

NEED U. S. LOAN TO SAVE POLISH TERROR

FIGHT FOR THE MINERS' BEST INTEREST AND YOU'RE A 'RED' TO ANTHRACITE UNION BOSSES

By WILLIAM F. DUNNE. ARTICLE VIII.

HAZLETON, Pa., Nov. 20.—Rough is the road that one travels in the anthracite who has had the epithet "radical" attached to him. The distinction can be achieved in many ways but with no more certainly than by the method of insisting, if one is a mine committeeman, that the provisions of the agreement relating to pay for extra work be lived up to by the operators at all costs. Once branded as a "radical" or "red," in the latest manner of describing undesirables, the miner, if not acutely denied any kind of a job, is forced to take the poorest places in the mine and has to move from one mine to another with the jobs becoming ever of shorter duration. The tendency of most committeemen, in the face of the fierce opposition of the operator's representative

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

THE Chicago Tribune carried a front page story last Thursday, informing the public that Mussolini addressed the chamber of deputies in Rome and informed that respectable body that it had no more to do but twiddle its thumbs and take a permanent holiday. The galleries applauded, we are told, and even the deputies upon whom the sentence of political death was pronounced, cheered the dictator to the echo. The story occupied almost a column, the remainder being taken up with a little bulletin in black face type, announcing that the House of Morgan had granted a \$100,000,000 loan to Mussolini. This will enable Benito to put thru his latest edict, which completely disposes of whatever little was left of parliamentary government.

THIS is a dictatorship with a vengeance! The great majority of those who read the capitalist press may not understand why the millionaire-controlled government of the United States was so generous in its settlement of the war debt with the Italian government while it hagled like a junk peddler with France. It is common knowledge that the financial situation in Italy was approaching a debacle at the time Mussolini's representatives came to Washington. The alleged plot against the life of Mussolini was merely a dodge on the part of the fascists to create popular sentiment in their favor until they succeeded in averting the crisis with the aid of American dollars. Needless to say there was no plot, but the fiction gave Mussolini the necessary excuse to deliver crushing blows to the opposition.

THE fascist dictatorship, with its futile program for the abolition of the class struggle under capitalism, a dictatorship of the few over the many makes no pretense of showing respect to what our hypocritical scribes call the "Anglo-Saxon ideal of government." Yet the very same press that suffers apopleptic fits over the rule of the workers and peasants in Russia looks benignly at Mussolini's bloody reign of terror. They may not like Mussolini's methods but they are

ANTHRACITE OPERATORS AGAIN REFUSE TO GIVE STRIKERS WAGE RAISE

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—Anthracite operators still refuse to grant the demands of the striking 150,000 miners of hard coal, say the operators. It was made apparent today that this is the sentiment of members of the policy committee of the anthracite operators' association, who held a secret meeting here at which the general strike situation was discussed. The session was presided over by Samuel D. Warriner, president of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company. All but a few members were present.

AMERICA SHOWS ITS FRIENDSHIP FOR CHINA; TWO DEAD, NINE HURT

PEKING, China, Nov. 20.—The American legation here today received a note from the Chinese foreign office protesting against the sinking near Chukung of junk laden with Chinese troops by the American steamer, Meljen, and the killing of two soldiers and wounding nine others by the American naval guard aboard the vessel. The junk was sunk by a backwash from the Meijen, the note stated, after the steamer had ignored frantic signals from the Chinese calling upon her to stop. The naval guard then opened fire on the soldiery, it was added.

AGED WIDOW WITH FIVE CHILDREN SENT TO JAIL FOR STEALING PALTRY SUM

BEDFORD, England, Nov. 20.—Dagmar Campion, aged fifty, the widowed mother of five children was arraigned in court here on charges of stealing goods valued at \$3.25. It was her first offense but she was sentenced to a month's hard labor.

SILK STRIKERS INSIST UPON FULL DEMANDS

Mill Owners Threaten to Move Mills

(Special to The Daily Worker) NORTH BERGEN, N. J., Nov. 20.—Owners of the Hillcrest Silk Mills announce that they intend to move their mills to North Carolina because of failure to beat the strikers into acceptance of the multiple loom system. A strike has been going on for a month, with the workers standing firmly against the proposed introduction of the three- and four-loom system. The threat to move is an old hoax that is always used in silk strikes, following the example of the Patterson silk mill owners who always threaten to move when they cannot beat the strikers. But the Patterson mills are still where they were. The gesture is made in order to align the petty bourgeois, store keepers, professionals, boot-leggers, and others on the side of the mill owners. Priest Horns in.

Leonard Bi zetti, a priest of the Roman catholic church of our lady of Libera, called a conference of the owners and the strike leaders to try to befuddle the workers into accepting the bosses terms. Albert Weisbord, leader of the strikers who has been arrested twice in the struggle on charges of "disorderly conduct" and is out on bail while the jail sentences imposed upon him are being appealed to higher courts, was the chief spokesman for the strikers at the conference called by the priest.

The priest, while defending the interests of the manufacturers, tried to cloak his real mission by telling the strike leaders that many of the strikers were suffering and for that reason he intervened to end the strike. This is a typical Jesuit attempt to endeavor to create dissension in the ranks of the strikers, some of whom are still under the illusions of religious superstition.

They should tell this priest that the question of conditions in the mills, hours and wages of the workers are something entirely aside from his speciality and that he should confine himself to his business and leave the strikers settle their own affairs with the bosses.

Won't Yield to Bosses. The employers offered \$35 per week for men on the basis of individual contracts but insisted upon the multiple loom system. The proposals were presented to a mass meeting of the strikers yesterday and they unanimously refused to consider it, rejecting it by an overwhelming vote. When the rejection was reported, the owners said they would deal no further with the strikers and would remove the mills.

These threats to move mills, and their occasional actual removal, are possible because of the unorganized condition of the textile industry. Where organized at all the unions are merely of a local character and there has not yet been created an organization capable of uniting the shreds of organization. The challenge or removals can be met in but one manner—the amalgamation of the scattered unions into one body, forming the basis for a powerful drive to unionize the whole textile industry of this country.

Ukrainian Student "Disappears" After Beating by Police

WARSAW, (L. R. A.), Nov. 20.—There is as yet no news of a Ukrainian student, Vasil Kostinika, recently arrested by the Lvov secret police. Kostinika's disappearance evoked a great sensation in the circles of the Lvov barristers, who questioned the ministry of justice about the unheard of thrashing of Kostinika at a Lvov police station. He was beaten on his heels so strongly that for several weeks he was unable to walk.

ELEVEN DAYS ENDS I. W. W. CONVENTION

Few Delegates Enact New Measures

The 17th general convention of the Industrial Workers of the World closed yesterday, according to statements given out at the headquarters. The convention began on Nov. 9, and has lasted eleven days. It began with twelve delegates, unseated one, Warren Lamson of the small industrial unions, seated another, Carl Schultes of the Marine Transport Workers, and ended in almost record time for an I. W. W. convention. Last year's convention lasted three weeks.

Sliding Scale Goes Thru.

Among the various actions of the convention the most progressive was the adoption of the "sliding scale" allowing industrial unions to set their limitations and dues within certain limits, to conform with the conditions of the industry and circumstance; also the removal of the clause limiting officials' tenure of office to one year. All this goes to referendum of the members, but only a small percentage ever votes.

The convention refused to send delegates to any international of unions, since it considers the I. W. W. an international in opposition to all others and instructed the incoming general executive board to call a conference of all "administrations" and foreign sections of the I. W. W. to integrate it internationally. The convention, however, reaffirmed the action of the 1922 convention which was never obeyed, instructing the officials to begin and maintain friendly correspondence with all international labor bodies.

A "Friendly" Split.

Mincoff, one of the anarchistic delegates who made this motion, held that the Berlin anarchist international was "close to the I. W. W." in spite of the Berlin group having attacked the I. W. W. and embraced the emergency program split as an affiliated section. Just how "friendly correspondence" is to be maintained with a group that is splitting the I. W. W. was not explained.

Counterfeiters at Work.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Nov. 20.—A gang of international counterfeiters have been found in Bulgaria with plates for counterfeiting 5,000 leva Bulgarian notes and \$100 United States gold certificates. In the gang that was arrested, five of them were employed in the state printing establishment.

CHICAGO I. L. D. TO STAGE BIG MEETING DEC. 5

Holly, Minor and Mann to be Speakers

Local Chicago International Labor Defense has called a mass meeting for Friday, December 4, at the West Side Auditorium, corner Racine and Taylor Sts., to protest against the imprisonment of Anita Whitney, of California, and Ben Gitlow of New York, convicted under the state criminal syndicalism laws. Speakers will be Wm. H. Holly, Robert Minor and Fred Mann. All labor organizations are being asked to participate. Anita Whitney was convicted under the California criminal syndicalism law for a speech delivered in 1920. Her appeal carried to the United States supreme court, was recently denied, one court refusing jurisdiction.

