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# THE DAILY WORKER

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## GENERAL STRIKE UNIONS, URGED BY COMMUNISTS, IS OPPOSED BY THE SOCIALISTS

(Special to The Daily Worker)

BERLIN, March 12.—The conference between the Dawes Plan railway administration and the unions of striking railwaymen, which was to be held yesterday, was postponed until today. Each side seems undisposed to yield and the menace of a complete general strike hangs over all Germany. The postponement was made, supposedly, to enable the unions to formulate definite proposals and to prepare to spread the strike to all German rail workers.

### Socialists Try to Avoid General Strike

The officials of the Berlin unions, who are counter-revolutionary social democrats, have refused to meet with the delegates of the shop committees of railway workers, which are rank and file organizations largely under Communist leadership, on the excuse that these shop committees are not recognized by the agreement between

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### AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY

THE royal German republic is in serious danger. It would be nothing short of a scandal to rob it of its flag, but present indications are that the nationalists will inherit it from the socialists, who give credit where it is due, kept the flag constantly repaired. The socialists have decided to run their own candidate for the vacancy created by the death of Herr Ebert. The right wing of the catholic party are pledged to the nationalists, who hanker for the job of official undertaker to the royal German republic.

IN the meantime the German workers are getting properly fleeced to pay the Wall Street bankers for their trouble in salvaging the mark and putting a prop under German industry. The Communists have a candidate in the field, who stands for the overthrow of capitalism and the establishment of a Soviet republic. The Communists care less for the royal German republic than do the nationalists, yet they are the only real republicans in Germany. When they come into power, the German workers will have a real republic and not a sham one. They will own and control it.

LOUIS LOUCHEUR, eminent French financier in the sense that all financiers are eminent, that is, eminent robbers, in an interview published in Le Journal, declared that France needs a foreign loan of four billion francs in order to enable the treasury to pay its obligations. "What a genius this man Loucheur is! And is it not strange that no other French capitalist expert thought of this solution before? It appears that the French government faces the problem of finding funds to meet the maturity of 23 billions worth of securities due this year. Four billion francs is much less than 23 billion, but it is better than nothing. The credit system may be puzzling, but you've got to hand it to a bunch of burglars who can make it work, even for a time.

SAMUEL VAUCLAIN is president of the Baldwin Locomotive Works. He is a man with a temperament that sizzles like that of Vice-president Dawes. It is not widely known whether he is the explosive general, he takes an afternoon nap or not when there is an important directors' meeting. But he does a lot of talking particularly about the dissatisfied American workingman, who he declares, is the best paid worker in the world. "What we need," said Samuel, "is more of the spirit of sacrifice." This came partly thru the nostrils, much after the manner of a labor faker exuding prosperity bunk to an audience of unemployed trade unionists. A Polish woman lost her husband, he said, without specifying what kind of a husband. She lost her factory. He thought this was terrible. You could see the sad look in his eye.

VAUCLAIN went to bring her consolation. "You must feel terrible about this," he said. "No," she proudly replied, "we still have our country." If the American workers could only feel this way, when they see their jobs taken away from them, when they see their comrades killed in a preventable industrial disaster, when they see judges issue injunctions against them, prohibiting them from striking for more bread and butter, when they see their wives and children cold and hungry, while the wives and children of the employers revel in luxury and idleness—then everything would be nice. But they don't feel that way and they will not. They

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## FOUNDING OF PARIS COMMUNE CELEBRATED IN MANY U. S. CITIES

The Chicago workers will celebrate the 54th anniversary of the Paris Commune at the International Unity demonstration, March 29th, in the Ashland Auditorium. Included in the program will be the Paris Commune pageant, professional singers and dancers, and ensemble number including gymnasts, choruses, bands and dancers. There will be three very short speeches, an Irish play, and a motion picture. The proceeds will go to the Labor Defense Council.

In Buffalo the celebration will be in the form of an International Social and Dance, to take place Sunday, March 14 at the Labor Lyceum, 376 William Street.

The Young Workers League of Springfield, Ill. will hold a gala jubilee celebration on Sunday evening, March 15 at the White Dental Parlor, 223 1/2 South Fifth St.

Many other cities are celebrating the founding of the workers Commune in Paris in 1871.

## PARIS COMMUNE PAGEANT IN NEW YORK ON SUNDAY

### Workers Hold Big Red Press Benefit

NEW YORK, March 12.—The 54th anniversary of the commune, will be commemorated in New York City by a gigantic demonstration and favoring the recognition of Soviet Russia, to be held at Madison Square Garden, Sunday afternoon, March 15.

The Russian Soviet government is the direct heir of the lion-hearted Communards of Paris, who for two months ruled the great metropolis of France, and in the demands of the American workers for recognition of the Soviet Workers' and Peasants' Republic, they pay honor to the 30,000 brave men and women of the French proletariat who fell victims to

## SUN YAT SEN IS DEAD IN CHINA; SOVIET FLAG ALONE AT HALF MAST

PEKING, China, March 12.—Sun Yat Sen, who died here this morning after a severe illness which became worse following an operation at the American Rockefeller hospital on January 26, was the first president of the Chinese republic.

He overthrew the Manchu rulers in 1911 and became president. However, he was forced to flee from the Chinese war lords and later established the republic of southern China with its capital at Canton.

The flag of Soviet Russia is the only foreign flag at half mast here. A conference of Kuomintang leaders of north Central China will probably be held here soon.

## PROGRESSIVE COAL DIGGER SCORES FAKERS

### Whiff of Fresh Aid Kills "Red Plot"

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

BELLAIRE, Ohio, March 12.—In a reply to a tirade of abuse levelled against the progressives in the United Mine Workers of America, by imported fakers, from the Pittsburgh district, J. J. Hoge, candidate for sub-district president on the progressive ticket speaking at yesterday's session of the eastern Ohio miners' annual convention, declared that the progressive elements in the miners' union alone, stood for and advocated a national campaign against wage cuts and offered a program that would solidify the miners' organization and secure for them the co-operation of the workers in the vitally important railroad industry.

Pat Fagan of Pittsburgh, one of the most loyal lackeys of John L. Lewis made a vicious attack on Alexander Howat, the man who smashed the Kansas Industrial Court act, even the he had to spend several months in jail in so doing. It was Howat who built up the Kansas district and forced the coal operators to come to heel, until John L. Lewis and his machine in conjunction with the coal barons, railroaded Howat from office in defiance of the membership and have kept him out of office since despite the fact that 95 per cent of the members have steadfastly voted for him.

Patsy Fagan's Song.

Another point of Fagan's attack was the opposition of the Workers Party to LaFollette in the recent national elections. LaFollette was a trade union candidate declared Fagan despite the fact that the Wisconsin senator refused to have labor write even a line of the platform or do anything else except pay the bills. If the Workers Party deserves condemnation for opposing LaFollette because he was not a representative of labor, what about Fagan's boss Lewis, who was on the Coolidge campaign committee? The Workers Party proved that LaFollette was only a bourgeois politician who represented the petty bourgeoisie and that section of the labor bureaucracy that had not made a good bargain with the republicans and democrats. The Workers Party alone stood for the interests of the masses of workers.

Delegate Hoge differed very strongly with the official viewpoint. The plash of the reactionary machine was very carefully laid, he said. He wanted to know where or how the leaflet issued by the progressive miners in behalf of their candidates violated the miners' constitution. He wanted to know if wanting a union 100 per cent organized was treason. He favored an alliance between the railroad workers and the coal diggers. Any amount of dust raised over the fight with the scabby leader of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers would not weaken the crying need for working class solidarity, not alliances between fake leaders but between the rank and file of all labor unions, the men who do the work; not those who sit

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A DAILY WORKER sub means another Communist.

## BEFORE THE REVOLUTION IN RUSSIA



He Wasn't Afraid of the European Worker



But Take a Look at Him Now.

## TOMORROW!

WE begin publication of special articles on the great Communist newspapers of the world. The first by Alexander Bittelman will deal with Pravda, the great organ of the Russian Communist Party. This will be followed by an article by Max Bedacht on Rote Fahne, official organ of the Communist Party of Germany. Other articles will deal with the famous Humanite of France, the Greek Communist daily and others.

the bloodthirsty slaughter of the bourgeoisie with their foreign intervention and their murderous Versailles butchers.

Admission to the pageant may be secured by taking a regular one month's subscription to the DAILY WORKER, or one of the foreign language Communist papers. Many excellent prizes have been offered for the individuals and organizations selling the most ticket-subscriptions to the pageant. The doors of Madison

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## REYNOLDS NOT GUILTY, SAYS DETROIT JUDGE

### Decides Hutcheson Has No Case

DETROIT, Mich., March 12.—In spite of all the efforts of the agents of Hutcheson to place William Reynolds, president of Carpenters' Local Union 2140, and vice president of the Detroit District Council, into jail for defying an injunction they had secured against his attendance at any carpenters' union meetings, Judge Ormond Hunt today dismissed the contempt proceedings and dissolved the injunction.

### Had a Right to Violate Injunction

The defense of Reynolds was not that he had not violated the injunction, but that the injunction violated his rights. Therefore, he had refused to recognize it and had broken its prescriptions without regard to consequences.

Reynolds, however, feels that the verdict of the court is rather a matter of indifference and comes along behind time, as he cares much more for the verdict of the membership of the carpenters' union, which had overwhelmingly supported him and unanimously condemn his illegal expulsion by Hutcheson.

### Fakers the Ones Who Went to Court

How the fakers feel about it, including Hutcheson alone with the local reactionaries, James Sharrock, Sam Botterill and Harold (Jelly) Fish, they do not disclose, but as they are to ones who took the matter into the capitalist court, as plaintiffs, they ought to be satisfied with the result. But they are today a disappointed looking lot of failures.

The trial began on March 3, when

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## STEEL TRUST TO BE PROBED FOR HUGE TAX GRAB

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, March 12.—In the face of charges that the government has missed out on the collection of more than \$800,000,000 in corporation taxes, through excessive post war amortization allowances, the case of the United States Steel corporation will be reopened by the bureau of internal revenue, it was disclosed today in the testimony before the Couzens investigating committee.

It is specifically charged that the steel corporation saved millions of dollars thru liberal amortization allowances.

## Japan Seeks Aid of Coolidge to Regain Chinese Railroad

(Special to The Daily Worker)

TOKIO, Japan, March 12.—Ambassador Matsuda upon assuming his duties in Washington, will endeavor to secure Coolidge's aid in wresting control of the Chinese Eastern Railway from Soviet Russia. In order to accomplish this, he will seek to have the nine power treaty made at Washington with regard to China put into effect. This treaty stipulated that the railway remain as it had been previous to the Chino-Russian treaty.

## 30,000 DRESS MAKERS STRIKE ON THE JOB

### 2,000 Bosses Find Bossing Is Vain

NEW YORK CITY, March 12.—The key of successful struggle by the International Ladies' Garment Workers Union, the rank and file committee of 300, formed to organize the shops, has opened the door to a new fighting tactic in the stoppage of work, which yesterday began in about 2,000 dress and waist shops, where 30,000 workers sat idle at their machines, while bosses raged and cursed and vainly implored them to work, and about 2,000 shop chairmen met at the Stuyvesant Casino and Webster Hall.

The shop chairmen met to discuss further action to force the members of the Wholesale Dress Manufacturers' association, including the jobbing houses, to live up to the agreement they signed.

### To Standardize Wages

The agreement signed last month, provided a specified price be placed on piece of work. In this way, it proposed to put every manufacturer on the same labor cost basis and cut out the haggling over prices on piece work. In many shops this part of the agreement is being ignored.

### The Union Officials, Whom the Bosses

have depended upon to stop any concerted militant action, repeatedly reported that they had "made efforts" to get the bosses to live up to the agreement, but could do nothing.

### No Retreat from What's Won!

The strike on the job was the result and the rank and file committee of 300, responsible for organizing the shops is determined not to lose the shops after they are organized, by permitting the bosses to violate the agreement. The shop chairmen are shaping their tactics in conformity with this purpose.

Today the workers are reporting, as they did yesterday; but today, as yesterday, they will sit at their machines without doing any work, and will continue to do this until the manufacturers come to time.

### Kansas Bars Japanese.

TOPEKA, Kans., March 12.—The senate passed the Japanese exclusion bill prohibiting Japanese from owning or leasing land in Kansas. The bill now goes to the governor.

### England Rejects Geneva Protocol.

GENEVA, Switzerland, March 12.—Austen Chamberlain, British foreign minister officially declared today before the league council that his country declined to accept the Geneva protocol.

## 500 COMRADES ARE WANTED!

FIVE hundred comrades are wanted for an all day rehearsal in connection with the Paris Commune act Saturday March 14, at 67 St. Marks Pl., commencing at 4 p. m.

We have made the arrangements in order to accommodate the hundreds of comrades who have not yet attended the rehearsals.

Comrades should make it their duty to come on Saturday. The work is both easy and pleasant, but what is more important is a propaganda act and all comrades participating are going to help bring out the propaganda lesson of the Paris Commune even as any speaker can do it.

To the front! Do not fall behind in this effort to get out the 500 workers. Come and come on time for this rehearsal. Also bring all your friends who are ready to help.

On Sunday all participants in the mass scene will have a mass rehearsal at Madison Square Garden starting at 9 a. m.

## "PARIS COMMUNE"

A One-Act Dramatic Spectacle.

15,000 in the Cast.

M. J. OLGIN and BEN GITLOW will speak.

Are You Among the 15,000 Who Will Be at the

# PRESS PAGEANT CONCERT and BALL

Sunday, March 15, 2 P. M. to Midnight MADISON SQUARE GARDEN

SUPPORT YOUR PRESS!

Freiheit Gesang Verein

(400 Voices)

Folk Dances

by Ukrainians, Hungarians, Armenians, and Greeks.

Hungarian and Freiheit Orchestra

(100 Artists)

GRAND BALL

in the evening.



NEW ANTI-SOVIET ATTACK FIZZLES IN NEW YORK CITY

Liberals, Socialists and Anarchists Tiresome

NEW YORK, March 12.—A meeting arranged by the new International Committee for Political Prisoners ended in the singing of the Internationals by a large number of Communists at Town Hall.

