

UNMANNED LEADER OF ANTHRACITE BARONS

COMMUNISTS LAUNCH OPPOSITION ATTACK AS GERMAN REICHSTAG RATIFIES THE LOCARNO PACTS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

BERLIN, Germany, Nov. 27.—Chancellor Luther and Foreign Minister Stresemann, who recently became the mercenaries of British imperialism, succeeded in securing the approval of the Locarno pacts by the reichstag.

The section of the bill covering the pacts was passed by a vote of 271 to 159 at the second reading yesterday and today was passed after the third and final reading. An enabling bill was also passed providing for the German signature to the Locarno pacts. The pacts will be signed in London December 1.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

THE Belgian government is considering taking steps leading towards recognition of Soviet Russia. It's almost time but it is never too late to mend. Perhaps the Belgian politicians did not think it advisable to recognize the workers' republic until they had settled the debt question with the Wall Street government on favorable terms. The Belgian oil interests however, have warned the government that before full diplomatic relations are entered into with Russia, the oil men's interests must be considered. Belgium will recognize Soviet Russia before long. Nothing succeeds like success.

IN England a poor man was charged with murder and sentenced to death after a trial lasting four minutes. This news tickled the ribs of Arthur Brisbane, chief writer for William Randolph Hearst and one of the most highly paid penmen in the world. Arthur claims that speedy hangings reduce crime. Arthur has at various times opposed capital punishment, just now he happens to favor it. Like the fiction regarding free speech in England there is a general belief here in the United States that there is less capital crime in England than in the United States. Perhaps, but if one is to judge by the English papers, it seems that outside of horse racing, the other key industry in England is murder.

OUR smug and complacent scribblers who howl for the blood of the bandits who shoot to kill in order to get money quickly are quite unmoved by the slaughter that takes place in the nation's industries every year. And those killings are avoidable. But safety devices cost money and the daughters of our plutocrats must have dollars to spend at the watering places of Europe while they amuse themselves playing with the broken down kings and dukes of the old world. Before society can even begin to eliminate murder it must hang the capitalist system, the main cause of crime.

I DO not know of any greater torture for a person of average intelligence than to be forced to listen to somebody dwell on the blessings to civilization that resulted from America's participation in the world war. A New York reader sent me a clipping from the little paper published by the Harlem Evening High School. It is the product of a first class rotar-

(Continued on page 2)

The ratification of the Locarno treaties closes one chapter of one of the bitterest political struggles since the creation of the German republic. The open and brazen submerging of the independent interests of the German nation to the imperialist aims of England drew fire from the nationalists who still hold to the old traditions of Germany before the war from the small business classes and professionals around the fascists who see themselves crushed and their interests submerged in the general servility to Britain, and from the revolutionists, the Communists.

Unquestionably the signing of the pacts will increase tremendously the power of the Communists as the horrors of the world war are still fresh in the memories of the masses and they resent being made cannon fodder in the imperialist struggles of Britain. Having steadily gained in strength the past few months and tremendously increased their prestige by the successes in the last municipal elections, the Communists have become the most important political factor in the republic, even though they are a minority. The facts of history have not been to the fore and the nation is confronted with the alternative of bowing to the yoke of Britain or initiating the proletarian revolution.

Clara Zetkin Acclaimed. With her hair snow white, the signs of age showing plainly in her face, and limping to the speaker's desk upon crutches, Clara Zetkin, the famous German Communist, made a dramatic appearance in the reichstag today and launched a bitter protest against the Locarno treaties.

"Soviet Russia is sufficiently strong in power and does not need an old woman to represent her," said Clara Zetkin denying that she represents the Soviets in the reichstag.

"I have come from Russia to give my waning strength to the cause of the laboring classes, who are suffering under the yoke of the Dawes plan.

"The Locarno pacts are the bargain of the western powers in which Germany is merely a pawn."

From the reichstag, at the close of the session, Clara Zetkin proceeded to the Lustgarten where a gigantic mass meeting of Communists is now in session. The announcements of the meeting were distributed throughout all Berlin and environs and the arrival of Clara Zetkin from Moscow is viewed here as the first gun in a campaign that will bring the Communist program before the whole nation in this critical period. The other political groups are frankly terror-stricken at the sudden turn toward the revolu-

(Continued on page 2)

Three Features Begin Monday

BY WILLIAM F. DUNNE, (Editor The DAILY WORKER)

THE convention of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union opens in Philadelphia on Monday. To bring every step taken by this important body of labor to the attention of the readers of The DAILY WORKER, William F. Dunne, editor, will report this convention in detail in special dispatches from the convention floor. No worker should miss this feature. Pass it on to other workers—ask them to SUBSCRIBE!

BY MAX SHACHTMAN (Thru the I. L. D. Service)

THE Zeigler frame-up presents another outrageous attack on labor. The trial of the miners involved begins Monday. First hand reports from the court room will be made to DAILY WORKER readers thru the International Labor Defense press service whose representative Max Shachtman, is now on the scene of the trial. Look for these stories next week. Send contributions for the Miners' Defense to the International Labor Defense, 23 So. Lincoln St., Chicago, Ill.

BY ABRAM JAKIRA (Thru the I. L. D. Service)

PITTSBURGH holds the attention of labor with a case of labor persecution in the trial of ten workers beginning also on Monday. Eight members of the Workers (Communist) Party and two other workers are arrested on a charge growing out of a raid on the Communist headquarters in that city. This second picture of labor's persecution will receive daily attention in special dispatches from the trial. Send contributions to International Labor Defense, 23 So. Lincoln St., Chicago, Ill.

ZEIGLER MINERS TRIAL OPENS AT BENTON MONDAY

Farrington Machine Frames Militants

BY MAX SHACHTMAN (By I. L. D. Press Service.)

ZEIGLER, Ill., Nov. 27.—Twenty union miners in Zeigler face from one to fourteen years in the state penitentiary for the crime of having militantly fought against the combined forces of the Farrington machine, the coal operators, and the ku klux klan. Their trial, which opens Monday at the county seat in Benton, is based on one of the filsiest and most brazen frame-ups known in the history of the labor movement.

The defendants, headed by Henry and Frank Corbishly, and Matt Crnoevich, are well known thruout the entire United Mine Workers' district as militant fighters for the needs and interests of the coal diggers. For years they have carried on a courageous struggle against the powerful Bell and Zoller mine company on the one hand and against the Farrington-Lewis machine and their treasonable policies on the other, with a consistent fight against ku klux klanism in between.

Farrington Frame-up. The struggle has centered around the right of the 1300 members of the Zeigler local of the union, 992, to elect their own officers and to elect them legally. For the past six years every local election has been stolen or destroyed by the Farrington machine and its tools. Special organizers, among them the notorious William Hogan and "Lige" Walker, have been here doing nothing but drawing their pay and disrupting the union. In April of this year, Henry Corbishly was elected president at a special election held under the supervision of four international board members. In the regular annual election which followed in June, Corbishly and all of his associates were returned by an average vote of five to one, with the klan candidates completely routed.

Always on the lookout for the miners' interests, the local's executive committee was instrumental in putting an assistant check weighman into the mine to see to it that the miners were not cheated by the company mine manager who saw to it that the cars were moved over the weighing scales so rapidly that it was very difficult for one checkweighman to keep track of them. Frustrated in its attempt to

(Continued on page 4.)

Rob Postoffice.

CHARLESTON, Ill., Nov. 27.—Cracksmen, frightened away before they had cut their way into the main vault of the new post office here, fled with \$100 in stamps and currency after what is believed to have been a plot to kidnap Postmaster Fred More, had failed.

MOTHER DRIVEN TO FRENZY BY HUNGER EATS HER CHILDREN

LISBON, Nov. 27.—Trial in one of the most gruesome murders in history has come to an end with the sentencing of Madame Macore to ten years' imprisonment and deportation for the murder of her two children, according to dispatches from Mosambique, Portuguese East Africa. Madame Macore was in a starving condition, it is said and driven to frenzy she is alleged to have eaten them.

SOVIET METAL WORKERS SEND \$12,500 TO AID THE CHINESE STRIKERS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, U. S. S. R., Nov. 27.—At its seventh annual convention, the Union of Russian Metal Workers—highest paid among the organized workers in this country—voted \$12,500 for the benefit of the strikers in Shanghai and Hongkong. They adopted a resolution declaring their solidarity with the workers of Japan and China in the struggle against "international imperialism."

Among those extending greetings from other countries was William Z. Foster, who spoke on behalf of the United States.

BRITISH LABOR MAKES FASCIST CHIEF BACK UP

Mussolini Will Not Visit England

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Mussolini, fascist dictator of Italy, has changed his mind about visiting England to sign the Locarno treaties in the British foreign office next Monday.

Benito has changed his mind because he was given to understand that British unionists were planning to refuse to run trains on which he would have to ride, to serve him with food and to surround him on all sides with mass demonstrations of angry workers.

