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FARMERS OF NORTH AND SOUTH ME

DETROIT LEADS IN CAMPAIGN TO KEEP THE DAILY WORKER

Near Completion of Its Quota

By C. E. RUTHENBERG, General Secretary Workers (Communist) Party.

THE Detroit District of the party has taken the lead in the campaign for the \$50,000 Keep The DAILY WORKER Fund, having raised 86% of its quota. \$350 more from the Detroit District will complete its quota and make Its the first district to reach the 100% mark.

The	standing	of	the	district	on	November	15	was	as	follows:	
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	was as lollow	
Quota	Amount Raised	Percentage
District 7 (Detroit) \$ 2,500	\$2,150.55	86.02
Agricultural District 400	278.00	69.50
District 4 (Buffalo) 1,100	758.77	68.98
District 10 (Kansas City) 1,000	566.48	56.64
District 8 (Chicago) 7,500	4,140.29	55.20
District 3 (Philadelphia) 3,000	1,445.79	48.19
District 13 (San Francisco) 3,000	904.67	30.15
District 2 (New York) 15,000	4,101.28	27.34
District 6 (Cleveland) 3,000	794.78	26.49
District 9 (Minneapolis) 3,500	872.78	24.93
District 1 (Boston) 4,000	932.41	23.31
'District 5 (Pittsburgh) 2,500	573.89	22.95
District 15 (New Haven) 1,000	226.52	22.65
District 12 (Seattle) 2,500	379.35	15.17
Canada and Foreign	25.60	10.17
Totals\$50,000	\$18,151.16	\$6.32

The results secured by the Detroit comrades in the Keep The DAILY WORKER campaign shows that the party can raise the \$50,000 Fund. What the Detroit comrades have achieved can be done by every other district of the party if the same work is done to raise money thru the sale of the Keep The DAILY WORKER certificates.

THE table above also shows that the Agricultural District of the party, compared to its membership and quota is giving enthusiastic support to the Keep The DAILY WORKER campaign. If funds to Keep The DAILY WORKER can be raised among the farmers then certainly it can be done In the great industrial districts of the country.

The Buffalo District, which two weeks ago was well down in the list of the districts, has nearly doubled the percentage of its quota during the last two weeks. This was not the result of chance, but because the district organizer has been doing hard work to Keep The DAILY WORKER, visiting every city and town in his district and stimulating the collection of funds.

The first six districts on the above list have been carrying on active, organized work in support of the Keep The DAILY WORKER campaign. It Detroit, the Agricultural District, Buffalo, Kansas City, Chicago and Philadelphia can make such a showing in the Keep The DAILY WORKER campaign there is no reason, except the lack of interest and will to help, why San Francisco, New York, Cieveland, Minneapolis, Boston, Pittsburgh, New Haven and Seattle should lag so far behind.

THE success of the Keep The DAILY WORKER campaign depends upon those districts last named above to make a really organized fight to help Keep The DAILY WORKER. Chicago, with a quota half the amount of New York, has raised as much for The DAILY WORKER as New York has,

The whole party will watch those districts which have thus far falled in their support of The DAILY WORKER to see whether the committees and members in these districts, who are endangering the life of The DAILY WORKER by their lack of an earnest, organized campaign to Keep The DAILY WORKER, change their course and really come to the support of The DAILY WORKER. They are assuming a heavy responsibility before the party in their neglect of the Keep The DAILY WORKER campaign.

Every district must take up the campaign in the manner in which Detroit has gone ahead with the work. The results attained in Detroit show what the party members can do when they are mobilized for the struggle to Keep The DAILY WORKER.

THE achievements of the Detroit district are a promise to the party that the \$50,000 can be raised and The DAILY WORKER kept in the field as central organ of the revolutionary working class movement.

"FOLLOW THE LEAD OF DETROIT," is the slogan to which the whole

When the next table of the standing of the districts is published, on December 1, Detroit will have completed its quota. How many districts will join Detroit in going over the top?

Eurrent Evento

By T. J. O'FLA HERTY

more than two days at a time. As a may free him is barely noticed. matter of fax, only a residue of early respect for "men of the cloth" pre- A CAPITALIST politician who fills lost and found columns.

tentions to a female member of his of the good things of life to their decongregation. Nobody would go out pendents every day in the year. recture of California on October 9 ap-

proved the parole of Herman D. Suhr. a labor organizer who was framed up on a charge of killing a district attorney in the Wheatland hop riots of 1913. Whether Suhr is out of jail or not, I cannot say. Here is a man who spent 13 long, dreary years in the THOSE preachers never give us a penitentiary for the working class, and chance to leave them alone for yet an announcement of action that

vents us from hitting them harder. hood drug store is always sure of be-The queen of Roumania has crowded ing acclaimed as a benefactor by the the erring sky pilots off the front very section of the population that page, nevertheless those that were not benefits least from his activities. A killed thru the indiscretion of the Rev. labor leader may give his life for the Hall and those that did not get workers and render them real service, drowned looking for Rev. Aimee Mc- as in the case of the Haymarket mar-Pherson are keeping away from the tyrs who died to help make an eighthour day movement possible, yet the THE Civil Liberties Union press ser- majority of the workers applaud the vice tells of a Rev. R. W. Cole- demagogue who gives their kids an man, pastor of a church at Tusca- ice cream cone every Fourth of July, loosa, Alabama, who was kidnapped while they ignore those whose agitaand ran out of town because his at- tion would enable them to give more

dinary mortal. But he is a "man of ganizations, those of them that do not legally held for weeks. god." And those are the lads that let some particular demagogue do all offer to lead the workers into a heaven their thinking for them, can detect a in the sky, for a money consideration. demagogue by the cut of his jib. And Federated Trades of Colorado Springs A CCORDING to the same press ser- a leader who takes to demagogy can- is back of a movement offering prizes vice the state board of prison di- not be saved from political extinction, (Continued on page 5)

Demand Action by the Federal Government

(Special to The Daily Worker) BOSTON, Nov. 17. - The case of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti today was again placed in the hands of the supreme court.

Judge Webster Thayer, who refused to grant the men a new trial on the ground of newly discovered evidence—the alleged confession of Celestino Madeiros of New Bedfordhas allowed exceptions and has sent the bill to the supreme court.

. . .

National Government Action Asked. NEW YORK, Nov. 17 .- Action by the national government in the Sacco-Vanzetti case is asked by Robert Morse Lovett, an editor of the New Republic, in a letter to President Calvin Coolidge. Lovett suggests that the federal government act thru its executive and "if necessary by congressional action" consider whether the two Italian workers were convicted for being murderers or for being radicals.

Lovett sent a copy of his letter to the New York Sacco-Vanzetti Emergency Conference which arranged the Nov. 17 mass meeting in Madison Square Garden. His letter to the president is in full as follows:

"I beg to call your attention to an aspect of the Sacco-Vanzetti case which should receive the attention of the national government, thru its executive, and if necessary by congressional action. The denial of the application for a new trial for these two aliens, who in a time of war hysteria were convicted of murder by methods which at least challenge inquiry, has attracted attention thruout the world.

"On many former occasions the federal government has disclaimed responsibility for the protection of foreigners in this country, by invoking the constitution, which leaves such matters to the states. The demonstration of the fact that agents of the department of justice took part in the prosecution of Sacco and Vanzetti, if they did not actually instigate it, is naturally regarded by foreigners as disposing of this claim.

"The refusal of the department of justice to open its files to the defense has confirmed the suspicion that the two Italians were victims of a political maneuver to cover up the responsibility of the department under a former attorney-general for the death of Salsedo, while illegally detained by the officials. In these circumstances the matter seems one which may properly receive consideration from the national government, with a view to preserving those relations of confidence with other peoples which can be damaged by a failure on the part of the United States to respect the . public opinion of a large part of the

"Most sincerely, "(Signed) Robert Morss Lovett." Publish Article.

The New Republic has published a zetti case, showing the abuse of ju- of 300 liberals near Chinandega to ficials said. The child's mouth has dence presented against the men. The New Republic published the bulk of several affidavits given in support of the last (denied) motion for new Berlin Crowds Hoot trial. These were the documents strongly indicating the federal government's part in the Sacco-Vanzetti frame-up on the murder charges when their radical activities seemed insufficient to convict or deport them. Sacco and Vanzetti were wrought up over the case of Andrea Salsedo, whom Lovett mentions in his letter. They were arranging protest meetings when they were arrested and questioned on their radical activities. The murder charges did not develop until several days later. The conduct of Sacco and Vanzetti while under arrest-their lying, etc,-has been explained by their fear that they would of his way to call public attention to the stray and unlawful glances of Rev. DEMAGOGY, unfortunately, is not a Salsedo, who was pitched from a high floor in the New York department of suffer a similar fate to their friend Coleman's eyes if he had been an or- ticians. But members of radical or- justice offices where he had been il-

COLORADO SPRINGS-(FP)-The for the best industrial surveys of the city made by high school students.

MEMBERS OF PHILIPPINE BOARD OF CONTROL DEFY ORDER OF GENERAL WOOD

MANILA, Nov. 17. - In defiance to Governor General Wood, who has established a virtual dictatorship over the Philippine Islands by abolishing the board of control, Manuel Quezon, president of the senate, and Manuel Roxas, speaker of the house, have notified the governor that they will refuse to give up their posts as members of the board. They told Wood that they would ignore his

The two legislators, who are leaders in the Filipino demand for independence, declared they would continue to serve until the law providing for the board had been repealed by the legislature, annulled by congress, or voided by the courts.

General Wood abolished the board arbitrarlly because it interfered with his policies. His authority was the opinion of Attorney General Sargent that the act establishing it was unconstitutional.

Edward Dunn Is Shot; queen is expected to participate in Three Arrests Made

Altho four detectives witnessed the slaying of Edward Dunn, and captured the three alleged slayers, police were searching today for some civilian wit-

"The Saltis trial proves that a copper's word is no good in court," said chief of detectives William Shoemaker.

Under arrest were Michael Sexton, Albert Cress and Thomas Connors, reputed members of a janitors' union. Dunn was organizing the Afro-American Janitor's Union.

Pilsudski Rebuked By Upper Silesia Voters

(Special to The Daily Worker)

heavy fine on every Pole that failed to vote in the Upper Silesian election. by a child welfare society. in order that his followers be elected, the elections resulted in an over- Albert Kruge, three and four years whelming victory for the Germans. old, respectively. More than 60 per cent of the votes for the provincial diet chose German candidates.

Poland by the Versailles treaty, and climbed radiators and scaled over the formerly belonged to Germany. Pil- tops of bed posts with the agility of sudski has maintained a constant pro- a young monkey, following months of gram of oppression and persecution cruel, animal-like treatment at the against the German minority in the hands of their father, authorities district. The results of the election charged. are seen as a flat rebuke to the Polish

Nicaragua Liberals Maintain Stand in Battle With Troops

MANAGUA, Micaragua, Nov. 17. -Troops of the Diaz government, led number of articles on the Sacco-Van- by American officers, attacked a group by the father with a red hot iron, of dicial discretion evident in trial day. There were 800 in the Diaz been seared also, apparently by the Judge Webster Thayer's handling of forces, but they were unable to defeat the case and drawing attention to the the liberals. This latest attack is part flimsy and seriously challenged evi- of Diaz' campaign to beat down opposition to his government.

his son when the ex-royal party rolled Kruge home. up in front of a fashionable tailor shop here in a limousine decked with the Deny Jugo-Slavia Is coat of arms of the Hohenzollern

Several clashes between royalists and anti-royalists occurred as a result, but no injuries resulted.

the workers in the class struggle.

Will Emulate "Greeting" Given Here

(Special to The Daily Worker) DETROIT, MICH., Nov. 17. - At 46 A. M. Saturday Marie, Queen of Roumania and Cotzofanesti will arrive in Detroit. At 8:30 á. m. all members of the Detroit Section of the International Labor Defense and its friends will gather at the headquarters of the I. L. D., 1967 Grand River Ave. and from there march to the Union Depot with banners and signs, hurling the challenge of the working class to this representative of one of the most cruel and depraved ruling classes in

the world. American workers, Roumanian and Hungarians, Ukrainians and Bessarabians and others will join in demonstrating against this symbol of their class enemies, both foreign and domestic. They will tear down the mask of democracy from the face of the cap-Italist dictatorship.

Federation May Take Part. The Detroit Federation of Labor tion condemning any reception to the the demonstration. All workers who desire to participate in the demonstration are asked to come to the head-(Continued on page 3.)

Amazing Torture Revealed in Minneapolis

(Special to The Daily Worker) Who Spurn His Choice

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 17—
An amazing tale of the branding with red hot irons and the chaining to a woodshed of two small children by of foreigners on their territorial sov- half the cost of production for it. Intheir father, who faised his offspring ereignty. More than 40 of China's stead of suggesting that these inter-BERLIN, Nov. 17. — Despite the their father, who raised his one of wolves, was rethreats by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pilsudski of a vealed here today when the two interests by Premier Pil

The torture victims are Ernest and

Act Like Animals.

When brought to the children's home, they snarled like animals, re-Upper Silesta was awarded to fused to sleep in a bed, and the eldest

The parents reside in a squatter's shack in the wilderness of northern Minnesota. The father, named as the arch torturer, has never been punished for his alleged mistreatment so far as officials of the welfare society could determine today.

Burned With Iron. The flesh of the right hand of Albert, the elder brother, presents a ghastly spectacle, having been seared same instrument.

Ernest, the youngest of the brothers, officials say, had been kept strapped to a kitchen chair since early infancy.

Albert, upon whom most of the cruelty of the father is alleged to Former Crown Prince have been vented, was chained in a room during winter months and in BERLIN, Nov. 17. - Hoots and cat- the spring and summer was chained calls met the former crown prince and to a woodshed in the yard of the

Mobilizing for Italy

BELGRADE, Nov. 17.-The Jugo-Slavian government has issued a denial of reports circulated in the Use your brains and your pen to aid United States by one newspaper of a partial mobilization against Italy.

Flood Waters Entomb Coal Miners

HAZLETON, Pa., Nov. 17 .- With six men entombed by flood waters in the Tomhicken colliery of the Lehigh Valley Coal company near here, hundreds of workers today turned their efforts toward pumping the water from the workings in time to rescue the miners.

Working thauout the night, mine forces succeeded in constructing brattice work diverting the flow of flood water from Cranberry Creek into the Anatolia are withheld from execution only because, for the time being such workings. The banks of the creek broke late yesterday, flooding the colliery. a military expedition would cost too much,

BAY STATE GOVERNOR NOT WORRIED ABOUT SACCO AND VANZETTI

(Special to The Daily Worker)
PARIS.—L'Humanite, the Communist paper, in connection with the visit to this city of Governor Fuller of Massachusetts, says of the Sacco-Vanzetti case: "The scandal has lasted far too long. It is time the governor ended it and yielded before the reprobation and revolt mounted in all countries."

The governor, on his arrival, was met at the boat-train by the automobile of Ambassador Herrick and has ever since been closely guarded by the French secret service. He does not, however, find the restraint so irksome as that which Sacco and Vanzetti have endured for years, as he is having an enjoyable time in seeing this gay capital. No hint of executive clemency on behalf of the two class-war prisoners has come from him between the salad and the

FOR CHINA STATE

which unanimously passed a resolu- Decrys Policy of Brute Force in Orient

(Special to The Daily Worker) great powers of the world were blam- of the conference lies. ed for the existing affairs in China, Jewish Women.

dedicate the land to bloodshed and down by the administration last seaisery for years to come."

