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Eurrent

By THOMAS J. O'FLAHL

"THAT was a terrible thing the I happened in New Jersey," said the plumber as he got busy repairing a leaking sink. "\$94,000,000 worth of property destroyed." Then by way of afterthought "and 44 lives. That is something for Coolidge to think about Parade Thru the Maron his vacation."

"HE will not worry much, at least about the lives," replied the housewife. After a brief silence the plumber came back: "Oh, I think he will, I think he is a very nice man. You know his job its no sinch. He never has a real vacation. I think he Union. is a fine man, the of course everybody These four had completed their 30 has a right to their opinion."

THINGS are coming to a pretty pass in England when a group of irate laborites can invade the sacred precincts of the lordds and not only utter AS WE SEE IT

unmusical sounds but partially disrobe the king's annointed. I am afraid the chosen leaders of the British ruling classes are degenerating. It is an ominous coincidence that those scenes should occur when the issue of independence is raised in Canada and a strike of 1,000,000 coal miners is in Mothers' League, the Women's Trade its fifth week.

is she merely a vulgar sensationalist Organization Committee of the Chiwhose ambition is no higher than to raise the mortgage on her temple? It Ladies' Garment Workers' Union as it true the lady spiked a possible in- well the joint board and several locals teresting development by announcing had delegations at the jail to meet that the holy ghost of biblical and im- these four courageous workers. mortal memory saved her from harm, tho if a certain carpenter were consulted he might cast suspicion on that wise bird's motives.

pretty German girls in bathing suits the union headquarters on West Van sipping a forbidden beverage (not in Buren St. Germany) e a seaside resort featured a story of a large demonstration in Paris composed of crippled wrecks of was held. The pickets one after the the world war. These poor wretches other expressed their determination to were protesting against the payment carry on the struggle. They bitterly of the French debt to the United States, no doubt under the instructions of the very interests who sent bor officials for their failure to arouse them to where they got mangled.

the war. His idea of earthly bliss was France won the war. Germany was defeated. Yet the two countries that contributed most to Germany's defeat mental in setting the German capitalists on their feet after the war was over. This was done of course at the expense of the German working class. . . .

FRANCE was one of the victors in the war but the French capitalists are living in luxury as usual. The poor French workers are the real los ers. The value of the franc is going down but the wages of the French worker is not going up. If there are vet French workers silly enuf to boast about the defense of Verdun or the halting of the German army on the Marne, it only proves that the workers learn slowly.

How many happy homes are returned to the installment furniture people because countless hus bands are addicted to the habit of jamming a wad of capitalist newspapers into their pockets? Let those who have a stronger leaning toward statistics than I have answer this question. However that is not what we are concerned with.

WHY can you purchase 30 or 40 pages of inked capitalist print pa-(Continued on page 2)

ket Street District

Freda Reicher, Evelyn Dornfield, Florence Corn and Oscar Simons left the Cook County jall amid the wild cheers of fellow members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers'

day sentences in the prison for defying the anti-picketing edict issued by "injunction" Judge Dennis E. Sullivan during the 1924 dressmakers' strike.

Workers from many shops in the Market street garment manufacturing district from which these four had been taken by State's Attorney Crowe's men for defying the antipicketing edict, were at the jail doors with large bouquets of flowers.

Shops and Unions Represented. Among the shops represented were

Hyman Brothers, Kuppersmith, and Kisbaum. The Northwest Side Union League, thru Miss Margaret Does Aimee McPherson intend to become a second Mrs. Eddy? Or Haley, the Millinery Workers' Union, Local 52, thru Anna E. David, the Freiheit Singing Society, the Women's Haley, the Millinery Workers' Union, cago Joint Board of the International

March Thru Garment District. From the jail the four released members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and those WHAT price victory? The Sunday into the loop and along Market street papers that carried pictures of where the bitter fight was waged, to

Assail Weak-Kneed Policies.

In the headquarters a celebration assailed the Chicago Federation of Labor and the Illinois Federation of Lathe Chicago labor movement to demand their release and to open a fight

THE caption writer who fixed up stairs political dickering with the Attorney-general Oscar E. Caristrom against the injunction menace. Backmachine and the Len Small machine a foaming stein of Pilsener. But for was pointed out as the wrong way to those who think as they read there is fight for the release of workers jailed an interesting lesson in both stories. for insisting on their right to fight for better conditions.

Courts Always With Bosses.

"When labor goes on strike for a junctions," declared Freda Reicher, who returned from a tubercular sanitarium in Colorado to serve her 30day sentence.

"As it stands today the courts support the organization of employers' associations. They do all they can to wreck the union organization.

"We must ignore the present form of justice that is being dispensed in labor disputes. We feel that we were right in fighting the injunction. Fight Openly.

"Labor must openly fight injunctions and fight until it is destroyed as a weapon of the bosses to break their

"We feel that labor in Chicago has not shown what it could do. We feel that back-stairs political bargainings should not be used.

Scores Officials.

She then cited how during the entire strike the officialdom of the Chicago Federation of Labor feared to aid the strikers in their fight against the infunction. She pointed out that when Meyer Perlstein, a number of strike pickets and herself appeared before the Chicago Federation of Labor's

(Continued on page 2)

CHARGE GREAT BRITAIN VIOLATED 1921 AGREEMENT WITH THE SOVIET UNION BY AID GIVEN ITS ENEMIES

MOSCOW, July 13.-Charges that Great Britain has supported counter revolutions against the Union of Soviet Republics, were made by the news paper Isvestia today.

Isvestia declares that its desire to protect Anglo-Russian relations prevents it from unveiling the full facts, which would prove Great Britain's violation of the 1921 agreement.

"We accuse the English government and its organization of co-operating for the support of active counter-revolutionists in Russia," declares the

The charges are made in the course of comment upon letters printed in a Scottish labor newspaps charging that anti-Soviet organizations in England are supporting the reactionary orthodox clergy.

Money Talks!



Many Students from All **Over Country**

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, July 13 .- The National Summer Training School, to be held here from July 19 to 31, is attracting comrades from every section of the

in hours, or a betterment in their con- Francisco is already on his way to ditions the courts always step in on take part in the intensive study to be the side of the bosses with their in made at the Workers' School on American labor problems. Illinois, Ohio, Michigan, Maryland,

Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island and numerous other states are sending their quota of students for intensive training.

The interest evinced in the school is shown by the fact that Pennsylvania is sending fifteen comrades, Masachusetts eight with applications and registrations continuing to pour

Comrades of all nationalities and occupations are coming-from Japa nese to Americans and from miners to their drive for the Passaic strikers students. District organizers, district executive committee members, Young Workers League National Executive Committee members, leaders in sections and nuclei, leaders in trade union work are registered for the course. This should result in valu able discussion in the classes as experiences and problems of various sections of the American working class can be exchanged."

Comrades who wish to know more about recent tendencies in and problems of the American labor movement should register immediately for the course. Communicate with Bertram D. Wolfe, director of the Workers' School, 108 East 14th St., New York persion

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

FASCIST POLICE RAID HEADQUARTERS OF THE ITALIAN COMMUNIST PARTY

(Special to The Daily Worker) ROME, July 13.-Fascist police raided the office of the secretariat of the Communist Party, seized leaflets and literature and arrested the secretary of the Communist Party and a number of leaders.

CHINESE REACTIONARY GENERALS UNABLE TO

(Special to The Dally Worker) PEKING, July 13. - All efforts of the combined armies of Wu Pei-Fu and Chang Tso-Lin, reactionary tools of foreign imperialists in North China, to wipe out the Kuominchun (national) armies west of Peking, are meeting such resistance as apparently dooms their attacks to failure.

Although the reactionary armies attacked the Kuominchun in heavy fighting at Nankow pass, they made no headway.

New York Women's Committee Does Good Work for Passaic

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, July 11. - The United Council of Working Class Housewives hanks the management of Camp Nitge legeit and Comrades Olgin, Buchwald Manewitz and Shaeffer for the co operation and help they gave them in children. \$240 was collected and 110 copies of "Hell in New Jersey" were

The United Council of Working Class Housewives also extends its thanks to the management of the Cooperative Unity Camp for the same cooperation, \$100 was collected. It also thanks Camp Frehlich for the fine welcome they gave the committee. \$24 copies of "Hell in New Jersey" were

The United Council of Working Class Housewives is feeding 1,000 children in 2 kitchens in Passaic. Beginning Monday, July 12, 1,000 children more will be fed at the playgrounds of the General Relief Committee of Passaic Strikers.

Don't forget the children when you are out in the country. All should follow the example of Mrs. Lerman, a member of Council No. 2, Bronx, who while away for week-end, made \$34 for the Passaic strikers. Contributions and donations are to be sent to the United Council of Working Class Housewives, 80 E. 11th St., Room 237, New York City.

Laemmle Improves.

LONDON, July 13. - The condition nagnate who is critically ill here ollowing an operation for appendicitis, continued to show improvement

Imperialists Forced to Surrender Power

(Special to The Daily Worker) SHANGHAL July 13 .- The most important advance of the Chinese movement for liberation from foreign im-perialist rule is registered in the announcement, not yet officially made, of the withdrawal of the foreign control over the international mixed court and the consequent surrender of the previous privilege claimed by foreign- their battle by reading threats. ers to be tried in foreign courts for violations of Chinese laws. Chinese thru the mail from I. R. T. officials authorities, with permission of foreign consuls, have a right to search foreign-

The negotiations which have been going on for over a year, following the massacre of students and workers by the foreign , olice troops that began at the Louza Barracks on May 30, last year, have ended in Chinese authorities forcing the foreigners to surrender complete control of all cases between Chinese and where the Chinese are defendants, with foreign attorneys forbidden to appear.

