

adjoining it within a radius of 30

ributed to all employes on all lines workers.

"At the same time that this ballot-

the workers will join the strike."

TWELVE BOSSES

SIGN UP WITH

Striking Workers

(Special to The Daily Worker)

union headquarters.

ing even with the devil, admitting for the sake of argument that the old and much abused celebrity is yet doing strikers lends material support not business at the old stand.

* * *

TT was real nice of King Victor mies of organized labor as well. We Emmanuel of Italy to appoint Benito Mussolini minister of syndicate the issues of this strike. We were corporations. The king could have amazed that the statement does not conferred the honor on half a dozen deal with these issues. It is generally others, but he didn't. Things are pro- the practice of trade unionists to deal with concrete demands. The stategressing so rapidly under Benito's wise reign that Italians no longer can ment, however, ignores the demands afford to travel from one part of the for which we, 16,000 striking textile workers, are fighting: the restoration country to another. Tho the budget balances and everything is rosy, the increase of ten per cent in wages; the duce may have to pull off a little war right to organize and recognition of as a counter-irritant. the union; the 44-hour week; and time THE fate of Martin Durkin should and one-half for overtime. We are L be a valuable object lesson to positive that the executive council of

(Continued on page 2)

Lends Aid to Bosses. Under these circumstances any statement that attacks the textile

(Continued on page 2)

(Special to The Daily Worker) LANCASTER, N. H., June 12, only to this compaign of the mill own-John W. Weeks, former secretary of ers but to all open-shoppers and enewar in both the Harding and Coowant to call your attention again to lidge cabinets died at his summer home, Mount Prospect, at 3 a. m. today. Death came after a long illness

and a coma of many hours from which he failed to recover. Weeks was a graduate of Annapolis Naval Academy and later became a Boston banker of considerable wealth. He spent many years in both the house and the senate and was a runner up for the republican presidential nomination in 1916.

N. H. SUMMER RESIDENCE

SEND IN A SUBI

Crowds Surge 'Round Bourse as French Franc Falls

The franc falls steadily, attracting excited crowds to the bourse. The illustration shows a great crowd battling for entry into the Paris money temple, where excited brokers shift their tactics with every new fluctuation in a frantic effort to stave off a complete crash.

beginning early Monday morning. The Foremen of What?

voting will take place all day Monday "Foremen are only necessary when and close on that day at midnight. there are workers to work," Mr. Hy-Ballots will be collected by represenman stated yesterday. "Unless it is tatives of the union and mailed to the manufacturers' intention to have them work with scabs replacing our Results Tuesday. strikers, I cannot see the necessity of The strike committee will announce the foremen and designers' remaining in the shops. Designers, as everyone the results on Tuesday night at the regular mass meeting at Manhattan is aware, can only work in conjunction with others. Since the rest are Casino, 155th St. and Eighth Ave. on strike, they are useless at this

ing takes place many new sections of time. "Mr. Finder boasts idly when he talks of being willing to lose the entire season rather than concede to the workers' just demands. I want to tell him that the workers are ready not only to lose this season but to strike into the next in order to achieve our urpose."

N. Y. CAPMAKERS Albert Weisbord, youthful leader of the Passaic textile strike, will be one of the principal speakers at a series of huge mass meetings to be held this Grant All Demands of week on behalf of the 40,000 striking cloakmakers of New York. The demonstrations this week will be preceded by a march of pickets thru the strike districts, headed by Louis Hyman, NEW YORK, July 12 .- The general chairman of the general strike comstrikes of the capmakers in New mittee, the general staff of the picket York and Philadelphia are a comcommittee, of which J. Goretsky is chairman, and other strike leaders. plete success. Over 3,000 workers The principal mass meeting will be are involved in these strikes. A setheld at the Manhattan Lyceum, 66 tlement was reached yesterday with East Fourth street, and Hennington hall, 14 Second street, Tuesday at 2 p. m. sharp and at Arlington Hall, 19 St. Marks place, also at 2 o'clock. Weisbord and Norman Thomas, former socialist candidate for governor of New York, will address the Arlington Hall gathering Wednesday.

Many Meetings.

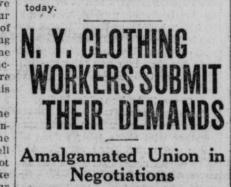
190 4 81

Other meetings will be held Tuesday at Lenox Assembly, Clinton Hall. Grand Central Palace and Odd Fellows Hall. For Wednesday additional meetings are scheduled at the Grand Opera House, Vienna Hall and Brownsville Labor Lyceum, Brooklyn, and Laurel Garden, the Bronx. Other prominent speakers scheduled

to encourage the strikers in their demand to bring the jobbers, who control 75 per cent of the garment industry, into responsibility to the workers, are: Louis Hyman, chairman of the general strike committee; Morris Sigman, president of the I. L. G. W. U.: Julia Stuart Poyntz, frasini of the Italian Chamber of Labor; Ben Git-

GREEN BAY, Wis. -- (FP)-- The Wisconsin State Federation of Labor opens its 34th annual convention in Green Bay July 20, Hebrew trades,

LONDON, July 12.-Montagu Nor man, governor of the Bank of England announces that an agreement for the funding of the French debt to Great Britain was reached here



(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, July 12 .- Formal demands, as a basis for a new collective working agreement, have been submitted to the N. Y. Clothing Manufacturers' Exchange by the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America. These demands are: 1. All work cut, made and carted to be handled by union labor only; 2. Immediate institution of minimum wage scale; 3. Elimination of superfluous contractors: 4. Complete registration of contractors and manufacturers for whom they work; 5. To clearly define grades of quality in garments, a demarcation line of 25 per cent difference in price between grades shall be set: 6. Manufacturers who send

shops shall be fined. Vague Reply. To these demands the manufac-

urers' spokesmen gave a vague reply speaking in generalities about "competition with the non-union markets," complaining that business has been bad. One of the employers' representatives, however, conceded that the union semands were largely just, but said that this was not a proper time for the employers to grant such demands.

Gangster Shot in Herrin Roadhouse

HERRIN, Ill., July 12. - "Oklahoma Curley" Hardin, reputed gangster, was shot and killed in a gun battle in a roadhouse north of here and the prolow, Ben Gold, W. Olgin, M. Budish, prietress of the resort, Mrs. Mildred L. Antonnini and Feinstein of the Rocassi, was shot in the hand in a scuffie for a revolver.

Search For Victims.

At 11 a. m. Monday 300 marines and soldiers entered the shell torn area. while continued explosions sent project tiles screaming over their heads, to. attempt the rescue of wounded that might still be living but unable to move from the inferno of American imperialism's ammunition depot.

The searching parties entered the ammunition depot with all the precautions of a war time patrol going over the top. The men were separate ed into small groups, and squirmed on their stomachs over the torn ground and thru shell holes, dragging their

stretchers and medical supplies after them

Join Other Victims of Imperialism. The dead were brought out on stretchers and loaded into ambulances to be taken to the Brooklyn Navy Yard, where they will be draped in American flags and placed beside the victims of the submarine S-51. Later the bodies will be shipped to the homes of relatives.

The ammunition dump, itself, is : smouldering furnace of twisted and mangled steel and brick, and the great forested area which surrounded it had been wiped out, leaving a naked expanse of blackened hillside without a trace of vegetation.

More Magazines May Explode. The very real danger which the rescue parties are under is shown in the fact that the great army magazines, which house many tons of TNT, are still within range of fire, and a work to non-union or non-registered slight change of wind would also shower them with sparks from the burning navy buildings. Thousands of ten inch shells also are still unis nited.

Secretary of the navy, Wilbur, cuts ting short his holiday at Newport, R. I., made an overnight trip from Newport to New York and will arrive at the scene today. Secretary of war, Davis, already is on the ground.

Army and navy officers said it was difficult to see how any blame could (Continued on page 2)

FOUR PAGES TODAY

Delay in the receipt of a shipment of paper makes it necessary for The DAILY WORKER to appear with a four page edition, and therefore to leave out much important material already in type for today's issue.

about a dozen independent manufacturers in New York who employ about 500 members. The settlement follows: The 40-hour week goes into effect July 1, 1927. The wage readjustments which become effective the beginning of next week, include an increase of the minimum for cutters, blockers and operators from \$40 to \$44, for packers from \$35 to \$38, for pressers from \$33 to \$36 and for lining makers and trimmers from \$27 to The strike with the association which consists of about 200 manufacturers will, according to indications be a long and bitter struggle The capmakers are confident of a vic-

torious end. The settlement with the association will have to be on the very same lines as the settlement with the independent manufacturers.

Wisconsin Labor Meets.

Page Two



A. F. of L. "Takes Pav for Treason'

PASSAIC, N. J. July 12. -(FP)-New effort is being made to break the strike of 16,000 textile workers here. A so-called citizens' committee of 300 has been organized. It is composed largely of local business men, and others who are close to the mill owners or who are susceptible to the flattery of Colonel Johnson of the Botany Mills.

They held their initial meeting July 6 and bitterly assailed Albert Weisbord, the Harvard law school graduate who is leading the strike. Spokesmen for the "citizens' committee" charac- been swept away." terized Weisbord and his associates as "harpies preying on the peaceful, decent community of Passaic." and denonneed them as Communists opposed their haste to get away from the Philip Davis president of the Local to American institutions. peril.

