# MUSOLINI IS EXPOSED IN BIG PL

Eurrent Events

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

MME. KOLLONTAI, Soviet envoy to Mexico, a brilliant and useful bloody queen of Roumania and her retinue of parasites does not think Mme. Kollontai worthy of the privilege of entering this country. The Soviet envoy would not lend herself to the dis- against the employers. gusting orgy of flunkeyism that is spiritual fodder to the queen of Roumania, and of course our parasites of both sexes would no more kiss Kollontai's hand than they would embrace a leper.

WE are not surprised that old lady Kellogg instructed his Berlin agent to refuse a visa to the Soviet representative. This same old fossil would not permit the perfectly agreeable Countess Karolyi of Hungary to visit us because she and her husband are enemies of the infamous Horthy and because one of the Vanderbilt girls is married to a Hungarian noble with a name like a head cold, who is Hungarian ambassador at Washington. So our indignation at Kellogg's latest proof of subserviency to reaction is somewhat tempered by the thought that an accumulation of such incidents will tend to shorten that gentleman's political life.

JOHN L. LEWIS is dusting off the old relfable red bogey for use in the election campaign in the miners' union. John Brophy, who stands for progressive policy in the organization, is running for international president against Lewis. There is every reason to believe that Brophy will get a majority of the votes, provided his watchers are on the job. Unless they are Lewis will count himself in, as any wide-awake labor faker would do. The progressives must watch as well as vote if they are seriously in favor of removing the stoolpigeon Lewis from

THE word "stoolpigeon" is used ad-I visedly here. Four years ago Lewis and that monocled freak, Elles Searles, who edits the miners' journal, paid a large sum of money to a detective agency in return for spurious information about the Communists. "evidence" to the department of justice, but it appears that the fink agency that sold the stuff had stolen trip. the dope from the D. of J., so the latter merely thanked Lewis. Could any private fink descend lower than

ARTHUR BRISBANE has a brand new candidate for president of the United States, and we admit that the discovery is a decided improvement (Continued on page 3)

. . .

#### To Make Ishpeming Investigation.

The DAILY WORKER is sending a special correspondent to Ishpeming, Mich., to investigate the terrible mine disaster that took a toll of 51 miners' lives.

A subscription to The DAILY less royal game. WORKER for one month to the members of your union is a good way. Try it.

SH MINERS REFUSE TO GRANT CONCESSIONS TO OWNERS; WILL FORM ANGLO-SOVIET BLOC TO AID FIGHT

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, Nov. 7 .- The Miners' Federation remained firm on their dewoman, was denied the privilege of mands that hours and wages be subject to revision nationally at the convisiting the United States on her way ference of the owners and the government to bring about a settlement of the to the southern republic. The gov- strike. When the owners refused, the unionists withdrew from the conferernment that gave free passage to the ence, declaring they would fight until their demands were acceded to.

The delegates are now on their way to Berlin where they will meet representatives from the Soviet Russia miners' union for the purpose of forming an Anglo-Russian miners' bloc to strengthen the workers' offensive

# **SHAKES DOWN HENRY FORD**

Hill Quits When He Is Treated "Coldly"

(Special to The Daily Worker) SEATTLE, Nov. 7 .- Desperate attempts to prevent the public from realizing the hokum that Queen Marie is trying to put over on her "trip of love" thru democratic America have resulted in bodily ejections from her majesty's special train and a series

of lying "official" statements that

would make Ananias ashamed. J. A. Ayres, reported to be a representative of Henry Ford, was kicked off the train here on orders of the gentle queen, when Ayres talked too much. The Ford representative made public the announcement that Henry Ford was paying the expenses of Queen Marie in the United States, and mously protested against the official that Ford had already put out more than a half a million dollars. When the papers carried the news of how in the homage to any reigning sovere-Marie had successfully made Ford a light particularly one representing as prey of her gold-digging, the Queen Queen Marie does, a country in which was seized by such a rage that she orwas ejected by Col. John H. Carroll,

official host to the queen. Gets a Headache.

The royal party spent all day yesterday denying the reports of Ford's generosity. The situation affected Hoping to be able to put the Commu- Marie so that she had to retire with nists in jail, Lewis turned over the a fierce headache, it was reported. Other events of the day added to e disagreeableness of the queen'

Hill Wants Too Much.

Samuel Hill, millionaire, who is also reported to be paying heavily for the queen's entertainment, withdrew in a huff from the party when his attentions were received coldly. Hill believed, that since he was paying some of the queen's bills, he ought to be considered as one of the family. He publicly declared himself to be the queen's "host." The queen, however, who is accustomed to younger companions in her Roumanian court, spurned his attentions, it is reported, desiring rather the company of some of the young "war correspondents" of the capitalistic newspapers, including Stanley Washburn.

Hill was informed that the queen "couldn't see him at all," and that he didn't mean a thing to her "gracious majesty." The millionaire then left the party, presumably to seek

Ford Worried.

At Detroit, Henry Ford is seeking to cover up, and has been busy issu- to hospitals.

#### MANCHURIAN SOLDIERS DRIVE CIVILIANS OFF PEKING STREET CARS

PEKING, Nov.,7.—(FP)—Because the soldiers of the Manchurian warlord, Chang Tso-lin, fill most of the streetcars and even drive off the passengers who have paid for their rides, the Tocal tramway company has asked the cabinet to buy its

The company is being ruined by

Condemns Knee-Bending to Queen Marie

at its meeting on last Sunday, unanireception of Queen Marie and declared that Chicago labor would take no part in the homage to any reigning sovere the workers and peasant are under of the capitalists and where 2,500 political prisoners are held in jail. This vas the gist of a resolution that passed with no opposition.

The federation also decided to set aside Nov. 11 as the date upon which to commemorate the Chicago martyrs who were hanged following the Haymarket bomb explosion.

100 per cent speech, saying that Nov. 11 is Armistice Day and that it would not be right to "the boys who fought in France" to celebrate the Haymarket anniversary on that day. Delegate Koop and other speakers attacked Wright for his speech and declared that the Haymarket tradition is of far more importance to labor than Armistice Day.

The resolution to set aside Nov. 11 was carried by an overwhelming majority with only Wright voting against,

#### Explosion in Packing House Injures Twelve When Gas Fumes Burn

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 7 .packers, were injured, seven serious- geois social affairs, ly, today, when a spark from a motor ignited gas fumes from fertilizers and

caused an explosion. The seriously injured were taken

The Fake Bullets Come Home to Roost



The fatal regularity with which Mussolini has been missed by crack pistol shots and past masters in the art dered Ayres off the train at once. He ground the iron heel of a dictatorship of bombing, while causing some suspicion in the minds of skeptics has only now been revealed as well calculated bogus attempts engineered by the fascisti themselves for the purpose of whipping up national sentiment and enhancing the prestige of the head fascist.

advertising the celebration of the to the striking British miners. ninth anniversary of the Russian revolution held here Sunday at Ash-

land Auditorium. Using Massachusetts and New Jer- unions. sey police tactics, the local coppers relied on an ordinance that is never enforced, against placing posters on

ordinances against them. The workers were N. Stevens and D. Plasin. They were arrested in the factory district near Twenty-second and Blue Island. On the same

Fifty dollars bail was imposed on the two. The International Labor Defense came to their aid, and furnishworkers.

#### ERS SOVIET WORKERS SEND ANOTHER LARGE CONTRIBUTION TO MINERS: FORMING ANGLO-RUSSIAN BLOC under arrest. His interest in the Cata-

By JOHN PEPPER.

(Special Cable to The DAILY WORKER.) MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Nov. 7 .- The Central Council of the trade unions engineered from French soil. two workers for distributing posters of the Soviet Union has just transferred another contribution of \$250,000

> This is a return from the one percent voluntary levy imposed on them- make him a cat's paw in propaganda selves by the millions of workers that are organized in the Russian trade against Italy, that Garibaidi is a

M. Schwartz, chairman of the Central Committee of the Soviet minera trigue. and M. Akuloff, chairman of the All-Ukrainian Miners' Committee left for poles, and took the two workers to Berlin to conduct negotiations with a delegation of British miners with a that official France is genuinely jail, placing charges of violating city view to organizing an Anglo-Russian miners' bloc.

> The meeting between the British and Soviet miners will take place on November 10.

The Soviet miners were compelled to break off negotiations with the Miners' International in view of the latters' scabbing on the striking miners poles that they were placing the post- of Great Britain. The Russian workers have contributed over four million. The DAILY WORKER yesterday Twelve men employed in the fertilizer ers, were countless others advertis- dollars to their brothers in Britain, while the American Federation of Labor carried a story from its New York department of Wilson and Company, ing political candidates and bour- has only raised a little over \$50,000 to date. Naturally the British miners correspondent in which Peppino Gariare grateful to the Russian workers who, under Communist leadership, have baldi, brother of Ricciotti Garibaldi is proven themselves friends in need.

Russian workers are expressing their indignation over the action of ed the bail, getting the release of the Ramsay MacDonald, socialist leader, in leaving for a trip to Africa while scisti and the French police to framethe miners are in a desperate struggle against the bosses.

# **PLOTS AGAINST FASCIST FAKES**

#### Huge Conspiracy Is Unearthed in Paris

(Special to The Daily Worker) PARIS, Nov. 7. - That plots resulting in curiously unsuccessful attempts to assassinate Premier Mussolini were hatched in France by agents of the fascisti; that Colonel Riccoti Garibaldi, well known as an anti-fascisti leader was tool of the fascisti themselves; and that the object of these secret fascist maneuvers was the two fold purpose of enhancing the fascist cause at home and deliver ing a blow to France abroad-these are the charges made by the French press with regard to the police examinations of Ricciotti Garibaldi now going on in Paris.

It is claimed that Garibaldi, arrested last Thursday by French police in Nice, has confessed to being an agent of the fascisti. Specifically, it is said he was the paid agent of Signor Federzoni, Italian minister of interior recently resigned and head of the nationalist wing of the fascist party.

Fake Plot. More specifically, Garibaldi is claimed to have confessed to the engineering of a bomb plot upon Mussolini's life in which Mussolini conveniently escaped since, Garibaldi is quoted as saying, the fascist police knew all along of the activities of the so-called conspirators. The incident referred to is the bomb attack against Mussolini in Piazza Porta Pia in Rome on Sept

Garibaldi, the French press reports. was confronted with Sig. Scivoli, wellseeing Garibaldi, was forcibly restrained from attacking him and openly accused the colonel of complicity with the fascisti. Scivoli had been working with Garibaldi in the anti-fascist

Implicated In Spain.

Garibaldi is also charged with a share in the ill-fated Catalonian expedition of Col. Francisco Macia, also lan independence movement is actu ated, it is charged, by Italy's desire to stir up discord between France and Spain, the Catalan plot having been

There is a tendency in some quarters to believe that Garibaldi himself is the victim of a French maneuver to genuine anti-fascisti and that he has been roped in by international in-

But it would appear from the press wrought up over the revelations and is preparing to dispatch a strong note to Rome demanding assurances and apol-

FRENCH STORY DENIED

quoted as saving that the alleged confession of his brother is a fraud and a part of a conspiracy between the fa-

# Every Party Member Must Work to Keep The DAILY WORKER

A Statement of the Present Situation. By C. E. RUTHENBERG, General Secretary, Workers (Communist) Party. for the year, leaving \$35,000 to be raised thru the sustaining [

The members of our party are entitled to a frank statement in regard to the situation of The DAILY WORKER and the possibility of KEEPING THE DAILY WORKER AS A VOICE OF THE COMMUNISTS, interpreting the events of the class struggle and giving leadership in the work of moving the workers of this country forward to a revolutionary class struggle against capitalism.

The task of publishing a daily working class newspaper is a big one. The resources producing a regular income which such a paper has to draw upon are limited, particularly in the field of advertising which makes up a large part of the income of the daily newspapers. In spite of these handicaps and difficulties WE HAVE KEPT THE DAILY WORKER ALIVE FOR NEARLY THREE YEARS.

We have achieved this thru raising a sustaining fund each year thru which the deficit of The DAILY WORKER has been met to a large extent.

The present situation of The DAILY WORKER is, that the accumulated deficit of the year 1926 has to be met. The deficit for the year 1925 amounted to \$60,000. This was covered in part

fund campaign.

The situation this year is the same. We have a similar deficit to meet, covered in part by the profits of the printing plant. To meet the balance of the accumulated deficit the campaign for the KEEP THE DAILY WORKER FUND WAS IN-ITIATED. The \$50,000 Keep The DAILY WORKER Fund will cover the deficit and leave something over to strengthen our paper and for work in building its support thru subscriptions which will reduce the deficit for the next year. I

We have raised approximately \$15,000 of the \$50,000 Keep The DAILY WORKER Fund. This has improved the financial situation of The DAILY WORKER. We are in a better situation than at the beginning of September. BUT UNLESS WE GO FORWARD WITH THE CAMPAIGN WITH GREATER ENERGY AND RAISE THE BALANCE OF THE \$50,000 FUND WE WILL LOSE THE GAINS WE HAVE MADE DURING THE LAST SIX WEEKS.

The financial situation of The DAILY WORKER is still critical. Just at this moment we are facing the worst crisis. by the profits of our printing plant which amounted to \$25,000 What has been done shows that we can overcome this crisis IF

WE MOBILIZE EVERY MEMBER OF THE PARTY IN SUP-PORT OF THE KEEP THE DAILY WORKER CAMPAIGN.

We state confidently to the party membership that if we mobilize our whole strength we can Keep The DAILY WORKER. The next \$10,000 raised will overcome the crisis and the completion of the \$50,000 fund will put The DAILY WORKER in a sound condition to meet the coming year.

WE RAISED \$90,000 TO ESTABLISH THE DAILY WORK-ER IN THE YEAR 1924. WE CAN RAISE \$50,000 TO KEEP THE DAILY WORKER IN THE YEAR 1926.

But immediate, energetic and enthusiastic work is necessary to meet the situation. The task of the party members has been made easy. They have been asked to BUY A \$5.00 BOOK OF KEEP THE DAILY WORKER CERTIFICATES, OR, IF THEY CANNOT PAY FOR IT IMMEDIATELY TO TAKE A BOOK AND SELL THE 25c, 50c and \$1.00 COUPONS AMONG THEIR FRIENDS, SHOPMATES, ETC., UNTIL THEY RAISE THEIR \$5.00.

EVERY PARTY MEMBER CAN RAISE \$5.00 FOR THE DAILY WORKER FUND IN THREE MONTHS. SUCH A MOBILIZATION AND WORK BY THE PARTY MEMBERS WILL COMPLETE THE \$50,000 FUND.

About 3,000 party members have thus far responded. It is now the duty of the other 7,000 to come to the aid of The DAILY

THEY MUST ACT QUICKLY TO KEEP THE DAILY

The month of November must add at least \$15,000 to the Keep The DAILY WORKER FUND. In the next few days The DAILY WORKER must have \$5,000.

WE MAKE THIS STATEMENT TO URGE EVERY MEM-BER OF THE PARTY TO THROW HIMSELF INTO THE WORK OF DOING HIS PART TO KEEP THE DAILY WORK-ER IMMEDIATELY. THE MONEY MUST BE RUSHED TO THE DAILY WORKER AS FAST AS COLLECTED.

EVERY PARTY MEMBER MUST WORK TO KEEP THE

IF WE CAN ACHIEVE SUCH AN IMMEDIATE MOBIL-IZATION OF THE PARTY, THE MEMBERS OF THE PARTY MAY GO FORWARD WITH THEIR WORK CONFIDENT THAT WE WILL KEEP THE DAILY WORKER, THE POWERFUL VOICE OF THE REVOLUTIONARY WORKERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

# Company Negligence Caused Death Discuss Unity

Daily Worker Correspondent Gives Facts of Pabst Mine Entombment and Charges Disastrous Cave-In to Company Neglect — The Daily Worker Asks If the Same Is Not the Case In Ishpeming Where 51 Miners Met Their Doom?