The Chinese propose the creation, of a mixed court under the jurisdiction of the provincial authorities, subject to the ratification of the Peking government and the foreign diplomatic corps. The surrender of the former privileges will take effect all over China, it is understood.

Foreign lawyers who have had fat pickings in the foreign courts, at a meeting have expressed resentment

Rule Against Doubly Interested Ministers Violated by Cabinet

LONDON July 13 .- The labor mempers of the house of commons forced the government to openly declare that it would no longer abide by the unwritten law that a minister of the government should not hold directorships in companies which have business contracts with the government.

The labor party members moved that the traditional rule be observed. as several of the cabinet members are engaged in coal mining and coal selling, now supervised by the governf Carl Laemmle, motion picture ment, while pretending to be disinterestedly breaking the strike of the miners out of pure public altruism. The conservative majority voted down the labor motion.

Miners of Illinois Vote \$25,000 Aid to British Strike

(Special to The Dally Worker)

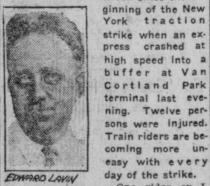
SPRINGFIELD, III., July 13.—Walter Nesbit, secretary of District 12, Illinois, of the United Mine Workers of America, announces that the district's referendum vote on sending \$25,000 for the relief of the locked out and striking British miners and their families has resulted in favor of sending the sum.

There were 142 locals reporting 31,595 votes, out of which 18,351 voted to send the relief funds, and 13,244 voted against. The \$25,000 will be sent at once, the district office states.

MARKS STRIKE

Twelve Injured in New **Traction Crash**

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, July 13 .- The usua scab inefficiency resulted in the third wreck since the be-



One rides on I R. T. trains at the risk of life and limb. Imported scabs who have never run a train in their lives are made motormen of fast expresses after only several trial trips.

Company Threat. Frank Hedley, head of the International Rapid Transit Co., has issued an ultimatum to the strikers to return o work at noon today or forfeit their lobs. At the same time the company has been getting unknown persons to the names of strike leaders and

return to work. Edward P. Lavin, chairman of the British debt. strike committee, declared today "The morale of these men is wonder ful and they do not intend to lose whether they be in the press or come or fraternal "weak sisters" who have been instructed to write the men letters on fraternal stationery."

No Diversion. Lavin has been approached by many 'influential people" with suggestions for settlement by way of fare increases. Lavin's reply is, "I have told them that the strike was a movemen for higher wages and the abolition of the so-called company union and I any other channel

The I. R. T. service is far from formal and the company has lost hunlreds of thousands in fares. The men who have come out are sticking with the exception of a few who, it is believed, were deliberately placed in the strikers' ranks by the officials of the 'company union" to attempt to break lown the morale of the strikers.

Today is pay day and the strikers have arranged to go to the company offices for their envelopes in large groups.

TEXAS DEMANDS SCHOOL **BOOKS WITH EVOLUTION** AND BIOLOGY CUT OUT

NEW YORK, July 13. - The state of Texas needs special attention by publishers of text books for schools, it is revealed by said publishers who have had to delete all matter from school books for that state which teaches evolution from the lower forms of life.

The state textbook commission of Texas demanded that the companies take out nearly four chapters of Prof. Truman Moon's "Biology for Beginners," and make changes in Jessie Feiren Williams' "Healthful Living," a book on physiology and

U. S. MISSIONARY IN KOREA BRANDS A BOY

TOKIO, July 13-Reports received here at the American embassy from Consul General Ransford S. Miller at Seoul, Korea, give verification of how an American missionary branded the cheeks of a Korean boy with

ON CHEEK WITH ACID

Consul General Miller, upon publication of the story, states that he verified the details of the brutality as published by the Korean papers as follows:

"Dr. C. A. Haysmeir, Seventh Day Adventist medical missionary from Minnesota, caught a boy stealing apples. The missionary painted the Korean word 'Thief' on each cheek with acid."

A wave of indignation has resulted among the Korean people and it is probable that charges will be filed by the Korean courts.

coming more uneasy with every FRANC AT 40

Pact with England Is Hope to Stop Fall

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, July 13 .- With French francs selling in Paris at 40 francs send telegrams to the men, forging and 50 centimes to the U.S. dollar, a collapse never before reached, Joseph brother workmen, advising them to Caillaux, French finance minister, signed an agreement on the Franco-

Inner financial circles say that the 'agreement" was forced. The French financial attache at the embassy in London was faced with the necessity of making the French payment due Britain at the end of July, without the French treasury being able to meet it without fresh credits, which England refused to furnish without a settlement on the debt question.

Had to Sign.

The attache, M. Pouyanne, opened negotiations on his own responsibility with the English treasury, tho the governor of the Bank of England visting in France is supposed to have lealt with both French officials and will never allow it to be turned into American bankers in France representing the federal reserve bank, and Caillaux took a plane to London where the agreement was soon signed.

> The Baldwin government was anxous, also, to get some settlement to show parliament, as England fears yet that Germany's influence may rise over her own in France's affairs.

Reported Terms.

France, it is understood, pays \$20,000,000 this year to begin with, increasing the sum to \$50,000,000, until the debt of \$3,000,000,000 is paid. The so-called "safety clause" reported inherent in the agreement, provides that in case Germany defaults on payments to France, France may default on payment to England.

Gets Back Gold.

In exchange France gets new credits, and the \$100,000,000 in gold belonging to France, which England has een holding practically as security will be sent back to Paris.

When asked if the debt settlement (Continued on page 2)

FOUR PAGES TODAY

Delay in the receipt of a shipment of paper makes it necessary for The DAILY WORKER to ap pear with a four page edition, and therefore to leave out much important material already in type for today's issue.

DEBATE IN NEW YORK

"Resolved, That Our Present Form of Government Is Not in the Interests of the American Masses."

"IT IS NOT!" says JAY LOVESTONE who will represent the Workers (Communist) Party. IS!" a representative of the National Security League will argue.

AT THE CENTRAL OPERA HOUSE FRIDAY NIGHT, JULY 16

ADMISSION 35 CENTS.

FOUR GARMENT STRIKE PICKETS LEAVE PRISON

Parade Thru the Market Street District

(Continued from page 1) 'HARROWED housewives, after long threatening, hike to the Indiana the injunction. When wholesale violation of injunctions was urged by Freda Reicher, John Fitzpatrick, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor, beloved that if they did that "not only the state troops, not only the national guard but the federal troops would be called in and the pickets blown off the streets."

Refuse To Help Pickets. tion of Labor officials was aiding the

els were forced to go to jail. She also brought out that thosevery effort was made to get Fitzpatrick and Olander to speak at the protest meet-Muntly refused to do so.

"Why doesn't John Fitspatrick or to carry on a fight?

"May Embarrase Small." "It is possibly as 'Schengel,' Mrs. KANSAS PRISON They fear to embarrass the Len Small

"It is true they failed our bodies but ft is also true they never touched our apirits. We are stronger today in spirit than we ever were. We are proud to be pioneers in labor's fight against injunctions."

Will Continue Fight, There is not an injunction established as yet, not a judge elected as yet and not a rule made as yet that can keep us girls back from fighting for better conditions," declared Florence Corn, who followed Freda

No Jail To Stop Her.

Evelyn Dornfield expressed her determination to carry on the fight that she had begun for better conditions and that in this fight no jail would

Oscar Simons spoke in Jewish. He pointed out that the conditions in the jail were far from what they expected their ideals for a better society had kept them in good spirit and strengthened their determination to carry on their struggle.

Solidarity. Yetta Hornstain, who was released victs. a few days previously, brought out the wonderful spirit that prevailed among the jailed pickets and which even of these other girls had declared that ers of the revolt. since the strikers had come into the jail the jailers were serving better Franc at 40 to \$1

Jail Food-Rotten. "The food was so rotten in the jail," declared Yetta Hornstein "that if it wasn't for the meals furnished by the union we would not be as healthy as we are."

"Everyone of us have come out so." with a hetter spirit to fight injunctions than before. The girls will go to jail in spite of the fact that they know jail "awaits them."

I. L. Davidson, organizer for the Chi-Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, pointed out that the the Chicago Fed- interest at 5 per cent. eration of Labor and the Illinois Fedcarry on its fight.

To Hold Mass Meeting. demand the release of these prisoners. If the Chicago Federation of Labor | The present law provides that the pa and the Illinois Federation of Labor refusal to fight them."

Lillian Herstein of the Chicago short order. Teachers' Federation in a short talk complimented the girls on their fight-"tired radicals" as being a greater danger to the workers than the bosses. She assailed those who had grown "old" in spirit and sought to block every progressive move whether it was a strike, the defying of an injunction, the formation of an independent political party of labor, by their "defeatist" theorizing it can't be done.

