary of Jaures martyrdom, and L'Humanite carries on its first page, upper left hand corner, "Fondateur, Jean Jaures."

Jean Longuet, who was used for years by the Second (Socialist) International as the butt of its attack on the Communist International, is now foreign editor of Le Populaire, the socialist organ, of which the extreme right winger, Leon Blum, is now the chief editor.

L'Humanite is ably staffed.

It is very evident that L'Humanite has an able staff. Comrade Peri tells me that 20 comrades are actively engaged on the paper. This reminds me of our own bare half dozen on THE DAILY WORKER.

Cachin is the chief editor. Vaillant Couturier, also a member of the chamber of deputies, is an editorial writer. Peri is foreign editor. Barbusse is literary editor which also includes supervision of book reviews, theater and kino criticisms, and whatever concerns the radio that goes into the paper. Barbusse also selects available fiction. This does not mean that Barbusse does all this alone. He has at least five assistants collaborating with him. Peri also has four assistants. There are five in the trade union news department. Andre Delahy is the political writer. Considerable attention is given to sports, in fact, during my visit a long distance bicycle rider, who had attracted considerable attention, ended his race against time before large throngs that acclaimed him on his arrival in front of our Communist daily.

Quarter Million Subscription List.

The subscription list of L'Humanite now totals a quarter of a million readers. But it is the only Communist daily in France. The individual circulation of the German Communist dailies are much smaller, but there are 36 of these German dailies.

But today L'Humanite is issuing a special edition against the new military law that is being foisted on the French working class with the aid of the socialists. In fact, the new mobilization law is sponsored by the socialist, Paul Boncour. It provides for forcing all men, women and even children into the war machine immediately the war is declared. The Communists alone fight this law, that will wipe out all workers' organizations simultaneously with the new war's inception. The proposal by the socialist, Boncour, has been accepted by the government as its own, glorying in the prospect of "the mobilization of every citizen without distinction of age or sex, in case of war."

News Service Well Organized.

Our French daily has a well organized news service. It gets the telegraph news of "Tass" (Russian Telegraph Agency) and of Havas, the official French telegraph service.

In addition L'Humanite has special correspondents in every city of any importance in France. There are 10 of these paid correspondents, while about 40 are unpaid. There are also paid foreign correspondents in London, Berlin, Brussels and Rome, while the closest touch is kept with the news sources in the Soviet Union.

Worker Correspondents in Paris.

L'Humanite has worker correspondents in every great factory in Paris. About 200 of these are organized into 20 Worker Correspondents' Groups.

A campaign has now been started to broaden this movement to all parts of the nation. Members of the trade union department of the paper will make a tour of the country for this purpose.

Thus the Communist Party of France builds its daily organ, bringing it into closer and closer contact with the masses of the French workers and farmers.

Pravda, in Moscow; Der Rote Fahne, in Berlin, and L'Humanite, in Paris, are the three leading Communist dailies in the world, that the Communists in the United States and other countries may well study in building more such mass organs of the working class.



WHO AM I?

I am a farmer who specializes in manicured hogs.

I married the daughter of a man whose name is surrounded by oaths when travellers are trying to get in or out of an upper berth.

I am a candidate for the G. O. P. nomination for president.

I am ready to promise the workers and farmers anything in return for their votes.

(If you are stuck write for the answer to the Who Am I editor of THE DAILY WORKER.)

CLARIFYING POLITICAL ISSUES IN THE MINNESOTA LABOR MOVEMENT

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 15.—In order to estimate correctly the effect of the June 13th municipal elections on the Farmer-Labor movement both locally and throughout the state, it is necessary to review briefly what the political situation was just prior to the elections, the attitude of the Labor Alderman then in office and also the position taken by the leaders of the trade union movement.

We must call to mind that before the elections of 1925 the Labor members of the Council numbered fourteen—a majority of the seats. In that year, due principally to the inroads already made by the Mayor Leach machine in the trade union movement (85 per cent of the Business Agents and other trade union officials were in this machine) six Labor aldermen were defeated after a campaign in which the left wing of the movement fought almost alone and without a candidate for Mayor because a treachery of the right wing of the trade union leadership, who due to their "loyalty" to the so-called "good" candidate and "friend" of Labor, Mayor Leach, refused to allow the filing of a Labor Party candidate for the office of mayor.