The death of 51 miners in the Barnes-Hecker iron mine near Ishpeming, Mich., last Wednesday, following so closely on the heels of the Oliver mine disaster in which three men were killed and 40 miners entombed for 131 hours, raises the question of the fatal regularity with which these catastrophes occur in the iron mines of Minnesota and Michigan, killing miners by the score each year and leaving hundreds of widows and orphans without movements is the central issue at the

There is ample reason to think that "natural causes" are not altogether to blame for the Co-operative Creamery Auditorium frequently recurring cave-ins that entomb miners in the depths of the shafts or drown them in here. the entries as happened at Ishpeming. The DAILY WORKER here reprints a letter received from a reliable observer of the Oliver mine disaster and subsequent events which proves that the company was responsible for the entombment of the 20 men and the death of the three who did

The proofs submitted in this letter of company negligence in the case of the Oliver mine can the author of the letter believes, be found to apply to most mines on the iron range. The DAILY WORKER, having reason to put implicit faith in the word of its correspondent, raises this question also in connection with the Ishpeming cave-in-one of the worst in the history of iron mining. The letter follows:

Already, five years ago, the Oliver Mining company in | destruction. This meant in the repair work a saving of Ironwood, Mich., made estimates of rebuilding the cavedin shaft of the Pasht mine. They ran from \$160,00 to \$380,000. The local officers of the company stated clearly that the shaft was not safe. But in its eagerness for profits, company headquarters did not, until after the disaster, designate any funds to be used for that purpose.

30 Years Old. This shaft had been constructed some thirty years ago. Its timbers have never been changed. They are rotten to the extent, that as the entombed miners claim, any one could with his bare hand drive a 12-inch spike 10 inches into these timbers.

Minor accidents and cave-ins happened frequently. The railings of the hoisting outfit were frequently out of order on account of being pressed in by the tremendous pressure of the surrounding mass. The skip flew off its railings once in a while and knocked loose timber, bracing and dirt from the walls of the shaft. Such things happened a couple of times just before the disaster. The very same morning the skip was cleared by hewing with axes a few inches off the railings just in the place were the cave-in happened a couple of hours later.

Men Not Warned.

The pressure which had pressed in the railings, making the skip impassable, had made the electric wires grind together. The big rock which a little later on caved in, was moving. The situation was threatening. But men working in the drifts below were not warned about this, tho it was known to every one that this shaft was the only way out of the mine. (Law provides there shall be two shafts in each mine.)

The superintendent was down 20 minutes prior to the cave-in. He barely had time to ascend and send down the electric repair crew, when the cave-in occurred, killing instantly this crew of three.

This happened about 11 o'clock a. m. But the company did not give any alarm for help. Cave-ins were so usual, that it was left to the men to clear themselves out. Another and greater cave-in occurred at 2 p. m. Then the first alarm was given. But the Oliver Mining company had practically no rescue equipment. It took hours before any could be brought from near-by Newport Location by borrowing from another mining company. To illustrate how completely the Oliver Mining company was unprepared, it serves to mention that in the company storehouse there were not more than two axes, not to speak of drills, diamond drills, or other more expensive equipment.

Don't Know Mining.

The leadership of the mining operations of the Oliver Mining company is distributed by relationship and not according to capacity and knowledge of mining. The result is, that the officials do not know anything of mining. And in this instance when the Newport Location rescue crew came, they had to drive off the Oliver company officials and the Aurora mining officials took charge of the rescuing work.

One of the drift bosses of the Oliver Mining company was among the entombed ones. He did not know what to do down below. When the men proposed to close the shaft to prevent down-coming dirt and rocks from breaking the shaft down below their level, he tried to prevent it. Instead he tried to telephone up for advice. The wires were cut off by the cave-in. Dirt came down constantly threatening to cut off all possible means of rescue. The entombed miners took it upon themselves to block the shaft. And by doing this they not only saved the some \$70,000 to the company.

I do not here go into the details of how the rescue was accomplished. It suffices to say that the men were entomber 131 hours. The nerves of many of them were broken. The agony was great, not to speak of being without food five days and nights.

Robbed of Compensation. According to those who know about mining laws, the identity of which I cannot for the present reveal, the men are, each one of them, entitled to a compensation from \$4,000 to \$6,000. But there is in Ironwood, Mich. no organization of the workers to press for this. The coroner, who held the post mortem of the killed ones, freed the Oliver Mining company practically from the responsibility. And what else could be expected from the brother-in-law of the superintendent of the company in a surrounding, which is practically run by the dictatorship of the steel trust.

This does not, however, remove the responsibility. The company knows it, but tried to work each entombed miner individually to sign a quit-claim deed. It proposed to each one who was 131 hours entombed, eight hours straight time for each twenty-four hours spent behind the cave-in and twelve hours for the Sunday. This means in cash about \$30 to each one concerned.

Some of the miners have been stupid enough to accept this "offer" after being given vague promises of "steady, easy jobs." Every one knows that this does not mean anything. Twenty-seven of those who were entombed have decided to fight for their rights.

Local People Help. The editor of the Ashland Daily Press, a federal meat inspector, one senator of the state of Michigan, and some other local people have promised assistance to these workers in pressing for a federal grand jury investigation. The affidavits are sworn, but that is not enough pressure to bring the investigation, nor to force the of- the visit of federal prohibition agents ficials to enforce the law. More pressure must be brought to play in circumstances where the almighty steel trust controls the grand jury, the government of the county fice, whose geniality seemed to "perand to a large extent the government of the state.

To force justice for these workers the voice of the organized workers is necessary and a lot of publicity. And for creating this, the matter should be taken up in a call on Sweitzer. A bar room that central labor assemblies, state federations of labor, and lacked nothing except free sandso on. Resolutions should be passed condemning the in- wiches was found there in the huge justice practiced upon these workers, and the matter safe that presumably houses imporshould be drawn to the attention of the ex of the American Federation of Labor with the request of moral support to this demand of investigation and justice and publicity in the cause of these miners of Ironwood, Mich., who are living under the ruthless heel of the

Need Organization.

All this is so much more important due to the fact this disaster and its aftermath has driven home to the iron miners of the state of Michigan the lesson of the necessity of organizing. There is an ever-growing sentiment for it, but the ruthlessness of the Oliver Mining company prevents it from coming out in the open.

Sympathy of organized workers from outside would encourage this sentiment into materializing in actual organization work, and should the American Federation of Labor extend its hand for giving at least moral support that would help the awakening of these workers to the idea and necessity of organization. That would be of great value to the A. F. of L. in creating friendly rela- "friendly air" in the building, coupled tions with these elements and strengthening the inroad for their rescue, but 800 feet of the shaft from fluence of the A. F. of L.

**CO-OP CONGRESS** 

A Strong Progressive Bloc Is at Work

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 7. -Recognition of the fact that the cooperative movement is part of the labor movement and must support labor in both its economic and political congress of the Co-operative League of America in session at the Franklin

The resolutions committee reported favorably for such action by a vote of six to one. A heated discussion folowed the committee report and final action was to have been taken in Saturday's session. There is large support for the resolution recommending union with the labor movement.

Big Progressive Bloc.

A large progressive delegation present in the convention seems to be in the majority. The progressives have a big representation on most committees and is in the majority on the resolu-

The pure and simple co-operators under the leadership of Doctor Warbasse have been completely out-maneuvered so far. The leadership of the progressive wing has been assumed by the delegation of the Co-operative Central Exchange with Hallonen, Ronn, Nurmi and Carlson leading the discussion for the progressive bloc.

There are about a hundred delegates present at the congress representing the major consumers' co-operatives of the country.

But There's Many a Slip Twixt Hip and Lip

Increased business in the tax exten sion department of County. Clerk Sweitzer's office that has been reported lately is apparently explained by there Saturday. Wondering what caused the warm popularity of the ofvade" the entire atmosphere of the county building with an "aroma" of friendliness, the federal agents made tant government documents.

It is reported that while the agents were listening thru the key-hole before making the raid, the following conversations were heard:

"I want to extend my tax payments two months," said one public spirited taxpayer.

"How'll you have it, straight or mixed?" answered the clerk.

mixed?" answered the clerk.
"Can you give me six month's time?" another hundred percenter (up to the neck)

Communists Repudiate Slander to the neck). of British Trade Union Leader "Will you take it here or on the

"Cancel my extension." "Scotch or rye?"

Typewriter's Tinkle.

Hearing this, and smelling the with a tinkling sound of glasses (that British trade unions, charging the Communists in the United States of course, might have been typewriter bells), the agents swooped into the

After the raid County Clerk Sweitzer declared he "couldn't under following cablegram from the secretariat of the Communist Party stand where all the liquor came from."

Drank Too Many Extensions.

Other men taken in the raid were William Descow, clerk in the board or local improvements and Fred Haverkamp, recently discharged from the tax extension department. Haverkamp, it is reported, lost his job, be cause he took it too seriously and imbibed too much "tax extensions."

The county building is now all in an aproar, because their handiest source of bootleg is now gone, and they will probably have to patronize the bootlegger across the street-which is such a bother!

Trade Commission Kills Rule Against Creamery Unfairness

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 .- Announcement is made by the Humphrey majority in the federal trade commission that it has rescinded the "fair trade" rule of 1919, enacted by that commis sion, in a conference for dealing with

That rule declared "unfair" the pur-

### Masses of Workers in **Action Must Be Turned** in the Right Direction

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

THE White House spokesman has spoken. That is, "Silent Cal" has found his voice sufficiently to give his views on the recent elections. If Cal Coolidge believes his own words, a doubt raised by the fact that even "strikebreaker" presidents do not always permit themselves to say what they think, but taking it for granted that "The Silent One" is not committing perjury, then we are to take it for granted that he is very much satisfied with last week's results.

In fact, Coolidge is convinced, according to the best Washington reports at hand, that the republican party acutally won a big nation-wide victory by again capturing a safe majority of the seats in the house of representatives which, in his opinion, furnished the only national test of party sentiment in Tuesday's elections. It does not seem to matter much with Coolidge that the "safe majority" was very much diminished in the house and completely wiped out in the senate.

There can be only one basis for Coolidge's brave display of optimism. It can only be based on Coolidge's hope that he can continue to line up the democrats in sufficient numbers to assure a majority, even in the senate, for reactionary measures. The question then becomes not a matter of the hegemony of the republican party in congress, but the holding of power in congress for the most reactionary elements within both the republican and democratic parties. Coolidge has put his measures thru the United States senate with donkey votes before and he will not be backward about accepting the same assistance again for his somewhat dilapidated elephant in Wall Street's political

Just as the democratic senator, Claude Swanson, from Virginia, led the fight for the world court in the last congressional session, so the interests of the international financiers will be well taken care of in the days ahead, as long as working class voters content themselves with displacing republican standpatters with the stone age relics labelled

Fat and pompous Senator Heflin, democrat, from Alabama, may become apoplectic in his heated denunciation of the huge republican slush funds in Pennsylvania and Illinois, but the Muscle Shoals debate showed Heflin the agent of the power and public utility profiteers at least on a par with Senator-Elect Frank L. Smith. There being less of a ggle within the democratic party in Alabama than there is within the Illinois republican ranks, Heflin can afford to sell himself much cheaper than his counterpart in the north. But that does not make either of

them to the Miners' Association.

Workers Party of America,

this cablegram:

of Great Britain, dealing with this question: \_

1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Illinois.

leaders, but suggest you cable us statement.

Secretariat Communist Party, London.

them any the less supporters of things as they are.

The mere fact, however, that seven republican senators were defeated, is in itself proof of the repudiation of the Coolidge administration by large masses of voters, mostly workers. The fact that they merely turned to democratic candidates is only proof of the political immaturity of these workers, not yet conscious of their own class inter-

Coolidge claims to be little worried over the defeat of his "personal friend," Senator William Butler, in Massachusetts. That will give the ex-senator more time, says Cal, to devote to his pressing duties as chairman of the republican national committee. Coolidge contends that David I. Walsh won the senatorship in Massachusetts merely as the result of his personal popularity. This merely bears out, of course, the charge of the Workers (Communist) Party that there are no differences between Butler and Walsh, insofar as they concern the working class, that they are both hostile to the interests of labor.

There would have been a different outburst from the White House to be sure if the seven defeated republican senators had been replaced by the elected spokesmen of a powerful Labor Party, with a few Communists among them. Speaker Nicholas Longworth, of the house of representatives, wouldn't join Cal Coolidge in talking so glibly of the election results if the missing republicans in the lower house of congress were being replaced by class conscious spokesmen of labor. The fact that this is not taking place alone gives comfort to both democrats and republicans alike, and especially to their masters, the American buccaneers of big busi-

This is being written at Kansas City, Missouri. The local Kansas City Star reports that the latest returns indicate that the next state legislative will consist of a democratic senate (21 to 13) and of a republican house of representatives (77 to 73). The capitalists are not worried Missouri is safe. There isn't one enemy of the capitalist social order in the whole state legislative.

The last election, with its repudiation of Coolidgeism, merely show that the working class masses are in action, that they are moving, aimlessly and ignorantly to be sure, but wevertheless, moving. It is the duty of labor's Communist vanguard, the Workers (Communist) Party to see that labor moves in the right direction, into the labor party and not into the blind alley of the jackass

The New York Times and the Jewish Daily Forward have re-

cently printed a statement by Joseph Jones, secretary of the York-

shire Miners' Association, and one of the right wing leaders of the

have collected funds for relief of the British miners and not remitted

A few days ago, the Workers (Communist) Party received the

Jones Secretary Yorkshire Miners and Miners delegation United

States during attack on Communists yesterday said hundreds thousands

dollars collected America by Communists but only one thousand reached

Miners Federation. When we demanded explanation told money used

by Communist agents to relieve distress. We issued repudiation remind-

ing workers your efforts for relief and real responsibility of A. F. of L.

The Workers (Communist) Party sent the following reply to

Workers (Communist) Party collected no money directly for miners'

strike and statement of Jones is an outrageous slander. We forced the

Executive Council of the A, F. of L. to issue appeal thru campaign in

unions and then carried on extensive and continuous campaign in unions

and aided in securing donations of tens of thousands of dollars all of

which was sent thru unions to the Executive Council of the A. F. of L.

If money has not reached mineus, they should make demands upon Exe-

cutive Council of A. F. of L. for Immediate remittance. Attack seems

Signed: Secretariat Communist Party of Great Britain.

# WON BY F.-L. P.

#### Farmer-Labor Carries Despite Wheeler

By C. E. TAYLOR (Special to The Daily Worker)

PLENTYWOOD, Mont., Nov. 7 -The Farmer-Labor Party won two Montana countles, Sheridan and Daniels, by a substantial majority after one of the fiercest political battles fought in Northeastern Montana in a

Senator Chas. E. Taylor was reelected to the state upper house and Robert Larson was returned to the state house of representatives for Sheridan county. In Daniels county, Sparling, Farmer-Labor, was elected to the house.

Stoner Wins for Congress.

Clair Stoner, Farmer-Labor candilate for congress carried Sheridan ounty by a good majority in spite of personal letter written by Senator Burton K. Wheeler paying a compliment to Stoner but urging the voters to support Mitchell, democrat of Great Falls. The final county result showed that Stoner ran first, Leavitt second and Mitchell third, Stoner getting a

Defeat for Wheeler.

Sheriff Salisbury was re-elected as the Farmer-Labor chief executive of Sheridan county for the third time by a huge majority. The rest of the Farmer-Labor county ticket also went over with the exception of two school superintendants and county commis-

Adams and Wix, Farmer-Labor candidates for state legislature were de feated by small majorities in Roose velt county.