"The injunction is a device that allows an upstart like 'Denny' Sullivan to condemn to jail any man without a trial," declared Miss Herstein. "I see in your fight against injunctions a fight for a better society. We must never admit that the injunction is legal. "I'm glad these girls put up a

Nice Front Bedroom

All modern; shower bath. Suitable for two. In a small family. Mrs. Ellman, 1657 No. Spaulding Ave., 1st Apt. Phone Albany

By T. J. O'Flaherty.

(Continued from page 1)

per for a few cents? Because it is nostly advertising. And why? Because the workers purchase the capi- 800 Families Homeless talist papers and those who have things to sell pay to reach them.

ficials refused to aid them in defying dunes when their eyesight is almost of destruction which for more than * * *

The DAILY WORKER for instance, ilies are homeless. The the pickets pointed out that the Perhaps they might need larger hats inactive policy of the Chicago Federa due to brain expansion, but a few survey of the almost demolished naval sizes extra does not cost any more arsenal buildings was made, and the bosses and would lead to the injunc- and a decently large head, if not too completeness of the disaster was realtion raising havor with the strike and swollen, adds dignity to the figure. | ized. breaking the strike these officials re- The Chicago Tribune usually ruins 30 fused to aid the strikers. Freda brot or more pages on week days because out that because of the inactivity of department stores, banks and other business institutions know it has a government forces trailed its slow dismovement of the city to a realization daily circulation of over 700,000. Most mal way over the three miles of track of what was going on the strike pick- of its readers are workers.

VOU can almost pack a copy of The repair the torn rails. I DAILY WORKER into a watch ing in the Temple Hall demanding the release of the strike pickets they Tribunes. Some day the workers will fectively razed than this once busy Edward Nockels of the Chicago Fed- realize that fact and our plant at 1113 little valley. eration of Labor do something? Why West Washington street will be senddoesn't John Walker and Victor Olan- ing hundreds of thousands of copies to der of the Illinois Federation of Labor the hives of heavy industry that surcomething? Why don't they want round this hub of industrial America. of War Davis today denied statement

. . .

HEADS TO PROBE

of Mutiny

(Special to The Dally Worker) LANSING, Kan., July 13 .- An investigation was launched in Kansas state prison by Warden W. H. Mackey, to determine who was responsible for the coal mine mutiny that Friday and Saturday assumed proportions of earth's surface.

strike. They were herded into a mule within the confines of that state. pen in the long tunnel, and kept un-

intimated he would not punish the seven bodies will ever be identified, miners yesterday, ordered a full in- because of their being but bundles of vestigation made with a view to met- charred flesh. in the jail. She told how a number ting out punishment to the ring lead-

Forces France to Sign!

(Continued from page 1)

would stop the falling of the france

To Club France Into Line. WASHINGTON, July 13.-It was

in the treasury demand notes on cago joint board of the International France totalling \$2,997,477,800, the such minute methods as taking fin-thrown. . . principal of the original debt, bearing ger prints from dead hands.

Under the terms by which the eration of Labor officials refused to United States advanced the money to fight to release the jailed garment France, there was reserved the right strike pickets the joint board would to dispose of her notes as this government saw fit. Therefore, it was pointed out today, there is no barrier "We will hold a mass meeting to to the treasury selling this paper for what it will bring in the open market per shall not be sold at less than par officials want to speak they can. If value, but in the event of repudiation they don't, we'll get those to speak by the French of the Mellon-Berenthat want to fight injunctions and we ger agreement it is not doubted here will fight injunctions despite their that congress would be in a mood to ing room when they protested a fur-

The effect of throwing this French paper on the world market would be, ing spirit and bitterly rapped the of course, tremendous. Financial ex- its former employes. The paper, while perts hesitate to predict the effect it pretending to be the organ of the Ruswould have on French credit and the sion trade unions in the United States

already tumbling franc. It is significant that a treasury States might club France into ratification of the new agreement M. Beren- against the paper's pretensions and ger signed here some months ago.

Body of Young Woman Is Found Crammed in Two Cardboard Boxes

BOSTON, July 13 .- Crammed into wo cardboard boxes and a burlap bag, the dismembered body of a young woman, apparently in her early twenties, was discovered near a cemetery at Mattapan, a suburb.

After a preliminary examination by Medical Examiner Leary, police ex pressed the belief that the girl had been slain. The body was taken to ty were drowned today when a fishing the city morgue for an autopsy.

CURRENT EVENTS | COUNT DEAD AS ARSENAL BLAST FINALLY STOPS

from Holocaust

(Special to The Daily Worker)

DOVER, N. J., July 13 .- The orgy ruined from mending damaged hus- three days has raged over this sec bandly pockets. But that is not the tion is ended at last, leaving its terworst feature of this scandalous lack rible marks of death and agony. The of commonsense on the part of the boom of great shells and the bursting workers. The worst is yet to be told. of shrapnel is stilled, and quiet reigns in the valley of the dead. There are THE workers could economize on 450 houses destroyed or mostly wreckpockets by buying a labor paper; ed, 20 dead, 300 injured and 800 fam-

For the first time today a complete

High Officers Appear-It's Safe. A train consisting of flat cars and running thru the reservation, stopping now and then to allow mechanics to

The scene of devastation recalled sue than there is in a box car load of artillerymen, but still no more ef-

"Best Arsenal Known."

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Secretary attributed to him by a press association to the effect that "The government must change its methods of building arsenals." He denied also that he had said the buildings were too close together. "On the contrary," said Davis, "the best known methods Picatinny."

From his summer vacation home at To "Investigate" Cause | White Pines Camp, New York, President Coolidge has issued a statement mendacious reporters? of condolence to the widows nad families of those who died in the explosion, saying in part:

"Devotion to duty and heroism are not confined to the battlefield."

Battlefield "Not Confined" to War.

Evidently the men, women and children of civilian life who were subjected so far to a rain of high explosive a "starve it out fight" with 372 min- shells for three days in the peaceful ers self-imprisoned 750 feet below the Jersey countryside feel the same way about it, as the residents of Dover are Thirteen guards who were impris- preparing a petition to the navy deoned with the striking convicts, could partment against the rebuilding of greeted me cordially: give little information on what had the arsenal, while the New Jersey transpired among the prisoners dur- state officials have also declared theming the 32 hours they carried on the selves opposed to having the arsenal

der guard by a squad of striking con- ered before the renewed explosions stopped the rescue work, have been Warden Mackey, who earlier had identified. It is doubted if the other

> "Shells were popping all around," said a marine who worked at bringing out the dead, "when we dragged the bodies out we couldn't recognize any of them. It was terrible."

Seven Unknown Soldiers.

The unidentified will probably be buried in a common grave at Arlington national cemetery. The ten identi-Caillaux replied, "I sincerely hope fied will be shipped to their relatives. They are lying in coffins beside the victims of the submarine S-51 in New thing by the farmers when you fel-York. The bodies were so blown to lows say the word. You know my pieces and burned that even when stand on class-collaboration and comointed out today that there are now identification was made it was only by patching pieces together and using from me that capitalism must be over

Typographical Union No. 16 Seeks Receiver for Russky-Viestnik

Attorneys for the Chicago Typographical Union No. 16 are going into court this week to ask that the Russky Viestnik-Rassviet (Russian Herald-Dawn) be put in receiver's hands. The daily, which pays its printers about half the union scale, fired its composchange that feature of the law in ther cut. It is now operating with strikebreakers from New York.

The union has judgement notes against the company for wages due and Canada, is in reality the mouthpiece of counter-revolutionaries. Over spokesman cited this reserve weapon a dozen Russian workers' organizaoday as one way in which the United tions in Philadelphia, Detroit, Milwaukee and elsewhere have protested labor policy.

Foreign Exchange. Demand Cables

British pound4.85 13-16	4.86 6-16
French francs2.541/2	2.55
Belgium francs2.221/2	2,23
Swiss francs19.341/2	19.36
Italy lira 3.391/2	3.40
Sweden krone26.80	26.81
Norway krone21.94	21.95
Denmark krone26.49	26.50
Shanghai taels72.00	72.50
	NI PRODUCTION

Twenty Fishers Die.

OPORTO, Portugal, July 13 .- Twensmack sunk off Gaya.

INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT LOGES \$184,738 IN FARES FIRST FIVE DAYS

NEW YORK, July 13 .- The strike on the Interborough Rapid Transit lines has cost the company \$184, 738.10 in loss of passenger fares for the first five days of the strike, according to a report issued by the company. The loss in passenger fares is increasing as accidents on trains manned by scabs are becoming prevalent.

Tuesday, the first day of the strike, 2,207,690 passengers used the subway or elevated lines of the Interborough Rapid Transit as against 2,845,659 on the same day last year. The loss in fares was 641,969.

Wednesday 2,079,856 rode, as against 2,868,633 last year. The loss was 788,310.

Thursday 2,138,633 rode, as against 2,982,352 last year. A loss of 842,-719. Friday 2,157,430 rode, as against 2,814,431 last year. Loss 657,002. Saturday 1,819,213, as against 2,583,975 last year. Loss 764,762.

THIS BECAUSE

By OUR RETIRING REPORTER. Bug House Fable-No. 1

SMITH'S New York, July 13 .- As I was on my way to interview our loquacious president, an amazing scene confronted me.

