

STATE POLICE USED TO BREAK STRIKES ON RURAL PATROL AS CLAIMED

(Article II.) By MANUEL GOMEZ.

Some woman is writing a series of romantic fairy tales for the Chicago Daily News glorifying the "American cossacks."

It is part of the propaganda referred to in these columns yesterday. Big Business admits openly that the state police force which it is trying to set up in Illinois thru the medium of the Dunlap bill is patterned after the mounted constabulary of Pennsylvania (known to all workers as "American cossacks"), and it therefore becomes necessary for the prostitute publicity agents of capitalism to spread the word that the Pennsylvania troopers are the epitome of honor, integrity, kindness, courage and gallantry. But the workers do not call them "cossacks" for nothing.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

THE British working class have no reason to be proud of the accomplishments of the labor party which it functioned as His Majesty's government. But it is an ill wind that does not blow some good, and one of the blessings that the elevation of MacDonald and company to the government brought to the workers, was the elimination of Frank Hodges from the official leadership of the Miners' Federation of Great Britain.

OUTSIDE of the Metal Workers' Union of Germany, the M. F. of G. B. is the strongest industrial union in the world, at least numerically. At the height of its power it, numbered over one million members. But Frank Hodges, its secretary, until he became civil lord of the admiralty, almost wrecked the mighty union, when he betrayed it on "Black Friday" in conjunction with J. H. Thomas, his co-traitor.

WHEN Hodges decided to become the nominal head of His Majesty's navy, the miners requested him to relinquish his post as secretary of the union. He must have known that his tenure of office in Downing street would be short, he preferred even a brief fling at the new position to wasting his brilliancy on the coal miners. But he has lived to regret his decision. A militant is now in Hodges' place and it looks as if the ex-civil lord of the king's navy is destined to remain for a long time to come on the outside looking in.

THE London Daily Herald carries very interesting news on the struggle between the old reactionary officialdom and the left wingers. A. J. Cook, is now in Hodges' place as secretary of the miners. He is a fighter and a staunch supporter of the British minority movement, which is organized along the same lines as the Trade Union Educational League here. In fact the T. U. E. L. is the model for the left wing in the trade union movement of Europe. In this respect at least the American revolutionists have been able to make a contribution to the arsenal of the army of labor in other countries.

ONE of the biggest industrial battles in the history of Great Britain is expected to take place before the end of the year. The miners will be the first to step into the breach. Cook is leading the offensive. Like a good general he is seeking allies, among the transport workers and railwaymen. This is the Communist program, the program that the Communists have been advocating for the past few years. That the British working masses are ready to accept it testifies to their growing class consciousness, to the influence of the Communists and particularly to the desperate situation in which British capitalism finds itself.

A NEW Triple Alliance is the immediate aim of the militants who want to face the enemy with a united front. Therefore, a battle royal is being waged inside the ranks of the British trade unions. Frank Hodges is lined up with the coal operators, and is fighting Cook and his supporters. Hodges wants a five-years' truce. Like John L. Lewis of the U. M. W. of A., he does not mention the miners or show any concern for their needs. He talks of the "country" and the "industry as a whole." Cook says in effect, "To hell with the operators and (Continued on page 2)

AMERICAN FEDERATIONIST MAKES 'BRITISH LABOR' OUT OF TURNER BUT IGNORES WHOLE DELEGATION

In the March number of the American Federationist (appropriately printed with a yellow cover), the official organ of the executive council of the A. F. of L., republishes an article dug up by the ever busy reactionaries, from that receptacle of filthy lies against Soviet Russia, the Jewish Daily Forward.

The article is entitled "What British Labor Saw in Soviet Russia." But instead of telling what "British labor" saw, it tells what the Jewish Daily (Continued on page 4)

GENERAL LOCKOUT IN DENMARK AND SWEDEN AGAINST UNION LABOR

(Special to The Daily Worker.) COPENHAGEN, Denmark, March 18.—A general lockout thruout Denmark goes into effect tonight following the failure of this morning's negotiations between the employers and workers.

There were already 50,000 out of work today, and it is expected that this number will be doubled by the end of the week.

A lockout in Sweden covering a large number of industries also went into effect today.

Repeal of Search and Seizure Act Reported to House

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 19.—Repeal of the Illinois search and seizure act of 1919 and the prohibition enforcement act of 1921, by a referendum of the people, was advanced in the state legislature today when the house committee on license and miscellany reported favorably on the bills. No further action was expected for a week or two.

Postpone Radio Probe. NEW YORK, March 19.—The federal trade commission's hearing of charges against eight companies accused of attempting to establish a monopoly in the radio industry was postponed today until May 18.

WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY URGES NEED OF CO-OPERATION BETWEEN AMERICAN AND CHINESE MASSES

The Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party has issued a statement on the need for co-operation of the Chinese and American masses and the problems facing the Chinese people since the death of their great leader, as follows:

SUN Yat Sen, leader of the mass party of the Chinese people, Kuomintang is dead. His life was devoted to the cause of Chinese independence and no one individual can fill the place left vacant by the death of Sun Yat Sen in the ranks of the party of Chinese independence.

Sun Yat Sen was the foe of the robber capitalist nations. He fought steadily and bravely against all the schemes of imperialism for the enslavement of the Chinese masses.

He and the Kuomintang party was the staunchest bulwark of the Peking government against the plots of the imperialist bandit, altho his (Continued on page 5.)

MILLIONS SPENT HERE BY POLAND FOR AMMUNITION

Most of U. S. Loan Goes to Gunmakers

NEW YORK, March 19.—The government of Poland has contracted with the Colt Firearms company to buy \$3,000,000 worth of machine guns and small arms equipment, Frank C. Nichols, vice-president of the company, announced here on his return from Europe.

The American government has recently loaned Poland \$30,000,000 much of which is being spent in the purchase of war supplies from American concerns.

Over twenty million dollars has been spent from the American loan on army supplies, and the army budget is now \$160,000,000.

The Polish government has been conducting a strenuous campaign of expulsion, deporting from the country many thousands of peasants born in Ukraine, Germany, Russia, and other nations. Only those who are known to be white guardists are admitted.

The American loan is looked upon as an attempt of the American capitalists to compete with French imperialism for the domination of Poland.

MINERS HARDEST HIT BY DEATH DEALING STORM

Estimate 1,000 Dead; Workers Are Destitute

(Special to The Daily Worker.) WEST FRANKFORT, Ill., March 19.—The blackened figures of coal miners, clad just as they were when called from the mine pits, were today probing the ruins of their homes, trying to find the bodies of their loved ones, or searching for food and blankets.

The storm left a trail of one thousand known dead workers and members of their families in its wake. Fire, still burning today, added to the most terrible catastrophe the southern Illinois coal miners have ever known.

New Disaster Appals. Miners who are used to sudden death, visited without warning in the murky coal pits, miners who for years have known the hardship of unemployment, strikes and lockouts, were appalled today at the wreckage and death left by the cyclone.

Word reaches here that 100 employees of the Heinz pickle factory at Princeton, Illinois, were killed or fatally injured. The factory was completely demolished while the men were at work.

The C. and E. I. railroad shops at West Frankfort and the M. and O. railroad shops at Murphysboro have been entirely wiped out, with hundreds of employees killed or injured.

The towns of West Frankfort, with 18,000 population and Murphysboro with 15,000 population, in the heart of the Southern Illinois coal mining district were almost completely wiped out, the fire which followed adding to the terrible scenes of horror and death. Here dead bodies were still twisted in the wrecked houses, and dead strewn the streets.

Many Mine Towns Hit. Many were killed and injured in the coal mining and farming towns of Gorin, Gorham, De Soto, Bush, Hurst, West Frankfort, Benton, Logan, Parish, Thompsonville, McLeansboro, Carmi, Crossville, Illinois, and other towns in Indiana, Tennessee, Missouri.

Early reports said that the storm hit Dowell, Illinois, but, for that, no details were received from that town. Duquoin, Illinois, the coal mining center near Christopher, was said to be in the path of the storm.

The disaster came at a time when the southern Illinois coal miners were penniless and deeply in debt owing to the long continued unemployment. (Continued on page 2)

TRADE UNION EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE CALLS FOR SUPPORT OF FIGHTING NOVA SCOTIA COAL MINE STRIKERS

Outlining the titanic struggle that confronts the Nova Scotia coal miners in the struggles with the British Empire Steel corporation, the national committee of the Trade Union Educational League has called on all workers to come to their support in a statement issued as follows:

Statement by the National Committee, Trade Union Educational League.

FOR years the British Empire Steel corporation and the Canadian government have, by united effort, tried to crush the militant fighting miners of Nova Scotia. In 1923, with the aid of the reactionary John L. Lewis, they were able to break the Steel Workers' Union, and now all the powers of "BESCO" and the state are being mobilized to complete the job by reducing the miners to the same helpless position as the steel workers.

"BESCO" is brutally frank in its purpose and confident of the result. Vice-president McLurg of the British Empire Steel corporation says: "They can't stand the gaff. We hold the cards. Let them stay out two months or six months, it matters not. Eventually they will come to us." Here is capitalism stark naked. We hold your jobs, we have systematically starved you, your wives and children are hungry, you will come to us at our terms, says the beast BESCO.

This is a challenge to the working class of North America. The British (Continued on page 6)

HUGE TOTALS OF DEAD AND INJURED IN CYCLONE AREA

BENTON, Ill., March 19.—Estimates of the dead and injured gathered for the DAILY WORKER in yesterday's cyclone provided the following death totals:

Table with columns: Towns, Dead, Injured. Lists locations like West Frankfort, Murphysboro, De Soto, etc.