B. Charney Vlodeck, the yellow socialist, who had been speaking on the same platform as his counter-revolutionary-in-arms, Raphael Abramovitch, was not allowed to speak, even tho he puffed and stormed and drank cold water to cool his spleen and anger.

Meeting Draws Along

The meeting was one of the most tiresome affairs that even liberals could arrange. Norman Haggood, who was in the chair, acted like all liberals: this was a matter that "interests" the liberals and social-democrats, but not a matter that goes to the heart.

The meeting drew along, with one speaker after the other telling of the terrors of prison life in their own country and appealing sentimentally to the crowd to "awaken public opinion in the United States" to cause a change—in Spain, Hungary, Estonia, Germany, Jugoslavia.

Baldwin Reads Paper

Roger Baldwin, head of the American Civil Liberties Bureau, read from a type-written statement "so that he might not be misquoted." He enumerated the enterprises that he supported in Soviet Russia and his restraint from participating in any political discussion on Soviet Russia.

Then Vlodeck, the smirking, oily agent of the capitalist class was given the floor. He immediately was booed. Between the hisses and boos, he managed to say "Friends and Comrades"—and that was the end of his speech.

Cops There in Plenty

Cops were there in plenty. But the cops did not know what to do. Town hall is in a section of the city in which the police are not yet accustomed to meet with such demonstrations.

In this meeting, with its lethargy and sleepiness, is a manifestation of what the liberals, anarchists and socialist traitors can do to enlighten the "people" of this country on the brutalities and atrocities of the capitalist governments against the revolutionary movement and on the torture inflicted upon the Communists; and if this meeting is a specimen of their dastardly attempt to assail Soviet Russia and line up with the counter-revolutionary movement of the world—then Soviet Russia need not worry. The Communists will be present at all the meetings of these full and half-baked counter-revolutionaries and will demonstrate that the workers of the United States are with Soviet Russia.

Plan Meeting March 19

The Workers Party, the International Workers' Aid and the Labor Defense Council will hold a meeting in Central Opera House on Thursday, March 19, and will tell the workers of the city the truth about prisoners and prisons in Soviet Russia. The workers will demonstrate that the Vlodeck, Abramovitch, Gordina, Cahans and Norman Thomases, and the anarchists and liberals, are of one type—no matter how much "sympathy" with the Soviet government they pretend to entertain.

Does your friend subscribe to the DAILY WORKER? Ask him!

Eight Years Ago Today

MARCH 12, 1917.—The army regiments and the imperial guard in Petrograd (now Leningrad) Russia, join the revolutionary workers. The czar's ministers are arrested. The committee of the duma is formed. A new crisis develops. The bourgeois parties of the duma, the Russian near-parliament, decided to stem the revolutionary tide by making common cause with the workers on a sort of fifty-fifty basis. The czarist power was to be curtailed. The workers were to accept the middle class leadership. The workers had not as yet realized the full significance of the creation of the workers' revolution, the Soviet; they submitted to the leadership of the moderate liberals who opened operations under the form of the provisional government, based on the parties in the old totally unrepresentative duma.

GREEK RAILWAY WORKERS' STRIKE VERY EFFECTIVE

Government Broke Its Promises

(Special to The DAILY WORKER.)

ATHENS, March 12.—The railway strike which has cut off Greece by rail from the rest of Europe now is jeopardizing American relief operations. Charles Howland of New York, chairman of the refugee settlement commission, and other members who left Athens for Macedonia, were stranded at Larissa when the train crew joined the strike.

The government has dispatched a special train, guarded by troops, to rescue Mr. Howland.

The strike also paralyzed a relief train operated by the American Near East Relief. Shipments of building materials and agricultural implements consigned to the refugee settlements have been held up.

The government threatens to employ refugee labor to break the strike. The railway workers have many demands, among the leading ones a demand for the payment of the increase in pay granted by a government committee some time ago, but never put into effect. A strike was in prospect long ago, but was delayed owing to the promise of the government to abide by the award and pay the increase retroactively. But the government did nothing but promise. Rank and file control by Communists has forced the strike against the will of the reformist head officials of the union.

Reynolds, Militant, is Not Guilty, Says Detroit, Mich., Judge

(Continued from page 1.)

Reynolds was summoned before Judge Hunt for contempt of court in disobeying the injunction forbidding him attending his own local or the district council, from whence he had been barred by an order of expulsion issued by Wm. L. Hutcheson, president of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners.

The Judge a Poor Sport. At ever session of the court, carpenters filled the courtroom and draped themselves around the windows. The hearing played to a standing room only audience Reynolds lawyer, Maurice Sugar, offered the court to leave the decision to a vote of the carpenters present, with a handicap requiring a vote of nine to one for Reynolds, but the judge was not sport enough to accept.

To the plea of the plaintiffs that the union needed "protection" from the "invasion" of Reynolds, the defense introduced the petition to the court passed by a mass meeting of Detroit carpenters, saying, "We assert that we can keep any person from our meetings whose presence we do not desire. We have demonstrated this to the plaintiffs in this case, and have satisfied the police whom they called in, that the only undesired and disorderly elements attending the various meetings, have been the plaintiffs."

The legal point of the defense turned largely upon the right to assemble, which could not, according to the claim, be abridged by any law or court order.

Michigan Debates Execution. LANSING, Mich., Mar. 12.—Crowded galleries are expected tomorrow to hear the house debate on the capital punishment bill. The bill is similar in phraseology to two bills which failed of passage by close votes at previous legislative sessions.

If the bill becomes law, Michigan will execute slayers except in cases where conviction is obtained on circumstantial evidence.

Attorney General Gets \$50,000. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 12.—The first two bills to become law were signed today by Governor Len Small. One appropriated \$50,000 to the office of attorney general in addition to those already made for expense to July 1, 1925.

Big Paris Commune Pageant in New York City This Sunday

(Continued from Page 1)

Square Garden will be thrown open to the public at one o'clock. Give Historical Pageant. The historical pageant, commemorating the 54th anniversary of the Paris Commune of 1871, includes in its cast Carl Brodsky, Walter Speck, Lena Chernenko, Abe Foreman and many others.

The program opens with the singing of the first and last verses of the International, followed by a speech on the "World Revolution," by the chairman, Juliet Stuart Poyntz. Benjamin Gitlow will speak on the "The White Terror," and M. J. Olgin will talk on "Communist Press."

The gymnastic exhibition by workers sport organizations, folk dances, and orchestral numbers will enliven the program.

The DAILY WORKER is expected to secure several thousand new subscriptions as a result of the pageant. The complete program follows:

- PROGRAM. 1. International (first and last verses)—Ukrainian Chorus (75 voices), combined with Fréhellet and Workers' Symphony Orchestra; Lazar Weiner, conductor. 2. The World Revolution—Juliet Stuart Poyntz, chairman. 3. Lettish Male Chorus (40 voices)—Otto Sauerman, director. 4. The White Terror and the International Red Aid—Ben Gitlow. 5. Folk Dances (in native costumes). (a) Greek. (b) Hungarian, accompanied by Hungarian Workers' Orchestra. (c) Ukrainian, accompanied by Ukrainian Chorus directed by M. D. Hayrowsky. 6. The Communist Press—Mossaye J. Olgin. 7. "The Weavers," Dramatization from Heinrich Heine—The Juniors, directed by Miriam Silverfarb. 8. Gymnastic Exhibition: (a) "West" Finnish Athletic Club. (b) Czech-Slovak Federated Gymnastic Union. (c) Jugo-Slav Workers' Athletic Club. 9. "Carmagnole" Fréhellet and Workers' Orchestra. 10. "The Paris Commune," 1871—Historical pageant, by Beatrice Carlin, staged and directed by Alexander Arkatov, assisted by Sadie Amter; cast of five hundred characters, Workers' Drama League, Hungarian Dramatic League, Polish Dramatic League, (Entire audience participating). 11. Fréhellet Singing Society (40 voices)—Lazar Weiner, director. 12.—International—Chorus, orchestra and audience. The Paris Commune, 1871. Historical pageant, by Beatrice Carlin; staged and directed by Alexander Arkatov; assistant director, Sadie Amter; stage arrangements by John Maguire; lighting effects by Herbert Rolands; sound and shooting effects by Harry Tarr. Prologue speaker—Carl Brodsky; Rautav, chairman, gen. com.—W. Speck; Leaders in the crowds—Lena Chernenko; Members of the Commune (Speaking Parts) Chairman—Arthur Leeds; Arnold—Le Hartman; Duval—A. R. God; Mison—Clarence Miller; Pysat—Isidor Cohen; Tridon—John Maguire; Gambon—Max Paxon; General Rossel—Charles Raiss; Communist prisoners—Reas Spiro; Commander—Walter Speck; Abe Foreman; Lieutenant, counter-revolutionary firing squad. Synopsis (a)—Prologue: The international workers of the world, 1925, celebrate the anniversary of the Paris Commune, 1871. A speaker addressing them and the audience, describes the conditions which produced the Commune, and gives its short history. (b)—The proclamation of the Commune. (c)—The Commune at work. (d)—The modern International group now hears of the gradual disorganization of the Commune, due to inexperience, untrained leaders, and the lack of an organized Communist Party. (e)—Two months later. The Commune in disagreement; the suspicious, quarrels and accusations; the invasion of Paris by the bourgeois Versailles army; the defense of Paris by her proletarian citizens; her defeat. (f)—Execution of the Communists. (g)—Epilogue. The lesson of the Commune of 1871; how the Russian Communists profited by it in 1917-25; the world revolution. Costumes, by Stanley Costume Studios; wigs and make-up, by Zauder Bros., Inc. Every member selling subscription tickets is once more cautioned to settle for them before the pageant if he wants them to count for himself and his organization in the contest.

JUDGE AIDS OIL MEN IN TEAPOT BRIBERY TRIAL

(Special to The Daily Worker)

CHEYENNE, Wyo., March 12.—Judge Kennedy, hearing the trial of the Teapot Diners, in the government's suit to secure the annulment of oil leases on the ground of fraud, is aiding the Sinclair oil interests by his rulings. Kennedy ruled out damaging government exhibitions on the ground that they had been executed after the Teapot Dome leases. He is also expected to rule out much of the circumstantial evidence.

Everything is being done by the government officials and the court to allow the oil leases to stand, and to quiet down the bribery of Ex-Secretary of the Interior Fall and other government officials by the oil interests.

Roosevelt Squirms. A laugh occurred in the court when Theodore Roosevelt, ex-assistant secretary of the navy, testified by deposition that he did not know of the oil leases because he was worn out from preparations for a fishing trip. Roosevelt made light of the fact that he took the order transferring the leases from the navy department to the interior department to President Harding, who signed the order. This was the first move in giving the oil leases to private interests, in return for liberal bribes.

Propose Election Change

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 12.—Radical changes in the Illinois election laws are provided in a bill introduced in the house today. The bill, proposed by Representative David I. Swanson, of Chicago, provides for rotation on the ballots of all names of candidates certified by the county or city clerks. Give your shopmate this copy of the DAILY WORKER—but be sure to see him the next day to get his subscription.

IRISH RELIEF WORK ENDORSED BY ELLEN HAYES

Urges Workers of the World to Help

Dr. Ellen Hayes, of Wellesley, Mass. in a letter to the secretary of the Irish Workers' and Peasants' Famine Relief Committee at 19 South Lincoln street, Chicago, has endorsed the work of the committee to bring relief to the famine victims of the west of Ireland. Her letter follows:

Dear Comrade: Replying to yours of March 6, just received, you are very welcome to use my name in your committee's effort to reach the masses with appeals for help. Those west Ireland people are in sore straits and the workers of the world must bring help. Yours fraternally, Ellen Hayes.

The work of raising funds for relief in the United States is now in full swing, according to a statement issued from the office of the Irish Workers' and Peasants' Famine Relief Committee. Irish relief committees are springing up all over the country. The committee points out that there will be no improvement in the condition of the workers and peasants in the famine region before next harvest, except thru outside help. As seed potatoes must be purchased for planting, money is needed at once, else the present suffering will be dwarfed by the horrors of next winter.

British Unions Help. A letter from Mrs. Helen Crawford, secretary of the British section of the International Workers' Aid, says that the British trade unions and co-operative societies are responding to the appeal to help their brothers and sisters in Ireland. This co-operation is helping to break down the national antagonisms that have helped to make the task of British imperialism in Ireland easier. All those who want to help in relief work should communicate with the office of the Irish Workers' and Peasants' Famine Relief Committee, at 19 South Lincoln street, either personally, by mail or by telephoning Seeley 3563.

FATAL EPIDEMIC HITS CITY ON STRIKE'S HEELS

Twenty-three deaths from respiratory disease in Chicago in the last 24 hours today brought an official announcement from the health department that "The influenza situation here is rapidly approaching the proportions of a serious outbreak." Health bulletins have been broadcast advising the public of symptoms of the new disease which differs slightly from the wartime influenza and warning them to take immediate precautions in the event of being stricken. The disease, the health department says, is characterized by aching throat, burning sensations in the eyes, high temperatures, pronounced prostration and frequent nosebleeding.

The epidemic followed on the heels of the garbage collectors' and street cleaners' strike. Commissioner Sprague allowed the dirt and rubbish to accumulate thruout the city. The epidemic was predicted in the DAILY WORKER at that time and SPRAGUE refused to accede to the strikers' demands, and the epidemic followed.

PROGRESSIVE COAL DIGGER AT MEET SCORES THE FAKERS

(Continued from page 1)

Hoge said that the only chance for the union to grow and become more powerful was to organize one unorganized. He denounced the officials for their splitting tactics, for creating dissension and thus weakening the union. It is true they opposed the officials because of the official policy is leading the union to disaster. The reactionaries are now on trial before the membership so a red herring is drawn across the track in the form of an attack on the progressives. Hoge declared that he belonged to no dual union and was steadfastly opposed to dual unionism. He was loudly applauded when he finished. A first class stunt that would make a fitting climax to the red-baiting that has taken place since the convention opened was badly damaged by the publicity given in the DAILY WORKER to the fake telegram, alleged to have been sent by a member of the Young Workers' League to a militant in the eastern Ohio district. It is reported that the fakers intended to spring it on the delegates after the red barrage was carefully laid down and the long and short hands of the official clock indicated the zero hour at which the machine boys were to go over the top "an' get the reds."