Six capitalist reporters were beat ing a hurried retreat from the presidential presence, while the guts of a dead wall-eved pike vainly strove to

connect with their straw hats. I was more confounded than a laundry check, tho I heard that the president had caught a fish and I surmised of arsenal construction were used at that he was giving the reporters and the country a lesson in economy. What better use could the insides of a dead White Pines Camp, New York, Presi- fish be put to than to hurl them at

Thinking of what happened to the three Hebrew visitors to the Bey of Algiers, I turned to fiee, but my pocket radio began to buzz and, putting the receivers to my ears, I heard the president calling.

"Don't be alarmed," he said, "a proletarian reporter is always welcome Those lying tools of the bourgeoisie simply cannot be trusted."

"He's a brick," said I to myself, as I turned back. Soon I was ushered into a little shop where Cal was manicuring and elephant's hind foot. He

"You see I am a blacksmith by trade," he observed, "and this animal is in pretty bad condition. He limps painfully. He was on exhibition in Pennsy recently and had a little too much. A dose of poisoned ivy in North Dakota almost finished him Still he is a good beast and faithful. He's no jackass to his friends."

The president bit a chew off a wad of black twist and resumed the con-

"Please tell the working class," he said, "that I am still fighting for them. I appreciate the honors they have already conferred on me and hope to be in the White House four more years, unless the odor from Charley Dawes' pipe drives me to seek cover.

"Ever since I led the Boston police strike I have had the ambition to do something big. I have been kidding those Wall Street boys right along but I am now ready to do the right pany unionism. Tell the workers

Aimee Paid \$3,000 to Leave City in Plane Says Calif. Aviator

LOS ANGELES, July 13. - It now appears that Aimee Semple McPherson, female evangelist who told a story of being kidnapped and taken away from Los Angeles beach in an automobile to a shack in the Mexican desert, where she asserts she was held for six weeks, left in an airplane.

Clyde Develliers, an aviator will appear today before the grand jury investigating the affair and tell the story he yesterday related to the police, of Mrs. McPherson's hiring an airplane, paying \$3,000 to an aviator he declares he will produce along with the uncashed check, who took the woman away from the city in a plane while she was clad in her bathing suit and

Dictator of Greece Exiles Labor Unions' Heads to Prison Isle

ATHENS, July 13 .- Greek labor or ganizations are suffering practical destruction by the dictatorship of Theodore Pangalos who openly takes sides with employers in all disputes, exiling strike leaders to an island in the Aegean sea and holding them prisoner until the strike is broken.

The same sort of treatment is meted out to any political opponents who seek to establish a constitutional government.

SEND IN A SUBI

It Is Dangerous to Hurl Boomerangs Since They GANGS UNITE TO STEAL ELECTION Always Come Back Again 177,627 Votes Stolen in

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

EVEN the New York Times is forced to admit that 10,000 striking textile workers were numbered at the gathering held in the open air at Belmont Park, near Passaic, New Jersey, the other evening.

Probably in no other American labor struggle has it been possible to rally such a large percentage of the strikers after six months of bitter industrial war. The usual experience has been that interest lags as the battle for bread lengthens into the weeks and months. Not so in the Passaic textile strike. There all the enthusiasm of the early days of the walkout still burns with all the zeal of flery crusaders immune to every discouragement.

It is all the more regrettable, therefore, that at this stage of the struggle the executive council of the American Federation of Labor should officially place itself on record alongside the mill owners citizens' committee thru again and very futilely denouncing the strike as "a Communist move." They blindly take it for granted that workers do not appreciate the efforts of the Communists in their midst. They can make no greater mistake.

Instead of rendering service to the American working class, the A. F. of L. officials thereby only give aid and comfort to the class enemy of labor. This can clearly be seen by the reception immediately given to the A. F. of L. attack on the "United Front Committee" that is conducting the strike.

First, in spite of this latest official A. F. of L. broadside the strikers remained as loyal as ever to their leadership, proclaiming renewed faith in their cause, which is stone wall resistance to wage cuts by fighting for wage increases. That is the strikers' answer to the denunciation of President William Green and his fellow officials. It is outstanding testimony to the fact that the strikers repudiate the attack of the Green regime, looking upon it as an attempted stab in the banck against themselves.

Second, the attack of the Green officialdom was immediately adopted by the mill owners as their own. The ku klux klansmen leadership of the citizens' committee seized on the A. F. of L. declaration as a new weapon with which to club the strikers. Thus instinctively they proclaimed the A. F. of L. officialdom was playing the employers' game.

"Citizens' committees" are often the most vicious instruments of desperate employers unable to defeat and crush their striking workers. These committees, constituted of labor-hating elements, do the dirty work of the bosses in the name of "law and order." They pave the way for the calling in of the militia and the shooting down of the strikers. They carry out the lynching and jailing of strike leaders. The frame-up and the hangman's noose are the committee's favorite weapons. It often works thru kidnaping and deportation parties. It is the worst possible company that the A. F. of L. officialdom can find itself in. The striking Passaic textile workers realize this.

. . .

The summer days are rapidly passing and October will soon be here with another annual convention of the American Federation of Labor. It will be a time when President Green will have to make an accounting for the past year, not only to the few hundred delegates, the high officials of the various international unions, but to the whole American working class. A gesture was made last year at Atlantic City, when promises of an organization drive in the automobile industry were inserted in the official proceedings, and general organization work pledged, especially thru a "labor movie." The automobile industry drive was quickly dropped soon after the convention adjourned, the "movie" and its mission well-nigh forgotten. All that remains, therefore, by

way of an A. F. of L. achievement under the Green regime is this attack on the recently unorganized Passaic textile workers who are making a brave fight and seek admission to a unified organization of all textile workers under the banners of the American Federation of Labor. But even the inertia of the Green administration cannot always resist the pounding of these 10,000 Passaic strikers, loyal to their own fight, part of the developing and courageous vanguard of American labor that demands militant unionism always fighting on the side of the workers' interests, and at no time giving aid and comfort to labor's enemy. When President Green put his signature to the attack against the Passaic strike, he hurled a boomerang that will return to give agony to the labor officialdom of which he is the executive head.

118 Precincts

The Brennan faction in the demorat party and the Crowe-Barrett-Thompson gang in the republican party worked hand in hand to cheat the Dunne-O'Connell machine of the democrat party and the Deneen-Lundin-Small outfit of the republican party in the April 13 primaries.

In the twelve 20th ward precincts where both democrats and republican votes have been counted it was found that the election judges and clerks juggled figures so that these two machines, that have entered into a "bipartisan understanding" were able to carry the ward by big majorities. This condition, point out some of the election judges, has existed for many years.

A total of 177,627 discrepancies have been found in the recount to date of the republican vote in only 118 precincts. This makes an average discrepancy of 1,590 votes for each prepinct. In the present recount a number of the Deneen-Lundin-Small candidates have forged ahead and are leading for offices they sought to be nominated for.

Twenty-five indictments of election udges and clerks it is said will be voted by the special grand jury in charge of Special States Attorney Charles A. McDonald, vice-president of the Foreman Trust and Savings Bank. None of the "big" fry are named in the indictments.

Civil Liberties Union Cancels Offer of Aid to Ind. Klan's Victim

MUNCIE, Ind., July 13.-George R. Dale, editor of the local Post-Democrat, who faces prison for "contempt of court" under sentence of a ku klux klan judge for criticizing him in Dale's paper. is dismayed by the sudden withdrawal of support offered him by the Civil Liberties Union of New York in carrying his case to the supreme court of the United States.

A telegram from the Civil Liberties Union withdraws the offer made last Saturday to aid Dale's fight, expressng regrets but saying that his case did not come under the scope of its

organization and charter. "This withdrawal of the Civil Liberties Union places me in a very precarious and embarrassing position, said Dale. "Since receiving the offer, I have turned down all other offers of financial assistance. As a result I am again left high and dry. It looks as if I must go to the prison farm

Wrecked Houses and Exploded Shells Found Miles Away, Tell Story of Force of Explosion at U. S. Naval Arsenal



When a chance bolt of lightening struck a naval ammunition magazine near Dover, N. J., it struck off an ex plosion that caused the whole base to resemble no man's land. Evidences of the blast are being found miles away as mute proof of its terrific force. Above is seen a general view of the inferno created by the explosion. Army men likened it to the western front during the war. Below, left, is a house which was partly destroyed even tho located four miles from the scene of the explosion. Right, Peter Sabo, of Mt. Hope, a village six miles away from the arsenals, exhibits two shells which fell nearby.

INDIANA STATE

Truth No Defense for Papers: No Juries

Dale, editor of the Munice Post- a man so incapable of fulfilling so im-I smocrat, who is under sentence by a portant an office as Mr. Kellogg. He ku klux klan judge to serve a sen. is altogether lacking in intelligence tence at the penal farm of Indiana be. and has not the remotest idea of what cause he criticized the courts, also the Tacna-Arica problem is all about. klan-ruled, has accepted the offer of the Civil Liberties Union of New Liberties Union of New York for aid in fighting his case to the United States supreme court.

The Indiana supreme court has already ruled to uphold the klan judge, Clarence Dearth, who sentenced Dale on the grounds that "the truth was no defense."

Will Accept Aid.

Dale, after a long distance talk with his attorney, William V. Rooker of Indianapolis, wired acceptance of ashis lawyer will be glad of the union's aid, and of its offer to furnish an attorney, possibly Arthur Garfield Hayes, who handled the Scopes case in Ten-

The klan judge is now planning to remove the county sheriff, Harry Mc. Soviets to Buy Huge Cauley, under cover of charges of laxity in enforcing the so-called "bone dry law." This state law, known as the "Wright law" grants the courts despotic power, as may be seen by the following quotation from it:

No Jury Trial.

