Eurony Events By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

THE conservative party of Canada received a severe drubbing in the recent general elections. The liberals will be able to form a government with the aid of other scattered elements. The defeat of the tories is ments. The defeat of the tories is a severe blow to British imperialism, Canton Armies Winning even tho the liberals are certain to protect the interests of capitalism and will do nothing in behalf of the workers, except what they are forced to Nevertheless, every nail that is is to be rejoiced over.

Manitoba and one in Alberta. Not a "to protect British interests." single labor candidate was elected. Some understand the recent days' from Nova Scotia where several thous- development of British policy as inand coal miners are living in a state dicating that England may recognize of peonage under the British Empire the Canton government but only to Coal company. If one is inclined to make demands upon it and threaten grow despondent over the poor show- war if they are refused. ing made by Canadian labor, it should not be forgotten, that American labor has not even one representative in ing surprising advances toward the congress unless we regard Victor Ber- north, at once aiming to unite the

tor. Journalists who have no desire Shanghai. to exchange comfortable hotel beds for cells send glowing accounts to

by periodical reports on vice conditions in Cook county. It appears that completely defeated and reports say their time, between reports visiting the Yellow river. road houses and palaces of sin, as they are called. When they have seen their fill, a report appears and Hoffman and Crowe threaten to have all those wicked places closed up and their inmates scattered. After a few forces with reasonable prospects of days all is quiet again.

TT is a well known phenomena that some voters refrain from casting their ballots for candidates who are known to be on good terms with those underworld elements that live by the traffic in women. Every vote counts republican party can extract consolaout of a report of a "committee of tung and Manchuria. fifteen" which made an investigation and discovered that vice was on the run in the county. Where it was running they did not say but they menand discovered that vice was on the ning they did not say but they mentioned Crowe favorably. Committees de not live on air you know.

THE Chicago Tribune carried an editorial in its issue of September 22, in support of assistant state's attorney Savage's 'candidacy for the county judgeship. The tricks resorted didate for business agent in Furriers to by the democrats, whose candi- Union of Chicago was elected to ofdate is Judge Jarecki, are beneath fice in the most hotly contested fight contempt says the Trib. The demo- in the history of the organization. crats accuse Savage of profiting by The Millstein machine used every stolen votes. Votes were stolen for weapon in the arsenal of reaction to Savage but votes were stolen for hold their power. Furriers were in-Jarecki. Professional vote stealers timidated and they were informed that were working for both. What of it? their jobs would be gone if the proasks the virtuous Trib indignantly.

en for Jarecki do not cast any reflect sacrificed martyr who was maligned tion on the judge. This is mysterious and slandered by the progressives, but Methodists are supposed to be in but that out of pure Christian charity close touch with the author of all he would forgive his enemies in the mystery. Which set of ballot box union. thieves are you going to elect? This their parties from antiquity.

A NOTHER mystery has been punc-tured. Bruce Barton has discovered the real Calvin Coolidge. This is not surprising as Bruce is a past master in the art of revelation. Jesus who was more or less of a mystery to most people, was transformed into aperfectly good Babbit by Mr. Barton in a book entitled: "The Man Nobody - Knows." What can he transform Coolidge into? A face lifter I think would be liable to have better luck with Cal than a historian.

That worker next door to you may not have anything to do tonight. Hand him this copy of the DAILY WORKER.

on All Fronts

(Special to The Daily Worker) SHANGHAI, Sept. 23 .- Simultaneput in the coffin of British imperialism ously with reports of new important victories for the Cantonese armies, a London dispatch says that the third THE Canadian Labor Party only suc- British destroyer flotilla of seven ships ceeded in returning three candi- hitherto attached to the British Meddates. Two of those were elected in iterranean fleet, is on its way to China

Canton Advances Rapidly. Meanwhile the Cantonese are mak-

southern march of the Kuominchun army of Feng Yu-hsiang and to drive TT is said that King Alfonso of Spain east and south in order to envelope and Primo de Rivera are not pull- the lower Yangtze provinces now coning together. Alfonso, who is a mas- trolled by the reactionary Sun Chuanter of terpsichore, is doing some clev- fang and by this movement capture er political dancing around his dicta- the important and strategic port of To Join Two National Armies.

Feng's army, never defeated altho their papers in the United States forced to retreat out of Peking, is about the strength displayed by Primo coming south and reports state it has in downing all opposition and how penetrated Honan province. The encalmiy he is taking the excitement. tire Hupeh province is now in the hands of the Cantonese who have or-THERE is a committee here in Chi- ganized two great armies from the sol-I cago, the name of which I forget, diers who mutinied against Wu Peithat makes life miserable for state's fu and sent them northward into attorney, Crowe, and Sheriff Hoffman, Honan to make a juncture with Feng's

he is still retreating northward beyond

Fight for Shanghal. The Cantonese in the Hankow region are preparing for battle at Kuikiang against Sun Chuan-fang's Peace Talk Proceeds victory which will open the war for advance toward Shanghai, Sun, who expected to be reinforced by Wu's troops, is left in the lurch and faces ultimate defeat and surrender of Shanghai and the lower Yangtze.

Imperialist Tools Losing. If this is accomplished, the Cantonin a closely contested election, even ese will hold practically all of China, decision to dig in for a long drawn with the best counters in the world on leaving the reactionary native tools of the job. So the Crowe wing of the foreign imperialism, Wu Pei-fu and In some quarters it was asserted on, and perhaps some virtuous votes, northeastern provinces, Chihli, Shang-

Irving Israelson, progressive can-

gressives would win. A progressive victory would mean a strike.

A ND the Methodist Daily News is Millstein Repented Too Late.

Millstein pictured himself as a self-

Israelson replied to Millstein, askquestion is asked of republican and ing the latter why he did not adopt democrat voters who have inherited this gracious policy before? Why did he not dismiss the charges he had brot against the progressives before the very evening of the election.

Too Close to Employers. Millstein was incapable of serving the furriers, Israelson argued, for the reasons that he was too close to the K YOUR most precious and most strong trade unions. employers which bred class-collaboration and too long in office which bred carelessness. The successful candidate for business agent attacked the fluence without The DAILY WORKER letter sent by Shachtman, internation- continuing to champion its cause. al president, to Millstein, which showed that Shachtman was interfering

in the election on Millstein's side. When the votes were counted Is- bility without YOUR daily paper vigilraelson received 165 votes and Millstein 143.

The ballots were then locked in the (Continued on page 2)

SOVIET UNION AND LITHUANIA IN TREATY OF NON-AGGRESSION

(Special to The Daily Worker)

slaves of American capitalism, you RIGA, Sept. 23 .- It is reported from Kovno that negotiations for a separate non-aggression compact between Lithuania and Soviet Russia has been IZE THE UNORGANIZED. concluded and only awaits signature, which may be expected in the near future as also the signature of the separate trade agreement.

The Bosses' Demands



Backed by thousands of dressmakers' forms the garment bosses of New York cry for the destruction of unionism.

LEADERS' TERMS

With Baldwin

(Special to The Daily Worker) LONDON, Sept. 23 .- The British coal strike may reach a climax within twenty-four hours, it was predicted today. Within that time may come a decision for peace negotiations or a out fight.

wage reductions ranging from ten to thirteen per cent, but efforts to effect peace thru the acceptance of wage reductions may fail by the refusal of the rank and file of the miners to accept lower wages

Meanwhile the operators are flatly rejecting all overtures for peace based on proposals for the negotiation of a national agreement.

Mexico Said to Have Replied to U. S. Note on Land Law Protest

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 23-Although lacking confirmation from official sources it is reported that the Calles government has sent a reply to the note of the United States protesting the enforcement of the Mexican land and mineral laws.

The reply is said to state that the laws are not confiscatory nor antiforeign, but follow the constitution's articles. Also, attention is directed month last year. Production last ployed in the industry, but that they to the statement of the government that if experience shows the advisability of so doing, the laws may be

No progressive labor movement

No struggle against the employers

make victory for the workers a possi-

antly hammering away at the enemy.

Keep your DAILY WORKER. It is

the indispensable weapon of all your

. . .

As a worker-man, woman or youth

-you need class education, guidance,

As one of the millions of the un-

organized and brutally exploited

need a sincere and militant champion

of your cause which is: TO ORGAN-

encouragement and organization.

valuable possession.

struggles.

Tom Mooney, Ten Years in Prison, Prepares Appeal for His Pardon

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Sept. 23.—Thomas J. Mooney, serving a life sentence in San Quentin prison, in connection with the bombing of the preparedness day parade of 1916, to 1 was preparing an appeal for a pardon, it was learned. It will be presented to Governor Richardson next

District Attorney Matthew Brady, has bolstered Mooney's appeal by writing a letter in which he says he believes that Mooney was convicted on perjured testimony.

Read story of Mooney case on Page 2

Force the American Federation of Labor to Act on Organization of Nation's Million Auto Workers

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL. (Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 23.—Here in the capital city of the automobile call for a second conference, which one or more so-called "impartial" industry great pride is being shown by the capitalist exploiters over the fact that the output of passenger cars and trucks for the month of August jumped 172,000 over the figures for August last year.

But great care is being taken by these same profiteers to hide the fact that the wages of the workers are slipping to ever lower levels, in startling comparison to the growing profits be-

legislate for the organized workers 592 trucks. of the United States. It is confront-

Production Increases 70 Per Cent.

August production showed an increase of 70 per cent over the same fact that more men were being em- strike. month is set at 424,394 vehicles, of were receiving a smaller wage total, this country's automobile industry pro-

As a member of the mighty Amer-

ican working class, who is beginning

of capitalist tutelage and capitalist

politics, you are trying to reach out

Well, this is what The DAILY

WORKER stands for and fights for

Keep YOUR DAILY WORKER. It

powerful press to befog and con-

fuse the minds of the exploited

schools and nearly all other means

The rich and wealthy, the enemy

worth while can reach size and in- to throw off his shoulders the shackles

masses.

As an honest trade unionist, who that you must fight continually in

earnestly desires to fight the employ-order not to be driven under, control

of education.

will develop real effectiveness and own class—a labor party.

The total for the first eight months | Sepich. ed by the problem of the organization of the year also shows a substantial of the auto workers. The number of increase in production, as compared organized auto workers is today at its with the first eight months of last adopted at the conference are as fol-

Workers Increase; Wages Fall.

(Continued on page 2.)

to poison the minds, kill the spirit

and chain the bodies of the masses.

Keep it Strong and Fighting ers and protect the interests of labor, the moving pictures, the pulpit, the EEP your DAILY WORKER. It is you want clean, honest, militant and radio, and everything that can be used

> Your enemy understands perfectly the value of propagands and agitation. DO YOU? IF YOU DO-

after the formation of a party of your KEEP THE DAILY WORKER.

The DAILY WORKER is nearly three years old. It has demonstrated without let-up and without compro- not only the indispensable need but also the practical possibility of a militant English labor daily in the United s your paper. Keep it strong and States.

As the progressive forces in the la-YOUR enemy, the capitalist, has a DAILY WORKER.

As the American working class becomes stronger and its battles with the employers more successful-SO DOES THE DAILY WORKER.

The capitalists control the public The fate of the DAILY WORKER is inextricably bound up with the fate of the American labor movement.

Consequently-KEEP THE DAILY WORKER,

NEW YORK DAILY WORKER BUILDERS SPONSOR BIG PICNIC AT HUNTER'S ISLE

NEW YORK CITY, Sept. 23. -This Sunday, September 26, a picnic and hike to Hunter's Island, the northeast corner of Pelham Bay Park, will be held under the auspices of The DAILY WORKER Builders' Club of New York. This picnic takes the place of the one that was drowned by the rain two weeks ago. Special arrangements with the weatherman assure floods of sun-

Watkins, Board Member, Urges Class Action

(Special to The Daily Worker) YORKVILLE, Ohlo, Sept. 23. - A conference held here at Miners' Hall, has launched the labor party of East-

The call for the conference was is-No. 5 of District 6. Locals from variresented and participated in the con-

Watkins Is First Speaker.

The conference was called to order by Jack Bell, wher upon a resolution was presented calling for the formation of a state-wide labor party to include all trade unions, fraternal or employed by them by the series of ganizations and working class organizations, irrespective of their nature.

A general discussion ensued with Andrew Watkins, member of the International executive board of the United Mine Workers, as the first speaker. J. Kunik, international organizer of the United Mine Workers of America and also a delegate to the conference, Robert Farmer, Joe Kobylak Jr., and others participated.

wise the labor party could never grow enthusiastically applauded, thus evidencing that the workers are sick and effect. disgusted with the old parties and are ready to take a new step.

Plan Second Conference, The program and platform were will be held at the Miners' Temple, members. Bellaire, Sunday, Oct. 11, at 1 p. m. This conference will unquestionably pendent political action.

An executive committee for prepar-087 were passenger cars and 36,364 and consists of Jack Bell, chairman, own use. This is an actual condition that were trucks. In July of this year pro- John Buksa, secretary, W. Cunningaces the American Federation of La-duction was 355,455 vehicles, repre- ham, assistant secretary, Robert Far- raised by the Hudson Coal Company or when it convenes here shortly to senting 315,863 passenger cars and 39, mer, D. Spehar, C. Ryan, J. S. Griffin, is one of life and death for the United

The nine points in the program

1. The legal right of all workers The year 1925 revealed the startling to organize into trade unions and to

hour day, five-day week for the work which 379,111 were passenger cars meaning that the individual wage was ers. In dangerous and harmful occu-

and 45,283 trucks. In August, 1925, falling. Similar revelations will with pations, the working day shall be further reduced. 3. A minimum wage law.

protection of women and young work-

ers in industry. 5. Abolition of all state constabulrural communities, but to interfere in labor disputes in industrial sections, on the side of the capitalists.