Benjamin Gitlow was indicted with a number of others in 1919 for his connection with the left wing of the socialist party. Tried and convicted in 1920. He spent over two years in prison while his appeal was pending before he was admitted to bail. In July, 1925, the supreme court finally denied his appeal and sustained the constitutionality of the New York criminal anarchy law, Justice Holmes and Brandeis dissenting. On November 10 Gitlow returned to Sing Sing. Unless his release is forced by mass protests, he will have to serve the balance of his sentence from five to ten years.

NEW YORK INTERNATIONAL LABOR DEFENSE ARRANGES DEMONSTRATION TO PROTEST GITLOW IMPRISONMENT

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—A protest demonstration against the imprisonment of Benjamin Gitlow is being arranged by the International Labor Defense, New York section on Tuesday, November 24, at Webster Hall, 119 East 11th street, at 8 p. m.

Comrade Gitlow was sentenced to a term of from 5 to 10 years for a violation of the New York criminal syndicalist law in the court of Judge Weeks in New York City, January, 1920. This verdict was later upheld by state supreme court and finally by the United States supreme court. He was first released after 27 months behind bars and must now serve the unexpired portion of his term.

The International Labor Defense is conducting a campaign for the release of Comrade Gitlow. A resolution is now being sent out to all unions in New York City for their adoption, by the International Labor Defense, showing up the nature of the persecution and calling for his immediate release.

The International Labor Defense has called upon all workers' organizations to join in this protest meeting.

Remember, November 24, at Webster Hall! Come out and protest!

DEMONSTRATION TURNS INTO A CELEBRATION

N. Y. Workers Sing at Horthy Defeat

NEW YORK CITY, Nov. 20.—Yesterday morning the largest group hitherto gathered for the purpose of demonstrating against the court martialing of Comrade Rakosi and the other Hungarian comrades by the American-owned Horthy government, met to march upon the Hungarian consulate in New York City, prepared to picket with appropriate slogans and demand the release of our comrades.

Just a few moments before the demonstration was to have begun, Comrade Rose Baron, secretary of the International Labor Defense, New York section, received the following cable:

"BERLIN, Germany. After two days proceeding, court martial declared itself incompetent. World protest of workmen triumphed."

Comrade Baron called together the demonstrators who packed the hall and stood outside the doors eagerly waiting for instructions to proceed. There were some older workers but most of them were young men and women between the ages of twenty and thirty, who had sacrificed their day's work to picket the Hungarian consulate.

She read them the cable, whereupon the crowd broke into song. It was the "Internationale," and expressed their own feeling of triumph that their previous demonstrations and the demonstrations of workers thru all other countries had helped to save the lives of their comrades.

The demonstrators disbanded after pledging themselves to stand ready at any moment—a standing army, they called themselves—to leave their work benches and their shops at the call of the International Labor Defense to demonstrate against the white terror in whichever country it might manifest itself.

RED INTERNATIONAL CALLS ON ITS SECTIONS TO AID CHINESE AND JAPANESE TRADE UNIONISTS

MOSCOW.—(By Mail).—Upon the return of the Red International of Labor Union's delegation from China and Japan and learning of the progress that has been made by the Chinese and Japanese workers towards organization on the industrial field and having heard of the persecutions which the workers of these two nations are subjected to, the Red International of Labor Unions calls on all its section in the following declaration to take up the matter of direct connections with these unions and aid them in their fight:

"The delegation of the Red International of Labor Unions recently returned from China and Japan, and the Central Council of Soviet Unions referred in their report to the considerable growth and the political maturity of the Chinese trade union movement which is completely at one with the Red International of Labor Unions. At the same time the delegation put us into possession of a number of facts which convince us that the imperialists and a certain section of the Chinese bourgeoisie are striving to suppress the growing workers' movement in the country.

Make Connections. "The Executive Bureau of the Red International of Labor Unions is of the opinion that the direct connection established between the Soviet Unions and those of China is a great step forwards on the way to winning (Continued on page 2)

HEAD OF POLISH DIET TRIES TO FORM CABINET

Financial Crisis Forces Government Failure

(Special to The Daily Worker) WARSAW, Poland, Nov. 20.—Following the failure of the foreign minister, M. Skrzynski, to form a cabinet, Maciej Rataj, president of the diet has been called upon to form a cabinet, following the resignation of the Grabski cabinet. It is declared that only a Wall Street loan can save Poland. Unable To Solve Crisis.

The inability of the Grabski government of Poland to solve the financial crisis which has forced the Polish mark to fall to unprecedented low levels and has forced a number of the largest banks of Poland to the wall caused the cabinet to resign. The inability of the Grabski government to cope with the financial situation was recognized a month ago when the Grabski government continued to remain in power awaiting the ending of the Locarno peace pact and the negotiation of some agreement between the allied powers of Poland which they hoped would stabilize their currency.

The problem that confronts the present head of the diet will be one of choosing a cabinet not out of a majority party in the diet, as there are 10 separate parties in the diet, but choosing a coalition cabinet that will be able to represent the dominant (Continued on page 2)

BRITISH RAILROADERS MAY MAKE MUSSOLINI WALK OR STAY HOME

LONDON, Nov. 20.—British trade unionists are likely to give Mussolini a warm reception if he persists in visiting England to sign the Locarno treaties, as he is scheduled to do.

John Bromley, secretary of the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen declares that the railroad workers are quite likely to refuse to move Benito and his fascist cohorts, if they come.

"Our union," says Bromley, "has not yet considered the matter, but it would not surprise me if some of our members refused to work on a train carrying this dictator. If the volume of murmurings increases, our executive committee may have to consider the question officially."

LEFT WINGERS OF THE I.L.G.W. TO AID GITLOW

All Prisoners Pledged Help of Victors

Triumphant left wingers of the International Ladies' Garment Workers Union have not forgotten the persecution of class war prisoners in their joy at the victory over the reactionary leaders of the union.

At the recent banquet of I. L. G. W. members in Chicago, attended by well over 200, one in the audience arose and moved that those in charge of the banquet should draft a resolution demanding the release of Ben Gitlow and all other prisoners of the class war. This was done and a ringing resolution, pledging the support of the garment workers to all imprisoned fighters and the carrying on of the struggle to abolish capitalist society was passed unanimously.

The banquet was held to celebrate the election of left wing delegates to the coming Philadelphia convention of the I. L. G. W. Many left wing leaders spoke, and the applause for the victory lasted for ten minutes, the victory of the policy of class struggle over the policy of class collaboration.

Greetings from the Freiheit, The DAILY WORKER and the Trade Union Educational League were received with enthusiastic applause.

After Comrade Steinberg, manager of the Freiheit had spoken, a rank and file moved to raise a collection in the audience for the Freiheit. About \$100 was collected. The meeting was the most joyful gathering of Chicago's garment workers in many a day.

Coolidge Says American People Sorry for Queen; Does Not Speak for Us

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—President Coolidge today sent the following expression of regret over the serious illness of Queen Alexandra of England, to King George. "I learn with deepest regret of the critical illness of your majesty's beloved mother, Queen Alexandra and hasten to express the fervent hope, in which the people of the United States wholeheartedly share, that your majesty's anxiety, may soon be relieved by her complete recovery."

CHINA FORCES IMPERIALISTS TO SURRENDER

Meanwhile Feng Whips Chang Into Manchuria

(Special to The Daily Worker)
PEKING, Nov. 20.—What virtually amounts to unconditional tariff autonomy has been forced out of the imperialist powers by China, according to the interpretation of a plan accepted by a sub-committee of the committee on provisional measures of the customs conference. Two declarations are to be part of the treaty.

The first declaration is that the other powers recognize China's right to tariff autonomy and to agree to remove all restrictions contained in the existing treaties and agree to abide by the Chinese national tariff laws becoming effective on January 1, 1929. The second declaration is that of China, who agrees to abolish the internal tax on traffic in goods between provinces. This also is effective in 1929.

The foreign delegates were compelled to agree to the two proposals when the chief Chinese delegate threatened to resign and break up the conference.

It seems that Chang Tso-lin has agreed to remove his troops to Manchuria. General Feng is in control and the beaten troops of Chang are retreating from Shantung and southern Chihli.

Building Trades Bosses to Resist Shorter Work Week and Wage Increase

At a one-day conference which the National Association of Building Trades Employers held in the Congress Hotel, the building trades employers from many of the largest cities in the United States met and discussed ways and means of resisting attempts of building trades workers to obtain an increase in wages.

At this gathering of employers, many of whom are bitter open-shoppers, a resolution was adopted in which it condemned the 40-hour week of 5 days and declared it would oppose all attempts on the part of the union workers to shorten the work-week.

The conference also adopted a resolution which it urged that the contractors do all in their power to interest more of the American youth in taking up the building trades and laid plans by means of which they intend to create a surplus of skilled workers and in that manner smash the unions.

Most of the resolutions introduced to this convention of building trades employers was introduced by the open shop section of the employers in Chicago.

Red International Urges Support of Oriental Labor

(Continued from page one)
the Chinese proletariat for participation in the international movement of the world proletariat.

"The Executive Bureau requests all affiliated organizations to take up direct connections with the Chinese Trade Union Federation in Canton and to do everything possible to prepare the proletariat for an active campaign of support for the young Chinese trade union movement.

