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AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

THERE is a revolt in Portugal. Quite like one of the customary army rebellions against the government, due to lack of pork chops and summer underwear. Of course, the Communist International is getting the credit for it, tho the paid liars of the capitalist press have not yet concocted the particulars of the instructions sent out by Zinoviev, or the exact numbers of rubles with which the army leaders were corrupted. But that will come in a day or two.

THE capitalist liars are too busy just now forging fake letters from Zinoviev to the Bulgarian Communists, and have not time to "get the goods" on the Portuguese revolt. It was not exactly proper for Zinoviev to order two revolutions at the same time. If the Communist international wants to gain in popularity with the capitalist press, it must select a chairman who will plan revolutions so that half a dozen of them don't keep happening at once, and then a big long spell without even an explosion in a dynamite factory.

THE bomb that killed 160 fascists in Sofia, is laid at the door of the Communist International. The Chicago Tribune liar in Constantinople goes far as to give the names of the persons who are alleged to have carried out Zinoviev's orders. It gives the amount of money Moscow poured into Bulgaria. It even gives the exact words of the letter Zinoviev is alleged to have written to the Soviet embassy in Constantinople which this lying pervert says is the headquarters for Communist plotting in that region. This is just what we expected would happen.

OUR readers recollect the famous Zinoviev forgery, that was exploded on the British public a few days before the election. The Communist International demanded that the British government prove that its charge was based on facts, but the Tories refused to do anything about it once it had accomplished its purpose, which was the discrediting of the labor party in the eyes of enough working class and middle class voters to insure victory for the Tories. After the elections were over the British government conveniently forgot the incident, tho it was used in this country and elsewhere by the socialists and the bourgeois press.

THE American workers will not shed any tears of sorrow over the deaths of the murderous crew that fell in Sofia a few days ago. They owe their positions to association thru the dagger, the bomb and the bullet. That they are getting their own medicine back, was to be expected. But assassination is not a Communist weapon and this fact is known to the liars of the capitalist press. Individual acts of terror or violence are denounced by the Communist movement. These were the weapons of the social revolutionaries in Russia and the activist anarchist school. The Bulgarian Communists are organizing to overthrow the fascist regime by the use of mass force and not individual terror.

ONLY recently we published an article in the DAILY WORKER showing that Bulgarian ambassadors in Italy, England and other countries were engaged in a plot to get rid of their political opponents by assassination. Their intended victims were Communists and leaders in nationalist minority movements. Several Com. (Continued on page 2)

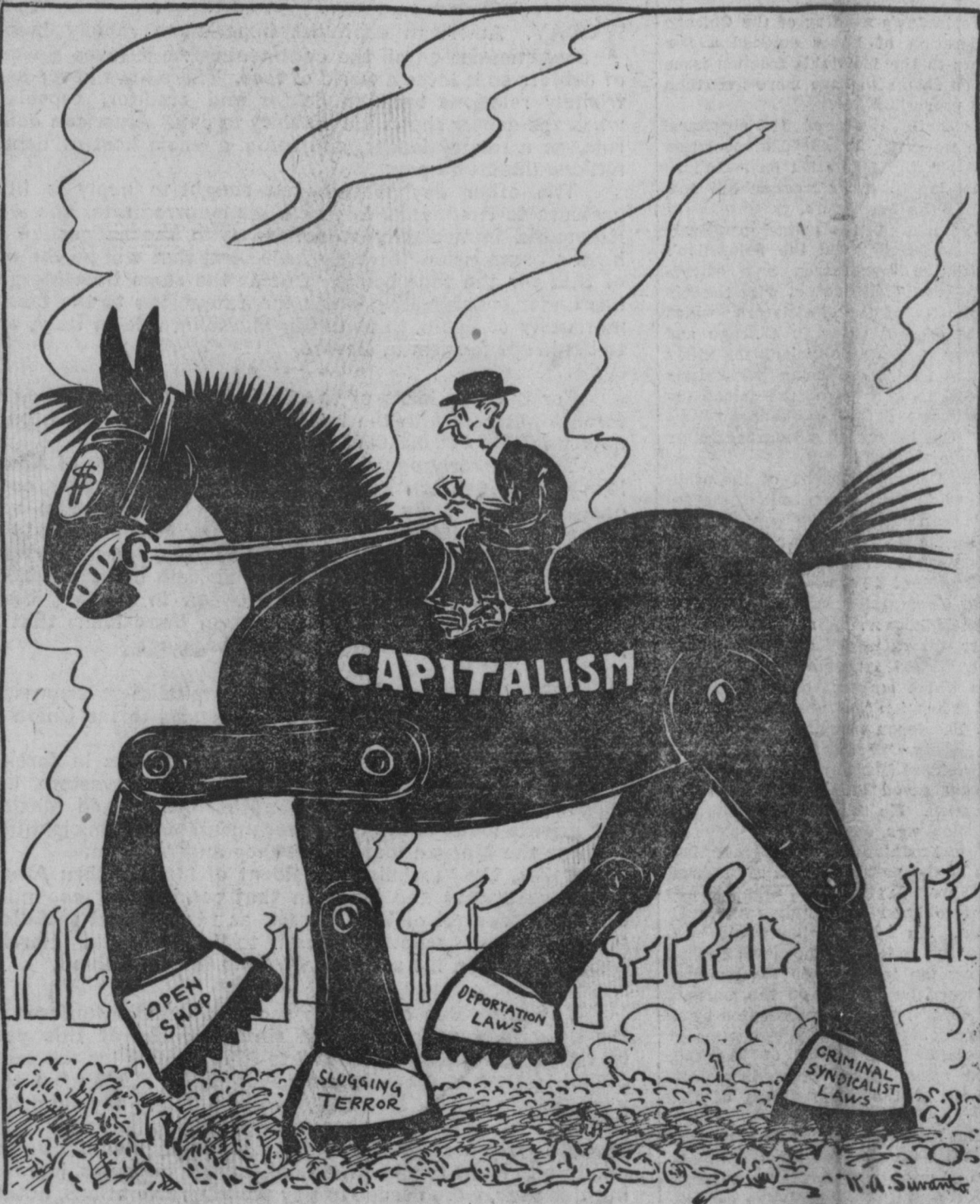
Boss Asks Injunction Against Striking New York Shoe Workers

NEW YORK CITY, April 19.—The workers of the Shoe Workers' Protective Union are standing so firm for recognition of their union in the strike against the shops of the United Shoe Rebuilding Co., Inc., in New York, that Arthur Freedman, the president of this company is resorting to the old standby of every boss in trouble, the injunction.

WOMEN MUST WORK TO FIGHT WOLF OF WANT, U. S. GOVERNMENT ADMITS

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Women in industry learn to work to keep the wolf of want away, is the confession of the department of labor. In a survey covering four pivotal cities of the country, Wilkesbarre, Pa., Jacksonville, Fla., Butte, Mont., and Passaic, N. J., the department found that women do not work for money to buy silk stockings, but work because they have to sustain life.

THE ELECTRIC HORSE



But not the one Coolidge is riding in his bedroom for his health.

NEW CABINET TO BOOST TAXES ON FRENCH WORKERS

Levy on Rich Is Forgotten

PARIS, France, April 19.—Minister of Finance Joseph Caillaux, the "strong man" of the new ministry formed by Paul Painleve with the support of the socialists, favors increasing the tax burden on the workers and peasants of France as the only remedy for the French government's financial crisis.

Borah Agrees With Plutes.

The same view is taken by the Wall Street bankers and the financial powers of Great Britain. Officials of the Bank of England stated not long ago that the taxes on the people of France must be increased.

Repudiate Scheme

Caillaux, in bidding for the support of the radical socialist party said: "The French people will have to make still heavier sacrifices to restore her finances."

Former Premier Herriot has agreed to become the new president of the chamber of deputies.

RETAIL FOOD PRICES JUMP FIVE PER CENT IN YEAR WITH CLIMB OF 56 PER CENT IN 12 YEARS

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Retail food prices jumped 5 per cent during the last year, from March 15, 1924, to March 15, 1925, altho there was a decrease of three-tenths of one per cent during March as compared with February, the department of labor announces. For the 12-year period food prices increased 56 per cent.

Twenty-five food articles increased in price, pork chops heading the list with an increase of 23 per cent. Butter increased 10 per cent, bacon 9 per cent and ham 6 per cent.

JAPAN FEDERATION OF LABOR IS FOR WORLD TRADE UNION UNITY; AIDS WORKERS RELIEF

BERLIN, April 19.—A letter received by the international headquarters of the International Workers' Aid in Berlin, from the president of the Japanese General Federation of Labor, Bunji Susuki, indicates that the swing to the left that began in the Japanese labor movement several years ago is still in progress.

Until 1922 the General Federation of Labor had been a hot-bed of conservatism and class-collaboration. Susuki himself was looked upon as a Japanese Gompers. The federation existed by grace of the crown, it was set against strikes, and admitted capitalists into its ranks.

But at the 1922 congress of the federation a change took place. A definite stand was taken against capitalists and capitalism and strikes finally regarded as the only weapon of the workers. Susuki, also seems to have changed greatly since the time, a number of years ago when he came as a very welcome fraternal delegate to the American Federation of Labor convention on invitation of Gompers.

Susuki writes, thru Nishio, secretary of the federation, "We eagerly hope for the world-wide unification of the toiling masses of all lands, and are watching with attention and expectation the proceeding of unity of the two international federations of trade unions, Moscow and Amsterdam."

After congratulating the International Workers' Aid on its efforts to relieve suffering and persecuted workers the world over, Susuki says, "As to your request to publish the appeal for help of fellow-workers threatened by hunger and starvation in Germany and eastern parts of Europe, I am very glad to say that I will publish it in the latest number of the official organ of our federation."

The Japanese federation's endorsement of world trade union unity is a sure sign that the Japanese workers' movement has been very much clarified in the last several years.

IRON HEEL OF THE GOVERNMENT AID TO MINE BARONS

Six Miners Held in Jail for Violating Writ

WHEELING, W. Va., April 19.—Coal miners, out on strike at the call of the United Mine Workers of America, in the four Panhandle counties of West Virginia, are feeling the iron heel of the federal government combined with the coal operators.

Six miners employed by the Richland Coal company are in jail charged with violation of a federal injunction two years old, and the operators are evicting the families of strikers.

Must Put All in Jail
The arrested men are, by the policy of the union, refusing to furnish bond and Sub-District President Ledvinka states:

"If the operators intend to control the state and county, as they seem to be trying to do, they will have to put us all in jail first."

That a further move which may result in wholesale imprisonment of injunction violators, providing the miners have enough spunk to defy an injunction en masse, is contemplated, is seen in the statement of the operators that an effort is likely to be made to secure a blanket injunction against unionization to cover the entire state. Other operators claim that they want a blanket injunction to run the union out of Marshall county alone.

Ledvinka charges that the Richland Coal company is evicting families of miners without allowing the legal 30 day notice supposed to be given (Continued on page 2)

COMMUNISTS IN BIG SCHOOL FIGHT IN LOS ANGELES

Levin Is Candidate of Party for Board

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 19.—Under the slogans of "Education for Service—Not for Profits," and "Let the Teachers Run the Schools," the Workers' (Communist) Party has launched an intensive campaign here for the election of its candidate, Emanuel Levin, as a member of the board of education, at the polls next month.

Hundreds of workers listened to the Communist speakers at the first meeting of the campaign held in Boyle's Heights, corner of Brooklyn and State. In addition to the speech by the candidate, Levin, S. A. Baker also spoke in English, and Comrade Karploff in Jewish. Tonight an enthusiastic meeting was held in San Pedro Harbor, scene of the free speech fight during the Marine Transport Workers' strike.

Other meetings have been planned as follows: April 21, Boyle's Heights; April 23, San Pedro Harbor, and April 25, Boyle's Heights.

The party platform, which pledges its candidate to work for "the establishment of a Communist society" is in full as follows:

Ella Reeve Bloor and Tom Lewis, two of the parties most able speakers, are expected to assist during the closing weeks of the Communist campaign.

Communist School Platform.
SINCE the existing school system is one of the institutions used to per- (Continue on Page 2)

WHEELER TOOK FAT RETAINER, SAYS WITNESS

Surprise Witness in Oil Trial Falls Flat

GREAT FALLS, Mont., April 19.—The defense attorneys for Burton K. Wheeler, Montana senator on trial charged with using his office on behalf of oil company clients, will ask Judge Dietrich to instruct the jury to bring in a verdict of not guilty, it was learned today.

The prosecution unloosed its heavy gun in the much heralded surprise witness, who turned out to be Edward M. Harvey, of Eugene, Oregon. Harvey missed fire badly, denying he had ever said he heard Wheeler discussing oil permits.

Witness Aids Defense.
Harvey declared Wheeler was employed by Gordon Campbell, oil promoter, only to handle a receivership suit against Campbell's company before Montana courts, and not, as (Continued on page 2)

MAINTAIN PASSPORT SYSTEM TO KEEP CHECK ON THE IMMIGRANTS

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Notes have been addressed to Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, Spain and other nations proposing to abolish passport visas fees on a reciprocal basis, the state department announced today.

The passport system will be retained, however, it was announced, as it is needed to keep a check on immigrants coming into the United States. The abolition of fees will go into effect as soon as any of the individual nations approached agree to abolish fees they now charge to visa American passports.

ZANKOV BANS NEWS; TERROR ORGY REIGNS

Seek to Fasten Bomb on Communists

VIENNA, April 19.—The strictest censorship prevails in Bulgaria and only news officially sanctioned by the fascist dictatorship is allowed to go out over the wires. Considerable news is seeping thru the frontiers however.

As far as can be gathered, the Zankov government is raiding working class and peasant homes and arresting and murdering Communist leaders. With orders to shoot suspicious persons on sight, it is feared that the fascists will take advantage of the hysteria to murder the most dangerous of their opponents.

Reported Confession.

One interesting news dispatch declares that the beadle of the Svet Cathedral where the explosion took place confessed complicity in the affair, and named alleged Communist leaders. This confirms the suspicion that the murder gang now in control of the Sofia government will use the occasion to make another attempt to crush the Communist Party which has been making great headway among the workers and peasants.

All capitalist press agencies are trying to fasten the bomb plot on the Communist but the Bulgarian workers and peasants are too well acquainted with the murderous character of the Zankov regime, to believe this propaganda.

England Aids Fascists.

LONDON, April 19.—The British foreign office announced today the allies had granted permission to the Bulgarian government to recruit 3,600 additional soldiers "to handle the situation at Sofia."