The spirit of nationalism, which cise of that right is the encroachment in the hands of speculators who paid

TO GAMBLERS BY COOLIDGE

Cotton and Corn Unite on Farm Issue

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.) ST. LOUIS, Nov. 17 .- Speaking before the two-day conference of Southern cotton growers' associations and northern farm unions, Senator Caraway of Arkansas, scored the administration's failure to solve the farm crisis and said that the president's committee composed of Secretaries Hoover, Jardine, Mellon and Eugene Meyer, head of the War Finance Corporation is "helping the speculators but doing nothing for the farmers."

The conference marks the first time that the cotton farmers of the south have joined forces with the corn and wheat farmers of the north on a national platform. Southern political leaders and executives of southern farm associations are showing a great interest in the program of relief put forward by the corn belt as-

Former Governor Lowden of Illinois outlined the demands of the corn belt and seconded the views the administration's laxity. This unthe administration's laxity. this union on an economic issue is bound to have large political reverberations WASHINGTON, Nov. 17. - The and it is in this that the importance

Costing 18c a pound to produce, the by Sen. William E. Borah, in an ad- eighteen million bales of cotton to be dress before the National Council of raised by the southern farmers this year will have to be sold for 12c a "The nation that invokes the policy pound. Faced with this situation the of brutal force in China will be the cotton growers are throwing their deliberate assassin of justice in the support behind the McNary-Haugen orient for decades," he said, "and will farm relief measure that was turned sion of congress.

For Speculators. he pointed out as rising against im- Regarding the president's plan for perialistic oppression, is the most taking four million bales of cotton remendous force in the life of the off the market by special financing, Thinese people today. Thru that Senator Caraway said, "It never spirit, he said, China is asking for the seems to have occurred to the presi-

The Only Thing That Stops Him



Benito's war plane against Turkey for a "place in the sun" in Syria and

MARIE'S STORY

UPSWING IN ILLINOIS EMPLOYMENT FRENCH SOLONS CHEER ATTACK

Couturier Brands Head of Fascisti, "Assassin"

(Special to The Daily Worker)

marked with open hostility of the par- workers averaging \$31.88, while among Mussolini of Italy. Condemnations of \$17.55." the fascist premier by Communist de- In the mining regions, according to joining. Mussolini was attacked for his machinations against France reof Garibaldi, paid fascist agent.

munist, branded Mussolini as an as- October only Pennsylvania and West sassin, the chamber yelled its delight Virginia were producing more coal and approval. Premier Poincare was than Illinois. disposed to reprove Couturier, but feared the unity of the deputies.

French Fascist Cheers.

Even Pierre Taittinger, who would like to see a fascist movement triumph in France, cheered when the attacks of the duce on French rail-

Italian fascisti were pictured as prowling into France on stolen pass. electrical apparatus 2.9 per cent. ports "with a poniard between their teeth and a revolver in hand."

Poincare Gets Confidence. At the opening session Premier Poincaire won a vote of confidence of 365 to 207 on his demand that the sixty interpellations on the policies of the government be squelched until after the budget is given the coun-

However, he will not be able to suppress all discussions, as many of coal fields have continued into the the delegates are determined to air first half of November, according to ways of which the P. & N. would be their views on the American debt and the Chicago Journal of Commerce. On but a section. The board of directors the relations between France and Nov. 11 it was announced that Old of the P. & N. is taking steps to build

State Employes Lose.

ling the deputies on the matter of a years. This mine employs 700 men. which "scab" labor working for low salary increase for state employes. Another important mine which is re- wages would be uniformly employed, which issue threatened heated de suming after a year's idleness is No. a huge hydro-electric system of which bates. He won a vote of confidence 10 of the Illinois Coal Corp. at Nason the Carolina Light & Power Co. is the of 345 to 200 on his stand against an in Jefferson county. According to the outcome, and an electric railway sys-

France Withdraws Offer.

and, foreign minister of France, has tons. But the coal corporation failed trol of the Norfolk and Southern, and informed Great Britain that France's and the mine lacks equipment. It is that road will be linked up with the tentative offer to surrender the Syr- expected to produce 3,000 to 4,000 tons Duke electric railway system. ian mandate to Italy has been with- a day when reopened by the receiver. drawn because of recent hostility between the two countries. Briand declared that no government would dare propose such a move to the chamber of deputies while it was in its present mood.

The mandate over Syria is considered important to the British government as it effects its defense and communications in the Mediterranean.

Vare Claims He Spent Only \$7,000 to Win -in General Election

REVERSES AND JOBS ARE BECOMING MORE SCARCE; NEW YORK HAS SLUMP

The uprising of employment in Illinois factories which began in August and gathered some momentum in September was reversed in October, acording to the statement from the department of labor. But the layoffs inolved only one-half of 1 per cent of the workers and the department is omewhat more hopeful than a year ago.

"With the cold blasts of winter already bringing a reminder of the rigprous weather of the ensuing months," it says, "27,000 more people are employed in the factories of this state than a year ago at this time and 46,000 more than at this time in 1924. Not only are more people receiving wages than in either 1924 or, 1925, but the average weekly earnings of factory PARIS, Nov. 17.—The opening of workers is higher than in any fall month in 5 years. For the 294,091 factory the chamber of deputies here was workers, the average weekly pay envelope had \$28.92 in it, that of the male

Chicago

Daily Worker Agents'

Meeting

FRIDAY NIGHT,

NOV. 19

at 19 S. Lincoln Street

Huge Empire, Erected

on Scab Tobacco, Now

(Special to The Dally Worker)

DURHAM, N. C., Nov. 17. - (FP)-

other step in the extension of the vast

development has been impending for

Duke's keen capitalistic mind fore-

Favors Extra Session

of Congress to Pass

Smith W. Brookhart, republican sena-

Senator Brookhart intimated a fili-

the adjournment of congress, March 4

will call an extra session unless ap

Bakers Organize Two Shops.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., Nov. 15-

relief legislation.

extra session.

appropriation bills.

National bakeries.

empire continues to expand.

of early realization.

liament members against Premier the female workers the average was

puties were met with cheering by the the department, the coming of cold body, with even some of the royalists weather, the tendency of large consumers to stock up against a possible vealed in the arrest and confession strike next spring, and the demand for coal for export have greatly stimulat-When M. Vaillant Couturier, Com- ed coal production in the state. In

Some Industries Gain.

Illinois industries showing considerable gains compared with September included tools and cutlery 17.1 per cent, men's furnishings 8.3 per cent were railroad car building, 12 per cent roaders at Vintimiglia were denounc- oil refining 7,9 per cent, leather 6 per cent, furniture 4.6 per cent, fur 4.1 per cent, textiles 3.6 per cent and

Among the significant decreases were railroad car building 12 per cent, millinery 13.5 per cent, job printing 4.8 per cent, sawmills 3.6 per cent, auto- Greenwood, S. C., to Durham are anmobile and auto accessories 2.6 per cent and men's and women's clothing industrial barony ruled by the desabout 1.5 per cent. Iron and steel cendants of the monarch of "Bull Durmills maintained the numbers on their ham" and "Duke's Mixture." This payrolls practically unchanged.

Employ More Miners.

Employment gains in the Illinois Ben Coal company's mine No. 15 at the road from Charlotte to Durham West Frankfort would reopen immedias the first relay in the extension. Poincare was successful in control- ately after an idleness of about three Duke visioned a tobacco trust in

Journal this was spoken of two years tem to traverse the two Carolinas. ago as the coming largest mine in the His plans have materialized in part world. It is a twin tipple affair de- and the others are rapidly doing so. LONDON, Nov. 17.—Aristide Bri- signed for a daily capacity of 10,000 Duke's interests recently gained con-

Many Jobless in N. Y.

Manufacturers in New York state are employing fewer workers than a year ago for the first time in 1926, Duke tobacco mills. says the report of the state industrial commissioner. Between September and October employment in the state advanced scarcely 1 per cent, less than half the gain of either September or October 1925. The commissioner estimates that there were about 13,000 fewer jobs available in October than last year.

Metal Industry Affected.

"This change in pace," says the commissioner, "was especially signifi-WASHINGTON, Nov. 17. - After cant as it was caused by an interrupspending \$600,000 in the primary, Sen- tion in the upward course of the metal ator-Elect Vare of Pennsylvania today industries. The October gains in steel reported to the secretary of the sen- and a few other lines were offset by ate that he spent only \$7,668.29 in the the reductions which began to appear in the rest of the metals.

SOLIDARITY

NO CHARITY

for the relief of class-war prisoners

by the G. A. Uthmann Male Chorus, International Labor Defense Branch No. 43, and Arbeiter-Bund of Manhattan and Bronx

on Saturday, November 30, 1926

N. Y. LABOR TEMPLE, 243 East 84th St., New York City

Admission 50 Cents-Doors Open 7:30 P. M.

OF BOLSHEVIKS **EVOKES TEARS**

Plutes Cry with Queen Over Roumania

By THURBER LEWIS.

With a well-timed and theatrical effusion of tears Marie told again the story of the bad Bolsheviks. Her sympathetic audience was the Union League Club of Chicago millionaires who immediately caught the spirit of the lacrimose performance and cried with the royal lady.

"I am proud of Roumania because during the war our soldiers fought for welve months side by side with their allies, the Russians. When the Russian troops went Bolshevik, not a Roumanian soldier threw down his

When the queen had done, the tears vere wiped away and the plutes joined in a rousing one hundred per cent American cheer for Maria von Hohencollern, who, like them, hates Bolshe-

But that was not all. With headlines Begins to Take Form telling the world about a juicy loan from Wall Street to "My dear little Roumania," Marie had to say something. She felt that she ought to James B. Duke is dead but his feudal reassure these unsuspecting money bags that she had nothing to do with Prospects of extending the Piedso sordid thing as a loan. And in mont and Northern railway from doing so, she made it very plain that the opposite was true.

"It is quite true that I have come to America to put Roumania on the map" is the way she stated it. One hundred million dollars would put any country on the map, she might have several years. Now it seems likely

The Personal Touch.

They liked this "American" way of saw a great system of electrified railputting it, the Gold Coasters of the Union League Club. They liked too, the "personal touch" that Marie threaded thru her speech, "I went to Roumania a child of 17. I was very young and I had to learn my work with considerable struggle. I have given the Roumanians six children who speak Roumanian and are Roumanian." she said.

"I am here and everywhere to de fend my country, which is Roumania. It is my life, my work, my love, my children, my all-the very essence of my existence. Remember when you belittle Roumania you are treading on the heart of a woman.'

This went over big. But it was the Bolshevik tale that wint over the big-gest. She has told it everywhere. Duke University, the second richest college in the country, is another of the creations of the tobacco magnate. The bankers in New York liked it. The union leaguers thought it "a hit." Meanwhile, "scab" labor and low But Marie knows that the Russian pay are still the rule in the dingytroops didn't "throw down their guns," they took them along, and used them to settle accounts with her relatives, Czar Nicholas and his Black Hundreds

The royal party left for Indianapolis Wednesday noon, Thruout Tuesday Farm Relief Program | Wednesday non. | New Yorked | New Y like trojants packing and loading 252 WASHINGTON, Ia., Nov. 17.-In his trunks and 175 suitcases.

first statement since his election, A Few Modest Purchases. Tuesday afternoon, Marie went tor-elect, today declared a special sesshopping in Marshal Field's. She had sion of congress should be forced next seven fur coats sent to her apartment at the Lake Shore Drive Hotel. She spring for the purpose of passing farm bought a hundred dollar thermos bottle and a six hundred dollar handbuster at the short term to prevent bag. Mere bagatelles. Roumania is a passage of appropriation bills before rich country now.

would force the president to call an Grange to Discuss "Being opposed to farm legislation, Federal Control of there is no doubt that the president Hydro-Electricity

propriation bills are displaced until after March 4," Mr. Brookhart said. PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 17 .- Neafly "The appropriation bills do not need ten thousand men and women from to pass until June. Therefore there all sections of the land today received is plenty of time at an extra session the seventh degree at the National to pass a farm bill and then pass the Grange convention.

Resolutions against daylight sav-"If the farm bill was signed by the ing, eventual government ownership president the fight would be won. If and control of all possible hydroit is vetoed, it would be the issue of electric power sites on the so-called the national convention. This is the Ontario plan and opposition to any Vanzetti and Nicola Sacco, two of the be read in the insufferable torture inonly chance for success of the farmer." refund of surplus federal income tax moneys have been placed before the convention.

(FP)-Twelve members were added Send us the name and address and doomed from the start. Not all two loyal comrades, these two honest, to the Bakery Workers local in Santa of a progressive worker to whom the testimony that could have been clean-hearted brothers of ours, in this Barbara when it signed the Diehl and we can send a sample copy of The DAILY WORKER.

Senator Borah Issues Tardy and Very Futile Warning to Imperialists

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

SENATOR WILLIAM E. BORAH, head of the senate foreign relahead of the senate foreign relations committee, who urges recognition of the Union of Soviet Republics when it is opposed by the Coolidge-Mellon republican administration, has turned his oratorical guns on the situation in China.

Borah is like the hippopotamus bird that warns its bulky friend, from which it derives its name, of any approaching danger. Borah warns the imperialist nations against armed intervention in China. claiming that "the time has gone by in China when you can shoot down men as they did in July a year ago and see a nation bow like whipped slaves. We must recognize and deal with them as a great people. We must deal with them in absolute justice."

The hippopotamus in the jungle responds to the danger signals sounded on its behalf. Not so world imperialism. Borah's warning will go unheeded as Japan strengthens its support of the Manchurian war lord, Chang Tso Lin; as Great Britain feverishly pushes her war preparations for the "War in the Pacific." including the spending of \$52,-200,000 on the Singapore naval base with its \$5,000,000 floating dock, and as the United States develops its own Pacific fortress at Pearl Harbor in the Hawaiian Islands, while France entrenches in Indo-China and the lesser capitalist nations protect their imperialist interests as best they can. Not one of these shows any let-up in its desires to loot China to the limit, jointly and separately. All these nations, Borah charges, are fundamentally to blame for the conditions in China.

Senator Borah summarized the situation in China, as he sees it, before the National Council of Jewish

Women at Washington, as follows: "More than 40 of her (China's) important cities and many of her great ports are now under foreign

"Her natural resources are being partitioned among outside powers. Her tariff duties are fixed by 13 na-

"The foreigner in China is exempt from the administration of Chinese. "Warships of foreign countries

patrol her defenseless coast and foreign gunboats ply and police her

"In foreign factories, the Chinese children work under circumstances and conditions and environments which human language is inadequate to prescribe, under rules as merciless as death.

"China, in other words, is dominated in all matters which are essential to a nation's prosperity and growth by foreign powers."

It is against these conditions that the Chinese masses struggle. It is a struggle that is developing successfully. The Chinese are not only demand-

ing the right of self-determination, an empty promise of the Versailles peace, but they are fighting for it,

The supreme court of Massachusetts+

judge was set and immovable. It was

malice and barbaric cruelty of these not die!

that be, and it had to come.

to the electric chair.

