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LABOR TO HONOR LENIN SUNDAY

AS WE
By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

WHEAT shot up to two dollars a bushel last Wednesday in the Chicago pit and the gamblers went frantic. Fortunes are made and lost when things cut lose like this. Most of the men who trade in wheat never see it except in the form of muffin, but they live by betting on the crop, in this and other countries. The poor wheat crop in Russia and South America played into the hands of the grain gamblers and helped to send Calvin Coolidge back to the White House. The American farmers who raise the wheat are just as frantic as the gamblers but for different reasons. The farmers are frantically looking for money to pay their debts. Very little of the prosperity so much talked about by Herbert Hoover reaches them.

HE was not a country editor, yet he was eating a newspaper, not in punishment for what the paper contained but in an attempt to satisfy his hunger. He had come to Chicago in search of work from Norfolk, Va., where he had labored twelve hours a day for twenty cents an hour. Failing to find employment and being out of funds he applied for aid at a "charitable" institution but he was treated like a dog and was obliged to face the cold night. When found by three young men, he was without food for four days and in a state of extreme exhaustion. Yet the papers tell us that there are plenty of jobs for those willing to work. It is a splendid system. Plenty of wealth, machinery and food clothing and shelter, yet workers starving.

SELF made men have a harder job to get into the American Magazine and become presidents of rotary clubs than they had a few years ago. They still "come up from the bottom" like Phil K. Wright, who succeeded his father as president of the chewing manufacturing organization. This young plute took several trips thru his father's factories and gave himself a diploma. Another man who started at the bottom is the son of John R. Thompson, who started out as a dishwasher in his father's restaurant a few years ago. That is after he left Yale. He is now president of the biggest chain of restaurants in the world. His father gave him the job. Needless to say, this is the essence of bunk.

A Federated Press dispatch from Washington says: "President Salazar of Nicaragua is undertaking the formation of a national constabulary force which will replace the American marines which have been ordered by President Coolidge to return home this spring or early summer. Salazar is faced by the danger that the old reactionary leader, Chamorra, may start an armed uprising, secretly encouraged by American capital, when the marines go." One would imagine from reading this dispatch that the American marines were in Nicaragua to protect the people against American capital. Surely Lawrence Todd now who owns our army and navy

AN army of eighteen thousand missionaries is kept in the field by the organization holding a convention in Washington this week. This group spends \$40,000,000 annually in bringing the capitalist interpretation of Christianity to the heathen. It is worth the money to the American ruling class. Since American capitalism is now elbowing British capital in every part of the world the American missionary is more necessary than ever. America's sky pilots and American moonshine can hold the fort against their British competitors.

IT took the Weekly People, official organ of the petty shopkeepers who pose as revolutionists in the socialist labor party, to swallow the lying yarn printed in the capitalist press about William D. Haywood's mysterious rip, footsore and weary thru the fastnesses of Armenta on his way back to America. While "Bill" was supposed to be breathing the icy

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UNEMPLOYED BY THE THOUSANDS WALK STREETS

Schenectady Bosses Are to Blame

(By The Federated Press)

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Jan. 29.—Appeal to the Schenectady common council for approval of a \$25,000 bond issue for unemployment relief has been made by the civic committee on relief. Raymond J. Leonard, chairman of the civic committee, is carrying on investigations of unemployment and suffering among Schenectady workers and finds family after family, he reports, without coal, food or extra clothing in their houses. Many workers or their families are ill and cannot afford treatment.

Why Not Tax These Bosses?

Early in the fall the General Electric company reduced its staff of workers 3,500. American Locomotive Works has been operating on a shorter schedule of workers than usual and building trades have reached a low point. Only the radio department of General Electric shows any need of workers at present.

Some of the departments of the company are on a part time basis. The ice harvest work paid 60 cents an hour but the abundance of workers brought the rate down to 42 cents. That work is nearly over now.

Thousands Walk Streets

Local labor union officials are assisting in the municipal employment office opened in the city hall but not many of the hundreds of applicants for jobs are given work because there is none in this vicinity. Several thousand men are out of work and walk the streets. Even men who have not missed work a day in several years are unemployed, laid off, and in few cases can their wives get housework to help eke out existence.

Little Trouble for Rich

GENEVA, Jan. 29.—The league of nations has issued an invitation to all nations inviting them to participate in an international passport conference at Geneva. The purpose of the conference would be to abolish many of the present inconveniences of foreign travel for the sick tourists and bourgeoisie.

CAMPAIGN TO REORGANIZE PARTY ON BASIS OF SHOP NUCLEI MAKES RAPID PROGRESS IN NEW YORK

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The campaign for the reorganization of the New York district on the basis of shop nuclei is proceeding in earnest. The work has been started in the area bounded on the south by 23rd St., on the north by 30th St., on the east by 4th Ave., and on the west by 8th Ave.

The Armenian branch's clubrooms situated in the heart of this factory area will be used by the shop nuclei reorganization in this area will take place. The address of the clubrooms is 407 Fourth Ave., near 29th street. During 11 and 2 and 5 and 7 the shop nuclei organizer or some one assigned by him will be at the above address conducting the shop nuclei activities in that section. All party men who work in that area should make it their business to immediately during the hours designated get in touch with the shop nuclei organizer, Comrade Ben Gitlow.

On Feb. 10 an important conference of party workers will take place to map out a campaign of activities on the question of the reorganization of the districts into shop nuclei. All branch industrial organizers section organizers, T. U. E. L. representa-

Important Notice to Members of Workers Party in New York City

All comrades who are to work for the Lenin Memorial meeting at Madison Square Garden are to be at the Garden (come in thru the 4th Ave. entrance) not later than 10 a. m. All organization work must be completed by 12 noon for the doors to the public will be opened at that hour. Any and all comrades must help in this work. Every comrade not engaged for that day, February 1, must be at the Garden at 10 a. m. Comrades must settle in the Garden for tickets sold by them.—CHARLES KRUMBEIN, District Organizer.

C. P. OF FRANCE HAS BIG GROWTH THE PAST YEAR

Humanite Has Circulation of 200,000

The following interesting article on the Communist Party of France is taken from The Workers' Weekly of Great Britain.

The present article deals with the French party from the summer of 1924. The congress of the Communist Party of France referred to in the article opened on January 17.

The new Political Bureau was for the first time in the history of the French Party a united body of comrades, absolutely at one with the Communist International, and determined to make its French Section a real Bolshevik Party, fighting unitedly under the banner of Lenin.

At District Congresses and a special national conference of all district secretaries, which was held in September, the new party lead was approved, with certain exceptions which we shall refer to later.

The party autumn campaign opened with the slogans "100,000 new party members," "400,000 circulation for L'Humanite" (our comrades' great Paris daily paper).

20,000 Recruits

Since June the party has gained 19,116 new recruits, which brings its membership up to over 76,000; last May it was 53,000.

Over 1,000,000 francs have been raised as party subscription, and 800,000 francs for a special party loan.

The re-organization of the party on the factory group basis has been taken up with a will. Paris, and its

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When you buy, get an "Ad" for the DAILY WORKER.

VICTORS OVER ENEMIES OF SOVIET RULE READY TO LEAD FIGHT AGAIN



C. M. BUDENNY
Organizer and commander of the Red Cavalry.



K. E. VOROSHILOV
Together with Budenny he organized the first Red cavalry troops, which smashed the attacks of Yudenitch, Wrangel and the Polish invasion.

Coolidge Senators Still Play with Postal Pay Bill

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 29.—President Coolidge informally sent word to the senate today that the Moses bill increasing the pay of post office employees will be vetoed if amended so as to reduce the postal rates proposed in the Moses Bill. The Moses bill increases the pay of the postal workers but also increases the mailing rates.

The republican senators today defeated an amendment to the Moses Bill restoring the 1920 rates to magazines and newspapers. The two former-labor candidates, Magnus Johnson and H. Shipstead of Minnesota voted against the amendment with the Coolidge senators.

A similar amendment proposed by Senator McKellar of Tennessee was also defeated, by a vote of 31 to 45.

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WRANGEL'S WIFE REVEALS PLOT ON COMMUNISTS

Attack on Soviets to Be Financed in U. S.

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 29.—Olga Wrangel, ex-baroness, wife of "Baron" Wrangel, in an interview with a Russian paper here, revealed that she is in America raising money to maintain the remnants of her husband's white army now stationed in Roumania.

"Baroness" Wrangel admitted that her husband's army is being maintained in part by funds that the Russian "royal" family is receiving.

The counter-revolutionary plot against Soviet Russia is to be financed by American money, Baroness Wrangel states. The recent visits of the Grand Duke Cyril and the Grand Duchesse Feodorovna are thus explained as another drive against Soviet Russia.

Wrangel's Troops Ready

"I am collecting funds for the sanitariums in Roumania and Serbia which the Russian royal family is maintaining," said Baroness Wrangel. When pressed further, Baroness Wrangel let the cat out of the bag. "My husband still has an army of twenty-five thousand men who are ready to fight at his command," she said. "Fifteen thousand of the are stationed in Roumania and the other ten thousand are spread over the various Balkan states. They are ready to shoulder their rifles at moment's notice against Soviet Russia at my husband's command."

Baroness Wrangel said that the "sanitariums" for which she is collecting money "contain the wounded and sick soldiers commanded by my husband."

Wrangel's army, after being driven from southern Russia by the Soviet Red Army in the campaign in which General Budenny, the Communist cavalry leader, took a leading part, fled with the Russian fleet to Constantinople. The fleet, until recently quartered in Tiflis, French Algiers, was turned over to the Soviet government by the French, following that country's recognition of Soviet Russia. French and British officers and money promoted Wrangel's counter-revolutionary attack on Soviet Russia.

Fights Balkan Reds

From Constantinople, Wrangel's bandit army was scattered over the Balkans to fight the Communists in the Balkan states. Wrangel's troops took part in the fascist violence in Bulgaria which overthrew the Stamboullisky peasant government. His troops have been at the beck and call of French and British imperialism, and are officered by the French and British.

Wrangel's troops were also used in the attacks on the Communists in Serbia, Jugo-Slavia, Roumania and Esthonia.

Socialists Help Imperialists

The fact that the imperialist governments of Europe, in alliance with the Second International are making a concerted drive to raise American money, shows that the capitalist governments of Europe are preparing further fascist attacks on the Communists despite recognition of Russia. At the same time that France, under the capitalist tool Herriot, and the Baldwin government of England are dipping for Russian oil and offering diplomatic recognition as quietly as possible, they are collecting their fascist armies for another onslaught on the Communists in the Balkans and Soviet Russia.

United Front Against Russia

The socialist party of America has entered this imperialist alliance, and is sponsoring the tour of the tool of

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GREAT THROGS ATTRACTED BY THE COMMUNIST DEMONSTRATION AT MADISON SQUARE GARDEN

(Special to The Daily Worker)

NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 29.—The Lenin Memorial meeting, to be held on Sunday afternoon, Feb. 1, at 2 p. m., at Madison Square Garden, promises to be the biggest demonstration of its kind ever held in this city.

The attacks on Soviet Russia by the international capitalists, the attempts to capitalize the tactics of Trotsky against the Russian Communist Party and the Soviet Republic, the increased exploitation of the workers everywhere, all these things have created a tremendous revival of revolutionary sentiment and enthusiasm.

It is therefore very likely that the celebration this year will far surpass the wonderful demonstration of last year.

The sorrow for the loss of Lenin, the man, has been transformed into a wave of feeling for the principles for which he stood, the principles of Leninism.

Ruthenberg Comes From Prison

The program for the first anniversary celebration of Sunday, Feb. 1, will be an unusual one this year. C. E. Ruthenberg, whose case is now before the supreme court of the United States, is coming to this city to address the meeting.

Another speaker will be Moissaye J. Olgin, the well-known writer and authority on Russia. Ben Gitlow, former candidate for vice-president, will act as chairman. Jack Stachel, the active leader of the Young Workers League, will speak on Lenin and what he means to the American youth.

The Freiheit Singing Society, the most famous Jewish chorus in the east, has arranged a number of appropriate songs for the occasion, which will be rendered by its full corps of 400 well-trained voices. This chorus is a strictly proletarian organization, which has secured surprising musical results from among the rank and file of the Jewish workers of New York City.

Full Symphony Orchestra

A full symphony orchestra will fill the garden with Russian and classic music.

Tickets are now on sale at the following stations: 208 E. 12th St., 153 E. Broadway, 231 E. 14th St., 127 University Place, Drug Store, Madison Ave. and 11th St., 1337 Wilkins Ave. Brooklyn: 46 Ten Eyck St., 764 49th St., Drug Store, Moore and Graham Ave., 1817 Pitkin Ave., Mormald Ave. and 23rd St., Coney Island.

Fear for Horthy

BUDAPEST—A close guard was maintained today over the regent, Admiral Horthy, following an attempt on his life at a small railway station near Budapest. The shot fired at him went wild.

Lectures

Lectures every Sunday night at 1347 Boston Road, 8 p. m.

Affairs

Section Vetcherinka, concert and ball, Feb. 28, for purpose of raising funds for library.

NEW YORK BUILDERS' CORNER

Conducted by KATTERFELD.

THE Lenin Memorial meeting at Madison Square Garden Sunday afternoon offers a tremendous opportunity to the DAILY WORKER builders. Fifteen thousand workers will be there. By their very presence they will testify to their interest in Communism. Every one of them that can read English should be a subscriber for the DAILY WORKER, or should buy it on the news stands. Every one of them should be canvassed by some DAILY WORKER builder before he leaves the "Garden."