CHARGE LEVIN CONSPIRACY WITH BOSSES

Put Militants Out to Aid Employers

The bosses in the Chicago clothing shops are in close conspiracy with Sam Levin, manager of the joint board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, to deprive left wing workers of their chance to make a living by working at their trade. This is known to be the reason behind the score or so of workers taken off their jobs by orders of Levin, who proceeds under the excuse that these workers had no right to distribute leaflets issued by a local of the A. C. W.

Despotism Causes Storm. Against this monstrous despotism of control over the very lives of the workers, and the treacherous collusion with the bosses to wipe out all resistance to the class collaboration schemes which threaten the workers' standards, the members of the A. C. W. are storming by hundreds at the office of Levin, pouring out execrations, demanding that such tyranny shall be stopped and the members, all still in good standing, be restored to their jobs in the shops.

The workers demand that no member of the union shall be robbed of his chance to make a living by any such high-handed act of Levin, whose collusion with the employers in this instance to drive the militant members of the union out of the union by taking away their jobs and forcing them to starve or to leave their trade, is so (Continued on page 2)

PHILADELPHIA POLICE BREAK UP COMMUNIST OPEN FORUM ON THE PRETEXT OF WRONG SIZED FLAG

By B. HERMAN. (Special to The Daily Worker.) PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 19.—The Workers Party Open Forum conducted every Sunday evening at the Grand Fraternity Hall was disrupted by the Philadelphia police Sunday, March 15, on the flimsy pretext that the American flag that must be displayed at all public meetings was not the correct size.

The Pennsylvania law calls for a flag 66 by 52 inches, while the flag at the Workers Party Open Forum was about 10 inches under size. The city detective who ordered the meeting dispersed was offered a compromise by the committee to pin two flags together and make for the shortage which he unconditionally refused. It was pointed out that hundreds of meetings have been held in the same hall with the same size flag and they were never molested, but this made little difference to this righteous minion of the law.

A large audience was present to hear Comrade M. J. Olgin speak on the "General Staff of the World Revolution" when the disturbance was made by the police department. The chairman of the evening, Comrade S. Sklaroff, explained the situation to the audience after all efforts were exhausted to borrow a proper sized flag, and assured them that the open forum would continue next Sunday in spite of this unwarranted and outrageous action of the police. Philadelphia audiences are quite accustomed to such disturbances and (Continued on page 2)

THREAD MILL OWNERS MAKING 40 PER CENT PROFIT PLEAD POVERTY TO FORCE WAGE CUT

By WM. SIMONS. (Special to The Daily Worker.) WILLIMANTIC, Conn., March 19.—Not all workers in Willimantic know that the American (1) Thread Co. is English-owned. Practically all of them are patriotic Americans. The entire life of Willimantic is such as to develop or compel patriotism. The road of the non-conformist is a hard one. It is true that William Z. Foster, candidate for president on the Workers (Communist) Party ticket, received 8 votes in the straw vote taken by the American Thread Athletic Association, but in the main the workers are (Continued on page 5.)

34 MINERS ARE STILL ENTOMBED IN W. VA. MINE

Rescuers Believe They Will Be Found Dead

BARRACKSVILLE, W. Va., March 19.—The stark tragedy ever looming in a miner's everyday life stalked in this little town today, leaving dull despair in its wake.

Thirty-four men are still entombed in the Bethlehem Mines corporation, where they were caught 300 feet below the surface by an explosion Tuesday night, and unless all signs found in the mine fail, the miners will be brought out dead, according to many of the rescue workers.

Fire which broke out in the mine late yesterday was holding back rescue work today.

Fire has been discovered in one of the headings of the No. 41 mine of the Bethlehem Mines corporation, R. M. Lambie, chief of the West Virginia inspectors, declared tonight. He added the blaze had not extended over a large area and was expected to be brought under control in a short time.

The fire was encountered in the right heading, Mr. Lambie said, where it is believed twenty-two of the thirty-four missing miners were working when entombed by an explosion last night. The other twelve men are thought to have been working in the left heading.

Battle Tangled Wreckage. Thruout the day rescue crews battled with tangled wreckage and fallen timbers which must be surmounted before it can be determined whether the imprisoned men are dead or alive. Leaders in the rescue work have abandoned hope of reaching them tonight. They say they did not expect to reach that section of the mine until some time tomorrow.

The mine had been penetrated to a depth of about 2,000 feet at that time, with an estimate made that rescuers had twice that distance yet to go.

Hope of Workers Dwindles. As the rescue work progressed hope virtually faded that any of the men would be found alive, no signal of any kind having been received from sections not yet explored. The only possibility that some of them may have survived hinged upon the slender hope that they might have been able to erect makeshift brattice work before "black damp" that followed the blast penetrated thruout the workings.

A heavy rain added to the discomfort of hundreds of dry-eyed men (Continued on Page 2.)

ITALIAN METAL STRIKE ENDS WITH INCREASED WAGES FOR 120,000

(Special to The Daily Worker.) MILAN, Italy, March 19.—The strike of 120,000 metal workers which for a week has paralyzed the metal industry, is declared off by the socialist union of metal workers which accepted the wage raise of two and one-fifth liras per day previously accepted by the fascist union, which is much smaller.

Give your shopmate this copy of the DAILY WORKER—but be sure to see him the next day to get his subscription.

BITTELMAN TO LECTURE UPON PARTY HISTORY

Lenin Training School of Permanent Value

Commencing today, 11 a. m., Comrade Bittelman will give his course on the History of the American Communist Movement which will last for the eight remaining days of the school.

The outlines of the first several lectures of Comrade Bittelman's course, we understand are already on hand in mimeographed form so that the students will have the advantage of that additional help in the course. The preparing of the course in this manner will assure the party of a permanent contribution in this direction which will be preserved for future use and elaboration.

It is planned to get as many of the courses completely outlined as possible and prepared in a form available to the students and for future use.

The schedule today is as follows: 9 a. m.—Trade Union History and Tactics—Dunne. 10 a. m.—Party Organization and Structure—Abern. 11 a. m.—History of American Communist Movement—Bittelman. 12 m.—Lunch.

1 p. m.—Leninism—Gomez. 2 p. m.—Elementary Marxian Economics—Lerner.

Comrade Lerner has announced the following lectures already given by him for the past four days and also the lectures to follow.

1. Commodities.
2. Money or Circulation of Commodities.
3. Production of Surplus value.
4. Co-operation (Includes manufacture).
- 5.—6. Development of Machine Production, Friday and Saturday.
7. Concentration and Centralization, Monday.
8. "Primitive Accumulation," Tuesday.
9. Average Rate of Profit, Wednesday.
10. Division of Surplus Value, Thursday.
11. Modern Capitalism—Imperialism, Friday.
12. Summary of World Economic Situation, Saturday.

Browder to Give Last Lecture in Economics Course. The last lecture of his course, Comrade Browder announces will be given by Comrade Earl Browder, editor of the Workers' Monthly and acting executive secretary who is no doubt, the one best equipped at the present time in the party to speak on this subject.

Comrade Browder's lecture will be based on reports of Varga, economist of the Communist International and on his own research in that field. All students are requested to read Comrade Browder's article in the March Workers' Monthly dealing with the economic situation in the United States in preparation for this lecture. The article is entitled "Industrial Depression or Prosperity."

34 Coal Miners Still Entombed in W. Va. Mine

(Continued from page 1) women and children, who waited tirelessly for hours behind the police lines to hear some word from inside the shaft. The rain drove to shelter thousands of spectators but relatives retained their positions apparently unmindful of the downfall.

Three Suspects Arrested. Three men were placed under arrest today in connection with the explosion. Their arrest followed the report of a possibility that the disaster had been caused by a bomb, an evident attempt at a frame-up.

The report was promptly denied and it was said that an accumulation of gas was believed to have caused the explosion. Officers declared, however, that sufficient credence had been given to the report to cause the arrest of W. D. Emmons, Clarence Whetzel and A. G. Kendall. They are being held in the county jail pending further investigation. No specific charge has been placed against them.

The mine has been operating on a non-union basis since last October.

Newark Workers To Hold Dance on Saturday Night

NEWARK, N. J., March 19.—The dance of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held here on Saturday evening, March 23, at 8 p. m.

The dance will be held in the Newark Labor Lyceum, 704 South 14th St., Newark, N. J. Admission will be 35 cents.

'WE MUST KEEP ARMED FORCE TO RETAIN BUSINESS, WAR IS LIKELY,' SAYS U. S. ADMIRAL

NEW YORK, March 19.—Rear Admiral William L. Rodgers, debating at Town Hall with Scott Nearing on preparedness incautiously made the admission that commercial rivalry is the cause of wars and the reason for armies and navies. Said the read admiral:

"We must maintain armed forces to retain freedom in our business relations with the rest of the world, without dictation from nations wielding greater force. To keep an unshakable hold on our traffic, independent of rival great manufacturing nations, we need a great merchant fleet. Our riches and our complex industrial organization put us in economic danger from other nations. War is likely to come to us in resisting what we regard as an attempt to take unfair economic advantage of us."

Use State Police to Break Strikes

(Continued from page 1)

and bearing in mind the large territorial extent of the state of Pennsylvania, as well as the small number of men in the force, the reader will see that the cossacks had little or no time for rural policing.

A Few Among Money.

Practically the entire state police force was on strike duty for three months, from March 15 to June 9, 1916, in the anthracite and bituminous coal regions during the miners' strike of that time.

During the street carmen's strike at Chester, 143 members of the constabulary were on strike duty for six weeks, from April 16 to May 25, 1908. During the strike at the Standard Steel Car Works, McKees Rocks, 41 of the constabulary troops were on strike duty for two months, from July 15 to Sept. 14, 1909, and 44 additional troopers were on strike duty from Aug. 23 to Sept. 13, 1908.