DEBS APPEALS TO AMERICAN LABOR

ON BEHALF OF SACCO AND VANZETTI

Shortly before his death, Eugene V. Debs, whose memory as America's

outstanding labor fighter is revered by the entire labor movement, made the

has spoken at last and Bartolomeo capitalist tribunals, high and low, may

bravest and best scouts that ever flicted thru six long, agonizing years

Sacco and Vanzetti were framed women of America to think of these

piled up to establish their innocence fateful hour in which they stand face

beyond a question of doubt could have to face with their bitter and ig-

so ordained by the capitalist powers heard and that is the voice of an out-

Aside from the disgustingly farcical now to speak and for the labor movenature of the trial which could and ment to announce its decision, and

should have ended in fifteen minutes that decision is and must be, Sacco

in that master-class court, the refined and Vanzetti are innocent and shall

served the labor movement, must go upon their helpless victims.

saved them in that court. The trial nominious doom.

following appeal to labor to rally in the fight to save Sacco and Vanzetti:

against both native traitors and foreign imperialists.

Senator Borah, loyal to things as they are in the United States, declares pathetically, "I do not wish to be understood as criticizing our own government," in matters Chi-

But Borah must admit that the whip of Wall Street lashes the Chinese as well as the knout of other international bankers; that warships and gunboats flying the stars and stripes patrol Chinese waters and aid in the foreign war against China, murdering Chinese workers; that the United States enjoys extra-territorial rights in common with other invaders, that American investments must have their toll of profits in the Orient, that the American dollar is the aggressor in China as much as the British pound sterling, the French franc, the Italian lire or the Japanese yen.

At this late date Borah asks, "Will China be tantalized into desperate things and then the appeal to force?"

This would indicate that Borah is quite out of touch with developments in the Orient. Perhaps he read from a manuscript gotten up for some occasion a decade ago.

For the revolutionary forces in China today are in desperate earnest. The days of passive resistance to the insults and brutalities, not to mention the exploitation of the foreign invaders are over. The Kuominchun (national revolutionary army) marches over northward. making new conquests for the revolution.

When czarism fell in Russia, the Washington government rushed the Elihu Root mission to Moscow to deal with the Kerensky betrayers, in an effort to stave off the Bolshevik triumph of the workers and peasants. There is no Kerensky in China, unless it is possible to assign this role in a far-fetched comparison to Marshal Wu Pei-fu, who has been suffering disastrous defeats at the hands of the Cantonese armies and is even now pleading for terms.

In fact, for Borah's information, the South Chinese Republic, with its capital now at Wuchang, on developing its present military objectives, will claim three-fifths of China. The struggle to win over the remaining two-fifths will go on with every indication of complete success.

It must therefore be admitted that as a hippopotamus bird, to steer U. S. imperialism clear of the Chinese danger, Senator Borah has not showed himself to be much of success altho he is chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations

At Odessa, Georges Chicherin, the Soviet commissar of foreign affairs, points out how the "crushing force" of the imperialist nations has pressed the Turkish republic closer to the Soviet Union. The same "crushing force" is not only solidifying the Chinese revolutionary republic, but is also pressing it closer in its mutual relations with the Union of Soviet Republics. That is the nature of imperialism.

This article is short, interest-ing and educational. It is not composed of a few hundred abstract terms, as so many articles on the youth movement are. The brief, you will know something about the youth movement in Russia after reading it. And it is recommended particularly for the perusal of members of the youth movement in the United States.

+++

By Rose Katz

A GLIMPSE OF THE YOUTH

MOVEMENT OF RUSSIA.

The New Magazine

Saturday, November 20

BERNARD SHAW-THE

By K. A. Wittfogel

By Harry Kletzky

A study of the world-famous

satirist that goes right to the heart. It reveals Shaw as a stark realist applying his boot with damaging effect to the con-

ventional posterior of bourgeois society and again hurling literary stink bombs at the revolutionists that are organizing the masses to overthrow the system on which this conventional imbecility feeds.

Kletsky does not suggest that the college student of today is ready to march on the Chicago stockyards with fountain pens glistening in the sun and ink pots prepared to smear the landscape. He tries to show that college students are at least suffering from the birth pains of revolt and indicates that a college student might be good for something besides petting a hip flask provided the revolutionary movement gets

revolutionary movement gets busy and puts calluses betwee his ears.

This feature intends to be a summary of the outstanding news of the week, interpreted

news of the week, interpreted from the Communist point of view. It is the kind of a feature that the "tired worker" will gobble up. It does not fill the same kind of the vacuum that the chorus girl fills in the life of the tired business man. It does not want to. It appeals to the brain. Facts and conclusions are given. Also enough reasoning to make the conclusions palatable without going to the extreme of making confusion worse confounded.

By T. J. O'Flaherty

+ + +.

IN THE WAKE OF

THE NEWS.

"FOOL" OF THE

BOURGEOISIE.

THE STUDENTS

IN REVOLT.

ANATOLE FRANCE.

By A. V. Lunacharsky The writer of this splendid article on the great French master is secretary for education in the All-Union Soviet government. His appreciation of Anatole France will be eagerly read by all who have quenched their literary thirst at the fountain of one of the greatest novelists of all times.

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Coming! In the December

Issue of + + + EUGENE V. DEBS What he means to the workers-By C. E. Ruthenberg.

LESSONS FROM PASSAIC

A QUEEN SERENADES

An analysis of their significance to the workers—By Max Bedacht.

THE STORY OF THE A. F. OF L. CONVENTION IN DETROIT,
Told by one who was there—By J. Louis Engdahl.

A complete and vivid story of the textile strike, by its leader, Albert

Thurber Lewis explains the furore over Queen Marie of Roumania.

The story of one of the most ex-ploited sections of the workers By israel Amten

GREAT BRITAIN
Louis Zooback tells what effect
the miners' strike had on British industry.

THE ENGLISH TRADE Its meaning—By an eye-witness, Earl R. Browder.

WITH MARX AND ENGELS A series of letters prepared by Avrom Landy.

THE NEW GERMAN What German imperialism is doing to prepare for new conquest—By Max Shachtman.

APPRENTICESHIP IN THE SOVIET UNION C. H. Hathaway tells how the young workers of Russia are pre-pared for the factories.

WHAT AND HOW TO STUDY

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Japanese Politicians "Investigate" Labor

dozen Japanese politicians visited Australia during August and September matter is not known, but what is concerning their "exhaustive investigations" when they return to Japan. some compromise is reached a stoppations" when they return to Japan.

SYDNEY, Austrfalia; Nov. 17 .-- A to study labor legislation and condi- tribunal to grant marginal rates detions. Just what they learned in the manded by the workers. The men demand a marginal inknown is that they didn't trouble to crease of 26 cents per day above the visit any of the trades halls, labor rate paid for unskilled laborers, but newspaper offices, nor did they get the tribunal awarded only 10 cents

Coke Makers' Strike Looms in Australia

I appeal to the working men and

There is yet another voice to be

raged working class. It is for labor

SYDNEY, Australia, Nov. 17 .- Another tieup of the coke-making industry in Australia is threatened because of the refusal of the coke-workers'

into touch with any union officials or per day increase. The men also delabor editors during their stay in Aus- mand preference to unionists, which tralia. They intend to issue a report so far has been refused them. Unless

MARIE TO GET 'WELCOME' FROM

Demonstration in Cleve-

(Continued from page 1) quarters of the I. L. D. not later than \$:30 in the morning.

. . . "Welcome" In Ohlo. CLEVELAND, Nov. 17 .- While the Cleveland city council, the chamber

of commerce and other bosses' organimations are preparing to greet Queen Marie in the royal fashion that has Reiss of the second I. L. D. conferbeen followed in other parts of the country, Cleveland workers have planned a mass demonstration against her which will show that lady of Cotzofanesti notoriety what the working class of the whole world thinks of her and her bloody rule in Roumania.

The meeting will be held at West-Side Turn Hall, 3917 Lorain avenue, on Friday, November 19, at 8 p. m. Admission free. It will be held under the joint auspices of the Cleveland International Labor Defense, Russian Workers' Club, Roumanian Workers' Club and Hungarian Workers' Club. There will be several speakers in different languages.

All workers are urged to join in the demonstration and show their solidarity with their fellow-workers in The Passaic strike film will be shown into jail, tortured and murdered for depicting an actual big workers' strugagainst Queen Marie's bloody govern- States, and every worker in Water-

of working-class solidarity.

. . . Council in Uproar.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 17 .- The Cleveland city council is contesting the right of the Minneapolis council Royalists of Paris for the honor of stirring up the biggest row over Queen Marie. It was in the Mill City that one of the aldermen called the royal lady an "international gold digger." In the Ohio town Peter Witt, old Tom Johnson man, was threatened by Mayor Marshall with forcible expulsion from the chamber because of his remarks about her majesty.

There is much opposition to city plans for the reception of Queen Marie when she lands here next Monday. Dimitri Dimancesco, Roumanian consul here, has resigned. He couldn't have his own way with the arrangements and quit in protest.

To Fight Reactionaries.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17. - That meetings at which John Brophy, running in opposition to Lewis for the presidency of the United Mine Workers, Frank Keeney, and Alexander Howat were billed to speak had been refused perthe anthracite region.

Alameda Conference of I. L. D. Will Hold

By a Worker Correspondent. OAKLAND, Calif., Nov. 17. — The Alameda county conference of the International Labor Defense will hold an indoor picnic at Fraternity Hall, Peralta and Seventh Street, here on Sunday, Nov. 21. Beginning with games and other entertainment at 2:30 p. m., there will be a "Lenin corner," a "jail," and a "mystery booth." There will be also "barnyard golf," and some charades. James McCrary is in charge. At 6 o'clock a basket lunch will be enjoyed, and there will be short talks, with O. Alward Tobey as toastmaster. At 8 o'clock there will be a musical entertainment and an address by Manager

This is a "good time" affair, and every one who wants a good time is urged to attend. The women will all bring well-filled lunch baskets with good things to eat for all.

Six branches will take part. They are: Anita Whitney branch, Berkley branch, Lithuanian branch, Finnish branch, Italian branch, and South Slavic branch.

Passaic Strike Film to Be Shown in Two Connecticut Cities today.

WATERBURY, Conn., Nov. 17. -Roumania, whose organizations have here Friday night at Garden Hall, 168 been crushed, whose families have M. Main street. "The Passaic Textile been broken up, and thousands thrown Strike," is the first motion picture daring to lift their voices in protest gle to be produced in the United bury is urged to witness the spectacle. Cleveland will be one of the last cit- It is the story in pictures of the strugtes to be visited by Queen Marie, and | gle of the Passaic mill workers for a | to carry on orderly marketing to It is up to Cleveland workers to give decent wage and the right to organher a rousing send-off in the true spirit lize for their protection from greedy

On Saturday, Nov. 20, the picture posed. will be shown in New Haven at Music Hall, 1171/2 Court Street.

Riot in Attempt to Intimidate Herriot

PARIS, Nov. 17. - Royalists, members of the organization called "Came- were denounced and the declaration lots du Roi," rioted in front of the suggests that the agricultural commit-Sorbonne, where M. Herriot was at- tee in both senate and house meet tending a meeting in an effort to in- immediately to study and prepare timidate the socialist cabinet member. farm legislation for the short session.

The royalists charged Herriot with

making studies at the university too severe. He is minister of public in-

Fag Starts Fire.

DENVER, Nov. 17.-More than 100 the American Civil Liberties' Union. when fire, believed to have started profit." He is planning a free speech test in from a cigaret, swept the fashionable Blenheim apartments on Capitol Hill tegislation must function through and morrow."

CO-OP MARKETING Indoor Picnic Sunday POWER DEMANDED

Both Old Parties Hit by Conference

(Continued from page 1) profitable market for the remainder, the administration asks the farmer, who can ill afford it, to do so."

. . .

Jardine was careful not to mention the fact that this so-called cooperative scheme is being backed by the five big packers as a maneuver to more completely control the farm resources of the country. It is for this reason and the fact that they prefer to be the initiators of their own co-operatives run by themselves that the farmers look with suspicion on the secretary's proposals.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 17 .- The farmers' "Declaration of Independence" which outline a definite legislative program which they will attempt to have passed at the forthcoming short session of congress to cure existing ills was approved by the conference of grain farmers of the west and middle west and cotton farmers of the south here

The program adopted bids for the Farmers were asked in the declara right of co-operative maketing in order to control and manage surplus farm organization leaders in their

The cotton states of the south were included in the legislative plans by the conference leaders.

Want Co-operation.

Further development of co-operative marketing by cotton farmers and legislation to strengthen their ability "make possible carrying over surplus from years of large production to years of small production," was pro-

The declaration makes an appeal for co-operation between the states of the middle west, west and south to bring about "unity of thought and

Repudiate Politicians.

Leaders in the two major political parties who "repudiated their platforms promising relief," in the first session of the sixty-ninth congress, Police battled the gangsters, who An appeal is made for harmony on were students at the University of interests between the large cities

Would Join Workers. The agriculturists likewise extended its hands to the workingman for ant part. The regular army wasn't co-operation stating that labor should up to the prescribed strength of one Cries of "Down with Herriot!" and aid the farmer in returning wholesale trained division; and the military "Long Live the King!" were hurled contentment on the farmer to make secure the present general standard of living of the workingman in cities. department."

Want Own Control.

ALL WORKERS URGED TO ATTEND GRAND CONCERT IN LOS ANGELES, NOV. 21

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 17 .- What promises to be an affair that no worker will want to miss is the international Grand Concert to be giśen here Sunday night, Nov. 21, by the International Labor Defense. A splendid program has been arranged, and Co-operative Center, 2706 Brooklyn avenue; is expected to be jammed for the event.

All proceeds from the concert will go to the American political prisoners' defense fund.

The program includes Calmon Lubovisky, violin virtuoso, the Hungarian Beethoven Junior orchestra, one-act comedy of Russlan life, "Dentschtik Podviol," Freiheit Gesangs Verein chorus, and other attractions. Admission is 50 cents for adults

and 25 cents for children. All workers are urged to attend this and spend an enjoyable evening as well as help the political prisoners.

foster co-operative marketing," it

Farm leaders of Missouri, Illinois, from several cotton states of the south attended the conference.

sections "in respect to this national farm policy," and to hold such leaders of the Kansan leader. strictly accountable to their respontheir members.

Jardine Supports Packers.

Jardine today told the association of and grant colleges.

"The most important step to be aken towards success in agricultural secretary-treasurer, spoke from the co-operation is the formation of large same plaform. Brennan scores the overhead commodity organizations," he said. "This is an application to tion pact. He says the men were told agriculture of the principle of large the agreement meant the check-off scale business, which has become an and no arbitration. Actually they got outstanding factor in modern indus- no check-off and did get arbitration,

We're Now Dressed Up! Where Do We Go?