## REFUSES TO AID SACCO-VANZETT

Spurns Conference of Labor Groups

By a Worker Correspondent

CLEVELAND, Nov. 7. - The Ohio State Socialist Party has refused to coperate with the Cleveland Sacco-Vanzetti Defense conference, which is composed of forty organizations for the purpose of bringing pressure to bear for the freedom of the two Massachusetts frame-up victims.

Communications had been sent to all of the labor organizations in Cleveland, including the Socialist Party. When the S. P. failed to respond to the communications, the secretary of the conference, Carl Hacker, went to the office of the party to inquire the reasons. John G. Willert, the secre tary, promptly responded to the inquiry by declaring it was the policy of the "Socialist Party not to affiliate with any organizations for the purpose of carrying on protest work, no matter what the cause was, but that he Socialist Party would rather decide for itself on the particular question and carry on the work, if they think it necessary, in their own way and by themselves without co-operation from any outside forces." Thus the Socialist Party attempts to remain

In this manner, two men who have virtually given their lives for the workers are being side-stepped by a movement that claims to be a movement of the working class.

#### **NEGOTIATIONS TOWARD** U. S. RECOGNITION OF SOVIET LOOM, REPORT

LONDON, Nov. 7 .- The Daily Observer prints a dispatch from Moscow stating that a reopening of relations between the United States and Russia is probable. Confidence prevails in influential quarters regarding the opening of negotiations leading to restoration of normal political and economic relations between the two countries, the dispatch says.

It is believed that internal conditions in the United States, such as over-production of cotton and a surplus of accumulated gold, impel American business to seek an adjustment that would enable the arranging of sultable credit with Russia in order to open the Soviet mar-

\$25 Fine for Picket 'Talking' with His Hands.

NEW YORK - (FP) - Twenty-five dollars fine was imposed on Joseph Mordkowitz for "talking" with his hands to a girl strikebreaker in the paper box workers' fight for union conditions. Morkowitz is a union

Send in a sub today!

### Books for Women



THE

WOMAN WORKER

TRADE UNIONS by Theresa Wolfson

A discussion of the permanency of women as a wage-earning group, their racial, economic and cultural background, the nature of their tasks, and the official policy of the trade unions in regard to them as union members. The author analyzes the extent of their organization and their participation in union life—in and their participation in union life—in strikes, at union meetings, as shop chairmen and organizers. Cloth \$1.75

Work Among Women-

Women and Socialism— by August Bebel Origin of the Family— by Frederick Engels

THE DAILY WORKER PUB. CO. 1113 West Washington Blvd. CHICAGO, ILL.

Paper \$ .35

·Cloth \$1.50

### CALIFORNIA GOVERNOR SPEAKS WELL BUT WHAT ABOUT THE WORKERS IN HIS PRISONS? He immediately fired Anthony Mediately fired Anthony M

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Nov. 7.—Asserting that all visitors are welcome to California without special invitation "regardless of whether they are kings or queens or Just plain citizens," Governor Richardson today refused formally to invite Queen Marie of Roumania to visit this state.

#### Will Bring Great Writers Closer to People of Russia

MOSCOW, Nov. 7 .- In order to popularize among the people the works of was formed at the State Publishing House a special "editorial commission" for the purpose of publishing the Russian and world classics. Among the members of the commission are Luunatcharsky, Prof. Piksanov and Prof. Grossman.

In an effort to facilitate the study of the classics it was decided by the commission to publish in the first place an edition of the selected works of the classics, accompanied by commentaries and critico-biographical notes.

Among the first works to be published will be those of the following authors: Tolstoy, Bribeyedov, Gorky, Garshin, Tchekhov, Hauptmann, Flauper, Zola, Vaerharn, Beaumarchais, Shakespeare, Boccaccio, Goethe, etc.

#### Religious Education for Schools Endorsed by Birmingham Board

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 7.-The board of education here has succumbthe best masters of the past there ed to the designs of the ministerial association in allowing the preachers to give religious "education" to school children one hour each week. At a recent meeting of the board, a resolution was passed accepting the proposals of the Birmingham Sunday School association for a religious school for public school children.

"We recognize the value of religious training," says the school board resolution, and in another part is careful to state, "the board assumes no responsibility for what is taught in the school."

We will send sample copies of The DAILY WORKER to your friendssend us name and address.

the creamery industry.

chase or offering to purchase dairy products at prices that were discriminatory or higher in one place than in another at the same time under like market conditions.

#### intended to distract attention from the failure of the A. F. of L. bureaucrats to make real campaign in support of heroic striking miners who have earnest support of our party in their splendid struggle. State Officers of

HELENA, Mont., Nov. 7 .- Enforcement of prohibition in Montana will cincts cannot change the result

Montana Withdraw

rest exclusively with federal officials and courts within the next 30 days, strikebreaker was scared and fined the majority rolled up in favor of the striker, altho he protested he Volstead Support repeal of the state prohibition law couldn't help using his hands when today being so decisive that returns he talked. from the unaccounted 300 small pre-

C. E. RUTHENBERG, General Secretary.

The Socialist Candidates Make Poor Showing

> By CARL HAESSLER, Federated Press.

While the republican and democratic parties are speculating nationally on the control of the U.S. senate and in their various localities are busy doling out the patronage that goes with their respective victories, headquarters of the so-called third parties are still without accurate information as to the showing of their candidates Nov. 2 except that they were almost uniformly defeated. But the number of votes attracted to each candidate, the location of party electoral strength or the occurrence of close contests with the old party nominees remains a closed book at present.

Berger Re-elected. "We have no reliable data on the performance at the polls of the social-1st candidates." it was declared at the national headquarters of the socialist party in Chicago. It is known that Victor L. Berger was re-elected representative from Milwaukee north side and that he will again be the only soernor made unexpectedly poor showings. No figures were available on Illinois socialist candidates. Secre-

Purity Candidate Ignored. Smith, republican, and George Bren-

the public utility king. "No returns will be available on our candidates for several days," says Secretary C. E. Ruthenberg of the Workers' Party, which also maintains national headquarters in Chicago. "But we have heard of no victories for our ticket." J. Louis Engdahl, Workers' Party candidate for U. S. senator from tributed thus far only \$46,535. Illinois, is reported to have been credsted with 300 votes in Chicago by the old party election officials.

Headquarters Abandoned. Farmer-labor national headquarters have been abandoned and Minnesota is the only state where the party functions effectively on a state-wide basis. There unofficial returns indicate the defeat of Wefald, a farmer-labor congressman, and possibly of Carss, an average miner and his family for reother. The candidates for state office lief. It does not take much speculaon its ticket, led by Magnus Johnson tion to know that this sum stretched for governor, were defeated by the over a period of seven months did not the American workers to rush help to republican slate.

Control Evenly Divided. so evenly divided between the demo- very beginning. For many months the Russian workers. crats, who seem to have 47 senators, before this strike, the miners worked and the republicans, who will have 48 on a short time basis. Their earnby counting in all the insurgents, that ings were insufficient to provide even the balance of power will rest with the most pressing necessities of life. Senator Shipstead, farmer-labor from The saving of funds for a strike event-Minnesota, and the so-called LaFol- ually was out of the question. The lette bloc. In the new senate this union fund, not only of the miners,

The balance of power in progress ive hands gives the advocates of a national labor party encouragement in their plans to detach the progressive democrats and republicans from their old party ties to join with the labor elements that are ready for a new political alignment.





Thousands of British miners are receiving help collected from the world's workers by the Workers International Relief of which the International Workers' Aid in the American Section. Send your contribution to the I. W. A., 1553 W. Madison St., Chicago.

## The Role of the British Miners

By JACK BRADON ARTICLE III.

chalist in congress. It is also known these staunch-hearted miners, who seven long months, they have not that the socialist candidates for U. S. are facing the consolidated attack or flinched—they have carried on the senator from Wisconsin and for gov- British capital and its government, battle in a manner that has won the tary William Henry was too busy to have fallen down on the job of aid- plan to withdraw the safety men from Very little, next to nothing, has been carry o nthe struggle until the arrog-"The progressive candidates in Illidone by us to aid the miners in their ancy of their exploiters has been bronois drew so few votes that no at- fight, which in fact is our fight. ken. But to do this, they must be tempt has been made to tabulate Surely it is not difficult to understand fed, and the workers of America must What endeared the rat to Arthur was that if the British miners are defeat- not shirk their responsibility. ive party headquarters in Chicago. ed, the entire British working class Parley Parker Christensen was the will be defeated, which in turn will candidate for U. S. senator, running mean reduced wages and longer on a purity platform against Frank hours for them. And it will not be long before the forces of competition, nan, democrat, both of whom financed influenced by cheapened British labor, the greater part of their campaign will force down our wages here in thru the benevolences of Sam Insull, America. To help the miners is indeed to help ourselves.

At this writing a report comes that a sum of \$6,360,000 has been received by the miners since the beginning of the strike, and that \$4,360,000 of this amount was contributed by the Russian workers. The American Federation of Labor is listed as having con-

The magnitude of the miners' strug gle, the disastrous potentialities to the working class, in the event of a miners' defeat, demands that we at least do as well as the Russian workers, who as yet are much poorer than we are.

Since the beginning of the strike, only about \$8.75 was received by the go very far. Terrible privation of the the British miners. We must, make miners, their women and children has it possible for them to fight on to vic-Control of the U. S. senate will be characterized this strike from the tory. Let us follow the example of union treasuries in Britain were not in isfactory.

a position to render quick and sub- fied workmen received much more stantial financial assistance. This than unskilled laborers, owing to the The reason for the collapse of tha meant suffering for the miners and system of piece payment. Until now general strike are quite well known, their families from the very outset it was impossible to improve it. and so will not occupy any space of the strike. Tho this heart-gripping here. It is the desperate struggle of adversity of the miners has lasted that must claim our attention and applause and admiration of the intelimmediate aid. Let it be understood ligent worker the world over. The inthat thus far we, here in America, dications are, as shown by the recent ing the miners most miserably. the mines, that the miners mean to

> build its empire, upon increased ex- and gophers are mortal enemies of the ploitation of its workers, by attack- pack rat, so he protects his hole with ing their trade unions and standard thorns. (Too bad Arthur does not of living. We already see even in the gage the hole in his head with a ball midst of the battle irreconcilable of glue.) breaches, based upon contradictory interests of the various groups of the bourgeoisie, are occurring, threatening their unified front against the work- rat prepares and does his little best, Grover C. Bergdoll, draft dodger, for ers. Britain cannot hold out against with thorns and cactus. If he were recovery of \$1,000,000 worth of propthe miners much longer. Already her president of the United States he erty from the alien property custodian. exports have fallen alarmingly and its would build flying machines, and make imports have risen to a staggering this nation independent of the flying height. It is true that among its im- rattlesnakes of Europe and Asia." It ports a great tonnage of coal can be requires quite a lively imagination, counted, which is aimed to break the tho, to picture a president whose fastrike, but the coal is poor and costly. Vorite abode is a hole in the ground It cannot be used extensively and going up in the air immediately after profitably by British industry. As a result of the miners' struke, industry is closing down, foreign trade is being undermined, markets are being permtening its own doom.

A mighty effort must be made by

### Many Tractors for

bloc is expected to consist of LaFol- but the other trades, were drained as ished its task of purchasing agri- take note of it. But, then, perhaps they hicles lined the highways of the northlette and Blaine from Wisconsin, a result of chronic unemployment. cultural machines abroad for the U.S. don't care for competition! Brookhart from Iowa, Nye from North During the general strike the treas- S. R. in 1925-26 operative year. More Dakota and occasionally Norris from uraries of those unions were com- than half of the machines were bought Nebraska. Among the more or less pletely depleted; and so, when the in America. Tractors have been purprogressive democrats elected to the miners were left on strike alone, they chased for the sum of over eight mil-Kentucky, Walsh of Massachusetts their union treasury. The other trade abroad were quite acceptable and sat-

### THOMAS CALLS ON BALDWIN TO TALK MINE STRIKE SETTLEMENT

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, No. 7 .- A delegation from the Trade Union Congress headed his glowing health. He replied: "No to the false propaganda carried on by dealing with theories. They have long by J. H. Thomas called upon the government at Downing Street to discuss the question of the mine strike. No statement was made regarding the results of the conversation. A rumor current in Whitehall has it that Thomas and the right wing leaders of the T. U. C. are working towards a settlement and to accomplish this are bringing pressure to bear on the officials of the British Miners' Federation.

### RAISE LEVEL OF WAGES PAID TO

#### Backward Industries to Be Projected

MOSCOW, Nov. 7 .- The People's ommisariat for Labor has submitted to the government a project of normalization of workers' wages. Accordingly, the Council of People's Commissaries has decided to increase the salaries in mining, metallic, chemical and other industries, especially for backward categories of workmen, whose of a German firm in Odessa, who are wages were behind the general level controlling grain exported from the of prices.

In connection with this People's of the grain has been greatly improvommissary of Labor, Mr. Schmidt said to a Tass correspondent:

"The decision of the government has a great importance, especially if one better sorts of seeds. takes into consideration that wages were, in fact, increasing all the time. of grain being rejected on account of The average level of salaries in all bad quality. industries increased, beginning from 1922, by 67 per cent. However, quali-

### **CURRENT EVENTS**

By T. J. O'Flaherty.

(Continued from page 1) on any mentioned for the office so far, It is no other than the desert pack rat. Brisbane is looking over real estate in the Mojave Desert of California, and got to like the ways of the little animal's addiction to pre-British capitalism has set out to re- paredness. Battlesnakes, ground owls products this year buy only 83 per

> presidents to change their opinions after they hit the white house.

anently lost, and instead of rebuilding TF Brisbane nominates his pack rat ers or investors. The machines just keep away the reaper of death. itself thru the attack upon the min- I suggest that a committee of re- went rolling along carrying passengers | If the father and mother could not | They are tired of working 12 to 15 ers, British capitalism is actually has sponsible citizens interview a healthy from somewhere to nowhere. Some make enough money to meet the daily hours a day, seven days a week, for superfluous. We could organize an tion is an open question. Some fami- This old earth is not a failure. The army of polecats and have them use lies used the savings of years to pay grass grows green. There are some Americans could be forewarned to from interest collecting moneychang- The fields yield fairly good crops of ows. There are dark spots on the sun have their gas masks handy and the ers. Many just fitted up for the occa- corn and wheat, and potatoes in of prosperity and visible wrinkles on Russia Bought Here full force of the polecat attack could sion, with the least cash possible, and MOSCOW, Nov. 7. - The Gostrog idea is hereby released without any farmers of the west and were disap-(State Trade Administration) has fin- rights reserved. Our militarists should pointed. Other caravans of mixed ve-. . .

DON'T over-eat or over-exercise advises Dr. Carl Meyer of the Cook senate Nov. 2 are classed Barkley of had no funds in their pockets nor in lion rubles. The conditions of credit says. In other words, a person should investments, taxation for cost of governments. milk by a lady who is not enamored western farmers rolling in wealth were The western farmers are face to face you go to Russia and find out for your

### Political Program

The Farmers' Section will appear regularly in every Monday morning's issue of The DAILY WORKER. Watch for it.

1. Relief from the evils of the mortgage and tenantry evil thru the adoption of a land tenure system which will secure the land to the

2. The nationalization of the rail-2. The nationalization of the railroads, the meat packing plants, grain
elevator combines and the control and
management of these marketing organizations by the organizations of
working farmers in co-operation with
the organizations of city industrial
workers who are employed in these
industries.

3. The control and operation of the farm credit system by the organizations of working farmers, in place of thru capitalist banking institutions which now use this, the farm credit system, for their enrichment.

system, for their enrichment.

4. Relief for the farmers from the excessive burden of taxation thru levying higher income taxes, and inheritance taxes on the swollen fortunes of great capitalist exploiters and higher taxes on the profits of the railroads and great industrial combines.

5. Against the expenditures for a other purpose than to support the imperialist adventures of the great financial houses of Wall Street in other countries.

other countries.