This telegram was sent from Cleveland to a small mining town in which the telegraph office and everything else is owned by the coal company. It urged the Communists to be at the sub-district convention and put their ideas across. The telegram was phoned to the addressee from the telegraph office. It caused considerable speculation in the little town. The man whose name was signed to the telegram denied ever having sent it. The mystery was pretty thick by this time, and a Sherlock Holmes might be found necessary to run down the plot but for the fact that sub-district President Ledvinka was in Cleveland on the very day the wire was sent to the little mining town. The cat was half way out of the bag. The bag was finally emptied when the rumor got out that the sub-district officials had something to spring on the convention after it got under way. The plot will remain unstrung. It was a perfectly good plot in its way, but not the first one that was murdered in cold blood by a little publicity. Are the fakers sore? I'll say they are. They are as sore as boils in the process of being massaged by a chiropractor. So sore were they that they invaded the convention hall, where the DAILY WORKER reporter usually sits and ordered three persons out. Two of them were visitors and the third was a member of the union. This was not so clever as the fakers found out to their cost when they were obliged to apologize to the delegate at the next session of the convention.

Two German Bankers on Visit to Morgan's Wall St.; Workers May Prophecy

By J. LOUIS ENQDAHL

TODAY, a couple of German bankers wander thru New York's canyon of gold, called Wall Street, where eight years ago the great American jingo tumult as the United States entered the war crystallized into three words, "Kill the Huns."

No greater proof is needed that Morgan's Wall Street won the war, insofar as any capitalist nation was victorious, than the confession of these two bankers that, "the uncrowned king of Germany today is S. Parker Gilbert, the American who is carrying out the Dawes plan."

This was of course intended as a tribute to the genius of American financiers. But it tells the story better than whole books. The Germans had come to acknowledge their victors and to do homage to them.

But the German bankers found many friends in Wall Street. Morgan entered the United States in the war to save his loans to the allies. Now he must keep the Dawes plan working in Germany to get the very last mark in reparations possible, to make the payment of those loans possible. The eagerness with which American bankers receive their German brothers is the best measure of the unity of the German-American bankers' alliance to exploit the workers of Germany.

It might be well to remember the names of these two bankers: Herbert M. Gutman, director of the Dresdner Bank, of Berlin, and presented as "a director in 40 of Germany's largest industrial corporations," and F. Neuberger, director of the Kommerz- und Privatbank A.-G. of Hamburg, also intimately associated with large German corporations.

They say they come merely to exchange greetings with American bankers who recently visited Berlin; but at the same time they mention that long-term credits are much more preferable to short-term credits, which is supposed to be a hint dropped in the right place. The hint finds a quick "Amen!" among the right American financiers. The U.S.—German bankers' alliance against the German workers is complete.

To be sure these German bankers said nothing about the widespread railroad strike that is even now sweeping Germany as a direct protest against the Dawes plan. That might darken their financial outlook. Perhaps that is taken up behind the scenes. It does not get into the Wall Street press.

No mention is made of the recent mine disaster at Dortmund, where 141 coal miners went to death under the Dawes plan; that these German miners had written with chalk on the black coal face where they died: "WE ARE LOST. FIGHT FOR BETTER CONDITIONS. AVENGE US ON THE CAPITALISTS, OUR MURDERERS."

American bankers do not like to be called "murderers." They have a whole list of state anti-syndicalist laws to protect themselves in this country against class crimes much lesser than this. Yet these German coal miners certainly hurled their indictment as much against American as German bankers and industrialists.

That conditions in the United States are not much different in some respects than they are in Germany is seen in the item appearing on the first page of the New York World, published a few steps away from Wall Street. It was in the issue of March 11 and reads:

"I'M FINISHED," LAST WORDS. Dropping a polishing rag with which he was working yesterday in the National Republican Club, No. 54 West 40th Street, Patrick Norton, sixty-four years old, of No. 2538 Eight avenue, gasped, "Some one else will have to do my work now, I guess. I'm finished." He died before the arrival of Dr. Dwinelle.

Those German miners, Communists, in the Ruhr, went to their deaths with a plea for a new day, for the near victory of a German Soviet Republic upon their lips. Perhaps there was also a plea in the dying words of the aged worker who died as he polished the brass in Wall Street's political headquarters. At least some workers, even now, may make the prophecy that "Cautious Cal" may get the brass polishing job, with the workers in control in West 40th St., having changed the National Republican Club into a meeting place for workers, as they should do in the not far distant future, just as the two German bankers, under a Soviet regime, may get a job digging coal and getting acquainted with the dark places. So the German bankers had better make themselves at home in Wall Street and sun themselves at the National Republican Club while they may.

land to a small mining town in which the telegraph office and everything else is owned by the coal company. It urged the Communists to be at the sub-district convention and put their ideas across. The telegram was phoned to the addressee from the telegraph office. It caused considerable speculation in the little town. The man whose name was signed to the telegram denied ever having sent it. The mystery was pretty thick by this time, and a Sherlock Holmes might be found necessary to run down the plot but for the fact that sub-district President Ledvinka was in Cleveland on the very day the wire was sent to the little mining town. The cat was half way out of the bag. The bag was finally emptied when the rumor got out that the sub-district officials had something to spring on the convention after it got under way. The plot will remain unstrung. It was a perfectly good plot in its way, but not the first one that was murdered in cold blood by a little publicity. Are the fakers sore? I'll say they are. They are as sore as boils in the process of being massaged by a chiropractor. So sore were they that they invaded the convention hall, where the DAILY WORKER reporter usually sits and ordered three persons out. Two of them were visitors and the third was a member of the union. This was not so clever as the fakers found out to their cost when they were obliged to apologize to the delegate at the next session of the convention.

The Good Things

in the The March Issue of the WORKERS MONTHLY

- 1—The British Conference on World Trade Union Unity By Wm. Z. Foster. Some explanations of the great headway of the Minority Movement in England and a picture of this body by the author who attended this conference. (With photographs) 2—Class and Klan in Her-rin By Thurber Lewis. Pertinent facts on some reasons for "Bloody Williamson." (With photographs) 3—Kellogg in Paris—Johnson in the Senate By A. Bittelman. "The cat of America's 'entanglements' in the affairs of Europe was in the bag of Dawes plan all the time" says the author—and explains it. 4—Ten Years of the Amalgamated By P. Yuditsh. Reviewing past and present currents in a great union. 5—Negroes in American Industry By Wm. F. Dunne. Facts and keen views on onetwelfth of our population with some especially fine writing—and striking photographs. 6—The Prison Story of the Wobblies By Harrison George. About jail and Wobblies; some statistical reference to other jail inhabitants and a look into the present leadership of the I. W. W. (With drawings by Maurice Becker) 7—The Communists Take the Lead in Minnesota By C. A. Hathway. The struggle against reactionary leadership, political deception, expulsions and bureaucratic method—a picture of a Left Wing battleground. 8—Industrial Depression or Prosperity By Earl R. Browder. Facts and conclusions in a keen analysis of the present economic situation. 9—Lenin and the New Wave of Marxism By Manuel Gomez. A study of what Lenin has contributed to Marxism. 10—The Carpenters Face Their Leaders By J. W. Johnston. The Left Wing struggle against reactionary leadership—and expulsions. 11—The History of the Russian Communist Party By Gregory Zinoviev. Another installment of this Communist classic by the president of the C. I. 12—Canada and the British Empire By Tim Buek. A great deal of light on British and American Imperialism.

- Poems By Lang ton Hughes, Robert L. Wolf and Jacqueline Perreault An Administration Delegate Reports By Jim Waters and a Striking Three-Color Cover By Girolamo Piccoli. Recent winner of a thousand dollar prize in sculpture. These and Other Features in THE MARCH ISSUE SINGLE COPY 25 CENTS SUBSCRIPTION RATES: \$2.00 a Year \$1.25 Six Mos. THE WORKERS MONTHLY 1112 W. Washington Boulevard Chicago, Ill. For the enclosed \$.....send me the WORKERS MONTHLY for.....months. NAME..... STREET..... CITY..... STATE.....



# SECTION OF THE TRADE UNION EDUCATIONAL LEAGUE

## YOU NEVER HEARD LEWIS TALK LIKE THIS, DID YOU?

Cook, Head of British Miners, Means It

If any American miner is so discouraged as to think that all miners' union officials are just naturally and necessarily crooked, like Lewis, and wants to know what a genuine fighting militant would act like, if Lewis were given the gate, let him read the following from a speech of A. J. Cook, secretary of the Miners' Federation of Great Britain, spoken before an audience of railwaymen at York, on February 22. He said:

"We shall demand a living wage, and we shall seek the assistance of all the trade unions with that end in view."

"We must, however, act quickly. We require industrial organization, 100 per cent strong, both nationally and internationally: that must be our immediate object."

"The master class will fight you as they fight the miners. The miners' struggle for a living wage is also the struggle of the railwaymen."

"We are all members of the same great working class fraternity; no one must be allowed to stand in the way of our close co-operation and unity."

**Force Needed**

"I do not desire strikes and suffering, but I know from past experience that we can only achieve our desires when we are strong enough to take what we want."

"We hear that the miners and their families cannot be fed on propaganda. Neither can they be fed on these everlasting inquiries which lead to no tangible result."

"The miners will not agree to longer hours and lower wages; they will not help the employers in this everlasting struggle of competing with their fellow miners abroad."

**"Deliver The Goods"**

"The aims and objects of the workers' movement were to help and finally to emancipate the working class."

"Was every individual who dared to recommend proposals for bringing the movement into line with current economic events—national and international—to be charged with being a disrupter?"

"The true test of any movement is, does it function when necessity arises?"

"The rank and file are calling upon the leaders to deliver the goods. The goods must be delivered."

"Either the labour movement, politically and industrially, is different from other movements has a distinct and clear programme and policy, has a mission to perform, or we are an organized band of frauds and hypocrites."

**No Faith In Spirits**

"Nowadays, to become a sane, sensible, respectable trade union leader, one is expected to repudiate past ideals and beliefs and all one has hitherto lived and worked for."

"One has to tone down to be a 'statesman.' It is a virtue to go slowly, very, very slowly; it is a virtue to be reactionary, and a vice to be progressive."

"... One leader, has said that all is well as long as the spirit of socialism is with us. Well, I have little faith in spirits, I want to be fed on facts."

"Either capitalism is good or it is bad; the conditions of the workers provide the answer."

"The fact was that capitalism—national and international—continued to exist only at the expense and suffering of the working masses."

**We Remind You**

We remind you that A. J. Cook, head of the British miners, is a Communist, and that John L. Lewis, head of the U. M. W. of A., expels Communists.

## Little Teddy Was Always Ready "to Send in Troops"

Federal troops were ready to be rushed in against the striking teamsters in Chicago in 1906, it is revealed in a letter written at the time by President Theodore Roosevelt, now published under a Charles Scribner's Sons' copyright.

"Of course I earnestly hope I shall not be obliged to send in troops," Roosevelt wrote to Henry Cabot Lodge, "but I shall do it AT ONCE if the need arises."

The strike lasted from April 6, 1905 to July 22 and ended in compromises, with the employers having the edge. Teamsters, freight handlers, express drivers and department store drivers were involved at different times. Mayor Dunne had policemen ride on the wagons of strikebreakers. No troops were used.

RED LEVEL  
of the  
FOSTER JUNIOR GROUP  
of Brooklyn, N. Y.—March 28, 8 P. M.  
at  
COLUMBIA HALL  
370 A Blake Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

## WESTERN DISTRICT

### JURISDICTIONAL ROWS LEAD TO DUAL UNIONISM

But Hutcheson Fights Amalgamation

SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., March 12.—The building trades department of the A. F. of L. has served an ultimatum upon the State Building Trades Council of California to reorganize itself and to change its laws at its next convention to be held at Monterey, Calif., March 18, 1925, to conform to the laws of the building trades department.

The California State Building Trades Council was organized upon its present basis by the notorious labor faker P. H. McCarthy. It is just now that the building trades department has found out that the laws of this state organization conflict with those of the department. This fight against the California Building Trades Council is part of the ruinous jurisdictional dispute between the carpenters and the sheet metal workers over the placing of hollow metal trim in buildings.

**Not A Solution But Dissolution**

The solution of jurisdictional disputes offered by the building trades department and Wm. L. Hutcheson, president of the carpenters' union, is to conduct ruinous jurisdictional wars, which means that either the carpenters' union or the sheet metal workers' alliance is destroyed, or so weakened that they will give up their claims on this work.

The fight itself naturally weakens the trade union movement as a whole, demoralizing and destroying whatever little unity there now exists between the building trades unions, thus strengthening the employers' position and laying the basis for the "open shop" in the building industry.

It is no secret that the forming of independent dual carpenters organizations is being encouraged by those who support the sheet metal workers in this suicidal battle. Hutcheson is silent in the face of these attempts to create a rival carpenters' union. He is too busy expelling the Communists, members of the T. U. E. L., and all his political opponents.

**Who Helps Dualism?—Hutcheson**

And the excuse offered by him for these illegal expulsions is, generally, that those expelled advocate dual unionism. This is spite of the fact that the progressives within the carpenters' union are the only group which consistently fights against the dual union theory, and has been actually responsible for holding within the carpenters' union large numbers who, sickened with the corrupt and crooked Hutcheson administration, would have otherwise lent a willing ear to the dualistic propagandists.

The progressives within the building trades point out the only solution for these demoralizing jurisdictional disputes, amalgamation.

Amalgamation of all the building trades into one organization covering the entire industry upon a department basis, is the only method by which the unity of the building trades workers can be achieved and jurisdictional disputes eliminated. This is one of the planks of the progressive carpenters' program and one of the reasons why Hutcheson is expelling them without hearing or trial.

### Notes on the Los Angeles Movement

LOS ANGELES—According to Brother Koffman, business manager of Bakery Local 453, the Bakers' joint board of Los Angeles and vicinity is arranging a bazaar and dance to take place on Saturday, April 11, in the Los Angeles Hall, 1956 E. First street. A number of theatrical acts will be presented.

The Bakery Workers fight the following firms: Los Angeles Pie Co.; M. & M. Pie Co.; Murray Baking Co.; Hulsom Bread, and R. B. Ward company.