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 17. - "Be-Paris, and dispersed them after a within agricultural regions, whose Call of this city, "the organized redozen police and a dozen students "continued existence is dependent up-were wounded," serve was a military myth. The Na-nois fields, returning in December to tional Guard was a poorly equipped his job in a Kansas mine. and partially trained organization in which state politics played an importunits of our schools and colleges were for below the standard set by the war

Then it contrasts this condition with The control of surplus crops by the today, when military training has been mits, on the ground that the speakers persons in night attire were routed farmers themselves was asked, the established in so many of our colleges. would advocate violent policies, is the from their beds and forced into the declaration stated, "so as to secure The schoolboy soldiers of today, it arge brought by Forrest Bailey of ice-covered streets here early today cost of production with a reasonable opines, will wear the stars of brigade division, and corps commanders dur-"We assert our conviction that such ing the "national emergency of to- today, accused of robbing Mrs. Mary in which they expressed "their deep jured and a large amount of property

HOWAT FILLING HALLS ON TOUR OF ANTHRACITE

Stumping for Brophy, Gets Big Crowds

(Special to The Dally Worker) SCRANTON, Pa., Nov. 17-Alexander Howat of Kansas has lost none of his popularity in the hard coal fields. Stumping thru the anthracite for John Brophy, candidate for international president of the United Mine Workers. Howat draws capacity crowds to all halls. Howat opened at Olyphant on a Thursday evening; spoke at Lucerne Friday, and held three meetings on Sunday in Scranton, Old Forge and Pittston. At the latter place 2,500 packed the Armory. From there he went to Shamokin, Hazel-Shenandoah, Nanticoke and

Pittston Meeting Success.

Wilkes-Barre.

The meeting at Pittston, a seat of district insurgency, where the long unofficial strike was held two years ago, was the climax of the Sunday meetings. Announcement of President Iowa, Nebraska, and the Dakotas and Rinaldo Cappellini of District 1 that the meeting would be stopped lent excitement to the occasion. Three years ago Cappellini, running for ofconservative, Cappellini is an enemy 1887.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The de they can't organize the unorganized. punished and again public opinion, exrelopment of the co-operative mar- Let them make way for someone who cept in liberal quarters, is apathetic in keting movement offers the farmer can. They say they will take no back- the face of what looks like a determibest opportunity to solve his ward step. If the loss of 200,000 mem- nation to send men to the electric problems, Secretary of Agriculture bers is not a backward step, what is?"

Brennan Out Also. At Old Forge and Scranton, William he says. The opposition ticket's policy calls for the expiration of anthracite and bituminous agreements on the same date. During the last strike the bituminous miners worked while the hard coal men struck.

Howat continues his tour thru the fore the world war," says the Daily central and western Pennsylvania districts and the Ohio, Indiana and Illi-

Streams Go Over Banks.

rains, flood waters ran rampant thru Sullivan county today, paralyzing rail and highway traffic, isolating numer- tential airplane base. ous small communities and doing great property damage.

Robber Gets 23 Cents.

Plocki, scrubwoman, of 23 cents.

COMMUNISTS WIN 14 SEATS IN SAXONY AS SOCIALISTS LOSE 9

DRESDEN, Nov. 17.—Reflecting the election gains shown for the past year or two by the Communist Party thruout the Reich, the elections to the Saxon Landtag resulted in a gain of four seats to a total of 14 over the election of two years ago when ten Communists were seated. The total Communist vote for Saxony was 342,112 as against 249,458 In 1924.

The social-democratic party, with 40 seats in the last session, comes out of the present election with 9 The socialist vote this year was 758,142, while two years ago it was slightly short of a million. The Communists and socialists between them control the Saxon Landtag. The next strongest party is the German nationalist party, which now has 14 seats as against 19 last term.

Capitalist Paper In Chicago Pleads for

Let there be no repetition in Massachusetts of "the greatest miscarriage of justice possible that ever stained the annals of the Chicago courts,' cries the Chicago Evening Post litertion to watch the attitude of their fice on a radical platform, invited ary review on the anniversary of the Howat to the district. Today, as a Haymarket executions of Nov. 11,

"For in Massachusetts," the edito-"The Lewis administration says it rial points out, "the case of the two sibility of interpreting the desires of can't do anything in West Virginia be- Italians, Sacco and Vanzetti, accused cause of injunctions," said Howat. of murder and now fighting an appeal, "To hell with injunctions. Treat them | bears many resemblances to the older the way we did in Kansas. They say case. Again men's opinions are being chair on manufactured evidence and after a refusal to hear new evidence on their behalf."

At Last the Name of Wrangel May Shine

under international law lapses if not ing." made good by occupation.

The island was discovered by Baron Wrangel. Now the Soviet government, after evicting a group of Eskimos, headed by Charles Wells an American British government, claims it as a part of their territory.

Russians have been conveyed by a Junker seaplane to the island, with DUSHORE, Pa., Nov. 17.—With vir- material for houses and a three years' tually every stream in the county out supply of provisions. In the party James Methodist Church, where the of its banks, due to yesterday's heavy are a doctor, a nurse, a teacher, and services were held. another woman.

The island is of great value as a po-

Mothers' League Mourns Debs. Mothers' League of Philadelphia, at a lashing rain which swept the section. sorrow on the loss of Debs."

FREIGHT RATES TO SCAB MINES

Non-Union Coal Given Advantage

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17 .- The uncoal industry in Indiana and Illinois was outlined today to the Interstate Commerce Commission by E. D. Wilkinson, representing the Indiana Bituminous Coal Operators' Associa-

Indiana and Illinois bituminous operators have complained to the com mission against alleged high freight rates on coal from mines in those states to the Chicago district and cer tain parts of territory in the west and northwest. Examiners of the commission have filed a report showing that the rates complained against are

Preferential.

Wilkinson told the commission that the rates are unreasonable and un-Sacco and Vanzetti duly prejudicial as compared with those from nonunion mines in western Kentucky and in the so-called 'inner and outer crescent" in Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Eastern Kentucky and Ten-

He said that the rates in recent years from the principal Illinois and Indiana mines have been subjected to increases ranging from 50 to 150 per cent while the increases on coal from the "Crescent" have averaged only about 61 per cent.

Professor Here Sees Conflict of France with Italy Certain

An economic background for the strained relations between France and Italy was seen today by Dr. Kenneth W. Colegrove, political science department, Northwestern University.

"Trouble between France and Italy is not improbable," Dr. Colegrove said. American restrictions have reduced MOSCOW, Nov. 17. - Russia is Italian immigration from several huncolonizing Wrangel Island, to which dred thousand to 15,000 annually. America laid claim to "inchoate title" Hundreds of thousands of young Italin 1881, by reason of the landing of a lans, unable to live in Italy, are emiparty from a revenue cutter and the grating yearly to southern France, planting of the U. S. flag, a title that where French troops are now mobiliz-

Pickpockets Busy at Funeral.

DANVILLE, Ill., Nov. 17 .- Pickpockts reaped a harvest at the funeral who professed to be acting for the of "Uncle Joe" Cannon, judging by the complaints which continued today to pour into police headquarters.

Most of the thefts were reported from the street outside the Cannon home, altho several occurred in St.

Hurricane Hits Seaboard.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.-The eastern seaboard, from Florida to Maine, was busy today tidying up the debris left PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 17. - The by a series of hurricane winds an Samuel Golden was held by police recent meeting, adopted a resolution Three lives were lost, scores were indamage was done.

Mussolini Rattles the Saber.

THE most menacing development towards another imperialist war ization of Turkish troops to protect don correspondent. Mustapha Kemal tion Pasha is reported to have mobilized

lain at Leghorn considered this question. The conference, further, was a solini. reply of the British and Italians to the negotiations that were being then con- around the Mediterranean dynamite ducted between the French and the Germans looking towards common action.

The relations between France and Italy, which have been strained in the last number of months, are now less cordial than they have been for years. The hostility in Italy against France, and vice versa, has been increased recently by the revelations that Colonel Garibaldi, who posed as the leader of the anti-fascist forces in France, was a paid agent of the blackshirts whose special task it was to stir up feeling between Spain and France, and the all of these problems by flinging the latter with Italy. These sensational revelations are an indication of the desperate condition of Italian fascism. Another, a classic, manifestation of the instability of Mussolini is the growing number of attempts at assassination.

France will undoubtedly oppose Italy's adventures in Turkey, the lat-

---Weekly International Review--in Europe continues to be the demand to secure the mandate over Syria—a granting Belgian subjects in China lower Yangtse, the reactionary Sun ing will be held further with Britain Metaxas, the "Party of Freedom," Roumania, the fact that the budget is of Italian imperialism for its "place job which has been thoroly botched by rights of extra-territoriality, by the Chuan-fang is in retreat, following the and Italy. This procedure is quite which is liberal-monarchist, and which not balanced, necessitating advances in the sun." The item we printed a the French-will not now make much Peking government. This action has fall of Kiukiang, towards Nanking. significant. What is obvious from the secured 54 members. This will make to the government by the National

It is reported that the French have four army corps in anticipation of the moved a series of heavy guns on raildanger of an attack by Mussolini way trucks to the southern frontier, the Canton government to impose imperialist powers if Shanghai is where, at a high elevation, it will com-There can be no doubt that the sud- mand the railroad approaches on the expected stroke, altho the question has foreign ships are pouring into the den truculence of Italy is due in no Italian side. Whether or not this re: been under consideration since June Shanghai harbor. The United States small measure to the guarantees of port is true—such persistent reports 24, 1925, when China, in a note to the fifteen warships there; the British support given Mussolini by British im- have always been indicative of im- powers, pointed out that altho allied cruiser, perialism. The recent conference of minent military combats—it is certain to the Entente in the war, its own with two destroyers and two other the fascist and Sir Austen Chamber. that France will not remain passive in international status was not improved, ships, have been sent to Shanghal.

While the fuses are being lighted stores, Mussolini's position at home is becoming worse. The recent abolition of any liberties, the renewal of mass terrorism against the opposition, has called forth protest even from foreign bourgeois papers. The attempted assassinations are becoming periodical; one of them may become fatal and produce chaos, for a period at least. The deflation crisis is not ameliorated. and the new national loan of \$1,168,-500,000 will additionally burden the internal debt. Mussolini, with one eye upon Bonaparte, may try to solve people of Italy into a "national war of honor." The last developments in-

Chinese Treaties, and Canton Victories.

WHAT evidently marks a new de-

obliged to conclude a treaty. The action of the Peking govern-

taxes upon foreigners, comes as an un- taken. According to reliable reports, the face of a belligerent move by Mus- and in some respects inferior to that The total number of imperialist warterritorial courts, foreign concessions, the north, 100,000 Japanese reserves leased territories, and an externally in Manchuria and Korea, is ever presimposed conventional tariff."

ment will carry its fight against the tion over China. imperialist treaties to the bitter end. But the very proposals of Peking are of profound significance. It is known that they will demand fundamental

Belgium.

couple of weeks concerning the mobil. headway for France will fear to give a not only thrown Belgian imperialists, From the north, the Kuominchun beginning is that such nations as Gerhostile Italy a strong base in Asia whose spokesman today is none other troops of Feng Yu-hsiang have defeat-Minor, whence it can encroach upon than Vandervelde, the socialist, into a ed the Wu Pel-fu commander in Shensi in the solution of the Tangiers prob the combined strength of all the other agrarian reform, the bitter resistance the nation from the threat of Italian French interests. The desire of Ger- fury, but has aroused the fear of the and driven him to Honan. The drive lem, are to be excluded. Furthermore, parties (which includes 9 Communists to terrorism of the workers, and the invasion is now reprinted in a story many for a mandate, over Syria, will, other fifteen powers with whom China of the Cantonese upon Shanghai is the attempt of France to agree first and 3 agrarians) of some 80 to 90 incessant protests of the oppressed nain the Chicago Tribune from its Lon- per contra, come nearer to realiza- has at one time or another been being made under excellent condi- with Spain and then present a solid members. tions.

> What cannot be overlooked is the ment, accompanied by the decision of impending active intervention of the velopment which may presage the re- his colleague of the same party (the of defeated nations "for in none of ships in port are reliably said to be them do we find the existence of extra- not less than 45! And the threat from ent for the national-revolutionaries as We cannot tell if the Peking govern- they proceed to establish their domina-

... Tangiers Again.

THE problem of Tangiers, the strachanges, f. e., position of equality, in | L tegic north African seaport, the the new Sino-Japanese treaty which raising of which at the Geneva ses- The Elections in Greece. will replace the one which has just sions of the League of Nations caused THE results of the elections just expired. It is known further that the great turmoil and Spain's withdrawal | 1 concluded in Greece indicate that report to the state department of Silas from the League, seems to be on the the hope of the royalists has been dezelos. This complication may lead H. Strawn, American commissioner to road towards another temporary solu- feated. There is little doubt but that the conference on extraterritoriality tion. The solution can be only tem-In Peking, which is known to oppose porary, since no matter what disposi- will not get very far in Greece under giving up the "rights" stolen by the tion is made of Tanglers, the change the present circumstances. imperialist bandits, has been taken in of forces, relationships and power in mind by the Peking government in its the Mediterranean will bring forth the those parties generally grouped as roydecision to abrogate the treaty with problem again and again.

the meantime, being strengthened negotiations between France and a government of either group exclusvelopment in the struggle of China daily. While the Cantonese revolutions the overthrow of the foreign important of the control of the richest leading will be a coalition government of the leading without its ter having ranked at various times as for the overthrow of the foreign im- aries are now in control of the richest Tanglers. It is to be arranged that will be a coalition government of the tool and ally of the French. It is also perialist yoke, is the virtual abroga regions in the Yangtse valley districts, after France and Spain have come to republican parties, which have a total ing by American financiers of a huge host. likely that the attempt of Mussolini tion of the Sino-Belgian treaty of 1865, and are extending their power in the some sort of agreement, a joint meet of 146 members, with the party of loan to Roumania, aided by the muss-

front against the enemies of France. Italy and Great Britan, in a new de- the Venizelist, will become premier; versal of Spanish policy from its Liberal Union, conservative republichitherto maintained attitude of sup- ans who have the largest single bloc ful support of Rome and London, port to Italian imperialism, towards in the national assembly: 108 mema rapprochement with France and a bers) Michalacopoulos, will take the realignment in the Mediterranean and foreign ministry; while Metaxas will Northern Africa.

It is possible that Italy's attempt to embarrass the interests of French im- ment will therefore be practically perialism in the Mediterranean and in Venizelists. Altho the situation is still land, in addition, in consonance with Morocco by instigating the Spanish de- somewhat unclear in Greece, with its its determined and unscrupulous antimand for Tangiers may be circum- confusing and swift changes in the Soviet campaign, has secured the convented by France. The possibilities last few months, it would appear that sent of Roumania to form the southern for the success of this are the greater unless considerable pressure is brot end of the anti-Russian front so that it since the revelations of the Colonel to bear, the new government will lean will extend from the Black Sea to the Garibaldi trial, where it was shown towards French imperialism. Certainly that Italy had been actively conspir- Mussolini can gain small comfort from ing to involve France and Spain into the election results, and the position belligerency. The reaction in Spain of Greece is of paramount importance towards these exposures has been hostile to Mussolini.