6. Fight against Wall Street Dollar Diplomacy" and expenditure of the wealth produced by the farmers and industrial wokers to support the capitalist exploiters in their effort to make profits out of the people of Cuba, the South American countries, China and the Philippines. Freedom for the Philippines. Self-determination for Porto Rico, Hawaii. Withdrawal of all American soldiers and marines from the Central and South American countries. No intervention in China. in China.

7. Against the Dawes plan, thru which the American banking houses are securing control of European industries and paving the way for a new

war.

8. Close co-operation with the farmers of other countries and particularly the farmers of Russia, who are so important a factor in the world market. The recognition and establishment of economic relations with the first workers' and farmers' government—the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

9. The alliance of the working farmers and city industrial workers to establish a workers' and farmers' government of the United States. Only a united struggle of all working farmers, together with the city industrial workers, in support of this program will win relief for the farmers from the conditions under which they now suffer.

#### Canadian Farmer Pool Sells 190,000,000 Bu.

WINNIPEG-(FP)-Canadian wheat ool farmers have closed another banner season during which the Central Selling agency disposed of 190,000,000 bushels of wheat. The last dividend on the 1925 crop, which has just been paid, totaled \$8,500,000 or 21/2c per bushel.

Wheat pool members thus received, or the 1925 crop, an initial payment of \$1, two additional payments of 20c each per bushel and the final payment, making a total for No. 1 wheat of \$1.421/2 per bushel. This is considered by the farmers an excellent return as the 1925 crop was a large one.

During the 3 years of their existence the wheat pools have handled: 1923 crop, 34,000,000 bushels (the Alberta pool alone); 1924 crop. 81,500.-000 bushels (Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba), and 190,000.00 bushels of the 1925 crop for the three provinces, or more than double the quantity handled in the previous year. Membership in the pools has increased from 79,700 in July 1924 to 127,200 members in July 1926.

Last year the pools inaugurated the policy of securing elevators by the simple process of deducting 2c per bushel on all grain handled for elevator purposes. This elevator fund has been used to secure 30 local elevators in Manitoba, 33 elevators in Alberta and 575 in Saskatchewan, or a total of 638 for the three pools. These elevators, like the other property of the p, cls, is paid for in cash; hence there are no bonds or mortgages.

In addition to the local elevators, the pools have terminal elevator facilities for handling 20,020,000 bushels of wheat at a time. With the small enlargement of these terminal facilities and a quick turnover the pools will be able to handle their entire product.

### The Farmer Is On His Way

west. It was the procession of the homeless farmers on the way to re-

Russian Grain Much

Improved Since Czar

Regime Is Overthrown

MOSCOW, Nov. 7.—Representatives

U. S. S. R., declared that the quality

ed during the last few years in com-

parison with what it was before the

war, because the peasants now obtain

Lately there was not a single case

Another Sinking Spell

WASHINGTON-(FP) - American

armers are falling lower in the eco-

nomic scale month by month, accord-

ing to the latest figures issued by the

Department of Agriculture. The gen-

eral level of farm prices dropped from

134 per cent of pre-war level on

Sept. 15 to only 130 per cent on Oct.

15. The level this October was 13

points lower than on Oct. 15 a year

relative position when compared with

pre-war prices as corn, oats and bar-

ley during the past year and apples

this fall", says the report. Farm

cent (in September) as much as in

Bergdoll Case Again.

trict of Columbia supreme court for

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7 .- The Dis-

the years 1909-14, averaged.

"Cotton is now at about the same

Farm Price Level Has

Farming Fails, cently caught drinking a bottle of elers found that the stories about the of dieticians. She felicitated him on mythical. They had their eyes opened with real conditions. They are not selves?"—Great Falls Labor Topics. wonder, I am on a milk diet." Not in capitalistic politicians. They saw the ago cast aside the old proverbs about the slightest degree daunted, she marks of poverty. They counted the farming. They know that the long came back: "Oh, well, I do not think abandoned farms. They read the worn tales about the law of supply and rivers of the Karelia and Murt except eat, drink (milk) and be They asked questions and learned why those conditions prevail.

his election. But we have known Sixteen million people toured the running away from their homes. They son that the non-producers take too United States in private cars during gathered together a few personal bethe summer of 1926. They used more longings and set out for the cities from the cutches of the enemy. They than three million automobiles. They were they expected to find work. They cannot stand against the increasing were classed as tourists, home seek- had to get employment in order to tide of sight-drafts on their incomes.

cat would make a fleet of airplanes one-seventh of the people of this na- rains come fairly well in seasons. beginning. he radio against a foreign foe. Loyal expenses. Others borrowed funds fruits that mature and are plentiful. abundance. be used to repulse the enemy. This lived off the country. They saw the splendid crops of vegetables. The lawns and walks are still ornamented of the land with everyone attaching a with flowers. What is the matter?

Middle Men Thrive,

about the rolling stone that catches is very highly appraised on the forno moss to their children. They know eign markets.

Farmers and their families were , that the farms do not pay for the reamuch toll. Farmers are rolling away United States in private cars during polecat with a view to getting him returned to their homes. Others obligations the children would have those who toil not neither do they to throw his tail into the ring. The found temporary employment. Many to be called and put in the harness of spin, but depend on the farmers for polecat could represent the republican are roaming in strange lands. Where slavery. Nature has not deserted the the necessities and luxuries of life. party and the pack rat the democratic the money came from to finance the farmers. The soil remains fertile. The present movement of farmers party. Indeed, the election of the pole- summer vacation for approximately The sun continues to shine. The from the land to the cities is merely a

Future Dark.

What of the future of agriculture in The gardens produce the face of the moon of progress. The farmers cannot exist on the proceeds profit to that which he does not produce. And so will it remain until we Man is the power that drives the produce for use instead of profit. Dr. farmers from their homes. He is not Sherwood Eddy, international secreone of the farmers. He is one of the tary of the Young Men's Christian Asmany engaged in the work of farm- sociation, who spoke before the Amer-The farms ceased to pay interest on ing the farmers. He lives and thrives ican Federation of Labor convention on the profits made by handling the in Detroit on October 8, said: "Russia says. In other wrods, a person should ernment and the demands of local products of the farm. He may be a is the only country on earth where simply eat and exercise when he feels merchants and transportation agen- local merchant, general buyer, money man no more exploits man. I have like it. You never can tell. A friend cies. The families were loaded into lender, transportation agent or pro- traveled thru England, France, Gerof mine who used to look like a grave- ancient wagons, dilapidated trucks or fessional man. He may be a town many, Italy and Russia with a fact yard deserter now has the appearance carts and taken on a pilgrimage for builder or a city booster. He pros- finding commission consisting of ediof a well-to-do janitor. He was re- life's necessities. The highway trav- pers because the farmers produce tors, social workers, lawyers, doctors things on which he collects profits. and business men, and I ask, why don't

Find Rare Pearl.

MOSCOW, Nov. 7 .-- On the lakes that a fat, red face is always a sign faces of dying women, observed the and demand are mere fables. They mansk region there has been discovof health." So what can you do about tottering steps of starving children. are not repeating the warning story ered a rare kind of blue pearl which

### STRIKE STRATEGY

By WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

ARTICLE IX THE QUESTION OF DEMANDS

Organization campaigns and strikes must center around basic demands of the workers. Only the more advanced elements of the workers fully appreciate the value of organization as such. As for the great unorganized mass, they are interested in unions primarily for what they can get out of them immediately in the shape of real gains from the employers. They want to strike immediately they organize. Conservative labor organizations fail to accept this fact. There is too much fight involved in it to suit the necessity for the eventual complete expropriation of the cuts and other attacks upon the workers' standards. Strikes them. Hence their organizing campaigns are mostly abstract and lifeless because they overstress mere organization and understress the thing that labor organization is built for, the fight to defend the workers' interests. To quote from my pamphlet, "Organize the Unorganized:"

The future trade unions of the great unorganized industries will be born in the heat of the struggle against the employers over the demands of the workers. The organization campaign which does not voice the demands of the workers and envisage an early struggle in defense of them is doomed beforehand to failure.

strikes must be concise, expressed in simple, understandable slogans, and must touch the burning grievances and etc. In time of industrial activity the workers ordinarily necessities of the workers' life in the industries. There is go into a more or less general offensive, demanding more strike of the railroad shop mechanics in 1922, the T. U. E. enormous organizational and inspirational power, for ex- wages, shorter hours, better working conditions, and the L. raised the demand for amalgamation of all 16 railroad ample, in such graphic and vital slogans as the 8-hour day right of organization. But in slack periods they snaully unions. The need for such a consolidation of forces in and the 5-day week. As stated above in our discussion of have to face an employers' offensive, and their chief fight is the general strike, the workers, especially the backward to preserve existing standards: to defeat wage cuts, to pre-American working class, will not fight militantly for far- vent lengthening the working day, and to maintain their fetched demands that they do not understand or do not unions. consider practical.

#### REALIZABLE DEMANDS

be taken into consideration. While they must be taught it is no sign of good leadership to put forth as immediate character. demands propositions outside of the realms of possible achievement under existing conditions. The workers will give no serious support to a group, whether it be in control of the union or a minority fighting for control, which makes its appeal for their backing on the basis of immediate demands that are manifestly unrealizable under the given conditions.

The character of the workers' demands is determined by the state of industrial activity, the strength of the employ- ing of the organization by amalgamation, by taking in

Programs of demands for organization campaigns and | ers, the strength of the workers' organization, the mood | the unskilled, by democratization, or by the elimination of the workers, the degree of their ideological development, of corruption, are especially forceful.

Under present conditions in the United States, with the final capitalist crisis still far off, the workers make their hardest fights when they are defending standards ment. The workers have a sense of realism which must always that are already in existence. The most desperate strikes in American labor history have been against sweeping wage capitalists, and although they will accept this idea readily, for higher standards are ordinarily much less militant in

DEMANDS UPON THE BUREAUCRACY

In organizing campaigns and strikes the workers should make demands not only upon the employers but also upon the reactionary bureaucrats where these control the unions. This is a very important consideration for the strike strategist to bear in mind. When unions are about to plunge weaknesses are apparent and demands for the strengthen for the building of the unions into real fighting bodies.

For example, just on the eve of the great national the face of the bitter attack from the companies was manifest. The rank and file understood it at once. The sentiment for amalgamation swept the ranks of the railroad workers like a prairie fire and it also became a great living issue in the whole labor movement. Only the autocratic control of the unions by the bureaucrats defeated the move-

Another example, when the 24 unions were embarking upon the big campaign to organize the steel workers in 1918, it was easy to get them to join hands in a gigantic federation and to adopt many measures undoubtedly leading in the direction of an industrial union of metal workers. In such cases the demand for the strengthening of the unions is linked up so closely with the actual struggle that it becomes very powerful. The present struggles in the needle trades, for example, should be utilized to bring about the amalgamation of those unions.

In times of great struggle the real strike strategist into a great struggle or are already in the midst of it, their will not fail to press home demands upon the bureaucrats

(To be continued)

### **FULL EVIDENCE GIVEN GOVERNOR**

#### Details of Aiken Mob Murder Unearthed

NEW YORK, Nov. 7 .- Names of lynchers and full details of the lynching of one colored woman, Bertha Lowman, and her brother and cousin at Aiken, S. Car., in the early morning of October 8, have been obtained on the spot by Walter White, assistant secretary of the National Association for the Advance of Colored People. All facts have been submitted in a letter to Governor McLeod

White says: "This makes the 41st lynching I have investigated, besides eight race riots. In none of them have I seen the depravity, barbarity and terrorism which exists in and near Aiken." He was urged by a white man who helped him to say he was "sent by god," because a group had met at this man's house praying for someone from outside the state to come in and show up the terrible sit-

K. K. K. Job

The lynching was planned and executed by ku klux klan members, White found. Officers of the law took part in the lynching and some acted as "official executioners." The sheriff and his assistants were parties to the crime, turning over the victims to the mob. Reputable white citizens of the community go armed in fear of klan ring lawlessness. "The predicament of colored people can easily be imagined," says White.

In 1924 the Lowman family moved to a farm near Aiken. The white farm owner and another white man quarreled and the other man, to embarrass place. White says that white people rades," writes I. Spivak, agent there. with whom he talked gave the Lowindustrious workers.

Anonymous Letter.

An anonymous letter to the sheriff brought an attempted raid, where the officers did not show badges and began the shooting. One Lowman woman was killed, Bertha was wounded and her brother, Clarence, was hurt. At the trial it was brought out that Sheriff Howard, a participant in the raid, was killed by pistol shots, and the sheriffs had pistols, not the Lowmans. The trial was farcical, with feeling running high, and the three Lowmans were found guilty of murder. A colored attorney voluntarily filed an appeal which was so able that the supreme court reversed the convictions and the defendants were on second trial and expected to be freed of the charges when lynched.

#### Workers' School Has Course in Study of World Imperialism

NEW YORK, Nov. 7 .- The Workers' School has not only added many new instructors to its staff this year, but has also gotten back so mer instructors who had temporarily been occupied elsewhere. Among these is Juliet Stuart Poyntz, the former director of the Workers' School and instructor in labor schools for many years in history and sociology

The course that she will give at the school this year is entitled "Background of World Imperialism," to be given on Friday night from 8 to 9:15 p. m. This course is one of the special fields in which Miss Poyntz has done a great deal of previous teaching, for it deals with modern European his tory as a background to an understanding of the development of world imperialism, covering the political and economic development of Europe since the French revolution.

Register any afternoon or evening at the Workers' School, room 35, 108 East 14th street, New York City.

Missouri Man Slain.

was slain today by an assailant who with which to collect goods. escaped without leaving tangible clews. The finding of Freeman's body with jewelry and money left untouched, discarded robbery as a pos- it. Come down and learn how in the

#### WORKER, HELD IN PRISON, HAD NO MONEY, BUT HE FINDS A WAY TO HELP KEEP THE DAILY WORKER

Comrade Leonard Farnell, miner, held in the state penitentiary of Mon-

But that did not keep him from wanting to aid The DAILY WORKER in its present campaign to raise enough funds to maintain its existence. Leonard made a horse hair belt in prison and is sending it to The DAILY WORKER with the hope that it will be raffled off in Chicago and enough gotten from the raffle to bring a good sum to the campaign.

Leonard sent the belt thru Luke Passlich of Klien, Montana. Passlich

Must be Kept.

"Realizing that our DAILY WORK-PLOTS AGAINST ER must be kept by workers and sympathizers, because it is the best weapon we have against our enemies and if the workers lose it we will lose our fighting strength, Comrade Leonard Farnell, while at the state penitentiary made one horse hair belt, and instructed me to send it to The DAILY WORKER. He asked that it be raffled off by the comrades in up and crush the anti-fascist move-Chicago for the interest of the paper. ment abroad. I notice that the comrades are holding a ball or dance in Chicago, and this would come in handy for that.

International Branch Aids. ade Zaltman, was raised not by the is further indication of the weakening Jewish section of the city alone, but national branch. "In fact," writes an ever-growing opposition that, oper-Pearlman, "those who are interested ating illegally has become all the more The members pledged \$300 and sent the money in immediately, by making a loan, and are now paying off the loan in weekly payments.

Italian Comrades Help. tion 1, Philadelphia, for the benefit of exile in isolated localities or imprison-The DAILY WORKER amounted to \$53.48. "Full credit for the success-Farmer Hartley, told the sheriff that ful affair is due to the sincere and Lowmans made whiskey on his untiring efforts of our Italian com-

#### mans a good character as law-abiding, New Branch of I. L. D. Organized at Sacco and Vanzetti Meeting

CLEVELAND, Nov. 7. - A Sacco-Vanzetti protest meeting held by a group of Hungarian workers at the ment for the sending out of reports in Hungarian National Home, 8811 Buckeye Road, was addressed by Carl

Hacker, local secretary of the I. L. D. The meeting was attended by a group of about 40 who listened at tentively to the story of the latest de velopments in the case of Sacco and Vanzetti, and a general outline of the work which is being carried on by International Labor Defense.