Japanese Workers Persecuted.
"In Japan the delegation was greeted with enthusiasm by all workers. And for this the Japanese workers were persecuted, hundreds were arrested and brutally beaten and submitted to the barbarity of the Japanese police. The aim of this was to prevent any fraternization between the trade unions of Russia and those of Japan. The Executive Bureau sends fraternal greetings to the Japanese workers and requests all affiliated organizations to protest against the insolent police regime in Japan.

"Long live the Chinese Trade Union Federation!
"Down with imperialism!
"Long live the Japanese proletariat!
"Down with the police regime of the Japanese capitalists!"

Four Coalminers Killed in Explosion

MADISONVILLE, Ky., Nov. 20.—Four miners were killed and one was entombed in a shaft mine of the Finley Coal company in an explosion in the mine. Of the seven miners at work, two escaped without injuries. The explosion was caused by a spark touching off a gas pocket in the mine.

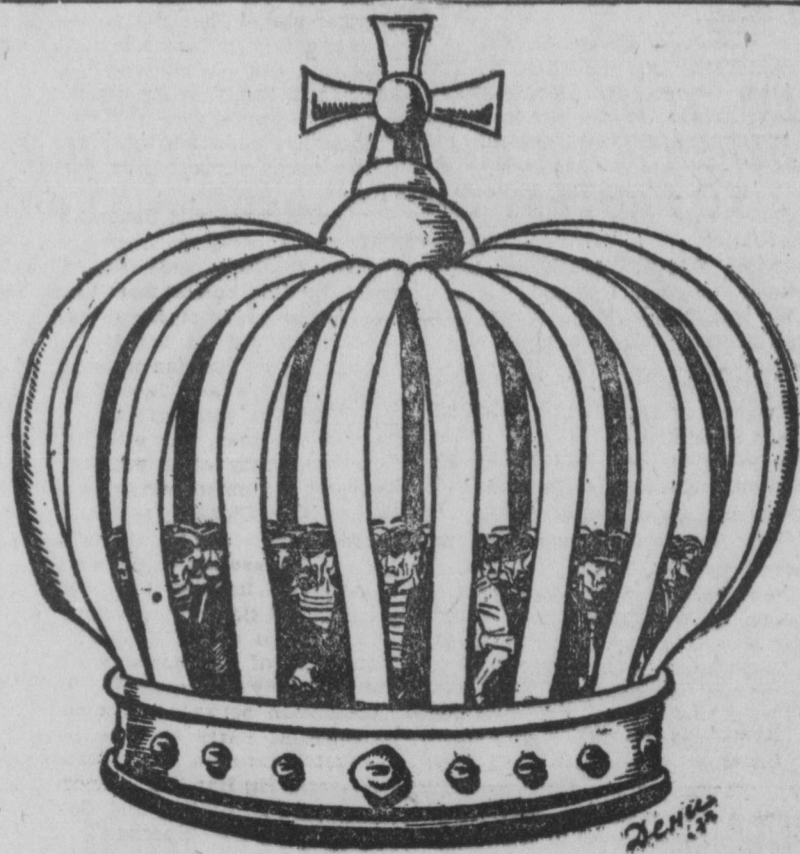
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MINNEAPOLIS CAPMAKERS' FOURTEEN-WEEK STRIKE AGAINST ALCO CAP COMPANY ENDS IN UNION VICTORY

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 20.—The fourteen-week strike at the Alco Cap company has ended in a victory for the striking capmakers. All capmakers are returning to work under union conditions.

The Crown of England's King



By Deni, Moscow Pravda.

Trying to hold 12 Communists in prison.

SHENANDOAH COURT OF INQUIRY WHITEWASHES SECRETARY OF NAVY WILBUR'S TOOL, CAPTAIN FOLEY

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The Shenandoah board of inquiry has officially exonerated Captain Paul Foley and will not investigate the charge made by the widow of the late commander of the Shenandoah, Zachary Lansdowne. This action of the board in exonerating its judge advocate and refusing to investigate the charge is an attempt on the part of the court to hide the part that Secretary of the Navy Wilbur played in the whitewashing investigation of the disaster.

Mrs. Margaret Lansdowne, the widow of the commander who lost his life in the wreck, showed that the trip of the Shenandoah was ordered over the protest of her husband and that Secretary of the Navy Wilbur did all he could to hide the fact that this trip was nothing more than a political stunt on the part of the naval authorities.

With the refusal of the court to investigate the disaster and with its exonerating of Foley, one of the phases of the court-martial of Col. William Mitchell, tool of the airplane interests in the United States, which threatened to give the American workers a peep behind the curtains in the navy department and see how the navy heads sacrificed hundreds of young men in order to gratify their political ambitions and to create military advertising, has been covered up. The American workers have been denied the privilege of finding out why Wilbur was so insistent that the widow testify before the board of inquiry, according to the wishes of the navy department.

In the exonerating of Captain Foley, the board disclosed how the navy and military authorities have been able to cover up and whitewash many incidents, by stating that the judge advocate of a board of inquiry has the right to question any witness to see if the testimony is "germane" to the issue involved.

Workers Interested in British Trial of Twelve Communists

(Continued from page 1)
ment prepared by the government to prove that the Communists were being financed by Moscow and that their intention was the creation of a state of civil war in England and that this was all being done in "accordance with teachings of Lenin."

Dicks Plied Letters.
It developed at the trial in the Old Bailey that Scotland Yard has been plying the letters being sent to the Communist Party and the arrested defendants. The Scotland Yard detective testified attempted to hide the part that the Yard's detectives had played in opening the letters and plying them, claiming that it was the postal authorities and not Scotland Yard.

Quashes Fascist Case.
The class character of English justice can be easily seen from the method in which the four national fascists who had stolen a van loaded with conservative London Daily Herald had destroyed the papers, admitted their guilt and three of them were released by the court on "good behavior" and one was sent to prison for a short period when he was unable to pay a fine of twenty pounds sterling imposed for carrying a revolver. The case was abandoned and the same prosecutor who is now so insistent on sending the Communists to jail, was the one who was instrumental in quashing the case against the anti-labor fascists.

If you want to thoroughly understand Communism—study it.

PERUVIAN LABOR WINS STRIKE TO OUST FASCISTI

Threat of General Strike Did Work

By OCTAVIO VARGA MONTJOY
LIMA, Peru, Nov. 1.—(By Mail)—The last month has seen a number of incidents in the Peruvian labor movement which will interest the readers of The DAILY WORKER.

In Lima are several textile factories employing many thousands of weavers. One day the owner of one of the factories, imported 50 Italian fascists to work in his mill, with the definite purpose of using them to destroy the organization of the workers. You Come—We Go!

The day the fascists came to work, all the Peruvian workers struck. The boss had paid the passage money for the fascists from Italy, also an advance on wages. So to keep from having this a total loss the boss refused to discharge the scabby fascists.

The whole group of trade unions of the city protested, declaring that if the fascists were not sent back to Italy, all Lima workers would join the strike. This caused the minister of labor to intervene, who decreed that the boss send the fascists back to Italy and pay a fine of \$500 to the Textile Union. The fine was paid, the fascists fired and the strike was won.

Persecution.
In Huacho there has been some persecution of the workers, because they staged a big demonstration against the law which conscripts all Peruvians to work several days for the government. Comrade Pizarro was beaten with whips by an army officer, Sergeant-Major Ovalle.

The Peruvian poet Jose Santos Chocano, whose is as great a prostitute as he is a poet and utterly reactionary, picked a quarrel with Edwin Elmore because the latter upheld the ideas of Vasconcelos (Mexican). This poet is a bitter enemy of the working class and Communism.

Need Wall Street Gold to Save Rule of Terror in Poland

(Continued from page 1)
nant element in Polish society, the landlord class.

Need Foreign Assistance.
Regardless of whether they are able to form a cabinet or not, declares the Moscow Pravda in commenting on the financial situation of Poland, the present Polish crisis cannot be solved by parliamentary combinations, because the numerous political parties make a majority vote impossible. The only hope that Poland has rests on the possibility of obtaining a loan from the United States.

Pilsudski Dictatorship.
Regarding the threatened attempt of General Pilsudski, the same issue of the Pravda shows that it will be impossible for this general to accomplish his end as he has not the confidence of the conservative Polish parties. In order to accomplish his ends, the Pravda further asserts he must have the backing of the army, and especially the officers of the army, and this is impossible as the majority of the generals of the army are Austrians and supporters of the conservative Polish political parties.

France Wants Terms Similar to those Given in Italian Settlement

PARIS, Nov. 20.—The Painleve government has instructed Ambassador Daeschner in Washington to sound out the American government as to its readiness to settle the French debt upon a basis similar to the Italian settlement, it was reported here today.

Austrian Young Workers Delegates Leave Russia After One Month's Stay

LENINGRAD, (Tass) (By Mail)—The delegation of Austrian young workers having left here for Vienna has issued a long declaration saying that it has been for about one month in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and visited factories, workshops, schools, "houses of rest for workers," "houses for children," clubs and prisons. After a detailed investigation, the delegation came to the unanimous conclusion that the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is a real proletarian state where the laboring masses keep power firmly in their own hands.