Neither the avowed republicans, nor alist, secured a working majority of France has forwarded a note to the members to the national assembly, The anti-imperialist forces are, in Madrid requesting the beginning of making it extremely difficult to set up

ecome minister of war.

to the imperialist designs of Mussolini in the Mediterranean. Metaxas, however, has anti-French inclinations, and Roumanian newspapers without its during the war he was held prisoner by the French in Corsica for "pro-Germanism" and disagreement with either to the slowing of the tempo of of military action against Russia.sibility of the calling for a new election with the tremendous expense; or posed largely of Magyars who chafe a new coup d'etat which may estab under Roumanian rule, and who wish

Loans to Roumania and Russia.

ed-up tour of the naughty Queen Marie, brings our attention to the continuation of the intrigues of Britain. in Roumania, for the consolidation of the anti-Sovjet front.

tional minorities. The rulers of Ron-The prediction is that Kafandaris, mania, with Avaresco at the head, seek a way out of the economic, financial and political labyrinth by foreign dventures which are securing the joy-

Italy has not only furnished Rounanja with armaments for attacks upon the Bulgarians, with submarines and cannon, but it has also loaned Two of the leaders of the govern- Roumania the money with which these means of war can be paid for! Eng-Baltic. The regular visits of the British munitions makers, Armstrong. Vickers and company, to Roumania have not been made for health. Nor is the furious anti-Soviet propaganda which is systematically spread by basis in good British pounds sterling. The difficulty of this maneuver .--

the fact that Hungary might swiftly descend upon Roumania in the event cording to reports. Transylvania, comto return to Hungary, is to be erected into an independent state. At the head of it will be placed, by Great Britain, none other than the notorious Prince well under way for the grant- that it has been dealing without its

Max Shachtman.

Workers (Communist) Party

this meeting.

commodity?

1. Define wage labor. Why

other than the capitalist system?

of payment in Russia today?

ecognized forms?

cal Education, pp. 25-6).

10. Distinguish between the sys-

ery, feudalism, and capitalism as to

change? What the advantages?

Will Discuss Russian

Party Situation At

is urged to be present. Comrade I.

FOR MARCH 5, 1927

ing arranged for Saturday, March 5,

1927. Watch for further announce-

ments as to the program and hall.

All branches, sections of the par-

ty and fraternal and sympathetic

organizations are asked not to ar-

range any other affairs for that

night.—The Committee.

a report on the question.

AN ITALIAN AFFAIR

OFFERS COURSE IN **PUBLIC SPEAKING**

By BERT WOLFE. Director of Workers' School, New York.

There never has been such a lack of speakers in the New York labor movement as is felt at the present time. The long series of strikes-the Passaic textile strike, the furriers' strike, the International Ladies' Garthe I. R. T. workers, the window clean- situation. ers, the paper box makers, the shoe workers and a score of others—have Questions for Class in created a constant demand for speakers at strike and mass meetings. Both the electoral campaign and the strike meetings have suffered from this unprecedented demand. In order to increase the available supply of speakers the Workers' School is offering a signment, Elements of Political Educacourse in public speaking on Thurs- tion, pp. 19-26, and 161-172. day nights at 8 p. m., with Carl Brodsky as the instructor.

Must Have Something to Say. The difficulty in most public speaking courses has been that a speech must have content and subject matter and the average would-be speaker has been weak in his preparation and lacked the necessary training required to prepare the subject matter for a good talk. In other words, it has been speaking because "he has to say something" and not because "he has something to say." The Workers' School is remedying this defect of the average public speaking course by a novel experiment which requires all those who wish to take the public speaking course to take some other "content" course offered by the school or to have an equivalent of previous training.

Thus those wishing to register for public speaking must also take such a course as fundamentals of Communism, or work in the trade unions, or American economic and political history, or a similar additional course. How to Make It Short. This course in public speaking is stances of its origin. primarily for beginners. How to prepare a talk, overcome nervousness, correct gestures and delivery, how to

act as chairman, how to make an (a) dates in history, (b) status of proopen air talk, how to deliver your ductive worker, (c) system of econmessage in 15 minutes—these are omy (natural, simple commodity, cap some of the problems taken up. The commodity). students criticize each other, are 11. What contributions did the slave taught how to arrange their subject system make to human progress? matter and also given instruction on what to use for material and practice. One does not have to be a born orator. However, the student must be able to speak English fluently and without a marked accent. Those who have never made a speech before are especially invited.

This course starts next week. Register any afternoon or evening at the headquarters of the Workers' School, room 35, 108 East 14th street, New York City,

We will send sample copies of The DAILY WORKER to your friendssend us name and address.

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> КРЫМСКИЙ БАЛ THIRD ANNUAL ENTERTAINMENT AND BALL

Given by the First Crimean Brotherhood of America, Inc. at NEW HARLEM CASINO 116th St. & Lenox Ave., New York City Saturday Eve, November 20, 1926

BROOKLYN, N. Y., ATTENTION! CO-OPERATIVE BAKERY

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WORKERS' SCHOOL Cleveland Membership Unique Method Used to Hold An Important to Teach English to Meeting November 16 Finnish Party Members

CLEVELAND, Nov. 17 .- A member-BOSTON, Nov. 17. - After three ship meeting to take up the important attempts to get started, despite the uestions of organization and the cam- opposition of bad weather, interferpaigns of the party will be held on ence of other affairs, and uncertainty Thursday, Nov. 18, at Gardina Hall, as to the most advisable meeting-6025 St. Clair avenue, at 7:45 p. m. night, the class in Elementary English sharp. Every member is urged to be for foreign-born party members and sympathizers is under way at innish Nucleus organizers, agitprop direc- Hall, 521 Cambridge St., Allston.

tors, and industrial organizers should The opening of the class, which endrop all other work and be present at joyed a very favorable measure of success the previous year, had been There will be a report on the plenum awaited eagerly by both instructor ment Workers' strike and a series of and the central executive committee and students. Tho the class at present lesser labor battles, such as those of and a thoro discussion of the party is quite small, consisting of 10 comrades, it opened with much enthus-

> The instructor, Al Binch,, is not himself of Finnish extraction, as are Elements of Communism the great majority of last year's and this year's students, yet a very un-Questions for the class in Elements usual and interesting feature has been of Communism, which meets Friday at the explaining of words and their 8 p. m. at 19 S. Lincoln street. As- usage in the Finnish tongue.

> This is accomplished as follows: a word, either unusually difficult or of extreme working class significance (as "non-partisan," "legislature," "col-2. Was there no wage labor under laboration," etc.) is encountered in the day's reading assignment. The in-3. What are wages? Distinguish be- structor carefully explains the word, tween nominal and real wages. What giving its derivation, and other words, has been the trend of wages in Amer- if possible from the same root-form. ica since 1913? In Germany? In Rus- Then a member of the class is asked to explain its meaning in Finnish. 4. How will workers be paid under a Tho the instructor does not undercommunist society? What is the form stand three words of that language, by watching the faces of the members of 5. Are workers paid the full value the class, he can judge whether the of their labor power? How are they given explanation is unanimously acexploited? Will the worker under a cepted. If not, the misunderstandings Communist society receive the full are threshed out bi-lingually. When product of his labor-individually? a unanimous agreement is reached explanation in English, spelling, and 6. What factors enter into the de- writing of the word on the blackboard

> termination of wages under capital- are in order. This year in addition it is planned 7. What is capital? What are its to use the Elementary English out line drawn up by the New York Work

> 8. How is capital divided as to func- ers' School As it is not desirable to have thes tion in industry? Explain the use of the terms (refer Elements of Politi- classes too unwieldy, a larger attend ance will necessitate the division int 9. What are the prerequisites for a several groups under separate instruc slave economy? Discuss the circum- tors, following a similar routine of

tems of primitive Communism, slav-Important Agenda for Y. C. I. Session in Moscow

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R .- (By Mail. The Enlarged Executive session of the Young Communist Internationa 12. What system followed slavery? What were the causes for this great was held here with the following

1. Attitude to the Enlarged Execu tive of the Comintern.

2. Report of the Presidium and the immediate tasks of the Young Work Meeting in Cleveland ers International. Lominadse. Organ izational report on the activity of the CLEVELAND, Nov. 17 .- On Satur. Executive, Gyptner. day, Nov. 20, at Gardina Hall, 6025 3. Report on the L. Y. C. L. of the St. Clair avenue, at 8 p. m., there will Soviet Union.

a discussion of the controversy 4. The program question, Shatzkin 5. Opponent youth organization which recently raged in the Russian party, and which has been settled by Gorkic. the 15th conference of that party. The | 6. Reorganization of the leagues

understanding of this question is vital Mehring. for the whole membership of the In- 7. Statute of the Young Communis ternational. Therefore every member International.

of the party of Cleveland and vicinity 8. League questions.

Amter, district secretary, will make Prepare for Build N. Y. League Ball Why not a small bundle of The

DAILY WORKER sent to you regular-NEW YORK CITY-On New Year's ly to take to your trade union meeting? eve, Dec. 31, the Young Workers come a new year for increased Bolshevik work. The present year witnessed some strong battles put up by the workers in New York and vicinity. The league and Poineers learned a lot Under the auspices of Il Lavoraduring these struggles and took an tore, our Italian weekly published in active part in these fights of the rades to do the same." New York City, a great affair is beworkers.

To prepare themselves for another solid year of work a "Build the League and Pioneer Campaign" will be launched. Naturally the question of raising money for such a drive and the ques tion of the having of a good time by the militants are bound up. Therefore a concert and ball will be held on New Year's Eve at the Harlem Casino, 116th St. and Lenox Ave., to celebrate this drive.

All militants are urged to buy their tickets in advance for 50 cents.

Movie Censors, Who Slashed Labor Film,

The city of Chicago wastes \$28,000 a year on its movie censors. Among their deeds last year was the chopping out of scenes in a labor defense film taken from real life in which mounted police were shown clubbing defenseless spectators. Another of their decisions was to cut the heart out of the Passaic strike film.

"We do not believe there are classes in America," their chairman stated The DAHLY WORKER. when labor people objected to that kind of censorship. All the films passed on by the Chicago censors have already been approved by the international board of review.

Use your brains and your pen to ald the workers in the class struggle.



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CONTINUOUS POUR OF LETTERS FROM **WORKERS IN EVERY SECTION REVEALS** DETERMINATION TO KEEP OUR DAILY

How much the workers of America appreciate The DAILY WORKER spent \$2,000,000. The winner shed al-League and Pioneers here will wel- and how they are determined that it will not be allowed to die because of lack of support, is being constantly revealed by letters from every part of Cal" was alleged to have frowned on the country that are pouring into the office here in connection with the the practice of spending such unlim-KEEP THE DAILY WORKER campaign.

J. Katchmar of Albany, N. Y., writes: "Realizing that our DAILY WORK- of buying a seat in the United States ER is in danger, I am sending my reinforcement of \$5 and call on all com- senate. Vare is the lad who was se-

Addressing all of the workers, he WORKER is in danger! | Send in reinforcements immediately. We must not permit our enemies to celebrate our defeat. If we do we will be damned. Look at the comrades who have sacrificed their life, their future, and happiness to free the workers from the capitalistic yoke. And dent George Daniels Olds, of Amherst support of the bootleggers in the minwhat are we asked to do? Compared College, that he had tenedered his ing regions and the anti-saloon and to those we are asked to do very lit- resignation was followed by the retle. I know that we are not stary-vival of reports that President Cool. Leagues. They are all honest. ing yet. So, comrades, forward march idge might return to his alma mater with our hard-earned dollars, and do as president of the institution. all we can do at present."

Gets It in Jail. Cost Chicago Much N. J., writes to tell how much he apates of a movement to have President factions bury the axe in Pinchot's neck get it practically every day," he said. lidge is available. "and I am certainly more than glad to get it, for then I can get my world news." Nestor tells how he was jailed and sentenced to six months in the pen, because he was out of a job and police, who picked him up, discovered radical literature on his person. "I will soon be out," he said, "and then will be able to do some work to help

> Used to Borrow It. L. P. Straze, Alliance, Ohlo, writes hat he had read The DAILY WORKer, Our DAILY WORKER."

ontinues, "Comrades! Our DAILY Coolidge May Become President of College

(Special to The Dally Worker) nouncement this afternoon by Presi- controls the government jobs, has the

The latter's resignation has not been acted upon by the board of the outs with each other so long as Joseph Nestor, who is held in Hud- trustees and there was much discus- there are enough good and juicy jobs son county penitentiary, Secaucums, sion among alumni and undergradu- to go around. So the Mellon and Vare preciated The DAILY WORKER. "I Olds continue in office until Mr. Coo- and the agreement runs that if the

Police Hold 'King of House of David'

FORT WORTH, Tex., Nov. 17. -A man answering to the description of, Ben Purnell, erstwhile "king" of the House of David colony, at Benton Harbor, Michigan, is under surveillance of city and county officials here, it was learned this afternoon.,

The authorities here have wired ER for some time, getting his copy Michigan authorities at Lansing, Dr. J. J. Scholtes, D. C. from a neighbor. But he says that Mich. to learn if Purcell still is wanthe likes it so well that he is senging od there on charges of debaucheries in his subscription for your, but bet while he was the head of the Benton . Harbor religious colony. Intescorne

analac ou

Legislators Rally to Oppose Wood

(Special to Tne Daily Worker) MANILA, Nov 17 .- A protest meetng of members of the national supreme council and of the Philippine legislature has been held here against the abolishing of the board of control by Governor General Wood, by which he practically establishes a dictator ship over the islands. More than 100 prominent statesmen attended the meeting.

The concensus of the meeting was that Wood should be informed that the members of the legislature consider his action arbitrary and unwarranted, and that it is oppressive and yrannical. Telegrams have been sent to all

egislature members asking them to meet in Manila as members of the Filipino Independence Commission. Public opinion here is exceedingly hostile to the United States and General Wood.

It is possible that court proceedings will be brought to test the constitu tionality of the action.

Treasury Worries Over Best Method of Making 'Present'

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17. - The treasury department has announced that it may be able to make a "present" of 15 per cent of the 1926 tax payments to big business, instead of the 121/2 per cent originally proposed. The total amount available for this has been increased from \$250,000,000 to \$300,000,000, it was said.

The best way of presenting the "present" is worrying officials. Coolidge wants to make it in the form of a direct refund, feeling this will be more appreciated by his friends Mellon, however, is of the opinion that credit should be allowed on the tax payments of March 15 next for the amount to be given back.

The United States chamber of commerce is pressing the administration ican labor. Its history, to first reduce corporation taxes of at least 1 per cent, and to eliminate al. its lessons make interesttogether the estate tax.

Worker Falls to Death.

Rava Receick of Millersburg, Ill., a stone quarry worker, plunged to his death from the eighth floor of the St. Luke's hospital late this afternoon. He had been in the hospital for some time. His nurse had left the room for a few minutes and returned to find the window open. "

CURRENT EVENTS

By T. J. O'Flaherty.

. (Continued from page 1) 5.00 even if he is capable of switching his arguments with as much success as the chameleon changes color. Honest politics is out of place in capitalist 5.00 circles. The system is based on corruption. But in the radical movement honesty is not only the best policy for labor, but in the long run for leaders.

HERE is a fine example of crooked politics: In the primary contest Pennsylvania three candidates sought the G. O. P. nomination for United States senator. The three most a million to win. There was a ited sums of money for the purpose lected. Stick his name in your hat, because you will hear more about him.