A number of copies of the Novemper issue of the Labor Defender were sold, a collection of \$20.65 was taken, and as a fitting climax, an expression of approval on the part of hose at the meeting of the work beng conducted by the I. L. D. a branch vas organized with twenty members.

This is only a beginning in the diection toward a branch of 100 members which these comrades have pledged themselves to organize.

Members of the I. L. D. are re-114 West Superior Ave., Room 606.

#### Daily Worker Builder Group to Have Booth for Passaic Relief

NEW YORK, Nov. 7. - DAILY WORKER builders of New York will Greenpoint, Brooklyn.

WORKER is urged to help make this azaar a great success for the Passaic strikers. Donations and articles will TRENTON, Mo., Nov. 7. - Jack eastern agency, 108 East 14th street. Freeman, 38, restaurant proprietor, Ask L. E. Katterfeld for credentials

> "The pen is mightier than the sword," provided you know how to use worker correspondent's classes

> > Everybody Welcome

Memorial Meeting

COMMEMORATING THE

Haymarket Martyrs

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1926

at SOCIAL TURNER HALL

BELMONT AVE, AND PAULINA ST.

International Labor Defense: EMIL AR-

NOLD, President Painters' Local 275;

MATHILDE KALOUSEK, Secretary of

Speakers: JAMES P. CANNON, Sec'y.

Czecho Slovak Section, I. L. D.

ADMISSION 10c.

(Continued from page 1)

\* Fascism Cracking

ROME, Nov. 7. - The further strengthening of the iron laws and Another letter from S. R. Pearlman | decrees for the "safety of the state" of Washington, D. C., asks that it be and the assumption by Mussolini of stated that the \$300 raised by the another portfolio, that of Minister of Sacco and Vanzetti: comrades there, and sent in by Com- Interior abandoned by Sig. Federzoni, position of fascism in Italy. The faparty itself discord that can easily develop into a real crisis.

Unprecedented power has been given the pólice to use their discretion Proceeds from an affair held by sec- fenses, either, as in Czarist Russia, to ment in one of the half dozen Italian of Labor at the Cincinnati, El Paso

Operate Abroad.

The laws not only operate against persons in Italy but include both Italians and foreigners known to be guilty of political acts against fascism. These, the law provides can be proecuted when they set foot on Italian soil. Foreigners residing in Italy are not exempt and the new regulations make newspaper correspondents subject to five to fifteen years imprisonwhich fascism is attacked.

#### Queen Marie Shakes Down Henry Ford; Hill Quits When Ignored

(Continued from page 1)

ing deniels of Ayre's statements, fearng perhaps domestic troubles of his own. Ford claims that he doesn't even know Ayres, but he has failed to explain how Ayres has the authority to arrange for Ford automobiles every town the queen stops.

With Ayres and Hill gone, Marie prepared to settle down again and minded that the place and date of give a darn who she was, sent her now being received at the local office, certain that the governor there would bow down to her like the others and join the happy party.

### Engdahl Urges St. Louis American Revolution

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 7 .- Workers worker builders of New York will conduct a booth at the bazaar arranged for the Passaic textile strikers by the Polish relief committee Noby I. Louis Engdahl, editor of The DAILY WORKER, to commemorate the workers, and demand the immediate release of Sacco and Vanzetti. vember 18, 19 and 20 in the Polish the Ninth Anniversary of the Bolshe-National Home, 261 Driggs avenue, vik Revolution of 1917 by building their own power thru the Workers Drive for Organizing Every reader of The DAILY (Communist) Party and thru the trade unions.

It was not enuf, declared Engdahl, to celebrate the victory of our combe received by The DAILY WORKER rades in the Union of Soviet Republics. We must struggle harder in the United States, he said, to accomplish our Bolshevik Revolution here in America.

There were speakers for the Young Workers League and the Pioneers. The celebration opened with the singing of the International and closed with the Red Flag.

Why not a small bundle of The DAILY WORKER sent to you regular. ly to take to your trade union meeting?





Over 70 cartoons by 17 leading ar-PRICE ONE DOLLAR

#### ARMED PRISONERS CAN'T **ESCAPE FROM TOMBS, BUT** ANNIE SIMPLY WALKS OUT

NEW YORK, Nov. 7 .- Three men heavily armed, recently lost their lives in an unsuccessful attempt to escape from Tombs prison, but today one woman, unarmed, succeeded with ease.

"Light-Fingered Annie" Brown, who has been arrested ten times and served at least two prison terms. used the simplest method of escape yet devised. She simply walked out.

Annie was being taken thru the building with several other prisones by a quard. She started to run. and the guard dared not follow for fear the others would escape. Just how Annle reached the street has not yet been discovered.

#### Hungarian Workers Pase Resolution on Sacco and Vanzetti

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 7. -Hunga rian workers have passed the following resolution demanding that the state of Massachusetts give justice to

Whereas, Nicola Sacco and Bartoomeo Vanzetti, two champions of labor, have had their appeal for a new by all of the members of the Inter-scist party is not only confronted with trial from an unjust murder conviction denied by the trial judge and the men will automatically be sentenced in the Jewish section gave very lit- dangerous, but is experiencing in the to the electric chair unless this action is reversed, and

Whereas, the attorneys for Sacco and Vanzetti have asked the supreme court for a rehearing on the basis of in deporting persons for political of still further proof of a frame-up in the murder conviction, and

Whereas, the American Federation

and Detroit conventions has gone on record demanding a new trial and has pranded their conviction as a "ghastly niscarriage of justice," therefore be it Resolved, that this meeting of Hungarian workers, assembled in the Hungarian National Home, 8811 Buckeye oad, Cleveland, Ohio, on October 31, lemand that the state of Massachuetts give justice to our two persecuted fellow-workers, Sacco and Vanzetti, who have dedicated their lives to this cause, and grant them the new trial common justice demands, and be

Resolved, that copies of this resolu ion be sent to Governor Alvan T. Ful er, State House, Boston, Mass., and to

#### N. Y. Fur Workers Pass Resolution on Sacco-Vanzeti

NEW YORK, Nov. 7 .- The following esolution protesting the denial of new trial to Sacco and Vanzetti by in which to transport her majesty in Judge Thayer of Massachusetts was passed at a recent meeting of the Fur riers' Union here:

Whereas, Sacco and Vanzetti have been proceed with the revelry on the train, but the word received from Califor-but the word received from Califor-which all evidence proves they have not

the Bazaar have been changed to off to bed, gnashing her teeth. After the queen sent her "beautiful," but illustrate message to California, she felt literate message to California, she felt literate message to California, she felt captain that the governor there would of doubt that Sacco and Vanzetti have been framed up by the department of justice and the state authorities because they are radicals, and

Whereas, the sole crime of Sacco and Vanzetti is their loyalty and unselfish service to the working class, be it there-

Workers to Build for Resolved, that we vehemently protest against any further imprisonment of Sacco and Vanzetti and against the decison of the Superor Court of Massachu-

setts, and be it further
Resolved that we pledge our wholehearted support to the defense of Sacco

### of an Anti-Imperialist League Branch in N. Y.

By SYLVAN A. POLLACK. (Special to The Daily Worker)

o organize an active functioning unit of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League in New York is being started by those who are in charge of the work of that organization here.

With the question of the freedom American imperialism, an issue which will come before the next session of him for judgment. congress, together with the coming report of the Thompson mission to President Coolidge, an energetic campaign of all forces who desire to work for Philippine independence, as well as against all manifestations of imperialism by the American government, is of utmost importance at the

New York branch of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League and make it possible for this important work to be done at once.

Erect Radio Station.

MOSCOW, Nov. 7.-The erection of radio station has been started in Yakutsh. The far-away district will e thus connected with Irkutsh and

Your neighbor will appreciate he favor-give him this copy the DAILY WORKER.

# SACCO, VANZETTI CASE IS ONE OF "CLASS JUSTICE"

#### Workers Must Watch Judge Thayer

By EUGENE LYONS, Federated Press.

(Federated Press offers here the

first of several articles on the development of the Sacco-Vanzetti case, written by newspaper men formerly ntimately connected with the case. Judge Webster Thayer's denial of he latest of many motions for a new rial of Sacco and Vanzetti will probably be sustained by the Massachuwon a certain amount of support for whe case in so-called "respectable" cir cles. These circles are shocked by Thayer's long-winded refusal of the new trial motion. They are shocked by his unjudicial attack on Attorney Thompson. They are altogether as or the first time.

Tries to Justify Self.

But those who have been closest to he case and have therefore watched Thayer's behavior most persistently are neither shocked nor surprised. His wordy refusal to give Sacco and six-year-old story. His "opinions" are ust nervous attempts to justify his wn conduct. Ever since his conduct of the original trial was criticized all ver the world Thayer has behaved ike a man anxious at all costs to prove his own fairness. To grant a new trial might throw doubt on his the mistress of a monastery! part in the judicial farce which ended n Sacco's and Vanzetti's conviction.

It seems to me that the labor moveix years, ought to bear several things n mind as the fight for justice coninues and intensifies.

First. That the persecution of Sacco and Vanzetti is a class perseution. Their case is not an excepclass defense.

Evidence in Old Case. Second. That the evidence on which

ne working class demands a new trial not limited to the affidavits just he atmosphere of prejudice and hared in which it took place. It inludes the proofs of prejudice on hayer's part, obvious in his instrucons to the jury and his statements to bley of the Boston Globe and other wspaper men.

It includes, above all, the mass of vidence brought to light by Former Defense Counsel Fred H. Moore and nade the basis of previous motions or a new trial-confessions of perjury y important government witnesses, xposes of other witnesses as thieves nd persons of bad character, testinony of eye witnesses found by the ttention paid to the last motion has bscured the previous motions, which re just as important.

Massachusetts "Justice."

Third. That the whole machinery f Massachusetts "justice" is absurd when it leaves it to Thayer-himself accused of responsibility in bringing about the verdict-to prevent a new trial. The fact that his action can be appealed is no protection because the righer courts rule on law and not on fact; but it is on facts, on new evidence, that the new trial is demanded.

The common element in the three matters I mentioned is Thayer. His attacks on defense attorneys-at the trial and in each of his decisions since-must not be overlooked. Nor the manner in which his own reputation would be damaged by a new trial for the two men. I believe it essential for the working class of the whole world to pay special attention to this phase-and to call it to the attention NEW YORK, Nov. 7 .- A campaign of the governor of Massachusetts.

There is ample ground on which the overnor can take whatever steps are udicial office, so that this judge at east will not continue to be a menace to all workers, particularly foreignof the Philippines from the rule of born and those with opinions con trary to his, when they came before

#### Result of Auto Slump Is Felt in Cleveland

CLEVELAND, Nov. 7-The decrease n the output of autos is the cause of a serious cut in employment in this city. The payroll cut in the automotive All individuals, as well as organiza- field alone amounted to 16.8 per cent. tions, who realize the importance of The lumber, non-ferrous metals, wood- stage? this work should affiliate with the working and electrical plants also had a cut, with iron and steel about balancing. The total labor reduction in Cleveland amounted to 4.4 per cent during October.

#### **OVERCOATS**

Good, slightly used overcoats (also suits) at

\$10.00 FOGEL'S - 943 W. MADISON



(Copyright, 1926, by Upton Sinclair)

"Shall I tell them, Papa?" It was bluff, for Annabelle was very prim, and never indulged in vulgarity. But the bluff went, and the great man set down his glass. "I surrender! Take the stuff away." Whereat everybody applauded, and it gave the party a merry start.

Strange as it might seem, Annabelle was a pious Catholic. Just how she managed to fix things up with her priests Bunny setts supreme court, as it upheld never knew, but she gave freely to charity, and you would find Thayer in the past. The last motion her featured at benefits for Catholic orphan asylums and things of that sort. At the same time her little head was as full of superstitions as an old Negro mammy. She would not have started a picture on a Friday for the whole of Vernon's eight million dollar endowment. When you spilled the salt, she not merely advised you to throw some of it over your shoulder, she did it for you, if necessary. Once, at luncheon, she made a girl flustered as the this were happening friend eat at a side table, because otherwise there would have been thirteen, and this girl, being the youngest, would have fallen

At the same time she was very good. She really liked you, and liked to have you around, and when she begged you to come back, she meant it. Nor would she make unkind remarks about you after you were gone. Along with the ecstacies of the artistic Vanzetti the benefit of any doubt is a temperament, she had escaped its gnawing jealousies; she was one of the few lady-stars before whom it was safe to praise the work of other lady-stars, Bunny found. Also, she had an abiding respect for him, because he had read books, and had ideas about front pages of the newspapers as a dangerous "pink," served to lend him that same halo of mystery and romance, which the public assigned to Annabelle as a luminary of the screen world, and

"Harve," said Annabelle, "there's time for you to show Mr. ment, which has given generously of Ross over the place before dinner." And so Bunny got to see ts energy and resources in the last what a country place could be like, so that he could make his father give him one. But Harvey Manning did not make a very good escort. To show off a show-place you need some one of an admiring disposition, whereas "Harve" had seen too many places and was inclined to patronize them all.

There were almost as many buildings on this estate as there ion to the rule of justice, but an ex- were tanks at the Paradise refinery; only these were Gothic tanks mple of capitalist justice. The de- with miniature towers and steeples and crenellations and machiense must therefore be conducted as colations. There was no chapel or place of worship, nor tombs of ancient abbots; but there was a gymnasium, with a swimming pool of green marble, and a bowling alley, and squash courts and tennis courts, and a nine hole golf course, and a polo fieldeverything you would find at the most elaborate country club. arned down by Thayer. It includes There was a stable with saddle horses ridden mostly by grooms, he record of the first trial itself, and and a library read only by motion picture directors looking up local color-or at any rate that was Harvey's tale about it.

Also there was a regular menagerie of local creatures. The hired men and their youngsters had discovered that such gifts pleased the master, so they brought in evreything they could capture. There was an enclosed park with deer and mountain sheep, and heavily barred dens with grizzly bears shambling over the rocks, and wild cats and coyotes and mountain lions dozing in the shade. There was a giant dome covered with netting, with a big dead tree inside, and eagles seated thereon. An eagle in his native state, sailing with supreme dominion through the azure deep of air, has been a thrilling theme for poets; but sitting in a cage he is a melancholy object. "Some of your red friends in jail!" Harvey Manning remarked in passing.

But even the most blase man of the world has something nia that Governor Richardson didn't give a darn who she was, sent her give a darn who she was, sent her give a darn who she was, sent her size a darn who she was size a darn who lefense since the trial, admission that in which he is interested, so Bunny found. Presently his guide wagon" until that hour of each day, and when it drew near, he was about ready to jump out of his skin. So they strolled back, and a Chinese boy clad in white duck had evidently learned to expect him, and was on hand with a tray. Harvey took two drinks, to make up for lost time, and then he sighed contentedly, and revealed that he could talk without a drawl.

When Bunny came down for dinner there was quite a company assembled-some in evening dress and some in golf clothes and some in plain business suits like the host-it was "liberty hall," according to the caption. Roscoe was talking politics to Fred Orpan-the drubbing they were going to give the Democratic party. Roscoe did the talking, for the other was a queer silent creature, tall and lean, with a tall, lean face, like a horse. He had the strangest grey-green eyes, that somehow looked absolutely empty; you would decide that his head was empty too, when he would listen and say nothing for an hour-but this would be a mistake, for he was the directing head of a great chain of oil enterprises, and Dad said he was sharp as a steel trap.