Instead of Mussolini, the treaties will be signed by a nobody in particular, named Scialoja, acting as Mussolini's agent. Foreign Ministers Stresemann and Vanderveelde will sign for Germany and Belgium, and Briand will sign for France—providing France has not removed him as foreign minister by Monday.

The British government notified Mussolini in a polite way that while the government would guard him well, and see that he was not physically mobbed, the British government could not guarantee that British labor would not "insult" the Italian dictator, as British labor is greatly indignant at Mussolini's suppression of the trade union movement of Italy.

TAMMANY BOSS ESTATE VALUED AT \$2,170,761.22

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The appraisal of the estate of the late Chas. F. Murphy, Tammany Hall boss, given out by M. F. O'Laughlin, state tax appraiser, showed it to be valued at \$2,170,761.22.

Steal Jewels.

Toledo, Ohio, Nov. 27.—Two bandits held up the jewelry store of S. B. Stein here and escaped with jewels valued at between \$100,000 and \$125,000.

Women Rob Bank.

RENNER, S. D., Nov. 27.—Two women armed with automatic pistols today held up H. S. Wilkerson, cashier of the First State Bank of Renner, and made their escape in a battered automobile with \$500 in currency and silver.

CHANG'S ARMY CRUMBLES AS MUTINY GROWS

Feng's Troops Arrive at China's Capital

SHANGHAI, China, Nov. 27.—News of continuous defeats of Chang Tso-Lin's "loyal" troops by mutineers overshadows all else in the news from the scene of battles in the north. Even the report that the old provisional president, Tuan Chi jui has resigned, packed his baggage and ordered a special train to take him to Tientsin, is less important than the mutiny in Chang's armies.

Kuo-Hung-lin, formerly a commander of one of Chang's armies, is leading the widespread mutiny, marching north to Mukden and sweeping all before him. General Chi Chin-chun, another of Chang's divisional commanders, has surrendered with his whole division, resulting in the taking of the city of Chin Wangtao by mutineers under Kuo.

Chang in Desperate Fix.

Chang Tso-lin at Mukden has only 10,000 troops at that point, his headquarters and base of operation. Chang has called for picked troops, mostly cadets, and ordered them to hold the city "to the death."

White guard Russian monarchist refugees, enlisted by Chang, are being rushed to Mukden to aid this imperialist hireling who seems to be in grave danger of complete overthrow, altho his death, reported Wednesday, seems unconfirmed.

Feng's Troops in Peking.

Feng Yu-hsiang's troops are already arriving in Peking, and this fact indicates that Feng himself will follow. Chang's elimination as a power at Peking is clearly certain. Two cabinet ministers favorable to him have resigned, but their resignations were not accepted. Honan troops are advancing from the southwest.

Li Ching-lin, governor of the province of Chihli, has declared that province is "neutral." He was previously an active partisan of Chang Tso-lin.

Open School Again.

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla., Nov. 27.—Schools were reopened after they had been closed for two days because of cold weather.

Writes for 'the Daily'



TOM MANN. Brilliant spokesman of British labor who will contribute regularly to THE DAILY WORKER articles on conditions in Great Britain.

JOHN HAYS HAMMOND, HEAD OF U. S. COAL COMMISSION, SHOWN UP AS BOSS OF LABOR SPIES

By ART SHIELDS. (Federated Press Staff Correspondent)

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Governor Pinchot's key position in the anthracite strike is brought out in the demands of the enemies of the miners' union that he call a special session of the Pennsylvania legislature for the purpose of repealing the miners' certificate law.

This statute disqualifies any one from doing the skilled work of a regular anthracite miner who has not served two years as a helper in the same field.

The law was passed as a safety measure but it serves the secondary purpose of saving the hard coal men from outside scabs, as long as it is enforced. Hence the drive against the law. The propaganda for repeal was begun by John Hays Hammond, chairman of the U. S. coal commission at a civic federation meeting in New York earlier in the strike and has been carried on by the Wall Street Journal, most outspoken organ for big money. Repeat the law to break the strike, is the demand.

Wants Scabs and Says So.

Hammond's speech at the civic federation minced no strikebreaking words. "The effect of this law (the state certification law)," said he, "together with the complete unionization of the mines, gives the United Mine Workers virtually a monopoly of the miners' labor. The law makes it impossible for other miners to be employed, notwithstanding the fact that they have had many years experience in bituminous mines and are fully competent to do the work of the anthracite miner.

"There are many competent miners in the bituminous fields, who, owing to the irregularity of operations, would gladly seek employment in the anthracite mines. The first step, therefore, to insure resumption of mining operations is action by the commonwealth of Pennsylvania."

Mining engineers have repeatedly shown that the technical problems in the anthracite fields are different from those in the soft coal pits and that a bituminous miner may be a source of danger to himself and others if he tries to direct operations at a hard coal face without special training, but Hammond ignores this in this eagerness to break the strike.

Boasts of Using Gunmen and Dicks

Hammond has been breaking strikes for more than a generation. And "sing Pinkertons to send workers to the penitentiary. He tells of such exploits in the February 1925 issue of Scribner's Magazine in an article entitled Strong Men of the Wild West. The "strong man" he lauds most is Charles A. Siringo, a Pingerton detective and gunman he employed against the Western Federation of Miners in the Coeur d'Alene strike of 1892 when Hammond was president of the huge Bunker Hill & Sullivan mine, still the largest silverlead producer in the world.

He tells how his Pinkerton went to work at Gem, Idaho, became recording secretary of the union, mailing regular reports against his fellows, to the mine owners' association. How the union suspected Siringo and the dick barely escaped with his life. Siringo continued his stouling under difficulties, on one occasion using a note book under a sidewalk while a miners' posse was looking for him. Later he took part in the armed war between the company's rifle men—armed strikebreakers Hammond had imported—and the unionists, and at the trial of several union leaders his testimony sent them to the penitentiary.

Not Above It—Maybe Below It.

All this suggests that Hammond, as chairman on the U. S. coal commission of the Coolidge administration and old Wall Street man himself, would not be above using private detectives and provocateurs in the union today. But he is not talking of that. He asks the repeal of the certification law so that the anthracite union strike may be scabbed out.

SENTENCE 12 COMMUNISTS TO PRISON

Refuse to Leave Party as Price of Freedom

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Five of the twelve leading members of the British Communist Party, were sentenced Wednesday by Justice Swift to one year's imprisonment "in the second division"—which means imprisonment but not at labor as a convict—while the other seven were sentenced to six months of such imprisonment.

The judge in sentencing the men elicited one of the finest examples of Communist unity and spirit when he declared that he would lay the one year sentence only against the five who have been previously convicted of "offenses" against the capitalist system.

"I Will Not."

To the other seven he said he was "anxious to avoid sending them to prison" and that he would release on their own word any who would promise to have nothing to do with the Communist Party. He then asked each one of the seven if they would so promise.

In each case the reply was: "I will not!"

The five getting the year's sentence are as follows:

Albert Samuel Inkpin, age 41, secretary of the Communist Party of Great Britain.

Walter Hannington, age 30, machinist.

Harry Pollitt, age 34, boilermaker.

William Gallagher, a brass finisher.

William Charles Rust, age 22, secretary of the Young Communist League of Great Britain.

The seven who were sentenced to six months' imprisonment are as follows:

John Thomas Murphy, age 36, machinist.

Robert Page Arnott, age 36, journalist and director of the labor research department.

Arthur McManus, age 35, machinist.

Thomas Henry Winttingham, age 27, assistant editor of the Workers' Weekly, official organ of the Communist Party.

John Ross Campbell, age 30, editor of the Workers' Weekly.

Ernest Walter Cant, age 33, clerk.

Thomas Bell, an iron molder of Glasgow, Scotland.

The Three Counts.

The jury had found all the prisoners guilty on three counts: conspiracy.

(Continued on page 2)

THE RISE OF SOCIALIST ECONOMY IN RUSSIA

TODAY

in the Magazine Section

The economic facts on the development of the Soviet Union presented for the first time.

READ IT!

Get others to read it and

SUBSCRIBE!

Turning Fascism Loose in England



From the London Daily Herald (Labor).

But the Workers are Getting Ready.

LATIN-AMERICA RESENTS WALL STREET RULE

Anti-Imperialist League Ranks Increase

That opposition to Wall Street is crystallizing on an unprecedented scale throughout the American continent, is plainly indicated in the organization, reported today, of two new sections of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League—one in Colombia and one in Ecuador, Juan de Dios Romero, well-known leader of the Colombian workers and editor of the weekly, El Socialista, is secretary of the Colombian section. According to reliable information from Bogota, Romero has the support of practically all the labor organizations of the capital city, as well as the Colombian students' guild.

Regarding the establishment of the Colombian section, Manuel Gomez, secretary of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, declares that the movement in Colombia against American imperialism dates from 1902, when President Roosevelt carried out his brazen sequestration of Panama, formerly a province of Colombia. More recently, the maneuvers of American oil magnates in Colombia, notably the Standard Oil Co., have aroused all sections of the population against the steadily increasing menace of American imperialism.