"And the court shall, without a jury, hear the charges and upon satisfactory proof thereof, remove any such officer from the discharge of the duties of his office"

It is hard to say what rights may

Ignatz Mizher Asked to Report to I. L. D. of New York; Case Is Up

Bomrade Mizher: Please communicate immediately with the International Labor Defense, Local New York, 799 Broadway, Room 422. We must know your whereabouts in reference to your case. Rose Baron, Secy.

Religion As National Game.

VANCOUVER, B. C., July 13 .- "The minister is not paid as much as a baseball player because religion has not yet become the national game," said Rev. D. W. Youngson of Portland, addressing the Pacific Coast theological conference here today.



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> INFORMATION WANTED concerning the whereabouts of BERTRAM L. MAC DONALD

25 years of age, 5 ft. 9 in. tall, brown eyes, brown hair. Last heard from in wheat fields of S. Dakota, 1 year ago. Worked in silver mines, Gem, Idaho and Washington lumber camps. Information as to present address will be greatly appreciated by his brother,

H. E. MAC DONALD 3525 Hurlburt Avenue DETROIT, MICH.

Coolidge and Kellogg Have No Intelligence, Says Chilean Leader

BALBOA, Canal Zone, July 13. -Ex-President Alessandri of Chile, who s passing here on his way to Chile. said that his visit to Washington shows the complete incompetence and ignorance of both Coolidge and Kel-

"I cannot understand how a people MUNICE, Ind., July 13.—George R. as great as the American could select Coolidge Incapable.

"He is incapable of comprehending the principles involved and the same applies to President Coolidge. I conferred with both and found them without the slightest idea of what the Tacna-Arica problem means."

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 11. -Rumor says that Peru is moving 1,000 troops to the border and evacuating Peruvians from the Tacna-Arica zone.

It is believed that the Chilean government is proposing that the territory should all be ceded to Bolivia. Bolivia sistance to the C. L. U., saying that to give in exchange financial compensation to Chile and Peru and make a tariff and railroad treaty with Chile. Reports are that bankers are to loan Bolivia sufficient to do this and enough balance to develop the territory.

German Metal Plant: to Make Locomotives

BERLIN, July 13 .- The Soviet government has about completed negotia- thorized the self-appointed representions for the purchase from Germany of the entire "Rhinemetall" factory, one of Germany's largest plants for manufacture of locomotives and rail-road rolling stock. The price, though said that they have been put under "The not definitely fixed, is said to be charges. around 60,000,000 gold rubies.

The deal is being handled by the be left to elected representatives of Ukrainian government, which intends and the offer of the master painters group around the man who assumes the people of Indiana or to editors, to transplant fac works to Kharkov, will be presented. It is predicted that the ungrateful task of saving French when the courts are given these pow- 420 miles southwest of Moscow. Not the painters will overwhelmingly turn finances." ers, is the view of Dale, who is now only all machines will be taken from down the offer. The strike is pracbankrupted by his long fight with the Germany to Russia but a large per-tically won, and now is the time to certage of the German staff will be mployed.

The Russian embassy in Berlin confirmed today that the negotiations are going on and are practically comnleted

since the German railroads were taken placed under the management of an independent company the quantity of new locomotives and rolling stock purchased has greatly decreased.

It is also asserted that the railroad ommissioner under the Dawes plan, M. Lefevie say; there is no need for extensive purchases in the near future. This is given as the reason why Germany is obliged to sell one of her largest manufacturing plants.

The Ukrainian government is trying to obtain three years' credits on the purchase of the plant, which now seems to be the only obstacle in the way of the completion of the sale. The Soviet Union has given the Ukraine a concession to operate this plant and offers special tax exemptions for a longer period until the plant is fully

Exchange White Guard Spies for Workers At Finnish-Soviet Border

MOSCOW, June 27. - (By Mail)-Today the first exchange of prisoners took place on the Finnish-Russian ternational Red Aid was present on behalf of the Soviet Union. Eight Fin- practically confined to outdoor propanish guardist spies were exchanged for 8 Finnish revolutionaries.

The railway worker Lachtogari who labor and who has been in prison five revolutionary workers and one by gain their confidence.

The exchanged comrades have given details of a barbarous prison regime which has completely ruined them in health. One of the exchanged comrades has been held in prison without trial for three and a half years, one and a half years passed before he was even examined.

King Gives Fascism Power Over Industry

new organization which is to boss the were exported secretly and sold to capital, labor and professions, each of States. seventh cabinet post held by Musso and silver and other rare and valulini, besides being premier.

sisti scheme to increase production, it is inferred that Thompson has had force a longer workday, reduce im- a hand in systematic thievery of such ports, raise exports and try to stop objects. the continuous fall of the lira which is threatening to engulf the nation in points out Thompson as an example bankruptcy with consequent revolutionary movements of the masses.

Every Worker Correspondent must a subscriber to the American Worker Correspondent. Are you one?

Interite!

PAINTERS OF CLEVELAND, O.,

Object to Shady Deal with Open Shoppers

CLEVELAND, July 13. - The painthas stubbornly refused to agree to O. M. itself. these terms, but they control only about 25 per cent of the jobs. The to the strike to take the place of the 75 per cent of the men are working raflway men yesterday had violent for independent contractors, who had clashes with the concessions to the men.

in this city. Attempts have repeatedly been made o mediate the strike. Prosecuting Attorney Stanton has made continual et Caillaux Speaks for forts, but they were of no avail, until a few days ago, when it was announced that the Painters Association had agreed with certain self-appointed representatives of the union to grant a wage increase of five cents an hour, retaining the 51/2-day week. The painters are up in arms. No one auaccept any proposals. The union

be held at the Colonial Theater today must fade into the background and open shoppers.

Communists and I.W.W. is the first time it has been officially The Achtuhr Abendblatt states that of Australia Defy the ly holding the French treasury as over from government control and Government Crimes Act

(By J. RYAN.)

the Crime Act has not been enforced in any part of Australia. The Com- be doubled. munist Party and the I. W. W. are carrying on their activities as usual. Each party has street meetings which Spanish Dictator to are very successful. They also have meetings in the Sydney Domain every

Besides this the Communist Party issues the "Workers' Weekly." Demunist Party also has a W to lead demonstrations and to play their organ, publishes the following: in the Communist Hall, where work-Sunday night.

I. W. W. and the Communist Party his bloody power in Spain. are excellent. Criticism of each other osses can stand all their abuse.

It is necessary at this stage to menganda.

The Communist Party has an Australian wide organization, and has was twice sentenced to life-long hard considerable influence in the trade union movement, particularly in Sydseven years was one of the exchanged, ney. Their propaganda is designed also a landworker Leppolo who has to lead the workers in their daily been imprisoned for four years, and struggle against the boss, and there

U. S. Consul Accused of Smuggling Objects

MEXICO CITY, July 13 .- The min ister of education has formally ac- Vote on Australian cused Edward Herbert Thompson former U. S. consul in Yucatan, of fraudulent and secret exportation of archaeological objects of great value from the ancient Maya city of Chiched a decree appointing Mussolini min- a farm owned by Thompson. The ar-

This is a part of the general fas- peared from the national museum and

of robbers of Mexico and says:

"Since Mexico became known to En with the establishment of its independence a century ago, there began the exportation on a large scale of artistic and archaeological articles as curios. Mexico has sold her birthright to the gringoes for a mess of pot-

Mexican Lab r Comes to Grief h Clashes Between Two Unions

MEXICO CITY, July 13 .- Further tter division in the ranks of Mexican labor appears in the strike of raffwaymen thruout southern and southeaster Mexico, in which the Mexican Federation of Labor (C. R. O. M.) is furnishing strikebreakers, clearly at the behest of the government.

The C. R. O. M. and the rail union ers' strike, which has been in prog which has been independent, have ress in this city for more than 19 long been bitterly opposed to each weeks, is about to be sold out. More other, the C. R. O. M. usually making than 75 per cent of the painters are the accusation that the rail union is back on the job on the new scale of "red," a statement which is false, the \$1.371/2 an hour and the 5-day week. leaders of the rail union being per-The Master Painters' Association haps more conservative than the C. R. Members of the C. R. O. M sent in

work on hand and were ready to make points on the Ishmus and Pan-Amer-The Master Painters Association is and Isthmus lines, are struck by the ican lines, which, with the Vera Cruz another name for the American Plan rail union. The rail union strike Association, the open shoppers. They leaders declare that members of the have maliciously and persistently C. R. O. M. would be taking serious ought organized labor, but have been risks by scabbing. How long the rail orced to deal with the union, because union can hold out against its rival the bulding trades are well organized which is allied with the government and companies against it is a problem.

Dictatorship; Britain Holds Gold of France

PARIS, July 13 .- Speaking in his home town" of Le Mans, finance minster Caillaux for the first time openly advocated a dictatorship for France (for himself) when, as he states, "in tatives to make any overtures or to certain times the country must give the men who hold the helm the means meetings have been seething with de-necessary to accomplish their pur-

"The representatives of the country are there to choose the men. Once A mass meeting of the painters will chosen, let them work freely. Parties

Paris papers declare that as soon as the Franco-British debt pact is get the increased wage and the 5-day signed, the Bank of England will reweek, and to break the plans of the turn to the Bank of France 500,000,000 gold francs which it now holds and will extend credits to France. This security for the debt.