Boeses Say "Not Bona Fide."

Now the committee is publishing big display advertisements in the local papers, calling on the strikers to return to work; declaring the United Front Committee is not a bona fide labor organization; and asserting that wounded in the back by shrapnel. the committee of 300 are "friends of "Shells were bursting all around. I the workers" and have their interests at heart.

In answer, the United Front Committee points out that the strike has been prolonged into its 24th week not TNT as I was running for my life." by the workers, but by the manufacturers, who have refused to discuss the matters at issue with representatives of the strikers.

The Textile Worker, organ of the United Textile Workers, the only A. navy, Wilbur, at Washington: F. of L. union in the industry, continues to publish large display advertisements of the three firms on terrible disaster at Lake Denmark. strike, Forstmann and Huffmann, Botany Mills, and Gera Mills. But it publishes no news about the strike.

Commenting on this, the Nation says: "That looks like accepting pay for treason." And the Nation says head. The rest lay near a demolished also: "When the executive council shack. of the American Federation of Labor denounced the Passaic strike because there were Communists among its leaders it committed treason to labor in the name of official labor loyalty."

Farmer "Independent Democrat."

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 12 .- James H. Kirby, a farmer of Petersburg, to- to ten minutes. One blast knocked a day filed notice with Secretary of State marine unconscious and several of his Emmerson that he will be a candidate for the United State senate at the coming election next November. Kirby will make the race as an independent democrat.

(Continued from page 1)

PROGRESSIVES Rain on Countryside Near Dover, N. J. WIN VICTORY IN (Continued from page 1) **GARMENT LOCAL**

be attached to any of the personnel of the arsenals. The disaster was caused, according to all reports thus far, by a bolt of lightning and adverse

Death Shells Still

wind conditions, and this, they said, can only be classed in the category of "acts of God." Heavy damage was done in ten

owns in Bergen, Morris and Passaic ers' Union the progressives won counties. The Replogle Steel commajority of the executive board. pany, near Mt. Hope, was damaged to about \$200.000. General Keeps at Safe Distance.

ary. H. Bell, to the joint board. In General Drum, after inspecting the the elections to the joint board three plateau of the reservation from the candidates received a tie vote. A spesafety of Picatinny peak, an adjoin- cial election is to be held to break the ing height, said: tie vote. It is expected that the pro-

"It's like a scene from the western gressive candidate will win over the front. It looks like ground that has reactionary. H. Bell, S. Borenstein, S. been fought over. All vegetation has Eisenberg, M. Marcuss and S. Stein were elected to the executive board.

The loss of life still remains a con-S. Borenstein to the Chicago Federajecture. Many of the refuges are be- tion of Labor. lieved to have fled to the woods in The reactionaries were able to elect by 6 votes.

Hell of TNT.

"We went thru hell Saturday night Filipino Leader of -that is the only word that describes **Independence** Party it." said an officer's wife.

Sergeant John P. Nicholson said he was hurled 20 feet in the air and was weak from loss of blood but ran for the woods. The wooden barracks. special emissary of President Coolidge, row on row of them, caved in like tissue paper after the first blast of the

German Admiral Sympathetic. BERLIN, July 12 .- Admiral Zenker, nead of the German navy, sent the following message to secretary of the

"Please accept the deepest sym pathy of the German navy over the The dead were all found in the vicinity of an administration building known as "C-31." The first body dis covered lay on the road, with a shattered telephone pole, across the

No formal attempt was made to identify the dead on the scene of the disaster, altho some were recognized per. by former comrades. Many of the bodies were burned beyond casual recognition.

saults.

Passaic Strikers Reply to A. F. of L.

14 Injured In Bus Crash. ALBION. Mich., July 12 .- Fourteen Shortly after the searching party persons were recovering in hospitals got under way the explosions were coming at the rate of one every five here today from injuries received, when a Ghicago-Detroit motorbus skidded against a tree here. Among the companions turned complete somerinjured were: Dan J. Bach, Chicago, head and scalp injuries; Mrs. Mary Wilson, of Scotland, who had been

The June issue of the American visiting her son in Harvey, Ills., scalp Worker Correspondent is out! wounds.

textile workers now following our leadership, we pledge ourselves to disregard the unwarranted attacks levelled against us during the bitter six

Their Stronghold

Halts the Movement

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MANILA, P. I., July 12 .- With the

rrival of Colonel Carmi Thompson,

Herald Misled.

months of our struggle. We have no quarrel with the great body of organthe A. F. of L. cannot find good a Communist strike, or "a strike for ized labor as represented by the A. F. reasons for objecting to our demands. Communism." In a recent public of L. Our quarrel is with our employ-These are the vital issues in this statement you, yourself, declared that strike. Around these issues we, 16,000 the demands of the Passaic textile

The Cause of All Labor.

CURRENT EVENTS By T. J. O'Flaherty.

THE DAILY WORKER

(Continued from page 1)

young and handsome Americans, who prefer to tread the primrose path to Reactionaries Lose in affluence rather than start in, perched on a counting house stool, in the first act of the thrilling melor drammer, "From Office Boy to Bank President." In the elections in Local 18 of the No, we don't mean exactly that as you International Ladies' Garment Workmay expect. The point is that Martin a did not take the trouble to be organized. Had he gotten in with a good The following progressives were bunch of fellows, he might have been elected: H. Bell, for recording secretable to turn his ward over to either Crowe or Deneen in the last election and be in a position to spent \$100,000 on counsel. .

FTER reading the reports of the A FTER reading into the charges of investigation into the charges of fraud in the recent Cook county elections, I am amazed that William Z. Foster was credited with receiving 13 votes (or was it 130?) in Chicago as candidate for president of the U.S.

on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket. Had the fight between the rival capitalist political gangsters been a

close one, the gunmen responsible for the slip-up would have fared badly. The least that could have happened to them would be the cancellation of their vice and booze privileges. This

parliamentary system of ours is so pure that it is rumored Pilsudski is thinking of adopting it. ń *

THIS reminds me of a story: A the Americans are surprised at the ap-Polish woman of strong fascist parent slackening of the movement for independence shown in a lack of proclivities arrived in this country such sentiments being expressed in recently to deliver a series of lectures the native press and by Manuel Que- on Poland, While crossing the ocean zon, chief of the independence forces she learned by radio that Pilsudski who visited Colonel Thompson with- seized power and the news was disout, it is said, mentioning the subject. pleasing to her. The lady informed a group of passengers that Pilsudski

The Philippine Herald, organ of was a socialist and therefore a Bol-Quezon's movement fails to mention shevik. I observed that Pilsudski was he subject and instead states that in the habit of exhibiting his love for Thompson's statement is "reassuring" Bolshevism in mysterious ways. Did and discusses other possible settle- he not lead the Polish army against ments than that of complete independ- the Soviet forces during the war beence, expressing a hope for "a satis- tween Russia and Poland in 1921? factory solution that would safeguard This was easy. Without batting an the autonomy of the Filipino people eye, she replied that Pilsudski plan without impairing the sovereignty of was to lead his army into the heart the United States-two things not in of Russia and then deliver it to the any way incompatible," says the pa- Bolsheviks. The assembled tourists and rotarians nodded dumbly and the lady got by the immigration experts without being branded a "moral turp."



Millionaire's Wife Gets Severe Jolt

Mrs. Smith, the wife of a millionaire fruit dealer, was given quite a severe jolt by the International Ladies' Garment Workers' 1924 strike pickets at ers. We greet the ideal of unity of the Cook County jail. This wife of a textile workers, have rallied, and are strikers were just demands. No worker all labor in America under the banner millionaire visits the jail bedecked in

They Are Brothers in Arms in Growing War IN PENNSYLVANIA **Against American Greed**

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

. . .

later president, and now chief jus-

tice of the United States supreme

court, wrote in 1904 of the Moros in

"General Wood sent out expedi-

tions to march along the shores of

the lake (Lanao Lake), which were

immediately attacked; and, there-

upon, assuming the aggressive, he

reduced several of their cottas and

gave them a salutary and much-

. . .

strikes in New York City before.

But the workers are again on the

battle line. Similarly the armies led

by "Black Jack" Pershing, who later

headed the American army of inter-

vention that was sent into Mexico;

General Harrison Grey Otis, who

became editor of the infamous Los

Angeles Times; General Leonard

Wood, who led the army against the

Moros are still on the warpath.

* * *

the American rubber interests are

trying to enslave and bring under

the yoke of "Firestone." "Goodyear."

"Goodrich," and other internation-

In order to do this, the Moro must

be robbed of his land and put into

harness with the Chinese, Hindus,

Japs or other orientals that may be

imported to join him in his serf-

ally known American trade names

It is the Mohammedan Moro that

There have been many traction

needed lesson."

the Philippines when he said:

picture.