Bring your Tool Box along, and use the "tools" at that meeting. If you haven't got one, hunt up the DAILY WORKER New York agent there, and get a supply of subcards. In the crowd you will see many whom you know. Tackle each one for a sub. If he's already getting the DAILY WORKER, then land him for the Workers' Monthly or the Young Worker or the C. I. magazine. And don't confine your operations to your friends. You never can tell whether they will subscribe for the DAILY WORKER until you ask. So get the habit of asking.

Impress on all these people that it is not enough to pay emotional homage to Lenin at a Memorial meeting, but that they should be Leninist propagandists, and for this purpose they need the official organ of the Leninist movement in the United States, the DAILY WORKER. If you'll do this work with the proper spirit we'll get the ten per cent increase in the subscription list that is required for maintaining the New York edition of the DAILY WORKER right there at that Madison Square Garden meeting Sunday afternoon.

And lest you forget: Take some pledge blanks with you for DAILY WORKER Insurance Policies.

SPEAKERS:

Dunne Ruthenberg
Olgin Gitlow Stachel
Russian and Oriental Speakers.

LENIN MEMORIAL MEETING

Sun. Afternoon, Feb. 1
at 2 P. M.

Madison Square Garden

FULL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

FREIHEIT CHORUS—400 VOICES

Admission 50 Cents

TICKETS ON SALE AT ALL WORKERS PARTY HEADQUARTERS

DAWES' PLAN BLOWS BEGIN TO HIT HOME

German Workers to Be Used to Scab on Us

(Special to The Daily Worker)
NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 29.—Almost simultaneously with the report of the dropping of many thousands of workers from the plants of the General Electric company in Schenectady, comes the announcement of the offer of \$10,000,000 worth of bonds of the Siemens & Halske and Siemens-Schuckert Werke of Germany on the American bond market.

In this announcement these two firms are advertised as covering "the entire electrical field." They are said to employ 85,000 operatives in 26 factories. Furthermore it is significantly stated that "forty per cent of the production is exported."

More Unemployment Certain.

The unemployed electrical workers of Schenectady will do well to study and consider this announcement which is made by a group of the leading bankers in the United States. The firms mentioned above manufacture nearly every article manufactured by local electrical firms: electrical machinery and appliances for lighting, power, traction and electro-chemical purposes, dynamo, turbines, wires and cables, automatic and manual telephones, telegraph, signaling and electro-medical apparatus and radio equipment. The workers in these firms are paid a miserable wage and work at least two or more hours per day longer than the American workers. Under this low labor cost the interests which now control the German firms, and which are unquestionably the same as those behind the General Electric company and the largest electrical concerns in this country, can well afford to shut down their American works and sell at a greater profit the products of the German plants.

A Lesson in Capitalism.

This news is, no doubt, a distinct shock to the workers of Schenectady, who probably patriotically supported the war against Germany and voted for Dawes and Coolidge. Perhaps it will open their eyes to the fact that capitalism knows no national boundaries or patriotism in its ruthless exploitation of the workers and that the workers of America must fight shoulder to shoulder with the workers of Germany and the entire world not only against the Dawes plan, but also against international capitalism as well.

SUN YAT SEN IN CRITICAL STATE, MAY NOT RECOVER

(Special to The Daily Worker)
PEKING, Jan. 28.—Dr. Sun Yat Sen, Chinese leader, operated on for not yet undergone the major operation contemplated, physicians announced today. His condition is critical they said, and fears are held that he will not recover from the illness, the result of an abscessed liver.

PEKING, Jan. 29.—Dr. Sun Yat Sen, China dictator, operated on for liver trouble at the American Rockefeller hospital here, passed a comfortable night, a hospital bulletin said today.

His pulse was 108 and his temperature almost normal. The patient was announced as free from pain and taking nourishment. The surgical wound was reported "progressing satisfactorily."

CROW OVER RAIL LOSS BY GOVT. IN WAR TIME

See Communist Failure in Capitalist Graft

(Special to The Daily Worker)
NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 29.—The New York press and capitalist propagandists are now busy foisting upon the people the idea that Communist control and operation of industry is doomed to failure and cite as example the loss to the railroads under government management during the war, as reported by James C. Davis in his final summary of the transportation mess that began with the war period and is not showing any signs of disentanglement even after the official statement has been made.

They Hang Onto a Straw.

The report of Davis is harped on as industriously as Helmfors harps upon the daily downfall of the Bolshevik government and with as much basis in fact.

Claiming that private ownership is the only method of securing efficient operation the propagandists are taking the reported loss to the government of about \$1,674,500,000, as conclusive evidence that any economic scheme that has the least in common with Communism must result in loss to the people.

The Communists have been active pointing out that managers of public utilities who hate Communism and who are staunch defenders of private ownership heart and soul are able to make any public utility run by the capitalist government a complete failure. And not only that; these managers are given much support by the big interests, if not actually bribed, to so mismanage that it will appear that public ownership cannot succeed.

Russia Communist Example.

As an example to the contrary the Communists point to Russia, where all the large public utilities are in the hands of the workers' government and where all who have anything to do with the management of industry are in accord with the principles of Communism, resulting in a constant improvement and development such as cannot be found in capitalist countries.

When the defenders of private ownership bob up among the workers the Communists are quick to give them facts that show how foolish it would be for a capitalist government that is owned and controlled by private interests to make government operation a success and thus undermine the very system that fattens these private interests and their government.

This expose of the hypocrisy of the capitalists is making inroads among the workers, who have been used to take all reports as bona fide expressions of unprejudiced declarations of facts, leaving the henchmen of big capital weak and despised as a result of attempted attacks on the workers and their interests.

WILLING FOR HERRIOT TO BE CAPITALIST, BUT NOT POINCARIST

(Special to The Daily Worker)
PARIS, Jan. 29.—Discussion of the Franco-American and other debts in the chamber of deputies this afternoon brought from Premier Herriot the declaration that he would resign if socialist deputies refused to vote for the placarding of public buildings of his speech yesterday on the debt situation.

A special meeting was called to persuade Herriot not to resign.

The socialists objected to Herriot's speech on the grounds that it was "too Poincarist." They met in an ante-room and voted, 27 to 24 not to vote for the placarding of the speech.

The chamber voted for the placarding 541 against 32. This was considered equivalent to a vote of confidence in the government.

The threat of Herriot to resign was quickly followed by a second meeting of the socialists. At this meeting they voted 50 against 15 in favor of the placarding.

Actors Fight the Radio As the Printers Once Fought the Linotype

By J. LOUIS ENDAHL

TODAY, there is quite a panic among theatrical employes and theater owners over the possibilities of the radio. The workers fear for their jobs and the owners for their profits. The immediate result is an alliance, a sort of class-collaboration between workers and exploiters, against this new device that reaches millions.

The fear of the theater workers only repeats the alarm of labor every time some new invention appears. The backward workers has always been the enemy of the developing machine age. The classic example is always pointed out of the hostility of printers to the introduction of the linotype. The terror of the printer arose from the fear that the introduction of this labor saving device would rob him of a chance to work.

To be sure, there is unemployment among the printing trades workers today. But the number of printers employed is greater than ever. The eagerness to read permeates the masses more and more, in spite of the numerous drawbacks under capitalism, and the need of the printed word grows steadily.

Profit rule in the printing industry, however, still holds to the long workday. It introduces child labor wherever it can. The struggle, however, between the owners and the workers has resulted in the building of strong labor unions in this industry, and the fight goes on.

JUDGE HELPS DAUGHERTY KEEP QUIET ON GRAFT

Harry Cannot Recommend His Partner

(Special to The Daily Worker)
NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 29.—Harry M. Daugherty, former attorney-general of the United States in the Harding and Coolidge cabinets, who was asked to resign by Coolidge after an investigation of the department of justice by a senate committee, was prevented from telling some truths in the federal court here.

He said "It is time to tell the truth about some things that ought to be told" but Judge Lindley refused to let him, declaring his testimony extraneous to the issue.

Judge Shields Grafters.

Daugherty was called as a witness in the defense on the trial of Col. Thomas B. Felder and Gaston E. Means on an indictment alleging conspiracy to obstruct justice. The charge developed out of the federal prosecution of the Crager System Inc., a stock-selling concern for a glass casket company. It is contended by the government that a group of the glass casket defendants formed a \$65,000 pool to prevent federal indictments.

Frank P. Walsh, directing the defense, asked Daugherty: "Did you ever say to Means, General, the \$65,000 was too little to collect from these defendants, that it ought to be \$185,000?"

But Judge Lindley sustained the objection of Hiram C. Todd, special prosecutor for the government and Daugherty did not answer.

Mr. Walsh asked Daugherty if he knew Col. Felder as a man of general good reputation for honesty and integrity.

Cannot Recommend Partner.

Walsh tried hard to get something out of Daugherty but the government prosecutor's objections were sustained. At one time Daugherty said: "I should be very glad to testify in regard to anything in this matter, if I order that the facts might be known for the general good of the public at any rate. For, considering this period we were going thru when there was this upheaval in Washington, and on one side certain people were held bound and on the other side spotted, it is time that the truth about some things ought to be told."

"Considering what we have gone thru with in this country in the last three or four years especially, I could not testify to the reputation for integrity and honesty of hardly any man especially if he held high public position, because the higher and more efficient he is, probably, the more he is subject to attack, and I could not testify that I would have anything like a good reputation when I get home the day after tomorrow, until I read the newspapers in the morning, at any rate."

UNION OFFICERS GET INJUNCTION AGAINST MEMBER

Detroit Carpenters Repudiate Act

(Special to The Daily Worker)
DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 29.—The few remaining supporters of Hutcheson and the reactionaries in Carpenters' Local 19 were driven to the side of those in revolt against the expulsion policy by the injunction forbidding a member, Wm. Reynolds, from attending union meetings, secured in the name of the Brotherhood by the fakers in charge locally.

Those who disagreed on political and economic questions with Reynolds, the expelled member form No. 2140, are forced by the attitude of the reactionaries to take part in the struggle to maintain their constitutional rights and to carry on the traditional fight of the American Federation of Labor against the injunction.

Local Condemns Injunction Getter.

A special meeting of Local Union No. 19 voted unanimously to censure those responsible for the injunction and to demand its immediate withdrawal. A former appointee of Hutcheson, Wm. Shipp, running for business agent, was defeated by the candidate supported by the left wing by a vote of 88 to 33.

A motion to support the action of Local Union No. 2140 in sustaining Reynolds in his membership and as president was refused recognition by Hutcheson's tool in the chair. An appeal was taken from his decision, but President Ball ruled the appeal out of order and declared the meeting adjourned. The meeting broke up in confusion.

District Council Officers Got Injunction

It was learned today that President Sharrock and Secretary Fish of the Detroit council, and stoolpigeon Botterill representing Hutcheson, signed the bill of complaint to secure the injunction. Sharrock and Fish signed the bill of complaint as individuals, also just to show that they prostitute themselves for love of it as well as for pay.

Common Labor Works Uncommonly Hard for Uncommonly Low Pay

WASHINGTON, D. C.—The highest point in the wages of common labor was reached in 1920 when the average hourly rate was 48 cents. As a result of the depression the average fell to 32 cents in 1922. In 1924 it was only 33 cents.

So says the report of the department of agriculture, based largely on road construction.

WHEAT GAMBLERS WITHDRAW FROM ANY BIG DEALS

Public Is Expected to Get "Stung"

May wheat sold at a new high mark of 2.05% a bushel yesterday, reaching the highest price on record for peace times. Reasons given for the jump in the wheat price were the world shortage of the crop of bread grains, which includes rye as well as wheat, and rumors of a corner in wheat.

Speculation in wheat is being carried on mainly by the public now. The big wheat gamblers, including Arthur Cutten and James A. Patten, have withdrawn from the speculative market and are confining their activities principally to marketing a heavy line of cash grain. The professional gamblers are withdrawing from the wheat futures buying.

Russia Buys Flour.

The wheat crop has now been sold over six times, showing the extent of the speculation in wheat. It is now learned that the Argentine wheat crop is much larger than was expected, and this fact will eventually lower the price of wheat. The big wheat gamblers, having withdrawn from the market with their millions in profits, will lose nothing, and the public which is dealing in wheat will get "stung."

Russia, usually a wheat exporting country, is importing some wheat this year, altho not heavily. It was reported that Russia bought 15,000 barrels of flour in Minneapolis.

Mrs. Scott Durand, of the Lake Shore Drive hotel, is said to have made \$1,500,000 speculating in wheat.

Famine in Ireland.

European experts in wheat declare that the price of wheat will continue to rise until Russia stops buying. The potato crop of West Ireland has failed, causing a famine which has created a demand for wheat in Ireland.

The price of flour in London has jumped 24 cents a sack in 24 hours. The price of bread has gone up.

Press Yells Bravo For System When One Servant Gets \$50,000

YORK, Pa., Jan. 29.—That one out of ten million workers may get by the merest chance a few dollars after a lifetime of faithful service is made the basis of featured news thruout all America and used to fool the workers wherever the capitalist press is spilling its propaganda to blind the people. Thus the item runs: "Faithful services have won \$50,000 for Elmer S. Geesey. The will of Joseph H. Stiles, a tobacco dealer, which was probated today, provides that \$50,000 is to go to Mr. Geesey for faithful services given as manager of his tobacco business."

"The rest of the estate is given in trust to Mr. Stiles' widow."

