

BRITISH LABOR SOUVENIR CRISIS NEARS CLASH WITH EMPLOYERS; GOVERNMENT TURNS DOWN UNIONS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

LONDON, June 26.—Pressed by the unemployment resulting from the Dawes Plan, and with the employers taking every advantage to attack the unions in a sweeping campaign for the "open shop," the British unions face a crisis of the gravest character.

On Tuesday the joint inquiry into industrial conditions conducted by the representatives of the Miners' Federation and the coal mine owners, broke up when the operators stated that on June 30 they would give formal notice that on July 31 they would no longer conform with the existing agreement with the coal miners' union and would insist on an increase of hours and a decrease in wages.

AS WE SEE IT.

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

THE revolt of the masses in the colonies of the imperialist powers is causing deep concern among the ruling classes of the world. Every capitalist government is between two fires: that of the most class conscious of the workers at home and their revolting slaves abroad. In China the demand for a war with Great Britain is growing stronger every day. Britain is in no position to crush China. Her own working class would never stand for it.

ANOTHER revolt is threatened in India. The British foreign office is getting ready to unload the blame on Soviet Russia. There are over 300,000,000 of people in India and 400,000,000 or more in China. Quite a formidable army! With the Chinese masses moving and defying the power of the imperialists, the Hindus should not hesitate to tackle the job of freeing themselves from the yoke of Britain. John Bull stands to be the biggest loser in the big game now being played in the Orient.

IN northern Africa the Rifians are more than holding their own. The French government was driven in desperation to arrest over one hundred Communists on charges of aiding the Moroccans. What a crime, considering the fact that Caillaux, the real leader of the present French government, was admittedly in cahoots with the German government at a critical period of the war. The Communists of France support the Rifian tribesmen in their war for liberation, even tho they are fighting against France. Communists know no country but the welfare of the workers of all lands.

IN England the class conscious workers are supporting the Chinese even tho the Chinese are demanding war against Great Britain. But the Chinese are not demanding war against the British workers. They will fight the British imperialists and their agents. This alliance between the colonial slaves and the industrial workers in the heart of the imperialist powers is a very cheering phenomenon.

ONE of the most remarkable meetings that I have ever attended was held in this city a few evenings ago, when workers of all races and almost all colors gathered together to raise their voices against world imperialism, and—as the meeting was held in the United States—particularly against American imperialism. The chairman of the meeting was a young Negro who showed by his beaming countenance that he appreciated the significance of the occasion. More than a score of young Chinese attended, and three of them took the platform and spoke, one of them speaking in his native tongue.

IT was a protest against imperialism in China, but not the usual kind of an academic contest. Representatives of the most oppressed victims of imperialism were there: Negro and Chinese workers and students. Many comrades who have attended thousands of radical meetings said that a thrill such as they only experienced rarely stirred their emotions when the voices of white, black and yellow workers were raised against the common enemy.

AS the meeting was in progress battles were raging in the Orient that will have a very important effect (Continued on page 4.)

BISHOP MONTGOMERY BROWN WILL SPEAK HERE TOMORROW EVENING

Prominent representatives of the National Labor Defense Conference will be the principal speakers at the mass protest demonstration which will be held tomorrow evening in Temple Hall, Van Buren street and Marshfield avenue.

Among those listed to speak are: Bishop William Montgomery Brown, Alexander Howat, Benjamin Gitlow, William Z. Foster and a member of the Industrial Workers of the World.

FASCIST WHO SLUGGED GOWEN FORGIVEN BY CAL—THOT HIM WORKER

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 26.—The state department has informed the Mussolini government that the assault upon Franklin C. Gowen, American vice-consul at Leghorn, by a fascist youth, has been forgiven, and that "this government is highly appreciative of its expressions of concern and regret."

Gowen was slugged on the head by Fausto di Suolo as he was walking along the streets of Leghorn. The fascist, who was taking part in a fascist demonstration, stated he did not know that the man he brutally slugged was a consular officer. He was laboring under the impression that Gowen was an Italian worker.

All has been forgiven, and the Coolidge officials highly praise Mussolini's "forceful rule."

German Nationalists Attacked
BERLIN, Germany, June 26.—The nationalist deputies in the German reichstag were attacked today in the lobby of the parliament building, by about 200 former supporters who had obtained admission tickets. They charged the deputies with violating election pledges to revalorize government war loan securities. Several blows were struck before the nationalists retreated.

CALL TEXTILE WORKERS OF EAST TO CONFERENCE OF MILITANTS IN NEW YORK CITY, AUGUST 9

The textile Workers of the mills in the east, especially those of New England, have suffered defeat after defeat, owing largely to their ineffective organization. The International Committee for Amalgamation in the Textile Industry is endeavoring to rally all militant workers for resistance against the wage cuts, speed-up systems and other evils, and has addressed the following call to the textile workers:

TO ALL TEXTILE UNIONS, AND ORGANIZED AND UNORGANIZED WORKERS IN THE TEXTILE MILLS:

The workers in the textile industry have for months been going through one of the worst crises in their history. In this crisis it can be plainly seen that the textile bosses have learned from the militant struggles of the workers against former wage reductions. The textile industry is replete with the history of mass struggles against the employers. The names of Lawrence, Paterson, Fall River, Pawtuxet Valley, etc., are vivid in the memory of all who follow the history of American labor.

Putting it Over Smoothly

FIGHT AGAINST IMPERIALISM IS IN SWING TODAY

Workers Refute Move For Capitalist War

Anti-imperialist week, when the militant workers of this country voice their protest against the exploitation imposed on them and their fellow workers in America's possessions and dominated countries, begins today.

The Coolidge government, taking orders, as always from the United States financiers, are beating the war drums. The military training camps are being filled, many workers being sent to learn the American goose step under pressure from their employers.

Overwork the Radios.
The governors and mayors have taken Wall Street's orders and have repeated Coolidge's call for a military demonstration in July 4. Radios are to be overworked. Business men are to be admitted into the schools, along with the army officers.

All this is in preparation for the coming imperialist war. The workers of America are to be made ready to go to Mexico, Hawaii or China, and slaughter other workers whose interests are the same as theirs.

Plan Many Meetings.
But then workers of America during this anti-imperialist week, are protesting against the oppression of the imperialist exploiters. Meetings are to be held, resolutions have been passed by trade unions condemning the imperialist moves of the Coolidge government, and thousands of copies of the DAILY WORKER will be distributed.

The American workers will not willingly march to their death merely to make bigger profits for the bankers who control the government.

WRITS ISSUED TO FREE CROUCH FROM PRISON

Communist Soldiers to Be Produced

HONOLULU, Hawaii, June 26.—Writs of habeas corpus against Maj. Gen. Edward M. Lewis, commanding the army's Hawaiian department, were issued, ordering him to produce Paul Crouch and Walter Trumbull in federal court at 2 p. m. today, to show cause why they should be held in Schofield barracks guardhouse.

The writs were issued by Federal Judge John T. Debolt. Walter Trumbull and Paul Crouch were arrested last March, charged with being members of the Hawaiian Communist League. After a court martial they were sentenced to 26 and forty years in a federal penitentiary. The sentences were later reduced to one year and three years, respectively.

Crouch and Trumbull were held in a guardhouse for many weeks, without trial, in violation of army law. They were sentenced on the sole evidence of an army spy, whose testimony was contradicted by defense witnesses. The records of the trial were doctored by the army officials.

The Labor Defense Council, 19 S. Lincoln St., Chicago, is contributing to the defense of the Communist soldiers.

BATTLE FRONTS OF I. L. G. W. U. IN SHOPS, AT TRIAL

Thousands of Workers in Broadway Turnout

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, June 26.—The battle between the Sigman machine in the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and the membership of the three expelled locals continues on two fronts: in the shops and at the trial now going on in the Cadillac Hotel. At both places the workers are demonstrating their determination and fighting spirit, that guarantees that the Sigman machine is facing its supreme crisis.

Yesterday morning thousands of workers demonstrated before the Wittenberg shop on Broadway against the discharge of Syanzer on order of Perlstein and machine who tried to break up the demonstration with gangsters and police. Lena Klein was struck by a thug and taken to Roosevelt Hospital with five stitches in her head.

At the Frederick shop in 39th St. gangsters tried the same tactics but got the worst of the affair. There were eight arrests: Sonia Chaikin, Pauline Schulman, Mollie Scherlin, William Sumnerhouse, Sonia Miller, Hartman, Mollie Rosen, Ida Katz. They are out on bail.

All shops where discharges take place on the orders of the Sigman machine are being paralyzed by revolt of workers.

The trial at the Cadillac Hotel is turning into a farce. The questions asked would not even be allowed in a capitalist court. Provocation and clownish stupidity rule. The trial is held behind closed doors. The Sigman machine thought they could control publicity but all workers are enraged against the star chamber proceedings, so much so that liberal bourgeois papers are joining in denunciation of proceedings.