Cuban Section Active.

The recently organized Cuban section of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, is carrying on a systematic campaign for the repeal of the malicious "Platt amendment." The Cuban section is now supported by the Havana Labor Federation, the Federation of University Students (with the forthrightly organ, Juventud), the trade unions of Egla and Guanabacoa, and the resident group of the Chinese Kuomintang party. There are regular sub-sections in Havana and Camaguey.

American imperialism has been showing its teeth in Cuba with particular savagery. Largely thru the influence of Gen. Enoch R. Crowder, American ambassador in Cuba, considerable numbers of "anti-American" workers—some of them native Cubans—have been deported from the country, while many more have been put behind prison bars.

Hold Demonstration.

Such persecution only helps to give impetus to the liberating work of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League in Cuba. At the big mass meeting of the league in Mars Field, more than 10,000 people were present.

Reports from Mexico and Porto Rico indicate that there too the work of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League is taking on impetus. In the United States, the league is redoubling its activity. It is establishing local sub-sections, arranging meetings and conferences, publishing a regular news service, etc. Activity is now concentrated in the campaign for Philippine independence, in which full co-operation is being established with the powerful national independence movement in the Philippine Islands.

Form American Section.

Officials of the league declare that the big problem in this country is to convince the American working class that its interests demand unconditional support of all the national liberation movements against Wall Street, and at the same time to draw the Latin-Americans and Filipinos into closer association with the American workers. The American section of the league has received the full support of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Take Wine Cellar.

BATH, N. Y., Nov. 27.—Following the seizure from his cellars of \$90,000 worth of champagne, wine and brandy, Charles Wheeler, proprietor of a government bonded winery at Gibson's Landing, said he would file a protest with the federal authorities at Washington. The raiding party seized the vintages and immediately dumped them into Keuka Lake. The customary practice of holding the beverages for "analysis" was ignored.

AS WE SEE IT

(Continued from page 1)
ian mind, which is several degrees below that of the much-abused moron. The editorial starts by praising the gods for thanksgiving day, with its "anticipating delight of sniffing roasted turkey and steaming pumpkin pie, chewing cracked nuts and gulping home brew." Get that from our law and order fiend!

LATER on the imbecile boasts of the Americans "who at all times were ready to fight under freedom's flag, and culminating in our entering the world war to perpetuate and spread freedom thruout the world." If this person's mind were capable of receiving impressions, other than from a bottle, I would suggest that he see "What Price Glory?" Not satisfied with making the world so much more unbearable by the chunks of offal quoted above, he continues: "American: It means heaven thruout the world. A bulwark of freedom, a heaven of rest and safety to the oppressed of the earth, a land of sunshine and opportunity for all creeds and conditions of men, a history of accomplishment and glory and unselfishness."

TO attempt refutation of this twaddle would be to offer insult to the readers of THE DAILY WORKER. The quotations are given, frankly for the purpose of exciting those who happen to read this, to a fury against a system that breeds such sycophants as the author of the ill-smelling editorial. Go ahead babbles and gulp your home brew even tho you violate the eighteenth amendment! You are the kind that pay your dollars to join the Loyd Order of the Moose; the K. K. K., who enjoy baiting radicals because you are told they are not loyal to the government!

THE French government suffered wreckage when Andrew Mellon failed to give Wall Street the high sign for a new French loan. Or perhaps Wall Street did the signalling! Washington and Wall Street are one and the same and never more so than now. There is considerable speculation whether the parliamentary form of government can exist in France much longer. The big industrialists are talking of a fascist dictatorship, because they fear a workers' dictatorship. If it happens that France's present troubles weaken the governing powers sufficiently to produce panic and chaos a dictatorship is inevitable and another example of blessed capitalist democracy will have gone by the board.

Irish Free State and Ulster Preparing for Boundary Dispute War

DUBLIN, Nov. 27.—The Irish Free state is tense today, following the failure of President Cosgrave to come to any agreement with Premier Baldwin of Great Britain, relative to the dispute over the Ulster border.

Numerous reports are being circulated, one of them being to the effect that armed men are being mobilized in Ulster to take over the territory awarded to Ulster under the terms of the boundary commission.

There are also unconfirmed reports that the free state is prepared to send forces to the border.

Wall Street Employs Sharper Weapon Than Prayers on Filipinos

MANILA, Nov. 27.—The Knights of Columbus here are urging that a day of prayer for the independence of the Philippines be observed in the islands.

BRITISH CROWN LAYS PLANS FOR TREASON TRIAL

To Follow Conviction at "Old Bailey"

(Continued from page one)
acy to utter seditious libel; conspiracy to incite mutiny, and conspiracy to seduce soldiers and sailors from their "duty."
The attorney general in his closing argument for the crown, said that it did not matter where the prisoners got money from, whether from Soviet Russia or from other sources. What mattered was what they did. He declared that the Young Communist League "reeked with sedition" and stood for "disruption and breaking up of the armed forces of the state by the creation of revolutionary organizations in the army and navy."

Low Motives of Capitalism Don't Matter.

Judge Swift in stating the position of the court toward the open charge that the case was one of one political party trying to exterminate another, said that this had no bearing on the case, for if the defendants were guilty the motives of the prosecutor did not matter, even if they were low motives.

With Justice Swift in control, the Communist prisoners got also a taste of "swift justice" from the jury, who clearly gave no time for deliberation. Altho three counts were charged against twelve prisoners, making thirty-six cases in all to consider separately, the jury was out only twenty minutes.

Hold Out Evidence.

LONDON, (By Mail)—All the evidence which Scotland Yard was able to gather thru its raids on the headquarters of the British Communist Party and the Young Communist League, and thru pilfering the mail of the arrested defendants will not be used in the trial of the twelve Communists who are now on trial under the incitement to mutiny act of 1797.

In the presentation of the charges to the court, after the prosecutor and the court and a number of Scotland Yard detectives had gone over it, they put the Communists on trial not for "seditious conspiracy" but have charged them with "conspiring to publish seditious libels." This action of the court restricts the testimony to having the defendants prove that they did not conspire to write certain articles and statements.

Plan Second Trial.

These lawyers, that represent the crown, intend thru this method to get a conviction of the Communists on this act and then to prosecute them under the defense of the realm act and have them convicted of treason. The prosecution is attempting to make it appear that the Communist Party is an illegal organization and the crown attorney is presenting evidence to show that the British Communist Party is a section of the Communist International and that the British Communists thru their connections with the Communist International want to overthrow the British government and establish a Soviet republic and then to become a part of the Soviet Russia.

The crown defender also is introducing evidence claiming that at the "secret" conference of the Communist Party in Caxton Hall, Manchester, that the following program was adopted by the defendants which the

TURKEY DEFIES THE LEAGUE AND GREAT BRITAIN

Resent Fixing of Mosul Boundary Line

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 27.—The league of nations was openly defied and rebuked today when the Turkish cabinet, meeting under the chairmanship of Kemal Pasha, refused compulsory arbitration by the league in Mosul boundary dispute.
The Hague tribunal recently decided that the league had a right to make a unanimous decision on the question of the boundary dispute, which has been a bone of contention here since the British agreed for oil made it an object of imperialist conquest.

Hague Decision Vicious.

The decision of the Hague court that the league had the right to fix boundaries carried with it a revision of the covenant of the league of nations which says that such decision must be by unanimous vote. The recent decision said that the vote must be unanimous with the exception of the parties to the question in dispute.

The cabinet decision places the matter where it was before—a direct struggle between Britain and Turkey. It cannot be settled permanently by conciliation so will eventually be settled by force.

crown objects to as being highly seditious:

Communist Program.

"Nationalization of land, mines, railways, communication, transport, engineering, shipping, cotton and woolen industries and the banks without compensation; disarming of the bourgeois, the arming of a proletarian army, navy and civil guard; abolition of capitalist law courts and the establishment of workers' tribunals; state monopoly of foreign trade and of the press; annulment of state debts, with an allowance to small investors; confiscation of all fortunes over £5,000, nationalization of all property except that owned by small tenants, and rents to be paid to the state; abolition of the monarchy and all hereditary titles; liberation of the colonies held in military and political subjection; repudiation of the Versailles treaty and the canceling of war debts and reparations; universal simultaneous disarmament."

Pollitt Pays Charges.

Harry Pollitt, who is a member of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, declared in an answer to the crown attorney's charge that the Communists had conspired in an illegal organization to overthrow the British crown before the jury at the Old Bailey:
"Our views may be repulsive, they may be distasteful, totally wrong, but they are our views and we have the same right to repeat them as the people opposed to us. . . . The Communist Party is a perfectly legal political party which has been pursuing more or less the even tenor of its way since 1920."

He showed that no secret channels, or secret methods were used and that the party was a legal organization having a membership of over 5,000 members of which but ten had ever been in Russia.