Silent as the Sphinx the same press says not a word about the millions of faithful workers who after having given their entire life to the boss are turned out to starve when their services no longer suit the master.

Butchers' Union Celebrated Its 25th Anniversary

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The Butchers' Union No. 174 celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary with an excellent entertainment at the Labor Temple which was well attended by all members and friends.

These workers are a class conscious bunch who from the very beginning built their union on an industrial basis. They have for twenty-five years conducted a vigilant fight for better conditions in their trade with the result that from the abominable low wages of \$12 a week for 10 hours a day including Sunday work, they now receive the minimum wage of \$41 for a 48-hour week with no Sunday work. They have also established a free school and have aided substantially in the foundation of a workers' press.

Elevated Traffic Held Up.

Elevated traffic on the Northwestern Elevated railroad was delayed about fifteen minutes yesterday, when a draw bar on a south-bound Milwaukee North Shore train broke. The train had just pulled into the Wilson avenue terminal at 9:29 when the bar snapped.

Wrangel's Wife Here Reveals Plot Against Workers' Republic

(Continued from page 1)
 European imperialism, Rafael Abramovich, in his attack on Soviet Russia. Wrangel's fascist gunmen are active participants in the white terror of Horthy's Hungarian government, which keeps a Hungarian workers' government from being formed by means of violence against the Communists. The socialists have consistently taken part in this imperialistic reign of terror. They made an alliance with Horthy, and sent Abramovich to America.

Czarists and Socialists.

The fascist, the French and British imperialists, the Second International, the American socialists, and the czarists, including Wrangel, and the Russian royal family are making common cause in an attack on the Balkan and Russian Communists. Baroness Wrangel, Abramovich, and other emissaries of European imperialism are endeavoring to finance their onslaught against Russia with American gold.

"The Beauty and the Bolshevik" is coming to Ashland Auditorium Feb. 5.

DOHENY GOES AFTER THE MEXICAN TEAPOT WHICH HE BOUGHT FROM CALLES

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 29.—Edward L. Doheny arrived in Mexico City Monday and will meet President Calles soon. He is here to discuss proposed oil legislation with the Mexican government.

The Huasteca company, controlled by Doheny, intends to build new refineries and start stronger drilling operations when the future policy of the government is outlined and Doheny is given an inside track on oil field grabs in exchange for his loan to Calles given last year to aid in crushing the British oil revolt led by De la Huerta.

When you buy, get an "Ad" for the DAILY WORKER.

MRS. SNOWDEN, ANTI-SOVIETIST, LIKE ABRAMOVITCH IN THE U. S. A.; HAS VERY BAD LUCK IN CANADA

By SYDNEY WARREN
 (Federated Press Staff Correspondent)

VANCOUVER, Canada, Jan. 29.—Mrs. Phillip Snowden, wife of the ex-chancellor of the exchequer in the MacDonald labor government, is meeting with a very cool reception among Canadian workers of all shades of opinion, because of her fanatic hostility towards the Russian Soviet government.

Her public appearances thruout the dominion have been almost exclusively before organizations hostile towards labor's aim and Mrs. Snowden has taken every opportunity to knock the Russian workers' republic.

Her charges mainly are a repetition of the attitude held by those who favor an "orderly revolution" conducted in strict conformity with the amenities of polite society.

The federated labor party, comprising the most conservative elements in the Vancouver labor movement, voiced its disapproval of Mrs. Snowden's attacks on Russia thru the party's weekly organ, the B. C. Federationist, as follows:

"Apparently Mrs. Snowden, like a few others from across the waters, seem to think they can worship at the shrine of both god and mammon. If Mrs. Snowden thinks that she in any way represents labor—other than being the wife of Phillip Snowden—we would advise her to adhere a little closer to the principles of labor. We do not care for individuals who choose compromise, whether they be at home or abroad. Her statement of the attitude of British labor towards Russia and towards the crown are, in our judgment, simply her own opinions. Since she is under the wing of the national institute for education, we would advise her to leave labor matters alone."

Help Insure THE DAILY WORKER for 1925!

HELP!

Minor is going to trial! Thirty more trials ahead. Ten thousand dollars wanted by February 15.

Volunteers wanted to help mail out tens of thousands of letters for the Michigan defense.

Come during the day or phone State 5959 if you will come at night. Bring others.

Labor Defense Council, 166 West Washington Street, Room 307.

AS WE SEE IT

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

(Continued from page 1)

blasts of an Armenian winter, unshod and unfed, he was actually living in comfort in the Lux Hotel, Moscow. The editor of the Weekly People echoes the rubbish published in the capitalist press that Haywood was coming back to take his stretch in Leavenworth and had turned against Soviet Russia. The wish is father to the thought.

THE piffle monger whose writing in the Weekly People during the war was one sickening apology would like to see Haywood back in Leavenworth. Her weekly typographical monstrosity plays the role of felon setter in calling the attention of the government to the "illegal" concept of revolutionary activity, entertained by the Worker Party. When the Michigan supreme court recently confirmed Comrac Ruthenberg's conviction by a Berrie county jury, this volunteer government agent humorously twitted the capitalist court for taking the revolutionists too seriously.

THERE is very little difference between the Abramoviches who openly come out and attack Soviet Russia and the type represented by the editor of the Weekly People, except that Abramovich has more courage. The S. L. P. editor and the union secretary of the same organization have not the moral courage to do what Abramovich is doing. But between them there is a strong bond, their mutual hate of the Russian Bolshevik who insisted in making a successful revolution and holding the power despite the predictions of the fake Marxists of the S. P.; S. L. P.; P. and the anarcho-syndicalists of the I. W. W.

"EVERYBODY Felt That His Heart Was Aglow with a Transcendent Love for Each Working Man."—Lenin Memorial Meeting, Madison-Square Garden, New York, Sunday Afternoon, February 1.

"HE Embodied the Collective Will, the Energy, Love and Courage of the Working Class."—Lenin Memorial Meeting, Madison Square Garden, New York, Sunday Afternoon, February 1.

Theunis Determined to Retire.
BRUSSELS, Belgium, Jan. 29.—Premier Theunis reiterated to the press today that he was determined to retire definitely after the next elections. Parliament, he said, was likely to be dissolved in March.

KLAN TERROR STILL HANGS OVER HERRIN

Young Officer Is in the "Constabulary"

(Special to The Daily Worker)

HERRIN, Ill., Jan. 29.—The terror of the Ku Klux Klan still hangs over Herrin today. The inquest into the death of S. Glenn Young, the Klan gunman, and Ora Thomas, miner deputy sheriff, has proved to be a farce, with two klansmen, Arle Boswell, state's attorney, and George Bell, coroner, in charge. Eye witnesses have been terrorized into keeping silence as to the truth of the killing of Ora Thomas by the klansmen.

Elias Green, secretary of the Herrin Miners' Union, testified how Glenn Young had entered the cigar store where he was buying cigarettes, and pushed a gun in his stomach. Green told how Young had cursed him and threatened to kill him. Green had shown up Glenn Young's scab activities, and Young was cursing him when Thomas walked into the store. Young was the first to fire, Green declared.

Belonged to "Constabulary."

Klansmen are pouring into Herrin from all parts of the country to attend the funeral of Young to take place this afternoon. Young was the Herrin "inspector" of the Illinois constabulary department, a private corporation with offices in Chicago, composed of klansmen and gunmen, and having as its officers prominent Chicago politicians and capitalist newspaper editors. It was admitted at State's Attorney Crowe's office that the "constabulary department" has been investigated by Crowe, and found to conduct a traffic in gun permits.

Herrin miners declare that Young never entered a battle unless the odds were heavily on his side. They point to the fact that Young kept his wife beside him on all his trips in order to shield himself from attack.

Auto Death Total at 44.

Chicago's death toll from automobiles since Jan. 1 this year was increased to 44 today with the death of Arthur Hughes, 55, art collector and dealer in antiques. He was struck and injured by an automobile on Michigan boulevard last night. The driver was held pending an inquest.

TEXTILE INDUSTRY IS AMONG THE MOST PROSPEROUS IN RUSSIA; COTTON PRODUCTION GROWING

(By Rosta News Agency.)

MOSCOW. (By Mail.)—The textile industry of Soviet Russia belongs to those branches of industry which, at the present time, are most prosperous. The increase of the buying power of the peasant population, combined with the lower prices for industrial goods, especially for textile articles, and higher prices for agricultural produce have been powerful factors in producing this satisfactory result.

In October, 1923, the sale of cotton goods amounted to 56.5 per cent of the output, and in March, 1924, to 129 per cent. More striking still is the increase in the turnover, especially of cotton goods, of the principal organization in the textile industry—the All Russian Textile Syndicate. The turnover of the syndicate in January amounted to 210.5 per cent of that of October, that of May to 338 per cent, and June to 435 per cent.

In the summer of 1924 the output of textile fabrics in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics increased to 30 per cent, and a further increase of production by another 25 per cent was considered. At the same time demands exceed the supply, and the sale of the whole output of cotton fabrics is therefore guaranteed.

Home Grown Production Increases.

The Soviet cotton industry used for this year's production a total of seven and a half million pounds of cotton, of which 3,200,000 pounds were home grown, and about four and a half million pounds were bought abroad. Next year this industry will need about 9,600,000 pounds of cotton, but in virtue of the rapid restoration of culture in Turkestan a considerable amount of the raw material needed will be covered by home grown cotton.

The figures given below show how cotton growing has increased in Soviet Russia. The area under cotton in the various cotton areas was as follows:

Area Under Cotton (in Dessiatines).		
Region	1923	1924
Turkestan Republic	177,022	285,200
Bokharan Republic	20,000	40,000
Khorezm Republic	10,000	9,000
Azerbaïdjan	14,265	88,300
Armenia	4,070	17,300

The total for the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in 1923 was 195,357 dessiatines, in 1924, 436,900 dessiatines. The area under cotton was therefore more than doubled in one year.

Expect Increased Demand.

The purchasing power of the peasant population in some districts may slightly decrease on account of this year's poor harvest, the comparatively high grain prices will almost certainly result on the whole in an increased demand for manufactured goods, and at the present moment there is not only no superabundance of goods but on the contrary, the supply is less than the demand. Measures have been taken to cope

IT'S A DULL DAY IF NO POLICY IS BOUGHT BY FINNS!

Scarcely a day goes by without word from some Finnish branch of new policies sold to insure the DAILY WORKER for 1925.

And Thursday the words amounted to almost a book!

From Fort Bragg, Cal., came a letter from "Mother" Ella Reeve Bloor in which she told that the Finnish branch there had just bought \$50.00 worth of policies, besides having remitted \$30.00 previously.

"Altho the only nationality here, the Finnish branch is devoted to our cause," writes "Mother" Bloor. "They are doing fine work, despite their isolation."

From right at home came another fifty dollars, brought by the local Finnish branch.

And from the other side of the continent, Buffalo, N. Y., came a call for none less than five books of policies for the Finnish branch. This branch has pledged \$300.00 and in raising it, have run out of policies. Needless to say, they are doing their part to help district 4 fill its quota.

With the demand, and the output is continually increasing as shown in the following table:

Output of the Cotton Factories of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics:		
Month	Yarn in thousand pounds	fabric in thousand metres
May	518	76,913
June	517	76,731
July	364	52,267
August	633	94,282
September	723	107,047
October	803	113,467

Aver. Monthly estimate 1923 4,471 65,825

Thus already in May and June the production of unbleached goods amounted to 76 million metres a month and exceeded the estimated monthly output of 1923-24 by 17 per cent. The decrease in July was due to the summer holidays. In October the production of unbleached goods was to amount to 113 millions metres—70 per cent more than the estimates and that of white bleached goods to 108 million metres, or 60 per cent above the estimates.

Altogether the output of the cotton industry has grown during the last few years very rapidly. In 1922-23, the production of cotton goods amounted to 40 million metres monthly, i. e., not more than 24 per cent of the entire manufacturing capacity of the mills, but by October the output will have risen to 113 million metres, nearly 58 per cent of the manufacturing capacity.

Interests British Market.

This continuous growth of the Soviet cotton industry is of particular interest to the British market.

Britain has always been a big, if not the only, supplier of spindles, weaving machines, implements, sprinklers, and various technical and other articles which are necessary for the Russian cotton mills.

Most British firms formerly had their branches and agents in the principal centers of Russian cotton industry, and this year's notable growth in the activity of the Russian cotton mills means, providing the necessary capital is forthcoming, a continuous and steady growth of the demand for all kinds of machinery, looms, implements, technical materials, etc., necessary for the successful development of this branch of industry.

See "The Beauty and the Bolshevik" at Ashland Auditorium Feb. 5.

SUPPORT OUR RUSSIAN DAILY!

THE Russian Communist daily, Novy Mir has a new editorial board and new management, appointed by the central executive committee of the Workers Party after the old management announced that it was ready to give up the fight and turn the daily into a weekly. Comrade Moissays Oigin was appointed editor in chief and Comrades Bralowski and Burgin on the editorial board.

The paper has been invigorated with the best journalists that the party has in the Russian language.

The Novy Mir is one of the oldest Communist newspapers in the country. It was established about 12 years ago by the Russian federation of the old socialist party. With the party split the paper went with the Communists. At the time of the raids in 1921 the paper was forced underground and was turned into a monthly

HAIL INSURANCE BY STATE ASKED FOR N. D. FARMERS

Communist Proposes Aid to Poor by Rich

By ALFRED KNUTSON. (Special to The Daily Worker)

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 29.—A. C. Miller, Communist legislator, has introduced a bill providing for compulsory state hail insurance and the levying of a tax on all tillable land in the state, and they have been read for the first time in the house of representatives.