BROTHERS in the war against dom. It was General Davis who wrote hypocritically of the Moros: American greed-the New York subway worker blinking in the sun "They are able to produce rice, sugar cane, coffee, corn, cattle, beauas he comes out of subterranean caverns to demand increased wages, tiful woven fabrics and thrusting and cutting weapons; they manufacand the Mohammedan Moros in the ture bronze cannon and gunpowder far-off Philippines again in arms, reand give surprising proofs of their fusing to remain conquered even ingenuity and industry. Their boats after a quarter century under Wall are fashioned and rigged and sailed Street imperialism - present two with the utmost skill and are adfields of struggle "under the free mired by all strangers. A race of flag of the United States," an expresmen who are doing all this, and who sion of President McKinley, who sat in the White House, Dec. 21, 1898. possess manly qualities, should be kept alive and not shot down in

war.' Thousands of police, the New Those were pious utterances made York city and state governments are by General Davis after the wholeagain arrayed against the slaves of sale slaughter of the Moros had the Interboro Rapid Transit Co., brought them to their knees with who are seeking to better their the defeat of the Filipino republic working conditions. It is an old under Aguinaldo. They will be put aside now as new military units, In the same spirit that the capidedicated to the mass murder of talist tyranny wars on workers at these American colonials in the home, it is repeating today on the orient are led against the Moros by other side of the earth what Govrecognized experts in the art of ernor-General William Howard Taft,

wholesale slaughter.

The "Interboro" has its "company union" in New York City. American imperialism also has its "company union" in the Moro Islands, in the existence of so-called "Christian peasants," who can be used as a buffer against the rebellious Mohammedans. Thus the dollar again seeks to plant its power in the rich soil of religious differences.

The Moro was assured by his foreign master from North America, who had taken the place of the Spanish tyrant from Europe, that he would not be subjugated to any native Christian administration as long as the stars and stripes were planted over the islands. But he lived to learn that this was only some American buncombe, the blah of the advance agent of great business. Christianity was being used, just as much as an army of invasion to enslave him to profit rule. That is why he fights.

There are several forms of struggle against American greed. There is the struggle of the workers at home. There is the struggle of the oppressed in the colonies. There is the struggle of dollar-subjugated nations that still retain their political independence. There is the struggle of other competing national greeds, also seeking world supremacy. All of these forms of struggle are not now actively at work. But some of them, like the workers engaged in the New York traction strike and the discontent of the Moros in the Philippines, are examples of the never-ending struggle against American imperialism that will ultimately encompass its complete defeat and destruction.

. . .

. . .

period it records 13 political murders.

2,118 arrests, 523 raids, and 157 citi-

new trial.

Three Cornered Race in **Final Election**

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, July 12 .- The senatorial election in Pennsylvania, ordinarily a formality incident to republican victory, is to become this year a three-cornered affair.

Representative Wm. S. Vare, the rotund "boss" of Philadelphia, who spent some \$800,000 in winning the regular republican nomination, probably will be opposed by an independent republican because of the "scan dal" unearthed by the Reed investigating committee, it became known today.

Pinchot Splits.

Gov. Gifford Pinchot, the dry candidate in the primary, who spent something less than \$200,000 in his unsuccessful quest of the nomination, has written a letter to a friend in Washington asserting the determination of the anti-Vare, or irregular, wing of the party to contest with Vare and Wm. B. Wilson, the democratic candidate in November.

Democrats Have Hopes.

Democratic leaders are hopeful that the governor will carry out his apparent intention. By so doing, they believe, he will assure the election of a democratic senator from Pennsylvania for the first time in many decades.

Vare's election would be followed by an attempt to unseat him. Democratic leaders have privately asserted that "Vare never will be seated." The insurgent republicans feel the same way about it. Several of the latter, including Senator Norris, republican of Nebraska, have already openly endorsed Wilson's candidacy.

Newberry's Shadow.

Most of Gov. Pinchot's friends here. whose counsel he has sought, have advised him against becoming a candidate. They have pointed out that the Reed committee records show that there was expended on his behalf some \$185,000, or approximately the same amount which the senate pronounced excessive in the Newberry case.



workers during the steel strike in 1919, were not able to develop into a reality what General George W. Davis declared when he said, "What Spain was not able to do in 350 years (in the Philippines) American LOSE VISITING troops have done in a few months." That proud boast was made more than a score of years ago. But the

carrying on a heroic and determined will take this charge seriously or place struggle against the powerful employ- trust in those who continue to make ers for a better standard of living and it. The country-wide support given to for trade union organization.

Struggle Wins Support.

with the American Federation of La- less.

We have been able to take care of the needs of our sixteen thousands strikers and their families during the together with many labor unions and 24 weeks of struggle, thru the generous support of workers' organizations of L. have endorsed the aims and purand sympathizers. Six picket line poses of the strike. Our strike is a lunch counters operate to provide food bona fide one and the struggle is victory of these textile workers will the prayers. for the thousands who daily picket the wholly in line with the best traditions many acres of textile mills in Passaic. of the American labor movement. Four food stations function to capacity in distributing to needy families their strike, the United Front Committee, dustry. The statement of the execudaily food rations. Two children's is charged with being a dual union. kitchens provide nutritious meals for We have always indicated our readisent to camps and to the homes of ourselves to you as the president of free fuel and free services of physi- unity of all textile unions under the cians. A total of 445 strikers have A. F. of L. and our committee pledged ions, organized by the employers. been clubbed and jailed and for these itself to render every assistance to competent legal defense has been bring our workers under the banner provided and their families cared for. of your organization. There is no form of relief of which the textile strikers are in need that has of our struggle that the organized la- mittee was elected by the committee material support. bor movement of America should conducting the strike to meet with a ing discouragement or ill-advised ers to enter into arrangements for criticism.

To prevent continuous support and tions were blocked by the action of ies would amount to starving these workers back into the mills at the until the strike was ended, no action bosses' terms. The statement issued along these lines could be taken. We find in your statement the folby Mr. Henry F. Hilfers, secretary of the New Jersey State Federation of lowing: Labor, which spread unfounded and destructive rumors that the Passaic raise their standard of life and living, Federation of Labor and the United Smith became angry and started to workers have been defeated by scab- whether it be those employed in the

mediate repudiation by you since such of industry, by joining the bona-fide. unfounded statements operate to cut organized labor movement. We weloff relief so necessary to the winning come all." The United Front Committee of Texof the strike. We do not see it fit or

necessary to enter into any lengthy tile Workers of Passaic and vicinity discussion relative to the false charge halls this statement as a portent and contained in your statement that the a promise. In the name of the 16,000

Workers and the A. F. of L. for the the Passaic strikers and their leaders complete affiliation of 16,000 textile by hundreds of working-men of all Our heroic struggle has won the political beliefs and affiliations, and

sympathy and support of organized the help given by church groups which workers all over the country and of not even the blackest open-shoppers a large number of central trades and have yet dared to call "Communists" labor bodies and local unions affiliated show that this allegation is ground-

| Passaic strike of nearly six months is

Show It is Bona-fide Strike

Lawyers, journalists, United States as their strike committee and bona senators and prominent churchmen, fide spokesmen. union officials affiliated with the A. F. The cause of the 16,000 strikers is pave the way not only for better conditions, but also for better organization of the workers in the textile in-The committee conducting this tive council of the A. F. of L. is there fore not only injurious and detri-

more than one thousand of under- ness to affiliate with the A. F. of L. mental to the strike but to the A. F. nourished textile strikers' children. It is a matter of public record that of L. itself because it paves the way Hundreds of our children are being on our own initiative, we addressed for the enemies of organized labor | help workers in getting better condito initiate campaigns of wage cutting sympathizers. The strikers receive the A. F. of L. to bring about the and speeding-up and the supplanting of bona-fide unions by company un

> We hope that the executive council reconsider its statement and will take

Our unsolicited approach to you was a position more in harmony with the Cieslakiewicz at the time was talking evaded and we were referred to Mr. needs of the great masses of the unnot been provided. Now, after six Thomas F. McMahon, the president of organized workers, and that with re- wire mesh screen. Mrs. Smith walked months of struggle, the need for relief the United Textile Workers of Amer- spect to the Passaie strike, it will becomes a more serious problem for ica. Negotiations were entered into cease its hostile attitude and will her. Mrs. Cieslakiewicz, able to speak more and mere strikers' families are by our United Front Committee with make a strong appeal to all workers but little English, told Mrs. Smith to applying for relief. It is at this stage the United Textile Workers. A com- to redouble their efforts for moral and go away and let her talk to her boys

stand staunchly by us instead of lend- committee of the United Textile Work- statement that everything done by our to see their mother. committee in connection with the

Passaic strike has been open and complete affiliation. These negotiaabove board. All our transactions are relief for the strikers and their famil- Mr. McMahon, president of the United open to the scrutiny of all bona-fide for better conditions. We are here organiaztions. Textile Workers, who declared that

> Hope For Better Relations. We trust that this letter will pave Cieslakiewicz. the way toward more cordial relations

Front Committee, representing the vicinity.