When local 41 voted unanimously last week to support the three locals, the reactionary machine thru Lefkowitz ordered another meeting, to reverse action threatening the local with expulsion from international. A special meeting was held last night with international officers present but the local again voted to reiterate its previous stand, only three votes being cast for the Sigman machine. After the vote was taken the members chased the officials from the hall.

The Mystery Solved.

The Jewish Forward writes about tremendous mass demonstrations, that at great furriers' meetings only cloak-makers and dressmakers attended, mystery of where furriers were is cleared up by story about shop chairman meetings which says: "Furriers, fish peddlers, chicken pickers and similar people by the thousands jammed both halls in Manhattan Lyceum."

MANY DELEGATES TO ATTEND JUNE 28 CONFERENCE

Unions Take Part in Workers' Defense Meet

The Labor Defense Council is preparing to welcome a large delegation of representatives of workers' organizations at the National Conference for Labor Defense to be held in the Ashland Auditorium here next Sunday. Workers' defense bodies, fraternal and benefit organizations, Central Unions and many local trade unions are expected to be represented.

The last organizations that were heard from, the Detroit Federation of Labor, the Joliet Central Labor Union and a number of local unions in Illinois, all promise to have delegates present.

Out of deference to the aims of the conference there will be seated individuals who have distinguished themselves by their efforts for Labor Defense as well as ex-class war prisoners, who will take an active part in the proceedings.

For Defense of All Workers.

The conference, which will last all day Sunday, will occupy itself primarily with the business of forming a permanent national defense organization pledged to defend the interest of all workers engaged in the class struggle.

American Imperialism in Fear of War with Japan, Hesitates with Chinese

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Despite the growing gravity of the Chinese situation, the United States is not yet ready to adopt an independent attitude toward the Peking government, it was declared officially here today. Disregarding the official reasons, fear of war with Japan is seen behind the hesitancy of the United States.

Hoping from day to day that order will be restored in China without further intervention by the foreign imperialist powers, Secretary of State Kellogg says that America plans to continue in the meantime to co-operate with the other governments represented at Peking and to leave the Chinese problem to be handled largely by the diplomats in the Far East.

"For the Time Being"

This policy is being adhered to for the time being chiefly because, according to officials here, it is the only policy that the United States can have in the circumstances. Secretary Kellogg is now awaiting the arrival of the new American minister, John V. A. MacMurray, at Peking, and does not want to take any new step until he has given MacMurray an opportunity to survey the situation and report upon the new political conditions growing out of civil war and anti-imperialist movements in coastal cities.

Pressure is being brought to bear upon the government, however, to take a more aggressive attitude toward China, such as the serving of formal notice on the Peking foreign office, direct from Washington, that the United States expects its interests in the Orient to be fully protected at all times. An appeal to this effect has reached here from the American association of China, the petitioners charging that China is failing to live up to her treaty obligations and that it is up to the United States to make her do it by force of arms if necessary.

He Wants To—But Dare Not

There is no doubt that Secretary Kellogg would be pleased to take any action that would accomplish such a purpose but in view of present conditions in China he does not feel that much would be accomplished by directing a sharp note to the Peking government. The difficulty is, according to official statement, that the Peking government has little or no authority outside of the city of Peking and that separate demands from Washington might only stir up more trouble for the diplomats in the Chinese capital to deal with. The real reason, however, is the fear that Japan (Continued on page 2)

JAPAN REFUSES CHINA REVISION OF TREATY; BUT "SYMPATHIZES"

TOKIO, June 26.—The Japanese cabinet met today to consider the Chinese demands for a revision of her foreign treaties and also the thirteen demands made in connection with the Shanghai trouble.

It is understood that decision was reached and instructions wired to Minister Yoshizawa in Peking, but the nature of the decision was not announced.

The most reliable of the Japanese papers says Minister Yoshizawa was instructed to refuse the demands for treaty revision on the grounds that the time and conditions are inopportune, but to assure China of Japan's sympathetic attitude toward her aspirations.

PLEDGE FIGHT ON MACHINE OF INTERNATIONAL

Shop Chairmen Show Faith in Members

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, June 26.—The DAILY WORKER gives herewith the text of the resolution carried by the Shop Chairmen of the International Ladies' Garment Workers Union from over a thousand shops in the city of New York at the meeting held Tuesday night.

From the way the hall was packed with shop chairmen and enthusiastic active members participating in the fight to prevent the I. L. G. W. from being wrecked by the autocratic Sigman machine, it is plain that no matter which way the unfair farce of a "trial" may go, the suspended local executives of Locals 2, 9 and 22, have (Continued on page 4)

COAL DIGGERS MEET TO OPEN NEXT MONDAY

Anthracite Convention Has Many Problems

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SCRANTON, Pa., June 26.—The Tri-District convention of the anthracite miners will begin next Monday here. The agreement between the miners and the operators terminates on Sept. 1st, and one of the principal problems before the convention will be the formulation of demands on the bosses.

Aside from the demands on the operators, the rank and file of the anthracite unions have many bones to pick with their leaders. A regular reign of terror has been conducted in District 1, by the renegade Capellini. The members revolted more than once and John Lewis (Continued on page 2)

THE COAL MINER TALKS



Dedicated to the Tri-District Convention of the Anthracite Coal Miners Opening Monday at Scranton, Pa.

KRIM LAUNCHES ATTACK ON THE FRENCH LINES

Riffians Take Towns in Extended Attack

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PARIS, June 26.—Abd-el-Krim and his Riffians today launched an attack against the whole French Moroccan front. The fight raged from the Atlantic Ocean south of Tangiers to the small posts on the Moulouya river thirty miles inland from Melilla on the Mediterranean. The French sustained heavy losses and were driven back, reports said.

Krim's objective was believed to be the great Fez Taza highway. In previous attacks the French have been able to defend this road and thus safeguard Fez, capital of Morocco.

Many villages were reported burned including at Elballi and Ain-Mauteuf, south of Fez.

THEATER BLAST TAKES 50 LIVES IN KANSAS CITY

Walls Topple, Fire Traps Audience

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 26.—At least thirty-five to fifty persons were believed to be entombed in the smoking ruins of the Gillis burlesque theater here.

Until the ruins cooled, search for bodies was impossible.

The death included John Hogan, fireman, killed when a firetruck crashed into a post while enroute to the theater.

A score were known to be injured, most of them caught by the blast in the Sanderson's lunch room, located in the four-story theater building.

Between 100 and 150 persons were in the theater at the time. A motion picture—"Flaming Passion"—was being shown at the conclusion of one of the acts of the burlesque bill.

Without warning the explosion shook the building, tearing off the roof, blowing out the north wall and reducing stage and auditorium to a tangled mass of wreckage. Bricks were hurled half a block by the blast. Patrons in the body of the house had little chance to escape, as a swift rush of flames followed the blast.

One wall and the roof had gone in the explosion and the wreckage crashed into the body of the house.

Within a half hour, the south wall, also toppled and the west wall followed a short time later.

F. H. Tusey, administrator of the Gillis estate, told international news service this morning that there were 20 men in the basement of the Sanderson restaurant under the theater and 10 more in the basement of the Newark shoe store next door when the explosion came and that he was sure none got out alive.

Daily Worker Agents and Correspondents Meet in New York

NEW YORK, June 26.—New York DAILY WORKER agents will meet at 108 East 14th street at 8 p. m., Monday, June 29.

New York workers correspondents will meet Tuesday evening, at 108 E. 14th street.

Greek Has Mussolini

LONDON, June 26.—General Pangalos has been appointed premier of the new Greek government and has also assumed the duties of minister of war, according to a central news dispatch today from Athens.

Gen. Konylis, Gen. Pangalos's rival for the leadership of the revolutionary government, has retired to Thessaly.

AMERICAN IMPERIALISM, IN FEAR OF WAR WITH JAPAN, HESITATES WITH CHINESE

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an may take advantage of American aggression, and by forming a bloc with China, lead America into far deeper water than intervention in China.

Officials pointed out that the inability of the Peking government to protect American lives and property was plainly inferred by the United States in landing sailors and marines at the outset of the Shanghai riots. Until the situation calms down these military forces will continue to guard American interests.

Chinese Minister Wants U. S. To Speak Up

Secretary Kellogg is giving daily attention to the Chinese situation, conferring with a number of diplomats, including Dr. Alfred Sze, the Chinese minister. Sze is understood to want the United States to take some action which will help the Peking government out of some of the trouble that it is now in with the other powers. It was reported in diplomatic circles that Sze had drafted a plan contemplating the leadership of the United States in solving the international problem in China, and had laid it before the state department.

Workers Talk to Merchants

SHANGHAI, China, June 26.—Evidently aimed at forcing the merchant element to reconsider their decision to open the shops and banks, mass attacks on tram cars and busses were renewed as the 25-day strike, costing, it was estimated, \$60,000,000, was attempted to be broken by the shop keepers and bankers.