These bills embody the ideas of farmers generally on the question of state hail insurance and represent what the farmers have wanted ever since the nonpartisan league was started in North Dakota. From the beginning, league organizers and speakers as well as the league press emphasized this feature of the hail insurance plan—a plan which league leaders have now largely ignored.

The present law does not function. The percentages of cropped land insured and the withdrawals since the year 1918 are as follows:

Year	Cropped land insured	Withdrawals
1919	67 per cent	33 per cent
1920	63 per cent	37 per cent
1921	61 per cent	39 per cent
1922	49 per cent	51 per cent
1923	42 per cent	58 per cent
1924	29 per cent	71 per cent

This state of affairs is unsatisfactory to the farmer. He does not want to insure his crop because he feels that the hail tax is too big for him to pay. His condition under the capitalist system is such that he must save all he can and so, in order to escape paying taxes, he refuses to insure his crop. This means that he is without hail insurance protection and when hail strikes down his crop he sustains a total loss.

A tax levied upon every acre of tillable land in the state will mean a low hail tax to the farmer—about an average of 10 cents per acre for \$7 per acre insurance spread over a period of five or six years. In this way the crops of all farmers can be insured. The majority of farmers are able to pay from \$15 to \$25 for hail insurance, but cannot pay from \$40 to \$75 and even more as asked by private companies.

According to the department of agriculture, the total land area of the state of North Dakota is 44,917,000 acres; improved land is 24,563,177 acres and unimproved 11,651,823 acres. The total tillable land, therefore, is 36,214,751 acres, and approximately this number of acres in the state would be available for taxable purposes.

This compulsory state hail insurance system will immediately simplify the operation of the state hail insurance department because all cropper land is automatically insured and there will be no withdrawals.

Investment companies, real estate men, bankers and speculators will, of course, object strenuously against such a law, but Communists are mainly concerned with the farmer who does the important work of raising the crops. If it were not for the working farmers the land of the bankers and speculators would not have any value whatever.

The working farmers create the land values and make it possible for the speculators and absentee land owners to sell their land at a profit. For this reason, those who are not engaged in the work of producing crops, but living off the labor of the farmers should at least bear the burden of paying part of the hail tax.

This hail insurance arrangement will not, of course, solve any of the underlying problems of the poor farmer, serving merely to give the capitalist a little jolt. Ultimately the principle, that the land belongs to those who till upon it, must be established, and both the national and state governments, as well as all the industries of the country must be in direct possession of the farmers and workers before they can free themselves completely from capitalist exploitation. Farmers should join the only party that stands for the abolition of all robbery by private interests, namely, the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

HUTCHESON GREASES TOBOGGAN FOR EXPULSION OF BURGESS, BROWN'S CAMPAIGN MANAGER

By ONE NOT YET EXPELLED.

"Whom the Gods would destroy they first make mad," is one of three proverbs that headed the leaflet issued by F. W. Burgess, member of the Carpenters' Union of Philadelphia and campaign manager for Willis K. Brown of Peoria, candidate for General President of the U. B. of C. & J. of A. This proverb was directed against Wm. L. Hutcheson and was followed by the statement, "These three proverbs can be aptly applied to General President, Bro. William L. Hutcheson, from the beginning to the end of the recent general convention of the Brotherhood of Carpenters."

"He started with a tirade against Communists and the necessity of kicking them out of the U. B." "There were only three Communists at the convention."

"It reminds us of the tactics of A. Mitchell Palmer and Harry M. Daugherty, both U. S. attorney generals, who, to cover their own corruption in office, threw the dust of 'Communism' and 'Reds' in the face of the public."

"The spirit of men whose consciences are not deadened by desire for profit or graft rise in resentment against unfair conduct of all persons and more especially against unfairness on the part of those who have executive authority."

Burgess in Line for Expulsion.

For these and other statements supposed to have been made by Burgess, he now finds himself on the eve of being kicked out of the organization along with the Communists, adherents of the T. U. E. L., and other progressive carpenters.

So far Willis K. Brown, the silent candidate for general president, has remained silent on the expulsion cases. He was silent in the convention. He said nothing during his campaign. He has said nothing since. However, there is still time for action and we call upon Willis K. Brown to definitely state his position on the expulsion policy of Hutcheson, on the signing of "open shop" agreements without the consent of the membership, such as the Chicago agreement. What is his position on the corruption of the Hutcheson machine as pointed out in the document, of which he is supposed to have a copy, issued by Burgess, according to Hutcheson, and for which Burgess will undoubtedly be expelled without a trial? To remain silent means to endorse the present policy of the Hutcheson administration.

Hutcheson has a long list of names compiled before and added to since the convention of those slated for expulsion, with or without trial, depend entirely upon his control of the local machinery. Up to date 17 members have been expelled without trial, in flagrant violation of Section 55 of the general constitution, and many others are slated to go.

The 11 members in Los Angeles, all of them members of the brotherhood for from five to 30 years, were the first to be expelled. This was done prior to the convention, to stop a progressive group of delegates from coming to the convention.

Five members have been expelled in Chicago because they opposed the signing of the Chicago "open shop" agreement. One member in Detroit is expelled because he was active in the election campaign in support of Morris Rosen, the left wing candidate for general president, which resulted in Detroit casting a majority vote for Rosen.

Now F. W. Burgess is slated to go. His "crime" is being too active in the Labor Defense Council prior to the convention, and since then he has been guilty of the unforgivable "crime" of digging too deeply into the record of the Hutcheson administration.

His support of Willis K. Brown would have been forgiven, only he was not as silent as Brown. He went far beyond the candidate he was supporting. He laid his finger on too many sore spots, such as the falsification of the ballots cast for the old-age home. He pointed out that the general president had expelled 68 local unions because they refused to accept a cut in wages, and that Brotherhood men were brought in from all over the country to act as strikebreakers.

This, and many other things, Burgess is being accused of saying, by Wm. L. Hutcheson, who has sent in a special sub-committee of the general executive board to Philadelphia, composed of 1st Vice-President Cosgrove, General Secretary Duffy, General Treasurer Neall, G. E. B. member Williams and Martell, with a special stenographer. They have documents which they say Burgess was responsible for, which tell of some of the corruption of the Hutcheson administration.

Burgess rightfully refused to recognize the authority of this committee and is demanding a trial according to the rights which are supposed to be guaranteed him by the constitution. Thousands of dollars are being spent to expel members from the organization, but not a cent to bring new members in. Philadelphia is a good example of how the money of the Brotherhood is being wasted. Five high salaried officials and a special stenographer spending thousands of dollars making an investigation that could have been done by mail from Indianapolis, that is, if there was any sincerity in the investigation.

If Hutcheson is honest why is he afraid to prefer charges against Burgess according to the constitution? which states that charges shall be

TECHNICAL AID TO HOLD MOCK TRIAL FEB. 8

Counter - Revolution in Prisoners' Dock

The mock trial held last winter in the Soviet School where prostitution was the defendant aroused much talk and interest in the Russian colony. It was an interesting and useful discussion. At present the society for Technical Aid to Soviet Russia is arranging another such trial on the more interesting subject, The Counter-revolution will be put on trial at the Soviet School, 1902 W. Division St., Sunday, Feb. 8, at 5:30 p. m. There will be ten defendants representing many phases and parties of the counter-revolution. There will be many witnesses for the defense and the prosecution. Many documents will be read. The prosecutor will be the actor Luganov. The defense will be represented by the actor DeModov and another person who does not care to reveal his name at present.

The Russian workers of Chicago are aroused and it is expected that the hall will be packed.

Says He Is Not Guilty.

TOPEKA, Kans., Jan. 29.—Carl J. Peterson, state banking commissioner, under former governor, Jonathan M. Davis, was arraigned today in charges of conspiracy and soliciting a bribe in connection with pardon cases. Peterson pleaded not guilty and was held in \$1,000 bond. His preliminary hearing was set for Feb. 6. He provided bond.

Seek War Vet Bonus.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 29.—A bill to provide a state bonus for Indiana world war veterans will be introduced in the house this afternoon according to Representative George W. Freeman, republican of Kokomo, author of the measure.

MINE CAVES IN AND GAS BLAST WIPES OUT FAMILY AT SCRANTON

SCRANTON, Pa., Jan. 29.—The entire family of Louis Desino, including himself his wife and four small children, was wiped out today by illuminating gas that flooded their home after a pipe had been broken by a mine cave-in, it is believed. Another entire family was overcome, but police arrived in time with pulmotors to save them.

made in writing, specifying the offense and the section of the constitution so violated, and that they shall be read at one meeting of the local union and laid over till the next meeting. The constitution also states that the defendant shall be notified of the charges; that 11 members shall be nominated by the local, the names placed in a ballot box and the first five drawn shall constitute the committee to investigate the charges. The defendant, accuser, and witnesses shall be notified of the trial. The accused and the accuser shall have the right to state their case to the local. The fact is, Hutcheson is afraid of an honest investigation.

Injunction Used to Frame Up Reynolds.

This constitutional guarantee against frameups has been completely ignored by Hutcheson in all of the expulsion cases. Burgess is not alone. The entire 17 are in the same boat. Take the case of Wm. Reynolds of

"HE WAS LIKE A SPONGE THAT COULD ABSORB ALL THAT WAS HEALTHY AND GENUINE IN THE LIFE OF THE WORKING CLASS."—Lenin Memorial Meeting, Madison Square Garden, New York, Sunday Afternoon, February 1.

Detroit. He did not even know that he was being investigated until a letter was read to the district council of Detroit, of which he is the vice-president, stating that he had been expelled. Now Hutcheson's contemptible stool pigeon, Botterill, has gone into the capitalist courts and gotten out an injunction to keep Reynolds from attending his local union meetings.

SECRET SESSION IS HELD TO HEAR STONE EXPLAIN

Senate Then Holds Open One to Kid Public

(Special to The Daily Worker)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Attorney-general Harlan F. Stone, named to the supreme court by President Coolidge, took the witness stand in his own defense today before the senate judiciary committee to defend his professional record against senatorial criticism.

Stone appeared first at a secret session to explain his former legal activities for J. Pierpont Morgan and his reported intention as attorney-general to re-indict Senator Burton K. Wheeler of Montana.

Opposition to these two phases of Stone's legal record has blocked confirmation of his appointment to the supreme court.

Stone revealed that the indictment which he would seek against Senator Wheeler involved a "conspiracy to defraud the United States of its oil lands." He said that it was a new case and not a repetition of the Montana indictment against Wheeler.

"5 and 10" Jumps 50.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The common stock of S. S. Kresge jumped 50 points to 510 in the New York stock market today following announcement that the directors had declared a stock dividend of 50 per cent. They also declared a cash dividend of \$2 a share on the common stock and \$1.75 on the preferred, both payable April 1 to stockholders of record March 19.

Your Policy Must Be — Buy a Policy —

A Brilliant Book by Leon Trotsky

"DICTATORSHIP vs. DEMOCRACY"

In which Trotsky explodes the sham pretenses of so-called bourgeois democracy and explains the character of the dictatorship of the working class.

Kautsky and the later social-democratic school come in for warm criticism at the hands of this most brilliant writer in the international working class movement.

Paper, 50 Cents Cloth, \$1.00

Order from THE DAILY WORKER Literature Department

1113 W. Washington Blvd. Chicago, Illinois

HARVARD GLORIES IN "AD" BUNK

HARVARD University, the supreme snob educational institution of America, is pushing bourgeois ethics and business and has just given \$10,500 in prizes to this end for advertising matter. It is significant that the awards are made thru Edward W. Bok, the Philadelphia dean of bourgeois editors, from a fund he donated.

About 5,000 advertisements were submitted by 175 agencies anxious to show Harvard students and Americans how best to make money by guilting the public with dope phraseology. Just what kind of ads they wrote the capitalist papers do not state. Perhaps it was something of the nature of a New York college staff member who wrote of advertising some time ago, recommending for South American countries ads of sudes. The prizes by Harvard and Bok were mostly of \$1,500 each.

THIS IS LENIN WEEK

Read Lenin's Works!
Join Lenin's Party—the Workers (Communist) Party!

Go to the

Lenin Memorial Meeting

On Sunday, February 1
2:00 P. M.

At Madison Square Garden

SPEAKERS:
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER C. E. RUTHENBERG
M. J. OLCIN JACK STACHEL

Russian and Oriental Speakers
BEN CITLOW, Chairman.

FREIHEIT SINGING SOCIETY (Chorus of 400 Voices)
FULL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA OF 100
NINA GUSSIEVA, Dramatic Suprano

ADMISSION FIFTY CENTS

TICKETS ON SALE AT—Workers Party Office, 208 E. 12th St.; Freiheit, 153 E. Broadway; Jimmie Higgins Book Shop, 127 University Place; Novy Mir, 231 E. 1st St.; Block's Drug Store (formerly Epstein's), Madison Ave. and 11th St.; Stern's Jewelry Store, 1337 Wilkins Ave.; Latse, 46 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn; Katz's Drug Store, Moore and Graham Ave., Brooklyn; Neider's Book Store, 1817 Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn; Finnish Hall, 764 40th St., Brooklyn; Zelink's Bakery, Mermaid Ave. and 33rd St., Coney Island.

Auspices, Workers Party of America, District No. 2.