6. Abolition of injunctions and no government interference in strikes. 7. Stoppage to threatened persecu-

tion of the foreign-born by registration, photographing and fingerprinting, and equal rights for the Negroes.

8. Nationalization of the mines and workers' participation in control. 9. Fight against militarism and the

menace of war. These are the main questions for all

the workers of this country.

BARONS DENY CLOSED SHOP

Hudson Coal Company Challenges Checkoff

ARTICLE TWO.

(Special to The Daily Worker) WILKES-BARRE, Pa., Sept. 23 .-Discussion has raged in the anthracite fields since the signing of the fiveyear agreement over the question of whether the check-off and closed shop included in the contract.

The Hudson Coal Company says 'no," and goes further and claims that the union has no right to go on coal company property and urge men to join the union.

So convinced is the Hudson Coal Company- one of the largest operators in the valley-that John L. Lewis, Thomas Kennedy, international president and secretary, and Rinaldo Cappelini, president of District 1, surrendered these demands when the strike was settled, that it is "bringing the case up," as the miners say.

Closed Shop Challenged.

Following a "button strike" on one of its properties—meaning a cessation sued by Local No. 971, of the United of work to force non-union miners and Mine Workers of America, and was delinquent miners to line up-the Hudsent to all the locals in Sub-District son Coal Company representatives have challenged the union officials ous parts of the sub-district were rep- to show where in the agreement a closed shop is called for or where the right of union representatives to appear at the pit mouth and solicit members is specified.

The truth of the matter is that the Hudson Coal Company, after weakening the morale of the union members "get-together suppers" they have been giving their employes, or believing that the morale has been weakened are beginning an offensive against the union, on behalf of all the other coal companies, and in which all the rest of them will join as soon as the

ground has been prepared. "Arbitration" Is Company Demand.

The anthracite agreement is an arbitration agreement—the miners did J. S. Griffin, the only colored dele- not know it when it was signed (they gate, made an eloquent plea for the would not have accepted it if they had labor party to stand square-footedly not been deceived by the international for equal rights for the Negroes, other- and district officials) -and the coal companies, with the Hudson concern into a power. All the speeches were in the lead, are going to insist that the arbitration provisions be put into

This means that the demand of the Hudson Company for a decision against the closed shop, the right to hen read and it was finally decided to followed by another demand that the end the platform with its nine points case be placed in the hands of a meto the locals of the United Mine Work- diation board as provided by the ers in the sub-district together with a agreement, and which must contain

The Operators' Plan.

By such maneuvers, extending over be well attended, for the workers have a period of five years—the life of the begun to realize the necessity of inde- agreement—the coal barons believe completely or worked over into a ing taken by the owners in the in- duced 252,451 vehicles, of which 216,- ing the second conference was elected mere efficiency instrument for their

It can be seen that the question P. L. Nealy, Joe Koyblak Jr., Frank Mine Workers in the anthracite districts. Never before in recent years has a coal company dared to deny the right of the union to organize, to prevent men from working unless their union dues were paid or to refuse to

(Continued on page 2)

121 A. C. W. Members Arrested in Strike on a Bronx, N. Y. Shop

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.-In the 4. Prohibition of child labor and Bronx borough 121 striking members of the Amalgamated Clothing Work ers' Union were arrested for picketing in front of Sam Finkelstein's shop. ary, since it is used not to protect the This large men's clothing manufacturer has been struck for several weeks by the union's effort to regain ecognition. For the last six years the employer has maintained an open shop.

Several girl students were arrested with the strikers and held by a woman magistrate, Jean Norris, for singing songs on the picket line. Twenty-two workers were fined \$10 apiece and cases of the others were postponed. Magistrate McAndrews warned that sentences of 30 days to six months would be given if the strikers were brought in again.

bor movement grow—SO DOES THE TWO MORE U. S. DESTROYERS STEAM TO NICARAGUA TO HELP CHAMORRO

(Special Cable to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23 .- The destroyers Gilmer and Smith-Thompson are speeding today from Guantanamo to Bluefields, Nicaragua. They were dispatched upon request of Rear Admiral J. T. Latimer. now in Bluefields. The order follows upon further successes of the rebellion against diotater THE PROPERTY OF

UNITED STATES MAY PULL OUT OF GENEVA MEET

Blames France and Her Allies for Trouble

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Sept. 23. - The belief that America's delegates to the Geneva conference on disarmament are preparing to withdraw was strengthened here today. Unqualified approval was given in official quarters to the speech made yesterday by the ohlef of the American delegation, Minister Hugh S. Gibson, in which he bluntly told the league powers that the conference was getting nowhere and as matters stood the whole thing looked fike a waste of time.

U. S. May Withdraw. Whether actual withdrawal of American delegates will follow this plainspoken admonition remains to be seen. Secretary of State Kellogg has thus far contented himself with merely saying that America's delegates would remain at Geneva so long as there is any prospect of success. Gibson, however, virtually told the powers there is no such prospect-unless and until France and her continental allies cease

their obstructionist tactics.

Lack of Progress. The work of exploring the disarmament question, Gibson pointed out, was delegated to two committees, the first of which was purely a military commission to consider technical aspects of the question. Yet this committee, he added, has consistently violated its mission, and insisted upon injecting European politics into its deliberations -with the result that there has been confusion, bickering and an utter lack of progress.

Also, he pointed out, this commission (dominated by France and her small allies) has in effect "steamrollered" minority views and failed even to present to the general conference apy views that differed from the

Led to Confusion.

"Our military commission," said Gibson, "appears consistently to have approached questions from both the political and military points of view and the American delegation cannot but feel that this has led to confusion. out doubt be made for the year 1926 record in our convention held in De-The American delegation believes this situation can be remedied by specific directions to the effect that we desire to receive replies to questions that where wages in 1920 reached \$1.25 automobile industry, and furthermore tion of the empire. Should the three are based on expert technical imfor- for skilled labor, it had now fallen our general officers and general execu- dominions insist on equal status they economic considerations."

all of the reports formulated by this tors Corporation, now capitalized at suspension of our charter." French-controlled commission be re- \$1,800,000,000 turned with specific instructions to do In other departments of the induswork is utterly valueless, and that a to from 70 to 85 cents per hour.

fresh start must be made if the con- In the Hudson Auto plant a ten stands

United States reservations to the These are some of the conditions world court be accepted, providing a developing restlessness and disconsatisfactory interpretation is given by tent in the industry that calls for orthe United States on the second part ganization. of the fifth reservation.

Each member state is expected to send a separate note to the world court that it be accepted, providing a satisfactory interpretaion is given by the United States on the second part of the fifth reservation.

Each member state is expected to send a separate note to the United the Graystone Ball Room, Monday, blacksmiths, electrical workers and States announcing its acceptance of Oct. 4. the reservations, but delicately suggesting that the accepting is conditional upon a satisfactory interpretation of the fifth reservation's latter part, which provides that the world court shall take up no cases affecting United States interests without the consent of the United States.

Priest Under Arrest for Using Mails to Fleece His Bishop Green is as follows:

DETROIT, Michigan, Sept. 23.-The Rev. Father Joseph F. Hallisey, pastor eral organization, under the old title of St. Leo's catholic church, is un- of Carriage, Wagon and Automobile der arrest here for using the mails in Workers' International Union, stands an attempt to extort \$30,000 from suspended by the American Federa-Bishop Michael J. Gallagher, bishop of tion of Labor because of our inability this diocese.

The priest was arraigned before at the 1917 convention of the A. F. United States Commissioner Finney of L., held in Buffalo, New York. and held in \$1,000 bail. What kind of "The resolution provided that we a threat the Reverend Hallisey made remove the word 'automobile' from against the bishop was not divulged. | our official title and turn over to some

AUTO INDUSTRY FACTS SHOW THE **AUTO WORKERS HELPLESS IF THEY** CONTINUE WITHOUT ORGANIZATION

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 23 .- Some of the facts about the auto industry the youngest and for the moment the mightiest of all the nation's greatest Industries, that has its center here in Detroit, are as follows:

Growth of the Industry. 1895-Four cars produced.

1899 .- Production reached 2,500.

1924-Just quarter century later the total reached 3.500,000 cars. 1926-First eight months' production totalled 2,765,369 passenger cars and 339,383 trucks, falling only a few hundred thousand short of the 1924 total for the whole year.

Value of Industry's Products.

The value of motor vehicles, parts and tires made in 1924 was \$3,168,588,146-greater than the wholesale value of annual production of any other single industry.

Number of Auto Workers.

329,563 is the total of wage workers in auto factories proper. 300,000 employed in factories making parts and accessories.

115,000 employed in rubber tire plants.

345,000 toll in repair shops, 111,000 work in garages.

This totals nearly 1,200,000. There are estimated to be a million or more truck drivers and

chauffeurs in addition. This does not include the army of salesmen, dealers, oil workers

and others less associated with the manufacturing industry.

The Drop in Wages. Wages paid in the automobile factories in 1924 are estimated at 547,215,700. A smaller number of employes in 1923 received about \$579,000,000. The smaller number of workers in 1923 received the higher

How Many Automobiles?

Experts claim that the maximum possible number of automobiles that the nation can support is somewhere between 20,000,000 and 25,-000,000. This prediction was made in 1924. The 25,000,000 maximum is now being rapidly approached. When the saturation point has been reached, production will be needed only for replacements, estimated at 3,000,000 cars per year. This means a crisis in the auto industry, a struggle to reduce wages, increasing unemployment thru the shutting down of the weaker plants crushed thru competition.

THE AUTO WORKERS WILL BE HELPLESS TO PROTECT THEMSELVES IN THIS CRISIS IF THEY REMAIN UNORGANIZED.

FORCE A. F. OF L.

Consider Problem

(Continued from page 1)

now closing.

The state department made public fect on Sept. 1. These are merely the automobile workers and then beper cent reduction was put into efthe text of Gibson's speech with evi-dent approval.

some of the facts showing how wages are falling. In the Ford plant the usual wage is \$6 per day, altho this of its charter more than a quarter

be put squarely before the annual ter to such craft unions as the maconvention of the American Federa chinists, painters, moulders, upholstertion of Labor that assembles here at ers, sheet metal workers, carpenters,

by order of the recent convention here boundaries jealously guarded within of the United Auto, Aircraft and Ve- the American Federation of Labor. hicle Workers of America, to William Green, president of the A. F. of L., the International Jewelry Workers with the Detroit & Ironton railroads, The letter to the A. F. of L. cites the surrender the polishers of metal to struggles of this labor union in the the Metal Polishers' Union. auto industry. It demands the return of the A. F. of L. charter that was taken from it in 1918. This communication addressed to President

Another Jurisdictional Clash. "Dear Sir and Brother: -Our gento comply with a resolution adopted

10 or 11 other national and international unions all of our members

over whom they claim jurisdiction. "In view of the fact that our local automobile workers, we have gone on sentative at the meeting. troit, Mich., this month to render all Thruout the auto industry in the assistance possible to any move made far as to see in the present clash Detroit district it is revealed that by the A. F. of L. to organize the among the dominions the disintegra-

> Organization Dates From 1891. tion of Labor. Years later it took in dia and Egypt to complete the picture

ions laid claims to the members it dirty work for her are not bright. metal polishers, all these being firmly This is assured thru a letter sent entrenched and their jurisdictional

Like the auto workers' union, so

Industry Spread Over Nation.

The auto industry is pretty well spread out over the nation. Most of the big plants, however, are centered in such cities as Detroit, Flint and Lansing, in Michigan; Toledo and Cleveland, in Ohio; Philadelphia, New York, Chicago, St. Louis; at Kenosha and Milwaukee, in Wisconsin; St. Paul, Minn., and Los Angeles, Cal., in addition to a host of other cities.

It is expected that delegates will come to the A. F. of L. convention representing the central labor unions of some of these cities. They will probably be called on to support resolutions demanding the organization of the auto industry, if not the reinstatement of the United Auto, Aircraft and Vehicle Workers' Union of America. Efforts will be made to interest the delegates of at least some of the international unions. In this way the fight will invitably come to the floor of the convention.

Firemen Hurt.

EASTON, Pa., Sept. 23 .- Two firemen were injured and damage estimated at \$250,000 done here today when fire destroyed the Five Stock Field Building. The fire destroyed the entire stock of the Woolworth company's store

MAMMA ALBION'S CHICKS LEAVING IMPERIAL NEST

Ireland, Canada, South Africa Worry J. Bull

(Special to The Daily Worker)

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 23 .- The report that Henry Bourassa, Canadian nationalist leader, would be the dominion's representative at the coming empire conference in London, and that he would visit Dublin before go-Ing to London, threw a scane into the ranks of the British loyalists here.

The danger does not end here. It is bad enuf for one of the most anti-British of Canadians to visit Dublin. that hotbed of anti-Britonism, but after he gets thru talking things over with Free State officials he will cross the Irish Sea and call on Premier Hertzog of South Africa, whose love for the empire will never give him heart failure.

Want More Elbow Room.

The Canadians, Irish and South Africans are in favor of resolutions demanding drastic modifications in the powers of the British government over the dominions and restricting the functions of the king's agents in the dominions. They want more freedom from imperial control.

When the Irish Free State, thru Desmond Fitzgerald, recently demanded a non-permanent seat on the council of the league of nations the demand was not supported by Austen Chamberlain. Against the Irish, Canadian and South African block at the imperial conference, there will be the Australian, New Zealand and British block, which is in favor of closer imperial relations between the dominions

May Postpone Conference.