The delegation further remarked: "We, young workmen from the reactionary and capitalistic Austria, were surprised at the great social achievement in your country protecting interests of the working class."
"Proletarians of other countries must know that the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is a rampart of the working class of the whole world. After our visit, we feel it as our duty to declare to all workers of the world: 'Extend your brotherly hands to the proletarians of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.'"

Read—Write—distribute THE DAILY WORKER.

Attempt to Whitewash Some False "Friends" of "The Amalgamated"

By J. LOUIS ENGDALH.

TODAY, more than at any time in the past, it is absolutely necessary that the rank and file of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union of America take an accounting and find out just where it is at. An administration that resorts to deliberate misrepresentation in order to secure its ends, needs careful watching. It is intended here to comment only on several paragraphs appearing in the report of the settlement of the strike against the International Tailoring Co. and the J. L. Taylor & Co., that appeared in the union's official organ, The Advance, on Friday, Nov. 13th.

Strike settlements, like many other occasions for jubilation, are attended with an untold amount of "you scratch my back and I'll scratch yours," among the officials of labor. The ending of this 19-weeks' struggle was no exception. In fact, it was carried to ridiculous and deliberately misleading extremes that should receive the quick and just rebuke of the union's membership.

Instead of using the enthusiasm, incident upon the ending of the strike, to build for bigger victories in the future, the officials used it to hide the real terms of the settlement and thus undermine the morale of the union.

Thus, The Advance, after stating that the strikers in New York City and Chicago received the active support of the union's organizations in Rochester, Cleveland and other centers, this is tacked on:

"The Chicago Federation of Labor, and the Tri-Cities Organized Labor Movement also came nobly to our support and rendered invaluable aid."

And in another place:
"In the Chicago Federation of Labor circles the news of the outcome of our strike against the International has been received as a victory for the entire labor movement. It was pointed out that the Amalgamated has definitely established the validity of the anti-injunction law in Illinois, with this strike."

If by "the Chicago Federation of Labor" and the "Tri-Cities Organized Labor Movement" is meant the membership of labor in these two centers, then the report is approximately correct. It was the militancy of the membership that forced the Chicago Federation of Labor at first into a sympathetic stand on the side of "The Amalgamated." But the report in The Advance is not intended as a tribute to those who made the fight in the Chicago Federation of Labor. It is a clumsy attempt to cover up the treason of the officials of the Chicago Federation of Labor, especially of President John Fitzpatrick and Secretary Edward N. Nockels, to the 35,000 members of "The Amalgamated," in meekly acquiescing in the demand of President William Green, of the American Federation of Labor, that "The Amalgamated" be considered in this struggle as "a dual and seceding organization"; that the strike-breaking United Garment Workers of America, that was pouring scabs into the struck plants, be considered the regular and recognized organization. The fight that was made in the Chicago Federation of Labor had to be made against the officialdom, especially against Fitzpatrick, who declared, in the meeting of Sunday, August 2nd, when the strike was in a crucial stage:

"We will continue to obey the orders of the American Federation of Labor and to follow its policy no matter where that policy may lead us."

The policy of the A. F. of L., in this strike, resulted in the use of an organization without any membership—the United Garment Workers of America—as a strike-breaking outfit, and Fitzpatrick's acquiescence in that policy, tended to draw the Chicago Federation of Labor into the same scabbing role. This was only obviated by the settlement of the strike that eliminates the United Garment Workers as an anti-working class influence in New York City and Chicago.

The fight for the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, as the recognized union in the men's clothing industry, will go on. It will be made, with other struggles, by those members whose arguments the officials seek to silence with guns and blackjacks.

These officials of "The Amalgamated," who belly-crawl before those who refuse to make the fight inside the A. F. of L., thus expose themselves as hostile to the best interests of the union. Let the membership understand this and then act accordingly.

CHICAGO LABOR TO HEAR COAL MINERS' STORY

Hold Mass Meeting at Northwest Hall

Instead of the short struggle that was expected, it now appears that the anthracite strike will develop into a long and very bitter struggle. At the beginning of the strike, it was believed by all, including the striking miners, that the strike was just a temporary stoppage of work to permit the operators to get rid of the large stocks of coal the miners had dug.

Open Mines.
However, with the signal given by the Wall Street Journal to begin opening the mines, instead of the peaceful wait, it now appears that the miners will be drawn into direct struggles. The demand to take the maintenance men out of the mines is spreading among the men, and the reactionary officials are becoming uneasy about it.

The anthracite fields have been 100 per cent organized for some time and this is a menace to the operators, who see the growing militancy of the miners and fear that the officials of the union, who are friendly to the operators will be removed and real militant leaders will be put in their places. The coal operators know that with the men so well organized, they cannot lower the standard of living of the miners and are therefore attempting to destroy the morale of the strikers and make them leave the union.

Toohy to Speak.
Pat H. Toohy, youthful leader of the striking miners, who will speak Tuesday Nov. 24, at Northwest Hall, corner North and Western Aves., at 8 p. m., will tell us of these struggles of the miners; Alex Reid, secretary of the Progressive Miners' Committee, who together with Toohy, served a prison sentence for their activities in the strike, will also speak.

Wm. F. Dunne, whose articles are now appearing in The DAILY WORKER on the conditions in the strike zone will give first hand information of the struggle of the miners. He is coming straight from the strike zone with fresh news of the struggle. The meeting is being held under the auspices of the Progressive Miners' Committee. Admission is free.

Court Martial Fails to Force Retraction of Coercion Charges

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The attempts of the judge advocate in the court-martial of Col. William Mitchell to force Mrs. Zachary Lansdowne, widow of the late commander of the Shenandoah, to change her testimony as to the attempts made by Col. Foley to induce her to testify falsely before the board that carried on the whitewash investigation of the Shenandoah disaster, failed.

Instead of retracting her statement, that Foley had tried to influence her, she showed that he had called at her home a number of times and tried to force her to change her opinions. The judge advocate unable to shake her in her evidence, tried to confuse her by telling her that the chief of investigations had a right to visit and hold a preliminary examination and that he was perfectly within the naval code in doing so.

Mrs. Lansdowne brought out that the Shenandoah fight was for the purpose of advertising and was a political stunt on the part of the naval authorities.

Rail Union's Eastern Conference for Return to War-Time Standards

CLEVELAND, Nov. 19.—The plan for a wage increase recently adopted by western and southern associations of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and Order of Railway Conductors has been adopted by the general chairman of the eastern association in joint conference here.

The plan will be referred to the membership of the two organizations and if approved will be submitted to the railroads.

St. Lawrence Project Under Way.
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 20.—Illinois has completed negotiations that will open the first link of the proposed Great Lakes to the gulf waterway when Leslie Small, director of the department of purchases and construction announced the state's decision to let contracts for Illinois river projects opening a pathway from Lake Michigan to the Mississippi river.

Red International Sends Greetings to Shanghai Strikers

(Special to The Daily Worker)
MOSCOW, Nov. 20.—The Executive Bureau of the Red International of Labor Unions has sent the following telegram to the Shanghai Trade Union Council:

"The Executive Committee of the Red International Labor Union welcomes the commencement of the activity of the Shanghai Trade Union Council. Its struggle against world imperialism is one of the most heroic pages in the history of the international proletariat. The Chinese proletariat is faced with a long and difficult struggle against foreign imperialism and against the national counter-revolution. We are however, convinced that the final victory will be won by the working class of your country. The greetings of the revolutionary workers of all countries to the heroic proletariat of Shanghai!"

South Side Dance Tonight

A turkey will be given away free at the Branch No. 3 Young Workers League Thanksgiving Dance tonight at 8 p. m. at the South Side Community House, 3201 So. Wabash Ave. A good time is assured to all.

Tidal Waves Sweep Town

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 20.—The coastal town of Zihuanajo which was swept by a tidal wave last night, did not suffer any loss of life, it was officially announced today.

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VOICE DEMAND OF FILIPINOS FOR FREEDOM

Want No "Moderation" of Imperialist Rule

Not to negotiate for a "moderation" of American imperialist rule in the Philippine Islands, but to voice the demand of the Filipino people for immediate and complete independence—that is the purpose for which Senator Sergio Osmena and the other members of the Filipino Independence mission now in Washington, were sent to this country.

This fact was made public yesterday by the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, whose sections in Latin America and the United States are lending full support to the Philippine national liberation movement. The league calls attention to official decisions of the Philippine nationalist party and the Philippine legislature as well, adopted at the time when the mission was elected last August.

According to the instructions delivered to the mission at the time of their sailing, they must hold out against "any suggestion of compromise such as national autonomy, home rule, or limited independence under American supervision." As a separate nation of 11,500,000 people, the Filipinos demand the right to govern themselves in their own way, without interference on the part of any imperialist power.