Get a sub—make another Communist!

REPORT SAYS LEWIS AND 'BESCO' ARE FIXING CAPE BRETON STRIKE

HALIFAX, N. S., April 19.—Progress was made towards a settlement of the strike in the Cape Breton district, where 12,000 miners are out, according to reports yesterday.

John Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers; Premier Armstrong, and Vice-President McClurg of the Besco Co. where the strike occurred, were decidedly optimistic after a conference.

COAL MINERS OF WASHINGTON FEEL HEEL OF THE DAWES PLAN; SHIPLOAD OF GERMAN COKE ARRIVES

TACOMA, Wash., Apr. 19.—Tacoma workers have received an object lesson in the benefits (?) of the Dawes-Morgan reparations plan. A shipload of coke from Germany has just been unloaded at the Tacoma smelter.

There are several mines within a few miles of Tacoma which produce good coking coal. But because of the long hours and low wages in German coal mines and coke plants, as a result of the Dawes plan, it is cheaper to bring coke half way around the world.

The copper trust's Tacoma smelter is notorious for hard work and low wages. Common labor is always in demand there, for the workers never stay more than a few days. They get a stake of a few dollars, then quit to look for a better job. And then they must buy new clothes, for after one day there not only overalls, but every garment becomes so filled with ore dust that it is ruined for wearing at any other work.

MEXICANS RAISE ALARM AGAINST U. S. IMPERIALISM

Communist Progress Is Very Encouraging

By MANUEL GOMEZ.
(Special to The Daily Worker.)
MEXICO CITY, April 10, (By Mail)—With the shadow of Wall Street looming larger and larger over Latin America, the third annual congress of the Communist Party of Mexico, which opened in this city on Tuesday, is debating and planning, as one of the vital immediate tasks confronting the Mexican workers, the struggle against American imperialism.

Show International Solidarity.
One of the first actions of the congress was to pass a resolution of solidarity with C. E. Ruthenburg, William Z. Foster and the other American Communists indicted in Michigan. A strong resolution of protest against the contemplated legal murder of Sacco and Vanzetti was also adopted and a copy sent to the American embassy here.

The wide representation at the congress is a sign of the remarkable progress made by the Communist Party of Mexico during the past year. The overwhelming majority of the delegates are workers and peasants, direct from the shops, mines and fields. Among them are one or two notable figures. For instance, Ursulo Galvan, who besides being an active Communist, is the beloved and trusted leader of 325,000 peasants of the state of Vera Cruz, organized in the "Liga de Comunidades Agrarias."

There is also Luis G. Monzon, Communist senator from San Luis Potosi, who recently stood up in the Mexican senate and read off his instructions from the Communist Party, announcing that he was going to carry them out to the letter.

Raise Alarm Against U. S.

Throughout all the discussions the prevailing note is one of alarm against American imperialism. The report on the economic and political situation showed that American capital dominates practically every strategic point in Mexican industry, especially the mines and oil fields, where British capital has already been relegated far to the rear.

The "labor government" of Mexico was shown to be a willing tool of Wall Street, the central points of government policy being the fulfillment of the iniquitous Lamont-de la Huerta treaty and the destruction of railroad unions preparatory to turning the roads back to British and American owners.

In the Regional Confederation of Labor (C. R. O. M.), closely connected with the Calles government thru (Continued on page 2)

Dawes Gets Usual Welcome from His Millionaire Friends

BOSTON, Mass., April 19.—Vice-President Charles G. Dawes, millionaire gas and oil stockholder, did his stuff again before another chamber of commerce audience. Dawes spoke before the governor of Massachusetts, the mayor of Boston, and several hundred merchants, bankers, shipowners and textile magnates, the latter including Senator William Morgan Butler, one of President Coolidge's advisors.

Dawes advocated change of the senate rules to give the senate less power and the supreme court and president more power. Dawes is always sure of a welcome when speaking before his millionaire friends, and therefore makes most of his speeches before chambers of commerce.

T. U. E. L. General Meet Wed., April 29, 8 P. M.

The regular meeting of the Chicago Trade Union Educational League general group will be held Wednesday, April 29, at 8 p. m., at North West Hall, corner North and Western Aves. An interesting series of reports on the progress of the militants in the Chicago trade union movement will be given. All militant and progressive trade unionists are invited to attend this important meeting.

LOWDEN CONFESSES FAKE FIGURES DO NOT GET FARMERS PROSPERITY

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Despite optimistic statements of eastern financiers, the American agricultural situation has not cleared up, it was declared today by ex-governor of Illinois Frank O. Lowden, following a conference with the president.

Lowden, one of the biggest farmers in Illinois, condemned those "who seek by sets of figures to prove to their own satisfaction, that the farmer is in good shape."

"One of the chief drawbacks to the solving of the farm problem is the refusal of so many responsible men to admit true conditions," he said.

KLUXER, SOUGHT FOR KILLING OF GIRL, MISSING

Dead Victim's Mother Critically Ill

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 19.—David C. Stephenson, former grand dragon of the Ku Klux Klan, and well known employer and politician, who has been indicted for first degree murder, charged with being responsible for the death of Miss Madge Oberholtzer, is thought to be conferring with his attorneys.

Stephenson, together with Earl Klenck and Earl Gentry, have been missing since first degree murder indictments were returned against all three by the Marion county grand jury. Gentry and Klenck are charged with being accomplices in the alleged attack on Miss Oberholtzer which resulted in her death after she had taken poison and had been refused medical aid by her captors.

Former Wife Sues.

Dr. John Kingsbury, one of the klanmen's accusers, was the first physician to attend Miss Oberholtzer. He said the girl suffered intensely before her death from three large wounds on her body, alleged to have been received during the attack mentioned in the indictment.

Miss Oberholtzer's mother is critically ill as the result of the shock of her daughter's tragic death.

Stephenson's former wife, Mrs. Nettie Stephenson Brehm, of Poteau, Okla., has brought suit against the klanman for \$16,795, charging that he has failed to support their eight-year-old daughter, Florence Stephenson.

Indicted on Four Counts.

Briefly, the indictments charged: "1. On March 16, the defendants (Stephenson, Klenck and Gentry) placed Madge Oberholtzer in a sleeping car bound for Hammond, Ind., and assaulted her. In Hammond, they forced her to occupy a room in a hotel with Stephenson. Because of the pain and shame she suffered, Miss Oberholtzer swallowed poison.

"The defendants refused to obtain medical aid for her. On March 17, they returned her to Indianapolis in a motor car and held her forcibly until about noon on March 18.

"2. The defendants caused to be administered to Miss Oberholtzer bichloride of mercury tablets which she took thru fear, duress and compulsion.

"3. On March 16 the defendants made an assault upon the body and person of Madge Oberholtzer from which she died.

"4. Altho knowing that she had taken poison, the defendants refused to give the girl medical attention." Immediately after the grand jury sent down the indictment, the arrest of Stephenson, Klenck and Gentry was ordered. Because of the seriousness of the charges, they cannot be admitted to bail.

Firetrap Home Claims Lives of Family of 5

MARSHFIELD, Ore., April 19.—An entire family of five were burned to death here early today when flames swept their home.

The dead are: Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Hoops and children, Vernon 17, Herman 10, and Ruth 13.

Hoops and his two sons were apparently suffocated while asleep. The bodies of Ruth and Herman were found in a hall way.

Bronx, N. Y. Comrades' Attention!

The class in the principles and tactics of the Third International will resume its sessions on Tuesday, April 21, at the Bronx party headquarters, 1347 Boston Road, Bronx. Every comrade who desires a thorough understanding of the principles and tactics upon which the Workers Party is founded should attend this class. Dr. I. Stamler is the instructor, and his name needs no introduction to Bronx students. The class is free to Workers Party members, and sympathizers.

Down Town English New York.

The down town English branch of New York will hold a very important business meeting Wednesday evening, April 22, at the headquarters, 108 E. 14th street. Every member is instructed to be present. All committees must be ready with reports.

Aid for Immigrants.

The council of Jewish women, maintains an Immigrant Aid office, at 1800 Seldom street, Room 125. Information is given gratis, on all matters pertaining to immigration, also regarding immigrants detained at ports of entry, those stranded in European ports or in transit. This information bureau is open from 2:00 to 5:00 p. m., every day except Saturday, and Thursday evenings until 7:00 p. m.

Non-Union Hashhouse Must Pay \$12,500

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., April 19.—Marie Davis, waitress, has won a verdict for \$12,500 against the non-union Thompson restaurant for injuries from a fall while employed. Her suit was for \$35,000. The John R. Thompson Co., a chain restaurant corporation, is the only non-union lunchroom in East St. Louis.

REVOLT IN PORTUGAL THREATENS GOVERNMENT OF PRESIDENT GOMES; MANY DIE IN STREET FIGHTING

LISBON, Portugal, April 19.—An army revolt, said to be led by Major Filomeno Camara, has broken out here, and street fighting has occurred, in which many were killed and wounded.

A strict censorship has been ordered, to prevent the outside world from learning of the serious nature of the revolt, which aims to overthrow the present government, headed by President Teixeira Gomes.

The DAILY WORKER printed a story on April 16, in which a letter from an army officer declared, "The army may have to drive out all politicians, cleanse all the posts occupied now by thieves and traitors, and hand the administration of the state of Portugal to citizens who deserve that name." The letter declared that "the Portuguese soldiers are starving under their gilt braid."

Los Angeles Communists in School Fight

(Continued from Page 1)

petuate the capitalist system, I, the working class candidate demand that:

- (a) Our school system be changed to train and fit the child and youth to be citizens in a society based upon production for use and not for profit; in a society in which the means of production and distribution and natural resources are in the hands of the workers and farmers.
- (b) The working class has no voice or influence in shaping the educational policies of our school system. The existing educational system antagonizes the school children against organized labor.
- (c) The text books used, the military training and so-called "patriotic observances" are no more than means to mold the child into an instrument for the interest of the capitalists as against the interests of the working class. This was seen in the world war and in every strike for better conditions in which the workers have been engaged.
- (d) The teachers are deprived of their rights to express their views on social and political problems out of fear of losing their positions.
- (e) The working class districts are the last in which school improvements are made or new school buildings erected, while the wealthy residential sections are given first consideration.
- (f) Buildings are constructed and improvements are made under open shop conditions.
- (g) The purchase of school equipment and building construction are controlled by those who are financially interested in the contracts either directly or indirectly.
- (h) To realize the benefits the workers should derive from the schools and colleges I propose the following:

ESSENTIAL PREREQUISITES FOR TEACHERS.

Courses in working class history and kindred social sciences should be prerequisites for all teachers.

TEACHERS' RIGHTS.

Teachers must be permitted to organize in labor unions. No teacher should be expelled for holding beliefs inimical to the present capitalist system.

ADMINISTRATION.

Management of schools should be vested in committees elected by teachers with representation from the students in the high schools.

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE.

(a) That strictly union labor be employed in all construction of new schools as well as on repairs and maintenance in existing school buildings.

(b) That only union made school equipment and supplies be purchased.

MILITARY TRAINING.

Military training should be abolished as it fosters militarism which is an instrument in the hands of the capitalists to crush the workers in their struggles for emancipation.

RACE SEGREGATION.

No segregation or discrimination because of color, race or creed.

EDUCATION.

(a) That history text books used at present in our public schools be thoroughly revised and only such text books that conform with the established scientific and historical facts be used.

(b) That service to society along the lines of arts and sciences be emphasized as the accomplishment to be sought.

COAL MINERS' FAMILIES ARE BEING EVICTED

Government Savagely Attacks Strikers

(Continued from page 1)

cupants of company houses in the coal camps, imposing great suffering upon women and children, and especially endangering the lives of the sick.

State Supreme Court Killed Protective Law

The operators boast that they have overcome the law containing this provision by getting a ruling from the state supreme court one year ago, entitling them to throw out families of miners from their homes in company houses, whenever the miner quits work.

The operators claim that the state law affording the 30 days protective feature for the miners' families is killed by the state supreme court ruling and that a miner working for any coal company in the state makes his family liable to eviction the day he obeys a strike order and stops work.

Mines Hard Hit By Strike

President Ledvinka states that a protest will be made to Governor Gore of West Virginia, against the violation of the 30 day law.

The mines throughout the four counties of the Panhandle are either completely closed or are working no more than 50 per cent.

The two miners arrested last, are Mike Angelus, arrested at Richland on Friday, and Emanuel George, who surrendered to the U. S. marshal's office when he learned Saturday of a warrant. Four others were previously arrested on the injunction granted the Richland company two years ago by the federal government.

sought by our future citizens rather than personal gain and the chase for profits.

(c) Keep religious training and influence out of the schools.

(d) No working class publication should be barred from our school libraries.

(e) Strict enforcement of compulsory school attendance laws.

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No segregation or discrimination because of color, race or creed.

EDUCATION.

The candidate running on the above platform knows that the ruling class will not permit the realization of his demands under the present system of society and therefore pledges himself when elected to work for the establishment of a Communist society.

(Signed) EMANUEL LEVIN, Candidate for Board of Education, Los Angeles, Calif.

Senator Wheeler Took Fat Retainer, Charge Made in Court Trial

(Continued from page 1)

charged, before the department of interior in Washington.

The defense admitted that Wheeler received \$4,000 from Campbell, but insisted the money was for practice in Montana courts, and that Wheeler never agreed to obtain government oil concessions for his clients.

Wheeler in "Fixer" Role.

United States District Attorney John Slattery pointed out that H. C. Glosser, secretary to Wheeler's client who will appear as a witness, testified before the Borah committee in January, 1923, that at a conference with the oil promoters in January, 1923, Wheeler said: "There is nothing to worry about with regard to permits, they can be fixed up in Washington."

Harvey admitted on the stand that he had protested the \$10,000 retainer fee on which Wheeler was employed to defend the receivership suit.

Brown to Speak Despite Manning.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Despite the order of Bishop William T. Manning prohibiting William Montgomery Brown, bishop of Arkansas, from speaking today in the St. Marks church on the Bowery, Bishop Brown will speak today as scheduled.

Bishop Brown has been convicted of heresy by the episcopal church but cannot be deposed as bishop until the house of bishops meets on his case in New Orleans next year.

Flu Epidemic at Loami.

LOAMI, Ill., April 18.—Out of town physicians were called here today to help check a widespread attack of influenza that has gripped the community in the absence of a resident doctor. The town's only physician recently moved to Decatur.

Gas Company Goes Broke.