Support of the labor movement is needed. Everybody should visit the bazaar and help make the affair a rousing success.

**Remember March 21st!**

Capmakers and Millinery Workers will have jointly a dance at Co-operation Center. The four left wing branches and Workmen's Circle will have their dance March 28 at the Co-operation Center.

**Painters' Campaign.**

The fourth general vice-president and two general organizers of the Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paper Hangers have been directed by that organization to come to Los Angeles and conduct an organizer campaign. They will receive the complete co-operation of the local organizations.

Patronize our advertisers.

## DISTRICT

### JOBLESS SHOULD STAY AWAY FROM BUTTE, MONTANA

Central Labor Officials Tell of Unemployment

The following letter has been sent out by the Butte Central Labor Council:

"During the past few months various interests have been flooding the country with literature telling of the unlimited opportunities that are being overlooked in the state of Montana. "These advertisements are misleading, and, in common with other like movements, are but misrepresentations for the purpose of separating the unwary from their coin and crowding the industrial centers with unemployed."

**Abandoned Farms.**

"As far as land is concerned, all land of any value has been taken up, and much of it is now in the possession of exploiters."

"One may go into almost any part of the state and find abandoned farms and this is particularly true of the country immediately surrounding the city of Butte, the state's principal industrial center."

"Every winter thousands of farmers come into the industrial centers to try and earn a living, something most of them have been unable to do on the farm. Speaking of Butte, this council wishes to inform anyone contemplating coming here for the purpose of bettering his condition, to investigate conditions before coming, and not be influenced by the lying advertisements sent through the country by agencies hostile to the organized labor movement."

**Heavy Unemployment.**

"At the present time there is a large number of unemployed in Butte. These men cannot find employment here and it will be some time before work opens up on the ground. Wages are lower than in many other places and mining is the chief industry, and hundreds of men are rustling the mines and unable to find a job."

"At the present time there is very little building activity, and no large amount of work in sight for the coming season."

"Hundreds of buildings are vacant. Many are totally abandoned to vandalism. Anyone contemplating going into business can easily find locations in the very heart of the city. Suitable storerooms seem to be a drug on the market. We therefore advise anyone coming here to make sure they can pay their way and at all times have the price of a return ticket in their possession."

"Fraternally yours,  
"PETE CONNORS, President,  
"CLEM BURKARD, Secretary."

### Buzzle-Hornism in Politics of Central Council, Los Angeles

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—The Los Angeles Central Labor Council is again demonstrating the political treachery of the so-called Gompers' slogan "Rewarding friends and punishing enemies."

Recently the Chamber of Commerce called a conference for the purpose of nominating a "non-partisan, efficient business man" for mayor. There were forty-eight organizations present at that conference, and among all these parasitic organizations the Central Labor Council was also represented. Of course it is needless to say that the left wing delegates opposed it.

**What is A Buzzle-Horn?**

However, Sec'y. Horn and President Buzzle who represented the Central Labor Council stated that they were somewhat disappointed, as they had hoped that they would not dare to nominate injunction Judge Bledsoe and would nominate Gregory Cryer for re-election for mayor.

It must not be forgotten that Mayor Cryer is not a fool. Prior to that Chamber of Commerce Conference he appointed Bro. Horn, Sec'y. of Central Labor Council, as a member of Civil Service Commission, which is considered one of the highest political gifts that could be given to a loyal labor leader(?)

**Take Your Choice—Both Bad**

So as it stands today, organized labor will support Mayor Cryer for re-election and organized carpenters will support the candidate nominated by the Chamber of Commerce.

At the Central Labor Council the following motion was offered by Brother Caplan of the Office Employees' Union: "Moved and Seconded that this council go on record against supporting, assisting or endorsing on behalf of the labor movement, any candidate for any political office in the forthcoming civic election unless that candidate is a member of organized labor and if to date any such candidate has already been en-

## PULLMAN HEARS OF WAGE CUTS

### DESPITE COPS

3,000 Leaflets Given Out at Carshop Gates

PULLMAN, Ill., March 12.—After 3,000 "Strike Against Wage Cut" leaflets had been distributed to workers in the Pullman car shops today, a flivver squad attempted to arrest two comrades who were in charge of the distribution.

The Pullman-owned cops followed the two girls who had been giving out the leaflets in front of the main gates of the Pullman works at 11th street for about eight blocks to see that no more were handed to the workers. In spite of this, however, the comrades managed to drop a huge pile of leaflets under the nose of the officers, and the workers scrambled for them, altho' the officers threatened them.

**Institute Wage Cuts.**

A series of wage cuts was put into effect in the Pullman shops recently. Almost every department of the large works suffered heavily, whether the workers were employed on piece or time jobs.

Beginning Monday, March 16, the hours in the Calumet shop at 15th, (part of the Pullman works employing 1,500 workers) are to be lengthened from eight to nine. The wages are to remain the same. The workers all express dissatisfaction but there is no unified opposition or organization in the shop that can back up a fight against this virtual wage cut.

In view of these conditions prevailing in the Pullman shops the workers seized the leaflets eagerly when they heard what they contained. Many words of encouragement were given the comrades passing out the leaflets.

**Men Keep Literature.**

None of the printed propaganda was thrown away by the men. This was observed by a large number of Pullman detectives and policemen who chased away the children who were helping in distribution at several of the gates. They threatened to arrest two girls who were at the main gate. Nevertheless, a street car conductor who had witnessed the distribution and read with some sympathy the leaflet which was handed to him, came up to the girls as the policemen were talking to them and took some of the leaflets. He said, "No cop can scare me out of reading these. This is Foster's stuff, isn't it?"

**Against Wage Cuts.**

At the 15th street shops where two young Italian comrades were distributing the leaflets, a well dressed man waved them aside. "I'm against that," he said. A shabby worker in back of him looked at him with a grin and said, "Well, I'm against you. Give me one, kid."

The Pullman City Central committee had ordered 5,000 for distribution, but because of the unusual interest shown by the Pullman cops, this plan could not be completely carried out.

**Bookbinders Election in Court.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 12.—Whether a writ of mandamus shall be issued on the election board of the Bookbinders' International Union, whose headquarters are in Washington, to throw out the vote of Local 25, New York City, and declare John B. Haggerty of St. Louis, to be elected international president, will be determined by the supreme court of the District of Columbia within a few weeks.

Walter N. Reddick, incumbent president, claims re-election by a margin of 475 votes in a total of over 10,000 cast. The point at issue is whether Local 25, which went overwhelmingly for Reddick, was in good standing when its vote was taken and counted. Haggerty's chief strength in the election was in the big locals in New York, St. Louis and Chicago.

## NOTICE

The T. U. E. L. is short on copies of the following Labor Heralds: March, April, May, and October, 1923. We ask the readers of this page to send in these copies so as to complete our files. Mail to the Trade Union Educational League, 1113 Washington Blvd., Chicago. Thanks.

dorsed that the endorsement be withdrawn."

Brother Horn and others argued against the motion. Brother Globberman, of the Cigar Makers' Union, supported the motion. He said, "The present mayor is no better than Judge Bledsoe. If Mayor Cryer would be elected for judge, he would also issue injunctions, and as long as you will not trust yourselves you get to nowhere." Bro. Welch, of Cap Makers' Union, also supported the motion.

Other delegates opposing the motion argued that we want to elect a "good boss", and Mayor Cryer is a "good boss". This is the caliber of organized labor "leaders" in Los Angeles. Needless to say the motion was defeated.

## EASTERN DISTRICT

### MINERS SUPPORT A PROGRAM, NOT POPULAR MEN

District 1 Miners Tired of Fake Progressives

On February 27, the T. U. E. L. section of the DAILY WORKER published the Progressive Miners' District No. 1 election statement. The miners of District 1 in their last election supported and put into office Rinaldo Cappellini because he was popularly known as a progressive. However, his progressiveness turned out to be nothing but a thin election veneer which soon wore off when once he occupied the district presidential chair.

This election is being conducted upon the basis of a program. The following letter explains the method of campaign being carried out by the progressive miners of District No. 1:

To all local unions, District No. 1, U. M. W. of A.

"Dear Sirs and Brothers:—District No. 1 of the United Mine Workers of America is again about to choose the leaders of the union for the next two years."

"In the past we supported and elected men who were popular or knew how to make fine speeches at union meetings."

"Rinaldo Cappellini is the latest example of our choice based on the popularity of leaders. The day after the election, he and others in the past, have betrayed the miners and combined with the corrupt Lewis machine."

"The Rank and File Nominations Committee calls upon the membership of your local to nominate men who stand for principles and a program, men who for years worked as miners and understand the problems and the needs of the rank and file."

"These men are but little known outside of their local unions, but these men stand upon a program that holds solution for the problems of the miners in District No. 1 as well as for the miners in the entire country."

"Enclosed you will find the progressive program upon which we ask you to nominate and support these candidates."

"Read the program, and if you agree with it, pass a motion to nominate these men as candidates for district president, vice-president and secretary-treasurer."

"For district president, Bernard Zaleskas, L. U. 838, Nanticoke; "For district vice-president, John Witcurias, L. U. 846, Nanticoke; "For district secretary-treasurer, Phillip Sabatelli, L. U. 306, Old Forge."

"Support and nominate a program and not a popular man."

"Please notify us of your action. Fraternalty yours,  
"Rank and File Nomination Committee, 175 S. Meade street, Wilkes Barre, Pa."

### Knit Goods Workers Open Organization Drive in Philly

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Philadelphia Knit Goods Workers' Union has launched an organization drive in the knitting industry of this city.

The Knit Goods Workers' Union was organized about six months ago by a group of militant workers as a first step to offset the sweatshop conditions existing in the many textile shops since the former union was dissolved several years ago.

Negotiations are being carried on with the International Ladies' Garment Workers for affiliation and a charter is expected within several weeks. It is expected that affiliation with the I. L. G. W. U. will help to strengthen the union considerably, but the membership of this small fighting organization realize that a charter will not organize the trade.

The present organization drive has been carefully planned and will be opened up with the distribution of circulars at the shops and followed up with a number of mass meetings. The Young Workers' League has been invited to help in this drive and an enthusiastic response to this invitation is assured. The office of the union is located at 1018 Cherry street where further information about the union can be secured.

### Chicago, Notice!

On Sunday afternoon, March 29, at Ashland Auditorium, there will be an international unity demonstration and benefit entertainment. No branch is permitted to arrange any conflicting dates of any kind whatsoever. Affairs already fixed must be changed. The complete strength of the party must be mobilized at this affair as a fitting answer to the Abramovich attack.

## MORE CARPENTER LOCALS ENDORSE DETROIT DEMAND

### 37 Demand that Expulsions Stop

The fight against the expulsion policy of Wm. L. Hutcheson is receiving the support of the rank and file of the carpenters' union everywhere. So far, 73 local unions, covering 32 states, and two Canadian provinces, have reported to the T. U. E. L. section of the DAILY WORKER that they have endorsed the resolution sent out by Local Union 2140 of Detroit against the expulsion policy and demanding the reinstatement of the expelled.

Last week we published the list of those received up to that time. Following are those received since then. Undoubtedly hundreds of locals not recorded here have endorsed the resolution. Read last week's and this week's list. If your local is not mentioned notify the T. U. E. L. section of the DAILY WORKER.

- Birmingham, Ala., Local 103.
- Wallace, Idaho, Local 220.
- Wood River, Ill., Local 1808.
- Newport, Ky., Local 698.
- Lawrence, Mass., Local 111.
- Duluth, Minn., Local 361.
- Niagara Falls, N. Y., Local 322.
- Madill, Okla., Local 1827.
- New Kensington, Pa., Local 333.
- Oil City, Pa., Local 830.
- Pockville, Pa., Local 1678.
- Bellingham, Wash., Local 756.
- Everett, Wash., Local 562.
- Seattle, Wash., Local 1335.
- Breese, Ill., Local 1675.
- Huntington Park, Calif., Local 1500.
- Los Angeles, Calif., Locals, 2337, 158, 426, 1976 and 884.
- Porterville, Calif., Local 1688.
- Santa Monica, Calif., Local 1400.
- Springfield, Mo., Local 978.
- Hastings, Neb., Local 1672.
- Manchester, N. H., Local 931.
- Jersey City, N. J., Local 139.
- Lima, Ohio, Local 372.
- Portland, Ore., Local 2154.
- Lenoir City, Tenn., Local 1961.
- Ogden, Utah, Local 450.
- Blue Field, W. Va., Local 1223.
- Janesville, Wisc., Local 836.
- Rawlins, Wyo., Local 659.
- Davenport, Iowa, Local 4.
- Victoria, B. C., Local 1598.
- Ardmore, Pa., Local 485.

Dunne in Douglas Park.

William F. Dunne will speak on the Dawes' plan before the Douglas Park English Branch, Monday evening, March 16, at 3118 W. Roosevelt Road, at 8:15 p. m. All workers are welcome. Admission will be free.

This is one of a series of lectures now being arranged by the Douglas Park English Branch, all subjects of discussion will be of current events, thus making them of vital interest to all. Questions and discussion will follow all lectures.

Financial Trouble Being Solved

One of the greatest handicaps to the rapid recovery of industry, the difficult domestic financial situation, is beginning to be overcome. At the beginning of the year many of the light industries could not expand sufficiently because it was impossible to grant them sufficient state credits. A great deal of money was tied up by the co-operatives, which had received extensive credits but could not pay their debts, their default amounting to about one half the monthly production.

At present the co-operative societies have liquidated their indebtedness to a great extent with the result that industrial enterprises have increased their deposits in the banks and decreased their indebtedness to the workers to whom wages were due.

A good harvest would give a still greater impetus to the rapid recovery which Russian industry is experiencing, but it is impossible to make any predictions at the present time.

### Mexican Labor Fakers Revel in Government Class Collaboration

WASHINGTON.—Canuto Vargas, first labor attaché to be appointed by the Mexican government, which has originated this type of diplomatic office, returned to his desk as secretary of the Pan-American Federation of Labor at Washington to resign from the latter position. A Spanish-speaking worker, presumably from Mexico, will replace him in the secretaryship.

When Vargas moves to the Mexican embassy he will receive from Ambassador Telez his official instructions. He anticipates that one of his responsibilities will be looking after the industrial welfare of the many thousands of Mexican citizens employed in the United States. Another will be reporting to his government the development of labor organizations and institutions throughout the country.