It is pointed out that altho the Philippine Islands was granted autonomy some nine years ago, this has not prevented Governor-General Wood from systematically opposing every act of the Philippine legislature calculated to safeguard the control of Philippine affairs by the Filipinos themselves. He has been an unrelenting foe of the Philippine National bank and of every other institution which sought to free the people from the domination of Wall Street interests.

"If nothing else is accomplished by the visit of Senator Osmena's mission," declares the bulletin of the All-America Anti-Imperialist League, "it will serve to attract world-wide attention to the unprecedented outrages committed by General Wood's colonial administration. Nor is General Wood alone responsible. He was appointed by President Coolidge, who has turned a deaf ear to every protest of the Filipino people demanding his recall. Obviously then, the matter will not be settled by the removal of a governor-general, but only by immediate and complete independence for the Philippines from American (Wall Street) rule."

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CZECHOSLOVAK WORKERS' DELEGATION CONDEMN REACTIONARY MENSHEVIKS IMPRISONED IN GEORGIAN JAIL

TIFLIS—(By Mail.)—The Czechoslovak workers' delegation that is in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics visited the prison in Tiflis where they spoke with the menshevist leader, Prince Andronikoschvili, and with other prisoners for over eight hours.

The members of the delegation inquired in particular about the social past of the prisoners. They discovered that the majority were or had been aristocratic officers. The delegates declared that the treatment in the prison left nothing to be desired and in this the prisoners agreed.

On the same day the delegates had a discussion with one time menshevist workers who are now working hand in hand with the Soviet government.

Kuprashvili, the oldest member of the Georgian social democracy, greeted the delegation in the name of the ex-mensheviks and declared that 11,000 one time mensheviks, had since discovered their error and were now working hand in hand with the rest of the working class for the national and cultural reconstruction of Soviet Georgia.

Beat Reactionaries.

The social democrat, Bachmann, declared in the name of the Czechish delegation that after conversations with the members of the "menshevist committee" now in Tiflis prison, the delegation had come to the conclusion that the Georgian social democracy no longer had the right to call itself a workers' party. The opinions of Andronikoschvili are no different from the opinions held by the blackest reactionaries in any of the European countries.

The one time chairman of the so-called "menshevist labor commission" Dasmachvili, requested the delegation to inform the Georgian emigrants in Prague that the Georgian working class did not stand in need of their assistance, and that the less the European bourgeoisie talked of Georgia, the better it would be for Georgia and the Georgian working class. Those Georgian emigrants who wish to go the way of Marx should return to Georgia and help us with the work of reconstruction. Those emigrants however, who are striving for an intervention against Soviet Georgia, will meet the former mensheviks in the ranks of the Red Army.

Condemn Mensheviks.

The social democrat, Wunderlich, made the following answer: "We are social democrats, but we want nothing to do with such people as we met today in Tiflis prison, nor with their friends in Europe. During our stay in Soviet Georgia and in Soviet Russia we have recognized that a great work of socialist reconstruction has been begun, that here the working class feels that it is the master of its destinies, the captain of its state. Your work is for the benefit of the international working class."

Fight for Miners' Best Interests

(Continued from page 1)

to paying for all work according to the well-established rules of the contract, is to let the grievances slide. Persisted in this means almost the complete abrogation of all except the major provisions and even these quite often suffer at the hands of committeemen who are afraid of their jobs, or who have a keen desire for the better jobs that are handed out to committeemen who are more alive to the interest of the boss than of the miners.

Work for Nothing.

Mine costs can be lowered most easily by getting work done for nothing which the agreement specifies shall be paid for. "Ad work," (mining which produces no coal but which is necessary to reach the vein) "timbering," etc., come under this head. Most of the union officials are averse to disputes with the operators. Committeemen who always are fighting a large number of grievances will find sooner or later that they get little support from the higher officials.

A "troublemaker" is unpopular with both the union officials and the operators' representatives. He may be popular with the miners but the word is spread quietly that he is not a good man to support and unless the committeeman is of unusual ability he finds himself facing union officials and operators alone.

This is a general description of the process by which "reds" are handled in the anthracite but a specific instance will be additionally enlightening. The story was told me by a miner whose name will not be given for obvious reasons. It is in his own words with the exception of the justifiable and extremely original profanity:

A True Story.

"I was elected on the committee for the Blank colliery and the first meeting we had I saw that the miners wasn't getting paid for rock, or iron or timbering. I took the contract and showed where all this had to be paid for and I even made the company pay for back work. Every meeting we had a big bunch of grievances and as soon as the miners found out we was making the company pay they brought in every case.

"We was getting along fine but pretty soon I began to get poor places

Tells Fakers to Do Some Work.

"I told the officials that if they wanted to cut down expenses they could get up in the morning themselves and that I wasn't going to save money for a bunch of crooks. "The next day I got a telephone call to be at the hall at seven o'clock. I went down and here was the district president, the vice president and the auditor.

"They asked me what I meant by calling them 'crooks' and I took the quarterly report and showed where they had got \$900 wages—\$10 a day—for three months and then from \$1,100 to \$1,300 for expenses. The auditor had done the best of all. He had an expense bill for \$1,440 for three months.

"None of them ever went out of town except maybe over to Shenandoah (about an hour's ride) but they charged up expense just the same. "The president said I ought to be expelled from the union for questioning the honesty of the officials. They took the case up with the union and then they found that an I. W. W. organizer had stayed at my house one night and they claimed that I was trying to split the union but the local didn't expel me.

Rubbing it In.

"Since then I only land a job in the worst places in the worst mines and never for very long. "There is a long list of cases similar to the one described. They vary only in detail.

The operators are powerful, the union officials do not fight for "radicals" who are victimized by the blacklist, the bulk of the miners do not want to risk incurring the same kind of discrimination but nevertheless there is an under-current of unrest that crops up at unexpected times and causes much worry on the part of the officials.

Such an incident occurred a night or two ago on an interurban car. Strembo, vice president of the district for 17 years, since 1908 to be exact, was on the car, as were two young miners.

Strembo is a Hungarian, a church member and is known as the "boss" of a large bloc of Hungarian and Slav miners. He is one of the most enthusiastic "red-baiters" in the valley. He was puffing his pipe complacently when one of the young miners said in broken English:

"Mr. Strembo, you smoke pipe but maybe some striking miner ain't got tobacco to smoke in pipe. You get paid wages right along, don't you?"

Strembo Moves.

Strembo looked at him angrily but then got up and moved to the back of the car. When the two miners left the car at the next stop the conductor, evidently trying to curry favor with Strembo, said:

"Those two young fellers don't belong to the church, do they?" "Church hell!" said the outraged Strembo, "they probably come from some Communist meeting."

It seems that both the operators and the reactionary union officialdom have the same idea, a correct one by the way, that a "red" is a person who thinks first of all of the interests of the miners.

JAIL SENTENCE FAILS TO CRACK JERSEY STRIKE

Albert Weisbord Guilty of Walking on Street

PASSAIC, N. J., Nov. 20.—In an outrageous hearing Judge Miles of the county court of North Bergen, New Jersey, found Albert Weisbord of the United Front Committee of Textile Workers guilty of a frame-up charge of disorderly conduct and sentenced him to ten days in the county jail.

This sentence came after the police officer had been compelled to admit that Weisbord had used no abusive language, that he was not speaking to anyone, that no crowd had collected, that there were very few people up and down the street with a sign telling of the Hillcrest Silk Mill strike. Weisbord had refused to stop walking up and down that street, that was all.

The court was very bitter. He refused to impose any fine, but wanting to break the strike that had been the center of discussion in Hudson county for over three weeks, was determined to send the leader of the strikers to jail and imposed the ten day sentence on Weisbord.

The strikers quickly raised over a hundred dollars among themselves and paid the preliminary expenses for the bond and Weisbord was released on one thousand dollar bond while the case was appealed.

The International Labor Defense, New York section, has given full aid to the strikers and will push these cases to a final decision.

The United Front Committee of Textile Workers are holding a big mass meeting for the support of the strikers and to protest the arrests and jail sentence. Efforts are being made to make this meeting a united front demonstration by getting speakers from the United Textile Workers, the Associated Silk Workers, the International Labor Defense, and the United Front Committee of Textile Workers.

Danish Prince Coming to U. S. to Amuse Cream-Puff Gentry

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 20.—Prince Aage of Denmark, who has served in the French foreign legion (the high-sounding title for mercenary) and has aided French imperialism in the war against the liberty-loving Rifians, is planning to leave for America after a brief stay in the bright lights of Paris. The prince is parading around Paris telling of his "adventures" with the "feroce" Rifians. He intends to speak before the cream-puff gentry in America on his "warring" against the Rifians.