BRAZIL, Ind., April 18.—The Brazil Gas Co. was placed in the hands of a receiver by Judge Hutcherson in the Clay circuit court when the company failed to answer certain questions asked by the court relative to its liabilities and assets.

PILSUDSKI REFUSES TO VISIT UNITED STATES; HEARD OF ABRAMOVICH?

WARSAW, Poland, April 19.—Joseph Pilsudski, "socialist," Poland's first chief of state, gives up visit to the United States to write book on bees.

TRACTION ISSUE, VIA SPRINGFIELD, IS BEFORE LABOR

C. F. of L. Endorses the Barr Bill

Yesterday's meeting of the Chicago Federation of Labor devoted a few hours to the inevitable traction issue which seems to have more lives than the proverbial cat.

Delegate Wait, of the structural iron workers, introduced a resolution that put the federation on record as endorsing the Barr traction bill now before the legislature.

The motion was passed painlessly and noiselessly and the federation's legislative committees and officers were instructed to meet with the subcommittee of the legislature which holds session today in Chicago and convey to those politicians the views of the federation, being particularly careful to impress on the solons the importance of giving the dear "peepul" the luxury of a referendum on the proposition.

But Delegate Wright, of the printers, who appears to be one of the Denver watchdogs in the central body smelled a pole cat after the motion was issued. It then began to dawn on President Fitzpatrick that William Hale Thompson's boys had slipped something over. A motion to reconsider was made and carried and Delegate Wright introduced another motion which made it quite clear that the federation was not lined up with the Thompson machine—yet.

In Unhappy Position.

President Fitzpatrick admitted that Wright saved him from a confusing situation. He thought the Thompson machine was engaged in a piece of political manipulation. Delegate Madison of the painters, socialist, seemed to support Wait, but as usual, it was hard to know definitely where he stood. He declared the whole business was a joke. Fitzpatrick replied saying the joke was in the meeting. Perhaps the joke is on the workers of Chicago, who are represented by so many jokers who play the game of the capitalists instead of devoting some attention to the needs and interests of the wage slaves of this city.

The federation seems to have very little time nowadays for the discussion of wage and working conditions. The report of the legislative committee was heard and adopted without discussion. This report indirectly praised the Barr cessack bill, by criticizing the Dunlap bill and Dunlap.

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(Continued from page 1)

charged, before the department of interior in Washington.

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Harvey admitted on the stand that he had protested the \$10,000 retainer fee on which Wheeler was employed to defend the receivership suit.

Brown to Speak Despite Manning.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Despite the order of Bishop William T. Manning prohibiting William Montgomery Brown, bishop of Arkansas, from speaking today in the St. Marks church on the Bowery, Bishop Brown will speak today as scheduled.

Bishop Brown has been convicted of heresy by the episcopal church but cannot be deposed as bishop until the house of bishops meets on his case in New Orleans next year.

Flu Epidemic at Loami.

LOAMI, Ill., April 18.—Out of town physicians were called here today to help check a widespread attack of influenza that has gripped the community in the absence of a resident doctor. The town's only physician recently moved to Decatur.

Gas Company Goes Broke.

BRAZIL, Ind., April 18.—The Brazil Gas Co. was placed in the hands of a receiver by Judge Hutcherson in the Clay circuit court when the company failed to answer certain questions asked by the court relative to its liabilities and assets.

PILSUDSKI REFUSES TO VISIT UNITED STATES; HEARD OF ABRAMOVICH?

WARSAW, Poland, April 19.—Joseph Pilsudski, "socialist," Poland's first chief of state, gives up visit to the United States to write book on bees.

U. S. Imperialism Piles 22 Billion Dollar Debt Load on World Labor

By J. LOUIS ENGDALH.

TODAY, American capitalist imperialism rapidly breeds new enemies on all the continents. As it faces a world of debtors so it faces a world of foes. There have never been friendly relations between debtor and creditor, especially when the debtor shows his inability to pay. American dollar rule, as a money lender, confronts a whole host of debtor nations unable to pay.

The other day Washington sought to apply a little pressure to Roumania, to pay debts incurred after the war. Roumania immediately responded with the suggestion to have a commission "investigate." And that will be the end of that for the time being. But at the same time Morgan has under consideration plans for a new loan to the fascist monarchy of Spain, to tottering Mussolini rule in Italy, and to bankrupt fascism in Greece.

For the war loans of the United States government to foreign nations, with the interest that has never been paid, now total \$12,000,000,000.

This is nearly equalled by the \$10,000,000,000 of American private investments and loans in foreign countries, compared to a niggardly \$2,000,000,000 when the world war broke out in 1914. In 10 years a 500 per cent increase!

The interest alone on these 10 billion dollars of private investments runs up to the staggering sum of \$650,000,000 annually. Wall Street is the go-between in floating these private loans, and it is the interest on these loans that is paid, if any, while Washington goes begging.

These loans are made to foreign capitalist governments. Nothing has been heard of credits extended to the Union of Soviet Republics.

The ten billion dollars include investments in foreign projects owned and controlled by American investors, like copper and oil properties in South America and Mexico, and private loans to foreign governments and municipalities, such as the Morgan loans to France and Belgium.

Calles, the "socialist" president of Mexico, thru American investments and loans in that country, is as much under the control of Wall Street, as the "radical socialist" premier, Herriot, showed himself to be in France. Herriot had to go when his services were no longer wanted.

The par value of foreign securities publicly offered in the United States for the first three months of this year totalled \$279,000,000 compared to \$238,000,000 for the same period last year. The debtors needed \$40,000,000 more this year to keep going. New debts were floated to pay old debts. But the new debts were necessarily larger than the old debts because they must also include interest payments. But in addition to loans to pay off old obligations, big sums, increasing this year, were needed to pay pressing obligations, notably expenditures for financially burdensome armies, navies, air fleets, in great part "to maintain order" at home against restless workers. The league of nations has just granted permission to Bulgaria to increase its military strength to maintain its fascist rule over its workers and peasants.

The money hunger of Western European capitalism is shown by the report that during the first quarter of 1925 it borrowed \$139,000,000 in the United States compared to \$10,000,000 during the same months last year. The 1925 loans thus far consist of 31 issues. Last year they numbered only 21.

There are no doubt those foolish enough to believe that these loans will some day be paid. J. Pierpont Morgan, however, doesn't believe it. More than that, he doesn't wish it. If all debts were paid, which is impossible, Morgan would have to go out of business. Loan making would be at an end. The international money lender would be out of a job.

But Morgan and all the other great financiers of Wall Street know that their jobs are secure as long as capitalism lasts. Just as long as labor permits itself to be cruelly exploited under the lash of the taskmaster, to the last drop of blood, just so long will it be possible for the American money lenders to make new loans and collect an increasing interest toll, now reaching towards one billion dollars annually.

Even the excessive spending of the jazz era of American capitalism absorbs but a small part of the interest on loans and the profits of American industry. New fields of investment must be found for the surplus. Hence new loans. More work for Morgan. Increasing foreign debts to collect interest on.

Right now American imperialism is showing the might of its collecting agency, thru the naval maneuvers in the Pacific.

But the army, the navy, the air fleets will fail in time of war, a war to make the workers of other nations pay, if the exploited workers and poor farmers at home refuse to submit, refuse to fight Wall Street's wars. The feeling grows, "No aid to Morgan's collecting agency. No drop of workers' blood to shield Morgan's loans."

Workers of other nations will repudiate the debts owing to Morgan. American workers will, in time, repudiate Morgan rule. Then falls capitalism in the United States of America. Only the world proletarian dictatorship can free world labor from the world dollar dictatorship.

Mexicans Raise Alarm Against U. S.

(Continued from page 1)

treacherous leaders such as Luis N. Morones (who is also minister of industry, commerce and labor), the poisonous propaganda of Wall Street is spread side by side with a spurious nationalism, as a result of the alliance with the bureaucrats of the American Federation of Labor. The C. R. O. M. leaders are notorious for their servile telegrams to Coolidge and Hughes and for their campaign of expulsion against the Communists in the Mexican unions, following the example and advice of the A. F. of L.

Among the immediate tasks before the Mexican party mentioned in the report are: Support of the Pan-American Anti-Imperialist League, as valuable weapon against American imperialism; exposure of the "labor" government of Mexico as an instrument of Wall Street; campaign against fulfillment of the Lamont-de la Huerta treaty; insistence upon articles 27 and 123 of the Mexican constitution.

Plan to Bolshelize Party.

Reporting for the national committee, the national secretary, Rafael Carrillo, called attention to the need for thorough Bolshevizing the Mexican party. Bolshevization is looked upon as one of the most important points on the agenda. The Mexican party is far from being a mass party as yet, despite the fact that it has considerable influence among the peasant masses, not only in Vera Cruz but in Michoacan as well. The party is still very small, but is growing rapidly. Centralization of activities is proceeding slowly. There are still flagrant breaches of discipline. Nevertheless, great progress is being made toward the establishment of a disciplined Bolshhevik party.

Other points on the agenda include the report of Comrade Wolfe, delegate to the fifth congress of the Communist International; trade union report; agrarian report; united front; reports of locals.

EDUCATION FOR COLLABORATION IS BUREAU PLAN

A. F. of L. Fakerdom Rules Conference

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 19.—That the so-called "workers' educational" movement is becoming a systematized effort of corrupting the minds of the workers with the poison of class collaboration is seen clearly in view of the actions taken by the fourth conference of the "Workers' education bureau" which opened here Friday at the newest and finest hotel.

A School For Class Collaboration.

All the speeches of politicians, professors and A. F. of L. labor fakery are in harmony with the surroundings of the conference. Class collaboration in one form or another is the keynote of every speech. This illustrates the truth of the statement made by Earl R. Browder of the Workers (Communist) Party, in his pamphlet exposure on "class collaboration" which says: "In the so-called workers' education movement, is the combination of a keen, middle class intellectualism with the old-time bureaucracy of the trade unions . . . the official center of the movement is the Workers' Education Bureau."

Real Workers' School Barred Out.

The delegation from the proletarian "Workers' School" of New York, consisting of Oliver Carlson, Juliet Poyntz and William Weinstein, were not seated by the conference and the school's application for affiliation to the Workers' Education Bureau was rejected.

All signs point toward the American Federation of Labor taking over complete control of the Workers' Educational Bureau and the ousting of even such mild progressives as Maurer, Cohen and Brophy from leadership. The leading fakery of the A. F. of L. reactionary bureaucracy are on the job, including Matthew Woll, Perkins and Frey. These fakery are at the head of the most important committees.

Left Wing Timid and Weak.

The left wing among the conference delegates tried to put up a fight, but it is not unified and is weak by nature.

William Green, president of the A. F. of L. spoke at the conference Saturday, saying in part:

"There is every indication that the organizations of labor are entering upon a new era, one in which education is going to play a greater part." The part that it is to play, however, is covertly stated by the bureau's technical director, Spencer Miller, who said, "The power of labor consists in its power to serve, and not to dominate." In other words, the "historic mission" of the working class is to work. And for a master as a servant.

Professor Shotwell, author of the infamous Geneva protocol, is also one of the speakers.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from page 1)

munist and nationalist leaders have been slain by these terrorists. But the capitalist press which supports the fascist governments in every country in Europe gloat over these murders as they have gossiped over the murder of the Polish workers who were on their way to Soviet Russia and freedom. Murders committed by the fascist assassins do not arouse any horror in the breasts of the bourgeoisie of other countries.

THERE is a certain similarity between the way the capitalist press treated the recent terroristic outbreak in Bulgaria and the way they treated the Wall Street explosion a few years back. The first editions to get on the street after the Wall Street blast attributed the disaster to an accidental explosion of dynamite carried in a Dupont powder wagon. But as this would involve the expenditure of millions of dollars in damages from the powder trust the tale was given a twist and within two hours William J. Burns was out with a carefully hatched plot fastening the blame on the Communist International. What happened to the "plot" is history.

SO with Bulgaria. Early reports hinted that the Macedonian nationalists were responsible. But an opportunity for prejudicing the minds of the masses in other countries could not be allowed to slip by, so the Communist International was dragged in, Zinovief's picture was dug up and the forgers and liars were ordered to put on full steam. This affair will be used by the fascist murderers to cover up their past crimes, to which the explosion in Sofia was but the inevitable reply. And they will use it to frighten the big capitalist powers into giving them more money and permission to keep a larger standing army. The international solidarity of capitalism is always evident whenever any section of it is threatened by the workers, the common enemy of all capitalist groups.

Get a sub—make another Communist!

COOLIDGE BOARD USED TO SHIELD TRUST FRAUDS

Textile Barons Sell Fake "Silk"

By LAWRENCE TODD (Federated Press Staff Correspondent) WASHINGTON, April 19.—Commissioners Humphrey, Van Fleet and Hunt of the federal commission have outvoted Commissioners Thompson and Nugent on the issue of punishing wholesale frauds which amount to theft, when the offenders are business concerns which deliberately misbrand their products and thereby induce consumers to pay for something they do not get.

The minority has just issued another protest against the immorality of the Humphrey-Coolidge idea of letting the big thieves go free, on their word of honor that henceforth they will be good.

Recently Thompson protested against similar leniency toward a firm which had sold fake "wax" candles to catholic and other churches. Now the dissenting opinion deals with the dismissal of a complaint against the Mallinson "silk" concern, which advertises enticingly and at generous rates in the big magazines, Mallinson and company have entered into an agreement, approved by Humphrey and his two associates, that the terms on which the complaint against them is dropped shall be kept secret.

Thompson and Nugent show that Mallinson and Co. have been making textiles in their factories in Astoria and Brooklyn, New York; in Trenton, Paterson and West Hoboken, N. J., and in Allentown and Erie, Pa., and have been selling these goods as "Mallinson's Silk de Luxe" and under other names indicating them to be silk, when in fact they are only part silk and part wool or other materials. When complaints had been issued by the commission against them, Vice-President Rose of the Mallinson concern assured the representatives of the commission, last July, that until April, 1924, it had never dived upon him that they were doing anything wrong, or anything different from the rest of the trade.

The fact was that as long ago as 1917 the commission issued certain rulings which were published to the whole trade, warning manufacturers against continuing these frauds on consumers. Year by year the fight against misbranding of textiles and hosiery was continued. Any pretense of lack of knowledge that this concern was violating the rules laid down by the commission was absurd.

Big Firms Escape Meanwhile, formal orders to "cease and desist," which have the effect of a public condemnation, have been made by the commission against smaller firms in the near-silk industry. Thompson and Nugent declare that in view of the proof that the Mallinson company knew it was violating the rules and cheating its customers, it should not now be given favorable discrimination as against smaller competitors. They protest that suppression of the complaint by the majority deprives the public of means of protecting itself from further fraud. By their method of stating the case in a dissenting opinion, the minority have in this instance balked the scheme of total suppression.