During the strike at the Bethlehem Steel Co. of Bethlehem, Pa., 91 troopers were on strike duty from Feb. 27 to April 18, 1910—eight weeks. Always On Strike "Duty." During the strike of the miners in the Westmoreland district, which lasted sixteen months, 101 troopers were on duty for a period of three months, 84 were on duty for four months and 57 for 16 months—from March 9, 1910, to July 1, 1911.

During the anthracite coal strike of 1912, 205 troopers were constantly on strike duty from May 7 to May 21. During the strike of the molders at Erie, Pa., 40 troopers were on strike duty from Aug. 22, 1913, to March 9, 1914, and 22 were on duty from Aug. 22 to Nov. 15. During the strike of the Wilkes Barre Street Railway employees in 1916, 228 troopers were on strike duty for a considerable length of time.

The above are just a few instances which will serve to show the purpose for which the state police is used in Pennsylvania. They suggest a totally different kind of troopers from the constabulary of the fairy tales in the Daily News.

Tomorrow I will write of the crimes against the workers perpetrated by the Pennsylvania cossacks in the great steel strike and the miners' strikes.

Charge Sam Levin Is in Conspiracy With the Bosses

(Continued from page 1) plainly in the interests of the employers with whom Levin has already announced an alliance, pursuant to his policy of collaboration.

Conspiracy Between Bosses and Levin. These bosses have not been able to conceal their part in the conspiracy to deprive the militants of a chance to make a living in their chosen trade. The following workers are so far known to have been put upon the street to starve, and there are many more whose names the DAILY WORKER will give later:

Bramorski was taken out of Meyer and company by Levin. He is a member of Local 38. H. L. Kahan and J. Lieberman of Local 39 were thrown out of work by Levin from the shops of Hart, Schaffner and Marx.

J. Pinto, Local 270, and S. Miller and E. Levin, both of Local 152, were also deprived of their living by Levin in taking them out of Hart, Schaffner and Marx. S. Simonian, Local 39, was robbed of his living earned at Rosenwald and Wiel; Helen Kaplan of Local 39 was turned out of employment at Edward V. Price; G. Resnick, Local 39, was taken out of Edward E. Strauss; A. Rudman and W. Savanovsky, of Local 144, were deprived of work at Alfred Decker and Cohn; and Clara Shapiro, of Local 39, was taken by Levin and put in the unemployed army from her job with Plotke Brothers. And there are many others.

Sympathizers Also Victimized. Besides, even those who express disapproval of this outrageous action of Levin, are themselves penalized, and members are inquiring how far this will go and the whole Chicago market is in an uproar. J. Bilsky, a member of Local 39, was, by Levin's order, taken off from shop chairman because he felt that Levin was committing a crime against the membership by robbing union members against whom no regular charges are made of their chance to earn a living at a trade of their choosing.

Scornfully Levin tells these workers, just as a boss or a prison guard might talk: "Go get a job from Local 5 in New York!" The bosses say: "We are willing for you to work for us." But, none the less, their shop managers are sending the victims to Levin themselves, and telling the workers that they cannot work until they get an O. K. from Levin. A carefully prepared game to pass the buck from one to another.

Definite Action Coming.

Against this combination between Levin and the bosses the workers are filling the shops and the manager's office with uproaring protest. The left wing is crystallizing this protest into definite action for a finish fight to check the autocracy of the Levin machine in depriving union members of the opportunity to earn a living at their trade.

The example of New York is cited as showing how the persistent effort of the officials to destroy the fighting spirit of the A. C. W. can be checked. In New York there are fully 20,000 tailors strongly behind the fight of Local 5 for a united and militant union, and the coat makers have again formed a joint board of their own to take up the fight on the reactionaries.

Protest Meeting Monday.

In Chicago the workers who have been taken down from the job by Levin are calling a mass meeting of the members of the Amalgamated to consider the disruption and expulsion policy of the officials and the latest outrage of taking members off their jobs.

The meeting will be held on Monday, March 23, at 8 o'clock in Temple Hall, corner Van Buren and Marshall streets. All members of the Amalgamated should attend this meeting and express their opinion of the present situation in the union.

Take Machinery to Russia.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The groups of Russian-American farmers who left New York during February under the organization of the central bureau of the Technical Aid Society to settle on co-operative (communal) farms in different parts of Russia, took with them machinery and capital valued at \$91,161. Their departure was planned so that they will arrive in Russia in time to assist in the spring planting of crops. The Technical Aid Society has organized 25 such settlements which serve as demonstration farms for the peasantry.

JAPANESE BOSSES WARN CHINESE AGAINST MOSCOW

But Strikers Welcome Red Aid

SHANGHAI, China, March 20.—The Japanese owners of the textile mills, in which 40,000 Chinese workers recently won their demands for abolition of brutal overseers who whipped the workers to make them speed up, and won also an increase in wages after repeated mass demonstrations, have been trying to secure a "red scare" by charging that the strike was "ordered from Moscow."

These foreign capitalists from Japan have a newspaper which says that a Bolshevik official of the Chinese Eastern Railway aided the strike by directing the workers what to do to win.

The paper also charges that "Moscow" subsidizes students and faculty members in the Chinese schools. This peculiar "defense" of the Chinese by the hated Japanese, who themselves have subsidized and over-awed China with armed force for years, only amuses the Chinese workers.

They say, "Moscow aids us, Japan oppresses and exploits us. It is not hard to choose between the two."

Navy Chief Defends Oil Steal in Teapot Dome Bribery Trial

CHEYENNE, Wyo., March 19.—Teapot Dome who helped steal the Wyoming oil land from the government testified here in behalf of the Sinclair Oil company, which is on trial charged with corrupting cabinet officers.

One of those who testified for the oil trust was Rear Admiral John K. Robinson, chief of the engineering bureau of the navy department, who himself was implicated in the oil lease frauds. Robinson was the "hanson officer" who acted for former Secretary of the Navy Denby in preliminary negotiations with Fall regarding transfer of naval oil lands from the navy to the interior department. Robinson defended the oil steal. His testimony was given by deposition.

Reveals Pacific Plot.

In his deposition Robinson stated that "domination of the Pacific required oil reserves for the American navy at Unalaska, San Diego and Honolulu." Robinson stated that these reserves "must be built up to insure American naval supremacy in the Pacific in the event of an Anglo-Japanese alliance."

15,000 NEW SUBS LY JUNE 15!

Philadelphia Police Break up Forum "to Protect Flag"

(Continued from page 1) accepted this latest example of Penna "democracy" in a good spirit by giving liberally to a collection and making the hall thunder with the strains of the International as they left. Next Sunday, March 22, Comrade Rebecca Grecht will speak in the same hall on the subject of "A Century of Class Struggles." Care will be taken that a flag of proper dimension, color and number of stars will adorn the walls of the Grand Fraternity hall next Sunday.

Workers Party open forum has become an established Communist institution in this city and has been growing in size and interest every week.

Philadelphia readers of the DAILY WORKER are invited to attend these meetings which are being held every Sunday at 8 p. m. Admission is free. Comrade Rebecca Grecht will be the main speaker at the celebration of the Paris Commune which will be held Saturday, March 21, at 8 p. m., in the Eagles' Temple, Broad and Spring Garden streets.

15,000 NEW SUBS BY JUNE 15!

Illinois Employers Plot Formation of Anti-Strike Police

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 19.—The Illinois Manufacturers' association, which has been the principle booster of the anti-labor state police bill, has written a letter to all Illinois employers urging them to work for the bill's passage.

The employers are endeavoring to pass the bill in order to create a strike breaking agency.

The letter to the members of the association states: "Attention is directed to the fact that the state police bill still slumbers in the senate committee on military affairs. If you want prompt action on this measure use your influence to force a favorable report from the committee."

"Communicate not only with each member of the committee, but also write your senator and house members urging them to use their influence with the members of the committee to get favorable action."

The association letter then gives a list of the names of the members of the house military affairs committee. It is signed by John M. Glenn, secretary of the manufacturers.

Weather and Nature Are Blamed for Job Crisis By Capitalist Apologist

By J. LOUIS ENGAHL

TODAY, the employers' propagandists are working overtime trying to put a silver lining on the black cloud of unemployment. They seek to persuade the worker who is out of a job that he isn't so bad off after all. And if he is down and out, that is his fault, they blantly howl.

This school of capitalist apologists finds an unscrupulous exponent in the ex-editor, ex-college president, George W. Hinman, who conducts a financial column for the Hearst publications. In fact, however, this column is funnier than any of the Hearst comics. It would be funnier still if some workers didn't read the stuff and a few probably believe in it. It becomes humorous only thru ability to dissect it.

This Hearst writer tries to explain away the fact that there are 2,000,000 unemployed in the United States. He does it with the sleight of hand peculiar to the tricksters of circus side shows. This Hearst mountebank thus disposes of one million of the unemployed as follows:

"Half of the two millions are unemployed because they are employable, because they are too sickly or mentally defective, because they are too lazy or too restless to stick to any steady employment, because they are what in the Southwest are called five-day or ten-day men—that is, men who no sooner earn a few dollars, than they quit work to spend the money."

Hinman includes here the part-time unemployed, which is estimated to total not one or two, but ten millions in the United States. The human wreckage on industry's scrap heap, the "sickly or mentally defective," as Hinman calls them, will resent the stigma that Hearst's charlatan seeks to place upon them. Hinman "O. K's" the brand of "unemployable" that every exploiter places on used-up labor. He joins his master and his class, on every occasion, to denounce aid to these victims of capitalist industry as Bolshevism. Equally outrageous is the Hinman attack on the casual worker, who builds the railroads in summer, reaps the nation's crop in the fall, toils in the forests in winter, following the job wherever it is to be found. It is this aggravated form of wage slavery that drives many to "take to the road," causing them to be despised and hunted by the ruling class.