The great crowds were charged with heavy clubs by police, white guard volunteers and sailors of foreign boats, who clubbed the demonstrators brutally and finally dispersed them, although sporadic fights broke out in many places.

The strike of seamen and workers is continuing in full force, and a Hong Kong dispatch says that the "Empress of Asia" is unable to leave that port, not being able to get a scab crew.

War Looms at Canton

HONG KONG, China, June 26.—According to reports from Canton, many Chinese troops are gathering in position in the Chinese city opposite Shameen, the foreign settlement where the British and French marines opened fire on Chinese paraders last Tuesday. There has been no firing yet, but the situation is tense.

Strict orders have been given by the senior naval officer in command of the defense forces to concentrate the firing on buildings occupied by the Chinese troops should the latter, who have quick-firing guns, attack.

Japs Prepare for War

BOMBAY, June 26.—The Japanese are buying cotton heavily on the Bombay markets. It is believed the government is behind the buyers and the action is a precautionary measure in the event of war with China.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—The state department today announced the receipt of the circular Chinese note asking the United States and other powers to take steps to revise their treaty relations with China.

The note was handed to Secretary of State Kellogg by Dr. Alfred Sze, the Chinese minister, Kellogg conferred at length with Dr. Sze on the situation in China, especially with regard to the recent anti-imperialist agitation, and will see him again on Monday.

Hong Kong Strike Grows

HONG KONG, China, June 26.—After paying out about \$5,000,000, the Chinese banks, including the nine managed in western style suspended. Meanwhile a proclamation of the British governor Stubbs, restricts withdrawals to 10 per cent of the deposits.

Twenty-four trade guilds have ordered a suspension of all business. The strike slowly extends and intensifies. The great liner, the "Empress of Asia" may not sail on time, except if it can get a Filipino crew.

Refugees are still arriving from Canton.

Foreign girls are scabbing on Chinese elevator boys at the Hong Kong hotel. British and Portuguese boys

Three Killed, 43 Hurt in Crash of One-Man Car During N. Y. Storm

NEW YORK, June 26.—Check-ups from various points near New York City today show that five people were killed, forty-three injured and great property damage done in the sudden and terrific electrical storm that struck this region last evening.

Three were killed and forty-three injured when a crowded one-man car became uncontrollable on a steep incline on Hoboken avenue, Jersey City, and crashed into a derailed car filled with passengers at the foot of the hill.

The stock exchange reconsidered its earlier decision to carry on the regular quarterly settlement for a two-day period until Wednesday, and upon the recommendation of leading British bankers announced postponement of the settlement until further notice.

This action was taken because of heavy withdrawals of funds from native banks by Chinese who are leaving for Canton. This is resulting in the wholesale withdrawal of the credits necessary to negotiate the quarterly settlements.

Reports today said that Chinese banks in Macao, the Portuguese dependency, thirty-five miles west of here were experiencing runs and that their silver reserves were growing short.

SCOPES DROPPED FROM TEACHERS' ROLL BY BOARD

DAYTON, Tenn., June 26.—John T. Scopes, who will be tried here on July 10 for violating the Tennessee anti-evolution law by teaching evolution to the public schools, was dropped from the roll of Rhea county teachers. The board elected more than 70 teachers, but Scopes' name was not among them.

Application Held Up Pending Monkey Trial

It was announced his application for re-election was "held up pending the outcome of his trial." Scopes taught biology in the Rhea county high school.

Dudley Field Malone, one of the defense lawyers, in an interview declared that William J. Bryan, leader of the prosecution, is making money out of his christian beliefs.

"The law was passed thru the hypnotic influence that Bryan is always able to exercise over men who think for themselves," Malone said. "He has appointed himself director of all truth and righteousness, and has assumed the role of the infallible. One trouble with Bryan is that when he begins to think of god he associates himself with god, and decides that he is the representative of god."

INTERNATIONAL PLUTE CONGRESS ENDS SESSIONS

BRUSSELS, June 26.—Installation of Walter Leaf, chairman of the Westminster Bank, London, as president and adoption of an economic resolution offered by Fred L. Kent, vice president of the Bankers' Trust Company, New York, featured the closing session of the international chamber of commerce here today.

The resolution stressed the importance of enlarging all the agencies for the transfer of German reparations assets to the allies. It recommended expansion in the foreign delivery of German goods as well as expansion of deliveries in kind, expansion of German industries abroad and expansion of foreign exchange balances thru the foreign purchase of German securities.

British Banker Was Elected President

WASHINGTON, June 26.—The capacity of the petroleum refining plants of the United States has reached a total of 2,864,842 barrels daily, the department of the interior said today.

The figures represent an increase in daily refining capacity of 1,678,697 barrels, or more than 141 per cent, for the seven-year period, 1918-1925.

Jugoslavia Acts Against Bulgarian Reign of Terror

SOFLA, Bulgaria, June 26.—The Yugoslav government has ordered the Bulgarian frontier immediately closed, as a reprisal against the Zankoff government. Yugoslav citizens in Bulgaria have disappeared since the reign of the white terror and the Sofia government has declined to give information concerning their fate.

Harvester Trust Whitewashed

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 26.—Charges of a trade conspiracy against the International Harvester company and other farm implement concerns have been dropped by the federal trade commission.

COAL DIGGERS' MEET TO OPEN NEXT MONDAY

Anthracite Convention Has Many Problems

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backed up Capellini in all his actions against the interests of the rank and file.

The operators have violated their contracts with the miners in several sections of the anthracite region, but instead of fighting back, the district officials took the side of the operators against the miners. This was particularly true in the case of Capellini.

The Progressive Program

The militants in the union led by the progressive miners' committee have issued a program containing the following demands:

- That all coal mined shall be on a tonnage basis with a \$10 a day guarantee for each miner for a six-hour day. A flat increase of \$2.00 per day for all inside and outside day labor. Boys to receive the same pay as men for the same kind of work and overtime when allowed to be paid for at the rate of one time and a half and double time for Sundays and holidays.
- A minimum wage of \$10.00 per day is demanded for men working at the face and \$7.50 for day labor.
- The six-hour day and the five-day week is demanded. The industry must furnish a living wage to all coal miners.

For Grievance Committees

The program of the progressive miners favors the retention of the general grievance committees and the abolition of the conciliation boards which have always favored the operators. Yearly agreements terminating simultaneously in both the bituminous and anthracite fields are favored against long-time agreements. Unemployment benefits to unemployed miners, same to be paid from the profits of the industry by the employers, and disbursed by the union, are demanded and the checkoff is supported as a temporary expedient for building up the union.

The progressive miners also demand the reinstatement of all members expelled from the union because of their political views, the reinstatement of the 1,700 members of Local 699 and their leader Edmunds, the one hundred per cent organization of the coal fields, against dual unionism, for the direct election of organizers.

Condemned John L. Lewis

The program condemns John L. Lewis, international president, for his failure to comply with the terms of the constitution and publish the tabulated vote of each local in the last election. It demands an alliance with the transport workers and calls for the support of the United Mine Workers of America for the amalgamation of all craft unions into industrial unions.

International trade union unity is urged and the movement for class collaboration condemned. The progressive miners go definitely on record against the postponing of the international convention until 1927.

Besides the industrial demands the program of the progressives also carries the following political demands: for a labor party; nationalization of the mines; recognition of Soviet Russia; for the defense of class war prisoners; for the child labor amendment; against the criminal syndicalism laws; against imperialism and the Dawes plan; and against the Citizens' Military Training Camps.

Owing to the unsettled condition of the union in the anthracite fields the Lewis machine is expected to put forth all its strength to prevent the militants from getting representation at the convention.

Petroleum Refining Increase

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The figures represent an increase in daily refining capacity of 1,678,697 barrels, or more than 141 per cent, for the seven-year period, 1918-1925.

ANOTHER DEATH BRINGS TOLL TO FIFTY; 18 ARE STILL IN HOSPITALS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PHILLIPSBURG, N. J., June 26.—day for the transfer to Chicago Preparations were being made to Sunday, of the remaining eighteen persons injured in the wreck of the Lackawanna railroad at Rockport, N. J., June 17. Mrs. Louise Kaufman, of Morrell Avenue, Chicago, died in the Warren county hospital here yesterday, bringing the wrecks death total to fifty.

UNEMPLOYMENT AND HUNGER HIT MEXICAN WORKERS; 5 DIE IN ONE DAY

MEXICO CITY, June 26.—Five workers have died here of hunger in twenty-four hours. The condition of the workers is reported in the newspaper Excelsior as terrible. Factories are discharging hundreds of employees, whom are unable to secure other work and are hence destitute.

Capitalist Dictatorship in Chile Blessed By Wall Street with \$20,000,000

By J. LOUIS ENGDALH.

TODAY, the first Anti-Imperialist Week, that will become an annual event, is inaugurated as the Wall Street bankers, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., float a new bond issue to fasten its financial chains upon South America,—\$20,000,000 to the Mortgage Bank of Chile.