When Humphrey, the corporation lobbyist, was nominated and confirmed as a member of the federal commission some months ago, the Federated Press noted that henceforth the commission would be used to protect the bandits of the commercial world from drastic punishment.

MONGOLIA GLAD TO GET RED ARMY AID IN WAR ON WHITES

(By Rosta News Agency) URGU, March 14.—(By Mail)—

In reference to the announcement of the withdrawal of the Red troops from Mongolia, the Mongolian authorities have addressed a communication to the Soviet People's Commissar, Chicherin, wherein the fact is officially confirmed that Mongolia had twice approached the Soviet government with a request to keep the Red army units in Mongolia with a view to co-operating in the liquidation of white guard detachments, which were pillaging and devastating Mongolia, and in which it is stated that the time has now come when the Red army units, which had been stationed in Mongolian territory, could be withdrawn.

It is further stated, in part, in the Mongolian communication that the Mongolian authorities set a high value by the assistance rendered by the Red army in the cause of the liberty of the Mongolian nation and wish to extend their heart-felt gratitude to the workers and peasants of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, who have created the Red army—the sole champion of the oppressed masses of the world.

CLOTHING UNION OFFICIALS HELP BOSS FIGHT REDS

Royal Tailor Boss Uses Same Language

An example which proves that the spectre of Communism in haunting America is here given. Last Saturday there was a conference in the coat shop of the Royal Tailors. The following took part in the meeting: Mr. Price, manager of the firm, John, the head foreman, and a creature by the name of Nowak who occupies the position of head examiner.

Nowak is a well qualified slave driver, having no brains, and in reality being sadly underpaid, getting less than the examiners working under him who belong to the union. This echo of the middle ages thinks he is still living in that period, and the workers under him are mere serfs, to be sweated until worked to exhaustion.

He goes to the foreman and manager continually, squealing that one or the other of the tailors does not produce enough. The conversation at the meeting mentioned above best illustrates this.

Nowak—"The most important and urgent job for us at present is to get rid of the radicals. They do not want to work, and poison the minds of the other workers. The sooner they are out, the better off we will be."

Manager Price—"I have orders to get rid of them. We know them all. Some of them are gone already, and in a short time they will all be out."

Of course it would be interesting to know where that worthy got his orders—from the rotarians, the chamber of commerce, or the Amalgamated Union officialdom. It is noticeable that the business agent, Weinstein, at a union meeting expressed himself in the identical language used by the garment boss.

"They are only a handful and the sooner they get out of the union the better off we will be," was Weinstein's statement.

These two statements smack very much of an unsavory collaboration. But in spite of all its enemies the Communist movement grows daily stronger and stronger and prepares itself for the conquest of power over the bosses.

JAPANESE TRADE UNIONS TO FORM LABOR PARTY

Prepare for Workers Political Party

(Special to The Daily Worker)

KOBE, Japan, April 19.—On the second day of the general meeting of the Japanese Federation of Labor, held at the Kobe Y. W. C. A. hall 300 delegates of the Sodomei from various parts of the country were present. In the gallery were seen Sakai Toshihiko and Yamakawa Kin, leaders of the Communists, Kurisu, an official of the equality society, and some university professors. The hall was guarded by police and detectives.

Mr. Suzuki Bunji, president of the federation, opened the meeting. Telegrams of congratulation were read out, and interpellations began.

The important question of the entry of the federation into political activities was taken up. As is well known, some of the members are opposed to political work, believing that "direct action" works better. The proposal to vote a sum for the political section met with hot opposition.

A proposal to establish a women's section of the federation was warmly advocated by Mrs. Yamauchi Hanako (Osaka) and Mrs. Seto Hatsuyo (Kyushu Mechanics' Union).

The repressive "peace preservation bill," now before the diet, was considered and a committee was appointed to frame a resolution of protest.

Other questions raised were unemployment, workers' education, admission of the Salaried Men's Union and birth control.

Resisting Victimization

In accordance with a resolution passed the previous day, representatives of the federation went to the head office of the Sumitomo company at Osaka to protest against acts of "victimization" and violence against union members employed by the Besshi Copper Mine company. Officials of the company claimed that there had been no "victimization" and no attempt to wreck the miners' union.

Prepare For Labor Party

The third day's meeting was presided over by Mr. Suzuki. At the beginning a resolution opposing the government's bill in the diet for the preservation of peace (the "dangerous thoughts bill") was passed on the ground that the bill was obviously a conspiracy to bring pressure to bear on the movements of the proletarian classes.

Then the prohibition of female and juvenile labor in mines, further questions for the Sumitomo head office, preparations for the organization of a proletarian political party, and other resolutions were voiced and passed.

A miners' delegate reported in detail the ill-treatment of miners in the Matsushima and Sakito collieries, Kyushu, and the establishment of an official and popular joint investigation organ was discussed and a resolution passed, a decision was reached to send telegrams of encouragement to labor unions engaged in disputes. The declaration of the mass meeting was subsequently referred to a committee of twenty-seven persons, and at noon the meeting was adjourned for lunch.

Mr. Suzuki was re-elected president, Mr. Nishio headquarters manager and treasurer, and six of the Kwansai representatives and five of the Kwanto representatives as central committee. The meeting was brought to a close by an address by Mr. Suzuki.

Six O'clock Closing Cause of Row Among Seattle Businessmen

SEATTLE, Wash., Apr. 19.—Bakers, delicatessen store owners and other cockroach capitalists are strongly opposed to a new law which has the backing of the Retail Grocers' association. It would require all stores selling food stuffs to close at 6:00 p. m. The petty capitalists claim it would inconvenience people. Perhaps. But it would also mean shorter hours for the unorganized workers in these places.

The same group has always opposed the Sunday closing law, endorsed by the local labor movement as a means of getting the six day week.

Thinks it a Shame Chinese Don't Like Foreign Imperialism

SEATTLE, Wash., April 19.—L. M. Becker, exporter, just back from a tour of the Orient, spoke before the Seattle chamber of commerce. He says that the anti-foreign feeling in the Orient is causing concern to tourists and trade representatives.

Of course he blames it on the Bolsheviks. He seems unaware of the attitude of Hughes, etc., toward the Chinese; of the attempts of the American minister, Schurman, to prevent China from recognizing the Russian government, etc. Also of the constant and vicious anti-Japanese propaganda carried on in America.

Let the DAILY WORKER make your arguments every day. Send in a sub for your shop mates.

CHINESE STRIKERS GET SEVERE SENTENCES FOR DISTRIBUTING POSTERS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

SHANGHAI, China, April 19.—The trial of nineteen men arrested in connection with the strike at the Naigai Cotton Spinning Mill has ended.

Three were acquitted for lack of evidence, two were convicted of violence and sentenced each to six months' penal servitude, and eight to a fine of \$50 with the option of imprisonment for fifty days. Two alleged poster-distributors were released because of insufficiency of evidence while others were sentenced to a fine of \$20 or imprisonment for twenty days.

Those who were accused of intimidating workers who wished to return to the mill were fined \$20, with the option of a week's imprisonment.

SMITH HAS A GOOD CASE; BUT A POOR CHANCE

Wobbly Lawyer Asks for Justice

OLYMPIA, Wash., April 19.—Elmer Smith, attorney of Centralia, Wash., widely known for his fight on behalf of the victims of the Centralia raid and frame-up; was disbarred by the state supreme court on Feb. 24. He has now filed a claim for a rehearing. If a majority of the judges approve of his claim, the case will be reopened. If not, he will appeal to the U. S. supreme court.

He charges that an attorney can be disbarred only for misconduct. He was disbarred primarily because of his speeches, made all over and outside of the state, in which he pleaded for justice. The interests who own the government do not want justice. They want to smash not only the workers, but any who dare aid them.

The Sensible Mule

The supreme court took particular exception to a speech in which he compared the intelligence of a mule which would not starve with plenty of food in reach; and of a man who would. This parable proved particularly offensive to the "furred law cats" and while to a private citizen it might seem that they are limited in their jurisdiction to punishing men for illegal actions committed in this state; they felt no hesitation about disbarring Elmer Smith for words spoken in another state.

He charges that two of his three examiners were prejudiced against him. This seems quite natural. Smith made the mistake of believing that a lawyer should fight for truth and justice. Most lawyers realize that their business is primarily to aid in prostituting justice for the benefit of criminal capitalism; and that the more successful at this art they are, the higher they will climb, and the more loudly the press will praise them.

That Old Stuff About Constitutions

He charges that the procedure of his trial violates six amendments to the U. S. constitution, numbers 1, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 14. He was deprived of the right of free speech. L. W. literature, which had been withdrawn from circulation before the passage of the criminal syndicalism law, and which was not his property, was seized without a search warrant. He was denied trial by jury, denied opportunity to answer the charges brought against him. He charges that he was deprived of his liberties and of his means of livelihood without due process of law.

Should the state supreme court deny a rehearing it will be up to the federal supreme court. And should this court approve of his disbarment it will mean that hereafter any lawyer who dares oppose the capitalist ownership of the government, or who dares fight for the rights of the working class, may be disbarred from the practice of law in the kept courts of capitalism.

A Stalling Record

In 1920 the question of the constitutionality of the state criminal syndicalism law came before the court. It stalled along for months. After a reactionary republican victory at election, the honorable court approved the law.

In Smith's case they repeated the procedure. Sometime after the 1924 election they felt safe in disbarring Elmer Smith.

Workers may draw their own conclusion.

Negroes Suffer Most From Tuberculosis

ST. LOUIS.—An anti-tuberculosis drive is a feature of Negro health week in St. Louis. Negroes constitute more than 5 per cent of Missouri's population. Deaths from tuberculosis among the Negroes is four times greater than among the whites.

Population to Jump. The population of Chicago will be 6,600,000 in 25 years, it was predicted by the commercial survey engineer of the Bell Telephone company.

MARBLE STATUE GENERATES HOT AIR FOR 2,500

De Mortuis Nihil Nisi Bunkum

SEATTLE, Wash., April 19.—A monument to the late President Harding was unveiled here. It stands in Woodland Park where Harding gave the oath of allegiance to 30,000 boy scouts, and was presented by the Elks lodge. Only 2,500 were present this time, the reputation of Harding having been sadly tarnished since he was here.

Three Elks presented the monument to the city, and two professional politicians, acting for the city accepted it. The boy scouts had the honor (?) of paying for it.

Among the bunk peddled out by the speakers were such statements as: "nothing better can be done by the Elks than to teach love of country to boys . . . Harding was one of the greatest examples of the greatness of American manhood" (this from a democrat, ex-socialist—wonder what he thinks of Daugherty, Forbes, etc.). "The American people took him from their midst and exalted him . . . because he was so common" (common what?) and was it "the American people" who chose him in that room at the Blackstone hotel at two o'clock one morning in June, 1920?

"Let each of us dedicate ourselves anew to our country, to respect its laws and defend its liberty" (this from a hard boiled republican congressman who has been one of the most consistent foes of the workers in congress.)

Needless to say there were many revealing incidents of Harding's life that the speakers forgot to mention. "De mortuis nihil nisi bunkum" was their motto. And so Teapot Dome, the house of K. St. Charley Forbes, etc. were not mentioned.

Red Flag at Half Mast.

PEKING, March 21.—(By Mail)—Tomorrow, on Sunday, March 22, the flags of the embassy of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics will be half-masted, as on this day there will be held at Moscow the funeral of Mr. Nariman Narimanoff, president of the central executive committee of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, who died from heart-failure at Moscow, March 19.

Crude Oil Price Drops.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 17.—Price decreases of from 15c to 40c a barrel in crude oil produced in this district were announced today by the Joe Seep agency, buyers for the Standard Oil Co. A 40c cut in the price of Gaines' grade making the new price \$31.5 was the largest reduction.

Memorial Services for Sargent

LONDON.—John Singer Sargent, American portrait painter, who died suddenly Wednesday, will be remembered with memorial services in Westminster Abbey April 24. Funeral services for the world famous artist will be held tomorrow.

UNITED STATES WORKERS RALLYING TO AID OF IRISH FAMINE VICTIMS

The workers and farmers of the United States are materially assisting their brothers and sisters in Ireland, who are suffering from one of the severest famines in the history of that country as the list printed below shows.

The money was received at the headquarters of the Irish Workers' and Peasants' Famine Relief Committee, 19 So. Lincoln Street, Chicago.

Speaking at a large mass meeting in Central Opera House, New York City, John P. McCarthy, direct from the famine region in Ireland, declared that the situation over there was desperate and that the workers of Germany, England and Russia were raising money to feed and clothe the women and children who were destitute.

The following is the list of contributions to the Irish relief fund from April 1 to 15:

Table listing contributions to the Irish relief fund from April 1 to 15, including names and amounts.

Letters From Our Readers

O. Justice, Where Art Thou? To the DAILY WORKER:—Why is it a greater offense for an army private to distribute literature favorable to another system of government than for a high public official to barter away a nation's oil lands at a time that nation's ships are being converted into oil burners?

Which is the greater treason? Walter M. Trumbull and Paul M. Crouch, privates in the United States have been court-martialed and sentenced to 40 and 26 years in federal prison for distributing alleged Communist literature among soldiers at Honolulu.

Indictments returned against Albert Fall, former secretary of the interior, for bartering away the naval oil lands, have been quashed by a judge because he said he had found that an unnecessary person was present in the grand jury room at the time the indictments were returned and because Senator Walsh made a radio speech at the time, which might have influenced feeling against Fall.

Is it more righteous to rob a nation of its oil—its life blood—to than distribute literature regarding another system of government. It is less of a crime to steal than to talk?

W. L. Ropel, Upland, Calif.

Grab Profits With Shovel!

To the DAILY WORKER:—It is just impossible for me to send you the money for the renewal on my subscription at the present time but please place my name on the mailing list just the same and I will send the money for it in the summer.

Our mines this winter have been working about two days a week and we could hardly earn our living. Now they are all closed tight and we were ordered to take our tools out.

Our operators claim that they lost money running the mines at the present price of coal but I don't believe it. They are accustomed to grab profits with a shovel.

Perhaps the misery that exists in this town among the miners due to the closing of the mines will open their eyes and they will join the fight to overthrow this rotten capitalist system.

Tony Stanfil, Mystic, Iowa.