Also there was Bessie Barrie, because good form required that she be invited wherever Orpan went. He had backed her in several pictures, and she was "paying the price," as the current phrase ran; but it wasn't quite the same respectable arrangement as in the case of Roscoe and his Annabelle, because Bessie had been in love with her director, and he was still in ecessary to remove Thayer from his love with her, and the attitude of the two men was far from cordial. This was explained to Bunny by Harvey Manning, gossip-in-chief, who had now had several more drinks, and got his tongue entirely loosened. Bunny noted that the hostess had tactfully placed the rival males at opposite ends of the table.

They were in a smaller cathedral now, known as the "refectory"; and Bunny was in the seat of honor, at the right of the charming Annabelle, transformed from a lemon-colored shepherdess to a duchess in white satin. On her left sat Perry Duchane, her director, telling about the cuts in the first two reels, which he had brought along for a showing. Next to him was a vacant seat; some lady was late, and Bunny was too young in the ways of the world to know that this is how great personages secure importance to themselves. It was his first meeting with actresses, and how should he know that they sometimes act off-

(Continued Tomorrow.)

#### КРЫМСКИЙ БАЛ THIRD ANNUAL ENTERTAINMENT AND BALL Given by the

First Crimean Brotherhood of America, Inc. at NEW HARLEM CASINO 116th St. & Lenox Ave., New York City Saturday Eve, November 20, 1926

Чебуреки,

Турецк.

### Organized Labor-Trade Union Activities

News and Comment Labor Education Labor and Government Trade Union Politics

### FIVE HUNDRED **MINERS ATTEND BROPHY MEETING**

#### Vote to Support the Opposition Slate

LUZERNE, Pa., Nov. 7 .- Five hundred miners of Old Forge were in atendance at the meeting of the Brophy lection campaign committee here a ew days ago. As many more would have been present if the weather were not as bad as it was. The meeting was spirited thruout, and for once the U. M. W. A. field workers failed to break up an opposition meeting.

remembered that Panne did everything fur goods by 45.5 per cent. he possibly could to defeat him (the Mr. Panne thought he would do it cent. himself by taking into the meeting a group of paid sluggers.

The speakers were Patrick Toohey, A. Organti (in Italian), a Polish speaker, and Alex Campbell, ex-international board member of District No. 1, who was re-elected at the last election, but counted out by the Cappellini tellers in favor of Brislin, the machine

Toohey Chief Speaker.

Toohey spoke in detail on the program of the opposition, being the principal speaker of the meeting. Reviewing the tremendous loss of membership, the rise in the averages of the non-union production over the union production, he stated it was neecssary that every coal miner in America be organized before the safety of the United Mine Workers of America could be assured. Speaking in detail, the program of the opposition, organization of the unorganized, nationalization of mines, a labor party, reinstatement of all expelled members, national agreements covering the anthracite and soft coal regions in order to eliminate the scabbery now prevalent, the election of all organizers, field workers and other employes of the union which would eliminate the basis of the machine building and political gumshoeing in the organization, were some of the important points covered.

Where Is Check-Off? The speaker took up the anthracite situation, the demands of the tri-dis- is one of the most important pieces motion to three members of the teach- anybody else. trict convention, and the results of the of work the organization has under- ers' union because of "radical ideas." six-months' strike. The question was taken. raised where is the check-off which the administration assured the miners was won? Where was the 10 per cent increase for contract miners and the \$100 day increase for all day men employed in and around the mines? Where was the two-year contract with the recognition of the union, the tonnage issue, the question of increase in prices for rock and deadwork, and many other things the miners fought

Quoting from the anthracite agreement it was shown explicitly where the anthracite mine workers, thru their leaders, are working under a contract saturated and reeking with arbitration, despite the many and emphatic assertions of the administration that no arbitration would be tolerated.

It was brought out that the only thing which will save the miners' union from complete extinction is the repudiation of the Lewis leadership and the election of the opposition slate who are pledged to the program which will solve the ills of the industry and of the organization.

Threatened Violence,

Mr. Panne, who was present, appeared to resent the remarks of the speaker. He was given the floor to chew the rag as long as he wanted and he did it to perfection. The longer he spoke the more of an ass he made of himself. Stating openly to the audience that he would stand for no criticism, he turned to Toohey and said, "If you criticize me, and I am an organizer, I'll riddle you." Upon being invited by Toohey to start "riddling," Mr. Panne changed his mind and thereupon proceeded to make a fool of Open Workers' Home himself by attempting to defend Cappellini and Lewis. Under discussion, Panne was "panned" by the rank and filers for his conduct in the Pennsylvania Coal strike, the Pittston strike, and his accepting a job as organizer from Cappellini after he had fought Cappellini as a "betrayer" for months. A motion was adopted and unanimously carried to support the opposition ticket, Mr. Panne voting "No" alone, but we don't consider him.

### **GINSBERG'S**

Vegetarian Restaurant 2324-26 Brooklyn Avenue, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

#### SEASONAL BUSINESS CONDITIONS ADD TO NUMBER OF WORKERS IN ILLINOIS AND NEW YORK PLANTS

By LELAND OLDS, Federated Press.

Factory employment in Illinois rose 2.2 per cent during September and reached the highest point since May, 1924, according to the monthly report of the state department of labor. With the winter just a little way off, says the report, 37,000 more persons are drawing pay at the factories than at this

The employment level in Illinois factories is now about 3 per cent above the average of the year 1922, which is used as a base in computing the index

tember 4, Illinois ranked third in the

New York Employment Gains.

n September, 1925. Between March

and the low point of the year New

The September report features the

inusually large gain in the clothing

TEACHERS HELD

New York Board

(Special to The Daily Worker)

with the "approval" of the board.

. Hollingsworth Wood.

Barbers' Local 657

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 7. - The

Journeymen Barbers', International

passed the following resolution upon

Whereas, Mr. Debs inspired and ed-

against war and all other evils, and

the death of Eugene V. Debs:

him, therefore be it

Eugene V. D

Included on the committee are: Dr.

George A. Coe, director of religious

CHILDREN SPUR FROM PROMOTION

INVESTIGATION ACCOUNT IDEAS

numbers. It is between 5 per cent+ and 6 per cent above the September short time. Current reports of the figure in either 1924 or 1925, but is U. S. bureau of mines show that durstill 51/2 per cent below September, ing the weeks of August 28 and Sep-

The free employment offices placed production of soft coal and lost this nore applicants in September than in place to Kentucky in the week of any other month since the service was September 11 by a bare 4,000 tons. inaugurated. In spite of this there Mines reporting regularly to the dewere still more workers looking for partment showed an increase of 2 per jobs than jobs available. The official cent in the number of men employed. ration for the month was 123 appli- While this increase is not as great as cants for each 100 jobs.

Big Gains Seasonal.

Changes in a majority of the indus- increasing activity at the mines that Tony Panne, district organizer of the tries were small, the big gains being were opened some time ago. Corrob-U. M. W. A. with several others bench- seasonal. Among these the canneries oration of this fact is seen in the inmen of Cappellini conferred with the increased their forces by 288.1 per crease of 12.5 per cent in wage pay-Burgess and sought to have the meet | cent, candy factories by 43.7 per cent, | ments to miners during the month." firms making miscellaneous leather The burgess, on the other hand, goods by 137.5 and manufacturers of

The iron and steel industry added burgess) at the last election and so 1.2 per cent to the number of its em- 21/2 per cent to the number of emdid not seem very receptive to Mr. ployes, but car building plants laid off ployes on their payrolls in September, Panne's proposals and refused to in- 4.9 per cent and automobile factories according to the monthly report of the terfere with the meeting. Failing to 2 per cent of their workers. The tex- state industrial commissioner. Emhave the burgess stop the meeting, tile industry showed a gain of 1.3 per ployment is now at the same level as

Garment Trades Lower. The garment trades alone of the York factories laid off approximately nine major industrial groups show em- 83,000 workers. Since July about ployment below the level of Septem- 40,000 have resigned their jobs. ber, 1925. Altogether there are about 61/2% fewer workers with jobs than a year ago. During September, men's industry, in part seasonal and in part clothing firms laid off 5.2 per cent of due to settlements by individual shops their employes but the decline in em- involved in the strike of the ladies' ployment in women's clothing halted clothing, workers. Altogether the with a gain of 8.3 per cent over Au-

Reports from the coal mines indi- Other important changes were gains cate continued improvement. Accord- of 4 per cent in the steel mills and 2 ing to the statement: "Announce- per cent in automobile factories, and ments came to the department of 11 an 8 per cent layoff by railroad equipmines to resume operations within a ment shops.

Not Deter Injuries

NEW YORK-(FP) -A national

survey of accidents to child workers

has been started by the National Con-

studied accidents to working children

Pennsylvania state labor department.

Many injuries, technically called

temporary disabilities, did in fact,

permanently, on his very entrance in-

the league declares, weaken the child

From a preliminary survey of re-

cent publications of the federal Chil-

dren's bureau, New York Bureau of

official reports of Wisconsin and Illi-

nois, it is all too evident, says the

league, that children in industry are

cost of compensation is not assuring

such greatly increased safety for

Lack Information.

There is a dearth of information

of accidents to working children, the

league finds. It is the purpose of

the league's national survey to dig

out the facts. Pennsylvania's labor

department revised its record keep-

ing methods after the 1924-25 study

Now the nature and cause of all acci-

dents, especially those to minors.

The Ohio Consumers League, co-op-

erating with the State Industria-

Commission, is working on a similar

study to the one done in Pennsyl-

in Passaic, Nov. 13

PASSAIC, N. J., Nov. 7 .- The new

Workers' Home in Passaic will have

its official opening Saturday night,

Nov. 13. A building in 27 Dayton Ave.

with a large hall and several meeting

rooms, it will be a real home for all

class-conscious workers. It will

house the Workers' School, the I. L.

D. branches, the Women's Councils,

the youth and children organizations,

A subscription to The DAILY

a place where workers of all nation-

alities will meet.

way. Try

will be accessible.

them as generally assumed.

not really compensated and that the said.

tation

to industry.

ACCIDENTS TO

Policies and Programs The Trade Union Press Strikes-Injunctions Labor and Imperialism

### Better, They Say

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON-Protest against a proposal that the federal government investigate the facts as to investment, operating costs, marketing efficiency and profits of the coal industry is made in a long editorial in the Amerin August when 12.7 per cent more ican Mining Congress Journal, pubmen were taken on, it yet denotes an lished by the American Mining Congress in Washington.

The investigation is suggested in the Journal's own pages in an article by Samuel A. Taylor, president of the American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers. He asks that a governmental fact-finding agency be et up under the direction of the De-Factories in New York state added partment of Commerce, "clothed with authority to secure coal information.'

Denies Coal Monopoly. In substance, the Journal denies that that the coal industry be given "the same privilege now given to agriculture and labor-such an exemption from the Sherman anti-trst laws as will permit them to regulate and stabilize their own business.'

#### Postal Workers Want Five-Day Week Put in Effect on U. S. Mails

needle trades added about 10 per cent to the number of workers employed. BOSTON, Nov. 7-(FP)-Since the ive-day week is proving a success in private industry, Massachusetts postal clerks want it tried in postal service. The state branch of the National Federation of Postoffice Clerks meeting in convention passed a resolution to

> Weekly pay is asked instead of wice-a-month payment.

The letter carriers want to retain heir seniority ranking when transerred to clerical duty in postoffices.

There will be too many lame ducks n the next session of congress for ostal workers to expect any wage ncreases or improvements in their Compensation Laws Do Committee of 100 Faces working conditions, national secretary-treasurer Thomas F. Flaherty told the convention. He said he expected more lame ducks than for many years in this congress and that

#### a citizens' committee of 100 has been The Eastern Pennsylvania league formed. The teachers who are dis-Navy Yard Machinists criminated against are Dr. Abraham

in 1924-25, with co-operation of the Lefkowitz, teacher in history in the High School of Commerce; Dr. Jesse It was found that in one year 8,746 Wallace Hughan, teacher of English WASHINGTON, Nov. 7. - (FP)children were disabled in industrial in Textile High School, and Ruth Gil-Navy yard machinsts, 5,000 in all, are accidents; 56 of these children were lette Hardy, head of the department killed; 152 injuries resulted in ampu- of economics in the Girls' High School, ton, Boston and Portsmouth yards the and more to feed people during such commandants have recommended that disputes. All had qualifications for promothe existing rate of 84c be raised to tion, but this was denied them. It is 86c. At Philadelphia a raise from 84c charged that Dr. Lefkowitz was kept to 85c has been recommended. At New from promotion because he was to be York the recommendation of the com- proved by the co-operative congress a Communist. Dr. Hughan was pre- mandant is that the rate of 90c be vented from being promoted formally raised to 93c, while at Mare Island Women and Children in Industry, and to head of the department and receiv- and Bremerton on the Pacific coast operative stores and enterprises, inciacting head, because she was identi- rate be increased to 92c an hour.

fied wwith the socialist party, it is Negotiations of a new agreement for the coming year will follow hearings Miss Hardy, it was revealed, was which will open within two weeks. held back because of a letter she wrote The total navy yard force is about to a newspaper which did not meet 25,000, divided into more than sixty trades and occupations.

#### education, Teachers' College; Prof. Milk Producers' Co-Ops G. Bonser, Prof. John Dewey, Dr. John to Meet in Conference

Elliot, Prof. Franklin H. Giddings, Dr. S. S. Goldwater, Rev. Percey Stick-WASHINGTON- (FP)- Announce ney Grant, Arthur Garfield Hays, Rev. ment that over 700 delegates repre-John H. Holmes, Christopher Morley, senting 300,000 dairy farmers belong-Joseph P. Ryan, president Central ing to dairy co-operative associations Trades and Labor Council; John Sulin 30 states are to meet in convenlivan, president New York Federation tion in Cleveland, Nov. 10-11, is made of Labor: Mrs. Maud Swartz, viceby the Natl. Co-operative Milk Producpresident Women's Trade Union Label ers' Federation, in the capital, League; Rabbi Stephen S. Wise and

This federation is now 10 years old. all of the states, based on the Cali- the fornia act of 1909 and the Wisconsin law of 1911, exempting co-operatives pany is but \$26,000, a net earning of Honors 'Gene Debs from the provisions of state anti-trust \$16,580, or approximately 65 per cent, donate, laws and giving assistance to the movement. Milk producers now claim to be the most secure of any class of Union, Local 657, of Brownsville, at agricultural producers in the power of operative dividend, and the balance its special meeting Tuesday, Oct. 26, bargaining in the market.

New Bedford Mill Workers Still

Strike. ucated workers all over the world with NEW BEDFORD, Mass .- (FPhis consistent and militant stand Dartmouth Mill workers are still striking under direction of the Whereas, Mr. Debs served, for a American Federation of Textile Op half century, our labor and socialist eratives, independent union. Work now been laid off indefinitely, except WORKER for one month to the loss and we promise to follow the left on the looms. The workers dis-Resolved, that we mourn our great members of your union is a good footsteps of our late beloved leader, pute pay rates and certain changed conditions in mill work.

## Co-operative Section

**NEWS AND** COMMENT

This department will appear in every Monday's issue of the The DAILY WORKER.

### International Co-operation

CO-OPERATION has not developed on eaxctly similar lines abroad as in Britain. There are three general classes of Co-operative Association: (1) Societies of consumption, where ritain stands at the head.

(2) Societies of production, where France is pre-eminent.

(3) Societies of credit or banking. fully in Germany.

The most prominent fact abroad has been the tremendous growth of agricultural co-operation, notably in Denmark. We must note that this form

Irish co-operation is mainly agriculural and has shown a steady advance, of Labor and Defense. to receive a temporary set-back by the British government's terrorist tacsûbsequent Civil War.

Russia.

In Russia the modern movement tralization was inaugurated in 1898 by ment, expressing a revolt against prof. the league have been destroyed." teering and the inability of private trading interests to solve the problem of supplying the necessities of existvas increased five-fold.

ment. When the acute rationing pe-balance sheet has been issued. riod of military communism was over, A similar persecution of the Bul- manufactured articles of the C. W. S.

interest rates.

of the Russian co-operatives, this year bers. taking half of the co-operative produced Siberian butter (see below.)