> With fraternal greetings, UNITED FRONT COMMITTEE OF TEXTILE WORKERS, of Passaic and vicinity; Albert Welsbord, Chairman. Gustav Deak, Secretary.

icly repeat our offer to enter into mand and prays for the "salvation" of negotiations with the United Textile the girls imprisoned in the jail. For a number of weeks she has

been praying for the garment workers. workers in Passaic and vicinity. And Last week when she visited the jail o this end, we propose that you ap- she sought to find out whether her point a special sub-committee of the prayers had any response in the girls. executive council of the A. F. of L. She asked Freida Reicher, leader of to arrange for an immediate confer- the jailed strikers, whether her prayence between the United Textile ing had done her any good and of the Mexican railways three months Workers of Passaic and vicinity, whether she felt repentant for her which is recognized by the strikers sins which led her to jail.

Fear Reprisals.

Frieda Reicher told her that if she were sure the garment workers would not be punished they would be perthe cause of all organized labor. The fectly willing to give their opinion of

> Mrs. Smith assured them that she would see to it that the girls would not be punished and urged them to express themselves frankly. Frieda declared that as far as she was concerned she did not believe it a sin to go to jail for fighting for better conditions and that prayers would not tions nor in fighting their battles with the bosses.

Pesters Cieslaklewicz.

After a lengthy conversation in which this rich lady was given sevafter investigating all the facts will eral severe jolts she walked over to to two of her children thru a heavy

and instead of praying to convince the In closing, we wish to reiterate our warden to allow her two sick children

Fought for Conditions.

"Why did they take me away from my children? It is because I fought not because we sinned, but because we fought for better conditions," declared

Mrs. Smith unable to understand lowing: "The working people of America can the executive council of the American act as interpreter. Florence did. Mrs. tion

shout at the girls at the top of her herding textile bosses calls for an im- textile industry or in any other lines striking textile workers of Passaic and lungs. After she left the jail the matron scolded the girls for talking in such a manner to a millionaire's wife.

Lose Visiting Day. The girl pickets also lost one of their two visiting days as a result of their expression of opinion to this wealthy fruit dealers' wife.



ernment has given the management to make "readjustments." after which disputes between the company and the railwaymen's union will be submitted to a labor arbitration court, if agreement has not been reached privately. Vanzetti.

The court of arbitration has been only recently curtailed in its powers by limiting its jurisdiction only to disputes between capitalists and labor organizations. It has hitherto had the power to judge cases wherein damages were asked by workers individually. The strike of rail men on the Isthmus, pan-American and Vera Cruz and Isthmus lines is reported to have been beaten, the Mexican Federation of Labor (C. R. O. M.) sending its men in as strikebreakers and further accentuating the bitterness between the federation and the railwaymen's union which has been independent of the

federation. The loss of the strike in the south has discouraged a strike on the Mex-Mrs. Victoria Cieslakiewicz. Mrs. ican railway. The railwaymen's union, ers. usually alleged to be "red" is far from being so, according to observers, who say it is more conservative than the over to her and started to pray for C. R. O. M. and aided the reactionary movement of De la Huerta.



vice ford, facing a Mann act charge here, was missing and another prisoner found, apparently substituted for him, in the Cook county jail.

A new county jail scandal loomed as federal officials demanded an investigation of the alleged substitusure during April and May. In that

Lost Aviator Arrives In Alaska.

CORDOVA, Alaska, July 12 .-- R. II. zens assaulted and wounded by the Morrill. Vancouver, B. C. aviator, for fascisti. This, in spite of Mussolini's recent proclamation of political amwhom grave fears were entertained and widespread search was made, arnesty.

rived safely at Ketchikan, Alaska, on Your neighbor will appreciate feature worth looking forward to.

Subscribe-of course, but also be sure to

GET A BUNDLE (at 31/2 cents a copy) the favor-give him this copy of For your shop and trade union the DAILY WORKER. meeting. meeting.



Ford Workers' Eagerness Equalled by Others United Steel Pressed

WORKERS WANT

DETROIT AUTO

By LENA ROSENBERG, Worker Correspondent. DETROIT, Mich., July 14 .-- Recently Comrade Sarah Victor and I went out to sell the Ford Worker, a shop paper issued by the Ford nuclei of Detroit. The reason we decided to sell it is because the police interfered with the distribution of the last issue.

No sooner did the workers notice us than they began to crowd around us. each one asking whether that was the paper everybody was talking about, but the crowd became so dense that it was impossible for me to talk to them, for they all wanted the paper and were in a hurry to get home. Hot Stuff.

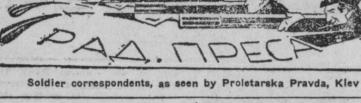
So I began selling them as fast as I could. Some of them were not satisfied with taking just one for themselves, so they bought from two to ten, paying for them at the rate of 1 cent a copy. It surely was an inspiration to me. for I have both distributed and sold a great deal of party literature in New York and Philadelphia, but never before have I witnessed such response as this at the Ford plant. As each worker came, eager for his copy and ready to pay any amount asked, each had a remark. Some thought that we should issue it more than once a month; others told us that it sure was "some paper," and many other re- Will Renew Struggle marks of that nature.

Some workers who work in Dodge Brothers passed by and, noticing the crowd of people on both sides of the street, thought that something was being given away. They came over Mail.)-On Tuesday, June 29, the when they noticed us selling a little heavy doors of the San Quentin prison two-sheet pamphlet, all so eager to get it they bought one for curiosity. As William Joozdeff and Frank Bailey. soon as they got to reading it they They had served 39 months of a fourapproached Comrade Victor and asked year sentence for violation of the Calwhy is it that a paper like that is not published for their factory, also. From violation consisted in mere memberthe Crysler plant a worker who had ship in the I. W. W. They had sufgotten hold of a copy of the Ford fered a loss of three months' "good Worker asked why a paper like that is time" for minor infractions of prison not published for that factory.

More Needed.

It was the most successful event I had even seen. In two days we sold to the I. W. W. Joozdeff and Bailey .2.900 copies just at the Highland Park were among these eight. They were plant. There are two other Ford held in jail for five months before plants in Detroit with thousands of their trial, which began March 5, 1923. workers which we will have to cover. On the 26th of March they were found Besides the Ford plants there are guilty and sentenced to four years, many other automobile factories in and on the 29th were delivered to the which the workers are awaiting the tender mercies of the prison authoriissuing of a shop bulletin.

What the comrades in Ford have accomplished the comrades in the Ford's and other shops in Detroit, be- brought a camera with him and took come active, attend their meetings of a picture of the released men with the the nucleus to which they belong and prison in the background. But he was so make the wishes of the workers, relieved of the film by a prison guard. both in Ford and other shops, possible. San Quentin officials appear to have When our shop papers become so popular that we will be able to sell thou- the interests of the prisoners. sands of copies the organization of the automobile workers will become a fact and not a slogan.



Products Workers Need Union in Their Shop

By a Worker Correspondent. NEW YORK, July 12 .- Workers in the United Steel Pressed Product corporation in College Point, Long Island, work under the most miserable Soviets Make Rapid Forconditions. The working hours are 50 a week.

Wages in this mill are 50 cents an hour. The average wage amounts to \$25 a week. If a person is late three minutes, they are docked half an hour. Only 30 minutes are allowed for lunch

Wood doors and steel doors are produced in this shop. The workers teen years. She was going to see her outhe wooden doors belong to the son who was a worker in one of the carpenters' union. They receive \$1.50 an hour. The workers on steel doors are unorganized.



By a Worker Correspondent SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 4 (By opened wide enough to liberate eyes. ifornia criminal syndicalism act. The

discipline. On October 19, 1922, eight men were that is the style."

arrested in Sacramento for belonging ties of San Quentin.

they were sent to prison.

Smeltermen Get \$1.98

a Day in El Paso; No

By NORMAN BURSLER,

(Worker Correspondent)

dirty rows of huts and make it neces-

sary for their children to seek employ-

ment at the earliest age possible.

Organization a Reason

Greeted by I. L. D. A group of comrades from Internaother plants can, but they will not do tional Labor Defense were at the ferent here. And in Moscow, we never it by remaining inactive. It is impor- prison to greet the men on their re- had storage or canned meats nor tant that now when a good start has lease. E. Levin, district organizer of pasteurized milk, they are always sold been made that the comrades, both in the Workers' Party of California, had fresh, and cheap, too. And we cooked in a community kitchen. Maternity Hospitals. Comrade Garfinkle explained that she is a nurse by profession and so was especially interested in the hospia prejudice against publicity that is in tals. She spent six weeks as a worker in one of the homes for the care of Headquarters of the I. W. W. and expectant mothers. Working women the Marine Transport Workers in came here two months before the anticipated child-birth and remained at Frisco were visited and old acquaintleast four months, receiving half ances renewed. At the Workers' Cenwages as well as maternal insurance ter, 225 Valencia, other friends await-



mill.