That railroad work, for instance, cannot be done in winter, extending it over the year, "is no fault of the railway business," argues Hinman. He gives evidence of the usual bankruptcy of capitalism, in solving its labor problems, by declaring, "IT IS THE FAULT OF NATURE AND THE CLIMATE." But neither nature nor climate takes the trouble to feed, house and clothe the working class. The workers are, therefore, indirectly told to find a way for themselves.

Then it is claimed that perhaps 300,000 or 400,000 of the two million are in the building industry, with its seasonal work. This is a confession indeed. It should be taken in connection with the standing attack against the wages of building workers, which the bosses claim to be so high. When Hinman makes his next attack on wages in the building industry, he will not mention the seasonal character of the work. He will not tell how many days these workers are unemployed during the year.

"There is something wrong," of course, but what is "wrong" is not man-made business, but nature-made weather. That sentence, for which Hinman claims authorship, is really published in the Hearst press. It is doubtful if such piffle could get by anywhere else, except on the bench of the United State supreme court, now presided over by Chief Justice Taft, who joins Hinman in leaving the unemployment problem to god and nature.

This Hearst propaganda, setting forth so clearly the inability of capitalism to solve its contradictions, should awaken the workers to the need of finding their own solution themselves. The Communist solution depends neither upon nature nor the weather. It depends upon the working class will to take control over its own destiny. When workers' rule, thru Communism, after having abolished exploiters and their profits, there will be no unemployment; which is today the most harrassing brutality under capitalism. Time not devoted to useful labor will then become leisure to enjoy life. Mankind will then labor with joy because work will have become a pleasure. That is a time worth fighting for.

Coal Miners Are Hardest Hit By Devastating Storm

(Continued from page 1) worse failure than as a labor union official—and that is saying a lot. The International Association of Machinists are overwhelmingly opposed to his treacherous scheme to aid the bosses at the expense of the workers, and in the coming election within the union he is certain to be defeated largely because the machinists are utterly opposed to his program and his conduct in office.

Too Late to Fool Anybody. The C. P. P. A., which catered to the small business and professional class, and which openly avowed its hostility to the working class and to any effective program of struggle against capitalism, has been rejected by the working class as a whole. It is too late in the day for Johnston to try any beguilement upon organized labor, after the continuous murder of working class control and working class programs in the C. P. P. A. during the election campaign.

Bronx, N. Y., Comrades Attention. Michael Gold, famous journalist and poet, will speak at the Bronx open forum on Sunday, March 22, at 8 p. m., at Workers Hall, 1347 Boston Road, on "New Literature and Drama of Soviet Russia." All welcome.

Submarine Finally Floated. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 19.—The submarine S-19 aground for more than two months off the Cape Cod lighthouse, was finally floated yesterday and is being towed into Provincetown, Mass.

Subscribe for the DAILY WORKER!

GET A SUB AND GIVE ONE!

FRANCE WOULD BREAK RUSSO-GERMAN TREATY

Tries to Use League to Enslave Germany

(Special to The Daily Worker)

BERLIN, Germany, March 19.—Further concessions have been offered Germany by the league of nations in an effort to induce that country to break the Rapallo treaty with Soviet Russia and join the league. The German treaty with Russia stated that neither Germany nor Russia would enter the league without the other.

The league council is said to have offered Germany a place on the council, and assures Germany "the right to decide in what measure it will contribute to the military forces of the league."

France is said to be behind the move to have Germany enter the league, as France sees thereby a chance to postpone the acceptance of a mutual security pact and the evacuation of the Cologne area by French troops.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from Page 1) their country; I am concerned with the working class who have no country now, but who have the power to take the country which rightfully belongs to them. When the workers really own this country, then it will be time to talk about the welfare of the country as a whole.

COOK declares that he is "a humble disciple of Lenin." This got under the tender skin of the yellow socialist, Philip Snowden, chancellor of the exchequer in the MacDonald government. Perhaps the language of Snowden and Hodges will be more illuminating to the American working class than any arguments Communists could advance against them, as proof of their collaboration with the capitalists. Snowden, the king's socialist, has rallied to the side of the ex-civil lord of the king's navy.

SNOWDEN does not write to the London Daily Herald, in attacking Cook. He writes to a capitalist paper and no doubt got well paid for it. This is what he says about Hodges and Cook: "The greatest catastrophe which has ever befallen the Miners' Federation was the decision of a conference following the general election of 1923 when Frank Hodges was returned to parliament. It was then decided to ask him to relinquish the position of secretary of the federation under some rule which forbids the holder of that office from being at the same time a member of parliament. In consequence the miners lost the leadership of the ablest brain in its organization, and secured the services of 'a humble disciple of Lenin' who promises, if left for long uncontrolled, to bring that great organization to rack and ruin."

THIS is not so bad. Another little item. Fred Bramley is telling of his experiences in Soviet Russia. Herbert Smith of the Yorkshire Miners' Federation had his watch stolen. In this respect it seems, Russia is something like Chicago. The Russian authorities were furious and within twenty-four hours Smith was presented with a handsome gold watch by Russian trade unionists. Bramley said that the British trade union delegation traveled 7,000 miles thru Russia and were under armed guard for a fortnight to keep off bandits. He said the government was using the profits made from the oil fields in Batum to revolutionize the housing conditions of the workers there.

THESE trade unionists unlike our shoddy intellectuals did not go around looking for petty faults. They could see the big outstanding fact in the Russian revolution; that the workers were the ruling class, that they had their hands on the throttle of power and were building up a new social order, despite all obstacles, and were overcoming the inexperience of a class that was new to power, that was under the iron heel of oppression for centuries.

Senator Slaps at Dever. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 19.—A measure was introduced into the senate providing for municipal ownership of the traction lines of Chicago. It provides for acquiring the surface lines at their "fair value." The bill, introduced by Senator A. Marks, is a slap at the Dever traction ordinance. Another bill provided for preventing the railroads of the Dever ordinance on April 7, when it will be voted on. This bill would force a delay in the ordinance referendum until the people have time to study the provisions of the ordinance.

Curzon's Condition Critical. LONDON, March 19.—The condition of Marquis Curzon still was critical today. Physicians said he had passed a "fair night." Curzon was operated on last week following a colic episode while preparing for dinner at Cambridge.

GET A SUB AND GIVE ONE!

105 APPLY FOR ONE JOB

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 19.—One hundred and five men applied for the position of night watchman here when John Mansely, 247 North 12th St., put a small advertisement in one of the local papers.

SECTION OF THE TRADE UNION EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE

HUTCHESON BUT ASSASSINATING HIS OPPONENTS

Article 4 Answering Duffy's Letter

By J. W. JOHNSTONE.

The expulsion of Wm. Reynolds of Detroit was quickly followed by the expulsion of F. W. Burgess, business agent of Local 8, Philadelphia, and campaign manager for Willis R. Brown, candidate in the last election for general president of the Brotherhood.

In this case the method of procedure was changed. They decided that it would be better to make it appear as if some semblance of investigating the charges placed against Burgess was being made. The charge was of the usual nature of circulating "scandalous and scurrilous literature" against Hutcheson during the election campaign.

So thousands of dollars were spent in sending a fake committee into Philadelphia in order to give some legality to the verdict of expulsion that had already been reached. This method, to Hutcheson, did not appear so crude as in the other cases.

"Impartial" Committee—Oh, Boy! Just imagine, if you can, an "impartial" committee composed of First Vice-President Cosgrove, General Secretary Duffy, General Treasurer Neall, and G. E. B. Members Williams and Martell, rendering a verdict against the administration of which they are a part.

Secretary Duffy, in his circular letter to the locals and district councils, disposes of the Burgess case in the following manner:

"The case of F. W. Burgess, Local 8, Philadelphia, Pa., is a different one (than Chicago, etc.—Ed.) He issued scurrilous and defamatory literature prior to the last election of general officers, in violation of Par. J, Section 9, of our general constitution. A committee of five, of which I was one, went to Philadelphia in January, on authority of the general executive board, to investigate this matter. It was found that F. W. Burgess did violate Par. J, Sec. 9. The committee had the evidence in the handwriting of F. W. Burgess in their possession."

How Can Hutch Be "Defamed"? The literature sent out by Burgess criticized Hutcheson and pointed out specific acts committed by Wm. L. Hutcheson which were detrimental to the Brotherhood. As an example of what Duffy considers "scandalous and defamatory," we quote the following from the document which Duffy says the investigation committee had as evidence:

"To be specific, he (Hutcheson) has ordered members expelled from the U. B. on the grounds that they were members of or aiding members of the Workers Party or Communists without charges or trial, notwithstanding that the ritual distinctly says that the obligation does not 'interfere with our political opinions.'"

Hutcheson As Strike Breaker.

"One memorable and far-reaching incident in 1916, was when the general president expelled 68 local unions at one time, then brot in Brotherhood men from all over the country to act as strikebreakers. This was done because the members refused to accept the deal made by the general president with the Contractors' Association that forced the members to return to work for 50 cents a day less than the 14,000 men were receiving four days after the strike started. It is supposed that the general president had good and sufficient reasons for making this deal but the members did not see the advantage in working for 50 cents a day less when the strike was already practically won without his interference."

F. W. Burgess said many other things about the Hutcheson administration other than the above quotations, which every carpenter who takes an interest in the organization in the New York district knows is true. There is no doubt that if the charges made by Burgess against Hutcheson were not based upon facts Hutcheson would not have violated nor would he have had any need to violate Sec. 55 of the constitution.

Who Got the \$85,000? Robert T. Brindell, grafter and ex-convict of the New York Building Trades, and now paroled from a penitentiary sentence in Dannemora, was a close associate of Wm. L. Hutcheson, and at the time of the deal made by Wm. L. Hutcheson with the Contractors' Association of New York, built a new and expensive garage while a member of the Contractors' association said that it cost them \$85,000 to get this Carpenters' agreement. But of this relationship between Hutcheson and Brindell I will go into more detail in another article.