Crisis Overcome

The supply crisis in light industry, caused by the low level of production in light industry has been overcome. All during last year there was almost chronic famine on the market with regard to manufactured goods, for increased agricultural production on the one hand, and an unexpectedly rapid development of the net work of distribution, especially of the co-operatives on the other, caused an extraordinary demand for the products of light industry which the latter was unable to meet. It has however increased its production to such an extent that the supply practically meets the demand.

As far as heavy industry is concerned, the prospects are even brighter. The most important of these, the metal industry, fulfilled the first quarter of the program of production some time ago, and is now working on a program increased by 15 per cent. This is also giving the coal and mineral output a great impetus. Certain industries, such as the manufacture of flax products, are not increasing their production so rapidly but the enterprises engaged in the



# Theses for Agitators on Day of March 18th, "Paris Commune" and International Red Aid

## Amnesty for Class War Prisoners! Aid for the Victims of Reaction!

WITH a demand for amnesty of all class war prisoners and for combined efforts to come to the aid of the tens of thousands of victims of reaction in capitalist prisons the revolutionary proletariat of the world pays homage to the heroes of the Paris Commune on the 54th anniversary of that first great victory of the proletariat.

And well may that be so. The victims of capitalist reaction and counter-revolution, the class war prisoners of today, are worthy successors to the Commune fighters of 1871 who fell victims of a bloody revenge of the French bourgeoisie. And we comrades and workers still free and unwounded in the battle lines can not pay homage in a more fit form than in dedicating this day to the aid of our imprisoned comrades.

THE workers of the United States, too, have all reason to pause for a moment and remember those of their comrades that are languishing in prison for their cause. The United States may not yet have its Gallifet. But it has its criminal syndicalist laws with "good" capitalist judges enforcing them. It has its frame-up system which brought Billings, Mooney, Sacco, Vanzetti and countless others to the stairs of the hangman's scaffold. It has its department of justice which hunts down "undesirables" and tears them from their families, often leaving these families in misery and hunger. It has its Legion which, as was the case in Centralia, goes on a rampage of destruction and then perjures the victims into penitentiaries just because they defended themselves and their belongings. The United States does not have its wall of the federals but it has its Ludlow and its Calumet. It does not have its bloody May days of 1871—but it has its November days of 1887.

CAPITALISM reigns supreme in America and consequently the American workers suffer the exploitation, oppression and persecution of capitalism.

On the eighteenth of March, the workers of the world honor the Communards of 1871. What better method is there of honoring the dead of the class war of days gone by than to aid the wounded of the class war of today?

LONG live the international solidarity of the workers of the world!

Demand the opening of the prison gates behind which linger your fellow workers for no other crime than that of having fought for their, for our class interests.

Collect aid for the defense of these victims and for the support of their dependents.

### On the Day of the "Paris Commune" and International Red Aid.

1. During the month of March, and especially on March 18, the proletariat of all countries remembers the heroes and martyrs of the revolutionary uprisings of the working class, aimed at the overthrow of the thrones of the czars and kings of the bourgeois social order.

The February revolution in France and the March revolution in Germany in 1848, the uprising of the Paris proletariat, the proclamation of the Paris Commune on March 18, 1871—these are the first milestones in the struggle of the working class for power.

The Russian revolution of 1905, the overthrow of czarism in March 1917, are the next stages thru which the proletariat went prior to October 1917, to the triumph of its dictatorship, the Soviet state, in the realm of the former czarist Russian empire. Its power extends over one-sixth of the globe.

2. In June 1848 and in May 1871 the bourgeoisie, with the aid of their Generals Cavaignac and Gallifet, suppressed the uprising of the working class. Tens of thousands remained on the battlefield, thousands were tortured to death in prisons and by compulsory labor. In December 1905 the Russian czar suppressed the uprising of the proletariat, and like his fore-runners, the executioners from the camps of the French and the German bourgeoisie—was convinced of the certainty of his victory.

BUT the class conscious proletariat did not forget the great cause of the liberation of humanity proclaimed from the barricades of Paris, Berlin and Moscow in 1848, 1871 and 1905. It repressed its hatred and desire for revenge, and when, in consequence of the sufferings of the war and the disorganization resulting from the bloody battles of 1914 to 1917, the patience of the toiling masses came to an end, the workers of Leningrad, under the leadership of Lenin and the Russian Communist Party—the Bolsheviks—courageously proceeded to the realization of the bequest of the former revolutionary generations, and with the overthrow of the power of the bourgeoisie, an epoch of the international socialist proletarian revolution was entered upon in one country.

The day of the Paris Commune, as well as November 7, are therefore international revolutionary holidays of the entire proletariat, which mark the first concluding strokes of the 75 years of history of the revolutionary fight

and the lessons drawn from the defeat of 1871 as well as of the victory of October 1917.

3. The revolutionary workers of all countries are conducting their present struggle for the abolition of the power of capital and for the dictatorship of the proletariat under the leadership of the Communist International and its sections. Revolutionary Marxism, Bolshevism, Leninism—is the only direct continuation of the life-work of the first great teachers of the working class, Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels, the direct participants and leaders of the fight of the proletariat in 1848 and 1871.

Social democracy, the Second International, has rejected the continuation of the revolutionary fight which was begun in the preceding revolutions. They turn to the workers with the request to reject the class struggle. They themselves stand at the head of bourgeois governments or aid directly in their activity. From their midst have arisen many executioners such as the German social democrats Noske, Ebert and Hoersing, the Hungarian social democrats, the Estonian, Finnish socialists, who, with their own hands, organized the military slaughter of the revolutionary uprising of the working class.

THE working class, which carries on the work of the cause of the Paris Communards, must conduct a determined, ruthless struggle against the whole bourgeois front, and with unflinching will, drive from their midst the social democrats, the watch dogs of the bourgeoisie, who weaken the revolutionary energies of the working class and deliver them defenceless to their enemy class.

Only if the working class unites in the only workers' party, the Communist, will it be prepared for and capable of meeting the decisive struggle against the bourgeoisie. Only then will it be able to prevent a repetition of the mistakes of the Parisian Communards and be able to achieve an equally decisive victory as that which the Russian proletariat achieved in October 1917.

4. The Paris Commune of 1871 bequeathed to the revolutionary proletariat the first experiences in the sphere of the organization of its power, its dictatorship.

The Paris workers realized that they could not complete their liberation if they built on the foundation of the existing bourgeois state. They overthrew this state and gave their power a firm basis. Simple workers, absolutely unknown up to that time, courageously took into their hands the lead in the revolutionary commune, beset on all sides by enemies.

Two armies were against the commune which until the day previously had still been fighting each other; the armies of French and German capital. But the defeat of the commune can be ascribed in the final analysis to the vacillations in the ranks of the Communards, their refusal to make the decisive attack against fortified Versailles, where the bourgeoisie with their leader, Thiers, had taken refuge.

The defeat of the Paris Commune was actually a consequence of the

weakness of its military organization. Heroism, courage and flaming enthusiasm of the Paris Communards did not suffice alone to secure victory: the French proletariat at that time did not yet possess an internally firm revolutionary mass party, which might have led it without a pause to decisive victory.

DURING the present period between two revolutionary waves, the revolutionary working class, which learned from the experiences of this defeat, is preparing for fresh decisive battles, is directing all its energies to organizing its forces, to the creation of a strong Communist Party, to preparing it for the armed struggle.

The Russian proletariat has already avoided the mistakes of the Paris Commune, and created a revolutionary party long before the uprising, organized the Red Army, the army of its class, which is armed in accordance with all the rules of the latest military technique and absorbed all the experiences of the military struggle.

5. The cause of the easy victory gained by the bourgeoisie over the Paris Commune was the fact that the Parisian workers were not supported by the workers of France and the workers of other countries.

The fact that the French peasantry, which stood apart from the fight of the Parisian workers, not only did not support the latter, but even sided with the French bourgeoisie, helped the latter to defeat the revolutionary working class.

Following the teachings of Lenin, the revolutionary workers entered into direct alliance with the peasants fighting against the yoke of imperialism, they support them in this struggle and strive to bring about the revolutionary alliance of the workers and peasants, which conquered in the October revolution of 1917 and which will help the workers and peasants of the countries of the West to attain victory, and every day bring it nearer and nearer.

6. The revolting Parisian workers during the March days of 1871 had no illusions about and no confidence in the bourgeoisie and its governments. Their slogan was the revolt of the working class, the fight for power. Neither does the advance guard of the revolutionary proletariat of the present day harbor any illusions and deceptive hopes.

The past year, however, has destroyed these illusions in the broad masses of the proletariat. The "democratic-pacifist era," proclaimed a short time ago, very quickly came to an end. The bourgeoisie of all countries adopts the undisguised policy of fascist violence against the working class and prepares for fresh imperialist wars.

THE parties of the Second International also support this fascist policy of the bourgeois governments, just as they supported the "democratic-pacifist era" preceding it.

In Great Britain the conservative government is militarizing the railways in the fight against striking workers, proclaimed recently the transition to a protective policy, which will increase the prices of all articles of consumption of the working class,

and is conducting an open, violent campaign against the revolutionary movement of the peoples of the East and of the colonies, subjected to British imperialism.

THE "pacifist" and "democratic," Herriot, supported by the socialists, is trying to disguise with phrases his open desertion to the imperialist policy of force introduced by Poincaré.

Under Herriot reprisals against the Communists have begun and are becoming more and more intensified, the military occupation of the Cologne district was prolonged, but with respect to the Soviet Republic, the policy of the British conservatives has been imitated.

IN Germany, as a logical result of six years of social democratic betrayal of the coalition government, power fell into the hands of heavy industry and the Junkers, the party of the German nationalists, of the monarchists. The characteristic phenomenon in the sphere of international politics, is the general offensive of world capital against the colonial and semi-colonial peoples, under the slogan of the "united front" of the whole bourgeoisie, organized the British conservative government.

PACIFIST phrases are completely unmasked by the increased armaments on land, sea and air with recourse to the destructive chemical means for future wars; the refusal, in spite of the Versailles treaty, of the allies to evacuate the Cologne district; and the preparations of world capital for an armed attack on Soviet Russia.

In view of the increasing reaction in all countries, and the breathless preparations for fresh imperialist wars, the working class must close its ranks and march in a solid united front under the leadership of its revolutionary vanguard, the Communist Party, and the Communist International.

DURING the revolutions of 1848 and 1871, the bourgeoisie had already manifested that unlimited cruelty of which it is capable in the fight for the maintenance of its privileges and its power against the working class which ventures to rise up to secure its own liberation.

And at present also, the more determined becomes the will of the vanguard of the working class to overthrow the bourgeoisie by revolution, the more ruthlessly does the bourgeoisie deal with the fighters for the cause of the workers, no matter whether the bourgeoisie in question is a monarchist, a fascist or a republican power.

THE prisoners of capital who fell into the hands of their class enemies at the defeat of the Hungarian and Bavarian Soviet Republics, are still languishing in the prisons of Bavaria and Hungary under the most unendurable conditions. The prisons of Germany are filled to overflowing with prisoners who were imprisoned after the revolutionary fights of 1920 and 1921 in the Hamburg uprising and during the other fights in October in 1923.

THE prisoners of the bourgeoisie in the colonies of the German Empire are also being persecuted and tortured. The German bourgeoisie and the German social democrats, with the approval of the German social democrats, laid all the blame on the Communist Party of Germany in order to provide a formal excuse for fresh mass arrests and a further prohibition of the Communist Party of Germany.

THIS was one of the most insolent provocations of the bourgeoisie to overflowing with revolutionaries who fought for the overthrow of the imperialist yoke imposed by the European bourgeoisie on the colonial peoples of the East.

THE republics of the German social democrat Ebert and of the Polish socialist Pilsudski, the monarchies of Roumania and Jugo-Slavia, the "free" republic of American capital, vie with each other in the effort to invent the most outrageous persecutions against the Communist vanguard of the working class.

THE social democrats of Estonia, whose ranks the Reval uprising of the Estonian workers penetrated, together with the wealthy peasants and the speculators, and with the full endorsement of the Second International, before the eyes of the whole of Europe, mass execution of workers are organized, in most cases simply because they belong to the working class. Cynically and insolently the Hungarian social democrats, under the pressure of the workers, publish their notorious agreement with the bloody Hungarian ruler, Horthy, while a special commission sent by the Second International to "investigate" these base dealings of the Hungarian socialists, openly endorses the part played by their friends in the bloody settlement of accounts with the Hungarian working class.

THE total number of victims of the white terror during the period from 1918 to 1924 amounts to half a million. In the uprisings in Germany, Finland and Hungary (without counting the victims of white terror in Russia), etc., 100,000 people were killed, 150,000 were compelled to leave their country, tens of thousands are in prison (7,000 in Germany, 6,000 in Poland, 5,000 in Italy, 3,000 in the Baltic border states, and 4,000 in the Balkans).

The working class must put an end to this white terror.

In the course of the last year the fight for the liberation of political prisoners assumed a violent character. On March 18 our slogan "Liberate all the political prisoners who have suffered in the fight for the cause of the workers and for the liberation of oppressed peoples," must resound more powerfully and unite millions of workers in street demonstrations and processions.

8. The German bourgeoisie and the social democrats, who are preparing a new campaign against the Communist Party of Germany, the battering-ram of the proletarian revolution, are having recourse to the great provocative "Tcheka trial."

Spies and provocateurs of the German criminal police flooded the ranks of the Communist Party of Germany during the period of the revolutionary events in October 1923, and under instructions from the social democratic head of the police, organized a number of the most senseless and provocative acts of terror, murder, etc.

The German reactionary state administration, with the approval of the German social democrats, laid all the blame on the Communist Party of Germany in order to provide a formal excuse for fresh mass arrests and a further prohibition of the Communist Party of Germany.

THIS was one of the most insolent provocations of the bourgeoisie

Revolutionary Communism, Bolsheviks, never had recourse to the methods of individual terror and has always conducted its preparatory work for the rising of the working class under the slogan of the struggle and solidarity of the broad masses of the proletariat. "The liberation of the working class is the work of the working class itself"

The adventurous policy of perpetrating individual acts of terrorism against the enemies of the working class during the period of the first Russian revolution in 1908, was not characteristic of the revolutionary Marxists, but of the petty-bourgeois party of the Russian socialist revolutionaries, who belong to the reformist Second International, and are friends of the German social democrats.