Caillaux is said to be insistent that the British agreement will forbid any commercialization of the debt, and MELBOURNE, (By Mail.) -So far, will offer payments of \$30,000,000 a year until 1931, after which this will

Hear Hostile Protest at His White Terror

PARIS, July 13. - The Communist spite the threats contained in the Party of France is preparing a "recep-"Crimes Act" the paper has been tion" for Primo de Rivera, dictator of published every week since the form. Spain, when he visits Paris to attend ation of the party in 1921. The Com- the ceremonies at the anniversary of

"Primo de Rivera wishes to take ing class lectures are given every part in the July 14 festivities of Paris. He requires a triumphant reception The relations existing between the in our capital in order to consolidate

"This reception he forced on our frontier. A representative of the In- few months and has a very small himself in the Place de Bataille, and membership. Their activities are by his presence there insult both the living and the dead.

"The people of Paris will know how to receive him.

"Workmen! He has abolished all the rights of working people in Spain. Communists! Socialists! Anarchists! He has thrown your Spanish brothers into jail and tortured them. Repubicans! Democrats! He has maltreated and persecuted all your friends cross the Pyrenes.

"Gather in thousands along the path of the shameful procession in order to cry your anger and show your symof Value from Mexico pathy with the victims of terror in

Arbitration Courts

MELBOURNE, (By Mail.) - The prime minister of Australia, Mr. ROME, July 13.—The king has sign- en-Itza, which is situated on a part of Bruce, has put certain proposals be ister of syndicate corporations, the ticles were of great historic value and the proposals are—That all unions in fore the federal parliament. Briefly, Australia be placed under one arbithree divisions of national economy, colleges and universities in the United tration court. That the court make awards for each union, and also have which has separate organizations, all controlled by fascisti. This is the able manuscripts and books, gold to enforce the awards. The court to have three judges at its head, who able archaeological objects have disap- shall be appointed by the Bruce government, to hold office for life.

Another proposal is that the gov ernment have power to carry on essential services during an industrial dispute. This proposal is an extension of the notorious Crimes Act.

Practically every working class organization has condemned the proposrope the whites have exploited it, but als which will be put to the people to vote on in the near future.

support of the leaders of the Labor they will be running true to form.

Women Workers Active in N. Y. Strike



A Group of the Women's Battalion in the New York Furriers' Strike.

What's Happening in

MADRID, July 13. - Both General Weyler and General Aguilera, who have been called upon by a special court trying participants in the recent plots, far from denying their signatures to the manifesto against De Rivera, justify them, claiming they are not against the king, but against De Rivera, whom they charge with personal ambitions. They say that had the plot succeeded, elections would have followed for a new

(By A Spanish Worker.)

parliament.

MADRID, -(By Mail)-In two and half years of government, Primo de plots against his rule, organized by generals and officers of the army. The dictator does not feel safe. He knows that he cannot rely on his military comrades, who show a positive opposition to his government.

Anent some excitement in the garrions, De Rivera maintained in a public speech that he could depend on the army to suppress revolt. The commanders of all the military districts sent the dictator a document stating that-"The army belongs to the nation and will only defend the nation's in-

The king is afraid of De Rivera's difficulties that it was postponed. competition. On the other hand. Alfonso does not desire a new government, because it naturally means the immediate convocation of parliament. So he acts outwardly as the protector of De Rivera.

Insubordination Grows.

De Rivera is much worried by officers of the army. Several generals attempted to carry out a coup d'etat similar to the one by Primo de Rivera by which he gained his power on September 13, 1923. He carries on a policy of corruption

to win support by giving all kinds of privileges and promotions to checkmate his opposers. Notwithstanding Rivera has been forced to face various this, insubordination grows. The military clubs are the seat of his opposi-

To stop this, De Rivera has decreed that the clubs are under the supervision of the state.

Republicanism in the Army. A strong tendency of republicanism

is invading the army. The government is deeply worried with this new fact. All the younger officers are hostile to Alfonso XIII and some of them are in close contact with the leaders of the republican bourgeoisie. Confronting this, the cabinet recently decided that Alfonso XIII, who fears the personal all commanding officers should take influence of Primo de Rivera, has been a new oath of loyalty to the monarchy, the real instigator of the document. but carrying this out presented such

MASS PICNIC HELD BY FINNISH **WORKERS AND FARMERS OF THE** UPPER MICHIGAN PENINSULA SUPPLEMENT

(Special to The Dally Worker)

ISHPEMING, Mich., July 13 .- The Finnish workers and small farmers held their mid-summer musical and gymnastic festival this year at the Workers' Athletic Park, near Ishpeming, Michigan for three days, July third, is avoidable as much as possible, both government, which was his accomplice fourth and fifth. The festival was a mass picnic of workers of the Upperparties evidently considering that the in the Moroccan war. In vain the Michigan. There were assembled together about five or six thousand work-French government, hoping that this ers in the park on Sunday. The festival was started, however, at Ishpemmight deter him, announced that the ing and Negaunee on Saturday evening. At the Coming Nation Hall, Ishbetween the Soviet Union and Finland tion that the I. W. W. has only been dictator was not coming. Primo de peming, the comrades of Hancock and Ironwood presented two plays to a operating as an organization for a Rivera will come. He wants to parade large audience and at the Labor Temple, Negaunee, there was a dance provided for the young people and others who enjoy dancing.

Fine Hosts. The comrades of Ishpeming and Negaunee proved to be great hosts in handling large crowds of people. They had provided lodging for the out of town comrades and their families in the private houses. At the park they had also provided everything necesments. Their hospitality made the occasion a really Communistic affair in character.

Sunday morning the workers of the Upper Michigan gathered in the Athetic Park near Ishpeming to celebrate the festival. The first thing on the program was athletic sports of various athletic groups and lasted until noon. Then the program of speeches. vocal solos, band music and 200 voices sang revolutionary songs. The program lasted until about six o'clock in the afternoon.

Turn Crowds Away. In the evening the workers went

back to Ishpeming where the local comrades had hired the largest opera house in town. The Ironwood players presented a play to the capacity house. In fact thousands of workers could not get in the opera house. There were 1,800 people in the opera house to witness the play.

Mass Singing. Monday morning the workers re day. The program began by the band which played the International, "Free

Russia" and other revolutionary mu-

Then a collection for The DAILY WORKER was taken which netted \$70.74. When one of the "generals" arose on the platform to announce the results of the collection he said this was the first real "general rehearsal" for struggle and asked three sary for the physical needs, such as cheers for The DAILY WORKER, meals, soft drinks and other refresh- which were cordially given by the au dience.

Protest Sacco-Vanzetti Case. A strong resolution of protest for Sacco and Vanzetti was unanimously

passed by the gathering. Monday evening a good concert was rendered at the Labor Temple, Negaunee, Michigan. The concert was enjoyed by all who could get into the hall. This concluded the festival. Next year the festival will be held at Ironwood, Michigan for three days.

Government in Coal Business; a Million Tons Sent from U.S.

(Special to The Daily Worker) LONDON, July 13. - More than a

million tons of coal have been imported into Great Britain since the beginning of the coal strike, reported George R. Lane-Fox, secretary for mines, to the house of commons. He turned to the park again to partici- added that most of it came from the pate in the program provided for that United States, imported by private merchants.

In the debate over appropriating three million pounds for the governsic. Then followed the chorus of 200 ment to go into the coal importation singers. This singing made a deep and sale business, Jack Jones, labor The government is angling for the impression on the people present. The party member accused Sir Phillip afternoon program composed of sev- Cunliffe-Lister, who holds the presi-Party, and according to the latest eral speeches, gymnastics, singing, vo-dency of the Board of Trade, of hav reports some of them have agreed to cal solos and recitations of various ing his own coal business in mind. support the proposals. If they do, groups of comrades, Everybody had The bill was carried against a stormy opposition by a majority of 129.

Fear Communism.

All Spain is hostile to Primi de Ri rera. He is still in power because there is not a strong and serious party disposed to contend against him. He will leave the government only when forced out. The Spanish bourgeoisie fears that the revolution necessary to serious insubordination among the demolish the present dictatorship, may be diverted into Communist channels by the workers. This is why the bourgeoisie does not wish to precipitate

revolt against De Rivera Lerroux, one of the most prominen leaders of the republican party, recently said:

"To utilize the soldiers in demolishing Primo de Rivera's dictatorship is quite simple; but to send them back to their garrisons will be terribly dif-

The fear of the proletarian revolution effaces the republicanism of the Spanish liberal capitalism.

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Where Are the A. F. of L. Officials in the I. R. T. Strike?

How is it that a strike of such actual and potential importance as that of the motormen and switchmen against the Interborough Rapid Transit company, can occur without enlisting the active support of the leadership of the American Federation of Labor?

Here is a gigantic concern that has organized a company union -a form of organization whose menace to the trade union movement is known and admitted by even the most conservative labor

The Interborough strikers have quit the Interborough's housebroken union and this is an indication of a deep-going dissatisfaction on the part of large numbers of workers in this section of the transportation industry with boss-controlled organizations. These men have shown their courage and sincerity by leaving their jobs and challenging the full power of this great corporation, able auto industry-or better, with the into demand and secure unstinted aid from the New York City government, able to hire as many detectives, spies and scabs as it may

Here is a situation that should put the leadership of the American labor movement on its mettle.