In the last elections, the situation was substantially the same, except that the Labor Councilmen numbered only eight, with the exception of Alderman Scott, opposed to the filing of a candidate for Mayor, and with Alderman Hanscom taking the lead in the fight within the Farmer-Labor Association to head off the endorsement of a full ticket. The Hennepin County Central Committee, just prior to the primaries on May 9th, sponsored the calling of a delegated Conference of all working class organizations, with emphasis on the Trade Unions, to air and fully discuss the question of a full ticket. At this meeting which was well attended, with representatives from trade unions, workers' clubs, women's auxiliaries and liberal organizations, the right wing labor leaders of the Leach machine and the Labor Councilmen who had opposed the full ticket idea within the Farmer-Labor Association, came together on common ground in the Conference, defeated the left wing and prevented the endorsement of a candidate for mayor.

It is also necessary, in order to understand fully the confusion within the movement, to show the forces involved and the reasons for the peculiar line-up on the important question of a full ticket:

1. The right wing trade union officialdom who are opposed in principle to the Farmer-Labor Party and who constitute the backbone of the Leach machine in the trade unions.

2. Part of the right wing trade union leadership and some center elements who are opposed to the affiliation of the trade union movement to the Farmer-Labor Association, but who support the Farmer-Labor Party as individuals. Their attitude on the question of working class political action renders first-class support to the right wing.

3. A small group of trade union leaders who accept the Farmer-Labor Association as the political organization of the workers and work for the drive of the A. F. of L. officialdom on the Communists and left wing in the labor movement, and who lack the necessary confidence in the rank and file to unite with the left wing and oppose openly the destructive policy of the right wing.

4. Outside of the trade unions, but working in complete harmony with the extreme right wing of the trade union leadership is the Van Lear machine. Van Lear, once Socialist mayor, controls the "Daily Star," the paper stolen from the workers and now used to support Mayor Leach and to attack in the most vicious manner to the Labor Alderman and the Farmer-Labor Association.

5. The Labor Councilmen, who with the above-mentioned exception, opposed the endorsement of a labor candidate for Mayor, because of a gentlemen's political agreement to support Alderman Turner, Republican Alderman from the 7th (Hanscom's ward) Ward, for Mayor; and, as Alderman Hanscom, their spokesman, expressed it—"not to be hampered in the campaign with a Labor candidate for Mayor who would act as a drag and would defeat the Labor Councilmen for re-election."

6. The left wing and the Communists, whose program can be briefly stated as follows:

(a) Affiliation to the Farmer-Labor Association of all working class organizations with particular attention to the local unions.

(b) Building, at the present time, the Ward Clubs of the Farmer-Labor Association.

(c) Filing in all elections of full tickets.

(d) Regular meeting of the Hennepin County Central Committee.

(e) Placing of responsibility for the conduct of election campaigns in the hands of the regularly constituted organs of the Farmer-Labor Association.

(Continued tomorrow)

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(Continued tomorrow)

ALGY AND NORMAN IN THEIR LIGHTER MOODS - - S. P. LEADERS FIGHT WAR

(By Our War Correspondent.)

The Reverend Doctor Norman Thomas, and his cohort, "Professor" Algy, set out the other night "to help the young kids along." It happened that the Young Peoples Socialist League (in case you don't recall what the letters Y. P. S. L. stand for) was holding an anti-war meeting at 10th St. and 2nd Ave.

Algy and Norman were among the speakers. The meeting was scheduled for 8 o'clock, so, according to this writer's information, the Rand school twins drifted around at ten after.

Norman was dressed characteristically. Wearing dark suit, carefully creased trousers, shirt open at the neck, his hair combed back, in the opinion of one member of the audience, he was either going to speak on "industrial democracy" or some patent medicine.

Immediately his young friends paid their homage. Distantly, he greeted the young men with a "How do do." The girls, however, got a pleasant smile and a handshake. Gallantry, you know, is alive even in a democracy. However, the smile became less prominent, and the handshake more absent when Norman saw he was becoming an object of interest.