The Chilean bank is a government affair, organized to exploit the natural resources of the country. Its board of directors is selected by both the nation's legislative chambers, and the chairman of the board and four officers are appointed by the president of the republic. Wall Street's international bankers, therefore, in disposing of \$20,000,000 worth of bonds for the Mortgage Bank express great faith in the stability of capitalist rule in Chile.

With the blood of hundreds of workers in its nitrate fields upon its hands, the Chilean ruling class stands acceptable to the American financial interests. The massacre of the nitrate workers in the province of Tarapaca, on June 6-7, this month, by machine gunners sent ashore from a Chilean warship, much after the fashion of the murderous attacks on Chinese workers at Shanghai and Canton, not only with the consent but with the encouragement of the American profit-taking interests, should furnish much excellent food for thought for all American workers and poor farmers during this week's attack against U. S. imperialism. The \$20,000,000 bond issue floated by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. is the best stamp of approval that Wall Street could put on the Chilean government's slaughter of its own people. The official "O. K." of American capitalism is put on Chilean capitalism.

The rulers of Chile even boast of their infamy. In the advertisements now appearing in all the great kept dailies, urging subscriptions for the \$20,000,000 bond issue, the boast is made that, "the nitrate deposits are the only large natural deposits so far discovered in the world," and again, "the government owns large and valuable tracts of nitrate lands." Thus the government confesses itself the direct oppressors of the workers, without the intermediary of the private capitalist, altho the American Powder Trust, the Du Pont Powder Company, of Delaware, is heavily interested in the exploitation of the Chilean nitrate fields.

The Chilean capitalist dictatorship basks in the sunshine of Wall Street's favor for its murder of workers, and increases that favor as it pledges itself to continue the exploitation of the living in order to meet the high rates of interest demanded and pay back the loan by June 30, 1927.

"The copper industry has been extensively developed, largely by American capital," is another proud boast of the Chilean ruling class. Investigation discloses that the American copper capital that is "developing" Chile is furnished by the "open shop" Guggenheim interests, notorious for their oppression of American workers in the copper fields of the west.

Thus Anti-Imperialist Week, 1925, finds this strong bond of fraternity developing between the workers of the United States and Chile, both the victims of American great finance and big industry.

These connecting threads, linking the workers of all countries, steadily grow in strength as labor everywhere becomes more conscious of its world-wide identity of interests.

This year's Anti-Imperialist Week will help broaden the vision of the whole American working class. It will help wipe out some of its provincialism. It will develop its internationalism. Future Anti-Imperialist Weeks will see the American working class go into action, definite action in common with workers of other nations, not only against American capitalism, but against the whole capitalist system, in every nation where it still exists. Thus the revolution grows.

PENNSY MAKES DEAL WITH ITS TELEGRAPHERS

Heads I Win, Tails You Lose System

According to the announcement of Vice-President T. B. Hamilton of the scabby Pennsylvania railroad, the company officials have concluded an agreement as to wages with the system's telegraphers "under the employ representation plan"—which is polite language for the company union.

Mr. Hamilton was too modest to say how well the company succeeded in cutting the wages of the telegraphers, but his general announcement that "wage revisions were largely the result of efforts of the joint fact finding committee" leaves no room for doubt about which way the "revisions" affected the wages.

Mr. Hamilton says it was "left to the majority vote" of each division as to whether the telegraphers should work six or seven days in the week. What penalty is to be meted out to those who want the six day week is unknown.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Directors of the Chrysler Motor company declared a dividend of \$4 a share on the preferred stock of the company today, payable to holders of record July 10, and applying to the first and second quarters of the year.

PARIS POSTAL WORKERS' TERMS MET BY CABINET

Strikers Win After They Seize Building

PARIS, France, June 26.—The Paris postal workers have won their demand that the government pay the bonus due them. One hundred thousand members of the Postal Workers federation had gone on strike for the overdue bonus, and the telephone and telegraph employes had decided to join the strike.

The postal workers barricaded themselves inside the main office, drove out all officials, and held the post office until the government met their demands.

Predicts New World War

NEW YORK, June 26.—Gen. Peppino Garibaldi, grandson of the Italian warrior, declared that wars are impending in Europe. He said that a world war might break out at any time over China.

Write the story about your shop. Order a bundle to distribute there.

WORKERS' SCHOOL OPENS CLASS TO TRAIN SPEAKERS

Will Prepare for N. Y. Communist Campaign

NEW YORK, June 26.—The Workers' School will give a course in public speaking on Saturday afternoons at the school headquarters, 108 East 14th street. The class will be directed by William Weinstein and will hold its first session Saturday, July 11, 3 p. m.

This is not a general public speaking course, but has a very definite specific aim—namely, to prepare comrades for active participation as speakers in the coming local election campaign in New York City.

Carry Message to Masses

The campaign affords the party in district two a splendid opportunity to carry the message of Communism to thousands of workers. In New York City street meetings are an old established institution, and offer our party an excellent means of agitation and propaganda.

How effective this can be, however, depends upon the number of such meetings. And this depends upon the number of speakers we have.

The Workers' School, realizing the great need of our party for trained speakers, has arranged the course in public speaking, which will be given in close co-operation with the local party organization.

The course is intended primarily for comrades who have, to begin with, a general understanding of Communist principles, a voice with some carrying power, and a command of the English language. It will deal with such problems as, how to use the voice, how to make the point, how to gather, classify, and organize material, how to build and present a speech, how to make literature talks and answer questions, etc.

Register at Once

Comrades are urged to register immediately at the office of the school or thru branch educational directors. The course is not for beginners only, but will prove especially valuable to those who have already attempted to speak at open air meetings but need more direction to increase their effectiveness.

All such comrades should consider it their Communist duty to enroll for the course so that we might develop a large and strong corps of speakers for our election campaign.

Rally to the party! Prepare for the election campaign! Register for the public speaking course!

Paterson, N. J., Has Now Weekly Class in A. B. C. of Communism

NEW YORK, June 26.—Despite the heat of summer, the English branch of the W. P. in Paterson, N. J., is conducting educational work.

A class was begun a week ago last Monday night, by Comrade Carlson of the Workers' School in New York.

The class will meet again Monday evening, June 29, at 8 o'clock at the party headquarters, 7 Bridge street.

The text book used is the A. B. C. of Communism, but special attention is being given to the problems of task and role of the party.

Comrade Bert Miller will be the instructor of the class from now on. All Paterson workers are welcome to attend the meetings of the study class.

One Killed, Six Are Seriously Hurt in South Side "L" Wreck

One man was killed, six persons badly injured and several others hurt in a collision between two elevated express trains on the south side today.

Predicts New World War

NEW YORK, June 26.—Gen. Peppino Garibaldi, grandson of the Italian warrior, declared that wars are impending in Europe. He said that a world war might break out at any time over China.

Write the story about your shop. Order a bundle to distribute there.

Fourth Annual

Communist Picnic

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Under auspices of Workers (Communist) Party, Local Chicago

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Among Other Features in the July Special

Anti-Imperialist Number

of

The Workers Monthly

The Longest Procession in History

By RUTH KENNEL

Left Wing Advances in the Needle Trades

By EARL R. BROWDER

Party Trade Union Fractions

By WILLIAM Z. FOSTER

and Photographs of American Armed Forces in Action Against Strikers!

THE WORKERS MONTHLY

1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Ill.

PLATOON SYSTEM FOUND WANTING BY INVESTIGATOR

Report Was Suppressed by Supt. McAndrew

The platoon schools which superintendent McAndrew wants to force upon Chicago were termed as a time killers and makeshifts in a speech by J. J. Zmrhal, district superintendent, before the Chicago Teachers Federation. Mr. Zmrhal headed a special committee appointed by Supt. McAndrew to investigate platoon schools in Pittsburgh, Detroit and Akron last year. Although he made his report to the superintendent because of its negative nature it never saw the light. It was not made public and it was not submitted to the board of education.

Recommendation by Supt. McAndrew for the appointment of a district superintendent was not given support by the trustees at the last meeting of the board of education. The superintendent wanted Arthur G. Deaver, an elementary school principal, for the job while the opposition led by J. Lewis Coath was for Ernest E. Cole, former first assistant superintendent of schools.

A building program for 1925, 1926 and 1927 which would involve the expenditure of \$51,000,000 and necessitate borrowing \$14,000,000 in tax anticipation was recommended by McAndrew to the board. It calls for forty-three elementary schools, twenty-six junior high schools, eleven senior high schools and two special schools.

Tell other workers what happens in your shop. Write a story and send it in to the DAILY WORKER. Order a bundle to distribute there.

SOVIET UNION EXPERIMENTS WITH ELECTRICITY FOR INCREASING OF CROPS—U. S. EXPERTS OFFER AID

MOSCOW, June 25.—The Timfrazev Academy of Agriculture here has carried out a series of experiments with the application of electricity in growing of certain agricultural products. The most satisfactory were the experiments with potatoes; the increase in potato crops was 30 or more per cent. This year these experiments are being continued with even more zeal and effort and the academy is trying to find out and ascertain, by careful observation and analysis, the influence of electricity on the soil.