Scotland Yard Takes Evidence.

Much of the evidence which Scotland Yard was to have introduced before the trial, was material that Scotland Yard had framed up on the Communists. Scotland Yard had a number of Pravda's that it was going to use, until it became the public property of the English workers, that this issue of the Pravda had been faked by Scotland Yard.
Prosecution Becomes Dramatic.
A number of humorous incidents have occurred since the trial had opened with the crown attorneys making themselves ridiculous telling of the "conspiracies" and the "secret gatherings" and the "foreign emissaries" bringing "Moscow gold" to the London Communists, which they had "discovered." The Communist Party of England has always had its meetings open to visitors and has announced its meetings openly in the Workers Weekly, the organ of the party, which has been sent thru the mails and it was not necessary to have secret and

Coolidge Exposed Self in New York Speech As Cheapest Kind of Liar

By J. LOUIS ENGDALH.

TODAY, the officials of some trade unions are beginning to recover from the effects of Cal Coolidge's bald declaration to New York profiteers, that prices were going down while wages were going up, hypocritically declaring that "this is real and solid progress." This was nothing if not a rallying cry to the great exploiters to continue their wage cutting campaigns.

Democratic organs, like the New York World, that still have hopes for the democratic party, are opening an attack on Coolidge's figures, which will no doubt be repeated very often between now and the 1926 congressional election, to demonstrate the great prosperity that is claimed the republican administration has heaped upon the country.

IT can hardly be expected that the labor officialdom will wage an open and energetic struggle against this deliberate falsification by the presidential strikebreaker. President William Green and Secretary Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor, have been visiting the White House lately to help Coolidge draw up his message that goes to congress next month. They have been so busy talking to Coolidge that they have not had time evidently to expose, even if they desired, the master class propaganda that "Cautions Cal" spewed forth before the chamber of commerce gathering in the metropolis. It is contrary to the etiquette of class whom one fraternizes. Thus Green collaboration to criticize those with and Morrison, quite overcome by their own importance, in being called to the White House, are effectively disarmed in so far as they might render any service to the workers they are supposed to represent.

THE democrats on the other hand

will lie on their side as much as the republicans perjure themselves to mislead working class voters. The democrats will claim that every good thing came out of the Wilson administration and that "prosperity" will never again burst in full bloom until another democratic president sits in the executive mansion. The democratic attack on Coolidge's utterances is therefore only part of that general denunciation thru which it is hoped to return the donkey party to the national political pie counter.

IT remains, therefore, for the milit-

ant elements in the labor movement to make the fight to show that actual conditions give the lie to all of Coolidge's pretensions. Every housewife, without consulting the official reports of the United States department of labor, knows that the cost of living has been steadily increasing since Mr. Coolidge went into office. Coolidge doesn't know this. All his household expenses in

conspiratory meetings as the Communist Party was a legal organiza-

tion. The proclamation announcing the meeting in the Lustgarten announced: "Clara Zetkin will speak against the war treaties of Locarno, for an alliance of peace with Soviet Russia, against the Dawes plunder pact, for the independent workers of Germany, against the imperialistic league for oppressed nations, against the black front imperialists under the leadership of London and for the red front under the leadership of Moscow." Thus the question of the red international against the black international of imperialist nations is clearly put.

Cabinet Will Resign.

Chancellor Luther and his cabinet are expected to resign immediately after the pacts are signed. The resignation of his government was the price he has to pay in order to obtain sufficient support for the ratification. So determined was the government to play the imperialist game of Britain that they sold their cabinet to the opposition parties in order to obtain their support. This brazen political trading has aroused the masses and efforts will be made by the Communists to prevent the creation of any government, thereby forcing new elections, on the issue of repudiation of the ratification of the Locarno pacts.

Woman, Children Burned to Death.

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., Nov. 27.—Three persons, a woman and two of her children, were burned to death on a farm ten miles south of Huntsville today, when fire wrecked the home as they were sleeping.

If you want to thoroughly understand Communism—study it.

G. O. P. LEADERS SEEK NEW HEAD FOR COMMITTEE

Langley Sentenced to Atlanta Prison

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 27.—The leaders of the Grand Old Party, will be up against it when the forthcoming session of congress convenes. The republican leaders are wondering who they will place in the chairmanship of the committee on public buildings and grounds, which is now held by Representative John W. Langley, of Kentucky, who will soon be taking a two year's vacation at the federal resort in Atlanta for forgetting that prohibition enforcement officials must be "seen" in order to be immune for violations of the dry law. The committee appointment is considered one of the most important as the administration is pledged to a \$50,000,000 public buildings program.

Ignored Sentence.

The Langley has been under indictment for two years and was tried and convicted, republican leaders ignored this fact as they hoped that some method could be found to free Langley from an enforced vacation at the federal resort. Now that the court, to which he had appealed has upheld his conviction for conspiring to violate the Volstead act, the republican leaders are searching around to find a good tool for the committee.

Parents Protest to School Board.

With promises of adjustment of their grievances, if possible, twenty-five parents of children attending the Murphy school, Central Park Ave. and Grace street, were dismissed by a special committee of the board of education. The parents' complaint is the shifting of the Murphy school to the Henry school, St. Louis and Culom Aves., which necessitates the children traveling distances and over many dangerous crossings to get to school.

7 Escape From Reformatory.

BOONEVILLE, Mo., Nov. 27.—Breaking thru the panel of a dormitory door, seven prisoners at the Missouri reform school here, made their way to liberty.

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DO US A FAVOR?
We're simply swamped! Many little jobs in the office are waiting to be done—and we haven't a big enough office force to do them. Perhaps you want to help THE DAILY WORKER and can spare a day—or a few hours—or maybe only an hour? If you can—come over. You'll be as welcome as a long lost friend.

The Framed-up Zeigler Miners!
Help Save Them From Prison!
Do your utmost to give them the best possible defense. Their trial begins Dec. 1. \$2,500 is needed by Dec. 15. Local Chicago, International Labor Defense, has guaranteed \$1,000 which has been advanced already and is out to raise the full amount.
HOW? By means of a
BAZAAR
DECEMBER 10 to 13, 1925
at the NORTH-WEST HALL,
Corner North and Western Avenues
Donations Are Weapons in This Defense Fight!
Ask your shopmates, your organizations, your neighborhood shops for contributions of any kind of article—foodstuffs, coin, clothing, anything and let the local I. L. D. office, 23 So. Lincoln St., know that YOU are on the job—by bringing, sending or reporting what you collect or donate.
BE A LABOR DEFENSE BUILDER AND BOOSTER!

Philadelphia Sit Up and Take Notice!
There is nothing else to be done on Wednesday, December 2nd, 1925, only to go to the
---BALL---
of the Fruit and Grocery Clerks' Union
at
NEW TRAYMORE HALL, FRANKLIN ST. AND COLUMBIA AVE.
THERE WILL BE DANCING AND GOOD MUSIC.
GOOD TIME ASSURED.
Don't Forget the Date—December 2nd.

Changes in Classes at Chi. Workers' School
A few changes in the days and location of some of the classes in the Chicago Workers' School have had to be made. They are as follows: The class in English will meet at 2644 LeMoyn St. every Tuesday and Friday at 8 p. m. The Worker Correspondents class which meets in the editorial room of the "Daily Worker" has been changed to Thursday night at 8 p. m. instead of Friday. The History of the International Revolutionary Youth Movement will meet on Sunday morning at 11 a. m.
HELP SAVE THE DAILY WORKER!

CRIBBEN-SEXTON POLISHERS ARE STILL STRIKING

Stove Workers Demand Union Recognition

The tenth week of the metal polishers' strike against Cribben, Sexton & company, Sacramento boulevard and Chicago avenue, reveals the customary co-operation of the police and prosecutor's office with the corporation against the workers. The company, manufacturers of Universal stoves, ranges and furnaces, started out in a suspicious manner on the eve of the strike by declaring to the union officials:

"We will have no gunmen in the strike."

Attack Pickets with Knives. Since then union pickets have been attacked with knives, company agents have set fire to a residence to frame up an arson plot against the strikers, bombs have been planted and well-known gunmen and sluggers are busy for the company inside and outside its premises.

The manufacturers of the Universal products first went open shop and then kept their piece work rates so secret that the men did not know what they had coming to them at the end of the week. The organized polishers and buffers threatened to strike and made good on their threat when the company refused to promise fair and stable piece rates and tolerable conditions.

Thugs Beat Strikers.

The pickets were roughed by company thugs almost from the first day and the violence has grown stronger as the company found it impossible to get the work out in its plant. Some of its polishing has been sent to Detroit and some to the Chicago Plating company, 1351 West Superior St., where the union is also picketing with good results.

Police Protest Gunmen.

One of the pickets, who was assaulted with a knife, attempted to get a warrant against the professional gunman with a prison record who had attacked him but the authorities in their customary conspiracy with the employers refused to issue it.