The incoming premier, MacKenzie unions have always co-operated with King, will not attend the conference. the local unions of organizations affi- In this case Downing street may conliated with your body, and in view sider postponing the meeting until a of the fact that at the last conven- more favorable moment on some contion of the American Federation of venient ground. Privately, the im-Detroit Convention to organize the automobile industry and sition that any other representative Labor a movement was initiated to perial government might take the poinasmuch as we are vitally interested except the Canadian premier would in any movement that will have for have a sufficiently high official staits purpose the organization of the tus to qualify as a Canadian repre

Imperial Unity Shattered. Conservative politicians here go so

mation without regard to political or to \$1 per hour. This is especially true tive board are instructed to ascertain are in a good position to take what among wood workers in Fisher Body under what terms and conditions the they want just now should the im-Gibson then boldly suggested that plant, a subsidiary of the General Mo- A. F. of L. will consider lifting the perial mother prove obdurate. With a disastrous coal strike at home, a Franco-German entente looming on the work over again. This was tantatry wages that had ranged from \$1
International Union dates back to ing for a likely carcass to sink his mount to saying that four months of and \$1.10 per hour, are now down international Union dates back ing for a fixely careass to saying that four months of and \$1.10 per hour, are now down is 1891, being one of the first international fangs in, the Chinese in arms against unions organized under the British goods and British power, it standards of the American Federa- would only take a revolution in In-

Prediction Coming True. GENEVA. Sept. 23. — The world court delegate conference today adopted the report of the juridical adopted the juridical adopted the juridi tional disputes. Numerous craft un-of getting other nations to do her

Wagon and Automobile Workers' Un-United States has been carrying on The A. F. of L. on Trial.

This problem of the organization of the the more than a million workers in organization including all the work- advances. England needs a united the nation's automobile industry will ers in the industry. Thus it ran coun-

Ford Goes to Court.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.-Henry Ford, thru counsel, today asked the interstate commerce commission to re open the case involving the consolidation of the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton pledging every assistance possible in Union, for instance, lost its place in which the commission's examiners the organization of the auto workers. the A. F. of L. because it would not recommended should be held against public interest.

Martel Stages "Palace Revolution" in Detroit in the Republican Party

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

the followers of John S. Haggerty,

the county chairman of the repub-

lican party, and visitors arrived

hours later they had to content

themselves with back seats. The ac-

tual hostilities did not begin until

11 o'clock. Promptly on the hour

Barnard went over the top as cheer

leader, nominating Martel as chair-

man against the regular machine.

Martel went to the stage, with able

support, crashing the footlights in

the ascent to temporary power. The

hall was immediately filled with

clinching, yelling and screaming

humanity, with some women caught

in the melee. Police reserves were

called out from all available sta-

tions. They helped add to the grow-

ing tumult. But every "palace

revolution" gradually spends its

force. And so this one did. The con-

tending forces decided to disagree

and, much ruffled in mind and body,

met in different halls, where rival

delegations were selected for next

Martel must by this time realize

that his "Don Quixote" stunt got

him nothing. If it had been filmed.

Douglas Fairbanks might have made

use of it in his next movie. But the

workers are the real victims. It is

for such exhibitions as these that

the real drive on the part of labor

for independent political action is

hamstrung and turned aside by those

labor officials temporarily raised to

Martel has made a plaything of la-

bor's political struggle. He stages

a spectacular stunt within the re-

publican party. But the storm sub-

sides and the money power, the

bosses, are as securely enthroned in

power in their party as ever. They

have the money and the apparatus.

It may be safely predicted now that

the republican bosses at the state

convention next week will put the

skids under Martel and Barnard

and their delegates, and do it very

The staging of "palace revolu-

tions" within the republican and

democratic parties by labor officials

may succeed in packing old party

gatherings here or there over the

nation. But these little flea bites

do not trouble the plunderbund that

rules the political parties of the

privileged classes in society today.

They retain their iron grip. Their

power suffers no setback. Martel

may get the stage and limelight for

a moment. But the republican party

is still and always will remain the

Labor can only make progress

thru the development of its own

class strength on the basis of its

struggle against the enemy capital-

ist class. Martel has turned aside

from that struggle in Detroit, like

other Martels in other cities. Labor

must go forward without them.

The independent political action of

the workers must be developed and

strengthened until it becomes all-

powerful. The Workers (Commun-

ist) Party sets that struggle as its

major task in the present parlia-

mentary campaign. Labor in De-

troit responds to the party's appeal.

It must do so everywhere thruout

(Continued from page 1)

vault and will be counted for the

other candidates in the afternoon.

Kept Off Ballot.

Furriers Elect Left

the nation.

party of the capitalist class

effectively.

week's state convention.

tumbling,

wrestling, punching,

FRANK X. MARTEL, president of the Detroit Federation of Labor, tried to stage a "palace revolution" within the Wayne county republican party in Detroit last Tuesday. It developed into a farce that furnished plenty of opportunity for humorous writing in the exploiters' press. It could not have been otherwise. But it was a tragedy for the working class.

Martel was at one time an advocate of independent political action for labor. But in recent years he has steadily gone backward and down-

Martel helped keep the Detroit Federation of Labor for a time in the forefront of progressive city central labor bodies over the land. Under pressure of the reactionary Gompers' regime, however, and not achieving the great immediate successes desired. Martel became a leader in retreat into the lap of conservatism.

He just about reached the bottom rung of the ladder in his descent this week when, with the willingness but also the blindness of a Don Quixote, he became a very comical chairman of a rump republican gathering that survived an uproarious and general fist fight, in which all and sundry engaged, that broke up the G. O. P. gathering in the "motor city" in spite of the fact that a good part of the local police force was turned out to maintain "law and

Martel is getting ready, on behalf of the local labor officialdom, to receive the rapidly approaching convention of the American Federation of Labor. Thousands of dollars are being raised to finance the occasion. Martel's antics will probably receive the applause of the A. F. of L. executive council. He has followed loyally in the campaign just over the political policies of the A. F. of L. He tried to play "labor politics" inside the party of Truman H. Newberry, who spent \$195,000 to get elected United States senator, but who was compelled to resign because of the stink raised by the wholesale corruption. The nostrils of the nation, however, have become better attuned to the repellant smell of bribery and vote-buying, so much larger sums were spent recently in Pennsylvania, Illinois

Martel's policies, which are the policies of the A. F. of L., were blasted beyond recovery in the republican primaries of Tuesday, Sept. 14. last week, when all the so-called "labor candidates" running on the Wall Street ticker and unanimously defeated. But that did not deter "Don Quixote" Martel from new attempts. There was another Tuesday, Sept. 21, the Tuesday of the aforementioned republican county convention, to select delegates to the state convention next week.

Martel found the basis for his struggle in the grievances of the jitneymen who were being successfully fought by the municipallyowned Detroit traction system. Martel with Edward N. Barnard, attorney for the jitneymen, engineered the election of favorable county delegates. Since the county gathering is usually a mere rubber stamp affair little interest is taken in the selection of delegates. It was therefore not difficult for the Martel-Barnard forces to pack the gathering. This they did.

The "palace revolution" began about 7:30 o'clock in the morning when, according to William Davis. manager of the Moose Temple, Detroit, where the affair was staged, the Martel-Barnard forces began ar-

The Mooney Case

News Story on Page 1

Thomas J. Mooney, a member of the Molders' Union and an active labor organizer, was convicted and sentenced to death with Warren K. Billings for a bomb explosion that occurred on Market St., San Francisco, during the preparedness day parade in 1916 and resulted in the death of nine people. It so happens that this took place at a time when Mooney and Billings were winning the enmity of the powerful California traction interests by organizing the San Francisco street

The trial of Mooney and Billings has become a classic of frame-up cases. But despite proven perjured testimony and a biased judge, Mooney and Billings were sentenced to death. Their conviction caused an international reaction. In every country of the world labor organizations staged great demonstrations. In Soviet Russia, large delegations of workers called on the American ambassador and on the U. S. consuls and demanded Mooney's and Billing's release.

THE MOONEY CONVENTION.

One of the greatest labor gatherings in the history of the American labor movement convened in Chicago and is known as the famous "Mooney Convention," attended by 1,500 delegates representing labor organizations in all parts of the country. Following the convention a "Mooney Strike" was called. It is estimated that a million workers laid down their tools on the appointed day and demonstrated in behalf of Mooney and Billings.

ANTHRACITE BARONS DENY

Hudson Coal Company Challenges Checkoff

(Continued from page 1) allow union representatives on comriving and seizing the front rows of pany property to transact union busiseats in the convention hall. When

The United Mine Workers in the anthracite districts are facing a fight. One would expect that the district and national officials would be preparing the membership for the struggle, but this is not the case.

Union Officials Do Nothing.

The Hudson Coal Company is allowed to continue company union propaganda and to perfect its speedup system without interference from the union officials. Well-posted and militant miners, alarmed by the situation, told the writer that in unions whose members are employed by the Hudson Coal Company it is difficult to get out more than 5 per cent of the membership, even to a special meeting. Miners who are fighting for the union are discriminated against, given the poorest and most dangerous working places and find the foremen continually hostile.

A militant stand by the district and national officials doubtless would put a stop to these practices, temporarily at least, but nothing is being done. The miners are discouraged and many of them are dangerously cynical.

Failure of Union Leadership. What is needed is a campaign of publicity and organization to strengthen the union against the coming attack, an assurance from the officials that they will bring the full strength of the union to the defense of every miner who gets in bad with the bosses because of his union activity. But the bulk of the miners do not believe that the officials will make this kind of a fight. This is the real danger of the whole situation—the loss of confidence in the militancy and integrity of the union leadership because of its acceptance of a union-wrecking agreement and their failure to rally the membership for a struggle which every miner knows must be fought if the union is to be saved.

Coal Barons Impatient.

The district and national officials who put over an arbitration agreement after swearing by all they held holy that it was not such thing, who assured the miners that the anthracite agreement was a closed shop contract, officials like Cappelini, who are supported by the operators and who alowed Judge Maxey to run his washeres during the strike, must now face the cold fact that their double-dealing has been uncovered by impatient operators like the Hudson Coal Company, who feel that they have waited long enough for their agreement to be enforced. It is their agreement and not the union's.

Progressive Forces Alert.

Lewis-Kennedy-Cappellini know that the union must get ready to fight, but, as in Illinois, where after the exposure of Frank Farrington as a \$25,000 tool of the Peabody Coal Company, President Lewis made peace with the corrupt Farrington machine against the progressives, so in the anthracite the officials make common cause with the operators against the militant rank and file.

The struggle against the Lewis-Kennedy-Cappelini machine becomes therefore a struggle against the operators, for the life of the union and for the defeat of lax and corrupt official

The Hudson Coal Company demands are a danger signal which every honest anthracite miner recognizes, but to which the union officials pay no at-Wing Business Agents tention.

Typhoid Menace In Florida.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23 .- Sanitary conditions resulting from the Florida hurricane now constitute the most se-In all probability the entire pro- rious aspect of the situation, accordgressive slate was elected with the ing to first-hand reports telegraphed exception of those who were kept off the American Red Cross today.

the ballot by Millstein, for technical An army airplane carrying 50,000 easons. Among those are J. Sonnen- units of typhoid serum and other surschein, candidate for secretary treas- gical supplies left Indianapolis this urer; Robert Goldstein, candidate for morning for Miami. It will make vice-president; Mrs. Paul Fendrick, stops en route at Nashville, Atlanta candidate for conference committee. and Pensacola, and is due to reach According to a report made by a Miami late this evening.

progressive member of the union to J. W. Hendrix, Red Cross official The DAILY WORKER, 61 new mem- at Sebring, wired national headquarbers voted whose names were not ters this morning that 90 bodies had been removed in the Moorehaven district, and it was believed the high BUILD THE DAILY WITH A SUB. waters contained 150 more.

NEW LABOR MOTION PICTURE NOW READY FOR SHOWING

"THE PASSAIC TEXTILE STRIKE"

(SEVEN REELS)

STIRRING - THRILLING - EDUCATIONAL

It is a thought-provoking message to organized and unorganized labor alike, this film of the long battle of the textile strikers against exploitation. It should be shown in every locality where groups of the 20,000,000 unorganized workers slave away day after day, at the mercy of the organized employers, without the protection of a labor union. The millions of unorganized steel, rubber, auto, oil, coal, textile and transportation workers will receive inspiration from this film, will be encouraged to cross swords with their exploiters for better living conditions.

ARRANGE FOR A SHOWING IN YOUR CITY—BY YOUR ORGANIZATION—IN YOUR HALL OR IN ANY MOTION PICTURE HOUSE AVAILABLE. WRITE FOR TERMS AND FURTHER DETAILS TO:

NATIONAL TEXTILE STRIKERS' RELIEF CAMPAIGN (International Workers' Ald)

After this the sentences were commuted to life imprisonment and altho the agitation for their release has been carried on for ten years Room 14, 743 Main Avenue, Paseale, N. J. all efforts to gain their freedom have been of no avail.

\$1.00 Post paid The Daily Worker Publishing Co., 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

T. U. CONGRESS

Called Betrayer by Miners' Delegates

BOURNEMOUTH, Eng., Sept. 10-

the leaders of the T. U. C. They the great general strike. had stood starvation, government attacks and public insults from Rambreaking publicity.

Miners Break Loose. To put Bromley up as a defender of

The following is an account given of the incident by the London Daily Herald, official daily organ of the Trade Union Congress, which is un-

der the control of the right wing: A storm of passion burst with lightning suddenness upon the calm of the Trades Union Congress this afternoon. Disorder raged for nearly half an hour, but after a 40-minutes' adjournment calm was restored.