Construction of Grain Elevator

A port grain elevator is being constructed in the port of Nikolaevsk. It is supposed that its capacity will be about 2,500,000 poods; the cost of construction is 4,500,000 rubles. It is interesting to bring out some facts in connection with the construction of this elevator.

Before the world war, during the period 1905-1913, the average export of grain from the port of Nikolaevsk was 82,000,000 poods; the minimum of grain exports was in 1907 (55,000,000 poods)—the maximum, in 1910 (113,000,000 poods.)

It is also interesting to note that in 1910 17.7 per cent of all the exports of grain from Russia were made from the port of Nikolaevsk.

American Cotton Growers

A group of American cotton growers made an inquiry at the Central Bureau (S. T. A. S. R.) whether their experience in growing cotton could be of any value to Soviet Russia and, if so, whether they could apply it on Russian land. The answer to this inquiry was that such groups are greatly desirable and that their group will be given a tract of fertile land in Mugan (Republic of Azerbejdzhon), but at the beginning only a group of not more than 100 families will be admitted.

Cotton Growing in U. S. S. R.

According to the report of the chief cotton growing committee 561,150 desiatins of land in the regions of Middle Asia and Caucasia were planted with American cotton. A financial help of 17,817,000 rubles was extended to the cotton growers. It is expected that the constant and ceaseless work of the cotton growers and their close co-operation with the government will bring the cotton industry in U. S. S. R. to a state far superior over that in the prewar time.

Crops in Ukraina

The latest reports show that crops in Ukraina this year will be about the average in yield. The production of grain is estimated to be 785,000,000 poods. Sixty poods are equal to one English ton.

The potato crop calculated in grain units will bring up the total production to 881,000,000 poods. (In Ukraina as well as in the U. S. S. R.—for purposes of taxation—the various roots and cereals are reckoned in terms of "grain units.")

Out of this crop it is expected that about 240,000,000 poods will be delivered by the peasants for sale on the market.

Conditions of the Crop

According to the meteorological bureau of the department of agriculture the conditions of the crop all over the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics except in very small regions is fair. In the South region the crop is credited with four points (to a five-point system). Plenty of rain in May in the central region as well as in others assures a good crop and nothing yet could endanger it.

Export to France

In the last week of May 4,000 tons of corn was exported from Batum and Potu (Caucasia) to France. A third steamer is taking to France 600 tons of beans and 1,300 tons of corn.

Try Priest For Prison Grant

ATLANTA, Ga., June 26.—Albert E. Sartain, former warden at the federal prison here, Mrs. R. K. Walthal, George Remus, and Mannie Kessler were among the important witnesses expected to be called by the government today in its efforts to convict Father Thomas P. Hayden, former chaplain, and L. J. Fletcher, former deputy warden at the federal penitentiary here, of conspiracy to accept bribes from wealthy inmates in return for special privileges in the institution.

Order C. M. & St. P. to Pay

An order commanding the receivers of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad to pay the United States \$300,000 interest on the \$10,000,000 note which the government holds was entered in federal court here yesterday. The government, the court was advised, would bring action in default if the interest was not paid.

Dawes Shuns Coolidge

KENNEBUNK, Me., June 26.—Although he is less than fifty-five miles from the summer white house at Swampscott, Mass., and although he plans to motor to Boston tomorrow to visit Owen Young, collaborator in the Dawes reparations plans, Vice President Dawes does not plan to visit President Coolidge, it was learned.

Gobbie Another Railroad

WASHINGTON, June 26.—The Chesapeake & Ohio railroad asked interstate commerce commission for authority to acquire control of the Sandy Valley & Elkhorn railroad by purchase of its capital stock amounting to \$6,800,000. The road extends from Shelby Junction to Dunham, Ky.

TO RENT

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MELLON HAGGLES ON DEBTS WITH FASCIST BANKER

Praises Bloody Rule of Mussolini

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Negotiations to agree upon terms for the payment of the two billion dollars Italian debt to the United States have opened at the treasury department.

The Mussolini government was represented by Giacomo de Martino, Italian ambassador here, and Mario Alberti, an officer of Il Credito Italiano, one of Italy's largest banks.

The United States was represented chiefly by Secretary of the Treasury Mellon, chairman of the American debt funding commission, with two other members of the commission—Secretary of State Kellogg and Senator Reed Smoot—ready to join the discussion.

Today's meeting, which marks the first formal move on the part of Italy to discharge her war obligations to the United States, was to be given over to a general discussion of the entire debt situation, with the Italian representatives outlining the financial problems of their government and the extent of its ability to pay, and with Secretary Mellon demanding payment.

According to the treasury, the status of the Italian debt is now as follows:

Principal amount of obligation	\$1,047,869,197.96
Interest accrued	490,674,654.81
Total indebtedness	2,138,543,852.77
Payments on principal	164,852.34
Payments of interest	57,598,852.82

The Italian debt is the second biggest unfunded obligation owed the United States. France leads with a total debt of \$4,210,556,948.27.

Sessions Secret

Secretary of the Treasury Mellon, talking to newspaper correspondents at the close of the session, said the details of the debt discussion would not be made public.

Secretary Mellon later issued a communique formally announcing the opening of negotiations and declaring that "the funding of the Italian debt would be based on Italy's ability to pay."

Mellon, in his statement after the first session of debt conference, paid a glowing tribute to the murderer of the Italian workers—Premier Mussolini—who has attempted to destroy the labor unions of the Italian workers, and caused thousands of them to be imprisoned.

"We have watched Italy emerge from the chaos of war, straighten out her industrial troubles, cut her expenditures, and put her budget in equilibrium, Mellon said, "All under the direction of one strong man, with sound ideas and the force to make these ideas effective."

The conference with the fascist representatives marks a stronger alliance of the American bankers, represented by Mellon and the Coolidge government, with the Italian capitalists and the fascist government.

The conference will meet again next Tuesday.

Foreign Exchange

NEW YORK, June 26.—Great Britain, pound sterling, 4.85%; cable 4.86%. France, franc, 4.57 1/2; cable 4.58. Belgium, franc, 4.54 1/2; cable 4.55. Italy, lira, 3.62%; cable 3.63. Sweden, krona 26.73; cable 26.76. Norway, krona 17.34; cable 17.36. Denmark, krona, 19.65; cable 19.67. Germany, mark not quoted. Shanghai, tael, 80; cable not quoted.

CAN BE SEEN DAILY IN CHICAGO MUNICIPAL COURT OF EVICTIONS

One need only stroll into Chicago's municipal court of evictions to get a glimpse of how workers live in "our land of prosperity." There landlords come to tell the judge why workingmen and women sitting around on the benches deserve to be ousted from their homes.

Couldn't Pay June Rent
They sit waiting. A woman rocks her baby abstractedly, a Negro, visibly ill, wonders—a woman with her two children at her side looks pleadingly at the judge.

What do workingmen have to pay for rent in the poor districts of Chicago you wonder. Then you hear. One woman is to be evicted because she could not scrape up \$42 in June; her husband was out of work. The Negro is a decorator, but he is ill. His rent is \$85 a month. That's what he must pay for being of dark skin. But his salary is low—also because of the color of his skin. Next case. She says her husband is a printer. They live in a basement. Her husband is ill. He must go away at once. They could not pay rent for their basement in June.

The judge. He gives them all 30 days time to catch up. They walk out to make the best of the little breathing space given them.

The little woman with the two children, the printer's wife wonders, "How can I get that money in 30 days?"
Anti-Evolutionist to Sanitarium.
BATTLECREEK, Mich., June 26.—Gov. Austen Peay of Tennessee, who signed the anti-evolution teaching act which resulted in the Scopes' case, arrived at the Battle Creek sanitarium today for "a general upbuilding and rest."

LUMBER WORKER'S HEAD SMASHED, NO MONEY FOR BURIAL—WAGE CUTS AND UNEMPLOYMENT HIT CAMPS

By R. J. JACKSON, (Worker Correspondent.)

SKAMANIS, Wash., June 26.—As a member of the working class (I am a member of the Workers Party and a subscriber to the DAILY WORKER), I am forced to work in this filthy, hay-wire lumber camp layout. This morning a slave had his head crushed. That is the result of the speed-up system the bosses are forcing on us.

But the boss does not care for the heads of the slaves. All he has to do is to go to the streets in the towns and cities, and he can get thousands of jobless workers to take the dead man's place at the machine where he was killed.

Wages Are Cut

After this worker was killed, a reactionary ku kluxer came along and said, "Look here, boys, how nice it would have been if this man had saved his money, in order to get a decent burial, instead of depending on the state for the expenses of his funeral."

I stepped up and told him, "A fine chance a worker has to save anything when all the camps are closing down. And wages are being cut in the camps that are running."