One by one, Hutcheson is picking out his strongest political opponents, and expelling them under one pretext or another. The constitution stands in his way, so therefore he ignores it. To try to legally expel these opponents of his would be impossible and would only serve to expose his corrupt administration. F. W. Bur-

CENTRAL DISTRICT

TWO VIEWPOINTS; CLASS STRUGGLE OR SURRENDER

Levin Speaks for the Bosses' Interests

By A MILITANT.

On Tuesday March 17th Local 39 of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America had an "educational" meeting. The speaker of the evening was Samuel Levin, manager of the Chicago joint board.

Samuel Levin, carrying out the policy of Hillman's administration, was at his "best" at this particular meeting in showing how to dodge the class struggle and show the workers that class collaboration is the only way out.

Old Stuff—And Rotten

He told the membership of the union that their interests and the interests of the bosses are identical. The poor manufacturers are suffering, many of them are being driven out of business and forced into bankruptcy. The fault of the pitiful conditions of the bosses is due to the horrible woolen trust!

Levin, like John L. Lewis, seeing that the above alone is not sufficient reason to befuddle the membership as to their real reason for their plight, raved about the "surplus of tailors" in the industry.

Levin boasted of the famous Amalgamated agreements with the manufacturers, especially the clause that calls for negotiations and changes during the time of agreement.

Here a member interrupted him and showed Levin, how this clause worked in favor of the manufacturers last year and a readjustment was put into effect.

"Be Satisfied" Says Sam

Levin told the membership that as conditions are in the industry, betterment is out of the questions and the workers should be satisfied with things as they are.

When Levin was thru, discussion followed. Members of the left wing took the floor and put forth a different viewpoint; that of struggle and class consciousness instead of class collaboration.

"No Surrender" Cries Left Wing The first thing that the left wing showed was that the workers in capitalist society should not be responsible for the interests of the employer. Instead industry should be responsible for the workers.

They further showed that it is the evolution of industry that is driving the small manufacturer out of business and out of the trade. The bigger ones, always growing more powerful and continually taking the market for themselves.

The union should point this out to the masses, and teach them that they have nothing to gain from the little boss, he is their enemy as well as the big corporation. Centralization of industry, which is an inevitable thing, will some day be a benefit to the working class when they take control of industry.

In reply to Levin's point that there are too many workers in the trade, the figures of the union shows that the A. C. W. of A. lost 45,000 members since 1919 and since 1921 the membership has been stable and at about 133,000.

Left Wing Demand 40-Hour Week The intensification of labor, piece work and new machinery is to blame for unemployment. The solution lies in the working class themselves taking control of production. But at present the most appropriate demand is the 40 hour week.

The union leaders should not act as agents of the bosses, but should lead the workers in the struggle against the bosses.

A Clear Division

The viewpoint of Levin and the viewpoint of the left wing are different. One, a viewpoint of the petty bourgeoisie, and the other of the struggle against the bourgeoisie.—There is a clear division.

Militant—The DAILY WORKER invites you to write more articles upon the problems of the needle trades workers.

gess., the campaign manager of Willis K. Brown, knew Hutcheson and his game too well, so he had to go. Now the same so-called "investigating committee" is investigating Joseph Lapidus, campaign manager for Morris Rosen who was the left-wing candidate for general president. Exactly the same charges are being placed against him as were placed against Burgess. This will be the subject matter of my next article.

PITTSBURGH, PA. To those who work hard for their money, I will save 50 per cent on all their dental work. DR. RASNICK DENTIST 645 Smithfield Street.

IT'S HELL HUTCH, BUT YOU ASKED FOR MEDICINE

"G. E. B. Cannot Expel" Says Court

DETROIT, Mich.—Wm. Reynolds of Carpenters' Local 2140 and president of the district council in the "post war" period of the fakers' injunction fight, does not recognize that the capitalist court added anything to his standing in the Carpenters' Union by its decision, his deference being to the rank and file decision and not to his honor.

But as Hutcheson and his local pal-bearers, Botterill, Sharrack and the jelly fish which that it was a sword fish, "prayed" for an injunction, stating in their application that they were "plaintiffs without aid, save in a court of equity," they should religiously observe the decision of that court, part of which is as follows:

No Authorization from District Council. "1. There was no authorization by the Wayne County Carpenters' District Council for the institution of this suit by any formal resolution, using its name for that purpose. "A careful reading and interpretation of the constitution and bylaws of the district council, discloses no authority in the president and secretary as such, and court is of the opinion and judgment that what occurred at a meeting of the district council subsequent to the filing of the suit, indicates that no such authorization could have been obtained.

"2. A careful examination of the constitution, by-laws and rules of the United Brotherhood and of the district council, fails to disclose any general authority in James W. Sharrack, individually, and Harold R. Fish, individually, to institute and file an injunction suit of the character disclosed by the bill herein; and the court finds and determines that the appearance of each of them respectively is unauthorized and void.

Under the heading "4," the court said: "G. E. B. Cannot Expel. "The court has examined the constitution and laws of the United Brotherhood and extensive arguments have been had thereon by both counsel at the trial. It may be stated that the court has been unable to find and no reference has been had by counsel to any express provisions in said constitution and laws, authorizing the executive board specifically to expel a member of the order.

"The court finds and determines specifically, that the general executive board has no authority, even by the most liberal construction of the constitution, to expel a member.

A DAILY WORKER sub means another Communist.

The T. U. E. L. is short on copies of the following Labor Herald: March, April, May, and October, 1923. We ask the readers of this page to send in these copies so as to complete our files. Mail to the Trade Union Educational League, 1113 Washington Blvd., Chicago. Thanks.

Notice

We Have Just Been Notified: That the latest issue of The Communist International No. 8 will be in our hands within the next few days.

If you want the latest issue of the official organ of the executive committee of the leading world Communist body, get No. 8 Send in your orders at once. We have been advised we can begin shipment on Monday, March 23. SINGLE COPY 25 CENTS Sub Rates: \$2.50 a Year \$1.25 Six Months Order from the sole agent in this country.

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ENGRAVER TELLS OF WORST BOSS HE WORKED UNDER

To the DAILY WORKER: The worst boss I ever had the displeasure of running up against was the most despicable piece of humanity in the form of a straw boss—or foreman in the engraving department of a well-known watch case company here in the middle west with some 30 odd engravers under his control.

Some of the methods used by this jealous minded 100 per cent snob, to break the hearts and minds of the engravers under his control were as follows:

Double-crossing Boss.

All work was done on a piece work basis on bold—and so-called white gold cases, the kind that some people think look so beautiful as they gaze in the jeweler's window. The engravers at one time received a fair day's pay for their work, up until this snob, who has all the earmarks of a rat, became their foreman. Mr. Gonif, I will call him for short, is an expert on what is known as double crossing. He pretended to be your best friend, and that he is doing all he can to help his men get a living wage, but instead he was using every known method to cut them down.

Obeys Orders.

The engravers at one time made \$1.00 to \$1.50 per hour, but now they have all they can do to make half that much. I realize that Mr. Gonif, being a straw boss, is a product of the system, and has to do what he is told in order to hold his job. But he goes way beyond what he is told and invents many schemes to make it miserable for those under his control. He had a spy system composed of a few dirty suckers that worked in other parts of the factory, who would report to him anything they happened to see or hear in connection with any of the men in his department. The late Russian czar had nothing on Gonif.

Workers Strike.

At one time he used the squeeze process to such an extent that the workers couldn't stand it any longer, and some of the bolder ones told him so, and when they got fired for their trouble, the rest of the men revolted then and there and quit their jobs in a body, but before they could pack their tools and get out of the shop the firm had things all fixed up again, by reinstating the discharged men and raising some of the prices a little, and it seemed like a victory for a while at least. Until Gonif began to use some of the cards he still had up his sleeve.

Sends Work Away.

One of the first was to send all the work he could away to be done by engravers in New York and Massachusetts, and in that way cause a shortage of work, so the engravers did not have to work more than 2 or 3 days a week for a long time. And when they did see fit to give them full time he took good care to cut the price as fine as possible.

Another of his dirty stunts was to promise one thing and hand out another, and when the firm hired an engraver to come all the way from Massachusetts, who proved to be an expert in his line, Gonif thru jealousy invented all kinds of lies to report to the superintendent, like a school teacher to her principal in order to bring discredit and a cut in wages to the new man, in which as usual, he was successful.

Tried to Scare Men.

He also had an idea that he could scare the men by looking at them which was quite amusing. The engravers got so disgusted that they began to leave one by one to take other and better jobs. The man from Massachusetts secured what he thought was a good job with a firm making golf club links in a small town in southwestern Illinois and felt very happy at the thought of getting away from Mr. Gonif for good. It was a good job and everybody in the shop seemed to be happy and content until one day news came that Gonif had been hired to come down there and take charge of engraving.

Caused "Unrest."

The watch case concern had at last got wise to the fact that he was causing too much trouble and unrest among their help who were happy when he left. On the new job it was only a short time before he began to pull off some slimy stunts. One of course was the institution of a piece work system, which was instrumental in cutting our wages in half.

A spy system sprung up and dissatisfaction again became the order of the day. He has now been on that job about a year and the firm is now on its last legs all but wrecked and the whole thing, if the truth were known, was brot about by the underhand workings of this same Mr. Gonif. So there is one boss I am damn glad I don't have to work for any more.—George H. Bodine.

Elgin, Ill.

EASTERN DISTRICT

HOUSE CLEANING CONFERENCE FOR DISTRICT 5

Wreckers and Robbers Threaten to Expel

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Progressive miners in District No. 5 are out to clean house of the reactionary officialdom. A conference of the progressives held in Pittsburgh last Sunday decided to urge the locals to initiate a special impeachment convention.