Advertisement for 'DON'T GET MAD ABOUT IT!' featuring a cartoon of a man reading the Daily Worker and a subscription form.

Advertisement for 'THE EVENT OF THE SEASON!' featuring 'The Grand Ball and Entertainment' at the New York Hotel and Restaurant Workers' Br. on Monday Evening, April 27, 1925.

PLUTES START NEW PROJECT TO INVEIGLE YOUTH

Organization in the Hands of G. O. P.

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

NEW YORK, April 19.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, ambitious candidate for governor of New York state in the recent election, is one of the leaders of the new movement for the creation of a youth movement in the republican ranks. Speaking at a republican meeting the other day, Roosevelt made the following statement:

"One of the chief faults of the republican party in recent years is the noticeable absence of young men and women from its ranks. If a party loses its young people that party is bound to crash."

"The answer of the Young Workers' League to this attempt of the capitalists to organize white guards, is to extend and intensify its activities among the broad masses of the young workers. Against the capitalist youth organization, we must put forward the Communist Youth organization, the leader of and the vanguard of the masses of the young workers in this country."

Armed Czarist Is Seized Near Soviet Embassy, Well Armed

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

PARIS, April 19.—A Russian, who said he was Reinhardt Waldemar, was arrested this afternoon by a detective while loitering outside the Soviet embassy. He was found to be heavily armed and also had four photographs of Ambassador Krassin in his pocket, each taken from a different angle.

At the police station Waldemar refused to explain his suspicious movements, but the police, convinced he was a czarist waiting for an opportunity to shoot M. Krassin when the latter was leaving or entering the embassy building, detained him for further inquiry.

BETTER NOT TO PRACTICE THOSE 'AMERICAN IDEALS'; BETTER JUST PREACH THEM

CLEVELAND—(FP)—If you mouth platitudes about freedom of the press on the Fourth of July you're a fine patriot. But publish the truth about some public officials—with names, dates and amounts—and you're a public menace. This is the way Carl Magee, New Mexico editor who started the expose of Albert B. Fall and his \$100,000 black satchel, summed up the fight against corruption in New Mexico. The political ring operating thru venal judges had him thrown into jail for contempt of court and it tried to ruin him by forcing his bank to call the note on his newspaper property.

"It's a perfect parlor game of tiddle-de-winks," Magee said in Cleveland, "to laud American ideals. But it's a he-man's game of knock-down-and-drag-out when one attacks the rottenness of political ringsters. If anyone believes this to be untrue, let him acquire a newspaper and try to do it."

GET A SUB AND GIVE ONE!

Hillcrest Miners Refuse Scab Wage Contract of Boss

HILLCREST, Alta., Canada.—Blairmore and Bellevue are now working under the new wage scale. Hillcrest has turned down the terms of the new contract, as offered by Hillcrest collieries. If we have to leave the U. M. W., we don't want the boss to tell us what kind of a union we are to have, or how we should run it.

Coleman has been offered the new contract and as it has already been accepted by two camps, chances are they will accept. This contract does not state what the new union shall or shall not do.

DO NOT FORGET to host the **SPRING YOUTH DANCE** Friday, May 9th 2733 Hirsch Boulevard (Workers Lyceum) Auspices Y. W. L.—Local Chicago

WORKERS PARTY INCREASES USE OF MOVIE FILMS

Propaganda Value and Financial Returns

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 19.—The Workers Party organization in District No. 5 (Pittsburgh) has thrown full strength to the booking of a movie program thru its territory and already has booked six dates despite the fact that several pictures were shown there in the very recent past.

The following schedule is announced:

East Pittsburgh, Thursday, April 23, Turner Hall, 8 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Saturday, April 25th, Carnegie Music Hall, (North Side), at 8 p. m.

McDonald, Tuesday, April 28, at the Orpheum Theater, first show 5:30 p. m. Bentleyville, Friday, May 1, Majestic Theater, 7 p. m.

Daisytown, Saturday, May 2, Finnish Hall, Walkertown.

New Kensington, Wednesday May 6, Columbus Theater.

May Day Movies

Two of these dates were arranged as May Day programs by mail but all the others represent the direct, energetic co-operation of the party office. A careful study of motion picture activity for the past two years shows that the number and success of the booking are in direct proportion to the interest taken by local and district workers. Any active hustler in a district can easily, with the help of the local comrades, get a string of dates and put them thru to a most successful finish. More districts should take up this work, full co-operation is guaranteed from the national office, I. W. A., 19 S. Lincoln St., Chicago, Ill.

The program routed in the Pittsburgh district includes "Polikushka," "Soldier Ivan's Miracle," and "Lenin Memorial." All workers should be sure to see these extremely interesting working class films.

Go To Your Class Movies!

In addition to the dates listed above, the following shows should be patronized by the workers in these respective cities:

- Cincinnati, Ohio, April 21, Labor Temple, "Russia and Germany."
- Denver, Col., "Beauty & Bolshevik" and "Russia in Overalls," April 28 and 29, Paum Theater, West Colfax and Grove, 7 & 9 p. m. April 30, Barnes School Auditorium, 1410 Glenarm St., 7 and 9 p. m.
- Toledo, Ohio, April 30, "Beauty and Bolshevik."
- Utica, N. Y., April 30, "Beauty and Bolshevik."
- Gleason, Wisc., May 1, Gleason Hall, "Russia and Germany."
- Los Angeles, Calif., May 3rd to 5th, "Beauty and Bolshevik."
- Sheboygan, Wisc., "Russia and Germany" May 30.
- Milwaukee, Wisc., "Beauty and Bolshevik," (return engagement), May 30.
- The show in Newark, N. J., has had to be postponed. Seattle and Tacoma Washington will announce their dates in a few days.

Hatband Weavers Win Raise Thru Union

PATERSON, N. J.—(FP)—Paterson hatband weavers, organized in the Associated Silk Workers' Union, independent, win a 7 per cent increase from 12 employers in their agreement provided the rank and file of the workers ratify the pact.

This Is Probably Why Green Likes Mussolini

MILAN, Italy—(FP)—A bill introduced in the Italian chamber of deputies sponsored by Mussolini, makes all labor organizations except the fascist unions illegal. The Socialists and Communists are opposing it.

Getting a DAILY WORKER sub or two, will make a better Communist of you.

The Workers Party in Action

Nation-Wide May Day Demonstrations

INQUIRIES and information coming into the national office of the Workers Party regarding this year's May Day celebration indicate a nationwide demonstration that will surpass any previous May Day in the party's history. Every town in which there is a party branch should arrange such a meeting and notify the national office.

The smaller towns should obtain May Day speakers thru their district offices. As soon as a meeting is arranged, each party organization is requested to send in full information regarding name of speaker, address of hall and time of meeting. We will give these meetings publicity thru the DAILY WORKER.

- Don't fail to notify the national office.
- Meetings arranged up to the present time are:
- New York, N. Y.—Central Opera House, 67th St. and 3rd Avenue, 8 p. m. Speakers, William Z. Foster, Moissaye Olgin, W. Weinstein, L. Lore, J. Stachel, C. Krumbein, chairman.
- Philadelphia, Pa.—Speakers, Ben Gitlow and Arne Swabeck.
- Boston, Mass.—Convention Hall, Garrison St. (Near Mechanic's Bldg.) 7:30 p. m. Speakers, Wm. F. Dunne and Oliver Carlson.
- Cleveland, Ohio.—Slovenian National Home, 6409 St. Clair Ave., 7 p. m. Speaker, J. Louis Engdahl.
- Warren, Ohio.—May 2, Speaker, J. Louis Engdahl.
- Akron, Ohio.—May 3, at 2 p. m. Speaker, J. Louis Engdahl.
- Canton, Ohio.—May 3, at 8 p. m. Speaker, J. Louis Engdahl.
- Dillonville, Ohio.—Speaker, Comrade Weisberg.
- Yorkville, Ohio.—Speaker, Comrade Weisberg.
- Toledo, Ohio.—May 4, at 8 p. m. Speaker, J. Louis Engdahl.
- Chicago, Ill.—Temple Hall, Van Buren & Marshfield, at 8 p. m. Speakers, James P. Cannon, C. E. Ruthenberg, Martin Abern and Max Schachtman.
- Decatur, Ill.—Speaker, M. Ghilofsky.
- Pullman, Ill.—Speaker, Barney Mass.
- Madison, Ill.—Croatian and Bulgarian speakers.
- Christopher, Ill.—Corbishley and others.
- Milwaukee, Wis.—Freie Gemeinde Hall, 8th and Walnut Sts., at 7:30 p. m. Speakers, Max Bedacht, Tom Bell and others.
- Gary, Ind.—Croatian Hall, 23rd and Washington Sts., at 7:30 p. m. Speaker, Harrison George; also speakers in the So. Slavic, Russian and Greek languages.
- Kansas City, Mo.—Speaker, M. Gomez.
- St. Louis, Mo.—Druids Hall, 9th and Market Sts., Saturday, May 2, at 8 p. m. Speaker, M. Gomez.
- Grand Rapids, Mich.—Sunday, May 3, at 2:30 p. m. Sons and Daughters Hall, 1057 Hamilton Ave. N. W. Speaker, T. J. O'Flaherty.
- Muskegon, Mich.—Sunday, May 3, at 8 p. m. Speaker, T. J. O'Flaherty.
- Minneapolis, Minn.—Sunday, May 3, Speaker, Robert Minor.
- Hibbing, Minn.—Speaker, Robert Minor.
- Buffalo, N. Y.—Speaker, Earl R. Browder.
- Rochester, N. Y.—May 2, Speaker, Earl R. Browder.
- Erie, Pa.—May 3, Speaker, Earl R. Browder.
- Youngstown, Ohio.—May 1, at 8 p. m., Ukrainian Hall, West Rayen Ave. Sueaker, William J. White.
- Los Angeles, Calif.—May 1, Co-operative Center, Brooklyn and Mott, Speaker, Tom Lewis.
- Waukegan, Ill.—Workers Hall, 517 Helmholz Avenue, Sunday, May 3, at 2 p. m. Speaker, Thurber Lewis.
- E. Chicago, Ind.—Columbia Hall, McCook and Verner Aves., at 8 p. m. Speakers, H. V. Phillips and John Edwards.
- Brooklyn, N. Y.—Grand Millers Hall, Grand and Havenmeyer Sts., at 8 p. m. Speakers, Wm. Z. Foster, S. Epstein, I. Amter, J. S. Poyntz, H. Zam (Y. W. L.), L. Prusicka (Lithuanian), S. Nassin, chairman.
- New York, N. Y.—Ukrainian celebration, Manhattan Lyceum, 66 E. 4th St., at 8 p. m. Speaker, G. Siskind, and others.
- New York, N. Y.—Czecho-Slovakian celebration, 527 E. 72nd St., at 8 p. m. Speakers, J. Manley, and others.
- New York, N. Y.—Finnish celebration, Finnish Workers' Hall, 5 W. 126th St. Speakers, R. Grecht, and others.
- So. Brooklyn, N. Y.—Finnish celebration, Finnish Workers' Hall, 764 40th St., Brooklyn. Speakers, P. P. Cosgrove, and others.
- New York, N. Y.—German celebration, Labor Temple, 243 E. 84th St., at 11 a. m. Speakers, L. Lore and others.
- West Hoboken, N. J.—New Hall, 227 Bergenline Ave., at 8 p. m. Speakers, Carl Brodsky and others.
- Passaic, N. J.—Kanters Auditorium, 259 Monroe street, at 8 p. m. Speaker, A. Markoff.
- Paterson, N. J.—3 Governor St., at 8 p. m. Speakers, B. Lifshitz and others.
- Newark, N. J.—Labor Lyceum, 704 S. 14th St., at 8 p. m. Speakers, J. Codkind and others.
- Elizabeth, N. J.—At 8 p. m. Hall to be announced later. Speakers, J. Marshall and others.
- Jersey City, N. J.—Ukrainian Hall, 387 Grand St., at 8 p. m. Speaker, S. Felshin and others.
- Linden, N. J.—At 8 p. m. Speaker, Sadi Amter and others. Hall to be announced later. Saturday, May 2.
- Yonkers, N. Y.—Labor Lyceum, 23 Palisade Ave., at 8 p. m. Speakers, R. Grecht and others. Sunday, May 3.
- Pittsburgh, Pa.—Sunday, May 3, at 2:30 p. m., Labor Lyceum, 35 Miller St. Speaker, A. Wagenknecht.

Workers Party-Local Chicago Activities

- Monday, April 20.
- Douglas Park English, 3118 West Roosevelt Road. A. Bittelmann speaks in "Leninism."
- North Side English, 2409 N. Halsted St.
- Tuesday, April 21.
- Czecho-Slovak Town of Lake, 51st and Whipple Sts.
- Czecho-Slovak Cicero Women's, T. Masaryk School, 57th and 22nd Pl., Cicero.
- Rumanian Branch, 2254 Clybourn
- Wednesday, April 22
- Czecho-Slovak No. 3, 2237 S. Kolin Ave.
- Douglas Park Jewish, 3118 West Roosevelt Road.
- T. U. E. L. executive committee meeting, 19 S. Lincoln St., 8 p. m.
- Thursday, April 23
- Czecho-Slovak N. Berwyn, 1403 S. Scoville Ave.
- Russian, 1902 W. Division St.
- Mid-City English, 722 Blue Island Ave.
- 11th Ward Italian, 2439 S. Oakley Blvd.
- Scandinavian Karl Marx, 2733 Hirsch Blvd.
- Scandinavian West Side, Zelch's Hall, Cor. Cicero and Superior St.
- Scandinavian Lake View, 3206 N. Wilton St.
- Scandinavian South Side, 641 East 61st St.

YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE ACTIVITIES. LOCAL CHICAGO.

- Monday, April 20
- Meeting of all Y. W. L. members working in the needle trades, 2613 Hirsch Blvd.
- Tuesday, April 21
- General Membership Meeting, 722 Blue Island Ave. Will discuss the many organizational problems facing the Young Workers League.

Denver Comes Back on I. W. A. Movie Map with Three Shows

DENVER, Colo., April 19.—After a long lay-off the Denver I. W. A. is coming back into movie promotion with three days of showing of "The Beauty and the Bolshevik" and "Russia in Overalls."

Two days, April 28 and 29, will be taken up in the Palm Theater, at West Colfax and Grove Sts., while the third, April 30, will go to the Barnes High School Auditorium, 1410 Glenarm St.

In each case two performances will be run, starting at 7 and 9 p. m.

Tickets are 35c, children 15c.