Mr. Smilie, with his caressing voice, had on behalf of the general council been making an appeal for financial assistance for the miners, and Congress was obviously moved by the ap-

Mr. Bormley, who was to second the appeal, which took the form of an emergency resolution, was rising to great trouble had come from Rushis feet when "Point of order, Mr. sia. Chairman," in a rich Lancashire accent, rang thru the hall.

whether the general council had de- them." liberately gone out of its way to insult the miners by asking Mr. Bromley to second the resolution.

There were shouts and cries from clang of the chairman's bell, came from other parts of the hall.

Mr. McGurk stood, with all eyes on an apology, apparently in connection with a document on the national strike

"Put Baldwin up," shouted a dele- ish proletariat. gate above the din, and cries of "Traitor" could also be heard.

"Come Down Bromley!" Pushing forward towards Mr. Mc-Gurk, with gray tousled hair, came Mr. Hough, the Yorkshire Miners' treasdown, and calling to the council to of the general strike and the capituput someone else up.

The chairman hammering his bell, kept calling for order.

appealing to his miner colleagues. "We British workers. have been humiliated, we have made our protest," he said,

Bromley Rose Again. There was a lull in the hubub and tion attending your congress of such Mr. Bromley, who had sat down, rose tremendous importance.

again to speak. gates made to leave the hall.

The aisles were blocked with gestilits best to keep out our delegation.

refuses to obey the chair, but this gress. warning of disciplinary action did not calm the storm.

Mr. Bromley to sit down, and then of Labor, who either blackleg on the and even go straight over to the

chairman was heard to say: "Congress will adjourn until 4 o'clock." The general council went into session, and the miners also held a meet-

Mr. Richardson, Mr. McGurk, and Mr. A. Parkinson, M. P., went as deputation to the council and explained their position. They had made their protest, they said, and would no longer obstruct the business of congress.

Fakers' Dignity Sullied! The atmosphere in the hall was still tense when the chairman entered again with the council and took his place in silence. He explained the standing orders, and spoke of the dignify of the congress that had been sul-Hed by the incident.

Mr. Richardson asked permission to make the statement that he had already made to the council. He finished, and then, to a final burst of cheers, Mr. Bromley made his speech in seconding the resolution.

"Nothing like this has happened for over 30 years," I was told by a delewho has attended congress for that number of years.

DELEGATES AT A Page of British Labor News

FLAY BROMLEY Soviet Unions Telegraph to British Congress WHY SOVIET LABOR DELEGATES WHY SOVIET LABOR DELEGATES WERE NOT ALLOWED IN BRITA

(Special to The Daily Worker)

BOURNEMOUTH, Eng., Sept. 23 .-As the Manchester Guardian quite not allow the immense workers' or-(By Mail)-Plenty of excitement was properly divined, the refusal of the ganization to make even the most elefurnished yesterday at the Trade Un- British government to grant the Sovion Congress when John Bromley rose let Union delegates to the Trade Unto second a motion of Robert Smillie's | ion Congress permission to enter the asking for continued support of the country, was no less pleasing to Downing Street than to the trade union gen-The miners had stood betrayal by erals who deserted their armies in

Tho the T. U. C. officials did the "correct thing" in protesting the govsay MacDonald, J. H. Thomas and ernment's action, they were greatly others including Bromley. It, was relieved that Tomsky was not able to Bromley who wrote the infamous ar- appear before the convention and tell ticle against the miners and in justi- the delegates in person that the strugfication of the calling off of the gling Russian workers had contribut strike, that was used by Churchill and ed more to the miners' strike fund the coal operators in their strike than all the other countries of the world combined.

Soviet Workers Cheered.

The reception that the Russian comthe miners so that his political shirts rades would receive from the delemight be washed was more than the gates was foreshadowed when Deleminers could stand. Their delegates gate Richardson speaking to Robert and home office not been able arroin the convention put on a demonstra- Smillie's motion for continued sup- gantly to trample on the elementary tion that threw the convention into port to the strikers declared that rights of British trade unions, the an uproar and compelled the chair- "two-thirds of the money that had Soviet C. C. T. U. would have con-



JOHN BROMLEY, Engineers' head, flayed at Congress.

"When they can send \$3,000,000 while emerging from tyrannous con-It came from Mr. McGurk, a miners' ditions and fighting their own battles, choose the latter course. delegate, and he proceeded to ask there must be something good in

The cheers that followed Richard- proletarian duty. son's remark rocked congress. It was Mr. McGurk, and a clamor of ex- delegates, who were banned from the to extend moral assistance. cited remarks, punctuated by the country, than to hear a report deliver-

ed personally at the congress: eight and a half million organized would have led to glorious victory, him. He reiterated his demands for workers of the Union of Soviet So cialist Republics, the Soviet C. C. T. U. sends fraternal greetings to you which had appeared in the journal of and, in your person, the whole Brit-

The Soviet workers send particularly warm greetings to the courageous battalion of mine workers who continue to defend their rights, their living standards, and their past historic gains, despite furious attack and urer, shouting to Mr. Bromley to sit capitalist betrayal by certain leaders lating mentality of others.

The Soviet C. C. T. U. expresses the hope that congress' first word and "Have you seen Bromley's poster primary business will be as regards used against us?" shouted another assisting the miners. To do other miner, and then Mr. Richardson, the wise would be a step unworthy of federation treasure, could be heard the grand proletarian organization of and you would already have long been

> Refused Admission. The Soviet C. C. T. U. greatly regrets the impossibility of its delega-

The government, under the mask Mingled cheers and hoots greeted of democracy, representing a dictatorhim and many miners and other dele- ship of the manufacturers, bankers, mineowners and landlords, has done

culating, arguing and excited dele- Thereby they plainly indicated to British workers that they are without Mr. Pugh began to read the stand- any rights, and cannot even decide ing orders relating to the expulsion for themselves who shall and who from the congress of a delegate who shall not attend their own labor con-

The conservative government willingly admits representatives of Amminers or shamefully talk of loans There was a pause, and then the on interest, that is, speculate like usurens on the unheard of distress of the miners, on the tears and misery of

workers' wives and bairns. The conservative government does not admit representatives of the Soviet workers, who under extremely dif-

in their great fight.



GEO. HICKS, Head of Building Union, who went along on the betrayal of the general strike!

It seems the great democracy does mentary act of comradely solidarity.

Naturally the Soviet workers are highly indignant at such mistreatment of British trade unions by the British government.

The Soviet workers believe that blame must be laid therefore on the bending the knee attitude towards the government of T. U. leaders like

They were too loyal to capital and too disloyal to the working class. When the general council must now report on activities during the general strike, and subsequent period. Thomas, the main instigator of defeat of the general strike, thinks nothing of leaving for overseas, thereby evading all responsibility.

Had its delegation been admitted to congress, and had the British police man, Mr. Pugh, to adjourn the ses- come into the miners' coffers in their sidered it its duty to report to your

tion with British events. For concrete development these events scores of times demonstrated, and still confirms, the absolute correctness of those evaluations made by the Soviet C. C. T. U. in declarations and resolutions.

It was on the bass of its own historic experience and experience of numberless general strikes fought by our working class before it overthrew once and for all its own bankers and mineowners, that we appraised the unforgivable tactics of the general council leaders during the general

Vision of Revolution.

We may be accused of being too sharp, but when it comes to choosing between empty compliments meaning

ing class conscience and our bounden workers of the union of Soviet Social even from the standpoint of the bour-

If we Soviet workers hold it neces-

Dear Comrades: - In the name of order calling it off, the general strike in this, their critical hour.



H. THOMAS. Leader of the Right Wing General Council.

freed of your government aristocrats and mineowners.

Had they not been left alone to fight, the miners would have long since smashed the obstinant clique of mineowners, and parliament capitalists would not have dared despoil the miners of the seven-hour working day. Had there been other tactics and other leaders, the working class as a whole would not have been increasingly on the defensive, but marching victoriously forward.

Leaders Denounced.

Even with the finest, most disciplined and courageous army, the battle may be lost and the army shattered if there are people in headquarters and The miners and others shouted to sterdam and the American Federation shirk the fight, prepare capitalists, in the entire officers' staff prepared to enemy.

> We most wish that the congress of fraternal British unions should, with complete proletarian frankness, sum up the experience of the great strike and draw corresponding conclusions.

Only honest recognition of mistakes will prevent their repetition. Only ficult conditions are giving of their frank admission of errors will open last penny to help their class brothers the eyes of the masses fighting Denver Trade Unions against the capitalist offensive.

Refuse to do Anything.

The Soviet C. C. T. U. particularly regrets to confirm the fact that at the Paris meeting of the Anglo-Russian question of assisting the miners.

grets to confirm that at the Berlin down all our proposals re assisting These lamps are on pins for wearminers, including the embargo and 1 ing on the coal lapel, and may be what it wants is the lowering of the per cent levy for the benefit of strik- secured here at the Auditorium Book standard of living first of all of the

isn't a more important question, not relief work in this and other ways.

ment, than that of aiding the miners. If the miners go down the capitalists will crush the British workers section by section.

So This is Democracy! Not for nothing "Democracy" now appears in the form of the emergency powers act. This "Emergency Democracy" of the government die-hard conservatives won't stop at throttling the whole Trade Union Movement.

Contrariwise, if the miners stand firm and fast, should the work masses of other unions support them, if the mineowners lose more and more without hopes of winning out, then both strike it was clear to everyone who victory is assured the miners, and re- did not, like the proverbial ostrich, tiral from power of the workers' bury his head in the stand, that the greatest enemy, the conservative gov- miners' struggle had taken on the ernment, which came to the helm of character of an intense class struggle between the capitalists and the work the state on a shameful swindle.

Despite the refusal of the British ing class of Great Britain. delegation to the Anglo-Russian committee to adopt our proposal re help- ways a political struggle and only the ing miners and even discuss them in general council led by individuals of a business-like fashion (which we be- the Thomas type is afraid to recognize lieve quite unexplainable from the la- this. bor viewpoint), the Soviet C. C. T. U. will continue the policy in its own congress each step it took in connec-



A. A. PURCELL, So-called left winger, who flopped.

Levy of One Per Cent.

nothing to leaders and serving the the benefit of the miners on account the streets, the support of strikeworking masses, we will always of receipts from a one per cent levy breakers, the arrests of working class These are the dictates of our work- by the overwhelming mass of the cratic, by no means constitutional, not ist Republics.

Proletarian solidarity is displayed

Helped More Than Once. We are firmly convinced in our hour of trial the British proletariat will do the same by us. More than once it has withheld the mailed fist of the British bourgeoisie hanking over our

workers' state.

Thus will grow and strengthen brotherly bonds between the toilers of both countries, the bonds that will become a tower of strength when in Britain a real workers' government, whose advent is inevitable, is formed We strongly believe the Trades Union Congress will do all to further consolidate the Anglo-Russian Committee, a symbol of international trade union unity, a symbol of brotherly bonds existing between the Brit-

ish and Soviet workers. So long live international working class solidarity! Up the fight against the capitalist offensive!

With comradely greeting-Soviet C. C. T. U., Chairman, Tomsky; Secretary, Dogadov.

In reply to this broadside the T. U. C. issued a sneaking statement typical of the imperialist labor leaders of England. The Russians were invited to send fraternal delegates and the British felt that they would remain neutral on questions affecting the British workers and devote themselves to expressing goodwill.

This conception of the duties of fraternal delegates to other countries has nothing in common with internationalism or the identity of interests of the workers of all lands, a con-ception which British right wing labor leaders have in the past pro- cynically pushed to one side from the fessed adherence to.

William Hutcheson, fraternal delegate from the United States and "czar" of the United Brotherhood of ing the assistance of the working class Carpenters and Joiners got along very of the Soviet Union which determined nicely with his abstractions on the the direct betrayal of the strike, difference between a living wage and stresses this once again. Everyone a saving wage.

Aid British by Sale of Tiny Miner Lamps

DENVER, Col., Sept. 23 .- A shipment of the little lamps made in the council did when it rejected our ascommittee, the British delegation ca- form of those used by the coal miners sistance, means purely and simply to tegorically refused to discuss the of Great Britain and sold to aid relief betray the interests of one's own class. work in the British strike has The Soviet C. C. T. U. likewise re- reached Denver and found a good response in sales to sympathizers of the point of view the conservative govern-

WERE NOT ALLOWED IN BRITAIN

MOSCOW, Sept. 5 (By Mail) .- In connection with the refusal of the ment displays audacity to control the only for the British labor movement, British government to permit the delegation of the central council of Soviet but also the entire world labor move- Labor Unions to the British Trades Union Congress in Bournemouth to land, Comrade Tomski has made the following declaration:

"The refusal of the British government to grant visas to the members of our delegation was not unexpected, it was in line with the general policy of

the bourgeois government which is+ waging a class war against the proletariat of Great Britain, nevertheless. the refusal has caused the greatst indignation amongst the members of our unions, altho nothing else was to be expected from a government which stands completely upon the side of

Class Struggle Always Political. "From the very first days of the

"The class struggle is, however, al-

Capitalists Prepare.

"The preparations of the two parties to this struggle were unequal. On the one hand, the whole forces of the bourgeoisie rallied around the mine owners and the British government which is in the hands of the strongest capitalist party in Great Britain, the conservative party, which opposes the working class with all the means at its disposal. Further, there was the venal capitalist press which is distributed in millions of copies, the fabricated public opinion, the courts, the laws, etc.

Labor Leaders Timid.

"On the other hand was the general council which showed its pusilanimity in oaths of loyalty to the bourgeois state. It became ever more clear to everyone that the abolition of the habeas corpus, the nomination of dis-The Soviet C. C. T. U. resolved to trict commissars with extraordinary allocate a further million roubles for powers, the ordering of troops on to which we don't doubt will be adopted leaders, etc., was by no means demogeois British constitution.