What the lumber workers of the northwest have to do is to organize on the job in the I. W. W., and not only that, we have to organize wherever the capitalist system is responsible for the damnable conditions that the oppressed workers are forced to live under.

Must Abolish Profit System

When we, workers, are sufficiently organized and educated, then we can do away with this high-ball, hay-wire profit system, that is responsible for the workers losing their lives to give the bosses profits, and then more profits.

The camp here is very much isolated from the so-called civilized world. Mail comes to camp every two days and all mail goes thru a censorship. Of course, that means no DAILY WORKER thru the mails in this camp or any other camp. It just shows how the bosses can unite on certain issues that are to their interests.

Turn Tables on Bosses

I often wonder when the workers are going to unite on certain issues that are to our interests, and censure the bosses' mail. That day is near for we are now in the last stages of capitalism—a period of imperialism.

U. S. Planning to Send New Note to Mexico Shortly

WASHINGTON, June 26.—The state department has confirmed dispatches of last week, announcing that Secretary of State Kellogg's contemplated note to Mexico probably would be withheld until the return of Ambassador James R. Sheffield to Mexico City.

The note will reiterate what Kellogg said in his statement of June 12—that Mexico must discharge her international obligations in order to retain the support of the United States.

Sheffield is expected to return to Mexico in July. He is now in St. Luke's hospital, New York, for a minor operation.

Ford is Extending Air Service

DETROIT, June 26.—Ford Company officials at Dearborn today indicated that Ford transportation air service, which has been operating between Chicago and Detroit since April 13, may be expanded to Cleveland. Several other cities have also been under consideration to receive the service, it was stated.

PULLMAN FIGHTS EXPLOITATION OF IMPERIALISM

Ruthenberg Speaks at July 5th Picnic

The annual picnic of the Pullman branches of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held on Sunday, July 5, at Kareckas Grove, 123rd St. and Union Ave.

C. E. Ruthenberg, executive secretary of the Workers Party, will be the speaker in English. Comrade Ruthenberg will include in his address an explanation of the purposes of anti-imperialist week, June 27 to July 4.

At the last city central committee meeting it was decided to distribute three thousand leaflets to the factories, exposing the bosses' militaristic "defense day" program called for July 4, and advertising the July 5 picnic.

Lynching of Negroes Almost Doubles in 1925 as Against 1924

DENVER, Colo., June 26.—There were twice as many lynchings during the last half year compared with the same period last year. This fact was brot out in a speech by James W. Johnson, New York, secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of the colored people. Mr. Johnson is attending their annual meeting in session here.

Your neighbor would like to read this issue of the DAILY WORKER. Be neighborly—give

U. S. IMPERIALISM GETS ITS FANGS DEEP INTO CHILE AND ARGENTINA

NEW YORK.—Negotiations virtually have been completed by a New York banking syndicate for a \$20,000,000 loan to the Chilean mortgage bank, known as the Caja De Credito Hipotecario of Chile. An early offering of bonds is expected.

The bank is the second new borrower from South America to enter the New York market this week.

Another banking group announced yesterday that arrangements had been made to offer a \$10,188,000 7 per cent bond issue for the province of Santa Fe, Argentina.

Ex-Convict Dies from Tuberculosis

PHOENIX, Ariz., June 26.—Donald Lowrie, author of two books on prison life in which he related his own experiences, died today a victim of tuberculosis. His last book was uncompleted. He was released from the Arizona state penitentiary less than two weeks ago and was under the care of friends. His book will be completed from notes he left.

YOUNG AND OLD OPEN AIR PICNIC

given by the PROGRESSIVE BARBERS
at FOREST PRESERVE IN THE MILWAUKEE WOODS
SUNDAY, JUNE 28, 1925

The greatest fun—the pie-eating contest. Shingling contest by two well-know progressive barbers, subjects to be taken from the young ladies in the crowd. We need a good time and we are going to have it! We will have GAMES, AMATEUR WRESTLING and BOXING matches, EVERYBODY REQUESTED TO PARTICIPATE.

Directions—Take Milwaukee Ave car, go north as far as it goes, a committee will take you to the place.

WORKERS! RALLY AGAINST REACTION!

Unite against criminal syndicalism laws, against deportation of foreign-born workers, prison sentences for labor leaders on trumped up "sedition" charges, frame-ups of strike leaders, and all other phases of the American capitalist terror.

Come in masses to the great

Protest Demonstration

TEMPLE HALL,
Van Buren St. and Marshfield Ave.
SUNDAY NIGHT, JUNE 28, 8 P. M.

Prominent representatives to the National Labor Defense Conference, and former political prisoners, will speak. This includes, thus far:

Bishop William Montgomery Brown
Alexander Howat Benjamin Gitlow
William Z. Foster
and a member of the I. W. W.

BOOKS TO READ ON IMPERIALISM

For a better understanding of this subject of great and growing importance to the worker

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IMPERIALISM, Final Stage of Capitalism.....15 Cents
By V. I. Ullianov (Lenin)

STATE AND REVOLUTION.....25 Cents
By V. I. Ullianov (Lenin)

IMPERIAL WASHINGTON25 Cents
By R. F. Pettigrew.

OIL AND THE GERMS OF WAR.....10 Cents
By Scott Nearing.

DECLINE OF CAPITALISM35 Cents
By E. Varga.

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Fight Enslaving Imperialism DURING ANTI-IMPERIALISM WEEK

June 29 to July 4

Everyday during next week special articles dealing with anti-imperialism will be in the DAILY WORKER.

The Issue of July 4

will carry additional features of educational and propaganda value against imperialism.

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Entered as second-class mail September 21, 1923, at the post-office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

290 Advertising rates on application.

Mobilize for Defense

The Labor Defense conference meets in Chicago Sunday, June 28, to enlarge the scope of its activities and take the first steps in building a mass organization in the United States for the relief of class war prisoners and their families.

The constitutional guarantees of free speech, free press and free assemblage have been wiped out by the decision of the supreme court in the Gitlow case. Criminal syndicalism laws of the most vicious nature are on the statute books of most of the states and even during the comparatively quiescent period in the American class struggle, indictments, prosecutions and convictions of militant workers under these laws have continued.

There is also the growing use of the injunction by the capitalists and its extension to prohibit practically every form of mass protest whether it be of a clearly political nature or merely an attempt by the workers to remedy bad working conditions.

The class struggle has reached an acute stage. In Europe capitalism clings to its privileges only by the open and broadest use of its police powers. In Germany, Finland, Estonia, Poland, Bulgaria, Rumania, Italy and Spain, the jails are filled with the best fighters from the ranks of the working class. Thousands have been killed in open struggles with the mercenaries of the ruling class or murdered secretly and in cold blood.

In France the Painleve government is warring on the revolutionary workers. In England the restriction of the liberties of the masses is shown by police raids on Communists, the granting of exceptional powers to the secret service and the encouragement of fascist activities by the authorities.

In India British imperialism fills its dungeons with partisans of the independence movement. In China all imperialist nations are warring on the Chinese workers, peasants and students.

In the Philippines we read of the slaughter of native workers by the soldiers of American imperialism. In Hawaii, Crouch and Trumbull, private soldiers, have been jailed for having political opinions contrary to those of the officer caste.

In Cuba and Haiti American imperialism rules by bribes and bayonets. In Mexico, Wall Street smashes unions, shoots and jails workers with the aid of its puppet government. In Chile and Bolivia the working class is forced to enter an armed struggle for its very existence against the tyranny of governments in the pay of American imperialism.

Surely as day follows night the workers in America will find themselves faced with a sharpening of the class struggle. The American ruling class will outdo all toher exploiting groups in brutality when it begins to assault the working class systematically. Sporadic and isolated cases with which we are all familiar have shown that the American government has nothing to learn from, but can teach the rest of the rulers effective methods of suppressing the masses.

The defense of the workers who are jailed, the support of their families and the families of those who are killed by the murder bands of American capitalism is a sacred duty the working class owes itself.

To centralize such work, to build an organization broad enough, active enough and disciplined enough to see to it that no working class fighter or his dependents, no matter to what section of the working class he belongs, suffers needlessly because of lack of funds for defense and food, is the task of the Labor Defense Council conference.

Bring Battleships and Businessmen Home

The association of American citizens in China has sent a cable to the state department urging energetic action in conjunction with the other powers against the liberation movement.

The full text of the cable is published elsewhere in this issue but far more interesting than the cable itself would be the names of the Americans, and the financial and industrial concerns they represent, dominating this organization.

It would probably be the choicest collection of servants of big capital compiled recently and its publication would give the American workers a good idea as to who it is clamoring for a policy of blood and iron in China.

Incidentally it may be remarked that the news of today shows that the imperialist powers are conducting their activities in China in the accepted American style—by circulation of the wildest rumors of plots, bombs and coming massacres. In this noble work the marines have been enlisted. The Chinese celebrator of Dragon Day was selected by the agents of imperialism to scare the foreign residents to death and one enthusiastic correspondent compares the marines to Paul Revere because they rushed from house to house in the foreign quarter distributing mimeographed copies of a call to arms.