SCHOOL BOARD TO CHARGE RENT FOR PUBLIC MEETINGS

Cal Coolidge's economy has nothing on the Chicago board of education. At its last meeting it leaked out that for the use of schools for public meetings the business manager of the board has ordered a charge for rent.

A committee headed by A. B. Hale and George McGowan, from the public affairs association, which is conducting a series of meetings on the drainage flow problem, a serious matter of water sanitation for Chicago, came before the board of education meeting to complain against a fee of \$25 charged by Business Manager Byrne of the school board for the use of the schools for meetings. The matter was referred to the committee of building and grounds of which Trustee Fellows is chairman.

The committee said it had arranged for a series of meetings in schools in every ward for next Monday night to explain the seriousness of the water drainage question to the people of Chicago. "This action by the board retards our work" said George McGowan.

NEWARK PAINTERS' UNION REPUDIATES THE SPY ABRAMOVICH

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 29.—Painters Local No. 777, of Newark repudiated Raphael Abramovich, spy of world imperialism and the Second International, at its last meeting here.

By a vote of 59 to 45 the painters voted down the socialist party's request that the Newark painters send delegates to welcome Abramovich when he speaks here. Several speakers exposed Abramovich's record in the interests of the world capitalists.

North Side English Notice. Comrade John W. Johnstone, who attended the Pan-American and A. F. of L. conventions, will have an interesting account to give us of this gathering at the next meeting of our branch on Monday, at 8 p. m., at the Imperial Hall, 2406 N. Halsted St. Comrades come early so that we can finish our business quickly and give the speaker plenty of time.

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YOUNG WORKERS JOIN WORKERS PARTY AT OMAHA LENIN MEETING

(Special to The Daily Worker) OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 29.—Omaha held a rousing Lenin celebration Sunday afternoon, with a crowd which filled the Labor Lyceum to capacity. The quality of the program, addresses and singing, caused much favorable comment.

Snyder Makes Strong Address. J. E. Snyder, national organizer for the Workers Party, made the principal address of the day. He appealed to the workers and young workers to join either the Workers Party or the Young Workers' League and help carry on the message of Leninism in America.

Cards bearing the words of the "Internationale" and "Workers Memorial Song" proved so popular that only one or two could be found after the meeting. These songs were rendered by the "Red Quartet." Their work produced round after round of applause.

As one comrade remarked: "This meeting proved the value of organizing party activity systematically."

A Big Program. The program arranged for this meeting was as follows: International—Red Quartet; Coutts, Jonisch, Matthews, Forman. Accompanist, Anne Jonisch.

Opening Remarks—Chairman A. P. Kramer. Address—in Russian, "Lenin and Russia," B. M. Mishkis.

Address—"Lenin, the Strategist," David Coutts. Address—in Jewish, "Lenin and the Subject Peoples," David Reznick.

Workers Memorial Song—Red Quartet. Address—"Liebknecht and Leninism," Tom Matthews.

Address—"A Leninist Party in America," J. E. Snyder. The meeting opened promptly at 3:00 and adjourned promptly at 5:00, with perfect organization throughout.

Several young workers signed up expressing their desire to become a part of the Communist youth in America. A meeting to organize a Y. W. L. branch will be held shortly.

War of Words Halts While Coolidge Men Fix Up Committee

(Special to The Daily Worker) WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—An armistice in the fake war of words was declared in the senate today in the fight against promotion of Attorney General Harlan F. Stone, to the United States supreme court.

Altho democratic leaders declared the fight "not ended" administration spokesmen were confident of obtaining confirmation for Stone's appointment as soon as the judiciary committee again submits his name to the full senate. The committee will meet next Monday for final action on the appointment.

He joined Local 83, New York, of the Typographical Union in 1912 and has always been an active and loyal union man. He assisted in establishing the six-hour day for Jewish printers in Chicago, was secretary of the United Hebrew Chapels, and shop chairman in the print shop of the Jewish Daily Courier in 1920.

The life story of Harry Brooker is a tale of unswerving devotion and sacrifice to the working class movement—a tale of hard work, unflinching bravery in the face of czarist oppression, and patient striving to serve his fellow workers. His record is one that wins the respect and confidence of every working man and woman, one that assures them that he will faithfully fight for their interests at all times and in all places.

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LENIN MEETING IN MILWAUKEE DRAWS OVERFLOW

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 29.—The Lenin memorial meeting held in Milwaukee Auditorium was well attended. The hall holding approximately 1,000 people was filled to capacity and over 200 people were turned away for lack of space.

The program of the evening opened with the Junior group of forty children standing before the large star thru which in glaring red letters was seen a sign, "Lenin is Dead, But Leninism Lives." The pageant was accompanied by a Russian choir singing the funeral march and the Freiheit Singing Society singing the Internationale.

In addition to this the Socialist Maennerchor and the German Socialist Liedertafel choir sang revolutionary songs in the German language. The South Slavic choir "Buduchnost" also contributed two very fine numbers.

Bedacht Spoke. The first speaker of the evening was Comrade Max Bedacht, who spoke in the German language and made a masterful speech. His speech on the achievement of Lenin and his life and work was well received by the audience.

Life Work of Lenin. Wm. F. Kruse was the principal speaker in the English language. He spoke on the work of Nicolai Lenin and his achievements. He stated that

the greatest monument that was built up by Lenin was the existence of a powerful Soviet republic, and the building up of the Third (Communist) International with parties thruout the world. He also outlined the work of Lenin as theoretician and strategist of the revolutionary movement. He laid particular stress on Lenin's struggle against reformists and his work in building up a powerful and centralized Communist movement.

The great part played by Comrade Lenin in the Russian revolution of 1905 and 1917 in leading the armed insurrection of Russian workers was emphasized by Comrade Kruse. He also pointed out to the marvelous strategy displayed by Comrade Lenin in signing the Brest-Litovsk treaty and the introduction of the new economic policy.

Build the Party. Comrade Kruse concluded his speech by calling upon the audience to build up a real monument to Comrade Lenin by building up the Party of Lenin in this country—the Workers (Communist) Party of America.

Our Candidate in the 34th Ward.

HARRY BROOKER, candidate endorsed by the Workers (Communist) Party for alderman in the 34th ward, has a long history of service to the labor and revolutionary movements of Russia and America. Comrade Brooker is a printer, working at the trade, and a member of the Typographical Union, Local 16, Chicago.

Comrade Brooker is forty years old. He started to work for his living at the age of eighteen. In 1903, he became a member of the social democratic party of Russia and six months later he joined the social revolutionary party. He remained active in the left wing of this party up to 1908, when he left Russia for the United States.

During the period of his activity in Russia he was arrested ten times, once for working in an underground print shop, and in 1907 he was exiled to the province of Viatka.

When he came to the United States he made New York his home. There he joined the Workmen's Circle, then the socialist labor party, and in 1918 the communist party. In 1919 he joined the Communist Party and has been a member of the Communist movement ever since. He has been very active in the Communist movement, having held various responsible party positions, including that of sub-district organizer.

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TOKIO FACES WATER FAMINE UNLESS RAIN WILL ARRIVE SOON

TOKIO, Jan. 29.—Tokio today faced a great water famine. A lightness city was forecast within the near future unless heavy rains were received.

Authorities declared a water famine was inevitable unless rains were received within a fortnight. Right water economies have been ordered.

The last rain of any consequence fell here October 27, and the weather bureau has predicted no further rain until after Feb. 10.

They are the Finnish branch of Hanna, topnotchers in the national office territory with a total remittance of \$72.00. This one branch has given almost a sixth of the entire sum raised in the national office district.

Just a little over a dollar a member average has been forthcoming so far from the national office territory branches. With an estimated membership of 360, the amount of \$461.00 has been sent in. Among the pledges, however, is one for \$100.00 from Jacksonville, Fla., which will no doubt be filled very shortly.

Twenty branches have been militant, while 13 have yet remained inactive. But the national office territory is N. O. T. in initial only; in action it has a reputation for being R. E. D. Is it going to come thru this "test of fire" with its colors still flying and with the DAILY WORKER insured? There isn't much time left in which to answer this question, right or wrong . . .

These Branches Are on the Red Map!

Table listing various branches and their remittance amounts: Omaha, Neb., Bohemian \$10.00; Houston, Tex., Jewish 5.00; Centerville, Ia., English 3.00; Denver, Col., English 50.00; Kansas City, Mo., English 32.00; Nashville, Tenn., English 21.00; Omaha, Neb., English 50.00; Phoenix, Arizona, English 25.00; Richmond, Va., English 15.00; Diamondville, Wyo., Finnish 16.00; Hanna, Wyo., Finnish 72.00; Leadville, Col., Finnish 15.00; Rock Springs, Wyo., Finnish 12.00; Denver, Col., Greek 29.00; Kansas City, Kan., Russian 40.00; Pocatello, Idaho, Scandinavian 3.00; Kansas City, Kan., South Slavic 35.00; Pueblo, Colo., South Slavic 12.00; Mystic, Ia., South Slavic 6.00; Canton, O., C. C. C. 10.00; Total \$461.00

These Haven't Answered "Present!"

CZECHO-SLOVAK BRANCH, Glen Allen, Va. ENGLISH BRANCHES, Birmingham, Ala.; El Paso, Texas; Denning, N. M.; Roanoke, Va. GERMAN BRANCH, Denver, Colo. HUNGARIAN BRANCH, Galloway, W. Va. JEWISH BRANCHES, Denver, Colo.; Norfolk, Va.; San Antonio, Texas; Chattanooga, Tenn.; Atlanta, Ga.; Jacksonville, Fla.

COMMUNISTS DEFY FASCISTI AT LENIN MEMORIAL CELEBRATION

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK CITY, Jan. 29.—With cries of "Viva Lenin," "Viva Soviet Russia" and "Viva the social revolution," the Italian Communists defied the iron dictatorship of Mussolini during the Lenin Memorial celebration thruout Italy recently. Dispatches received here speak of tremendous celebrations in Milan, Greco-Milanese, Trieste, Messina and Rome.

In Greco-Milanese, the Communists raised the red flag over the important buildings of the city. The Communists were fiercely attacked by the police and a number of them were arrested.

In Trieste the red flag was raised upon the telegraph poles of the city. Strenuous efforts were made by the fascisti to suppress any form of demonstration in honor of the first anniversary of the death of Lenin.

New York Will Be Heard Too. Just as the workers of New York are inspired by the brave example of their brothers and comrades in Italy, so too will the Italian workers take heart when they hear of the formidable demonstration which the workers of New York will make next Sunday, Feb. 1 at 2 p. m. at Madison Square Garden. To the workers of the world, the fact that the American workers show a real spirit of revolutionary enthusiasm, right at the heart of the dictatorship of Morgan, Gary, et al, this fact to them is of tremendous importance. While they feel the iron heel of this dictatorship in Italy under Mussolini, in Germany under the Dawes plan, they are reconciled by the fact that ardent and energetic workers are striving industriously to undermine and overthrow that dictatorship, and that they liberation will come soon.

Tickets for this international demonstration, are now on sale at 208 East 12th street and at all Workers Party newspapers and branch party offices. For further details see the columns of this paper.

"SOCIALIST" JUDASES OF LABOR

FOR more than ten years the social democrats, the mensheviks, have been active as the rear guard of retreating capitalism. Fighting desperately for the bankrupt cause of their capitalist masters these social-democrats have elevated treason to the working class to the fundamental principle of the Second International.

At present Raphael Abramovich, a member of the executive committee of the Second International and a member of the central committee of the Russian mensheviks is touring the United States as part of the counter-revolutionary activities of the "socialists." The Workers Party, the representative and leader of the revolutionary workers of America throws all the treacherous acts of the Second International into the face of its American representatives, the Abramoviches, the Hillquits, the Bergers, the Cahans and Pankens, and calls upon all red blooded workers of this country to show to this coterie of traitors their contempt.

Comrade Max Bedacht has written a little pamphlet for the Workers Party about the "Social Judases of Labor." The pamphlet is one great indictment of the role that international menshevism played in the continuous struggles of the exploited for their emancipation. The pamphlet will be sold for 5 cents a copy in retail. Hundreds of thousands of copies of this pamphlet ought to be circulated and sold by our party thruout

NATIONAL OFFICE TERRITORY IS N. O. T. ONLY IN INITIAL; ITS MIDDLE NAME IS "RED"

THERE'S a small group of comrades away out in Wyoming that have sprinkled the sands with the fresh waters of Communism and made the desert bloom like a garden with red insurance policies for the DAILY WORKER.

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THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL

Edited by Gregory Zinoviev and Karl Radek

Organ of the Executive Committee of the Communist International, the leading body of the world revolutionary Labor movement and the theoretical guide of its membership.

This monthly magazine, containing the best work of international leaders and of well-known writers on the history and theory of the world revolutionary Labor movement, appears simultaneously in English, Russian, French and German and is issued at Smolny, Leningrad, Russia.

No worker and student of the world Labor movement should miss this journal of great interest and importance.

It is the ONLY publication of its kind and the DAILY WORKER is sole agent in this country.

Subscription form for THE COMMUNIST INTERNATIONAL. Includes fields for Name, Street, City, State, and subscription rates: Single copy, 25 Cents; 18 Cents in bundle orders; SUBSCRIPTION: \$2.50 a year, \$1.25 six months.

Build the DAILY WORKER!

Prison Yawns Little For Gary, Ind., Tools Of the Steel Trust

HAMMOND, Ind., Jan. 29.—Petitions for an appeal to the United States supreme court were filed today by attorneys of Hammond, representing Mayor R. O. Johnson of Gary, and a number of others of the fifty-five defendants sentenced to the federal penitentiary for conspiracy several months ago. They were found guilty of trafficking in illegal liquor and vice deals.