About seventy delegates representing the largest locals of the district responded to the call to protect their union and help the men that are imprisoned at Moundsville, West Virginia.

The gang had half a dozen drunken plug-uglies to intimidate the delegates. They were told either to come in and behave because the progressives have nothing to hide, or get out, so they took the latter tip and got out.

The officialdom is so determined in keeping themselves in office even to the extent of wrecking the whole organization, that they sent out a circular to every local threatening the individuals that participate in the conference with expulsion and the revoking of the charter of the locals sending delegates.

The last district convention was packed by bartenders' organizers, and any one of the officialdom could secure a resolution was passed denying the membership a right to meet and discuss their grievances. The worst criminal syndicalist laws have nothing on this gag law. And on this basis they hope to discredit some of the best fighters in the organization.

Wreckers and Robbers.

After a throo discussion on the in-activities of the officials and the part played by them in wrecking the treasury of the district, the conference urged all locals to initiate impeachment proceedings by demanding a special district convention.

One delegate after another gave proof of various irregularities, from grievances of the working conditions to handling of the organization's funds. One of the flagrant betrayals that was pointed out is the desertion of the miners serving in the Moundsville penitentiary, who are incarcerated for the organization and are betrayed by the officials.

No Reduction of Wages.

In very strong miners' language the conference went on record against anyone advocating revision of the present wage agreement based on contemplated reductions. Everyone present was determined to fight to the very end the operators and anyone else who tries to lower the wages of the diggers.

In order to prove what class the government supports, the progressives demand that the government's action of 1919 be reversed and applied to the operators. In the miners' strike, the department of justice declared the fight of the miners for a living wage illegal, and ordered them back to work, with which Lewis complied.

Make the Government Open the Mines!

Today, the miners want the same department to order the mines opened by the operators and give work to thousands of miners that have been thrown out of work because no profits were coming to the coal barons.

A publicity committee was elected to carry on the campaign for the release of the Moundsville prisoners. Every miner present was determined to let every miner in the district know the result of the conference.

The following day the capitalist press, in an article on the conference of the progressives, quotes Fagan as saying that those participating in the conference will be expelled. This does not frighten the progressives any, they are the more determined to go after the officialdom.

PLYMOUTH, MASS.

WEAVERS WIN TWO-LOOM FIGHT

Solidarity Is Urged to Hold Gains Won

PLYMOUTH, Mass.—In an exclusive story in the DAILY WORKER was told how the Puritan mills (American Woolen Co.) of Plymouth had planned to take the weavers run one fancy and one plain on a two loom basis.

A few weavers got in touch with the National Office of the Amalgamated Textile Council and arranged a meeting. At this meeting James Reid spoke and got them to elect a committee to tell the agent that they would not run this kind of work on two looms. All the weavers remain idle and did not run any looms until ten o'clock the following Monday morning until the agent arrived.

This show of solidarity impressed the agent and he told the committee that he would not attempt to run them until later. He inferred however that when the weavers had time to think they would run them as he ordered.

The workers then went to work and the looms were left idle, the workers who operated them were given work on other looms. Wednesday, March 4th, the weavers again met and heard the full report of the committee and voted to lay the report on the table until the following Thursday, March 12.

They also voted to have the committee empowered to act as an organizing committee with power to call strike if there was any move to start the looms in dispute. Thursday came and with it an immense meeting and a signing up galore in union membership. The following morning the issue was definitely settled in favor of the weavers. The disputed work is now being wove on a one loom basis.

This seems to indicate that we will not have to fight the American Woolen Co. on this issue. The battle will now be centered on the independent mills, one of which the Nemasket of Middleboro, is now entering on the seventh month of a strike against this system.

Organization Is Urged

All weavers should line up actively with this movement in the wolen and worsted mills, it is the first time in years that we have had a chance to give the two-loom system a set back.

We can now make definite gains if we will only line up the worth while fellows in every mill for a general move. The machinery has been built. A conference of weavers from over 100 mills is now being arranged to work out the plans and organize the proper committees to function as committees of action.

While the Amalgamated Textile Councils are the active movers they however, are getting the co-operation of many small independent unions and their own membership is present in nearly every wolen and worsted mill in more or less numbers.

But Better Than Money is the Unity of the Silk Workers

PATERSON, N. J.—The national organization of the Associated Silk Workers' Union is prospering. A dance in Paterson Armory netted proceeds from 9,000 tickets. The dues of the members are now 75 cents instead of 50 cents.

Ten cents of the increase goes to pay per capita tax to the national organization which is attempting to get all silk workers into the union to improve conditions generally and enable the Paterson victors in the recent strike to maintain their gains.

Give your shopmate this copy of the DAILY WORKER—but be sure to see him the next day to get his subscription.

UNION OFFICIALS ATTACK MILITANT TEXTILE WORKERS

Defend Lawrence Mills from United Front

By FRED E. BEAL.

(Secretary of the United Front Committee of Textile Workers)

LAWRENCE, Mass., March 19—The United Textile Workers' Union held a meeting here in the Building Trades hall. The meeting had been advertised in the capitalist papers for three days, but only a dozen actual textile workers showed up.

Michael J. Guilfoyle, president of the local Dyers' and Finishers' Union of the U. T. W. was chairman. Robert Watt of the Building Trades acted as secretary.

Speech An Attack on Militants

Thomas F. McMahon, president of the union and principal speaker, spent the greater part of his two hour speech in attacking the militant workers and their leaders, past and present. The latter part of his talk was taken up in attacking the United Front Committees formed and active here, and in other textile centers. His claim and insinuations that these committees are formed to destroy the United Textile Workers' Union is successfully refuted at the close of his talk.

"Some of our radical friends say that the employers are parasites, but this is not true; it is the workers who refuse to join a union that is the parasite," declared McMahon. McMahon denied that he had much use for legislation. He said that conditions were worse in Lawrence than in any other textile town or city in New England. For this condition of affairs he blamed the radicals!

During his two hour talk very little was said about what the mill barons are doing to the workers. Questions were permitted.

I asked the chairman for permission to explain to the workers present how and why the united front movements had been formed. Immediately McMahon jumped up and said that no speech making would be allowed. I then asked if he could cite one instance where the United Front Committees here in Lawrence or elsewhere ever had made an attack upon the United Textile Workers' Union. This he was unable to do.

At this point a reactionary labor faker named Menzie demanded that I be thrown out of the hall. A Misserville of the Barbers' Union came to my defense and wanted to know why I couldn't tell my side of the story. McMahon again took the floor and said that no representative of the Third International could make a speech in this hall remarking—"Thank god I am in a hall where I can't be thrown out."

A his point the meeting was closed. Workers Party leaflets were distributed to the departing workers, some of whom asked me where our office was located.

The United Front Textile Workers' Committee held a successful mass meeting for the Pacific (cotton) Mill workers last Friday evening.

Meetings will be held at the mill gates on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday in which Comrade Weisbord will appeal to the workers to show a united front of the workers against the united front of the mill bosses. More power to the Workers (Communist) Party!

More Needle Workers May Strike Next Week

NEW YORK—Pleaters and stitchers, tuckers and novelty workers of the International Ladies' Garment Workers Union threaten to strike after March 24 if the present negotiations with employers do not end satisfactorily.

The workers ask a 40-hour week with increased wages. At the present the week is 42 hours with single time for the first two hours overtime. Employers ask a 44-hour week. The employers' association has voted \$30,000 to fight the union demands if a strike is called.

Singing Jail Birds

A Drama in four Acts By Upton Sinclair

About which Mike Gold says:

"It is terrible, bitter truth, and some of the scenes brought the tears to my newspaper sterile eyes "The play has great sweep, and a real power in moving the heart. Some of the scenes are like a real experience—the loss of one's friend by death, the pangs of loneliness or prison experienced again."

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1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Ill.

NOTE

We have been fortunate in securing a large shipment of this working class drama, by a master propagandist at a specially low rate that enables us to sell it at a mark below the usual selling price. Take advantage of it.

PHILLY DEFENSE COUNCIL BAZAAR FOR APRIL 3-4

Fun Guaranteed While Raising Funds

(Special to The Daily Worker.)

PHILADELPHIA, March 19.—At the last Defense Conference meeting it was clear that the Defense bazaar on April 3 and 4, at the New Traymore Hall, Franklin and Columbia avenue, will be a great success.

Numerous articles of value have been donated. Many branches have committees elected for the purpose of soliciting articles and are pushing ahead vigorously towards the goal. Russian and English branches have definitely decided to have booths and reports showed that many other branches will do the same.

The sale of tickets is in full swing. Hundreds of ticket books and serial sets are in the hands of comrades and the race is on. At present Armenian branch leads the race with 60 per cent of their quota reached; Estonia follows with 20 per cent; German 14 per cent; N. W. 10 per cent; English 9 per cent; Lettish 7 per cent. Sold bazaar tickets must be returned at once, so the branches could be quoted correctly as to the work accomplished. If any comrade failed to get any list for donations or bazaar tickets, rush to the office and get them and go to work for the defense.

The program of the bazaar will be promising and interesting. The conference is aiming to get the services of Freiheit Singers, Lithuanian Chorus, some well known vocalists, dramatists and classical dancers. And above all, there will be dancing every evening to the International Orchestra. The admission is 60 cents for both evenings; 50 cents at the door for single admission.

All the radicals of Philadelphia will be there.

'BEAUTY AND BOLSHIEV' AT THE WICKER PARK THEATER IN CHICAGO

The famous movie "The Beauty and the Bolshiev" which has drawn a gathering of 7,000 people when it was shown in Chicago some time ago, is coming back to town for one evening only. It will be shown on the Northwest side, at Wicker Park Theater, 1139 Milwaukee Ave., on Wednesday, April 15, from 6:30 to 11 p. m. continually. The proceeds will go to the International Workers' Aid, the Russian Communist daily Novy Mir, and the Polish Communist paper Tribuna Robotnicza.