TRUTH ABOUT SUN YAT SEN IS TOLD TACOMA LABOR

Clark in Tribute to Soviet Sympathizer

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

TACOMA, Wash., April 19.—The Sun Yat Sen memorial meeting held here drew a large crowd that showed its appreciation of J. Stanley Clark's speech by frequent and enthusiastic applause.

The speaker dealt with Sun Yat Sen's career at length, showing that the attempts to distort the teachings of the great Chinese leader, by claiming that he was a christian pacifist, had no foundation.

He showed that Sun Yat Sen, while he may have started with a merely progressive attitude years ago, had developed into a great revolutionary leader who realized that there was but one way for China to free herself from the oppression of foreign imperialists, and the native capitalists, who were their tools. Sun Yat Sen realized that as long as China remained feeble and unarmed and pacific, as the christian capitalists and their missionaries advise her to do, she would more and more become the prey of capitalist imperialism. But when China learned that she must depend on force, that she would begin to be respected and to win her freedom. And he showed that Sun Yat Sen did not stop at this; that he was not working to free China from foreign capitalism that native capitalism might replace it; but that he knew and taught that the only way for the people of China to be really free, was to follow the ideals of Soviet Russia, and to create a Workers' Republic of China. Sun Yat Sen was a hater of western imperialism and a sympathizer of Soviet rule. That was why the capitalists, Chinese and foreign, hated him so bitterly.

Clark Touring the Pacific Northwest for the Workers Party

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

TACOMA, Wash., April 19.—J. Stanley Clark, of the Workers (Communist) Party, is making a series of speeches in the Pacific northwest. He will speak in Tacoma again on April 30, at the South Slav Hall.

Settle for Tickets.

Settle at once with the local office Workers Party, 19 S. Lincoln St., for the following:

Unity demonstration tickets.

Beauty and Bolshevik tickets.

Red Revel tickets.

Lenin Memorial tickets.

All these accounts are past due. Settle at once!

Doing Missionary Work For Communism

By Wm. Z. Foster

"IN subscription campaigns the immediate goal to achieve is, of course, to extend the circulation of the DAILY WORKER. But this is by no means the only advantage to be gained. By the very act of trying to sell such subscriptions, whether he succeeds or not, the comrade in question is not only doing missionary work for Communism, but is also gaining valuable organization experience.

"The Workers Party membership must take seriously the necessity for mass participation in the work of spreading the DAILY WORKER. The building of our great English language daily must ever and always be kept in the foreground of our program as one of the most important tasks confronting our party. A DAILY WORKER with a great circulation means tremendous strides towards the building of our organization into a mass Communist Party, a Bolshevized Party, a party of organizers and leaders. Let us work to the end that when the second anniversary of the DAILY WORKER arrives we will have a vast network of organizers and militants throughout the party working ceaselessly to extend the circulation and influence of our paper amongst the struggling masses."

From the Daily Worker Jan. 13, 1925.

AND NOW THE PRINTERS—

issue the April number of

The Amalgamationist

A rank and file expression—and "another of those Left Wing sheets" that reactionary bureaucrats fear—and that are contributing to the growth of the new rising power in American organized labor.

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VOICE THESE DEMANDS ON MAY DAY!

Down Tools on May Day. Come Out of the Shops and Mines!

NO wage cuts! No open shops! No child labor! The government must feed the working class children! Amalgamate craft unions! Organize shop committees! Release the class war prisoners! Protect the foreign-born workers! No discrimination against the Negro race! No forced religious training in public schools! Down with militarism and imperialist wars! Down with the Dawes plan! Recognize Soviet Russia! For unity of the world's unions! Join and support the Workers (Communist) Party! Forward to a workers' and farmers' government!

ORDER a supply of May Day leaflets now, before it is too late. Order from Workers Party, National Office, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill. \$3.00 per 1,000. \$1.50 for 500.

Date

Workers Party, N. O.
1113 Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Enclosed please find \$..... for which send leaflets "DOWN TOOLS ON MAY DAY" to name below:

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Address

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State



The Theory and Practice of LENINISM

By I. STALIN.

An important work on Communist theory and practice during the period that Lenin lived and led—the period of Capitalist Imperialism.

This book, issued for the first time in this country, is written by a close co-worker of Lenin, at present secretary of the Russian Communist Party and a figure in the International Communist Movement.

Add this important work, destined surely to become one of the classics of Communist literature, to your library.

Attractively bound, this book will be a treat to the intelligent worker and the student of the revolutionary movement.

With frontispiece (photograph) of the author.

35 CENTS.

GET IT FROM YOUR BRANCH OR CITY AGENT—OR THE DAILY WORKER

REDS FIGHT TO DEATH AGAINST POLISH TERROR

Two Workers Killed by Poison Gas Attack

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WARSAW, Poland, April 19.—For a long time an agent provocateur, with the name of Kamienski, was working among the workers of the Dombrow Basin. On Feb. 23 this spy was killed by two Communist workers, who knew that he had connections with the police. Later the police succeeded in finding out that both workers at that time stayed in a private house.

The workers, however, did not allow themselves to be arrested and put up an armed resistance. The police ordered reserve forces from Dombrow and the surroundings. The struggle lasted for hours and the two heroes, bleeding from many wounds, defended themselves furiously against hundreds of policemen. When the fire stopped for a moment one could hear from the besieged house revolutionary songs and cheers to the Communist Party and the International.

The situation of the police became more and more critical. Not only because several policemen were already dead or wounded, but mainly because the policemen were threatened by the workers of Dombrow for whom the fire was like a signal for fight. Still more military was ordered and when even this did not lead to success, the police took another means, which is unique in the history of class struggle and which proves that the mercenaries of capital shrink from nothing if the workers have to be defeated. This means is poison gas. By means of a pipe this gas was led into the besieged house.

When finally the shooting of the two heroic workers stopped, the policemen and the soldiers entered the house with gas masks and found the two fighters suffocated and bleeding from many wounds.

Get A Sub And Give One!

MEXICAN SECTION OF INTERNATIONAL RED AID ORGANIZES TO HELP VICTIMS OF CALLES-SOCIALIST "DEMOCRACY"

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MEXICO CITY, April 19.—The Mexican section of the International Red Aid has just been formed with headquarters in the City of Mexico. To many non-Mexicans it will come as a surprise that a country with a liberal labor government should have need of such an organization, but a small but growing list of worker and peasant political victims attest to the fact that Mexico is not as free as it is painted.

In general, it is the local governments in certain states that are most oppressive, but the federal government, thru its generals, is not far behind. The disarming of the peasants, slow but continuous, and often met with resistance, claims its toll of victims whose families have to be aided.

Vicious Attacks on Peasants.
Where peasants take the land, the federal forces are used to dislodge them. Two federal generals, Lopez in Michoacan, and Mance in Oaxaca, have been particularly brutal. Gen. Lopez attacked the peasants' commune of Naranja, killed one, wounded others, stole various carloads of wheat and dispossessed them of their land. The agitation of the Communist Senator Luis G. Monzon in the senate caused the restitution of the wheat and the land, but there are still the wounded and the relatives of the deceased to care for. In other parts of Michoacan the peasants cannot return to their homes because federal troops are waiting to arrest them as "agitators."

In Oaxaca the situation is much worse, the governor and the federal General Mance uniting to attack the agrarians and Communists. Senator Monzon is now investigating the assassinations and reinclosures of distributed lands there. The Communist deputy to the state chamber, Roberto C. Ramirez, is a fugitive from the state in spite of his parliamentary privileges.

Persecute Communists.
In Yucatan, worker and peasant alike are suffering. Many unions are declared illegal, newspapers are closed and workers are arrested for selling the Communist organ, El Machete. The leader of the Electrical Workers' Union is a fugitive in the city of Mexico. The governor of the state, Iturralde, is an arch-reactionary.

In Orizaba and in other parts of the state of Vera Cruz, many members of the Tenant's League, a militant or-

ganization which has been conducting a rent strike for over a year, has many of its members in prison. The federal government intervened to kidnap its real leader, Heron Proal, and bring him to the capital of the country for trial. The legislature of the state of Vera Cruz has protested for this attack against its sovereignty, but to no avail. The turbulence of the protest demonstrations in the port of Vera Cruz increases from day to day as does the list of the arrested.

Workers Defend Juan de Lara.
Juan de Dios Lara, a member of the Young Communist League is on trial for his life in the same state for killing General Gonzalez to avenge the lives of countless workers and peasants. General Gonzalez was one of the most brutal of the de la Huertista generals in the recent uprising of Adolfo de la Huerta. Amnestied by the federal government, he left his home city, scene of his terrible atrocities against workers, peasants and young Communists, and went to another part of the state. Juan de Lara, whose comrades of the Young Communist League and whose own father had fallen victims to Gonzalez, followed him and killed him. The workers and peasants of the entire state are forming defense leagues in every town and village.

In the port of Tampico, Ventura Herrera, one of the leaders of the sailors' union, killed the captain of his ship in self-defense. The captain has previously taken many victims, being one of the most brutal in the Gulf shipping. The new organization will defend Herrera.

Demand Release of Sacco-Vanzetti.
All the unions in the port of Vera Cruz joined in a gigantic protest in favor of Sacco and Vanzetti last week and announced to the American consulate that if justice is not done they will "speak more plainly."

The new organization will also act as the center for all Latin-America to defend and aid the three thousand political prisoners of Venezuela, the outlawed Communists and syndicalists of Brazil, the prisoners and political exiles of Peru, etc. They have already given one hundred dollars to the defense of the Communist Del Pinal in Guatemala and that amount, plus the publicity begun on a continental scale, opened the doors of his jail after a year and one-half of imprisonment without trial.

The temporary directive committee in Mexico City includes the leader of the revolutionary forces of one of the South American countries; Heron Proal, leader of the Tenant's League of Vera Cruz; Enrique Flores, of the famous family of the Floras Magons, two of whom spent many years in Mexican and American jails, and prominent officials of the railway unions, leather workers, carpenters and other workers' organizations.

*Note: Name withheld for reasons of safety.

POLISH WHITE TERROR SCORED IN CLEVELAND

Toilers More Oppressed Than Under Czar

(Special to The Daily Worker)

CLEVELAND, April 19.—The white terror in Poland conducted against the workers, peasants and oppressed nationalities of that country by the paid puppets of French imperialism was excoriated at a mass meeting held recently in this city. The following resolution was passed unanimously:

"Whereas the doings of the capitalist government of Poland represent an uninterrupted chain of bloody crimes, committed upon the working people;

"Whereas in this so-called independent Polish Republic the working masses are oppressed more cruelly than ever under the rule of Russian czars and German kaisers;

"Whereas the working class of Poland is practically deprived of all civil liberties, the independent labor press being entirely suppressed by the police and courts, the freedom of speech and assembly denied as well as the freedom of working class organization, even trade unions and educational societies being closed down by the authorities if they only faithfully observe the interests of labor, and only those organizations are permitted which betray the interests of labor to the capitalists and their government being led by social traitors;

"Whereas in the dungeons of Poland there is by this time about 8,000 Polish prisoners—workers and farmers—treated by the prison authorities in the most inhuman way which leads to numerous hunger strikes often ending with the death of the victims of this horrible system;

"Whereas the torturing of prisoners with the most cruel methods of the holy inquisition of dark ages is a matter of daily occurrence in Poland under its present regime;

"Whereas the courts pass by hundreds long term sentences of hard labor, for being members of the Communist Party, for spreading labor papers, for any kind of activity against the capitalist exploitation and oppression;

"Whereas in the parts of Ukraine and White Russia which were annexed to Poland by military force is raging an even more cruel terror and the martial courts pass these hundreds of death sentences;

"Whereas the Polish government tends to spread this hangman's rule over the whole country, as shown by the recent sentencing to death of two soldiers, Segal and Dyfkecki, for the crime of being members of a working class party;

"Whereas the workers' deputy to the Polish parliament, Stanislaw Lamszyski was arrested and tried for high treason under the paragraph providing the death sentence for a speech delivered in a union meeting, and, when acquitted by the jury, he was immediately rearrested under another frame-up indictment held in store for the eventuality of his acquittal;

"Whereas the recent murdering of two political prisoners, Baginski and Wleczorkiewicz, which were under way to Soviet Russia in order to be exchanged for Polish citizens sentenced by Soviet courts, and which were shot down by the conveying officer of the Polish police;

"Be it resolved, That we condemn this government of bandits and express our brotherly sympathy to the workers and poor farmers of Poland suffering under its yoke, and

"That we pledge our full moral and financial support in their bitter struggle for emancipation from this bloody yoke.

"Down with the bloody terror of the capitalist government of Poland! Shame to the traitors of labor, shame to the Polish socialist party which supports this bloody regime of terrorism!"

"Away with the bloody comedy of bourgeois courts! Stop the torturing of imprisoned workers and farmers! Stop the oppression of the national minorities of Poland!"

"Release the workers' deputy, Stanislaw Lamszyski!"

"Release all political prisoners!"

"Long live the revolutionary struggle of Polish workers and farmers! Long live the Communist Party of Poland, their faithful leader! Long live the victorious workers revolution in Poland! Long live the Soviet Poland of workers and farmers!"

"Be it further resolved that we call upon the whole American labor for the most energetic support of the heroic struggle of the workers and farmers of Poland against the unthinkable exploitation and oppression, and especially we call for most generous financial contributions for the aid of political prisoners in Poland and their starving families.

"Long live the International Red Aid!"

"Long live the international solidarity of workers and exploited farmers all over the world!"



BUILDERS AT WORK SHORT ON WORDS BUT LONG ON ACTION

Giving a Picture of Portland Activities

IT is possible to put into few words a picture of a whole local's activities. Here is one by our DAILY WORKER Agent from Portland, Oregon—Harry Scolnick—who in few words tells us how on the Pacific coast our BUILDERS are not only building "Our Daily" but are organized and are further organizing in every way that will build the Communist movement. Read it:

Portland, Ore., April 12, 1925.

Comrades:—Enclosed you'll find subs for the Daily and an order for 1,000 copies of the Special May Day Issue . . . also for 6,000 leaflets "Down Tools On May Day".

The C. C. C. instructed the branches to elect DAILY WORKER Agents and I expect to meet with them soon.

At the last meeting of the English branch all members present were instructed to solicit subs and TO REPORT RESULTS AT EVERY MEETING.

I have received the list of Portland subscribers and we will do our best to get in touch with them for renewals.

We have already distributed 5,000 "Strike Against Wage Cuts" leaflets that we ordered from the District Office and now we have committees elected to follow up the free sample copies of the DAILY WORKER that were distributed to get subscriptions.