"Danger to life and arrest from overzealous police is only sharpening the fine spirit of fight" declared Business Agent John Werlik of Local 6, Metal Polishers' International Union. "No shot but complete victory is in the mind of the striking polishers and buffers."

UNITY OF ALL SEAMEN'S UNIONS SEEN AS NEED IN STORIES TOLD OF BRUTALITIES UPON SAILORS

(Federated Press Staff Correspondent)

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Memories of the press gangs of the British navy are faintly evoked by the stories told by the shipwrecked sailors of the Norwegian tramp steamer Elven of the way they were conscripted and forced to work by the captain of the American Trader, their rescuer.

It happened a thousand miles from New York: the Elven had ventured her little hulk into a hurricane in answer to an S. O. S. from the Italian freighter Ignazio Florio. She found the Italians being taken aboard the President Harding, a huge liner, safe in the storm. But the little Elven's venture into the hurricane proved fatal. Turning about she bucked head winds for three days till giant seas fouled her steering gear, smashed her life boats, swept away the bridge and left her a helpless hulk. She drifted, sinking slowly, as the crew manned the hand pumps.

Compulsory Labor. No one had eaten for 48 hours but the storm was over when the American Trader, a Yankee fisher steamer, came abaft and took off the crew. No one was fit to work, still less so, as few were given fresh clothing—they had been able to take nothing away—but the captain of the American Trader, a certain Hubbard C. Fish, ordered them to turn to, all except the officers and wireless men.

Some of the men refused and Hubbard threatened that unless they complied he would do his best to influence the Norwegian authorities to stop payment of the 450 crowns shipwreck benefit due according to Norwegian law.

Union seamen of New York, when the ship came in, said they had never heard of distressed mariners being treated in that fashion—being conscripted and kept at work for a thousand miles till the boat tied up to the pier. The storm was over when the rescue came and no emergency existed.

Heid Like Chattel Slaves.

Two other stories tell of the use of padlocked forecates and chain lockers as jails, in New York harbor, in defiance of the immigration laws. The first relates to the S. S. Cedric, White Star liner. Thirty sailors who had taken part in the recent British strike against the one-pound wage cut were shipped out of England, at the end of the strike, because their services were needed, but penalized by jailing in New York, under guard.

The other case is of three Italian seamen on the S. S. Handicap, a Norwegian boat, in from a Spanish port. These men were imprisoned in the chain locker, under guard, on the theory that they might desert, but the immigration law supposedly protects seamen in a long period of shore leave and does not compel them to return on the same ship. The captain feared he would have to ship out other men at a higher rate.

Ship Sinks.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The steamship Fall City is reported to be sinking at the foot of Huron street, Brooklyn. Three men were reported injured.

CITY ENGINEERS FIND SYMPATHY BUYS NO BREAD

Believed Chicago Mayor for Several Months

Promises, expressions of sympathy, concessions that they had justice on their side and the accompanying varieties of stringing 'em along will satisfy for a time in place of wage boosts but as a permanent proposition the 600 members of the city of Chicago's engineering staff find them devoid of both nourishment and comfort.

Sympathy, But No Raise.

After waiting since July 1 for the city council to make good on Mayor Dever's promise of a rush wage raise ordinance these white collar workers gathered at the Hotel Sherman (recently taken off-organized labor's unfair list) and protested angrily. They had started a spectacular 3-day strike in the entire municipal engineering system on June 30, but the wily mayor and his cabinet vouchsafed fullest sympathy and the engineers had trooped back to their blueprints after loss of one day's pay.

Riled Up Again.

They soon discovered that as collective bargainers they could learn a good deal from any local of unskilled laborers and for five months the strike feeling has been seething again. The protest meeting this week against further delay by the city is expected to lead to a showdown before Christmas. The engineers demonstrate by tables and charts that they are paid less than the average for large cities. City Engineer John Ericson approves the course of his subordinates.

Steals Hog; Sent Back to Prison to Finish Suspended Sentence

VINTON, Va., Nov. 27.—Ernest Wheeler started serving a ten-year prison sentence because of a hog. In 1924 he pleaded guilty to a charge of forgery and received a ten-year prison sentence, which was suspended on his promise to behave. But he stole a hog, so he was sent away to serve the old sentence.

Darwin Still Hated By the Anthropoids

ALAMEDA, Cal., Nov. 27.—(FP)—Following protests by the Science League of America and the High School Alumni Association, the Alameda board of education reconsidered its substitution of the name of Agassiz for Darwin's, to be engraved on its new million dollar building. Acknowledging that Darwin was objected to "because of certain religious prejudices," it compromised by deciding to engrave no names at all.

Tchitcherin Pays Visit to France

PARIS, Nov. 27.—Foreign Minister Georges Tchitcherin of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics has arrived in Paris.

If you want to thoroughly understand Communism—study it.

A. C. W. Left-Wing Committee Open Forum Discusses Union Unity

NEW YORK CITY, Nov. 27.—The third of a series of lectures being held every Tuesday morning by the Amalgamated Action Committee, a group of militants of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, was held at Lorraine Hall, Broadway, near Flushing Ave., Brooklyn, with Sylvan A. Pollack giving a lecture on World Trade Union Unity and Amalgamation.

He traced the negotiations for world trade union unity, strating with the call of the Red International of Labor Unions at its second congress which was held November, 1922, to the formation of the Anglo-Russian Unity Committee last year and also of the latest developments. He pointed out the need of amalgamation of the American unions to go hand in hand with world unity.

Comrade Riger, the chairman, also made a short speech in Jewish. The Amalgamated Action Committee, of which Sam Lipzzen is chairman, holds lectures at its open forum at eleven o'clock every Tuesday morning at Lorraine Hall, Broadway, near Flushing avenue, Brooklyn, also at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th street, every Monday and Wednesday at 11 a. m.

EDUCATION SHOWS GREAT PROGRESS IN THE UKRAINE

Economic Revival Aids School System

KHARKOV, Russia.—(FP)—Standards of education are advancing rapidly in the Ukrainian Workers' Republic. Five years ago the country was over-run by Yudenich, Denekine, Wrangel and the counter-revolutionists. Then came the famine of 1921-22.

In 1922-23 education in the Ukraine was at its lowest point. Student enrollment in the elementary schools had been 1,800,000 in 1914 and 2,000,000 in 1921. In 1923 it stood at 1,300,000.

That year the tide turned. Civil war ended. The harvests improved. Industry revived. The enrollment for 1924 was 1,500,000; for 1925, 1,750,000. The enrollment this fall (1925-26) will exceed 2,100,000, topping the highest point of 1921 by 5 per cent.

A similar story is told in the growth of educational appropriations. In this year, 1925-1926 fifty per cent of all Ukrainian expenditures are being devoted to education. The total budget for 1925-26 is almost exactly five times the budget for 1922-1923.

Teachers are sharing largely in this improvement. Their hours of work are less; their housing is improved; their food is far better. As for their wages, the Ukrainian village teacher who received 8 rubles a month (ruble, 50 cents) in addition to house, fuel and food in 1922-23, 18 rubles in 1923-4 and 25 in 1924-5, in the 1925-6 budget is receiving 30 rubles a month. This is still a small amount, but it is nearly four times four years ago.

The whole Ukrainian educational system has been reorganized the past four years. The Dalton plan, the project method and a number of other experimental ideas that have been tried out here and there in other countries are being tried also in the Ukrainian republic on a vast scale. The schools are being reconstructed physically and educationally. All children now work in groups. A child incapable of group work is looked upon as abnormal and treated. The economic revival has laid the foundation for a new educational system that marks great advance steps for the whole educational world.

Foreign Exchange.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Great Britain, pound sterling, demand 4.84 1-16; cable 4.84 7-16. France, franc, demand 3.83 1/2; cable 3.84. Belgium, franc, demand 4.52; cable 4.52 1/2. Italy, lira, demand, 4.04 1/2; cable 4.05. Sweden, krone, demand 26.73; cable 26.76. Norway, krone, demand 20.25; cable 20.27. Denmark, krone, demand 24.84; cable 24.86. Germany, mark, not quoted. Shanghai, taels, 78.00.

Arrest Manufacturer.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 27.—Indictments charging Murray Carlton, treasurer, and Forrest Ferguson, president of the defunct Ferguson-McKinney Manufacturing company, with making false financial statements to obtain credit, were returned by the grand jury here.

The indictments followed an inquiry into the recent crash of the company which is said to total \$3,300,000.

Exonerate Rail Engineer.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 27.—Thomas J. Carroll, of Jersey City, engineer of the Pennsylvania railroad train wrecked near Plainsboro, N. J., Nov. 12, with a toll of ten persons killed and thirty-two injured, was exonerated by the Middlesex county grand jury. Carroll had been held in \$1,000 bail on charges of manslaughter.

The DAILY WORKER subscription list is a Communist honor roll. Is your name on it?