All friendly organization are requested not to make other affairs or meetings on that date.

OUR DAILY PATTERNS

FROCK FOR MANY OCCASIONS.

FOR MOTHER'S GIRL.



5022. Figured crepe or chiffon may be combined with satin or plain chiffon. One could also use two contrasting shades of one material. If made with long sleeves, the style is good for tulle, satin or crepe satin. The pattern is cut in four sizes: 14, 16, 18 and 20 years. If made as illustrated in the large view for a 16-year size, it will require 1 1/4 yard of plain material and 2 3/4 yards of figured material 32 inches wide. If made with long sleeves 1 1/2 yard of the plain material is required. If the bodice is made of contrasting material it will require 3/4 yard cut crosswise. If made of one material and with long sleeves, the dress will require 4 3/4 yards.

5027. This model is excellent for cotton or wool rep, for poplin, pongee and for flannel. A good development will be brown flannel with binding of tan suede or saten.

The pattern is cut in four sizes: 4, 6, 8 and 10 years. A 6-year size requires 2 3/4 yards of 36-inch material if made with long sleeves. If made with short sleeves 2 1/4 yards of 36-inch material is required.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps. Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps.

Address: THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Philadelphia, Notice! Weber Printing Co. 350 N. FIFTH STREET, Philadelphia, Pa.

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YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE STIRS UP BALTIMORE

Umbrella Factory Has Rotten Conditions

By THOMAS N. AMERKING.
(Special to The Daily Worker.)

BALTIMORE, Md., March 19.—Two members and one sympathizer of the Young Workers' League of this city employed at the Pollard and Katz umbrella factory were fired from their jobs because they dared to raise voices of protest against the rotten conditions and starvation wages by appealing to the workers to organize themselves into a trade union.

The workers of the umbrella factories here are miserably exploited and are compelled to work under most greedy conditions imaginable. Employees on time work are paid from \$7 to \$8 a week, and even those who really rush themselves to death at piece work can make no more than \$15 to \$17 a week.

Overtime Slaves.

The workers of the shop are supposed to work nine hours a day, the doors of the factory suppose to open at 8 o'clock in the morning. But one usually finds the workers slaving at their benches shortly after 7 a. m. One also finds the boys and girls in the shop working during the half hour allotted for lunch.

The workers are compelled to put in this extra time in order to earn a starvation wage which is hardly enough to keep one alive. The greedy, owners of the shop do not care to keep it clean and sanitary, the ventilation is poor, the floors remain unswept for several days. It was against these rotten conditions that the members of the Young Workers' League called upon the shop to prepare to protest.

Y. W. L. Calls Meeting.

A leaflet was issued by the shop nucleus of the Young Workers' League called all the workers of the shop to a mass meeting to discuss the question of organizing a union. The workers began to think and the bosses became alarmed. The members of the Young Workers' League were immediately called to the office and "fired."

The agents of the bosses were stationed at the doors of the hall to see who would come to the meeting. Police were stationed at the factory gate to see that no leaflets or copies of the Young Worker are distributed.

Are We Disheartened? No!

The action of the bosses did not in the least discourage the members of the league, but rather encouraged them to keep up the fight against exploitation and starvation wages.

The workers are called upon to support the Young Workers' League and Workers' Party, to read their official organs—the Young Worker and the DAILY WORKER and to attend the Young Workers' League meetings that are held at 1135 East Baltimore St., second floor, every Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

The Workers Party in Action

Party Activities Of Local Chicago

Friday, March 20.
Polish North Side, 1902 W. Division St.
Lithuanian No. 5, 3142 S. Halsted St.
Greek Branch, 722 Blue Island Ave.

Saturday, March 21.
Social and Dance, Community Hall, 3201 S. Wabash Ave., under auspices of Y. W. L. Area Br. No. 3, and South Side Br. of W.P. Admission 25c.
Frolic and dance, Liberty Hall, 49th court and 14th street, Cicero, under auspices of Cicero brothers of W. P. and Y. W. L., Admission 35 cents.

Y. W. L. Meetings Tonight.
The working area branches of the Young Workers' League are having their activity meetings tonight and the places of the meetings are as follows:

- Working Area Branch No. 1, 166 W. Washington St., room 507.
- Working Area Branch No. 2, 1910 W. Roosevelt Road.
- Working Area Branch No. 3, 3201 S. Wabash Ave.
- Working Area Branch No. 5, 2409 N. Halsted St.
- Workers Area Branch No. 6, 2613 Hirsch Blvd.
- Working Area Branch No. 4, meets every Thursday, at 3118 W. Roosevelt Road.

Shop Nucleus Number Five Functioning Well

Shop nucleus No. 5, Chicago made up printers, machinists, janitors and other workers with a membership of 16 is functioning very well. The secretary, Comrade D. Foster, reports in part as follows:

"Our meetings this month have been marked by good attendance and militant and lively discussion.

"Laxness on the part of a number of our members claiming other meetings on the monthly meeting of the T. U. E. L. has been severely criticized by our industrial organizer, Comrade Wirkkula, and others and the nucleus reaffirmed its previous action in making it compulsory for every member to attend.

"Comrade Wirkkula reported that the national committee of the printing trades group is reorganized and urged all the printers in the nucleus to take the lead in the local group and in the union.

"A resolution that every member of the nucleus who is not a subscriber to the Workers Monthly take two copies each month and every member who is a subscriber, take one, was passed."

Trachtenberg Speaks Sunday on United States Imperialism

(Special to The Daily Worker.)
NEW YORK, March 19.—What is the distinctive feature of our age? Is America an Imperialist Power? Alexander Trachtenberg will answer these questions in a lecture on "American Imperialism," at the new headquarters of the Workers (Communist) Party, 1701 Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn, on Sunday evening, March 22.

The lecture will be one of the series of lectures delivered under the auspices of the Brownsville section of the Workers Party, which is conducting an open forum.

Get a sub—make another Communist!

Urge American-Chinese Unity

(Continued from page 1)

criticisms of its weaknesses were clear and unsparing.

When China was partitioned among the imperialist nations and the power of resistance of the Chinese masses seemed broken Sun Yat Sen rallied them and placed his party in the vanguard of the struggles.

When Japan, at the beginning of the world war in 1914, demanded that China surrender her sovereignty, it was Sun Yat Sen who maintained in those darkest days the mass organization that was to become a great force not only in the Far East but in world politics.

The Russian revolution and the victory of the workers and peasants who had groaned under the rule of the czar as the Chinese workers and peasants groaned under the yoke of imperialism, brot a flood of new consciousness to China. Sun Yat Sen was the first in China to see in the workers' and peasants' government of Russia a powerful ally of the Chinese people.

He understood the Russian revolution altho he was not Communist. Starting his career as a preacher of peace and understanding as opposed to warfare, by the logic of events he came to the belief in the necessity for armed struggle if the masses were ever to work out their own destiny.

He organized the workers of Canton and fought the exactions of the merchants and ship-owners. More than one exploiter of the Chinese masses was forced to seek refuge under the wing of British imperialism in Hong Kong.

It was his party that gave sympathetic support to the great strike of the Chinese transport workers against the British ship-owners in 1922.

It was under the protection of his Canton government that the All-Pacific Conference of Transport Workers was held in 1924.

Sun Yat Sen from the first was a champion of the recognition of Soviet Russia by the Chinese government. It was largely thru his influence and activity that the treaty was signed.

He fought for the wresting of the Chinese Eastern Railway from the western capitalists and for its control jointly by China and Russia.

Not only have the workers and peasants of China lost a great leader but the working class of Soviet Russia and all the world as well.

The Workers (Communist) Party of America joins with the Communist parties of the world and with the Communist International in expressing its sorrow at the passing of Sun Yat Sen.

We send our warmest fraternal greetings to the Kuomintang party and to the Chinese workers and peasants in their hour of grief.

We say once more that no one can fill the place of Sun Yat Sen—it can be filled only by a collective leadership, greater mass understanding and the closing of the ranks of the workers and peasants.

The Communist Party of China will be the most active element in carrying on the work that Sun Yat Sen began, in the closest co-operation with Kuomintang.

The continued and closest relations with Soviet Russia is the salvation of the Chinese people. To forget this would be to forget the most important lesson taught by Sun Yat Sen.

We call upon the Kuomintang the workers and peasants of China who rally to it, to unite under the banner of the Communist International for the conquest of their country for themselves, for the dictatorship of the working class, for the Soviet government of China as one of the Union of Soviet republics of the world.

Long live the workers' and peasants' government of China!

Long live the memory of Sun Yat Sen—The great liberator of China!

Long live the memory of Lenin—The great liberator of the Russian workers and peasants and of the working class of the world.

Long live the Communist International—The legacy of Lenin to the workers of the world!

Central Executive Committee, Workers (Communist) Party of America.

Get a sub for the DAILY WORKER from your shopmate and you will make another member for your branch.

SHOP NUCLEI MEETING IN NEW YORK THIS SATURDAY AFTERNOON

NEW YORK CITY, Mar. 19.—A general membership shop nuclei organization meeting will be held on Saturday afternoon, March 21, at 2 o'clock sharp at the party headquarters, 108 East 14th St. This meeting is of great importance. It is held for the purpose of organizing the party members who work in the factories that are situated between 14th and 42nd St into shop nuclei. Already over eight shop nuclei have been organized in the city. This is only a beginning. Comrades who work in this section must be sure to be on hand at this meeting, so that all the comrades can be organized into shop nuclei thus forming the first shop nuclei section in the Workers (Communist) Party of America. This meeting is for party members only.

BENJAMIN GITLOW, shop nuclei organizer.