Immediately the reporters of the capitalist press clustered around him. Norman, you see, is considered good copy by the capitalist press, because he's "so naive." Algy, with a bundle of papers under his arm for effect, horned in on the group. Even though he didn't look very socialistic with a brand new palm beach suit and a Panama hat on, he evidently thought he might "yes" Norman with some effect.

Although this writer couldn't join the group, since Algy and Norman would rather be quoted in the capitalist press than the working class press, everything Gallagher and Sheehan from 15th St. said furnished him with good copy. Too bad one can't keep reporters for THE DAILY WORKER a mile away from socialist meetings. They're bound to find out the truth about the decay of the socialist party.

"What are you going to speak about, Mr. Thomas?" the reporters respectfully inquired.

"Wal-I," Thomas was heard to answer, with amazing frankness, "You know I don't know a single new thing to say on this subject."

"There isn't anything new to say," pitched in Algy, his yes-man.

"Don't you think the disarmament conference is really a conference on armament?" a reporter suggested.

"Oh yes," Thomas replied, in a relieved tone. Then he echoed the statement. Algy nodded approval. The reporters scribbled a hasty note: "Thinks disarmament conference a conference on armament."

The heat became a subject for comment. Norman called the chairman, and asked if he had time to go to 11th St. to get a glass of beer. The chairman registered embarrassment. Norman looked at the reporters, and thought better of it. The conference was resumed.

Talk drifted around to THE DAILY WORKER. Thomas first admitted he read it. Maybe Algy gave him a dirty look, but anyhow, he hastily explained that he used to read it, "but it got under my skin, so I cut it out."

"Can't you get valuable information from it?" he was asked.

Algy got a word in. "One can learn something, if one reads it backwards," he said with a silly smile, expecting to hear uproarious laughter greet his wise-crack. He only got a question, "You're well known for your ability at interpretation, so you shouldn't have any trouble." A black look. Algy didn't like that dirty dig.

Only a handful of people had turned out for the meeting. Norman apologized to the agreeable reporters. "It's hard to get people to turn out in weather like this," he said. "Al and I only came over to help the young kids along." Algy smiled benevolently.

A cloakmaker came over. "Here," said Thomas, as though he were showing exhibit A. "Here is a chap that was beaten up last week in the furrier's strike."

The cloakmaker liked the publicity. "Yeh!" he said illuminatingly.

"The left wing is attacking our people," Thomas began, but he was interrupted by the cloakmaker who interjected, "It wasn't the left wing. I got in the way of a cop."

Norman swallowed hard. Here was a situation that would never meet the approval of Abraham Shiplacoff and Jimmy Oneal. Algy saved the day. He brought up Coolidge.

"God must be on the side of Coolidge," Norman said, as profoundly as ever he spoke in a Presbyterian pulpit. "He's always making mistakes, and being saved miraculously."

Then the talk, for want of topics apparently, drifted around to the Rand School. Algy's face lighted up. He had found something funny to say. "You know, James Fuchs is a funny old cuss. Apparently he's joined the Volkszeitung group. Whenever he writes an article for them, he always makes a slurring remark about the Rand School, and my connection with it. You know, that's just because he's sore because I didn't let him have a lecture-ship at the school this season." Norman laughed. Algy had thought up a good one. After all, by sprinkling plenty of C-N around, he might be able to cover up the decay of the Rand School for another year.

Then they spoke. Neither of them had anything to say, but how they said it. Algy grimaced, gesticulated, and rolled his pseudo-Oxford accent like a veteran Indian medicine doctor. Norman ranted and snorted, did everything but whinny. The reporters walked to telephones, but apparently their papers weren't interested in the story they hashed up, because nothing was printed.

How is it that the capitalist press considered a socialist anti-war open-air meeting worth covering? Well, it wasn't because Algy and Norman were scheduled to speak before the handful of Yipsels who had gathered. It was because they had sent out a press-agent story, written perhaps by Jimmy Oneal, lover of truth—as he sees it. It said: "Ten thousand people are expected..." and went on, concluding with "it is expected that members of the Young Workers' League will attempt to break up the meeting, but we will defend our constitutional rights." The Y. W. L. members, naturally, didn't show up. They aren't, Yipsels; to the contrary notwithstanding, ghouls.