CALL COPS AND DICKS TO STOP FARM STRIKERS

Split Milk Adage No Bar to Scab-Herders

Dairy farmers near the Spring Grove plants of the Wieland Dairy company are getting a taste of what Chicago unionists are up against when they go on strike.

Squads of Chicago detectives, armed with shotguns and revolvers, filled the roads out in the country yesterday to stop a milk strike on the part of farmers who refused to sign an agreement with the Wieland Dairy company. The firm alleges that the farmers object to the clause of the agreement which pledges the farmer to have his cows examined and passed according to the Chicago health commissioners' standard.

A large percentage of the farmers went on strike, barricaded the roads, armed themselves and stopped other farmers who tried to bring their milk to the Wieland plants. When the scabs objected, their milk was spilled.

Also there was no use crying over split milk, the Wieland company notified Chicago authorities, and the strike-breakers of Chicago went out in force to see that the embattled farmers get the same treatment as Chicago teamsters do when they strike.

'Worn-Out' Wall Street Gambler Will Retire

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Wall Street is losing "Jakey" Field, who ran a fortune up into the millions from a \$10 bill risked in a bucketshop.

Worn out by nerve-wracking speculation, Field has arranged to sell his membership in the stock exchange for \$152,000. In 1928, he set a record by paying \$25,000 for the same seat. Field has had a spectacular career. In 1909 he made \$120,000 in twenty minutes during a wild flurry in Rock Island stock.

THREE BOLSHEVIK GENERATIONS SEND CHEER TO THE DAILY WORKER



To The DAILY WORKER.

Dear Comrades: We're three generations of Communists and we want to do our bit to help save our DAILY WORKER, —so we send \$1 from baby Leon Gian, just seven days old; \$1 from his mother, Sonya Walday; \$1 from his grandmother, Regina Rosenson.

With comrades greetings,
L. G., S. W., R. R.,
531 W. 124th St., New York, N. Y.

Today's denations are just small ones, but they indicate what a wealth of friends the DAILY WORKER has. One donation is signed, "collected in a paint shop;" another comes from an artist whose works are now on exhibit at the Art Chicago, Chicago; another is from a steel worker, who was framed up for two years' imprisonment by the Bethlehem Steel Co. at the time of the steel strike. And best of all is one from three generations of Communists! Altogether, the list for today is as follows:

A. Schlemmer, Chicago City, Minn.	\$ 2.00	English branch, Workers Party, Hancock, Mich.	8.00
W. P. S. Osasto, Red Granite, Wisc.	1.00	Workers Party, Stamford, Conn.	30.50
L. D. Ratliff, San Fernando, Calif.	5.00	H. Richman, J. Richman, A. Parosky, a friend, Cleveland Ohio	10.00
Milwaukee, Wis., (collected by James Futach, Sam Rabinowich and G. Piccoli.)	11.75	Anonymous, Oakland, Calif.	1.00
M. George, Columbus, Ohio	4.00	Balance of Rescue Banquet, of Denver, Colo., W. P.	27.00
W. N. Patterson, Zanesville, O.	5.00	Denver, Colo., Workers Party	20.00
John Auert, Ukiah, Calif.	10.00	Jacob Bolla, Lebanon, Pa.	2.00
E. G. Funk, Williamsville, Ill.	2.00	Finnish branch, Workers Party, Ahmeek, Mich.	7.00
J. Friedman, Detroit, Mich.	1.00	J. B. Carpenter, Holland, Mich.	2.00
Geo. Chukar, Toppenish, Wash.	3.50	Morris Bernstein, Bronx, N. Y.	2.00
Joe Antos, Warren, Ohio	1.00	Finnish branch, Workers Party, Lanesville, Mass.	20.00
E. G. Hager, Dayton, Ohio	5.00	W. C. Abelson and J. W. Trepp, Drake, N. Dak.	2.00
Workmen's Circle, Branch 272, New York	7.00	L. G., S. W., R. R., New York	3.00
M. Shapovalov, Riverside, Calif.	5.00		
Wm. H. Wherry, Phoenix, Ariz.	1.00		
Harry Peel; John Augustine, Jr. Thos. Otzwirk, Livingston, Ill.	2.50		
Lewis Hoehner, Chicago, Ill.	3.00		
Rose Kuntz, New York, N. Y.	4.00		

Today's Total \$208.25
Previously recorded 36,310.54
Total to Date \$26,518.79

CARRY ON THE TORCH!



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- 1 Brown Caracul Jacquette, Red Fox Trim..... 87.50
- 1 White Cony Jacquette..... 35.00
- 1 White Cony Jacquette, Trim..... 55.00
- 1 45-inch Used Hudson Seal, Squirrel Trim..... 165.00
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A good place to eat wholesome food at reasonable prices. A trial will convince you. As others like our place, you will like.

"A PLACE WHERE THEY SERVE BIG MEALS AT LESS."

Emergency Call!

To All Members and Friends of International Labor Defense:

Two big cases are scheduled to come to trial on November 30th. The Pittsburgh raid case of 10 workers and the Zeigler frame-up case of 15 union miners. The lawyers in each of these cases will not proceed with the defense unless we have the money.

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS MUST BE RAISED BEFORE DECEMBER 15TH

We call upon all members of the I. L. D. to rise to the test and raise this sum. Contribute all you can and get your friends and neighbors to contribute.

Much depends on the outcome of these two trials. The entire working class is on trial. Not merely the 25 workers involved.

Rush Your Collection and Make It as Big as Possible.

National Office,
23 South Lincoln Street,
Chicago, Ill.

Fraternally yours,
INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE,
J. P. CANNON, Executive Secretary.

THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO.
1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. Phone Monroe 4712

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
By mail (in Chicago only): \$3.00 per year \$4.50 six months \$2.50 three months
By mail (outside of Chicago): \$6.00 per year \$3.50 six months \$2.00 three months

Address all mail and make out checks to
THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Illinois

J. LOUIS ENGDALH }
WILLIAM F. DUNNE } Editors
MORITZ J. LOEB } Business Manager

Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

290 Advertising rates on application.

French Communist Program

The Communist Party of France, which played an important role in the chamber of deputies preceding the fall of the Painleve cabinet is rapidly gaining the confidence and support of the working masses of that country. Its most important agitational work is its consistent struggle against the imperialist adventurers in Syria and Morocco. Following the true Leninist policy of aiding the colonials in their nationalist struggles against imperialism, the French party is delivering sledge hammer blows against the policy of the socialist imperialists of the Herriot camp as well as the avowedly reactionary Poincareists.

On the question of stabilization of the franc and the tax program of the Painleve ministry, the Paris Communist organ, *Humanite*, charges that the Painleve program followed the 1924 scheme of Poincare: inflation of currency by an increase of 9 billion francs and a general taxation of 6 billion francs. The burden of direct taxes would fall on the masses; the industrial tax of one billion would fall on the consumer; the small holder of government bonds was to be taxed 15% additional, while a head tax of 20 francs was to be placed on every citizen. To these taxes was added a heavy tax on small peasant holdings. *Humanite* remarks that the whole program is designed to avoid progressive income taxes on the big bourgeoisie and is similar to the German currency scheme of 1923 that in such suffering for the masses of German workers and middle classes.

Against the enslaving of the workers and peasants the Communist Party of France proposed:

- 1-Nationalization of banks and control of industry.
- 2-Nationalization of big capitalist monopolies such as railways, coal mines, insurance companies, etc.
- 3-Control of foreign trade.
- 4-Cancellation of foreign debts.
- 5-Equalization of wealth thru a tax on capital.
- 6-Workers' and peasant control of production and establishment of co-operatives of workers and poorer peasantry.

This program is linked with the colonial wars and is serving the purpose of exposing in a most glaring manner the collapse of the policies of the government that just fell as well as all the various bourgeois political strata of France. The demands can never be met by the capitalist government, but by popularizing them among the exploited masses the Communists effectively expose the class character of the government and arouse the deepest resentment against it.

The chaotic economic and political conditions in France create the objective conditions for great upheavals, the Bolshevik tactics of the Communist Party can be depended upon to rouse the workers thereby creating the subjective conditions that will produce a series of bitter struggles, intensifying the class conflict preparatory to the final onslaught.

Diplomats Follow Bankers

Publication of a London dispatch containing information that a consortium of international bankers in New York City anticipated the acts of the Peking customs conference dealing with Chinese tariffs, proves the Communist contention that diplomats are merely the agents of capitalist interests.

The meeting of financiers that took up among themselves the question of Chinese customs duties occurred in the offices of J. P. Morgan & company in New York on October 19, 20 and 21. The principals in attendance were Thomas W. Lamont, representing the Wall Street banking combine; R. St. Pierre, representing the French bankers; C. S. Addish, the British, and H. Kashivagi, the Japanese.

This consortium of bankers had met from time to time and had been keeping a close record of the events transpiring in China.