The sentences were imposed by the federal court at Indianapolis, and the decision of that court was recently upheld by the United States circuit court of appeals, sitting in Chicago.

Other defendants have filed motion for a new trial with the court of appeals.

Johnson and the other Gary officials were elected to office with the backing of the U. S. Steel corporation, and have always obeyed the orders of Elbert H. Gary. During a recent accident in Gary Mayor Johnson refused to investigate reports that 13 workers had been killed in the steel mills. The deaths were suppressed, only one being reported killed.

Jobs Scarce in Cleveland. CLEVELAND.—Of the 115,000 non-union laborers who applied at the American Plan Association's Cleveland offices last year for employment, but 7,000 were placed. The city-state office placed 55,000 out of 200,000.

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Subscribe The Daily Worker for \$25

ORGANIZATION OF IOWA STATE IS NOW UNDER WAY

Unions Pledge Support in Child Labor Fight

SIoux CITY, Iowa, Jan. 29.—The campaign to organize Iowa state has gotten off to a good start. Comrade David Courts arranged for a meeting on Sunday afternoon, Feb. 8, at the Sioux City Labor Temple, and also addressed the Machinists' Local and Women's Label League on the question of organizing a conference for a united front on the child labor amendment ratification. He interested two of the business agents of the Sioux City unions who promised to take it up at once.

W. P. Branch Certain.
Sioux City has no English branch of the party but from the way this proposition was received by a few of the old time radicals there is very good prospects for a branch when Comrade Snyder arrives for the meeting at Labor Temple.

The unemployment problem in Iowa is acute. The glamour of the LaFollette fiasco has passed and there is now a seeking after new avenues for expression of discontent. The question mark is uppermost in the minds of the workers there and our future success will depend upon how practical our methods are in putting our party aims and program before them.

Iowa, in spite of its reactionary past, offers a fertile field for party work today and the comrades of that district are pushing the work to the limit.

Comrades Get Busy.

Comrades close to the eastern line of Iowa are urged to co-operate in that territory with the comrades from the west. Comrade David Courts will be in Dubuque on Saturday, Jan. 31; Clinton, Monday, Feb. 2; Davenport, Wednesday, Feb. 4; Muscatine, Friday, Feb. 6. Address him General Delivery at any of these places so he can get in touch with those willing to help with the work.

Amalgamated Bank Organizes an Opera Season Ticket Club

The Amalgamated Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago offers an opportunity to Chicago music lovers to join the Opera Savings Club. Through the payment of from one to three dollars depending upon the section in which the seat is located a season ticket for 12 performances can be secured on a club payment plan. Tickets reserved now are for November 4, 1925 when the 1925-6 season opens. The payments are divided into nine monthly deposits. Deposits can be made at once at the Amalgamated Bank and not later than Feb. 28. Full information can be secured from the Amalgamated Trust and Savings Bank, 371 W. Jackson Boulevard.

Injured Fighting Fire
TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 29.—Two firemen, Wilbur Brotherton and Frank Moelter, were painfully injured fighting the fire which destroyed machine shops, store rooms and offices at the car barn of the Terre Haute, Indianapolis and Eastern traction line here today.

COMMUNISM IN FRANCE GROWS

(Continued from page 1)
great industrial suburbs, is by now almost completely re-organized. There are 500 factory groups organized in nearly 50 industrial locals (Rayons). Some 200 factory newspapers are being published. The party membership has increased from 8,000 in the middle of last year to nearly 15,000.

Work in the North
In the very important industrial area of Northern France, including the chief coalfields of France and the big textile industry centered on Lille, 196 factory groups have been set up and are working, and another 37 are in course of foundation. Of these groups about 80 are in collieries, and as many again in textile factories and mills. The factory groups are organized in 19 rayons, 20 factory newspapers are published, and the circulation of the local party weekly, L'Enchaîne du Nord, has increased from 14,000 to 18,000.

This progress is the more remarkable in that the northern district is the chief stronghold of social democracy in France, the place where the French socialist party is still powerful.

Other parts of the country where the party is not so strong, have naturally made less progress in the work of re-organization.
Side by side with the formation of the factory groups has gone the re-organization of the party districts (federations). Formerly these simply corresponded with the departments, the French local government divisions. Now the old federations have been re-grouped in new "regions"—each comprising several of the old federations—corresponding to the economic and industrial characteristics of the area.

For the work of party training "Leninist schools" have been set up. It was the Central Leninist school at Bobigny, a proletarian suburb of Paris, which was raided by the police of M. Herriot's "liberal" government last December.

L'Humanité has been improved by the introduction of a section for "Workers' Life" letters, and by the regular publication of a section for party news. The net increase in the circulation over last year is 11,000; the total remains at about 200,000.

Party Campaigns

A committee of action has been set up by the party and the C. G. T. U. (the Left Wing Trade Union Congress), and this committee has been carrying on campaigns against the Dawes plan, for national and international trade union unity, against the high cost of living, and against the fascist danger.

Many demonstrations and meetings have been held, with great success; particularly the magnificent demonstration when Jaures' remains were transferred to the Pantheon. On this occasion 200,000 French workers came on to the streets behind the banners of the committee of action; the capitalist press shrieked alarm for days and weeks afterwards.

The party has intensified its campaign against the infamous French "socialist" leaders whose shameful betrayal of every principle of socialism becomes every day more glaring. They have supported the Herriot government all the time, voting for the budget, including the secret police funds, sabotaging a complete amnesty for all political prisoners, always meekly attacking the Communist Party and the Russian revolution—to the great joy of the capitalist press.

Monatte-Rosmer "Right"
But while our brother party has

been putting its shoulder to the wheel in such fine style, it has, unhappily, been faced with an attack from within. Certain comrades in leading circles in the party who had been closely associated with Souvarine were dissatisfied with the latter's exclusion, and with the new "left" party lead. Chief among these comrades were Monatte, the well-known left wing trade unionist, and Rosmer (former foreign editor and chief sub-editor of L'Humanité). They were also members of the party executive.

These comrades supported Trotsky against the Russian C. P. and the international; and Rosmer made the serious mistake, when the MacDonald "labor" government was formed, of hailing it as if it were only one step removed from the proletarian revolution. He also drafted a letter for the French party to send to the labor party, greeting the labor government and offering it support—without any fundamental criticism or any indication of a revolutionary and Bolshevik line on this question. It is only fair to say, by the way, that this opportunist attitude was prevalent in our own party at the time.

After the Souvarine affair had been settled, Monatte and Rosmer, with one or two others, formed a little discontented "cave" within the party. In party conferences and meetings they occasionally defended their view-point, and criticized the party lead, but were voted down by overwhelming majorities. It was absolutely clear that the mass of the proletarian membership was dead against them.

An "Open Letter"

For a while they lay low. Then, quite suddenly, in November, they drew up an open letter to the members of the party, which they had distributed as far as possible throughout the party. The letter was signed Monatte, Rosmer, and Delagarde, another member of the party executive. It contained violent personal attacks on the party leadership, notably on comrades Albert Treint and Suzanne Girault, who were declared to be "autocrats" with whom any team work was impossible. The letter attacked the "barrack-room" discipline of the party, and said that its "bureaucracy" would soon be worse than that of the French bourgeois state itself.

In this strain the letter continued: it did not propose any alternative policy for the party.

As soon as the letter became known throughout the party resolutions began to pour in from factory groups and aggregate meetings condemning its authors and demanding their expulsion from the party. The seriously anti-communist character of the action of Monatte, Rosmer, and Delagarde is shown by the enthusiasm with which the publication of their letter was greeted by the capitalist and social-democratic press and party leaders. Both these enemies of Communism and the revolutionary work-class gleefully made use of the Monatte-Rosmer letter as a weapon to injure the Communist party.

Expulsion Voted

A special and urgent national party council was held on December 5, which voted unanimously (less two abstentions) for the expulsion of Monatte, Rosmer, and Souvarine from the party. This remains to be confirmed by the forth-coming congress.

We in England have had to deal with our right wing opportunists, such as Newbold and Ellen Wilkinson. Our sympathies must be with our French comrades in their fight to make their party solidly Bolshevik, which involves a remorseless struggle against the right deviations represented by Monatte and Rosmer.

"The Beauty and the Bolshevik" is coming to Ashland Auditorium Feb. 5.

CITY OF PLUTES HEARS MESSAGE OF LENINISM

Washington Crowd Fills Theatre

By H. O. WATT.
(Special to The Daily Worker)
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 29.—Washingtonians filled the auditorium of the Play House Sunday evening on the occasion of the memorial to our Comrade Lenin. When this may be accomplished in the stronghold of the bourgeoisie, at the high seat of mediocrity, our members throughout the country should feel encouraged to fight on, in their more fortunate proletarian environment.

Knew American Conditions.
Oliver Carlson, fresh from inspiring gatherings in Philadelphia and in Baltimore, held his audience in close attention as he described his pilgrimages to Soviet Russia and of his interview with Lenin, who showed himself to be more familiar with American conditions than was Carlson himself. The speaker told of the vast improvement in the conditions under which the workers now live in Russia, as compared with conditions three years ago, at the time of his first visit to that country.

Lenin's great work in building up a real Communist Party so that the party has carried on his work efficiently and effectively was eloquently and impressively stated by Comrade Carlson. The reverence with which almost the entire population of Russia grieved at the news of Lenin's death was cited as the reply to the lackeys of capitalism who assert that the workers and peasants of the Soviet government are subjects, against their will, to red domination.

Lenin Conquered Enemies.
The skillful manner with which Lenin guided the fortunes of the Russian people thru the dark years of famine and pestilence and blockade to the successful obliteration of all their enemies so that the Russians today enjoy the highest standard of living of any European country was described in Comrade Carlson's masterful, sincere and direct manner.

The speaker repeated several instances of his experiences with the natives of Russia as evidence of the great love which they held for their devoted and loyal leader. In reply to those who believe that Communism is a cut and dried theory Comrade Carlson called attention to the fact that it is the theory of managing the affairs of the human race must be carried on thru human agencies and that human feelings are a factor in the struggle which must be kept in mind. And Lenin was one of the noblest of men.

Collection For Defense.
Comrade Carlson in speaking of American conditions mentioned the Michigan persecution to which Communists have been subjected. The speaker appealed to the audience to assist us in raising funds with which to employ the best possible legal aid for our imprisoned comrades. The sum of \$31.19 was collected.

Musical Genius Plays.
If Washington is unfortunate in having no real working class conscious population it is at least fortunate in another respect. The eleven year old daughter of Comrades Altman is a musical genius, in the real sense of the term, and is recognized as such by the music lovers of the Capitol. Our Lenin memorial meeting was opened by our little comrade, Sylvia Altman, at the piano. Her brother, Julius, nine years of age, accompanied her on the violin, in playing "The International." Other selections were played both at the opening and at the close of the evening, and were deeply appreciated.

Daily Worker Praised.
Comrade O'Hara McIntosh presided and spoke of the good work which is being done by the DAILY WORKER in carrying Comrade Lenin's message to the workers of America. He said in part:

"In the United States this evening scores of meetings similar to this gathering are being held. The sentiment which is expressed by these meetings is the reply of the class conscious workers of America to the falsehoods which are continually being published in the yellow press of the capitalist class. Perhaps some of those in the audience may not be aware of the fact that the mental prostitutes who work under the aliases of 'foreign correspondents' have been excluded from Russia because dishonest men are not wanted in that country.

Vultures of Capitalism.
"These vultures of capitalism have gone across the border to the city of Riga where they have established an immense lie factory, for the purpose



From the Senate of the State of Montana.

ON stationery of the state of Montana, Senator Charles E. Taylor, of Sheridan county, editor of the Producers' News, of Plentywood, sends another subscription for himself on a blank from the Tool Box. It is very natural for a Communist, in the state senate, to carry a Tool Box even there. A Builder carries a Tool Box with him everywhere! But read what he writes:

Comrades: Here I am in the senate of the state of Montana. I have been two weeks without a copy of the DAILY WORKER and I feel that I have been in the mountains for that length of time! So please put me on the list for the enclosed \$1.00 and send me three or four back numbers.

I am getting the paper at Plentywood, Montana, but I want it here also and I do not care to have the paper changed for so short a time. Best wishes to you pioneers of the better day.

CHARLES E. TAYLOR.

A Strange Agent From Duluth.

Comrade Lund, DAILY WORKER agent for Duluth, asks us in his letter to cut his earnings from the DAILY WORKER sub sales in half. He says he is also agent for the Finnish paper "Tyomies" and can manage to "get by" with just half of what he gets. A strange agent indeed, but one who appreciates the hard task of existing that the DAILY WORKER has. We are cutting his earnings in half, but we wish we could double them.

In addition to his plea he sends us the news that he has secured the support of two live wires, R. F. Rooney and Arnold Arnio of the English branch, to devote two evenings a week to sub getting in order to build their branch. He is arranging such support from the local Y. W. L. as well. That is sure to bring results in "building." Have you comrades in other locals, a little live wire in the branches? Send him (or her) to the local DAILY WORKER agent.

of defaming the Soviet government. From that factory are cabled flights of fancy to all of the so-called civilized nations of the world. The chief recipient of these canards in America is the Chicago Tribune.