SEND IN YOUR LETTERS

THE DAILY WORKER is anxious to receive letters from its readers stating their views on the issues confronting the labor movement. It is our hope to develop a "Letter Box" department that will be of wide interest to all members of THE DAILY WORKER family. Send in your letters today to "The Letter Box," THE DAILY WORKER, 33 First Street, New York City.

Against the War Danger

The Future War and the Working Class

By D. MARET-KY.

(Conclusion.)

From the foregoing it will be seen what attitude international Bolshevism takes in regard to war. The international Bolshevists are in duty bound: 1. to oppose an imperialist war with their might, to permit "no war between the great slave-owners for the maintenance and consolidation of slavery" (Lenin); 2. to guard carefully against the possibility of an attack on the part of the allied imperialist slave-owners on the Soviet Union; 3. to carry on the most determined fight against the "punitive" campaign already begun by the imperialists against revolutionary China; 4. to mobilize the broad masses of all countries to support in the most active manner the revolutionary military defence of the Soviet Republic in case the imperialists should ever attack the Soviet Union; 5. in case it should prove impossible to prevent the great imperialist war, to strive persistently to transform this war into a civil war.

Must Expose War Threats.

For this purpose, however, it is necessary that there should be a systematic, persevering, obstinate campaign of exposure and prevention against the war.

The whole of the political work of the Communist Party must be linked up with the fight against the danger of war. The fight against Fascism and the growing pan-European Reaction must also be carried on stubbornly as a fight against the danger of war; the adventurous foreign policy of the Fascist States must be continually pilloried, the spread of Fascism in the army must be countered, and the real meaning of the Fascist coup d'Etat in the countries bordering on the Soviet Union, as also Chamberlain's policy to create a Fascist cord along the Soviet frontier, must be exposed.

Show Up Pacifism.

It is necessary to disclose in Leninist fashion the whole senselessness of pacifism, of bourgeois as well as petty-bourgeois pacifism, its absolute emptiness and its complete political impotence.

Never Forget 1914-1918.

The open political fight against international Democracy is of special urgency. In this matter, the sections of the Communist International are in a very favorable position. For considerations as intelligible as they are base, the Social Democrats do not like to be reminded of their inglorious conduct during the world war. For this reason the Communists must propagate with all the more persistence the lessons of the years 1914 to 1918 and recall them to the minds of the masses.

Will Again Betray Labor.

The present leaders of the Socialist parties will again prove treacherous. They will again be the purveyors of cannon-fodder again daily in the ante-chambers of ministries and general staffs (they are already sitting there: Pavi Boncour & Co.), they will again invent "sacred aims" of the war and drag out from the arsenal of history the slogans of the "defence of home and country," of the best of native countries, of the native country of finance-capital.

Social Democracy, and even its "left" wing, carries on no real fight against the danger of war, nor can it do so. The Social-Democratic leaders merely give themselves out to be opponents of war. It is not possible for one to fight against war, so long as one countenances the maintenance and promotion of imperialism and white-washes its villainies.

Kautsky's "Scoundrels."

Karl Kautsky admitted on May 1st in a sudden fit of candour that the battle-cry of the present international policy is: "Scoundrels of all countries, unite!" The fortunate patriarch of International Socialism "forgot," however, to add that the "scoundrels of all countries" run the League of Nations, that Mussolini plays the role of the beautiful Benjamin in the League of Nations, though in reality he is only Chamberlain's right hand, that Chamberlain directs the whole European policy under the slogan "Beat the Soviets," that Social Democracy with its agitation against the Soviet Union constantly backs up Chamberlain, that the first violin in this agitation is played by German Social Democracy, the party of Karl Kautsky himself. It seems to us that, not only do the "scoundrels of all countries" unite, they also draw Social Democracy into their league. Special mention must surely be made of the Social Democratic legend of the so-called Imperialism of the Soviet Union or of "Red Imperialism." Social Democracy would much rather spread this legend than tell the masses the truth about real Imperialism and its armaments.

A Low Accusation.