WORKER FINDS CONDITIONS IN **RUSSIA BETTER**

ward Strides

By a Worker Correspondent. unprincipled spy. Five months ago, Clara Garfinkle, one of the most active members of Street Nucleus No. 13, Workers (Communist) Party of Chicago, announced that she was returning to Russia for a visit after having been away for four-

machine shops of Moscow. Last Tues day night she was back with h nucleus again-a new comrade retuin-

ed from a new Russia! 'You look ten years younger," some one exclaimed as she came in, and all the others agreed. Immediately Comrade Garfinkle was asked to tell how Russia had changed and how its change has brot such a change in her. "Oh comrades, it's hard to put it into words,-at least in American

words," she said. "I could tell it so much easier in Russian. But I'll tell prosecution by the federal authoriyou as much as I can,—that is, if you don't limit my time. Everything is mill advanced expenses to bring Nos-changed in Russia! It is like nothing ovitski to Passaic," continues the I could have imagined. When I first statement of Sherwood.

got off the train inside Russia, I saw such a crowd of prosperous, healthy looking people, such big figures and high chests and gay faces, such bright charge was part of the spy's plans to colored blouses-that I dropped by end the strike, is not stated. bags in astonishment and just stood and stared-I couldn't believe my

Clothing "I found out afterwards that Russian clothes scarcely ever wear out,

they are made from such good material. And there is no such thing as 'style.' Everyone dresses differently,

Food. there was great variety, but she liked said. "First t my hope to cut off the the first things that she tasted so financial supply of the strikers thinkwell that she never wanted to change! "I can't eat cabbage any more since am back in America," she lamented, 'because the cabbage over there tasted so much nicer. Cabbage and thru the press of the country so that parsnips and turnips, those were my

favorite vegetables in Russia and how ious effects. I miss them now, they taste so dif-"Second, they wish to alienate church support by raising a fake ing this mud they will becloud the

MILL BARONS TRY in Three Weeks, But FRAME-UP AFTER **Becomes Economist** NEW YORK, July 12 .- (FP)-Louis A. F. OF L. SESSION Borno, who became president of the

Textile Bosses Make During the three weeks he was in New Attack

Shaw, a private detective who was

in negotiation with the mills, accord-

Seek to Hurt Strike.

Weisbord Hits Frame-Up.

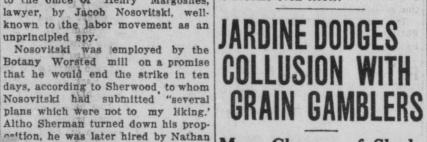
ing to Sherman.

sum.

received on arrival by Haitians here PASSAIC, N. J., July 12. - Clear who are opposed to his rule. For on proof that the breach of promise departing he said to reporters: "My frame-up against Albert Weisbord was visit was a great success. Everybody instigated by the mill owners has been was considerate of me."

prought to light in a statement of Judging from a speech made by Borno at a bankers' luncheon here on Max Sherwood, of the Eagle Detective Bureau to the New York World, the day of his leaving, he is qualified in which he identifies the agents who as a great economist. According to perpetrated the frame-up and points the New York Times, Borno said: "I out their connection with Botany am convinced that business motives are superseding strictly economical

questions in international relation-Use Nosovitski. "Rosalind Lapnore," the mysterious ships. I am therefore gratified that business relations with the United woman who brought the suit and who is unknown to Weisbord, was brought States are already close and bid fair to become even closer." to the office of Henry Margoshes,



Borno Forgets Much

republic of Haiti without the formality of election, has a short memory.

this country he evidently had forgot-

ten completely about the heckling he

More Charges of Shady Deals by Secretary

"Shaw had promised the Botany WASHINGTON, July 12 .- Secretary mill that he had a man who of Agriculture Jardine has issued a could end the strike for a stipulated signed statement addressed to Wm. The amount, according to H. Settle, president of the Indiana Shaw's version, was \$20,000. I am infarm bureau, denying the charge made formed that Nosovitski did not unfold by Settle that Jardine and Herbert his plan of ending the strike, but did Hoover were trying to unload on the mention that he could obtain sufficigovernment the Armour and Rosenent evidence to warrant Weisbord's baum grain elevator properties, thru the collapsed Grain Market Company. ties. I am informed that the Botany Settle's charges were read in the senate during debate on the Fess bill, which President Coolidge tried to drive thru congress in the closing days of the session.

Whether or not the frame-up of Weisbord on the breach of promise Company, headed by Gray Silver, former lobbyist for the American Farm Bureau Federation, as a co-operative Charging that the suit was no more marketing agency under the definition than a "publicity stunt" of the mill of the Capper-Volstead act. That law owners designed to discredit the requires that co-operative marketing strike leadership and alienate popular associations shall not deal in the prodsympathy for the strike, Albert Weisucts of non-members to an amount bord has pointed out the things that greater in value than such as are hanthe mill owneds did hope to accomp-lish by the frame-up. dled by it for members.

The secretary admits that he gave a great deal of time last summer to con-"The mill owners hope to do three ferences with Silver and his associates Of food, too, Comrade Garfinkle said things by this ridiculous story," he in the Grain Marketing Company, looking toward its recognition as a cooperative if certain changes were ing thus to crush the strike. Altho made in its organization. The changes they know that the tale can be brand-ed as a lie they hope that the momen-last summer that President Coolidge tum of the original story will carry it made his fatal speech before the national conference of the Farm Bureau Federation in Chicago, telling the no amount of enial can offset its vicfarmers that they should not look to the government for relief legislation.

> moral issue. They hope that by throw- St. Louis Fire **Fighters Win**



(Copyright, 1928, by Upton Sinclair)

WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE.

What has cone before the server t

. . . .

Mr. Watkins told Eli to help, but Dad said never mind, they knew just what to do, and it was easy. So then Mr. Watkins told Eli to fetch a pail of water; and next he asked if they'd like some milk-they had only goat's milk, of course. Dad said that was fine; and Bunny was transported to the Balkans, or whatever exciting places he had read about, where the people live on goat's milk. Mr. Watkins said for Ruth to go git some; and Bunny was thrilled again, because Ruth was the sister that Paul loved, and that he said had "sense." Mr. Watkins called after her to fatch some "aigs" too; and Dad said they'd like some bread-and then Bunny got a shock, for the old man said they didn't git no bread, they hadn't room to raise grain, and corn didn't fill out good up here in the hills, so all they had was taters. And Dad said potatoes would do jist as good, they'd boil some for supper; and Mr. Watkins said they'd git 'em quicker if the missus was to file 'em on the stove-thus showing a complete misapprehension of the significance of a camping-trip. Dad said no. they'd want a fire anyway; and Mr. Watkins said they was gettin' a nip o' frost every night now, and for Eli to rustle 'em up a lot of wood. This was easily done, for as soon as you went a Jardine denies that he ever favored few feet up the side of the arroyo you came upon desert brush, the application of the Grain Marketing much of which was dead and dry, and Eli tore some of the bushes loose and dragged them down and broke them to pieces over his knee. Then he fetched a couple of stones-that also was easy, for you could hardly walk a dozen feet on the Watkins ranch without hitting your toe on a stone.

Very soon they had a fire going, and the potatoes boiling merrily in the pot, and a jar of bacon open and sizzling in the frying pan. Dad did the cooking-it was a dignified occupation. while Bunny hustled about and set the plates and things on the waterproof cover which served as a table cloth without a table. When the bacon was done, Dad cracked the eggs on the side of the pan, and fried them "with their eyes open." And there was the goat's milk, rich and creamy, cold from the "spring-house"; you didn't mind the strong flavor, because you persuaded yourself it was romantic. The milk was served in aluminum cups which were part of the camping outfit; and also there was a plate of honey and comb-sage-honey, brown and strong of flavorwhich Ruth had brought.

Dad invited the family to come and have something, but the old man said no thanks, they had all et. Dad said would they please at least sit down, because the didn't seem comfortable ist standin' there; so Eli and the three girls, and their mother, who had joined them, all sat down on stones at a modest distance, from the light, and Mr. Watkins sat on a stone a little closer, and while they ate Dad talked with him about the state of the weather.

Page Three

THE DAILY WORKER





Report of the British Trade Union Delegation to Soviet Russia.

Giving facts on all phases of life and conditions in Russia today. The famous report of an official body of British labor on education, trade unions, rights of small nationalities, factory conditions, etc.

most complete report that should be in every workers' library.



11

during the entire period. International Labor Defense has ar-Health.

ranged to give the released comrades vacation for a few weeks to allow and how to keep them healthy." dethem an opportunity to relax and get clared Comrade Garfinkle. "I asked union and their demands." their bearings after their long impristhose mothers questions about things onment. They ask your correspond-ent to say that they deeply appreciate which I know as a nurse but which the average American mother is usualthe little attentions bestowed upon ly ignorant of and they always answerthem while they were in prison. They

come out not one whit intimidated, ed me correctly. And they taught me many new things, too." but will take up the struggle where they were compelled to leave off when Living Newspapers. From kindergarten to cinema house,

Comrade Garfinkle described the improved methods of education in Russia, including the production of "living newspapers" by the factory workers. She also told about how the government handles an unemployment situation, for instance, her son was among 20,000 temporarily laid off at the ma-

chine shops due to a shortage of raw the impotrant work of organizing materials. Each of the workers re-EL PASO, Texas, July 12. - One dollar and ninety-eight cents a day ceived insurance ranging from 10, 12 is the large wage earned by the men to 15 roubles a week; but they didn't who slave here in the smelter plant. stay idle. Two great public works

The town is mostly unorganized, so were in the process of construction at the workers are at the prey of the the time, a canal and a crematory, and bosses who by the low wages paid these civic enterprises entirely abtheir workers, force them to live in sorbed the surplus laborers.