"All these facts prove once again not surprising that the T. U. C. lead- sary to do everything possible to ex- only in deeds. Just as proletarians the real character of the notorious ers preferred to circulate the follow- tend fraternal material assistance, we of over a hundred nationalities inhab- 'democracy,' they prove that the bour- tives of the Amsterdam International the miners' delegates in support of ing telegram from the Soviet fraternal equally believe it our proletarian duty iting the Soviet Republics helped each geoisie, when its class interests de- and of the American Federation of Laother in their struggle, so our whole mand it, takes no fetishes like consti- bor have received their visas without Had the general strike not been proletariat considers it its fraternal tutions, democracy, the law, etc., into any objection. The Amsterdam Inter-



HARRY POLLITT. Leader of the Minority Movement.

opinion of the British workers and their trade unions. Proves Leaders Wrong.

"The refusal of the British govern ment to grant us vises is a further proof for the incorrectness of the policy of the leaders of the general strike who wished to present an open and intense class struggle, a political struggle, as a purely economic strike. This false policy determined in fact the direct betraval of the general strike by its leaders.

"Economy alone does not exist in nature and politics is simply the concentrated form of economics. This is proved, to put it mildly, by the 'incor rectness' of the policy of the general council, which assured the conserva tive government above all of its 'loyalty to the constitution.' Loyalty to first moment of the strike on.

"The unforgiveable and criminal error of the general council in refuswho grasps the interests of his own class and understands how to defend them logically (the conservatives are well aware of their class interests and know how to defend them) only values the opinion of his own class.

"To take the opinion of another, a hostile class, into consideration and ing the miners and the Miners' Fedto run after it slavishly as the general eration of Great Britain. A Contrast of Classes.

"Considered from a logical class ests. It knows what it wants and that ment could be rallied to a tremenders suffering, but fighting, determined Store, 1407 Arapahoe street, or at the miners and then of the workers of peaceable way out, but I am now connot to be slaves to the mineowners. office of the Colorado Labor Advocate. Great Britain in the other branches vinced that the government and the The Soviet C. C. T. U. believes there Denver workers are asked to aid the of industry, for it is only the first blow owners can only be brought to reason which is being delivered at the miners. by intensifying the struggle.

admission to England to attend T. U. C.

class only value the opinion of the act, under which about 800 workers proletariat. It is the duty of the lead- have been imprisoned the past 3 ers of the British trade union congress | months. Elsbury of the garment workto say frankly and openly what they ers was the only one to oppose the have done in order to obtain the visas resolution. He took his stand on the for the Soviet Labor Union delegation, ground that the workers of Britain what they think of this act of the con- never had enjoyed real freedom, and servative government and how they that "this resolution is far too mild ntend to answer it.

How Do They Stand?

"It is their duty to inform the workers clearly in this matter, for this act of the conservative government is not only a reprisal against the Soviet Labor Unions on account of the assist ance which they have given the miners, but it is also an insolent demonstration of the capitalists against the friendship of the proletariat of Great Britain and of the Soviet Union, an insolent challenge to the British pro-

"This act proves that the capitalists carefully follow the international policy of the British trade unions and actually influence it.

Why Were Others Admitted?

"I do not doubt that the representa squashed and the general council's duty to help British brother-workers consideration and certainly not the national, whose strikebreaking role is clear to everyone, and the American trade union; because ther are 'ultra loyal, did not permit themselves to interfere in the internal affairs of the

British trade 'nion movement. their pockets and watched curiously sponsible for carrying it on—the lothe unequal struggle of the British cal leaders who actually put the stopminers who had been 'eft to their page into effect. Today I talked with fate against the united forces of the one of these men, J. McLaughlin, capitalist class.

Will Continue Support.

on the other hand, even from the point about the strike as a boy with a new of view of the leaders of the general gun. council, were very 'disloyal,' they per- Many of the delegates take a simidinary degree of activity in the cause they had no idea that labor was really of the British workers. They parti- strong. They know now that the workcipated morally to a tremendous ex- ers can have the works whenever they tent and contributed materially to the decide to take them.

extent of their resources. "They are equally prepared to support the British miners in their difficult struggle to the very end."

Union Executive Member Declares for Struggle



"I stand now for a fight to a finish. The safety men must be called out; and all means, however drastic, must be employed to defeat the efforts of the coalowners 'to give the miners a hell of a hiding." In these words Noah Ablett, mem

ber of the Miners'

LONDON, Sept. 23.

in face of the situation now confront-Rally Movement. The offer of the M. F. G. B. to reopen negotiations, he said, had been

Union executive, declared his attitude

taken by the owners and the government as a sign of weakness. The points on which the owners meeting of the Anglo-Russian commit- British coal diggers. Over \$100 has ment acted logically and correctly ac- now stood so determinedly were tee, that delegation completely turned already been collected by this means. cording to its bourgeois class inter- grounds on which the whole move-

"For a long time I have sought a

MINERS' CHIEF IS POPULAR AT BOURNEMOUTH

Cook Assails the Right Wing Leaders

By SCOTT NEARING, Federated Press BOURNEMOUTH, Eng. - (FP) -Miners' Secretary A. J. Cook took the center of the stage at Bournemouth on the second day of the British Trades Union congress Sept. 7. Hoarse and nervous, Cook drove ahead with his customary determination. He denounced as scabs the workers who, he declared, had interfered with the min ers in their conduct of the strike.

"You can't be passive," cried Cook Either you must help the employer to win the dispute or else you must help the worker to win. We have been fighting for 19 weeks a life and death struggle for the principles of unionism that are common to us all. While we have been engaged in this fight, others are working behind our backs -blacklegging on us."

Cook was cheered when he rose to speak. He very evidently is the outstanding figure at the congress. Ernest Bevin, who directed the general President of the Soviet Unions, denied strike, spoke for the first time at this less friendly than Cook's. The congress challenged the British

"The representatives of the working government on the emergency powers and puerile."

There has been general agreement that there should be no discussion of the general strike on the ground that



A. J. COOK. Miners' leader, who led the mineral

delegation at the T. U. C. it might injure the cause of the miners. The members of the general council are all reticent or silent. They are evidently not proud of their rec-

"Instead they kept their hands in to be confined to those who were re-The enthusiasm for the strike seems president, Building Trades Federation at Scarboro, and a delegate to this "The workers of the Soviet Union, congress. He was as enthusiastic

mitted themselves to show an extraor- lar view. Before the general strike

The mayor of Bournemouth opened the congress with an address in which he emphasized fair dealing, goodwill, and uplift. His plea for the employing class was greeted by emphatic protest from the delegates, who were manifestly out of sympathy with his principles of tolerance and compro-The president of the Bourne mouth trades and labor council folowed the mayor with a bitter denunciation of the municipal government for employing nonunion workers since



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W. P. Election Campaign Tours

Bertram D. Wolfe.

"Who Owns the Government?" This is the subject of the campaign talks of state of Ohio in the September elec-Bertram D. Wolfe, director of the New tion campaign tour, will speak at York Workers' School and candidate Canton, Ohio, today Sept. 24. Her for congressman on the Workers subject is: "What Can Workers Ex-(Communist) Party ticket, who is now pect from the Elections?" Her list of touring the western part of the coun- meetings is as follows: try. Comrade Wolfe's tour is:

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Co-operative Hall, 2706 Brooklyn Ave., Sept. 25. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.-Sept. 26. PORTLAND, Ore.-Sept. 29 ASTORIA, Ore.-Sept. 30. TACOMA, Wash.-Oct. 1 MT. VERNON, Wash.-Oct. 2. SEATTLE, Wash .- Oct. 3. SPOKANE, Wash .- Oct. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn .- Oct. 8. ST. PAUL, Minn .- Oct. 9.

J. O. Bentall.

where J. O. Bentall, who is covering this list: this territory in the September campaign tour, will speak today, Sept. 24, on the subject: "What Can the Workers Expect From the Elections?" The rest of his meetings are: GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.-Friday,

Sept. 24.

Rebecca Grecht.

Rebecca Grecht, who is covering the

CANTON, O .- Sept. 24. AKRON, O .- Sept. 25. ERIE, Pa.-Sept. 26.

H. M. Wicks.

The New England states are the territory which H. M. Wicks, well-known labor speaker and candidate for govof Pennsylvania, is covering in a September election campaign tour. Comrade Wicks, who is speaking on "What Can the Workers Expect From the Elections?" will be at Lowell. Mass., today and from there to other Grand Rapids, Mich., is the place cities in Massachusetts according to

> HAVERHILL-Wednesday, Sept. 22. LAWRENCE-Thursday, Sept. 23. LOWELL-Friday, Sept. 24. FITCHBURG-Saturday, Sept. 25. GARDNER-Sunday, Sept. 26. SPRINGFIELD-Monday, Sept. 27. HOYLOKE-Tuesday, Sept. 28. PITTSFIELD-Wednesday, Sept. 29.

MUSKEGON-Saturday, Sept. 25. The Workers' School

The Workers' School conducts the following departments: Library, Research Department, Lecture Bureau, Sunday Night Forums, Popular Lecture Courses, Evening Study Classes. It supplies teachers and

Scott Nearing

Is an Instructor in the Workers' School.

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Three lectures on: British Labor Movement; Where Is Britain Going?; England and America. Fee for the course, \$1.

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Harry Dana Robert Dunn Arthur Calhoun M. J. Olgin Benjamin Gitlow

Alexander Trachtenberg Wm. W. Weinstone Jack Stachel Bertram D. Wolfe. Director Workers' School And Others.

If you are interested, call at the office of the school, 108 E. 14th Street.

WORKERS PARTY ENTERS CANDIDATES IN STATE **ELECTIONS THIS YEAR**

In a number of states nominations have been filed by petition while in others the petition campaign is still in progress to place Workers (Communist) Party candidates officially on the ballots. Nominations officially filed:

Michigan.

Michigan-The following candidates will appear officially on the ballot in the primary elections to be held Tuesday, September 14:

Governor, William Reynolds. Congress, 13th District, William

Mollenhauer. Congress, 1st Dist., Harry Kish-

Congress, 9th District, Daniel C.

Pennsylvania.

Pennsylvania-The following were the candidates nominated: Governor, H. M. Wicks.

Lieutenant-Governor, Parthenia Hills.

Secretary of Internal Affairs, Max Jenkins. United States Senator, E. J. Cary.

State Legislature, first district, Ernest Careathers and Anna Weis-

Second District, Mike Blaskovitz and Celia Paransky. Seventh District, Margaret Yeager.

Eighth District, Susie Kendra and Peter Skrtic. Ninth District, William P. Mikades Thirty Fourth District, Sam Shore.

State Senator, William Schmidt. Colorado.

Governor, William Dietrich. United States Senator, James A.

Secretary of State, Nelson Dewey. State Treasurer, Leonard Forsch-

Superintendent of Public Instruction, Helena Dietrich. State Auditor, O. McSwain.

Massachusetts.

Governor, Lewis Marks. Lieut. Governor, Albert Oddie, U. S. Senator, John J. Ballam. Treasurer, Winfield A. Dwyer. Auditor, Emma P. Hutchins. Attorney General, Max Lerner. Secretary of State, Harry J.

PETITION CAMPAIGNS IN PROGRESS TO PUT THESE CAN-DIDATES ON THE BALLOTS:

Illinois.

J. Louis Engdahl, candidate for United States Senator from Illinois. S. Hammersmark, for congressman from 7th congressional district. Mathilda Kalousek, congresswoman for 6th congressional district. Elizabeth Griffin, congresswoman for 1st congressional district.

New York.

Governor, Benjamin Gitlow. Lieutenant Governor, Franklin P. Brill. Attorney General, Arthur S. Leeds. State Comptroller, Juliet Stuart

(Manhattan)

Assembly 6th District, Benjamin Lifschitz. Assembly 8th District, Rebecca Grecht, Assembly 17th District, Julius Codkind. Assembly 18th District, Abraham Markoff. Congress 13th District, Charles Krumbein. Congress 14th District. Alexander Trachtenberg. Congress 20th District, William W. Weinstone. Senate 14th District, Elmer T. Alli-

Assembly 3rd Dist., Elias Marks. Assembly 4th District, Isidore Steinzer. Assembly 5th District, Charles Zimmerman, Assembly 7th District. Joseph Boruchowitz. Congress 23rd District, Moissaye J. Olgin.

(Brooklyn) Assembly 6th District, George Primoff. Assembly 14th District, Samuel Nesin. Assembly 23rd Distric, Fannie Warshafsky. Congress District, Bertram D. Wolfe. Senate 7th District, Morris Rosen.

Connecticut.

Governor, William MacKenzle. Lieut. Governor, Edward Mrasko. Comptroller, John Gombes. Sec'y. of State, Jane H. Feldman, Treas. H. Wolfson.

Ohio.

Canton, Stark County State Senator, 41st District, Carl Guillod. State Assemblyman, 21st Disrict, Peter Pichler.

FARMER-LABOR PARTY CANDI-DATES SUPPORTED BY THE WORKERS PARTY:

OHIO Allen County

Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Edwin Blank, Representative to the General Assembly, Corbin N. Shook. Sheriff, B. K. Mc-Kercher. County Auditor, C. E. Thompkins. County Commissioner, Karl W. Frey. County Treasurer, Frank Clay. County Recorder, L. L.