VARE and his gang control the city of Philadelphia politically. Which When He Gets Beaten means that they control the city machine and all the graft that goes with it. The Mellon interests control Pitts A Treat of a AMHERST, Mass., Nov. 17. - An. burgh and heavy industry. Pinchot Women's Christian Temperance

> T would never do for the G. O. P. I factions to remain permanently on dignified and extremely moral members of the senate give Vare the bum's rush when he comes to claim his seat, the Pennsylvania boys will continue to send Vare back so often that the senatorial boot will lose its punch. And Mellon, the real boss of the government of which Coolidge is nominal head, pulls off this deal without extracting a lisp from Cooildge.

No matter what your aliment, for Expert Diagnosis and Quick Results

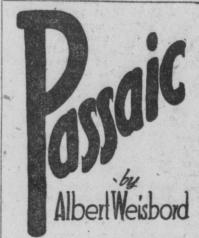
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HE Passaic Strike is one of the great struggles of Amering reading to inspire every worker and point the road for future strug-

The leader of the strike. present at every turn of this great demonstration of labor, tells the story in vivid and authoritative fashion.

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Tickets 75c to \$2.00 at the Freiheit, 30 Union Square. New York City.

OFFICE WORKERS **SURVEY REVEALS**

Half Work for Less Than \$20 a Week

By SIDNEY BLOOMFIELD (Worker Correspondent)

BOSTON, Nov. 17 .- The Massachusetts Department of Labor and industries has made a survey of salaried office employes in Massachusetts' industries as of May 1, 1926. The returns just made public, include data ference at 25 cents each. of 1075 establishments employing 22,-427 office workers (about one eight of all persons so engaged in this state), 8,182 of whom are males and 14,245 of whom are females.

More Women Employed.

The summary shows that for every section, similar in size to the steno- typographical union film. graphic section, nearly two-thirds of those employed were females.

The two largest occupational groups, both sexes combined, were composed of bookkeepers and junior clerks and cashiers. The predominating salary groups without respect to sex, were

Those receiving \$20 including 24.6 per cent of all persons reported for. Those receiving \$16 including 18.0 per cent of all persons reported for. In other words, 42.6 per cent of all persons reported for, were receiving only between \$16 and \$20 per week.

Women Worse, Taken separately, as a class, the females fared worse than the males. The tabulation for the females showed as follows: Those receiving \$20 per week 32.0 per cent. Those receiving \$16 per week 24.7 per cent.

office workers received between \$16 and \$20 per week.

This survey does give an idea of the low wages paid office workers in this state not to mention the bad conditions of employment, even tho the investigators merely scratched the 1925. surface of the situation. If a real inthis state cries out aloud for a real the common stock. As each share for the stockholders equivalent to American journalism more creditably

One Small Union.

union in Massachusetts. That local in the city of Boston, is small and powerless. The American Federation of Labor must utilize this report as a basis for a complete investigation of the conditions of the office employes and in turn use the reports as the basis for an energetic organization drive to unionize the office workers

Are Dissatisfied.

The office workers of this state are far from being satisfied with condiawaken the unorganized white collar

Police Can't Find Bandits.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 17 .- Police to- share. definite clue to work on in ther search for the two bandits who late Monday night took \$200,000 worth or uncut diamonds from David Davis, salesman and broker of the firm of Bainet, Davis

In the war years 1916-1918 this profi-

Rochester Receives Passaic Film with Great Enthusiasm

By a Worker Correspondent, ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 17 .- The Passaic strike film, which was shown Relief Conference, was accorded an enthusiastic reception in this city.

Lena Chernenko, one of the strikers. who accompanied the film, made stirring appeals for financial assistance for the Passaic strikers at each of the the sub-district organizer, R. Davis of four presentations. The net result of Pottsville; an appointee of John L. her effort was about \$180, contributed by the workers who attended.

Aside from this there were about

Comrade Chernenko, in the course of her appeals, assured her listeners that victory for the strikers is near, matter." President Golden of District basing her belief on the recent break in the ranks of the mill owners.

Passaic strike film were singing of four males employed in office work, "Solidarity" and other strikers' battle and negotiate their grievances afterthere were seven females; that about songs by the Young Pioneers, singing one-half of all persons reported for by the Arbeiter Saengerbund, as well were engaged at clerical occupations; as the ladies' section of the Saengerthat the stenographic positions were bund; vocal solos by Comrade Mrs. almost altogether filled by females, Wernes, accompanied on the piano by it. Come down and learn how in the representing slightly more than one Comrade Mrs. Will; a Scotch comedy fifth of the total number of office skit given by Brother George Munroe workers of both sexes combined; that of Carpenters' Local 22, and two other in the accounting and bookkeeping films, the union bakers' film and the the workers in the class struggle.

Appointee of Lewis Breaks Strike of Pennsylvania Local

By a Worker Correspondent. MINERSVILLE, Pa., Nov. 17. -Anthracite coal miners at the South charged for refusing to work overtime. for which he was not to receive pay. But the strike was ordered broken by

The strike was ratified by unanimous vote by the U. M. W. U., Local organized labor is in evidence. 4,000 tickets disposed of by the con- 920. The coal company refused to negotiate with the local's grievance committee, but instead invited the officials of District 9 to "talk over the 9 sent Davis and M. Brennen of Heckerville to the scene. They asked for Other features supplementing the a special meeting of the local, and ordered the miners to go back to work,

> "The pen is mightler than the sword," provided you know how to use worker correspondent's classes.

Use your brains and your pen to aid WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!



OWNING CLASS GETS HUGE PROFIT GRAB AS PEACE TIME RECORDS ARE SMASHED BY DIVIDED PAYMENTS

Unexampled peacetime profits and increased dividends will make 1926 a red letter year for the owning class, according to statements issued by the largest corporations at the end of the year's third quarter. Headlines cov-That is, 56.7 per cent of the female ering newspaper articles from the auto, steel, hard coal and giant power industries tell of profits which set new marks.

General Motors is cause for the greatest rejoicing in millionairedom. In the three months ending Sept. 30, its profits totaled \$66,880,786 compared with \$47,571,903 in the previous 3 months+

vestigation of the entire office work- cago Journal of Commerce, not only ing force of this state composed of exceeded any nine months in the his-

U. S. Steel Soars,

est third quarter profits of any year properties. except 1916 and 1917 when the steel trust was drawing its huge profits from the war.

months of the year amounted to \$145,- \$3,070,879, a return of 33.6 per cent tions as they are. A real organization 502,216 or about \$4,000,000 less than on its stock; from Dodge Bros. with campaign with the facts and figures the General Motors profits for the a 9-months profit of \$23,043,445, givas revealed in the investigation util- same period. This represents a reized for unionization work will surely turn of \$13.06 a share on the common \$5.58 a share on stock originally stick which originally had no invest- given away as a bonus; from the Delament at all behind it. In the first ware Hudson Co., whose combined nine months of 1925 the profits were profits from anthracite mines and rail \$122,907,625 equivalent to \$9.44 a operations are expected to reach at

day said that they were without a The steel trust, according to The stock; and from the Pennsylvania R.

and \$28,161,730 in the third quarter of teering corporation made profits of \$48.50, \$39,20 and \$19.70 a share or a Net for nine month, says the Chi- total of \$107,40 for the 3-year period. Utility Trust Gains.

The North American Co., giant pubabout 180,000 office workers, including tory of the company, but also was lie utility holding company, reports a the office workers in the textile mills greater than the net for any previous profit of \$53,781,465 for the 12 months and in the smaller cities and towns of entire calendar year. It totaled \$149. ended Sept. 30, 1926 compared with Massachusetts, were to be made pub- 317,553 compared with \$80,921,018 in \$36,222,032 in the preceding year. Me nothing short of a scandal would the same period last year. This rep After all deductions for interest and be precipitated. And the situation in resents a return of \$17.77 a share of depreciation there was \$16,024,577 left New says: public investigation of the office work- stands for an investment of less than \$3.82 a share of common. As each and none more completely holds the \$40 by the original owners the return share has a par value of \$10 this confidence of those who depend upon so far this year is more than 44 per means an annual return of 38.2 per it for accuracy of the news of the cent for the owners.

> The North American Co. controls of which the paper exists." Profits of U. S. Steel for the third electric light and power companies in The authors show the Times' tide quarter amounted to \$52,626,826 Ohio, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Wiscon- of misrepresentation about Russia against \$47,814,105 in the preceding sin and California. It owns large coal mounting steadily as the desire to quarter and \$42,400,412 in the third mines in Kentucky from which it se- overthrow the revolutionary order quarter of 1925. These are the larg- cures coal for the operations of its grows. The "red peril" is exaggerated

> > Other Profit Showings. Other god news for the investing

class comes from Hump Motor Car U. S. Steel profits for the first nine Corp. with a 9-months profit of least \$25.80 on each \$100 shares of

Prize Capitalist Paper's Lies Proves Need of Labor Journals

"ALL THE NEWS THAT'S FIT TO PRINT"-HOW THE N. Y. TIMES HANDLES THE NEWS.

By LELAND OLDS, Federated Press | 1919 dispatch in which the friendly one of the workers was arbitrarily dis. wholesale eulogies of the New York express determination to continue hos-Times, published by that journal on tilities. its 75th birthday.

The antidote to this praise from ard." persons who profit by the existing order is found in a supplement to The New Republic dated Aug. 4, 1926. which Walter Lippmann and Times for its handling of news concerning the Russian revolution.

see how accurately the Times pre- least liable to distortion? sented facts which it would have been of advantage to Americans to know at about which there is no dispute. The nals. only question asked is whether the reader of the news was given a picture of the various phases of the revolution which survived the test of events, or whether he was misled into pelieving that the outcome would be different from the actual outcome."

They conclude their analysis of all he news items about Russia published in the Times during 36 months with the judgment:

"The news (in the Times) as whole is dominated by the hopes of the men who composed the news organization. In the large the news about Russia is a case of seeing not what was, but what the men wished to see. They wanted to win the war; they wanted to ward off Bolshevism. For subjective reasons they accepted and believed most of what they were told by the state department, the socalled Russian embassy in Washington, the Russian information bureau of New York, the Russian committee in Paris, and the agents and adherents of the old regime all over Europe.

"From the point of view of profesional journalism," the analysts coninue, "the reporting of the Russian revolution (by the Times) is nothing short of disaster. On the essential questions the net effect is almost al ways misleading, and misleading news s worse than none at all. What ever the excuse, the fact remains that a great people in a supreme crisis could not secure the minimum of necessary information on a supremely important event."

All this is said by journalists who are in no sense radical, about a paper concerning which postmaster-general world for the unbiased presentation

to support the demand for intervention. Each successive counter-revolutionary leader, Kornilov, Kolchak, Deniken, Yudenich, etc., is represented as about to release the real Russia from bondage. As a climax comes the

WCFL Radio Program

Chicago Federation of Labor radio broadcasting station WCFL is on the air with regular programs. It is broadcasting on a 491.5 wave length from the Municipal Pier.

THE failure of even the best of cap- Russian reply to Wilson and the alitalist newspapers to report fairly lies in Paris, expressing willingness

While the commendations flow from of the Times," say the authors, "proa host of bankers, captains of indus- foundly and crassly influenced the try and commerce, politicians, law- news columns. The office handling of yers, educators, clergymen and jour- the news, both as to emphasis and nalists, not a single representative of captions, was unmistakably controlled by other than a professional stand-

Russia is still a highly controversial cepting pretty much the viewpoint of the capitalist class. Might not labor's Charles Merz indict the New York attitude have been very different had it not been dependent for its knowledge of the facts on a capitalist press The authors are concerned only to of which the Times is perhaps the

This analysis of the New York Times on the occasion of its 75th the time. They say: "The reliability birthday shows how important it is of the news is tested in this study by for labor to support its own newsa few definite and decisive happenings gathering agency and its own jour-

Ask Coolidge to Take Action on Increase of Lynchings in U. S.

(Special to The Dally Worker)

NEW YORK, Nov. 17. - Declaring that the lynching of 3 Negroes, one of them a women, near Houston, Tex., brought the total to date for 1926 up to 31 lynchings as against 18 for the entire year 1925, the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, today telegraphed President coolidge urging a statement from him to the country on this subject and asking that he urge congress to take the appropriate action within its pow er to end the lynching evil.

Second Outrage on Women

The lynching in Texas is the second n which a woman has been among the victims, the first such lynching for the ear having occurred in Aiken, South mysteriously. Carolina, where a mob on the morning of October 8, lynched Bertha Lowman her brother and her cousin, the brother having been ordered acquitted by the judge presiding at their trial.

The status of the lynching states for the current year is as follows: Florida 8; Texas 5; Mississippi 4; So. Carolina and Arkansas 3 each; Tennessee 2; and one each in Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, New Mexico, and Virginia,

Teach Birth Control to Poor Families, Is Urge of Woman Doctor

Birth control, the art of determining come ceases upon childbirth, declares Dr. Eleanor Rowland Wembridge. Wembridge, discussed the economic side of birth control before the Chicago Women's Aid.

mer president American Medical As- the people it had happened to.

Breaking Overland Record.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 17. - Having cracked all previous speed records from Chicago to Omaha, the Overland Limited was racing westward today in an effort to cut five hours from the running time between Chicago and San Francisco.

The train maintained a 63 mile an hour schedule throughout last night. It left Chicago at 8:10 o'clock and Anna is being run over the Northwestern, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific



(Copyright, 1926, by Upton Sinclair)

Tom Axton was back n the field, at his organizing job, and he and Paul and Bunny had long discussions. Here in the oil under the auspices of the Rochester Penn Colliery mine, "Randolph" of the great events in the labor strug- to negotiate a real peace, is so muti- workers' union, just as in the labor college, there was the prob-Port Carbon, Pa., went on strike when sle comes to mind as we read the lated as to appear in the Times to lem of what to do about the "reds." You could never have any big group of workers without Socialists and Communists and I. W. W. among them-and all busily "boring." Paul was en-"The Russian policy of the editors dorsing the position of Axton, that the one thing in the oil industry was to save the union; all the workers must concentrate on that, and avoid every cause of division. To this the Socialists and the Communists made answer, all right, they would help; but as the struggle developed the bosses would call in the police and the courts and the oil workers, like all other workers, would find they could not stay out of politics, they would have to master the capitalist state. So far the Socialists and Communists subject, with American labor still ac- would agree; but then would come the question, how was this mastering to be accomplished—and at once two groups would be imitating the Menzies family!

The "Industrial Workers of the World," as they called themselves, were a separate group, men who had been revolted by the corruption and lack of vision in the old line unions, and had formed a rival organization, the "One Big Union," that was some day to take in all the workers. They were hated by the regular labor leaders, and the newspapers represented them as criminals and thugs. When Bunny met one, he found a young fellow clinging to an ideal in the spirit of the early Christian martyrs. These 'wobblies" were now being hunted like wild beasts under the 'criminal syndicalism act" of California; every one who came into a labor camp or induutrial plant was liable to be picked up by a constable or company "bull," and the mere possession of a red card meant fourteen years in state's prison. Nevertheless, here they were in Paradise; half a dozen of them had a "jungle" or camping place out in the hills, and they would lure workingmen out to their meetings, and you would see the glare of a campfire, and hear the faint echo of the songs they sang out of their 'little red song-book." To Bunny this was romantic and mysterious; while to Dad and Mr. Roscoe and the managers of Ross Consolidated, it was as if the "jungle" had been located in the province of Bengal, and the sounds brought in by the night wind had been the screams of man-eating tigers!