Did you ever write? See how you'll during July.

GET A COPY TODAY! Write as you Fight !

CORRESPOND A Magazine By and For Workers in the Factories, the Mines, the Mills and on the Land Price 5 cents

like it!

Subscribe! Only 50 Cents Per Year! Become a Worker Correspondent! AMERICAN WORKER CORRESPONDENT, WE W. WASHINGTON BLVD., OHIOAGO, ILL

real economic issues of this strike. "Third, they hope to alienate the strikers themselves. They still imagine that the strikers can be fooled by

propaganda into distrust of their leadership

"The mill owners think that if they smash Weisbord, they will smash the union, and if they smash the union crease of \$30 a month which the they will smash the strike. They will voters of St. Louis gave the members fail in all of these attempts. They of Local Union No. 73 in April, 1925. will recognize it as another attempt The city council in St. Louis refused to deprive the strikers of a leader- to abide by the referendum decision

ship that they trust. After 23 weeks of the people, and the local appealed "Russia teaches its mothers how to of strike, they are still out 100 per to the courts. M. J. Mulboy, local secbring healthy children into the world cent. They are prepared to fight all retary, who had just been admitted

summer if necessary to win their to practice law, helped argue this case each, as back pay.

LABOR PLANS

MANY PASSAIC

PASSAIC, N. J., July 12 .- Organ-

ized labor in many cities will hold con-

ferences for Passaic strike relief dur-

ing the month of July. The hot wea-

ther will not be permitted to deter

Immigration Quotas.

WASHINGTON, July 12.-(FP)-Immigration quotas from 33 countries. including the most important sources of immigration, were exhausted in the **CONFERENCES** fiscal year just closed, says the state department. Germany with 51.227 and Great Britain and Northern Ireland with 34,007 led the list. Italy had a balance of 86 out of her quota of 3,845.

Workers' Co-operative Succeeds in Waukegan

relief for the striking textile workers. (By MAUD McCREERY, Fed. Press.) Buffalo, N. Y., will hold a conference WAUKEGAN, Ill., July 12 .- A co-op-July 14, Toledo, Ohio, July 15; Youngerative boarding house controlled by Waukegan men has been running for 10 years or more and is still going mainly by Finnish workers, altho no questions are asked as to nationality,

BOSTON - (FP) - Two thousand Boston building wreckers have organized into a union chartered by the American Federation of Labor. These gan. All they knew was that it was workers have suffered from anscrupuorganized by a group of men tired of moving about seeking good food and congenial mealtime companionship and that it has no connection with compensation insurance.

Refuse to Raise Pay. SAN FRANCISCO - (FP) - The Southern Pacific has joined the Key Route in refusing a \$20 a month pay raise to its ferry boatmen but agreeing to arbitrate hours. The men work 12 hours a day with 24 hours off a week, and are asking for a straight

8-hour day

Wage Increase and of the crops, and about their way of life up here in the hills.

And when Dad and Bunny were done, and stretched them-WASHINGTON, July 12 .-- (FP)-In- selves on the blankets, feeling fine and comfortable, Mr. Watternational headquarters of the Fire kins offered to have the tent put up by Eli, but Dad again said Fighters' Union, in Washington, has not to mind, it was very simple and would only take a few minbeen notified that the Missouri state utes. Then Mr. Watkins said that one of the gals would wash up for them, and Dad said all right, he'd like that; so Bunny got. the pan and plates together, and the middle-sized girl, who went by the name of Meelie, carried them off to the house. And then then chatted some more; and Bunny saw that Dad was skillfully finding out about the family, and getting their confidence.

Suddenly came a critical moment in the acquaintance; there was a pause, and in a voice different from his usual one, solemn and burdened with feeling, Abel Watkins said: "Brother, may -his first. The men will get \$350 I ask a personal question?"

"Yes, sure," said Dad.

"Brother, are you saved?"

Bunny caught his breath; for he remembered what Paul had said about Mr. Watkins' way-if you said anything contrary to his religion, he would roll up his eyes and begin to pray out loud and "let go." Bunny had told Dad about this; and evidently, Dad had figured out what to do. He repield in a tone no less solemn: 'Yes, brother, we are saved."

"You been washed in the Blood?"

"Yes, brother, we been washed."

"What is your church, brother?"

"It is called the Church of the True World."

There was a pause. "I dunno as I know that there message," said Mr. Watkins.

"I am sorry," said Dad. "I should like to explain it, but e ain't permitted to talk about our faith with strangers."

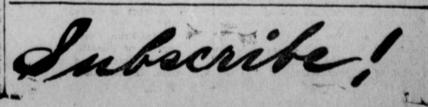
"But brother!" Mr. Watkins was evidently bewildered by that. "We are told in the Book that 'The Lord has called us for strong. It is operated and patronized to preach the Gospel unto them;' and also, 'the Gospel must first be published among all nations.' '

"Brother," said Dad, still with the utmost earnestness, "L understand that; but according to our faith, we get to know, men in friendship, and talk about our religion later. We all have tion was started so unostentatiously to respect the convictions of others."

"Yes, brother," said Mr. Watkins; and his voice sort of faded away, and you could see he did not know what to say next. He looked at the members of his family, as if seeking support from them; but they hadn't yet said anything, except "Yes, Pap," when he gave them an order.

So it was up to Dad to relieve the embarrassment. "We any other organization. It is man- come here to look for quail," he said. "I hear a'plenty of them

(To be continued.)



stown, Ohio, July 17; Akron, Ohio, Canton, Ohio, Cincinnati, Ohio and many other cities have not decided on

their dates as yet. Present indications are that not less than twenty relief served at cost.

conferences be held in various cities religions or political faith. Meals are The Elanto Co-operative Associa Building Wreckers Organize. that mone of the 20 men I talked to on the wide porch knew when it be-

lous employers who failed to pay them, reduced wages, and left injured workers helpless by failure to carry

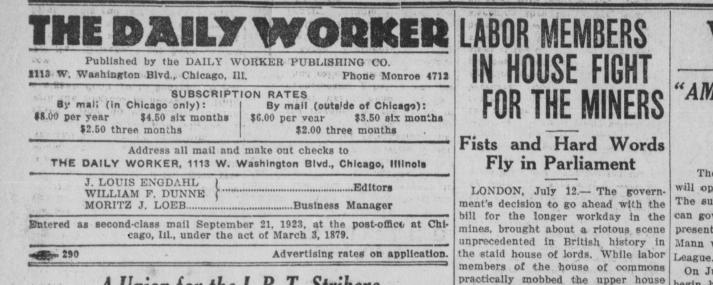
aged by August Laine who at the about." end of each week computes the cost

of operation and divides it among those who have been fed that week.

A general membership meeting is held once a month. A membership fee of \$10 is charged

o protect the association against jumping board. It is returned when

Page Four



ridors.

Never before has the house of lords

bers of the commons crowded into

the house of lords and tried by con-

tinuous heckling to prevent the vote

The King Wills.

commons.

emanding.

A Union for the I. R. T. Strikers

crying out the authority of the king, The strike of motormen and switchmen against the Interborough the bill passed the lords by 44 to four; Rapid Transit company of New York is a militant display of disgust the four members of the house of with and mistrust of the so-called "brotherhood" controlled by I. R. lords fighting the measure inside, while outside the labor members of T. officials. the commons engaged in fist fights

It is an important strike, occurring as it does in the largest city in the United States, and it is dramatic and spectacular as municipal transit strikes always are.

But the strike leadership is making what appears to us to be a used the armed guards and the authority of the monarchy to eject fatal mistake: members of the commons. Labor mem-

That of trying to set up a union independent of the existing union in the industry-the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes.

This is one of the largest unions in the American Federation of Labor, having 100,000 members according to the latest per capita tax figures and, judged by A. F. of L. standards, a well managed union. By that is meant that it has secured substantial improvements in wages and working conditions for its members and altho it follows a policy of making long-term agreements, it has conducted some of the most bitter strikes and struggles for organization in the history of the American labor movement.

There can be no question of this union being the dominant union in its field because it is the only one.

Its charter has industrial features which allows it to organize all workers employed by municipal transit companies and purely craft lines have been eliminated by the preponderance of motormen and conductors in the organization.

To try to fight a company union, the company itself and the Tammany government of New York City while at the same time trying to organize a parallel union to the A. A. S. E. R. E., thus cutting dignitary in flowing black robes, off what support this union might be willing to give, is poor tactics to say the least.

Those who lead strikes have to take the responsibility and it seems to us the assumption of this responsibility in this case means and shouted that the mine owners in advising the strikers that the success of the strike depends largely upon affiliation with and support from the existing union in the industry.

The Soviet Union's Monumental Achievement

"Remarkable progress is shown in the Soviet Union budget published in Economic Life today," says a special dispatch to the New York Times under a Moscow date line of July 9.

. The dispatch points out that for the second consecutive year the Soviet budget balances and this year shows a surplus over all expenses of \$58,906,000.