Landis. Prosecuting Attorney, Carl

B. Blank. Clerk of the Courts, Rob-

ert J. Kelli

CHICAGO OPENS 1926 CAMPAIGN

Engdahl, Dunne, Simons and Shachtman Speak

Chicago witnessed the launching of he 1926 election campaign of the Workers (Communist) Party at the States senator in Illinois; William F. Dunne, candidate for governor in New, York; Max Shachtman, of the Young Workers League, and William Simons.

Urges New Recruits for Party. that Bolshevism as it manifests itself into operation. in this country is an importation from Europe. He made an appeal for new members for the Workers (Communist) Party.

Dunne reviewed the necessity for breaking the workers and farmers away from the old capitalist political parties thru rallying the masses in a labor party.

Shachtman told of the dangers of new wars facing American imperialist rule on many fronts. Simons acted. Butter and Egg Man Is as chairman.

More Meetings; Collect Signatures. Many gathernigs are being schedul-

ed for the campaign. Open air and weather permits.

ballot. This work is being directed from the district office, Workers (Communist) Party, 19 South Lincoln St.

Engdahl Goes to Minnesota. nesota to spend two days in the party's campaign in that state speaking s follows:

Saturday, Sept. 25, 8 p. m., St. Paul, abor Temple, 416 N. Temple St. On his return trip to Chicago he

SECTION 3, NEW YORK TO HOLD MEMBERSHIP **MEETING MONDAY NIGHT**

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Section 3 of the Workers Party of New York will convene in a very important meeting of all members next Monday, Sept. 27. The meeting will be held directly after work at Bryant Hall, Sixth Ave. and 42nd St. Every member of Section 3 must make certain to be present.

Big Corporation Is Being Formed to Join Traction Properties

A new \$250,000,000 corporation is being formed in Chicago for the purpose of consolidating the traction properties of the city. Tho Samuel Insull is now in Europe, his representatives were present at the meeting of bankers that agreed on the scheme and it is believed that Insull will be elected to direct the reorganization.

Bankers Out For Profits. The bankers are out to make monmass meeting held in Mirror Hall, on ey on the plan and they have suggestthe northwest side, addressed by J. ed that the city forego for the pres- at the building of the Lowell Silk Mill Perth Amboy, N. J., involving about Louis Engdahl, candidate for United ent its arrangement for a division of with its nailed down windows, you 300 young workers (plants employ onbankers' coffers.

HIS FRESH FISH

Now Short \$25

factory meetings will be held as the ed, and his butter too scarce A. went out on strike. Krause, a small butter and cheese This week is witnessing an intense man got into trouble with the law redrive for signatures for the petitions cently. Judge Frank Padden took \$25 to place the various candidates on the away from Krause but Krause's customers will not get any of it.

R. W. Anderson of the Southmoor garage, could not see any reason why a few gills of gasoline out of every Engdahl left last night for Min-gallon purchased by Fordists could not just as well contribute its motive qualities to his own limousine. Judge Padden non-concurred in this decision Friday, Sept. 24, 8 p. m., Minne-apolis, Moose Hall, 43 S. Fourth St. the missing liquid.

Scales Cost Money.

Joseph Stecke, who supplies fish to stairs. fish-eaters somewhere on North Halspeaks at Milwaukee, Wis., Sunday, sted street, was as nifty a scale-trim-Sept. 26, at Miller Hall, 802 State St. mer as ever handled a cleaver. But Stecke manicured one fish that held on to his scales and the operation cost him \$25. Judge Padden got the scales of justice to work on the fish that Stecke sold and Stecke was informed that he should sell his fish undressed. Perhaps his honor likes to take his fish in the nude. Now the eyes and he promised that his fish money before labor unions to help us will leave his store in the future as win our strike. polished as a politician's right hand.

> Send us the name and address of a ing the strike as you see. progressive worker to whom we can

HOLD LARGEST MEETING ON BOSTON COMMONS IN THE PARTY'S CAMPAIGN

(Special to The Daily Worker)

BOSTON, Mass .- The Boston Commons meeting of last Sunday was the largest yet held by the Workers Party of Boston. H. M. Wicks was the principal speaker and talked of "Issues of the Campaign," with particular stress upon the "League of Nations and the World Court." As soon as Wicks started to speak the other meetings on the Commons, where every form of religious and political exponent holds forth, began to dwindle and before long the majority of the people on the+ Commons were attentively listening to

the Workers Party speaker. the meeting and dwelt on some phases of the political situation of Massachusetts before introducing the main speaker. This meeting was a part of the tour that will take Wicks thru the state of Massachusetts. The balance of the tour is as follows:

Friday, Sept. 24-Lowell, Mass. Maynard, Mass., 7 p. m. Sunday, Sept. 26-Girls' Club, 9 the closing. Prichard, 7:30 p. m., Fitchburg. Monday, Sept. 27-Gardner.

Tuesday, Sept. 28-Springfield. Wednesday, Sept. 29-Holyoke. Thursday, Sept. 30-Pittsfield.

filled. In the home town of Senator there are no party members, six street meetings were held in one night, in plans of the royal visitor. various parts of the city with a total attendance of more than 1,500. This is the first time the Workers Party month of October speaking as candi- base commandant, date for governor on the Workers Party ticket of that state.

Waukegan Bank Shut Harry J. Canter was chairman of Down, 'For Adjustment'

WAUKEGAN, Ill., Sept. 23. - The Security Savings Bank of Waukegan, second oldest bank of this city, was closed today by state bank examiners "for adjustment."

Frozen assets in the form of unsecured loans made by a former admin-Saturday, Sept. 25-Kings Square, istration were blamed by J. A. Miller, one of the principal stockholders, for

Queen's Agent Coming.

PARIS, Sept. 23 .- Loie Fuller, personal friend of Queen Marie of Roumania, sailed for New York A number of dates in the southern aboard the White Star liner Olympic part of the state have already been today to act as the queen's advance agent in connection with the queen's Wm. M. Butler, New Bedford, where forthcoming visit to the United States. The strictest secrecy surrounds the

Rush Anti-Toxin to Florida.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—All available typhoid anti-toxin and tetanus vaccine at the headquarters of the has ever appeared before the workers able typhoid anti-toxin and tetanus of that town. Good meetings were vaccine at the headquarters of the also held in Quincy, Revere, Peabody, seventh naval district (Key West) Salem and Gloucester. After finishing have been rushed to stricken Miami the tour of Massachusetts Comrade to combat the menace of epidemics, Wicks will go into the state of Penn- according to a message to the navy sylvania, where he will spend the department this morning from the

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT !

JOIN THE ELECTION SIGNATURE CAMPAIGN SUNDAY, SEPT. 26

The election signature campaign meeting held by Sections Nos. 5 and 6 at Workers' Lyceum, Sunday, Sept. 19, went to work with enthusiasm, altho it was far from well attended, showing that comrades can sleep on the job in whistful peace, while a handful of devoted "Jimmie Higgins" go to the

By sunrise Thursday, Sept. 30, Hammersmark and Engdahl will be on the ballot, if those that slept last Sunday will wake up in time to come next Sunday, Sept. 26, at 10 a. m., to the meeting at Workers' Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch Blvd., for a half day of honest to goodness Communist work. In the meantime petition blanks and voters lists can be had from G. Bjornson, 1623 Humboldt Blvd. Telephone Humboldt 5838.

SILK MILL GIRLS CONTINUE SCRAP

By MARY, Young Silk Striker.

earnings. A charge of 1 cent for trans- get the impression of a prison. Thru ly young workers). fers will be made. This little plan is the dirty window panes you can see expected to mean \$1,500,000 to the only pale spots of the electric lights, and 42 of the workers are out already. and a dizzy making noise breaks thru Being young workers and inexperi-The construction of initial subways the thick walls into the narrow enced in strikes the workers gather Engdahl pointed out how the Com- with the \$45,000,000 traction fund now street. Four hundred human beings in groups every morning on corners munist struggle grows out of the im- in possession of the city treasury, is are imprisoned in this mill. Ninety near mills, I am a former employe mediate needs of the workers, ridicul- proposed. The city council must en- per cent of them are young girls just of the Sarnoff-Leving hat factory, so ing the attack of the exploiters' press dorse the scheme before it can be put left school, spending their youth days naturally I am interested in this fight.

Six Loom System.

On the top of this the bosses wanted s to run six looms instead of four. They wanted to cut our wages 331/2%. Our wages are so low anywayfrom 9-12 dollars in average, and the new system will make impossible for us to work. It will ruin our Because his cheese was too ventilat- health completely. This is why we

This is why every morning about 100 strikers picket the mill gates singing our strike songs. Our beloved song "Solidarity".

This is why we demand a 20% increase in wages. We want some of the silk we are weaving. We want some sunshine and air. We want standing in front of the doors down sinks to wash up our hands. We can't wash our hands in rusty pails. We want a sanitary chest in the mill and a resting room too. We think we have a right to use the elevators instead of climbing five flights of

Yes, we want human conditions and an American standard of living. the Passaic strikers' children to teach Above all we want a union-an organization to protect the interests of the workers in the Lowell Silk Mill against our enemies-the bosses. We learned to do many things dur-

workers in the strike committee. We learned how to educate scabs. We didn't know we had so many speakers among us, but now we know. scales have fallen from Stecke's We discovered it while appealing for

ing the strike. We have many young

Oh yes, we, the young strikers of the Lowell Silk Mill, learned a lot dur-

We learned that the bosses are our send a sample copy of The DAILY greatest enemies but we're determined to fight and fight until we'll get our final victory thru one big textile

AMERICAN DELEGATES TO ARMS CONFERENCE GOES AFTER SUB-COMMITTEE

GENEVA, Sept. 23 .- Violent discussions were precipitated in the preparatory disarmament commission today when Hugh Gibson, Amercan minister to Switzerland and head of the American delegation to the conference, criticized the work of the military sub-commis-

Gibson requested that the new Instructions be issued to the military sub-commission not to engage itself with political questions, but to confine its activities to technical con-

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WCFL Radio Program

Chicago Federation of Labor radio broadcasting station WCFL is on the air with regular programs. It is broadcasting on a 491.5 wave length from the Municipal Pier. TONIGHT.

6:00 p. m.-Chicago Federation of Labor talks and bulletins.
6:15 to 6:30—Fable Lady—Stories for

by Leon Trotsky

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Literature and Revolution

Passaic Strikers' Kids Lead Pickets in Amboy

By a Young Worker Correspondent. PERTH AMBOY, N. J .- (By Mail). At the present time there is a strike LOWELL, Mass.-When you look at the Sarnoff-Irving hat factories of

The strike is now in its third day

among looms, rats, roaches, breathing With two Passaic textile strikers' the hot damp air with a constant children-who are in Perth Amboy for temperature of 90 degrees, for a wage a vacation-I went to the plant. Seeog 9 to 12 dollars per week. Yes, it ing that the strikers had no picket was hard, practically impossible to line, but were only standing on the work, breath, keep up our families corners, I got in touch with some of and be healthy under these circum- the strikers I knew, to discuss the question with them of forming a picket line to march up and down in front of the mills. I told them two Passaic strikers' children were here who would lead the picket line for them if they wanted it. They were glad to hear this and all the workers present immediately formed a picket line numbering about 125 workers in

> With little Frances Fisher, 12 years old, and Elizabeth Huber, 13 years old—the two Passaic textile strikers' children-at the head of the picket line, the workers started the march up and down in front of the mills. The workers remaining in the mills all rushed to the windows to see the picket line, while all the bosses were stairs, to keep workers in the plants from joining the picket line outside. if any attempted to do so. After picketing, the two Passaic strikers' children were taken to the strike meeting in an automobile, while the rest of the workers marched down in a body. The hat works strikers asked them some of the Passaic strikers'

songs. This they gladly agreed to do. Thus the Passaic strikers' children are militant fighters in labor's ranks wherever they go—imitating their striking fathers and mothers at home.

Condemn Scabbing by Students

RICHMOND, Ind .- (FP)-"Be ft reolved that this conference goes on cord as against the practice of college student's scabbing during industrial disputes." This resolution was passed unaniomusly at a conference of thirty young college students who have been spending their summer vacations as manual laborers in industry. The conference, held at Earlham College, passed few other resolutions, being largely devoted to a discussion of the value of college students working in industry and what the various students could do in the coming year to establish closer contact between students, and industrial workers.

The students, both young men and women, represented 16 colleges and universities in the central west as well as two labor colleges-Brookwood and Commonwealth,-and the Bryn Mawr Summer School for Women in Industry. With them were five young industrial workers, most of them working in organized trades and being members of their respective unions, and several other active workers in the labor movement.



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Chicago, III. Send the Young Comrade to:



PRINTERS' UNION OF CLEVELAND, O. **BOWS TO BOSSES**

Subservient Letter Issued by President

By a Worker Correspondent. CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 23 .- In order to force the painters and glaziers of this city to terminate their strike, the manufacturers, bankers and master contractors formed what they members, this committee later becomcity and the workers will have to 60." buck up against them, whether they wish or not.

Kow-Tow Statement,

The committee issued a statement on its relation to organized labor, and the Cleveland Typographical Union, No. 53, thru its president, hurried to answer the statement, and to emphasize that it is a "good" union. One paragraph of the statement will suffice to indicate its character.

"The Cleveland Citizens' Committee, made up of sixty prominent and well-known men of this community, in a pronouncement recently addressed to the public of Greater Cleveland, says: 'The committee has no intention of attacking or discrediting those unions which conduct their operations in a fair, businesslike, reasonable and constructive manner.' We are proud to state that Cleveland Typographical Union has followed such a policy in its dealings with employers and the

\$5,000,000 Fund.

What does the Citizens' Committee call "fair, businesslike, reasonable and constructive?" Perhaps the use of police and firemen to protect scabs! Perhaps the boycotting of the lumber yards which supplied the contractors during the building laborers' strike! Perhaps the establishment of a fund of \$5,000,000 to force the independent contractors into line-and to fight the painters and glaziers! And this fund remains permanent!