From these and all other troubles Bunny now had a way of swift escape, the Monastery. Nobody up there had troubles-or if they did, they didn't load them onto him! "Make this your country club," Annabelle had said; "come when you please and stay as long as you please. Our horses ought to be ridden, and our books ought to be read, and there's a whole ocean-only watch out for the rip-tides!" So Bunny would run up to this beautiful playground; and sometimes Vee Tracy was there, and when she wasn't she would turn up a few hours later-quite

She was several years older than he, and in knowledge of the world older than he would be at a hundred. Nevertheless, she was a good playmate. It was her business to be young in both body and spirit-it was the way she earned her living, and she practiced the game all the time. She had to live hard, like an athlete in training, a pugilist before a battle. Who could tell what strange freak might next occur to the author of a novel, or to a "continuity man," or a director dissatisfied with the progress of a melodrama? She would find herself tied upon a wild horse, or to a log in a saw-mill or dragged by a rope at the end of a speed boat, or climbing a church steeple on the outside. In ages past, in lands barbarian and civilized, the hardships of the ascetic life have been imposed upon women for many strange easons; but was there ever one more freakish than this-that she might appear before the eyes of millions in the aspect of a terror-stricken virgin tearing herself from the hands of lustful ravishers!

Anyway, here she was, a playmate for a young idealist runfollow sex intercourse, should be ning away from other people's troubles. They would take Annataught patiently to young married cou- belle's unused horses and ride them bareback over the hills to ples of small income, particularly the beach, and gallop them into the surf and swim them there, when the wife's share toward the in- to the great perplexity of the seals; or they would turn the horses loose, and run foot-races and turn hand-springs and cart-wheels -Vee would go, a whirlwind of flying white limbs and flying black hair, all the way into the water, and the waven would be no wilder than her laughter. Then they would sit, basking in the Other aspects were treated by pro- sun, and she would tell him stories about Hollywood-and asfessors and medical men, under the suredly the waves were no wilder than these. Anything might chairmanship of Dr. Wm. Pussey, for happen in Hollywood, and in fact had happened—and Vee knew-

(Continued Tomorrow.)

Marx on Fordism

Workers are thinking about Ford's 5-day week. They are wondering if there is a catch to it. Beginning in Friday's issue The DAILY WORKER will run a series of articles telling in a simple way the economics of the Ford system as Karl Marx would have analyzed it. Most workers don't know that the greatest economist that ever lived, the economist of the workingclass, figured out the mechanics of Ford's system of exploitation before Henry was born. "Karl Marx on Fordism" will run in four daily articles. They are written by Thurber Lewis.

By WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

ARTICLE XVIII

THE TRUCE

THE class war between employers and workers over the product of Labor goes on without letup. "Settlements" in wage movements, whether these are accompanied by strikes or not, are at best only truces in the ceaseless struggle, only turning points where the struggle takes on new forms. The employers will continue to try to destroy the workers' standard of living and break the unions; the workers will continue to build their unions and to advance their interests. Organization campaigns, strikes, settlements and their aftermath, are but various phases of the one great continuous process of class struggle.

In making strike settlements this key fact must always be borne in mind. Such must be handled in the sense of preparations for new campaigns in the war. The right mony and collaboration. They look upon strikes as deplor-

settlements as real settlements. Thus they disarm the work tives must know the actual state of both the employers' [insist upon open negotiations and frank publicity. And ers for the intense struggle that goes on in many forms and the workers' organizations and resources. after the settlements.

POLICIES OF SETTLEMENT

A comprehensive strike strategy must include not only effective means for carrying on strikes, but also for settling question can be answered correctly only if they penetrate them. Fundamental it is for the left wing to learn when the employers' elaborate system of bluff, get a line on their and how to settle, no less than when and how to strike. real position, and thus base their policy upon actualities. Settlement proceedings, whether before or after strike A correct grasp of the forces at play is the foundation of movements, constitute real danger spots, genuine tests of strategy, no less at the conference table than in actual leadership. It is then that the employers are keyed up to strikes. the highest pitch with their policy of splitting the workers' ranks; it is then they have the closest working alliance with the right wing labor leaders.

The settlement policy of the left wing clashes directly against that of the right wing. The right wing wants to agree with the employers to establish peace in the industry, which means that the workers shall give up the struggle. But the left wing maneuvers in settlement conferences in order to secure better positions from which to go on prosecuting the class war more vigorously than ever.

wing reactionaries have a wrong conception of the whole strategy. Many a battle, industrial as well as military, understandings, which betray their case to the employers Capital-Labor controversy. They believe that the normal has been well-won in the field and then lost at the conference and compromise them in the eyes of the rank and file in failure. The fatal national packing house strike of 1904 relationship between employers and workers is one of har- table by inexpert, corrupt, cowardly negotiators. A prime workers. They must take the masses into their confidence was typical. The employers, knowing the weakness of such essential to successful conference strategy is exact informa- as to the progress of events. able misunderstandings. Hence, they consider strike tion as to the balance of forces. The workers' representa-

This is of decisive importance. The workers are always confronted with the practical question, "Are we in a position to strike successfully, or must we settle?" This vital

QUALITIES OF LEADERSHIP

The workers' negotiators must be honest, informed, experienced, determined, and flexible. They must be on watch against a maze of dangers, and yet be prepared to utilize every possible advantage. They must know the relative value of their own demands and also those of the employers. They must understand which are "bargaining points" and which are fundamental in the given situation. They must learn how to advance their main demands by sacrificing non-essentials, and how to prevent the employers The left wing must become a past master at conference from doing this. They must avoid secret negotiations and

Where the right wing is in control, the left wing must

when the reactionaries try to sell out the workers at the conference table, as Lewis did the heroic Connellsville miners at the close of the 1922 strike, the masses must be mobilized, through referendum votes, protest meetings, etc., against the settlement to prevent its endorsement. And naturally, where the employers seek to bring about strike settlements through the company unions, as the meat packers did in 1920, the left wing must fight against it to the last ditch.

In strike settlements it is necessary to guard against the right danger of grossly over-estimating the employers' strength and consequently of weakly abandoning the struggle, and also against the ultra-leftist danger of over-estimating the workers' forces and thus leading them into hopeless struggle when much could be saved by a settlement.

Then there is the grave danger of "second" strikes. Often these occur immediately after formal settlements. They are usually brought about by misunderstandings at the conference table, sudden provocative attacks by the employers, or over-militancy on the part of the victorious strikers. Such "second" strikes rarely get the hearty support of the masses of workers. They nearly always result strikes, sometimes deliberately provoke them.

(To be continued)

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Advertising rates on application

Unity on the Land

For the first time in the history of the nation the agrarians of the demands the workers have now the South are meeting with the agriculturalists of the North.

The scene of this historic development is the mutual gathering at St. Louis of the southern cotton planters and northern grain industry. growers, facing the continuing problem of an unexportable crop surplus. Relief is being sought in the cotton and corn crisis. Previous divisions are wiped out by the fact that the cotton growers have an 18,000,000 bale crop on their hands, for which they are able to get only 12 cents a pound. It is estimated that it costs at least 18 larger shops where the conditions cents a pound to produce this crop. This means a loss of at least six cents per pound sold.

The corn growers face the same predicament. They have already turers were greatly handicapped by sought relief thru the McNary-Haugen bill that was rejected by the last session of congress. Corn, however, now finds an ally in cotton, have not even attempted to apply to and a return assault will no doubt be made on congress when it assembles for the short session next month.

That the Coolidge-Mellon administration is aiding the enemies of the agrarians in the south as in the north is shown by the declaration of the cautious Senator Caraway of Arkansas that:

"The president's committee, which consists of Secretaries Hoover, Mellon and Jardine and Eugene Meyer, chairman of the war finance corporation, is helping the speculators but doing nothing for the

That is the kind of fake "relief" that the Coolidge-Mellon crowd hands out to the northern corn and wheat belts.

But Senator Caraway will be of no greater assistance. He will bitterly fight any attempt to disturb the present social relations.

The gathering at St. Louis will doubtless be content to plead for relief from congress. But the raising of this issue will help develop a clearer viewpoint by the poor farmers of the grain fields of the north and the cotton growers of the south in the struggle to protect their interests. They will learn to organize against the social system protected by the old party politicians. The cotton growers will follow the grain growers in developing their farmer-labor movement, independent of the old parties and fighting the interests of the bankers, the speculators and the landlords. The pillaged on the land must unite with the exploited in the cities in their own fight. Toward this end the St. Louis conference should help teach a few lessons.

Queen Marie leaves Chicago. But she cannot escape American labor's protest against the terror regime that rules in Roumania.

Workers must not be lured into continuing their support of the visory commission. It is to be ex-Coolidge-Mellon regime thru tax rebates granted the rich and fake maneuvers repudiating the world court. The bankers rule just as securely as ever.

Join the army to "Help Keep The DAILY WORKER."

"Wasteful and Futile Strikes"

By BEN GITLOW.

THE New York Times of November 13 contains an editorial under the heading of "Wasteful and Futile Strikes." This editorial, dealing with the settlement reached in the cloak makers' strike between the inside manufacturers and the union, claims the following:

That the prolonged bitter and costly struggle should never have been be-

cepted by the union spell defeat.

That the decision of the governor's advisory commission gave virtually won; that they could have won the demands without incurring an enormous loss in wages and dislocating the

That the strike-was additionally unreasonable because it was directed against the ultimate best interests of the workers, because it was aimed at the so-called inside manufacturers, the were better for the workers, where the average employment is nearly 40 pr cent greater and which manufacunion regulation which the unions the smaller shops.

That the intelligent union leadership would have co-operated with these inside manufacturers instead of

handicapping them against the jobber. That the reasons behind the strike may have been union politics involving a struggle for control by the radical elements.

That the cloakmakers' strike on a smaller scale is like the British coal strike, inasmuch as the cloakmakers, like the British miners, obstinately reworkers is bound up with the welfare of their industry.

That to wage war against the most enlightened employers is wanton reck-

That there are times when it would seem that labor has outgrown the anadmit that wages go hand in hand with productivity, when along comes a strong enough to be exploited by ignorant and selfish leaders.

It is very important that due consideration be given to this editorial. The position of the New York Times is the

avoided a strike and peaceably brought did opportunity of obtaining the out how the capitalist run Tammany workers. The cloakmakers' strike

the New York Times and the right discharge. This treachery of the right strike by unjustifiable arrests and welfare of the workers. The cloakwing is that it neglects to consider all wing is to be condemned most severely wanton brutality in breaking up picket makers' strike, if it proves anything, the factors in the situation. That it and is responsible for the prolonged lines. They tried to prove to the proves that the only way in which the looks upon the struggle, the Times and bitter struggle. The left wing and workers out of their experiences that workers can prevent the encroachthru* capitalist goggles, and the right wing leaders thru their own goggles that are dimmed with pessimism and lack of faith in the ability of the workers to fight militantly for better con-That compared with the original de. ditions. The cloakmakers' strike has mands of the unions, the terms ac- not been ended by the agreement reached with the inside manufacturerers. The cloakmakers' strike is a prolonged and bitter struggle. Could it be avoided without treacherously giving up the interests of the workers? The answer, if the facts are examined, must be emphatically no.

fused to admit that the welfare of the ning they maintained a hostile atticated that they were determined to use the decision of the governor's adwere induced to ignore the union. shop conditions in the industry. For | wing. the union to have attempted to avoid garment strike or a coal strike to the struggle would have demoralized show that the old fallacies are still the forces of the organization, would have aided the bosses, and would have continued in a more aggravated form the abominable conditions prevailing

in the industry, The decision of the governor's composition not only of the capitalsts, but mission was the most powerful weapon the position of the right wing leader- placed in the hands of the bosses. The right wing leadership op- Responsible directly for giving the posed the calling of a strike and were bosses this weapon was the right wing in favor of accepting the decision Sigman forces, who two years ago, handed down by the governor's ad- when they controlled the union with pected that the very arguments used Hillquit, placed the workers' destiny by the New York Times will be used in this anti-labor commission. Opby the right wing in order to prove posed to militant action, disregarding that left wing leadership is romantic, the demands of the left wing which impracticable, interested only in call- was then in opposition, the action of ing strikes that are costly and futile the right wing for two years delayed for the workers. They will claim that a consideration of the workers' de-

improved conditions to the workers. | weapon they long desired against the administration of New York City was proves conclusively that the welfare The trouble with the contentions of workers and the union, the right of aiding the bosses' efforts to smash the of the bosses is not bound up with the the militancy of the workers is not to whenever the workers are engaged in ments of the bosses and win some of

The Times and the right wing would

strike ended in total defeat for the workers. In spite of the fact that the union had to overcome great difficulties, such as the jobber difficulty, the scabbing situation due to the development of the out-of-town markets, the open protection of scabbing by the right wing machine, the opposition of Governor Smith and his compulsory arbitration proposals, the injunctions, The decision of the governor's ad- the wholesale arrests coupled with unvisory commission appointed by the precented police violence and brutalso-called friend of labor, Governor ity, and the open and deliberate hold-Smith of Tammany, Hall, considered ing up of relief by the right wing for two years the deplorable condi- leaders in other unions, it neverthetions existing in the ladies' garment less was able to register a victory for industry in New York. For two long the workers. Even the retreat on the years in the interests of the bosses, question of 10% reorganization was it delayed passing upon the urgent de- made only after the union had forced mands of the workers. When their the manufacturers to recede from decision was made public the workers their original position by granting the discovered that every demand of the union the right to review discharges workers was denied with the excep- and guaranteeing the workers 32 tion of a slight increase in wages. The weeks' employment during the year. report, which condemned in strong The demands won by the workers was language the bad working conditions a 42-hour 5-day week for 18 months, in the industry, the poverty and mis- to be followed by a 40-hour week, thus ery of the workers, then proceeded to establishing the 40-hour 5-day week grant the main demand raised by the in the industry, limitation of contractemployers, the right to discharge their ors, a better arrangement providing workers at will. The inside manufac- union supervision of the labor bureau turers though they accepted the gov- that provides workers to the manufacernor's commission decision as a basis turers, and an increase in wages much for the settlement of the strike, did above that granted by the governor's not indicate that they were in a mood commission. These are notable for settlement. From the very begin- achievements, and their winning can only be attributed to the militancy, tude to the union and clearly indi- courage and fighting spirit of the workers. Without a struggle, the bosses could never have been forced visory commission to smash the union. to grant them. The left wing deserves Besides, the other factors in the trade | credit that it had that courage to enter the struggle in spite of the formidable Their position was: No recognition opposition of the bosses, aided by whatsoever of the existence of the the capitalist state and the criminal yearly wages are far below the level York Times. The class collaboration talist, labor leaders not being afraid to union and the establishment of open strike-breaking activities of the right of subsistence. The British miners policy and wage increase policy based

that it was against the interests of against the inside manufacturers, who friendly to labor, one is reminded of tolerable situation for the workers. the famous cartoons in the daily capitalist press captioned "Bug House Fables." The inside manufacturers are the richest factors in the ladies' garment industry. By the exploitation of the workers they have become exceedingly wealthy. They are not one whit concerned about the welfare of the workers. To them, like all the other factors in the trade, profits are the first consideration. The record of these manufacturers is stubborn and bitter opposition to the union. Their workers have not shared in the enormous prosperity they have enjoyed. In the negotiations with the union they made demands upon the union for eding up, for and, in the main, for further impoverishing the workers and aggravating their exploitation. Tho employment in some, not all, of the inside shops may be slightly better than in the contractors' shops, the very fact that they opposed bitterly time guarantee indicates that they realize that, as bosses, they have everything to gain by maintaining in the industry a system of insecurity of employment. The left wing in raising the issue of time-guaranteed employment has taken steps to remedy a condition in the garment industry that is responsible for short periods of feverish employment and then prolonged periods of unemployment, causing great misery and suffering among the garment workers. The inside manufacturers are bosses and not lily white angels. Like shylocks, regardless of consequences, they are interested only in extracting their pound of flesh from the workers, To co-operate with them would only result in selling the interests of the workers for a mess of pottage.