The correspondent continues:

On the other hand, tho deprived of the foreign financial assistance, which has helped to balance the budgets of Germany and Italy, RUSSIA IS UNBURDENED BY FOR-EIGN OR INTERNAL DEBTS, except some 200,000,000 rubles (\$100,000,000) raised during the last two years. (Emphasis ours.)

Contrast the tremendous implications of this simple statement -one of them being the fact that 140,000,000 people occupying onesixth of the earth's surface have a government run by themselves so efficiently that the per capita debt is less than one dollar, the second being that the repudiation of debts to capitalist nations has brought not ruin but the reverse-with the financial crisis which ment," took no part in the demonparalyses France, the pawning of Germany and Italy to American im- stration. perialism and the chaos in Great Britain, the collapse of Poland, the succession of puppet dictatorships in Spain and Portugal, and one begins to realize somewhat the tremendous victory the Russian workers and peasants under the leadership of the Communist Party have won. After years of struggle the Russian masses begin to reap the fruits of that victory, sown in soil soaked with the blood of the best of their class. But it has been worth the price they paid and while all capitalist Europe, in its dying struggles, inflicts unbelievable misery upon the masses, the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, strong, conscious, alive and glorious, stands both as a monument to the social revolution and an inspiration to the toiling masses of all the world. How plain it is that the Russian workers and peasants chose the right way and that those leaders of the masses in other countries who came to the aid of capitalism with reformist phrases have only postponed the inevitable struggle the masses must wage and in so of the plenum of the central commitdoing have only added to the sum total of the sacrifices they must Party, a membership meeting was make of the state and alatic to warros agat abbe





(0)

(d)

sues

Corruption.

The Flag and the Dollar.

Who Owns the Government.

The Leading Political Parties.

Some Outstanding Political Is

(a) Tariff, taxation, prohibi-

Tendency towards two parties.

(a) Republican. Democratic

(b) Towards a Party of Labor.

Extent of American Control of

4. American Colonial System and

(a) The Rogers Plan and its

Investments and Foreign

In Europe-England, U. S.

Splitting-Up of Working

(d) In Far East-England, Ja-

(e) In Latin-America - Eng-

land. Semi-colonial Resistance.

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Militarism and Navalism.

tion, foreign policy, farm relief.

Diffusion and Realignment.

World's Resources.

2. Role today.

significance.

(b)

(c)

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S. R.

Workers.

future

(a)

Class.

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pan, U. S. S. R.

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(a) War Debts.

Methods.

The special intensive training course at the New York Workers' School will open with a debate at the Central Opera House on Friday, July 16. The subject of the debate is: "Resolved, that the present form of American government is not in the interest of the masses." Jay Lovestone will present the affirmative for the Workers (Communist) Party. Mr. G. H. Mann will take the opposite position in representing the National Security

On July 19 Comrade Lovestone will ment and Why Present Government begin his course entitled: "America Structure. and were held back by armed guards

Today." This is a review and analy-(a) Courts, executive power sis of the basic economical and pogrowth, fascism and parliamenlitical conditions at hand and the taryism problems confronting the workers. (b) Numerous ramifications. There follows a brief outline of the (4) The Government At Work. (a) Mellonism. subject matter to be covered by Com-Strikebreaking. with the conservatives in the cor- rade Lovestone and the students in (b)

the course of six lessons.

Know America First. (1) Background of American Economic and Social Development. (2) Three main Historical Periods of American Development. (3) Outline, methods, plan and

which is preceded always by the an- | purpose of course. ient ceremonial words, "le roi le veut" 11. The Development and Organization of

American Economy. Drive Out Commons Members. 1. The Country's Basic Natural Re-The four labor members in the

ouse of lords delivered long speeches 2. Growth and Features of Ameriagainst the bill, and when Viscount can Industry. Cecil and Lord Salisbury began to 3. Productivity, Efficiency, Tech-

speak for the government, labor memnique, National Wealth. bers started shouting: "Four hours for 4. Trustification, monopoly, inteyou-eight hours for the miners." gration of industry; concentration of "Clear the bar!" ordered the lord

ownership and centralization of con-5. Structure of Imperialist Apparachancellor, and the armed guards betrol; typical industries. gan driving out the members of the 5. Shifts in Industry and "Sectional

Interests." "By whose authority?" they began 6. Composition of American Indus trial Forces.

"The Black Rod's," was the reply. (a) Nationality, race, women "The Black Rod," a government and children. 7. Profits, wages, standard of liv whose whose historic mission is to

ing and accidents in industry. carry the wish of the king for a vote, 8. Role and Status of and Tenhad to run the gauntlet of the fightdencies in Agriculture.

ing laborites who tore at his robes 9. Role of Finance Capital in American Economy. the house of lords who "work" at 10. Foreign Trade - Tendencies

that task four hours a day were forcand Significance. ing the bill for a longer workday for III.

> Class Relations in the United States. 1. First American Revolution and

Economic Basis of Early Class Deve-2. Class divisions today.

(a) Numerical strength. (b) Analysis of composition. 3. Tendency Toward Proletarian

(a) Effect of apropriation of

farming masses. (b) Effect of expropriation of urban petty bourgeoisie and work-

ers. (c) Effect of expropriation of Negro migration.

4. Forces Making for Working Class Homogenity and Division. 5. Distribution of Income and Con-



LOS ANGELES, July 12 .- Special meeting of the DAILY WORKER Builders' Club. Los Angeles, will take place Thursday, Juy 15 at 8 p. m. at 408 Tajo Building (307 West First

Besides the regular order of business the secretary will give a detailed report on the last DAILY WORKER drive and its outstanding features. The organization of a permanent Worker Correspondent Class will also be taken up. The executive committee has engaged J. H. Fisher as a teacher for this class. He was the editor of Labor Unity of San Francisco for a number of years. Readers and sympathizers of The DAILY WORKER are invited to attend this

meeting. struggles. America's culture and why. 2. Strength of and Outlook For American Imperialism (a) Economic Restoration and Unification of Europe. 3. Anglo-American Relations.

(a) The Key to Present World Situation. (b) Sources of Conflict-Ger-

many, oil, cotton, rubber, Latin-America, Far and Near East, etc.

4. Next Wars.

Impending Class Struggles.

- (a) Mining, railways, textile. Some Basic Class Problems. 6. (a) Class collaboration and
- company union schemes.
- (b) Organization of unorganized.
- Amalgamation. (c)
- Building Left Wing. (d)
- Labor Party. (e) (b) Coporeation and unity
- with farming masses.
- (g) International relations and
- world trade union unity. 7. Role and Tasks of Communists

n America. (a) Basis for an American

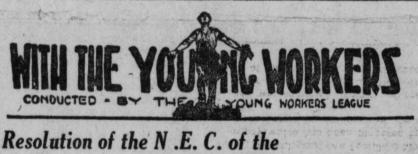
Communist Party. (b) Immediate problems and

outlook. Within a few days The DAILY

WORKER will print the complete bib iography which has been prepared by Comrade Lovestone for each of these

(c) Internationalizing Basis of essons. The well-equipped library of the Workers' School will be at the dis-

Whither America? posal of the students for reference 1. Characteristics, traditions, class use.



personal liberty." Face to the Wall! LONDON, July 8.—J. H. Thomas, parliamentary secretary of the Na-tional Railway Union, while attend-ing the union convention at Wey-mouth, went for a swim. After the first dip he left his bathing sulf to dry and returned to the water in his bathrobe. But the waves carried this away and Thomas had to run thru the beach crowd absolutely maked, and stood with his face to the wall until clothing came.—News item.

WITH THE STAFF

Being Things From Here and

There Which Have Inspired

Us to Folly or Frenzy

GREAT SAYINGS

OF GREAT MEN

By WOODROW WILSON.

"All the politics that are

in me I learned in New Jer-

"I am a fierce partisan of

the Open Shop and of

everything that makes for

. . . When J. H. Thomas, labor leader and respectable.

Arch betrayer of the British general strike,

Out at Weymouth beach essayed a dip delectable,

Something happened - and you never saw the like.

What of sanctimonious raiment full of gush-a,

Had the left wing left with brutal words and crude.

The seditious waves, no doubt they came from Russia,

Washed away and left a lackey in the nude.

CHORUS:

O, the bathrobe and the British constitution!

O, the bourgeoisie and sacred parliament!

Baldwin, bring along your retribution,

For the rubles that the bolsheviks have sent.

Scepters at \$26.72

"Unless," said the president of this great and glorious land on July 4th, addressing several millions of factory workers whose average wage is \$26.72 a week, "unless we cling to things of the spirit, all our material prosperity, overwhelming tho it may appear, will turn to a barren' scepter in our grasp." Ain't our prosperity just OVERWHELMING, though!