Pledge Fairness.

And the printers pledge fairness, reasonableness and constructiveness to this band of pirateers! Does Mr. Hoban intend this for publicity-when during the strikes and struggles the so-called Citizens' Committee controls every channel of publicity?

Militant Action Required.

Mr. Hoban would have done better to refrain from sending a letter to the Citizens' Committee-and from multigraphing the letter and sending it to all the unions in the city. The workers of Cleveland will have to adopt quite different methods in combatting the Citizens' Committee if they hope to make any progress. Not sub serviency, but well-planned, militant action is required.



U. S. STEEL TRUST INAUGURATES USUAL BOSSES' INSURANCE SCHEME; WORKERS HAVE NOTHING TO SAY

By a Worker Correspondent.

of coersion is being used by the straw bosses in the American Sheet and Tin Plate Co., the subsidiary of the United States Steel Corporation, to compel its employes to become members of a so-called "Employes' Insurance Association."

The membership in this association costs \$1 initiation fee and \$1 per month. It entitles the member to called a "Citizens' Committee" of 57 \$1,000 insurance "payable in the event of death from any cause at any age, ing a permanent institution. This and in the event of permanent and body of men will hereafter function total disability from illness or injury in every strike of the workers of this of any nature, occurring before age

> The insurance is paid by deduction the Missouri State Life Insurance Co. of St. Louis, Mo., for this group in- death and injury. But the "poor"

not an organization by, of and for pay the prize for death caused thru the steel mill workers, but by, of and the speed-up. for the steel trust. It is a scheme to The workers must unite their forces dustries, in addition to railroads, reptie them to their slave jobs. It is a and fight against the tyranny of the scheme to rob them still further. The steel trust.

workers are sending news of

their lives, the job, and their

unions to The DAILY WORKER.

These workers are organized in

many cities—and they issue a

But He Must Also Writel

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Chicago, Ill.

(workers will have nothing to say in GARY, Ind., Sept. 23 .- A great deal case the board of directors of this 'Employes' Association" would raise the premium at their will. The workers are not running this association. They are driven into it. Men are complaining that the straw bosses threaten to fire them in case they do not take out insurance. And yet the circular issued by the American Sheet and Tin Plate Co. states that "membership in the association is optional.

It is quite possible that this is a ers are entitled to compensation in case of death of injury. The steel trust is garnering hundreds of millions of profit, it works its employes speed-up causes numerous cases of steel trust can not afford to face the This insurance, despite its name, is responsibility. It makes the workers

small newspaper of their own! Succeed in Organizing Many Shops

> By a Worker Correspondent. come to peaceful terms with the notice. union, and their shops have been called on strike. Among them, are: Lowy & Lowy, suit case and bag pic Suit Case company, of 150 Wooster St., and Diamond Auto Trunk and their factories with strikebreakers

Organize Brief Case Shops.

pletely tied up.

shops. Most of the workers employed in these shops are young boys and girls who are made to work long hours for the big sum of \$10 and \$12 The American Worker Correspondent a week. The business condition in the brief case shops is now very good. The employers are very busy and are naturally taking advantage of profit as it is possible. The brief case Send us the name and address workers who have been out of of a progressive worker to whom work for many months during the slack period just ended, feel that they are also entitled to make a few dollars more in the busy time and not to have to work as long as 50 and 60 hours a week.

The union is determined to help these workers and once for all establish union conditions and standards in these shops. And if the employers remain stubborn, a general strike may be called in all brief case shops in the very near future.

The Suit Case, Bag & Brief Case Makers' union has lately also put an organizer in the field in Philadelphia who is now preparing the ground for a general organization campaign in that city and as soon as the situation in New York will be clear, the union will concentrate all its efforts on Philadelphia, and also Newark.

The Works of

For every worker in these books and amphlets is the understanding that ends to an intelligent and greater usefulness in the labor movement. SELECTED ESSAYS—A new book in

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The Daily Worker Pub. Co. 1113 W. Washington Blvd.,

Chicago, III.

SHERMAN SERVICE ADVERTISES IT PUTS THE "MAN ELEMENT" IN HELPLESS COMPANY UNIONS

By ROBERT DUNN, Federated Press.

"First in its line," is the boast of Sherman Corp.-Engineers, America's foremost labor spy agency. "We are entirely alone in our field"—"We have no competition," are frequent in its advertising copy. It has competitors, but few can tussle with it on its high plane of "X-Ray service, harmony engineering," and scientific manipulation of what John Sherman, founder, calls the 'man element" in industry.

Sherman Detective Agency, it changed workers in Philadelphia. a few years later to Sherman Service, Not only stoolpigeons of the ordi-Inc. Within the last year it has taken nary sort, and provocateurs to stir up the title the Sherman Corp., with race hatred, but the smoother type of major offices in New York (2 Rector "constructive harmoner" is attached street), Chicago (208 S. La Salle to the Sherman payroll. Since Sherstreet), St. Louis (114 N. Broadway), man began stressing "industrial coun Detroit (First National Bank build- sel" and claiming to be the "largest ing), Boston, 31 Milk street), Phila- engineering organization of its kind delphia (1015 Chestnut street), Cleve- in the world" with "a million-dollar land (Park building), Toronto (10 engineering staff" he has adopted the Adelaide street, E.). At the same ad- latest frills for catching the attention dress are its employment offices for of employers. His production enscheme to abolish the compensation hiring of industrial spies or opera- gineering department turns out stacks tives. The employment branches of bulletins, confidential reports and function under different names, so special studies on American steps, slo that the worker who answers the gans to stimulate production, open blind ad in the local paper thinks he shop gains, thrift plans. Unions in from the salary or wages of the em- twice and three times as hard as two Mutual Service or the National Man- writes for journals like Printers' Ink, ufacturers' Syndicate, which are the Industrial Management, Manufactur employment departments of Sherman ers' Record, Textile World, while his

Rallroads Hire Spies.

The corporation claims clients in some 33 states, with more than 50 inresented in the list of users of its undercover service. The railroad companies are particularly profitable clients, one having been known to use 50 Sherman operatives in one year at a cost of \$360,000-a maximum rate of \$600 per month for an operative or approximately \$20 a day. The New York, New Haven & Hartford and Pennsylvania are two that have made use of Sherman operatives in liquidating labor unions. These two roads have been leaders in establishing company unions. One of Sherman's specialties is the introduction

of company unions. A Sherman salesman calling on a prospective client in New York told NEW YORK,-The Suit Case, Bag him that the company has done over & Brief Case Makers' Union has been \$25,000,000 worth of business in the conducting for the last few weeks an last few years. He spoke of their intensive organization campaign thru- "invisible and unobtrusive service" out the trade. As a result of this which would pay the client to install. campaign many important firms have He suggested that a Sherman spy be already settled with the union, grant put in the plant just for a week as a ing to their employes shorter hours, try-out, to make a "preliminary surbetter wages, and union recognition. vey." The contract for placement of Several firms, however, refused to operatives is cancellable on 30 days'

From Steel to Textiles.

In spite of careful guarding of clients' names, it is known that durshop, of 159 Mercer street, the Olyming the past few years Sherman users have included Kirschbaum Clothing Co., Klotz Silk Co., Bell Telephone Co., Case company, of 616 Broadway. At- Standard Roller Bearing Co., Philadeltempts made by these firms to operate phia Silk Mfg. Co., Saquoit Silk Mills have falled, and their shops are com- ican Sugar Refining Co. of Boston, -all of Philadlphia-as well as Amer-American Woolen Co., S. S. White The union is also conducting a spe- Illinois Steel Co., Steel & Tube Co. showed us whom he supports when a and learn where, what, when cial campaign at the brief case shops. of America, a number of Paterson silk handful of about 150 Y. K. K. parad-The conditions in the brief case shops mills represented in the New Bedford ed in this city last night. He stood M. Butler, now running for election the klan. and requesting the votes of spied-upon

textile workers in that state. Sherman operatives follow the usual spy procedure-many being instructed "to get themselves elected to office in the labor unions" and some of them have been claimed by Shertheir opportunity to make as much man executives "to hold the highest steel strike of 1919, the 1922 strike in | coal operators.

Organized in Boston in 1910 as the | Lawrence, Mass., and among clothing

spat-wearing salesmen speak at Massachusetts Institute of Technology. Case Business College, etc. Many Sherman executives, such as A. R. MacDonald and Tobias F. Butler, have set up independently in the spy-furnishing business, sometimes undercutting Sherman.

Deceased President of Hod Carriers Knighted by the King of Italy

Dominic d'Allesandro, president of the Hod Carriers, Building and Common Laborers' International Union for the past 23 years, is dead.

D'Allesandro cherished the title of knight which was conferred on him

by the king of Italy. D'Allesandro had been fil for several months, and spent his declining days in a Massachusetts sanitarium.

A meeting of the union's executive board will be called shortly and d'Allesandro's temporary successor will be selected from among the six members of the board. A permanent president will not be chosen until the next convention, unless a referendum vote is ordered by the membership. The Hod Carriers have not held a national convention for 20 years, and are now balloting upon the question of holding one this fall.

Charleroi Mayor Kow-tows to The Nightshirt Squad

CHARLEROI, Pa.—(By Mail) - Our "Ross Consolidated." Dental Co., Sperry Gyroscope Co., city mayor, S. L. Woodward, openly

by his opponents, nevertheless he was Vladivostok in Siberia! elected by a crooked ballot.

The miners are forming a labor party and they mean to fight for the election of a decent citizen who will

The Drive

Keep the Daily Worker

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The Germans made another gigantic thrust at the British and this time it was the battle of Flanders. They captured a great stretch of the British lines and if it had not been for a six day stand of laborers and chauffeurs and what not behind the lines, every man hiding in a hole and fighting for himself with any weapon he could pick up, the Germans would have taken the whole railway system in Flanders. A month or so later came another offensive, this time to the south, against the French, the battle of the Aisne and the Oise; it looked as if Paris was doomed and people in America held their breath while they read the bulle-

By Upton Sinclair

tins in the newspapers. In the midst of that battle, covering nearly two hundred miles of front, an epoch-making thing happened; the hard-pressed French commander put in the first of the newly-arrived American troops. These boys had had only a few months training and the French didn't think they would hold: but instead of giving way like the rest of the armies, they hit the German line and went forward a couple of miles over a three mile front. So more of them were rushed in and a few days later came the battle of Belleau Wood, and all over America went a thrill of exultation. It was not national pride, but more than that, men felt-it was a victory of free institutions. When you ran over the lists of dead and wounded in these battles you found Horowitz and Schnierow and Samerpian and Samaniego, Constantinopulos and Toplitsky and Guong Ling; but they all fought alike, and it was a victory for that golden flood of eloquence that was being poured out from the White House.

(Copyright, 1926, by Upton Sinclair)

In the midst of these excitements came Bunny's commencement time, and he had to make the great decision. He and his father had the most serious talk of their lives; Bunny had never seen the old man so deeply moved. What he said was, "Son, can't you possibly see your way to stay and help me with this job?" What Bunny answered was, "Dad, if I didn't get into the army, I'd never feel right the rest of my life."

Dad pointed out what it was going to mean to him personally. He was no longer able to carry this load alone. There had to be more and more wells, and every one was an added care. They simply had to have a big refinery and that meant also a chain of service stations, you could not count on government contracts forever. This Paradise tract was Bunny's, but if he wanted to give it up, why then Dad would have to negotiate with some of the big people who had been sounding him out on the question of mergers. If Bunny went into the army there would be no use counting on him, because Dad was sure this war wasn't half over. "Those that go now aren't many of them coming back," was the way he put it; there was a catch in his voice, and with a little bit more they would have had to pull out their pockethandkerchiefs, which would have been equally embarrassing to both. All that Bunny could do was to repeat, "I've just got to go, Dad; I've just got to go."

So Dad gave up and a couple of weeks later Bunny got his notice to report to his training-camp. Aunt Emma spilled tears over him, while Grandma drew her withered old lips tight over her badly-fitting false teeth, and said it was a crime, and it ended her interest in life. Bertie made arrangements for a farewell party, and Dad reported that he had opened negotiations with Vernon Roscoe, the biggest independent oil operator on the coast, president of Flora-Max and Mid-Central Pete, who had several times broached the project of a vast enterprise to be known as

They drove up to Paradise, to give Bunny a farewell look at things, and there they found that Paul was expected home for a are in general much lower than those Manufacturers' Association, particular in the middle of the street directing furlough, preliminary to a journey across the Pacific Ocean. This prevailing in the suit case and bag larly under control of Senator William the traffic, giving the right of way to war, Dad said, was like a fire in a "tank-farm," you could never tell which way things would explode, or what would go next. Mayor S. L. Woodward, before his Here was Paul, with the bunch of carpenters he directed, ordered election, was denounced as a K. K. K. onto a transport to be shipped—of all places in the world—to

> It appeared that when the Bolsheviks took charge of Russia they found themselves with a great army of war prisoners, among them a hundred thousand Czecho-Slovaks. This was a new support the workers in the future. We name-you looked it up in the encyclopedia and couldn't find it. positions" in the unions. They have workers no longer will fool with and had to have it explained to you that they were Bohemians, been uncovered in strikes such as the crooked politicians, supporters of the but this was a German word, and just as we had changed hamburger into liberty steak and sauerkraut into liberty cabbage, so the Bohemians became Czecho-Slovaks, which nobody knew how to spell when they heard it, or to pronounce when they saw it. The people of this race were revolting against Germany, and the Bolsheviks had agreed that their Czecho-Slovak prisoners would be shipped to Vladivostok, where the allies might take charge of them, and bring them to the fighting front if they saw fit. But on the way across Siberia the Czecho-Slovaks got to fighting with the Bolsheviks and the released German war prisoners, and had seized a great section of the railroad.