The New York Times does not stop here. It now takes up the argument repeated time and again by the right wing during the course of the strike. It is the same argument raised by the Jewish Daily Forward, that the left wing calls futile strikes only for political purposes. The Times insinuates that the reason behind the strike may have been union politics involving control by the radical elements. In the first place, the New York Cloakmakers' Union was in the hands of the left wing radical elements when the strike was called. It was the conservative right wing reactionary forces that, for political purposes, did everything in their power to bring about a sweeping defeat of the strike. They wanted to utilize a defeat in order to destroy the left wing leadership and regain control of the union. The left wing, in addition to leading the workers in 932,427 kilograms of silver, 14,059, their struggle for better working conditions, did point out to the workers the political lessons that they must ulation" really produces the goods and N. W. Parents' League learn from their struggles against the having the money stands a fair show. kilograms of silver, 16,176,468 of lead, bosses. They pointed out how Governor Smith, a capitalist politician, Mexico has the first place in the had his commission drag out the conworld as producer of silver, the second sideration of the urgent problems place in lead production, fifth place in raised by the workers. They pointed production of copper and, due to the out how Governor Smith tried to use right. great demand and the high price paid his power to break the strike by comfor zinc, Mexico will soon be in the pulsory arbitration. They pointed out first place regarding the export of this how so-called friends of labor ap archism, but he has heard or read speak on "Who controls the schools

the capitalist politicians use the state themselves in improved conditions is like to create the impression that the against the workers. That in order to thru unionization and militant strugremedy this situation the workers gles. ought to organize a labor party to fight | The Times, at the end of the editothe capitalist parties and to win state | rial, becomes indignant. It is gratifypower for the workers themselves. ing to note that this powerful expres-This political activity the left wing sion of American capitalism is indigwill continue to carry on with increas- nant over the cloakmakers' strike, and ing energy in the struggles the work- particularly the left wing leadership. ers will engage in. To neglect this The indignation of the Times is shared important phase of the workers' strug- by the whole right wing bureaucratic gle is to continue in full force the op- machine in control of the trade union pressive strike-breaking activities of movement. the capitalist-controlled government The cloakmakers' war is wanton

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against the workers. The New York Times compares the that wages go hand in hand with proof the industry. It is the same argu- intensive exploitation of the workers. Beckerman claims that the interests of the work- In contradistinction we have the Amal the manufacturers, that the workers organization in the men's garment inmust give concessions to the manu- dustry agreed to increased produc-

profit. In spite of the increased profits because less workers are required to When the New York Times speaks an increase in hours. The cloakmak- against the workers' interests. The

the British coal barons, interested in ward to great progress.

a struggle for better conditions that the prosperity of the industry for

recklessness, exclaims the Times. The New York Times also criticizes Enlightened labor has outgrown the the cloakmakers because they did not idea that capitalists are robbers. Lafollow a class collaboration policy. bor leaders are not now afraid to say cloakmakers' strike to the coal min-ductivity. The Times agrees with the ers' struggle in Great Britain. It position of the right wing for coblames the cloakmakers for refusing operating to increase productivity at to recognize that the welfare of the the expense of the workers. Inworkers is bound up with the welfare creased productivity means the more ment that the right wing uses and The cloakmakers won an increase in which has been expressed most clearly wages. The furriers also won subby Abraham Beckerman, manager of stantial increases in wages without the New York Joint Board of the agreeing to speed up production. The Amalgamated Clothing Workers of general conditions of all the workers repeatedly in the industry were thereby improved. ers is bound up with the interests of gamated situation in New York. This facturers in the New York market if tivity on the part of the workers. The they are to have work and better con- result has been increased profits for the manufacturers, intensive speed What has been the situation in the up in the shops, that is undermining cloak industry? The industry has the health of the workers, hundreds been thriving and making millions in of workers being deprived of their jobs made by the bosses, the conditions of produce more, reduction in wages and the workers have become intolerable. increased suffering and misery for the Unemployment is chronic, union con- workers. The workers have nothing trol has been weakened, average to gain from the advice of the New have been fighting for eight long upon increased productivity advocated months to prevent a cut in wages and by the A. F. of L. bureaucracy is about unreasonableness of the strike, ers have also been fighting against cloakmakers' strike has vindicated an attempt of the manufacturers who the position of the left wing. The the workers because it was directed are making enormous profits out of cloakmakers' strike was not futile. the exploitation of the cloakmakers to The cloakmakers' strike was a demonthe Times wants us to believe are smash the union and create a more in- stration that thru unity and militant struggles only the workers can main-The cloak manufacturers are, like tain their positions and march for-

Letters From Our Readers

On Henry Ford Again.

Some light may be thrown on Mr. Gary's process of reasoning if we York Times of Jan. 25, 1925. Listen to the dulcet tones of Mr. Gary and his philosophy. "Fear of losing his job is making the man in the shop toe the line. At first glance the average individual will say there is something very ugly and inhuman in that statement. It isn't ugly and it isn't inhuman. It is the only solution. Fear is the word I used. I might with equal truth have said competition. They both mean the same in induscall it competition."

There is no doubt but that Mr. Gary is extremely religious and very un-Christian.

It is probable from the standpoint of business Messrs. Gary and Ford are like Hendrik Van Loon's statesman "with the warm, personal, loving feelings of a slide rule and the cash register."

Mr. Gary is the giant-killer of labor leaders and it is rumored that when the Little Red Riding Hoods of unemployment secure jobs in Ford's plants they are heard to murmur ocasionally, "What big eyes you've got,

The writer has just finished readng Ford's "Today and Tomorrow" and it is most interesting. It may be epoch-making but the writer considers it "old stuff" from an idealistic standnot earlier. "He first that of the na- and finance, co-operative selling to tionalized inanimate tool as an implement of labor" and dared fancy it similar to the apparent conclusions might displace human slavery. Franklist of others have advocated the same doctrines that Ford dares assert really work out. But Mr. Ford hampered Ave., St. Paul. by legal restrictions and economics based on "pecuniary and honorific emof demonstrating that of which Aris totle dreamed if he is sincere. The government intervened to prevent public knowledge of how much money there may be in running railroads

The writer never was affiliated proved the issuing of injunctions many appeals. During the world war and why."

the was in the environment of the Uni-To the Editor:-In the St. Paul Pio- versity of Illinois. He became a neer Press of Oct. 6, Elbert H. Gary member of the Socialist Study Club is alleged to pronounce Ford's five an organization composed of socialist day week uneconomic as follows: "I and non-socialist members. He has shall require further proof before I repeatedly heard there all the alleged am satisfied that any man or any num- advanced ideas which Mr. Ford apber of men can do as much work in parently champions in the interest of five days of eight hours each as could himself and the laborer if he is actbe secured in six days of eight hours ing in good faith. He recalls the reteration of order, cleanliness, up-todate machinery and methods, standardization of machinery and goods quote an interview printed in the New and the necessity of interesting the engineering fraternity. Mr. Newell of the engineering staff, in government employ I believe, was of the opinion that it was a hopeless task until the inventors, engineers, and mechanicians attained a broader vi-

But the rift in the lute was that such ideas were not considered respectable. The writer recalls with amusement being careless of convention that certain relatives, graduates try. You may call it fear. You may of or affiliated with directly or indirectly with some of the colleges might The Puritans were wont to add hide a tolerant smile when he insisted of the Lord" to make it more bind. on his Sunday visit to the club session just off the campus. This was distinctly "verboten" to any aspirant for advancement in position or prestige. Members were assumed to be cranks, free-lovers, Communists or anarchists if regularly attending. At least this was the opinion in great degree of the sanctifled and sanctimonious faculty members possessing influence.

Our entry into the world war furnished the long hoped for excuse. Various faculty members and sympathizers with progressive that were dismissed including noted men and against the protest of fair minded conservatives. Puritanism of the dogmatic type prevailed. But the teachings heard in the war-time closed Socialist Study Club as to wages, hours, desirability of intermittent change of task, steady employment, leisure. point. It dates back to Aristotle if play; mismanagement of businesses employees and public, etc., etc., seem put forth by Henry Ford in "Today lin, Kropotkin, Steinmetz and a long and Tomorrow." Henry has a long purse and he may make it respectable .- Joel Henry Greene, 1419 Grand

Will Meet Tonight

An important meeting of the Parents' League of the Northwest Side will be held Thursday, Nov. 18, at 3301 Le Moyne St. There will be election of officers. Carl Haessler, chief with socialism, Communism, or an-editor of the Federated Press will

International Trade of Mexico

The following figures, showing the extent of and the increase in Mexican trade—the United States buying and selling more than twice the totals of all other nations combined—the tremendous production and possibility of development of the oil and mineral industries-silver, copper, lead and zinc—give an insight into the economic reasons underlying the Mexican policy of the state department—one of continual pressure on the Mexican government especially at a time like the present when internal enemies are striving for repeal of the land laws which make the natural resources the property of the government.

By R. Martinez Perdomo.

THE figures given in the Anurio port of petroleum and by-products was one that has given increasing purchastrade of Mexico during the years 1920 trade of some other commodities, means a great deal more to the final to 1925 show that the import and ex- chiefly in animal products, the total economic development of Mexico than port trade of Mexico is increasing amount in 1924 being 4,364,595, against the great figures reached by the oil

The total international trade of Mexico during the year 1923 reached a OTHER items of export that have in-1924 amounted to 321,371,605, while in amount was 120,922,342 pesos. 1925 were 390,996,172. Exports made 340,910 and 291,488,660 pesos, respect 119,375,639 in 1925.

THESE trade balances in favor of those of 1925, it is noted that the A Mexico may give the idea that the heavy decrease in the oil exports has economic situation of the county is not affected adversely the total intervery good, but in going over the fig. national trade of Mexico and the trade ures of the exports against the im- balance has given Mexico a much ports made by Mexico and the kind of wider margin of benefit in 1925 than in products sold by Mexico, it can be any year since 1920, when the reconseen that this favorable balance does struction of the country was started. not benefit Mexico to the extent that THE export trade of Mexico has been in connection with the import trade these figures seem to warrant.

Export Trade: / The trade with the United States during 1925 was as follows: Imports from Mexico, 516,862,614 Mexican pesos, and exports to Mexico, 274,495,-

9,829,500 in 1925.

creased greatly are the textile the government of Mexico. total of 883,579,640 Mexican pesos; in fibres, food products, and some other The principal customer of Mexico is 1924, 936,084,130, and in 1925, 1,073, kind of vegetal products. The total in the United States, as in 1925 she 481,000. Imports made by Mexico in 1922 was 67,071,088 and in 1925 the bought \$516,862,614 worth of staple U to Mexico-United States, United

Minerals, silver, zinc and lead have THE importance of the principal both years, 1924 and 1925, the trade and the industrial metals with a total them balance in favor of Mexico was 293, production of 46 millions in 1922 to

Comparing the figures of 1924 with

I in the ascendancy, as proved by is as the following figures: 1923 . .\$568,471,114 614,712,515 1924

1925 682,484,832 Against these high figures of Mexi-561 only. There is a balance in Mex- can exports is noticeable the low imico's favor of 242,367,053, or about portation, or purchases made by Mex-\$121,183,526 in United States cur- ico, in the foreign countries. The total amount in 1925 of 390,996,172 COMPARING the export trade of Mexican pesos shows that the balance Mexico in 1923 with a total of of export trade is made by minerals 643,549,695, with the export in 1925 of and subsoil products owned by foreign 682,484,832, it is noted the great change capital and therefore the huge profits of the export commodities that Mex- of these companies do not return to ico is sending out to foreign coun- Mexico, while the other industries. tries. In 1923 Mexico exported oil and animal and vegetal products, are mineral products for an amount of owned by Mexican capital or by indus-411,949,653, while in 1925 it was only tries thoroly assimilated by Mexico.

291,997,694. The big drop in the ex- | Therefore, the export trade is the real | buying from Mexico is as follows: Estadistico for the international offset by the increase in the export ing power to the Mexican people, and and mining industries, altho for reve-

products.

by Mexico amounted in 1924 to 614, increased in production from 100 mil- A Mexican ports in regard to the to-712,515 and in 1925 to 682,484,832. In lions in 1923 to 135 millions in 1925, tal amount of trade exported thru from Mexico-France, Italy, Spain,

is as follows:	
Tampico\$4	400,981,844
Vera Cruz	72,283,623
Laredo	44,312,192
Progreso	31,706,455
Ciudad Juarez	24,941,655
Nogales	23,722,622
Agua Prieta	18,258,001
Coatzacoales	12,247,928
Naco	9,888,286
Mazatlan	7,055,026
e importance of the	Mexican por
annoation with the	Inches to

follows:	and the state of the
/era Cruz	107,558,136
aredo	80,258,330
ampico	66,810,870
Cludad Juarez	21,459,337
rogreso	19,052,936
Nogales	16,352,336
Negra	13,327,884
Mexico City	26,029,853
e total amounts by	countries sel
o Mexico are as fo	ollows:
Inited Ctates C	274 405 561

United Kingdom..., 36,392,124 29,867,999 Germany 20,907,106 France 3,008,943 Italy 8,131,331 Spaln ... Belgium 2.999,288 The importance of the countries metal

United States \$516,862,614 United Kingdom.... 52,115,531 33.018.743 Germany ... 19.058,786 Cuba 11,743,292 France Holland 10,751,731 Argentine 9,521,264 Brazil 7,256,838 8,432,838 Belgium

Kingdom, Germany, Cuba, Holland, Argentine, Brazil and Belgium. Countries that sell more than buy

by continent was as follows: North America,....\$520,530,360 Central America.... 7,003,122 South America..... 19,909,443 West Indies 22,382,994 Total in Ameri-

Asia 661,456 Africa & Oceania.. 281,700

During the same period of this year the production has been of 1,004,676 and 28,201,286 of zinc.

NOUNTRIES that buy more than sell

Austria, Colombia, Czecho-Slovakia, China, Japan, Dominican Republic, Sweden, Switzerland. The export trade of Mexico in 1925

can continent. \$569,825,913 111,715,763 Europe .

THE most noticeable thing in the A export trade of Mexico is the mineral production. From January to April, 1925, there was a production of 924 of lead, and 6,390,832 of zinc.