The labor movement could well afford to send a corps of organizers into this field while the workers are in a receptive mood and certainly it would cost little to issue a public statement sup- of view on profits, is to be noted in required, and as the manufacturers are porting the Interborough workers against the company and calling upon them to break with the company union en masse and join the Amalgamated Association and Electric Railway Employes.

But nothing of this kind has been done. The striking workers have formed an independent union and there appears to be some new cars are being introduced which friction between it and the A. F. of L. union. Probably unsuccessful attempts at organization in the past have left a bad feeling and, fice it to say the automobile manuof course, the company stoolpigeons are busy always keeping old facturers are also complaining about are on close financial relations with think that they are making decisions, come an "essential" industry. suspicions alive and creating new ones.

This, however, is nothing new. Every labor organizer is familiar with the general conditions which prevail in unorganized industries.

Upon the American Federation of Labor officials, the officials of the Amalgamated, and upon the strike leaders is the responsibility for giving proper direction to the struggle of the strikers and of those workers who are yet not conscious enough to quit the com-

Such opportunities do not come often.

The continual failure to take advantage of them by responsible union officials is one of the chief reasons why the basic indus love me, too." tries of America remain unorganized and a distrust of unions as such grows up among the unorganized who cannot be expected to draw always fine distinctions between the labor movement and and don't dare start anything or I'll workers. its leadership.

China Rises as a Nation

of his workers into a trade union. China has regained her control of her courts. Foreigners coming in conflict with Chinese law from now on will be subject to before the annual meeting of the utes under the date of June 17, 1901: Chinese legal procedure instead of being able to claim trial by a judge of and under the legal processes of their respective nations.

A powerful weapon in the hands of the imperialist nations, the former arrangement, in existence since the first revolution in 1911, has made it possible for representatives of foreign capitalist concerns, missionaries and the international riffraff which collects along the Chinese coast, to perpetrate intolerable outrages on the Chinese people.

Its abolition is an indication of growing strength of China as a nation and also an indication of the growing strength of the United States in the Chinese international commission. Full sovereignty for China is the American policy based on the fact that she has no extra-territoriality rights in China. American imperialism has nothing to lose by such a concession while her imperialist rivals

Jurisdiction over foreigners in Chinese courts benefits directly the Chinese commercial and employing groups and it is hoped undoubtedly that this will tend to weaken the anti-imperialist movement by placating the upper section of it.

But the workers and peasants of China are the driving force of the Chinese revolution; the young Chinese labor movement and the Kuomintang have grown up in the struggle against both imperialists and native exploiters. The abolition of foreign courts comes as a result of the struggles of the masses and not because imperialism has suddenly developed a conscience and a love for its Chinese business competitors.

It is significant that the recognition of the jurisdiction of the Chinese courts comes at a time when the combined attack of Wu Pei-fu and Chang Tso-lin on the peoples' armies north and west of Pekin has been repulsed and also after the shooting of twenty-six Chinese workers by the British forces in Canton harbor in an endeavor to break the boycott on Hongkong, creating a new wave of hostility to imperialism which its agents could not ignore.

The Franco-British Debt Settlement

The Franco-British debt agreement is a clever move on the part of two great nations, both of whom are in conflict with the United States in various fields of imperialist enterprise.

It links together the two strongest powers in western Europe and, by reason of the clause which provides for a cessation of French payments to Great Britain in the event of German default on reparation obligations, brings Germany into the combination while at the same time increasing British influence there.

The formation of an All-European bloc against American imperialism is brought within the range of probabilities by this set-

That this agreement should have been negotiated by Caillaux, who hitherto has been more in favor of a Franco-German alliance, is all the more significant.

Get a member for the Workers Party and a new subscription for THE DAILY WORKER

THE DAILY WORKER WHAT Is Coming in the Rubber Industry? WITH THE STAFF

By I. AMTER.

THE rubber industry is intimately related to the auto industry. Altho there are numerous rubber products outside of tires, none the less the production of tires dominates the industry. The production of new cars has a determinative effect on rubber. even tho the use of all cars necessitates plenty of tires.

That auto production determines tire production may be gathered from the figures of production. Thus the production of cars and trucks amounted to about 2,200,000 in the first six months of 1296, or about 14 per cent ahead of the same period of 1925. In May the production declined, but picked up again in June. This decline and revival was reflected in the production of tires, the situation being due also in part to the abnormal climatic conditions. The auto factories are curtailing production at the present time, owing, as is reported, to inventory taking and to the preparation of new models.

ALLOWING for the fact that in times of prosperity autos are bought and are again sold in times of decline, so that at the present time many own cars which they will dispose of when a depression begins, still it is a fact that the auto and truck have become a national institution. Hence, with ups and downs, the rubber industry does and will keep pace with the creasing use of cars. The railroads are beginning to note the competition of bus lines, and many of them are installing lines of their own, in recognition of the fact that bus lines and short hauling by auto trucks are catching the public favor.

THAT conditions are not what they should be from a capitalist point the fact that there has been a considerable reduction in the price of tirescorresponding with the reduction in the prices of cars. Is this due to over-production-or to the fact that will mean a discarding of the old models? Both may be the reasons. Suf- Whereas it is intimately bound up

By B. BORISOFF.

THE Steel Trust has two faces. It

"I am the best friend of my work-

ers. I do everything for them. They

steel trust and asking him to tell us

"As stated and repeated publicly,

we do not combat, though we do not

contract or deal with, labor unions,

as such. Personally, I believe they

may have been justified in the past,

for I think the workmen were not

always treated justly: that, because

of their lack of experience or other-

wise they were unable to protect

themselves; and therefore needed

the assistance of outsiders, in order

"But whatever may have been the

conditions of employment in the

long past and whatever may have

been the results of unionism, con-

cerning which there is at least much

uncertainty, there is at present in

to secure their rights.

stockholders on April 18, 1921.

smile and says:

crush the life out of you."

turns to the world with a kindly

instalment buying and about the number of used car, in the hands of branches.

THE same may be recorded about the tire industry. On May 1 there were 9,345,000 casings in the hands of the manufacturers as compared with 6,800,000 a year ago, and 6,600,000 two years ago. Over-production. What is happening in the rubber industry? Did the increased production necessitate more workers? It did not. The rubber industry has gone thru a revolution-the same revolution as in the auto industry. Every day there is an improvement in production, which means a new method of exploiting labor more effectually. New machinery, greater and more scientific division of work, efficiency in every motion-and speed-up. This latter is the secret whereby the manufacturers have reduced the cost of produciton and have obtained more work out of the work-

HAVE the workers benefited by the greater production? They have not. They have given more labor power-and have received nothing in return. Less men are being employed, but the production has increased Profits rose in the past year from 35 to 100 per cent, but the workers have

not received one penny more in return for their work.

On the contrary, the speed-up process eliminates many men, who form an army ever ready to take away the work of those on the job. The rubber industry is not a skilled industry. Practically any department of work may be learned in a few hours. The result is that one finds miners, steel workers and every other category of worker in the rubber factories. THE number of young workers and

of women in the rubber factories is also very large. No skill being intent upon making the highest profit possible, young workers and women are employed, thus lowering the standard of the industry owing to their acceptance of lower wages.

The rubber industry is one of the best fortified industries in the country. with the auto industry, together they

employers and employees, no neces-

sity for a labor union; and that no

benefit or advantage thru them will

accrue to any one except the labor

But as soon as Mr. Gary turns his

"That we are UNALTERABLY

OPPOSED to any extension of

union labor and advise subsidiary

companies to take FIRM OPPOSI-

TION when these questions come up

and say that THEY ARE NOT GO-

ING TO RECOGNIZE IT-that is,

any extension of unions in mills

where they do not now exist; that

great care should be used to prevent

trouble, and that they promptly re-

port and confer with this corpora-

In plain language, this means a DECLARATION OF WAR UPON

THE TRADE UNION ORGANIZA-

THIS war has been going on since

1 the Steel Corporation was organ-

TION IN THE STEEL MILLS.

tion." (My emphasis).

leaders.'

EDISON'S INVENTIONS HAVE HELPED PROFITS IN RUBBER INDUSTRY



the banks of Wall Street. There is the same relation between all the rub- that the workers know it. ber manufacturers as there is beween the steel manufacturers: a genleman's agreement as to prices, etc. Hence, as far as the workers are concerned, they face one enemy in the rubber industry, even tho the different plants show divergences as regards nodernity of plant, etc. A powerful organization faces the practically unorganized workers.

COME of the rubber barons, recognizo ing that the workers are becoming and we will talk. The workers may

The Two Faces of the Steel Trust

20, 1901:

sembly and senate, where their representatives function, but in the hands of the board of directors of the company. The word of the latter body is TO entice the workers still more, the

companies have provided tennis ourts, ball grounds, fibraries, rest cooms, etc. Everything they will give the workers except higher wages. Everything they may have-provided they do not infringe upon any of the company rules, in case of which they may be disciplined: they may be forced to give up the homes they have erected on the ground that they have bought from the company on "splendid" terms, because the company favors its own workers, etc. Company unionism is believed by the manufacturers a substitute for real unionism. THE companies know that the work ers are becoming conscious of the

hypocrisy of the situation, and are demanding the right of organization. Proof? The workers are trying to form a union. Any worker talking union organization in the shops is reported to the office by the thousands of spies in the "flying squads"-common rats-in the employ of the company. Workers joining the union are discharged if discovered. They are followed round the town, spied upon and reported. The company therefore realizes that its plants are fake and

A REAL trade union is imperative in the rubber industry. There are some industries that are of long standing and conditions have only gradually been changed. But the rubber, like the auto industry, is an infant industry and is growing with the speed of a child. Rapid changes are made, new processes are adopted-and all of them mean greater and greater exploitation of the workers.