Royal Order of Throat Cutters.

conservative, beginning the fray which left several members of par- ization. liament sprawled about the floor. When the house of commons met to

consider the appropriation of three million pounds for the government to import coal and sell it, Lady Astor started a riot when she accused the laborites, who manage the relief for the poor in the municipalities, of

"corruption." "You're a liar if you say so," sang

out Jack Jones, and when she per- centration of Wealth.

miners. Battle in Corridors. In the corridors between the two

ouses a battle of fists was waged lopments. between labor and conservative members, with J. P. Gardner, a laborite

from Hammersmith and E. R. Bird, a

A Talk with a Southern Gentleman

By NORMAN BURSLER. TNO, we don't hate the niggahs, but tions, we dont like the way some northerners come down here and call for the Negroes, it is quite a comthem Mr. and Mrs. Think I'd call a mon occurrence for the rear to be niggah mister? I'd call him Jim or Joe. And, if he was so old that he deserved respect, I'd call him 'Uncle.' "The niggah's all right, but he must stay in his place. I don't know what we would do without him. Many of the best fortunes of the south go to

smash. We need his labor, "Now, they tell me you fellows in the north eat in the same restaurants with them. If a niggah would come in a restaurant where I

was and sit down, I'd shoot him." As the southerner was religious, I asked. "How do you expect to live with the Negroes in heaven?" "Huh, a niggah don't go to heaven. When he dies he's dead-just like a dog or

TN New Orleans, I sat down in the get out more easily. "Got to move up per. The three Portuguese are Diam-This end is for niggahs only." intino Texcima Separate drinking fountains, restau- Antonio da Costa. ,

| rants, separate places in railroad sta-As only several seats are reserved

crowded, while most of the seats in the white section are vacant.

Free Speech Right Tested by I. L. D.

NEW YORK-(FP)-Arrangements to test the right of free speech in Fall River, Mass., by holding a protest meeting there are being made by the American Civil Liberties Union of this city and the International Labor defense bureau of Boston. This move was impelled by the action of Police Chief Martin Feeney of Fall River in padlocking a hall where the I. L. D. had called a meeting on June 23 to oppose deportation proceedings against three Portugese workers rear of a street car that I might charged with publishing a radical pa-""tonio Paraira and

ted, ne persisted also, "You're a fiar, you're a liar."

It was notable that J. Ramsay Mac-Donald, who recently scolded his la-Organizations. bor colleagues for conduct that might 7. Extent of Organization and Or-

cause "the public to scorn parlia-



ganizability of Workers and Farmers. (a) Influence of company un-ionism, industrial spies, welfare schemes, etc.

IV. American Government and Political Parties.

1. Analysis of American Constituion. (a) Economic basis and struc-

ture. (2) Growth of American Govern-

"It deeply realizes that only the

unification of all the party forces

can bring about in capitalist Amer-

ica, the creation of a powerful Com-

munist Party that will lead the

American workers and farmers to

the overthrow of the capitalist sys-

Frank Spector, Chairman,

S. Globerman, Secretary.

(Signed)

Dillonvale Co-op

tem."

membership endorses

Los Angeles Calls for Unification Of All the Forces of Our Party

(Special to The Daily Worker) Angeles LOS ANGELES, Cal.-Upon the rewholeheartedly the work of the turn to Los Angeles of Comrade Wilplenum of the central executive comliam Schneiderman from the sessions mittee. It pledges itself to prove by actual deeds, not mere words, that the Local is well on the road of forgetting petty and baseless facheld here for the purpose of listening tionalism. It is determined in all sincerity to get down with utmost to the report of the sessions of the plenum. Comrade Schneiderman reenergy to constructive party work. Each comrade resolves to be an ported at length and the members paractive, functioning party member ticipated in the discussion of the results attained at the notable plenum carrying out the various party tasks assigned to him.

meeting. Thereupon the following resolution

was submitted to the membership meeting and carried unanimously and with much enthusiasm: "After listening to the detailed report by Comrade Schneiderman on

the work of the session of the plenum of the central executive committee, the membership of Local Los Angeles unanimously resolves the following:

"For a considerable period Local Los Angeles has been torn asunder by factional disputes that were demoralizing and crippling the local's

progress. "The decision of the Communist International on the situation in the American Party followed closely by the session of the plenum of the central executive committee of the Workers (Communist) Party of America which gathered for the sole purpose of putting into life the decisions of the C. I., has had a sobering effect upon the Los Angeles membership. A wave of determination is sweeping thru the entire local to

go away with factionalism. The Los

(a) The Myth of Stock Diffus 6. Economic and Political Class

nation, the N. E. C. of the Y. W. L. for W. T. U. U. reaches the following conclusions: 6. The English strike has empha-

1. The analysis of the last plenum sized again that the Communist Party ity. Said one: of the Comintern about the character alone can be the real leader of the of the stabilization of capitalism is proletariat. Hence the task of buildcorrect. The British strike dealt aning a mass Communist Party remains other tremendous blow to this relative the imperative prerequisite for the stabilization and brought out more victory of the British proletariat. This clearly the sharp class contradictions must be emphasized now because, notwithin the present situation and the withstanding the mass influence of the inevitability of a revolutionary soluparty, it is still weak. tion of the social problems in the near 7. The British strike proved once more the necessity of the tactic of the

The British strike had big influence united front. Opportunistic mistakes on the world labor movement, tremen- in every form must be avoided, fought dous demonstrations in the Union of and criticized, but it is fully as neces-Socialist Soviet Russia, Germany and sary at the same time to fight decisother countries. Big response toward ively against any attempts at revision the strike proves that this strike of the tactic of the united front, a strengthens the revival and left ten- tactic the correctness of which the dencies in the international labor entire experience of the last few years movement. has proved. 8.

2. The English strike has shown the necessity for the development of the economic struggle into a political one and its development to higher forms of struggle.

3. One of the main lessons of the recent events is that the general strike is a decisive phase in the struggle for victory of the British proletariat. The strike has emphasized the outstanding role of the trade unions in England and has shown that they form the basic organizations of the proletariat in its revolutionary struggles and fight for power.

4. At the present stage the imme diate tasks of the movement are: a. A sharp struggle, especially ideological, against centrist elements (so-called "left wing" leaders, Purcell, Hicks, etc.).

b. A persistent struggle to change the present leadership of the trade unions and to replace it by new elements able to lead the decisive struggle against the bourgeoisie and its lackeys.

5. The great role of the trade further assistance. The decision of unions emphasizes very strongly the the A. F. of L. to assist the miners is need for work in the trade unions and of tremendous importance for the for winning influence and leadership in these organizations. The tendency pany at its regular meeting adopted to leave the trade unions, stimulated pecially dangerous at this time and Besides agitating for the international objectively helps the capitalists and the reactionary leaders. It would be a serious mistake to demand the withdrawal of the Russian trade unions vent the sending of coal to England. from the Anglo-Russion unity com-

Y. W. L. on the British Situation The following tidbits of wis-

The line of the British Commu-

nist Party in the recent strike was

correct. The attacks of the ultra-left

elements in Germany are utterly

wrong and objectively support the

opportunists and bourgeoisie in Eng-

against the opportunist leaders in the

9. The conduct of the Russian

party and of the Russian proletariat

gives the lie to the charges of the

of the Russian proletariat and of the

Russian party. The events have shown

in the clearest manner that the Rus-

sian party continues its international-

ist, Leninist, revolutionary traditions

and remains, as ever, faithful to the

interests of the international socialist

10. The bitter struggle of the min-

ers in England puts before us the

necessity of strengthening tremen

dously the work of rendering them

American labor movement. All efforts

must be concentrated to raise these

issues in all trade union local and

other working-class organizations.

solidarity of the proletariat, it is nec-

essary to organize concrete financial

help for the striking miners, to pre-

and to develop a broad mass move-

'degeneration" of the Soviet power,

labor movement.

revolution.

dom are taken from the best ones After a discussion of the British sit- | vision of the tactic of the struggle advanced by college boys why they should have compulsory military training in their univers-

"Well, we're bound to have another war, and then, you bet, I don't want to do the dirty work in the trenches. That's why I'm glad to get an officer's training."

The above shows an indication of who's going to be the guys to do the dirty work-you fellows in the factory who have no time or money for college. But the following profound remark is typically collegian :

"Oh, well," said a puffy, overfed youth, "I had to do my stuff in the R. O. T. C. and I didn't like it very well, and now I'm mighty glad to see the freshies get theirs!"

Capitalism's Inherent Contra-

diction.

land. The ultra-left elements-many of whom are already outside the com-Rich little boy to pompous intern-only weaken the position of mama: the English party in its struggle

"Is everybody in this country 100 per cent American, Mother ?" "Why, of course not, child.

Somebody has to do the work."

• • • From LIFE

Lasses' Curves versus Class Angles. Said our picture editor as he gazed in-terestedly but sadly at his service

inet: "It's damned hard to get a class angle on these pictures of bathing beauties because they're all curves.

FOR THIS THEY DIED AT VALLEY FORGE

A pair of chiffon legs had been trying for ten minutes to get her boy friend, a bank teller, on the telephone. Giving it up, she burst forth from the booth with her afternoon complexion fretted by a frown. Joining her girl friend, she complained:

"I can't even raise the bank. Must be a holiday of some kind."

It was. It was the Fourth of July.

-From LIFE

a resolution condemning the attempt- by the treachery of the leaders, is esing a new trial for these two workers. mittee. Likewise would be the re- ment in support of the British strike.

Demands Freedom of Sacco and Vanzetti DILLONVALE, Ohio, July 12 .- The New Co-Operative Association comed legalized murder of Nicola Sacco and Bartolomeo Vanzetti and demand-

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