So now into this weird mix-up the allies were intervening. The newspapers explained the matter: the Bolshevik movement was an uprising of fanatics, imposed upon the Russian people by the guns of hired mercenaries. Chinese and Mongolians and Cossacks and escaped criminals and general riff-raff; it couldn't last very long, a few weeks or months at the most, and what was needed was to supply a nucleus about which the decent Russians might rally. The allies were now undertaking to do that; American and Japanese troops were to help the Czecho-Slovaks in Siberia, and American and British troops were to organize the Russian refugees at Archangel in the far north. So here was Paul, going to build barracks and Y. M. C. A. huts along the famous Trans-Siberian railway line, about which he had been debating with Dad. Bunny was going to a training camp, and maybe when he got through they would send him to the same frontthat was a case where he would let Dad use his influence! Bunny meant to work hard and rise in the service, and maybe he would

have Paul and his carpenters under his command! They had a hard time keeping their spirits up, because of Ruth, who was utterly inconsolable. She would go about the place with tears running down her cheeks, and now and then would have to jump up and rush from the room. When the time came for Paul to say his last farewell, Ruth almost went out of her mind; she locked her arms about his neck, and he had to pull her fingers away. It was sad for a fellow, to be driven away with his sister lying in a faint in a chair, Old Mr. Watkins to to come up and take her home, and send up Sadie to do the housework for

Dad. By golly, it made you realize about war! (Continued Tomorrow.)



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Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chi-

cago. Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879 Advertising rates on application. 290

A Cable to Stalin

The New Leader, official organ of the Jewish Daily Forward, or to be more exact, Abe Cahan's English expression, recently published a fake speech attributed to Joseph Stalin, general secretary of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. Stalin was alleged to have commented caustically on Comrade Zinoviev's general usefulness to the revolutionary movement, in a matter that brought joy to the hearts of those ill-informed persons who consider Zinoviev of the working class. This is an I tion to a theoretical compilation that it must necessarily draw on the and the Communist International synonymous terms.

It is no secret that a minority of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union disagreed sharply with the prevailing opinion of the it outright. Central Committee on questions of policy. As usual in Communist parties, the issues were fought out openly and considerable frankness was indulged in before the final decision was reached. Zinoviev's point of view was defeated by such an overwhelming majority that expectations entertained by Soviet foes of a possible rupture in the party were consigned to the burial ground of dashed hopes. The unity of the party was maintained. The iron battalions of the revolution emerged from the discussion with unbroken ranks.

It was not surprising that the capitalist papers should assume that a civil war would follow a disagreement in the party over a political issue. "They'll do it on you every time," to parody a colloquallism. Stalin's troops, in good old 1920 style, were chasing Zinoviev's troops around the steppes and the day that did not THIS is how matters stand with rechronicle an assassination or two was a day ill conceived. Finally the liars got tired and decided to tell the truth for a change. But like the lad who was in the habit of shouting "Wolf! Wolf!" when there was no wolf and ran into a wall of skeptism when the fourlegged brute actually appeared, the capitalist liars had no audience when they began to turn out reliable news.

Among the publications that rehashed the fake Stalin speech this problem. was The New Leader. The editor of that paper is nobody's sap. He is about as precocious a lad as ever came from Indiana. But he does stands forth conspicuously, and I who succeeds in drawing over the not entertain friendly sentiments towards Communists. Which ac draw your attention to it because it peasantry to his side, for the strug- in our opinion the result would be counts for his blunder in stealing a fake story from the Hearst press and running it in the New Leader as if it came from Moscow.

Nobody in his senses would believe the yarn. Official refutation of the fable was not really necessary to convince the average American worker that the story originated in the brain of some cognac- in which private capital and peasantry mics are identified with agricultural fine ourselves to measures economic crazed white Russian in Riga or Berlin. But the Workers (Com- are identified with one another, and economics in all their various strata. ally and politically adapted to their munist) Party, which is responsible for The Daily Worker, got in capitalist economics confused with This brings us to the second questioned with Moscow (the terrible secret is out) and the response touch with Moscow (the terrible secret is out) and the response was a cable to the effect that Stalin did not say the things ascribed

The general secretary of the Workers (Communist) Party conveved the information to the editor of the New Leader with a suggestion that he be decent enough to publish the refutation. The reply was published in a recent issue of this paper and it did not contribute much to the general fund of knowledge. This is putting

Now comes the aftermath. The New Leader's worker readers THE seizure by government officials the labor movement so savagely ment in this country. protested. The exposure of its journalistic venality hit somebody. The current number of the New Leader has an article apologizing for in fascist Italy to the United States geance, torture and imprisonment. In the blunder by denouncing the Communists. And to prove how serious in the hope of finding the asylum for many cases this persecution becomes it takes things it sends a cable to Stalin, asking for confirmation or political refugees which has been tra- so intolerable that workers are forced refutation of the alleged speech.

The circulation manager of the New Leader is advertising a few "scoops" as a reason why people should dig up a few dollars for a subthe action already taken in a few cases, to deport these Italian workers,

A MERICA has for a long time been that these workers shall not be deconsidered a safe haven for those the Anti-Fascisti Alliance of North America. The circulation man- must be immediately challenged by who have sought to escape the fero- mitted to continue their work in the ager was remiss in his duty. A better fake would be the Stalin story. But then that was not a "scoop." It was only a borrowed fable.

The Free Press

Control of the daily press in the big cities by direct ownership vested in capitalist hands is easily discernible to intelligent workers, but the method of control of the suburban and rural press is less obvious. One of the methods by which it is kept in line with power-

ful capitalist interests has just come to our attention. The Illinois Press Association is to hold its annual meeting at the University of Illinois beginning September 30.

The enterprising secretary sends out the following information to all editors and publishers in the state:

Those who would like to do so can write to the railroads for transportation the same as they done in the past. In other words, you go to the ticket agent and buy your ticket, take a receipt for the money paid for this ticket, send the receipt to the railroad company passing thru your city and THEY WILL GIVE YOU ENOUGH ADVERTISING TO PAY FOR THE AMOUNT OF THE TICKET. THIS APPLIES TO YOUR-SELF, ALL MEMBERS OF YOUR FAMILY AND ANY MEM-BERS OF YOUR NEWSPAPER STAFF. THE NUMBER IS NOT LIMITED. If you want to take advantage of this plan of attending the meeting, I suggest you write a letter to the railroad company immediately so they can be preparing the adver-

The emphasis is ours. Here is plain and open bribery of the press arranged so as to evade the laws which prohibit the issuance

of passes by railroads to others than their employes. When the railroads have some particularly brazen demands they wish to put across they can be sure of sympathetic comment by the editors and publishers who have accepted their hospitality.

Advertising pays.

Hurrah for the free and untrammeled American press!

"We are slowly reaching the bottom of the pit that was dug for humanity in that crude and cruel act, the deflation of 1920" declared John H. Walker, president of the Illinois Federation of Labor in a Labor Day message. Walker hit the bottom long ago, but he burst thru the floor when he supported Frank L. Smith in the last primary

SUBSCRIBE TO THE DAILY WORKER!

The C. P. S. U. and the Opposition Block

By N. BUCHARIN.

(Continued from previous issue)

THE fourth thesis, finally, advanced by the comrades of the opposition, is the assertion that our state organs are almost completely degenerated, that they have become entirely detached from the masses, and that the state, economic, trade union, and co-operative organs, as also the party organs and above all the state economic organs, are joining forces with the N. E. P. men, the kulaks (rich peasantry), etc. To this I must ob- private capitalist economics, and there over" means from agricultural source serve: It is true that thru the fault is a lack of comprehension of the energy the suggestion that our state not been so completely formulated un means for its expansion solely from industry is already degenerated, that til now. assertion towards which the opposi- of all oppositional proposals, ideas tional comrades are steering, and they assertions, theses, etc., to Comrade have very nearly ventured to express Preobrashensy's book, "On the New

OUR Industry is the state sociallist industry of the working class, but it has fallen a victim to the bureaucratic spirit. This is our definition. The fight against bureaucracy must therefore form one of our leading tasks, and here we must unfold ever increasing energy. But still we are very far from a position which would justify the comrades of the opposition in advancing such a thesis.

The Peasantry Question.

problem of economic policy in its re-

mics are regarded as identical with problems: the question of "pumping

THE present controversy within the Communist Party of the Soviet Union is neither a sign-nor will it be the cause -of a retreat of the revolution. Quite the contrary. It is clear indication of its victorious onward march.

To give a clear understanding as well of the present problems of the Russian Revolution as also of the controversy over the solution of these problems, we are publishing herewith a report made by Comrade Bucharin at the functionaries' meeting of the Leningrad organization of the Communist Party. The report speaks for itself and needs no further elucidation. It is clear and convincing and answers the lies about the retreat of the Russian Revolution.

Economy." Here the economics of our country are regarded as follows On one side we have state economics nothing besides. Private capitalist economic undertaking - among the a certain extent from the peasantry. poor peasantry, the middle peasantry, etc .- are all thrown together.

TT need scarcely be emphasized that we win over the main mass of the lation to the industrialization of our peasantry, or will the capitalists do it? country. I now pass to the second In Lenin's conceptions the peasantry portance; to the problem of the peas- subject to the influence of the oppos-When we attack this question first feat whom?" the answer will be esfrom its theoretical side, one point sentially decided by the question of board from which the "New Opposi- the capitalist is a struggle for the or that question in connection with and flatly contradicts Lenin's stand-

es, and from private economic underof our bureaucracy there is a tendency fact that there can be such a thing takings, into industry and into state to such degeneration among us; this as non-capitalist private undertakings. economics. This is no simple quescannot be contested. But we must The discussion at the XIV. Party Contion. It is perfectly clear that our contest with the utmost decision and gress dealt with all this, but it has state industry cannot obtain the the work done by the working class t no longer represents the industry T MUST first of all draw your atten- within this state industry itself, and non-industrial reservoir for the means to support and expand industry. One of the resources upon which we must draw, is the peasantry. The peasantry must take its share in helping the state to build up a socialist state of on the other private economics, and industry, and thus the tax revenues, the industrial profits on the goods economics, the economics of the small which we sell to the peasantry, and peasantry, and every kind of private other various revenues, are drawn to

T WOULD be entirely wrong to say industry should develop solely upon what is produced within this inthis standpoint is entirely wrong. dustry itself. On the contrary, the When Lenin asked, "Who is going to whole question is: How much can defeat whom?" we the capitalists or we take away from the peasantry, to the capitalists us, he put the question what extent and by what methods can from the viewpoint of: Who is go- we accomplish the pumping over proc-I gard to the first problem—the ing to win over the peasantry? Shall ess. what are the limits of the pumping over, and how shall we calculate in order to arrive at favorable results! This is the question. Here lies the problem, one of most decisive im- played chiefly the role of an object difference between us and the opposition, a difference which may be de antry, and to the economic aspect of ing class forces. And when we put fined by saying that the comrades of the question of "Who is going to de- the opposition are in favor of an immoderate amount of pumping over, and are desirous of putting so severe a pressure upon the peasantry that represents, so to speak, the spring- gle between the working class and economically irrational and politically unallowable. We do not in the least tion" takes its leap when solving this peasantry. It is thus entirely absurd, hold the standpoint that we are against this pumping over, but our the peasantry. This is the manner point, when private capitalist econo-

(To be continued.)

the United States.

government of this country, as well as onment. American labor.

ganization into labor unions or other they would find here more tolerable world.

working-class economic or political or- | conditions. The great majority of ganizations is today suppressed in these foreign-born workers have been Italy. Those courageous workers who in the forefront of the work of builddare to lead in the work of re-building ing up a strong, solidified labor move of Italian workers crushed by the Mussolini dictatorsh who fled from terror and persecution are the special objects of fascist venditional in this country for many de- to leave the country in order to save cades, and the threat made by the themselves from death or life impris-

These refugees have fled Italy be- Of late the international solidarity of

International Labor Defense therefore protests vigorously against the policy of the United States government in deporting these Italian work ers to Italy, which amounts to delivering them bound and shackled to the cious regimes of European capitalism. labor movement of this country. We express our energetic opposition to cause of the incredible reign of terror the American capitalists has been exthe policy of the American governthat exists against any genuine labor pressed in a policy of deporting all | ment in doing lackey work for Musmovement or labor activities in that those radical workers who come to solini, whose bloody rule has been recountry. The elementary right of or this country under the impression that nounced by labor in all parts of the

Survivors Search for Relatives in Tumbled Miami



Survivors of the Miami storm are seen searching along the waterfront for friends and relatives lost in the melee of the hurricane. The shattered skeleton of a yacht lies on the breakwater, tossed there by the storm, Scenes of utmost desolation are found thruout Miami and its suburbs as the community seeks to re-establish something



There Are 11,000 Millionaires In the United States!



FLEVEN thousand people hold the wealth of a million dollars or more and every penny has been coined from the toil of labor. In the present financial need of The DAILY WORKER they will not help. They own the thousands of newspapers that HELP THEM. In every strike and in every movement of militant labor they fight. They poison the minds of the working class. They oppose the progress of labor only to add to the wealth of eleven thousand

Against the thousands of newspapers fighting the workers The DAILY WORKER is the only American English daily fighting for them. For three years it has given its invaluable service to the working class.

Now it needs financial help.

We can't depend on a single one of the 11,000 million-

So we appeal to a hundred thousand workers-AND



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