But the festival passed without any casualties except the daily quota of Chinese workers and students shot by foreign troops.

Meanwhile, millions of dollars are being raised for support of the strike thruout China and the Chinese government is sticking by its thirteen demands which we published yesterday in full.

The modest character of these demands is in itself proof that the imperialist powers have stripped the Chinese liberties which in this country are called "natural rights."

Of little comfort to the imperialists is the short dispatch telling of the refusal of Sikh troops under British officers to fire on the Chinese. The Sikhs are Mohammedans, the picked soldiers of British imperialism, and when they are affected by the rise of the Chinese liberation movement it symbolizes the spread of revolt against imperialism thruout Asia.

The request from American businessmen in China for military action against the Chinese masses is therefore equivalent to a demand for war on the Asiatic peoples.

The workers of America need to exercise the utmost vigilance to scrutinize the moves of the state department as never before.

The only way to stop war is to stop it before it begins. Demand the immediate and unconditional withdrawal of all American forces from China.

We have said this before and we repeat it now: If the businessmen who have been robbing the Chinese workers and aiding in the murder of the Chinese strikers and students, do not want to come home on the battleships let them shift for themselves in China or swim home.

PLEDGE FIGHT ON MACHINE OF INTERNATIONAL

Shop Chairmen Show Faith in Members

(Continued from page 1)
The support of the membership on the job. The resolution was adopted unanimously. It reads as follows:
Shop Chairmen's Resolution.

"We, the chairmen of the cloak and dress shops of New York, gathered Tuesday evening, June 23, at Manhattan Lyceum, at the call of the Joint Committee of Locals 2, 9 and 22, adopt the following resolution:

"Considering that the struggle which the three locals are carrying on against the machine of the Joint Board of the International is a struggle for the interests of the workers and for a union led by workers; and

"Whereas, the machine leaders are using all base means to maintain their power and thus to deceive public opinion into believing that the membership are with them; and

"Whereas, they are using terrorism in order to get from the members statements or resolutions to show that the membership are with them; and

"Whereas, the machine is beginning to persecute the workers in the shops who refuse to carry out its orders because they do not represent anyone; and

"Whereas, they have not even the courage to call the membership to union meetings, but carry on their work by secret means, as tonight's secret meeting shows, which they called by special letters in Beethoven hall, to chosen members, not to the entire membership;

"Be it resolved, that the shop chairmen of the cloak and dress shops adopt the following resolution:

Condemns Machine; Pledges Struggle.
"We severly condemn the provocative behavior of the machine clique; we declare that if they had the least belief that they represent the membership and that we have faith in them, they would not be afraid to call us to meetings; we declare also publicly that the only ones in whom we have confidence are the leaders of the three suspended locals.

"We further state that this struggle is not a struggle of Communists, as they say, but this is a struggle of the members against a group of parasites who assume the right to raise dues, to levy assessments, to call strikes themselves and settle them on their own terms, and in other ways to do whatever they wish—and from whom we have long struggled to rid ourselves.

"We declare further, as the chairmen of the shops, that their terrorizing against certain workers in the shops will not help them. We will attack them every time they will attempt to take away the workers' bread.

"We declare further, that not only do we agree with the three locals who are carrying on the struggle against the machine, but that this struggle belongs to all of us, and we will carry it on until the end.

"We pledge ourselves to help with all our strength and also financially the three locals to carry on the struggle in whatever way the Joint Action Committee of the three locals will decide upon.

"Down with the corrupt leadership. Long live the cloak and dress makers' union led by the workers."

AS WE SEE IT

(Continued from page 1)
on the course of world history. And when one of the Chinese students declared that "not from the imperialists but from the workers of the world will come peace, prosperity and freedom" the applause was spontaneous and hearty. The revolutionary movement is indeed world wide and all the power of capitalism cannot prevent it from being successful.

THE workers of the United States must not allow their ruling class to crush the Chinese, Mexican and other people under their iron heel without a struggle. In this connection the campaign of the All-American Anti-Imperialist League should be supported by all workers. This campaign will be speeded up during "Anti-Imperialist Week," which ends on July 4, the anniversary of the American declaration of independence, which yet remains to be written for the working class. This league has a very important function to perform, and as American imperialism marches on, trampling on the rights of the workers at home and the people of weaker nations, the need for an alliance between the exploited American workers and the victims of American imperialism will become clearer. Today we are called on to protest against the use of American military and naval forces in China. Tomorrow it may be in Mexico.

AMERICANS ORGANIZE FARM COMMUNE 'HERALD' IN THE SOVIET UNION

WASHINGTON, June 26.—One hundred Jewish immigrants from the United States have organized a communal farm called "The Herald" near Moscow, according to advice to the Russian Information Bureau here. The colonists are mostly from New York City, with a few from New England, and some from Chicago and middle-western points. They have a grant of 1,080 acres.

British Labor Facing Crisis; Nears Clash with the Employers

(Continued from Page 1)

miners, and the federation executive, headed by A. J. Cook, the left wing secretary, has called a national delegate conference for July 3rd, at which the union will debate the situation and adopt a plan of action. There has been an increase in the number of unemployed miners of 67,100 since November.

Railway Workers Also Attacked.
Not only the miners, but also the railway workers are being attacked by the employers, who want to increase hours and decrease wages 14 per cent. A conference between the companies and the miners is now going on, being convened yesterday. So far nothing has come out for publication.

In view of the seriousness of the unemployment situation, threatening as it does to aid the employers in an attempt to destroy the British unions, the Trade Union Congress has been called into special session for July 24th to discuss unemployment.

The labor party has decided to move a vote of censure against the Baldwin government for failing to remedy unemployment. The motion will probably be debated next Monday.

Dawes Plan Ruins British Mines.
The coal industry is reported in great depression, and certain fields in South Wales and Newcastle, which depended mainly on export, were hit by the Dawes plan and the Ruhr invasion.

France is receiving reparations coal from Germany and can send it on to Italy and still undersell Great Britain. The Lens mines have been reopened, and this increased competition, combined with the increased use of oil, lignite and other fuels, have hit the British mining industry a terrific broadside, especially the Dawes plan.

Union Delegation Visits Baldwin.
A delegation from the British Trades Union Congress, including A. J. Cook, secretary of the Miners' Federation, called upon Premier Baldwin Tuesday at 10 Downing street.

The deputation discussed the unemployment situation with Baldwin for two hours, and demanded that, as a partial remedy, Great Britain promote instead of obstruct trade with Soviet Russia. The miners' delegates demanded nationalization of the mines.

An official statement issued following the conference, stated on behalf of Premier Baldwin, that the government would not consider nationalization of the mines—using the excuse that the government thought it would increase the cost of production. As for Russia, Baldwin said that Russia had never taken more than a small percentage of British trade, but that the government would "welcome the return of Russia to the community of nations and Russia's entry into the league of nations."

"Last Resort" Says Premier.
Pressed in the house of commons as to the attitude of the government in the clash between the employers and the workers in the mining and railway industries, Premier Baldwin said:

"It is essential, in my opinion, that every opportunity be given to those engaged in an industry to settle these matters for themselves if they can, and the government should only intervene in the last resort. This point, I am glad to say, has not yet been reached; it may not be reached and it would be premature for me to make a statement on the subject."

Our Readers' Views

Why Call Them Masters?
To the DAILY WORKER:—I have for the last 45 years been protesting in my mind the appropriateness of using the term "master class" in our discussions and literature. By doing so we leave the uninitiated open to the thought that we recognize the exploiters as our masters. Aside from the above implication this continuous dangling of a master before us is so repulsive.

There are other terms we can use for the same purpose: the rich, the idle, the bourgeoisie, the employer, the moneyed class. I don't know whether Marx used the term or not. Let me hear from other comrades on this question. I would consider "moneyed class" the most appropriate usage.—J. M. George.

MINNESOTA BANK CLOSES

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 26.—The State bank of Willow River, with deposits aggregating approximately \$115,000, was closed because of depleted reserves. The bank had a capital of \$10,000.

MILITARY IS IN CONTROL OF THE GREEK STATE

General Pangalos to Be Premier or War Head

LONDON, June 26.—The Greek revolution was not peaceful and the resignation of the Michaelakopolous government was forced only after the fleet had opened fire on the palace, according to a Central News dispatch quoting the Belgrade newspaper Pravda. M. Papanastassious, former premier, is striving to form a cabinet, the Belgrade paper adds, despite reports to the contrary.

That the revolution was not entirely bloodless was indicated in dispatches to the Evening News, whose Athens correspondent reported that two were killed and twenty wounded.

M. Papanastassious' decision was announced after a meeting of the presidency.

There was a strong possibility, it was said, that General Pangalos, who led the military movement that overthrew the government, will accept the premiership. Pangalos was formerly generalissimo of the Greek army and at one time held the office of minister of war.