The fact that the consortium met in the House of Morgan has great historical and economic significance. It indicates the rise to supremacy of Morgan, since first he played a decisive role in Chinese affairs in 1913. At that time six great powers of the world were preparing to float a loan, known to history as the "Six-Power Loan." It never materialized because Morgan did not want to share with five powers the exploitation of the resources of China. He, thru his president, Woodrow Wilson, intervened and the United States withdrew from the group arranging the loan. In place of a consortium of six nations, the "open door" policy was advocated so that Morgan could throw his immense financial powers against the other national financiers.

The war and its aftermath placed the House of Morgan in the position of bankers to the whole world. Now, twelve years after the liquidation of the six-power pact, Morgan unquestionably dominates the situation.

But none should mistake the present consortium as a medium assuring peace in the Pacific. Until the Wall Street colossus holds the destinies of China in his own hands there will be strife in that part of the world. This agreement between bankers is as evanescent as was the original consortium of six nations. The now narrowed to four, the United States still strives to increase its naval power in the Pacific. The naval base of the island of Oahu is not to be abandoned. Instead it is to be made as formidable as science, architecture and modern military equipment can make it, preparatory to the time when the consortium will be reduced to two and then to one. And that one is to be Morgan if the military power can be developed to defend the financial power of Wall Street.

Conferences of banking consortiums and customs commissioners alike are preludes to war. Against this conspiracy the workers of Britain, France, Japan, China and the United States must fight with untiring energy. The only force that can defeat the sanguinary schemes of the brigands of imperialism is the proletarian revolution.

Get a member for the Workers Party and a new subscription for the DAILY WORKER!

ZEIGLER MINERS' TRIAL OPENS AT BENTON MONDAY

Farrington Machine Frames Militants

(Continued from page 1)
hoodwink the miners, the company refused to permit the assistant to enter the mine, with the result that the regular weighman declined to stay on the job because he was unable to weigh the coal correctly.

Miners Walk Out.
Thirteen hundred miners then walked out of the Bell and Zoller mine. That same evening, at a mass meeting in the park, Corbushly induced the resentful miners to return to work next morning and permit the sub-district officials to handle the case in accordance with the contract. The men returned pending this settlement.

Four days later the dispute was settled! Settled by D. B. Cobb, vice-president of the sub-district, in accordance with every detail of the demands of the company! These demands were simply that the local president, Corbushly, the vice-president, Oscar Farrington, the pit committeeman, Steve Meanovich, and the check weighman, Pete Blazin, be removed from office. Mr. Cobb complied.

Immediately, the mines were once more emptied. Not all the urgings of the deposed officials could induce the men to return. The miners demanded that their officials be replaced in office. On the second night of the "wildcat" strike, Lon Fox, president of the sub-district, came to a special meeting which he had ordered called for the purpose of electing new officers and calling off the strike. Almost 800 miners packed the hall, listened to Fox, Cobb and Babbington, a district board member, and firmly refused to elect new officers or to return to work.

Klansmen Shoot Miners.
The meeting was adjourned. In one section of the hall, as the miners were leaving, a fight started supposedly over a remark made by old Bert Farrington, who had supported the Klan up until two or three months prior to the strike. Two Wilson brothers, both known to be klansmen, struck him to the floor. Young Farrington, who was at the door, hurried to the aid of his father. A general scrap followed during which Cobb pulled a blackjack and attempted to use it. He was knocked down and the weapon taken from him.

After most of the men had left the hall, Alec Hargis an another well-known klansman and a thoroughly discredited member of the local, appeared in the doorway with a .38 automatic in his hand. Looking straight at one of the progressive and best liked miners, Mike Sarovich, he fired a shot which went thru Mike's abdomen and lodged in the hip of Hezza Hindman, a sub-district board member who was behind Sarovich.

Whitewash Murderer.
To whitewash Hargis and to frame up the local miners' officials is the purpose of the combined forces of reaction. Hargis who was found by the coroner's jury to have fired the shot that killed Mike Sarovich was completely freed by an obliging grand jury. The charge was instead fastened on Frank Corbushly who was not even in the hall when the shot was fired. The two Wilson's who started the fight and Cobb who tried to use a blackjack are set free. But 20 miners are being held for trial on the charges, made by Cobb, of assault with intent to murder, and conspiracy to murder.

To Stifle Opposition.
The aim of the Farrington-Fox machine in this frame-up is to kill off all opposition in the miners' union to the traitorous policies pursued by the machine. Thompson, Watt, Tom Parry, Joe Angelo and others are already expelled; more are slated for the same fate. The machine wants no opposition to it in the unions and at the next convention. Farrington uses cunning judgement. An honest and militant miner expelled here, another one somewhere else, and so on, with the hope that soon no one will be left to open his mouth against this infamous scoundrel and his clique.

The Zeigler frame-up is a case of honest working class fighters who are struggling against a solid bloc and under great handicaps. Thruout the county the rank and file miners have organized the Franklin County Defense Committee, with Victor Cornich of Christopher, Ill., as treasurer. They are appealing for immediate aid in the form of donations. The International Labor Defense and every progressive labor organization is cooperating with the defendants.

To "Abolish" Submarines.
BERLIN, Nov. 27.—Abolition of submarines is now advocated by Admiral Von Tirpitz, the master mind of Germany's great war time submarine campaign against the merchant ships of her enemies.

"The inviolability of private property upon the high seas is an old legal principle, and I therefore favor the abolition of submarines," said the admiral.

The endorsement of abolition of submarines by Admiral von Tirpitz was not without qualifications however, for he demands that with the submarine there must also be abolished naval blockades.

The Ladies' Garment Workers' Convention

By EARL R. BROWDER.

WHEN the special convention of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union meets Monday in Philadelphia it will be faced with problems which reflect and anticipate the problems of today and the immediate future of the entire American labor movement. For this reason it will be studied carefully by everyone with the slightest interest in the labor movement. Its results will give some measure of the maturity of the forces which carried thru the glorious battle against reaction in the New York garment market last summer.

The immediate background of the convention is the mass struggle which rallied 35,000 workers of the International Ladies' Garment Workers into open struggle for over three months against the officials of the union. Never was such a demonstration of mass sentiment seen before in American labor struggles in this movement which began by filling all the available halls in Manhattan, continued in the gigantic Yankee Stadium demonstration, overflowed them into the open-air demonstration in Madison Square, and culminated in the general demonstration of the shops. It is the power of this mass movement which forced this special convention, and it is the spirit of this movement which must be brought to expression in victory at Philadelphia.

The issues of the mass struggle last summer were clear and definite. They

centered around the betrayal of the workers' interests by the officials, especially the refusal to enforce the dressmakers' agreement against the bosses, and the surrender of the cloakmakers' demands to the governor's commission of bankers and lawyers. The mechanism by which the officials carried out the betrayal—the "rotten borough" system of representation, the arbitrary raising of dues and placing of assessments without the consent of the membership; the wholesale expulsion of Communists and left wing officials; the use of hired gangsters against the membership, etc.—became burning issues of the struggle because they flowed out of the basic surrender to the collaboration of the union officials with the bosses.

OUT of the struggle a mass left wing was born. It contains all the honest militants in the union. Its leadership and composition is a united front between the Communists, the rank and file socialists, anarchists, etc. Its backbone is the clear-cut left wing organized in the Trade Union Educational League. Its most effective fighting weapon has been the Communist Jewish Daily Freiheit. Its program is as yet incomplete and indefinite. It has yet to come to maturity. But it is one of the most promising developments in the labor movement of this country. It has immense possibilities before it. At Philadelphia it will meet its first acid test.

The task of the organized and conscious left wing of the T. U. E. L. is

to use every energy to crystallize the entire broad left and progressive bloc as definitely as possible on the basis of a program. The program of the recent National Needle Trades Conference of the T. U. E. L. provides such planks as a militant struggle against the bosses; opposition to class collaboration; for the shop delegate system; for proportional representation in joint boards and conventions; for amalgamation of the needle trades unions; for a labor party; for world trade union unity; and other fundamental planks of this nature that represent basic demands of the workers, the broad left wing can be consolidated at Philadelphia.

NOT only has this movement an opportunity to consolidate itself, ideologically and organizationally, at Philadelphia. It also has the opportunity and the duty to completely smash and eliminate from the union those black forces represented by Breslau, Sigman and Dubinsky, and to give the I. L. G. W. U. an administration based upon a fighting program for the workers in the industry.

Philadelphia is the battleground on which will be tested the new army of progress in the I. L. G. W. U. With complete solidarity based upon the program hammered out in the struggle of the past year, with uncompromising militancy, with flexible and realistic leadership, the left wing and progressive bloc can make Philadelphia a historic landmark in the progress of the American labor movement.

The Workers' Party

CLEVELAND W. P. WINS IN FREE SPEECH FIGHT

Judge Dismisses Case Against Benjamin

Cleveland, O. (By Mail).—After several unsuccessful attempts to frame a case that would justify the recent arrests of party members in this city, police were today forced to dismiss the case against Herbert Benjamin, district organizational secretary and admit that he was justified in resisting the arbitrary orders to cease distributing leaflets on the street.