PRESS TORCH KEPT BURNING BY WORKERS



Donations sent to The DAILY WORKER today lifted the rescue fund to the amount of \$22,217.50, with the Russian branch of the Workers Party of Cleveland, Ohio, topping the list as follows:

Russian branch, Workers Party, Cleveland, Ohio	\$65.25
Finnish branch, Workers Party, Aberdeen, Wash.	20.00
Greek branch, Workers Party, Detroit, Mich.	35.00
M. Leskovitch, Battle Creek, Mich.	5.00
Bohemian Br., Workers Party, Cleveland, Ohio	10.00
Hannah Kuebbeler, Toledo, O.	2.00
John Schedel, Fort Wayne, Ind.	1.00
F. Peterson, Stratford, Conn.	2.00
"Daily Worker" office, Chicago Italian branch, Workers Party, Torrington, Conn.	2.75
Detroit, Mich., Russian branch No. 1, \$9.00; Shop Nucleus 2, \$16.00; three South Slavic branches and Bulgarian Br. from Soviet celebration (in part) \$58.60	83.60
South Slavic branch, No. 7, Detroit, Mich.	47.00
Akron, Ohio, W. P. meeting	21.00
Finnish branch, Workers Party, Rochester, N. Y.	15.00
Edward J. Royce, New York	25.00
Boston, Mass., J. Sweineek \$10; Natalie Rubin, \$5; Rebecca Diner, \$2; others \$4	21.00
L. Cooper, Brooklyn, N. Y.	1.00
G. Simansky, Chicago, Ill.	5.00
Finnish branch, Workers Party, Newberry, Mich.	7.67
Finnish branch, Workers Party, Concord, N. H.	7.75
F. Lowerie, Chicago, Ill.	40.00
South Slavic Br., New Brighton, Pa.	40.00
Today's Total	\$468.47
Previously recorded	21,749.03
Total to Date	\$22,217.50

RUSSIAN WORKERS GREET CHINESE GENERAL HU HAN-MIN IN MOSCOW

MOSCOW—(Tass)—(By Mail)—General Hu Han-Min, general secretary of the Canton government, Mr. Li Liuan-Fang, secretary of the war council, Mr. Tsi Ho-Jung, and two students of the military academy at Whampao arrived to Moscow to study the economic and political situation in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics. The party was given a rousing reception at the station, where representatives of the people's commissariat of foreign affairs, revolutionary war council, Comintern, Russian Communist Party, Russian Communist Youth Union, public organizations and workers were present.

Katayama Greeted General. Sen Katayama and other speakers greeted General Hu Han-Min as a strong fighter for the revolution and a collaborator of Sun Yat-Sen. They pointed out to a spiritual relationship between Lenin and Sun Yat-Sen and called for a joint struggle for the restoration of a full political and economic independence of the Chinese people.

General Hu Han-Min, in his responding speech which was frequently interrupted by applause, spoke of the struggle carried on by China with the assistance of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

Later in the day, General Hu Han-Min was received by Karakhan.

Denounces Press Fable.

In a conversation with a "Tass" correspondent, General Hu Han-Min declared that the information of Peking & Tientsin Times alleging that he was lured to the Soviet vessel and sent away to the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is a fantastic lie from beginning to end. The warm reception accorded to him in Vladivostok and other cities on his way thru Siberia shows deep sympathy of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics people towards the Canton

AS WE SEE IT -- By T. J. O'Flaherty

(Continued from page 1) with him in principle because they can foresee the day when their own hold on the masses will become so weak that they must grasp at the straw of fascist dictatorship before they drown in the sea of a workers' and farmers' revolution.

CHANG-TSO-LIN, the military tuchun of Manchuria and tool of British and American imperialism, is having tough luck. He is now the only outstanding Chinese general who is not at least making a bluff at fighting for the unity of his country. Chang's troops are rebelling against him and going over to General Feng, who is a follower of the diplomacy of Soviet Russia. Chang has the largest army but most of them are suffering from an uncontrollable itch to cut the tuchun's pigtail right off from the hips.

CHANG'S troops recently extinguished 3,000 white guard Russian soldiers who have been doing general dirty work in China since the workers and peasants overthrew the czar's government. Speaking quite plainly the white guards were killed. Capitalist papers would say they were murdered. The result is the same no matter how it is told. On the whole China is coming along nicely. We learn from the New York Times correspondent that the "Red forces" are making great progress in South China. M. Karakhan, the Soviet ambassador to Peking, on his departure from Moscow to his post declared the sympathies of the Chinese masses were with Feng, whose armies are disciplined and devoid of dissension. This is good for China.

GENERAL Sarrail, French governor of Syria who was recently recalled after butchering the natives in the interests of "civilization," accused the British government of stirring up trouble in the French protectorate. Isn't this inconceivable, after the pretty compliments exchanged between Briand and Chamberlain at Locarno while they were hatching the so-called peace pact? Yet, this is how it is. And when we tell our readers that "peace pacts" between capitalist nations are really war pacts, many of them doubt our sanity. They think we are too prejudiced. But, while Briand and Chamberlain were framing up on Soviet Russia at Locarno, British agents were making trouble for France in Syria and French agents were doing the same for Britain in Mosul. Is peace possible under capitalism? Can a flea-bitten cur help scratching himself?

WHEN a radical is arrested in "these United States" the papers pay particular attention to his mustache and to his accent. If the former is turned up or sticks out on the sides like that of a French chiroproactor, the cast of the facial foliage is held up as proof that the mental furniture of the defendant is as undesirable as a red-blooded American as the cut of his jib. If his accent differs from that of a Kentucky manufacturer of white mule, this is given as added reason why its owner should be deported. Britain has learned many of our tricks it seems. Most of our patriots would be offended if they knew that a man was hustled out of the London court where the British Communist leaders are being tried because he said the trial was a farce and said it with an American accent.

AS THESE lines are written, Martin Durkin has not been captured. Since the man hunt started Durkin has done everything except scratch a match on Chief Collin's pants. Durkin who evidently likes thrills is get-

RENTS GO UP FOR WORKERS IN NEW YORK

Segregation of Negro Race Effective

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—(FP)—Believing that the rent laws that halted indiscriminate rent boosting for the last five years will not be renewed by the state legislature when they expire next February landlords have commenced already to raise their charges and in no place more so than in the Negro district of Harlem, the up town part of Manhattan Island.

Frank Crosswaith, executive secretary of the trade union committee for organizing Negro workers gave the Federated Press an example from his own family, where his aunt had her rent raised \$17 a month.

Unofficial Segregation.

The unofficial segregation that confines the Negroes to certain quarters of the city makes them that much more the victims of the landlords. They cannot escape as can white workers and take their pick of locations.

The rent hearings have come to an end with nearly twenty witnesses from tenants organizations taking the floor and telling of the crowding at high prices to which they are subjected.

Little of the new housing comes within the rental possibilities of the ordinary workers and these are condemned to take the older and more unsanitary tenement dwellings.

Such new cheaper rental apartment homes that have been built in the Long Island section of the city are to a large extent of the firetrap variety, insurance experts admitted.

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NUMBER FOUR The Little Red Library Worker Correspondents What? Where? When? Why? How? By WILLIAM F. DUNNE. WITH the growth of the world Communist movement, new factors contributing to its growth were developed. The question of worker correspondents receives its first attention in America in this booklet. Here is the analysis of its importance and a text book to guide every worker to success in this field. 10 Cents 12 Copies for One Dollar.

A 15 lb. Turkey Will Be Given Away at the DANCE AND ENTERTAINMENT given by Branch No. 3, of the Y. W. L. SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1925 at the South Side Community House, 3201 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Illinois. Proceeds to The DAILY WORKER and YOUNG WORKER. Admission 50 Cents—to include wardrobe.

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Business Manager

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Coolidge's Accumulating Reasons

President Coolidge, speaking before the annual dinner of the New York state association of commerce, not merely reiterated his adherence to the world court of international justice, but he repeated precisely what THE DAILY WORKER has contended from the first. He pointed out that the rapid expansion of American financial interests abroad constitute "accumulating reasons for our adherence to the permanent court of international justice."

This observation, tho' brief, is illuminating. It is a suggestion of what will be the burden of the message to congress two weeks hence. It means a complete about-face from the platform upon which the late Harding came into office in 1920. Within the short space of five years finance-capital has completely triumphed over the industrialist policy of isolation. The isolationists under the leadership of Senator Borah are directly faced with the alternative of yielding or fighting. There can be no compromise on this question.

Another part of Coolidge's speech bears out Borah's charges that the world court is the back door to the league of nations:

What we have been able to do in . . . relation to the different states of our union we ought to encourage and support in its proper application in relation to the different nations of the world.

If that means anything other than endorsement of the league of nations we would like to hear the interpretation.

The aftermath of Locarno, the Italian debt settlement, the colonial wars in Morocco and Syria, the British threat to Turkey, the ending of the oil armistice in the Middle East, are events that impel the United States at break-neck speed into the seething cauldron of the old world.

For the workers of the United States this is a menacing threat. It means that the wage workers of this country, after creating the enormous power of the capitalist class by piling mountain high the surplus values that enrich that class, will be expected to shoulder arms and fight in the wars of imperialism in order that the yoke of Wall Street may be placed upon the workers of the rest of the world. It means, furthermore, that the leadership of American labor must devote its attention to European affairs and be able correctly to estimate the trend of events.