Chicago Tribune Lie Factory.
"From Chicago the stories are telegraphed to various cities and Washington receives its share of them. You have all seen these stories and perhaps some of you have seen the official denials tucked away in some obscure corner a few weeks after the publication of the original story. It may interest this audience to know that there is a daily paper published in this country which is devoted to the interests of the working class and in which these capitalist lies are exposed.

The Workers' Daily.
"This paper is the DAILY WORKER and is delivered in Washington the day following its publication. We urge upon all of you the necessity of reading this paper if you wish to be correctly informed concerning the struggle between capital and labor which is daily becoming more and more acute in every capitalist country.

Repaid by Russia.
Responding to urgent appeals made immediately after the war, English co-operators lent nearly a million pounds to co-operative societies in eastern Europe, and particularly Russia.

Mississippi Wants Scandinavians.
BILOXI, Miss.—Believing that Scandinavians will do more work for less money, the Mississippi chamber of commerce and the development board has, through Oscar Hellstrom, combed Canada and the northern section of the United States to secure them to be employed on farms and canning factories in the southern part of the state.

25,000 CRIPPLED WORKERS IN N. Y. WAIT FOR WAGES

Lack of Clerical Help Given As Excuse

(Special to The Daily Worker)
NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—There are 25,000 workmen's compensation cases pending in the state of New York and there is no appropriation to meet them. Last year's legislature conveniently forgot to make such an appropriation. Governor Smith has been forced to do something to make a little showing in view of his position as "labor's friend" and he has started working on a special message urging an emergency appropriation to cover the cases.

These 25,000 appeals are new and the Whitley legislative committee has been sitting to find out why there has been so much delay in taking up these cases. The very lean and pretended excuse as testified to before the committee is lack of hearing stenographers and deputies in the attorney general's office. All this means is that the attorney general wants more jobs for his henchmen.

James Donohue, director of the Workmen's Compensation Bureau in New York City declared before the committee that in 371,000 accidents last year 111,000 claims were made. Another witness said the state should spend at least \$200,000 more each year to have the compensation law carried out.

Besides these 25,000 new cases there were on January 1st, nearly a month ago, 2,048 cases on appeal.

Steel Workers, Take Notice

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—German and Belgian prices on iron and steel in Argentina are 20 per cent lower than American prices. The American steel manufacturers declare that American production costs are too high and must be reduced. Twenty per cent will soon come off the wages of the steel workers. Well, the steel workers can stand it, they are in the millionaire list.

Arizona for Amendment.

Phoenix, Ariz., Jan. 29.—Following favorable action in the house, the child labor amendment was unanimously ratified by the Arizona state senate today.

Open Forum, Sunday Night, Lodge Room, Ashland Auditorium.

Movies for Workers

"Beauty and the Bolshevik" and "Russia in Overalls" will be shown at the following places:
Chicago, Ashland Auditorium, Feb. 5.

Pittsburgh, Pa., N. S. Carnegie Music Hall, Feb. 7.
South Bend, Ind.—White Eagle Theater, 1125 W. Division St., Feb. 11.
St. Paul, Minn.—444 Rice St., Feb. 20.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Pabst Theater, March 7.
San Francisco, March 21.

THE BEAUTY AND THE BOLSHIEV



The A. B. C. of Communism and love do mix in Soviet Russia. An officer of the Red Army teaching his sweetheart Communism. Come and see how it is done in "The Beauty and the Bolshevik," to be shown at Ashland Auditorium next Thursday, Feb. 5, from 7 to 11 p. m. continuously. Get your tickets now!

"HE Knew His Great Historical Mission, But at the Same Time He Was a Man of Great Humanity, Rare Simplicity and Remarkable Warmth."—Lenin Memorial Meeting, Madison Square Garden, New York, Sunday Afternoon, February 1.

A LAUGH FOR THE CHILDREN



Who you looking for, Mr. Twistytail?
I sent Jollie Longtail for a paper.
Wait a minute!
Here I am, Mr. Twistytail!

OUR DAILY PATTERNS

FROCK FOR THE LITTLE MISS

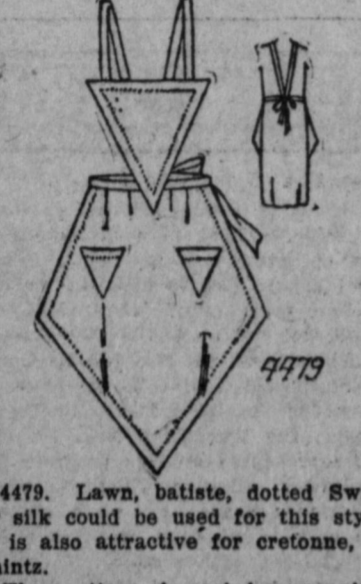


4995. The "goddet" a new style feature is effectively displayed in this pretty model.
The Pattern is cut in 4 Sizes: 4, 6, 8 and 10 years. A 6 year size requires 1 1/2 yards of 3/8 inch plaid or figured material and 3/4 yard of plain, made as illustrated. To make of one material requires 2 1/2 yards.
Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 12c in silver or stamps.

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4979. Lawn, batiste, dotted Swiss or silk could be used for this style. It is also attractive for cretonne, or chintz.
The pattern is cut in one size: Medium, and requires 1 1/2 yard of 36-inch material.
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FASHION BOOK NOTICE!
Send 12c in silver or stamps for our up-to-date Spring and Summer 1925 Book of Fashions, showing color plates and containing 500 designs of ladies', misses', and children's patterns, a concise and comprehensive article on dress-making, also some points for the needle (illustrating 30 of the various simple stitches), all valuable hints to the home dressmaker.
Address: THE DAILY WORKER, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.
NOTICE TO PATTERN BUYERS—The patterns being sold thru the DAILY WORKER pattern department are furnished by a New York firm of pattern manufacturers. Orders are forwarded by the DAILY WORKER every day as received, and they are mailed by the manufacturer direct to the customer. The DAILY WORKER does not keep a stock of patterns on hand. Delivery of patterns ordinarily will take at least 10 days from the date of mailing the order. Do not become impatient if your pattern is delayed.

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UNCLE WIGGILY'S TRICKS



MISSISSIPPI WANTS SCANDINAVIANS



THE BEAUTY AND THE BOLSHIEV



A LAUGH FOR THE CHILDREN



THE DAILY WORKER

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WILLIAM F. DUNNE.....Business Manager
MORITZ J. LOEB.....Business Manager

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290 Advertising rates on application

Back to Form

Friends of the child labor amendment must have rubbed their eyes in wonder to see the Chicago Tribune stand for a proposed law that would if enacted, and honestly enforced, throw some protection around the youth of this country who are exploited in the slave pens of the nation before they have grown to manhood and womanhood.

Not that the law was adequate or anything like it. Not that we expect a capitalist government to enforce a law that would injure the system of which it is the executive committee. But the vigorous and united opposition that the capitalists organized against it showed very clearly that they recognized its implications and its damaging effect on their profit making industrial machine.

The Chicago Tribune was one of the very few capitalist papers to support the proposed amendment. But on January 28, the Tribune changed its position and attacked the amendment, the declaring that the principle back of it was right. "There has been vacillation and uncertainty in this office," declared the editorial. What actually happened in the Tribune office, we do not know, but it is quite likely that the chief editorial writer got away with his own ideas on the question until the organized opposition to the amendment brought the necessary pressure to bear on the owner, who may be enjoying himself in Florida, in Paris or at the gambling tables of Monte Carlo with the result that the editorial-writer-in-chief was instructed to switch his lights.

The Tribune now howls with the pack. This is as it should be. Those who talk about a free press under class rule are talking thru their hats. The DAILY WORKER does not wave the white banner of impartiality as does the hypocritical capitalist press. We are partial towards the working-class. We admit that our paper is concerned only with the welfare of the workers and with the interests of the workers' revolution. We support the child labor amendment or any other proposition that we believe will aid the workers. We avail ourselves of every opportunity to advance and strengthen the revolutionary movement. We are one sided.

So is the Tribune. When a capitalist paper happens to support the workers it is only by mistake. The press is one of the most valuable weapons in the arsenals of the ruling class. It serves a double function, to make profit for its individual owners and to defend the system on which it lives. On trivial questions, the capitalist papers may differ but on some issue that strikes at a fundamental capitalist principle, they bark in unison.

Against the class press of the capitalists we pit the class press of the workers—the Communist press.

The Fight Must Go On

The temporary defeat administered to the proposed child labor amendment to the federal constitution is about as damaging an indictment as could possibly be made against the fatuous non-partisan political policy of the American Federation of Labor. Despite the support of the A. F. of L. twelve states have taken unfavorable action on the amendment and another state has voted to postpone action, which in this case means the equivalent of defeat, ratification by three-fourths of the 48 states being necessary.

This does not mean that the proposed amendment is dead, but there is little likelihood of its passing over the opposition of the organized power of the capitalists in the near future unless the supporters of the proposed law follow the lead given by the Workers (Communist) Party and rally the masses for the fight to put it over. Nothing can be accomplished by the pussy-footing policy followed by the A. F. of L. and the other liberal associations who are interested in the amendment for humanitarian reasons.

But where are the "friends of labor" that we heard so much about from the reactionary bragwarts at the last A. F. of L. convention? According to the labor fakers the state legislatures were full of them. And yet this law on which Sam Gompers was supposed to have set his heart has been ignominiously defeated in the state legislatures before it got really started.

The Workers (Communist) Party has issued a call for a united front against child labor. All that is militant in the working-class movement will answer that call. The A. F. of L. bureaucracy has again proven its incompetency. It is lacking in energy, generalship and even ordinary sincerity. The petrified and putrified bureaucracy must be

shoveled out of the way and replaced by a fighting leadership that will make the capitalist class sit up and take notice. Until the American workers do this, a fate similar to that met by the child labor amendment will be the rule and not the exception, in all their struggles.

"B. & O." Plan Repudiated

William H. Johnston, former drummer in the salvation army and now president of the International Association of Machinists, earned a reputation as a sensible labor leader, among the bosses, when he initiated the class collaborationist policy known as the B. & O. Plan in the Glenwood shops of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

This plan was broached to the president of the B. & O. by Johnston, a few weeks before the shopmen's strike of 1922. It has proven a good system for the bosses and is gaining in popularity among railroad officials. But it is a vicious system for the workers.

Johnston has heralded the B. & O. plan far and wide as an example of what can be accomplished by the "new" methods of solving the difficulties that arise between employers and employees. He boasted that it was a success and that the workers in the Glenwood shops where it was initiated were heartily in favor of it. But it appears that the reverse is the truth.

But at a special meeting called by Lodge 491 of the I. A. M., the originators of the B. & O. plan were repudiated as well as the plan itself, even the Johnston's henchman Vice-President Conlon warned the members of the lodge, that if they did not endorse the Johnston slate, such action would be taken all over the country as a repudiation of the B. & O. Plan.

The repudiation of the B. & O. Plan by the members on whom it was first tried kicks the props from underneath the Johnston scheme. This was the first time the employees of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad had an opportunity to declare themselves on the question and their verdict is decisive.

The fight against the B. & O. Plan in the I. A. of M. has been inaugurated and led by the left wing under the leadership of the Trade Union Educational League. That fight is now beginning to show tangible results. It will not end with killing the B. & O. Plan but will retire from office the labor fakers who are responsible for it.

A Liar Tells the Truth—Once

It is not very often that a capitalist editor tells the truth. But something must have exploded in the editorial sanctum of the Chicago Tribune on January 27, because we find two strange editorials in the Tribune of January 28. One was a slam at the Civic Opera company, which is subsidized by Samuel Insull, and another was a reversal of position on the child labor amendment. Formerly the Tribune was for the amendment but it changed its mind. Perhaps the editorial writer was sore because he was forced to write in support of the exploitation of children the his conscience urged him to follow the opposite course.

What he has to say about the opera is interesting not because of his attitude towards that much puffed art, but for the light it sheds on capitalism. Evidently the Tribune opera critic believed that the performances at the Auditorium were bunk but the Tribune dared not offend Insull, the movie and dramatic critics could say what they pleased about the productions they covered.

The following is an excerpt from an editorial entitled: "Now it can be told": "It wasn't civic opera and it wasn't grand. If our Mr. Moore in his accounts of what was given at the auditorium had felt at liberty to speak his piece as Mr. Donaghey does of the stage and as Mae Tines does of the movies he would have said that most of it was mediocre and some of it worse than that. You can't speak your mind about opera. This is the first time it has been done and it may be the last. You can't even whisper around about it. If it's awful, the critic must find an aria to praise. If it is mediocre he must say it was good and if it happens to be good it must be superlative. . . . We'll see what we get from this bit of plain speaking which we have not dared to attempt before."

This is plain speaking with a vengeance. A cyclone must have hit the Tribune editorial room. Perhaps the principal owner of the paper blew in and asked why in the blankety blank the child labor amendment was being supported editorially and perhaps the poor editorial writer after being obliged to crawl on that issue took it out on the civic opera. Anyhow we are grateful to the hack who proved our contention that capitalist editors and journalistic hacks are paid liars.

Steel Trust "Earnings"

The United States Steel company "earned" over \$150,000,000 during 1924. Wall Street congratulated this wolfish industry on its continued milking of the workers, tho it earned less during the last quarter of 1924 than in 1923, when the "earnings" were \$40,000,000, this quarter's amounting to \$30,762,231. The actual total of "earnings" for 1924 were \$152,937,130.

When the capitalist wolves declare a dividend on one of their exploitation schemes, they call dividing up the spoils "cutting a mellow," and this time U. S. Steel gave up an extra dividend besides the regular ones, doling out 50 cents a share more for those who feed on the workers. The dividends amounted to \$1.75 a share.