In Russia they do not pay dividends prices, with a percentage added to man currency, accelerated by the milcover expenses of organization. Any itary occupation of the Ruhr. Credit surplus is used to extend the move- balances, reserves, and members' de s supplementary to individual culti- ment. There is a close contact be- posits were now practically worthvation, and seeks chiefly to give the tween the Trade Union and the Co-op-less as the result of the depreciated farmer a better profit. Also it tends erative Society, dual membership se-currency. Of course, "real" propero give the peasant proprietor some of curing important advantages to the ties are still extant. Hundreds of the advantages of large-scale product worker in obtaining his necessaries. small societies have gone out of ex-

The co-operative movement in Italy tics by the "black and tans," and the has suffered a severe setback by fascist violence. The International Cooutrages, with the complicity of the dates from about 1870, and had the police, had meant "brutality, violence ment is very weak in the United usual burden to bear of bureaucratic and devastation against co-operative States. obstruction and police espionage. Cen. institutions and also against co-operators." A strong resolution of proabout 300 societies being formed into test was sent to the Italian governhere is a coal monopoly, and urges the Moscow Union of Consumers' So- ment, but no reply was received. Dr. co-operators in different countries, and cieties, later known as the Central A. Suter (Switzerland) reported: "It for knowledge of their movements. Union of Co-operative Consumers' So- is impossible to form any idea of the but, as in the educational side of the cieties (Centrosoyus). There was a systematic destruction of the Italian movement, the preponderating distribrapid growth up to the beginning of co-operative societies by the fascists utive stores' influence is a retarding the war, the societies numbering unless it has been actually witnessed, one, 13,500 with a membership of 1,500,000 I could have spent many weeks and n 1914. During the war the national even months in Italy paying visits to able amount of international trading economic organization completely societies which had either been pil- and transactions in pre-war days, and proke down, and this resulted in a laged or set on fire . . . Approximately an interesting possibility is that of an rapid growth of the co-operative move- one-third of the societies belonging to International C. W. S. A recent de-

> damning report of fascist administra- Wheat Exporting Company, composed tion of the great Milan co-operative on the Russian side of the Soviet govence. Up to the time of the Revolu- movement which had been seized on ernment, Arcos, limited, and Centrotion in 1917, the numbers of societies the pretext of carrying out reforms. soyus, and on the English side of the had increased to 35,000 with a mem. The whole of the staff were discharg- C. W. S. and two independent brokbership of 11,500,000. The turnover ed and replaced by black-shirts. The ers. Arrangements have been made fascist directorate has increased its with the C. W. S. Bank and various In the Soviet struggle to "preserve fees from £120 per month, drawn by leading London banks for financial fahe revolution" the co-operative move- the preceding directors, to £300. cilities, viz., credits up to £1,000,000. ment was taken over in order to give Creditors have been forced to accept The nominal capital of the company. literal interpretation of "each ac- a composition of 10 shillings in the £100,000, is being deposited in Lonording to his need!" and also on ac- pound. Property and securities have don, and will not leave the country, count of counter-revolutionary tend- been mortgaged up to the hilt, and to the deal, confined in the first instance encies in the leadership of the move- cover the ruin of the society a cooked to the purchase of wheat, being in the

movement to its previous voluntary been carried out by the hirelings of basis. Encouragement is given by and directly by, the reactionary govsubstantial reduction in taxation, and ernment. The disastrous earthquake the State Bank gives credit at low in Japan has given a tremendous blow o the developing movement there. At The C. W. S. has given considerable the end of 1923 there were 14,259 cofinancial assistance in the restoration operative societies with 3,070,000 mem-

German co-operation which operates hrough many forms, some of which on purchases. Goods are sold at prices are unfamiliar to British co-operators. usually below the current market has suffered by the terrific fall in Ger-Any friction is dealt with by the istence. A notable feature is that ru-"Economic Board," or by the Council ral secreties are muck more stable than urban ones.

There is generally a closer co-orination on the continent between the hree sections of the labor movement industrial, political, and co-operative), operative Alliance reports that fascist than is the case in Britain. Especially is this so in Belgium. The move-

The International Co-operative Alliance works for intercourse between

The C. W. S. has done a considervelopment of interest is that of the La Co-operazione Italiana gives a formation of the Anglo - Russian nature of barter-wheat against the

#### Worker Co-operation HELP BRITISH British Unions Urge

A resolution urging all trade union-NEW YORK, Nov. 7.-To fight ac- they would be so busy asking favors ists to become active and purchasing tion of the board of superintendents for themselves that they would have members of their local co-operative sumers league in the belief that this of the public schools in denying pro- no time to look after the interests of societies was enthusiastically adopted by the recent British Trade Union ing to bring about a fuller development of working-class organization of Demand Dollar Rate industry and effective unity of purpose and action between the co-operative and trade union movements. It was pointed out by speakers that inasking that \$1 an hour be established dustrial disputes have to be fought this year as the uniform minimum on the workers' stomachs, and that rate for their work. At the Washing- the co-operatives should be used more

The new machinery for settling disputes between the co-operatives and their employes, which had been apat Belfast this year, was accepted by the Trades Union Congress. All coing proportionate pay, altho she was the recommendation is that the 91c dentally, demand that their employes belong to their respective trade unions.-Co-op. Pyramid Builder.

#### Michigan Has Million Dollar Farmer Co-op

DETROIT, Nov. 7 .- The Farmers' Co-operative Grain Company of Kinde, Michigan, has won its place in the ranks of million-dollar farmers' co-operative societies, according to the All-American Co-operative Commission, by

modest basis, now has 425 active mem- aid of their British class brothers. bers who market their crops of beans, wheat, rye, oats and barley thru their a relief campaign in your co-opera-It has secured fegislation in nearly pany in turn is linked up closely with stores. Circulate collection lists. Ar-While the original capital of the com- this purpose. Ask your membership was made on last year's million-dollar business. One-third this amount was refunded to the members in a co- operative movement should stand with kept in the company's treasury as additional working capital.

> Workers Hurt Constructing Government Radio Tower.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J .- (FP) Five men were severely injured when they fell 100 feet as the chains of the line hoisting them to the top of the movement with the best that was in ers who did not join the strike have government radio tower snapped. The men are working on the construction

> The best way-subscribe today. crease of 50 cents over the former PAILY WORKER.

#### Central Exchange in Appeal to Members

The Co-operative Central Exchange, an organization of midwestern consumers' co-operatives with headquarters at Superior, Wis., has sent the following appeal to its units to aid the brave miners' struggle in Great Brit- League is to be organized, embracing

The British coal miners are fighting against a 10 per cent wage reduction and a one-hour increase in the working day. Since May 1 they have fought with courage and self-sacrifice. This struggle is of great importance

to the workers of all countries. A defeat would mean an increase of exploitation in every capitalist country. The profiteer would use this defeat as a club against the workers and farmers in their respective countries. This struggle must therefore call forth the aid and solidarity of the workers of all countries.

In England, Germany, Soviet Russia and other European countries the labor and co-operative organizations are already giving aid. Organized labor in America has taken steps to help the British miners. American co-operatives should follow the exvirtue of its sales record for the past ample of the co-operatives in other countries and translate the great idea This flourishing farmers' marketing of co-operative solidarity into action o-operative, organized in 1911 on a and hasten to the financial and moral Co-operators! Organize immediately

o-operative grain company. The com- tives. Have a collection box in your Michigan Elevator Exchange. range dances and entertainments for meetings and board of directors to THE BRITISH STRIKE

These heroic miners with their families are facing starvation. The cothe miners.

You may send your donations thru the Co-operative Central Exchange, or thru the International Workers' Aid, 1553 West Madison street, Chicago, Yours for co-operation,

Co-operative Central Exchange. Scranton Plumbers Get Fifty Cents.

More.

SCRANTON, Pa .- (FP) -- Scranton union plumbers have accepted a new agreement running to May 31, 1928 making their pay \$10 a day, an in-

#### Waukegan Co-op Plans Educational Program

WAUKEGAN, Ill., Nov. 7 - The Coperative Trading Co. of Waukegan, Ill., has launched a great educational drive. The work is being carried on by a special department of education research which has been created with Oliver Carlson, well-known educator and lecturer, in charge.

The plan of work, which is already put into operation, embraces all phases from mass meetings and debates to study classes. The children are not to be neglect-

ed either. A Junior Co-operative all children between the ages of 8 and



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#### Fascism in a Barrel

The French secret police have unearthed a plot that is typical born struggle. There is no need to At the same time for those categories of the theatrical Mussolini and the bizzare efforts of the fascisti to recall that the first quarter of the 19th of workers for whom voting cannot be maintain precarious existence by pulling off stunts that are calculated to keep the population in a state of constant excitement.

It appears from the information at our service that the recent workers had to suffer the most intense ings are summoned by electoral comalleged attempt on the dictator's life was sponsored by Mussolini and persecutions for the slightest attempt missions in agreement with the unions that the assassination of a young Italian worker was by way of providing the necessary realism. What of it if a young lad must be of the complete prohibition of any trade unions. Besides this, irrespectstrangled in order to provide the ego-maniac Mussolini with an workers' organizations whatsoever in ive of this participation of the union Italian holiday?

What the French police have turned loose on the public puts tion of 1905. The subsequent law on on the Soviets themselves, not only fascism in a perforated barrel, provided the French are not pulling had for its object the stemming of the trade union masses, but also fascism in a perforated barrel, provided the French are not pulling the world's leg. We believe they are not, for good and sufficient the stormy growth of the trade unions, electoral district (town, province, state apparatus. However, the candireason that will be elucidated later on in The Daily Worker. For which task it fulfilled successfully. the present we shall confine ourselves to stating that Italy and All these historic facts are now well-definite number from the inter-union France are at loggerheads, because the Italian imperialists want what More important, however, is the fact the French imperialists have already succeeded in stealing from the that after the formal recognition on natives of northern Africa.

An Italian with the honored name of Garibaldi is charged by the rights of the workers to form their French with being an agent provocateur in the pay of Mussolini, own organizations, the working class was compelled by bitter experience to whose chief business it was to foment plots against the fascist dicta- admit the truth of Lassalle's conceptorship, to engage men to carry out his schemes and then to turn tion that every "constitution" (includthose men over to the fascist police. Press dispatches from Europe ing the law on trade unions) is nothstate that Garibaldi's brother has confessed all this, but a brother ing more nor less than an "expresof Garibaldi who lives in New York denies the accusation and The offensive of capitalism against declares that his brother and himself have always been bitter enemies labor in present-day England quite of fascism. We do not want to do anybody an injustice, tho we con-definitely confirms this conception, in fess that things look black for Garibaldi.

The political aim of Mussolini, it seems, was to create the impression in Italy that France was conspiring to overthrow the Italian the rights of the trade unions. And government. In order to strengthen the Spanish-Italian understand- since under bourgeois rule the real ing recently contracted by Mussolini and Primo de Rivera, and with correlation of forces always has the the object of increasing the bitterness between France and Spain, sharp end of the wedge directed Mussolini, thru Garibaldi—so runs the tale—organized a plot to riousness of the entire system of legal U.) with full voting powers. In apwrench the rebellious province of Catalonia from Spain, thru insur- norms which determine the framerection. Half of those participating in the alleged conspiracy are work of activity and the rights of the said to be fascist spies. The head of an honest Catalanian revolutionist is said to be hanging by a hair, as a result of Mussolini's plot. But as the hair is held by the French police it is likely that the Spanish rebel will keep his head for the time being.

Mussolini wanted to get the Italian populace excited against France and when the excitement was at fever heat to start a war, probably against Turkey to ward off a revolt against the tyranny of fascism at home.

The latest exposure of fascist intrigue shows up this spurious Mussolini as a political lunatic. It proves that the fascist dictatorship in Italy is sitting on a volcano. It proves that the eulogistic puffs of the Mussolini regime written by wandering scribblers are entirely composed of hokum and that the Italian workers and peasants, yes, even the middle and intellectual classes, are just about trade unions. Instead of the laws and lating economic life and establishing ing his bankrupt company association, ready to dynamite this political monstrosity into eternity.

#### UNITING OF CHINESE FARMERS PEASANTS WITH WORKERS WILL MEAN CERTAIN VICTORY FOR REVOLUTION

BERLAN, Nov. 7.-Underestimation of the farmers-peasants in the struggle for power, particularly in agrarian countries, is one of the greatest mis-lishes on the one hand the social and takes, the Presidium of the Farmers-Peasants International declared in an not state legal status of the trade open letter to the Peasants' and Farmers' International to the peasants' unions, as it presupposes the support section of the Kuomintang party in China, the liberation movement there.

"An active participation of the Chinese farmers and peasants in the struggle for freedom and the land with the workers, petty and middle strata, and the advanced intellectuals is a +

lutionary movement," the letter says. Task Is to Explain.

farmers-peasants masses the connection between the compradore, the local the national revolutionary movement. exploiter, the local military cliques At the same time it is necessary to and foreign imperialism. The expla- explain to the farmer and peasant nation of this radical evil of Chinese masses that just as it is impossible life, the organization of the farmers- to liberate China without the participeasants and increase of work for the pation of the farmers-peasants, so it formation of mass farmers-peasants is impossible to obtain satisfaction of tasks of the state it arises that the organizations in all provinces of China their vital demands without a true rights and powers of the trade unions on the basis of a platform comprehensible for the farmers-peasants masses, including all the basic demands put forward by the farmerspeasants themselves-that is what we consider the immediate and most important task of the national revolutionary party, Kuomintang, in its struggle for the emancipation of the Chinese

demands on the part of the working class, intellectuals, petty and middle strata of the urban population, will lead to a rapid rising of the activity of the wide farmers-peasants masses and the formation of a united front of the toilers of all China for the struggle to show their heads." against military cliques and imperial-

Cites Russia.

The letter urged the Kuomintang to take a lesson from the experience of the Russian revolution. The Red Army, it pointed out, won the support of the peasants and farmers by defending their right for land and by fighting for them. In the same way the Chinese revolutionists can win the support of the peasants and farmers by defending their right to land.

Must Win Confidence.

"The primary task of the Chinese

guarantee of the success of the revo- ants, to form farmers-peasants organizations thruout the whole country, to defend the every-day interests of the "Your stask is to explain to the farmers-peasants and to direct their invincible stream into the channel of ally in the towns.

Victory Sure.

"If you really unite the widest armer-peasant masses of all China under your banners, if you are able the struggle in alliance with the working class and national revolutionary elements of Chinese society, the Kuomintang party will not only ward off has a very broad structure and grants "Support of the farmers-peasants the blows of the imperialists and these unions rights unknown in the counter-revolutionary forces directed against China, but will also be able ica. to attach a powerful mass to the movement, which, like a whirlwind, will sweep away the enemies of the Chinese people that are beginning now

### Transportation Means in Soviet Russia Are

MOSCOW, Nov. 7 .- The total number of lines of interurban, suburban and city motor transport within the borders of the U.S.S.R. amounts to 153, of a total distance of 7,096 kilometers, the work of Moscow motor busses amounting to 75 per cent of all regular motor connections in the U.S. revolutionaries of the working class S. R. The next place in motor transand of the Kuomintang party is to win port is occupied by Transcaucasia, the confidence of the farmers-peas- where 25 lines are working.

Trade Unions a Real Power in the Soviet Union-Sole Lawful Representatives of Workers, They Play An Important Part in Production-Code of Labor Laws Recog-

nized Trade Union Power-Participate In All Phases of Social Activity

By V. YAROTSKY.

to unite against their masters, nor and must take place under the chair-

known to every educated worker, organizations, the part of the bourgeoisie of the sion of the real correlation of forces.' view of the policy of the conservative government of Great Britain, which is most definitely based on restricting against the working class, the precatrade unions in capitalist countries becomes evident.