Fraternally yours,

HARRY SCOLNICK, Portland Daily Worker Agent.

NOW YOU WRITE ONE!

This letter is "short but sweet" . . . and a model for the kind of letter that you can send us. On the basis of this letter the DAILY WORKER can judge what more is necessary and how it can help.

For instance, he says nothing about the Workers Monthly or literature—we'll have to write Comrade Scolnick about this. We will also remind him to be sure to tell us just what was the result of the Branch Agents' meeting (altho he's sure to tell us!). He doesn't mention any sale of the DAILY WORKER at factory gates or at union meetings—we'll have to ask him this too—among other things.

But he did write a lot in just a few words. NOW YOU WRITE ONE!

On April 17—Friday

IN THE SECOND ANNUAL SUB CAMPAIGN

these comrades turned in new subs to fill their local quota and to build their own local while they build "Our Daily":

- LOS ANGELES, CAL.—S. Globberman.
- MISHAWAKA, IND.—Amos E. Kirk.
- MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—C. Korostukoff.
- BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. Katz (3).
- NEW YORK, N. Y.—H. Casten; L. E. Katterfeld.
- PITTSBURGH, PA.—F. H. Merrick.
- WORCESTER, MASS.—M. Zeiper.
- CHICAGO, ILL.—Steve Rubicki; Chas. Erickson.

NEW YORK HOTEL WORKERS' BALL MONDAY, APRIL 27

Entertainment Committee Is Busy Bunch

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, April 19.—The ball and entertainment committee of the New York Hotel and Restaurant Workers' Branch of the Amalgamated Food Workers' Union are the busiest bunch in town these days. They are putting the finishing touches on the arrangements and the very elaborate program for the grand ball and entertainment of the branch, to be held on Monday, April 27, at the Palm Garden (see advertisement).

The proof of the pudding is in the eating and those who have tasted of the kind that the hotel workers are in the habit of offering to their friends and guests, marvel, how the brilliancy of the past affairs, the elaborate and diversified program and high quality of entertainment could possibly be improved upon. And they are looking forward to the coming affair on April 27 with high-strung expectancy.

Those who are stuck on jazz will get all and perhaps a little more than they are looking for, when Jack Shilkret comes with his famous Pelham Heath Inn Orchestra that has the reputation of jazzing the best of their toes. A revelry of grace and symmetry will be witnessed when Earl Lindsay's Strand Roof Revue with his 16 amazing girls in their working clothes, with "Buddy" Kennedy as master of ceremonies will appear.

Lack of space prevents us from mentioning all of the high-class talent and special features which are awaiting the guest of our hotel workers at the Palm Garden on the evening of April 27.

Tickets may be had in any quantity at that branch headquarters, 133 West 51st street, and from members.

Rail Merger Draws Near as Opposition in Commission Wanes

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The "billion dollar" Nickel Plate railroad merger was defended by John J. Bernet, president of the system, today in the resumption of hearings on the legality of the move before the interstate commerce commission.

Minority stockholders of the Chesapeake and Ohio vainly attempted to block hearings on the consolidation of five roads into one giant system, in the opening session.

O. D. and M. J. Van Sweringen, central figures in the fight to win government approval of the scheme, again were interested spectators.

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4633. This style of dress expresses freedom and comfort. The blouse and bloomers are separate. One could join the bloomers to an underbody. The sleeve may be in wrist or elbow length.

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Your Union Meeting

Third Monday, April 20, 1925.

- | No. | Name of Local and Place of Meeting. | Time |
|-------|---|-------------------------------------|
| 89 | Bartenders, 123 N. Clark St. | 8:30 P. M. |
| 1 | Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, 810 W. Monroe St. | |
| 94 | Boot and Shoe, 1939 Milwaukee Ave. | |
| 598 | Butchers, Hebrew, 3420 W. Roosevelt Rd. | |
| 638 | Butchers, Bohemian, 1870 Blue Island Ave. | |
| 17742 | Cleaners & Dyers, 113 S. Ashland | |
| 4 | Glove Workers, 1710 N. Winchester | |
| 1307 | Carpenters, 1850 Sherman Ave. Evanston. | |
| 2505 | Carpenters, 180 W. Washington St | |
| 70 | Cap Makers, 4003 Roosevelt Rd. | |
| 80 | Carpenters, 2705 W. 38th St. | |
| 83 | Carpenters, 4038 W. Madison St. | |
| 181 | Carpenters, 2940 W. North Ave. | |
| 199 | Carpenters, S. C. 9139 Commercial Ave. | |
| 416 | Carpenters, S. C. 505 S. State St. | |
| 419 | Carpenters, S. C. 1457 Clybourn | |
| 448 | Carpenters, 222 N. West St., Waukegan. | |
| 1367 | Carpenters, 2040 W. North Ave. | |
| 14 | Cigar Makers Executive Board, 165 W. Washington St. | 7:30 p. m. |
| 713 | Electricians, 119 S. Throop St. | |
| 394 | Engineers (Locomotive) 7832 S. Union Ave. | 7:30 p. m. |
| 400 | Engineers, 4643 S. Halsted Street | |
| 401 | Engineers, 311 S. Ashland Ave. | |
| 859 | Engineers, 180 W. Washington St. | |
| 198 | Film and Enginemen, 2431 Roosevelt Rd. | 9:30 a. m. Last meetings 7:30 p. m. |
| 331 | Firmen and Enginemen, 64th and Ashland Ave. | |
| 698 | Firmen and Enginemen, Madison and Sacramento. | |
| 18 | Glove Operators, 1710 N. Winchester Ave. | |
| 76 | Mod Carriers, 814 W. Harrison St. | |
| 59 | Ladies' Garment, 328 W. Van Buren St. | |
| 74 | Leathers, 725 S. Western Ave. | |
| 374 | Longshoremen, Tup, 355 N. Clark | |
| 265 | Machinists, 75th St. and Dobson Blvd. | |
| 337 | Machinists, 1638 N. Halsted St. | |
| 378 | Maintenance of Way, 1543 W. 103d Street | |
| 723 | Maintenance of Way, 202 W. 47th Street | |
| 27 | Painters, 175 W. Washington St. | |
| 823 | Painters, 525 N. Cicero Ave. | |
| 101 | Painters, 3316 W. North Ave. | |
| 147 | Painters, 19 W. Adams St. | |
| 194 | Painters, Madison and 5th Ave. | |
| 285 | Painters, 205 E. 118th St. | |
| 273 | Painters 2432 S. Kedzie Ave. | |
| 2084 | Railway Clerks, 159 N. State St. | |
| 51 | Sheet Metal Workers, 1638 N. Halsted St. | |
| 5 | Sailors' Union of Great Lakes, 395 N. Clark Street | |
| 5 | Tailors, 180 W. Washington St. | 7:30 p. m. |

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CENTS

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J. LOUIS ENGBAHL | Editors
WILLIAM F. DUNNE |
MORITZ J. LOEB | Business Manager

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Briand, Hun-Hater— Caillaux, Pro-German

The Briand cabinet represents at least a temporary victory for one of the most reactionary groups in French political life, but it is a strange combination.

It is understood that Briand will continue the relations with the vatican as a sop to the catholic royalists and will frown upon drastic taxation of big fortunes. A former socialist, Briand made his first bow to the bourgeoisie by calling railway strikers to the colors and by use of military discipline, forcing them to break their own strike. This was about two years before the outbreak of the world war. During the war French imperialism found in Briand a loyal supporter.

Caillaux, finance minister in the Briand cabinet, has many supporters in the parties of the so-called left and many admirers among the liberal intelligentsia abroad. His foreign policy is of the Germanophile variety as opposed to two other groups which from time to time influence French diplomacy.

One group wants, and works for, complete French supremacy in Europe and is bitterly anti-English; another attempts to preserve the entente cordiale, the basis of which was an Anglo-Franco alliance against Germany. Caillaux has always regarded Germany as the logical ally of France and considers Great Britain the real enemy.

The system of alliances which brought France and Germany into conflict was always fought by Caillaux. During the war he made a number of attempts to force a cessation of hostilities by working for a separate peace between France and Germany, basing his plans on the joint ownership of many industrial enterprises in the Briey basin.

He went to prison for his pains, but it has been shown since that time, notably by Striet, in his "Where Iron Is, There Is The Fatherland," that the Comite des Forges, the French steel trust, actually followed the Caillaux policy in the Briey basin, and that in that district from which Germany was securing her largest supplies of iron and steel, no offensive was conducted by the allies until the American troops arrived in that sector in 1918. Generals who sent over bombing plans were removed. Nothing was done by the French general staff to disrupt production in this important area whose mines and mills were the joint property of French and German capitalists.

But Caillaux will not be able to effect a rapprochement between France and Germany. Such a policy would have to be based on the sacrifice of reparations and the French bourgeoisie, even those that prefer an alliance with Germany to domination of western Europe by France alone, are not ready to do this.

Neither can Caillaux afford to tax his friends among the industrialists. Briand himself is against a capital levy. With the need for a great increase in the government revenues, with the House of Morgan waiting on the doorstep for payments on account, the Briand-Caillaux cabinet will probably try to raise funds by taxation measures that will hit the working class and the lower sections of the middle class.

The initiation of these measures will transfer the acute crisis from the realm of parliamentary politics to the entire social structure.

We think it can be said safely that the crisis in France is just beginning and that no cabinet combination can hold power for any great length of time.

The Caillaux policy with its emphasis on Germany is the logical one for French capitalism, but the big industrialists have had a taste now of the fruits of expansion since the crippling of German industry and will not easily relinquish what seems to them to be a favored position. Neither will the banking fraternity look with favor upon the cancellation of reparations, the reparations without which the whole French financial system is a punctured bubble.

The masses of the workers and peasantry have remained passive during the cabinet crises that have succeeded one another because they have not been asked to pay for the war. But some government must pass on the war costs to the masses.

None has yet dared to attempt this. Caillaux may be the one to show to the French workers and peasants that the war has not been paid for and that the real rulers of France—the international bankers—have presented their bill.

Paul Revere—1925

Vice-President Dawes, speaking at the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary celebration of Paul Revere's ride, held in Boston, furnished a fine example of what Paul LaFarge meant when he said that the bourgeoisie are torn between two ethical codes—one of business and one of private life.

The American Mussolini, speaking from the pulpit of the historic old North Church, from which

we are told the lanterns gleamed that gave the signal for arousing "every Middlesex village and farm" in advance of the British, got the following off his chest:

"The greatest question before the American people today is 'What is our character?' For it is this, and this alone that counts in the long run."

The gents who chronicle the happenings of the anniversary for the capitalist press become almost lyrical as they describe how the hero of the Lorimer bank scandal made a plea for "sharper self-denial in the nation's life," "for cleanliness of mind," "for subordination of the individual to the general good."

The Back Bay aristocracy and the textile barons who heard the speech of Dawes were doubtless greatly moved. So was Senator William Morgan Butler, dauntless champion of the right of the millowners to enslave little children.

Eyes were wet as Dawes pointed out the lesson of freedom taught by the ride of Paul Revere, but the freedom to which they gave homage was freedom to rob the working class of America without interference from or division of profits with the exploiters of any other nation.

Dispatches say that Dawes, invading the Coolidge territory on this anniversary, was successful in lining up the "solid men" of New England behind him. We do not doubt this. Anyone who can combine sanctimonious utterance with complete contempt for the masses, who can justify ruthless exploitation by biblical precept, whose Americanism is that of the rotary clubs, who preaches violent suppression of the workers in the name of the revolutionary founders, can get the ear and approval of the descendants of the "rum, molasses and niggers" aristocracy of New England.

Puritanism has never been an obstacle to profits so Paul Revere's ride becomes an excuse for a Dawes to defy plunderers and cover slavery with a mantle of christian ethics.

The Class War in West Virginia

Coal miners, members of the United Mine Workers of America, and many non-members of the union, are on strike in the Panhandle district of West Virginia to force recognition of the organization.

The Richland Coal company, one of the biggest concerns affected by the strike, is preparing to evict the miners from company houses. The miners are given no notice and the company is carrying out the evictions under a court decision that forfeits the right of the miners to the houses the moment they stop work for the company.

The close co-operation of the courts with the capitalists has been commented on in these columns more than once, but in no section of the United States is this recognition by the courts of the mastery of the capitalist more brazen than in West Virginia. The rule of capitalism that a worker is entitled to food and shelter only when he has submitted to a boss, is carried out to the letter in this paradise of the steel trust.

Reports from Wheeling are to the effect that a number of miners have already been arrested for violation of injunctions and trespassing, the legal fiction by which miners are prosecuted for picketing.

On May 3, in Wheeling, the contrast between the lives of the workers who dig the coal and those who live on their labor will be shown in a remarkable manner. A memorial meeting for the 128 miners killed in the Benwood disaster will be held and no blanket injunction, legalization of evictions or prevention of picketing can prevent thousands of miners understanding that under capitalism they live, work and die for the enrichment of a brutal, idle class.

At this memorial meeting any attempt by officialdom to gloss over the class struggle will be a treason of the blackest kind.

The miners' fight in the Panhandle district of West Virginia can be won only by raising the standard of the class war that rages there in an especially brutal form.

Foreign Agitators

Portugal in the southwest of Europe and Bulgaria in the southeast, are torn by revolution.

Both little states have been conducting murderous onslaughts against the workers and peasants. Both nations are bankrupt and both have dictatorial governments. The people of Portugal are Latins, of Bulgaria, Slavs. Portugal supported the allied imperialists in the world war, Bulgaria threw in her lot with those of the central powers.

In both countries the condition of the workers and peasantry is pitiable, the economic breakdown complete.

The capitalist press may rave about foreign agitators, but unless capitalism itself has created the conditions for revolution, agitators waste their breath.

What really causes the capitalist press to foam at its collective mouth is that there is today an international working class political party that connects these struggles of the masses in all countries into a single struggle against world capitalism. This is the Communist International.

Communists are foreign agitators in that they acknowledge no loyalty to capitalism, in the same way that capitalist agitators in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics are foreign agitators.

To the struggling workers, however, Communists are not foreigners no matter what tongue they speak. A revolution in Portugal, a struggle for power in Bulgaria, for which the capitalist press blames the Communist International, shows that a world state—a world workers' state—is in the making—a state in which capitalists and their hangers-on will be the only foreigners.

Every day get a "sub" for the DAILY WORKER and a member for the Workers Party.

Sessions of Enlarged Executive of the C. I.