Comrade Benjamin was arrested on Oct. 30 when he refused to obey orders of local police to quit distributing the party's program in the local elections. He was offered a release at the time of the arrest providing he would sign a waiver. This he refused to do, insisting that if the party is to be prevented from distributing our literature it would take more than an arbitrary order by police, which can be enforced or not as they see fit. In dismissing the case against Comrade Benjamin, Judge Corlett took occasion to express his anger that it was impossible for him to find a law that would at the same time prevent the dissemination of Communist literature without interfering with those politicians whose views he shares.

Only Party to Offer Program
This is the third time that Comrade Benjamin appeared before the same judge on the charge of distributing leaflets. On the occasion of a previous appearance Comrade Benjamin pointed out that the program which he distributed and for which he was arrested was the only program that had been offered by any party in this election and that the candidates in the local elections had sought votes by means of "red fire campaign and hired clowns, who sang silly songs." Judge Corlett admitted that this was not an intelligent way to appeal to voters. To which Benjamin replied by pointing out that these politicians were not lodged in the jail or dragged into court to be lectured to.

With the discharge of the case against Benjamin and the admission of Police Commissioner Barry that the arrest of Benjamin while speaking on the public square against the murderous Horthy regime, was unjustified, the police has been forced to abandon their effort to intimidate and harass Workers Party members.

The outcome of these cases will encourage party members everywhere in the district to resist the attempts to curtail the rights which they are supposed to have according to the boasts of the champions of American democracy.

The district executive committee will now more energetically than before prosecute the fight for the right to meet and speak in the cities like Belleaire where our meetings have been interfered with.

Profited Thru Bankruptcy.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The special house committee which has been investigating charges that Federal Judge G. W. English, of the eastern district of Illinois, "profited in bankruptcy cases before his court, will resume sessions here next Tuesday, Rep. Boles of Iowa, chairman, announced.

CLEVELAND NOTES

Work Among Women.
Cleveland, Nov. 29.—The last party convention, acting on the instruction of the Communist International, decided to make work among women one of the important departments of the party work.

With this in view the district executive committee of district 6 is calling a meeting of women members of Cleveland for discussion of ways and means for starting work among women in this city. Attendance of women comrades is compulsory. But work among women does not signify work only by women among women. The men members of the party are also invited to attend the meeting. It will be held at the district office, 5927 Euclid ave., on Sunday, Dec. 6 at 2:30 p. m.

PHILADELPHIA NOTES

Open Forum Begins Sunday
Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 27.—At last the long awaited Communist Open Forum is here. William F. Dunne, of Chicago, will be here to address the first forum on Sunday 29th at 8 P. M. The subject: "The Swing to the Left in the American Labor Movement", is quite appropriate as it comes immediately after the furriers' convention and on the eve of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union convention which opens on the following day in Philadelphia. The forum will meet regularly every Sunday at Grand Fraternity Hall, 1628 Arch st. at 8 p. m. sharp. Admission free.

NEW YORK NOTES

Important Meeting Monday.
New York, Nov. 27.—Meeting of all party fraction secretaries and branch industrial organizers on Monday, Nov. 30, 108 E. 14th Street.
Bert Miller, Industrial Organizer.

Read—Write—distribute THE DAILY WORKER.

The Hanging Question in the Colonies



CHINA MOROCCO INDIA

Booze-Running Co. Catalogues Grafting Volstead Act Enforcers

Despite all precautions that prohibition enforcement administrator, E. C. Yellowley of the Chicago district was able to take to keep the fact that a black book, containing the names of all prohibition enforcement officials and classified as to whether they could be "seen" or not, was taken in the raids on the establishment of J. B. Scheure & Co., 17 Austin Avenue, has leaked out much to the anger of the director.

In this black book, part of which is in code, are the names of the different enforcement officers and information as to whether they could be "seen" and by whom.

The book also contained the different traffic routes over which it was "cheapest" and best to send their shipments of booze. In this section the names of the different enforcement officials and their "scale of prices" was listed as well as the "trustworthy" drivers and workers on the roads and express lines.

During the raid on the warehouse one of the members of the local bureau was found in the building. A vault, which it is expected will contain pre-Volstead spirits bore a seal of the internal revenue department and "legal difficulties" kept the prohibition squad from opening the safe.

This warehouse, in which thousands of gallons of spirits of all kinds were found, was directly across from the Chicago criminal courts building and has been in business quite some time.

Fire in Laboratory.

Damage of \$100,000 was caused by fire, fed by exploding chemicals, today in the \$1,000,000 plant of the Abbott Laboratories at North Chicago. The flames were placed under control after apparatus from nearby towns had joined the north Chicago firemen and prevented the fire from spreading after two buildings had been attacked.

A checkup showed all employees safe. The only casualty was Edward Lindgren, a former Waukegan City fireman, who was overcome by chemical gases before gas masks were distributed to the fire fighters. His condition is not serious.

SHOP NUCLEUS TRAINING CLASS THURSDAY NIGHT

Also Four Other Classes at N. Y. Workers' School

New York, Nov. 23.—Perhaps the most important course of the five at the Workers' School is the Fundamentals of Leninism (Shop Nucleus Training Course), instructor, Jack Stachel. This course will train one worker of each shop nucleus, preferably the organizer, to lead political discussions in his shop nucleus. The shop nucleus will select the comrade to take the training course, exact attendance from him and pay his fee. The course will combine the "Fundamentals of Leninism" and "Party Organizational Problems", the outline being approximately as follows:

1. Capitalist wage slavery—The system under which we live.
2. Imperialism, present dominant form of capitalism—The last stage of capitalism.
3. The breach in the imperialist front and the epoch of social revolution.
4. The Communist order of society—The abolition of the contradictions of capitalism and the emancipation of the workers.
5. The dictatorship of the proletariat—The unavoidable pre-requisite of the struggle for Communism.
6. Proletarian dictatorship and the allies of the revolution—Colonies and the peasantry.
7. International party of the proletariat—The road to the dictatorship of the proletariat.
8. The party and the masses.
9. Structure and organizational problems of the party—Shop nuclei, street nuclei, shop committees, etc.
10. Special campaigns of the party—Electoral campaigns, Soviet Russia, recruiting campaigns, Communist press.
11. The work of the shop nucleus,
 - a. Work of the different officers.
 - b. The shop paper.
 - c. Legal and illegal methods.
 - d. How the nucleus brings the party into the shops.
 - e. How the nucleus mobilizes the masses for the party campaigns.
12. Problems of Bolshevization.

In addition to meeting the needs of our educational work in line with the party's program of Bolshevization, the "Shop Nucleus Training Course" will also serve to maintain a steady personal contact with each of the shop nuclei thru its best representative—the one chosen by the nucleus to take the course and be the leader in the nuclei educational work. The nucleus members will therefore have a direct means of bringing any special problems in the shop directly to the attention of the party higher committees for solution. Thus the shop nucleus training course will help in the function of the nuclei.

Marxian Economics, instructor, J. Mindel, will take up the different schools of economics and then consider the fundamental elements of Marxian economics. This course is preparatory to a second course in the Economics of the Era of Financial Capital and Monopoly. It takes up all the classic concepts of Marxian economics. An interesting feature, seldom or never treated in a course in Marxian economics in the United States, is the study of the concentration of capital in agriculture and the general economics of the agrarian problem.

The Fundamentals of Communism, instructor, Geo. Siskind, is a course particularly designed for new entrants into the party and those who may have been in the party for many years but not had the time to get a fundamental training. The second section of the course includes such topics as: the dictatorship of the proletariat, society under Communism, relation to the party, to its leaders and to the masses, relation to socialist and bourgeois revolutions, etc.

Class in Russian Language
The Russian Language Course is also announced. The purpose of the course is to train a selected group to read certain literature in Russian which is not available in other languages.

Finally, there will begin a course entitled: The Social Interpretation of Modern Literature, instructor, Ell B. Jacobson. This course aims to provide critical survey of the most important works in modern literature, analysing their special significance and attempting to estimate them from a Communist viewpoint. The novel, drama, essay and poetry of America and the major European countries in modern times will be considered. Among authors to be taken up are:

- a. United States: Sinclair Lewis, Carl Sandburg, Sherwood Anderson, Theo. Dreiser, Floyd Dell, etc.
- b. England: Shaw, Galsworthy, D. H. Lawrence, Wilde, etc.
- c. Russia: Tolstoy, Dostoyevsky, Turgenev, Andreyev, Gorki, Chekhov, Alexander Blok, Demyan, Redny, Mayakovsky, Lebedinsky.
- d. Scandinavian: Ibsen, Bjornson, Strindberg, Hamsun.
- e. France: Anatole France, Romain Rolland, Henri Barbusse.
- f. Germany: Franz Werfel, Ernst Toller, T. Mann, Wasserman, Schnitzler, Hauptmann.