Bronx Branch of League Celebrates Second Anniversary

NEW YORK, March 19.—The New York district of the Young Workers League will celebrate the second anniversary of one of its most active branches, Saturday, March 21st, at 1347 Boston Rd. This will be the jubilee of Branch 12, Bronx.

During the two years of its existence the branch took a leading part in all phases of the activity of the district. The branch organized two shop nuclei with a membership of 13, and raised \$110.00 in subscriptions for the DAILY WORKER, in addition to over \$50.00 to insure the DAILY WORKER for 1925. It raised over \$30.00 to make possible the weekly Young Worker.

Branch 12 has 200 registered sympathizers and draws audiences of 600 at all lectures. All branches of the New York district of the Workers Party and the League will be represented at the celebration.

Forum in Harlem Attracts Crowds

NEW YORK, March 19.—The open forum of the Harlem section, Workers Party, local New York, which is held every Sunday evening at the Harlem Headquarters, 64 East 104 Street is becoming more and more popular, and the attendance is constantly growing, due to the interesting topics and the splendid speakers who lead the discussions.

The coming Sunday evening, March 22, Oliver Carlson will lead the discussion on "Working Class Education." He will speak from his own experience and observation, about working class education in the Soviet Union, England and this country.

The rest of the program is most interesting.

Parasites Burned Out

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla., March 19.—Three persons are believed to have lost their lives in a fire which ruined two hotels and caused \$4,000,000 property damage in the notorious resort of Palm Beach.

Thread Barons Plead Fake Poverty

(Continued from page 1)

believers in what they have been taught to believe is Americanism.

English Sewing Cotton Co. Ltd., owns 1,197,500 shares of common stock out of 1,200,000 (with sole voting power). It was organized July 16, 1897 to take over 14 enterprises engaged in the cotton business. In 1897 it acquired the entire preference and ordinary shares of R. F. & J. Alexander & Co., Ltd., and 1,197,500 common shares of the American Thread Co. It has a controlling interest in the following eighteen cotton manufacturing companies:

- F. F. & J. Alexander & Co., Ltd., American Thread Co., Lawrence Arden, Ltd., Sir Richard Arkwright & Co., Ltd., Edmund Ashworth & Sons, Ltd., Bagley & Wright, Ltd., Wm. Clapperton & Co., Ltd., J. Dewhurst & Sons, Ltd., English Thread Co., Ltd., Ermen & Roby, Ltd., Ermen & Roby (Armentieres) Ltd., S. Manlove & Sons, Ltd., Marsland, Son & Co., Ltd., J. T. Raworth, Ltd., W. C. & J. Strutt, Ltd., Wm. Waller & Co., Ltd., J. E. Waters & Co., and the Geo. Wigley & Co., Ltd.

The office of the corporation is in the National Building, St. Marys Parsonage, Manchester, England.

The balance before dividends was, in English pounds—

- 1919—2,533,743
- 1920—730,124
- 1921—389,745
- 1922—348,100
- 1923—625,798

Multiply these sums by five to get the approximate American equivalent in dollars.

Sure Profits!

The workers produce dividends regularly. They see to it that the bond holders (\$5,000,000 outstanding) get their 4 per cent a year. They are rated "high" as security, and get the very best rating "Aaa." The Willimantic and other workers of the American Thread Co. are counted on to come across, whether willingly or unwillingly. Perhaps with the present strike, the manufacturers will not be so sure of themselves, and of the workers' being such sure profit bearers.

In the Stocks.

The 5 per cent cumulative preferred stocks (\$5,000,000 outstanding) are marked good as to "saliability." They pay regular dividends, semi-annually. They are from the next to the best rating, "Aa," which signifies that they are still superior in all essential respects.

As to the ordinary shares, the rating is "A" (which means that it successfully earned and paid its dividends during a period of depression.) Workers are subjected to unemployment, and wage reductions, but the

parent company, stock owners, draw their dividends, rain or shine. They may be laid off in Bermuda or Florida or any other place where parasites congregate, but their dividend checks come in on the waves.

They Make Me Dizzy.

Par value of a share of common is \$1 or \$5. The ordinary dividends paid for the year ending March 31:

- 1918—20 per cent.
- 1919—25 per cent.
- 1920—15 per cent.
- 1921—15 per cent.
- 1922—15 per cent.
- 1923—20 per cent.

Feb. 1924—Interim dividend of 5 per cent.

And a stock dividend of 100 per cent in 1919, which means that the dividends really are from 1920 on as follows: 1920—30 per cent; 1921—30 per cent; 1922—30 per cent; 1923—40 per cent.

A New Declaration of Independence

Such is the tale of prosperity for the English coupon clipper, like the absentee landlords, who grew fat on the misery of the peasants.

The time has come for the workers of Willimantic to write a new declaration of independence to declare their determination to free themselves from industrial slavery, not merely from the hands of Englishmen, but from American and other capitalist textile barons as well. The first step is to beat the company into submission, to get back the 10 per cent cut and to demand higher wages, still.

The life and happiness of a worker must stand before profits for parasites!

Soviets Get Tokio Embassy.

TOKIO, Japan, March 18.—The key of the Russian embassy on one of the most commanding sights of the capital have been delivered to M. Kounetzov, representative of Soviet Russia.

Upon the arrival of Ambassador Kopp the red flag of Soviet Russia will be raised over the embassy.

Does your friend subscribe to the DAILY WORKER? Ask him!

The Spring Issue
of
RATIONAL LIVING
the workers' independent health magazine, contains a wealth of good and useful reading matter and is richly illustrated. Its price is 40 cents a copy, but it will be mailed FREE as a sample to any new reader.

Editor, DR. B. LIBER
Address: RATIONAL LIVING
61 Hamilton Place New York

LETTERS FROM READERS

To the DAILY WORKER: Your editorial on Eugene V. Debs was sweet truth to me. I cut it out and mailed it to old "Gene." I marked the words: "not a revolutionist—only in the old days" and "just a confused old fighter" with a red pencil. If the readers of the DAILY WORKER, some hundreds or a thousand, would do the same "Old Gene" would realize that he was a donkey to get hold of the coat-tail of Hilquit.—Otto Herrmann.

INSURANCE REACHES \$25,797.99

So far this week, remittances received in last-minute collection for the DAILY WORKER insurance policy campaign have brought the total to \$25,797.99.

Most of the remittances sent are additions to former amounts from the same branches or individuals. The list is as follows:

- Rochester, N. Y., German..... \$10.00
- Cleveland, O., Spanish..... 4.00
- Singing Society, Irving Park, Chicago, Ill..... 6.00
- itting, Ind., Slavic..... 1.00
- oston, Pa., Ukrainian..... 13.00
- n, Mass., German..... 15.00
- Chelsea, Mass., Polish..... 2.00
- Portland, Ore., English..... 23.00
- Chicago, Ill., Northwest Eng. 20.00
- N. Pittsburgh, Pa., Hungarian 1.00
- Fairpoint Harbor, O., Finnish 4.00
- Astoria, Ore., Finnish..... 10.00
- Chicago, Ill., North English..... 17.00
- San Francisco, Cal., Armentan 6.00
- Paynesville, Minn., Finnish..... 19.00
- Buffalo, N. Y., Italian..... 20.00
- Canton, O., English..... 3.00
- J. Littinsky, Brooklyn, N. Y..... 10.00
- J. Komisar, Milwaukee, Wis..... 4.00
- G. Zanon, Menl Park, Cal..... 5.00
- E. Mekkola, Rockin, Cal..... 5.00
- C. J. Fjeldstad, Taylor, Wis..... 1.00
- Wm. Smith, Swanton, O..... 1.00
- J. Meinel, Detroit, Mich..... 1.00
- W. E. Pesonen, Wing, N. D..... 1.00
- Geo. Kunnap, Anacortes, Wash. 1.00
- Mrs. Duis Bridgwater, Miles City, Mont..... 1.00
- Ignatz, Box 688, Livingston, Ill. 1.00
- E. Weiser, Passaic, N. J..... 5.00
- Milton Harlan, San Francisco, California..... 2.00
- Abe Popkin, Bristol, Pa..... 1.00
- David Millard, Shaft, Pa..... 1.00
- L. Buttner, Pullman, Ill..... 1.00

A South Side Workers' Get-together!
DANCE AND SOCIAL
SATURDAY, MARCH 21st, 1925
at the
SOUTH SIDE COMMUNITY HOUSE
3201 So. Wabash Avenue

SPEAKING ENTERTAINMENT
Admission 25 Cents
Auspices South Side Branch Workers Party and Branch No. 3 Young Workers League.

BUILD FOR POWER!

DETERMINE--

That until June 15 you will give your efforts to build for working class power. Go to your shop-mate, your union and to your friends to "get a sub" to "Build the DAILY WORKER." Begin now by sending one in on

THIS BRICK

RATES
\$6.00 a year \$3.50-6 months \$2.00 3 months
1% CHICAGO—\$2.00 a year \$1.50 6 months \$1.25 3 months

THE NEW SUBSCRIPTION TO BUILD THE DAILY WORKER

NAME _____
STREET _____
CITY _____ STATE _____

GET THIS SUB!
From another worker and the trying will make a better Communist of you.

AND THEN--

To convince the worker with whom you have often discussed the problems of the labor movement—
To bring to another worker's attention the principles that you believe in—
Take money out of your own pocket (if you can) to pay for a sub on

THIS BRICK

RATES
\$6.00 a year \$3.50-6 months \$2.00 3 months
1% CHICAGO—\$2.00 a year \$1.50 6 months \$1.25 3 months

Send this PROPAGANDA.SUB to a worker to "Make Another Communist"

NAME _____
STREET _____
CITY _____ STATE _____

GIVE THIS SUB!
For propaganda to extend the influence of the paper that is fighting your battles.

CHAS. DOYLE