THE masses of workers will not allow themselves to be misled by the provocative methods of the German social democratic secret police. And the renewed attempts to suppress the Communist Party of Germany will prove to be as futile as the former.

## PRESS PAGEANT PROMISES TO PACK MADISON SQUARE GARDEN, MAR. 15

NEW YORK, March 12.—Advance sale of the special DAILY WORKER 75c one-month subscriptions which carry with them as a premium a ticket to the Paris commune pageant, concert and ball to be held in Madison Square Garden on Sunday afternoon and evening, March 15, indicates that the historic old garden will witness another overflow crowd on that date.

Branch after branch is calling for more subscription tickets to sell. Party members who never before sold anything have already sold several sets of five each. Numerous individuals that are not members of the Workers Party or the Young Workers League have taken out the subscription folders and are helping. Over three thousand folders are now in the hands of willing workers, many of whom have already disposed of thirty and forty subscription tickets each.

The names and records of individuals selling 'will be kept confidential until the close of the subscription contest at 9 p. m., Sunday, March 15. The winners will be announced at the grand ball in Madison Square Garden that night, and the complete list of all comrades selling subscriptions and the record of every branch will be published in the party press immediately thereafter.

So many comrades are making a real effort that it has been decided not to limit the third and fourth prizes to two, but to give the gold plated Lenin watch charm to each one that sell at least fifty and the silver plated Lenin watch charm to every one that sells at least twenty-five of the subscription tickets. These watch charms will bear a suitable inscription and will be mementoes worth keeping and handing down to posterity.

To make correct decisions when the contest closes 9 p. m., March 15, it is absolutely essential for the comrades who have charge of this campaign in the various branches to keep exact record of members selling subscription tickets, to collect for all sub-

### Our Thanks to Uj Elore.

THE DAILY WORKER New York agency has received from our Hungarian sister daily a first class office desk as a donation. The DAILY WORKER accepts this with thanks as a token of good will from the Hungarian comrades.

Our appreciation is also due to Comrade M. Bortnick, who has made several advertising signs for the DAILY WORKER, donating his time, and who has just done some very artistic lettering on the DAILY WORKER office door, Room 21, 108 East 14th street, New York.

Bring in the Cash. All workers selling subscription tickets for the Paris Commune Pageant, Concert and Ball, Madison Square Garden, March 15, are advised that although the contest does not end until

### MASS REHEARSAL FOR COMMUNE.

NEW YORK, March 12.—Five hundred comrades are wanted at once to come to the mass rehearsals for the "Paris Commune Act," Sunday, March 15, at Madison Square Garden. Rehearsal on Friday, at Ukrainian Hall, 17 E. 3rd street. Final mass rehearsal Sunday, 8 a. m., at Madison Square Garden. The parts are easy to learn and comrades must come.

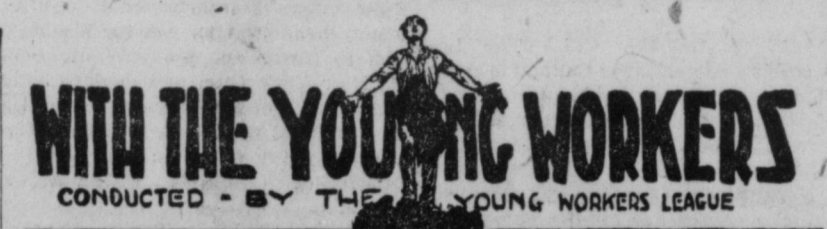
March 15 they should turn in all the cash possible by the 14th at the district office. Only one point will be allowed in the prize contest for each subscription ticket paid for on March 15, whereas one and a half points are allowed for every subscription ticket paid for at the district office, 108 East 14th street on or before the 14th. Subscriptions paid for after the 15th will not count at all in the contest, and will not be taken into consideration in figuring the percentage of the proceeds to go to each paper.

Members are therefore instructed not to hold their money until the finish, but to turn in the cash as fast as the subscription folders are sold.

### ORIENTAL BRANCH AND YOUNG WORKERS HOLD FIRST JAPANESE DANCE

NEW YORK, March 12.—Branch five of the Young Workers League of New York, in conjunction with the Oriental branch of the Workers (Communist) Party, has arranged a Japanese social and dance, to take place on March 28th, 8 p. m., at 108 E. 14 St.

A unique program has been arranged for the evening. Everybody tickets is promised an exceptionally good time. The proceeds will be donated to the DAILY WORKER and the Young Worker.



### Young Workers League Meetings Tonight, One Lecture on the C. I.

A lecture on the sixth year of the Communist International is the program for tonight's meeting of Area Branch No. 5. The lecture will be given by Comrade Sidney Borgeson and questions and discussion are to follow. The subject is very timely and one that has had much publicity in the press lately. All members, as well as party members and sympathizers, are urged to attend this interesting meeting.

Other branches are having a class on the A. B. C. of Communism. The meeting places and speakers are as follows:

Branch No. 1—Sixth floor, 166 W. Washington St. Speaker, Pete Herd.  
Branch No. 2—3116 S. Halsted St. Speaker, Nat. Kaplan.  
Branch No. 6—A social has been arranged by this branch.  
Branches 2 and 4 have changed their meeting nights. Branch 2 meets every other Friday and Branch No. 4 meets every Thursday at 3118 W. Roosevelt Road.

THE Working Area Branch No. 1, of the Young Workers League of Chicago, taking in the downtown district is having for its next educational meeting the study of "The A. B. C. of Communism." Comrade Peter Herd, the educational director of the city will start the discussion and then

the comrades of the branch will further discuss the text.  
Working Area Branch No. 1 is one of the most active branches in the city. It has two functioning nuclei, one in a department store and another in the clothing factory and a number of prospective nuclei in the department stores where thousands of young workers work and they will take up the matter of organization of these nuclei at the next meeting of the branch which will be the activity meeting, where the activities of the branch as a whole, are taken up.

This branch has been assigned a quota of 100 subs for The Weekly Young Worker by May 1, (one-fifth of the amount assigned the whole city) and at the recent Young Workers celebration pledged to raise \$50.00 for the weekly. It has already raised something like \$10.00 of that amount and gotten in about eight subs.

The branch meets every Friday in Room 506, 166 W. Washington St., Federation Bldg. Everybody is welcome to attend our meetings.

Boston Juniors Busy. First annual concert and play arranged by the Junior groups of the Y. W. L. of Boston and vicinity, Friday, March 27, at 8 p. m. at Dudley street opera house, Roxbury, Mass. Admission 35 cents.

Get a sub for the DAILY WORKER from your shopmate and you will make another member for your branch.

## BAYONETS PROD HAITI PEASANTS INTO SLAVERY

### America's Marines Are Spreading Terror

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Haiti's "progress" under the urge of American bayonets is shown in the annual report of John H. Russell, military dictator of the republic under his title as American high commissioner. This report, dated January 1, has just been given out by the state department.

It appears that stabilization of Haitian finances is still under way, after eight years of occupation, and that the national railroad is still under process of reorganization.

However, "The state of peace which the country has enjoyed since the American intervention, and especially in the past three years, has continued undisturbed through the year 1924, with the result that the Haitian people's feeling of security has been fortified. This is most favorable to agriculture, for the native peasant, certain of peace and security, has been enticed back to the soil and the resumption of cultivation. Encouraged by the feeling that they can now till their lands without fear of damage to their property or harm to their persons, the peasants, during the year just closed, have placed under cultivation much additional arable land. To a traveler thru the interior the contentment and well-being of the peasants are obvious."

Yet only a few weeks ago Secretary Hughes said that Haiti would not be evacuated by our marines until the people showed a willingness to keep

## GENERAL MEMBERSHIP NEW YORK SHOP NUCLEI ORGANIZATION MEETING

(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, March 12.—A general membership shop nuclei organization meeting will be held Saturday afternoon, March 21, at 2 o'clock sharp at the party headquarters, 108 E. 14th St., New York City. This meeting is of great importance. It is held for the purpose of organizing the party members who work in the factories situated between 14th and 42nd streets into shop nuclei. All party members who work in the above section should attend this meeting. Already over eight shop nuclei have been organized in the city. This is only a beginning. Comrades come to this meeting so that all the comrades who work in this section can be organized into shop nuclei thus forming the first shop nuclei section in the Workers (Communist) Party. Comrades don't forget. Meeting takes place Saturday afternoon, March 21, at 2 o'clock at 108 E. 14th St., the party headquarters. The meeting is for party members only.

BEN GITLOW, Shop Nuclei Organizer.

the peace. Russell ignores the fact that the killing, looting and general demoralization of native life in Haiti, in these years of the occupation has been credited to American terrorism and reprisal.

Give your shopmate this copy of the DAILY WORKER—but be sure to see him the next day to get his subscription.



### CZARISTS GIVEN MONEY BY NEW YORK 'SOCIETY'

#### Parasites Hold Dance for Russia's Enemies

NEW YORK, March 12.—More money will be raised here tomorrow in the interests of the deposed czars, when the wives and daughters of the exploiters of American workers, hold a ball for the benefit of counter-revolutionary Russians who would again impose the yoke of czarism on the Russian people.

The dance, given under the auspices of the "Russian Refugee Society of America," will be entitled, "Dance of the Cherry Orchard," and will glorify the period before the Russian revolution, when the aristocracy enjoyed luxury and the expense of the toiling Russian peasants and workers.

"Grand Duchess" Maria of Russia, "Baroness" A. L. Fredericks, "Princess" Youssouf, and "Princess" Irina, are patronesses of the ball, side by side with the American society parasites. Included among the Americans who are helping to raise money for a further attack on the workers' and peasants' government of Soviet Russia, are Mrs. George Gordon Battle, Miss Margaret Woodrow Wilson, Mrs. J. Boarden Harrison and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson.

### Italian Rail Union Headquarters Burned by Fascist Gang

ROME—On the night of January 3, a band of fascists invaded and sacked the headquarters of the Italian Railwaymen's Federation at Bologna. The usual methods were employed. After forcing the door the furniture was thrown out of the windows, sprayed with petrol and set on fire.

The building was also seriously damaged, and not one of the eight rooms is in a state to be used. The damage is estimated at 150,000 liras.

In a report the committee of the federation states, "The result of 30 years' constant effort has been destroyed at a single blow. We are left with nothing but the faith and will that have hitherto helped us to overcome all difficulties and carry on with our work. We shall carry on in the spirit of the Italian railwaymen who honor us with their confidence."

**Chicago, Notice!**

The local DAILY WORKER AGENCY (Thurber Lewis, Agent) has moved to 19 SO. LINCOLN ST. Phone Seeley 3562

Call or write for all Communist Books and Pamphlets The Little Red Library The Workers Monthly The Daily Worker

### WASHINGTON STATE SUPREME COURT DECLARES ALL PICKETING ILLEGAL IN UNANIMOUS DECREE

OLYMPIA, Wash., March 12.—The supreme court of the state of Washington by unanimous decision practically forbids picketing. It forbids the unions to place any signs, or to post pickets carrying any signs within 100 feet of the entrances of the place being picketed, and declares that there is "no such thing as peaceful picketing."

This reverses the lower court's decision which merely prohibited the pickets from trespassing on the property picketed, or from blocking entrances.

**The Name Doesn't Matter.**

The case at issue was that in which John Hanz, who operates four scab second run, ten-cent movie houses in Seattle, is fighting the Musicians' Union. The fight against his scab houses has been dragging on for over two years. The Seattle union has tried to evade the anti-picketing law of 1919, by placing "observers" to report on union men going into the shows. The decision says that the name doesn't matter.

This decision follows one handed down in 1922 by the Spokane courts in the case of Dempsey's Pastime restaurant vs. the Cooks and Waiters' Union, and reverses the King County court decision in the Danz case.

All Picketing is Violation of Law.

If allowed to stand, it means that picketing is made wholly illegal. It is somewhat doubtful if it will go unchallenged by the unions.

Hanz operates four theaters, two uptown, one downtown, one on the skid row. His audiences are made up chiefly of workers. His Star Theater, on the skid row, is always crowded, neither the A. F. of L. boycott on the theater, nor the I. W. W. boycott on California movies seeming to interest the workers.

### WOBBLIES ARE PARDONED BUT STILL HELD

**May Still Be Deported, Tho Unaccused**

NEW YORK, March 12.—The cases of the five Industrial Workers of the World, war-time political prisoners who were pardoned by President Coolidge but are still being held for deportation by the department of labor, will be argued in the federal district court in Chicago on March 17.

Attorney Isaac Shorr will represent the wobblies and endeavor to have the men released. He argues that there is no justification for the deportation warrants since the president has pardoned the men, cancelling their alleged offenses. Herbert Mahler, Joseph Oates, Pietro Nigra, and William Moran are the men involved.

If the federal judge decides against the men and remands them to the department of labor, writ of habeas corpus proceedings will be instituted immediately for the release of the men.

According to the New York branch of the general defense committee the department of labor is unwarrantedly blocking the release of the men which should have followed the president's pardon.

### Lumber Trust Gives Lessons on How to Beat the Law

SEATTLE, March 12.—Announcement has been made that at the annual meeting of the Douglas Fir Exploitation and Export company, E. C. Griggs of Tacoma was re-elected president.

The federal government started action against this company as a "combination in restraint of trade," about a year ago, but with no results to date.

The reason for no results may be that Griggs, a democrat, was running for congress last fall on that ticket. Then, when it was too late to put anyone else up, he withdrew, leaving the fields clear for the lily of reaction, Johnson, the author of the anti-foreign-born immigration bill.

**BUFFALO, NOTICE!**

**International SOCIAL AND DANCE**

given by the Workers Party, Local Buffalo

**Saturday, March 14, at Labor Lyceum, 376 William Street.**

Fine Program — Music — Dancing Refreshments.

All radicals in Buffalo will be there. ADMISSION 50 CENTS.

### OUR DAILY PATTERNS

A PLEASING HOUSE OR MORNING FROCK. A NEAT AND COMFORTABLE PLAY SUIT



4619. This model provides a separate blouse. The Overalls are sleeveless and the body portion of the back is buttoned to the waist portion. Seersucker, denim, or gingham could be used for the overalls, and cambric for the blouse, or the entire suit may be of one material.