To accuse the Soviet Union of "imperialist" aims is just as villainous as to place on the same level the armies of the imperialistic countries and the army of the Socialist revolution, the Red Army. How is it possible to compare predatory capitalist militarism with the promotion of the proletarian dictatorship's ability to defend itself?

And as the hacks of the Social-Democratic Press do this constantly they hereby prove that they are direct allies of Imperialism in its fight against the Socialist state.

Now Preparing Next War. The question, whether the imperialists will succeed during the next historic period in bringing about and carrying on a great war will be decided, as are all great questions in public life, by the course of the class struggle in the world and by the relation of strength and activity of the proletariat and the bourgeoisie. The imperialists are preparing the war quite openly. The question, the decisive, main question, is whether it will be possible to get millions of men to go to war, for an imperialist war carried on according to "all the rules of the art" can only be a war of the masses.

Socialists Prepare Treachery.

This is a question of power, a question of concrete historic fight. On the one hand, the whole armored might of Imperialism, its complete apparatus of lies, hypocrites, suggestion and compulsion, will be thrown into the scale of war and peace. In the same way, International Social Democracy will work in the same direction for winning the "power of the masses" for war. If the new slaughter of the people really comes about, it will in a huge measure be the work of Social Democracy. It is even possible that a portion of the Communist Press will display "shameless conduct," for which Lenin has already prepared the Bolshevists.

We should not be Marxists, if we did not consider in a sober fashion our chances, i.e., the possibilities of preventing a big war or of transforming it into a civil war.

Last War Hunts World.

1. The whole of humanity, and especially the working class, still remembers the year 1914, still thinks of relatives and friends who were dragged into the international slaughter; tens of thousands of cripples and invalids are still living.

2. To deceive the masses a second time with the "humane" purposes of the war will be more difficult than it was the first time, even the virtuosi of Social-Democratic lies will not succeed in this case. It is not out of the question that, if a portion of the Communist Press collapses considerable strata of Social-Democratic and even independent workers will refrain from following Social-Democracy.

3. In place of Tsarist Russia with its "outspoken Reaction" (Lenin) we have the proletarian Soviet Union, which pursues a distinct policy of peace, which in face of the blood-thirsty policy of the imperialists is the only safe refuge of international peace.

4. There is now a powerful Communist International, which did not exist in 1914.

5. The East of 1927 is not the same as that of the year 1914. At that time the Orient still slumbered. Today even the backward bourgeoisie papers speak of the "awakening" of China.

6. If the world conflagration breaks out and its front is the frontiers of the proletariat and of the Capitalist States, there will be good chances in favor of the proletarian State in the fight against the Imperialists, even if the latter are superior in war technique. The incitement to civil war in our country, the experience of the famous Churchill "attack of the 13 States," have shown the Imperialists how difficult it is to make war upon a country, in which there is no ruling class of land-owners and capitalists. The "strength of the masses" is a prime factor in the fight of the army of the proletariat. An even if the mechanism of the Imperialist war on two fronts converted the imperialist war into a civil war (rise of the first Soviet State and founding of the Comintern), the fact of an imperialist war on a single front, i.e., the fight of class against class within an international war—will transform such a war the more quickly into a civil war, behind the front, in the armies of Reaction. In the coming big war of the "white" and "red" roses, Imperialism is in danger of finding its grave.

ULDINE UTLEY, REV. STRATON'S NEMESIS



This Fresno, Calif. girl intended to go on the stage, but Aimee Semple McPherson, before her notorious "kidnapping" episode persuaded her there was more profit in religion. She preaches with considerable appearance of emotionalism, so much so that her sermons in the church of the reactionary fundamentalist, John Roach Straton, helped to convince part of his flock that he was leaning towards Holy Rollerism. It has also been charged several times that she becomes nervously unbalanced while in the pulpit. But the moron's fall for her in her tent by the Yankee Stadium.



J. Merle Davis, above, is the general secretary of the Institute of Pacific Relations, holding its meetings at Honolulu, Hawaii July 15-20, to discuss delicate problems of the Pacific countries, such as immigration and the relations of Orientals in other lands. All large countries bordering on the Pacific sent delegates.