#### U. S. S. R. Presents Different Case.

proletarian dictatorship established in the U.S.S. R. after the October revovas a radical shifting in the entire system of correlation of social forces: he rule of the bourgeoisie was reclass. This, in the first place, was bound to be reflected by a change in the very nature of the legislation on S. S. R. are a part of the fundanental laws of the workers' and peasants' country in which the government is constructed on the basis of working class rule. Article 10 of the constitution of the U.S.S.R. estabof state organs to the unions, as workers' organizations constructed on the basis of independent activity. On the other hand, this article definitely brings the trade unions into the system of social relations, enjoying particular privileges in the workers' state. It implies the grant of premises as "labor palaces," "trade union houses," etc., rent free, reduction in the trade union movement extremely telephone, railway and water transport, etc.

Already from the mere fact of the clusion of support of the trade mions being amongst the fundamental in the U. S. S. R. must be regarded as something quite different from those in bourgeois countries. Under condi- fore the administration of the entertions of proletarian dictatorship these rights are a system of social relations o lead the farmers and peasants into which strengthen the proletarian dictatorship itself.

This is the reason why the legislation on trade unions in the U.S.S.R. legislation of western Europe or Amer-

Sole Lawful Body of Workers.

THRST of all, according to the labor | protection organs. legislation of the U.S.S.R., the trade unions are the only lawful representatives of the workers in social, olitical and economic life. This coneption is formulated in the "code of abor laws" in the following manner: Developed with Speed zens working for wages in state, so-The trade unions, which comprise citiial and private enterprises, institutions and businesses have the right to TN the various forms of economic orapproach various organs on behalf of I ganizations of a social nature (conthe wage earners as a party conclud- sumers co-operatives, housing co-op- by company union tyranny. ing collective agreements and also act eratives) in the insurance offices creatall labor and social questions (article the trade unions have no less impor- Workers is slowly awakening to the

tors: in the factor of elections to the workers' co-operatives is in the hands poration has never tried the company \$85,000,000, should be reopened.

| Soviets, and in the factor of repre-THE history of the working class sentation on the Soviets. In the electhruout the whole world has dem- tions to the Soviet from the factories onstrated that the workers have se- the participation of the trade unions cured the right of organization only as in which the workers of the given enthe result of the most fierce and stub- terprises are organized is obligatory. century was an epoch of the struggle | conducted in enterprises (commercial of the British workers for the right to workers, Soviet employes, educational combine. Up to the '80s the French and art workers) the electoral meetneed we recall the well-known fact manship of a representative of the former Russia prior to the first revolu- in the election, there is representation

Trade Unions Always Represented. resentation of the separate organizaall lists of candidates adopted by congresses there is included a definite number of trade union workers in order that the opinion of the workers may also be expressed thru the appa ratus of the unions. In the leading organs of the state and economic structure (such, for instance, as the Council of Labor and Defense) there is a representative of the All-Union pointing members of the supreme economic council of the U.S.S.R. the representative nature of the trade mions is also taken into account and a definite number of members appointed from amongst trade union workers WE find quite a different state of who upon appointment continue work affairs under the conditions of the ing in the trade union movement.\*

Active Part in Production. IN the economic field the trade unions ution. The result of the revolution I are invested with no less, if not issue there. As "Law and Labor," orstate structure. We have already for Industrial Rights, put it in a replaced by the rule of the working of the Supreme Economic Council the trade union movement is well represented. Generally speaking, representation of the unions in the organ reguegal standards which regulate the economic policy constitutes a substan- says: "No outside agency can intere employers, these standards in the tion of production, the trade unions construction in the national economic the A. F. of L. system. There is not a single union | The Botany Mills echo the Forstcite as an example the metal work- Passaic strikers. ers' union, which takes active part in industry of the U.S.S.R.

Labor Code.

THEREFORE the code of labor laws THEREFORE the code of labor laws establishes for the lower organs of A.F. of L. concentrate on antiees for utilizing the post, telegraph, wide powers for participation in the construction of national economy. Article 158 of the code formulates their rights in this field in the following manner:

"The object of activity of the committee (factory or local committee) is: "(a) Representation and the defense of the interests of the workers and employers which it comprises, beprise or institution on all labor and social questions concerning the work-

"(b) Representation before governmental and social organizations. "(c) Supervision of the accurate fulfillment by the administration of the enterprise or institution of the established laws on labor protection. Social insurance, wages, rules of sanitation and technical safeguards, etc., also co-operation with the state labor

"(d) Measures for improving the cultural and material life of the workers and employes.

"(e) Help in the normal process of production in state enterprises and participation thru the respective trade unions in the regulation and organization of the national economy."

Important in Other Fields.

pointed by the trade unions.

unions in the state, social and economic structure. As we see, they are marked by considerable scope and there is one field in which the unions the U.S.S.R. is organized and adninistered by the people's commissariat for labor. It is the latter which establishes the minimum wage for the entire country, organizes labor inspection, puts into force and elaborates the norms of labor legislation, etc. Everything that is put into force over definitely. This article reads: and above the norms of labor legislation established on a general state cale, is established by agreement thru collective agreements between the workers and the administration of the enterprise or institution. But in each of these fields the decisive word belongs to the trade unions. The people's commissariat for labor is a uyezd): two from every union and a dature for the post of people's com-IN the supreme state organs (C. E. C. Trade Unions and its decision is obof the U. S. S. R., C. E. C. of the ligatory for the state: analogically, the state organs. But if they want to have the unions are an actual "reservoir" find a definite representation of the missariat for labor itself are also approperty, conduct judicial cases, or in many workers in the trade union trade unions, altho the elections are pointed by the state union movement. general enjoy the rights of the trade movement are gradually transferred conducted by the congress of Soviets And not a single labor legislative is union, they are obliged to register in entirely to economic and state work. personally, and not according to rep passed without the consent of the the established order with the general What is more the overwhelming mations. The significance and role of lective agreements, these are con- In the U.S.S.R. the state authorities occupied by those who have passed he unions is so considerable that in cluded and can be concluded in the U. S. S. R. only by the trade unions.

Strictly Social Organizations.

pership elected by congresses is ap- the proletarian dictatorship. The share of the participation of the trade Such are the rights of the trade unions in the political and economic life of the workers' state is so considerable by this system of rights of the trade union movement, that at first make the trade unions active partici. glance it would seem that the trade as social organizations is emphasized. pators in socialist construction. But unions, even the only partially, were the state apparatus. However, such not only participate, in which they are an impression is absolutely incorrect. actually and juridically supreme. This The state in the U.S.S.R. does not s the field of labor regulation. The even control the formation of trade tate apparatus of labor regulation in unions. The trade unions are not subjected to any kind of registration on the part of the state organs. They are strictly social organizations which themselves control their existence from the first moment of their formation. Article 152 of the code of labor laws establishes this quite clearly and "The trade unions organized on lines determined by the respective congresses of these organizations

are not liable for any registration in state institutions, established for societies and unions, and are registered in the inter-union organizations uniting them, in the manner established by the All-Russian Con-

gresses of Trade Unions." missar for labor, sanctioned by the regulating the trade union movement, rights of the trade unions in this C. E. C. of the U. S. S. R., is the privi- in the British legislation on trade lege by the All-Union Congress of unions, it is established that the most responsible workers of the com- legal rights, i. e., the rights to possess A. U. C. T. U. With regard to col- registrar of societies and associations. jority of posts in the U. S. S. R. are recognize as juridical units all organ-thru the school of the trade union izations of workers registered as trade | movement.

which is under the jurisdiction of the ALL this comprises a systematic tions and not by state organs, and All-Union Central Council of Trade A order of rights and powers of the vests such trade union (article 154) Unions (A. U. C. T. U.) and the mem- trade unions under the conditions of the code) with the rights of "acquiring property and owning same; concluding all kinds of agreements, transactions, etc. on the basis of the exist-

ing legislation" Thus in the labor legislation of the U. S. S. R. the nature of trade unions

Organs of a Class.

THE investment of extensive rights to such a free social independent organization, absolutely outside the control of state organs and, on the ontrary, controlling the work of the said apparatus, arises from the fact that the legislation understands the nature of the trade unions as organs expressing the social opinion of the working class, i. e., that social opin ion on the support of which the entire state order of the U.S.S.R. is based. The workers' state based upon proletarian dictatorship cannot fail to se in the system of extensive rights t the trade unions a guarantee of it own stability and subsequent endurance. As we have pointed out above, the real correlation of social forces in the U.S. S. R. makes the trade unions powerful social-political and economic factor and therefore pre-deternines the wide scale and many-sided In the most "liberal" of the norms nature of the norms regulating the country

\*There is no need to state here that

## **Company Unionists Worried**

By ROBERT W. DUNN (Federated Press)

THERE will the A. F. of L. strike W first? This is the question asked by labor managers and personnel experts of certain corporations as news comes of the stiff resolution against company unionism at the Detroit convention, backed up by an assessment on nearly 3 million workers, to finance the fight against this menace to genuine trade unionism,

Issue in Passaic. PASSAIC—this word comes first to mind. Company unionism is the more, rights than in connection with gan of the militant anti-labor League pointed out that among the members cent headline on the textile strike: "Its Major Aspect is Now That of a War on Employe Representation." The mill owners still rally around the policy of Forstmann, who, in defendtake active part in the work of the propose is superior to any organizaleading organs of administration and tion directed by outsiders," meaning

in the U. S. S. R. which does not mann slogan, and the textile strike devote a considerable amount of this becomes the focal point of the new time and energy to working out and A. F. of L. offensive against the comtesting the plans and projects of eco- pany union. Those who want to fight nomic construction in the respective the company union can do no better branch of national economy. One may than help feed black bread to the

Other textile mills now under the elaborating plans for the entire metal hegemony of the company union are the Pacific Mills in Lawrence and Amoskeag Mills in Manchester, N. H. Railroads Need Help.

> company union propaganda? Certainly the railroad shopcrafts will come in for immediate attention. The International Association of Machinists have been putting up a fair fight against the "independent associations" | the company union system. that have developed on over 60 roads since the shop crafts were beaten in 1922.

But the machinists need the support of the A. F. of L. company union experts on their job, as do the other shopcraft unions. Lines on which the Pennsylvania, the New Haven, the Santa Fe, the Union and Southern Pacific, the Burlington, the Rock Island, the Great Northern, the Illinois Central and Boston and Maine. Officers of the shop craft unions report that "it is a little early to decide whether the company unions are being weakened by the New Railroad Labor Act." They believe, however, that when the fear of discharge and reprisals is eliminated that "the men will return to the old established unions, as they have little faith in the company unions."

On street and subway lines, such as the Interborough Rapid Transit in New York City, the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Workers will doubtless be assisted in campaigns to line up workers, some of them oppressed for 10 years

In steel, the Amalgamated Associas representatives on their behalf on ed on the basis of special legislation-tion of Iron, Steel and Tin Plate tant rights. In the field of consum- company union challenge, especially

union tricks, as Gary is not convinced that public opinion requires this "concession." He uses employe stock ownership and welfare devices.

General Electric Plant. THE employe representation plans I in force at the several plants of General Electric have been flaunted before liberal conferences of late as the last word in employe "works coun-

cils." But trade unionists at Schenectady and West Lynn are critical as ever and determined to battle the of the case will impress this upon the plan within the next few months. Some of these men have been blacklisted. The General Electric company union gives the firm the "say" on all

vital questions, they report.

THE miners' union has been knocked on their home, without any warrant of 1 out of Colorado and displaced in court, it seems, and when the inmates the (Rockefeller) Colorado Fuel and of the home had no way of knowing Iron towns by a company union. that the attackers were officers. legal standards which regulate the rights of trade unions being "scraps of paper" scrapped at every step by the organs of the hourseois state and the unions in the U. S. S. R. While not conduct of the Forstmann & Huffmann in the U. S. S. R. While not conduct of the Forstmann & Huffmann introduced welfare councils and efficiency of the hourseois state and the Pacific Coast Coal Co. have company unions and other mining corporations have and other mining corporations have and other mining corporations have and other mining corporations. The house belonged to the the organs of the bourgeois state and interfering in the direct administra- Co. I am absolutely convinced that introduced welfare councils and efficiency committees that lead towards full-fledged company unions. Typical corporations where trade

> unions have been knocked out by company unions who will now attempt to stage a comeback are the Sheffield Farms Co. of New York City (teamsters); Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Co. (machinists and other metal trades unions); Standard Oil Co. (oil workers), Goodyear Tire this trouble occurred there. and Rubber Co. (rubber workers); Phelps Dodge Corporation and Utah Copper Co. (mine, mill and smelter workers); Norfolk Navy Yard (machinists and boiler makers); Internaions). More important, because of 4. At the new trial the lines are the tional Harvester Co. (metal trades un-Co., now being fought by the new quitted-by a white jury and white Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters, not yet affiliated with the A. F. of L. The porters' union is waging one of the most spirited campaigns against guiltless.

Issue Drawn.

CORBES' MAGAZINE'S current issue observes: "The outcome of this Employers vs. Union battle will be determined finally by the conclusion reached by workers as to whether they will gain more by throwing in they will doubtless aim first shots are their lot with their employers or by holding aloof from friendly association with their employers and follow- 6. the girl's mother, and the girl ing the dictates of their union lead-

> This is the issue, stated with capitalist coloring, the A. F. of L. is pledged to accept and fight out to a finish.

#### Ex-War Secretary in Fight to Get Control of Goodyear Company

(Special to The Daily Worker,

AKRON, O., Nov. 7. - Newton D. Baker, former secretary of war, was one of the attorneys representing a group of stockholders who are seeking to wrest control of the Goodyear of killing a white man in South Caro-Tire and Rubber Co. from 146. That is the real meaning to banking houses, in a suit started here 8. That is the real meaning to violence. It is reasonless; it over-Tire and Rubber Co, from New York lina they were certainly INNOCENT.

Baker and his associates appeared throws law, makes justice impossible, efore Common Pleas Judge Scott D. and reduces innocence to despair, Kenfield this morning and began argu-In the system of the state structure this representative nature of the unions finds it expression in two fac-

### Mob Lynches Negro Children

By WILLIAM PICKENS,

Field Secretary, National Association for Advancement of Colored People.

THE American people are so used to lynching news that they are in danger of falling into an apathy and indifference that will cause them to miss the full meaning of a horror like that reported from Aikens, S. C., recently that a "woman and two men" had been lynched. A brief analysis average mind.

Officer Killed.

This girl and these two boys had 1. been put into jail and tried for their lives because an officer was killed when a "raid" was being made

father of one of the boys and the girl, and the other boy was their cousin. t would seem from the garbled news that the one who did the shooting in defense of the house escaped, inasmuch as these three children of the nome were charged with "conspiracy" o murder, and the two boys were conlemned to hang and the girl given life sentence-all this because they were at home, where they belonged, when

New Trial Ordered.

3. Carolina would not stand for this But the higher court of South judicial horror, and ordered a new

judge, with white lawyers on both sides, in the state of South Carolina. So that god knows he must have been

But the mob thinks that every O. Negro being TRIED for killing a white person must be guilty-and the little trick was worked immediately after having this acquitted boy rearrested for "assault" and recommitted to jail-so that at night the mob cour go and get him and the other boy and the girl and take them out and shoot them.

herself had been shot thru the bodyin their own home. Even if the man should be adjudged guilty of wrong who shot in defense of his home when it was being "raided" without any process of law, certainly these women, who perhaps did not know one end of a gun from the other, were guiltless. But one was killed and the other

lynched. Odds Against Them.

Do not forget that these three 1. young people were about to prove their innocence in a white community a white court, in a state entirely run by white people-and if a white court was about to free them of the charge

helplessness. And the worst thing is: against lynching, thru a federal law.