But whatever government finally emerges it is believed certain that Gen. Pangalos will be minister for war with Admiral Hadjiriakos at the head of the navy department.

100 TEACHERS TO BE GRILLED BY SUPT. McANDREW

The latest move in Superintendent McAndrew's petty war on Chicago school teachers to intimidate the militant fighters is his picking on 100 teachers who have been marked inefficient by his principals. Their inefficiency can better be understood by the statement of one of the principals who, when pressed to explain the low rating he gave to a teacher, was forced to admit that he never had visited her class nor observed her work.

This method of calling teachers who have been discriminated against by principals before the superintendent and his assistants for a grilling is the first in the history of the school system of Chicago and the teachers are eagerly waiting to hear just what kind of an insult will be conducted.

Liberal Control of Nova Scotia Whipped Badly in Election

HALIFAX, N. S. June 26.—A conservative government with an overwhelming majority in the provincial legislature today prepared to take over the position of power in Nova Scotia after forty-three years of liberalism.

Returns from the election yesterday showed forty conservatives were elected out of the total of forty-three seats in the house.

Provincial Premier E. H. Armstrong and all his ministers went down in defeat.

Fund Nears \$30,000

With the receipt of \$183 from the Finnish branch of the Workers Party in Chicago, the 1925 insurance fund for the DAILY WORKER was pushed almost to \$30,000. The itemized list of remittances for the past week is as follows:

Finnish, Chicago, Ill.	\$103.00
Finnish, Ashby, Mass.	3.00
Lithuanian, Worcester, Mass.	12.00
Finnish, S. Royalton, Mass.	10.00
Slavio, Export, Pa.	7.00
Polish, Detroit, Mich.	27.00
Ukrainian, Minneapolis, Minn.	3.00
Finnish, Winlock, Wash.	6.00
Waterbury, Conn., C. C. C.	10.00
Russian, Detroit, Mich.	3.00
Englewood English, Chicago	2.00

Army Aviator Killed
MINEOLA, N. Y., June 26.—Sergeant Douglas F. Logan, a chief rigger, of Bisbee, Ariz., was killed almost instantly today and three other aviators slightly injured when a Martin bombing plane crashed to earth at Mitchell field today.

Both propellers were shattered. A piece of one of them pierced the fuselage and plunged into Logan's chest.

Aldermen to Europe.
The city council has voted to send a commission abroad to "study European traction methods" and will endeavor to have the finance committee appropriate the necessary funds. Harbors and other municipal projects will be studied.

PHILADELPHIA, NOTICE!

A most important meeting of all Daily Worker Agents will take place on Wednesday, July 1st at headquarters 521 York ave. For further information, call Market 5098. All interested workers are asked to attend—this will be an organizational meeting where assistance will be welcomed. Be there—or have a substitute present.

Call the Textile Workers of East to Conference, Aug. 9

(Continued from page 1)

system in the cotton, wool and silk divisions of the industry is displacing labor at such a rate that not alone is the army of unemployed being tremendously increased, but the wages of the weaver—in spite of the golden promises that the more looms he operates, the more money he makes—are on the average decreasing. Today the weaver to tend all his looms needs roller skates.

By all this method of relatively small and frequent wage cuts combined with the tremendous increase in production per man—will aggregate a total cut in wages in many cases as high as fifty per cent.

Too Many Unions—Too Little Unionism

Notwithstanding the many unions in the textile industry, only a comparatively small number of textile workers are organized, and they are divided largely upon the basis of their particular craft, or the section of the industry in which they are engaged. This situation must not be tolerated. The textile workers must be rallied against their oppressors—the textile bosses. The existing unions must be amalgamated into a powerful Textile Industrial Union. Pending this amalgamation, all textile workers and their organizations must be brought together in a great and all embracing united front.

Wage cutting, unemployment, misery and suffering of the textile workers caused by this latest campaign of the organized bosses must be resisted. To lay the basis for effective resistance to this organized campaign of the employers, and to rally the militant spirit of the textile workers, a mass conference has been called to meet in New York City on Sunday, August 9, at 108 E. 14th Street, at 11 a. m.

Every Militant Welcome

All militant textile workers from unions, shop committees and mills thruout Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England are invited to be present at this conference. Make it truly representative of the masses of textile workers, both organized and unorganized. All cotton mill, woolen mill, silk mill, tapestry, hosiery and knit goods workers are welcome.

Textile workers elect your delegates and send them to the textile workers conference at New York City, August 9th, 1925.

International Committee for Amalgamation in the Textile Industry.

Dever For Militarization.

Mayor Dever, who last year raised objections to the militaristic "defense day" program, has issued a proclamation calling for universal observance of the mobilization day, July 4.

EUROPE MUST PAY DEBTS, SAYS BUSINESS HEAD

Dawes Plan Has Them Up in the Air

BRUSSELS, June 26.—If President Coolidge thinks he is the only spokesman for American capitalism, it is because he did not hear John O. Leary, president of the American chamber of commerce laying down the law to the European representatives at today's session of the International chamber of commerce. O'Leary speaking for American business made it quite plain that the United States would not tolerate for a moment the attempts which have been persistent since the congress opened, to bring about not only cancellation of the interallied debts but repudiation of the Dawes plan as well, as a means to that end.

In addition to O'Leary, Parker Gilbert, Dawes plan agent spoke. O'Leary told the congress that the debts must be paid and that the Dawes plan must be maintained. He said that the American business men don't like the idea of being represented in Europe as mercenary people seeking only to make profit out of Europe's misfortunes.

O'Leary's speech was in reply to that delivered the day before yesterday by Sir Joseph Stamp, ex-British member of the Dawes committee. Sir Joseph made the Dawes plan look like ten cents by the time he got thru. It was a case of "tales I win; heads you lose." If Germany is expected to pay reparations under the Dawes plan, she must be allowed to flood the markets of other countries with her goods. This means the curtailment of production in creditor countries. Which means stepping into the fire from the frying pan.

In A Dilemma

Germany cannot provide the surplus required by the Dawes plan unless a much enlarged demand for German goods is created abroad. He said that German exports must be expanded to the greatest possible extent; payments in kind must be extensively used; Germany's creditors could receive bonds of neutrals for whom Germany would execute public works not possible to finance otherwise and German railway, industrial and other bonds could be sold in the international market. In this way only can the allies collect from Germany, declared the Briton.

The capitalists are sitting between the two horns of a dilemma. Without the Dawes plan or something like it, they cannot collect any reparations and with it, they can collect them, only at the expense of their own industries.



BUILDERS AT WORK RUSH IN YOUR CAMPAIGN SUBS!

Only Four More Days Remain!

Today, Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, June 30.—and the Second Annual Sub Campaign is closed. The second united attempt to build the standard bearer of Communism in this country will have finished.

Send in your subs—RUSH—and in the Special Anti-Imperialist Issue of July 4 we can answer American capitalism's mobilization day with a show of what Communist Builders have done, as a promise of taking all power in the future.

Build—rush your subs in to fill out your local quota and order a bundle every day next week—and especially the issue of July 4, which will include the total accomplishments of

The Second Annual Sub Campaign

- These Builders sent in new subs on Thursday, June 25:
DENVER, COLO.—Ella Reeve Bloor (14).
OAKLAND, CALIF.—P. B. Cowdry (13).
CLEVELAND, O.—P. Luchachic (11); E. Schweitzer (2); H. Offner; W. Karath.
YOUNGSTOWN, O.—W. Metcalfe (5).
NEW YORK, N. Y.—A. Gusakoff (5); Katterfeld (4); S. Segal; E. Wolkoff; Sarah Pecker.
PHILADELPHIA, PA.—Lena Rosenberg (4); Liza Leve (3).
BELLAIRE, O.—T. Rack.
NEW HAVEN, CONN.—Wm. Simons.
ST. PAUL, MINN.—Sam Wolfe.
BUTTE, MONT.—Fred Kilok.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.—Dan W. Stevens (3).
PITTSBURGH, PA.—Fred Merriok (3).
CHICAGO, ILL.—Sirocky (2); Shop Nucleus 5; Kirlofsky.

Two Philadelphia Builders in Battle

A real fight is on in Philadelphia—a fight to prove themselves better Builders. Comrade Samuel Weinberg and Comrade Minkoff are staging a campaign of their own. City Agent Comrade Lena Rosenberg, who wishes that she had more such comrades to assist her, writes:

"Comrade Weinberg turned in five subs and Comrade Minkoff three new ones. Last night they met at the office together—Comrade Weinberg with four more new subs which he secured at a union meeting, and Comrade Minkoff also with four new subs and a renewal.

"The longer this battle between them lasts the more they will do for 'Our Daily' and our party, so I hope it lasts a long time."

This instance of Communist building is one of the reasons why Local Philadelphia has been near the top of the campaign list during the whole three months—and one reason why Philadelphia is sure to finish near the top."