The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 2, 3, 4 and 5 years. A 4 year size requires 1 1/2 yards for the overalls, and 1 1/2 yard for the blouse.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps. Address: THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

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**FASHION BOOK NOTICE!**

Send 12c in silver or stamps for our up-to-date Spring and Summer 1925 Book of Fashions, showing color plates and containing 500 designs of ladies', misses', and children's patterns, a complete and comprehensive article on dress-making, also some points for the needle illustrating 30 of the various simple stitches, all valuable hints to the home dressmaker.

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### PLENTY OF REAL PERSECUTION IN THIS COUNTRY

#### 83 Communist Cases Alone in 5 States

That the criminal syndicalism laws of the various states of this country have not been dead letters on the statute books, is proven by the fact that since the war there have been at least 83 Communist cases alone on which indictments have been secured in at least five states.

This has been shown from a recent survey made by the Labor Defense Council to determine the extent to which prosecution under the criminal syndicalism laws has gone on. This estimate does not include many cases in which people have been seized and held under the criminal syndicalism laws of various states for numbers of days, and have been released because of the complete lack of evidence.

From Coast to Coast

The eighty-three cases include only those where indictments have been actually secured and where the cases have either been concluded or are still pending. Of these eighty-three cases, there have been thirty-two in Michigan, eighteen in Illinois, sixteen in Pennsylvania, five in New York, one in West Virginia and eleven in California. California, of course, has imprisoned scores of I. W. W. under this law.

Due to the fact that the defense of these cases has been spread thru the period since the war, it was not definitely known until this survey was made how far-reaching the prosecutions under these laws were. In fact, this survey is in itself as yet not complete, inasmuch as there are cases in a number of states, the complete details of which have not yet been received.

**U. S. Not Behind in Persecution**

Taking into consideration the many hundreds of deportation cases, a complete survey of which has yet to be made in the future, also a number of cases coming under an assortment of other laws which have been utilized for the purpose of prosecuting those who have opinions other than those of the powers that be, we find that the United States is by no means the last among those countries which have a tremendous mass of political prosecutions to their credit.

An outstanding fact of great importance is that there are still forty-three cases to be tried in the courts, that there are at least three cases that are being appealed to various state courts and three that are on appeal to the United States supreme court. Couple of this with the news already published several times, that various states, among them notably Idaho, are putting even more teeth into their criminal syndicalism laws than they have at the present time, this brings home the nature of the work that still has to be done both morally, and financially as far as concrete defense is concerned, to keep these political defendants from jail and to fight the criminal syndicalist laws.

**Sabotage of Bosses Is "Good Business"; of I. W. W., a "Crime"**

(Special to The Daily Worker)

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 12.—Pacific coast logging production is to be cut one-half for the next two months by agreement between loggers, lumbermen, and bankers of British Columbia, Washington, Oregon and California. This is necessary in order to keep prices high on building material, and the logical result of an economic system based on production for profit, as in America, not for use, as in Soviet Russia.

This is clearly a combination in restraint of trade, but needless to say neither the American or Canadian government will bother to interfere. They are too busy framing up cases against rebellious workers.

When a worker slows down on production, he gets fired. When the working-class organizations agree that slowing down on production would be a good idea, as the I. W. W. has been accused of doing, they are charged with sabotage, criminal syndicalism, etc., and are apt to be sent to prison. When the bosses do exactly the same thing, it shows what good business men they are.

This is typical of capitalism which makes laws to oppress the workers, but protects their exploiters.

Write us a letter—tell us how you work, what are your wages and shop conditions—and then order a bundle for distribution in your shop.

### New York Tenants Demand Action on Housing Crisis

NEW YORK, March 12.—In spite of the fact that statistics show that the number of dwellings in New York is 434,175, and the number of families 1,555,000, the legislature at Albany has failed to provide any rent or housing regulations.

The Audobon Community council, the Washington Heights Tenants' association, and the Tenant-Taxpayers' Protective league have sent resolutions to the legislature protesting against that body's inaction in the face of the New York City housing crisis.

**English Firm Gets Zinc Concession from Soviet Russia**

HARBIN, March 12.—The conclusion of a big contract is reported for the exploitation of the Tetukhe zinc ore mines, by which the concessionaire, Brunner, undertakes to set up a blast furnace and generally to run the enterprise in such a manner as to have zinc exported as a finished product and not in the shape of crude ore, as it was done before the war of 1914, when the said mines were worked by a German firm.

### Steel Workers Lose \$1,500,000 to Bosses By Clever Little Cal

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 12.—President Coolidge did not sign the bill, passed by the house and senate, for payment to the former workers in the Bethlehem Steel company's plant the raise in wages granted them by the war labor board and repudiated by Chas. M. Schwab and his company. Some \$1,500,000 due these steel workers is involved. Payment was to have been made from the treasury, and the government was then to have sued the company for reimbursement.

**Russia Buys From Persia**

TEHERAN, Persia, March 12.—Large purchases of foodstuffs are being made in Persia for the areas in Soviet Russia where there is a likelihood for a food shortage.

### English Firm Gets Zinc Concession from Soviet Russia

HARBIN, March 12.—The conclusion of a big contract is reported for the exploitation of the Tetukhe zinc ore mines, by which the concessionaire, Brunner, undertakes to set up a blast furnace and generally to run the enterprise in such a manner as to have zinc exported as a finished product and not in the shape of crude ore, as it was done before the war of 1914, when the said mines were worked by a German firm.

### UNCLE WIGGILY'S TRICKS

"They got awful nice lollypops here, Uncle Wiggily"

"Why don't you buy yourself one, Uncle Wiggily?"

"But I don't eat lollypops, my dear!"

"Oh, I'll eat it for you!"

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### BUILDERS AT WORK

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Don't wait and become dissatisfied. If your paper does not arrive regularly, send us the exact dates missing so we can take the matter up with the post office.

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And if you want fast service on all these complaints and any others you may have, you can get faster service by putting all complaints on separate sheets. Place the bundle order complaints on one sheet; sub complaints on another, etc.

But do not fail to complain! We want to notice all irregularities whether of our office or the post office for we want to give every reader and agent the best service possible.

In sending subs or complaints be sure to send us your address written very plainly as this is the reason for most complaints.

Whatever the reason you may have for feeling dissatisfied be sure to write us. We want the best working class newspaper to have the best service. And remember it is impossible for us to know of our errors until you write us about them.

### WORKERS CO-OPERATIVE OF GARY RUNS MODEL RESTAURANT, USING PROFITS FOR EDUCATIONAL WORK

GARY, Ind., March 12.—One of the main activities of the Gary Workers' Co-operative Society, which holds a mass meeting here on March 15, is the running of a co-operative restaurant at 1733 Broadway. The society charges ten dollars per share for its stock, but in order to keep the organization entirely in control of the workers, allows every member only one vote, regardless of the number of shares he holds.

No profits are allowed shareholders, and no interest is paid on the stock. The food is sold at low prices, and is kept at a high standard of quality. The profits are put into educational work among the Gary workers, and for mutual aid to the workers belonging to the society.

All workers interested in furthering the interests of their class are invited to attend the mass meeting which will be held at 2:00 p. m., March 15, at 215 West 18th avenue. Speakers will tell of the work of the co-operative in both Russian and English languages. Admission is free.

All workers are invited to buy a share of stock in the Gary Workers' Co-operative.

### Papers Lie About "Prosperity," But Poor Seek Charity

TACOMA, Wash., March 12.—Tacoma papers constantly tell of the steadily increasing prosperity of this city. But the county charity commissioners office proves that they lie.

The past eleven months show 534 cases of outdoor relief and 1,905 county hospital cases. This almost doubles the figures for the preceding fiscal year. This February shows double the expense of last February. There is a long waiting list of applicants who wish to enter the county hospital and the county poor farm, both of which are overcrowded now.

And this relief does not reach the hundreds of migratory workers who drift thru the city, vainly seeking work, sleeping in box cars, pool halls, etc., and begging for food. Their only job is keeping cool with Coolidge.

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**FOR COMMUNIST CLARITY—**

**Leninism or Trotskyism**

By Gregory Zinoviev, I. Stalin and L. Kamenev.

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### UNEMPLOYMENT IS EXTENSIVE, STATE REPORTS

#### But Points Hopefully to 4,301 New Jobs

Factory industry, at least, is expanding slightly in Illinois, according to the estimate of the general advisory board of the Illinois state department of labor. But the report admits that there is "extensive unemployment."

The 1,188 manufacturers who report to the department, had on the pay roll for the week ending the middle of February, 285,398 workers, or about 40 per cent of the factory workers of the state. This is an increase of 4,301 workers since the previous month's report.

Some Very, Very Thin Gains

The report says, "of forty-four out of fifty-five industries, practically all recorded a gain." Presumably, however, the 4,301 re-employed workers, when spread over these forty-four industries, make the gain thin in each, or very thin indeed in most. The department does not elucidate these figures except by indirection.

The leading increase was in the metal industry, automobile and accessory products adding 11.6 to the January payroll. In agricultural implements, the report states, "In recent months the payrolls have been steadily increased until operations are now 47 per cent above the low point reached in August 1924.

**The Rate of Men to Jobs**

"Operations of the free employment offices showed there were 173 persons registered for each 100 jobs in February, as compared with 183 in January. In Chicago, 1,418 building permits authorized \$27,220,450 worth of work, which was about \$9,000,000 over the figure of February 1924. In the residential suburbs of Chicago, principally Oak Park, Evanston and Berwyn, the new projects were exceptionally extensive."

**Silent on Miners**

The report is as silent as the grave on the terrible unemployment rife among the coal miners of the state of Illinois.

In explaining, "the anomaly of expanding industry and extensive unemployment," the report says: "When business after a period of decline changes for the better, all the workers are not taken back at once, but the process is slow and gradual."

### Coolidge Demand for Discharging Workers Hits Printers' Union

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Columbia Typographical Union has protested to President Coolidge the sudden dismissal of 175 of its members from the government printing office, which is almost solidly organized.

Public printer Carter is accused by President Smith of the union with violation of the law in this summary move in the so-called "economy" program. The fact that veterans of the world war are among those laid off is further complicating the situation.

Carter replies that he was ordered to reduce the force to 4,000 men, and that he did so as humanely as was possible. The White House demanded a reduction in operating costs; it is now up to Coolidge.

**PITTSBURGH, PA.**

To those who work hard for their money, I will save 50 per cent on all their dental work.

**DR. RASNICK**  
DENTIST  
645 Smithfield Street.

**FOR COMMUNIST CLARITY—**

**Leninism or Trotskyism**

By Gregory Zinoviev, I. Stalin and L. Kamenev.

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**UNCLE WIGGILY'S TRICKS**

A LAUGH FOR THE CHILDREN



THE DAILY WORKER

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Entered as second-class mail Sept. 21, 1923, at the Post-Office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

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Wages, Prices and Workers

Wholesale prices have risen 10 per cent since August of last year.

This means that without lockouts, wage cuts or furore of any kind, the wages of the American working class have been reduced ten per cent.

In the textile and coal mining industries, to speak only of these two instances, there is a well organized drive against the workers' wages.

In the old days of competitive capitalism price increases could be discounted by wage increases.

Today monopoly control of basic industry is able to make inroads on the living standard of the workers by price fixing and wage cutting at one and the same time.

Competition between the national capitalisms is keener than ever before. The capitalist class of every country is impelled to war on the living standards of the workers.

It is because capitalism is no longer able to grant wholesale wage increases to the working class that the whole power of the capitalist state is mobilized to put down wage movements.

The Communists understand the vital nature of the conflicts over wages and hours. Their attitude is not the static one of mere sympathy for the workers who are involved, but dynamic in that Communists encourage these struggles on the part of the workers, participate in them and try to give the whole working class movement a concrete program and direction that leads it to pride in itself, hatred of capitalism and the will to triumph over it thru the organized power of the workers and farmers.

Get a member for the Workers Party and a new subscription for the DAILY WORKER.

The Reynolds Case

The quashing of the contempt charges and the dropping of the injunction secured by the Hutcheson machine of the Carpenters' Union against Comrade Reynolds of Detroit as a result of his militant activities in the union, is an example of what organization of the workers' forces and mass pressure on the courts can accomplish.

Comrade Reynolds and the rank and file that supported him never backed up one inch. The moment the injunction barring him from attending union meetings was issued it was violated.

The rank and file of the union attended the hearings en masse and never for a minute was their attitude in doubt.

The defeat of the union reactionaries will strengthen immensely the Workers Party and the Trade Union Educational League in the Detroit labor movement and nationally. The militant carpenters are not resting on their laurels, however. They are pushing agitation and organization and using the interest that has been aroused by the case to build a bigger and more conscious left wing.

Japanese women invaded the meeting of the imperial diet the other day and made the rafters ring with demands for equal rights.

Every day get a "sub" for the DAILY WORKER and a member for the Workers Party.

Send in that new "sub" today!

The Breach Widens

France is threatening to form an alliance with Russia and Japan if her demands for a security pact against Germany are not granted.

Great Britain retaliates by circulating rumors in London to the effect that the balance sheets of the Bank of France are forged and that \$100,000,000 more than the amount of paper money authorized has been circulated.

France would allow Japan, as the basis of the proposed alliance, to use her Indo-China ports in the event of war with England or America, thus making the British Singapore base of little value.

The alternate proposal, that Germany be one of the signers of the security pact is just as distasteful to Poland. She insists that if Germany is taken into the allied family that transportation of munitions and troops across Germany must be permitted in the event of war with Russia.

German nationalism hates and fears Soviet Russia, but Poland is the immediate enemy and Germany will hardly consent to be another Danzig corridor to the enemy on her eastern frontier.

The British dominions have washed their hands of the whole affair and any guarantees made to France by Great Britain will not be endorsed by South Africa, Australia and Canada.

In this welter of capitalist diplomatic strife it is of interest to recall the statement of the French press quoted by us recently saying that "France must now choose her allies in the Far East."

The only thing certain in this complicated European situation is that national rivalries are becoming deeper and the breach between the conflicting imperialist nations wider.