A real trade union is in the making conscious of this situation have taken in Akron and is bound to embrace all time by the forelock. The workers of the workers. It is the only hope feel that they are entitled to a word in of the rubber workers and the only he determination of their conditions. safeguard against greater robbery. Good. We will establish an "indus- The rubber union is bound to come trial democracy" plan, wherein the and will be one of the most powerful workers will sit in consultation with unions in the country, being repreus, thru their chosen representatives, sentative of the workers who are working in an industry that has be-

Being Things From Here and There Which Have Inspired Us to Folly or Frenzy

The Higher-and Briefer -Criticism.

"No other literary form," continues Mr. Bercovici, "exacts so much intense concentration on subject and form. No other form permits such little padding. The inner life of the short story, the style, the value of the theme, and the construction of its characters must be of one piece with the directness and the straightness of the line running thru it." With all due respect to Mr. Bercovici's excellent stories, Piffle!

-From THE NATION

PLATITUDES AS A FINE ART An overworked member of the staff, ooking thru a back number of the American Federationist by way of resting from his exhausting labors found the following:

A Standard Oil Advertisement.
An advertisement from the Botany Worsted Mills, where the Passaic strike is on. A poem by Berton Braley. Articles by a half dozen college professors. An article on business prospects for 1926.—And an editorial purporting to have been written by William Green on "Industrial Art" in which the following occurs:

"Wage earners do not voluntarily choose ugliness and darkness for living and working surroundings nor do they prefer to spend their workdays in creating unattractive objects."

Whereupon the already exhausted

member of the staff went dead away until after press time.

FOUND HIS VOCATION.

We found the prize guy for a school board occupying that position on the New York Board of Education. He was one of the five whose votes prevented the promotion of Dr. Abraham Lefkowitz, a teacher in the High School of Commerce. It turns out that Lefkowitz is the legislative representative of the union, and the union had criticized these particular five board members. But, dang it all, this wasn't what we started out to laugh about. What we thought funny was that one of the members of the board of education had happily been named-Edward B. Shallow,

Distinction.

How to get your name in the company magazine is told by the one published by the Illinois Central. It's hard and complicated and requires time and patience. In the meeting of its executive on as you may see from the following note printed under the photo of a

"Alberta Barnett, fifteen years old, 1112 DeWitt avenue, Mattoon, Ill., is a Junior whose name appeared on the honor roll all the last term of school. She is the granddaughter of William Lincoln Thorpe, light man in the Illinois Central yards. Mr. Thorpe has served the Illinois Central for thirty-two years without loss of time, with the exception of a four-day vacation last April."

We would like to know wotinell Bill did all those four days.

Definition.

A Massachusetts paper tells us the definition of taxation. It is: "The process by which money is collected from the people to pay the salaries of the men who do the collecting. The surplus is used to pay the salaries of the men the people elect to decide how much shall be collected from them."

This isn't economically sound, perhaps, but it's funny, ain't it?

WHY NOT MOVE TO AFGHANISTAN?

The only place it's safe to cross the street is in Afghanistan, where there is only one automobile to every 1,200,000. In the U. S., statistics show that there is one car to every six people. There are six of us on The DAILY WORKER staff, but not one has a car. Somebody's lying, shuresell, or else we're among the Afghanistanese.

All Right, Go to It!

I suggest that you open a competiion, offering a prize for the snappiest limerick on the subject of J. H. Thomas and the vanishing bathing suit. A suitable prize would be a transparent fig leaf, or a rubber doormat, resembling a human being. I submit the following contributions for the next issue of the staff column. Signed-T. J. O'Flaherty.

J. H. "Judas" of the tight little isle Had nothing-not even a smile, To cover his shame

From each curious dame

Who ran-when they saw him-a mile After selling the coal diggers, Jim,

Son of Thomas, went in for a swim To cleanse him of sin-But, Oh, what a din

When his togs were stolen from him. To make matters worse for J. T.

A wave from the wild, angry sea Took his bathrobe away

In the bright light of day, With the water not up to his knee.

The staff takes up T. J.'s idea or J. T.'s dilemma, and solicits contributions in limerick form from our readers. As to prizes, it is a great honor to get your name in this exclusive space, but for especially good contributions we will give a Gideon bible as soon as we stop at a hotel.

the opinion of the majority of both | ized. At first the Steel Corporation



Ben Gold, leader of the New York fur workers, as seen in action by William Gropper, artist of the New York Daily Freiheis

this committee is that the general THIS is how Gary talks for the pubpolicy should be to TEMPORIZE I lic. He wants everybody to believe for the next six months, or a year that he recognized the right of his It turns to the workers gnashing its workers to belong to a union, and that eeth like a beast, and says: "You he is against trade union organization condition of labor and labor unions of a bi-, work like hell or starve, because it is of no benefit to the

went slow, as shown by the minutes |

of the executive committee for April

"It is decided that the sense of

UNTIL WE GET FULLY ESTAB-LISHED, and that the prevalent at the different plants should be undisturbed, and that if any changes do occur later, they can be handed individually." But as the Steel Trust was getting

LET us prove it by calling to the face to the workers his language stand Mr. Gary, the head of the changes. No sooner was the United Steel stronger and stronger, its fight against what he thinks about the organization Corporation organized than its execu- the organization of the workers in the tive committee adopted the following mills became more militant.

This is from the speech of Mr. Gary resolution which appears in its min. THE executive committee of the Steel Corporation was giving orders to the subsidiary companies not o sign any agreements with the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers. At the same time, it instructed its subsidiary companies o act in such a manner that the 'public" would believe that they were acting as individual companies and not under instructions of the Steel

Here is an excerpt from the minutes of the executive committee of the Steel Corporation of April 20, 1901:

"Mr. Edenborn thinks it expedient to inform the newspapers and the public generally, that the United States Steel Conporation is not the only employer, but that the individual companies are distinct and separate for themselves: that the labor

be settled by that particular company as an individual company and a strike in one must be settled independently of any other company." THIS is again the face that the Steel Trust presented to the "public." But the Steel Corporation was lying. June 17, 1901, the question of recognition of unions in a mill not previously recognized was discussed. The minutes of this meeting state:

"It has been suggested in this committee that when the question comes up the president of the subsidiary company should reply that he wished to consider and would make an answer the next day, and in the meantime, he could take it up with the president of this company (the Steel Corporation) and then finally report to the representative that the matter had been carefully considered and the decision reached is so and so. "To the last proposition the presi-

dent commented that it would then be perfectly clear that such president had taken it up with this corporation.

T is clear from the examples which we have cited that while the Steel Trust denied its workers the right to organize, the Steel Trust itself used all of its highly organized and centralized power to fight against the

These facts should set the steel workers thinking.

Gold Speaking to Strikers

ON GROUND THAT THEIR "RECORD IS CLOSED" AND CASE IS OVER First place and the cover of the July Labor Defender are given to the Sacco-Vanzetti case which is of immediate urgency because the electric chair

> ness day bomb that killed 10 persons, for which Tom Mooney and Warren Billings were convicted on testimony+ commission repudiated. Mooney's hanging sentence was commuted to life by the governor of California in. It is one of the scandals of the alleged progressivism of Sen. Hiram Johnson that he has never dared to

Minor gives the reason in his ar-

"There are only two arguments: one that Mooney is a bad fellow who Hartford are to co-operate. ought to be in jail anyhow for the trouble that he made in the struggle between labor and capital in Cal- Waterbury, Bridgeport, New Haven, ifornia; the other is that there is no legal way to get Mooney and Billngs out because the court did not forces in New Britain. New Britain. err' in any technical way and 'cannot take legal cognizance' of the con- iy working up to the \$1,000 mark.

Connecticut Raises Over \$12,000 for Passaic Strike Relief

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 13 .- The Connecticut State Committee for Passaic Strike Relief has just completed a drive for \$10,000 and has launched a new drive for an additional \$5,000. Already \$2,000 has been subscribed to the new \$5,000 drive.

The committee has arranged a flower day in New Britain in which committees from New Haven and

In the \$10,000 drive the following cities raised close to \$1,000 each: Hartford, Ansonia, and Stamford. Good work was also done by the labor Naugatoc and New London are rapid-

COURTS KEEP MOONEY IN PRISON

workers.

will follow if a new trial for the Massachusetts labor organizers is denied. But many readers will read with equal indignation of the Mooney case which Robert Minor describes in subsequent pages. July 22 will mark the 10th anniversary of the San Francisco prepared

that was later shown to be perjured, fession of the witnesses made after and which Pres. Woodrow Wilson's the legal record was closed. when international protests flooded say a word about the case.

ticle in the Labor Defender: "No one seriously claims any more that either Mooney or Billings are guilty of murder but only that they fought the chamber of commerce open shop