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS' RELIEF HEADS ARRESTED

German Government Begins Persecution

(Special to The Daily Worker)
BERLIN, Jan. 29.—"Monstrous action against the Workers' International Relief."

Under this title the Berlin Communist paper Rote Fahne is publishing the following report:

"The Berlin police presidency, the leading officials of which were involved in vast affairs of corruption and have been in the center of public discussion and press polemics during the last weeks, will avenge the insults caused by the Bartels scandal. For this reason all members of the central committee of the Workers' International Relief were summoned to the bureau of the political police in order to be submitted to a rigorous trial.

"During the last few days Comrades Ledebour, Bachmann, Alexander and Arendsee were summoned to the police. The trial is based on an appeal which the central committee of the Workers' International Relief launched this summer in favor of the German proletariat, surrendered by the London convention to the international big capital appealing to the proletarian solidarity in order to save the German workers from ruin.

Use War Law.

"The political department of the German police will utilize in this action the well-known war decree against collections and charity fetes of swindlers, organized during the war to exploit war relief. It is quite evident that there is no legal reason for the persecution of the W. I. R. The jury verdicts in Hamburg and in other cities prove that the old decrees issued in pursuance of other purposes cannot be utilized against proletarian aid-actions and collections in favor of strikers and for support of economic fights and political prisoners, etc. The monstrous action will involve nearly 20 members of the Workers' International Relief headquarters.

"The intention of the reaction is clear: They will deprive the poorest of the poor from all hopes in order to subdue him to the exploitation of the London treaty without any resistance. It is the duty of the whole German working class to fight against these police persecutions in order to prevent a restriction of the W. I. R. activity by police maneuvers."

Proletarian Music for Workers' Film Here Next Thursday

In addition to the splendid picture program to be shown at Ashland Auditorium, next Thursday, Feb. 5, there will be a musical program to which each of the proletarian orchestras will contribute. At least four such musical ensembles will be heard, the first to make a definite pledge being the well-known and extremely popular orchestra of the Young Workers' League. The Freiheit Mandolin Orchestra, the South Slav Orchestra, the Lettish Mandolin Orchestra and Band, and the Slovak Balalaika Band are expected to co-operate.

The pictures include "The Beauty and the Bolshevik," five reel feature from Soviet Russia; and a three-reel educational film, "Russia in Overalls," showing the R. A. I. C. clothing factories of the "Amalgamated," the Kuzbas Colony, the F. S. R. tractor farms, as well as the purely Russian industrial rebirth as reflected in the Baku oil fields, Rostov locomotive factories, Zhdkes magnesite quarries; Zlatoust iron smelters, Volga fisheries, and others.

Show is continuous from 7 to 11 p. m., but those who want to be sure to get in and get the best seats should come just as early as possible. Ticket are 50c, and can be bought from all Workers Party, Labor Defense and International Workers' Aid members and offices as well as from a list of fifty ticket stations already published.

Lenin Meetings

January 30.
Neffs, Ohio. Speaker: Robert Minor. 7 p. m.

January 31.
Christopher, Ill., French Club, at 7 p. m. Speaker: John Mibelic.

Sunday, Feb. 1.
New York, N. Y., at 2 p. m., Madison Square Garden. Speakers: Foster and Ruthenberg.

New Haven, Conn., Hermannson's Hall, 153 Crown St., at 8 p. m. Speaker, Rose Pastor Stokes.

Buffalo, N. Y., at 8 p. m., Labor Lyceum, 376 William St. Speaker, Benjamin Gitlow.

Portland, Ore., 227 Yamhill St., at 8 p. m. Speaker: Stanley Clark.

Elizabeth, N. J., Sunday, Feb. 8, 7:30 p. m., Turn Hall, 725 High street.

Erie, Pa., Russian Hall, 156 E. 3rd St. Speaker: Benjamin Gitlow. 2:30 p. m.

Waukegan, Ill., Slavonic National House, Cor. 10th St. and McAllister Ave. Speaker, Peter Herd.

Sunday, Feb. 10.
Baltimore, Md. Hall to be announced. Speaker, Joseph Manley.

MOTHER OF SLAIN COMMUNIST MINER CONTRIBUTES TO DAILY WORKER FUND IN SON'S NAME

(Special to The Daily Worker)

MADISON, Ill., Jan. 29.—Netta Popovskiy, mother of Boris Popovskiy, member of the Young Workers League who was brutally murdered by a policeman at West Frankfort, Illinois, last July, has taken out a ten dollar insurance policy to build the DAILY WORKER for 1925.

The policeman who murdered Popovskiy under the eyes of the judge in an open courtroom, is still on the West Frankfort police force. The policeman had arrested Popovskiy, a well known Communist in Southern Illinois, charging him with speeding in a laundry truck. When Popovskiy was brought into the courtroom the policeman clubbed him to death with the butt of his revolver, without provocation.

In sending her contribution, the slain Young Communist's mother writes:

"Dear Comrades:
"Enclosed herewith you will find a check for \$10.00 in payment of an insurance policy which I wish to be issued in memory of my deceased son Boris Popovskiy, who was killed most brutally, as you know, last July at West Frankfort, Ill., by an uncautious tool of the capitalist class, namely an officer of the law.

"While my son is dead, it is a great satisfaction to my heart to see the great ideal for which he has spent his short and youthful life spread throughout the world. He has struggled for the achievement of Communism and died with his last words for that ideal. It is not only on finished undertakings that we honor useful labor. Although he no longer is with us, his death, however, did not take away the spirit for which he fought, for he left behind him an army of comrades constituting a mightier power which eventually will bring for the goal for which he strived.

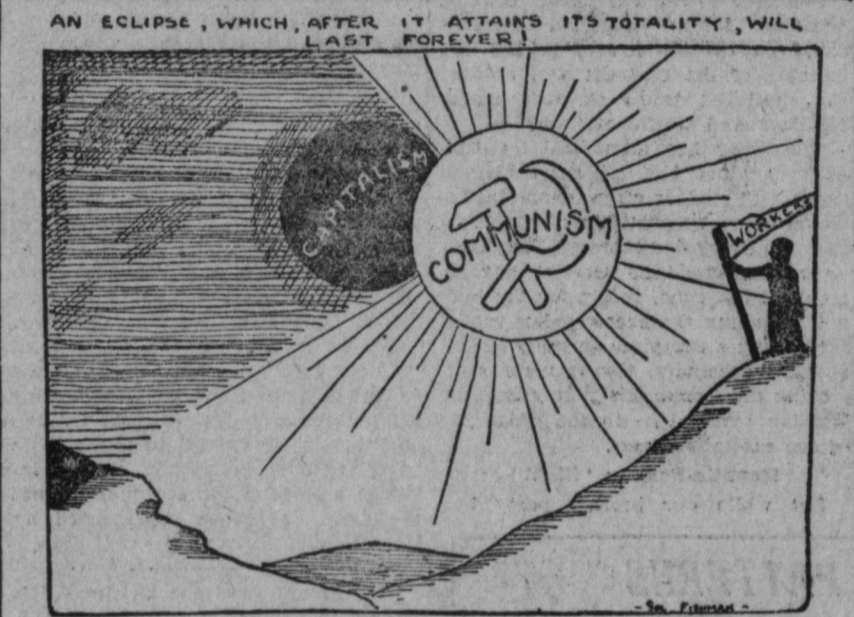
"It is with these thoughts in mind that I am sending you this small financial support in my son's memory, so that the efficiency of the offensive weapon may be made stronger against our enemy in 1925.

"Yours fraternally,
"Netta Popovskiy."

Was Mussolini Pinched?

ROME, Jan. 29.—Senator Albertini today replied to Premier Mussolini's charge in Popolo D'Italia that the senator was spreading the report that Mussolini had been sentenced in Switzerland for a misdemeanor twenty years ago. Albertini demanded that Mussolini prove when the senator had asserted that he had the document in which Mussolini was sentenced.

Injured in Hotel Fire.
BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 29.—Eight persons were injured, two seriously, in a fire that wrecked the Baltimore Hotel during the zero weather here today.



The cartoon in this column today, by Comrade Fishman, is the one referred to in our story on the eclipse in yesterday's Junior Column.—Ed. Note.

MUSIC - LITERATURE - DRAMA!

By ALFRED V. FRANKENSTEIN.

GEORGES ENESCO, Roumanian composer, conductor and violinist, was soloist and guest director with the Chicago Symphony Orchestra last Friday and Saturday. He played the Bruch second concerto. The concerto itself is an old fashioned, rather longish work, but on the whole quite worth hearing. Enesco made it seem four times longer that it is. The reason for that is that Enesco is a sentimentalist in his playing, and too often in his composition. He loves to linger over one tone, drawing all the sensuousness out of it. Sometimes he carries the trait of his to such an extent that he seems dead and listless.

He directed two of his own compositions as well, a suite for orchestra and the first Roumanian rhapsody. Of the four movements of the suite two are good. The prelude in unison, orchestrated only for violins, violas, cellos and kettledrums, has a peculiarly nude, vigorous effect arising from the simplicity of the theme and of its treatment. There is a clever fast movement closing the suite. The two inside sections, a slow minuet and a slow intermezzo, suffer from the same excessive weight of sentimentality that so affects Enesco's style as a violinist.

The rhapsody, if not a setting of actual Roumanian folk tunes, is made of melodies akin to Roumanian folk tunes. It is both Roumanian and rhapsodic. (That is a bromide one must use every now and then). Some day I should like to make up an orchestral program of rhapsodies. I should not put on it the second Roumanian of Liszt, but his first Roumanian of Enesco would take its place.

Another modernist of Southern Europe, the Hungarian Bela Bartok, was represented on this program by a suite for orchestra, which, the written twenty years ago, when Bartok was only twenty-four, was given its first Chicago presentation. The suite is a bad imitation of Liszt. Bartok has gone much farther than this suite, in the years following its composition.

The program opened with the well known and rightfully popular overture to Weber's "Abu Hassan."

FIGHT ON CHILD SLAVERY TO GO ON IN ILLINOIS

Gov. Small Now Has Amendment

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 29.—The twentieth amendment to the federal constitution, giving congress power to regulate and prohibit child labor, is in the hands of Governor Len Small here. Small said he may introduce the amendment into the legislature next week.

Altho twelve state legislatures have defeated the ratification of the proposed amendment, and one state has postponed action, the fight will continue for ratification in Illinois, it was declared by child labor advocates today. It was pointed out that there is no time limit for securing ratification, and that the amendment may be re-introduced into the legislatures where it met defeat at a later date.

The five state legislatures defeating the amendment yesterday were: Ohio, Kansas, North Dakota, Washington and Oklahoma. The amendment so far has been adopted by two state legislatures—those of Arkansas and California.

Tribune Wants Child Labor.
The Chicago Tribune, in an editorial this morning, apologized for having ever favored the anti-child labor amendment, and declared that from now on it will oppose the amendment. The Tribune, as always, has lined up with the Illinois chamber of commerce and the Illinois manufacturers' association, against the workers of Illinois.

Each classroom was organized into a Soviet, with officers and everything. I was elected delegate to the school Soviet. When the school Soviet met, the teachers could not tell us what to do or order us around, because outside of the school there were two of our dear Red Soldiers on guard. All of us used to love these two Red Soldiers because they used to play with us and tell us stories about Comrade Lenin and how the workers were trying to get rid of the cruel capitalists all over the world and how the Russian and Hungarian workers have already done so.

But after a while the Roumanian soldiers came and killed the workers and Communists. All the children in our school missed the two Red Soldiers very very much and we never saw them again. I hope the cruel Roumanian soldiers did not hurt them.

All the people were sorry because the Communist government was overthrown. And we were not allowed to have our school councils any more and our good teachers were sent away.

I hope the Communists in Hungary will soon come back and take over the government again and make the working people and children happy.

Comrade M. HERMAN, age 13, Member Wicker Park Juniors.

NEGRO FREEZES TO DEATH IN COLD AT NATION'S CAPITAL

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The third anniversary of the collapse of the Knickerbocker Theatre, which killed nearly a hundred persons, brought another heavy snow fall and bitterly cold weather to the capital. Two deaths because of the drop in temperature were reported.

Dr. G. P. Lumsden, 70, a former commandant of the naval medical corps, died from a heart attack after being marooned in the snow. A Negro was frozen to death. The temperature was 2.9 degrees above zero.

SALZMAN TOUR IN DIST. 5

Bentleyville, Pa., Jan. 30.
Marriana, Pa., Jan. 31-Feb. 1.
McKeesport, Pa. Feb. 3-4.
E. Pittsburgh, Pa., Feb. 5.
Rural Ridge, Pa., Feb. 7-8.
Dates for Houston, Cannonsburg, Meadowlands and other places will be published in a few days.



A Junior Tells of Communist Hungary.

When I lived in Hungary in 1919, we had a Communist government led by Comrade Bela Kun. All the poor working people were in favor of this government because it stood for them.

In the school where I went they used to teach us to fight for the working class along with Bela Kun and the rest of the Communists, when the capitalist class ruled, she was afraid to tell us the truth. But when the Communists took over the government she was very

"HISTORY in General, the History of Revolutions in Particular, Has Always Been Richer, More Varied and Variform, More Vital and 'Cunning' Than Is Conceived of by the Best Parties, by the Most Conscious Vanguard of the Most Advanced Classes."—LENIN. Memorial Meeting, Madison Square Garden, New York, Sunday Afternoon, February 1.