As a result of this, Soviet Russia stands out more and more definitely as the great power without whom even no important temporary settlement can be made.

The workers' and peasants' government is the biggest force in European affairs.

The grape fruit will not be the sourest article at the breakfast party of Warren and Coolidge.

"State Police Facts"

State senators and representatives in the Illinois legislature have been handed a questionnaire entitled "State Police Facts."

The first question is: "Why does Illinois need a state police force?"

The answer, written by some unconscious humorist or a living Sherwood Anderson character who has never been in the metropolis, begins:

"To patrol our public highways and give everybody in the state the same police protection as is now enjoyed in Chicago..."

It is pretty well a matter of record that the only people who get police protection in Chicago are unfair bosses, strikebreakers, gunmen and criminals. The most patriotic Chicago babbitt cites this fact as a matter for local pride.

Another question asked and answered is: "Will they (the state police) arrest strikers?" Answer: "Yes, if they break the law; no, if they don't. In other words, they will be treated just as all other citizens."

This would be good news—if it were true. If strikers could be sure that they would be treated exactly like "other citizens" owning mines, factories and natural resources they would not care how many police there were.

The state police bill is just another attempt to create a stronger band of mercenaries for the capitalists of Illinois. They admit this themselves.

When this sinister measure has been branded as an assault on the unions and the working class in general one has said all that can be said.

It must be fought just as the injunction and all other special measures of repression are fought—as part of the class struggle.

The German railway workers are on strike against the low wage system of the Dawes plan. The workers of Great Britain face a new drive on their unions and wages. The textile workers and coal miners of America are confronted with wage cuts and an open shop offensive.

As our cartoonist shows, the foreign-born workers are the left arm of American labor. Let the rulers cut it off with House Bill 11796 and they will soon be hacking at the other arm—the native-born workers.

The government of Belgium has refused to let Eamon de Valera speak in that country. We hope the Irish workers who fought to preserve "the neutrality of Belgium," will note the success of their efforts.

What could be more appropriate than to have a vice-president named Lacey come to Chicago to fight the militant members of the Carpenters' Union?

The Commune Celebrations

THE anniversary of the proclamation of the Paris Commune and the celebrations, demonstrations and mass meetings held to commemorate it, have taken on a world wide revolutionary political meaning since the Russian revolution and the organization of the Communist International.

The Third (Communist) International has dedicated the anniversary of the commune to the victims of the class war. In all the celebrations held it is the extension of the terror of international capitalism and capitalist government that must be the subject first on the order of business.

No mere recital of the events leading up to the commune and the slaughter of the workers of Paris is permissible. Horrible as was the mass murder of the revolutionists of the Commune, modern history, contemporary events, furnish just as horrible examples in the rivers of blood pouring from the shattered bodies of thousands of workers and peasants who have risen against capitalist tyranny.

The anniversary of the commune is a day for hammering at the doors of the jails and dungeons of world capitalism. The prisons of the capitalist rulers are filled to overflowing and the crack of rifles, the rat-tat-tat of machine guns, the thud of clubs, the shrieks of the dying and tortured victims of reaction resound thruout the globe. The death toll of workers rolled up before the wall of Paris is small compared to the list of working class victims written in blood by capitalism since 1917.

THE end is not yet. There is no unemployment among the jailers and executioners. On March 15 in Madison Square Garden, New York, in Ashland Auditorium, Chicago, March 29, will be held two gigantic commune celebrations. A party member who absents himself betrays those of his class who have been jailed in the world revolutionary conflict.

On page 4 of today's issue we publish a "Thesis for Agitators on the day of the Paris Commune and International Red Aid."

Every member of the Workers (Communist) Party, especially those comrades who are in charge of these demonstrations and those who will have the privilege of speaking to the masses that will assemble there, should study the thesis with the utmost care.

THE days are past for academic discussion and oratorical glorification of the revolutionary heroes of yesterday. We learn from their lives, their struggles and their deaths, but as Communists, we live in the present and face a future which is ours. It is the struggle of today that must be the major theme at the commune meetings. Nothing is of more importance to the world revolution than the army of working class victims of the world wide white terror and the struggle in which they died or were sent to a living death.

The commune left for its glorious

monument the graves of thousands of workers who died rather than surrender to their oppressors. It was the first breach made in the walls of capitalism by a conscious, working class. We remember these heroic victims with love and gratitude.

BUT we must not forget that the battle line has been lengthened since the commune. Regiments, brigades, whole armies of the workers are on the front where only the handful of Communards once stood. Like the Communards, the workers of Germany, France, Italy, Poland, Bulgaria, Estonia, Finland, Lithuania, Spain, Egypt, India, China, Indo-China, Java, Philippines, all the countries of the far east, Mexico, Haiti, Chile, even of "democratic" England and America, have had their blood baths—have seen their comrades with whom they fought shoulder to shoulder handed over the brutal turnkeys of the ruling class.

On the anniversary of the commune we do not look back with puzzled wonder that such atrocities could have happened. We live in a world that has lost all characteristics of the comparatively peaceful period when capitalism was in its prime. Our world is a bloody world, our rulers' hands are stained a deeper crimson than in 1848. It is the same class that rules except in Soviet Russia. IT rules again by blood and iron. The same class crushed the 1905 revolution. The same class tried to drown in gore the revolution of 1917. It faces now a world wide revolt and its methods are the same in all countries—murder, torture, tombs for the living, shallow graves for the dead.

For those workers who gave their lives in the fight we can do nothing, but honor their memory and pledge ourselves to see that they did not die in vain.

But for the living victims we can and will do something. We will let millions of workers know of the obscene tortures they undergo because they are revolutionists and place the interests of the workers and peasants first.

WE will demand freedom for them and organize to enforce our demands.

We will teach the lessons of the commune by the living examples of today. We will number and name the nations whose jails are filled, we will show the working class what capitalism has in store for those who will not be slaves and we will organize our class for disciplined action in a war that it cannot evade except by allowing shackles to be welded on its limbs.

THE day of the commune is the day of International Red Relief. It is the day on which the workers mobilize to free the working class victims of the white terror.

On the anniversary of the day when the Communards challenged the capitalist rulers we renew the challenge and drive against capitalism for freedom for the imprisoned heroes of the working class.

Down with capitalist terror! Freedom for all workers and peasants jailed in the revolutionary struggle!

Support the International Red Relief! Long live the Commune!

Communists Urging General Strike of All German Unions

(Continued from page 1)

the Dawes' plan management and the rail unions.

The real reason, however, for the refusal of these socialist leaders of the Berlin unions in other industries than railway work, to meet with the shop committee delegates of rail workers, is that these Communist controlled rank and file bodies are determined to spread the strike beyond the railway workers into all industries. They openly announce the purpose to tie up all traffic and all production.

Dawes' Plan Strikes a Snag.

The Dawes' plan management precipitated the conflict by raising the salary of the higher officials at the same time they refused the modest demand of the lowest paid workers for an increase of three pennings an hour and a re-establishment of the eight-hour day which the Dawes' plan stole from the German workers.

In this demand the lower circle of railway officials, clerks and foremen are fully supporting the demands of the manual workers, their organization yesterday having voted to ally itself with the strikers.

Complete General Strike Developing.

With the militant leadership of the Communists within the unions, the situation is such that if a general railway strike is ordered after today's conference, the Communist program for a walk-out of all union workers in other industries as well appears certain to develop within forty-eight hours.

English Spy Spews Lies About Russia

Frederick A. McKenzie, the English spy who was thrown out of Russia for his lies about the workers' and peasants' government there, will speak tonight at Orchestra Hall.

McKenzie, who is being toured thru the country by the Russian carlist and counter-revolutionary mensheviks who are also supporting Raphael Abramovich, spoke recently in Chicago before an audience of white guard Russians who fed Russia rather than go to work. Many interruptions occurred during McKenzie's talk.

Most of the few remaining Chicago socialists are expected to be at the spy's meeting tonight.

Workers Taxed For Ebert's Death.

BERLIN, Germany, March 12.—Frau Ebert, widow of the first German president, will receive a pension of \$141.00 a month. The reichstag assumed the cost of the funeral of Ebert on behalf of the nation. The Communists protested on the grounds that Ebert represented not the masses of the people, but the German bourgeoisie. Ebert's funeral cost over \$10,000.

German President Sworn In.

BERLIN, March 12.—Dr. Walter Simons was officially sworn in as president ad interim of Germany today, the ceremony taking place in the reichstag. Dr. Simons will take over the duties of the late President Ebert until the presidential elections, Mar. 29.

"Third Degree" Bill.

MONTPELLIER, Vt., March 12.—Governor Billings today signed a bill which provides that third degree methods shall not be used on a person suspected of a crime until the prisoner has had an opportunity to consult a lawyer.

Patronize our advertisers.

LENIN SCHOOL STUDENTS COMING FROM EVERY SECTION OF STATE

The Chicago intensive Training School which will open Monday morning, 8:30 at 722 Blue Island Ave., is assured of a representative student body from all over the state. Many of these comrades, among whom is Comrade Voyzey who ran for international president of the miners' union and received 66,000 votes, against Lewis, have written in enthusiastically about the necessity of this course and signified their great willingness to take advantage of this excellent opportunity.

Most of the comrades coming from out of town are active members of the left wing of the trade union movement who come to equip themselves so as to better fight the reactionaries in their organizations and carry on more effective party work.

Comrades attending the school, come from St. Louis, W. Frankfort, O'Fallon, Zeigler, Christopher, Decatur, Dowell, Sesser, Springfield, Gary, Milwaukee, Verona, Waukegan, Orient, etc. Among these comrades will be such active workers in the miners' union as Staples, who beat Phil Murray in the state of Illinois in the international miners' elections; Reid Corbistley, Young, etc. There will also be members of the Young Workers League coming from Detroit, Cleveland and from the rest of the district. To be included in the above, of course, are also quite a number of Chicago comrades.

Will Aid Party Work.

Among other things, the wide representation from all over the state makes it certain that not only the school will be a great success but that the work of the party will be materially aided in that the comrades from all over the district will give the district office first hand information of the work going on in their localities and will in turn carry out plans laid down by the district as a unit when they go home from the intensive training course.

There is also, no doubt, that after the intensive course is finished that all the comrades attending will in turn aid in the establishment of educational work in the localities from which they came, and thus make the educational program as well as the other work increasingly effective.

We are now able to publish the outline of the course on Leninism, which will be given in eight lectures.

This course will be a sort of connecting link between the various other courses given as well as bring forth a great amount of new material of its own.

Comrade M. Gomez who heads the research department of the national office of the party teaches this course and will prove very valuable to the comrades attending.

Course in Leninism.

1. Introductory—The Elements of Marxism Theory—(Dealing principally with the dynamics of Marxism—dialectic materialism, the class struggle, etc.)

2. From the Diluted "Marxism" of the Second International to The Revolutionary Doctrine of Lenin. (Distortion of Marx's teachings during period of parliamentarism and stabilization of capitalism. The world war, Leninism, the Marxism of the present revolutionary epoch; the Marxism of revolutionary action.)

3. The State and Revolution—(Theory of the state; the state and revolution; decisions due to lack of understanding of the nature and function of the state—Germany. I. W. W., etc.)

4. Imperialism The Final Stage of Capitalism—(Economics of imperialism; present view of the world; American imperialism; catastrophic climax of imperialism.)

5. "The Vanguard of the Proletariat" (Role of a revolutionary political party; what kind of a party; complete severance from opportunism;

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from page 1)

haven't got their country. They don't own factories and they never expect to.

IT is rumored that the prince of Wales will get married after his return from his trip to South Africa and South America. The British ruling class are very anxious over the prince's objections to the matrimonial knot, tho they know he is no woman hater. The fact is, if reports are reasonably correct, that he likes them not wisely but too well. King George is seriously ill and a king without a queen would raise the dickens with royal society. One of the nuts the prince must have to crack is getting a wife whose religion will harmonize with the creed of the house of Wettin. Most of the available unhitched princesses are Catholics.

ANOTHER rumor turned loose in England is that Ramsay MacDonald will return his endowed automobile to the tory millionaire biscuit manufacturer, Sir Alexander Grant. The auto was accompanied by an endowment fund of \$150,000, enough to keep it in gasoline. The sight of the auto is not pleasing to the eyes of the British working class, and as MacDonald is not willing to lose his leadership, he may let the auto go. Sir Alexander might let him hold on to the \$150,000 worth of stock until his turn to board in Downing street might come around again. If MacDonald relinquishes his hold on the biscuit shares he is the first social democrat that ever did such a thing.

THE fascist press in Italy is joyous over the deep friendship existing between Mussolini and the American ambassador at Rome. Mussolini is ill, very ill. Ambassador Fletcher is constantly inquiring about him. So pleased was Benito over this, that he called for the largest picture of himself that could be found, signed it and sent it to Fletcher. Last year when Wall Street financiers began to hammer the lire, Fletcher wired to the state department to call off the wolves. This was done. It should not be forgotten that Fletcher's predecessor Child, was one of those who gave Mussolini support in his march on Rome.

THE BEST YET—The WORKERS MONTHLY, March Issue

Olgin Speaks on the Third International

(Special to The Daily Worker)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 12.—On Sunday, March 15, the workers of Philadelphia will have an opportunity to hear M. P. Olgin, speak on "The General Staff of the World Revolution," at the Workers (Communist) Party open forum. It is not necessary to add that by the general staff of the world revolution is meant the Communist International.

Comrade Olgin recently returned from Soviet Russia, after having attended the Fifth Congress of the Communist International. While there he came in contact with the many Communist delegates from all countries, and had an opportunity to study many of the Communist Parties.

Altho a large hall has been secured for the meeting, a capacity audience is expected. The forum meets every Sunday evening in Grand Fraternity Hall, 1628 Arch street.

Get a sub for the DAILY WORKER from your shopmate and you will make another member for your branch.

Party Members! Show Your Hospitality!

Lodging for some 30 comrades from out of town will be needed during the duration of the Party Intensive Training School in Chicago. The school will last for two weeks commencing March 15 and lodging for the comrades will be necessary for that period.

Comrades in Chicago who can spare accommodations for one or more comrades and donate same for this party work will aid the party school immensely. If you have such accommodations please get in touch with the district office immediately at 19 So. Lincoln St. Phone: Seeley 3563.

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