(Continued from last issue.)
MOSCOW, April 3.—(By Mail.)—
COMRADE LOSOVSKY then reported on trade union unity:

The correctness of the policy of the Fifth Congress in the question of trade union unity is substantiated by facts. These facts are: The result of the British trade union delegation's visit to Russia, the session and the resolution of the Amsterdam executive, the decision of the general council of the British trade unions to convene a joint conference with the Russian trade unions, for the purpose of clearing the difficulties; and the relations of the Barmat-social-democracy to the bourgeoisie.

THERE are two oppositions in the Amsterdam International; a definite revolutionary wing, definitely organized and with a clear ideology, and a second, indefinite opposition with no clear ideology, which however, reflects the discontent of the masses.

After the Ruhr catastrophe, even the Amsterdamers recognized the necessity for new methods in the labor movement. A large number of trade union centers are carrying on a fight against the left opposition. The resolution of the Amsterdam executive has satisfied no one; hence the new conference.

THE fundamental factor of the unity problem is the question whether the fight against the Soviet Union shall be continued or not.

In the guise of the unity question, there is to be found the basic question of old and new relations to the Russian revolution. The difficulties of the unity campaign are as follows: In the trade unions there never was unity; they were always divided according to political, religious, national and racial points of view. It is a question of winning over not only the masses organized in red or yellow trade unions, but also those masses which are organized elsewhere or not organized at all.

THE systematic sabotage of the unity movement by the Amsterdamers must be broken.

The social democrats energetically oppose every attempt at unity, and they reject all such proposals.

In Yugoslavia the social democrats have replied that the unity of the political parties must be established first.

In France, the Amsterdamers demand the dissolution of the revolutionary trade union fractions. Unity can be established solely on the basis of the class struggle. The bitter opposition of the Amsterdamers to the unity campaign is explained by the fact that the social democrats reject the class struggle.

THE speaker then points to five essential deviations in our campaign: In the first place, an organizational conservatism; secondly, the idea that the unity campaign was only a maneuver; thirdly, the idea of an unconditional unity; fourthly, the tendency to weaken our struggle against the social democracy; and fifthly, the view that we simply enter the reformist trade unions.

ORGANIZATIONAL conservatism aims exclusively at the destruction of the reformist trade unions and neglects the chief factors altogether. The view that the unity campaign is a maneuver is false. We want unity, because unity is the primary condition for a successful class struggle. In spite of unity, our ideological fight against the social democracy must go on. Unconditional unity is nonsensical, for in every country there are already various conditions. The unity campaign is a matter of a long struggle which may last some years. The reformists demand that the R. I. L. U. be dissolved, but this cannot now be accepted, since unity has not yet been established.

THE speaker enumerates various types of countries: Russia, with a unified trade union movement; countries with a revolutionary minority; countries where the reformist majority can only be sustained with the aid of the police; countries whose trade unions belong to no trade union international at all; countries in which we have a majority.

The speaker then proceeds to describe the trade union unity campaign in various countries. In England there is a unified, well-organized minority movement. It is our task to support and to strengthen this minority, in order to steer the whole trade union movement to the left. The decentralized state of the British trade unions is very detrimental to the movement; it shall therefore, be our task to advocate trade union centralization.

IN Germany there exists an extreme centralism; the local organizations have no freedom of movement and are politically paralyzed. Here we must therefore strive for political decentralization.

In Czechoslovakia one-fifth of the workers are with us. The view entertained by certain Czech comrades that it is permissible to establish unity with the social democratic trade unions, but not with the national socialists or christian socialists is essentially false.

IN France the C. G. T. U. has the majority of the organized workers; yet Jouhaux, the leader of the C. G. T. declares that unity is only possible without him. We shall be glad to establish unity without Jouhaux.

In France we must create unity or

gans, unity committees, and mixed committees in the factories and shops, for the reformists themselves will, after unity is established, try to split the unions anew, because they only want unity with Herriot. In France the struggle for unity must be conducted from below.

IN the United States there are the most reactionary trade unions which openly advocate unity with Coolidge. In that the struggle for affiliation to the Amsterdam International and the campaign against the corruption of the trade union bureaucracy, are of revolutionary significance.

These are the five types of struggle for unity. In order to attain international unity, we must strive to establish unity on a national scale in every individual country. We must rouse the workers in the shops and factories for unity.

A MIGHTY factor in the unity struggle is the co-operation of the British with the Soviet trade unions.

This co-operation began as early as 1920, when the first delegation visited Soviet Russia; it was continued at the Hull Congress and at the 7th All-Russian Trade Union Congress. The Anglo-Russian conference will soon begin, and the representatives of the Soviet trade unions will bring up the question of a joint unity campaign. The Anglo-Russian bloc plays an important role in the struggle for unity. The joint activities of the British and Russian trade unions depend upon the new tendencies in the latter's development towards the left.

OUR slogan remains: A UNITY CONGRESS.

Special attention should be given to the trade union movement in the colonial and semi-colonial countries like China, Java, India.

The united international must comprise all workers of the world, and not only those in Europe. The reformists who are allied with the imperialists will oppose the affiliation of the colonial trade unions; we must fight for such affiliation.

The struggle for unity is a struggle for the masses, a struggle against the bourgeoisie and the reformists, between whom there are no differences. We are confronted by a capitalist offensive.

NOW that the social democracy and the bourgeoisie have forced the 10- and 12-hour day upon the German proletariat, it is the turn of the British and French workers next. The resistance of the working class must be organized against the capitalist offensive.

Instinctively, the workers feel the approaching capitalist offensive, and they want unity. We must reach the masses by means of unity campaigns for concrete daily demands. We must

form as many unity organs, unity committees and mixed committees as possible; we must form a coalition with the left Amsterdam wing in the struggle for unity; we must strengthen and support the Anglo-Russian unity alliance, and consolidate the trade union movement in the colonies and our own organizations.

Between two revolutionary waves, the struggle for unity is a struggle for the majority of the workers, a struggle for the revolution.

HEISS (Czecho-Slovakia) makes the announcement that the general strike in Ostrau was declared against the will and in spite of the prohibition of the reformist trade union bureaucracy.

HAKEN (Czecho-Slovakia) reads the resolution of the Czecho-Slovakian delegation, which supports the Ostrau strike unconditionally.

THE chairman, Comrade Dorsey, brings up the motion of the presidium to the effect that the plenum declare its solidarity with the strikers; the motion is passed unanimously.

GALLAGHER (England): The situation in England is favorable to the movement. The urge of the working class to unite the scattered trade unions, and to an alliance with the Soviet trade unions is growing ever stronger. The greatest obstacle is the attitude of the trade union bureaucracy.

Between the December, 1924, conference and the January, 1925, conference, the minority movement has made great progress. The slogans of the minority movement for the centralization of the trade unions, for joint demands of the various trade unions, and for individual membership found a great response among the masses. At the head of the movement are the miners.

The labor government had worsened the condition of the workers, and this strengthened the left tendency even in the general council of the trade unions. The conference of trades councils decided in favor of unity.

The right wing of the trade union leaders is in favor of unity with imperialism. The speaker proposes that the executive test the tactics of the Communist Party of Great Britain.

HARUS (Czecho-Slovakia): In spite of reformist influence, the workers of Czecho-Slovakia has remained on the side of the Russian revolution. To neutralize the influence of the Russian revolution, the reformists have issued the slogan of "Neutrality of the Trade Unions"; however, the workers have realized that the economic struggle turns into a political struggle.

The slogan of unity must be retained. The unity slogan meets with great response from the masses because in economic struggle the workers have a revolutionary perspective.

The workers do not want to renounce the revolutionary tactics.

It is the task of the C. P. of Czecho-Slovakia to increase its influence in the trade unions. The question of trade union fractions is of vital importance. The Communist Party must learn to make a weapon of the Red trade unions.

VIOLA (Italy): The trade union movement in Italy is on the upgrade again. The Communists are heading the movement, whereas, the reformists and Maximalists are sabotaging it.

At the reformist trade union congress in 1924, the Communist proposed a clear policy, but the reformists rejected it, and confined themselves to petty statute modifications. The most active elements were eliminated from the congress.

The C. P. I. has also done some work on the land, and has created peasant organizations. The reformists and Maximalists have only disorganized the movement; they only wish to organize the exploiters.

The reformists are opposed to mass trade unions; to prevent unity, they even ally themselves with the fascists. However, the class struggle is becoming more acute from day to day, as was shown by the metal workers' strike.

The task of the Communists is to form shop committees everywhere, winning over the masses, to establish trade union unity in Italy, and to further international unity.

VILKOVSKY (Poland): The unity campaign in Poland is no mass campaign because even the largest unions have but few members.

The reformist policy and the treatment the Communists receive at the hands of the reformists, compels the masses to leave the unions. The C. P. realizes that the conquest of the trade unions is possible only in mass organizations; hence the efforts of the party to bring the masses back into the unions.

The demand for the formation of shop councils is the best way of creating militant organs. The party does not wish to have the shop councils compete with the trade unions.

THE reformists are opposed to mass trade unions; they therefore split the revolutionary trade union movement and subject them to police persecution. Simultaneously with the formation of shop councils, the party is issuing the slogan, "Back into the Unions," in order there to fight for unity.

Since the Polish trade union leaders are opposed to the British trade union delegation, the party must unmask them.

Unity must be established even with the trade union of the national labor party. The 3rd Congress of the Polish C. P., has concretely formulated the methods of struggle which will lead us to victory.

A Crow Bar or a Toothpick?

By MORITZ J. LOEB.

DO we consider often enuf, in our striving to build the Workers Party into a mass party, how seldomly the party itself as it is now functioning conforms to the most elemental requirements for creating a mass party? A mass Communist Party is not merely an organization of a great number of workers paying dues and accepting Communist beliefs. A mass Communist Party among other characteristics, perhaps most important of any of them, is a party that acts as a mass—all at one time, upon the directions of its leaders.

IN still greater degree, a Communist Party which has yet to become a mass party must meet this requirement: The Workers Party is one of these; its most pressing, immediate task is to build itself into a mass party. It has not taken the first steps toward this goal until it can itself act in the mass, until it can respond as a mass to the directions of its leadership.

TO be sure, our party has not by any means given any evidence of its inability to meet this requirement. Innumerable times, in big campaigns, such as famine relief, labor defense, various political and industrial activities, the party has shown how it can act. But much too often, particularly in the everyday work and for the everyday tasks of the party we become spasmodic and irregular, we work in fits and starts, some of us now, others then, some not at all.

A GLARING example of disunited and incoherent work has been the support the party has given to the press in general and to the DAILY WORKER in particular. When the DAILY WORKER was established it was a thrilling new adventure for all of us, the most dramatic and exciting attempt of the party. For a time it received an almost universal support of the entire party membership.

WHEN the first glow of excitement had worn off, the bulk of the party settled back with a sort of sigh of satisfaction, an unuttered semi-conscious "Well that's done." The DAILY WORKER has been brot into being. Now we can go about to look for the next glorious adventure. And the work of maintaining the DAILY WORKER and making it into a mass organ was left to the few here and

there to whom the DAILY WORKER was no romantic toy but the most serious weapon for the building of the party and the destruction of capitalism.

NOW, the DAILY WORKER will be nothing and can do nothing unless it becomes an organ of the working class mass. If the party needs a bulletin for party members it can find a less expensive method than that of a daily paper. Yet the DAILY WORKER cannot become a mass organ simply by fighting for the interests of the masses any more than the party can become a mass party simply by reason of its program in the interests of the whole working class.

NOR can the DAILY WORKER become a mass organ by means of the efforts, no matter how energetic and conscientious, of a few DAILY WORKER patriots. On the day when the party as a whole, the party acting as a mass decides to put its mass strength and its mass energy into the building of the DAILY WORKER, on that day the DAILY WORKER will take its first step on the road to becoming an organ of the masses.

WHY is this "mass action" necessary? Why is it impossible for 1,000 comrades by putting forth 25 times the ordinary amount of energy, to accomplish as much as 25,000 party members, each giving a part of their time and energy to the building of the DAILY WORKER? It is not necessary for one to be a professor of psychology to find the answer to these questions. Anyone who has participated in any activity that brings one into contact with people in any number knows the answer. He knows the multiplied effect that mass activity has upon those who are participating and also upon those who are the objects of the activity.

JIMMIE HIGGINS may be the most earnest and untiring person imaginable. He may be resolved to sell DAILY WORKER subscriptions to every Bill Smith he meets and to seek out those Bill Smiths with whom he does not come into contact in his ordinary daily routine. But if Jimmie Higgins goes out alone he finds that most every Bill Smith will either say he isn't interested or if he admits interest will find some excuse for not subscribing. Jimmie Higgins is determined not to become discouraged because he knows the kind of

work he is doing counts. But he often does get discouraged all the same. He feels kind of weak and isolated.

BUT when twenty-five thousand Jimmie Higgins go out all at one time they find that there are a lot of Bill Smiths who will think that there must be something in the DAILY WORKER that is too valuable to go without. That must be the case or otherwise there wouldn't be so many Jimmie Higgins reading it and talking about it. Jimmie Higgins himself feels more confident and militant because he knows he has twenty-five thousand comrades helping him. Jimmie Higgins can't get discouraged; there are too many of him; where one fails the other will succeed. Jimmie Higgins feels that he isn't any longer trying to pry loose the earth with a tooth pick. There are twenty-five thousand pair of hands at the end of a crow bar.

FROM May 4 to May 10 the membership of the Workers Party is going to try out an experiment in mass action to build the DAILY WORKER. The entire party, EVERY BRANCH, EVERY MEMBER, is going to popularize the DAILY WORKER with the masses and to sell DAILY WORKER subscriptions ALL AT ONE TIME.

THE details of the experiment are simplicity itself. Every branch of the party will receive a bundle of the current issue of the DAILY WORKER every day from Monday to Saturday. These papers the branch will distribute each day, for a week, taking care that the same houses are covered with all six issues. Then on Sunday the branch will go out in a body armed with determination and sub blanks to visit each one of these houses to solicit subscriptions.

SOMETIMES the party calls upon its members to perform some difficult tasks. Sometimes these are so difficult that there is some excuse when we fail to make a mass response. But this time there can be no excuses. This time we will be acting as a mass to build our chief organ into a mass organ or we will fail because we are lacking in Communist willingness.

ON the day the mass of the Workers Party membership moves to build the DAILY WORKER we will be beginning to build a mass paper. I think that the beginning will be so manifestly successful that the practice will cease to be an experiment but develop into a regular habit.