Such a reorientation is too much to expect from the fossilized leadership of the working class. If they devote any time to European matters it will be simply to repeat the monotonous shibboleths of their capitalist masters. In the coming world conflicts American labor, in order to resist the imperialist conspiracies, must follow the leadership of the revolutionary vanguard of the working class—the Communists.

An Honest Foe Turns Friend

THE DAILY WORKER has secured a copy of the report handed in to the 17th general convention of the Industrial Workers of the World by Gordon Cascaden, in which he reverses his stand of 1921 against the Red International of Labor Unions and urges that the I. W. W. affiliate.

The convention has ignored Cascaden's communication, the delegates apparently feeling that they can play the ostrich and abolish facts by refusing to look at them. But the membership of the I. W. W., and world labor generally will remember that the whole opposition among the I. W. W. to Soviet Russia and the Red International was built upon Cascaden's hostile report in 1921, when he was a delegate to the first congress of the R. I. L. U. from the Lumber Workers' Industrial Union of Canada, a I. W. W. union in legal guise.

At the congress the I. W. W. had another delegate, known variously as George Williams or H. Wilson, who tied up with the anarchist international of Berlin. Williams was extremely vicious against the R. I. L. U. and used Cascaden's antagonistic report as a basis of his own more unprincipled report which has constituted the foundation of the whole structure of slander and misrepresentation built up by the anarchists in the I. W. W. against Soviet Russia and the Red International of Labor Unions.

Williams is now in decidedly bad standing in the I. W. W., he having proven as dishonest toward it as toward the Red International. No one can impugn Cascaden on this score. A member of the I. W. W. who joined in 1906, he is still a member, honest and loyal. To those who are curious or suspicious, he says at the end of his report: "I am not now a member and am not planning to become a member of any political party."

Cascaden's report of 1921 was the first attack against the Red International in the English language and in the western world. It went into all lands. So his present report, which gives his reason for his change of positions, should also go everywhere, especially among I. W. W. In his own words he says to them:

"To you, fellow workers, I appeal; for on my report on the first congress of the Red International of Labor Unions (entitled 'Shall Unionism Die?') a number of members of the I. W. W. made their decision regarding Soviet Russia."

The Red International Affiliation Committee has announced that it will make the full report available to all who are interested.

"Big Business—Right or Wrong?" is the White House slogan, emphasized in Cal Coolidge's New York speech Thursday night. That has always been the rallying cry of organized dollars. Coolidge only helps give it a little more publicity.

Who is responsible for the sluggings of members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America? The membership ought to find out and place the blame where it belongs.

Mussolini is grabbing at every straw in sight to save himself. But straws are not sufficient to save a drowning man. Fascism will go down in spite of all attempts to keep afloat.

Get a member for the Workers Party and a new subscription for the DAILY WORKER.

U. S. Gunboats For Chinese Rivers

By William F. Dunne

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Representative Loring M. Black Jr. of New York accompanied by a committee representing the International Association of Machinists, called upon Secretary Wilbur today to protest against the awarding of any contract to Chinese ship-building companies for the construction of propelling machinery for the SIX CHINESE RIVER GUNBOATS AUTHORIZED BY CONGRESS LAST WINTER. (Special dispatch to the New York Times).

The Chinese Wall of 1925



HOW many people know that the American government is building specially constructed gunboats for service in Chinese rivers?

The above dispatch is the usual method by which such information is conveyed to the American masses and the secrecy which surrounds such plans, until some unfortunate occurrence makes them public, is an indication that the "open door" policy hitherto followed in China is undergoing some changes.

The attitude of the officialdom of the International Association of Machinists, whose sole objection to the plan for a gunboat flotilla in Chinese rivers, is based on the awarding of the work to Chinese firms, is quite in keeping with the general alignment of the A. F. of L. labor aristocracy with American imperialism.

THESE gunboats are to cost \$700,000 apiece—a total of \$4,200,000 for this form of "protection of American interests" alone. That Chinese workers are to build the machinery for their own destruction is doubtless a typical example of the exquisite humor of American imperialism.

The United States has played a clever game in China. Had the open door policy been administered as cleverly as it was designed, the United States would today be not only

western nation which could not be charged with shedding the blood of the Chinese people. But the mailed hand beneath the velvet glove has made itself felt from time to time as in the Boxer troubles and the recent Shanghai strike. Many Chinese intellectuals and business men, however, are inclined to overlook these incidents and hail the United States as a sincere friend.

BUT the workers, under the leadership of the Kuomintang, the party of Chinese liberation, are not

so enthusiastic—or forgiving. They are the ones who have suffered most from imperialism of all the various brands and with their unions born of the recent struggles they form the leading section of the movement which is welding China into a solid bloc against all imperialist oppressors. The workers have had experience with the brutal methods of Yankee bosses in railway construction work and elsewhere. They cannot be fooled quite so easily as the intellectual and merchant class whose desire is for im-

mediate peace even tho' it means less freedom for the masses.

AMERICAN imperialism is not going to be content with penetration of Chinese seaports. It is driving for the rich interior of China and this can mean nothing but conflict with the Chinese workers and peasants.

Hence the six new river gunboats. The United States possesses no extra-territoriality rights in China and, according to its official spokesmen, desires none. On the contrary, American imperialism is anxious that all extra-territoriality rights held by Great Britain, Japan and France be abolished. It is this seeming advocacy of the integrity of the Chinese nation and people which makes America appear as their friend.

BUT a nation which builds men-of-war specially adapted to the navigation of Chinese rivers and which by this means can establish floating fortresses in the heart of China, or rather in its arteries, is creating bases—economic and military—whose very mobility makes them a greater menace to the Chinese and the Chinese liberation movement than the fixed bases of the other imperialist powers.

These gunboats can range the Chinese rivers at will, lay waste whole cities, demoralize Chinese traffic and levy tribute more effectively than the Chinese pirates who terrorized travellers and destroyed Chinese shipping for years. It could not be otherwise for the interests of American imperialism are directly in conflict with those of the Chinese masses.

WE come now again to the role of American labor as played by the committee from the International Association of Machinists. The American Federation of Labor recently sent a letter to President Coolidge calling attention to the disturbances in China and urging representation in an international conference for "labor."

Green cited this letter at the Atlantic City convention as proof of the friendliness of American labor officialdom to the Chinese liberation movement.

We were skeptical about these pretensions at the time and the action of the machinists' committee in demanding the sacred right to build all propelling equipment for the floating fortresses of American imperialism in China without making any protest whatever against the murderous purposes for which they are to be employed, is evidence that the A. F. of L. protest was merely a paper one and will remain so while the A. F. of L. and its affiliated unions continue to follow the flag of Wall Street.

SAID the spokesman of the Machinists committee:
We . . . contend that these engines should not be built in China, even on grounds of economy, when American machinists are competent to perform the work. If economy warrants the giving of such work to cheap Asiatic labor, then it would seem foolish for us to exclude oriental labor from admission to the United States.

This is the way in which trade unionists, under the influence of imperialism's labor agents, "protest" against the contemplated invasion of the Chinese interior by an American battleship.

The most hopeful sign in this situation is the fact that Chinese workers are able to construct and install such intricate machinery as that required to propel gunboats. When they begin to build such machinery for the protection of Chinese instead of American interests—and the national liberation movement is evidence that this development is taking place—the Chinese revolution will be well on its way.

In the meantime the demand for the withdrawal of all troops and gunboats from China be given the widest popular support.

I. L. G. W. U. JOINT BOARD PROTESTS GITLOW JAILING

N. Y. Garment Workers Demand Release

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—The following is part of a resolution adopted at the last meeting of the New York joint board of the Cloak, Skirt, Dress and Reefer Makers' Unions of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, protesting against the decision of the United States supreme court which sends Benjamin Gitlow back to Sing Sing and calls upon Governor Alfred Smith of the state of New York to free Gitlow:

"Resolved, That we protest against and condemn the action of the United States supreme court; urge the repeal of the criminal-anarchy law, for which end we will work; record ourselves as supporting the International Labor Defense in fighting this case, and call upon all labor bodies and working class organizations to line up solidly with us, and

Free Gitlow
"Be it further resolved, that we urge the governor of the state of New York to immediately free the defendant."

Bronx Workers Hold Daily Worker Party

By SYLVAN A. POLLACK.
(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Nov. 19.—A highly successful DAILY WORKER rescue party was held at Workers' Hall, 1347 Boston Road, the Bronx, jointly by all the Bronx branches of the Workers' (Communist) Party and the Young Workers' (Communist) League.

Comrade Frank Surtshin, the chairman, introduced J. O. Bentall, who made a short speech in which he pointed out and stressed the importance of THE DAILY WORKER, to the American Communist movement, how joyfully we helped in its birth almost two years ago, and how just as important it is to help keep it alive in this crucial time. A liberal response of bills followed this plea.

The musical program included violin selections by A. Sakell; Josephine Jenena, pianist; and J. Smith, who sang folk songs.

A substantial amount of money was raised for THE DAILY WORKER, the exact amount not being known at this writing. \$10.65 was added to the total by the spirited auctioning of a chocolate layer cake. After the short program and the auctioning of the cake, dancing lasted until a late hour.

When that argument begins at lunch time in your shop tomorrow—show them what the DAILY WORKER says about it.

Illinois Commerce Commission Assists Gas Company Merger

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 20.—One of the biggest utility mergers in Illinois in many years was approved by the state commerce commission when the commission authorized the consolidation of the Western United Gas and Electric company, the Southern Illinois Gas company and the Fox River Electric Co.

The order authorizes the new company acquire all stocks and bonds of the Aurora-Elgin and Fox River Electric Co., and the Coal Products Manufacturing Co. The order also authorizes the new company to acquire all power and light properties of the Elgin and Fox River Co.

The Western United Gas and Electric Co. is a Chicago concern which has held financial control of the properties involved.

Form International Labor Defense Local in Yorkville, Ohio

(By Worker Correspondent)
YORKVILLE, Nov. 20.—Special interest was shown by the workers here at a meeting addressed by William J. White on the subject of the Belaire, O. fight for free speech. A branch of the International Labor Defense was formed, following White's talk on what this organization has accomplished.

This town knows what a "free speech" fight means as it is the home of John Buska, who has been out on bail a year, following his arrest for distributing Communist literature.

Refuse to Reinstate

Despite the efforts made by politicians and business men of the Englewood district to have Captain Michael Lee reinstated, Mayor Dever upheld the suspension of Lee which had been decided upon by the chief of police in an attempt to whitewash the department for the escape of Martin Durkin.

Among those who demand the reinstatement of the police captain that is responsible for the escape of the gunman is the Englewood Business Men's Association, which a year ago called the arrest of many Workers' (Communist) Party speakers and tried to bar working class speakers from the streets in Englewood. Captain Lee was the servile tool of the business men and did all he could to follow the dictates of the Englewood Babbits.

Catch Some Small Fry

DANVILLE, Ill., Nov. 22.—Hector R. Leboef and Henry E. Granger, drug store owners, Kankakee, Ill., were arraigned here before United States Commissioner Ralph Jenkins, on charge of selling medicinal whisky without proper authorization.

If you want to thoroughly understand Communism—study it.

Workers (Communist) Party

CHICAGO SCHOOL NOW IN SESSION WITH CLASSES HELD EVERY NIGHT

The following classes are being held now every night at 19 So. Lincoln St. unless otherwise noted. They are as follows:

- Monday, 8 p. m., Capital, Volume 1, instructor, Earl Browder.
- Tuesday, 8 p. m., Imperialism, instructor, Manuel Gomez.
- Tuesday, 8 p. m., Elements of Communism, instructor, Oliver Carlson.
- Wednesday, 8 p. m., American Social and Labor History, instructor, Wm. F. Dunne.
- Wednesday, 8 p. m., Aims and Purpose of the Y. W. L., instructor, Marx Schatchman (at 1902 W. Division St.).
- Thursday, 8 p. m., Elements of Communism, instructor, Max Bedacht.
- Friday, 8 p. m., Elements of Communism, instructor, H. M. Wicks.
- Friday, 8:30 p. m., Public Speaking, instructor, H. M. Wicks.
- Friday, 8 p. m., DAILY WORKER Correspondents' Group, instructors, Dunne, Engdahl, Carlson (at 1113 W. Washington St.).
- Sunday, 10:30 a. m., History of International Youth Movement, instructor, John Williamson.

Workers' Correspondent Course Starts on Monday

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—Joseph Freeman, one of the most capable proletarian journalists, will give a course in "Workers' Correspondence," at the Workers' School beginning next Monday evening at 9 p. m.

The course is designed to meet the needs of workers in unions, in the shops, and in the party, along journalistic lines. The problems of the publicity for a strike, the writing up of a left wing fight, the editing of factory, shop and wall newspapers, the writing of articles which will be of aid in an organization campaign, publicity for meetings, celebrations, etc., of the writing up of such meetings, will be considered. Each type of worker registering will be led to specialize in the problems of his own shop industry or organization. The editing of trade union journals will also be studied.

Every shop nucleus in the New York District should have at least one member in this course, as should every union and party unit. In addition, all individuals who are interested in participating in the newspaper work of their organization, should register at once. The fee for the course is \$2.50 for three months.

Other Courses Beginning Monday

Many other interesting courses are to begin on Monday evening. Of vital importance to all workers who would take an active part in the American class struggle are two courses in the "History of the American Working Class" and in "American Economic and Political History" to be given by Anton Binba and Alexander Trachtenberg respectively.

Russian Branch Reorganized

The Chicago Russian branch of the Workers Party was completely reorganized at the last meeting of the branch held Thursday night. Every member of the branch is now a member of some shop or street nuclei. A collection was taken up for THE DAILY WORKER which amounted to \$20.

The branch was disbanded after a city bureau for the Russian nuclei had been elected to continue the work in the Russian colony.

Developing Worker Correspondents.
Only Workers' Correspondents can give THE DAILY WORKER a real mass character. The more such correspondents the more effective our paper and every live wire should help reach this goal.

To aid in this work the Chicago Workers Correspondents' group is being organized. Those participating will become part of THE DAILY WORKER staff and every militant should avail themselves of such opportunity.

Tonight the Chicago Workers' Correspondents' Group meets at 8 p. m. at THE DAILY WORKER office, 1113 W. Washington Blvd. No fee is charged. Every live wire is invited. It will be a working group writing stories immediately for our daily with the guidance of teachers who are assigned.

DETROIT WORKERS WILL HEAR PAT TOOHEY ON GOAL STRIKE MONDAY

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 20.—The workers of Detroit are urged to attend the mass meeting which is being arranged for Monday evening, at the House of the Masses, 2646 St. Aubin, Nov. 23, at 8 o'clock, at which Pat H. Toohy, youthful leader of the anthracite coal diggers will speak on the present strike of the coal miners.

Philadelphia Notes

A special DAILY WORKER committee was chosen at the last meeting of the District No. 3 executive.

At its first meeting a campaign for 1,000 new subscribers was planned. To realize it, a conference of representatives from all street and shop nuclei, and trade union fractions has been called.

The DAILY WORKER committee is also planning special affairs for every city in the district, the admission charge to include a monthly sub to the DAILY WORKER—with machinery being organized to follow up all subscribers for longer term subs. Prizes will be awarded to individuals securing the most subscriptions.

N. Y. Daily Worker Builders Postpone Hike to December 6

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—The hike of THE DAILY WORKER Builders' Club of New York which was to have taken place in Jamaica Woods on Sunday, Nov. 23, has been postponed to Sunday, Dec. 6, in honor of the Junior section of the Young Workers League which is to hold its convention on the 29th.

This postponement is made, not only because a hike without the Juniors would be incomplete, but also because the Juniors are a vital part of our movement in which all party members should be interested. Every DAILY WORKER Builder should visit the convention of the New York Juniors on November 29th.

Young Workers League In Dist. No. 6 Arranges Education Week Protests

CLEVELAND, Nov. 20.—District Six of the Young Workers League has arranged three mass meetings during so-called "Education Week." They will be held in the following cities:

Conneaut, O.—Saturday, November 21, 8 p. m., at Workers' Hall, 943 Broad St. Speaker: Martin Gordon.
Youngstown, Ohio—Sunday, November 22, at 8 p. m., at Ukrainian Hall, 525 W. Rayen Ave. Speakers: Herbert Benjamin, Martin Gordon. This meeting is held in conjunction with the celebration of the 8th anniversary of the Russian revolution, which had been postponed.

Philadelphia Young Workers Hold Lecture and Dance Tonight

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.—The Philadelphia Young Workers League Downtown English branch is giving a lecture and dance on Saturday, Nov. 21, at 1527 South 6th St.

Cleveland, O., Defense Meeting Sunday Night

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 20.—Sunday night, Nov. 22, at 7:30 o'clock, a mass meeting for Labor Defense will be held at Moose Temple, 1000 Walnut street. Comrade F. G. Biedenapp will speak on "Labor Conditions Under Capitalist Injunctions and the Criminal Syndicalist Laws."

Pittsburgh Nucleus No. 5 to Hold Meet Saturday

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 20.—A meeting of shop nucleus No. 5 is being called for Saturday evening, Nov. 21, at 7 o'clock sharp in room 5 of the district 5 headquarters.

Every member of the nucleus must attend this important meeting and he must be on time.

Karl Marx Club Festival

On Sunday, Nov. 22, a festival given by the Karl Marx Scandinavian club will be held at the Workers' Lyceum, 2733 Hirsch Boulevard. It starts at 4:30 p. m. with a program of music, singing, entertainment and refreshments, and winds up with a grand ball. Dancing begins at 8:30. Everyone is invited. Tickets are 50 cents in advance and 65 cents at the door.

WATCH THESE COLUMNS FOR NEWS OF MEETINGS AND AFFAIRS IN YOUR CITY

In line with the new policy of THE DAILY WORKER for departmentalizing our news this section is set aside for notices of all party activities and meetings. Organizers are urged to send in announcements of meetings and affairs to take place. Please make them short and to the point as space is very limited. Party members and sympathizers are urged to watch this column for news of activities in their localities.